The ACT of
Tonnage and Poundage,
AND
Rates of Merchandize,
WITH

The Further Subsidy; The $\frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{2}{3}$ Subsidies; The Old Impost; The Additional Impost; And all other DUTIES relating to His Majesty's Customs, payable upon any Sort of Merchandize IMPORTED or EXPORTED.

Digested into an Easie Method,

Whereby in one View may be found the several DUTIES upon each particular Commodity specified in the **Old Book of Rates**, or any other Act of Parliament, and the NETT DUTIES Payable thereon at Importation, or to be Repaid on Exportation.

AS ALSO

The RULES Annext to the *Book of Rates*; And the TABLE of Officers FEES.

AND

A Collection of such STATUTES and part of STATUTES, relating to His Majesty's Customs, as passed since the Act of Tonnage and Poundage 12 *Car.* II.

LIKEWISE,

An Abridgment of several STATUTES now in Force and Use, which passed before the said Act.

AND

Several ACTS and parts of ACTS relating to the **Duties** on **Salt**, which were omitted in their proper Places.

AS ALSO

The PORTS of *Great Britain*, the Lawful KEYS in the Port of *London*: With the TABLES of Scavage, Package, Balliage, Packers-Porters Duties in the said Port, and the usual Tares and Draughts.

WITH

Abstracts of the DUTIES on **Salt**, the DUTIES of **Excise**, and **Inland Duties**, Drawbacks of Excise and Salt, and Refined Sugar; Bounty on Exportation of *British* made Sail-Cloth, *British* Manufactures of Silk, and *British* Corn; and *Præmium* on Naval Stores from the Plantations or *Scotland*; and the Duties on Coal, Culm, and Cynders Coastwise.

To which is added by way of APPENDIX,

The several ACTS which passed the last Session relating to the CUSTOMS, with the **Additional Book of Rates of Goods and Merchandizes usually Imported**, and not particularly Rated in the *Old Book of Rates*; Digested in the same Method as the said *Old Book of Rates*; With Rules, Orders, and Regulations, Signed by the Right Honourable *Spencer Compton*, Esq; Speaker of the *Honourable House of Commons*.

THE

Several DUTIES payable upon Rated Drugs Imported after 24 *June*, 1725.

AND

A LIST of several GOODS not inserted Alphabetically in the said *Books of Rates*: With Directions where to find them.

AS ALSO

A CATALOGUE of the several ACTS, when Granted, and how long to Continue.

Together with

An Alphabetical INDEX to the Whole.

LONDON: Printed by JOHN BASKETT, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty, And by the Assigns of HENRY HILLS deceas'd. MDCCXXVI.

The ACT of

Tontage and Poundage,

AND

Rates of Merchandize.

FH
MVSEVM
BRITANNICVM

To the Right Honourable

Sir *ROBERT WALPOLE*,

First Lord of the TREASURY,

Chancellor and Under-Treaſurer of the EXCHEQUER;

ONE OF

His Majeſty's moſt Honourable PRIVY-COUNCIL,

AND

Knight of the moſt Honourable Order of the *BATH*;

This COLLECTION of the LAWS relating to the CUSTOMS, *&c.* is moſt humbly dedicated by,

HONOURED SIR,

Your moſt obliged,

moſt obedient,

and moſt faithful

humble Servant,

Cuſtom-Houſe, *London*,
February 21. 1725.

Cha: Carkeſſe.

A Catalogue

A CATALOGUE Of the feveral ACTS, When Granted, and how long to Continue.

Anno 12 *Caroli* II. Regis.

A *Subſidy granted to the King of Tunnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandize Exported and Imported.* Page 1 Cap. 4.
Granted from 24 *June*, 1660. during the King's Life.

By 1 *Jac.* 2. —— *cap.* 1. from 6 *Feb.* 1684. for his Life.
1 *W. & M.* —— *cap.* 14. altered, and made to continue until 25 *Dec.* 1689.
1 *W. & M.* Seſs. 2. *cap.* 3. continued until 25 *Dec.* 1690.
2 *W. & M.* —— *cap.* 4. further continued for 4 Years.
6 *W. & M.* —— *cap.* 1. further continued for 5 Years.
8 & 9 *W.* 3. —— *cap.* 20. further continued until 1 *Aug.* 1706.
1 *Annæ*, —— *cap.* 13. further continued until 1 *Aug.* 1710.
5 *Annæ*, —— *cap.* 27. the Subſidy Inwards further continued until 1 *Aug.* 1712.
6 *Annæ*, —— *cap.* 11. half the Subſidy Inwards further continued for 96 Years.
6 *Annæ*, —— *cap.* 19. the other half Subſidy Inwards further continued until 1 *Aug.* 1714.
7 *Annæ*, —— *cap.* 7. the half Subſidy laſt mentioned further continued for ever.
9 *Annæ*, —— *cap.* 6. the Subſidy Outwards revived, and continued for ever, from 8 *March*, 1710.
1 *Geo.* —— *cap.* 12. the half Subſidy Inwards, granted by 6 *Annæ*, *cap.* 11. continued for ever; and the other half Subſidy, granted 6 *Annæ*, *cap.* 19. again continued for ever.
3 *Geo.* —— *cap.* 8. } the ſaid Two half Subſidies are again con-
5 *Geo.* —— *cap.* 3. } tinued for ever.

An Act for the Encouraging and Increaſing of Shipping and Navigation. p. 1 Cap. 18.

An Act to prevent Frauds and Concealments of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms. p. 7 Cap. 19.
Continued unto the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.
By 1 *Jac.* 2. *cap.* 1. revived and continued during his Majeſty's Life, and further continued by the ſeveral Acts before mentioned, which continue the Act of Tunnage and Poundage.

An Act for Prohibiting the Exportation of Wooll, Wooll-Fells, Fullers-Earth, or any kind of Scouring Earth. p. 8 Cap. 32.

An Act for Prohibiting the Planting, Setting, or Sowing of Tobacco in England *and* Ireland. p. 12 Cap. 34.

A Catalogue of the ſeveral Acts.

Anno 14 *Caroli* II. Regis.

Cap. 7. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act to Reſtrain the Exportation of Leather and Raw Hides out of the Realm of* England. Page 13

Cap. 11. *An Act for Preventing Frauds, and Regulating Abuſes in his Majeſty's Cuſtoms.* p. 14

By 1 *Jac.* 2. *cap.* 1. Enacted to continue during the King's Life, and further continued by the ſeveral Acts before mentioned, which continue the Act of Tunnage and Poundage.

Cap. 13. *An Act Prohibiting the Importation of Foreign Bonelace, Cut-work, Imbroidery, Fringe, Band-ſtrings, Buttons, and Needle-work.* p. 27

Cap. 18. *An Act againſt the Exporting of Sheep, Wooll, Wooll-Fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Wooll-Flocks, Fullers-Earth, Fulling-Clay, and Tobacco-Pipe-Clay.* p. 29

Cap. 19. *An Act againſt Importing of Foreign Wooll-Cards, Card-Wire, or Iron-Wire.* p. 32

Cap. 30. *An Act for the Importation of Madder pure and unmixt.* Repealed. p. 33

Anno 15 *Caroli* II. Regis.

Cap. 7. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the Encouragement of Trade.* p. 33

Cap. 16. A Clauſe in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Regulating the Herring and other Fiſheries, and for Repeal of the Act concerning Madder.* p. 38

Anno 18 *Caroli* II. Regis.

Cap. 2. *An Act againſt Importing Cattle from* Ireland, *and other Parts beyond the Seas, and Fiſh taken by Foreigners.* ibid.

Continued for 7 Years, and from thence to the End of the First Seſſion of the then next Parliament, and by 32 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 2. revived, and made perpetual.

Cap. 5. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Encouraging of Coynage.* p. 39

Continued until 20 *Dec.* 1671.

By 25 *Car.* 2. — — *cap.* 8. further continued from the Determination of that Seſſion for 7 Years. — — }
1 *Jac.* 2. — — *cap.* 7. revived, and further continued for 7 Years, from 1 *Aug.* 1685. }
4 & 5 *W.* & *M. cap.* 24. further continued for 7 Years, from 13 *Feb.* 1692. — — }
12 & 13 *W.* 3. *cap.* 11. further continued for 7 Years, from 1 *June*, 1701. — — }
7 *Annæ*, — — *cap.* 2. further continued for 7 Years, from 1 *March*, 1708. — — }
1 *Geo.* — — *cap.* 43. further continued for 7 Years, from 1 *March*, 1715. — — }
} And to the End of the then ſeveral and reſpective next Seſſions of Parliament.

Anno 20 *Caroli* II. Regis.

Cap. 5. *An Act for giving Liberty to buy and export Leather and Skins tanned or dreſſed.* p. 40

Continued until 25 *March*, 1675.
By 1 *Jac.* 2. — — *cap.* 13. revived, and further continued for 3 Years, from 24 *Jun.* 1685 }
1 *W.* & *M.* — *cap.* 23. further continued for 7 Years. }
7 & 8 *W.* 3. — *cap.* 36. further continued for 7 Years, from 25 *March*, 1696. }
1 *Annæ*, — — *cap.* 13. further continued for 7 Years, from 25 *March*, 1703. }
} And to the End of the then ſeveral and reſpective next Seſſions of Parliament.
9 *Annæ*, — — *cap.* 6. further continued for 3 Years, from 8 *March*, 1710.
3 *Geo.* — — *cap.* 7. continued for ever.

Cap. 7. *An Additional Act againſt the Importation of Foreign Cattle.* p. 41

Anno

A Catalogue of the ſeveral Acts.

Anno 22 *Caroli* II. Regis.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Improvement of Tillage, and the Breed of Cattle.* Page 44 — Cap. 13.

To have Continuance during the Continuance of the Act of Tunnage and Poundage, 12 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 4.

An Act to prevent the Planting of Tobacco in England, *and Regulating the Plantation Trade.* p. 46 — Cap. 26.

Continued for 9 Years.
By 1 *Jac.* 2 — — *cap.* 17. further continued for 7 Years.
4 & 5 *W.* & *M. cap.* 24. further continued for 7 Years, from 13 *Feb.* 1692.
11 & 12 *W.* 3. *cap.* 13. further continued for 7 Years, from 29 *Sept.* 1700.
} And to the End of the then ſeveral and reſpective next Seſſions of Parliament.

5 *Geo.* — — *cap.* 11. continued during ſuch time as the Act of Tunnage and Poundage 12 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 4. is continued.

Anno 25 *Caroli* II. Regis.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for preventing Dangers which may happen from Popiſh Recuſants.* p. 50 — Cap. 2.

An Act for taking off Aliens Duty upon Commodities of the Growth, Product, and Manufacture of the Nation. p. 53 — Cap. 6.

Continued by the ſeveral Acts, which continue the Act of Tunnage and Poundage 12 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 4.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the Encouragement of the* Greenland *and* Eaſtland *Trades, and for the better Securing the Plantation-Trade.* p. 54 — Cap. 7.

Continued by the ſeveral Acts, which continue the Act of Tunnage and Poundage 12 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 4.

An Act for Continuing a former Act concerning Coynage. p. 56 — Cap. 8.

Anno 32 *Caroli* II. Regis.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act Prohibiting the Importation of Cattle from* Ireland. p. 58 — Cap. 2.

Anno 1 *Jacobi* II. Regis.

An Act for Settling the Revenue on his Majeſty for Life, which was Settled on his late Majeſty for Life. EXP. p. 60 — Cap. 1.

An Act for Granting his Majeſty an Impoſition upon all Wines and Vinegar, Imported between the Four and twentieth Day of June, 1685. *and the Four and twentieth Day of* June, 1693. ibid. — Cap. 3.

By 2 *W.* & *M.* Seſs. 2. *cap.* 5. further continued until — 24 *June*, 1696.
4 & 5 *W.* & *M.* — *cap.* 15. — 24 *June*, 1698.
7 & 8 *W.* 3. — — *cap.* 10. — 29 *Sept.* 1701.
8 & 9 *W.* 3. — — *cap.* 20. — 1 *Aug.* 1706.
1 *Annæ*, — — — *cap.* 13. — 1 *Aug.* 1710.
5 *Annæ*, — — — *cap.* 27. — 1 *Aug.* 1712.
6 *Annæ*, — — — *cap.* 19. — 1 *Aug.* 1714.
7 *Annæ*, — — — *cap.* 8. — 1 *Aug.* 1716.
8 *Annæ*, — — — *cap.* 13. — 1 *Aug.* 1720.
9 *Annæ*, — — — *cap.* 21. } continued for ever.
3 *Geo.* — — — *cap.* 9. }

A Branch of an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Granting to his Majeſty an Impoſition upon all Tobacco and Sugar Imported between the Four and twentieth Day of* June, *One thouſand ſix hundred eighty five, and the Four and twentieth Day of* June, *One thouſand ſix hundred ninety three.* p. 63 — Cap. 4.

By 2 *W.* & *M.* Seſs. 2. *cap.* 5. further continued for Tobacco only, until — } 24 *June*, 1696.
4 & 5 *W.* & *M.* — *cap.* 15. — 24 *June*, 1698.
7 & 8 *W.* 3. — — *cap.* 10. — 29 *Sept.* 1701.
8 & 9 *W.* 3. — — *cap.* 20. — 1 *Aug.* 1706.
1 *Annæ*, — — — *cap.* 13. — 1 *Aug.* 1710.

5 *Annæ*,

A Catalogue of the several Acts.

5 *Anne*, — — — *cap.* 27. further continued until —— 1 *Aug.* 1712.
6 *Anne*, — — — *cap.* 19. —— 1 *Aug.* 1714.
7 *Anne*, — — — *cap.* 8. —— 1 *Aug.* 1716.
8 *Anne*, — — — *cap.* 13. —— 1 *Aug.* 1720.
9 *Anne*, — — — *cap.* 21. } continued for ever.
3 *Geo.* — — — — *cap.* 9. }

Cap. 8. *An Act against the Importation of Gunpowder, Arms, and other Ammunition, and Utensils of War.* Page 64

Cap. 19. *An Additional Act for the Improvement of Tillage.* p. 65
Continued by the several Acts, which continue the Act of Tunnage and Poundage 12 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 4.

Anno 1 *Gulielmi & Mariæ* Regis & Reginæ.

Cap. 8. Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the Abrogating of the Oaths of Supremacy and Allegiance, and Appointing other Oaths.* p. 66

Cap. 12. *An Act for the Incouraging the Exportation of Corn.* p. 68

Cap. 14. *An Act for preventing Doubts and Questions concerning the Collecting the Publick Revenue.* EXP. p. 69

Cap. 22. *An Act for the Exportation of Beer, Ale, Cyder, and Mum.* ibid.
To continue during the Act of Tunnage and Poundage.

Cap. 23. *An Act for Reviving Two former Acts for Exporting of Leather.* EXP. p. 70

Cap. 32. *An Act for the better Preventing the Exportation of Wooll, and Incouraging the Woollen Manufactures of this Kingdom.* ibid.
To continue for 3 Years
By 4 & 5 *W.* & *M.* *cap.* 24. further continued for 3 Years, from 13 *Feb.* 1692.
7 & 8 *W.* 3. — *cap.* 28. further continued for 3 Years.
9 & 10 *W.* 3. — *cap.* 40. further continued without Limitation.
} And to the End of the then several and respective next Sessions of Parliament.

Cap. 34. *An Act for Prohibiting all Trade and Commerce with* France. EXP. p. 74

Anno 1 *Gulielmi & Mariæ* Regis & Reginæ. Sess. 2.

Cap. 6. *An Act for Charging and Collecting the Duties upon Coffee, Tea, and Chocolate, at the Custom-House.* EXP. ibid.

Anno 2 *Gulielmi & Mariæ* Regis & Reginæ.

Cap. 4. *An Act for Granting to their Majesties a Subsidy of Tunnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money, payable upon Merchandizes Exported and Imported.* EXP. ibid.

Cap. 9. Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the Discouraging the Importaon of Thrown Silk.* ibid.

Anno 2 *Gulielmi & Mariæ* Regis & Reginæ. Sess. 2.

Cap. 4. Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Granting to their Majesties certain Impositions upon all* East-India *Goods and Manufactures, and upon all Wrought Silks, and several other Goods and Merchandize, to be Imported after the Five and twentieth Day of* December, 1690. p. 75
Continued until —— 10 *Nov.* 1695.
By 4 & 5 *W.* & *M.* *cap.* 15. further continued to —— 10 *Nov.* 1697.
7 & 8 *W.* 3. — *cap.* 10. —— 29 *Sep.* 1701.
8 & 9 *W.* 3. — *cap.* 20. —— 1 *Aug.* 1706.
1 *Anne*, — — *cap.* 13. —— 1 *Aug.* 1710.
5 *Anne*, — — *cap.* 27. —— 1 *Aug.* 1712.
6 *Anne*, — — *cap.* 19. —— 1 *Aug.* 1714.
7 *Anne*, — — *cap.* 8. —— 1 *Aug.* 1716.
8 *Anne*, — — *cap.* 13. —— 1 *Aug.* 1720.
9 *Anne*, — — *cap.* 21. } continued for ever.
3 *Geo.* — — — *cap.* 9. }

Cap. 5 *An Act for the Continuance of several former Acts therein mentioned, for the laying several Duties upon Wines, Vinegar, and Tobacco.* EXP. p. 80

Cap. 14. *An Act for the more effectual putting in Execution an Act, Intituled,* An Act for Prohibiting all Trade and Commerce with France. EXP. ibid.

A Catalogue of the ſeveral Acts.

Anno 3 & 4 *Gulielmi* & *Mariæ* Regis & Reginæ.

An Act for the Incouragement of the Breeding and Feeding of Cattle. Page 80 Cap. 8.

Anno 4 & 5 *Gulielmi* & *Mariæ* Regis & Reginæ.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Granting to their Majeſties certain Additional Impoſitions upon ſeveral Goods and Merchandize, for the Proſecuting the preſent War againſt* France. p. 81 Cap. 5.

Continued from 1 *March*, 1692. to 1 *March*, 1696.

By 8 & 9 *W.* 3. — *cap.* 12. further continued until — 17 *May*, 1697.
8 & 9 *W.* 3. — *cap.* 20. — — — 1 *Aug.* 1706.
1 *Annæ*, — — *cap.* 13. — — — 1 *Aug.* 1710.
5 *Annæ*, — — *cap.* 27. — — — 1 *Aug.* 1712.
6 *Annæ*, — — *cap.* 19. — — — 1 *Aug.* 1714.
7 *Annæ*, — — *cap.* 8. — — — 1 *Aug.* 1716.
8 *Annæ*, — — *cap.* 13. — — — 1 *Aug.* 1720.
9 *Annæ*, — — *cap.* 21. } continued for ever.
3 *Geo.* — — *cap.* 8. }

An Act for Prohibiting the Importation of all Foreign Hair Buttons. p. 89 Cap. 10.
Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Continuing certain Acts therein mentioned, and for Charging ſeveral Joynt Stocks.* p. 90 Cap. 15.
An Act for the Regaining, Incouraging, and Settling the Greenland *Trade.* EXP. p. 91 Cap. 17.
An Act for Reviving, Continuing, and Explaining ſeveral Laws therein mentioned, which are Expired and near Expiring. EXP. ibid. Cap. 24.
An Act for Continuing the Acts for Prohibiting all Trade and Commerce with France, *and for the Incouragement of Privateers.* EXP. ibid. Cap. 25.

Anno 5 & 6 *Gulielmi* & *Mariæ* Regis & Reginæ.

An Act for Repealing ſuch Parts of ſeveral former Acts as prevent or probibit the Importation of Foreign Brandy, Aqua vitæ, *and other Spirits, and Bacon, except from* France. p. 92 Cap. 2.
An Act for the Importation of Fine Italian, Sicilian, *and* Naples *Thrown Silk.* EXP. p. 93 Cap. 3.
Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Granting to their Majeſties certain Rates and Duties upon Salt, and upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, for Securing certain Recompences and Advantages in the ſaid Act mentioned, to ſuch Perſons as ſhall voluntarily advance the Sum of Ten hundred thouſand Pounds towards carrying on the War againſt* France. EXP. ibid. Cap. 7.
An Act for the Importation of Salt-petre for One Year. EXP. ibid. Cap. 16.
An Act for the Exportation of Iron, Copper, and Mundick Metal. p. 94 Cap. 17.
A Branch of an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Granting to their Majeſties ſeveral Rates and Duties upon Tunnage of Ships and Veſſels, and upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, for Securing certain Recompences and Advantages in the ſaid Act mentioned, to ſuch Perſons as ſhall voluntarily advance the Sum of Fifteen hundred thouſand Pounds towards carrying on the War againſt* France. ibid. Cap. 20.
An Act for Building Good and Defenſible Ships. EXP. p. 95 Cap. 24.

Anno 6 *Gulielmi* & *Mariæ* Regis & Reginæ.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Granting to their Majeſties a Subſidy of Tunnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandizes Exported and Imported.* ibid. Cap. 1.

Anno 6 & 7 *Gulielmi* III. Regis.

An Act for Granting to his Majeſty an Aid of Four Shillings in the Pound, for One Year; and for Applying the Yearly Sum of Three hundred thouſand Pounds, for Five Years, out of the Duties of Tunnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandizes Exported and Imported, for Carrying on the War againſt France *with Vigour.* EXP. p. 96 Cap. 3.

A Catalogue of the ſeveral Acts.

Cap. 7. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Granting to his Majeſty ſeveral Additional Duties upon Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, and Spices, towards Satisfaction of the Debts due for Tranſport Service, for the Reduction of Ireland.* Page 97

Continued from 1 *May*, 1695. to 2 *May*, 1698.
By 9 & 10 *W.* 3. — *cap.* 14. further continued until — 1 *May*, 1701.
12 & 13 *W.* 3. — *cap.* 11. — 1 *May*, 1706.
3 & 4 *Annæ*, — *cap.* 4. — 24 *June*, 1710.
6 *Annæ*, — — *cap.* 22. — 24 *June*, 1714.
7 *Annæ*, — — *cap.* 7. } continued for ever.
3 *Geo.* — — — *cap.* 8. }

Cap. 17. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An An to prevent the Counterfeiting and Clipping the Coin of this Kingdom.* p. 99

Cap. 18. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Granting to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Glaſs Wares, Stone and Earthen Bottles, Coals and Culm, for Carrying on the War againſt* France. p. 100

Anno 7 & 8 *Gulielmi* III. Regis.

Cap. 10. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Continuing ſeveral Duties granted by former Acts upon Wine and Vinegar, and upon Tobacco, and Eaſt-India Goods, and other Merchandize Imported, for Carrying on the War againſt* France. p. 101

Cap. 13. *An Act for taking off the Obligation and Incouragement for Coining Guineas for a certain time therein mentioned.* EXP. p. 104

Cap. 19. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act to incourage the bringing Plate into the Mint to be Coined, and for the further Remedying the ill State of the Coin of the Kingdom.* ibid.

Cap. 20. *An Act for Granting to his Majeſty an Additional Duty upon all* French *Goods and Merchandize.* p. 105
To continue from 28 *Feb.* 1696. for 21 Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.
By 1 *Geo.* — — — *cap.* 12. }
3 *Geo.* — — — *cap.* 8. } continued for ever.
5 *Geo.* — — — *cap.* 3. }

Cap. 22. *An Act for Preventing Frauds, and Regulating Abuſes in the Plantation Trade.* p. 107

Cap. 27. *An Act for the better Security of his Majeſty's Royal Perſon and Government.* EXP. p. 115

Cap. 28. *An Act for the more Effectual Preventing the Exportation of Wooll, and for the Incouraging the Importation thereof from* Ireland. ibid.
Continued for 3 Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.
By 9 & 10 *W.* 3. — *cap.* 20. further continued without Limitation.

Cap 31. *An Act for Continuing to his Majeſty certain Duties upon all Glaſs Wares, Stone, and Earthen Wares, and for granting ſeveral Duties upon Tobacco Pipes, and other Earthen Wares, for carrying on the War againſt* France, *and for Eſtabliſhing a National Land-Bank, and for Taking off the Duties upon Tunnage of Ships, and upon Coals.* EXP. p. 118

Cap. 33. *An Act for the better Incouragement of the* Greenland *Trade.* EXP. ibid.

Cap. 34. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act that the Solemn Affirmation and Declaration of the People called* Quakers, *ſhall be accepted, inſtead of an Oath in the uſual Form.* ibid.
Continued for 7 Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.
By 13 & 14 *W.* 3. — *cap.* 4. further continued for 11 Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion.
By 1 *Geo.* — — — *cap.* 6. continued for ever.

Cap. 36. A Clauſe in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Continuing ſeveral Acts of Parliament therein mentioned.* p. 119

Cap. 39. *An Act for Incouraging the Linen Manufacture of* Ireland, *and bringing Flax and Hemp into, and the making of Sail-Cloth in this Kingdom.* p. 120

Anno

A Catalogue of the several Acts.

Anno 8 *Gulielmi* III. Regis.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Importing and Coining Guineas and Half-Guineas.* Page 121 — Cap. 1.

Anno 8 & 9 *Gulielmi* III. Regis.

An Act for Granting to his Majeſty ſeveral Duties upon Paper, Vellum and Parchment, to Incourage the bringing of Plate and Hammered Money into the Mint to be Coined. EXP. ibid. — Cap. 7.

An Act for Continuing certain Additional Impoſitions upon ſeveral Goods and Merchandizes. EXP. ibid. — Cap. 12.

Part of the Firſt, and ſeveral other Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for making good the Deficiencies of ſeveral Funds therein mentioned; and for Enlarging the Capital Stock of the Bank of* England; *and for Raiſing the Publick Credit.* p. 122 — Cap. 20.

An Act for Laying a Duty upon Leather for the Term of Three Years, and making other Proviſion for Anſwering the Deficiencies, as well of the late Duties upon Coals and Culm, as for paying the Annuities upon the Lottery, and for Lives, charged on the Tunnage of Ships, and the Duties upon Salt. EXP. p. 127 — Cap. 21.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Granting to his Majeſty a further Subſidy of Tunnage and Poundage upon Merchandizes Imported, for the Term of Two Years and Three Quarters, and an Additional Land Tax, for One Year, for Carrying on the War againſt* France. ibid. — Cap. 24.

An Act for the Leſſening the Duty upon Tin and Pewter Exported, and Granting an Equivalent for the ſame by a Duty upon Drugs. p. 128 — Cap. 34.
Continued by the ſeveral Acts, which continue the Act of Tunnage and Poundage, 12 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 4.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the further Encouragement of the Manufacture of Luſtrings and Alamodes within this Realm, and for the better Preventing the Importation of the ſame.* p. 129 — Cap. 36.

Anno 9 & 10 *Gulielmi* III. Regis.

An Act for rendring the Laws more Effectual for Preventing the Importation of Foreign Bone-Lace, Loom-Lace, Needle-work, Point, and Cut-work. p. 131 — Cap. 9.
Repealed by 11 & 12 *W.* 3. *cap.* 11.

An Act for Granting to his Majeſty ſeveral Duties upon Coals and Culm. ibid. — Cap. 13.
Continued for 5 Years, from 15 *May*, 1698.
By 1 *Annæ*, — — *cap.* 4. further continued until ——— 15 *May*, 1708.
4 *Annæ*, — — *cap.* 6. ——— ——— ——— 30 *Sept.* 1710.
8 *Annæ*, — — *cap.* 4. ¼ continued for 32 Years, from 29 *Sept.* 1710.
9 *Annæ*, — — *cap.* 6. ¼ continued for 32 Years, from 8 *Mar.* 1710.
3 *Geo.* ——— *cap.* 7. ¼ continued for ever.
5 *Geo.* ——— *cap.* 19. ¼ continued for ever.

An Act for Continuing the Duties upon Coffee, Tea, and Chocolate, and Spices, towards Satisfaction of the Debt due for Tranſport Service for the Reduction of Ireland. EXP. p. 134 — Cap. 14.

An Act for the better Payment of Inland Bills of Exchange. p. 135 — Cap. 17.

An Act for the better Preventing the Counterfeiting, Clipping, and other Diminiſhing the Coin of this Kingdom. p. 136 — Cap. 21.

An Act for Granting to his Majeſty a further Subſidy of Tunnage and Poundage, towards Raiſing the Yearly Sum of Seven hundred thouſand Pounds, for the Service of his Majeſty's Houſhold, and other Uſes therein mentioned, during his Majeſty's Life. p. 137 — Cap. 23.
Granted for his Majeſty's Life.
By 1 *Annæ*, — — *cap.* 7. granted for her Majeſty's Life.
1 *Geo.* ——— *cap.* 1. granted for his Majeſty's Life.

An Act to Settle the Trade to Africa. EXP. p. 142 — Cap. 26.

An Act for the Exporting Watches, Sword-Hilts, and other Manufactures of Silver. ibid. — Cap. 28.

An

Cap. 30. *An Act for Increaſing his Majeſty's Duties upon Luſtrings and Alamodes.* Page 144

Continued by the ſeveral Acts, which continue the Act of Tunnage and Poundage, 12 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 4.

Cap. 34. *An Act for the better and more orderly Payment of the Lottery Tickets, now payable out of certain Additional Duties of Exciſe, and of other Annuities lately payable out of the Tunnage Duties.* EXP. p. 145

Cap. 39. *An Act for Settling and Adjuſting the Proportions of Fine Silver and Silk, for the better making of Silver and Gold Thread, and to Prevent the Abuſes of the Wiredrawers.* EXP. ibid.

Cap. 40. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the Explanation and better Execution of former Acts made againſt Tranſportation of Wooll, Fullers Earth, and Scouring Clay.* ibid.

Cap. 42. *An Act for Enlarging the time for Regiſtring of Ships, purſuant to the Act for Preventing Frauds, and Regulating Abuſes in the Plantation Trade.* EXP. p. 148

Cap. 43. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the better Incouragement of the Royal Luſtring Company, and the more Effectual Preventing the Fraudulent Importation of Luſtrings and Alamodes.* ibid.

Cap. 44. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Raiſing a Sum not exceeding Two Millions, upon a Fond for Payment of Annuities, after the Rate of Eight Pounds* per Centum per Annum, *and for Settling the Trade to the* Eaſt-Indies. p. 153

Cap. 45. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for taking away half the Duties Impoſed on Glaſs Wares, and the whole Duties lately laid on Stone, and Earthen Wares, and Tobacco Pipes; and for Granting (in lieu thereof) new Duties upon Whale Fins, and* Scotch *Linen.* p. 158

Continued for 8 Years, from 10 July, 1698.

By 1 *Annæ*, — — *cap.* 13. further continued until — 1 *Aug.* 1710.
5 *Annæ*, — — *cap.* 27. Whale Fins, continued until — 1 *Aug.* 1712.
6 *Annæ*, — — *cap.* 19. — — — 1 *Aug.* 1714.
7 *Annæ*, — — *cap.* 8. — — — 1 *Aug.* 1716.
8 *Annæ*, — — *cap.* 13. — — — 1 *Aug.* 1720.
1 *Geo.* — — *cap.* 21. } continued for ever.
3 *Geo.* — — *cap.* 9. }

Anno 10 & 11 *Gulielmi* III. Regis.

Cap. 3. *An Act to Prohibit the Exportation of any Corn, Malt, Meal, Flour, Bread, Biſcuit, or Starch, for One Year, from the Tenth Day of* February, *One thouſand ſix hundred ninety eight.* EXP. p. 159

Cap. 4. *An Act to Prohibit the Exceſſive Diſtilling of Spirits and Low Wines from Corn, and againſt the Exporting of Beer and Ale, and to prevent Frauds in Diſtillers.* EXP. ibid.

Cap. 6. A Clauſe in an Act, Intituled, *An Act to Inlarge the Trade to* Ruſſia. p. 160

Cap. 10. *An Act to Prevent the Exportation of Wooll out of the Kingdoms of* Ireland *and* England *into Foreign Parts; and for the Incouragement of the Woollen Manufactures in the Kingdom of* England. ibid.

Cap. 18. *An Act for Taking off the Remaining Duties upon Glaſs Wares.* p. 166

Cap. 21. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Laying further Duties upon Sweets, and for Leſſening the Duties as well upon Vinegar, as upon certain Low Wines and Whale Fins, and the Duties upon Brandy imported, and for the more Eaſie Raiſing the Duties upon Leather, and for charging Cynders, and for permitting the Importation of Pearl-Aſhes, and for preventing Abuſes in the Brewing of Beer and Ale, and Frauds in Importation of Tobacco.* p. 167

Continued by the ſeveral Acts, which continue the Duties on Coal waterborn 9 & 10 *W.* 3. *cap.* 45.

Cap. 22. A Clauſe in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the more Full and Effectual Charging of the Duties upon Rock Salt.* p. 168

Cap. 24. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for making* Billingſgate *a Free Market for Sale of Fiſh.* p. 169

Cap. 25. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act to Incourage the Trade to* Newfoundland. p. 170

Anno

A Catalogue of the ſeveral Acts,

Anno 11 & 12 *Gulielmi* III. Regis.

An Act for Taking away the Bounty-Money for Exporting Corn, from the Ninth Day of February, *One thouſand ſix hundred ninety nine, to the Nine and twentieth Day of* September, *One thouſand ſeven hundred.* EXP. Page 171 — Cap. 1.

An Act for Granting an Aid to his Majeſty, by Sale of the Forfeited and other Eſtates and Intereſts in Ireland, *and by a Land-Tax in* England, *for the ſeveral Purpoſes therein mentioned.* — Cap. 2. ibid.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Laying further Duties upon Wrought Silks, Muſlins, and ſome other Commodities of the* East-Indies, *and for Inlarging the time for Purchaſing certain Reverſionary Annuities therein mentioned.* — Cap. 3. ibid.

Continued from 25 *March*, 1700. until 30 *Sept*, 1701.

By 12 & 13 *W.* 3. — *cap.* 3. Duty on Muſlins only, further continued until — 30 *Sept.* 1706.

3 & 4 *Anne*, — *cap.* 4. until — 24 *June*, 1710.

16 *Anne*, — *cap.* 22. further continued for 4 Years.

7 *Anne*, — *cap.* 7.
1 *Geo.* — *cap.* 12.
3 *Geo.* — *cap.* 8.
5 *Geo.* — *cap.* 3.
} continued for ever.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the more Effectual Imploying the Poor, by Incouraging the Manufactures of this Kingdom.* — Cap. 10. p. 173

An Act to Repeal an Act, made in the Ninth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, Intituled, An Act for rendring the Laws more effectual for preventing the Importation of Foreign Bone-Lace, Loom-Lace, Needle-work, Point and Cut-work, *Three Months after the Prohibition of the Woollen Manufactures in* Flanders *ſhall be taken off.* — Cap. 11. p. 176

A Clauſe in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Continuing ſeveral Laws therein mentioned; And for Explaining the Act, Intituled,* An Act to prevent the Exportation of Wooll out of the Kingdoms of *Ireland* and *England* into Foreign Parts, and for the Incouragement of the Woollen Manufactures in the Kingdom of *England.* — Cap. 13. p. 177

An Act for taking away the Duties upon the Woollen Manufactures, Corn, Grain, Bread, Biſcuit, and Meal exported. — Cap. 20. ibid.

Continued by the ſeveral Acts, which continue the Act of Tunnage and Poundage 12 *Car.* 2.

Anno 12 & 13 *Gulielmi* III. Regis.

An Act for Renewing the Bills of Credit, commonly called Exchequer Bills. — Cap. 1. p. 179

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Granting an Aid to his Majeſty, for Defraying the Expence of his Navy, Guards and Gariſons for One Year, and for other neceſſary Occaſions.* — Cap. 10. ibid.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Granting to his Majeſty ſeveral Duties upon Low-Wines or Spirits of the Firſt Extraction, and Continuing ſeveral Additional Duties upon Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Spices and Pictures, and certain Impoſitions upon Hawkers, Pedlars and Petty Chapmen, and the Duty of Fifteen* per Cent. *upon Muſlins, and for Improving the Duties upon Japanned and Laquered Goods, and for Continuing the Coinage Duty, for the ſeveral Terms and Purpoſes therein mentioned.* — Cap. 11. p. 181

An Act for Appropriating Three thouſand ſeven hundred Pounds Weekly, out of certain Branches of Exciſe, for Publick Uſes, and for making a Proviſion for the Service of his Majeſty's Houſhold and Family, and other his Neceſſary Occaſions. — Cap. 12. p. 183

Anno 13 & 14 *Gulielmi* III. Regis.

An Act for Continuing an Act, Intituled, An Act that the Solemn Affirmation and Declaration of the People called *Quakers*, ſhall be Accepted inſtead of an Oath, in the uſual Form. — Cap. 4. ibid.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Granting an Aid to his Majeſty, by Laying Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry.* — Cap. 5. ibid.

Cap. 6. *An Act for the further Security of his Majesty's Person, and the Succession of the Crown in the Protestant Line, and for Extinguishing the Hopes of the pretended Prince of* Wales *and all other Pretenders, and their Open and Secret Abettors.* Page 185
Altered by 1 *Annæ, cap.* 22. and 1 *Geo. cap.* 13.

Anno 1 *Annæ* Reginæ.

Cap. 7. Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the better Support of her Majesty's Houshold, and of the Honour and Dignity of the Crown.* ibid.
Cap. 8. Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Explaining a Clause in an Act made at the Parliament begun and holden at* Westminster, *the Two and twentieth of* November, *in the Seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King* William *the Third, Intituled,* An Act for the better Security of his Majesty's Royal Person and Government. p. 186
Cap. 10. *An Act for Taking, Examining and Stating the Publick Accounts of the Kingdom.* p. 188
Cap. 12. A Clause in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Granting an Aid to her Majesty by divers Subsidies and a Land Tax.* ibid.
Cap. 13. Part of the First, and several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for making good Deficiencies, and for Preserving the Publick Credit.* ibid.
Cap. 16. *An Act for the Inlarging and Incouraging the* Greenland *Trade.* p. 193
Cap. 17. Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Continuing and Amending the Act made in the Ninth Year of his late Majesty's Reign, Intituled,* An Act for the Settling and Adjusting the Proportions of Fine Silver and Silk, and for the better Making of Gold and Silver Thread, and to Prevent the Abuses of the Wiredrawers. EXP. ibid.
Cap 21. Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Preventing Frauds in the Duties upon Salt, and for the better Payment of Debentures at the Custom-house.* p. 194
Cap. 22. *An Act to Declare the Alterations in the Oath appointed to be Taken by the Act, Intituled,* An Act for the further Security of his Majesty's Person, and the Succession of the Crown in the Protestant Line, and for Extinguishing the Hopes of the Pretended Prince of *Wales*, and all other Pretenders, and their Open and Secret Abettors; *and for declaring the Association to be Determined.* p. 198
Cap. 26. *An Act for the Relief of the Masters of Hoys, and other Vessels carrying Corn and other Inland Provisions within the Port of* London. ibid.
Cap. 27. *An Act for the Importation of Fine* Italian *Thrown Silk.* EXP. p. 200
Cap. 28. *An Act for Importing into* England *Thrown Silk of the Growth of* Sicily, *from the Port of* Leghorn *in* Italy. EXP. ibid.

Anno 1 *Annæ* Reginæ. Sess. 1. Parl. 2.

Cap. 3. *An Act for Granting a Supply to her Majesty, by several Duties Imposed upon Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry.* EXP. ibid.
Cap. 4. Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Continuing the Duties upon Coals, Culm and Cynders.* ibid.
Cap. 8. *An Act for Explanation of a Clause in one Act made in the Seventh Year of his late Majesty's Reign, relating to* Boretaps, *and to take off the Additional* Subsidy upon *Irish* Linen. p. 201
Cap. 13. A Clause in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Continuing former Acts for Exporting Leather, and for Ease of Jurors, and for Reviving and making more Effectual an Act relating to Vagrants.* p. 203
Cap. 14. A Clause in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the Incouraging the Consumption of Malted Corn, and for the better Preventing the Running of* French *and Foreign Brandy.* ibid.

Anno 2 *Annæ* Reginæ.

Cap. 2. *An Act for Granting an Aid to her Majesty, by Continuing the Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry for One Year.* EXP. p. 204
Cap. 6. Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the Increase of Seamen, and better Encouragement of Navigation, and Security of the Coal-Trade.* ibid.

A Catalogue of the several Acts.

Anno 2 & 3 *Annæ* Reginæ.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Granting to her Majeſty an Additional Subſidy of Tunnage and Poundage for Three Years; and for Laying a further Duty upon French Wines Condemned as Lawful Prize; and for Aſcertaining the Values of Unrated Goods Imported from the* Eaſt-Indies. Cap. 9. Page 207

The ½ Subſidy continued for 3 Years, from 8 *March*, 1703.
By 4 *Annæ*, — *cap.* 6. further continued for 98 Years.
5 *Annæ*, — *cap.* 19. for 1 Year.
1 *Geo.* — *cap.* 12.
3 *Geo.* — *cap.* 8. } continued for ever.
5 *Geo.* — *cap.* 3.

An Act for Prolonging the Time by an Act of Parliament, made in the Firſt Year of her Majeſty's Reign, for Importing Thrown Silk of the Growth of Sicily from *Leghorn*. EXP. Cap. 13. p. 211

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the better Securing and Regulating the Duties upon Salt*. Cap. 14. ibid.

An Act for Raiſing Recruits for the Land-Forces and Marines, and for Diſpenſing with Part of the Act for the Incouragement and Increaſe of Shipping and Navigation, during the preſent War. EXP. Cap. 19. p. 212

Anno 3 *Annæ* Reginæ.

An Act for Continuing the Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry for One Year. EXP. Cap. 5. ibid.

Anno 3 & 4 *Annæ* Reginæ.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Continuing Duties upon Low-Wines, and upon Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Spices, and Pictures, and upon Hawkers, Pedlars and Petty-Chapmen, and upon Muſlins; and for granting New Duties upon ſeveral of the ſaid Commodities, and alſo upon Calicoes,* China-*Ware and* Drugs. Cap. 4. p. 213

Continued until 24 *June*, 1710.
By 6 *Annæ*, — *cap.* 22. further continued for 4 Years.
7 *Annæ*, — *cap.* 7.
1 *Geo.* — *cap.* 12.
3 *Geo.* — *cap.* 8. } continued for ever.
5 *Geo.* — *cap.* 3.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Granting to her Majeſty a further Subſidy on Wines and Merchandizes imported*. Cap. 5. p. 219

½ Subſidy continued for 4 Years from 8 *March*, 1704.
By 6 *Annæ*, — *cap.* 22. further continued for 3 Years.
7 *Annæ*, — *cap.* 7.
1 *Geo.* — *cap.* 12.
3 *Geo.* — *cap.* 8. } continued for ever.
5 *Geo.* — *cap.* 3.

An Act for the effectual Securing the Kingdom of England, *from the apparent Dangers that may ariſe from ſeveral Acts lately paſſed in the Parliament of* Scotland. *Repealed*. Cap. 7. p. 222

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act to permit the Exportation of* Iriſh *Linen-Cloth to the Plantations, and to prohibit the Importation of* Scotch-*Linen into* Ireland. Cap. 8. ibid.

Continued for 11 Years.
By 1 *Geo.* — *cap.* 26. further continued for 1 Year.
3 *Geo.* — *cap.* 21. further continued ſo long as *Britiſh*-Linen ſhall be permitted to be imported into *Ireland* free.

An Act for giving like Remedy upon Promiſory Notes, as is now uſed upon Bills of Exchange, and for the better Payment of Inland Bills of Exchange. Cap. 9. p. 224

Continued for 3 Years, from 1 *May*, 1705.
By 7 *Anne*, — *cap.* 25. continued for ever.

Several

Cap. 10. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Encouraging the Importation of Naval-Stores from her Majeſty's Plantations in* America. Page 226
Continued for 9 Years, from 1 *Jan.* 1705.
By 12 *Anne, cap.* 9. further continued for 11 Years, and to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

Cap. 13. *An Act for Prohibiting all Trade and Commerce with* France. EXP. p. 228

Anno 4 *Annæ* Reginæ.

Cap. 3. *An Act to Repeal ſeveral Clauſes in the Statute made in the Third and Fourth Years of her preſent Majeſty's Reign, for Securing the Kingdom of* England *from ſeveral Acts lately paſſed in the Parliament of* Scotland. ibid.

Cap. 5. *An Act for Continuing the Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry, for the Service of the Year, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix.* EXP. ibid.

Cap. 6. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Continuing an Additional Subſidy of Tunnage and Poundage, and certain Duties upon Coals, Culm and Cynders, and Additional Duties of Exciſe, and for Settling and Eſtabliſhing a Fund thereby, and by other Ways and Means, for Payment of Annuities to be Sold for Raiſing a further Supply to her Majeſty, for the Service of the Year, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, and other Uſes therein mentioned.* ibid.

Cap. 7. *An Act for making the Town of* New Roſs, *in the County of* Wexford *in the Kingdom of* Ireland, *a Port for the Exporting Wooll from* Ireland *into this Kingdom.* p. 235

Anno 4 & 5 *Annæ* Reginæ.

Cap. 12. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Laying further Duties on Low-Wines, and for preventing the Damage to Her Majeſty's Revenue by Importation of Foreign cut Whalebone, and for making ſome Proviſions as to the Stamp-Duties, and the Duties on Births, Burials, and Marriages, and the Salt-Duties, and touching Million Lottery-Tickets, and for enabling her Majeſty to diſpoſe the Effects of* William Kidd, *a Notorious Pirate, to the Uſe of* Greenwich-*Hoſpital, and for appropriating the Publick Monies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament.* p. 236

Anno 5 *Annæ* Reginæ.

Cap. 2. *An Act for continuing the Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeven.* EXP. p. 237

Cap. 8. Part of a Clauſe in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for an Union of the Two Kingdoms of* England *and* Scotland. p. 238

Cap. 17. *An Act to Repeal all the Laws prohibiting the Importation of Foreign Lace made of Thread.* p. 248

Cap. 19. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for continuing the Duties on Low-Wines and Spirits of the Firſt Extraction, and the Duties payable by Hawkers, Pedlars and Petty-Chapmen, and part of the Duties on Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper, and the late Duties on Sweets, and the One third Subſidy of Tunnage and Poundage, and for ſettling and eſtabliſhing a Fund thereby, and by the Application of certain Overplus-Monies, and otherwiſe, for Payment of Annuities to be Sold for raiſing a further Supply to her Majeſty, for the Service of the Year, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeven, and other Uſes therein expreſſed.* ibid.

Cap. 20. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the better Encouragement of the Royal Luſtring Company.* p. 250

Cap. 27. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for continuing ſeveral Subſidies, Impoſitions and Duties, and for making Proviſions therein mentioned to raiſe Money by way of Loan for the Service of the War, and other her Majeſty's Neceſſary and Important Occaſions; and for aſcertaining the Wine Meaſure.* p. 251

Cap. 29. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for eaſe of her Majeſty's Subjects in relation to the Duties upon Salt, and for making the like Allowances upon the Exportation of White-Herrings, Fleſh, Oatmeal, and Grain called Beer* alias *Bigg, as are to be made upon Exportation of the like from* Scotland. p. 256

Anno

A Catalogue of the ſeveral Acts.

Anno 6 *Annæ* Reginæ.

An Act for better ſecuring the Duties of East-India *Goods.* Page 259 Cap. 3.

An Act for charging and continuing the Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and eight. EXP. p. 261 Cap. 4.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for raiſing a further Supply to her Majeſty, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and eight, and other Uſes, by Sale of Annuities charged on a Fund, not exceeding Forty thouſand Pounds* per Annum, *to ariſe by appropriating ſeveral Surpluſſes, and by granting further Terms in the Duties on Low-Wines, and on Hawkers, Pedlars and Petty-Chapmen, the Stamp-Duties, the One third Subſidy, the Duty on Sweets, and One of the Branches of Exciſe, and by making other Proviſion in this Act mentioned.* ibid. Cap. 5.

An Act for incouraging the Dreſſing and Dying of Woollen Clothes within this Kingdom, by laying a Duty upon Broad Cloth exported White. p. 263 Cap. 8.

An Act for the Exportation of White Woollen Cloth. ibid. Cap. 9.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for continuing One half part of the Subſidies of Tunnage and Poundage, and other Duties upon Wines, Goods and Merchandizes imported, which were granted to the Crown in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King* Charles *the Second, and for ſettling a Fund thereby, and by other Ways and Means, for Payment of Annuities, not exceeding Eighty thouſand Pounds* per Annum, *to be ſold for raiſing a further Supply to her Majeſty, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and eight, and other Uſes therein expreſſed.* p. 264 Cap. 11.

A Clauſe in an Act, Intituled, *An Act to explain the Act of the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, for the Eaſe of her Majeſty's Subjects in relation to Allowances out of the Duties upon Salt carried Coaſtwiſe, and alſo an Act of the Firſt Year of her Majeſty's Reign, in relation to certain Salt-works near the Sea-ſide and Bay of* Holyhead *in the County of* Angleſea. p. 267 Cap. 12.

A Clauſe in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the better ſecuring the Trade of this Kingdom by Cruiſers and Convoys.* p. 268 Cap. 13.

An Act for the better Security of her Majeſty's Perſon and Government. p. 269 Cap. 14.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for aſſuring to the* Engliſh *Company Trading to the* Eaſt-Indies, *on Account of the United Stock, a longer time in the Fund and Trade therein mentioned, and for raiſing thereby the Sum of Twelve hundred thouſand Pounds for carrying on the War, and other her Majeſty's Occaſions.* ibid. Cap. 17.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for continuing the Half-Subſidies therein mentioned, with ſeveral Impoſitions and other Duties, to raiſe Money by way of Loan, for the Service of the War, and other her Majeſty's neceſſary and important Occaſions, and for charging of Prize-Goods and Seizures, and for taking off the Drawbacks of Foreign Cordage, and to obviate the clandeſtine Importation of wrought Silks.* p. 271 Cap. 19.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for continuing ſeveral Duties therein mentioned, upon Coffee, Chocolate, Spices, Pictures, and Muſlins, and Additional Duties upon ſeveral of the ſaid Commodities, and certain Duties upon Callicoes,* China-*Wares, and Drugs; and for continuing the Duties called the Two third Subſidies of Tunnage and Poundage, for preſerving the Publick Credit; and for aſcertaining the Duties of Coals exported for Foreign Parts; and for ſecuring the Credit of the Bank of* England; *and for paſſing ſeveral Accounts of Taxes raiſed in the County of* Monmouth; *and for promoting the Conſumption of ſuch Tobacco as ſhall have paid her Majeſty's Duties.* p. 276 Cap. 22.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for ſettling and eſtabliſhing a Court of Exchequer in the North-Part of* Great Britain *called* Scotland. p. 281 Cap. 26.

An Act for aſcertaining the Rates of Foreign Coins in her Majeſty's Plantations in America. p. 290 Cap. 30.

An Act for the Importation of Cochineal from any Ports in Spain, *during the preſent War, and Six Months longer.* EXP. p. 292 Cap. 33.

By 12 *Annæ*, ——— *cap.* 18. made perpetual.

An Act for the Encouragement of the Trade to America. ibid. Cap. 37.

A Catalogue of the ſeveral Acts.

Anno 7 *Annæ* Reginæ.

Cap. 3. *An Act for charging and continuing the Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and nine.* EXP. Page 292

Cap. 5. *An Act for Naturalizing Foreign Proteſtants.* ibid.

Cap. 7. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for enlarging the Capital Stock of the Bank of* England, *and for raiſing a further Supply to her Majeſty, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and nine.* p. 294

Cap. 8. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for continuing ſeveral Impoſitions and Duties, to raiſe Money by way of Loan; and for exporting* Britiſh *Copper and Braſs-Wire Duty-free; and for circulating a further Sum in Exchequer Bills, in caſe a New Contract be made in that behalf; and concerning the Oaths to be Adminiſtred in relation to* Italian *Thrown Silks; and touching Oyls and Plantations-Goods of Foreigners, taken or to be taken as Prize; and concerning Drugs of* America *to be imported from her Majeſty's Plantations; and for the appropriating the Monies given in this Seſſion of Parliament; and for making out Debentures for Two Tranſport Ships in this Act named; and to allow a further Time for Regiſtring certain Debentures, and for Relief of Perſons who have loſt ſuch Tickets, Exchequer Bills, Debentures, Tallies or Orders, as in this Act are mentioned.* p. 306

Cap. 11. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for aſcertaining and directing the Payment of the Allowances to be made for or upon the Exportation from* Scotland, *of Fiſh, Beef, and Pork cured with Foreign Salt imported before the Firſt Day of* May, *One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeven; and for diſpoſing ſuch Salt ſtill remaining in the Hands of her Majeſty's Subjects there; and for aſcertaining and ſecuring the Allowances for Fiſh and Fleſh exported, and to be exported from* Scotland *for the future.* p. 310

Cap. 24. A Clauſe in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for continuing the former Acts for the Encouragement of the Coinage, and to Encourage the bringing Foreign Coins and* Britiſh *or Foreign Plate to be coined, and for making Proviſion for the Mints in* Scotland, *and for the proſecuting Offences concerning the Coin in* England. p. 312

Cap. 25. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for making Perpetual an Act for the better preventing the Counterfeiting the Current Coin of this Kingdom; as alſo an Act for giving like remedy upon Promiſſory Notes as is uſed upon Bills of Exchange, and for the better Payment of Inland Bills of Exchange; and alſo for continuing ſeveral Acts made in the Fourth and Fifth Years of her Majeſty's Reign, for preventing Frauds committed by Bankrupts.* p. 313

Anno 8 *Annæ* Reginæ.

Cap. 2. *An Act to prohibit the Exportation of Corn, Malt, Meul, Flour, Bread, Biſcuit, and Starch, and Low-Wines, Spirits, Worts, and Waſh drawn from Malted Corn.* EXP. p. 314

Cap. 3. *An Act for charging and continuing the Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten.* EXP. ibid.

Cap. 4. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for continuing part of the Duties upon Coals, Culm, and Cynders, and granting New Duties upon Houſes, having Twenty Windows or more, to raiſe the Sum of Fifteen hundred thouſand Pounds, by way of a Lottery, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten.* ibid.

Cap. 7. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for granting to her Majeſty New Duties of Exciſe, and upon ſeveral imported Commodities, and for eſtabliſhing a yearly Fund thereby, and by other Ways and Means, to raiſe Nine hundred thouſand Pounds by Sale of Annuities, and (in Default thereof) by another Lottery, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten.* p. 318

To continue for 32 Years, from 6 *Feb.* 1709.

By 6 *Geo.* ——— *cap.* 4. continued for ever.

Cap. 9. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for laying certain Duties upon Candles, and certain Rates upon Monies to be given with Clerks, and Apprenti-*

tes, towards raiſing her Majeſty's Supply, for the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten. Page 325
Continued for 5 Years, from 1 *May*, 1710.
By 9 *Anne*, — — — — *cap.* 21. } continued for ever.
3 *Geo.* — — — — *cap.* 9. }

An Act to explain ſo much of the Act for prohibiting the Exportation of Corn, Malt, Meal, Flour, Bread, Biſcuit, and Starch, and Low-Wines, Spirits, Worts, and Waſh drawn from malted Corn; by which Act the ſaid Commodities are admitted to be carried from the Iſle of Wight *to ſeveral Markets; and for giving Liberty to export certain Quantities of Oatmeal, for the Uſes of the* Britiſh *Hoſpitals beyond the Seas.* EXP. p. 327 — Cap. 11.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for continuing ſeveral Impoſitions, Additional Impoſitions, and Duties upon Goods imported, to raiſe Money by way of Loan, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten; and for taking off the Overſea-Duty on Coals exported in* Britiſh *Bottoms; and for better preventing Frauds in Drawbacks upon Certificate-Goods; and for aſcertaining the Duties of Corants imported in* Venetian *Ships; and to give further time to Foreign Merchants for Exportation of certain Foreign Goods imported; and to limit a time for Proſecutions upon certain Bonds given by Merchants; and for continuing certain Fees of the Officers of the Cuſtoms; and to prevent Imbezilments by ſuch Officers; and for appropriating the Monies granted to her Majeſty; and for replacing Monies paid or to be paid for making good any Deficiencies on the Annuity Acts; and for Encouragement to raiſe Naval Stores in her Majeſty's Plantations; and to give further Time for regiſtring Debentures as is therein mentioned.* p. 328 — Cap. 13.

An Act for explaining and enlarging an Act of the Sixth Year of her Majeſty's Reign, Intituled, An Act for the Security of her Majeſty's Perſon and Government. EXP. p. 336 — Cap. 16.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the Encouragement of Learning, by veſting the Copies of Printed Books in the Authors or Purchaſers of ſuch Copies, during the Times therein mentioned.* ibid. — Cap. 19.

Anno 9 *Annæ* Reginæ.

An Act to oblige Ships coming from Places infected, more effectually to perform their Quarentine. p. 337 — Cap 2.
Repealed by 6 *Geo. cap.* 3.

An Act for charging and continuing the Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and eleven. p. 340 — Cap. 3.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for reviving, continuing, and appropriating certain Duties upon ſeveral Commodities to be exported; and certain Duties upon Coals to be waterborn and carried Coaſtwiſe; and for granting further Duties upon Candles, for Thirty two Years, to raiſe Fifteen hundred thouſand Pounds, by way of a Lottery, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and eleven; and for ſuppreſſing ſuch unlawful Lotteries, and ſuch Inſurance-Offices, as are therein mentioned.* ibid. — Cap. 6.
The Duties Outwards and upon Coals, to commence from 8 *March*, 1710.
The Duties on Candles, to commence from 25 *March*, 1711.
By 3 *Geo.* — — — — *cap.* 7. continued for ever.

An Act to repeal the Act of the Third and Fourth Year of her Majeſty's Reign, Intituled, An Act for prohibiting all Trade and Commerce with *France, ſo far as relates to the prohibiting the Importation of* French *Wines.* p. 350 — Cap. 8.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for laying certain Duties upon Hides and Skins, tanned, tawed, or dreſſed, and upon Vellum and Parchment, for the Term of Thirty two Years, for proſecuting the War, and other her Majeſty's moſt neceſſary Occaſions.* ibid. — Cap. 11.
Continued for 32 Years, from 24 *June*, 1711.
By 3 *Geo.* — — — — *cap.* 7. continued for ever.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for laying a Duty upon Hops.* p. 356 — Cap. 12.
Continued for 4 Years, from 1 *June*, 1711.
By 1 *Geo.* Seſs. 1. — — *cap.* 2. further continued to — — — — 1 *Aug.* 1715.
1 *Geo.* — — — — *cap.* 12. }
3 *Geo.* — — — — *cap.* 8. } continued for ever.
5 *Geo.* — — — — *cap.* 3. }

A Catalogue of the several Acts.

Cap. 21. Part of the First and several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for making good Deficiencies, and satisfying the Publick Debts; and for erecting a Corporation to carry on a Trade to the* South-Seas; *and for the Encouragement of the Fishery; and for Liberty to Trade in unwrought Iron with the Subjects of* Spain; *and to repeal the Acts for Registring Seamen.* Page 359

Cap. 22. Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for granting to her Majesty several Duties upon Coals for building Fifty New Churches in and about the Cities of* London *and* Westminster, *and Suburbs thereof, and other purposes therein mentioned.* p. 371

Continued from 14 *May*, 1716. to 29 *Sept.* 1724.
By 1 *Geo.* — — — — *cap.* 23. further continued to —— 28 *Sept.* 1725.
5 *Geo.* — — — — *cap.* 9. further continued to —— 25 *Mar.* 1751.
6 *Geo.* — — — — *cap.* 4. continued for ever.

Cap. 23. Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for licensing and regulating Hackney-Coaches and Chairs; and for charging certain New Duties on Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper, and on Cards and Dice, and on the Exportation of Rock-Salt for* Ireland; *and for securing thereby, and by a weekly Payment out of the Post-Office, and by several Duties on Hides and Skins, a yearly Fund of One hundred eighty six thousand six hundred and seventy Pounds, for Thirty two Years, to be applied to the Satisfaction of such Orders as are therein mentioned, to the Contributors of any Sum not exceeding Two millions, to be raised for carrying on the War, and other her Majesty's Occasions.* p. 372

Continued from 11 *June*, 1711. for 32 Years.
By 3 *Geo.* — — — — — *cap.* 7. continued for ever.

Cap. 27. *An Act for the Encouragement of the Trade to* America. EXP. p. 378

Cap. 28. Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, *An Act to dissolve the present, and prevent the future Combination of Coal-Owners, Lightermen, Masters of Ships, and others, to advance the Price of Coals, in prejudice of the Navigation, Trade, and Manufactures of this Kingdom, and for the further Encouragement of the Coal-Trade.* ibid.

Continued for 3 Years.
By 1 *Geo.* — — — — *cap.* 26. made perpetual.

Anno 10 *Annæ* Reginæ.

Cap. 2. *An Act for preserving the Protestant Religion, by better securing the Church of* England, *as by Law established; and for confirming the Toleration granted to Protestant Dissenters by an Act, Intituled,* An Act for Exempting their Majesty's Protestant Subjects, Dissenting from the Church of *England*, from the Penalties of certain Laws, *and for supplying the Defects thereof; and for the further securing the Protestant Succession, by requiring the Practicers of the Law in* North Britain *to take the Oaths, and subscribe the Declaration therein mentioned.* p. 379

Cap. 3. *An Act for charging and continuing the Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and twelve; and for applying part of the Coinage-Duties to pay the Deficiency of the Value of Plate Coined; and to pay for the Recoining the Old Money in* Scotland. EXP. ibid.

Cap. 5. *An Act to repeal the Act of the Seventh Year of her Majesty's Reign, Intituled,* An Act for Naturalizing Foreign Protestants *(except what relates to the Children of her Majesty's Natural-born Subjects born out of her Majesty's Allegiance.)* p. 380

Cap. 19. Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for laying several Duties upon all Sope and Paper made in* Great Britain, *or imported into the same; and upon chequered and striped Linens imported; and upon certain Silks, Callicoes, Linens, and Stuffs, printed, painted or stained; and upon several kinds of Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper; and upon certain printed Papers, Pamphlets and Advertisements, for raising the Sum of Eighteen hundred thousand Pounds by way of a Lottery towards her Majesty's Supply; and for Licensing an Additional Number of Hackney Chairs; and for charging certain Stocks of Cards and Dice; and for better securing her Majesty's Duties to arise in the Office for the Stamp-Duties by Licences for Marriages and otherwise; and for Relief of Persons who have not claimed their Lottery Tickets in due time, or have lost Exchequer Bills or Lottery Tickets; and*

A Catalogue of the ſeveral Acts.

for borrowing Money upon Stock (part of the Capital of the South-Sea *Company) for the Uſe of the Publick.* Page 380

Duties on Sope continued from ——— 10 *June*, 1712.
Duties on Paper from ——————— 24 *June*, 1712. } for 32 Years.
Duties on chequer'd and ſtrip'd Linens from 20 *July*, 1712.
By 3 *Geo.* ——— *cap.* 7. continued for ever.

An Act for the Relief of Merchants importing Prize Goods from America. Cap. 22. p. 392

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for laying Additional Duties on Hides and Skins, Vellum and Parchment, and New Duties on Starch, Coffee, Tea, Drugs, Gilt and Silver Wire, and Policies of Inſurance, to ſecure a yearly Fund for Satisfaction of Orders to the Contributors of a further Sum of One million eight hundred thouſand Pounds towards her Majeſty's Supply; and for the better ſecuring the Duties on Candles; And for obviating Doubts concerning certain Payments in* Scotland; *and for ſuppreſſing Unlawful Lotteries, and other Devices of the ſame kind; and concerning Cake-Sope; and for Relief of* Mary Ravenall, *in relation to an Annuity of Eighteen Pounds* per Annum; *and concerning Prize Cocoa Nuts brought from* America; *and certain Tickets which were intended to be ſubſcribed into the Stock of the* South-Sea *Company; and for appropriating the Monies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament.* Cap. 26. p. 393

Duties on Leather continued from ——— 1 *Aug.* 1712.
Duties on Starch from ——— *Ditto*,
Duties on Coffee, Tea, and Drugs, from — 16 *June*, 1712. } for 32 Years.
Duties on Gilt and Silver Wire from —— 1 *July*, 1712.
By 3 *Geo.* ——— *cap.* 7. continued for ever.

An Act for continuing the Trade and Corporation-Capacity of the United Eaſt-India *Company, although their Fund ſhould be redeemed.* Cap. 28. p. 405

An Act for better aſcertaining and ſecuring the Payments to be made to her Majeſty for Goods and Merchandizes to be imported from the Eaſt-Indies, *and other Places within the Limits of the Charter granted to the* Eaſt-India *Company.* Cap. 29. p. 407

An Act for continuing the Trade to the South-Seas, *granted by an Act of the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, although the Capital Stock of the ſaid Corporation ſhould be redeemed.* Cap. 30. p. 408

Anno 12 *Annæ* Reginæ. Seſs. 3. Parl. 1.

An Act for granting to her Majeſty Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and thirteen; and for making forth Duplicates of Lottery Tickets, Loſt, Burnt or Deſtroyed; and for enlarging the Time for adjuſting Claims in ſeveral Lottery Acts; and to puniſh the Counterfeiting or Forging of Lottery Orders; and for explaining a late Act in relation to Stamp-Duties on Cuſtomary Eſtates, which paſs by Deed and Copy. Cap. 2. p. 410

An Act for continuing an Act made in the Third and Fourth Years of the Reign of her preſent Majeſty, Intituled, An Act for Encouraging the Importation of Naval Stores from her Majeſty's Plantations in *America; and for encouraging the Importation of Naval Stores from that part of* Great Britain *called* Scotland, *to that part of* Great Britain *called* England. Cap. 9. ibid.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act to raiſe Twelve hundred thouſand Pounds for Publick Uſes, by Circulating a further Sum in Exchequer Bills; and for enabling her Majeſty to raiſe Five hundred thouſand Pounds on the Revenues appointed for Uſes of her Civil Government, to be applied for or towards Payment of ſuch Debts and Arrears owing to her Servants, Tradeſmen, and others, as are therein mentioned.* Cap. 11. p. 413

An Act for the better Encouragement of the making of Sail-Cloth in Great Britain. Cap. 16. p. 414

Continued for 7 Years, from 21 *July*, 1713. and from thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

By 5 *Geo.* ——— *cap.* 25 further continued for 7 Years, and from thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for making Perpetual the Act made in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of the Reign of the late King* Charles Cap. 18.

the Second, Intituled, An Act for the better Relief of the Poor of this Kingdom; *and that Perſons bound Apprentices to, or being hired Servants with Perſons coming with Certificates, ſhall not gain Settlements by ſuch Services or Apprenticeſhips: And for making Perpetual the Act made in the Sixth Year of her preſent Majeſty's Reign, Intituled,* An Act for the Importation of Cochineal from any Ports in *Spain*, during the preſent War, and Six Months longer: *And for reviving a Clauſe in an Act made in the Ninth and Tenth Years of the Reign of the late King* William [*Intituled,* An Act for Settling the Trade to *Africa*] *for allowing Foreign Copper Bars imported, to be exported.* Page 416

Anno 12 *Annæ* Reginæ. Seſs. 1. Parl. 2.

Cap. 3. *An Act for Charging and Continuing the Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen; and for the Encouragement of the diſtilling Brandy from malted Corn and Cyder; and for making forth Duplicates of Exchequer Bills and Lottery Tickets, Loſt, Burnt or Deſtroyed; and to enable the Governor and Company of the Bank of* England, *and others, to lend Money upon* South-Sea *Stock.* p. 417

Cap. 5. *An Act for taking away the New Additional Duty of Thirty Pounds* per Centum ad Valorem, *impoſed upon all Books and Prints imported into* Great Britain, *by an Act made in the Tenth Year of the Reign of her preſent Majeſty Queen* Anne. ibid.

Cap. 8. *An Act for Encouraging the Tobacco Trade.* ibid.
Continued for 5 Years, from 1 *June*, 1714. and from thence to the End of the next Seſſion.
By 5 *Geo.* — — — — *cap.* 7. to continue, as long as the Duties on Tobacco continue.

Cap. 9. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for laying Additional Duties on Sope, and Paper, and upon certain Linens, Silks, Callicoes and Stuffs, and upon Starch, and exported Coals, and upon Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper, for raiſing One million four hundred thouſand Pounds, by way of a Lottery, for her Majeſty's Supply; and for Allowances on exporting made Wares of Leather, Sheep-skins and Lamb-skins; and for Diſtribution of Four thouſand Pounds due to the Officers and Seamen for Gun-Money; and to adjuſt the Property of Tickets in former Lotteries; and touching certain Shares of Stock in the Capital of the* South-Sea *Company; and for appropriating the Monies granted to her Majeſty.* p. 422
Continued for 32 Years, from 2 *Aug.* 1714.
By 6 *Geo.* — — — — *cap.* 4. continued for ever.

Cap. 17. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the ſpeedy and effectual Preſerving the Navigation of the River of* Thames, *by ſtopping the Breach in the Levels of* Havering *and* Dagenham *in the County of* Eſſex; *and for aſcertaining the Coal-Meaſure.* p. 430

Cap. 18. *An Act for the Preſerving all ſuch Ships, and Goods thereof, which ſhall happen to be forced on Shore, or ſtranded upon the Coaſts of this Kingdom, or any other of her Majeſty's Dominions.* p. 431
Continued for 3 Years, and from thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.
By 4 *Geo.* — — — — *cap.* 12. continued for ever.

Cap. 19. *An Act to explain a Clauſe in an Act of Parliament of the Tenth Year of her Majeſty's Reign, for laying ſeveral Duties upon all Sope and Paper made in* Great Britain, *or imported into the ſame; and upon chequered and ſtriped Linens imported; and upon certain Silks, Callicoes, Linens and Stuffs, printed, painted or ſtained; and upon ſeveral kinds of Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper; and upon certain printed Pamphlets, and Advertiſements, for raiſing the Sum of Eighteen hundred thouſand Pounds by way of a Lottery, and for other purpoſes in the ſaid Act mentioned, ſo far as the ſaid Act relates to* Lawns, *Canvas, Buckrams, Barras and* Sileſia *Neckcloths.* p. 435

Cap. 21. *An Act to explain part of an Act made in the Seventh Year of her Majeſty's Reign, (for enlarging the Capital Stock of the Bank of* England, *and for raiſing a further Supply to her Majeſty, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and nine) ſo far as the ſame relates to unwrought Incle imported into this Kingdom.* p. 436

Anno

A Catalogue of the ſeveral Acts.

Anno 1 *Georgii* Regis.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the better Support of his Majeſty's Houſhold, and Dignity of the Crown of* Great Britain. Continued for his Majeſty's Life. Page 437 — Cap. 1.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for rectifying Miſtakes in the Names of the Commiſſioners for the Land-Tax for the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen; and for raiſing ſo much as is wanting to make up the Sum of Fourteen hundred thouſand Pounds, intended to be raiſed by a Lottery for the Publick Service in the ſaid Year.* p. 439 — Cap. 2.

Anno 1 *Georgii* Regis. Seſs. 1.

A Clauſe in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for charging and continuing the Duties on Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifteen; and for making forth Duplicates of Exchequer Bills, and Lottery Tickets, Loſt, Burnt or Deſtroyed; and for enlarging the Time for adjuſting Claims in ſeveral Lotteries; and for making forth New Orders in lieu of certain Lottery Orders obliterated or defective; and for continuing certain Duties on Hops, until the Firſt Day of* Auguſt, *One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifteen.* p. 440 — Cap. 2.

An Act to explain the Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King William *the Third, Intituled,* An Act for the further Limitation of the Crown, and better Securing the Rights and Liberties of the Subject. p. 441 — Cap. 4.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for making Perpetual an Act of the Seventh and Eighth Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King* William *the Third, Intituled,* An Act that the Solemn Affirmation and Declaration of the People called *Quakers*, ſhall be accepted inſtead of an Oath in the uſual Form; *and for explaining and enforcing the ſaid Act in relation to the Payment of Tithes and Church-Rates; and for appointing the Form of an Affirmation to be taken by the ſaid People called* Quakers, *inſtead of the Oath of Abjuration.* p. 442 — Cap. 6.

Part of the Firſt Clauſe, and ſeveral Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for enlarging the Fund of the Governor and Company of the Bank of* England, *relating to Exchequer Bills; and for ſettling an Additional Revenue of One hundred and twenty thouſand Pounds* per Annum *upon his Majeſty during his Life, for the Service of the Civil Government; and for eſtabliſhing a certain Fund of Fifty four thouſand ſix hundred Pounds* per Annum, *in order to raiſe a Sum not exceeding Nine hundred and ten thouſand Pounds for the Service of the Publick, by Sale of Annuities, after the Rate of Six Pounds* per Centum per Annum, *Redeemable by Parliament; and for ſatisfying an Arrear for Work and Materials at* Blenheim, *incurred whilſt that Building was carried on at the Expence of her late Majeſty Queen* Anne, *of Bleſſed Memory; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.* p. 443 — Cap. 12.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the further Security of his Majeſty's Perſon and Government, and the Succeſſion of the Crown in the Heirs of the late Princeſs* Sophia, *being Proteſtants; and for extinguiſhing the Hopes of the pretended Prince of* Wales, *and his Open and Secret Abetters.* p. 456 — Cap. 13.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the better preventing Freſh Fiſh taken by Foreigners being imported into this Kingdom; and for the Preſervation of the Fry of Fiſh; and for the giving Leave to import Lobſters and Turbets in Foreign Bottoms; and for the better Preſervation of Salmon within ſeveral Rivers in that Part of this Kingdom called* England. p. 462 — Cap. 18.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for enlarging the Capital Stock and Yearly Fund of the* South Sea *Company, and for ſupplying thereby Eight hundred twenty two thouſand thirty two Pounds, Four Shillings and Eight Pence, to Publick Uſes; and for raiſing One hundred ſixty nine thouſand Pounds for the like Uſes, by Sale of Annuities upon divers Encouragements therein mentioned; and for appropriating ſeveral Supplies granted to his Majeſty.* p. 463 — Cap. 21.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Enabling his Majeſty to ſettle a Revenue for Supporting the Dignity of her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs, in caſe ſhe ſhall Survive his Royal Highneſs the Prince of* Wales. p. 466 — Cap. 22.

Seve

A Catalogue of the ſeveral Acts.

Cap. 23. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for making Proviſion for the Miniſters of the Fifty New Churches, which are to be Built in and about the Cities of* London *and* Weſtminſter, *and Suburbs thereof; and for rebuilding and finiſhing the Pariſh-Church of Saint* Mary Woolnoth *in the ſaid City of* London. Page 467

Cap. 26. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for continuing ſeveral Laws therein mentioned, relating to Coals, Hemp and Flax,* Iriſh *and* Scotch *Linen, and the Aſſize of Bread; and for giving Power to Adjourn the Quarter-Seſſions for the County of* Angleſea, *for the Purpoſes therein mentioned.* p. 470

Cap. 27. *An Act for taking and ſtating the Debts due and growing due to* Scotland *by way of Equivalent in the Terms of the Union; and for Relief of the Creditors of the Publick in* Scotland, *and the Commiſſioners of the Equivalent.* p. 471

Cap. 36. *An Act for charging and continuing the Duties on Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen; and for compelling ſeveral Receivers to finiſh and clear their Accounts; and for making Duplicates of Exchequer Bills, Lottery Tickets, and Orders, loſt, burnt or deſtroyed; and for enlarging the Time for adjuſting Claims to certain Benefit Tickets; and for allowing the Charge of Executing the Lottery Act, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten; and for recovering Monies of ſeveral Land-Taxes, reſting in the Hands of Collectors or Conſtables at St.* Albans; *and for preventing Frauds in the Duties upon Sope; and for limiting a Time for Perſons who have certain Annuities for Life or Lives, to demand the Payments thereupon at the Exchequer; and for preventing Frauds in the Duties relating to printed and painted Paper, Callicoes, and other things therein mentioned.* ibid.

Cap. 40. *An Act for the free Importation of Cochineal, during the Time therein limited.* EXP. ibid.

Cap. 43. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act to continue Duties for encouraging the Coinage of Money; and to charge the Duties on Senna as a Medicinal Drug; and for the appropriating ſeveral Supplies granted to his Majeſty.* p. 472

Cap. 46. *An Act to prevent the Miſchiefs by Manufacturing Leaves or other Things to reſemble Tobacco, and the Abuſes in making and mixing of Snuff.* p. 474

Anno 3 *Georgii* Regis.

Cap. 1. *An Act to enable his Majeſty effectually to prohibit or reſtrain Commerce with* Sweden. EXP. p. 476

Cap. 4. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for continuing the Duties on Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventeen; and to authorize Allowances to be made to certain Receivers; and to obviate a Doubt concerning Goods imported from the Iſlands of* Jerſey, Guernſey, Sark *and* Alderney; *and to aſcertain the Duties upon Sheep-skins and Lamb-skins; and to prevent Frauds in the Duties upon Starch; and for making forth Duplicates of Exchequer Bills, Lottery Tickets, and Orders, loſt, burnt or deſtroyed; and for enlarging the Time for adjuſting Claims in ſeveral Lotteries; and for preventing Frauds in the Duties on Low-Wines and Spirits carried Coaſtwiſe.* p. 477

Cap. 7. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for redeeming the Duties and Revenues which were ſettled to pay off Principal and Intereſt on the Orders made forth on Four Lottery Acts paſſed in the Ninth and Tenth Years of her late Majeſty's Reign; and for redeeming certain Annuites payable on Orders out of the Hereditary Exciſe, according to a former Act in that behalf; and for eſtabliſhing a General Yearly Fund, not only for the future Payment of Annuities at ſeveral Rates, to be payable and transferrable at the Bank of* England, *and redeemable by Parliament; but alſo to raiſe Monies for ſuch Proprietors of the ſaid Orders as ſhall chooſe to be paid their Principal and Arrears of Intereſt in Ready Money; and for making good ſuch other Deficiencies and Payments as in this Act are mentioned; and for taking off the Duties on Linſeed imported, and* Britiſh *Linen exported.* p. 479

Cap. 8. Part of the Firſt Clauſe, and ſeveral Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for redeeming ſeveral Funds of the Governor and Company of the Bank of* England, *purſuant to former Proviſoes of Redemption; and for ſecuring to them ſeveral New Funds and Allowances redeemable by Parliament; and for obliging them to advance further Sums not exceeding Two millions five hundred thouſand Pounds, at Five Pounds* per Centum, *as ſhall be found neceſſary to* be

be imployed in leſſening the National Debts and Incumbrances; and for continuing certain Proviſions formerly made for the Expences of his Majeſty's Civil Government; and for Payment of Annuities formerly purchaſed at the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum, *and for other Purpoſes in this Act mentioned.* Page 488

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for redeeming the Yearly Fund of the* South-Sea *Company (being after the Rate of Six Pounds* per Centum per Annum) *and ſettling on the ſaid Company a Yearly Fund after the Rate of Five Pounds* per Centum per Annum, *redeemable by Parliament; and to raiſe for an Annuity or Annuities at Five Pounds* per Centum per Annum, *any Sum not exceeding Two Millions, to be imployed in leſſening the National Debts and Incumbrances, and for making the ſaid New Yearly Fund and Annuities to be hereafter redeemable in the Time and Manner preſcribed.* Cap. 9. p. 492

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the Kings moſt Gracious, General, and Free Pardon.* Cap. 19. p. 498

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for continuing the Liberty of exporting* Iriſh *Linen Cloth to the* Britiſh *Plantations in* America *Duty-free; and for the more effectual Diſcovery of and Proſecuting ſuch as ſhall unlawfully export Wooll and Woollen Manufactures from* Ireland; *and for Relief of* John Fletcher, *in reſpect of the Duty by him paid for a Quantity of Salt loſt in the Exportation for* Ireland. Cap. 21. p. 503

Anno 4 *Georgii* Regis.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for continuing the Duties on Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighteen; and for making forth Duplicates of Exchequer Bills, Lottery Tickets, and Orders, loſt, burnt, or deſtroyed; and for appropriating the Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament.* Cap. 3. p. 504

A Clauſe in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the further Preventing Robbery, Burglary, and other Felonies, and for the more effectual Tranſportation of Felons, and unlawful Exporters of Wooll; and for declaring the Law upon ſome Points relating to Pirates.* Cap. 11. p. 505

An Act for Inforcing and making Perpetual an Act of the Twelfth Year of her late Majeſty, Intituled, An Act for the Preſerving of all ſuch Ships, and Goods thereof, which ſhall happen to be forced on Shore, or ſtranded upon the Coaſts of this Kingdom, or any other of her Majeſty's Dominions; *and for inflicting the Puniſhment of Death on ſuch as ſhall wilfully burn or deſtroy Ships.* Cap. 12. p. 506

Anno 5 *Georgii* Regis.

An Act for continuing the Duties on Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen; and for enlarging the Time for entring at the Exchequer ſuch Aſſignments of Reverſionary Annuities as are therein mentioned; and for better ſecuring the Duties on Hides and Skins, Vellum and Parchment. Cap 2. p. 507

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for applying certain Overplus Monies, and further Sums, to be raiſed, as well by way of a Lottery, as by Loans, towards paying off and cancelling Exchequer Bills, and for leſſening the preſent great Charge in relation to thoſe Bills; and for circulating and exchanging for Ready Money the Reſidue of the ſame Bills for the future.* Cap. 3. ibid.

An Act for Strengthning the Proteſtant Intereſt in theſe Kingdoms. p. 523 Cap. 4.

An Act for continuing an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen Anne, *Intituled,* An Act for encouraging the Tobacco Trade. Cap. 7. p. 524

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for continuing certain Duties upon Coals and Culm, and for eſtabliſhing certain Funds to raiſe Money, as well to proceed in the Building of New Churches, as alſo to complete the Supply granted to his Majeſty, and to reſerve the Overplus-Monies of the ſaid Duties for the Diſpoſition of Parliament, and for more effectual Suppreſſing Private Lotteries.* Cap. 9. ibid.

A Catalogue of the ſeveral Acts.

Cap. 11. *An Act againſt Clandeſtine running of Uncuſtomed Goods, and for the more effectual preventing of Frauds relating to the Cuſtoms.* Page 533
Several Parts of the Act continued for 3 Years, and to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

Cap. 18. *An Act for recovering the Credit of the* Britiſh *Fiſhery in Foreign Parts; and for better ſecuring the Duties on Salt.* p. 544

Cap. 19. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for redeeming the Fund appropriated for Payment of the Lottery Tickets, which were made forth for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, by a Voluntary Subſcription of the Proprietors into the Capital Stock of the* South-Sea *Company; and for raiſing a Sum of Money to pay off ſuch Debts and Incumbrances as are therein mentioned; and for appropriating the Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament; and to limit Times for Proſecutions upon Bonds for exporting Cards and Dice.* p. 555

Cap. 20. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for ſettling certain Yearly Funds payable out of the Revenue of* Scotland, *to ſatisfie Publick Debts in* Scotland, *and other Uſes mentioned in the Treaty of Union; and to diſcharge the Equivalents claimed on behalf of* Scotland *in the Terms of the ſame Treaty; and for obviating all future Diſputes, Charges, and Expences, concerning thoſe Equivalents.* p. 565

Cap. 21. *An Act for the better ſecuring the lawful Trade of his Majeſty's Subjects to and from the* Eaſt-Indies; *and for the more effectual preventing all his Majeſty's Subjects Trading thither under Foreign Commiſſions.* p. 573
Continued for 5 Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

Cap. 25. A Clauſe in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for continuing the Act made in the Eighth Year of the Reign of the late Queen* Anne, *to regulate the Price and Aſſize of Bread; and for continuing the Act made in the Twelfth Year of her ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, for the better Encouragement of the making Sail-Cloth in* Great Britain. p. 575

Cap. 27. *An Act to prevent the Inconveniencies ariſing from ſeducing Artificers in the Manufactures of* Great Britain *into Foreign Parts.* ibid.

Anno 6 *Georgii* Regis.

Cap. 2. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for continuing the Duties on Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty; and for enabling the Lords Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury to call in ſuch Exchequer Bills as are to be cancelled and diſcharged with Money appointed for that Purpoſe.* p. 577

Cap. 4. Part of the Firſt Clauſe, and ſeveral Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for enabling the* South-Sea *Company to encreaſe their preſent Capital Stock and Fund, by redeeming ſuch Publick Debts and Incumbrances as are therein mentioned; and for raiſing Money to be applied for leſſening ſeveral of the Publick Debts and Incumbrances; and for calling in the preſent Exchequer Bills remaining uncancelled; and for making forth new Bills in lieu thereof, to be circulated and exchanged upon Demand at or near the Exchequer.* p. 579

Cap. 10. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for making forth New Exchequer Bills, not exceeding One Million, at a certain Intereſt; and for lending the ſame to the* South-Sea *Company at an higher Intereſt, upon Security of repaying the ſame and ſuch high Intereſt into the Exchequer for Uſes to which the Fund for leſſening the Publick Debts (called the Sinking Fund) is applicable; and for circulating and exchanging upon Demand the ſaid Bills at or near the Exchequer.* p. 594

Cap. 11. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for laying a Duty upon wrought Plate; and for applying Money ariſing for the clear Produce (by Sale of the Forfeited Eſtates) towards anſwering his Majeſty's Supply; and for taking off the Drawbacks upon Hops exported for* Ireland; *and for Payment of Annuities to be purchaſed after the Rate of Four Pounds* per Centum per Annum *at the Exchequer, redeemable by Parliament; and for appropriating Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament; and to prevent counterfeiting Receipts and Warrants of the Officers of the* South-Sea *Company; and for explaining a late Act concerning Foreign Salt cellar'd and lock'd up before the Four and twentieth Day of* June, *One thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen; and to give a further Time for paying Duties on certain Apprentices Indentures;*

and

and for Relief of Thomas Vernon *Eſq; in relation to a Parcel of Senna Imported in the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen.* Page 602

An Act for preventing of Frauds and Abuſes in the Allowances on damaged Wines, and for lengthning the Time for the Drawbacks on the Exportation of Wines. Cap. 12. p. 609

An Act for prohibiting the Importation of Raw Silk and Mohair Yarn of the Product or Manufacture of Aſia, *from any Ports or Places in the* Streights *or* Levant *Seas, except ſuch Ports and Places as are within the Dominions of the Grand Seignior.* Cap. 13. p. 611

An Act to repeal ſo much of the Act, Intituled, An Act for preventing Frauds, and regulating Abuſes in his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, *paſſed in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of King* Charles *the Second, as relates to the prohibiting the Importation of Deal-Boards and Fir-Timber from* Germany. Cap. 15. p. 612

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for preventing Frauds and Abuſes in the Publick Revenues of Exciſe, Cuſtoms, Stamp-Duties, Poſt-Office, and Houſe-Money.* Cap. 21. p. 613

Anno 7 *Georgii* Regis.

An Act for repealing an Act made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen Anne, *Intituled,* An Act to oblige Ships coming from Places infected, more effectually to perform their Quarentine; *and for the better preventing the Plague being brought from Foreign Parts into* Great Britain, *or* Ireland, *or to the Iſles of* Guernſey, Jerſey, Alderney, Sark, *or* Man; *and to hinder the ſpreading of Infection.* Cap. 3. p. 623

To continue for 3 Years, from 10 *Feb.* 1720. and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; But by the Act 8 *Geo. cap.* 8. §. 6. the ſaid Act is to continue no longer then to the 25 *March,* 1723.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act to enable the* South-Sea *Company to ingraft part of their Capital Stock and Fund into the Stock and Fund of the Bank of* England, *and another part thereof into the Stock and Fund of the* Eaſt-India *Company; and for giving further Time for Payments to be made by the ſaid* South-Sea *Company, to the Uſe of the Publick.* Cap. 5. p. 634

An Act to preſerve and encourage the Woollen and Silk Manufactures of this Kingdom; and for more effectual Imploying the Poor, by prohibiting the Uſe and Wear of all printed, painted, ſtained, or dyed Callicoes, in Apparel, Houſhold-Stuff, Furniture, or otherwiſe, after the Twenty fifth Day of December, *One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty two (except as therein is excepted.)* Cap. 7. p. 640

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for continuing the Duties on Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, to raiſe Money by way of a Lottery, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred twenty one; and for tranſferring the Deficiency of a late Malt-Act to the Land-Tax for the ſaid Year; and for diſpoſing certain Overplus Money to proper Objects of Charity; and for giving further Time to Clerks and Apprentices to pay Duties omitted to be paid for their Indentures and Contracts; and touching ſmall Quantities of Cyder exported; and for Relief of Captain* John Perry *concerning* Dagenham Breach; *and touching loſt Bills, Tickets, or Orders; and to enable the Undertakers for raiſing* Thames *Water in* York-Buildings *to ſell Annuities by way of a Lottery; and for ſatisfying a Debt, which was charged on the late Duty on Hops; and for appropriating the Monies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament.* Cap. 19. p. 643

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the further preventing his Majeſty's Subjects from trading to the* Eaſt-Indies *under Foreign Commiſſions; and for encouraging and further ſecuring the lawful Trade thereto; and for further regulating the Pilots of* Dover, Deal, *and the Iſle of* Thanet. Cap. 20. p. 645

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for raiſing a Sum not exceeding Five hundred thouſand* Pounds, *by charging Annuities at the Rate of Five Pounds* per Centum per Annum *upon the Civil Liſt Revenues till redeemed by the Crown; and for enabling his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, (by cauſing ſuch a Deduction to be made as therein is mentioned) to make good to the Civil Liſt the Payments which ſhall have been made upon the ſaid Annuities; and for borrowing Money upon certain Lottery Tickets; and for diſcharging the Corporations for Aſſurances of part of the Money which they were obliged to pay to his Majeſty; and for making good a Deficiency to the* Eaſt-India *Company.* Cap. 27. p. 651

Seve-

A Catalogue of the several Acts.

Cap. 28. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for raiſing Money upon the Eſtates of the late Sub-Governor, Deputy Governor, Directors, Caſhire, Deputy-Caſhire, and Accountant of the* South-Sea *Company, and of* John Aiſlabie, *Eſq; and likewiſe of* James Craggs *ſenior, Eſq; deceaſed, towards making good the great Loſs and Damage ſuſtained by the ſaid Company; and for diſabling ſuch of the ſaid Perſons as are living, to hold any Office or Place of Truſt under the Crown, or to ſit or vote in Parliament for the future; and for other Purpoſes in the ſaid Act expreſſed.* Page 656

Cap. 29. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the Kings moſt Gracious, General, and Free Pardon.* p. 657

Anno 7 *Georgii* Regis. Sefs. 7.

Cap. 1. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for making ſeveral Proviſions to reſtore the Publick Credit, which ſuffers by the Frauds and Miſmanagements of the late Directors of the* South-Sea *Company, and others.* p. 662

Anno 8 *Georgii* Regis.

Cap. 2. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for continuing the Duties on Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, to raiſe Money by way of a Lottery, for the Service of the Year One Thouſand ſeven hundred twenty two; and for transferring the Deficiencies of a late Malt-Act to the Land-Tax for the ſaid Year; and for giving Time for inſerting the Money given with Apprentices in their Indentures; and touching loſt Bills, Tickets, or Orders; and for exchanging the Tickets in the Exchequer for Certificates; and for ſuppreſſing Lotteries, Denominated Sales, and other Private Lotteries; and for enlarging the Time for the Accountant General of the Bank of* England *to return Duplicates of Annuities into the Exchequer.* p. 665

Cap. 4. *An Act for taking off the Duty upon all Salt uſed in the Curing of Red Herrings, and laying a proportionable Duty upon all Red Herrings conſumed at Home only; and for aſcertaining the Cuſtoms and Exciſe payable for the Sugar-Houſes in* Scotland; *and for making an Allowance for Salt loſt in any Harbour or River of this Realm; and for the better ſecuring the Duties on Salt delivered in* Scotland. p. 666

Cap. 6. *An Act for granting the People called* Quakers, *ſuch Forms of Affirmation or Declaration, as may remove the Difficulties which many of them lie under.* p. 671

Cap. 8. *An Act to enable his Majeſty effectually to prohibit Commerce (for the Space of One Year) with any Country that is or ſhall be infected with the Plague; and for ſhortning the Continuance of an Act paſſed in the Seventh Year of his Majeſty's Reign, Intituled,* An Act for repealing an Act made in the Ninth Year of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne, Intituled,* An Act to oblige Ships coming from Places infected, more effectually to perform their Quarentine; and for the better preventing the Plague being brought from Foreign Parts into *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, or Iſles of *Guernſey, Jerſey, Alderney, Sark*, or *Man*; and to hinder the ſpreading of Infection. p. 673

Cap. 10. *An Act for Repealing ſuch Clauſes in the Act paſſed in the Seventh Year of his Majeſty's Reign (relating to Quarentine and the Plague) as give Power to remove Perſons from their Habitations, or to make Lines about Places infected.* p. 676

Cap. 12. *An Act giving further Encouragement for the Importation of Naval Stores; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.* p. 677

Cap. 14. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for making the River* Eden *Navigable to* Bank End *in the County of* Cumberland. p. 681

Cap. 15. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Encouragement of the Silk Manufactures of this Kingdom; and for taking off ſeveral Duties on Merchandizes Exported; and for reducing the Duties upon Beaver Skins, Pepper, Mace, Cloves, and Nutmegs Imported; and for Importation of all Furs of the Product of the* Britiſh *Plantations, into this Kingdom only; and that the Two Corporations of Aſſurance, on any Suits brought on their Policies, ſhall be liable only to ſingle Damages and Coſts of Suit.* p. 682

Cap. 16. *An Act for taking off the Duty upon all Salt uſed in the Curing and Making of White Herrings, and inſtead thereof laying a proportionable Duty upon all White Herrings conſumed at Home only; and for making an Allowance for Tobacco*

A Catalogue of the ſeveral Acts.

Exported from Scotland, *in the Time therein mentioned; and for giving further Relief to the Refiners of Rock Salt.* Page 691

An Act to prevent the Clandeſtine Running of Goods, and the Danger of Infection thereby; and to prevent Ships breaking their Quarentine; and to ſubject Copper Ore, of the Production of the Britiſh *Plantations, to ſuch Regulations as other Enumerated Commodities of the like Production are ſubject.* Cap. 18.

To continue for 2 Years from the 25 *March* 1722. and from thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament. p. 694

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Paying off and Cancelling One Million of Exchequer Bills, and to give Eaſe to the* South-Sea *Company, in reſpect of its preſent Obligation, to circulate or contribute towards Circulating Exchequer Bills; and to give further Time to that Company for Repayment of One Million, which was lent to them; and for Iſſuing a further Sum in New Exchequer Bills, towards his Majeſty's Supply to be Diſcharged and Cancelled, when the ſaid Company ſhall repay the Million owing by them; and that the Exchequer Bills which are to continue, may be circulated at eaſie and moderate Rates; and for Appropriating the Supplies granted to his Majeſty in this Seſſion of Parliament; and for Relief of the Sufferers at* Nevis *and Saint* Chriſtophers, *by an Invaſion of the* French *in the late War; and for laying a further Duty on Apples Imported; and for Aſcertaining the Duties on Pictures Imported.* Cap. 20.

The Duties on Apples, continued for 3 Years after the 25 *March* 1722. and from thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

By the 11 *Geo.* further continued for 7 Years. p. 701

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act to enable the* South-Sea *Company to diſpoſe of the Effects in their Hands by way of Lottery or Subſcription, or to ſell Part of their Fund or Annuity payable at the Exchequer, in order to pay the Debts of the ſaid Company; and for Relief of ſuch, who were intended to have the Benefit of a late Act touching Payment of Ten* per Centum *therein mentioned.* Cap. 21. p. 711

A Clauſe in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for prolonging the Times for hearing and determining Claims before the Truſtees, in whom the Eſtates of the late* South-Sea *Directors, and of* John Aiſlabie *Eſq; and likewiſe of* James Craggs *Eſq; deceaſed, are veſted; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.* Cap. 23 p. 712

Anno 9 *Georgii* Regis.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for continuing the Duties on Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, to raiſe Money by way of a Lottery, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred twenty three.* Cap. 3. p. 713

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for redeeming certain Annuities, now payable by the Caſhier of the Bank of* England, *at the Rate of Five Pounds* per Centum per Annum. Cap. 5. p. 715

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Reviving and Adding Two Millions to the Capital Stock of the* South-Sea *Company, and for Reviving a proportional Part of the Yearly Fund payable at the Exchequer, and for Dividing their whole Capital (after ſuch Diviſion made) into Two equal Parts or Moieties, and for Converting One of the ſaid Moieties into certain Annuities for the Benefit of the Members, and for Settling the remaining Moiety in the ſaid Company; and for Continuing, for One Year longer, the Proviſion formerly made againſt requiring Special Bail in Actions or Suits upon ſuch Contracts, as are therein mentioned.* Cap. 6. p. 721

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Continuing ſome Laws and Reviving others therein mentioned, for Exempting Apothecaries from ſerving Pariſh and Ward Offices, and upon Juries, and relating to Jurors; and to the Payment of Seamens Wages, and the Preſervation of Naval Stores, and Stores of War; and concerning the Militia, and Trophy-Money; and againſt Clandeſtine Running of Uncuſtomed Goods, and for more effectual preventing Frauds relating to the Cuſtoms, and Frauds in Mixing Silk with Stuffs to be Exported.* Cap. 8.

By this Act ſeveral Clauſes in an Act paſt 5 *Geo.* cap. 11. to prevent the Running of Goods, *&c.* are further continued from the Expiration of the reſpective Terms for 5 Years, and from thence to the End of next Seſſion of Parliament. p. 726

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act to continue the Duties for Incouragement of the Coinage of Monies; And for Relief of* William *late Lord* Cap. 19.

Widdrinton; *And to prevent Foreign Lotteries being carried on in this Kingdom; And for aſcertaining the Duties on Bound Books Imported; And for iſſuing Certificates and Debentures for Arrears due to Five Regiments, to be ſatisfied by Annuities therein mentioned; And for Diſcharging the Duties of Rock-Salt loſt on the Rivers* Weaver *and* Mercy; *And for limiting the Times of Continuance of Commiſſioners for Forfeited Eſtates in* England *and* Scotland *reſpectively; And for appropriating the Supplies granted to his Majeſty in this Seſſion of Parliament; And to rectifie Miſnomers and Omiſſions of Commiſſioners for the Land-Tax in the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty three.*

The Coynage Duty further continued for 7 Years, from the 1ſt. of *March* 1723. and to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament. Page 728

Cap. 21. *An Act for Enabling his Majeſty to put the Cuſtoms of* Great Britain *under the Management of One or more Commiſſions, and for better ſecuring and aſcertaining the Duties on Tobacco, and to prevent Frauds in Exporting Tobacco, and other Goods and Merchandizes, or carrying the ſame Coaſtwiſe.* p. 730

Cap. 26. *An Act to prevent his Majeſty's Subjects from Subſcribing or being concerned in Encouraging or Promoting any Subſcription for an* Eaſt-India *Company in the* Auſtrian Netherlands; *And for the better Securing the Lawful Trade of his Majeſty's Subjects to and from the* Eaſt-Indies.

This Act is without Limitation, and by it the Act paſt 5 *Geo.* cap. 21. is further continued for 7 Years from the 25 *March* 1723. and from thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament. p. 735

Anno 10 *Georgii* Regis.

Cap. 2. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for continuing the Duties on Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, to raiſe Money by way of a Lottery, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred twenty four; And touching loſt Bills, Tickets, Certificates, or Orders; And for giving further Time for Payment of the Duties on Money given with Apprentices; And for Appropriating the Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament.* p. 739

Cap. 10. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Repealing certain Duties therein mentioned, payable upon Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, Chocolate, and Cocoa Paſte imported; and for granting certain Inland Duties in lieu thereof; and for Prohibiting the Importation of Chocolate ready made, and Cocoa Paſte; and for better aſcertaining the Duties payable upon Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa Nuts imported; and for granting Relief to* Robert Dalzell, *late Earl of* Carnwath. p. 741

Cap. 11. *An Act to prevent Multiplicity of Proſecutions upon an Act made in the Eleventh and Twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King* William *the Third* (*Intituled*, An Act for the more effectual employing the Poor, by encouraging the Manufactures of this Kingdom.) p. 763

Cap. 16. *An Act for encouraging the* Greenland *Fiſhery.*

Whalefins, Oyl and Blubber, Free for 7 Years. p. 762

Cap. 17. Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for continuing Acts for preventing Theft and Rapine upon the Northern Borders of* England; *And for better regulating of Pilots; And for regulating the Price and Aſſize of Bread; And for better Encouragement of making of Sail-Cloth in* Great Britain.

The Duty on Foreign made Sail-Cloth Imported, and the Bounty on *Britiſh* made Sail-Cloth Exported, are further continued for 7 Years, and from thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament. p. 763

An ABIDGMENT of ſeveral STATUTES before 12 CAR II. *cap.* 4. from Page 765 to 780.

Seve-

Catalogue of the Salt Laws.

Several ACTS, and Parts of ACTS, relating to the DUTIES upon SALT, which are omitted in their proper Places.

Anno 12 Car.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for taking away the Court of Wards and Liveries, and Tenures in *Capite*, and by Knights-Service, and Purveyance, and for ſettling a Revenue upon his Majeſty in lieu thereof. Cap. 24. *Page* 781

Anno 1 W. & M.

A Clauſe in an Act, Intituled, An Act for an Additional Duty of Exciſe upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors. Cap. 24. *p.* 782

Anno 5 & 6 W. & M.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for granting to their Majeſties certain Rates and Duties upon Salt, and upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors, for ſecuring certain Recompences and Advantages in the ſaid Act mentioned, to ſuch Perſons as ſhall voluntarily advance the Sum of Ten hundred thouſand Pounds towards carrying on the War againſt *France*. Cap. 7.
Continued till 17 May 1697.
Continued for ever, by 7 W. 3. *cap.* 31. *p.* 783

Anno 7 & 8 W. 3.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Laying ſeveral Duties upon Low Wines or Spirits of the Firſt Extraction, and for Preventing the Frauds and Abuſes of Brewers, Diſtillers, and other Perſons chargeable with the Duties of Exciſe. Cap. 30. *p.* 790

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Continuing to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Salt, Glaſs Wares, Stone and Earthen Wares, and for Granting ſeveral Duties upon Tobacco Pipes, and other Earthen Wares, for Carrying on the War againſt *France*, and for Eſtabliſhing a National Land Bank, and for Taking off the Duties upon Tunnage of Ships and upon Coals. Cap. 31. *p.* 791

Anno 9 & 10 W. 3.

An Act that all Retailers of Salt ſhall ſell by Weight. *p.* 795 Cap. 6.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for raiſing a Sum not exceeding Two Millions, upon a Fund for Payment of Annuities, after the Rate of Eight Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, and for Settling the Trade to the *Eaſt-Indies*. Cap. 44.
Continued for ever. *Page* 796

Anno 10 & 11 W. 3.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the more full and effectual Charging of the Duties upon Rock-Salt. Cap. 22. *p.* 805

Anno primo Annæ.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for preventing Frauds in the Duties upon Salt, and for the better Payment of the Debentures at the Cuſtom-Houſe. Cap. 21. *p.* 809

Anno

Catalogue of the Salt Laws.

Anno 2 & 3 Annæ.

Cap. 14. *Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled,* An Act for the better Securing and Regulating the Duties upon Salt. *p.* 817

Anno 4 & 5 Annæ.

Cap. 12. *Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled,* An Act for Laying further Duties on Low-Wines, and for Preventing the Damage to her Majeſties Revenue by Importation of Foreign Cut Whale-bone, and for Making ſome Proviſions as to the Stamp-Duties, and the Duties on Births, Burials, and Marriages, and the Salt-Duties, and touching Million Lottery-Tickets, and for Enabling her Majeſty to diſpoſe the Effects of *William Kidd*, a Notorious Pirate, to the Uſe of *Greenwich* Hoſpital, and for Appropriating the Publick Monies Granted in this Seſſion of Parliament. *p.* 822

Anno 5 Annæ.

Cap. 29. *Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled,* An Act for the Eaſe of her Majeſties Subjects in relation to the Duties upon Salt, and for making the like Allowances upon the Exportation of White-Herrings, Fleſh, Oatmeal, and Grain called Beer *alias* Bigg, as are to be made upon Exportation of the like from *Scotland*. *p.* 823

Anno 6 Annæ.

Cap. 12. *Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled,* An Act to explain the Act of the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, for the Eaſe of her Majeſties Subjects in relation to Allowances out of the Duties upon Salt carried Coaſtwiſe, and alſo an Act of the Firſt Year of her Majeſties Reign, in relation to certain Salt-Works near the Sea-ſide and Bay of *Holyhead* in the County of *Angleſea*. *p.* 825

Anno 12 Annæ.

Cap. 2. An Act for Allowing a Drawback upon the Exportation of Salt, to be made uſe of for the Curing of Fiſh taken at North-ſeas, or at *Iſleland*. *p.* 826

A CATALOGUE

Of ſeveral other MATTERS *contained in this* BOOK *for the more ready finding the ſame.*

THE Rates of Merchandize Inwards. —— Page vi
The Tunnage and other Duties upon all Wines Imported. —— p. c
The Nett Duties to the Crown upon the ſeveral ſorts of Wine Imported. —— p. ciii, to p. cx
The Rates of Merchandize Outwards. —— p. cxi
The Rates of Dying Goods Exported, which were Imported free. —— p. cxxi
The Duties upon unrated Goods, how to be aſcertained. —— p. cxxii
Certain Rules, *&c.* commonly called the Rules annext to the Book of Rates. —— p. cxxiv
The Table of Fees. —— p. cxxxi
A Breviat of the Officers Fees. —— p. cxxxv
The Ports of *England* and *Wales*, with their Diviſions into Members and Creeks. Page 829
The Names of the Lawful Keys, Wharfs, *&c.* for Shipping and Landing of Goods in the Port of *London*. p. 832
The Ports of *North Britain*, with their Diviſions into Members and Creeks as ſettled by Commiſſions out of the Court of Exchequer. p. 833
Part of the Charter *of the City of* London, *that grants the Duties of Package, Scavage*, &c. *which was confirmed and made a Publick Law, by the Act, Intituled*, An Act for Reverſing the Judgment in a *Quo Warranto* againſt the City of *London*, and for Reſtoring the City of *London* to its Antient Rights and Privileges, 2 *W.* & *M. cap.* 8. p. 836
The Scavage Table of Rates Inwards. p. 841
The Package Table of Rates Outwards. p. 849
The Balliage Duties Outwards. p. 855, 856
The Packers Water-ſide Porters Table of Duties, for Landing Strangers Goods, and of the like Duties or Rates to be paid unto them for Shipping out their Goods. p. 857
A Table of the uſual Tares and Allowances now in Practice in the Port of *London*. p. 859
A Table of Allowances for Draughts. p. 863
An Abſtract of the ſeveral Duties upon Salt, under the Management of the Commiſſioners of the Duties upon Salt in *England*, and of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in *Scotland*. p. 864
Exciſe on Liquors Imported. p. 865
Several Drawbacks paid out of the Revenue of Exciſe, upon the Exportation of Exciſeable Goods. ibid
Drawback on Refined Sugar Exported. p. 867
Bounty on *Britiſh* made Sail Cloth Exported. ibid
Allowances or Bounty on *Britiſh* Manufactures of Silk Exported, by an Act paſt 8 *Geo.* cap. 15. p. 868
Allowances or Bounty paid for Corn Exported. ibid
Præmium or Bounty on Naval Stores Imported from the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America*, or from *Scotland* into *England*, paid by the Commiſſioners of the Navy, on a Certificate from the Chief Officers of the Cuſtoms of the Port where Imported, vide the Acts paſſed 3 *Annæ*, cap. 10. 12 *Annæ*, cap. 19. §. 1, 2. 5 *Geo.* cap. 11. §. 16, 17, 18. 8 *Geo.* cap. 12. §. 14. ibid
An Abſtract of the Duties upon Coals, Culm, and Cynders carried Coaſtwiſe, under the Management of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms. p. 870

APPENDIX.

Anno 11 *Georgii* Regis.

Cap. 7. *AN Act for rating such unrated Goods and Merchandizes, as are usually imported into this Kingdom, and pay* Duty ad Valorem, *upon the Oath of the Importer; and for ascertaining the Value of all Goods and Merchandizes not inserted in the former or present Book of Rates; and for Repealing certain Duties upon Drugs and Rags; and for Continuing the Duty upon Apples; and for ascertaining the Method of Admeasuring Pictures imported.* Page 871

An Additional Book of Rates of Goods and Merchandizes, *&c.* p. 878

Rules, Orders, and Regulations. p. 902

Duties upon Rated Drugs Imported after the 24th *June*, 1725. p. 904

Anno 11 *Georgii* Regis.

Cap. 8. Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Continuing the Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, in that Part of* Great Britain *called* England; *and for Granting to his Majesty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, in that Part of* Great Britain *called* Scotland, *for the Service of the Year, One thousand seven hundred and twenty five; and for Transferring the Deficiency of a late Malt Act to this Act; and for Explaining a late Act in relation to Stamp Duties on News Papers; and for Appropriating the Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament; and for Disposing certain Overplus Money to proper Objects of Charity; and for making forth Duplicates of Exchequer Bills, Lottery Tickets, and Orders, lost, burnt, or otherwise destroyed; and for giving further time to Clerks, and Apprentices, to pay Duties omitted to be paid for their Indentures and Contracts.* p. 917

Cap. 16. A Clause in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Rebuilding the Pier and Harbour of* Parton, *in the County of* Cumberland. p. 920

Cap. 17. *An Act for Redeeming the Annuities of Twenty five thousand Pounds* per Annum, *charged on the Civil List Revenues, by an Act of the Seventh Year of his Majesty's Reign; and for discharging the Debts and Arrears due from his Majesty to his Servants, Tradesmen, and others.* p. 921

Cap. 21. A Clause in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors.* p. 929

Cap. 29. Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, *An Act to continue several Acts therein mentioned for preventing Frauds committed by Bankrupts; for Encouraging the Silk Manufactures of this Kingdom; for preventing the Clandestine Running of Goods; for making Copper Ore of the* British *Plantations an Enumerated Commodity; and for Explaining and Amending a late Act for more effectual Punishment of such, as shall wilfully Burn or Destroy Ships.*

The Act of the 8 *Geo.* cap. 15. for Encouraging the Silk Manufactures, further continued for 3 Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

The Act of the 8 *Geo.* cap. 18. to prevent the Clandestine Running of Goods, further continued for 3 Years, and from thence to the End of the next Session of Parliament. ibid

Cap. 30. Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for more effectual preventing Frauds and Abuses in the Publick Revenues; for preventing Frauds in the Salt Duties, and for giving Relief for Salt used in the Curing of Salmon and Codfish, in the Year One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, exported from that Part of* Great Britain *called* Scotland; *for enabling the Insurance Companies to plead the General Issue in Actions brought against them; and for Securing the Stamp Duties upon Policies of Insurance.* p. 930

A List of several Goods not inserted Alphabetically, with Directions, where to find them, *Old Book of Rates.* p. 942

The Additional Book of Rates. p. 944

INDEX.

ERRATA.

PAGE 17 Line 16. after Port add [next]

Page 648 Lines 39, 40. ſtrike out [ſhall and may be ſeiz'd, and the ſame or the Value thereof,] being twice repeated.

Page 772 Line 60. after [*Great*] add [*Britain*] Line 62. *dele* [*Britain*] and after [to] add [him or]

Pages 892, 893 againſt blue Paper, the Impoſt 1690. ſhould be 1 *l.* 10 *s.* inſtead of 10 *s.*

The Nett Duties at Importation ſhould be 4 *s.* 7 *d.* inſtead of 3 *s.* 7 *d.* $\frac{14}{20}$

The Drawback ſhould be 4 *s.* 4 *d.* $\frac{3}{20}$ inſtead of 3 *s.* 4 *d.* $\frac{17}{20}$

Memorandum, Several of the Clauſes relating to the Duties on Salt between *fol.* 194 and *fol.* 198 are afterwards repeated by miſtake in *fol.* 811 and *ſeq.* to *fol.* 815

INDEX.

UNder the Letter M. Line 24. inſtead of [aſſign] inſert [at ſight] Line 31. inſtead of [*p.* 599] inſert [*p.* 539]

Anno

Page 4th Line 12. after [book] add [until]

Page 4th Lines 36. 40. dele the [Shall unto such be leased, until the Comm
of the Children Israel.] being twice repeated.

Page 117 Line 20. after [Canaan] add [Britain] Line 23. add [Britain] and
after [to] add [this or]

Pages 393, 394 should have Taken the Imbolt 1730. should be 11 not
inflated.of 10.

The Next Duties at Importation should be 4 l. 7 s. inflead
of 3 l. 7 s. 4 d.

The Dimiask should be 4 l. 4 s. inflead of 3 l. 4 s. 4 d.

Alexandrian Several of the Cloaths referred to the Duties on Silk Lawns
for 191 and for. 192 are alternate referred by mistake to
for 118 and for. 10 for 315

INDEX

Under the Letter M Line 31. inflead of [p. 292] read [p. 252]

Anno Duodecimo

CAROLI II. Regis.

CAP. IV.

A Subsidy Granted to the King of Tunnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandize Exported and Imported.

THE Commons assembled in Parliament, repo-
sing Trust and Confidence in your Majesty, in
and for the Guarding and Defending of the Seas
against all Persons intending, or that shall in-
tend the Disturbance of your said Commons in
the Intercourse of Trade, and the Invading of
this your Realm, for the better betraying the
necessary Consequences thereof, which cannot other-
wise be effected, without great Charge to your Majesty, Do, by
and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords in this your pre-
sent Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, to
the intent aforesaid, Give and Grant unto you our Supreme Liege
Lord and Sovereign, one Subsidy, called Tunnage; That is to
say, Of every Tun of Wine of the Growth of France, or of any
the Dominions of the French King, or the Crown of France, that
shall come into the Port of London, and the Members thereof, by
way of Merchandize, by your natural-born Subjects, the Sum of
Four Pounds and Ten Shillings of Current English Money, and
so after that Rate; and by Strangers and Aliens, Six Pounds
of like Money; and of every Tun of the like Wine, which shall
be brought into all and every the other Ports and Places of
this Kingdom, and the Dominions thereof, by way of Mercban-
dize, by your natural-born Subjects, the Sum of Three Pounds,
and by Aliens, Four Pounds and Ten Shillings; and of every
Butt or Pipe of Muscadels, Malmsies, Cutes, Tents, Alicants, Bastards,
Sacks, Canaries, Malagues, Maderaes, and other Wines whatsoever,
commonly called Sweet Wines, of the Growth of the Levant, Spain,
Portugal, or any of them, or any of the Islands, or Dominions to
them, or any of them belonging, or elsewhere, that shall come, or
be brought into the Port of London, by your natural-born Subjects,
the Sum of Forty five Shillings of Current English Money, and
so after that Rate; and by Strangers and Aliens, Three Pounds
of like Money: And of every Butt and Pipe of the like Wine,
which shall come, or be brought into all, every, or any the other
Ports and Places of this Kingdom and Dominions thereof, by
way of Merchandize, by your natural-born Subjects, the Sum of
Thirty Shillings, and by Strangers, Forty five Shillings: And
of every Aum of Rhenish Wine, or Wine of the Growth of Ger-
many, that shall be brought into this your Realm, and the Domi-
nions thereof, by your natural-born Subjects, the Sum of Twen-
ty Shillings of Current English Money, and by Strangers and
Aliens, Twenty and five Shillings; which several Rates are the
same which are expressed in a certain Book of Rates herein after
mentioned and referred unto.

Grounds of granting this Subsidy.

Subsidy of Tunnage, upon *French* Wines, imported.

London.

Out-Ports.

Upon Sweet-Wines, imported.

London.

Out-Ports.

Upon *Rhenish* Wines, imported.

Subsidy of Poundage, of all Goods exported or imported.

II. And also one other Subsidy called Poundage; that is to say, Of all manner of [illegible] Realm, or any other Dominions belonging to the same, or to be brought into the same by any Merchants, as the Value of every Twenty Shillings, of the same Goods and Merchandize, according to the several and particular Rates and Values of the same Goods and Merchandizes, as the same are particularly and respectively Rated and Valued in the said Book of Rates herein after mentioned and referred unto, Twelve Pence, and so after that Rate: And of every Twenty Shillings Value of any the Native Commodities of this Realm, or Manufactures wrought of any such Native Commodities, to be carried out of this Realm, by every, or any Merchant Alien, according to the Value thereof in the said Book expressed, Twelve Pence over and above the Twelve Pence aforesaid; except and foreprized out of this Grant of Subsidy of Poundage, all manner of Woollen Clothes made or wrought, or to be made or wrought within this Realm of England, commonly called Old Draperies, and all Wines before limited, to pay Subsidy of Tunnage, and all manner of Fish English taken, and brought by English Bottoms into this Realm, and all manner of Fresh Fish and Bestial, that shall come into this your Realm, and all other Goods and Merchandizes, which in the said Book of Rates are mentioned to be Custom-free.

Repealed as to several Goods Exported by 5 & 4 W. & M. cap. 8. 7 & 8 W. 3. cap. 39. 11 & 12 W. 3. cap. 3. and 20. 7 A. cap. 8. 3 Geo. cap. 7. and 8 Geo. cap. 15. and Repealed as to several Goods Imported by 1 A. cap. 8. 5 A. cap. 8. 3 Geo. cap. 7. 8 Geo. cap. 15.

Old Draperies, Fish, &c. exported, as also Wines, Fish *British* taken, Fresh Fish and Bestial imported, excepted.

Repealed by 25 Car. 2. cap. 6.

Vide ut supra.

Subsidy of short Clothes, exported.

III. And further, we your said Commons, by the Advice, Assent, and Authority aforesaid, do Give and Grant unto you, our said Liege Lord and Sovereign, for the Causes aforesaid, One other Subsidy, that is to say, Of and for every short Woollen Cloth to be exported by your natural-born Subjects of this your Realm, and the Dominions thereof, called Broad Cloth, not exceeding Twenty eight Yards in Length, and Threescore and four Pounds in Weight, the Sum of Three Shillings and four Pence of Current English Money, and of every Cloth of greater Length and Weight, proportionably according to the same Rate: And of every other short Cloth of Old Drapery of lesser Length and Weight, accounting so many Pieces to a short Cloth, as are limited and appointed thereunto by the said Book of Rates, to be likewise exported by your said natural-born Subjects, the like Sum of Three Shillings, Four Pence, and so after that Rate: And by Strangers and Aliens, Six Shillings and Eight Pence for every short Cloth, accounted, as aforesaid; which several Rates are accordingly expressed in the said Book of Rates herein after mentioned and referred unto: To have, hold, take, enjoy, and perceive the Subsidies aforesaid, and every of them, and every part and parcel of them, unto your Majesty, from the Four and twentieth day of June inclusively, in the Twelfth Year of your Majesties Reign, for and during your Majesties Life, which God long preserve.

Repealed, ut supra.

The several Subsidies.

Granted for Life.

Continued for ever by 6 Geo. cap. 4. but subject to Redemption.

No Goods to be shipped to be carried beyond Sea, or unshipped to be laid on Land, before the Custom be paid, or lawfully tendred.

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Wines, Goods, or other Merchandizes, whereof the Subsidies aforesaid are or shall be due, shall at any time after be shipped, or put into any Boat or Vessel, to the Intent to be carried into the Parts beyond the Seas, or else to be brought from the Parts beyond the Seas into any Port, Place or Creek of this Realm, or other your Majesties Dominions, by way of Merchandize, and unshipped to be laid on Land, the Subsidy, Customs and other Duties due or to be due for the same, not paid, or lawfully tendred to the Collector thereof, or his Deputy, with the Consent and Agreement of the Comptroller and Surveyor there, or One of them at the least, nor agreed with for the same in the Custom-House, according to the true Meaning of this Act, That then, from the said Four and twentieth Day of June, all the same Wines, Goods, and Merchandizes whatsoever, shall be forfeit to your Majesty; the Moiety of the Rate thereof to your Majesty, and the other Moiety to him or them that will seize the same, or sue for the same. And that it may please your Majesty, That all Merchants,

The Penalty.

chants, as well Denizens as Strangers, coming into this your Realm, be well and honestly entreated and demeaned, for such things as Subsidy by this Act is granted, as they were in the Time of your Noble Progenitors and Predecessors, without Oppression to them to be done, paying the Subsidies aforesaid. Merchants to be kindly entreated.

V. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Goods or Merchandize, as aforesaid, of any Merchant being born Denizen, after the said Four and twentieth Day of June, shall have been, or at any time hereafter, during your Majesties Life, shall be taken by any Enemies or Pirates upon the Sea, or perish in any Ship or Ships that shall happen to be taken or perished, during your Majesties Life, whereof the Subsidies and other Duties aforesaid, are, or shall be duly paid or agreed for, as aforesaid, and that duly proved before the Treasurer of England, Commissioners of the Treasury, or Chief Baron of the Exchequer for the time being, by the Examination of the same Merchants, if they be alive, or of their Executors and Administrators, if they be dead, or by Two credible Witnesses at the least sworn, or other reasonable Witness and Proof sworn, then the same Merchant or Merchants, his or their Executors or Administrators, shall or may newly ship, in the same Port where the Goods and Merchandize aforesaid were, or shall be customed, so much other Merchandize or Goods, as the same Goods or Merchandize are or shall be lost, as aforesaid, shall amount unto in Custom, without paying of any thing for the same, so as the same Proof be recorded and allowed of in the Court of Exchequer, and certified unto the Collectors of the Customs of the Port where the same Wares or Merchandize are to be newly shipped without Custom, as aforesaid. And further, That every Merchant-Denizen, who shall hereafter Ship any Goods or Merchandize in any Carrack or Galley, shall pay to your Majesty all manner of Customs, and all the Subsidies aforesaid, as any Alien born out of the Realm. Goods perished, or taken at Sea, on due Proof thereof, Goods to the like Value in Customs, to be shipped out free.

Obsolete.

VI. Provided always, That it shall and may be lawful to all and every your Subjects, at his and their Will and Pleasure, to convey and transport out of this Realm, in Ships and other Vessels of any the Subjects of this Realm, all and every kind of Herrings, and other Sea-Fish, to be taken on the Sea by any the Subjects aforesaid, from or out of any Port or Harbour of this Realm, to any Place out of your Majesties Dominions, without paying any Custom, Subsidy or Poundage-Monies for the same Herrings, or other Fish so carried or transported during your Majesties Life; any thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithstanding. Fish exported by *British* in *British* Ships, Custom-free.

VII. And because no Rates can be imposed upon Merchandize, imported or exported by Subjects or Aliens, but by common Consent in Parliament, Be it further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That the Rates intended by this present Act, shall be the Rates mentioned and expressed in one Book of Rates, Intituled, The Rates of Merchandize: That is to say, the Subsidy of Tunnage, the Subsidy of Poundage, and the Subsidy of Woollen Clothes or Old Draperies, as they are rated and agreed on by the Commons House of Parliament, set down and expressed in this Book, to be paid according to the Tenor of the Act of Tunnage and Poundage, from the Four and twentieth Day of June, inclusively, in the Twelfth Year of his Majesties Reign, during his Majesties Life, and subscribed with the hand of Sir Harbottle Grimstone Baronet, Speaker of the House of Commons: Which said Book of Rates, composed and agreed on by your Majesties said Commons, and also every Article, Rule and Clause therein contained, shall be and remain, during your Majesties Life, as effectual to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same were included particularly in the Body of this present Act. Rates of Merchandize, *Continued for ever by 6 Geo. cap. 4. but subject to Redemption.* Granted for Life.

VIII. And it is further Enacted, That during the Continuance of this present Grant, where the Goods exported or imported amount to the Value of Five Pounds or more, the Customers and Collectors, and all other his Majesties Officers, in the several Ports, Customers and Officers Fees. *vide 8 Annæ, cap. 13.*

Ports, shall take and receive such Fees, and no other, as were taken in the Fourth Year of the late King James, until such time as the said Fees shall be otherwise settled by Authority of Parliament.

IX. Provided always, That no Person or Persons who after the Four and twentieth of June, in the Year One thousand six hundred and sixty, and before the Four and twentieth of July, in the same Year, have paid, received or collected any Duties or Customs according to the Rates used in April, One thousand six hundred and sixty, shall be molested, or any way troubled, for or concerning the Payment or Receipt of the said Duties, or any other Duties by this Act imposed.

X. And it is hereby further Declared, That no Person who hath shipped any Goods since the said Four and twentieth of June, and before the said Four and twentieth of July, shall be liable to the Payment of any Duties therefore, other than such as were used to be paid in the said Month of April, One thousand six hundred and sixty.

Goods permitted to be exported.

XI. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons, immediately from and after the Passing of this Act, to transport, ship, and carry out of this Kingdom, or out of any Port thereof, by way of Merchandize, any of these Commodities, Goods and Merchandizes following, that is to say, Iron Armour, Bandeliers, Bridle-bits, Halbert-heads, and Sharps, Bolsters, Muskets, Carbines, Fowling-pieces, Pistols, Pike-heads, Swords or Rapier-blades, Saddles, Snaffles, Stirrops, Calve-skins dyed or undressed, Geldings, Oxen, Sheep-skins dressed without the Wool, and all sorts of Manufactures made of Leather, paying the respective Rates appointed by this Act, and no other; any Law, Statutes, Prohibitions, and Customs to the contrary notwithstanding.

Goods permitted to be exported, when they exceed not certain Prices.

XII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful, immediately after the Passing of this Act, for any Person or Persons to ship, carry out, and transport by way of Merchandize, these several sorts of Goods following, That is to say, Gunpowder when the same doth not exceed the Price of Five Pounds the Barrel: And Wheat, Rye, Peale, Beans, Barley, Malt and Oats, Beef, Pork, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Candles, when the same do not exceed in Price at the Ports from whence they are Laden, and at the Time of their Lading, these Prices following: That is to say, Wheat the Quarter, Forty Shillings; Rye, Beans and Peale the Quarter, Twenty four Shillings; Barley and Malt the Quarter, Twenty Shillings; Oats the Quarter, Sixteen Shillings; Beef the Barrel, Five Pounds; Pork the Barrel, Six Pounds, Ten Shillings; Bacon the Pound Six Pence; Butter the Barrel, Four Pounds, Ten Shillings; Cheese the Hundred, One Pound, Ten Shillings; Candles the Dozen Pounds, Five Shillings; paying the respective Rates appointed by this Act, and no more; any former Law, Statute, Prohibition, or Custom to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Corn by 11 & 12 W. 3. cap. 20. to be exported Free.

Beef, Pork, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Candles, by 3 & 4 W. & M. cap. 8. to be exported Free.

His Majesty may prohibit the Exportation of Gunpowder, Arms, &c.

XIII. Provided always, That it shall be free and lawful for his Majesty, at any time when he shall see cause so to do, and for such Time as shall be therein expressed by Proclamation, to prohibit the Transporting of Gunpowder, or any sort of Arms or Ammunition, into any Parts out of this Kingdom; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

An Additional Duty upon *French* Wines, *Rhenish*, or *Portugal*, 3 l. *per* Tun.

All other Wines 4 l. *per* Tun.

XIV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That over and above the Rates herein before mentioned, there shall be paid unto your Majesty, of every Tun of Wine of the Growth of France, Germany, Portugal, or Madera, brought into the Port of London, or elsewhere, the Sum of Three Pounds current English Money, within the Space of Nine Months after the Importing: And of every Tun of all other Wines brought in, as aforesaid, the Sum of Four Pounds of like current Money, within the

Space of Nine Months after the Importing thereof. For the Payment of which Duties accordingly, the Importer shall give good Security: And if any of the said Wines for which the Additional Duty in this Clause mentioned, is paid or secured at the Importation, be exported within Twelve Months after their Importation, then the aforesaid Additional Duty in this Clause mentioned, shall be returned, or the Security discharged, as to so much as shall be so exported: And if at the Importation the Importer shall pay for the same Ready Money, he shall be allowed after the Rate of Ten per Cent. for a Year.

Time of Exportation extended to 3 Years by 7 Geo. cap. 20.

To be repaid if the Wines be exported within 12 Months.

10 *per Cent.* to be allowed.

XV. And be it further Enacted, That from and after the said Four and twentieth Day of July, all manner of Wines whatsoever to be imported into the Port of London, or elsewhere, shall be freed and discharged, of and from the Imposition of Excise.

Wines free from Excise.

XVI. Provided, and it is hereby Declared and Enacted, That the Prizage of Wines, or Prize-Wines, ought not to pay Tunnage or Custom, and shall not be charged with the Payment of any Custom, Subsidy, or Sum of Money imposed upon Wines by this Act, or any thing therein contained.

Prizage Wines not to pay Tunnage or Custom.

THE RATES OF MERCHANDIZE.

Rates Inwards.

A.

ADzes for Coopers, the dozen
And for every hundred weight containing 112 lb *of wrought Iron*
Aggets ſmall as a Bean, the hundred dozen
Aggets large, the piece
Alphabets the ſet, containing Twenty four
Allom the hundred weight containing 112 lb (*for Dyers uſe*)
Alpiſti or Canary Seed, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb
Amber { the pound / the maſt, containing 2 pounds and a half / Beads, the pound / Oyl (*vide* Drugs)
Anchoves the Little Barrel, *containing* 16 lb *of Fiſh, as by* 4 & 5 W. & M. *cap.* 5.
Andirons { or Creepers of Lattin, the pound / of Iron, the pair / *And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron*
Andlets, or Males, the pound
Anvils, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb
Aneile of Barbary, the pound
Annotto, the pound (*for Dyers uſe*)
Note, *Annotto, the pound, is by* 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. *Free, ſo as the ſame be regularly Imported, duly Entred, and Landed in the Preſence of the proper Officer.*
Apples { the Buſhel / the Barrel, containing 3 Buſhels / *vocat.* Pippins or Runners, the Barrel, containing 3 Buſhels / *And for an Additional Duty for every Buſhel, by* 8 Geo. *cap.* 20
Aqua Vitæ { the Barrel / the Hogſhead / *And by an Act for Incouraging Coynage,* 18 Car. 2. *cap.* 5. *for every Tun*
Argol, white and red, or Powder, the hundred weight, cont. 112 lb (*for Dyers uſe*)
By 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. *Free* (vide *Annoto*)
Armour old, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb
Arrows for Trunks, the groce, containing 12 dozen
Aſhes, *voc.* { Pot-aſhes, the Barrel, containing 200 lb / *Pearl-aſhes, by* 10 & 11 W. 3. *cap.* 21. *are to pay as Pot-aſhes.* / Wood or Soap-aſhes, the Laſt, containing 12 Barrels / *Weed-aſhes,* for every 20 s. value on Oath / *And for every Laſt*
Aul-Blades, the thouſand
And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron
Aulgers for Carpenters, the groce
And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron
Axes or Hatchets, the dozen
And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron

Babies

Old Subsidy by the Act of Tunnage & Poundage. 12 Car. 2. Cap. 4.			A further Subsidy for His Majesties Life. 1 Geo. Cap. 1.			⅓ Subsidy from the 8th of March, 1703. 2 Anne, Cap. 9.			⅔ Subsidy from the 8th of March, 1704. 3 Anne, Cap. 5.			Impositions on East-India Goods, &c. after the 25th of December, 1690. 2 W. & M. Cap. 4.			Additional Impositions on several Goods, &c. after the 1st of March, 169⅔. 4 W. & M. Cap. 5.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts
																		1	8	10			1	5	2
												5						4	8	5			4	8	5
																		1	10	16			1	7	
																				17					14
																			8	11				7	3
												2	10					4	2	18			3	3	10
																		10	8	5			8	10	18
															7	4			10	8				9	7
															16	8		1	11	12			1	9	5
																	2	3	3	12			3		15
															7	6		1	5	1			1	2	18
																			1	14				1	8
																		1	5	2			1	2	5
												5						4	8	5			4	8	5
																			5	2				4	5
												9	5					10	9	14			10	5	9
																			2	11				2	3
																				11					5
																				11					9
																			1	14				1	8
																			5	2				4	5
																		2							
2	13	4	2	13	4		17	9⅓	1	15	6⅔							7	7	4			6	3	4
4			4			1	6	8	2	12	4							11	4	16			9	6	
																		1					1		
1	3	4																	1	6				6	13
1			1				6	8		13	4	5						7	6	9			7		15
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓							11	8					9	10
1	5		1	5			8	4		16	8	8						11		15			10	5	12
6			6			2			4						6			1	2	8	14		19	10	16
1			1				6	8	1	:	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
															6				5	7	10		5	7	10
	13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔								1	10	16		1	7	
1			1				6	8		12	4	5							4	8	5		4	8	5
																			2	10	4		2	4	10
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓	5							4	8	5		4	8	5
																			11	8				9	10
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5

Old

B.

Bables or Puppets for Children, the groce, containing 12 dozen
Babies Heads of Earth, the dozen
All other Toys for Children to pay for every 16 *d.* in 20 *s.* value, on Oath
Bacon { of *Ireland*, the Flitch
And for every pound weight
of *Weſtphalia*, or *Hamburgh*, or the like, the 112 lb
Balks { great, the hundred, containing 120
middle, the hundred, containing 120
small, the hundred, containing 120
Note, *Balks, and all Timber or Boards, Wainſcot, Pipe Staves, Box-Wood, or other Wood, Imported from* Ireland, Aſia, *or* America, *are not Chargeable with the Old Impoſt*, 2 W. & M. *cap.* 4.
Note, *Balks, and all Timber, Planks, Boards, Wood, or Lumber, wrought or unwrought, of the Growth of the* Britiſh *Plantations in* America, *and Imported directly from thence after* 24 June, 1722. *are by* 8 Geo. *cap.* 12. *Free, except Maſts, Yards, and Bowſprights.*
Note, *That all great Balks, eight Inches ſquare and upwards, are by the* 23d *Article of the Book of Rates reputed Timber, which is for every Load, containing Fifty Feet ſquare*
Bags { with Locks, the dozen
with Steel Rings without Locks, the dozen
For the Impoſt of the Locks, for every hundred weight of wrought Iron
For the Impoſt of the Rings, for every hundred weight of Steel
For the Additional Impoſt, for every 20 s. *value of the Leather part of the Bags*
And 15 per Cent. *on the real value, by* 9 Annæ, *for every* 20 s. *value*
And 15 per Cent. *on the real value, by* 10 Annæ, *for every* 20 s. *value*
Balances *vocat.* { Gold Balances, the groce, containing 12 dozen pair
Ounce Balances, the groce, containing 12 dozen pair
the ſort, containing 4 dozen
And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron belonging to the Balances
And for every 20 s. *value of wrought Braſs belonging to the Balances*
Balls, *voc.* { Tennis Balls, the thouſand
Waſhing Balls, the groce, containing 12 dozen
And for every pound weight of Soap, by 10 Annæ, 2 *d*
And for every pound weight of Soap, by 12 Annæ, 1 *d*
Bandeliers, the hundred, containing five ſcore
Bandſtrings, the dozen knots
Bands, *voc.* { *Flanders* Bands of Bone lace, the Band
Bands *voc.* cutwork of *Flanders*, or any other Country
Bankers of Verdure, the dozen pieces
Barbers Aprons, or Checks, the piece, not above 10 yards
And 15 per Cent. *of the real value, by* 10 Annæ, *for every* 20 s.
And 15 per Cent. *of the real value, by* 12 & 13 Annæ, *for every* 20 s.
Barlings, the hundred, containing 120
If Imported from Ireland, Aſia, Africa, *or* America, *vide* Balks.
Barley (*vide* Corn)
Barrillia, or Saphora, to make Glaſs, the Barrel, containing 200 lb weight
And for every hundred weight, containing 112 lb *of Barrillia*, or *Saphora*
Basket Rods, the bundle
Baskets, *vocat.* Handbaskets, or Sports, the dozen
Baſons of Latten, the lb
Baſt { for Straw Hats knotted, the dozen
for Straw Hats plain, the dozen
Baſt Ropes { the Rope
the Bundle, containing 10 Ropes
the hundred weight, containing 112 lb
Battery, Baſhrones, or Kettles, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb
Bays of *Florence*, *per* yard

Rates Inwards.

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 1692.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				The Nett Duties To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
	17	10		17	10		5	11 1/3		11	10 2/3								2	6	10		2	1	8
	13	4		13	4		4	5 1/3		8	10 2/3								1	10	16		1	7	
1	6	8	1	6	8		8	10 2/3		17	9 1/3				1				4	8	17		4	1	5
	5			5			1	8		3	4									8	11			7	2
																6	8			3	15			3	15
1	6	8	1	6	8		8	10 2/3		17	9 1/3				37	6	8	1	18	9	12	1	18	2	
12			12			4			8			24						2	16	8	8	2	11		
5			5			1	13	4	3	6	8	10						1	3	7	10	1	1	3	
2			2				13	4	1	6	8	4							9	5	8		8	6	
	12	6		12	6		4	2		8	4	1	5						2	11	9		2	7	18
2	8		2	8			16		1	12									6	10	2		5	8	8
1	12		1	12			10	8	1	1	4								4	6	15		3	9	12
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5
												5	10						5	1	18		5	1	18
															1					11	5			11	5
																			6				4		
5	6	8	5	6	8	1	15	6 2/3	3	11	1 1/3								15	2	8		12	8	
2	13	4	2	13	4		17	9 1/3	1	15	6 2/3								7	7	4		6	4	
3	11	2	3	11	2	1	3	8 2/3	2	7	5 1/3								10	1	13		8	5	8
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5
															1					11	5			11	5
2			2				13	4	1	6	8								5	8	8		4	9	
2			2				13	4	1	6	8								5	8	8		4	9	
																				3				3	
	16	8		16	8		5	6 2/3		11	1 1/3								2	4	10		1	11	15
	10			10			3	4		6	8								1	5	2		1	2	5
10			10			3	6	8	6	13	4							1	8	6		1	3	9	
20			20			6	13	4	12	6	8							2	17			2	7	6	
4			4			1	6	8	2	13	4								18	10	16		17		
	13	4		13	4		4	5 1/3		8	10 2/3					13	4		2	6	6		2	2	10
																			3				3		
																			3				3		
1	13	4	1	13	4		11	1 1/3	1	2	2 2/3	3	6	8					7	10	10		7	1	
1			1				6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
												2	10						2	4	2		2	4	2
	6	8		6	8		2	2 2/3		4	5 1/3									11	8			9	10
	3	4		3	4		1	1 1/3		2	2 2/3									5	14			4	15
	1	4		1	4			5 1/3			10 2/3									2	6			1	18
	6	8		6	8		2	2 2/3		4	5 2/3									11	8			9	10
	1	6		1	6			6		1										2	11			2	2
		6			6			2			4										17				14
	5			5			1	8		2	4									8	11			7	2
	8			8			2	8		5	4								1	1	14			11	8
9			9			3			6									1	10	4	1	1	6		15
1	5		1	5			8	4		16	8								3	6	15		2	11	12

Rates Inwards.

Beads of
- Amber, the pound
- Bone, the great groce, containing 12 ſmall groce
- Box, the great groce
- Chryſtal, the thouſand
- Coral, the pound
- Glaſs, the great groce
- Wood of all ſorts, the great groce
- Jaſper Square, the 100 Stones

Beaupers the piece, containing 24 or 25 yards

Beef
- of *Ireland*, or *Scotland*, the barrel
- or Pork of *Ireland*, or *Scotland*, *per* tun
  - *Beef of* Scotland *is Free by the Act of Union*, 5 Annæ, *cap.* 8.

Bells,
- Hawks Bells, *French* making, the dozen pair
  - *Additional Duty of* 25 per Cent. *on* French *Goods*, 7 & 8 W. 3.
- Hawks Bells, *Noremburgh* making, the dozen pair
- Horſe Bells, the groce ſmall, containing 12 dozen
- Morrice Bells, the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen
- Dog Bells, the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen
- Clapper Bells, the pound
  - *And if any of the Bells be Braſs, to pay beſides for every* 20s. *value, according to their reſpective Rates*

Bell-metal, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.

Bellows, the pair
- *And for every* 20s. *value of the Leather*
- *And for the Leather Duty*, 15 per Cent. *on the real value by* 9 A. *for every* 20s. *value*—
- *And for the Leather Duty*, 15 per Cent. *on the real value by* 10 A. *for every* 20s. *value*—

Bits for Bridles, the dozen
- *And for the Impoſt of every hundred weight of wrought Iron*

Blacking, or Lamp black, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.

Blankets, *vocat.*
- *Paris* Mantles, coloured, the Mantle
- *Paris* Mantles, or others, uncoloured, the Mantle
  - *If of the Manufacture of* France *for the Additional Impoſt*, 169⅔. *and the Additional Duty on* French *Goods after* 28 *of* February, 7 & 8 W. 3. (*vide* French *Goods in Letter* F.)

Boards, *vocat.*
- Barrel Boards, the hundred, containing 120
- Clapboards, the hundred, containing 120
- Paſtboards for Books, the thouſand
  - *And for every hundred weight*, 5s. *by* 10 Annæ, *and* 2s. 6d. *by* 12 Annæ
- Pipe Boards, or Pipe Holt, the hundred, containing 120 Boards
- White Boards for Shoemakers, the board
- Millboards and Scaleboards, for every 20*s.* value
  - *And for every hundred weight*, 5s. *by* 10 Annæ, *and* 2s. 6d. *by* 12 Annæ,
  - *If from* Ireland, Aſia, Africa, *or* America (*vide* Balks)

Bodkins, the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen
- *If of Iron, for every hundred weight of wrought Iron*
- *If made of Braſs, for every* 20s. *value*

Bomeſpars, the hundred, containing 120
- *If from* Ireland, Aſia, Africa, *or* America (*vide* Balks)

Boratoes or Bombaſines
- narrow, the ſingle piece, not above 15 yards
- broad, the ſingle piece, not above 15 yards
- of Silk, the yard (*vide* Silk)

Books Bound Imported after the 24 *June*, 1723. *are to pay for every* C. *weight in Proportion to the ſeveral Duties then payable thereon by* 9 Geo. *cap.* 19. §. 6, 7, 8.—

Books unbound,
- the Basket or Maund, containing 8 Bales or 2 Fats
- the Fat, containing ½ a Maund
- Note, *That unbound Books are entred by the* 100 *weight, and by Computation are rated to pay* per *every* 100 *weight, containing* 112 lb.—

Boſſes for Bridles, the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen
- *If made of Iron, for every hundred weight of wrought Iron*
- *If made of Braſs, for every* 20s. *value*

Rates Inwards.

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			½ Subsidy			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔.			The Nett Duties							
																		Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
—	10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	3	3	12	—	3	—	15
1	10	—	1	10	—	—	10	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	3	6	—	3	6	15
1	10	—	1	10	—	—	10	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	3	6	—	3	6	15
2	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	6	12	—	7	1	10
—	10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	3	3	12	—	3	—	15
—	10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	1	10	—	—	—	—	—	2	10	—	—	2	7	3
—	10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	5	2	—	1	2	5
2	—	—	2	—	—	—	13	4	1	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	8	8	—	4	9	—
1	5	—	1	5	—	—	8	4	—	16	8	—	—	—	2	10	—	—	5	10	18	—	5	3	15
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	10	4	—	2	4	10
6	—	—	6	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	17	1	4	—	14	3	—
—	5	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	—	—	1	5	—	—	1	10	13	—	1	9	4
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	5	—	—	—	—	—
—	2	—	—	2	—	—	—	8	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	9	—	—	2	18
—	10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	5	2	—	1	2	5
—	5	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	11	—	—	7	2
—	1	4	—	1	4	—	—	5⅓	—	—	10⅔	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	6	—	—	1	18
—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	14	—	—	1	8
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	11	5	—	—	11	5
1	13	4	1	13	4	—	11	1⅓	1	2	2⅔	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	9	—	—	3	11	10
—	3	4	—	3	4	—	1	1⅓	—	2	2⅔	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	14	—	—	4	15
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	11	5	—	—	11	5
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	4	—	—
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	10	4	—	2	4	10
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	8	5	—	4	8	5
4	—	—	4	—	—	1	6	8	2	13	4	—	—	—	16	—	—	1	6	4	16	1	4	6	—
1	6	8	1	6	8	—	8	10⅔	—	17	9⅓	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	9	12	—	3	2	—
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	10	4	—	2	4	10
—	5	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	4	—	1	—	15
—	15	—	—	15	—	—	5	—	—	10	—	1	10	—	—	—	—	—	3	6	11	—	3	2	5
—	13	4	—	13	4	—	4	5⅓	—	8	10⅔	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	10	16	—	1	7	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	6	—	—	7	6	—
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	8	14	—	4	3	—
—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	17	—	—	2	11
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	8	14	—	4	3	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	6	—	—	7	6	—
—	6	8	—	6	8	—	2	2⅔	—	4	5⅓	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	8	—	—	9	10
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	8	5	—	4	8	5
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	11	5	—	—	11	5
1	13	4	1	13	4	—	11	1⅓	1	2	2⅔	3	6	8	—	—	—	—	7	10	10	—	7	1	—
6	—	—	6	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	17	1	4	—	14	3	—
7	—	—	7	—	—	2	6	8	4	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	19	11	8	—	16	7	10
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	—
8	—	—	8	—	—	2	13	4	5	6	8	—	—	—	32	—	—	2	12	9	12	2	9	—	—
4	—	—	4	—	—	1	6	8	2	13	4	—	—	—	16	—	—	1	6	4	16	1	4	6	—
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	6	7	4	—	6	1	10
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	10	4	—	2	4	10
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	8	5	—	4	8	5
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	11	5	—	—	11	5

Old

Botanoes, *per* piece

Bottles
- of Earth or Stone, the dozen
- of Glaſs covered with Wiker, the dozen
- of Glaſs with Vices, covered with Leather, the dozen
- of Glaſs uncovered, the dozen
- of Wood, *vocat.* Sucking Bottles, the groce, containing 12 dozen
- *If covered with Leather, for the New Impoſt for every* 20 s. *value*
- *And New Duty* 9 Annæ, *New Duty* 10 Annæ

Boultel
- Rains, the piece
- the Bale, containing 20 pieces

Bows, *vocat.* Stone-Bows of Steel, the piece
And for every hundred weight of Steel, containing 112 lb.

Bow Staves, the hundred, containing 120

Boxes
- Fire, or Tinder Boxes, the groce, containing 12 dozen
- Neſt Boxes, the groce, containing 12 dozen Neſts
- Pepper Boxes, the groce, containing 12 dozen Boxes
- Spice Boxes, the dozen
- Round Boxes, or *French* Boxes for Marmalade or Gelly, the dozen
- 25 per Cent. *Additional Duty on* French *Goods*, 7 & 8 W. 3.
- Sand Boxes, the groce, containing 12 dozen
- Sope Boxes, the Shock, containing 60 Boxes
- Pouch Boxes covered with Leather, the dozen
- *And for the Additional Impoſt, every* 20 s. *value of the Leather*
- *And for the Leather Duty,* 15 per Cent. *of the real value* 9 Annæ, *for every* 20 s. *value*
- *And for the Leather Duty,* 15 per Cent. *of the real value* 10 Annæ, *for every* 20 s. *value*
- Touch Boxes covered with Velvet, the dozen
- Touch Boxes of Iron or other Metal, gilt, the dozen
- *And for the Impoſt of every hundred weight of wrought Iron*
- Tobacco Boxes, the groce, containing 12 dozen

Box Wood (vide *Wood*)

Bracelets or Necklaces
- of Glaſs, the ſmall groce, containing 12 Bundles or Dickers
- red, the like ſmall groce, containing 12 Bundles or Dickers

Braſs or
- Laver Cocks, the pound
- Pile weights, the pound
- Trumpets, the dozen
- Lamps, the dozen
- *Braſs wrought, Imported after* 1 March, 169⅔. *by Additional Impoſt Act* 4 & 5 W. & M. *for every* 20 s. *value, on Oath*

Brickſtones (*vide* Earthen Ware)

Bridles, the dozen
And for the Leather Duty, 15 per Cent. *on the real value by* 9 Annæ, *for every* 20 s. *value*
And for the Leather Duty, 15 per Cent. *on the real value by* 10 Annæ, *for every* 20 s *value*

Brouches of Latten or Copper, the groce, containing 12 dozen
And for the Additional Impoſt, every 100 *weight* (vide *wrought Copper*)

Bruſhes *vocat.*
- Beard Bruſhes, the groce, containing 12 dozen
- of Heath courſe, the dozen
- of Heath fine, or Head bruſhes, the dozen
- of Hair, called Head bruſhes, the dozen
- of Heath, *vocat.* Rubbing bruſhes, the dozen
- of Hair, *vocat.* Comb bruſhes, the groce, containing 12 dozen
- of Hair, *vocat.* Weavers bruſhes, the dozen
- of Hair, *vocat.* Rubbing bruſhes, the dozen

Brimſtone, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.

Briſtles
- rough or undreſt, the dozen pound
- dreſt, the dozen pound

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				The Nett Duties To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
	10	—		10	—		3	4		6	8								1	5	2		1	2	5
	5	—		5	—		1	8		3	4									8	11			7	2
1		—	1		—		6	8		13	4	3							5	7	19			5	2
4	10	—	4	10	—	1	10	—	3		—	13	10	—				1	5	5	16				
	4	6		4	6		1	6		3	—		13	6					1	3	6		1	3	4	13
	10	—		10	—		3	4		6	8									1	2			1	2	—
															1				1	5	2			1	2	5
																				11	5			11	5
	8	—		8	—		2	8		5	4					16			6	—	—		4	—	—
8		—	8		—	2	13	4	5	6	8				16		—	1	10	14		1	8	8	
	10	—		10	—		3	4		6	8							1	17	9	12	1	14	—	—
																			1	5	2		1	2	5	
												5	10	—					5	1	18		5	1	18	
4	—	—	4	—	—	1	6	8	2	13	4	8							18	10	16		17	—	—	
1	—	—	1	—	—		6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10	
3	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—								8	6	12		7	1	10	
1	2	6	1	2	6		7	6		15	—								3	2	10		2	8	1	
	6	—		6	—		2	—		4	—									10	5			8	11	
	4	6		4	6		1	6		3	—				1	2	6		1	8	7		1	7	1	
																			1	1	10					
1	—	—	1	—	—		6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10	
2	—	—	2	—	—		13	4	1	6	8								5	8	8		4	9	—	
	3	—		3	—		1	—		2	—									5	2			4	5	
															1					11	5			11	5	
																			6	—	—		4	—	—	
	15	—		15	—		5	—		10	—								2	1	13		1	9	7	
1	—	—	1	—	—		6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10	
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5	
1	10	—	1	10	—		10	—	1	—	—								4	3	6		3	6	15	
	4	—		4	—		1	4		2	8		12	—	2	10	—		3	5	15		3	4	12	
	4	—		4	—		1	4		2	8		12	—	2	10	—		3	5	15		3	4	12	
	1	4		1	4			5⅓		10	⅔						1	4		3	1			2	13	
	1	—		1	—			4			8						1			2	5			2	—	
	12	—		12	—		4	—		8	—						12		2	3	5		1	11	17	
	10	—		10	—		3	4		6	8						10		1	10	15		1	7	18	
1	—	—	1	—	—		6	8		13	4				1	—	—		3	9	9		3	3	15	
1	—	—	1	—	—		6	8		13	4				1	—	—		3	9	9		3	3	15	
																			6	—	—		4	—	—	
	12	—		12	—		4	—		8	—								1	8	10		1	5	2	
															17	10	—		16	4	18		16	4	18	
6	8	—	6	8	—	2	2⅔	—	4	5⅓	—									11	8			9	10	
3	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—									5	3			4	6	
6	8	—	6	8	—	2	2⅔	—	4	5⅓	—									11	8			9	10	
6	8	—	6	8	—	2	2⅔	—	4	5⅓	—									11	8			9	10	
1	—	—	1	—	—		4	—		8	—									1	14			1	8	
13	4	—	13	4	—	4	5⅓	—	8	10⅔	—								1	10	16		1	7	—	
5	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—									8	11			7	2	
1	4	—	1	4	—		5⅓	—		10⅔	—									2	6			1	18	
6	8	—	6	8	—	2	2⅔	—	4	5⅓	—	4	13	4					5	3	18		5	2	—	
5	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—					5	—			11	7			9	19	
10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—					10	—		1	10	15		1	7	18	

d Old

Brandy, the Tun, containing 252 *Gallons, and for every* 20 s. *value, on Oath*
Brandy or other Spirits, by 18 Car. 2. *cap.* 5. *for the Encouraging of Coinage, to pay for every Tun* 20 s.
If French *Brandy, to pay and Additional Duty, by* 7 & 8 W. 3. viz. *for Single Brandy, the Tun,* 30 l.
And for Double Brandy, 60 l. per *Tun*

Buckrams
- of *Germany*, or fine, *per* piece
- of the *Eaſt* Country, the Roll or half piece
- of *French* making, the dozen pieces
- *And for the Additional Duty on* French *Goods* 7 & 8 W. 3. (vide French *Goods in* (F.)
- *vocat.* Carrick Buckrams, the ſhort piece

Buckles
- for Girdles, the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen
- for Girths, the groce, containing 12 dozen
- *If made of Iron, for the Impoſt of and for every hundred weight wrought Iron*
- *If made of Braſs for the Additional Impoſt, every* 20 s. *value*

Buffins, Mocadoes, and Lile Grograms
- narrow, the ſingle piece not above 15 yards
- broad, the ſingle piece not above 15 yards

Buggaſins, or Callico Buckrams, the half piece

Bugle
- great, the pound
- ſmall, or Seed-Bugle, the pound
- Lace, the pound

Bullions for Purſes, the groce, containing 12 dozen
Bullruſhes, the Load
Burs for Milſtones, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore
And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron
Buskings of Leather, the dozen pair
And for the Leather Duty 15 per Cent. *on the real value, by* 9 Annæ, *for every* 20 s. *value*
And for the Leather Duty 15 per Cent. *on the real value, by* 10 Annæ, *for every* 20 s. *value*
Buſtians, the ſingle piece, not above 15 yards

Butter
- the Barrel
- of *Ireland*, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb

Buttons
- of Braſs, the groce, containing 12 ſmall groce, every groce 12 dozen
- of Steel, the great groce, containing 12 ſmall groce
- *And for every hundred weight of wrought Steel*
- of Copper, the great groce, containing 12 ſmall groce
- *And for every hundred weight of wrought Copper*
- of Lattin, the great groce, containing 12 ſmall groce
- of Cryſtal, the dozen
- of Glaſs, the great groce, containing 12 ſmall groce
- of Thread, the great groce, containing 12 ſmall groce
- of Silk, the great groce, containing 12 ſmall groce
- of fine Damask work, the dozen
- of Bugle, the dozen
- for Handkerchiefs, the groce, containing 12 dozen
- of Hair, the groce, containing 12 dozen

C.

Cabinets
- or Counters ſmall, the piece
- or Counters large, the piece
- Note, *If the Cabinets are Japan'd or Lacker'd, they are to be ſold by Auction or Inch of Candle, and the Duties paid according to the Groſs price at ſuch Sale* (vide 12 & 13 W. 3. *cap.* 11. p. 182)

Cables, tarred or untarred, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb
Caddas, or Cruel Ribband, the dozen pieces, every piece containing 36 yards
Calve-skins in the Hair, the piece
Cambogium (*vide* Drugs.)

Rates Inwards.

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			½ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169½.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				The Nett Duties To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	10	4	—	2	4	10
																		1	—	—		1	—	—	
																		30	—	—					
																		60	—	—					
	10	—		10	—		3	4		6	8					10			1	10	15		1	7	18
	5	—		5	—		1	8		3	4					5				11	7			9	19
2	10	—	2	10	—		16	8	1	13	4					12	10		18	10	3		17	7	18
																			12	6	—				
	2	—		2	—			8		1	4					2					4	11			3	19
1			1				6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
	7	6		7	6		2	6		5	—								1	—	17			10	14
													5	—					4	8	5		4	8	5
																1	—			11	5			11	5
3	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—								8	6	12		7	1	10
4	10	—	4	10	—	1	10	—	3	—	—								12	9	18		10	8	5
	5	—		5	—		1	8		3	4					5				11	7			9	19
	4	—		4	—		1	4		2	8		12	—					1	1	12		1	—	10
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅕	1	—	—					1	10	13		1	8	15
	8	—		8	—		2	8		5	4	1	4	—					2	—	4		2	—	18
	10	—		10	—		3	4		6	8								1	5	2		1	2	5
1	—	—	1	—	—		6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
2	10	—	2	10	—		16	8	1	13	4								7	1	10		5	11	5
												5	—	—					4	8	5		4	8	5
4	—	—	4	—	—	1	6	8	2	13	4				4	—	—		15	1	16		13	3	—
																			6	—	—		4	—	—
2	—	—	2	—	—		13	4	1	6	8								5	8	8		4	9	—
1	—	—	1	—	—		6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
	10	—		10	—		3	4		6	8								1	5	2		1	2	5
2	13	4	2	13	4		17	9⅓	1	15	6⅔				2	13	4		10	1	4		8	10	—
2	13	4	2	13	4		17	9⅓	1	15	6⅔								7	7	4		6	4	—
												5	10	—					5	1	18		5	1	18
2	13	4	2	13	4		17	9⅓	1	15	6⅔								7	7	4		6	4	—
															17	10	—		16	4	18		16	4	18
2	13	4	2	13	4		17	9⅓	1	15	6⅔								7	7	4		6	4	—
	8	—		8	—		2	8		5	4								1	1	14			11	8
1	6	8	1	6	8		8	10⅔		17	9⅕	4	—	—					7	6	12		6	11	—
1	—	—	1	—	—		6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
2	—	—	2	—	—		13	4	1	6	8								5	8	8		4	9	—
1	—	—	1	—	—		6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
	1	4		1	4			5⅓			10⅔		4	—						4	11			4	3
4	—	—	4	—	—	1	6	8	2	13	4								11	4	16		9	6	—
	4	—		4	—		1	4		2	8					4				9	2			7	19
2	—	—	2	—	—		13	4	1	6	8								5	8	8		4	9	—
4	—	—	4	—	—	1	6	8	2	13	4								11	4	16		9	6	—
	13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔	5	—	—					6	7	1				—
3			3			1			2										8	6	12		7		10
		10			01			3⅓			6⅔										1 18			1	13

Old

Camletto, half Silk, half Hair, the yard
Candles, of Tallow, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb
And for the New Duty on Candles, 8 Annæ, *cap.* 9. *for every hundred weight*, 4 s. 8 d.
And for the further New Duty on Candles, 9 Annæ, *cap.* 5. *for every hundred weight* 4 s. 8 d.
Candles of Wax, for every 20 s. *value on Oath*
And for the New Duty on Candles, 8 Annæ, *cap.* 9. *for every pound weight*, 4 d.
And for the further New Duty on Candles, 9 Annæ, *cap.* 5. *for every pound weight*, 4 d.
Candle-plates, or Wallers of Braſs or Lattin, the pound
And for every 20 s. *value of Braſs*
Candle-ſticks: of Braſs or Lattin, the pound
And for every 20 s. *value of Braſs*
Candle-ſticks: of Wire, the dozen
Candleweek, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb
Callicoes, fine or courſe (*vide* Linen)
Canes *vocat.*: Reeds, the thouſand
Canes *vocat.*: Rattans, the thouſand
Canes *vocat.*: *Walking Canes, the thouſand*
Canes *vocat.*: of Wood, the dozen
Canes *vocat.*: of Wood, the Shock, containing 60 Canes
Cant Sparrs, the hundred, containing 120
If from Ireland, Aſia, Africa, *or* America (*vide* Balks)
Capers, the pound
Capravens, the hundred, containing 120
If from Ireland, Aſia, Africa, *or* America (*vide* Balks)
Cap-hooks, or Hook-ends, the groce, containing 12 dozen
And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron
Caps *vocat.*: double Tufted or Cockared Caps, the dozen
Caps *vocat.*: for Children, the dozen
Caps *vocat.*: Night Caps of Sattin and Velvet, the dozen
Caps *vocat.*: Night Caps of Silk, knit, the dozen
Caps *vocat.*: Night Caps of Woollen, the dozen
Caps *vocat.*: Night Caps of Linen, the dozen
Cards *vocat.*: Playing Cards, the groce, containing 12 dozen pair
Cards *vocat.*: *And for the New Duty on Cards*, 9 Annæ, *cap.* 5. 6 d. per *Pack*
Cards *vocat.*: Wooll Cards old, the dozen pair
Cards *vocat.*: Wooll Cards new, the dozen pair
Carpets: of Tonney, the piece, containing two yards and a half long
Carpets: of *Scotland*, the piece, *Free by the Act of Union*, 5 Annæ *cap.* 8.
Carpets: of Cornix, the Carpet, containing two yards and a half long
Carpets: *Brunſwick* Carpets, ſtript and unſtript, the piece
Carpets: *Gentiſh*, the dozen
Carpets: *China* of Cotten, courſe, the piece
Carpets: *Turkey* or *Venice*, ſhort, the piece
Carpets: *Turkey* or *Venice*, long, containing 4 yards or upwards
Carpets: of *Perſia*, the yard ſquare, the yard
Carrells, the piece, containing 15 yards
Caſes for Looking-Glaſſes gilt, of: N° 3 and 4, the dozen
Caſes for Looking-Glaſſes gilt, of: N° 5 and 6, the dozen
Caſes for Looking-Glaſſes gilt, of: N° 7 and 8, the dozen
Caſes for Looking-Glaſſes gilt, of: N° 9 and 10, the dozen, and upwards the dozen
Caſes for Looking Glaſſes ungilt, of: N° 3 and 4, the dozen
Caſes for Looking Glaſſes ungilt, of: N° 5 and 6, the dozen
Caſes for Looking Glaſſes ungilt, of: N° 7 and 8, the dozen
Caſes for Looking Glaſſes ungilt, of: N° 9 and 10, the dozen
Caſes: with wooden Combs garniſhed, the dozen
Caſes: with ſmall Ivory Combs garniſhed, the dozen
Caſes: with middle ſort, Ivory Combs garniſhed, the dozen
Caſes: with large Ivory Combs garniſhed, the dozen
Caſes: for Combs ſingle, the groce, containing 12 dozen

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			¼ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				The Nett Duties To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
	10	—		10	—		3	4		6	8	1	—	—					2	4	7		2	1	10
1	8	—	1	8	—		9	4		18	8	10	—	—					13	4	8		6	8	3
																			4	8	—		4	8	—
																			4	8	—		4	8	—
1	—	—	1	—	—		6	8		13	4				1	—	—		3	9	9		3	3	15
																				8	—			8	—
	1	4		1	4			$5\frac{1}{3}$			$10\frac{2}{3}$									2	6			1	18
															1	—	—			11	5			11	5
	1	4		1	4			$5\frac{1}{3}$			$10\frac{2}{3}$									2	6			1	18
															1	—	—			11	5			11	5
	6	8		6	8		2	$2\frac{2}{3}$		4	$5\frac{1}{3}$									11	8			9	10
3	10	—	3	10	—	1	3	4	2	6	8								9	11	14		8	3	15
2	10	—	2	10	—		16	8	1	13	4								7	1	10		5	11	5
2	10	—	2	10	—		16	8	1	13	4				5	—	—		11	9	15		10	7	10
2	10	—	2	10	—		16	8	1	13	4				25	—	—	1	10	6	15	1	9	4	10
	4	—		4	—		1	4		2	8									6	17			5	14
1	—	—	1	—	—		6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
1	13	4	1	13	4		11	$1\frac{1}{3}$	1	2	$2\frac{2}{3}$	3	6	8					7	10	10		7	1	—
		6			6			2			4										17				14
3	13	4	3	13	4	1	4	$5\frac{1}{6}$	2	8	$10\frac{2}{3}$	7	6	8					17	3	18		15	7	—
	15	—		15	—		5	—		10	—								2	1	13		1	9	7
												5	—	—					4	8	5		4	8	5
2	8	—	2	8	—		16	—	1	12	—								6	10	2		5	8	8
1	—	—	1	—	—		6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
3	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	6	—	—					15	5	10		14	—	8
4	—	—	4	—	—	1	6	8	2	13	4	8	—	—				1	—	7	7		18	8	11
1	—	—	1	—	—		6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
	8	—		8	—		2	8		5	4								1	3	16		1	1	10
6	—	—	6	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	—								17	1	4		14	2	—
																					6				
	6	—		6	—		2	—		4	—									10	5			8	11
	10	—		10	—		3	4		6	8								1	5	2		1	2	5
1	10	—	1	10	—		10	—	1	—	—				1	10	—		5	8	4		4	11	13
1	5	—	1	5	—		8	4		16	8				1	5	—		4	8	16		4	1	14
	10	—		10	—		3	4		6	8					10	—		1	10	15		1	7	18
3	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—				3	—	—		11	4	7		9	11	5
	4	—		4	—		1	4		2	8			16		4	—		1	6	3		1	5	—
1	10	—	1	10	—		10	—	1	—	—				1	10	—		5	8	4		4	11	13
8	—	—	8	—	—	2	13	4	5	6	8				8	—	—	1	10	3	12	1	6	6	—
2	5	—	2	5	—		15	—	1	10	—	9	—	—	2	5	—		16	11	10		15	10	14
1	6	8	1	6	8		8	$10\frac{2}{3}$		17	$9\frac{1}{3}$								3	9	12		3	2	—
	4	—		4	—		1	4		2	8									6	17			5	14
	7	—		7	—		2	4		4	8									11	19			9	19
	10	—		10	—		3	4		6	8								1	5	2		1	2	5
1	13	4	1	13	4		11	$1\frac{1}{3}$	1	2	$2\frac{2}{3}$								4	5	—		3	11	10
	2	—		2	—			8		1	4									3	8			2	17
	3	6		3	6		1	2		2	4									6	—			5	—
	5	—		5	—		1	8		3	4									8	11			7	2
	16	8		16	8		5	$6\frac{2}{3}$		11	$1\frac{1}{3}$								2	4	10		1	11	15
1	—	—	1	—	—		6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
1	6	8	1	6	8		8	$10\frac{2}{3}$		17	$9\frac{1}{3}$								3	9	12		3	2	—
2	—	—	2	—	—		13	4	1	6	8								5	8	8		4	9	—
4	—	—	4	—	—	1	6	8	2	13	4								12	4	16		9	6	—
1	—	—	1	—	—		6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10

Cases { for Combs double, the groce, containing 12 dozen
for Spectacles gilt, the groce, containing 12 dozen
for Spectacles ungilt, the groce, containing 12 dozen
for Needles or Pin-cases, the groce, containing 12 dozen
for Needles, *French*, gilt, the dozen
And for the Additional Duty on French *Goods*, 7 & 8 W. 3.

Cattle great Imported from *Ireland* into *England* apiece, after the Rate of

Caskets { of Iron small, the dozen
of Iron middle sort, the dozen
of Iron large, the dozen
And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron

Caskets of Steel, the dozen
And for every hundred weight of wrought Steel

Caviare, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.

Cauls { of Linen for Women, the dozen
of Silk, the dozen
And for every pound weight of wrought Silk

Cesterns of Lattin, the pound

Chaffing-Dishes { of Brass or Lattin, the lb.
And for every 20 s. *value of Brass*
of Iron, the dozen
And for every hundred weight containing 112 lb. *of wrought Iron*

Chains { for Keys or Purses fine, the dozen
for Dogs course, the dozen
Note, *If the Chains are made of Iron, every hundred weight, cont.* 112 lb.
If made of Brass, for every 20 s. *value*

Chairs of Walnut-tree, the piece

Chamlets { unwatered or Mohairs, the yard
watered, the yard
half Silk, half Hair, the yard

Cheese, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb

Cherries, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.

Chess-boards, the dozen

Chess-med, the groce, containing 12 dozen

Chests { of Iron, small or middle sort, the piece
of Iron, large, the piece
And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron
of Cyprus-wood, the Nest, containing 3 Chests
of Spruce or Danske, the Nest, containing 3 Chests
painted, the dozen

Chimney-backs, *voc.* { small, the piece
large, the piece

China Pease, the pound

Chizels for Joyners, the dozen
And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron

Chocolate ready made, or Cocoa Paste, the pound, for every 20 s. *value, on Oath*
Note, *The former New Duties upon Chocolate and Cocoa Paste Imported payable by* 6 W. 3. *and* 3 & 4 Annæ, *cap.* 4. *are Repealed by the* 10 Geo. *cap.* 10. *and in lieu thereof an Inland Duty is laid thereon of* 18 d. *for every pound weight.*

Citterns, the dozen

Clapholt or Clopboard { the small hundred, containing 6 score boards
the ring, containing 2 small hundred
the great hundred, containing 24 small hundred
If from Ireland, Asia, Africa, *or* America (*vide* Balks)

Claricords, the pair

Cloaks of Felt, the piece

All manner of Woollen Cloths Imported, *per* yard

Cocheneal (*for Dyers use*) { *vocat.* Sylvester, or Campeachea Cocheneal, the pound
of all sorts of Cocheneal, except Sylvester or Campeachea Cocheneal, the lb.
By 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. *Free* (vide *Annotto*)

Old Subsidy.			'A further Subsidy.			½ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔.			The Nett Duties							
																		Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
2			2				13	4	1	6	8								5	8	8		4	9	
1	6	8	1	6	8		8	10⅔		17	9⅓								3	9	12		3	2	
	13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔								1	10	16		1	7	
	13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔								1	10	16		1	7	
	5			5			1	8		3	4				1	5			1	10	13		1	9	4
																			1	3					
2	10		2	10			16	8	1	13	4								7	1	10		5	11	5
1	10		1	10			10		1										4	3	6		3	6	15
2	8		2	8			16		1	12									6	10	2		5	8	8
3			3				1		2										8	6	12		7	1	10
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5
6			6				2		4										17	1	4		14	3	
												5	10						5	1	18		5	1	18
1			1				6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
	8			8			2	8		5	4								1	1	14			11	8
1	6	8	1	6	8		8	10⅔		17	9⅓	2	13	4					6	10	9		6	2	17
															2				1	10	10		1	10	10
	1	4		1	4			5⅓			10⅔									2	6			1	18
	1	4		1	4			5⅓			10⅔									2	6			1	18
															1					11	5			11	5
	13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔								1	10	16		1	7	
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5
	8			8			2	8		5	4								1	1	14			11	8
	3	4		3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔									5	14			4	15
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5
															1					11	5			11	5
	10			10			3	4		6	8								1	5	2		1	2	5
	3			3			1			2										5	3			4	6
	5			5			1	8		2	4									8	11			7	2
	10			10			3	4		6	8	1							2	6	19		2	4	2
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓									11	8			9	10
1			1				6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
1			1				6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
12			12				4			8									1	8	10		1	5	2
5			5			1	13	4	3	6	8								14	3			11	10	10
6	13	4	6	13	4	2	4	5⅓	4	8	10⅔								19				15	10	
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5
8			8			2	13	4	5	6	8								1	2	9	12		19	
1	10		1	10			10		1											4	3	6		3	6	15
2			2				13	4	1	6	8									5	8	8		4	9	
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓	1	3	4						2		10		1	10	12
	13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔	2	6	8						4	1	1		3	9	5
	3	4		3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔										5	14			4	15
	4			4			1	4		2	8										6	17			5	14
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5
1			1				6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15
3			3			1			2										8	6	12		7	1	10
15			15				5			10		1	10						3	6	11		3	2	5
1	10		1	10			10		1			3							7	1	1		6	4	10
18			18			6			12			36							4	5		12	3	16	6	
	13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔								1	10	16		1	7	
2			2				13	4	1	6	8									5	8	8		4	9	
8	10		8	10		2	16	8	5	13	4								1	4	2	14	1		2	5
	1	8																				19				9
	6	8																				3	16			1	18

Coals *of* Scotland, *the Tun, Free by the Act of Union,* 5 Annæ, *cap.* 8. *except the Coaſt Duty.*

Coals Imported from any Part beyond the Seas, for every 20 s. *value* ——

And for the following New Duties.

		l.	s.	d.
If ſold by Meaſure, for every Chalder, containing 36 *buſhels,* Wincheſter *Meaſure,*	*by* 8 Annæ, *cap.* 4. ——	00	04	06
	by 9 Annæ, *cap.* 6. ——	00	03	00
If ſold by Weight, for every Tun, cont. 20 C. *weight,*	*by* 8 Annæ, *cap.* 4. ——	00	03	00
	by 9 Annæ, *cap.* 6. ——	00	02	00

Cocoa Nuts, for every hundred weight, containing One hundred and 112 *pound, by* 10 Geo. *cap.* 10. ——

Note, *Cocoa Nuts on the Importation are to pay the Duties aforeſaid, and to be put into Proper Warehouſes and not be delivered thence but for Exportation, or upon Entry with the Receiver or Collector for the Inland Duties to be made into Chocolate in* Great Britain, *which Act of the* 10 Geo. *cap.* 10. *Repeals the former New Duties of* 6 d. 6 d. *and* 9 d. 9 d. per *Pound, payable by* 6 W. 3. *cap.* 7. *and* 3 & 4 Annæ, *cap.* 4.

Coffee, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb. *by* 10 Geo. *cap.* 10. ——

Note, *Coffee on the Importation is to pay the Duties aforeſaid, and to be put into Proper Warehouſes, and not to be Delivered thence but for Exportation, or on Payment of the Inland Duty of* 2 s. per *Pound weight, by virtue of the Act* 10 Geo. *cap.* 10. *which Act Repeals the former New Duties of* 6 d. 6 d. *and* 1 s. per *Pound, payable by* 6 W. 3. *cap.* 7. 3 & 4 Annæ, *cap.* 4. *and the* 10th Annæ, *cap.* 26.

Coffers
- covered with gilt Leather, the dozen ——
- covered with Velvet, the dozen ——
- with Iron Bars, the Neſt, containing 3 Coffers ——
  - *And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron* ——
- plain the Neſt, containing 3 Coffers ——
- painted, the Neſt, containing 3 Coffers ——

Cole-ſeed, for every 20 s. value, on Oath ——
And for every Laſt ——
Comaſhes out of *Turkey*, the piece ——

Combs
- for Wooll, the pair, old or new ——
- of Bone, the pound ——
- of Box, the groce, containing 12 dozen ——
- *vocat.* Lightwood Combs, the groce, containing 12 dozen ——
- of Horn for Barbers, the dozen ——
- of Ivory, the pound ——
- *vocat.* Horſe-combs, the dozen ——

Comfets, the pound ——

Compaſſes
- of Iron for Carpenters, the dozen ——
  - *And for every hundred weight, containing* 112 lb. *of wrought Iron* ——
- of Braſs, the dozen ——
- for Ships, the dozen ——

Copper
- unwrought, *as* Bricks or Plates, round or ſquare, or Roſe, *Copper Coin, and all Caſt Copper*, for every hundred weight containing 112 lb. ——
- unwrought, *as thin Plates hammered*, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb. ——
- part wrought, *as Bars, Rods, or rais'd, for every* 20 s. *value* ——
  - *And for every hundred weight, containing* 112 lb. ——
- Chains, the Chain ——
  - *And for every hundred weight, containing* 112 lb. ——

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions. 169⅔.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	26th Parts.
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	3	9	9	—	3	3	15
																		—	7	3	15	—	7	3	15
																		—	4	10	10	—	4	10	10
2	10	—	2	10	—	—	16	8	1	13	4	—	—	—	2	10	—	—	9	5	12	—	8	3	7
7	—	—	7	—	—	2	6	8	4	13	4	—	—	—	7	—	—	1	16	6	3	1	3	2	5
2	—	—	2	—	—	—	13	4	1	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	8	8	—	4	9	—
4	—	—	4	—	—	1	6	8	2	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	4	16	—	9	6	—
1	12	—	1	12	—	—	10	8	1	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	6	15	—	3	9	12
												5	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	8	5	—	4	8	5
12	4	—	13	4	—	4	5⅓	—	8	10⅔	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	10	16	—	1	7	—
16	—	—	16	—	—	5	4	—	10	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	3	7	—	1	10	16
1	—	—	1	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	10	4	—	2	4	10
												80	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	15	—	—	3	15	—
4	—	—	4	—	—	1	6	8	2	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	4	16	—	9	6	—
5	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	11	—	—	7	2
4	—	—	4	—	—	1	4	—	2	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	17	—	—	5	14
10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	5	2	—	1	2	5
6	8	—	6	8	—	2	2⅔	—	4	5⅓	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	8	—	—	9	10
2	—	—	2	—	—	—	8	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	8	—	—	2	17
10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	5	2	—	1	2	5
4	—	—	4	—	—	1	4	—	2	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	17	—	—	5	14
2	—	—	2	—	—	—	8	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	8	—	—	2	17
2	—	—	2	—	—	—	8	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	8	—	—	2	17
												5	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	8	5	—	4	8	5
4	—	—	4	—	—	1	4	—	2	8	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	9	2	—	—	7	19
7	6	—	7	6	—	2	6	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	17	—	—	10	14
10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	7	10	—	—	8	5	10	—	8	2	13
10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	12	10	—	—	13	1	15	—	12	10	18
1	—	—	1	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	10	4	—	2	4	10
												—	—	—	12	12	—	—	11	8	13	—	11	8	13
2	—	—	2	—	—	—	8	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	8	—	—	2	17
												—	—	—	17	10	—	—	16	4	18	—	16	4	18

Purls or Plate, the mark
And for every hundred weight, containing 112 lb.
Fully wrought, for every 20 s. *value*
Copper — *And for every hundred weight, containing* 112 lb.
Note, *No Drawback is to be allowed on the Exportation of any Copper, but ſuch as ſhall have been Imported from the* East-Indies *or the Coaſt of* Africa, *vide* 12 Annæ, *Seſſ.* 3. *Parl.* 1. *cap.* 18. §. 5. *Fol.* 416.
Copperas green, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb. (*for Dyers uſe*)
Cordage or Ropes, tarr'd or untarr'd, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.
Cork Tacks — of Iron, the thouſand
And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron
of Steel, the thouſand
And for every hundred weight of wrought Steel
Cork — for Shoemakers, the dozen pieces
of all other ſorts, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.

Corn *vocat.*

Wheat Imported — Not exceeding 44 *s. per* Quarter, at the place of Importation, by the Quarter
exceeding the price of 44 *s. per* Quarter, and not exceeding the price of 2 *l.* 13 *s.* 4 *d. per* Quarter, by the Quarter
exceeding 2 l. 13 s. 4 d. per *Quarter, and not above* 4 l. per *Quarter, by the Quarter*
exceeding 4 l. per *Quarter, by the Quarter*

Rye Imported — Not exceeding the price of 36 *s. per* Quarter, at the place of Importation, by the Quarter
exceeding the price of 36 *s. per* Quarter, and not exceeding 40 *s. per* Quarter, by the Quarter
exceeding the price of 40 s. per *Quarter, by the Quarter*

Malt and Barley Imported — Not exceeding the price of 28 *s. per* Quarter, at the place of Importation, by the Quarter
exceeding the price of 28 *s. per* Quarter, and not exceeding the price of 32 *s. per* Quarter, by the Quarter
exceeding the price of 32 s. per *Quarter, by the Quarter*

Buck Wheat — *Not exceeding the price of* 32 s. per *Quarter, by the Quarter*
exceeding the price of 32 s. per *Quarter*, and not exceeding the price of 44 *s. per* Quarter, by the Quarter
exceeding 44 s. per *Quarter, by the Quarter*

Oats — *Not exceeding the price of* 16 s. per *Quarter, by the Quarter*
exceeding the price of 16 *s. per* Quarter by the Quarter

Beans Imported — Not exceeding the price of 28 *s. per* Quarter, at the place of Importation, by the Quarter
exceeding the price of 28 *s.* and not exceeding 40 *s. per* Quarter, by the Quarter
exceeding the price of 40 *s. per* Quarter, by the Quarter

Peaſe — *Not exceeding the price of* 40 s. per *Quarter, the Quarter*
excceeding the price of 40 *s. per* Quarter, by the Quarter

Note, *The great Duty for the Old Subſidy on Corn, is according to the Act of Tillage,* 22 Car. 2. *cap.* 13. *out of which there is no* 5 per Cent. *to be deducted.*

Cotton, Manufactures (vide *White Callicoes in Linen*)
Coverlets of Scotland, *the piece, Free by the Act of Union,* 5 Annæ, *cap.* 8.
Counters of Lattin, the pound
Cowries, for every 20 s. *reduced value*
Crosbow — Laths, the pound
And for every hundred weight, containing 112 lb. *of wrought Steel*
Thread, the pound
Racks, the piece
Cruſes — of Stone, without Covers, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore
of Stone, with Covers, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore

Cuſhions

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓								11	8			9	10	
1			1				6	8		13	4				17	10			16	4	18		16	4	18	
																			2	10	4		2	4	10	
															17	10			16	4	18		16	4	18	
	15																		8	11					
	13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔	5													
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓								6	7	1				
																			11	8			9	10	
1	13	4	1	13	4		11	1⅓	1	2	2⅔	5							4	8	5		4	8	5	
																			4	9			3	11	10	
												5	10						5	1	18		5	1	18	
	4			4			1	4		2	8									6	17			5	14	
	16	8		16	8		5	6⅔		11	1⅓								2	4	10		1	11	15	
16			2				13	4	1	6	8								19	9	12		11	9	12	
16				6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓								16	17	12		8	7	12	
8				6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓								8	7	12		4	7	12	
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓								11	8			9	10	
16			1	6	8		8	10⅔		17	9⅓								18	6	8		10	6	8	
16				5			1	8		3	4								16	5	14		8	5	14	
	5			5			1	8		3	4									8	11			7	2	
16			2				13	4	1	6	8								19	9	12		11	9	12	
2			2				13	4	1	6	8								5	18	8		4	9	--	
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓								11	8			9	10	
5	6	8		4			1	4		2	8								5	8	11		3		11	
	4			4			1	4		2	8									6	17			5	14	
16			1	6	8		8	10⅔		17	9⅓								18	6	8		10	6	8	
16				5			1	8		3	4								16	5	14		8	5	14	
	5			5			1	8		3	4									8	11			7	2	
16				4			1	4			8								16	4	11		8	4	11	
	4			4			1	4		2	8									6	17			5	14	
1			1				6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15	
	1			1				4			8					1				2	5			1	19	
1			1				6	8		13	4				2				4	8	14		4	3		
		8			8			2⅔			5⅓									1	3				19	
												5	10						5	1	18		5	1	18	
		8			8			2⅔			5⅓									1	3				19	
	10			10			3	4		6	8								1	5	2		1	2	5	
	10			10			3	4		6	8								1	5	2		1	2	5	
1	6	8	1	6	8		8	10⅔		17	9⅓								3	9	12		3	2	--	

Old

Cushions of Scotland, *the dozen, Free by the Act of Union,* 5 Annæ, *cap.* 8.
Cothion-cloths { course, the dozen
of Tapistry, the dozen
Cutle-bones, the thousand

D.

Daggs with Firelocks, or Snaphances, the piece
And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron
Daggers { Blades, the dozen
And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron
of Bone for Children, the dozen
black, with Velvet Sheaths, the dozen
gilt, with Velvet Sheaths, the dozen
for Children, the dozen
Deals *vocat.* { *Meabro* Deals, the hundred, containing 6 score
Norway Deals, the hundred, containing 6 score
Burgendorp Deals, the hundred, containing 6 score
Spruce Deals, the hundred, containing 6 score
If Imported from Ireland, Asia, Africa, *or* America (*vide* Balks)
Desks { or Stays for Books, the dozen
for Women to work on, covered with Woollen, the piece
for Women to work on, covered with Velvet, the piece
Dials { of Wood, the dozen
of Bone, the dozen
Diamonds, Pearls, Rubies, Emeralds, and all other Jewels and Precious Stones, the hundred pound value
Dice, for every 20 s. *value*
And by 9 Annæ, *cap.* 23. *for every pair,* 5 s.
Dimity, the yard
And a New Duty, by 3 & 4 Annæ, *cap.* 4. *of* 15 l. per Cent. *by Sale at the Candle*
Dogs of Earth, the groce, containing 12 dozen
Dornix { with Caddas, the piece, containing 15 yards
with Silk, the piece, containing 15 yards
with Wooll, the piece, containing 15 yards
with Thread, the piece, containing 15 yards
French-making, the Ell
For the Additional Duty on French *Goods,* 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20.
French-making, the yard
For the Additional Duty on French *Goods,* 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20.
Dudgeon, the hundred pieces, containing 5 score
Durance or Duretty { with Thread, the yard
with Silk, the yard
Dutties, the piece
Drugs *vocat.* { Acacia, the pound
Acorus, the pound
Adianthum album, the pound
Adianthum nigrum, the pound
Agaricus or Agarick trim'd or par'd, the pound (*for Dyers use*)
If Imported and Entred as directed, by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15 §. 10. *Free.*
Agaricus untrim'd or rough, the pound (*for Dyers use*
If Imported and Entred as directed, by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. §. 10. *Free.*
Agnus Castus Seeds, the pound
Alkanet Roots, the pound
Alchernes { Syrup, the pound
Confectio, the ounce
Aloes Cicotrina, the pound
Aloes Epatica, the pound
Allum Rhonish or Roch, the hundred weight, cont. 112 lb. (*for Dyers use*)

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 1692.			The Nett Duties Payable at importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
2	10	—	2	10	—	—	16	8	1	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	1	10	—	5	11	5
4	10	—	4	10	—	1	10	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	1	1	3	3	—	19	1	10
1	6	8	1	6	8	—	8	10⅔	—	17	9⅓	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	9	12	—	3	2	—
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	10	4	—	2	4	10
												5	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	8	5	—	4	8	5
1	6	8	1	6	8	—	8	10⅔	—	17	9⅓							—	3	9	12	—	3	2	—
												5	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	8	5	—	4	8	5
—	2	—	—	2	—	—	—	8	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	8	—	—	2	17
3	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	6	12	—	7	1	10
4	—	—	4	—	—	1	6	8	2	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	4	16	—	9	6	—
	4	—	—	4	—	—	1	4	—	2	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	17	—	—	5	14
4	—	—	4	—	—	1	6	8	2	13	4	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	18	10	16	—	17	—	—
5	—	—	5	—	—	1	13	4	3	6	8	10	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	7	10	1	1	3	—
12	—	—	12	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	—	24	—	—	—	—	—	2	16	8	8	2	11	—	—
15	—	—	15	—	—	5	—	—	10	—	—	30	—	—	—	—	—	3	10	10	10	3	3	9	—
—	4	—	—	4	—	—	1	4	—	2	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	17	—	—	5	14
—	5	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	11	—	—	7	2
—	10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	5	2	—	1	2	5
—	3	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	3	—	—	4	5
—	12	—	—	12	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	8	10	—	1	5	2
—	—	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	20	—	—	—	19	8	8	—	19	8	8
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	12	4	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	3	9	9	—	3	3	15
																		—	5	—	—				
—	3	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	3	—	—	4	5
																		14	5	—	—	14	5	—	—
4	—	—	4	—	—	1	6	8	2	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	4	16	—	9	6	—
1	10	—	1	10	—	—	10	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	7	1	1	—	6	4	10
2	—	—	2	—	—	—	13	4	1	6	8	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	9	5	8	—	8	6	—
1	5	—	1	5	—	—	8	4	—	16	8	—	—	—	2	10	—	—	5	10	18	—	5	3	15
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	12	4	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	4	8	14	—	4	3	—
—	2	6	—	2	6	—	—	0	—	1	8	—	—	—	—	12	6	—	—	11	6	—	—	10	11
																		—	—	7	10	—	—	—	—
—	2	—	—	2	—	—	—	8	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	9	1	—	—	8	9
																		—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	10	4	—	2	4	10
—	6	8	—	6	8	—	2	2⅔	—	4	5⅓	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	8	—	—	9	10
—	10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	5	2	—	1	2	5
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	10	4	—	2	4	10
—	12	—	—	4	—	—	1	4	—	2	8	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	2	6	6	—	2	2	18
—	3	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	12	—	—	6	14
—	2	—	—	—	8	—	—	2⅔	—	—	5⅓	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	5	1	—	—	4	10
—	1	6	—	—	6	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	16	—	—	3	7
1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	9	18	—	2	4	4
—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	10	—	—	7	1
—	3	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	12	—	—	6	14
—	3	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	12	—	—	6	14
1	—	—	—	6	8	—	2	2⅔	—	4	5⅓	—	13	4	—	—	—	—	4	2	10	—	3	8	16
—	12	—	—	4	—	—	1	4	—	2	8	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	2	6	6	—	2	2	18
—	15	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	3	1	18	—	2	9	12
—	6	—	—	2	—	—	—	8	—	1	4	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	1	3	3	—	1	1	9
1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	9	18	—	2	4	4

Ambergreece black or grey, the ounce *Troy*
Amcos Seeds, the pound
Amomi Seeds, the pound
Anacardium, the pound
Angelica, the pound
Antimonium Crudum, the hundred weight, cont. 112 ℔ (*for Dyers uſe*)
If Imported and Entred as directed, by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. *Free.*
Antimonium Preparatum, or Stibium, the pound (*for Dyers uſe*)
Aquafortis (for Dyers uſe) *for every* 20 *s. value*
If Imported and Entred as directed, by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. *Free.*
Argentum Sublime, or Limum, the pound, or Quickſilver
Ariſtolochia longa & rotunda, the pound
Arſenick white or yellow, or Roſalgar, the pound (*for Dyers uſe*)
If Imported and Entred as directed, by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. *Free.*
Aſarum Roots, the pound
Aſpalathus, the pound
Aſſa fœtida, the pound
Almonds bitter, the hundred weight, containing, 112 ℔
Alumen plume, the pound (*for Dyers uſe*)
Balauſtium, the pound
Balſamum artificial, the pound
Balſamum natural, the pound
Bayberries, the 112 pound (*for Dyers uſe*)
If Imported or Entred as directed, by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. *Free.*
Barley hull'd, not *French*, the 112 pound, by 22 *Car.* 2. cap. 13. 5 *l.*
Barley hull'd, *French*, the 112 pound, by 22 *Car.* 2. cap. 13. 5 *l.*
And for the French *Duty*, 7 & 8 W. 3.
Note, *That* 5 per Cent. *is not to be allowed out of the Duty, by* 22 Car. 2. *cap.* 13.

Drugs *vocat.*

Bdellium, the pound
Benalbum or Rubrum, the pound
Benjamin of all ſorts, the pound
Bezoar-Stone of the *Eaſt-India*, the ounce *Troy*
Bezoar-Stone of the *Weſt-India*, the ounce *Troy*
Black Lead, the 112 pound
Blatta Bizantia, the pound
Bolus communis, or Armoniacus, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔
Bolus verus, the pound, or fine Bole
Borax in Paſte, or unrefin'd, commonly call'd Tinckul, the pound
Borax refin'd, the pound
Bunkins, Holliwortles or Piſtolochia, the pound
Callamus, the pound
Camphire refin'd, the pound
Camphire unrefin'd, the pound
Cancri oculus, the pound
Cantharides, the pound
Carraway Seeds, the 112 pound
Cardamoms, the pound
Carpo Balſami, the pound
Carrabe or Succinum, the pound
Carthamus Seeds, the pound
Caſſia Fiſtula, the pound of all ſorts
Caſſia Lignea, the pound
Caſtoreum or Bever Cods, the pound
Ceruſſa, the 112 pound
China Roots, the pound
Ciceres white and red, the pound
Ciperus longus & rotundus, the 112 pound
Ciperus Nuts, the pound
Civet, the ounce *Troy*

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔.			The Nett Duties							
																		Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
9			3			1			2			6						1	17	10	10	1	13	7	4
	2				8			2⅔			5⅓		1	4						5	1			4	10
	2				8			2⅔			5⅓		1	4						5	1			4	10
	10			3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔		6	8					2	1	5		1	10	8
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
1												2							2	9	18		2	4	4
		8											1	4						1	3				19
1																1			1	10	13		1	4	19
	9			3			1			2			6												
	4			1	4			5⅓			10⅔		2	8					1	10	15		1	8	3
		4												8						10	2			8	19
																					11				9
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
	4	6		1	6			6		1			3						11	8			10	2
	3	6		1	2			4⅔			9⅓		2	4						8	17			7	17
6			2				13	4	1	6	8	4						1	5	3		1	2	4	16
	1												2							1	14			1	8
	7	6		2	6			10		1	8		5						1	6	19		1	4	16
	10			3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔		6	8					2	1	5		1	10	8
1	10			10			3	4		6	8	1							6	3	15		5	7	4
	13	4										1	6	8					1	10	12		1	6	16
5			1				6	8		13	4	2						14	9	6		12	3	6
5			1				6	8		13	4				5			17	7	1		15	1	1
																		5						
	7	6		2	6			10		1	8		5						1	6	19		1	4	16
	6			2				8		1	4		4						1	3	3		1	1	9
	15			5			1	8		3	4		10						3	1	18		2	9	12
9			3			1			2			6						1	17	10	10	1	13	7	4
1	10			10			3	4		6	8	1							6	3	15		5	7	4
4	10		1	10			10		1			3							18	11	5		16	9	12
	6			2				8		1	4		4						1	3	3		1	1	9
1				6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓		13	4					4	2	10		3	8	16
	2				8			2⅔			5⅓		1	4						5	1			4	10
	10			3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔		6	8					2	1	5		1	10	8
2				12	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔	1	6	8					8	5			7	5	12
	7	6		2	6			10		1	8		5						1	6	19		1	4	16
	2				8			2⅔			5⅓		1	4						5	1			4	10
	15			5			1	8		3	4		10						3	1	18		2	9	12
	7	6		2	6			10		1	8		5						1	6	19		1	4	16
	12			4			1	4		2	8		8						2	6	6		2	2	18
	15			5			1	8		3	4		10						3	1	18		2	9	12
3	12		1	4			8			16		2	8						15	1	16		13	5	6
	9			3			1			2			6						1	10	15		1	8	3
	12			4			1	4		2	8		8						2	6	6		2	2	18
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
	2				8			2⅔			5⅓		1	4						5	1			4	10
	4	6		1	6			6		1			3						11	8			10	2
	5			1	8			6⅔		1	1⅓		3	4							13			11	4
1	10			10			3	4		6	8	1							1	6	15		5	7	4
4	10		1	10			10		1			3							18	11	5		16	9	12
1				6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓		13	4					4	2	10		3	8	16
	1	6			6			2			4		1							3	16			3	7
5			1	13	4		11	1⅓	1	2	2⅔	3	6	8				1	1		10		18	8	
	2				8			2⅔			5⅓		1	4						5	1			4	10
6			2				12	4	1	6	8	4						1	5	3		1	2	4	16

Old

Drugs *vocat.*

- Coculus Indiæ, the pound
- Coloquintida, the pound
- Coral red or white in Fragments for Phyſical uſe, the pound
- Coral whole, the pound, *unpoliſhed*
- Coral whole, the pound *poliſhed*
- Coriander Seeds, the 112 pound
- Cortex guaci, the 112 pound
- Cortex caperum, the pound
- Cortex Tamariſci, the pound
- Cortex Mandragoræ, the pound
- Coſcus dulcis & amarus, the pound
- Cubebs, the pound
- Cummin Seed, the 112 pound
- Cuſcuta, the pound
- Cyclamen or Panis porcinus, the pound
- Citrago, the pound
- Cetrach, the pound
- Cinabrium or Vermillion, the pound
- Copperas { white, the 112 pound (*for Dyers uſe*) / blue, of *Danſke* or *Hungary*, the 112 pound (per *Dyers uſe*)
- Cambogium or Gutta Gambæ. the pound
- Cryſtal in broken pieces for Phyſick uſes, *per* pound
- Carlina, the pound
- Carolina, the pound
- Cortex Winteranus, the pound
- Daucus creticus, the pound
- Diagredium or Scammony, the pound
- Diptamus { Leaves, the pound / Roots, the pound
- Doronicum, the pound
- Eleborus albus & niger, the pound
- Epithemum, the pound
- Æſuſtum, the pound
- Euphorbium, the pound
- Fennel Seeds, the pound
- Fenugreek, the 112 pound
- Flory, the pound
- Folium Indiæ, the pound
- Fox Lungs, the pound
- Frankincenſe of *France*, or Parroſin, the 112 pound
  If of France (vide *at the end of the Drugs*)
- Galbanum, the pound
- Galanga, the pound
- General, the pound
- Gentiana, the pound
- *Guinea* Pepper, the pound
- Grana Pinæ, the pound
- Green Ginger, the pound
- Gum Animi, the pound
- Gum Armoniack, the pound
- Gum Carrannæ, the pound
- Gum Tragagant, the pound
- Gum Elemni, the pound
- Gum Hederæ, the pound
- Gum-lack *vocat.* { Cake or Stick-lack (*for Dyers uſe*) the pound / *If Stick-lack be Imported and Entred as directed, by* 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. *Free.* / Gum lack of all ſorts, the pound
- Gum Opopanex, the pound
- Gum Sarcocol, the pound

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			¼ Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅓			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				The Nett Duties to be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
	6			2				8		1	4		4						1	3	3		1	1	9
	6			2				8		1	4		4						1	3	3		1	1	9
	10			3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔		6	8					2	1	5		1	10	8
3			1				6	8		13	4	2							12	7	10		11	2	8
3			1				6	8		13	4	2			4				16	4	10		14	11	8
3			1				6	8		13	4	2							12	7	10		11	2	8
9			3			1			2			6						1	17	10	10	1	13	7	4
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
	2				8			2⅔			5⅓		1	4						5	1			4	10
	6			2				8		1	4		4						1	3	3		1	1	9
	5			1	8			6⅔		1	1⅓		3	4					1		13			11	4
	4			1	4			5⅓			10⅔		2	8						10	2			8	19
5			1	13	4		11	1⅓	1	2	2⅔	3	6	8				1	1		10		18	8	—
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
	6			2				8		1	4		4						1	3	3		1	1	9
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
	7	6		2	6			10		1	8		5						1	6	19		1	4	16
2												4							5	7	16		4	8	8
	12											1	4						1	8	7		1	4	18
	10			3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔		6	8					2	1	5		1	10	8
	10			3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔		6	8					2	1	5		1	10	8
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
	1				4			1⅓			2⅔			8						2	11			2	5
	2				8			2⅔			5⅓		1	4						5	1			4	10
	12			4			1	4		2	8		8						2	6	6		2	2	18
3			1				6	8		13	4	2							12	7	10		11	2	8
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
	4	6		1	6			6		1	—		3							11	8			10	2
	7	6		2	6			10		1	8		5						1	6	19		1	4	16
	2				8			2⅔			5⅓		1	4						5	1			4	10
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
	4			1	4			5⅓			10⅔		2	8						10	2			8	19
	2				8			2⅔			5⅓		1	4						5	1			4	10
	1	6			6			2			4		1							3	16			3	7
2	5			15			5			10		1	10						9	5	13		8	4	16
	6			2				8		1	4		4						1	3	3		1	1	9
	15			5			1	8		3	4		10						3	1	18		2	9	12
	9			3			1	—		2	—		6						1	10	15		1	8	3
1	16			12			4	—		8	—	1	4						7	6	18		6	8	13
	4	6		1	6			6		1	—		3							11	8			10	2
	4	6		1	6			6		1	—		3							11	8			10	2
	4			1	4			5⅓			10⅔		2	8						10	2			8	19
	1	6			6			2			4		1							3	16			3	7
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
	6			2				8		1	4		4						1	3	3		1	1	9
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
	12			4			1	4		2	8		8						2	6	6		2	2	18
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
	2	6			10			3⅓			6⅔		1	8						6	6			5	12
	12			4			1	4		2	8		8						2	6	6		2	2	18
	1												2							1	14			1	8
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
1				6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓		13	4					4	2	10		3	8	16
	4	6		1	6			6		1	—		2							11	8			10	2

Rates Inwards.

Drugs *vocat.*

Gum Serapinum or Sagapenum, the pound
Gum Taccamahaccæ, the pound
Grana Tinctorum, the pound
Grains of *Guinea*, or *French* Grains, the 112 pound
Gum Arabick or Gum Seneca, the 112 pound (*for Dyers use*)
If Imported and Entred as directed, by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. *Free.*
Gum Sandrake or Gum Juniperi, the 112 pound
Gum Guiaci, the pound
Gum Canamen, the pound
Hermodactilus, the pound
Hypocistis, the pound
Horns of Harts or Stags, the hundred
Incense or Olibanum, the 112 pound
Ireos, the 112 pound
Isonglass, the 112 pound (*for Dyers use*)
If Imported and Entred as directed, by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. *Free.*
Jujubes, the pound
Jolop, the pound
Juniper-berries, the 112 pound
Labdanum or Lapadonum, the pound
Lapis Callaminaris, the 112 pound
Lapis Hematitis, the 112 pound
Lapis Judaicus, the pound
Lapis Lazuli, the pound
Lapis Tutiæ, the pound
Leaves of Roses, the pound
Leaves of Violet, or Flowers, the pound
Lyntiscus or Xylobalsamum, the pound
Lignum Aloes, the pound
Lignum Asphaltum, the pound
Lignum Rhodium, the 112 pound
Lignum Vitæ, the 112 pound
Litharge of Gold, the 112 pound (*for Dyers use*)
Litharge of Silver, the 112 pound (*for Dyers use*)
Locust, the pound
Lupins, the 112 pound
Lentills, the pound
Lapis Contrayerva, the ounce
Lignum Nephreticum, the pound
Madder-roots, or Rubea Tinctorum, the pound (*for Dyers use*)
If Imported and Entred as directed, by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. *Free.*
Manna, the pound
Marmalade, the pound
Mastick white, the pound
Mastick red, the pound
Mechoacan, the pound
Mercury Sublimat, the pound
Mercury Præcipitat. the pound
Methridate Venetiæ, the pound
Millium Solis, the pound
Mirabolanes dry, the pound
Mirabolanes condited the pound
Mirtle-berries, the pound
Mummia, the pound
Musk, the ounce *Troy*
Musk-cods, the dozen
Myrrha, the pound
Nygella, the pound
Nytrum, the pound
Nutmegs condited, the pound

Rates Inwards.

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			¼ Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
	4	6		1	6			6		1			3							11	8			10	2
	12			4			1	4		2	8		8						2	6	6		2	2	18
	7	6		2	6			10		1	8		5						1	6	19		1	4	16
4	10		1	10			10		1			3							18	11	5		16	9	12
1	10											3							4	2	17		3	6	6
4	4		1	8			9	4		18	8	2	16						17	8	2		15	8	3
	12			4			1	4		2	8		8						2	6	6		2	2	18
	1	6			6			2			4		1							3	16			3	7
	6			2				8		1	4		4						1	3	3		1	1	9
	6			2				8		1	4		4						1	3	3		1	1	9
4	10		1	10			10		1			3							18	11	5		16	9	12
15			5			1	13	4	3	6	8	10						3	3	1	10	2	16		
7	10		2	10			16	8	1	13	4	5						1	11	6	15	1	8		
5												10							14	1	10		11	9	
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
	12			4			1	4		2	8		8						2	6	6		2	2	18
3			1				6	8		13	4	2							12	7	10		11	2	8
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
2	10			16	8		5	$6\frac{2}{3}$		11	$1\frac{1}{3}$	1	13	4					10	6	5			9	4	
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
1	10			10			3	4		6	8	1							6	3	15		5	7	4
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
	2				8			$2\frac{2}{3}$			$5\frac{1}{3}$		1	4						5	1			4	10
	5			1	8			$6\frac{2}{3}$		1	$1\frac{1}{3}$		3	4					1		13			11	4
1	10			10			3	4		6	8	1							6	3	15		5	7	4
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
1	10			10			3	4		6	8	1							6	3	15		5	7	4
1	10			10			3	4		6	8	1							6	3	15		5	7	4
	12											1	4						1	8	7		1	4	18
	10											1							1	4	19		1	2	2
	4		1	4				$5\frac{1}{3}$			$10\frac{2}{3}$		2	8					10	2				8	19
1	10			10			3	4		6	8	1							6	3	15		5	7	4
	9			3				1			2			6						1	18			1	14
	15			5			1	8		3	4		10						3	1	18		2	9	12
	12			4			1	4		2	8		8						2	6	6		2	2	18
	1												2							1	14			1	8
	7	6		2	6			10		1	8		5						1	6	19		1	4	16
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
	10			3	4		1	$1\frac{1}{3}$		2	$2\frac{2}{3}$		6	8					2	1	5		1	10	8
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
	7	6		2	6			10		1	8		5						1	6	19		1	4	16
	9			3			1			2			6						1	10	15		1	8	3
1				6	8		2	$2\frac{2}{3}$		4	$5\frac{1}{3}$		13	4					4	2	10		3	8	16
1	10			10			3	4		6	8	1							6	3	15		5	7	4
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
	5			1	8			$6\frac{2}{3}$		1	$1\frac{1}{3}$		3	4					1		13			11	4
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
6			2				13	4	1	6	8	4							1	5	3		1	2	4	16
6			2				13	4	1	6	8	4							1	5	3		1	2	4	16
	9			3			1			2			6						1	10	15		1	8	3	
	2				8			$2\frac{2}{3}$			$5\frac{1}{3}$		1	4						5	1			4	10	
	6			2				8		1	4		4						1	3	3		1	1	9	
	12			4			1	4		2	8		8						2	6	6		2	2	18	

Drugs *vocat.*

Nux de Benne, the pound
Nux Cupreſſi, the pound
Nux Indica, the pound
Nux Vomica, the pound
Nardus Celtica, or Spica Romana, the 112 pound
Nux pini or Grana pini, the pound
Olibanum, or Incenſe, the 112 pound
Opium, the pound
Oſipium Huirredum, the pound
Orcant or Almiet, the pound
Orange-flower { Ointment, the pound / Water, the gallon
Origanum, the pound
Oſſa de corde Cervi, the pound
Oyl of Amber, the pound
Oyl of Roſemary, the pound
Oyl de Bay, the 112 pound
Oyl of Mace, or Nutmegs, the pound
Oyl de Ben, the pound
Oyl of Spike, the pound
Oyl of Almonds, the pound
Oyl de Scorpions, the pound
Oleum Petroleum, the pound
Oleum Terpentine, the pound
Orabus, the pound
Orpment, or Auripigmentum, the 112 pound
Panther, the pound
Panis Porcinus (*vide* Cyclamen)
Pearl beaten, the ounce *Troy*
Pellitorie, the pound
Pepper long, the pound
Perroſin (*vide* Frankincenſe)
Piony Seeds, the pound
Piſtachias, or Nux Piſtachiæ, the pound
Pix Burgundiæ, the 112 pounds, of *France*
And for French *Duty, by* 7 & 8 W. 3.
Polium montanum
Polipodium, the pound
Pomegranate Peels, the 112 pound (*for Dyers uſe*)
If Imported and Entred as directed, by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. *Free.*
Poppy Seeds, the pound
Præcipitate (*vide* Mercury Præcipitate)
Pſyllium, the pound
Prunelloes or Prunes of Brunolia, the pound
Quickſilver (*vide* Argentum Vivum)
Rhapontikum, the pound
Radix Eſule, the pound
Red Lead, the 112 pound
Rhabarbarum or Rhubarb, the pound
Roſalger, the pound (*vide* Arſnick)
Roſſet, the pound
Radix Contrayerva, the pound
Radix Scorcionera, the pound
Radix Peonæ, the pound
Sal Alkali, the pound
Sal Armoniacum, the pound (*for Dyers uſe*)
If Imported and Entred as directed, by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. *Free.*
Sal Gem, the pound (*for Dyers uſe*)
If Imported and Entred as directed, by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. *Free.*
Sal Niter, the pound

San-

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			¼ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔.			The Nett Duties							
																		Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	D.	20th Parts
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
	2				8			2⅔			5⅓		1	4						5	1			4	10
	1	6			6			2			4		1							3	16			3	7
	2				8			2⅔			5⅓		1	4						5	1			4	10
16	16		5	12		1	17	4	3	14	8	11	4					3	10	8	9	3	2	8	15
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
15			5			1	13	4	3	6	8	10						3	3	1	10	2	16		
1	10			10			3	4		6	8	1							6	3	15		5	7	4
	1	6			6			2			4		1							3	16			3	7
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
	7	6		2	6			10		1	8		5						1	6	19		1	4	16
	15			5			1	8		3	4		10						3	1	18		2	9	12
	2				8			2⅔			5⅓		1	4						5	1			4	10
6			2				13	4	1	6	8	4						1	5	3		1	2	4	16
1	10			10			3	4		6	8	1			1				7	3			6	6	9
1	4			8			2	8		5	4		16						5		12		4	5	15
6			2				13	4	1	6	8	4						1	5	3		1	2	4	16
	18			6			2			4			12						8	9	9		3	4	7
1				6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓		13	4					4	2	10		3	8	16
	5			1	8			6⅔		1	1⅓		3	4					1		13			11	4
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
	8			2	8			10⅔		1	9⅓		5	4					1	8	4		1	5	18
	5			1	8			6⅔		1	1⅓		3	4					1		13			11	4
	1	6			6			2			4		1							3	16			3	7
	1	6			6			2			4		1							3	16			3	7
6			2				13	4	1	6	8	4						1	5	3		1	2	4	16
12			4			1	6	8	2	13	4	8						2	10	6		2	4	9	12
	10			3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔		6	8					2	1	5		1	10	8
	1	6			6			2			4		1							3	16			3	7
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
	2				8			2⅔			5⅓		1	4						5	1			4	10
2	5			15			5			10						3	15		11	6	19		10	6	2
																			3	9					
	2				8			2⅔			5⅓		1	4						5	1			4	10
	1				4			1⅓			2⅔			8						2	11			2	5
2												4								5	7	16		4	8	8
	2				8			2⅔			5⅓		1	4						5	1			4	10
	2				8			2⅔			5⅓		1	4						5	1			4	10
	2			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
2				13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔	1	6	8					8	5			7	5	12
	3			1				4			8		2							7	12			6	14
2	10			16	8		5	6⅔		11	1⅓	1	13	4					10	6	5		9	4	
3			1				6	8		13	4	2							12	7	10		11	2	8
	1	6			6			2			4		1							3	16			3	7
	10			3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔		6	8					2	1	5		1	10	8
	10			3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔		6	8					2	1	5		1	10	8
	2				8			2⅔			5⅓		1	4						5	1			4	10
	12			4			1	4		2	8		8						2	6	6		2	2	18
	1	8											3	4						2	17			2	7
		8											1	4						1	3				19
	4	6		1	6			6		1			3							11	7			10	2

Drugs *vocat.*

Sandracha, or Gum Sandracha, or Gum Juniperi, the 112 pound
Sandiver, the 112 pound
Sanguis Draconis, the pound
Sarſaparilla, the pound
Saſafras Wood or Roots, the 112 pound
Saunders white, the pound
Saunders yellow, the pound
Saunders red, *alias* Stock, the 112 pound (*for Dyers uſe*)
If Imported and Entred as directed, by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. *Free.*
Scamony (*vide* Diagredium)
Scincus Marinus, the piece
Scordium, the pound
Scorpions, the piece
Sebeſtines, the pound
Seeds for Gardens of all ſorts, the pound
Seler Montanus, the pound
Semen Cucumeris, Cucurb, Citrul Melon, the pound
Sena, the pound
Soldonella, the pound
Sperma Cæti fine, the pound
Sperma Cæti courſe oily, the 112 pound
Spica Celtica (*vide* Nardus Celtica, or Spica Romana)
Sanguis Hirci, the pound
Spicknard, the pound
Spodium, the pound
Spunges, the pound
Squilla, the 112 pound
Squinanthum, the pound
Stechados, the pound
Staphiſager, the 112 pound
Stibium (*vide* Antimonium præparatum)
Storax Calamita, the pound
Storax Liquida, the pound
Succus Liquoritiæ, the pound
Sulphur Vivum, the pound
Tamerinds, the pound
Terra Lemnia, the pound
Terra Sigillata, the pound
Thlaſpii ſemen, the pound
Tornſal, the pound (*for Dyers uſe*)
If Imported and Entred as directed, by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. *Free.*
Troſciſci de Vipera, the ounce *Troy*
Treacle common, the pound
Treacle of *Venice*, the pound
Turbith, the pound
Turbith Thapſiæ, the pound
Turmerick, the pound
Turpentine of *Venice*, *Scio*, or *Cyprus*, the pound
Turpentine common, the 112 pound
Talke white, the pound
Talke green, the pound
Verdigreace, the pound (*for Dyers uſe*)
If Imported and Entred as directed, by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. *Free.*
Verniſh, the 112 pound
Vermilion (*vide* Cinabrium)
Vitriolum Romanum, the pound
Umber, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔
Viſcus quercinus, the pound
White Lead, the 112 pound
Wormſeeds, the pound

Unrated

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid no Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
4	4	—	1	8	—	—	9	4	—	18	8	2	16	—	—	—	—	—	17	8	2	—	15	8	3
1	10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	3	15	—	5	7	4
	10	—	—	3	4	—	1	1⅓	—	2	2⅔	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	2	1	5	—	1	10	8
	10	—	—	3	4	—	1	1⅓	—	2	2⅔	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	2	1	5	—	1	10	8
3	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	12	7	10	—	11	2	8
	3	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	12	—	—	6	14
	6	—	—	2	—	—	—	8	—	1	4	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	1	3	3	—	—	1	9
4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	3	12	—	—	9	4	16
	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	1⅓	—	—	2⅔	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	2	11	—	—	2	5
	1	6	—	—	6	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	16	—	—	3	7
	—	9	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	1	18	—	—	1	14
	3	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	12	—	—	6	14
	2	—	—	—	8	—	—	2⅔	—	—	5⅓	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	5	1	—	—	4	10
	2	—	—	—	8	—	—	2⅔	—	—	5⅓	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	5	1	—	—	4	10
	2	—	—	—	8	—	—	2⅔	—	—	5⅓	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	5	1	—	—	4	10
	7	6	—	2	6	—	—	10	—	1	8	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	1	6	19	—	1	4	16
	2	—	—	—	8	—	—	2⅔	—	—	5⅓	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	5	1	—	—	4	10
	15	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	18	—	2	9	12
12	—	—	4	—	—	1	6	8	2	13	4	8	—	—	—	—	—	3	10	6	—	2	4	9	12
	3	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	12	—	—	6	14
1	—	—	—	6	8	—	2	2⅔	—	4	5⅓	—	13	4	—	—	—	—	4	2	10	—	3	8	16
	4	6	—	1	6	—	—	6	—	1	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	7	—	—	10	2
	10	—	—	3	4	—	1	1⅓	—	2	2⅔	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	1	5	—	1	10	8
3	15	—	1	5	—	—	8	4	—	16	8	2	10	—	—	—	—	—	15	9	8	—	14	—	—
	10	—	—	3	4	—	1	1⅓	—	2	2⅔	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	1	5	—	1	10	8
	2	6	—	—	10	—	—	3⅓	—	—	6⅔	—	1	8	—	—	—	—	—	6	6	—	—	5	12
6	—	—	2	—	—	—	13	4	1	6	8	4	—	—	—	—	—	1	5	3	—	1	2	4	16
	15	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	3	1	18	—	2	9	12
	3	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	12	—	—	6	14
	3	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	5	14	—	1	4	17
	2	—	—	—	8	—	—	2⅔	—	—	5⅓	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	5	1	—	—	4	10
	2	6	—	—	10	—	—	3⅓	—	—	6⅔	—	1	8	—	—	—	—	—	6	6	—	—	5	12
	15	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	3	1	18	—	2	9	12
	9	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	1	10	15	—	1	8	3
	3	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	12	—	—	6	14
	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	1	3	—	—	—	19
	15	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	3	1	18	—	2	9	12
	6	—	—	2	—	—	—	8	—	1	4	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	1	3	3	—	1	1	9
1	10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	3	15	—	5	7	4
	15	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	3	1	18	—	2	9	12
	6	—	—	2	—	—	—	8	—	1	4	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	1	3	3	—	1	1	9
	3	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	12	—	—	6	14
	5	—	—	1	8	—	—	6⅔	—	1	1⅓	—	3	4	—	—	—	—	1	—	13	—	—	11	4
1	10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	3	15	—	3	7	4
	1	6	—	—	6	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	16	—	—	3	7
	6	—	—	2	—	—	—	8	—	1	4	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	1	3	3	—	1	1	9
	1	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	4	—	—	—	—	—	2	17	—	—	2	8
6	—	—	2	—	—	—	13	4	1	6	8	4	—	—	—	—	—	1	5	3	—	1	2	4	16
	3	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	12	—	—	6	14
3	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	12	7	10	—	11	2	8
	12	—	—	4	—	—	1	4	—	2	8	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	2	6	6	—	2	2	18
3	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	12	7	10	—	11	2	8
	10	—	—	3	4	—	1	1⅓	—	2	2⅔	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	2	1	5	—	1	10	8

Drugs *vocat.*

Unrated Drugs, by which are meant those that are enumerated in 3 & 4 Annæ, *cap.* 4. §. 8. *fol.* 217 (*except such as are used in Dying*) *pay for every* 100 l. *value*

And by the said Act 3 & 4 Annæ, *cap.* 4. §. 8. *fol.* 217, *a New Duty of* 4 l. per Cent.

And by 10 Annæ, *cap.* 26. §. 22, 23. *fol.* 398, *a further New Duty of* 20 l. per Cent. *according to the real Worth, to be sold at the Places of Importation, without any Abatement for the Duties*

If any of the said Unrated Drugs are French, *instead of the* 5 l. per Cent. *Additional Impost, they pay by the same Act* 25 l. per Cent. *and then such Drugs for every* 100 l. *value, pay*

And the 2d 25 l. per Cent. *by* 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20.

Also the New Duty of 4 l. per Cent.

And the further New Duty of 20 l. per Cent.

If any of the said Unrated Drugs are of the Manufacture of the East-Indies, *instead of the* 5 l. per Cent. *Additional Impost, they pay* 20 l. per Cent. *by the Impost Act,* 1690. *and then such Drugs for every* 100 l. *reduced value, pay*

And the New Duties of 4 l. *and* 20 l. *for every* 100 l. *reduced value*

Zedoari, the pound

Xylobalsamum (*vide* Lentiscus)

All Drugs (*Dying Drugs excepted*) *which are rated in the Book of Rates, pay a New Duty of* 10 l. per Cent. *by* 3 & 4 Annæ, *cap.* 4. *fol.* 217, *according to the several Values charg'd thereon in the said Book of Rates, which are the same as are inserted in the Column for the further Subsidy.*

And all such Rated Drugs (*Dying Drugs, and Turpentine, imported from the* British *Plantations excepted*) *pay a further New Duty of* 20 l. per Cent. *by* 10 Annæ, *cap.* 26. §. 22, 23. *fol.* 398, *according to the Grose Valuations in the Book of Rates,* 12 Car. 2. *cap.* 4. *without any Abatement in respect of the Clause for Drugs imported in* English-*built Shipping, which are the same as they stand in the Column for the further Subsidy.*

Memorandum, *The aforesaid New Duties of* 10 l. *and* 20 l. per Cent. *on Rated Drugs, are included in the Two Columns, containing the Nett Duties Payable at Importation, and to be repaid on Exportation.*

French *Drugs rated* (*not used in Dying*) *are to pay the Old Subsidy, and the further Subsidy, as of other Foreign Parts; but instead of the Impost,* 1690. *they pay* 25 per Cent. *after the Rate of the further Subsidy for the Additional Impost,* $16\frac{2}{3}$. *and also the* 2d 25 per Cent. *by* 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. *fol.* 106, *according to the same Rate.*

French *Drugs rated* (*which are used in Dying*) *pay only the Old Subsidy, the* 25 per Cent. *Additional Impost, and the* 2d 25 per Cent. *by* 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. *fol.* 106, *both according to the Rate of the Old Subsidy.*

Rated Drugs of the Manufacture of India *or* China, *are, instead of the* 10 per Cent. *by the Impost Act,* 1690. *to pay* 20 per Cent. *by the said Act.*

All Drugs (*used in Dying*) *and which are enumerated among other Dying Goods in* 2 & 4 Annæ, *cap.* 4. §. 8. *fol.* 217, *are exempted from Payment of the following Duties.* Viz.

The advanced Duty on the Old Subsidy, by 8 & 9 W. 3 *cap.* 20.
The further Subsidy, by 1 Geo. *cap.* 1.
The $\frac{1}{3}$ *Subsidy, by* 2 & 3 Annæ, *cap.* 9.
The $\frac{2}{3}$ *Subsidy, by* 3 & 4 Annæ, *cap.* 5.
The New Duty, by 3 & 4 Annæ, *cap.* 4.
The further New Duty, by 10 Annæ, *cap.* 26.

Note,

Rates Inwards.

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔			The Nett Duties: Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
5	—	—	5	—	—	1	13	4	3	6	8	—	—	—	5	—	—	18	18	9	—	16	11	3	—
																		4	—	—	—	4	—	—	—
																		20	—	—	—	20	—	—	—
5	—	—	5	—	—	1	13	4	3	6	8	—	—	—	25	—	—	37	13	9	—	35	6	3	—
																		25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
																		4	—	—	—	4	—	—	—
																		20	—	—	—	20	—	—	—
5	—	—	5	—	—	1	13	4	3	6	8	20	—	—	—	—	—	33	—	—	—	30	12	6	—
																		24	—	—	—	24	—	—	—
10	—	—	3	4	—	1	1⅓	—	2	2⅔	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	2	1	5/20	—	1	10	8/20	

k

Old

Note, *The following enumerated* Drugs (*which are uſed in* Dying) *may, by* 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. §. 10. *fol.* 685, *be Imported without paying any Cuſtom, or other Duty, ſo as due Entry be made thereof, and ſo as the ſame be Landed in the Preſence of the proper Officer, and that ſuch Importation be according to the Rules preſcribed in the Act of Navigation,* 12 Car. 2. *cap.* 18. Viz.

Agarick.
Antimonium Crudum.
Aquafortis.
Arſenick.
Bayberries.
Cream of Tartar.
Gum Arabick, or Gum Seneca.
Iſinglaſs.
Madder Roots.
Pomegranate Peels.
Sal-Armoniack.
Sal-gem.
Red Saunders.
Stickſack.
Turnſole.
Verdegreaſe.

All Drugs Imported directly from the Place of their Growth, in *Britiſh*-built Shipping, to be Rated, One third part of the *ſeveral* Duties *beforementioned* and no more: *Except the Old Subſidy of* 5 s. per *Hundred weight on* French *or Hull'd Barley, the Impoſt,* 1690. *on Succus Liquoritiæ, and the further New Duty of* 20 l. per Cent. *by* 10 Annæ, *cap.* 26.

All Drugs of the Growth of America, *Imported directly from the* Britiſh *Plantations, are to pay Duty as if they were of the Growth of the ſaid Plantations, vide* 7 Annæ, *cap.* 8. §. 12. *fol.* 310.

E.

EArlings the groce, containing 12 dozen

Earthen Ware *vocat.*
- Brickſtones by the thouſand
- *Flanders* Tiles to ſcoure with, the thouſand
- Gally Tiles, the foot
- Paving Tiles, the thouſand
- Tiles call'd Pentiles, the thouſand
- All other ſorts of Earthen Ware (*except* China *Ware*, alias *Porceline*) not particularly mentioned, *for every* 20 s. *value*
- China *Ware*, alias *Porceline*, *for every* 20 s. *reduced value*
- *And for the New Duty on* China *Ware, by* 3 & 4 Annæ, *cap.* 4. 12 l. per Cent. *which is for every* 20 s. *reduced value*

East-India *or* China *Manufactures of all ſorts* (*except Indico,* China *Ware, and wrought Silk, or not mixt with Cotton, Silk or Herba*) *for every* 100 l. *Rate, or reduced value*

All East-India *Goods pay to the King for the Uſe of the* East-India *Company, a Duty of* 5 per Cent. *according to the groce Price at the Candle* vide *the Act* 9 & 10 W. 3. *cap.* 44. *except only ſuch Goods as are Imported by the* Engliſh *Company trading to the* East-Indies, *vide* 6 Annæ, *cap.* 17. §. 8.

East-India *and* China *Manufactures of Linen or Callico* (vide *Linen*)

Note, *That all* East-India *wrought Silks, Bengals, and Stuffs made of or mixt with Silk or Herba, and all Callicoes painted, dyed, printed or ſtained there, are prohibited to be worn in* Great Britain (vide *the Act*, p. 173)

Note, *No Cuſtoms or Duties are paid for the ſaid Goods, except the half Subſidy* (vide *the ſame Act*, p. 176)

Eggs,

Rates Inwards.

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			½ Subsidy.			½ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 1692.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	3	—	—					5	7	19	—	5	2	5
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—					2	10	4	—	2	4	10
2	—	—	2	—	—	—	13	4	1	6	8	—	—	—					5	8	8	—	4	9	—
—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	—	—					—	1	14	—	—	1	8
3	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—					8	6	12	—	7	1	10
8	—	—	8	—	—	2	13	4	5	6	8	—	—	—	8	—	—	1	10	3	12	1	6	6	—
1	10	—	1	10	—	—	10	—	1	—	—	2	10	—					6	7	9	—	5	10	18
1	10	—	1	10	—	—	10	—	1	—	—	4	—	—					8	—	6	—	7	3	15
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—					2	4	16	—	2	4	16
100	—	—	100	—	—	33	6	8	66	13	4	400	—	—				33	—	—	—	30	12	6	—

Eggs, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore
Elephants Teeth, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔
Emery-ſtones, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔
Ebony-wood, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔
But note, *That Ebony-wood is rated in* W. *at* 2 l. per *hundred weight.*
If of the Growth of his Majeſty's Plantations in America, *Free, by* 8 Geo. *cap.* 12.

F.

Fans
- for Corn, the piece
- of Paper, the dozen
  - *For New Duty,* 10 Annæ, *cap.* 19. *every* 20 s. *value,* 20 per Cent.
  - *New Duty,* 12 & 13 Annæ, *cap.* 9. *every* 20 s. *value,* 10 per Cent.
- for Women and Children, *French* making, the dozen
- *And for the Additional Duty on* French *Goods,* 7 & 8 W. 3. 25 l. per Cent.

Feathers
- for Beds, the 112 ℔
- *vocat.* Eſtridge or Oſtridge Feathers undreſt, the pound
- Eſtridge or Oſtridge dreſt, the pound

Feather Beds old or new, the piece
Felts for Clokes, *French* making, three yards and a half long, and one yard and a half broad, the Felt
For the Additional Duty on French *Goods,* 7 & 8 W. 3. 25 l. per Cent.
Fidles for Children, the dozen
Fire-ſhovels, the dozen
And for every hundred weight, containing 112 ℔ *of wrought Iron*
Fire-ſhovel Plates, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔
Figuretto, the yard
Files, the groce, containing 12 dozen
And for every hundred weight, containing 112 ℔ *of wrought Iron*

Fiſh *vocat.*
- Cod-fiſh, the barrel
- Cod-fiſh, the Laſt, containing 12 barrels
- Cod-fiſh, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore
- Cods-heads, the barrel
- Cole-fiſh, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore
- Eels
  - Pimper-Eels, the barrel
  - Shaft, Kine or Dole-Eels, the barrel
  - Spruce-Eels, the barrel
  - Stub-Eels, the barrel
  - Quick-Eels, the Ships lading
- Gull-fiſh, the barrel
- Haddocks, the barrel
- Herrings
  - white, full or ſhotten, the barrel
  - white, full or ſhotten, the Laſt, containing 12 barrels
  - red, the Cade, containing 5 hundred
  - red, the Laſt, containg 20 Cades
- Lamperns, the piece
- Lings of all ſorts, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore
- *Newland*
  - Fiſh ſmall, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore
  - Fiſh middle ſort, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore
  - Fiſh great, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore
- Salmon
  - the barrel
  - Girles, the barrel
- Seal-fiſh, the Fiſh
- Stock-fiſh
  - Cropling, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore
  - Cropling, the Laſt, containing 1000
  - Lub-fiſh, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore
  - Lub-fiſh, the Laſt, containing 1000
  - Titling, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore
  - Titling, the Laſt, containing 1000
- Whiting, the barrel

Note,

Rates Inwards.

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			¼ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169¾.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
	1	8		1	8			6⅔		1	1⅓									2	17			2	7
4			4			1	6	8	2	13	4				8				18	10	16		17		
	8			8			2	8		5	4								1	1	14			11	8
1			1				6	8		13	4								2	10	4			2	4	10
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓									11	8			9	10
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓									11	8			9	10
																			6				6		
2			2				13	4	1	6	8				10				15		18		14	1	10
																			10						
6			6			2			4										17	1	4		14	3	
1			1				6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
2			2				13	4	1	6	8								5	8	8		4	9	
2	13	4	2	13	4		17	9⅓	1	15	6⅔								7	7	4		6	4	
4			4			1	6	8	2	13	4				20			1	10	1	16	1	8	3	
																		1							
	4			4			1	4		2	8									6	17			5	14
	13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔								1	10	16		1	7	
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5
	13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔	5							6	7	1		6	3	5
	8	4		8	4		2	9⅓		5	6⅔								1	2	5			11	17
2			2				13	4		6	8								5	8	8		4	9	
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5
	13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔								7	10	8			1	7
8			8			2	13	4	5	6	8							4	14	4	16		19		
2	6	8	2	6	8		15	6⅔	1	11	1⅓							1			8		5	6	10
	3	4		3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔										8	12			4	15
1			1				6	8		13	4								9	3	12		2	4	10
1			1				6	8		13	4								4	3	12		2	4	10
1	10		1	10			10		1										6	5	8		3	6	15
2			2				13	4	1	6	8								8	7	4		4	9	
2	6	8	2	6	8		15	6⅔	1	11	1⅓								10		8		5	6	10
20			20			6	13	4	13	6	8							2	17			2	7	6	
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓								3	5	4			9	10
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓								3	5	4			9	10
	8	4		8	4		2	9⅓		5	6⅔								4	9	10			11	18
5			5			1	13	4	3	6	8							2	17	6			11	10	10
	8	4		8	4		2	9⅓		5	6⅔								1	9	10			11	18
8	6	8	8	6	8	2	15	6⅔	5	11	1⅓							1	15	10			19	9	10
	1			1				4			8									2	12			1	9
3	6	8	3	6	8	1	2	2⅔	2	4	5⅓							1	14	4			7	11	
	10			10			3	4		6	8								2	1	16		1	2	5
1			1				6	8		13	4								4	3	12		2	4	10
1	10		1	10			10		1										6	5	8		3	6	15
2			2				13	4	1	6	8								8	7	4		4	9	
	15			15			5			10									3	2	14		1	9	8
	13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔								2	10	8		1	7	
	13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔								2	10	8		1	7	
6	13	4	6	13	4	2	4	5⅓	4	8	10⅔							1	8	8			15	10	
1	6	8	1	6	8		8	10⅔		17	9⅓								5	8	16		3	2	
13	6	8	13	6	8	4	8	10⅔	8	17	9⅓							2	17	4		1	11	8	
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓								1	5	4			9	10
3	6	8	3	6	8	1	2	2⅔	2	4	5⅓								14	4			7	11	
	3	4		3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔									8	12			4	15

Fiſh *vocat.*

Note, That all ſorts of Fiſh *Engliſh* taken, and brought in *Engliſh* Ships, ought to pay no Cuſtom, as by the Stat. 10 *Eliz.* Reg. *cap.* 5.

By the Act of Navigation, 12 Car. 2. *cap.* 18. *any ſort of Ling, Stock-fiſh, Cod-fiſh, Herrings, Pilchards, or any other kind of dried or ſalted Fiſh, uſually fiſhed for or caught by the People of* Great Britain *or* Ireland, *which ſhall be imported into* Great Britain *in Ships not belonging to or caught by the People thereof, ſhall pay double Aliens Cuſtoms* (vide *the Act*, p. 225)

By the Act for Incouraging of Trade, 15 Car. 2. *cap.* 7. p. 279, *the following ſorts or kinds of dried or ſalted Fiſh, not fiſhed and caught and imported in* Britiſh-*built Ships, or Ships belonging to* Great Britain, *there ſhall be paid, by way of Cuſtom and Impoſt, the Sums hereafter mentioned*, Viz.

	l.	s.	d.
For Cod-fiſh, the barrel	00	05	00
Cod-fiſh, the Laſt, containing 12 *barrels*	03	00	00
Cod-fiſh, the hundred, containing 120	00	10	00
Cole-fiſh, the hundred, containing 120	00	05	00
Lings, the hundred, containing 120	01	00	00
White Herring, the Laſt	01	16	00
Haddock, the barrel	00	02	00
Gull-fiſh, the barrel	00	02	00

Note, *By the Acts* 12 Car. 2. *cap.* 4. 9 & 10 W. 3. *cap.* 23. *and* 1 Geo. *cap.* 1. *all Fiſh* Britiſh *taken, and imported in* Britiſh *Bottoms, and all freſh Fiſh, are exempt from Payment of the further Subſidy, and conſequently from the* $\frac{1}{3}$ *Subſidy*, 2 & 3 Annæ, *and* $\frac{2}{3}$ *Subſidy*, 3 & 4 Annæ.

Flannel, the yard

Flasks
- covered with Leather, the dozen
- covered with Velvet, the dozen
- of Horn, the dozen

Flax
- *Spruce, Muſcovy*, and all Flax undreſt, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔
- dreſt or wrought Flax, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔

Fleams to let Blood, the piece

And for every hundred weight, containing 112 ℔ *of wrought Steel*

Flocks, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔

Flutes courſe, the groce, containing 12 dozen

Frize of *Ireland*, the yard

French *Goods and Merchandize* (*except Wine, Brandy, Salt, and Vinegar and alſo except Drugs, Linen, and Goods uſed in Dying*) *for every* 20 s. *value, on Oath*

And all Goods of the Product and Manufacture of France (*except Wine, Brandy and Vinegar*) *Imported, pay* 25 l. per Cent. ad Valorem, *by* 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. p. 105, *being for every* 20 s. *Rate or Value*

French *Wine* (vide *Wine*)

French *Brandy* (vide *Brandy*)

French *Vinegar* (vide *Vinegar in Wine*)

French *Linen* (vide *Linen*)

French *Drugs* (vide *Drugs*)

French *Goods uſed in Dying* (*except Drugs*) *every* 20 s. *Rate or Value*

As alſo for the Additional Duty, by 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. *above mentioned*, 25 per Cent. *for every* 20 s. *Rate or Value*

Frizado the piece, containing 24 yards

Furs *vocat.*
- Armins, the Timber, containing 40 skins
- Badgers skins, the piece
- Bear skins
  - black or red, the piece
  - white, the piece

Rates Inwards.

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			½ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔			The Nett Duties							
																		Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
1	8	—	1	8	—	—	—	6⅔	—	1	1⅓	—	—	—	—	3	4	—	—	4	15	—	—	4	5
5	—	—	5	—	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	15	—	—	—	—	—	1	5	—	—	1	3	11
2	—	—	2	—	—	—	13	4	1	6	8	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	3	18	—	10	4	10
6	8	—	6	8	—	—	2	2⅔	—	4	5⅓	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	8	—	—	9	10
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	1	17	—	2	8	3
15	—	—	15	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—							
—	2	—	—	2	—	—	—	⅔	—	—	1⅓	—	—	—	45	—	—	3	15	5	5	3	8	3	15
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	5
2	—	—	2	—	—	—	13	4	1	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	1	18	—	5	1	18
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	8	8	—	4	9	—
—	9	—	—	9	—	—	3	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	10	4	—	2	4	10
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	—	5	10	—	—	4	13	—	—	—	4	9
															5	—	—	—	—	7	6	9	—	7	—	15
																		—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—
1	—	—													5	—	—	—	—	5	7	13	—	5	1	19
																		—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—
8	—	—	8	—	—	2	13	4	5	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2	—	—	2	—	—	—	13	4	1	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	9	12	—	19	—	—
—	2	—	—	2	—	—	—	8	—	1	4	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	7	6	18	—	6	7	10
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	4	11	—	—	4	—
2	—	—	2	—	—	—	13	4	1	6	8	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	3	9	9	—	3	3	15
															2	—	—	—	7	6	18	—	6	7	10

Old

Furs *vocat.*

- Beaver — Skins, the whole piece, *as by* 8 Geo. *cap.* 15.
- Beaver — Wombs, the piece
- Budge — white tawed the hundred, containing 5 ſcore skins
- Budge — black tawed, the dozen skins
- Budge — black untawed the hundred, containing 5 ſcore skins
- Budge — Poults the Fur, containing 4 pains
- Budge — Navern the hundred Legs, containing 5 ſcore
- Budge — Rumney the hundred Legs, containing 5 ſcore
- Calaber — untawed the Timber, containing 40 skins
- Calaber — tawed the Timber, containing 40 skins
- Calaber — ſeaſoned, the pain
- Calaber — Stagg, the pain
- Cats — Skins the hundred, containing 5 ſcore
- Cats — Poults the hundred, containing 5 ſcore
- Cats — Poults, the mantle
- Cats — Wombs, the pain or mantle
- Dockerers — the Timber, containing 40 skins
- Fitches — the Timber, containing 40 skins
- Fitches — the pain or mantle
- Foxes — the black Fox skin
- Foxes — the ordinary skin
- Foxes — the pain or mantle
- Foxes — Wombs, poults or pieces, the pain
- Foyns — Backs, the dozen
- Foyns — Tails, the pain or mantle
- Foyns — with Tails, the piece
- Foyns — without Tails, the piece
- Foyns — raw, the piece
- Foyns — Poults the hundred, containing 5 ſcore
- Foyns — Wombs ſeaſoned, the pain or mantle
- Foyns — Wombs Stagg, the pain or mantle
- Grays — untawed the Timber, containing 40 skins
- Grays — tawed the Timber, containing 40 skins
- Jennets — black raw, the skin
- Jennets — black ſeaſoned, the skin
- Jennets — gray raw, the skin
- Jennets — gray ſeaſoned, the skin
- Letwis — tawed the Timber, containing 40 skins
- Letwis — untawed the Timber, containing 40 skins
- Leopards — Skins, the piece
- Leopards — Wombs, the pain
- Lewzernes-skins, the piece
- Martrons — the Timber, containing 40 skins
- Martrons — the pain or mantle
- Martrons — Poults, the pain or mantle
- Martrons — Gills the Timber, containing 40 skins
- Martrons — Tails the hundred, containing 5 ſcore
- Miniver, the mantle
- Minks — untawed the Timber, containing 40 skins
- Minks — tawed the Timber, containing 40 skins
- Moul-skins, the dozen
- Otter-skins, the piece
- Ounce-skins, the piece
- Sables of all ſorts, the Timber, containing 40 skins
- Weazle-skins, the dozen
- Woolf-skins — tawed, the piece
- Woolf-skins — untawed, the piece
- Woolverings, the piece
- *All other Furs, for every* 20 s. *value, on Oath*

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			½ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				The Nett Duties To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
	2	6		2	6			10		1	8					2	6			5	13			2	16
	1	8		1	8			6⅔		1	1⅓					1	8			3	16			3	6
2			2				13	4	1	6	8				2				7	6	18		6	7	10
1	6	8	1	6	8		8	10⅔		17	9⅓				1	6	8		5		12		4	5	
3	10		3	10		1	3	4	2	6	8				3	10			13	3	1		11	7	2
1			1				6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15
	8	4		8	4		2	9⅓		5	6⅔					8	4		1	6	19		1	4	12
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓					6	8		1	3	3		1	1	5
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓					6	8		1	3	3		1	1	5
	8			8			2	8		5	4					8			1	6	3		1	3	17
1			1				6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15
	12	6		12	6		4	2		8	4					12	6		2	4	9		2		18
2			2				13	4	1	6	8				2				7	6	18		6	7	10
1			1				6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15
	6	3		6	3		2	1		4	2					6	3		1	2	5		1		10
	6	3		6	3		2	1		4	2					6	3		1	2	5		1		10
	13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔					13	4		2	6	6		2	2	10
	13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔					13	4		2	6	6		2	2	10
	12	6		12	6		4	2		8	4					12	6		2	4	9		2		18
10			10			3	6	8	6	13	4				10			1	17	10	10	1	13	1	10
	1	4		1	4			5⅓			10⅔					1	4			3	1			2	13
	15			15			5			10						15			2	10	2		2	5	17
	10			10			3	4		6	8					10			1	10	14		1	7	17
	13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔					13	4		2	6	6		2	2	10
	12	6		12	6		4	2		8	4					12	6		2	4	9		2		18
	3	4		3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔					3	4			7	12			6	13
	4			4			1	4		2	8					4				9	2			8	
	1			1				4			8					1				2	5			2	
1	6	8	1	6	8		8	10⅔		17	9⅓				1	6	8		5		12		4	5	
1	6	8	1	6	8		8	10⅔		17	9⅓				1	6	8		5		12		4	5	
15			15				5			10						15			2	10	2		2	5	17
	8	4		8	4		2	9⅓		5	6⅔					8	4		1	6	19		1	4	12
	12	6		12	6		4	2		8	4					12	6		2	4	9		2		18
	12	6		12	6		4	2		8	4					12	6		2	4	9		2		18
	16	8		16	8		5	6⅔		11	1⅓					16	8		3	1	18		2	9	3
	3			3			1			2						3				6	16			5	19
	4			4			1	4		2	8					4				9	2			8	
	8	4		8	4		2	9⅓		5	6⅔					8	4		1	6	19		1	4	12
	6			6			2			4						6			1	1	13			11	19
1	5		1	5			8	4		16	8				1	5			4	8	17		4	1	15
5			5			1	13	4	3	6	8				5				18	11	5		16	6	15
2	10		2	10			16	8	1	12	4				2	10			9	5	13		8	3	8
10			10			3	6	8	6	13	4				10			1	17	10	10	1	13	1	10
9			9			3			6						9			1	14	1	1	1	9	9	15
	10			10			3	4		6	8					10			1	10	14		1	7	17
	12			12			4			8						12			2	3	7		1	11	19
2			2				13	4	1	6	8				2				7	6	18		6	7	10
	13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔					13	4		2	6	6		2	2	10
3			3			1			2						3				11	4	7		9	11	5
4			4			1	6	8	2	13	4				4				15	1	16		13	3	
	4			4				1⅓			2⅔					4				15					13
	5			5			1	8		3	4					5				11	7			9	18
	12	6		12	6		4	2		8	4					12	6		2	4	9		2		18
30			30			10			20						30			5	13	7	10	4	19	4	10
	4			4				1⅓			2⅔					4				15					13
1	10		1	10			10		1						1	10			5	8	3		4	11	13
1	3		1	3			7	8		15	4				1	3			4	4	5		3	9	14
	12	6		12	6		4	2		8	4					12	6		2	4	9		2		18
1			1				6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15

Furs *vocat.* { Note, *If any of the Skins abovementioned be tawed, tanned, or otherwiſe dreſt, they are to pay beſides for every* 20 s. *value on Oath, all Duties included* 15 l. per Cent. 9 Annæ, *cap.* 11. §. 1. *and* 15 l. per Cent. 10 Annæ, *cap.* 26. §. 1.

Fuſtians *vocat.* {
Amſterdam, *Holland* or *Dutch* Fuſtians the Piece, containing 2 half pieces of 15 yards the half piece
Barmillians the Piece, containing 2 half pieces
Cullen Fuſtians the Piece, containing 2 half pieces
Holmes and *Bevernex* Fuſtians the Bale, containing 45 half pieces
Holmes and *Bevernex* Fuſtians the Piece, containing 2 half pieces
Jean Funſtians the Piece, containing 2 half pieces
Milan Fuſtians the Piece, containing 2 half pieces
Naples Fuſtians, tripe or velure plain the half Piece, containing 7 yards and an half
Naples Fuſtians, tripe or velure plain the Piece, containing 15 yards
Naples Fuſtians, tripe or velure plain, the yard
Naples Fuſtians wrought, *vocat. Sparta* Velvet the half Piece, containing 7 yards and an half
Naples Fuſtians wrought, *vocat.* or *Sparta* Velvet, the yard
Oſbrow or *Auguſta* Fuſtians the Piece, containing 2 half pieces
with Silk, the yard
of Weazel the Piece, containing 2 half pieces

Fuſſes of Cloves, the pound

G.

Gadza of all ſorts without gold or ſilver, the yard
Gadza ſtriped with gold or ſilver, the yard
Gally Diſhes, the dozen
Garnets { ſmall rough, the pound
ſmall or great cut, the pound
Gantlets, the pair
Garters of Silk, *French*-making, the dozen pair
For the Additional Duty (vide *wrought Silk*)
For the Additional Duty on French *Goods*, 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20.
Gauls, the hundred wieght, containing 112 lb (*for Dyers uſe*)
If Imported and Entred as directed, by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. *Free.*
Gimlets for Vintners, the dozen
And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron

Girdles {
of Cruel, the groce, containing 12 dozen
of Leather, the groce, containing 12 dozen
And for the Leather Duty, 15 per Cent. 9 Annæ, *for every* 20 s. *value*
And for the Leather Duty, 15 per Cent. 10 Annæ, *for every* 20 s. *value, on Oath*
of Silk, the dozen
For the Additional Duty (vide *wrought Silk*)
of Velvet, the dozen
For the Additional Duty (vide *wrought Silk*)
For the two laſt Particulars, for the Additional Impoſt, 4 & 5 W. & M. *for every* lb *of wrought Silk*

Girdles { of Woollen, the dozen
of Counterfeit gold and ſilver, the dozen

Glaſſes for windows *vocat.* {
Burgundy white, the cheſt
And for the Additional Duty on French *Goods*, 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20.
Burgundy coloured, the cheſt
And for the Additional Duty on French *Goods*, 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20.
Normandy white, the caſe
And for the Additional Duty on French *Goods*, 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20.

Glaſſes

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	120th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	120th Parts.
																			6						
8			8			2	13	4	5	6	8							1	2	9	12		19		
8			8			2	13	4	5	6	8							1	2	9	12		19		
8			8			2	13	4	5	6	8							1	2	9	12		19		
80			80			26	13	4	53	6	8							11	8			9	10		
3	14		3	14		1	4	8	2	9	4								10	6	11		8	9	9
3	7		3	7		1	2	4	2	4	8								9	6	11		7	11	9
8			8			2	13	4	5	6	8							1	2	9	12		19		
4			4			1	6	8	2	13	4								11	4	16		9	6	
8			8			2	13	4	5	6	8							1	2	9	12		19		
	10			10			3	4		6	8								1	5	2		1	2	5
6			6			2			4										17	1	4		14	3	
	16			16			5	4		10	8								2	3	7		1	10	16
4	10		4	10		1	10		3										12	9	18		10	8	5
	8			8			2	8		5	4		16						1	10	14		1	8	9
8			8			2	13	4	5	6	8							1	2	9	12		19		
	3	6		3	6		1	2		2	4									6				5	
	2	8		2	8			$10\frac{2}{3}$		1	$9\frac{1}{3}$									4	11			3	16
	5			5			1	8		3	4									8	11			7	2
	2	6		2	6			10		1	8									4	6			3	11
1			1				6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
3			3			1			2										8	6	12		7	1	10
	4			4			1	4		2	8									6	17			5	14
3			3			1			2						15			1	3	10	15	1	2	5	13
																			15						
2																			1	10	16			11	8
	8			8			2	8		5	4								1	1	14			11	8
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5
2	13	4	2	13	4		17	$9\frac{1}{3}$	1	15	$6\frac{2}{3}$								7	7	4		6	4	
3	6	8	3	6	8	1	2	$2\frac{2}{3}$	2	4	$5\frac{1}{3}$				3	6	8		12	7	10		11		10
																			6				4		
2			2				13	4	1	6	8	4							10	3	13		9	4	5
4			4			1	6	8	2	13	4	8						1		7	6		18	8	10
															2				1	10	10		1	10	10
1	12		1	12			10	8	1	1	4								4	6	15		3	9	12
1			1				6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
3	15		3	15		1	5		2	10					18	15		1	8	3	4	1	6	5	17
																			18	9					
5	5		5	5		1	15		3	10					26	5		1	19	6	17	1	17		18
																		1	6	3					
1	10		1	10			10		1						7	10			11	3	14		10	7	3
																			7	6					

Glaſſes for windows *vocat.*	*Normandy* coloured, the caſe	
	And for the Additional Duty on French *Goods*, 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20.	
	Rheniſh the wey or web, containing 60 bunches	
	Muſcovy Glaſs or Slude, the pound	
Drinking Glaſſes *vocat.*	*Venice* drinking Glaſſes, the dozen	
	Flanders drinking Glaſſes, the hundred glaſſes	
	Scotch drinking Glaſſes, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	
	French drinking Glaſſes, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	
	And for the Additional Duty on French *Goods*, 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20.	
	courſe drinking Glaſſes, the dozen	
Glaſſes *vocat.*	Burning Glaſſes, the dozen	
	Balm Glaſſes, the groce, containing 12 dozen	
	Vials the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	
	Water Glaſſes, the dozen	
Looking Glaſſes	Half-peny ware, the groce, containing 12 dozen	
	Peny ware, the groce, containing 12 dozen	
	of Steel, ſmall, the dozen	
	of Steel, large	
	of Cryſtal, ſmall, the dozen under N° 6,	
	of Cryſtal, middle ſort, the dozen, N° 6,	
	of Cryſtal, ſmall, the dozen, N° 7, 8, 9, 10,	
	of Cryſtal, the dozen, N° 11, 12,	
Hour Glaſſes	of *Flanders*-making, courſe, the groce, containing 12 dozen	
	of *Flanders*-making, the dozen, fine	
	of *Venice* making, the dozen	
Glaſs-ſtone Plates for Spectacles, rough, the dozen		
Glaſs Plates, or Sights for Looking Glaſſes unfiled,	of Cryſtal, ſmall, under N° 6, the dozen	
	of Cryſtal, N° 6, the dozen	
	of Cryſtal, N° 7, 8, 9, 10, the dozen	
	of Cryſtal, N° 11, 12, the dozen	
Glaſs Pipes	ſmall, the pound	
	great, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb	
All other Glaſs Manufactures not above particularly rated (except Glaſs-beads) rated at *per* Pound, *that is, they pay for every* 20 s. *value*		
Glew, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb		
Globes	ſmall, the pair	
	large, the pair	
Gloves	of *Bruges*-making, the groce, containing 12 dozen	
	of *French*-making, the groce, containing 12 dozen	
	And for the Additional Duty on French *Goods*, 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20.	
	of *Canary*, *Milan* or *Venice*, unwrought the dozen pair	
	of *Canary*, *Milan* or *Venice*, wrought with gold or ſilver, the dozen pair	
	French, wrought with gold or ſilver the dozen pair	
	And for the Additional Duty on French *Goods*, 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20.	
	of *Vandon*, the dozen pair	
	of Silk knit, the dozen pair	
	And for every pound weight	
	of *Spaniſh* plain, the dozen pair	
	And if any of the abovementioned Gloves be Leather, for every 20 s. *value on Oath, all Duties included*, 15 l. per Cent. 9 Annæ, *and* 15 l. per Cent. 10 Annæ.	
Gold and Silver Thread counterfeit *vocat.*	*Bruges* Gold and Silver, the pound, containing 16 ounces *Avoirdupois*	
	Cap Gold and Silver, the pound, containing 16 ounces *Avoirdupois*	
	Copper, Gold and Silver upon Quills and Rolls, or Rolls, or in Skain, the pound, containing 16 ounces *Avoirdupois*	
	Cullen Gold and Silver, the Maſt, cont. 2 lb and an half, at 12 ounces to the pound	
	French Copper, Gold and Silver, the Mark, cont. 8 ounces *Avoirdupois*	
	And for the Additional Duty on French *Goods*, 7 & 8 W. 3 *cap.* 20. 1 l. 5 s.	

Rates Inwards.

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			½ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔.			The Nett Duties						
																		Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
3	15	—	3	15	—	1	5	—	2	10	—	—	—	—	18	15	—	1	8	3	4	1	6	5	17
																			18	9	—				
4	10	—	4	10	—	1	10	—	3										12	9	18		10	8	5
	2	—		2	—			8		1	4									3	8			2	17
	18	—		18	—		6	—		12	—	2	14	—					5	1	3		4	8	1
1	5	—	1	5	—		8	4		16	8	3	15	—					7		19		6	5	16
	15	—		15	—		5	—		10	—	2	5	—					4	3	—		3	10	14
	15	—		15	—		5	—		10	—				3	15	—		5	7	17		5	3	11
																			3	9	—				
	3	—		3	—		1	—		2	—		9	—						10	4			9	7
	3	—		3	—		1	—		2	—		9	—						10	4			9	7
	7	6		7	6		2	6		5	—	1	2	6					2	1	10		1	11	7
	15	—		15	—		5	—		10	—	2	5	—					4	3	—		3	10	14
	12	—		12	—		4	—		8	—	1	16	—					3	4	17		3	1	9
	8	—		8	—		2	8		5	4	1	4	—					2	3	5		2	—	19
	16	—		16	—		5	4		10	8	2	8	—					4	6	10		4	1	18
	13	4		13	4		4	$5\frac{1}{3}$		8	$10\frac{2}{3}$	2		—					3	9	6		3	5	10
1	6	8	1	6	8		8	$10\frac{2}{3}$		17	$9\frac{1}{3}$	4		—					7	6	12		6	11	—
1	10	—	1	10	—		10	—	1			4	10	—					8	5	19		7	9	8
3		—	3		—	1		—	2		—	9		—					16	11	17		15	8	15
6		—	6		—	2		—	4		—	18		—				1	13	11	14	1	11	1	10
45		—	45		—	15		—	30		—	135		—				12	14	9	15	11	13	5	5
3		—	3		—	1		—	2		—	9		—					16	11	17		15	6	15
1		—	1		—		6	8		13	4	3		—					5	7	19		5	2	5
3		—	3		—	1		—	2		—	9		—					16	11	17		15	6	15
1		—	1		—		6	8		13	4	3		—					5	7	19		5	2	5
1		—	1		—		6	8		13	4	3		—					5	7	19		5	2	5
2		—	2		—		13	4	1	6	8	6		—					11	3	18		10	4	10
4		—	4		—	1	6	8	2	13	4	12		—				1	2	7	16	1	—	9	—
30		—	30		—	10		—	20		—	90		—				8	9	10	10	7	15	7	10
	7	6		7	6		2	6		5	—	1	2	6					2	1	10		1	11	7
7	10	—	7	10	—	2	10	—	5			22	10	—				2	2	5	13	1	18	10	18
	1	6		1	6			6		1	—		3	—					7	1	1		6	4	10
1		—	1		—		6	8		13	4			—					2	10	4		2	4	10
3		—	3		—	1		—	2		—			—					8	6	12		7	1	10
6		—	6		—	2		—	4		—			—					17	1	4		14	3	—
2	10	—	2	10	—		16	8	1	13	4			—	2	10	—		9	5	12		8	3	7
2	10	—	2	10	—		16	8	1	13	4			—	12	10	—		18	10	2		17	7	18
														—					12	6	—				
1		—	1		—		6	8		13	4			—	1		—		3	9	9		3	3	15
4		—	4		—	1	6	8	2	13	4			—	4		—		15	1	16		13	3	—
4		—	4		—	1	6	8	2	13	4			—	20		—	1	10	1	16	1	8	3	—
														—				1							
1		—	10		—		3	4		6	8			—		10	—		1	10	15		1	7	18
2		—	2		—		13	4	1	6	8	4		—					10	3	13		9	4	5
														—	2		—		1	10	10		1	10	10
15		—	15		—		5	—		10	—			—		15	—		2	10	2		2	5	17
														—					6	—	—		4		
13	4	—	13	4	—		4	$5\frac{1}{3}$		8	$10\frac{2}{3}$			—		13	4		2	6	6		2	2	10
1		—	1		—		6	8		13	4			—	1		—		3	9	9		3	3	15
10		—	10		—		3	4		6	8			—		10	—		1	10	15		1	7	18
1	6	8	1	6	8		8	$10\frac{2}{3}$		17	$9\frac{1}{3}$			—	1	6	8		5	—	12		4	5	—
5		—	5		—		1	8		3	4			—	1	5	—		1	10	12		1	9	4
														—					1	3	—				

Gold and Silver Thread counterfeit *vocat.*
- *Lyons* Copper, Gold and Silver double gilt, the Mark, containing 8 ounces *Avoirdupois*
- *And for the Additional Duty on* French *Goods*, 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. 6 l. 13 s. 4 d.

Gold and Silver Thread right *vocat.*
- *Venice*, *Florence*, or *Milan* Gold and Silver, the pound, containing 12 ounces *Venice* weight
- *French* and *Paris* Gold and Silver, the Mark, containing 11 ounces and an half *Venice* weight
- *And for the Additional Duty on* French *Goods*, 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. 10 l.

Gold-foil, the small groce, containing 12 dozen

Gold-paper, the small groce, containing 12 dozen

And a New Duty on Paper, 10 Annæ, 20 per Cent.

A further New Duty on Paper, 12 & 13 Annæ, 10 per Cent.

Grains
- *French*, the pound
- *And for the Additional Duty on* French *Goods*, 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. 3 s. 4 d.
- *Guinea*, the pound

Grain
- or Scarlet-powder, the pound (*for Dyers use*)
- of *Sevil* in Berries, and Grains of *Portugal*, or *Rotta*, the pound (*for Dyers use*)

Grindlestones, the Chalder

Grocery Wares *vocat.*
- Almonds, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb
- Anniseeds, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb
- Cloves, the pound (*as by* 8 Geo. *cap.* 15.)
- *And for the New Duty on Cloves*, 5 l. *for every* 100 l. *value, by* 6 & 7 W. 3. *cap.* 7.
- *And for the New Additional Duty on Cloves* 5 l. *for every* 100 l. *value, by* 3 & 4 Annæ, *cap.* 4.
- *And for the further New Duty on Cloves, by* 8 Annæ, *cap.* 7. *as much as all the Duties then payable amounted to.*
- Currants, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb
- Dates, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb

Ginger
- of the *East-Indies*, the pound
- of the *West-Indies*, the pound
- *Ginger of the* West-Indies, *by* 9 & 10 W. 3. *cap.* 23.
- *Is to pay for each Subsidy*, 1 s. *for every hundred weight*

- Liquorise, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb
- *Liquorise in Powder, the hundred weight, containing* 112 lb
- *For every* 20 s. *value, on Oath for the Subsidies*
- Maces, the pound (*as by* 8 Geo. *cap.* 15.)
- *And for the New Duty on Mace*, 5 l. *for every* 100 l. *value, by* 6 & 7 W. 3. *cap.* 7.
- *And for the New Additional Duty on Mace*, 5 l. *for every* 100 l. *value, by* 3 & 4 Annæ, *cap.* 4.
- *And for the further New Duty on Mace, by* 8 Annæ, *cap.* 7. *as much as all the Duties then payable amounted to.*
- Nutmegs, the pound (*as by* 8 Geo. *cap.* 15.)
- *And for the New Duty on Nutmegs*, 5 l. *for every* 100 l. *value, by* 6 & 7 W. 3. *cap.* 7.
- *And for the New Additional Duty on Nutmegs*, 5 l. *for every* 100 l. *value, by* 3 & 4 Annæ, *cap.* 4.
- *And for the further New Duty on Nutmegs, by* 8 Annæ, *cap.* 7. *as much as all the Duties then payable amounted to.*
- Cinnamon, the pound
- *And for the New Duty on Cinnamon*, 5 l. *for every* 100 l. *value, by* 6 & 7 W. 3. *cap.* 7.
- *And for the New Additional Duty on Cinnamon*, 5 l. *for every* 100 l. *value, by* 3 & 4 Annæ, *cap.* 4.

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			¼ Subsidy.			⅕ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅖			The Nett Duties							
																		Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
1	6	8	1	6	8	—	8	10⅔	—	17	9⅓	—	—	—	6	13	4	—	10	—	12	—	9	5	—
																		—	6	8	—	—	—	—	—
3	6	8	3	6	8	1	2	2⅔	2	4	5⅓	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	6	—	—	7	11	—
2	—	—	2	—	—	—	13	4	1	6	8	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	15	—	18	—	14	1	10
																		—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—
	6	8	—	6	8	—	2	2⅔	—	4	5⅓	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	8	—	—	9	10
	13	4	—	13	4	—	4	5⅓	—	8	10⅔	—	13	4	—	—	—	—	2	6	6	—	2	2	10
																		—	6	—	—	—	6	—	—
	—	8	—	—	8	—	—	2⅔	—	—	5⅓	—	—	—	—	3	4	—	—	3	—	—	—	2	16
																		—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—
	—	8	—	—	8	—	—	2⅔	—	—	5⅓	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	3	—	—	—	19
	6	8																—	—	3	16	—	—	1	18
	3	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	18	—	—	—	19
1	6	8	1	6	8	—	8	10⅔	—	17	9⅓	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	9	12	—	3	2	—
6	—	—	6	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	1	8	4	4	1	5	6	—
3	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	14	2	2	—	12	9	—
	4	—	—	4	—	—	1	4	—	2	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	17	—	—	5	14
																		—	—	4	16	—	—	3	4
																		—	—	10	10	—	—	10	10
6	—	—	6	—	—	2	—	—				3	—	—	—	—	—	—	16	1	7	—	14	8	5
6	-	—	6	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	1	8	4	4	1	5	6	—
	3	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	12	—	—	7	15
	1	4	—	1	4	—	—	5⅓	—	—	10⅔	—	2	8	—	—	—	—	—	3	16	—	—	3	9
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	14	18	8	—	—	—	—	16	10	4	—	16	4	10
1	10	—	1	10	—	—	10	—	1	—	—	18	13	4	—	—	—	1	1	9	6	1	1	—	15
												37	6	8	—	—	—	1	15	—	—	1	15	—	—
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	10	4	—	2	4	10
	6	—	—	6	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	5	—	—	8	11
																		—	—	7	4	—	—	4	16
																		—	1	3	15	—	1	3	15
	3	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	2	—	—	4	5
																		—	—	3	12	—	—	2	8
																		—	—	7	17	—	—	7	17
	6	8	—	6	8	—	2	2⅔	—	4	5⅓	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	8	—	—	9	10
																		—	—	8	—	—	—	5	7

Grocery Wares *vocat.*

- *And for the further New Duty on Cinnamon, by* 8 Annæ, *as much as all the Duties then payable amounted to.*
- Pepper
  - *at Importation*
    - the pound
    - directly from the place of its growth in *Britiſh*-built Shipping, the pound
  - *more upon Delivery out of the Warehouſe, for Home Conſumption*
    - the pound
    - *And for the New Duty, by* 8 Annæ, *cap.* 7. *the pound* 1 s. 6 d.
    - directly from the place of its growth in *Britiſh*-built Shipping, the pound
    - *And for the ſaid New Duty, by* 8 Annæ, *cap.* 7. *but alter'd, by* 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. *the pound* 3 d.
- Raiſins
  - great, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔
  - *And* 5 s. *the hundred weight, by* 8 Annæ, *cap.* 7
  - of the Sun, the hundred weight, containing 112 pound
  - *And* 5 s. *the hundred weight, by* 8 Annæ, *cap.* 7.
- Raiſins
  - of *Smirna*, black, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔
  - *And* 5 s. *the hundred weight, by* 8 Annæ, *cap.* 7.
  - of *Smirna*, red, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔
  - *And* 5 s. *the hundred weight, by* 8 Annæ, *cap.* 7
- Figgs, the hundred weight, continuing 112 ℔
- Prunes, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔
- *If* French, *for the Additional Duty on* French *Goods*, 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. 3 l. 15 s.
- Sugar
  - Candy brown, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔
  - Candy white, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔
  - Muſcovadoes, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔
  - refined double or ſingle, in Loaves, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔
  - St. *Thome* and *Pannellis*, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔
  - white, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔
  - white, from the *Britiſh* Plantations, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔
  - brown and Muſcovadoes, from the *Britiſh* Plantations, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔
- All Spicery, except *Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs and Pepper, and Subſidies of* 1 s. per *hundred weight of Ginger* Imported directly from the place of its growth in *Britiſh*-built Shipping, to be rated one third part of what is charged in the Book of Rates, and no more.

Grograms *Turkey*, the yard

- Guns *vocat.*
  - Callivers, the piece
  - *And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron*
  - Muskets, the piece
  - *And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron*
- Gunpowder *vocat.*
  - Serpintine, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔
  - Corn-powder, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔

All Goods not particularly rated in the Book of Rates, paying Duty at value, (except Mum, Jewels, and ſuch Goods as are charged by the Old Impoſt Act, 2 W. & M *Seſs.* 2 *cap.* 4. *or the Additional Impoſt Act*, 4 & 5 W. & M. *cap.* 5. (vide *the Act* 4 & 5 W. & M. *cap.* 5. *pag.* 85, *pays for every* 20 s. *value, on Oath, beſides the other Duties due thereon*

H.

Halberds
- gilt, the piece
- *And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron*
- ungilt, the piece
- *And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron*

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 1692.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				The Nett Duties To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
																			1	5	9		1	5	9
	1	8																			19				
		10																			10				
	1	8		3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔		5							7	11				
																			1	6					
		3⅓			3⅓			1			2⅓			10							19				
																				3					
1	10		1	10			10		1			1	10						5	8	4		4	11	13	
																			4	6			4	6		
2			2				13	4	1	6	8	2							7	6	18		6	7	10	
																			4	6			4	6		
1			1				6	8		13	4	1							3	9	9		3	3	15	
																			4	6			4	6		
1			1				6	8		13	4	1							3	9	9		3	3	15	
																			4	6			4	6		
1	13	4	1	13	4		11	1⅓	1	2	2⅔	3	6	8					7	10	10		7	1		
	15			15			5			10					3	15			5	7	17		5	2	12	
																			3	9						
10			10			3	6	8	6	13	4							1	8	6		1	3	9	
15			15			5			10									2	2	9		1	15	7	10
4			4			1	6	8	2	13	4								11	4	16		9	6		
17			17			5	13	4	11	6	8							2	8	5	8			4	10	
2			2				13	4	1	6	8								5	8	8		4	9		
7	6	8	7	6	8	2	8	10⅔	4	17	9⅓							1		10	16		17	5		
5			5			1	13	4											11	1			8	8	10	
1	10		1	10			10												3	3	18		2	7	7	
	3	9		3	9		1	3		2	6									6	8			5	7	
	5			5			1	8		3	4									8	11			7	2	
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5	
	10			10			3	4		6	8								1	5	2		1	2	5	
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5	
5			5			1	13	4	3	6	8								14	3			11	10	10	
8			8			2	13	4	5	6	8							1	2	9	12		19			
															1				11	5			11	5		
	13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔								1	10	16		1	7		
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5	
	3	4		3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔									5	14			4	15	
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5	

Hammers { with Wooden handles or without, the dozen
And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron
vocat. Horſemens hammers, the dozen
And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron

Hankerchiefs, the dozen

Harneſ-roſes, the thouſand

Harneſs *vocat.* { Corſlets compleat, the piece
Curats, the piece
Morians or Headpieces graven, the piece
Morians or Headpieces plain, the piece

Harpſtrings or Catlings, the groce, containing 12 dozen

Hatbands, the groce, containing 12 dozen

Hats { of Bever wooll or hair, the Hat
of *Bridges*, the dozen
Dutch Felts or Hats made of wooll, the piece
Spaniſh or *Portugal* Felts, the dozen
of ſilk *French* making, the dozen
And for the Additional Duty on French *Goods*, 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. 15 l.
of ſtraw, (*vide* Baſt)
of *Venice*, the dozen
of wooll or worſted trimm'd, the dozen

Hawks { Faulcons, the Hawk
Goſhawks, the Hawk
Jerfaulcons, the Hawk
Jerkins, the Hawk
Lanners, the Hawk
Lannerets, the Hawk
Taſſels of all ſorts, the Hawk

Hawk-hoods, the groce, containing 12 dozen

Hair bottoms for Sives, the groce, containing 12 dozen

Hair *vocat.* { Camels hair, the pound
Elks hair, for Saddles, the hundred weight containing 112 lb
Goats hair, *vocat.* ordinary Goats hair the pound
Goats hair, *vocat. Carmenia* Wooll, the pound

Headings for Pipes, Hogſheads or Barrels, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore
If Imported from Ireland, Aſia, Africa, *or* America, *vide* Balks.

Heath for Bruſhes, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb

Hemp *vocat.* { Hemp ſhort, dreſt, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb
Cullen or *Steel* Hemp, and all other ſorts of dreſt Hemp, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb
Spruce, *Muſcovia*, and all other rough Hemp, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb
Hemp lawfully Imported from the Britiſh *Plantations in* America, *Free, by* 8 Geo. *cap.* 12.

Hemp Seed, the Laſt
And for every 20 s. *value, on Oath, for the Subſidies*

Hides. { Buff Hides, the Hide
And for every pound weight, dreſt in Oyl, by { 9 Annæ, *cap.* 11. 4 d. / 10 Annæ, *cap.* 26. 3 d. }
Cow Hides of *Barbary* or *Muſcovia*, the Hide
And if dreſt in Oyl, for every 20 s. *real value*, { 15 per Cent. 9 A. *cap.* 11. / 15 per Cent. 10 A. *cap.* 26. }
Cow or Horſe Hides, tann'd, the piece
And for every pound weight, by { 9 Annæ, *cap.* 11. 1 d. ½ / 10 Annæ, *cap.* 26. 2 d. }
Cow or Horſe Hides, in the hair, the piece
India Hides, the Hide
And if dreſt, for every 20 s. *real value* { 15 per Cent. 9 A. *cap.* 11. / 15 per Cent. 10 A. *cap.* 26. }

Hides

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅓.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
	4			4			1	4		2	8									6	17			5	14
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5
	13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔								1	10	16		1	7	
												5				1			4	8	5		4	8	5
3			3			1			2										8	6	12		7	1	10
	1			1				4			8					1				2	5			2	
1			1				6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15
	12	6		12	6		4	2		8	4					12	6		2	4	8		2		17
	10			10			3	4		6	8					10			1	10	15		1	7	18
	5			5			1	8		3	4					5				11	7			9	19
	5			5			1	8		3	4				1	10			2	1	9		2		1
5			5			1	13	4	3	6	8								14	3			11	10	10
10			10			3	6	8	6	13	4							1	8	6		1	3	9	
10			10			3	6	8	6	13	4							1	8	6		1	3	9	
1			1				6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
5			5			1	13	4	3	6	8								14	3			11	10	10
3			3			1			2						15			1	2	7	7	1	1	2	5
																			15						
3			3			1			2										8	6	12		7	1	10
3			3			1			2										8	6	12		7	1	10
4			4			1	6	8	2	13	4								11	4	16		9	6	
3	6	8	3	6	8	1	2	2⅔	2	4	5⅓								9	6			7	11	
4	10		4	10		1	10		3										12	9	18		10	8	5
3	6	8	3	6	8	1	2	2⅔	2	4	5⅓								9	6			7	11	
4			4			1	6	8	2	13	4								11	4	16		9	6	
2			2				13	4	1	6	8								5	8	8		4	9	
2			2				13	4	1	6	8								5	8	8		4	9	
1	6	8	1	6	8		8	10⅔		17	9⅓								3	9	12		3	2	
10			10				3	4		6	8								1	5	2		1	2	5
3			3				1			2										5	3			4	6
12	6		12	6		4	2		8	4									1	9	8		1	5	16
1	2		1	2			4	2⅔		9	1⅓					3	4			3	17			3	11
1	2		1	2			4	2⅔		9	1⅓					6	8			5	15			5	8
6	8		6	8		2	2	2⅔		4	5⅓		13	4					1	6	18		1	5	
1			1				6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
8			8			2	13	4	5	6	8							1	2	9	12		19		
10			10			3	6	8	6	13	4							1	8	6		1	3	9	
13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔						13	4		2	6	6		2	2	10
												80							3	15			3	15	
1			1				6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
10			10				3	4		6	8					2			3	3	12		3		15
																				7				4	13
2	6		2	6				10		1	8					2	6			5	14			5	
																			6				4		
10			10				3	4		6	8					10			1	10	15		1	7	18
																				3	10			2	7
2	6		2	6				10		1	8					2	6			5	14			5	
4	2		4	2			1	4⅓		2	9⅓					4	2			9	10			8	6
																			6				4		

Old

Hides
- Loſh Hides, the piece
  - *And if dreſt, for every pound weight, by* — 9 Annæ, 4 d. / 10 Annæ, 3 d.
- Red, or *Muſcovia* Hides tann'd, coloured, or uncoloured, the Hide
  - *And for every pound weight, by* — 9 Annæ, 2 d. / 10 Annæ, 1 d.
- *Elk, or other Hides dreſt in Oyl, for every* 20 s. *value, on Oath*
  - *And for every pound weight, by* — 9 Annæ, 4 d. / 10 Annæ, 3 d.
- *of Horſes, Mares, or Geldings, for every* 20 s. *value, on Oath*
  - *And if dreſt in Allom, Salt, or Meal, or otherwiſe taw'd, the Hide, by* — 9 Annæ, 1 s. / 10 Annæ, 1 s.
- *of Steers, Cows, or other Hides, for every* 20 s. *value, on Oath*
  - *And if dreſt in Allom, Salt, or Meal, or otherwiſe taw'd, the Hide, by* — 9 Annæ, 2 s. / 10 Annæ, 1 s. 6 d.
- *Tann'd, of all ſorts, not before mentioned, for every* 20 s. *value, on Oath*
  - *And for every pound weight, by* — 9 Annæ, 1 d. ½ / 10 Annæ, 2 d.
- *Hides, or pieces of Hides tann'd, taw'd or dreſt, not before particularly charged, for every* 20 s. *value, on Oath*
  - *And for every* 20 s. *real value, on Oath* — 15 per Cent. 9 Annæ, / 15 per Cent. 10 Annæ
- Hides in the hair, or undreſt, half Cuſtom

Hilts for Swords, or Daggers, the dozen

Honey
- the Barrel
- the Tun

Hoops
- of Iron for Pipes or Hogſheads, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔
- for Coopers, the thouſand
  - *If Imported from* Ireland, Aſia, Africa, *or* America, *vide* Balks.

Hops, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔
- *And for every pound weight, by* 9 Annæ, *cap.* 12.
- *But if Exported to* Ireland, *to be allowed no Drawback,* vide 9 Annæ, *cap.* 12. §. 27.

Horſes and Mares, the Horſe or Mare

Hoſe of Cruel, *vocat. Mantua* Hoſe, the pair

I.

JET, the pound

Jews Trumps, the groce, containing 12 dozen
- *And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron*

Imperlings, blew, or red, the dozen

Ink for Printers, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔

Ink-horns
- the groce, containing 12 dozen
- of Braſs, the dozen

Incle
- unwrought, the pound, *if ſhort Spinnel, it is exempt from the* ⅔ *Subſidy*
- wrought, the dozen pound
- Rolls, the dozen pieces, containing 36 yards, the piece

Indico of *Turkey*, of the *Weſt-Indies*, or rich Indico, the pound (*for Dyers uſe*)

Indico Duſt, the pound (*for Dyers uſe*)

Indico, *Engliſh* Plantation, the pound (*for Dyers uſe*)
- *Indico of all ſorts, if Imported and Entred, as by* 8 Geo. *Free*

Inſtruments for Barbers and Chyrurgeons *vocat.*
- Bullet-Screws, the dozen
- Inciſſion-Sheers, the dozen
- Setts, the bundle, containing 16.
- Paices or Tooth-drawers, the dozen
- Plulicanes, the dozen
- Trepaus, the dozen
- *If any of the ſaid Inſtruments are made of Iron, for every hundred weight of wrought Iron*
- *If made of Steel, for every hundred weight of wrought Steel*
- *If any are made of Silver* (vide *Plate wrought*)

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			½ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169½.			The Nett Duties							
																		Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
—	5	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	7	16	—	1	6	7
																		—	—	7	—	—	—	4	13
—	6	8	—	6	8	—	2	2⅔	—	4	5⅓	—	—	—	—	6	8	—	1	3	3	—	1	1	5
																		—	—	3	—	—	—	2	—
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	3	9	9	—	3	3	15
																		—	—	7	—	—	—	4	13
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	3	9	9	—	3	3	15
																		—	2	—	—	—	1	4	—
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	3	9	9	—	3	3	15
																		—	3	6	—	—	2	4	—
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	3	9	9	—	3	3	15
																		—	—	3	10	—	—	2	7
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	3	9	9	—	3	3	15
																		—	6	—	—	—	4	—	—
2	—	—	2	—	—	—	13	4	1	6	8	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	7	6	18	—	6	7	10
2	—	—	2	—	—	—	13	4	1	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	8	8	—	4	9	—
12	—	—	12	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	14	2	8	1	8	6	—
1	6	8	1	6	8	—	8	10⅔	—	17	9⅓	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	5	17	—	7	10	5
1	6	8	1	6	8	—	8	10⅔	—	17	9⅓	2	13	4	—	—	—	—	6	3	12	—	5	8	—
15	—	—	15	—	—	5	—	—	10	—	—	20	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	6	—	2	14	4	10
																		—	—	3	—	—	—	—	3
10	—	—	10	—	—	3	6	8	6	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	8	6	—	1	3	9	—
	10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	5	2	—	1	2	5
—	3	4	—	3	4	—	1	1⅓	—	2	2⅔	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	14	—	—	4	15
	10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	5	2	—	1	2	5
												5	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	8	5	—	4	8	5
1	10	—	1	10	—	—	10	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	3	6	—	3	6	15
2	—	—	2	—	—	—	13	4	1	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	8	8	—	4	9	—
3	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	6	12	—	7	1	10
	12	—	—	12	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	12	—	—	2	3	6	—	1	11	17
	2	6	—	2	6	—	—	10	—	1	8	—	—	—	—	1	3	—	—	5	—	—	—	4	6
8	—	—	8	—	—	2	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	17	8	16	—	13	11	4
6	—	—	6	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	3	12	—	10	5	8
	3	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	8	—	—	5	13	—	—	4	14
	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	5
	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	4	—	—	2	9	—	—	2	3
—	4	—	—	4	—	—	1	4	—	2	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	17	—	—	5	14
—	5	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	11	—	—	7	2
—	2	—	—	2	—	—	—	8	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	8	—	—	2	17
—	5	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	11	—	—	7	2
—	5	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	11	—	—	7	2
—	1	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	5	2	—	1	2	5
												5	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	8	5	—	4	8	5
												5	10	—	—	—	—	—	5	1	18	—	5	1	18

Iron
- Amvs, Spaniſh, Spruce, *and* Sweediſh, *Imported in any other Ship or Veſſel than ſuch as are* Britiſh-*built, and whereof the Maſter and three fourths of the Mariners at leaſt are* Britiſh, *the Tun*
- Ditto. *Imported in* Britiſh-*built Ships, and ſo navigated, the Tun*
- *Iron ſlit or hammer'd into Rods, commonly known by the Name of Rod-Iron, for every* 20 s. *value, on Oath*
  - *And for every hundred weight, containing* 112 ℔
- *Iron drawn or hammer'd leſs than three fourths of an Inch ſquare, and all other Iron wares manufactured, for every* 20 s. *value, on Oath*
  - *And for every hundred weight, containing* 112 ℔
- *Iron wrought or unwrought, or caſt (except Buſhel Iron) Imported in* Britiſh-*built Ships, the Maſter and three fourths of the Mariners* Britiſh, *for every* 20 s. *value, on Oath*
  - *And for every Tun*
- *Ditto,* Imported in other Ships, for every 20 s. value, on Oath
  - *And for the Impoſt, of and for every Tun*
    - Provided, *That no manufactur'd Iron or Iron Ware, which is charged to pay by the piece, or hundred weight, ſhall be liable to pay the Old Impoſt Duty of* 33 s, *or* 23 s. *by the Tun* (vide *the Act*, 2 W. & M. *cap.* 4. §. 29.
- Backs for Chimneys, ſmall, the piece
- Backs for Chimneys, large, the piece
- Bands for Kettles, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔
- Fire-Irons, the groce, containing 12 dozen
  - *And for every hundred weight, containing* 112 ℔ *of wrought Iron*
- Hoops, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔
- *Kettles, for every* 20 s. *value, on Oath*
  - *And for every Kettle*
- Stoves, the piece
  - *And for every hundred weight, containing* 112 ℔ *of wrought Iron*
    - Note, *Iron and Iron wares Imported from* Ireland (*other than* Swediſh *or other Foreign Iron*) *which by the Additional Impoſt Act,* 4 & 5 W. & M. *cap.* 5. *were charged to pay the Old Impoſt,* 2 W. & M. *cap.* 4. *as other Iron, are diſcharged from paying the ſame, by the Act of* 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 10. vide *the Act* pag. 103.
- vocat. *Old Buſhel Iron, for every* 20 s. *value, on Oath*

Juice of Lemons, the pipe
Juice of Limes, for every 20 s. *value, on Oath*
Ivory, the pound

K.

Key-knops, the groce, containing 12 dozen
- *If Iron, the hundred weight, containing* 112 ℔
- *If Steel, the hundred weight, containing* 112 ℔

Knives
- *Alamain, Bohemia,* and all other courſe Knives, the dicker, containing 10 Knives
- Butchers, Knives, the dicker, containing 10 Knives
- Carving Knives, the dozen
- *Cullen* Knives, the groce, containing 12 dozen
- *French* Knives, the groce, containing 12 dozen
  - *And for the Additional Duty on* French *Goods,* 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. 20 l.
- Glovers Knives, the bundle, containing 6 Knives
- Pen knives, the groce, containing 12 dozen
- Sker-knives, the dicker, containing 10 Knives
- Stock-knives, ungilt, the dozen ſtocks
- Stock knives, gilt, the dozen ſtocks
  - *And for all the aforementioned Knives* (*except* French *Knives*)
    - *If Steel, for every hundred weight of wrought Steel*
    - *If Iron, for every hundred weight of wrought Iron*

Rates Inwards.

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			½ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169½.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				The Nett Duties to be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
7	—	—	7	—	—	2	6	8	4	13	4	33	—	—	—	—	—	2	10	10	13	2	7	6	15
7	—	—	7	—	—	2	6	8	4	13	4	23	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	6	3	1	18	2	5
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	10	4	—	2	4	10
												5	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	8	5	—	4	8	5
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	10	4	—	2	4	10
												5	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	8	5	—	4	8	5
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	10	4	—	2	4	10
												23	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	6	15	1	1	6	15
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	10	4	—	2	4	10
												33	—	—	—	—	—	1	10	11	5	1	10	11	5
—	6	8	—	6	8	—	2	2⅔	—	4	5⅓	1	3	4	—	—	—	—	2	—	11	—	1	10	13
—	13	4	—	13	4	—	4	5⅓	—	8	10⅔	2	6	8	—	—	—	—	4	1	1	—	3	9	5
2	—	—	2	—	—	—	13	4	1	6	8	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	4	13	—	9	5	5
—	10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	5	2	—	1	2	5
												5	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	8	5	—	4	8	5
1	6	8	1	6	8	—	8	10⅔	—	17	9⅓	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	5	17	—	7	10	5
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	10	4	—	2	4	10
												1	5	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	1	—	1	2	1
5	—	—	5	—	—	1	13	4	3	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14	3	—	—	11	10	10
												5	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	8	5	—	4	8	5
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	3	9	9	—	3	3	15
4	—	—	4	—	—	1	6	8	2	13	4	—	—	—	16	—	—	1	6	4	16	1	4	6	—
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	6	7	4	—	6	1	10
—	10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	5	2	—	1	2	5
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	10	4	—	2	4	10
												5	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	8	5	—	4	8	5
												5	10	—	—	—	—	—	5	1	18	—	5	1	18
—	3	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	3	—	—	4	6
—	3	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	3	—	—	4	6
3	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	6	12	—	7	1	10
8	—	—	8	—	—	2	13	4	5	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	9	12	—	19	—	—
4	—	—	4	—	—	1	6	8	2	13	4	—	—	—	20	—	—	1	10	1	16	1	8	3	—
																		1	—	—	—				
1	10	—	1	10	—	—	10	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	3	6	—	3	6	15
1	10	—	1	10	—	—	10	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	3	6	—	3	6	15
—	3	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	3	—	—	4	6
4	—	—	4	—	—	1	6	8	2	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	4	16	—	9	6	—
6	—	—	6	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	17	1	4	—	14	3	—
												5	10	—	—	—	—	—	5	1	18	—	5	1	18
												5	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	8	5	—	4	8	5

L.

Lace *vocat.*
- Bone-lace of Thread, the dozen yards
- *Britain-lace*, the groce, containing 12 dozen yards
  - *And for the Additional Duty on* French *Goods*, 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. 30 l.
- Cruel-lace, the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen
- Gold and Silver-lace, the pound, containing 12 ounces *Troy*
- Gold and Silver-lace, the ounce *Troy*
- Pomet-lace, the groce, containing 12 dozen yards
- Purl or Antlet-lace of Thread, the groce, containing 12 dozen

Lace *vocat.*
- Silk Bone-lace, the pound, containing 16 ounces
- Silk-lace of all other ſorts, the pound, containing 16 ounces

Ladles, *vocat.* melting Ladles, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔

Lapis magnatu falce, the pound

Lattin *vocat.*
- black Lattin, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔
- ſhaven Lattin, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔

Lead-Ore, the tun

Lemons pickled, the pipe

Lemon Water
- the tun
- the gallon

Leather *vocat.*
- *Baſil* Leather, the dozen
  - *And for the Leather Duties, for every* 20 s. *real value, on Oath, by* — 9 Annæ, 15 *l.* per Cent. / 10 Annæ, 15 *l.* per Cent.
- *Spaniſh* Leather, or Cordevant, the dozen skins
  - *And for the Leather Duties, for every dozen skins, by* — 9 Annæ, 4 s. / 10 Annæ, 4 s.
- *Spruce* or *Dansk* Leather, the dozen skins
  - *And for the Leather Duties, for every* 20 s. *real value, on Oath, by* — 9 Annæ, 15 *l.* per Cent. / 10 Annæ, 15 *l.* per Cent.
- Hangings gilt, the piece
  - *And for the Leather Duties, for every* 20 s. *real value, on Oath, by* — 9 Annæ, 15 *l.* per Cent. / 10 Annæ, 15 *l.* per Cent.
- Leather for Masks, the pound
  - *And for the Leather Duties, for every* 20 s. *real value, on Oath, by* — 9 Annæ, 15 *l.* per Cent. / 10 Annæ, 15 *l.* per Cent.
- *Turkey* and *Eaſt-India* Cordevant, the dozen
  - *And for the Leather Duties, for every dozen skins, by* — 9 Annæ, 4 s. / 10 Annæ, 4 s.
- Note, Eaſt-India *Cordevant, alſo pays for every dozen*
- *All other ſorts of Leather, pays for every* 20 s. *value, on Oath*
- *And for all Leather (not particularly charged) or Manufactures whereof the moſt valuable party is Leather, beſides the other Duties, pays,* viz.
  - *For every* 20 s. *real value, upon Oath, by* — 9 Annæ, / 10 Annæ,

Leaves of Gold, the hundred Leaves, containing 5 ſcore

Lewers for Hawks, the piece

Lyme, for Dyers, the barrel

Lines of *Hambrough* for Ships, the piece

Linſeed, the buſhel, *Free*, vide 3 Geo. *cap.* 7. §. 38.

Linns, blew or red, the dozen

Linen Cloth, or
- *Borelaps not exceeding* 28 *Inches and* ½ *in breadth, nor* 12 d. per *Ell* Engliſh *in Value, for every* 20 s. *value, upon Oath*
- Callicoes fine and courſe, the Piece
- *Callicoes, commonly called Muſlins, by which are Meant the ſeveral Species mentioned in the* 12 & 13 W. 3. *cap.* 11. §. 14. *pay over and above all other Duties,* 15 l. per Cent. *to be computed according to the Groſs price, at which the ſaid Goods, ſhall be openly and fairly ſold by way of Auction or Inch of Candle,* vide *the Act,* 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 3. *being for every* 20 s. *value,* 3 s.

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			¼ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				The Nett Duties To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
4			4			1	6	8	2	13	4								11	4	16		9	6	
6			6			2			4						30			2	5	2	14	2	2	4	10
																		1	10						
8			8			2	1	4	5	6	8							1	2	9	12		19		
12			12			4			8									1	14	2	8	1	8	6	
1			1				6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
2			2				13	4	1	6	8								5	8	8		4	9	
1			1				6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
40			40			13	6	8	26	13	4							5	14			4	15		
10			10			3	6	8	6	13	4							1	8	6		1	3	9	
2			2				13	4	1	6	8	5							10	4	13		9	5	5
	3			3			1			2										5	3			4	6
2			2				13	4	1	6	8				4				9	5	8		8	6	
3	6	8	3	6	8	1	2	2⅔	2	4	5⅓				6	13	4		15	9			14	2	
4			4			1	6	8	2	13	4								11	4	16		9	6	
4			4			1	6	8	2	13	4								11	4	16		9	6	
10	13	4	10	13	4	3	11	1⅓	7	2	2⅔							1	10	4	16	1	5	4	
		11			11			3⅔			7⅓									1	11			1	6
20			20			6	13	4	13	6	8				20			3	15	9		3	6	3	
																			6						
5			5			1	13	4	3	6	8				5			18	11	5		16	6	15	
																			8						
2			2				13	4	1	6	8				2				7	6	18		6	7	10
																			6						
4			4			1	6	8	2	13	4				4				15	1	16		13	3	
																			6				4		
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓					6	8		1	3	3		1	1	5
																			6						
2			2				13	4	1	6	8				2				7	6	18		6	7	10
																			8						
												8							7	6			7	6	
1			1				6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15
																			3				2		
																			3				2		
	5			5			1	8		3	4									8	11			7	2
	1	4		1	4			5⅓			10⅔									2	6			1	18
	5			5			1	8		3	4									8	11			7	2
		6			6			2			4										17				14
1	10		1	10			10		1										4	3	6		3	6	15
1			1				6	8							1				3	7			3	1	6
	10			10			3	4		6	8	2							3	6	3		3	3	6
																			2	10	4		2	10	4

	All white Callicoes, and other Manufactures made of Cotton, (other than Muslins) pay a like Duty of 15 *l.* per Cent. *by* 3 *&* 4 Annæ, *cap* 4. §. 8. *which is for every* 20 *s. value, according to such Sale,* 3 *s.*	
	Callicoes of India, Persia, *or* China, *that are painted, died, printed or stained there, after weaving, or in the Yarn, or other Materials before the weaving, are to pay no other Duty than the half Subsidy,* vide 11 *&* 12 W. 3. *cap.* 10. *and* 12 *&* 13 W. 3. *cap.* 11. *the Piece*	
	Note, *No Piece of Callico, of the breadth of* 1 *Yard* $\frac{1}{4}$, *or under, shall exceed in length* 10 *Yards, and no Piece of Callicoe above that breadth, shall exceed in length* 6 *Yards* (vide *the Act,* 4 *&* 5 W. *&* M. *cap.* 5.	
Cambrick	the half Piece, containing 6 ells and half	
	the Piece, containing 13 ells	
Linen Cloth, or Canvas *vocat.*	*Dutch* Barras, and *Hessens* Canvas, the hundred ells, containing 6 score	
	French or *Normandy* Canvas, and Line narrow, brown or white, the hundred ells, containing 6 score	
	And for the Additional Duty on French *Goods,* 7 *&* 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. 30 *l.*	
	French Canvas and Line broad for Tabling, being an Ell and half Quarter and upwards, the hundred ells, containing 6 score	
	And for the Additional Duty on French *Goods,* 7 *&* 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. 75 *l.*	
	Packing Canvas, *Guttings*, and *Spruce* Canvas, the hundred ells, containing 6 score	
	Poldavies, the bolt, containing 28 ells	
	Spruce, Elbing or *Quinsborough* Canvas, the bolt, containing 28 ells	
	Stript or tufted Canvas with Thread, the piece, containing 15 yards	
	Stript, tufted or quilted Canvas with Silk, the piece, containing 15 yards	
	Stript Canvas with Copper, the piece, containing 15 yards	
	Vandalose or *Vitery* Canvas, the hundred ells, containing 6 score	
	And for the Additional Duty on French *Goods,* 7 *&* 8 W. 3 *cap.* 20. 25 *l.*	
	And for the New Duty on Sail Cloth, for every Ell 1 *d. by* 12 Annæ, *cap.* 16.	
	Working Canvas for Cushions narrow, the hundred ells, containing 6 score	
	And for the Additional Duty on French *Goods,* 7 *&* 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. 15 *l.*	
	Working Canvas broad, the hundred ells, containing 6 score	
	And for the Additional Duty on French *Goods,* 7 *&* 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. 25 *l.*	
	Working Canvas of the broadest sort, the hundred ells, containing 6 score	
	And for the Additional Duty on French *Goods,* 7 *&* 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. 30 *l.*	
Damask	Tabling of *Holland* making, the yard, if under an *English* Ell, and $\frac{1}{8}$th in breadth	
	Ditto *above the breadth of* 1 *Ell, and* $\frac{1}{8}$th *in breadth, and under* 2 *Ells, the yard*	
	Ditto *of the breadth of* 2 *Ells or upwards, and under* 3 *Ells, the yard*	
	Ditto *of the breadth of* 3 *Ells or upwards, the yard*	

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
																			2	10	4		2	10	4
	5																			2	17				
1			1				6	8											2	7	15		2	2	1
2			2				13	4											5	3	9		4	4	1
3	10		3	10			1	3	4				2	12	6				11	8	12		10		13
6			6				2									30			2	3	11	18	2	1	1	14
																			1	10						
15			15				5									75			5	9	11	14	5	2	10	4
																			3	15						
2	10		2	10			16	8					1	17	6					8	4	8		7	2	3
1			1				6	8						15						3	4	3		2	10	9
15			15				5						11	3						2	6	2		2	1	17
2			2				13	4												5	3	9		4	4	1
4			4				1	6	8											10	6	18		8	8	2
4			4				1	6	8											10	6	18		8	8	2
5			5				1	13	4							25			1	16	7	18	1	14	3	8
																			1	5						
																				1						
3			3				1									15			1	1	11	19	1		6	17
																				15						
5			5				1	13	4							25			1	16	7	18	1	14	3	8
																			1	5						
6			6				2									30			2	3	11	18	2	1	1	14
																			1	10						
1			1					6	8											2	7	15		2	2	1
1			1					6	8					15						3	4	3		2	10	9
1			1					6	8				1	10						4		12		3	6	18
1			1					6	8				4	10						6	10	7		6	4	13

Old

Linen Cloth, or

- Damask
  - Towelling and Napkening of *Holland* making, the yard, *under an Ell, and* $\frac{1}{4}^{th}$ *in breadth*
  - Tabling of *Silesia* making, the yard
  - Towelling and Napkening of *Silesia* making, the yard
- Diaper
  - Tabling of *Holland* making, under an *English* Ell, and $\frac{1}{4}^{th}$ in breadth, the yard
  - Tabling of *Holland, above the breadth of* 1 *Ell, and* $\frac{1}{4}^{th}$, *and under* 2 *Ells, the yard*
  - Ditto *of the breadth of* 2 *Ells or upwards, and under* 3 *Ells, the yard*
  - Ditto *of the breadth of* 3 *Ells, or upwards, the yard*
  - Towelling and Napkening of *Holland* making, *under an Ell, and* $\frac{1}{4}^{th}$ *in breadth, the yard*
  - Napkins of *Holland* making, the dozen
  - Tabling of *Silesia* making, the yard
  - Towelling and Napkening of *Silesia* making, the yard
- Lawns
  - the half Piece, containing 6 ells and an half
  - the Piece, containing 13 ells
  - *vocat.* Callico Lawns, the Piece (*vide* Callico)
  - *vocat. French* Lawns, the Piece
    And for the Additional Duty on French *Goods*, 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. 7 l. 10 s.
  - *vocat. Silesia* Lawns, the Piece, containing between 4 and 8 yards
- *Flanders, Holland,* Cloth
  - *Flemish* Cloth
  - *Gentish* Cloth
  - *Ispingham* Cloth
  - *Overisils* Cloth
  - *Rouse* Cloth
  - *Brabant* Cloth
  - *Embden* Cloth
  - *Freeze* Cloth
  - Brown Holland
  - Bag Holland

  under an ell English $\frac{1}{4}^{th}$ *the ell*
  - Ditto *above* 1 *ell, and* $\frac{1}{4}^{th}$ *of an ell in breadth, and under* 2 *ells, the ell*
  - Ditto *of the breadth of* 2 *ells or upwards, and under* 3 *ells, the ell*
  - Ditto *of the breadth of* 3 *ells or upwards, the ell*
- *British*, the hundred ells, containing 5 score
  And for the Additional Duty on French *Goods*, 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. 33 l. 6 s. 8 d.
- *Cowsfield* Cloth or Plats, the ell
- Drilling and Packduck, the hundred ells, containing 6 score
- *Elbing* or *Dansk* Cloth, double Ploy, the ell
- *Hambrough* and *Silesia* Cloth broad, the hundred ells, containing 6 score white or brown
- *Hambrough* Cloth narrow, the hundred ells, containing 6 score
- *Hinderlands brown*, middlegood, headlake, and *Muscovia* Linen narrow, the hundred ells, containing 6 score
- Hinderlands *whited from* Prussia, Polonia, *or any Part of the* East *Country* (*except* Russia) *under the breadth of three quarters and an half quarter of a yard, to pay as narrow* East-*Country Linen* (vide *the Act* 4 & 5 W. & M. *cap.* 5.
- *Irish* Cloth, the hundred ells, containing 6 score, *if without Certificate*
- *Irish* Cloth, *if by Certificate, Free*, 1 Annæ, *cap.* 8. §. 2.
- Lockrams
  - Treager, greft or narrow, or common Doulas, the Piece, containing 106 ells
  - Broad Doulace, the Piece, containing 106 ells
    And for the Additional Duty on French *Goods*, 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap* 20. 25 l.

Rates Inwards.

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				The Nett Duties to be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
	7			7			2	4												11	2			9	2
	4			4			1	4					3							8				6	18
	1	4		1	4			5⅓					1							2	13			2	6
	9			9			3													1	2	6		11	5
	9			9			3						6	9						1	6	2		1	3	11
	9			9			3						13	6						1	9	17		1	7	6
	9			9			3					2		6						3	1	2		2	10	11
	3			3			1														4	15			3	18
1	16		1	16			12													4	9	2		3	10	18
	3	4		3	4		1	1⅓					2	6							6	14			5	15
	1	4		1	4			5⅓					1								2	13			2	6
3			3			1														7	11	4		6	6	2
6			6			2														15	10	8		13		4
1	10		1	10			10								7	10				11				10	3	9
																				7	6					
	10			10			3	4					7	6						1	8	2		1	5	5
	5			5			1	8													7	19			6	10
	5			5			1	8					3	9							10	1			8	12
	5			5			1	8					7	6						1		3			10	14
	5			5			1	8				1	2	6						1	8	11		1	7	3
6	13	4	6	13	4	2	4	5⅓							33	6	8		2	8	10	11	2	5	8	11
																			1	13	4					
	1	8		1	8			6⅔													2	13			2	3
2			2				13	4				1	10							6	8	7		5	8	19
	1	8		1	8			6⅔					1	3							3	7			2	17
10			10			3	6	8				7	10						1	13	5	14	1	8	8	14
8			8			2	13	4				6							1	6	9	7	1	2	11	15
2	13	4	2	13	4		17	9⅓				2								8	11	2		7	7	18
2			2				13	4				1	10							6	8			5	8	19
5			5			1	13	4							25				1	16	7	18	1	14	3	8
5			5			1	13	4							25				1	16	7	18	1	14	3	8
																			1	5						

Linen Cloth, or

Minſters, the roll, containing 1500 ells, at 5 ſcore to the hundred
Ozenbrigs, the roll, containing 1500 ells, at 5 ſcore to the hundred
Soultwich, the hundred ells, containing 6 ſcore
Polonia, *Ulſters*, *Hannovers*, *Lubeck*, narrow *Sileſia*, narrow *Weſtphalia*, narrow *Hartford*, plain Napkening, and all other narrow Cloth of *High Dutchland* and the *Eaſt* Country, white or brown, not otherwiſe rated, the hundred ells, containing 6 ſcore
All Linen of *Germany*, or *High Dutchland*, and *Sileſia*, not above 3 quarters and an half broad, ſhall be accounted narrow Linen, and all above that breadth, ſhall be accounted broad, and pay accordingly.
All Linen of Pruſſia, Polonia, *or any Part of the* Eaſt-*Country* (*except* Ruſſia) *above the breadth of three quarters and a half quarter of a yard, to pay as broad* Germany *Linen, by the Additional Impoſt Act*, 4 & 5 W. & M. *cap.* 5.
Strasborough or *Hamborough* Linen, the ell
Linen Cloth from any Parts, from whence the ſame may be by Law Imported (*other than Linen Cloth of the Manufacture of the* Spaniſh Netherlands, *or of the* United Provinces, *not exceeding an* Engliſh *ell, and half a quarter in breadth, and alſo* (*except* French *or* Iriſh *Linen Cloth*) *is to pay a Moiety over and above what is Impoſed upon the ſame in the Book of Rates, by* 2 W. & M. *cap.* 4.
Note, *All Linens that be chequered, ſtriped, printed, painted, ſtained, or dyed after the Manufacture, or in the Thread or Yarn before the Manufacture, except Barras, Buckrams, Canvas, Lawns, Linen ſtript being white, and* Sileſia *Neckcloths, by* 10 Annæ, *cap.* 19. §. 432. *are to pay* 15 per Cent. *on the real Value on Oath, being for every* 20 s. *value*—
And alſo a further New Duty, by 12 & 13 Annæ, *cap.* 9. *of* 15 l. per Cent. *on the real Value of all Linens chequered, ſtriped, printed, painted, ſtained or dyed, after the Manufacture, or before the Manufacture, in the Thread or Yarn before the Manufacture* (*except Buckrams, Lawns, Canvas, Barras, and* Sileſia *Neckcloths, being for every* 20 s. *value*—

All other Linen { *of* Europe (*except* Iriſh *and* French, *for every* 20 s. *value*
{ *not of* Europe, *for every* 20 s. *value*

Sail-Cloth vocat { *Holland-Duck* (*being under Ell* $\frac{1}{8}$ *wide*) *for every* 20 s. *value*
{ *All other unrated Sail-Cloth, for every* 20 s. *value*
{ *Foreign Sails ready made, for every* 20 s. *value*
{ *And for every ell, by* 12 Annæ, *cap.* 16.

All Linen ſhall pay one full Moiety of the Old Subſidy, over and above what is before rated (*except* Iriſh *Linen Imported with a proper Certificate*) for which Additional Duty, the Importer, giving Security at the Cuſtom-Houſe, ſhall have 12 Months Time for the Payment of the ſame, from the Time of the Importation: Or in caſe ſuch Importer ſhall pay ready Money, he ſhall have 10 *per Cent.* of the ſaid Duty abated to him, and if any of the ſaid Linens, for which this ſaid Duty is paid or ſecured at the Importation; be exported within 12 Months after their Importation, then the aforeſaid Duty ſhall be wholly repaid, or the Security vacated as to what ſhall be ſo Exported.

Altered to 3 Years, by 7 Geo cap. 20.

Lockers or Chapes for Daggers, the groce, containing 12 dozen

Locks *vocat.* { Budget or hanging Locks ſmall, the groce, containing 12 dozen
{ *And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron*
{ Hanging Locks large, the groce, containing 12 dozen
{ *And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron*

Logwood, the Tun, as by the Act 14 *Car.* 2. cap. 11. (*for Dyers uſe*)
If Imported and Entred, as by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. Free.

Lutes { *Cullen*-making, with caſes, the dozen
{ *Venice*-making, with caſes, the dozen

Luſtrings *vocat.* { Catlings, the groce, containing 12 dozen
{ Minikins, the groce, containing 12 dozen

Litmus, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb (*for Dyers uſe*)
If Imported and Entred, as by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. Free.

Rates Inwards.

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additionall Impositions, 169⅔.			The Nett Duties: Payable at Importation.				The Nett Duties: To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
56	13	4	56	13	4	18	17	9⅓	—	—	—	42	10	—	—	—	—	9	9	8	3	8	2	9	3
60	—	—	60	—	—	20	—	—	—	—	—	45	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	10	1	8	12	4	1
4	—	—	4	—	—	1	6	8	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	4	13	—	11	5	17
4	—	—	4	—	—	1	6	8	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	4	13	—	11	5	17
—	3	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	2	3	—	—	—	—	—	6	1	—	—	5	3
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	3	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	3	—	—
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	15	—	—	—	—	—	3	4	4	—	2	10	10
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	15	—	—	—	—	—	3	11	16	—	3	6	2
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	7	15	—	2	2	1
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	15	—	—	—	—	—	3	4	4	—	2	10	10
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	3	7	—	—	3	1	6
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
—	13	4	—	13	4	—	4	5⅓	—	8	10⅔	—	—	—	—	13	4	—	2	6	6	—	2	2	10
1	10	—	1	10	—	—	10	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	3	6	—	3	6	15
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	8	5	—	4	8	5
3	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	6	12	—	7	1	10
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	8	5	—	4	8	5
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	15	—	—	3	16	—	—
8	—	—	8	—	—	2	13	4	5	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	9	12	—	19	—	—
24	—	—	24	—	—	8	—	—	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	8	4	16	2	17	—	—
—	2	8	—	2	8	—	—	10⅔	—	1	9⅓	—	—	—	—	1	10	—	1	9	9	—	1	8	14
1	6	8	1	6	8	—	8	10⅔	—	17	9⅓	—	—	—	—	1	10	—	5	2	10	—	4	6	18
1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	10	13	—	1	4	19

Old

M.

Madder (*for Dyers use*) *vocat.*
- Crop-Madder, and all other Bale Madder, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔
- Mull Madder, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔
- Fat-Madder, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔
- *Madder of all Sorts if Imported and Entred, as by* 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. Free.

Magnus, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔

Maps printed, the ream

Note, *They are exempted from the New Duty on Paper*, vide 12 Annæ, *cap.* 5.

Masks of
- Velvet, the dozen
- Sattin, the dozen

Masts
- for Ships, ſmall, the Maſt
- *From* Aſia, Africa, America, *or* Ireland, *the Maſt*
- middle, the Maſt
- *From* Aſia, Africa, America, *or* Ireland, *the Maſt*
- great, the Maſt
- *From* Aſia, Africa, America, *or* Ireland, *the Maſt*

Match for Guns, the pound

Matts of *Ruſſia*, the Matt

Malt and Barley (*vide* Corn.)

Meal of Wheat or Rye, the Laſt, containing 12 barrels

Medlars, the basket, containing 2 buſhels

Mellaſſes of *Rameals*, of the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America*, the tun

Mellaſſes of *Rameals*, *Imported from any other Place, than the* Britiſh *Plantations, the tun*

Meſſelanes
- the piece, containing 30 yards
- the ſingle piece, containing 14 yards of *Sileſiæ* making

Metal prepared for Battery, for every 20 s. *value*

And for every hundred weight

Metheglin, the hogſhead

Mithridate, the pound

Mocado-ends, the dozen pound

Mortars and Peſtles of Braſs, the pound

Muſtard-Seed, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔

Mittins of *Wadmol*, the dozen pair

Mum the Barrell, and for every 20 s. *value*

And for the Coinage Duty, as by 18 *Car.* 2. 1 s. 8 d.

N.

Nails *vocat.*
- Chair-Nails, the thouſand
- *And if Iron, for the Impoſt of and for every hundred weight of wrought Iron*
- *And if Braſs, for the Additional Impoſt,* 169⅔. *for every* 20 s. *value*
- Copper-Nails, the ſum containing 10000.
- *And for the Additional Impoſt, of and for every hundred weight of wrought Copper*
- Roſe-Nails, and Saddlers-Nails, the ſum containing 10000.
- Head-Nails, the barrel
- Harneſs Nails, the ſum containing 10000.
- Small Nails, the half barrel
- Sprig-Nails, the ſum containing 10000.
- Tenter-Hooks, the thouſand
- *And if any of the ſaid Nails are made of Iron, for the Impoſt of and for every hundred weight of wrought Iron*
- *And if any of the ſaid Nails are made of Braſs, for the Additional Impoſt,* 169⅔. *for every* 20 s. *value*

Napkins, *French* making, the dozen

And for the Additional Duty on French *Goods*, 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. 3 *l.*

Neats

Rates Inwards.

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169¾.			The Nett Duties							
																		Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s	d	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
1	10	—													1	10	—	—	2	10	—	—	2	1	9
1															1			—	1	10	13	—	1	4	19
	16	8														16	8	—	1	6	18	—	1	2	3
1			1				6	8		13	4							—	2	10	4	—	2	4	10
4			4			1	6	8	2	13	4							—	11	4	16	—	9	6	—
3			3			1			2			6						—	14	2	2	—	12	9	—
2			2				13	4	1	6	8	4						—	9	5	8	—	8	6	—
	3	4		3	4		1	$1\frac{1}{3}$		2	$2\frac{2}{3}$		6	8				—		9	9	—		8	10
	3	4		3	4		1	$1\frac{1}{3}$		2	$2\frac{2}{3}$							—		5	14	—		4	15
	10			10			3	4		6	8	1						—	2	4	7	—	2	1	10
	10			10			3	4		6	8							—	1	5	2	—	1	2	5
1			1				6	8		13	4	2						—	4	8	14	—	4	3	—
1			1				6	8		13	4							—	2	10	4	—	2	4	10
		2			2			$\frac{2}{3}$			$1\frac{1}{3}$							—			6	—			5
		6			6			2			4							—			17	—			14
3			3			1			2									—	8	6	12	—	7	1	10
	10			10			3	4		6	8							—	1	5	2	—	1	2	5
13	6	8	13	6	8	4	8	$10\frac{2}{3}$	8	17	$9\frac{1}{3}$							1	18	—	—	1	11	8	—
13	6	8	13	6	8	4	8	$10\frac{2}{3}$	8	17	$9\frac{1}{3}$	160						—	9	8	—	9	1	8	—
9			9			3			6									—	1	5	7 16	1	1	4	10
1	16	—	1	16	—	—	12	—	1	4	—							—	5	1	11	—	4	3	6
1			1			—	6	8	—	13	4							—	2	10	4	—	2	4	10
															5			—	4	8	5	—	4	8	5
2			2				13	4	1	6	8							—	5	8	8	—	4	9	—
1			1				6	8	—	13	4							—	2	10	4	—	2	4	10
4			4			1	6	8	2	13	4							—	11	4	16	—	9	6	—
	1	4		1	4			$5\frac{1}{3}$			$10\frac{2}{3}$					1	4	—		3	1	—		2	13
	10			10			3	4		6	8							—	1	5	2	—	1	2	5
	9			9			3	—		6	—							—	1	3	8	—	1	—	16
1			1				6	8		13	4							—	2	10	4	—	1	10	16
																		—	1	8	—	—	1	8	—
	13	4		13	4		4	$5\frac{1}{3}$		8	$10\frac{2}{3}$							—	1	10	16	—	1	7	—
												5						—	4	8	5	—	4	8	5
															1			—		11	5	—		11	5
	13	4		13	4		4	$5\frac{1}{3}$		8	$10\frac{2}{3}$							—	1	10	16	—	1	7	—
															17	10		—	16	4	18	—	16	4	18
	13	4		13	4		4	$5\frac{1}{3}$		8	$10\frac{2}{3}$							—	1	10	16	—	1	7	—
8			8			2	13	4	5	6	8							1	2	9	12	—	19	—	—
1			1				6	8		13	4							—	2	10	4	—	2	4	10
8			8			2	13	4	5	6	8							1	2	9	12	—	19	—	—
	6	8		6	8		2	$2\frac{2}{3}$		4	$5\frac{1}{3}$							—	—	11	8	—	—	9	10
	5			5			1	8		3	4							—	—	8	11	—	—	7	2
												5						—	4	8	5	—	4	8	5
															1			—	—	11	5	—	—	11	5
	12	—		12	—		4	—							3			—	4	6	5	—	4	2	17
																		—	2						

Neats Tongues { of *Ruſſia*, the piece — the barrel — the dozen
Nickerchers of *Flanders* making, the dozen
Needles { the dozen thouſand — *vocat.* Pack-Needles, the thouſand — *vocat.* Sail-Needles, the thouſand — *And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron*
Nutmegs pickled, the piece
Nuts *vocat.* { Small-Nuts, the barrel — Wall-Nuts, the barrel

O.

OAkham, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb
Oaker, the barrel
Oars { the piece — the hundred, containing 6 ſcore — *If Imported from* Ireland, Aſia, Africa, *or* America, *vide* Balks.
Oats, (*vide* Corn)
Oyl *vocat.* { Rape and Linſeed Oyl, the tun — *Hempſeed, or other Seed Oyl, the Tun, for every* 20 s. *value on Oath* — *And for every tun* — *Sevil* Oyl, *Majorca* Oyl, *Minorca* Oyl, *Apuglia* and *Portugal* Oyl, the tun — *Provence* Oyl, the tun — *And for the Additional Duty on* French *Goods, by* 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. 1601. — Sallet Oyl, the gallon
Train Oyl, or Blubber { *of* Greenland, *and Parts adjacent, and thoſe Seas, made of Fiſh, or any other creature living in the Seas, caught in any Ships or Veſſels truly and properly belonging to* Great Britain, *and Imported in ſuch Ships, the tun, by* 25 Car. 2. *cap.* 7. Free. — *of* Newfoundland, *or any other his Majeſty's Colonies and Plantations, caught in any Ships or Veſſels truly and properly belonging to* Great Britain, *and Imported in ſuch Ships, the tun.* Free. — *For every Tun of ſuch Oyl, taken by ſhipping belonging to any of his Majeſty's Colonies and Plantations, and Imported in ſuch Shipping* — *For every Tun of ſuch Oyl, taken by the ſaid ſhipping, but Imported in Shipping belonging to* Great Britain — of Foreign fiſhing, the tun
Olives, the hogſhead
Onions { the barrel — the hundred bunches — Seed, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb
Orchal, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb (*for Dyers uſe*)
If Imported and Entred as directed, by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. Free.
Orchelia, for Dyers uſe, for every 20 s. *value*
If Imported and Entred as directed, by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. Free.
Oranges and Lemons, the thouſand
Orſedew, the dozen pound

P.

PAck-thread { in Skeins, the hundred pound — *vocat.* Bottom-thread, the hundred pound
Pans *vocat.* { Dripping-pans, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb — Frying-pans, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb — Warming-pans, the dozen

Rates Inwards.

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔.			The Nett Duties: Payable at Importation.				The Nett Duties: To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
		2			2			⅔			1⅓										6				5
	10			10			2	4		6	8								1	5	2		1	2	5
	2	6		2	6			10		1	8									4	6			3	11
6			6			2			4										17	1	4		14	3	
3			3			1			2										8	6	12		7	1	10
	13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔								1	10	16		1	7	
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓									11	8			9	10
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5
		4			4			1⅓			2⅔										11				9
	10			10			3	4		6	8								1	5	2		1	2	5
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓									11	8			9	10
	10			10			3	4		6	8								1	5	2		1	2	5
1	6	8	1	6	8		8	10⅔		17	9⅓								3	9	12		3	2	
	1			1				4			8		2							2	17			2	11
6			6			2			4			12						1	8	4	3	1	5	5	11
70			70			23	6	8	46	13	4	160						17	9	6		15	16	3	
1			1				6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
												160						7	10			7	10		
32			32			10	13	4	21	6	8							4	11	2	8	3	16		
32			32			10	13	4	21	6	8				160			12	1	2	8	11	6		
																		8							
	5			5			1	8		3	4									8	11			7	2
6																			5	8	8		2	10	4
3																			2	10	4		1	5	2
180			50			16	13	4	32	6	8							13	6			9		6	
8			8			2	13	4	5	6	8							1	2	9	12		19		
	3	4		3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔									5	14			4	15
	16	8		16	8		5	6⅔		11	1⅓								2	4	10		1	11	15
4			4			1	6	8	2	13	4								11	4	16		9	6	
2															2				3	9	6		2	9	18
1															1				1	10	13		1	4	19
1			1				6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
1	6	8	1	6	8		8	10⅔		17	9⅓								3	9	12		3	2	
3			3			1			2										8	6	12		7	1	10
2	10		2	10			16	8	1	13	4								7	1	10		5	11	5
3			3			1			2			5							13	2	17		11	9	15
3			3			1			2			4							12	3	12		10	10	10
3			3			1			2						3				11	4	7		9	11	5

Old

Blew Paper, the ream

And for the New Duty on Paper, by
- 10 Annæ, *cap.* 19. §. 32. blew Royal, the ream, 2 *s.*
- 12 & 13 A. *cap.* 9. §. 1. blew Royal, the ream, 1 *s.*

If any other Sort, for every 20 *s.* real value, by
- 10 *Annæ*, 20 *per Cent.*
- 12 & 13 *A.* 10 *per Cent.*

Brown Paper, the bundle

And for the New Duty on Paper, for every 20 s. real value on Oath, by
- 10 Annæ, 20 per Cent.
- 12 & 13 A. 10 per Cent.

Cap Paper, the ream

And for the New Duty on Paper, for every 20 s. real value on Oath, by
- 10 Annæ, 20 per Cent.
- 12 & 13 A. 10 per Cent

Demy Paper, the ream

And for the New Duty, the ream if fine demy, by
- 10 Annæ. — 4 *s.*
- 12 & 13 A. — 2 *s.*

And for the New Duty, the ream, if demy fecond, by
- 10 Annæ, — 2 *s.* 6 *d.*
- 12 & 13 A. — 1 *s.* 3 *d.*

Ordinary printing and copy Paper, the ream

Paper vocat.

And for the New Duty of the Ordinary printing and copy Paper, if

Genoa *crown, fine the ream, by*	10 Annæ, — 1 *s.* 6 *d.*; 12 & 13 A. — — 9 *d.*
Genoa *crown, fecond the ream, by*	10 Annæ, — 1 *s.* —; 12 & 13 A. — — 6 *d.*
German *crown, the ream, by*	10 Annæ, — 1 *s.* —; 12 & 13 A. — — 6 *d.*
Printing demy, the ream, by	10 Annæ, — 1 *s.* 8 *d.*; 12 & 13 A. — — 10 *d.*
Demy Genoa *fine, the ream, by*	10 Annæ, — 2 *s.* —; 12 & 13 A. — 1 *s.* —
Demy Genoa *fecond, the ream, by*	10 Annæ, — 1 *s.* 6 *d.*; 12 & 13 A. — — 9 *d.*
Demy German, *the ream, by*	10 Annæ, — 1 *s.* 6 *d.*; 12 & 13 A. — — 9 *d.*
Fools cap fine, the ream, by	10 Annæ, — 2 *s.* 6 *d.*; 12 & 13 A. — 1 *s.* 3 *d.*
Fools cap fecond, the ream, by	10 Annæ, — 2 *s.* —; 12 & 13 A — 1 *s.* —
Fools cap Genoa *fine, the ream, by*	10 Annæ, — 1 *s.* 6 *d.*; 12 & 13 A. — — 9 *d.*
Fools cap Genoa *fecond, the ream, by*	10 Annæ, — 1 *s.* —; 12 & 13 A. — — 6 *d.*
Fools cap German, *the ream, by*	10 Annæ, — 1 *s.* —; 12 & 13 A. — — 6 *d.*
Lombard German, *the ream, by*	10 Annæ, — 1 *s.* —; 12 & 13 A. — — 6 *d.*
Superfine pot, the ream, by	10 Annæ, — 2 *s.* —; 12 & 13 A. — 1 *s.* —
Second fine pot, the ream, by	10 Annæ, — 1 *s* 6 *d.*; 12 & 13 A — — 9 *d.*
Baſtard or double copy, the ream, by	10 Annæ, — 2 *s.* —; 12 & 13 A. — 1 *s.* —

Painted Paper, the ream

And for the New Duty on Paper, the ream, by
- 10 Annæ — 8 *s.* —
- 12 & 13 A. — 4 *s.* —

Preſſing Paper, the hundred leaves

And for the New Duty on Paper, for every 20 s. value, on Oath, by
- 10 Annæ 20 per Cent.
- 12 & 13 A. 10 per Cent.

Rochel Paper, as large as demy Paper, the ream

And for the New Duty according to the Reſpective Rates and Qualities

And for the Additional Duty on French *Goods, by* 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. 2 *l.* 5 *s.*

Rates Inwards.

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
	10			10			3	4		6	8	1	10						2	10			2	7	3
																			3				3		
																			6				6		
	3			3			1			2			3	4					7				6	3
																			6				6		
	7	6		7	6		2	6		5			7	6					1	5	1		1	2	18
																			6				6		
	12			12			4			8		1	10						3	1	8		2	9	19
																			6				6		
																			3	9			3	9	
	4	6		4	6		1	6		3			4	6						10	5			8	19
																			2	3			2	3	
																			1	6			1	6	
																			1	6			1	6	
																			2	6			2	6	
																			3				3		
																			2	3			2	3	
																			2	3			2	3	
																			3	9			3	9	
																			3				3		
																			2	3			2	3	
																			1	6			1	6	
																			1	6			1	6	
																			1	6			1	6	
																			3				3		
																			2	3			2	3	
																			3				3		
	13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔	1	10						3	3	14		2	11	18
																			12				12		
	13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔		13	4					2	6	6		2	2	10
																			6				6		
	9			9			3			6						2	5		3	4	15		3	2	3
																			6				6		
																			2	3					

t

Old

Paper *vocat.*

- Royal Paper, the ream
  - *And for the New Duty of the Royal Paper, if*
    - *Atlas fine, the ream, by* — 10 Annæ, 16 *s.* / 12 & 13 A. 8 *s.*
    - *Atlas ordinary, the ream, by* — 10 Annæ, 8 *s.* / 12 & 13 A. 4 *s.*
    - *Elephant fine, the ream, by* — 10 Annæ, 8 *s.* / 12 & 13 A. 4 *s.*
    - *Imperial fine, the ream, by* — 10 Annæ, 16 *s.* / 12 & 13 A. 8 *s.*
    - *Royal fine, the ream, by* — 10 Annæ, 8 *s.* / 12 & 13 A. 4 *s.*
    - *Super royal fine, the ream, by* — 10 Annæ, 12 *s.* / 12 & 13 A. 6 *s.*
- All other Paper Imported, for every 20 *s.* value, on Oath
  - *And for the New Duty of the unrated Paper, if*
    - *Cartridge Paper, the ream, by* — 10 Annæ, 1 *s.* 6 *d.* / 12 & 13 A. 9 *d.*
    - *Chancery double, the ream, by* — 10 Annæ, 2 *s.* / 12 & 13 A. 1 *s.*
    - *Elephant ordinary, the ream, by* — 10 Annæ, 3 *s.* 3 *d.* / 12 & 13 A. 1 *s.* 7 *d.* ½
    - *Medium fine, the ream, by* — 10 Annæ, 6 *s.* / 12 & 13 A. 3 *s.*
    - *Medium* Genoa, *the ream, by* — 10 Annæ, 2 *s* 6 *d.* / 12 & 13 A. 1 *s.* 3 *d.*
    - *Post* vocat. *fine, large post, the ream, by* — 10 Annæ, 2 *s.* 6 *d.* / 12 & 13 A. 1 *s.* 3 *d.*
    - *Fine* Holland *Royal, the ream, by* — 10 Annæ, 3 *s.* 3 *d.* / 12 & 13 A. 1 *s.* 7 *d* ½
    - *Fine* Holland *ſecond, the ream, by* — 10 Annæ, 2 *s.* / 12 & 13 A. 1 *s.*
    - Genoa *Royal, the ream, by* — 10 Annæ, 3 *s.* 3 *d.* / 12 & 13 A. 1 *s.* 7 *d* ½
    - *All other Paper, white or brown, or any other colour or kind whatſoever, for every* 20 *s. real value, on Oath, by* 10 Annæ, 20 per Cent. 12 & 13 Annæ, 10 per Cent.

Parchment
- the dozen, containing 12 ſheets
  - *And for the New Duty on skins, by* — 9 A. 6 *d. the dozen* / 10 A. 2 *s.* — *the dozen*
- the roll, containing 6 dozen skins
  - *And for the New Duty on skins, by* — 9 A. 3 *s.* — / 10 A. 12 *s.* —

Paſt of Jene, the pound

Pears or Apples dry'd, the barrel

Peaſe (*vide* Corn)

Penners, the groce, containing 12 dozen

Petticoats of Silk, the piece
- *And for every pound weight of wrought Silk*

Percer-bitts, the groce, containing 12 dozen
- *And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron*

Perry by Britiſh, *the tun filled, as by* 14 Car. 2. *cap.* 11.
- *And for every* 20 *s. value, on Oath*

And for the Coinage Duty, the tun, 10 *s. by* 18 Car. 2. *cap.* 2.

Perry by Strangers, the tun filled
- *The reſt of the Duties the ſame, as by* Britiſh.
- *If Perry be Entred unfilled, there is* 12 l. per Cent. *to be allowed out of the Old Subſidy for Leakage.*

Pheaſants
- the dozen, from *Chriſtmas* to *Midſummer*
- Pouts, from *Midſummer* to *Chriſtmas*

Rates Inwards.

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	8	14	—	4	3	—
																		1	4	—	—	1	4	—	—
																		—	12	—	—	—	12	—	—
																		—	12	—	—	—	12	—	—
																		1	4	—	—	1	4	—	—
																		—	12	—	—	—	12	—	—
																		—	18	—	—	—	18	—	—
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	9	9	—	3	3	15
																		—	2	3	—	—	2	3	—
																		—	3	—	—	—	3	—	—
																		—	4	10	10	—	4	10	10
																		—	9	—	—	—	9	—	—
																		—	3	9	—	—	3	9	—
																		—	3	9	—	—	3	9	—
																		—	4	10	10	—	4	10	10
																		—	3	—	—	—	3	—	—
																		—	4	10	10	—	4	10	10
																		—	6	—	—	—	6	—	—
7	—	—	7	—	—	—	2	4	—	4	8	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	1	3	18	—	1	1	18
																		—	2	6	—	—	1	8	—
2	2	—	2	2	—	—	14	—	1	8	—	—	—	—	2	2	—	—	7	11	8	—	6	11	9
																		—	15	—	—	—	10	—	—
7	6	—	7	6	—	2	6	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	17	—	1	—	14
10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	5	2	—	1	2	5
2	—	—	2	—	—	13	4	1	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	8	8	—	4	9	—
3	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	15	5	10	—	14	—	8
															2	—	—	—	1	10	10	—	1	10	10
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	10	4	—	2	4	10
												5	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	8	5	—	4	8	5
90	—	—																4	10	—	—	3	10	—	—
			1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	10	1	—	2	10	16
																		—	10	—	—	—	10	—	—
120	—	—																6	—	—	—	4	15	—	—
4	—	—	4	—	—	1	6	8	2	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	4	16	—	9	6	—
2	10	—	2	10	—	—	16	8	1	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	1	10	—	5	11	5

Old

Pictures, by 8 Geo. *cap.* 20. *are to pay* (*in lieu of all former Duties which are by this Act repealed*) *as follows*, viz.

For every Picture of 4 *Foot ſquare or upwards, or of any Dimenſions which being reduced will produce a ſquare of* 4 *Foot or upwards*, 3 l.
For every Picture of 2 *Foot ſquare and under* 4 *Foot ſquare*, 2 l.
For every Picture under 2 *Foot ſquare*, 1 l.
To be applied to the ſame Uſes and Purpoſes, and in the ſame Proportion as the former Duties.

The ſeveral Proportions are, viz.

A Picture of 4 *Foot ſquare and upwards from any Country* (*except* France *or in Ships from the* Mediteranean, *not liable to One* per Cent.)
If Imported by Britiſh
And for the New Duty of 20 per Cent. *by* 12 *&* 13 W. 3. *cap.* 11. 20 l.
And for the New Additional Duty of 20 per Cent. *by* 3 *&* 4 Annæ, *cap.* 4. 20 l.
If Imported by Stangers
For the Aliens Duty, 1 l. 4 s. 6 d.
And for the Two Duties of 20 per Cent. *aforementioned, each* 19 l. 11 s. 10 d.
If Imported by Britiſh (*except from* France) *in Ships liable to the One* per Cent.
For the One per Cent. 19 s. 8 d.
And for the Two New Duties of 20 per Cent. *aforementioned, each* 19 l. 13 s. 6 d.
If Imported by Strangers
For the Aliens Duty, 1 l. 4 s. 1 d.
For the One per Cent. 19 s. 3 d. ½
And for the Two New Duties of 20 per Cent. *aforementioned, each* 19 l. 5 s. 6 d. ½
If of the Manufacture of France *and in Ships, not liable to the One* per Cent.
By Britiſh
For the Additional Duty on French *Goods, by* 7 *&* 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20.
And for the Two New Duties of 20 per Cent. *aforementioned, each* 11 l. 8 s. 7 d.
If Imported by Strangers
For the Aliens Duty, 14 s. 1 d.
For the Additional Duty on French *Goods, by* 7 *&* 8 W. 3. *cap* 20
And for the Two New Duties of 20 per Cent. *aforementioned, each* 11 l. 5 s. 11 d.
If of the Manufacture of France *and in Ships, liable to pay One* per Cent.
By Britiſh
For the One per Cent. 11 s. 3 d. ¼
For the Additional Duty on French *Goods, by* 7 *&* 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20.
And for the Two New Duties of 20 per Cent. *aforementioned, each* 11 l. 6 s. 5 d.
If Imported by Strangers
For the Aliens Duty, 13 s. 11 d. ¼
For the One per Cent. 11 s. 2 d. ½
For the Additional Duty on French *Goods, by* 7 *&* 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20.
And for the Two New Duties of 20 per Cent. *aforementioned, each* 11 l. 3 s. 10 d.

Note, *A Picture of* 2 *Foot ſquare and under* 4 *Foot ſquare, pays* ⅔ds *of the ſeveral Rates aforeſaid, and a Picture under* 2 *Foot ſquare, pays* ⅓d *of the ſaid Rates.*

Pike-heads, the piece
And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron
Pikes { without Heads, the piece
with Heads, the piece
And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron
Pins, the dozen thouſand
And for every hundred weight, of wrought Iron
If Braſs, for every 20 s. *value*
Pincers and Pliers, the dozen
And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron
Pintadoes or Callico Cuboard-cloths *not brought from* Eaſt-India *or* China, *the piece.*
And for the New Duty, by 10 Annæ, *cap.* 19. 15 l. per Cent. ad Valorem
And for the New Additional Duty, by 12 Annæ, *cap.* 9. 15 l. per Cent. ad Valorem
which is for every 20 s. *each Duty*, 3 s.

Pipe

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			½ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔.			The Nett Duties							
																		Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
5	—	—	5	—	—	1	13	4	3	6	8	—	—	—	5	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
																		2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
4	17	11½	4	17	11½	1	12	8	3	5	3½	—	—	—	4	17	11½	1	—	9	16	—	—	—	—
4	18	4½	4	18	4½	1	12	9½	3	5	7	—	—	—	4	18	4½	1	19	2	4	—	—	—	—
																		1	—	8	—	—	—	—	—
4	16	4¾	4	16	4¾	1	12	1½	3	4	3½	—	—	—	4	16	4¾	1	19	4	—	—	—	—	—
																		1	1	5	7	—	—	—	—
																		1	18	6	13	—	—	—	—
2	17	1¾	2	17	1¾	—	19	—½	1	16	1	—	—	—	14	5	8½	1	2	10	5	—	—	—	—
																		—	14	3	10	—	—	—	—
																		1	2	10	5	—	—	—	—
2	16	5¾	2	16	5¾	—	18	10	1	17	7¾	—	—	—	14	2	4	1	3	3	10	—	—	—	—
																		—	14	1	10	—	—	—	—
																		1	2	7	—	—	—	—	—
2	16	7¼	2	16	7¼	—	18	10½	1	17	8¾	—	—	—	14	3	—¼	1	3	2	8	—	—	—	—
																		—	14	1	16	—	—	—	—
																		1	2	7	16	—	—	—	—
2	15	11½	2	15	11½	—	18	8	1	17	3½	—	—	—	13	19	9½	1	3	7	14	—	—	—	—
																		—	13	11	12	—	—	—	—
																		1	2	4	14	—	—	—	—
		6			6			2			4										17				14
												5	—	—				—	4	8	5	—	4	8	5
	3	6		3	6		1	2		2	4									6	—			5	—
	4	—		4	—		1	4		2	8									6	17			5	14
												5	—	—				—	4	8	5	—	4	8	5
2	10	—	2	10	—	—	16	8	1	13	4							—	7	1	10	—	5	11	5
												5	—	—				—	4	8	5	—	4	8	5
															1	—	—	—	—	11	5	—	—	11	5
	4	—		4	—		1	4		2	8									6	17			5	14
												5	—	—				—	4	8	5	—	4	8	5
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓	—	—	—		6	8	—	1	3	3	—	1	1	5
																		—	6	—	—	—	6	—	—

Pipe or Hogſhead-ſtaves, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore
If from Ireland, Aſia, Africa, *or* America, *vide* Balks.
Pipes for Tabors, the dozen
Pipes for Children, the groce, containing 12 dozen
Pitch { Small hand, the laſt, containing 12 barrels
Great hand, the laſt, containing 12 barrels
of the Britiſh *Plantations, the laſt*
Plaiſter of Paris, the mount, containing 3000 weight
And for the Additional Duty on French *Goods* 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. 10 l.
Plane Irons, the dozen
And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron
Planks of *Ireland*, the hundred foot, containing 5 ſcore
Plate { Silver white or ungilt, the ounce
And for the New Duty, by 6 Geo. *cap* 11. *for every ounce* 6 d.
of Silver parcel gilt, the ounce
And for the New Duty, by 6 Geo. *cap.* 11. *for every ounce* 6 d.
of Silver gilt, the ounce
And for the New Duty, by 6 Geo. *cap.* 11. *for every ounce* 6 d.
Plates *vocat.* { Single white or black, the hundred plates
Double white or black, the hundred plates
Single white or black, the barrel, containing 300 plates
Double white or black, the barrel, containing 300 plates
Harneſs plates, or Iron doubles, the plate
Harneſs plates, or Iron doubles, the bundle, containing 10 plates
Playing Tables of Walnut-tree, the pair
Points { of Thread, the great groce, containing 12 ſmall groce
of Capiton, the great groce, containing 12 ſmall groce
of fine Silk, the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen
Pomice-ſtones, the tun
Pomegranates, the thouſand
Pork { the ſide
the tun
Potatoes, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb
Pots { of Earth or Stone covered, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore
of Earth or Stone uncovered, the hundred caſt, containing a gallon to every caſt, whether in one pot or more
vocat. Gallipots, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore
vocat. Melting-pots for Goldſmiths, the hundred
of Iron, *French*-making, the dozen
And for the Additional Duty on French *Goods, by* 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. 15 l.
of Iron, *Flemiſh*-making, the dozen
Pullies { *vocat.* Pullies of Iron, the groce, containing 12 dozen
And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron
of Braſs, the dozen
of Wood, the groce, containing, 12 dozen
Punſons, and Gravers for Goldſmiths, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb

Q

Quails, the dozen
Quills, *vocat.* Gooſe Quills, the thouſand
Quilts { *French*-making, the dozen
And for the Additional Duty on French *Goods, by* 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. 2 l.
of Callico, the piece
of Satin or other Silk, the piece
And for every pound of Silk wrought
Quinces, the hundred

Rates Inwards.

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				The Nett Duties to be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓		13	4					1	6	18		1	5	
	4			4			1	4		2	8									6	17			5	14
	8			8			2	8		5	4								1	1	14			11	8
2	10		2	10			16	8	1	13	4				1	5			8	3	11		7	1	6
2	10		2	10			16	8	1	13	4				1	5			8	3	11		7	1	6
2	10		2	10			16	8	1	13	4								7	1	10		5	11	5
2			2				13	4	1	6	8				10				15		18		14	1	10
																			10						
	2			2				8		1	4									3	8			2	17
													5						4	8	5		4	8	5
	12	6		12	6		4	2		8	4								1	9	7		1	5	16
	4			4			1	4		2	8					4				9	2			7	19
																					6				6
	4	6		4	6		1	6		3						4	6			10	5			9	
																					6				6
	5			5			1	8		3	4					5				11	7			9	19
																					6				6
	13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔		4	6	8					5	11	11		5	7	15
1	6	8	1	6	8		8	10⅔		17	9⅓		8	13	4					11	11	2		11	3	10
2			2				13	4	1	6	8		13							17	10	13		16	11	5
4			4			1	6	8	2	13	4		26						1	15	9	6	1	13	10	10
	1			1				4			8		1	6	8					1	4	14		1	4	8
	10			10			3	4		6	8		1	6	8					13	11	2		13	8	5
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓										11	8			9	10
1			1				6	8		13	4									2	10	4		2	4	10
2			2				13	4	1	6	8									5	8	8		4	9	
1	10		1	10			10		1											4	3	6		3	6	15
	13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔									1	10	16		1	7	
2			2				13	4	1	6	8									5	8	8		4	9	
	5			5			1	8		3	4										8	11			7	2
6			6			2			4											17	1	4		14	3	
	16	8		16	8		5	6⅔		11	1⅓									2	4	10		1	11	15
1	6	8	1	6	8		8	10⅔		17	9⅓									3	9	12		3	2	
2	10		2	10			16	8	1	13	4									7	1	10		5	11	5
2			2				13	4	1	6	8									5	8	8		4	9	
	3			3			1			2											5	3			4	6
3			3			1			2								15		1	2	7	7	1	1	2	5
																				15						
3			3			1			2			15							1	2	7	7	1	1	2	5
5			5			1	13	4	3	6	8								1	14	3			11	10	10
												5								4	8	5		4	8	5
	4			4			1	4		2	8					4				9	2			7	19
1			1				6	8		13	4									2	10	4		2	4	10
5	12		5	12		1	17	4	3	14	8	5							1		7	15		17	11	17
	8			8			2	8		5	4									1	1	14			11	8
	2			2				8		1	4										3	8			2	17
4	16		4	16		1	12		3	4							24		1	16	2	4	1	13	10	17
																			1	4						
2			2				13	4	1	6	8	8								13	2	8		12	3	
6	12	4	6	13	4	2	4	5⅓	4	8	10⅔	13	6	8					1	11	6		1	8	3	
															2					1	10	10		1	10	10
	8			8			2	8		5	4									1	1	14			11	8

R.

RAckets, the piece
Rape of Grapes, the tun, *by* Britiſh, *the Old Subſidy being altered by the Act, for Preventing Frauds, by* 14 Car. 2. *cap.*
By Strangers the tun
Rape-ſeed, the laſt, containing 10 quarters
Raſhes *vocat.* Bridges, or Leaden Raſhes, the ſingle piece, containing 15 yards
Bridges, or Leaden Raſhes, the double piece, containing 2 ſingle pieces
Cloth Raſhes, the piece
Rattles for Children, the groce, containing 12 dozen
with Bells, the dozen
Razors the dicker, containing 10
And for every hundred weight of wrought Steel
Recorders the ſet, or caſe, containing 5 recorders
Ribband of Silk, of all ſorts, the pound
To pay Additional Duty (vide *wrought Silk*)
Rice, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb
Rozen, *of all ſorts* (*except* French *Rozen*) *not being of the Product of any of the Dominions, or Plantations belonging to the Crown of* Great Britain, *the hundred weight, containing* 112 lb
Rozen, *of the* Britiſh *Plantations*, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb
Rozen, of *France*, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb
And for the Additional Duty on French *Goods, by* 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. 1l. 12s. 4d.
Rugs *vocat.* *Iriſh* Rugs, the piece
Poliſh Rugs, the piece
Rims for Sives, the groce, containing 12 dozen
Rings *vocat.* for Keys, the groce, containing 12 dozen
And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron
for Curtains, the pound
of Wire, the groce, containing 12 dozen
of Braſs, the groce, containing 12 dozen
of Copper, the groce, containing 12 dozen
And for every hundred weight of wrought Copper
of St. Martins gilt, the groce, containing 12 dozen
ſmall the Box, containing 2 groce, 12 dozen to each groce
of Hair, the groce, containing 12 dozen

S.

Sack Cloth the hundred Ells, containing 6 ſcore
of ſingle Thread, the Piece, containing 15 yards
with white Thread, the yard
with Silk, the yard
For the Additional Duty on Sack Cloth, vide *Linen.*
Saddles of Steel, the piece
And for every hundred weight of wrought Steel
Saphora, (*vide* Barillia.)
Safflower, the pound (*for Dyers uſe*)
If Imported and Entred as directed, by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. Free.
Saffron, the pound
Salt *vocat.* white or *Spaniſh* Salt, the buſhel
white or *Spaniſh* Salt, the wey, containing 40 buſhels
Bay or *French* Sal, the buſhel
And for the Additional Duty on French, *Goods, by* 7 & 8 W 3. *cap.* 20 2s. 6d.

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			¼ Subsidy.			⅗ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 1692.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
		8			8			2⅔			5⅓									1	3				19
90			3			1			2									4	15	8	8	3	15	8	8
120			3			1			2									6	5	8	8	5		8	8
10			10			3	6	8	6	13	4	80						5	3	6		4	18	9	
4			4			1	6	8	2	13	4								11	4	16		9	6	
7			7			2	6	8	4	13	4								19	11	8		16	7	10
18			18			6			12									2	11	3	12	2	2	9	
1	6	8	1	6	8		8	10⅔		17	9⅓								3	9	12		3	2	
	6			6			2			4										10	5			8	11
1			1				6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
												5	10						5	1	18		5	1	18
1			1				6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
4			4			1	6	8	2	13	4	8			2			1	2	4	16	1		7	
1	6	8	1	6	8		8	10⅔		17	9⅓				1	6	8		5		12		4	5	
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓					13	4		1	6	18		1	5	
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓									11	8			9	10
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓				1	13	4		2	6	3		2	4	5
																			1	8					
	13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔								1	10	16		1	7	
1			1				6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
	6			6			2			4										10	5			8	11
	9			9			3			6									1	2	8		1		17
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5
	1	4		1	4			5⅓			10⅔					1	4			2	1			2	13
	4			4			1	4		2	8									6	17			5	14
1			1				6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15
1			1				6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
															17	10			16	4	18		16	4	18
1			1				6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
	10			10			3	4		6	8								1	5	2		1	2	5
	3			3			1			2										5	3			4	6
8			8			2	13	4	5	6	8	6						1	8	5	2	1	4	7	10
	10			10			3	4		6	8		7	6					1	9	6		1	6	9
	1			1				4			8			9						2	3			1	17
	1	6		1	6			6		1										2	11			2	3
1			1				6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
												5	10						5	1	18		5	1	18
	1																				11				6
1	10		1	10			10		1										4	3	6		3	6	15
		8			8			2⅔			5⅓					2	6			2	11			2	7	
1	6	8	1	6	8		8	10⅔		17	9⅓				5				8	5	17		7	10	5
		6			6			2			4					2	6			2	5			2	2	
																				1	10				

Salt *vocat.*
- Bay or *French* Salt, the wey, containing 40 buſhels
  - *And for the Additional Duty on* French *Goods, by* 7 & 8 W 3. *cap.* 20. 5 l.
- *Scotch* Salt, *the Duties are repealed by the Act of Union* 5 Annæ, *cap.* 8.
  - Note, *That Salt uſed in curing Fiſh, is exempted from the paying the* 5 s. per *wey, by the Additional Impoſt* 16 9/3. vide *the Act* 4 & 5 W & M. *ca.* 5.
- *Salt, Imported from* Jerſey, Guernſey, Alderney, *and* Sark, *is liable to the ſame Duty as any other Salt,* vide 5 Geo. *cap.* 18. §. 11.

Salt Petre, the hundred weight, containing 112 pound (*for Dyers uſe*)

Saws *vocat.*
- Hand-ſaws, the dozen
  - *And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron*
- Tenant-ſaws, the dozen
  - *And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron*
- Whip-ſaws, the piece
  - *And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron*
- Leg-ſaws, the piece
  - *And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron*

Says
- Double Says, or *Flanders* Serges, the piece, containing 15 yards
- Double Says, or Serge, the yard
- Milled Says, the piece
- Hounſcot Says, the piece, containing 24 yards

Scamoty, the yard

Scamoty, the piece, containing 7 yards and an half

Sciſſars, the groce, containing 12 dozen
- *And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron*

Sea-holly-roots, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔

Sea-morſe teeth, the pound

Serge
- of *Athens*, the yard
- of *Florence*, the yard

Shears
- for Shearmen new, the pair
  - *And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron*
- for Shearmen old, the pair
  - *And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron*
- for Glovers, the pair
  - *And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron*
- for Sempſters, the dozen
  - *And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron*
- *vocat.* Forceps, the groce, containing 12 dozen
  - *And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron*
- for Taylors, the dozen
  - *And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron*

Sheep Imported from *Ireland* to *Great Britain*, by the ſcore

Shubs of *Calabar*, the Piece or Shub

Shumack, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔. (*for Dyers uſe*)
- *If Imported and Entred, as by* 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. Free.

Shruff or old Braſs, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔

Syder, and Syder Eager, the tun, *by* Britiſh *for the Old Subſidy being altered by the Act for Preventing Frauds, by* 14 Car. 2. *cap.* 11.
- *By Strangers, the tun*
- *If Syder be Entred unfilled, there is* 12 l. per Cent. *for Leakage allowed out of the Old Subſidy.*
- *And by an Act for Encouraging Coinage,* 18 Car. 2. *pays for every tun,* 10 s.

Silk *vocat.*
- *Bridges* Silk, the pound, containing 16 ounces
- *Ferret* or *Floret* Silk, the pound, containing 16 ounces
- *Fillozel* or *Paris* Silk, the pound, containing 16 ounces
  - *And for the Additional Duty on* French *Goods, by* 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. 3 l. 15 s.
- *Granado*
  - Silk black, the pound, containing 16 ounces
  - Silk in colours, the pound, containing 16 ounces
- *Naples*
  - Silk black, the pound, containing 16 ounces
  - Silk in colours, the pound, containing 16 ounces

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅓			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				The Nett Duties To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
1			1				6	8		13	4				5				7	6	9		7		15
																			5						
1												4							4	8	8		4	2	14
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓									11	8			9	10
	13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔	5							4	8	5		4	8	5
																			1	10	16		1	7	
	5			5			1	8		3	4	5							4	8	5		4	8	5
																				8	11			7	2
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓	5							4	8	5		4	8	5
																				11	8			9	10
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5
9			9			3			6									1	5	7	16	1	1	4	10
	12			12			4			8									1	8	11		1	5	2
6			6			2			4										17	1	4		14	3	
6			6			2			4										17	1	4		14	3	
	1			1				4			8					1				2	6			2	
	7	6		7	6		2	6		5						7	6		1	5	2		1	2	19
3			3			1			2										8	6	12		7	1	10
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5
1			1				6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
	3			3			1			2										5	2			4	5
	2			2				8		1	4									3	8			2	16
1			1				6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
1			1				6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5
	12	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔								1	10	16		1	7	
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5
	1			1				4			8									1	14			1	8
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5
	3	4		3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔									5	14			4	15
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5
	13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔								1	10	16		1	7	
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5
	16			16			5	4		10	8								2	3	7		1	10	16
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5
5			5			1	13	4	3	6	8								14	3			11	10	10
2			2				13	4	1	6	8				2				7	6	18		6	7	10
	13	4																		7	12			3	16
3			3			1			2										8	6	12		7	1	10
90			4			1	6	8	2	13	4							4	16	9	12	3	16	9	12
120			4			1	6	8	2	13	4							6	3	2	12	4	18	2	12
																			10				10		
2			2				13	4	1	6	8								5	8	8		4	9	
1			1				6	8		13	4					10			3	2	17		2	10	3
15			15				5			10					3	15			5	7	18		5	3	10
																			3	9					
3			3			1			2										8	6	12		7	1	10
4			4			1	6	8	2	13	4								11	4	16		9	6	
2			2				13	4	1	6	8								5	8	8		4	9	
2	10		2	10			16	8	1	12	4								7	1	10		5	11	5

Silk *vocat.*

- Organzine Silk, and all thrown Silk, the pound, containing 16 ounces
- *Pole* and *Spaniſh* Silk, the pound, containing 16 ounces
- Raw *China* Silk, the pound, containing 24 ounces
- Raw *Bengall* Silk, the pound, containing 24 ounces
- Raw *Morea*, Silk, the pound, containing 24 ounces
- Raw long Silk of all ſorts (except *China* and *Bengal*) the pound, containing 24 ounces
- Raw ſhort Silk or Capiton, the pound, containing 24 ounces
- Sattin Silk, the pound, containing 16 ounces
- Sleeve Silk courſe, the pound, containing 16 ounces
- Sleeve Silk fine or *Naples* Sleeve, the pound, containing 16 ounces
- Silk nubs, or husks of Silk, the pound, containing 21 ounces
- Thrown Silk dyed, the pound, containing 16 ounces
- Imported directly from the *Eaſt-Indies* in *Britiſh*-built Ships, the pound weight, containing 16 ounces
- In other bottoms, the pound weight containing 16 ounces
- Of the Manufacture of *Italy*, imported from thence in *Britiſh*-built Ships, the pound weight, containing 16 ounces
- From *Italy*

Silk wrought *vocat.*

- *Alamodes or Luſtrings of the Manufacture of* France, *the pound weight, containing 16 ounces, 9 & 10 W. 3. cap. 20.*
- *And for the Additional Duty on* French *Goods, 7 & 8 W. 3. cap. 20. 20 l.*
- *Alamodes or Luſtrings, not of the Manufacture of* France, *the pound weight, containing 16 ounces*
- *From* France (*except Alamodes or Luſtrings*) the pound weight, containing 16 ounces
- *And for Additional Duty on* French *Goods, 7 & 8 W. 3 cap. 20. 10 l.*
- From any other Parts of the World (*except Alamodes and Luſtrings*, the pound weight, containing 16 ounces

* *Alter'd to 3 Years, by 7 Geo. cap. 20.*

Provided, That all Foreign Silks wrought, Exported, within * One Year from the Importation, ſhall have Two thirds of the *Old Subſidy* repaid, at the Cuſtom-Houſe (*except* Eaſt-India *wrought Silks, Alamodes and Luſtrings.*)

All Silks wrought (*except* Eaſt-India) ſhall pay One full Moiety of the *Old Subſidy*, over and above what they ſtand Rated in this Book, for which Additional Duty, the Importer giving Security at the Cuſtom-Houſe, ſhall have 12 Months Time for Payment of the ſame, from the Time of the Importation: Or in caſe ſuch Importer ſhall pay Ready Money, he ſhall have 10 l. *per Cent.* of the ſaid Duty abated to him, and if any of the ſaid Silks, for which the ſaid Duty is paid or ſecured at the Importation, be exported within * 12 Months after their Importation, then the aforeſaid Duty ſhall be wholly returned, or the Security vacated, as to what ſhall be ſo exported.

* *Alter'd to 3 Years, by 7 Geo. cap. 20.*

Skins *vocat.*

Buck *or Deer-ſkins*

- in the Hair, the Skin
- dreſt, the Skin
- *And for the Duty on Skins dreſt in Oyl, or Allom and Salt, or otherwiſe perfectly dreſt, the pound, by* — 9 Annæ, 6 d. / 10 Annæ, 3 d.

Calf-ſkins

- of *Ireland*, raw, the dozen
- tanned
- *And for the New Duty on Skins, tanned, the pound, by* — 9 Annæ, 1 d. ½ / 10 Annæ, 2 d.
- *dreſt in Allom, and Salt, or otherwiſe tawed, for every 20 s. value, on Oath*
- *And for the New Duty on Skins, the pound, by* — 9 Annæ, 1 d. ½ / 10 Annæ, 1 d. ½

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			½ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				The Nett Duties To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
	16	8		16	8		5	6⅔		11	1⅓					16	8	1	13	1	18		2	9	3
2			2				13	4	1	6	8								15	8	8		4	9	—
1			1				6	8		13	4	1							3	9	9		3	3	15
	10			10			3	4		6	8		10						1	10	15		1	7	18
	10			10			3	4		6	8								1	5	2		1	2	5
	10			10			3	4		6	8								1	5	2		1	2	5
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓									11	8			9	10
2			2				13	4	1	6	8									5	8		4	9	—
	13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔								1	10	16		1	7	—
2	13	4	2	13	4		17	9⅓	1	15	6⅔									7	7	4		6	4	—
	2			2				8		1	4										3	8			2	17
5			5			1	13	4	3	6	8									14	3	—		11	10	10
	7	6																			4	6				
	10																				5	14				
1	13	4	1	13	4		11	1⅓	1	2	2⅔	3	6	8	2					10	5	11		9	11	4
2			2				13	4	1	6	8	4			2					12	2	3		11	6	11
4			4			1	6	8	2	13	4				20				1	11	10	6				
																			1							
4			4			1	6	8	2	13	4	8			12				1	11	10	6				
2			2				13	4	1	6	8				10					15	11	3		15	3	11
																				10						
2			2				13	4	1	6	8	4			2					12	2	3		11	6	11
	2	6		2	6			10		1	8					2	6			5	14			4	19
	5			5			1	8		3	4					5				11	7			9	19
																					9				
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓					6	8		1	3	3		1	1	5
	10			10			3	4		6	8					10			1	10	15		1	7	18
																					3	10			2	7
1			1				6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15
																					3	—			2	—

y Old

Cordivant of *Turkey*, the dozen
Cordivant of *East-India*, the dozen
And for the New Duty on Skins, by { 9 A. *cap.* 11. — 4 s. — / 10 A. *cap.* 26. — 4 s. — }
Dogfishskins for Fletchers, the dozen
Foxskins dreft, the dozen
And for the New Duty on Skins, for every 20 s. real value, on Oath, by { 9 Annæ, 15 per Cent. / 10 Annæ, 15 per Cent. }
Gold-skins, the dozen
Goat-skins { of *Barbary* or the *East*-Country, in the Hair, the dozen Skins / of *Ireland*, in the Hair, the dozen / tanned, the dozen / *And for the New Duty on Skins, for every pound,* { 9 Annæ, —— 6 d. / *for every doz. by* { 10 Annæ, —— 4 s. — } }
Huffeskins for Fletchers, the skin
Kidskins { in the Hair, the hundred, containing 5 score / *And for the New Duty on Skins, the dozen, by* { 9 Annæ, —— 1 s. — / 10 Annæ, —— 6 d. } / dreft, the hundred, containing 5 score / *And for the New Duty on Skins, the dozen, by* { 9 Annæ, —— 1 s. — / 10 Annæ, —— 6 d. } }
Kips-skins for every 20 s. value, on Oath
And for the New Duty on Skins, if dreft in Allom, and Salt, or Meal, or otherwife tawed, the pound, by { 9 Annæ, —— 1 d. ½ / 10 Annæ, —— 1 d. ½ }
Portugal skins, the dozen
Seal Skins, the skin
Shamway Skins, the dozen
Skins *vocat.* Sheep-skins { in the Wooll, the skin / *dreft in Oyl, for every 20 s. value, on Oath* / *And for the New Duty on Skins, the dozen, by* { 9 Annæ, —— 1 s. 6 d. / 10 Annæ, —— 1 s. 6 d. } / *tanned, for every 20 s. value, on Oath* / *And for the New Duty on Skins, the dozen, by* { 9 Annæ, —— 9 d. / 10 Annæ, —— 9 d. } / *dreft in Allom, and Salt, or Meal, or otherwife tawed, for every 20 s. value, on Oath* / *And for the New Duty on Skins, for every dozen, by* { 9 Annæ, —— 6 d. / 10 Annæ, —— 6 d. } }
Lamb-skins { *dreft in Oyl, for every 20 s. value, on Oath* / *And for the New Duty on Skins, for every dozen, by* { 9 Annæ, —— 1 s. — / 10 Annæ, —— 1 s. — } / *tanned, for every 20 s. value, on Oath* / *And for the New Duty on Skins, for every dozen, by* { 9 Annæ, —— 9 d. / 10 Annæ, —— 9 d. } / *dreft in Allom, and Salt, or Meal, or otherwife tawed, for every 20 s. value on Oath* / *And for the New Duty on Skins, for every dozen, by* { 9 Annæ, —— 6 d. / 10 Annæ, —— 6 d. } }
Slink Calve-skins, { *dreffed with the Hair on, for every 20 s. value, on Oath* / *And for the New Duty on Skins, for every pound weight, by* { 9 Annæ, —— 1 d. / 10 Annæ, —— 1 d. } / *dreffed without the Hair, for every 20 s. value, on Oath* / *And for the New Duty on Skins, for every pound weight, by* { 9 Annæ, —— d. ½ / 10 Annæ, —— d. ½ } }
Dogskins, dreft in Allom and Salt, or otherwife, for every 20 s. value on Oath
And for the New Duty on Skins, for every pound, by { 9 Annæ, —— d. ½ / 10 Annæ, —— d. ½ }
Spaniſh, Sevil, or Cordivant Skins, the dozen
And for the New Duty on Skins, for every dozen, by { 9 Annæ, —— 4 s. — / 10 Annæ, —— 4 s. — }

Skins

Rates Inwards.

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅗			The Nett Duties							
																		Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
1	6	8	1	6	8	—	8	10⅔	—	17	9⅓	—	—	—	1	6	8	—	5	—	12	—	4	5	—
1	6	8	1	6	8	—	8	10⅔	—	17	9⅓	5	6	8	1	6	8	—	10	—	12	—	9	5	—
																			8						
		6			6			2			4						4		1	3				1	
	16			16			5	4		10	8					16			3		7		2	7	16
																			6						
		6			6			2			4						4			1	3			1	
1			1				6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓					6	8		1	3	8		1	1	5
2			2				13	4	1	6	8				2				7	6	18		6	7	10
		6			6			2			4						6			1	3			1	
1			1				6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15
																			1	6					
2			2				13	4	1	6	8				2				7	6	18		6	7	10
																			1	6					
1			1				6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15
																				3					
2			2				13	4	1	6	8				2				7	6	18		6	7	10
	1	8		1	8			6⅔		1	1⅓						1	8		3	16			3	6
1	6	8	1	6	8		8	10⅔		17	9⅓				1	6	8		5	—	12		4	5	—
		3			3			1⅓			2						3				11				10
1			1				6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15
																				3					
1			1				6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15
																			1	6					
1			1				6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15
																			1						
1			1				6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15
																			2						
1			1				6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15
																			1	6					
1			1				6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15
																			1						
1			1				6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15
																				2				1	6
1			1				6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15
																				1					13
1			1				6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15
																				1					
5			5			1	13	4	3	6	8				5			18	11	5		16	6	15	
																		8							

Old

Skins *vocat.*
- *Spruce* Skins tawed, the dozen
- *And for the New Duty on Skins, for every 20 s. of real value, on Oath, by* — 9 Annæ, 15 per Cent. / 10 Annæ, 15 per Cent.
- *All other Skins or pieces of Skins dreſſed, tanned, or tawed, not before particularly charged, for every 20 s. value*
- *For the New Duty on Skins, for every 20 s real value on Oath, by* — 9 Annæ, 15 per Cent. / 10 Annæ, 15 per Cent.

Skeets for Whitſters, the skeet
Slip, the barrel
Smalts, the pound

Snuffers of all ſorts
- *If made of Braſs*, the dozen
- *If made of Iron*, the dozen
- *And for the Impoſt of and for every hundred weight of wrought Iron*

Snuff for every 20 s. value, on Oath
And for the New Duty if not of the Product or Manufacture of the Britiſh *Plantations, by* 8 Annæ, *cap.* 7. §. 1. *for every pound weight*, 3 s.

Soap *vocat.*
- *Caſtle* or *Venice*, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb
- *And for the New Duty on Soap, for every pound, by* — 10 Annæ. — — 2 d. / 12 & 13 A. — — 1 d.
- *Flemiſh*, the barrel
- *And for the New Duty on Soap, for every pound, by* — 10 Annæ, — — 2 d. / 12 & 13 A. — — 1 d.

Spangles of Copper, the thouſand
Sparrs ſmall, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore
If Imported from Ireland, Aſia, *or* America, *vide* Balks.
Spectacles without Caſes, the groce, containing 12 dozen
Spoons of Horn, the groce, containing 12 dozen
Spunges (*vide* Drugs)

Standiſhes
- of Wood, the dozen
- of Braſs, the dozen
- covered with Leather gilt, the piece
- *And if the moſt valuable Part be Leather, for the New Duty on Hides*, &c. *for every 20 s. real value, on Oath* — 9 Annæ, 15 per Cent. / 10 Annæ, 15 per Cent.
- *vocat.* Pocket Standiſhes, the dozen

Starch white, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb
And for the New Duty, 10 Annæ, *cap.* 26. §. 1. *for every pound weight, by* — 10 Annæ, — — 2 d. / 12 Annæ, — — 2 d.

Staves *vocat.*
- Barrel-ſtaves, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore
- *If Imported from* Ireland, Aſia, Africa, *or* America, *vide* Balks.
- Firkin-ſtaves, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore
- *If Imported from* Ireland, Aſia, Africa, *or* America, *vide* Balks.

Steel *vocat.*
- Long Steel, Wiſp Steel, and ſuch like, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb
- Gad Steel, the half barrel
- *And for every hundred weight, containing* 112 lb.

Stockins of Wadmoll, the pair
Stone Birds, or Whiſtles, the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen

Stones *vocat.*
- Blood-ſtones, the pound
- Cane-ſtones, the tun
- Dog-ſtones, the laſt, containing 3 pair to the laſt
- Mill-ſtones, the piece
- Quern-ſtones, ſmall, the laſt
- Quern-ſtones, large, the laſt
- Slick-ſtones, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore

Sturgeon
- the Firkin
- the Kegg

Stuffs of all ſorts made of, or mixt with Wooll, the yard
Succad, wet or dry, the pound

Rates Inwards.

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			¼ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169¾.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				The Nett Duties To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
2			2				13	4	1	6	8				2				7	6	18		6	7	10
																			6						
1			1				6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15
																			6						
	1			1				4			8									1	14			1	8
	3	4		3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔									5	14			4	15
	1	6		1	6			6		1										2	11			2	2
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓					6	8		1	3	3		1	1	5
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓									11	8			9	10
1			1				6	8		13	4	5			1				4	8	5		4	6	5
																			3	9	9		3	3	15
																			2	8	8		2	8	8
3			3			1			2										8	6	12		7	1	10
																				3				3	
4			4			1	6	8	2	13	4								11	4	16		9	6	
																				3				3	
	1			1				4			8									1	14			1	8
1			1				6	8		13	4	2							4	8	14		4	3	
1			1				6	8		13	4	3							5	7	19		5	2	5
16			16				5	4		10	8								2	3	7		1	10	16
	4			4			1	4		2	8									6	17			5	14
	12			12			4			8						12			2	3	6		1	11	18
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓					6	8		1	3	3		1	1	5
																				6				4	
2			2				13	4	1	6	8								5	8	8			4	9
5			5			1	13	4	3	6	8	20						1	13			1	10	7	10
																				4				4	
	3	4		3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔		6	8						9	9			8	10
	2			2				8		1	4		4							5	15			5	4
1	10		1	10			10		1			5	10						9	5	4		8	8	13
10			10			3	6	8	6	13	4							1	8	6		1	3	9	
												5	10						5	1	18		5	1	18
	1			1				4			8									1	14			1	8
	4			4			1	4		2	8									6	17			5	14
	15			15			5			10									2	1	13		1	9	7
	15			15			5			10									2	1	13		1	9	7
39			39			13			26									5	11	1	16	4	12	7	10
10			10			3	6	8	6	13	4							1	8	6		1	3	9	
2	5		2	5			15		1	10									6	4	19		5	4	2
4	10		4	10		1	10		3										12	9	18		10	8	5
	15			15			5			10									2	1	13		1	9	7
1	10		1	10			10		1										4	3	6		3	6	15
	15			15			5			10									2	1	13		1	9	7
1	5		1	5			8	4		16	8								3	6	15		2	11	12
	3			3			1			2										5	3			4	6

Sword Blades { of *Venice*, *Turkey*, or fine Blades, the dozen
And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron
Course, of *Flanders*-making, the dozen
And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron

T.

Table Books { Course, the dozen
Fine, the dozen
Tables, *vocat.* playing Tables of Wainscott, and all other sorts, course, the pair
Tacks of Iron, the thousand
And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron
Tallow, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.
Tannets, of Cruel, the yard
Tapistry { with Hair, the *Flemish* ell
with Caddas, the *Flemish* ell
with Silk, the *Flemish* ell
with Gold or Silver, the *Flemish* ell
with Wooll, the *Flemish* ell
Tarras, the barrel
Tarr { Small band, the Last, containing 12 barrels
Great band, the Last, containing 12 barrels
Of the British *Plantations, the Last*
Tazels, the thousand

Tea Imported from any Place within the Limits of the East-India *Companies Charter, for every* 20*s. reduced value, by* 10 Geo. *cap.* 10.

Note, *Such Tea on the Importation thereof is to pay the Duties aforesaid, and to be put into Proper Warehouses, and not to be Delivered thence but for Exportation, or on Payment of the Inland Duty of Four Shillings for every Pound weight, by virtue of the said Act* 10 Geo. *cap.* 10. *which Act Repeals the former New Duties of One Shilling and Two Shillings and Six Pence, by* 6 W. 3. *cap.* 7. *One Shilling and Two Shillings and Six Pence, by* 3 & 4 Annæ, *cap.* 4. *and Two Shillings and Five Shillings* per *Pound weight, by* 10 Annæ, *cap.* 26.

Note, *By* 7 Geo. *cap.* 20. §. 12. *the several Acts which allowed Tea to be imported by Licence, are Repealed.*

Thimbles { of Iron, the thousand
And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron
of Brass, the thousand
Thread { *Bridges* thread, the dozen pound
Crosbow thread, the hundred pound, containing 5 score
Lions or *Paris* thread, the bale, containing a hundred bolts
And for the Additional Duty on French *Goods, by* 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. 150 l.
Outnal thread, the dozen pound
Piecing thread, the dozen pound
Sisters thread, the pound
Whited brown thread, the dozen pound
Thrumbs { of Linen or Fustian, the pound
of Woollen, the pound
Tikes *vocat.* { Brazeil tikes, and counterfeit Brazeil, the tike
Turnal tikes, the tike
of Stoad, the tike

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			½ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 1692½.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
1	10	—	1	10	—	—	10	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	3	6	—	3	6	5
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	8	5	—	4	8	5
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	16	4	—	2	6	10
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	8	5	—	4	8	5
10	—	—	10	—	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	5	2	—	1	2	5
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	16	4	—	2	6	10
5	—	—	5	—	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	11	—	—	7	2
6	8	—	6	8	—	—	2	2⅔	—	4	5⅓	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	8	—	—	5	10
												5	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	8	5	—	4	8	5
16	8	—	16	8	—	—	5	6⅔	—	11	1⅓	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	15	—	6	8	—
6	—	—	6	—	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	5	—	—	2	11
2	8	—	2	8	—	—	—	10⅔	—	1	9⅓	—	—	—	—	5	4	—	—	7	11	—	—	2	16
8	—	—	8	—	—	—	2	8	—	5	4	—	—	—	—	16	—	—	1	10	14	—	1	8	8
13	4	—	13	4	—	—	4	5⅓	—	8	10⅔	—	—	—	1	6	8	—	3	1	16	—	2	10	—
8	—	—	8	—	—	2	13	4	5	6	8	—	—	—	16	—	—	1	19	9	12	1	14	—	—
4	—	—	4	—	—	—	1	4	—	2	8	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	11	7	—	—	10	4
6	8	—	6	8	—	—	2	2⅔	—	4	5⅓	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	8	—	—	5	10
2 10	—	2	10	—	—	—	16	8	1	13	4	—	—	—	1	5	—	—	8	3	11	—	7	1	6
2 10	—	2	10	—	—	—	16	8	1	13	4	—	—	—	1	5	—	—	8	3	11	—	7	1	6
2 10	—	2	10	—	—	—	16	8	1	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	1	10	—	5	1	5
5	—	—	5	—	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	11	—	—	7	2
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	3	9	9	—	3	3	15

Ticking of the *Eaſt* Country, the yard
Tin, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb. for every 20*s.* value on Oath
And for every hundred weight, containing 112 lb.
Tinckul, the pound (*vide* Drugs)
Tinfoil, the groce, containing 12 dozen
Tinglaſs, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.
Tinſel { with Copper, the yard / with right Gold and Silver, the yard
Tinſhore, the groce, containing 12 dozen
Tobacco *vocat.*
Spaniſh and *Brazeil* Tobacco, or any not *Britiſh* or *French* Plantations, the pound
Spaniſh and *Brazeil* Tobacco in pudding or roll, the pound
Tobacco of the *French* Plantations, the pound
And for the Additional Duty on French *Goods, by* 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. 2 l. 10 s.

Note, *By* 12 & 13 Annæ, *cap.* 8. *there is an Allowance out of the ſeveral Duties of* 8 per Cent. *for Waſt and Shrinkage, which is not to be deducted on Exportation.*

St. *Chriſtophers*, *Barbadoes*, or any the *Carib-Iſlands*, *Virginia*, and *Summer-Iſlands* Tobacco, the pound, *Britiſh* Plantation

All Tobacco of the *Britiſh* Plantations, ſhall pay over and above the laſt mentioned Rates by the Merchant Importer, One peny *per* Pound at *Eighteen* Months after Importation and give Security for the ſame. Provided that ſuch Tobacco as ſhall be exported by any Perſon within * *Three* Years from the Importation, ſhall have this whole Duty of One peny *per* Pound repaid.

* 1 Geo. ca. 20.

Note, *The ſaid Duty is included in the Total, in the two extream Columns.*

By 9 Geo. *cap.* 21. *the ſeveral Duties on Tobacco of the* Britiſh *Plantations, are to be paid down on the Importation thereof, with an Allowance of* 25 per Cent. *in lieu of all former Encouragements; Allowances for Waſt or Damage, or other Allowances and Diſcounts for prompt Payment; or the Importer ſhall give Bond for Payment of the Additional Duty, Impoſt, further Subſidy, and* ⅓ *Subſidy in* 18 *Months, to commence at the End of* 30 *Days after the Maſters Report of the Ship, or from the Merchants Entry, within thoſe* 30 *Days which ſhall firſt happen, and only have an Allowance of* 15 per Cent. *out of the Bondable Duties.*

All the Duties on a Pound of Tobacco of the Britiſh *Plantations, when the Bondable Duties are ſecured, as aforeſaid, amount to*

If the whole, or any part of the Duties for which Security ſhall be given at Importation, ſhall be diſcharged in ready Money ſooner than the Expiration of the ſaid 18 *Months, there ſhall be abated ſo much as the Diſcount at the Rate of* 7 per Cent. per Ann. *ſhall amount to in Proportion to the Time unexpired.*

Tools, *vocat.* { Carving tools, the groce, containing 12 dozen / *And for every hundred weight, of wrought Iron*
Tow, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.
Trays of Wood the Shock, containing 60 Trays
Treacle { *Flanders* Treacle, the barrel / of Jean, the pound
Trenchers { white ſort common, the groce, containing 12 dozen / red or painted, the groce, contained 12 dozen
Treen Nails, the thouſand
If Imported from Ireland, Aſia, Africa, *or* America, *vide* Balks.
Trunnels, the thouſand
If Imported from Ireland, Aſia, Africa, *or* America, *vide* Balks.
Tweezers of *France*, the dozen
And for the Additional Duty on French *Goods, by* 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. 15 l.

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				The Nett Duties To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
		8			8			2⅔			5⅓						8			1	10			1	6
1			1				6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
												30						1	8	1	10	1	8	1	10
	3	4		3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔									5	14			4	15
3			3			1			2										8	6	12		7	1	10
	5			5			1	8		3	4									8	11			7	2
	10			10			3	4		6	8								1	5	2		1	2	5
	1	6		1	6			6		1										2	11			2	3
	10			10			3	4					10						1	5	2		1	3	15
	10			10			3	4					10						1	5	2		1	3	15
	10			10			3	4					10			2	10		3	7	2		3	7	18
																			2	3	12				
	1	8		1	8			6⅔					5							4	15			4	15
																				6	2			6	2
1			1				6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5
	10			10			3	4		6	8						10		1	10	15		1	7	18
1			1				6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
4			4			1	6	8	2	13	4								11	4	16		9	6	—
	1	4		1	4			5⅓			10⅔									2	6			1	18
	4			4			1	4		2	8									6	17			5	14
	12			12			4			8									1	8	10		1	5	2
	10			10			3	4		6	8	1							2	4	7		2	1	10
	10			10			3	4		6	8	1							2	4	7		2	1	10
3			3			1			2								15		1	2	7	7	1	1	2	5
																				15					

Twine { of *Hamborough*, the pound
the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.
Twist for Bandstrings, the dozen knots

V.

Valences of *Scotland*, the piece, *Free by the Act of Union*
Verditor, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.
Verders of Tapistry with Hair, the *Flemish* ell
Vellum for Table books, the skin
And for the New Duties on Skins, for every dozen skins, by { 9 Annæ, *cap.* 11. 1 s. / 10 Annæ, *cap.* 26. 3 s.
Viols, the piece
Vice-hasps, the dozen
And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron
Vice-tongues or Handvices, the dozen
And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron
Vinegar the tun, *filled by* British (*the Old Subsidy being altered, by* 14 Car. 2. *cap.* 11.)
By Strangers, the tun fill'd
If Entred unfill'd, there is 12 per Cent. *for Leakage allowed out of the Old Subsidy*
By 1 Jac. 2. *cap.* 3. *Vinegar is likewise chargeable with an Impost of* 8 l. per *tun, with the following Allowances according to the Entry*, viz.

For Sale	*Paid*	*fill'd*, 8 & 5 per Cent. / *unfill'd*, 12, 8, & 5 per Cent.
	Bonded	*fill'd*, 8 per Cent. / *unfill'd*, 12 & 8 per Cent.
For Private use		*fill'd*, 5 per Cent. / *unfill'd*, 12 & 5 per Cent.
By Retailers		*no Discount*

French *Vinegar*, *by* 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. *pays* 15 l. per *tun, without Discount*
And by 18 Car. 2. *cap.* 5. *all Vinegar is to pay the Coynage Duty for every tun*
Vizards, the dozen

W.

Wadmoll, the yard
Wainscotts, the hundred, containing 6 score
If Imported from Ireland, Asia, Africa, *or* America, *vide* Balks.
Wax { the hundred weight, containing 112 lb. / *vocat* hard Wax, the pound
Whale Fins { *Of* Greenland, Newfoundland, *or any other his Majesty's Colonies and Plantations, caught by and Imported in Ships belonging to* Great Britain, *by* 25 Car. 2. *cap.* 7. Free.
But are to pay the New Duty of 3 d. per *pound*, 9 & 10 W. 3. *cap.* 45.
Of Newfoundland, *or any other his Majesty's Colonies and Plantations, and Imported in Ships belonging to the said Plantations, the tun*
And the New Duty of 3 d. per *pound*, 9 & 10 W. 3. *cap.* 45.
Of Newfoundland, *or any other his Majesty's Colonies and Plantations caught by the People thereof, and Imported in Ships belonging to* Great Britain, *the tun*
And the New Duty of 3 d. per *pound*, 9 & 10 W. 3. *cap.* 45.
Of Foreign Fishing, the tun
And the New Duty of 6 d. per *pound*, 9 & 10 W. 3. *cap.* 45.

Of Greenland, *Caught and Imported in* British *Ships, are Exempted from paying any Duty for* 7 *Years, by* 10 Geo. *cap.* 16.

Whetstones the hundred, containing 5 score
Whipcord, the pound
Whistles, Cocks, or Bellows. the groce
Whistles, Cocks, or Birds of Stone, the small groce, containing 12 dozen
Woad, *vocat.* { Ilsands or Greenwoad, the tun, cont. 20 hundred weight (*for Dyers use*) / Tholose Woad, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb. (*for Dyers use*)
Wormseed (*vide* Drugs)

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			½ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔.			The Nett Duties							
																		Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
		6			6			2			4										17				14
2	10		2	10			16	8		13	4								7	1	10		5	11	5
	10			10			3	4		6	8								1	5	2		1	2	5
1	6	8	1	6	8		8	10⅔		17	9⅓								3	9	12		3	2	
	2			2				8		1	4						4			5	13			5	2
	10			10			3	4		6	8						10		1	10	15		1	7	18
																			4				2	8	
	13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔								1	10	16		1	7	
	2			2				8		1	4									3	8			2	17
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5
	12			12			4			8									1	8	10		1	5	2
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5
90			5			1	13	4	3	6	8							4	19	6		3	19	6	
120			5			1	13	4	3	6	8							6	9	6		5	4	6	
																		6	19	10	1				
																		6	3		14				
																		7	7	2	8				
																		6	9	6	9				
																		7	12						
																		6	13	9	2				
																		8							
																		15							
																		1				1			
1	4		1	4			8			16									3	5	1		2	10	4
		9			9			3			6									1	6			1	2
10			10			3	6	8	6	13	4	20							2	7	3		2	2	6	
2			2				13	4	1	6	8				2				7	6	18		6	7	10
	3	4		3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔									5	14			4	15
																					2 16			2	16
50																			2	7	6		1	3	9	
																					2 16			2	16
25																			1	3	9			11	10	10
																					2 16			2	16
360			100			33	6	8	66	13	4							26	12			18	1		
																				5	13			5	13
	16	8		16	8		5	6⅖		11	1⅓									2	4 10			1 11	15
	8			8				2⅔			5⅓									1	3				19
1	4		1	4			8			16										3	5 1			2 10	4
	4			4			1	4		2	8										6 17			5	14
15																				14	3			7	1 10
1	13	4																		1	7				9 10

Old

Worſted, *vocat.*	St. Omers narrow or half Worſted, the piece	
	And for the Additional Duty on French *Goods, by* 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. 5 l.	
	Ruſſels Worſted, or broad Worſteds, the piece	
Wood, *vocat.*	Box-wood for Combs, the thouſand pieces	
	If Imported from Ireland, Aſia, Africa, *or* America, *vide* Balks.	
	Box-wood or other Wood, as alſo Timber or Timber boards, Imported from any part of Europe (*except* Ireland) *for every* 20 s. *value on Oath*	
	Brazeil or *Farnambuck*-Wood, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔. (*for Dyers uſe*)	
	If Imported and Entred, as by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. *Free.*	
	Brazelletto or *Jamaica* Wood, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔. (*for Dyers uſe*)	
	If Imported and Entred, as by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. *Free.*	
	Ebony-wood, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔.	
	If of the Growth of the Britiſh *Plantations in* America, *Free, by* 8 Geo. *cap.* 12.	
	Fuſtick, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔. (*for Dyers uſe*)	
	If Imported and Entred, as by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. *Free.*	
	Lignum Vitæ (*vide* Drugs)	
	Logwood, the tun (*for Dyers uſe*) 14 Car. 2. *cap.* 11.	
	If Imported and Entred, as by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. *Free.*	
	Planks of *Ireland*, the foot	
	Red or *Guinea*-wood, the tun (*for Dyers uſe*)	
	If Imported and Entred, as by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. *Free.*	
	Speckled-wood, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔.	
	Sweet-wood of *Weſt-India*, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔.	
	By 8 Geo. *cap.* 12. *if of the* Britiſh *Plantations, Free.*	
	Timber of *Ireland*, the tun or load	
	Dyingwood of all ſorts (*except Red-wood from* Guinea, *Drugs and Log wood*) *for every* 20 s. *value on Oath*	
Wooll, *vocat.*	Bever-wooll, the pound (*except Wooll comb'd in* Ruſſia, *and Imported from thence in* Britiſh *Ships*)	
	Cotton-wooll, not of the Growth of the *Britiſh* Plantations, the pound	
	Cotton-wooll, of the *Britiſh* Plantations, Free.	
	Eſtridge-wooll, Imported in *Britiſh*-built Ships, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔. Free.	
	Iriſh-wooll comb'd, the pound, Free.	
	Lambs-wooll, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔. Free.	
	Polonia-wooll, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔. Free.	
	Spaniſh-wooll for clothing, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔. Free.	
	Spaniſh Felt-wooll, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔. Free.	
	Red-wooll, the pound, Free.	
	Wooll mixt in Stuffs (*vide* Stuffs)	
Wreſts for Virginals, the groce, containing 12 dozen		
And for every hundred weight of wrought Iron		
Wyer, *vocat.*	Dagger and Quarter wyer, the pound	
	Iron wyer *Foreign of all ſorts*, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔ (*except Card wyer and all other ſorts of Iron wyer ſmaller than the ſorts commonly called or known by the Name of Fine fine, or Super-fine, and all Wooll-cards or any other Wares made of Iron wyer*) *which ſorts of Iron wyer* (*except as aforeſaid*) *it ſhall and may be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, to Import during the Continuance of the Impoſt Act*, 2 W. & M. *cap.* 4. *and no longer*	
	Lattin-wyer, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔.	
	Braſs or Copper wyer, for every 20 s. *value upon Oath*	
	And for every hundred weight, containing 112 ℔.	
	Steel-wyer, the pound	

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			½ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				The Nett Duties To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	7	6	9	—	7	—	15
																			5	—	—				
2	—	—	2	—	—	—	13	4	1	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	8	8	—	4	9	—
1	13	4	1	13	4	—	11	1⅓	1	2	2⅔	3	6	8	—	—	—	—	7	10	10	—	7	1	—
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	8	14	—	4	3	—
1	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	15	—	—	3	3	13	—	2	5	14
1	1	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	8	—	2	—	11	—	1	6	7
2	—	—	2	—	—	—	13	4	1	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	8	8	—	4	9	—
	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	5	13	—	—	4	5
100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	15	—	—	3	16	—	—
	1⅓		—	1⅓		—	—	½	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	3
30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	8	6	—	—	14	3	—
—	13	4	—	13	4	—	4	5⅓	—	8	10⅔	1	6	8	—	—	—	—	3	1	16	—	2	10	—
1	5	—	1	5	—	—	8	4	—	16	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	6	15	—	2	11	12
—	13	4	—	13	4	—	4	5⅓	—	8	10⅔	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	10	16	—	1	7	—
1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	10	13	—	1	4	19
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	14	—	15	—	14	—	15
—	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	1⅓	—	—	2⅔	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	9
1	4	—	1	4	—	—	8	—	—	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	5	1	—	2	10	4
												5	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	8	5	—	4	8	5
	3	4	—	3	4	—	1	1⅓	—	2	2⅔	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	14	—	—	4	15
7	10	—	7	10	—	2	10	—	—	5	—	22	10	—	—	—	—	2	2	5	13	1	18	10	18
6	13	4	6	13	4	2	4	5⅓	4	8	10⅔	15	—	—	6	10	—	1	19	1	18	1	15	11	18
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	10	4	—	2	4	10
												15	—	—	6	10	—	1	—	1	18	1	—	1	18
	3	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	2	6	—	—	—	—	—	6	11	—	—	5	14

Wyer, *vocat.*
- Straiborough wyer, the pound
- *If of Iron, for every hundred weight*
- *If made of Braſs, for every hundred weight*
- Virginal-wyer, the pound
- *If made of Iron, for every hundred weight*
- *If made of Braſs, for every hundred weight*
- *Silver wyer, the ounce Troy, for every* 20 s. *value upon Oath*
- *And for the New Duty, by* 10 Annæ, *cap.* 26.
- *Gilt wyer, the ounce Troy, for every* 20 s. *value upon Oath*
- *And for the New Duty, by* 10 Annæ, *cap.* 26.

Wine Lees, the tun

Y.

Yarn, *vocat.*
- Cable-yarn, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.
- Camel or Mohair-yarn, the pound
- Cotton-yarn, the pound, *not of the* East-Indies
- Cotten-yarn, the pound, *of the* East-Indies
- Grogram-yarn, the pound
- *Iriſh*-yarn, the pack, containing 400 weight, at 6 ſcore pound the hundred, *without a Certificate as directed, by* 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 39.
- *Iriſh* Linen-yarn, *by Certificate, Free,* 1 Annæ, *Seſſ.* 2. *cap.* 8. *Free.*
- Raw Linen-yarn *Dutch*, the pound
- Raw Linen-yarn *French*, the pound
- *And for the Additional Duty on* French *Goods, by* 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. 5 s.
- Sail-yarn, the pound
- *Spruce* or *Muſcovia*-yarn, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.
- Woollen or Bay-yarn, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.

The

Rates Inwards.

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 1698.			The Nett Duties Payable at importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
	3	4		3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔									5	14			4	15
												22	10					1	1	1	3	1	1	1	3
												15			6	10		1		1	18	1		1	18
	5			5			1	8		3	4									8	11			7	2
												22	10					1	1	1	3	1	1	1	3
												15			6	10		1		1	18	1		1	18
1		1					6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15
																				9					
1		1					6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15
																			1						
4		4				1	6	8	2	13	4								11	4	16		9	6	
	13	4		13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔	5							6	7	1				
	2	6		2	6			10		1	8									4	6			3	11
	1			1				4			8					1				2	6			2	
	1			1				4			8		4							3	19			3	13
	3			3			1			2										5	3			4	6
5			5			1	13	4	3	6	8								14	3			11	10	10
	1			1				4			8		1							2	6			2	
	1			1				4			8					5				4	10			4	5
																				3					
		6			6			2			4			6						1	3			1	
2	13	4	2	13	4		17	9⅓	1	15	6⅔	2	13	4					10	1	4		8	10	
3	6	8	3	6	8	1	2	2⅔	2	4	5⅓								9	6			7	11	

Rates Inwards on Wines.

The Subſidy of Tunnage and other Duties *upon all Wines to be brought into the Port of* London, *and all other Ports of* Great Britain *and Dominions thereof:*

By BRITISH.

Aſcoign and *French* Wines brought into the Port of *London*, the tun, to pay ——
Brought into all other Ports, to pay ——
And for the French *Duty, by* 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. *the tun,* 25 l.
Rheniſh Wines brought into any Port, the awm ——
Muſcadels, Malmaſies, and other Wines of the *Levant*, brought into the Ports of *London*, the butt or pipe, to pay ——
Brought into the Ports of *Briſtol*, or *Southampton*, the butt or pipe, to pay ——
Brought into all other Ports, to pay ——
Sacks, Canaries, Malaga's, Rumneys, Hollocks, Baſtards, Tents and Allicants, brought into the Port of *London*, the butt or pipe, to pay ——
Brought into all other Ports, to pay ——
Madera's, or *Portugal* brought into the Port of *London*, the butt or pipe, to pay ——
Brought into all other Ports, to pay ——
Wines of the Growth of Hungary, *may be Imported from* Hamborough *paying the ſame Duties as* Rheniſh *Wines, by* 1 Annæ, *cap.* 12.
All other Sorts of Wine brought into the Port of London, *the butt or pipe, to pay* ——
Brought into all other Ports, to pay ——

All Merchant-Strangers bringing in any Sorts of the ſaid Wines, are to pay 30 *s.* in the Tun, over and above the aforeſaid Rates *for the Old Subſidy*, which the Native pays, including 20 *s.* the Tun formerly paid to his Majeſty by the Name of *Southampton* Duties for Muſcadels, Malmaſies, and all other Wines of the Growth of the *Levant*.

For which ſorts of Wines the Stranger is alſo to pay, to the Uſe of the Town of *Southampton*, for every butt or pipe, the Sum of 10 *s.*

And the Stranger is alſo to pay 30 s. per *Tun for the Further Subſidy more than the Native pays and in Proportion for the* $\frac{1}{3}$ *and* $\frac{2}{3}$ *Subſidies purſuant to the reſpective Acts which Grant the ſame.*

Moreover, the Stranger is to pay the Ancient Duty of Butlerage, which is 2 *s.* upon every Tun.

Note, That ſuch Wines as ſhall be landed in any of the Out Ports and Cuſtom paid, and afterwards brought to the Port of *London*, by Certificate, ſhall pay ſo much more Cuſtom as they paid ſhort of the Duty due in the Port of *London*.

As alſo all Wines Imported into the Port of London, *after* 24 June 1694. *for ever, pay for the Uſe of the Orphans of the ſaid City, for every Tun* 4 s. *by* 5 & 6 W. & M. *cap.* 10. *under Forfeiture thereof.*

Prizage of Wine, and the Duty called Butlerage, Continued, Book of Rates, Rule 27.

Prizage is due out of every Ship bringing in Wines belonging to Britiſh *Merchants, upon breaking Bulk*, viz. *For the Quantity of* 10 *Tuns, One Tun is due, and for every* 20 *Tuns, Two Tuns, the One to be taken behind the Maſt, and the other before the Maſt, at the Pleaſure of the King's Butler*, Rol. Pat. in Turr. Londinenſ. 40 Hen. 3. 28 Edw. 1. 6 Edw. 3. 20 Ric. 2.

The Butler may taſte, chuſe and fill up the Wines, and take them away (or Compound with the Owners) allowing only 20 s. per *Tun for Freight*, Rot. Pat. 28 Edw. 1.

The Collector of the Subſidy Inwards, his Comptroller and Surveyer, ſhall take no Mans Entry of any Wines, until the Merchant hath brought them, the Butler or his Deputy's Bill that he hath ſeen the ſame, Index, Vect. Ex. Rot. Scaccar. Term. Sanct. Hill. 7 Eliz.

None Free of Prizage or Butlerage, ſhall Cuſtom the Wines of another not Free thereof, upon Penalty of double the Value of the ſaid Prizage and Forfeiture of Goods and Chattels for ever, 1 Hen. 8. 2 Edw. 6. 1 Eliz.

Old Subsidy. 12 Car. 2.			Additional Duty by the same Act.			Further Subsidy, 1 Geo. cap. 1.			½ Subsidy, 2 & 3. A. cap. 9.			⅔ Subsidy, 3 & 4 A. cap. 5.			Old Impositions, 1 Jac. 2. cap. 3.			Additional Impositions. 4 & 5 W. & M. cap. 5.			Coinage, 18 Car. 2. cap. 5.		
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.
4	10	—	3	—	—	4	10	—	1	10	—	3	—	—	8	—	—	£	—	—	—	10	—
3	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	8	—	—	8	—	—	—	10	—
1	—	—	—	10	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	8
2	5	—	2	—	—	2	5	—	—	15	—	1	10	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—
2	5	—	2	—	—	1	10	—	—	10	—	1	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—
1	10	—	2	—	—	1	10	—	—	10	—	1	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—
2	5	—	2	—	—	2	5	—	—	15	—	1	10	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—
1	10	—	2	—	—	1	10	—	—	10	—	1	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—
2	5	—	1	10	—	2	5	—	—	15	—	1	10	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—
1	10	—	1	10	—	1	10	—	—	10	—	1	10	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—
2	5	—	2	—	—	2	5	—	—	15	—	1	10	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—
1	10	—	2	—	—	1	10	—	—	10	—	1	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—

The Allowances and Diſcounts out of the ſeveral Duties on Wine, are as follow:

ANY Merchant making due Entries of his Wine, ſhall be allowed 12 *per Cent.* for Leakage out of the Old Subſidies by the 8th Rule annext to the Book of Rates (*which is called Entring the Wine unfilled*) *And alſo out of the other Duties by the Laws which grant the ſame by way of reference to that Rule* (*except out of the Coinage, the Old Impoſt by Retailers, the Additional Impoſt, and the* 25 per Tun *on* French *Wine,*)

Every Hogſhead of Wine which ſhall be run out and ſhall not have full 7 Inches or above left therein, and every Butt or Pipe not above 9 Inches ſhall be accounted for Outs, and the Merchant ſhall pay no Subſidy for the ſame, 9th Rule annext to Book of Rates.

The Importer ſhall give good Security for Payment of the Additional Duty in 9 Months after the Importing thereof, and if he pays the ſame in ready Money at the Importation, he ſhall be allowed after the Rate of 10 l. per Cent. *for a Year,* 12 Car. 2. *cap.* 4. §. 14.

The Importer ſhall pay the Old Impoſt in ready Money, deducting the Allowances hereafter mentioned, or become bound with Two or more Sufficient Sureties, or procure Three other Perſons to become Bound to pay the ſame at $\frac{1}{3}$ *Months after the Date of the Bond, to be approved of by the Farmers, or Commiſſioners, or their Deputy Collectors, or ſuch Perſon as his Majeſty ſhall appoint, and if the Importer pays ready Money, he ſhall be allowed after the Rate of* 10 l. per Cent. *for a Year.*

If the Wines ſhall be Landed without preſent Payment of the ſaid Duty or Security, the ſame will be forfeited or the Value, and the Perſon ſo Importing and Landing, is to pay the ſaid Impoſt Duty, notwithſtanding ſuch Forfeiture.

Upon Oath made by the Importer not being a Vintner or Retailer, That the Wines are Imported by way of Merchandize and with intent to ſell again, there is to be a further Allowance of 8 l. per Cent. *and no more for Defect or Damage that may happen to the ſame,* 1 Jac. 2. *cap.* 3.

For the Additional Impoſt of 8 l. per Tun *on* French *Wine, Security is to be given for Payment thereof in* $\frac{4}{3}$ *Months from the Importation, but if paid in ready Money the Importer is to have after the Rate of* 10 l. per Cent. per Ann. *abated to him,* 4 *&* 5 W. *&* M. *cap.* 5.

As a Compenſation for the Allowances directed to be made on Damaged Wines by the 10th Rule *annext to the Book of Rates* (*which is Repealed*) *there ſhall be allowed to the Merchant or Prizage Maſter out of the ſeveral Groſs Duties laid on Wines in Casks* (*except the Coinage Duty*) *over and above the former Abatements or Diſcounts,* viz. 2 l. per Cent. *for* Rheniſh, 6 l. per Cent. *for* French, 10 l. per Cent. *for* Spaniſh, Portugal *and all other Wines, to be deducted on the Debenture in caſe of Exportation,* 6 Geo. cap. 12. §. 1, 2.

If the Merchant ſhall think fit to ſtave his Wine after the Landing, he ſhall over and above the Repayment of the Duties be allowed as a Compenſation for Freight and other Charges, the Sum of 4 l. *for every Tun of Wine, containing* 252 *Gallons of the Growth of* Germany *or* France, *and* 8 l. *for every Tun of Wine of the Growth of* Spain, Portugal *or elſe where,* 6 Geo. *cap.* 12. §. 4. *Provided ſuch Wine be Imported in Casks on board ſome Merchant Ship directly from the Country or Place of it's growth, or uſual Port or Place of it's firſt ſhipping,* 8 Geo. *cap.* 18. §. 19.

Any round Veſſel (*commonly called a Cylinder*) *having an even Bottom, and being* 7 *Inches Diameter throughout, and* 6 *Inches Deep from the Top of the inſide to the Bottom, or any Veſſel containing* 231 *Cubical Inches and no more, ſhall be deemed a lawful Wine Gallon,* 5 Annæ, *cap.* 27. §. 17.

The Nett Custom or Duties to the Crown upon an Awm of Rhenish Wine, and upon a Tun of all other sorts of Wine Imported by *British* or *Aliens* into the Port of *London*, or the *Out Ports*, according to the several Variations as Filled or Unfilled for Sale, Private Use or by a Retailer, and if in Casks or otherwise, as in Bottles, Flasks, &c. Paid or Secured, and the Drawback if Exported in Time.

An Awm of Rhenish Wine Imported into any Port, and Entred Filled by British for Sale.

	Nett Duties in Casks.				Drawback.				Nett Duties in Flasks, Bottles, &c.				Drawback.			
	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
Old Subsidy	—	19	7	4	—	16	3	4	1	—	—	—	—	16	8	—
New Subsidy	—	19	7	4	—	19	7	4	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
½ *Subsidy*	—	6	6	8	—	6	6	8	—	6	8	—	—	6	8	—
⅔ *Subsidy*	—	19	—	16	—	13	—	16	—	13	4	—	—	13	4	—
Additional Duty	—	9	—	12	—	9	—	12	—	9	3	—	—	9	3	—
Coinage	—	1	8	—	—	1	8	—	—	1	8	—	—	1	8	—
Impost	1	14	1	18	1	2	9	4	1	14	11	10	1	3	5	10
Total—	5	3	8	2	4	8	11	8	5	5	10	10	4	11	—	10

If Imported by a Stranger, the Old Subsidy for the same in Casks will be 1 l. 4 s. 6 d. *and in Flasks or Bottles* 1 l. 5 s. *instead of the above Sums of* 19 s. 7 d. $\frac{4}{20}$ *and* 1 l. *and the New Subsidies* $\frac{1}{3}$ *and* $\frac{2}{3}$ *Subsidies in Proportion; and upon Exportation the Old Subsidy to be drawn back will be,* viz. *if it was Imported in Cask* 1 l. 4 d. *instead of* 16 s. 3 d. $\frac{4}{20}$ *and if in Flasks* 1 l. 10 d. *instead of* 16 s. 8 d.

If Imported for Private Use, the Impost for the same in Casks will be 1 l. 17 s. 2 d. $\frac{8}{20}$ *and in Flasks or Bottles* 1 l. 18 s. *instead of the above Sums of* 1 l. 14 s. 1 d. $\frac{12}{20}$ *and* 1 l. 14 s. 11 d. $\frac{10}{20}$ *And if by a Retailer, the Impost for the same in Casks will be* 1 l. 19 s. 2 d. $\frac{8}{20}$ *and in Flasks or Bottles* 2 l. *instead of the above Sums of* 1 l. 14 s. 1 d. $\frac{12}{20}$ *and* 1 l. 14 s. 11 d. $\frac{10}{20}$ *and upon Exportation the Drawback will be* $\frac{2}{3}$ ds *of the said respective Sums paid Inwards.*

If the Additional Duty or Impost be Secured by Bond, the same will be as follows instaed of the above Sums set against those Duties.

	In Casks.				Drawback.				In Flasks, &c.				Drawback.			
	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
Additional Duty	—	9	9	12	—	9	9	12	—	10	—	—	—	10	—	—
Impost	1	16	—	—	1	4	—	—	1	16	9	12	1	4	6	8
Total—	2	5	9	12	1	13	9	12	2	6	9	12	1	14	—	8

An

Rates Inwards on Wines.

An Awm of Rhenish Wine Imported into any Port, and Entred Unfilled for Sale.

	Nett Duties by British.				Drawback.				Nett Duties by Strangers.				Drawback.			
	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
Old Subsidy	—	17	2	8	—	13	10	8	1	1	6	—	—	17	4	—
New Subsidy	—	17	2	8	—	17	2	8	1	1	6	—	1	1	6	—
$\frac{1}{3}$ *Subsidy*	—	5	8	11	—	5	8	11	0	7	2	—	—	7	2	—
$\frac{2}{3}$ *Subsidy*	—	11	6	1	—	11	6	1	0	14	4	—	—	14	4	—
Additional Duty	—	7	11	5	—	7	11	5	0	7	11	5	—	7	11	5
Coinage	—	1	8	—	—	1	8	—	0	1	8	—	—	1	8	—
Impost	1	9	11	11	—	19	11	14	1	9	11	11	—	19	11	11
Total—	4	11	1	14	3	17	10	7	5	4	—	16	4	9	10	16

If Imported for Private Use, the Impost for the same will be 1 l. 12 s. 7 d. $\frac{11}{20}$ *instead of the above Sum of* 1 l. 9 s. 11 d. $\frac{11}{20}$ *and if by a Retailer* 1 l. 19 s. 2 d. $\frac{8}{20}$ *instead of the said Sum of* 1 l. 9 s. 11 d. $\frac{11}{20}$ *and upon Exportation the Drawback will be* $\frac{2}{3}$ds *of the respective Sums paid Inwards.*

If the Additional Duty or Impost be secured by Bond, the same will be as follows instead of the above Sums set against those Duties.

	Duties Bonded.				Drawback.			
	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
Additional Duty	—	8	7	4	—	8	7	4
Impost	1	11	7	—	1	1	—	12
Total—	2	—	2	4	1	9	7	16

One Tun Spanish Wine Imported into the Port of London, filled by British for Sale.

	Nett Duties in Casks.				Drawback.				Nett Duties in Flasks, Bottles, &c.				Drawback.			
	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
Old Subsidy	4	1	—	—	3	1	—	—	4	10	—	—	3	10	—	—
New Subsidy	4	1	—	—	4	1	—	—	4	10	—	—	4	10	—	—
$\frac{1}{3}$ *Subsidy*	1	7	—	—	1	7	—	—	1	10	—	—	1	10	—	—
$\frac{2}{3}$ *Subsidy*	2	14	—	—	2	14	—	—	3	—	—	—	3	—	—	—
Additional Duty	3	6	—	—	3	6	—	—	3	14	—	—	3	14	—	—
Coinage	—	10	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	10	—	—	0	10	—	—
Impost	9	5	9	2	6	3	10	1	10	9	9	2	6	19	10	1
Total—	25	4	9	2	21	2	10	1	28	3	9	2	23	13	10	1

If Imported by a Stranger, the Old Subsidy for the same in Casks will be 5 l. 8 s. *and in Flasks, &c.* 6 l. *instead of the above Sums of* 4 l. 1 s. *and* 4 l. 10 s. *and the New Subsidy,* $\frac{1}{3}$ *and* $\frac{2}{3}$ *Subsidy in Proportion, And upon Exportation the Old Subsidy to be drawn back will be,* viz. *if Imported in Casks* 4 l. 3 s. *instead of* 3 l. 1 s. *and if in Flasks, &c.* 4 l. 15 s. *instead of* 3 l. 10 s.

If Spaniſh Wine *be Imported for Private Uſe, the Impoſt for the ſame in Caſks will be* 10 l. 4 s. *and in Flasks*, &c. 11 l. 8 s. *inſtead of the aforementioned Sums of* 9 l. 5 s. 9 d. $\frac{2}{20}$ *and* 10 l. 9 s. 9 d. $\frac{2}{20}$. *And if by a Retailer, the Impoſt for the ſame in Caſks will be* 10 l. 16 s. *and in Flasks*, &c. 12 l. *inſtead of the aforementioned Sums of* 9 l. 5 s. 9 d. $\frac{2}{20}$ *and* 10 l. 9 s. 9 d. $\frac{2}{20}$ *and upon Exportation the Drawback will be* $\frac{2}{3}$ ds *of the ſaid reſpective Sums.*

If the Additional Duty or Impoſt be ſecured by Bond, the ſame will be as follows, inſtead of the aforemention'd Sums ſet againſt thoſe Duties, viz.

	In Casks.				Drawback.				In Flasks, &c.				Drawback.			
	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
Additional Duty	3	12	—	—	3	12	—	—	4	—	—	—	4	—	—	—
Impoſt	9	16	9	12	6	11	2	8	11	—	9	12	7	7	2	8
Total	13	8	9	12	10	3	2	8	15	—	9	12	11	7	2	8

One Tun of **Spaniſh Wine** Imported into the Port of **London**, unfilled for Sale.

	Nett Duties by *Britiſh.*				Drawback.				Nett Duties by Strangers.				Drawback.			
	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
Old Subſidy	3	10	2	8	2	10	2	8	4	13	7	4	3	8	7	4
New Subſidy	3	10	2	8	3	10	2	8	4	13	7	4	4	13	7	4
$\frac{1}{3}$ *Subſidy*	1	3	4	16	1	3	4	16	1	11	2	8	1	11	2	8
$\frac{2}{3}$ *Subſidy*	2	6	9	12	2	6	9	12	3	2	4	16	3	2	4	16
Additional Duty	2	17	1	8	2	17	1	8	2	17	1	8	2	17	1	8
Coinage	—	10	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	10	—	—
Impoſt	8	—	7	1	5	7	—	14	8	—	7	1	5	7	—	14
Total	21	18	3	13	18	4	9	6	25	8	6	1	21	9	11	14

If Imported for Private Uſe, the Impoſt for the ſame will be 8 l. 16 s. 7 d. $\frac{13}{20}$ *inſtead of the above Sum of* 8 l. 7 d. $\frac{1}{20}$ *and if by a Retailer* 10 l. 16 s. *inſtead of* 8 l. 7 d. $\frac{1}{20}$ *and upon Exportation the Drawback will be* $\frac{2}{3}$ ds *of the reſpective Sums paid Inwards for the Impoſt.*

If the Additional Duty *or Impoſt be ſecured by Bond, the ſame will be as follows, inſtead of the above Sums ſet againſt thoſe Duties*, viz.

	Duty bonded.				Drawback.			
	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
Additional Duty	3	2	4	16	3	2	4	16
Impoſt	8	10	3	12	5	13	6	8
Total	11	12	8	8	8	15	11	4

One Tun of **Spanish Wine** or **Levant Wine** Imported into any Out Port of **Great Britain** (except **Levant Wine** Imported into **Bristol** and **Southampton**) filled by **British** for Sale.

	Nett Duties in Casks.				Drawback.				Nett Duties in Flasks, Bottles, &c.				Drawback.			
	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
Old Subsidy	2	14	—	—	1	14	—	—	3	—	—	—	2	—	—	—
New Subsidy	2	14	—	—	2	14	—	—	3	—	—	—	3	—	—	—
$\frac{1}{3}$ *Subsidy*	—	18	—	—	—	18	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
$\frac{2}{3}$ *Subsidy*	1	16	—	—	1	16	—	—	2	—	—	—	2	—	—	—
Additional Duty	3	6	—	—	3	6	—	—	3	14	—	—	3	14	—	—
Coinage	—	10	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	10	—	—
Impost	9	5	9	2	6	3	10	1	10	9	9	2	6	19	10	1
Total	21	3	9	2	17	1	10	1	23	13	9	2	19	3	10	1

If Imported by a Stranger, the Old Subsidy for the same in Casks will be 4 l. 1 s. *and in Flasks,* &c. 4 l. 10 s. *instead of the above Sums of* 2 l. 14 s. *and* 3 l. *and the New Subsidy,* $\frac{1}{3}$ *and* $\frac{2}{3}$ *Subsidy in Proportion. And upon Exportation the Old Subsidy to be drawn back will be,* viz. *If Imported in Casks,* 2 l. 16 s. *instead of* 4 l. 1 s. *and if in Flasks,* &c. 3 l. 5 s. *instead of* 4 l. 10 s.

——Memorandum, *If the above Wine be Imported by a Stranger, the Old Subsidy Imported or Exported, either in Casks or Bottles, is the same as by* British *in* London.

If the Wine be Imported for Private Use, or by a Retailer, or if the Additional Duty or Impost be secured by Bond, the Duty and Drawback are the same as for a Tun of Spanish Wine *Imported into, or Exported from the Port of* London.

One Tun of **Spanish Wine** or **Levant Wine** Imported into any Out Port of **Great Britain** (except **Levant Wine** Imported into **Bristol** and **Southampton**) unfilled by **British** for Sale.

	Nett Duties by British.				Drawback.				Nett Duties by Strangers.				Drawback.			
	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
Old Subsidy	2	6	9	12	1	6	9	12	3	2	4	16	1	17	4	16
New Subsidy	2	6	9	12	2	6	9	12	3	2	4	16	3	2	4	16
$\frac{1}{3}$ *Subsidy*	—	15	7	4	—	15	7	4	1	—	9	12	1	—	9	12
$\frac{2}{3}$ *Subsidy*	1	11	2	8	1	11	2	8	2	1	7	4	2	1	7	4
Additional Duty	2	17	1	8	2	17	1	8	2	17	1	8	2	17	1	8
Coinage	—	10	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	10	—	—
Impost	8	—	7	1	5	7	—	14	8	—	7	1	5	7	—	14
Total	18	8	1	5	14	14	6	18	20	14	10	17	16	16	4	10

The Old Subsidy on Levant Wine *Imported into the Ports of* Bristol *and* Southampton, *is the same as if Imported into the Port of* London, *and the Drawback on Exportation accordingly; but all the other Duties and Drawbacks, are the same as in any other Out Port.*

One

One Tun of Portugal Wine or Madera Wine Imported into the Port of London, filled by British for Sale.

	Nett Duties in Casks.				Drawback.				Nett Duties in Flasks, Bottles, &c.				Drawback.			
	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
Old Subsidy	4	1	—	—	3	1	—	—	4	10	—	—	3	10	—	—
New Subsidy	4	1	—	—	4	1	—	—	4	10	—	—	4	10	—	—
½ Subsidy	1	7	—	—	1	7	—	—	1	10	—	—	1	10	—	—
⅔ Subsidy	2	14	—	—	2	14	—	—	3	—	—	—	3	—	—	—
Additional Duty	2	9	6	—	2	9	6	—	2	15	6	—	2	15	6	—
Coinage	—	10	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	10	—	—
Impost	9	5	9	2	6	3	10	1	10	9	9	2	6	19	10	1
Total	24	8	3	2	20	6	4	1	27	5	3	2	22	15	4	1

One Tun of Portugal Wine or Madera Wine Imported into the Port of London, unfilled for Sale.

	Nett Duties by *British*.				Drawback.				Nett Duties by Strangers.				Drawback.			
	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
Old Subsidy	3	10	2	8	2	10	2	8	4	13	7	4	3	8	7	4
New Subsidy	3	10	2	8	3	10	2	8	4	13	7	4	4	13	7	4
½ Subsidy	1	3	4	16	1	3	4	16	1	11	2	8	1	11	2	8
⅔ Subsidy	2	6	9	12	2	6	9	12	3	2	4	16	3	2	4	16
Additional Duty	2	2	10	1	2	2	10	1	2	2	10	1	2	2	10	1
Coinage	—	10	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	10	—	—
Impost	8	—	7	1	5	7	—	14	8	—	7	1	5	7	—	14
Total	21	4	—	6	17	10	5	19	24	14	2	14	20	15	8	7

Portugal Wine *or* Madera Wine *pay all the ſame Duties as* Spaniſh, *except the Additional Duty; therefore if that Duty be ſecured by Bond, it will be as follows*, viz.

	Filled in Cask.			Drawback			In Flask.			Drawback			Unfilled in Cask.				Drawback.			
	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
Additional Duty ſecured	2	14	—	2	14	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	2	6	9	12	2	6	9	12

Therefore if Portugal Wine *be Imported filled by a Stranger, or for Private Uſe, or by a Retailer, or the Impoſt be ſecured, the ſame Rules are to be obſerved as in the Caſe of* Spaniſh Wine *Imported or Exported, with reſpect to the Duties and Drawbacks.*

——Memorandum, *The Duties and Drawbacks on* Portugal *or* Madera Wine *in the Out Ports, are the ſame as* Spaniſh Wine *in the Out Ports, except the Additional Duty, which, either paid or ſecured, is the ſame as in the Port of* London.

One

One Tun of **French Wine** Imported into the Port of **London**, filled by **British** for Sale.

	Nett Duties in Casks.				Drawback.				Nett Duties in Flasks, &c.				Drawback.			
	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
Old Subsidy	4	4	7	4	3	4	7	4	4	10	—	—	2	10	—	—
New Subsidy	4	4	7	4	4	4	7	4	4	10	—	—	4	10	—	—
$\frac{1}{3}$ *Subsidy*	1	8	2	8	1	8	2	8	1	10	—	—	1	10	—	—
$\frac{2}{3}$ *Subsidy*	2	16	4	16	2	16	4	16	3	—	—	—	3	—	—	—
Additional Duty	2	11	10	16	2	11	10	16	2	15	6	—	2	15	6	—
Coinage	—	10	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	10	—	—
Old Impost	6	10	2	17	4	6	9	18	6	19	10	1	4	13	2	14
Additional Impost	7	—	4	16	7	—	4	16	7	10	—	—	7	10	—	—
French *Duty*	23	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	52	16	4	1	26	2	11	2	56	5	4	1	27	18	8	14

If Imported by a Stranger, the Old Subsidy for the same in Casks will be 5 l. 12 s. 9 d. $\frac{12}{20}$ *and in Flasks*, &c. 6 l. *instead of the above Sums of* 4 l. 4 s. 7 d. $\frac{8}{20}$ *and* 4 l. 10 s. *and the New Subsidy* $\frac{1}{3}$ *and* $\frac{2}{3}$ *Subsidy in Proportion. And upon Exportation the Old Subsidy to be drawn back will be*, viz. *If Imported in Casks*, 4 l. 7 s. 9 d. $\frac{12}{20}$ *instead of* 3 l. 4 s. 7 d. $\frac{8}{20}$ *and if in Flasks*, &c. 4 l. 15 s. *instead of* 3 l. 10 s.

If Imported for Private Use, the Old Impost for the same in Casks will be 7 l. 2 s. 4 d. $\frac{16}{20}$ *and in Flaks*, &c. 7 l. 12 s. *instead of the above Sums of* 6 l. 10 s. 2 d. $\frac{17}{20}$ *and* 6 l. 19 s. 10 d. $\frac{1}{20}$ *and if by a Retailer, the Old Impost for the same in Casks will be* 7 l. 10 s. 4 d. $\frac{16}{20}$ *and in Flasks*, &c. 8 l. *instead of the above Sums of* 6 l. 10 s. 2 d. $\frac{17}{20}$ *and* 6 l. 19 s. 10 d. $\frac{1}{20}$ *And upon Exportation the Drawback will be* $\frac{2}{3}$ ds *of the said respective Sums.*

If the Additional Duty, Old Impost, or Additional Impost, be secured by Bond, the same will be as follows, instead of the above Sums set against those Duties, viz.

	In Casks.				Drawback.				In Flasks, &c.				Drawback.			
	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
Additional Duty	2	16	4	16	2	16	4	16	3	—	—	—	3	—	—	—
Old Impost	6	17	7	4	4	11	8	16	7	7	2	8	4	18	1	12
Additional Impost	7	10	4	16	7	10	4	16	8	—	—	—	8	—	—	—
Total	17	4	4	16	14	18	6	8	18	7	2	8	15	18	1	12

One

One Tun of **French Wine** Imported into the Port of **London**, unfilled for Sale.

	Nett Duties by *British*.				Drawback.				Nett Duties by Strangers.				Drawback.			
	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
Old Subsidy	3	13	9	12	2	13	9	12	4	18	4	16	3	13	4	16
New Subsidy	3	13	9	12	3	13	9	12	4	18	4	16	4	18	4	16
$\frac{1}{3}$ *Subsidy*	1	4	7	4	1	4	7	4	1	12	9	12	1	12	9	12
$\frac{2}{3}$ *Subsidy*	2	9	2	8	2	9	2	8	3	5	7	4	3	5	7	4
Additional Duty	2	5	2	17	2	5	2	17	2	5	2	17	2	5	2	17
Coinage	—	10	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	10	—	—
Old Impost	5	13	5	10	3	15	7	18	5	13	5	10	3	15	7	13
Additional Impost	7	—	4	16	7	—	4	16	7	—	4	16	7	—	4	16
French *Duty*	23	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	23	10	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	50	—	5	10	23	12	8	2	53	14	3	11	27	1	5	14

If Imported for Private Use, the Old Impost for the same will be 6 l. 4 s. 1 d. $\frac{18}{20}$ *instead of the above Sum of* 5 l. 13 s. 5 d. $\frac{10}{20}$ *and if by a Retailer* 7 l. 10 s. 4 d. $\frac{18}{20}$ *instead of* 5 l. 13 s. 5 d. $\frac{10}{20}$ *and upon Exportation the Drawback will be* $\frac{2}{3}$ds *of the respective Sums paid Inwards for the Old Impost.*

If the Additional Duty, Old Impost or Additional Impost be secured by Bond, the same will be as follows, instead of the above Sums set against those Duties, viz.

	Duty bonded.				Drawback.			
	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
Additional Duty	2	9	2	8	2	9	2	8
Old Impost	5	19	11	4	3	6	7	9
Additional Impost	7	10	4	16	7	10	4	16
Total	15	19	6	8	13	6	2	13

One Tun of **French Wine** Imported into the Out Ports by **British**, filled for Sale.

	Nett Duties in Casks.				Drawback.				Nett Duties in Flasks, &c.				Drawback.			
	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
Old Subsidy	2	16	4	16	1	16	4	16	3	—	—	—	2	—	—	—
New Subsidy	2	16	4	16	2	16	4	16	3	—	—	—	3	—	—	—
$\frac{1}{3}$ *Subsidy*	—	18	9	12	—	18	9	12	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
$\frac{2}{3}$ *Subsidy*	1	17	7	4	1	17	7	4	2	—	—	—	2	—	—	—
Additional Duty	2	11	10	16	2	11	10	16	2	15	6	—	2	15	6	—
Coinage	—	10	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	10	—	—
Old Impost	6	10	2	17	4	6	9	18	6	19	10	1	4	13	2	14
Additional Impost	7	—	4	16	7	—	4	16	7	10	—	—	7	10	—	—
French *Duty*	23	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	48	11	8	17	21	18	3	18	51	15	4	1	23	8	8	14

Rates Inwards on Wines.

If French Wine *be Imported into the Out Ports by a Stranger, the Old Subsidy for the same in Casks will be* 4 l. 4 s. 7 d. $\frac{4}{20}$ *and in Flasks*, &c. 4 l. 10 s. *instead of the aforementioned Sums of* 2 l. 16 s. 4 d. $\frac{16}{20}$ *and* 3 l. *and the New Subsidy,* $\frac{1}{3}$ *Subsidy and* $\frac{2}{3}$ *Subsidy in Proportion. And upon Exportation the Old Subsidy to be drawn back will be*, viz. *If Imported in Casks*, 2 l. 19 s. 7 d. $\frac{4}{20}$ *instead of* 1 l. 16 s. 4 d. $\frac{16}{20}$ *and if in Flasks*, &c. 3 l. 5 s. *instead of* 2 l.

One Tun of **French Wine** Imported into the Out Ports, unfilled for Sale.

	Nett Duties by *British.*				Drawback.				Nett Duties by Strangers.				Drawback.			
	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
Old Subsidy	2	9	2	8	1	9	2	8	3	13	9	12	2	8	9	12
New Subsidy	2	9	2	8	2	9	2	8	3	13	9	12	3	13	9	12
$\frac{1}{3}$ *Subsidy*		16	4	16		16	4	16	1	4	7	4	1	4	7	4
$\frac{2}{3}$ *Subsidy*	1	12	9	12	1	12	9	12	2	9	2	8	2	9	2	8
Additional Duty	2	5	2	17	2	5	2	17	2	5	2	17	2	5	2	17
Coinage		10				10				10				10		
Old Impost	5	13	5	10	3	15	7	13	5	13	5	10	3	15	7	13
Additional Impost	7		4	16	7		4	16	7		4	16	7		4	16
French *Duty*	23	10							23	10						
Total	46	6	8	7	19	18	10	10	50	1	5	19	23	7	8	2

All the other Variations in the Out Ports relating to French Wine *Imported and Entred, either filled or unfilled, for Private Use, or by a Retailer, or if the Additional Duty, Old Impost and Additional Impost, be secured, the Duties are the same as for* French Wine *Imported into the Port of* London.

THE

THE RATES OF MERCHANDIZE.

Rates Outwards.

	Subsidy. l.	s.	d.	The Nett Duties. l.	s.	d.	20ths Parts.
A.							
Ablaſter, the load	2	—	—	—	2	—	—
Ale, the tun, as by the Act 1 W. & M.	1	—	—	—	1	—	—
Allum *Engliſh*, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	1	—	—	—	1	—	—
Apothecary and Confectionary Wares of all ſorts, the hundred weight	2	—	—	—	2	—	—
Anvils, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	—	10	—	—	—	6	—
Apples, the buſhel	—	1	—	—	—	—	12
Aqua vitæ, the hogſhead	2	—	—	—	2	—	—
Aſhes of *Engliſh*-wood, the laſt, containing 12 barrels	1	13	4	—	1	8	—
B.							
Bacon, the flitch *to go out Free, as by the Act* 3 & 4 W. & M. *cap.* 8.							
Bags, the dozen	—	10	—	—	—	6	—
Bandileers, the hundred collars	—	10	—	—	—	6	—
Beef, the barrel, *to go out Free*, 3 & 4 W. & M. *cap.* 8.							
Beer, the tun, 1 W. & M. *cap.* 22.	1	—	—	—	1	—	—
Beer-eager, the tun	1	—	—	—	1	—	—
Bell-metal, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	4	—	—	—	4	—	—
Bellows, the dozen	—	6	—	—	—	3	12
Billets, the thouſand	2	—	—	—	2	—	—
Birding-pieces, the piece (*vide* Iron wares)							
Birdlime, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	1	10	—	—	1	6	—
Biſcuit, to be Exported Free, 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.							
Boxes, *vocat.* Tobacco-boxes (*vide* Haberdaſhery)							
Bodice, *vocat.* ſtitch'd Bodice with Silk, the pair, of Whalebone, the pair (*vide* Garments)							
Bones, *vocat.* Ox bones, the thouſand	—	6	8	—	—	4	—

	Subsidy. l.	s.	d.	The Nett Duties. l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
Books printed, unbound or bound, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		5	—			3	—
Braſs Manufactures of all ſorts, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb. (*except Braſs Wire.*)		16	8			10	—
Bread to be Exported Free, 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.							
Bridles, the dozen		1	8			1	—
Bruſhes *Engliſh*, of heath, the dozen		10	—			6	—
Buckweed, the Quarter (*vide* Corn.)							
Bullion (vide *Coin.*)							
Buttons of hair, the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen			6				6
Butter, good or bad, the barrel, *to go out Free*, 3 & 4 W. & M. *cap.* 8.							
Bays, *vocat.* — *Barnſtable* courſe, of 20 pound weight, and under, the bay. *Manchester* or *Barnſtable*, and all other ſingle bays not exceeding 34 pound weight, the piece. Double bays, the piece, in weight from 34 pound weight to 60 pound weight. *Minikin* bays, containing in weight from 60 pound weight to 90 pound weight, to pay as three ſingle bays. And if they do contain above 90 pound in weight and not above 112 pound, to pay all Duties as for four ſingle bays and no more.							*To be Exported Free, as by the Act of* 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.

C.

Calves skins, *the hundred weight, containing* 112 lb. *tanned, tawed, or dreſt, Exported*, 20 Car. 2. *cap.* 5.	1	—	—		1	—	—
Cambodium, the pound		1	—				12
Candles, *Exported Free*, 3 & 4 W. & M. *cap.* 8.							
Canvas — *Engliſh* tufted, the piece, containing 130 yards (*vide* Linen.) *Shropſhire* making, the 100 ells containing 5 ſcore (*vide* Linen.)							
Caps — *vocat. Monmouth* caps plain, the dozen		6	—			3	12
vocat. Monmouth caps trimmed, the dozen		12	—			7	4
buttoned *Engliſh* making, the dozen		8	4			5	—
of Wooll black, the dozen, *Free, as by* 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.							
And if any of the other caps are made of or mixed with Sheeps-wooll or Cony-wooll, they are to be Exported Free of Cuſtoms, as by 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.							
Cards, *vocat.* — Stock-cards, the dozen	1	4	—		1	2	8
Tow-cards, new, the dozen		5	—			3	—
Wooll-cards *vocat.* new, the dozen		10	—			6	—
Wooll-cards *vocat.* old, the dozen		6	—			3	12
Playing cards, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		5	—			3	—
Card-boards, the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen	1	—	—		1	—	—
Carpets *Northern*, the piece		11	8			7	—
If made of Sheeps-wooll, &c. *to be Exported Free, as by* 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.							
Catlings, or *Engliſh* Hatmakers ſtrings, the groce, containing 12 dozen		16	—			9	12
Cheeſe, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb. *Free*, 3 & 4 W. & M. *cap.* 8.							
Cloaks old, the piece (*vide* Garments.)							

Cloak-

	Subsidy. l.	s.	d.	The Nett Duties. l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
Cloak-bags, the dozen		15				9	
Coaches and Chariots of all sorts, the piece	5				5		
Coals *usually sold by measure*: of *Wales* or the Weſt of *England*, or the Weſt of *Scotland*, 9 *Annæ*, cap. 6, and 23. for *Ireland*, or the *Iſle of Man*, the chalder, *containing* 36 *buſhels* Wincheſter *meaſure*	1				1		
Coals *usually sold by measure*: Exported to any of his Majeſty's Plantations the *like* chalder	2				2		
Coals *usually sold by measure*: to *any other Parts beyond Seas, in* Britiſh-*built-bottoms, the chalder*, Newcaſtle *meaſure*	3				3		
Coals *usually sold by measure*: *In Foreign-built-bottoms, the like chalder, by* 9 Annæ, *cap.* 6	12				12		
Coals *usually sold by weight*: *of* Wales *or the* Weſt *of* England, *or* Scotland, *for* Ireland *or the* Iſle of Man, *the tun, containing* 20 *hundred weight*, 9 Annæ, *cap.* 6, *and* 23.		13	4			8	
Coals *usually sold by weight*: *for the* Britiſh *Plantations, the like tun*	1	6	8		1	4	
Coals *usually sold by weight*: *for Foreign Parts in* Britiſh-*built-bottoms, the like tun*	1				1		
Coals *usually sold by weight*: *for Foreign Parts in Foreign-built-bottoms, the like tun* (vide 9 *Annæ*, cap. 6.)	4				4		
For and upon all Coals ſhipped to be Exported beyond the Seas (*Coals Exported to* Ireland, *the* Iſle of Man, *or the* Britiſh *Plantations excepted*) *in Foreign-bottoms, the chalder* Newcaſtle *meaſure*	5				5		
In Britiſh-*bottoms, the chalder* Newcaſtle *meaſure*	3				3		
Cobweb-Lawns, the yard			8				8
Combs of wood, bone or horn, or any other ſorts (*vide* Haberdaſhery.)							
Comfits, the pound, (*vide* Confectionary-ware)							
Coney-hair or wooll, black or white, the pound		6				3	12
Copper Manufactures of all ſorts, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		16	8			10	
Cordage tarred or untarred, the hundred weight containing 112 lb.		10				6	
Coverlets: of wooll and hair, the piece; of Caddas, the piece — *Free* 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.							
Curricombs (*vide* Iron ware.)							
Cuſhions of *Yorkſhire*, the dozen	1				1		
Cottons *Northren*, *Mancheſter*, *Taunton*, and *Welſh* Cottons, the hundred goads, *Free* 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.							
Cotton called *Welſh* plains, the hundred goads, *Free* 11 & 12 W. 3 *cap.* 20.							
Corn: Barley, the quarter, containing 8 buſhels; Beans, the quarter; Malt, the quarter; Oats, the quarter; Peaſe, the quarter; Wheat, the quarter; Rye, the quarter; Buck-wheat, the quarter; *And all other ſorts of Corn and Grain whatſoever ground or unground* — *Free by the Act* 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.							
Cows, or Heifers, each, 22 *Car.* 2. cap. 13.	1				1		
Coin or Bullion Foreign Exported Free (vide *the Acts* 15 Car. 2. *cap.* 7. *and* 6 & 7 W. 3. *cap* 17. *and* 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 19. *for regulating the Exportation thereof.*)							
Cyder, the tun, *as by* 1 W. & M. *cap.* 22	1				1		

	Subsidy. l.	s.	d.	The Nett Duties. l.	s.	d.	20th Parts
D.							
Dornix { of *Britiſh* making, the yard — } *Free* 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.							
Dornix { *vocat.* Coverlets *Britiſh*, the piece — } *Free* 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.							
Dice (*vide* Haberdaſhery-ware.)							
Dimity, the yard			4				4
Doublets of Leather, the piece (*vide* Garments.)							
Duſt of Cloves, of Ginger, of Lignum vitæ, of Mace, of Nutmegs, of Pepper, of all Spices and the like, are to be Exported Cuſtom Free having paid at Importation.							
E.							
Emery-ſtones, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		3	4			2	—
Earthen-ware { Bricks and Tiles of all ſorts, the thouſand		3	4			2	—
Earthen-ware { All other ſorts of Earthen and Stone-ware made in *Great Britain*, not rated, the hundred pieces		3	4			2	—
F.							
Fennel-ſeed, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	1	10	—		1	6	—
Figuretoes. { with Silk or Copper (*vide* Silks.)							
Figuretoes. { narrow, the piece — } *Free* 11 & 12. W. 3. *cap.* 20.							
Figuretoes. { broad, the piece — } *Free* 11 & 12. W. 3. *cap.* 20.							
Filozelloes broad, or Silk, the yard (*vide* Silks.)							
Firelocks, the piece (*vide* Iron wrought.)							
Fiſh (*vide* Herrings.)							
Fitches, the timber containing 40 skins	1	13	4		1	8	—
Flannel, the yard *Free*, 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.							
Flasks of horn (*vide* Haberdaſhers-ware.)							
Flax, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	1	—	—		1	—	—
Freezes, the yard *Free*, 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.							
Fuſtians of *Britiſh*-making, of all ſorts, to go out Free.							
G.							
Garments, or wearing Apparel of all ſorts ready made to go out Free.							
Gartering of cruel, the groce, containing 12 dozen *Free*, 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.							
Garters of worſted, the groce, containing 12 dozen *Free*, 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.							
Geldings or Nags, the piece (*vide* Horſes.)							
Girdles { of Leather for Men, the groce, containing 12 dozen		16	8			10	—
Girdles { for Children, the groce, containing 12 dozen		10	—			6	—
Girdles { of *Norwich*, the dozen		6	8			4	—
But if any of theſe Girdles are made of Wooll to be Exported Free, 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.							
Glaſs for windows, the cheſt		10	—			6	—
Glaſſes to drink in, bottles, and all other ſorts of glaſſes, the hundred		3	4			2	—
Glew, *Britiſh*, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		16	8			10	—
Gloves { Plain of Sheep, Kid or Lambs leather, the dozen pair		4	—			2	8
Gloves { Fringed and ſtiched with ſilk, the dozen pair		6	8			4	—
Gloves { Furred with Coney-wooll, the dozen pair		6	8			4	—
Gloves { of Buck leather, the dozen	1	—	—		1	—	—

Glaſs,

	Subsidy. l.	s.	d.	The Nett Duties. l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
Glass, broken, the barrel		3	4			2	
Glovers clippings, the fat or maund	2				2		
Goose-quills, the thousand		2				1	4
Grindlestones, the chalder		13	4			8	
Gun-powder, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	2				2		
Guts, *vocat.* Ox-guts, the barrel	1				1		

H.

Haberdashers-wares	Packthread, Incle, Tape, Filiting, Buttons of all sorts, Hooks and Eyes, and other Haberdashery *British*-making, not particularly Rated by the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	1			1		
Hair, *vocat.*	Harts hair, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	1	12		1	7	4
	Horse hair, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	6			6		
	Ox, or Cow hair, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	2			2		
Hair cloth, the piece			13	4		8	
Hakefish, the hundred, containing 6 score			3	4		2	
Harness, *vocat.* Coach-harness, the pair with bridles		1			1		
Hartshorn, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		1	12		1	7	4
Hatbands of Cruel, the groce, containing 12 dozen *Free*, 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.							
Hatchets, the dozen (*vide* Iron ware)							
Hats	Beavors, and Demi-castors of *British*-making, the dozen *Free*, 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.						
	Felts, and all other Hats *Free*, 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.						
Hawkshoods, the dozen			2	6		1	10
Hempseed, the quarter, containing 8 bushel		2			2		
Herrings *vocat.* Winter White Full packed, the barrel			13	4		8	
Herrings *vocat.* Winter White Full packed, the last, containing 12 barrels		8			8		
Herrings *vocat.* Winter White Full unpacked, or seasticks, the last, containing 18 barrels		8			8		
Herrings *vocat.* Winter White Shotten packed, the barrel			6	8		4	
Herrings *vocat.* Winter White Shotten packed, the last, containing 12 barrels		4			4		
Herrings *vocat.* Winter White Shotten unpacked, or seasticks, the last, containing 18 barrels		4			4		
Herrings *vocat.* Winter Red Full the cade, containing 5 hundred			6			3	12
Herrings *vocat.* Winter Red Full the last, containing 20 cades or 10 thousand		6			6		
Herrings *vocat.* Winter Red Shot the cade, containing 5 hundred			3			1	16
Herrings *vocat.* Winter Red Shot the last, containing 20 cades or 10 thousand		3			3		
Herrings *vocat.* Summer Shotten White packed, the barrel			6	8		4	
Herrings *vocat.* Summer Shotten White packed, the last, containing, 12 barrels		4			4		
Herrings *vocat.* Summer Shotten White unpacked, or seasticks, the last, containing 18 barrels		4			4		
Herrings *vocat.* Summer Shotten Red the cade, containing 5 hundred			3			1	16
Herrings *vocat.* Summer Shotten Red the last, containing 20 cades or 10 thousand		3			3		

Herrings and other Sea Fish taken by any of his Majesty's Subjects, and Exported in Ships or other Vessels of any the Subjects aforesaid, not to pay any Customs Subsidy, &c. (vide *the Act Tunnage and Poundage*, 12 Car. 2. *cap.* 4.)

Hogs or Swine, each, 22 Car. 2. *cap.* 13.			3	4		2	
Holsters, the dozen pair			10			6	

	Subſidy. l.	s.	d.	The Nett Duties. l.	s.	d.	20ths Parts.
Hops, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	1	13	—	—	1	6	—
Horns, *vocat.* Blowing-horns ſmall, the dozen		4	—	—	—	2	8
of Bucks, the hundred		4	—	—	—	2	8
Ink-horns, the dozen (*vide* Haberdaſhery-ware.)							
Horns for Lanthorns, the thouſand leaves	1	—	—	—	1	—	—
Ox horns, the thouſand	2	10	—	—	2	6	—
Powder-horns, the dozen		4	—	—	—	2	8
of Rams, the thouſand	1	—	—	—	1	—	—
of Sheep, the thouſand		3	4	—	—	2	—
Shooing-horns, the dozen		—	8	—	—	—	8
Stags-horns, the hundred	1	12	—	—	1	7	4
Tips of horns, the thouſand		15	—	—	—	9	—
Horſe-litters and Sedans, the piece	2	10	—	—	2	6	—
Horſes, *viz.* for every Horſe, Mare, or Gelding, *as by the Act for Improvement of Tillage*, 22 Car. 2. *cap.* 13.	5	—	—	—	5	—	—
Horſe-tails with hair, the hundred weight, containing 5 ſcore	4	—	—	—	4	—	—
Horſe collars, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	2	—	—	—	2	—	—
Hoops for barrels, the thouſand		13	4	—	—	8	—

I.

JEwels, Precious ſtones and pearls Free.							
Iron wrought, *viz.* Axes, Adzes, Hoes, Armour, Bitts, Knives, Locks, Fowling Pieces, Muskets, Piſtols, Sciſſors, Stirops, and all Carpenters and Gravers Tools, Jackwork Clockwork, and all Ironmongers-wares perfectly manufactured, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		10	—	—	—	6	—
Iron, the tun	16	—	—	—	16	—	—
Old Iron, the tun	16	—	—	—	16	—	—
Iron Ordnance, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	2	—	—	—	2	—	—
Iriſh Mantles, the mantle *Free*, 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.							

K.

KNives *vocat.* Shoemakers Paring-knives, the dozen							
Cutting-knives, the dozen							
Sheffeild knives, the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen							
London knives, ordinary, the dozen							
(*vide* Iron ware)							

L.

LAce of gold and ſilver, the pound	1	16	—	—	1	9	12
Lace of velvet, the pound (*vide* Silk.)							
Statute Lace, the groce, containing 12 dozen (*vide* Silk.)							
Lace, viz. *all ſorts of* Britiſh *Bone Lace, Needlework, Point, or Cutwork, upon Oath being firſt made that the ſame was manufactured in* Great Britain, *to be Exported Free*, 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 3.							
Lapis Calaminaris, the tun, for every 20 s. *value on Oath*	1	—	—	—	1	—	—
And for the Additional Impoſt 16$9\frac{2}{3}$ 4 & 5 W. & M. *cap.* 5. *was to pay for every tun* 20 s. *but is altered by the* 7 & 8 W. 3. *and ſince continued for ever, and to pay only* 2 s. *per tun*				—	2	—	—
Litharge of Lead, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		4	—	—	—	2	8
Lamperns, the thouſand	1	6	8	—	1	4	—
Leather of all ſorts, Sheep-skins or Calve-skins tawed, tanned, or dreſt, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb. 20 Car. 2. *cap.* 5.	1	—	—	—	1	—	—
Leather Manufactures of any ſort not particularly Rated, the pound		10	—	—	—	10	—

	Subſidy. l.	s.	d.	The Nett Duties. l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
Loom-work, the yard			6				6
Lime, the Chalder		13	4			8	
Linen, *viz.* all ſorts of Cloth (*except Sail-cloth*) made of Hemp or Elax, fine or courſe, of *Britiſh* Manufacture, the piece not exceeding 40 ells		10				6	
Linen, *viz.* Britiſh *made Sail-cloth* (*upon due proof upon Oath of its being made in this Kingdom*) *to be Exported in the Piece or Bolt, or in Sails ready made Free*, 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 39.							
Linſeed, the quarter, containing 8 buſhels	3				3		
Linſey-woolſey (*vide* Stuff.)							
Linen ſhreds, the maund or fatt	2				2		
Liſts of cloth, the thouſand yards Free, 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.							
Lead caſt or uncaſt, the fodder containing 20 hundred weight	20			1			

Note, *That the Aliens Duty is taken off from Lead and other Native Commodities Exported, by* 25 Car. 2. *cap.* 6.

M.

Manufactures of Wooll, or made of Sheeps-wooll or Coney-wooll, or mixed with any or either of them which are or ſhall be made or manufactured in Great Britain, *&c. ſhall be Exported Free*, 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.							
Maps and Sea Cards of all ſorts, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		5				3	
Muſtard-ſeed, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		10				6	
Mellaſſes or Rameales, the tun	10				10		
Mum, the tun, by 1 W. & M. *cap.* 20.	1				1		

N.

Nails of all ſorts, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		5				3	
Nuts-ſmall, the barrel, containing 3 buſhels		6	8			4	

O.

Oatmeal, the buſhel, the barrel, containing 3 buſhels				*Free* (*vide Corn.*)			
Oyl, *vocat.* Train Oyl made in *Great Britain*, the tun	10				10		
Oyſters, the ſmall barrel, in pickle		1	4				16
Oker yellow or red, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	1				1		
Oxen *or Steer*, each, *as by* 22 Car. 2. *cap.* 13.	1				1		

P.

Parchment, the roll		13	4			8	
Paſtboards, the groce, containing 12 dozen		12				7	4
Pictures of *Britiſh*-making, the hundred weight, printed or painted		5				3	
Pilchards, the tun, by Strangers	20			1			
Points of Leather, the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen			6				6
Purſes of Broad-cloth *Free*, 11 & 12. W. 3. *cap.* 20.							
Pork *or Hogs-fleſh, the barrel Free*, 3 & 4 W. & M. *cap.* 8.							

R.

Rape cakes, the thouſand		10				6	
Rapeſeed, the quarter, containing 8 buſhels	3				3		
Rugs, *vocat.* *Iriſh* rugs, the yard				*Free*, 11. & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.			
Rugs, *vocat.* *Iriſh* rugs, for beds, the rug							

	Subſidy. l.	s.	d.	The Nett Duties. l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
Ruſſeting for Painters, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		5	—	—	—	3	—
Raſhes, *vocat.* Silk raſhes broad or narrow, the yard (*vide* Silk ware.)							
Ribbon (*vide* Silk Manufactures.)							
S.							
Saddles { Great Saddles, the piece		5	—	—	—	3	—
Saddles { All other Saddles of all ſorts, a piece		3	—	—	—	1	16
Saddles-trees, the dozen		3	4	—	—	2	—
Sackcloth to make Sacks, the bolt or piece (*vide* Linen.)							
Saffron, the pound	1	10	—	—	1	6	—
Salt-petre, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	4	—	—	—	4	—	—
Seamorſe Teeth, the pound		3	4	—	—	2	—
Scabbards for Swords, the dozen		1	8	—	—	1	—
Shag { with thread, the yard. } (*vide* Linen.) { with thread, the piece. }							
Salt { Britiſh *Salt, for every* 20 s. *value*	1	—	—	—	1	—	—
Salt { vocat. *Rock-ſalt for* Ireland, *the tun*, 9 Annæ, *cap.* 23.	9	—	—	—	9	—	—
Shovels { ſhod, the dozen		4	—	—	—	2	8
Shovels { unſhod, the dozen		3	4	—	—	2	—
Shreds and pieces of Broad cloth, the pound *Free*, 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.							
Shoes { Old, the hundred dozen pair	4	—	—	—	4	—	—
Shoes { all New Shoes, Boots and Slippers, the pound weight	—	—	10	—	—	—	10
Silk, *vocat. Britiſh* thrown Silk, the pound, containing 16 Ounces	—	3	4	—	—	2	—
All other Silk Manufactures made of ſilk only, or of ſilk and thread, or hair, the pound weight	—	1	8	—	—	1	—
Of Silk and Worſted, the pound weight Free, 11 & 12 W. *cap.* 20.							
Skins, *vocat.* — Coney Skins, *vocat.* { tawed and dyed into Colours, the hundred, containing 120	1	—	—	—	1	—	—
Skins, *vocat.* — Coney Skins, *vocat.* { Grey ſtag, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	—	10	—	—	—	6	—
Skins, *vocat.* — Coney Skins, *vocat.* { Grey ſeaſoned, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	1	—	—	—	1	—	—
Skins, *vocat.* — Coney Skins, *vocat.* { Grey tawed, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	—	13	4	—	—	8	—
Skins, *vocat.* — Coney Skins, *vocat.* { Black with Silver hairs, or without, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	2	13	4	—	2	8	—
Skins, *vocat.* — Kid Skins { in the hair, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	—	10	—	—	—	6	—
Skins, *vocat.* — Kid Skins { dreſt, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	—	13	4	—	—	8	—
Skins, *vocat.* — Lambs Skins { *vocat.* Morkins untawed, the hundred, 5 ſcore	—	16	8	—	—	10	—
Skins, *vocat.* — Lambs Skins { *vocat.* Morkins tawed with the Wooll, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	—	16	8	—	—	10	—
Skins, *vocat.* — Lambs Skins { White or Black untawed, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	1	6	8	—	1	4	—
Skins, *vocat.* — Lambs Skins { White or Black tawed with the Wooll, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	1	10	—	—	1	6	—
Skins, *vocat.* — Otter Skins { Raw, the piece	—	1	—	—	—	—	12
Skins, *vocat.* — Otter Skins { Tawed, the piece	—	1	4	—	—	—	16
Skins, *vocat.* — Otter Skins { Wombs, the mantle	—	10	—	—	—	6	—
Skins, *vocat.* — Sheep and Lamb Skins { Tawed with the Wooll, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	3	—	—	—	3	—	—
Skins, *vocat.* — Sheep and Lamb Skins { *Dreſt without the Wooll, the hundred weight, cont.* 112 lb. 20 Car. 2. *ca.* 5	1	—	—	—	1	—	—
Skins, *vocat.* — Sheep and Lamb Skins { Pelts, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	3	6	8	—	3	4	—

		Subsidy. l.	s.	d.	The Nett Duties. l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
Skins *vocat.*	Rabbet Skins black, the hundred		15				9	
	Hair Skins, the piece			3				3
	Cats Skins, the hundred	1	6	8		1	4	
	Fox Skins, the piece			8				8
	Swan Skins, the piece		2	6			1	10
	Dog Skins, the dozen		2	6			1	10
	Elk Skins, the piece raw	1				1		
	Wolf Skins tawed, the piece		6				3	12
	Badger Skins, the piece		1					12
	Squirrel Skins, the thouſand	2	10			2	6	
Sleeves of Leather, the dozen pair (*vide* Garments.)								
Soap	hard *Britiſh* make, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		10				6	
	the barrel	1				1		
Spaniſh Sattins	*Britiſh*-making, the ſingle piece, containing 15 yards. (*vide* Silk.)							
	the double piece, containing 30 yards. (*vide* Silk.)							
Sprats, the cade, containing a thouſand			1	8			1	
Starch, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		1				1		
Steel, *vocat.* Gadſteel, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		1				1		
Stockings	*Iriſh*, the dozen. (*Free* 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.)							
	Kerſey long, the pair. (*Free* 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.)							
	Kerſey ſhort, the dozen pair. (*Free* 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.)							
	Leather, the dozen (*vide* Garments.)							
	Silk Stockings (*vide* Silk Manufactures.)							
	Woollen for Children, the dozen. (*Free* 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.)							
	Worſted for Children, the dozen. (*Free* 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.)							
	Woollen for Men, the dozen. (*Free* 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.)							
	Worſted for Men, the dozen. (*Free* 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.)							
	Lower ends of worſted Stocking, the dozen. (*Free* 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.)							
Stones *vocat.*	Hilling Stones, the thouſand		3	4			2	
	Slates, the thouſand		15				9	
Stuffs, *vocat.*	Perpetuana's and Serges, in regard of their courſeneſs, the pound weight, (*Free* 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.)							
	all other Stuffs made of Wooll, or mixed with hair or thread, the pound weight. (*Free* 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.)							
Sugar of all ſorts, formerly brought into this Kingdom, and and after refined and made into Loaves, and Exported by way of Merchandize, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.			10				6	

Note, *There is drawn back for Sugar Exported refined in Great Britain, 4s. for every hundred weight, by 9 & 10 W. 3. cap. 23. and 2 & 3 A. cap. 9.*

T.

TAllow *Britiſh*, the hundred weight containing, 112 lb.			2				2	
Tapiſtry or Dornix, of what ſort ſoever made in *Great Britain*, whereof any part of wooll, the pound weight. (*Free* 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.)								
Thread	Black, the pound. (*vide* Haberdaſhery.)							
	Brown, the pound. (*vide* Haberdaſhery.)							
	Blew, *vocat. Coventry* blew, the pound. (*vide* Haberdaſhery.)							
Thrums, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore pound			13	4			8	
Ticking *Britiſh*, the piece (*vide* Linens.)								
Tiffany made of thread (*vide* Linen.)								
Tobacco-pipes ſmall, the groce, containing 12 dozen			1					12

		Subsidy. l.	s.	d.	The Nett Duties. l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
Tufftafaties	*British* broad, the yard. } *British* narrow, the yard. } with thread, the yard. } (*vide* Silk.)							
Tin	unwrought, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb. 8 & 9 W. 3. *cap.* 34.	3	—	—	—	3	—	—
	wrought, *vocat.* Pewter, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb. 8 & 9 W. 3.	2	—	—	—	2	—	—

V.

Velures *British*, the single piece, containing 7 yards		10	—	—	—	6	—
Velures the double piece, containing 15 yards	1	—	—	—	1	—	—
Vinegar of Wine, the tun	2	6	8	—	2	4	—
Virginals, the pair	1	—	—	—	1	—	—

W.

Watches of all sorts, the piece		10	—	—	—	6	—
Wadmoll, the yard *Free*, 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.							
Waſt-Coats of Wadmoll, the dozen. Cotton, the dozen. Kerſeys or Flannel, the piece. Worſted knit, the piece. Woollen knit, the piece. (*vide* Garments.)							
Wax *British*, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	6	—	—	—	6	—	—
Wax *British*, hard Wax, the pound		2	—	—	—	1	4
Weld, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	1	5	—	—	1	3	—
Whale-bone cut or wrought (*vide* Haberdaſhery.)							
Whale-fins, the groce, containing 12 dozen		2	—	—	—	1	4
Woad *British*, the tun	15	—	—	—	15	—	—
Woadnets, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore		10	—	—	—	6	—
Wood Red-wood, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	1	10	—	—	1	6	—
Wood Gambray-wood, the hundred weight, cont. 112 lb.		4	6	—	—	2	14
Wood Box-wood, the tun	4	—	—	—	4	—	—
Worſted narrow *British*, the piece (*Free* 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.)							
Worſted broad *British*, the piece (*Free* 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 20.)							
Wine Lees, the but	1	—	—	—	1	—	—

Wire of Braſs Britiſh-*making*, 7 Annæ, *cap.* 8. *Free.*

Wooll Spaniſh, *Free, if Exported in* Britiſh *Shipping*, 12 Car. 2. *cap.* 4. *Rule* 5.

Y.

Yarn, *vocat.* Grogram yarn, the pound		4	—	—	—	2	8

Tunnage.

For every tun of Beer (*vide* Beer in B.)

By

By an Act past 8° Geo. cap. 15. the Subsidys and other Duties payable to his Majesty for Goods of the Product or Manufacture of Great Britain *Exported, Ceased after the 25th* March 1722. *(except Allom, Lead, Lead-Ore, Tin, Leather-tanned, Copperas, Coals, Woollcards, White woollen Cloths, Lapis Calaminaris, Skins of all sorts, Glew, Cony hair or wooll, Hares wooll, Hair of all sorts, Horses and Litharge of Lead) so as the said Goods be Exported out of a Port of this Kingdom in which there is a Customer or Collector, and which may lawfully be Exported, and that a due Entry thereof be first made in the Custom-House of the Quantity and Quality of the Goods and Shipped by the proper Officer, on Failure whereof the said Goods are liable to pay the respective Duties as if the said Act had not been made.*

By the same Act passed 8° Geo. cap. 15. the following sorts of Dying Goods (which are thereby permitted to be Imported Duty Free, after the 25th March 1722. *for Three Years) are upon Exportation chargeable with a Duty of 6 d. for every Twenty Shillings value according to the Respective Rates following;*

VIZ.

	Value. l.	s.	d.	Nett Duty of 6d. in the lb. l.	s.	d.	20th Parts
A Garick, trimed or pared, the pound weight		6	8	—	—	2	—
Agarick, rough and untrimed, the pound weight		1	8	—	—	—	10
Annotto, the pound weight		1	—	—	—	—	6
Antimonium Crudum, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		6	8	—	—	2	—
Aqua Fortis, the bottle, containing 4 *gallons*	2	5	—	—	1	1	10
Argoll, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	1	3	4	—	—	7	—
Arsenick, the pound weight		—	1 1/3	—	—	—	1
Bay berries, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		4	5 1/3	—	—	1	16
Brazil or Fernambuck Wood, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	1	15	—	—	—	10	10
Braziletto or Jamaica Wood, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	1	1	8	—	—	6	10
Chochineal, the pound weight		6	8	—	—	2	—
Cream of Tartar, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	2	—	—	—	1	—	—
Fustick, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		5	—	—	—	1	10
Galls, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	2	—	—	—	1	—	—
Gum Arabick or Gum Seneca, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		10	—	—	—	3	—
Indico of all sorts, the pound weight		3	4	—	—	1	—
Ising Glass, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	1	13	4	—	—	10	—
Litmus, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	1	—	—	—	—	6	—
Logwood, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	2	—	—	—	1	—	—
Madder of all sorts, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	1	10	—	—	—	9	—
Madder Roots, the pound weight		—	4	—	—	—	2
Nicaragua Wood the tun, containing 20 *hundred weight*	8	—	—	—	4	—	—
Orchall, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	2	—	—	—	1	—	—
Orchelia, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	1	—	—	—	—	6	—
Pomegranate Peels, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		13	4	—	—	4	—
Red Wood or Guinea Wood, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	1	10	—	—	—	9	—
Saflower, the pound weight		1	—	—	—	—	6
Sal-armoniack, the pound weight		—	6 2/3	—	—	—	3 1/3
Sal-gem, the pound weight		—	2 2/3	—	—	—	1 1/3
Sapan Wood, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb		10	—	—	—	3	—
Saunders Red, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	1	6	8	—	—	8	—
Shumack, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		13	4	—	—	4	—
Sticklack, the pound weight		—	4	—	—	—	2
Turnsole, the pound weight		—	2 2/3	—	—	—	1 1/3
Valonia, the tun weight	7	—	—	—	3	6	—
Verdegrease, the pound weight		—	6 2/3	—	—	—	3 1/3

And if there ſhall happen to be brought in or carried out of this Realm any Goods liable to the Payment of Cuſtom and Subſidy, which either are omitted in this Book, or are not now uſed to be brought in or carried out, or by reaſon of the great diverſity of the Value of ſome Goods, could not be rated, that in ſuch caſe every Cuſtomer or Collector for the time being, ſhall levy the ſaid Cuſtom and Subſidy of Poundage, according to the Value and Price of ſuch Goods, to be affirmed upon the Oath of the Merchant, in the preſence of the Cuſtomer, Collector, Comptroller, and Surveyor, or any Two of them (*except for Unrated* Eaſt-India *Goods Imported, touching which other Proviſion is made*;) Viz.

By the 2 & 3 Annæ, cap. 9. pag. 209. *the Value upon Unrated* Eaſt-India *Goods Imported, is to be reckoned according to the groſs Price at which ſuch Goods ſhall be ſold at the Candle, deducting ſo much as the Net Duties payable to his Majeſty's Amount unto (except the* 5 l. per Cent. *payable for the uſe of the* Eaſt-India *Company) and ſo much as ſhall be allowed the Buyers for prompt Payment, and alſo* 6 l. per Cent. *upon the whole Value for Charges in keeping the Goods till the Sale by the Candle.*

The ſame Rule is preſcribed for aſcertaining the Value on Unrated Drugs Imported from the Eaſt-Indies, *purſuant to the Acts paſſed* 3 & 4 Annæ, cap. 4. pag. 217. *laying a New Duty of* 4 l. per Cent. *and* 10 Annæ, cap. 26. pag. 398. *laying another Duty of* 10 l. per Cent. *thereon; and alſo for aſcertaining the Value upon Porcelan called China or Japan-ware purſuant to the ſaid Act paſſed* 3 & 4 Annæ, cap. 4. pag. 217. *laying a New Duty of* 12 l. per Cent. *thereon.*

For aſcertaining the Duties upon Japanned and Lacquered Goods, vide 12 & 13 *W.* 3. cap. 11. §. 15.

For the other Duties hereafter mentioned upon Unrated Goods, the following Rules *are to be obſerved.*

The New Subſidy $\frac{5}{3}$ *and* $\frac{2}{3}$ *Subſidy's on Unrated Goods, are to be levied by the ſame Rule as the Old Subſidy, as aforeſaid,* pag. 140, 208, 221.

The Old Impoſt, 1690. 2 W. & M. *the Value thereof is to be taken by and according to the Oath of the Importer and not otherwiſe (except from* India) *and the Duties by the ſaid Act are not to be reckoned into the Value of the ſame,* vide pag. 79.

The Additional Impoſt, $169\frac{2}{3}$. 4 & 5 W. & M. *the Value thereof is to be affirmed upon the Oath of the Importer according to the Direction of the Book of Rates,* vide pag. 85, 86.

The 2d 25 l. per Cent. ad Valorem, *on* French *Goods, by* 7 & 8 W. 3. cap. 20. pag. 106. *is to be paid according to the Rules preſcribed for the Old Subſidy* 12 Car. 2. cap. 4. *aforementioned.*

By an Act paſſed the 10 & 11 W. 3. cap. 3. pag. 170, 171. *a New Duty of* 15 l. per Cent. *is laid on Muſlins, the Value whereof is to be reckoned according to the groſs Price at which ſuch Goods ſhall be publickly ſold by Auction or Inch of Candle within the City of* London.

The ſame Rule is preſcribed for aſcertaining the Value of all White Callicoes (by which are meant all Callicoes which do not pay as Muſlins, and all Dimities and other Manufactures of Cotton) purſuant to the Act paſſed 3 & 4 Annæ, cap. 4. pag. 217. *which lays a Duty of* 15 l. per Cent. *thereon.*

The Value of Unrated Drugs Imported (except from India) *according to which the Duty of* 4 l. per Cent. *is to be levied by virtue of the* 3 & 4 Annæ, cap. 4. pag. 218. *is to be affirmed by the Oath of the Importer.*

The New Duty on Hides and Skins or pieces of Hides or Skins, granted by an Act paſſed 9 Annæ, cap. 11. pag. 351, 353. *not rated by that Act, are to be paid according to the real Value thereof, to be affirmed on the Oath of the Importer, and ſuch Value is in all caſes to be taken to be ſo much as the ſeveral Kinds are really worth to be ſold at the Port of Importation without any Abatement for the Duties charged thereon.*

The ſame Rule is to be obſerved in aſcertaining the Values of Unrated Hides and Skins, in order to the levying the Additional Duties thereon, by an Act paſſed 10 Annæ, cap. 26. pag. 395.

The like Rule is to be obſerved in aſcertaining the Values upon Unrated Paper, and upon Linens chequered and ſtriped, printed, painted, ſtained or dyed, in order to the Charging the reſpective New Duties thereon, granted by an Act paſſed 10 Annæ, cap. 19. pag. 385, 388. *and the Additional Duties upon Unrated Paper, and Linen chequered, ſtriped, &c. by another Act paſſed* 12 Annæ, cap. 9. pag. 427.

Woollen Cloths *or* Old Drapery, *viz.*

- Short Cloths 28 yards long, 64 pound weight, — One short Cloth
- Long Cloths — One short Cloth
- *Dorſet* and *Somerſet* dozens, ready waſht — Seven make a ſhort Cloth
- Cardinals — Seven make a ſhort Cloth
- Pinwhites — Seven make a ſhort Cloth
- Straits — Seven make a ſhort Cloth
- Statutes — Seven make a ſhort Cloth
- *Stockbridges* — Seven make a ſhort Cloth
- *Taviſtocks* — Seven make a ſhort Cloth
- *Tauntons* — One short Cloth
- *Bridgwaters* — Five make a ſhort Cloth
- *Dunſters* — Five make a ſhort Cloth
- *Devon* dozens, containing 12 or 13 yards, in weight 13 pound — Five make a ſhort Cloth
- Ordinary Penniſtons, or Foreſt whites, between 12 and 13 yards, and in weight 28 pound — Four make a ſhort Cloth
- Sorting Penniſtons, containing 13 or 14 yards, and in weight 35 pound, unfreized — Four make a ſhort Cloth
- Narrow *Torkſhire* Kerſies whites and reds, containing not above 17 or 18 yards, and in weight 22 pound — Three make a ſhort Cloth
- *Hampſhire* ordinary Kerſies — Three make a ſhort Cloth
- *Newberry* whites and other Kerſies of like making, containing 24 yards, and in weight 28 pound — Three make a ſhort Cloth
- Sorting *Hampſhire* Kerſies, containing 28 yards, and in weight 32 pound — Three make a ſhort Cloth
- *Northern* dozens ſingle — Two make a ſhort Cloth
- Sorting Penniſtons, containing between 13 & 14 yards, and in weight 35 pound, freized — Two make a ſhort Cloth
- *Northern* dozen, double, One make a ſhort Cloth
- The new ſort of Cloth called *Spaniſh* Cloth, otherwiſe Narrow Liſt, *Weſtern* broad Cloth not exceeding 25 yards in length, and 43 pound in weight, to be accounted Two thirds of the ſhort Cloth
- Cloth-raſhes (*alias*) Cloth-ſerges, containing 30 yards, weighing 40 pound to be accounted Two thirds of the ſhort Cloth
- And any other ſort of Woollen Cloth of the Old or New Drapery, not mentioned in this Book

Exported Free, as by the Act 11 & 12 W. 3. cap. 20. (Except white Woollen Cloth called Broad Cloth, which pays 5 s. for each Piece, by 6 A. cap. 8.)

Certain

Certain RULES, ORDERS, DIRECTIONS, *and* ALLOWANCES *for the Advancement of* Trade, *and Encouragement of the* Merchant, *as alſo for the Regulating as well of the* Merchants *in making of due Entries and juſt Payments of their* Cuſtoms, *as of the* Officers *in all the Ports of this Kingdom, in the faithful diſcharge of their Duty.*

I.

Breaking Bulk. EVERY Merchant ſhall have free liberty to break Bulk in any Port allowed by the Law, and to pay Cuſtom and Subſidy for no more than he ſhall Enter and Land; Provided that the Maſter, or Purſer of every ſuch Ship, ſhall firſt make Declaration upon Oath, before any Two Principal Officers of the Port, of the true Content of his Ships Lading, and ſhall likewiſe after declare upon his Oath, before the Cuſtomer, Collector, Comptroller, or Surveyor, or Two of them, at the next Port of this Kingdom where his Ship ſhall arrive, the Quantity and Quality of the Goods Landed at the other Port, where was Bulk firſt broken, and to whom they did belong.

II.

Drawback upon Goods Exported. ALL Foreign Goods and Merchandizes (except Wines, Currants, and wrought Silks) firſt Imported, ſhall be again Exported by any Merchant *Britiſh* within * Twelve Months, or Stranger within * Nine Months. And ſuch Merchant or Merchants as ſhall Export any ſuch Foreign Goods or Merchandize (except before excepted) ſhall have Allowance, and be repaid by the Officer which received the ſame, the one Moiety of the Subſidy which was paid at the firſt Importation of ſuch Foreign Goods and Merchandizes, or any part thereof, ſo as due proof be firſt made by Certificate from the Officers, of the due Entry and Payment of the Cuſtoms and Subſidy of all ſuch Foreign Goods and Merchandizes Inwards, together with the Oath of the Merchants Importing and Exporting the ſame, affirming the truth thereof, and the Name of his Majeſty's Searcher or Under-Searcher in the Port of *London*, and of the Searcher of any other the Out-Ports, teſtifying the Shipping thereof to be Exported. After all which duly performed in manner before expreſſed, the Moiety of the Subſidy firſt paid Inwards, ſhall without any delay or reward, be repaid unto ſuch Merchant or Merchants, who do export ſuch Goods and Merchandizes, within one Month after demand thereof. As alſo the whole Additional Duty of Silk, Linen and Tobacco, in manner as before is directed.

* *Extended to Three Years, by 7 Geo. cap. 20. §. 10.*

Shipping to be certified by the Searcher.

III.

British *Merchants to have the ſame benefit of any Agreement or Compoſition as Merchant Strangers.* AND if there be any Agreement now in force, which was formerly made by the late Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms and Subſidies, with the Merchant-Strangers, or their Factors, or ſhall hereafter be made by any Commiſſioners or Farmers of the Cuſtoms and Subſidies, or any other Power (except by Conſent of Parliament) with any Merchant or Merchants Strangers, or their Factors, for any Foreign Goods and Merchandizes to be brought into the Port of *London*, or any other Port or Haven of this Kingdom of *Great Britain*, and to be Exported again by way of Compoſition; all other Merchants, being his Majeſty's Subjects, ſhall be admitted into the ſame Compoſition, and not be excluded from

from any other Priviledge whatſoever, granted to the Stranger by any Private Agreement or Compoſition, under the ſame Conditions, and with the ſame Reſtriction as ſhall be made with the Merchant-Stranger.

IV.

EVERY Merchant, as well *Britiſh* as Stranger, that ſhall Ship and Export any kind of Wines, which formerly have paid all the Duties of the Tunnage Inwards, ſhall have repaid or allowed unto them all the Duties of Tunnage paid Inwards: Except to the *Britiſh*-man Twenty Shillings the Tun, and except to the Stranger Five and twenty Shillings the Tun, upon due proof of the due Entry and Payment of the Tunnage Inwards, and of the Shipping thereof to be Exported, to be made in manner as in the Second Article is mentioned and expreſſed. *Drawback on Wines Exported.*

V.

IF any Merchant, Denizen or Stranger, ſhall Export any *Spaniſh* or Foreign Woolls, he ſhall have liberty ſo to do, with this further Condition, That ſuch *Spaniſh* or other Foreign Woolls whatſoever be not Exported in any other Ship or Veſſel whatſoever, with intent to be arrived beyond the Seas out of the Kingdom of *Great Britain*, than only in *Britiſh* Shipping, upon pain of Confiſcation. Spaniſh *Wooll may be Shipt out in* Britiſh *Shipping.*

VI.

EVERY Merchant, as well *Britiſh* as Stranger, which ſhall Ship and Export any Currants, which formerly were duly entred and paid the Subſidy and Cuſtom Inwards, ſhall have allowed or repaid unto them reſpectively, all the Cuſtom and Subſidy paid Inwards for the ſame (except Eighteen Pence for every hundred weight to the *Britiſh*, and Two and twenty Pence and half-peny for every hundred weight to the Stranger) upon due proof of the due Entry and Payment of the Cuſtom and Subſidy thereof Inwards, and of the Shipping thereof to be Exported, to be made in manner as in the Second Article is declared. *Drawback on Currants.*

VII.

IF any Merchant, having duly paid all Duties Inwards for Foreign Goods, and in regard of bad Sales, ſhall be enforced to keep the ſame or any part thereof in his Hands, after the ſpace of a Year ſhall be Elapſed, in this caſe he, or any other Perſon is to be permitted to Ship the ſame out for Parts beyond the Seas (if they ſo think fit) without payment of any Subſidy for the ſame Outwards, upon due proof that the ſame was duly Entred, and Subſidy paid Inwards. *Foreign Goods may be Exported after the Year, without paying Cuſtom, on proof of the Duties paid Inwards.*

VIII.

EVERY Merchant bringing in any ſort of Wines into this Kingdom, by way of Merchandize, and ſhall make due Entries of the ſame in the Cuſtom-houſe, ſhall be allowed 12 *per Cent.* for Leakage. 12 per Cent. *for Leakage on Wine.*

IX.

EVERY Hogſhead of Wine which ſhall be run out, and not full ſeven Inches or above left therein: And every Butt or Pipe not above Nine Inches, ſhall be accounted for Outs, and the Merchant to pay no Subſidy for the ſame. *Outs.*

X.

This Rule is Repealed, by 6 Geo. cap. 12. §. 1.

IF any Wines ſhall prove corrupt and unmerchantable, and fit for nothing but to diſtil into Hot-waters, or to make Vinegar, then every Owner of ſuch Wines ſhall be abated in the Subſidy, according to ſuch his Damages in thoſe Wines, by the diſcretion of the Collectors of the Cuſtoms, and one of the principal Officers. *Allowance to be made on Corrupt Wines.*

XI.

Allowance to be made on Tobacco or other Goods damaged.

IF any Tobacco, or other Goods or Merchandize brought into this Kingdom, ſhall receive any Damage by Salt-water, or otherwiſe, ſo that the Owner thereof ſhall be prejudiced in the Sale of ſuch Goods, the principal Officers of the Cuſtom-houſe, or any Two of them, whereof the Collector for the time being to be one, ſhall have power to chooſe Two indifferent Merchants, experienced in the Values of ſuch Goods, who upon viſiting the ſaid Goods, ſhall certifie and declare upon their Corporal Oaths, firſt adminiſtred by the ſaid Officers, what Damage ſuch Goods have received, and are leſſened in their true Value, and according to ſuch Damage in relation to the Rates ſet on them in this Book, the ſaid Officers are to make a proportionable Abatement unto the Merchant or Owner, of the Subſidy due for the ſame.

This Rule is Repealed as to Tobacco, by 9 Geo. cap. 21. §. 4.

XII.

Merchant Strangers to pay 3 d. in the pound, or any other Duty payable by Charta Mercatoria.

THE Merchant-ſtrangers, who according to the Rates and Values in this Book contained, do pay double Subſidy for Lead, Tin, Woollen Cloth, ſhall alſo pay double Cuſtom for Native Manufactures of Wooll, or part Wooll, and the ſaid Strangers are to pay for all other Goods as well Inwards as Outwards, Rated to pay the Subſidy of Poundage, Three Pence in the Pound, or any other Duty payable by *Charta Mercatoria*, beſides the Subſidy.

XIII.

Times of Lading and Unlading of Goods.

THAT the Merchants trading into the Port of *London*, have free liberty to Lade and Unlade their Goods at any the lawful Keys and Places of Shipping and Landing of Goods, between the Tower of *London*, and *London*-Bridge, and between Sun-riſing and Sun-ſetting, from the Tenth day of *September*, to the Tenth day of *March*, and between the Hours of Six of the Clock in the Morning, and Six of the Clock in the Evening, from the Tenth day of *March*, to the Tenth day of *September*, giving Notice thereof to the reſpective Officers appointed to attend the Lading and Unlading of Goods. And ſuch Officer as ſhall refuſe, upon due calling, to be preſent, he ſhall forfeit, for every Default, Five Pounds, the one Moiety to the King, and the other Moiety to the Party agrieved, and Suing for the ſame.

Officer not attending forfeits 5 l.

XIV.

Wrappers Outwards.

THE Merchants of *York*, *Kingſton* upon *Hull*, and *Newcaſtle* upon *Tyne*, and the Members thereof, ſhall be allowed Free, of Cuſtom and Subſidy, Two of the *Northern* Clothes and Kerſeys in Ten to be Shipped in thoſe Ports in the Names of Double Wrappers, as formerly hath been there allowed them.

XV.

Wrappers Outwards.

THE Merchants of *Exeter*, and other *Weſtern* Parts, ſhall be allowed, Free of Subſidy, One Perpetuanoe in Ten for a Wrapper, and Three *Devon* Dozens in Twenty four Wrappers, the ſame to be Shipped out of the Ports of *Exeter*, *Plymouth*, *Dartmouth*, *Barnſtable*, *Lyme Regis*, or the Members thereof.

XVI.

Wrappers Outwards.

ALL Merchants Tranſporting any ſorts of Woollen, whether New or Old Drapery, as alſo Bays and Cottons, ſhall be allowed One in Ten for a Wrapper, Free of Cuſtom and Subſidy.

XVII.

5 l. per Cent. to be allowed on the Subſidy for Goods Imported.

EVERY Merchant ſhall be allowed upon all other Goods and Merchandizes appointed to pay to any the Subſidy of Poundage, according to the Rule of this Book, to be Imported, Five in the Hundred of all the ſaid Subſidies of Poundage ſo appointed to be paid.

XVIII.

THE Officers who ſit above in the Cuſtom-houſe of the Port of *London*, ſhall attend the ſervice of their ſeveral Places from Nine to Twelve of the Clock in the Forenoon; and one Officer, or one able Clerk ſhall attend with the Book in the Afternoon, during ſuch time as the Officers are appointed to wait at the Water-ſide, for the better deciding of all Controverſies that may happen concerning Merchants Warrants. All other the Officers of the Out-Ports ſhall attend every day in the Cuſtom-houſe of every reſpective Port for diſpatch of Merchants and Shippers, between the Hours of Nine of the Clock and Twelve in the Morning, and Two and Four of the Clock in the Afternoon.

Officers, the time of their attendance in London, *and Out-Ports above ſtairs.*

XIX.

EVERY Merchant making an Entry of Goods, either Inwards or Outwards ſhall be diſpatched in ſuch Order as he cometh; and if any Officer, or his Clerk, ſhall either for Favour or Reward put any Merchant or his Servant, duly attending, by his turn, or otherwiſe delay any Perſon ſo duly attending, and making his Entries aforeſaid, to draw any other Reward or Gratuity from him than is limited in the Act for Tunnage and Poundage, and this Book, if the Maſter-Officer be found faulty herein, he ſhall upon complaint to the chief Officers of the Cuſtom-houſe, be ſtrictly admoniſhed of his Duty; But if the Clerk be found faulty therein, he ſhall upon complaint to the ſaid chief Officers be preſently diſcharged of his Service, and not permitted to ſit any more in the Cuſtom-houſe.

Merchants to be diſpatched in order as they come.

Penalty on the Officers or Clerk.

XX.

THE Lord Mayor, Commonalty, and Citizens of the City of *London*, their Officers or Deputies, for and touching the Offices of Package, Scavage, Baleage, or Portage of any Goods or Merchandize of Aliens, or their Sons born within this Kingdom, or Unfreemen, Imported or Exported into, or out of the City of *London*, or the Liberties or Ports thereof, unto, or from the Parts beyond the Seas, for, or concerning the receiving or taking of any Fees or Rates heretofore uſually taken, for or in reſpect of the ſaid Offices, or any of them, might and may receive and take the ſame, any thing in the Act for Tunnage and Poundage, or this Book, or any former Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Duties of Package, Scavage, &c. confirmed to the Mayor, &c. of London.

XXI.

ALL Ancient Duties heretofore lawfully taken by any City, or Town-Corporate, their Farmers, Deputies, or Officers, under the name of Town-Cuſtom, or the like, for the Maintenance of Bridges, Keys, Harbours, Wharfs, or the like, ſhall and may be received and enjoyed as formerly; Any thing in the ſaid Act, or any other Act or Book to the contrary notwithſtanding.

City and Town Duties confirmed.

XXII.

THE Under-Searcher, or other Officers of *Graveſend*, having power to Viſit and Search any Ship Outward bound, ſhall not, without juſt and reaſonable cauſe, detain any ſuch Ship, under colour of Searching the Goods therein Laden, above Three Tides after her arrival at *Graveſend*, under pain of loſs of their Office, and rendring Damage to the Merchant and Owner of the Ship. And the Searcher or other Officer of the Cuſtom-houſe in any of the Out-Ports, having power to Search and Viſit any Ship Outward bound, ſhall not, without juſt and reaſonable cauſe, detain any ſuch Ship under colour of Searching the Goods therein Laden, above One Tide after the ſaid Ship is fully Laden and ready to ſet Sail, under pain of loſs of the Office of ſuch Offender, and rendring Damage to the Merchant and Owner of the Ship.

Searchers not to detain Ships without juſt ground.

XXIII. Note,

XXIII.

Dimentions of Balks and Timber.

NOTE, That all Timber in Balks, which ſhall be of Eight Inches ſquare or upwards, that ſhall be Imported or Brought from any part beyond the Seas into the Realm of *Great Britain*, ſhall be Rated according to the Meaſure of Timber the Foot ſquare, Three Pence for the Value thereof, and according to that Rule ſhall pay for Subſidy Twelve Pence in the Pound according to Poundage, and all under Eight Inches ſquare, and above Five Inches ſquare, ſhall pay for Subſidy according to the Rates mentioned in this Book of Rates for middle Balks, and all of Five Inches ſquare or under, ſhall pay according to the Rate of ſmall Balks.

XXIV.

Officers and Clerks not to take more than the lawful Fees.

FOR avoiding of all Oppreſſion by any of the Officers of the Cuſtoms in any Port of this Kingdom, in Exacting unreaſonable Fees from the Merchant, by reaſon of any Entries, or otherwiſe touching the Shipping or Unſhipping of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize: It is Ordered, That no Officer, Clerk or other, belonging to any Cuſtom-houſe whatſoever, ſhall Exact, Require, or Receive any other or greater Fee of any Merchant or other whatſoever, than ſuch as are or ſhall be Eſtabliſhed by the Commons in Parliament aſſembled: If any Officer or other ſhall Offend contrary to this Order, he ſhall forfeit his Office and Place, and be for ever after uncapable of any Officein the Cuſtom-houſe.

Penalty.

XXV.

Fees Outwards in London, how to be paid.

ALL Fees appointed to be paid to the Cuſtomer, Comptroller, Surveyor, or Surveyor-General in the Port of *London* for any Cocquet or Certificate Outwards, ſhall be paid altogether in one Sum to that Officer from whom the Merchant is to have his Cocquet or Certificate above in the Cuſtom-houſe; and after the Merchant hath duly paid his Cuſtom and Subſidy, and other Duties above in the Cuſtom-houſe, as is appointed by this Book of Rates, he is to be Maſter of, and keep his own Cocquet or Certificate, until he ſhall Ship out his Goods ſo Entred when as he is to deliver the ſame to the Head Searcher, or his Majeſty's Under-Seacher in the Port of *London*, or other Ports, together with the Mark and Number of his Goods.

Merchant to poſſeſs his own Cocquet.

XXVI.

Officers to make good to all Perſons the Half-Subſidy.

THE Officers of the Cuſtom-houſe for the time being, ſhall allow and make good unto all Perſons, all ſuch Monies as are or ſhall be due unto them for the half Subſidy; and alſo the *Algier* Duty of Foreign Goods formerly Exported, now due and unpaid.

XXVII.

The Duties of Tunnage and Poundage, Prizage, Butlerage, and 12 d. per Chalder on Coals from Newcaſtle continued.

THE Duties and Sums of Money appointed to be paid by the Act of Subſidy of Tunnage and Poundage paſſed this Parliament, and by the Book of Rates therein mentioned, and no other, ſhall be paid to his Majeſty's Officers, during the Continuance of the ſaid Act upon Goods Imported or Exported; Any Law, Statute, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding. Nevertheleſs it is Declared, That Prizage of Wines, the Duty called Butlerage, and the Duty of Twelve Pence upon every Chalder of Sea-Coal Exported from *Newcaſtle* upon *Tyne*, to any other Port or Ports of this Realm, ſhall be continued.

Harbottle Grimſtone, Baronet,

Speaker of the Houſe of Commons.

A N

AN ORDER OF THE COMMONS In Parliament Aſſembled.

WHEREAS *in and by an Act of this preſent Parliament, Intituled,* An Act for Confirming of Publick Acts, *an Act therein (Intituled,* A Subſidy Granted to the King of Tunnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandize Exported and Imported) *was confirmed, by which Act ſo confirmed, It is (amongſt other things) Enacted and Ordained, That during the Continuance of that Grant, where the Goods Exported or Imported amount to the Value of Five Pounds or more, the Cuſtomers and Collectors, and all other his Majeſty's Officers in the ſeveral Ports ſhall take and receive ſuch Fees (and none other) as were taken in the Fourth Year of the late King* James, *until ſuch time as the ſaid Fees ſhould be otherwiſe ſettled by Authority of Parliament.*

And whereas alſo amongſt the Rules, Orders and Directions annexed to the Book of Rates (Ratified and Confirmed, by the aforeſaid Act) It is Ordered and Directed, That for the avoiding of all Oppreſſions by any of the Officers of the Cuſtoms in any Port of this Kingdom, in Exacting unreaſonable Fees from the Merchant, by reaſon of any Entries, or otherwiſe touching the Shipping or Unſhipping of any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, It is Ordered, That no Officer, Clerk, or other belonging to any Cuſtom-houſe whatſoever, ſhall Exact, Require, or Receive any other or greater Fee of any Merchant or other whatſoever, than ſuch as are or ſhall be Eſtabliſhed by the Commons in Parliament aſſembled. And if any Officer or other ſhall Offend contrary to this Order, he ſhall forfeit his Office and Place, and be for ever after incapable of any Office in the Cuſtom-houſe.

In Proſecution of which ſaid ſeveral Clauſes in the Act and Book of Rates before mentioned, and for the ſettlement and certainty of all the aforeſaid Fees, for ſatisfaction, as well of Merchants and others, as of the Officers, what Fees are to be paid and received for any Cauſe, Matter or Thing whatſoever, for or concerning the Importation or Exportation, Shipping, Landing, or Entring of any Ships, Goods, Wares or Merchandizes, of what nature, or in what kind ſo ever: It is Ordered and Declared by the Commons in Parliament aſſembled, That the ſeveral and reſpective Fees and Allowances mentioned in a Schedule or Table of Fees, relating to the Port of London, *and the Members and Creeks thereunto belonging (and none other) ſhall be paid to the Officers and others Imployed, and to be Imployed in and about his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in the Port aforeſaid, and are by the Authority aforeſaid ſettled and confirmed.*

And be it further Ordered and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Fees and Allowances hereby intended, are ſet down, mentioned, and expreſſed in a Schedule or Table of Fees, Intituled, Fees and Allowances due and payable to the Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms and Subſidies in the Port of *London*, and the Members and Creeks thereunto belonging, *and Subſcribed with the Hand of Sir* Edward Turner *Knight, now Speaker of the Houſe of Commons in Parliament Aſſembled, and every particular Clauſe therein mentioned and contained, ſhall be and remain as Effectual to all intents and purpoſes, as if the ſame were included and particularly expreſſed within the Body of this Order; And in caſe any Merchant, Maſter of Ship, or other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, ſhall refuſe to pay all or any the Fees hereby Ordered or Intended, That in ſuch caſe it ſhall and may be Lawful for all and every Officer and Officers to make Stay of every Bill of Entry, Coquet, or other Warrant that ſhall be tendred or given in for paſſing of any Ships, Goods or Merchandizes whatſoever, exceeding the Value of Five Pounds in the Book of Rates, for which the Fees ſhall be detained and denied to be paid, as aforeſaid.*

And be it further Ordered and Ordained, That Copies or Tranſcripts of this Order and Table of Fees ſhall be made and ſet up in publick View, in the Cuſtom-houſe in London, *and in all other Offices and Places where the ſaid Fees or any of them are to be paid or received.*

FEES and ALLOWANCES due and payable to the Officers of his MAJESTY's Customs and Subsidies in the Port of *London*, and the MEMBERS and CREEKS thereunto belonging, *Viz.*

For the Officers of the Petty Customs Outwards.

	Customer		Comptrol.		Surveyor		Surv. Gen.	
	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
FOR a Cloth Cocquet by *Britiſh* Freemen of *London*	00	06	00	04	00	04	00	04
For a Strangers Cocquet or Unfreemen	00	08	00	06	00	06	00	06
For a Cloth Certificate by Strangers or *Britiſh* to paſs according to the old Rate	00	08	00	04	00	04	00	04
For a Ships Entry croſſing the Seas	00	04	00	04	00	04	00	04
For a Ships Entry to the *Streights*, *Canaries*, or Weſtern-Iſlands	01	00	01	00	01	00	01	00
For clearing of Ships, and examining the Books	01	00	00	06	00	06	00	06
For every Endorſement	00	04						
For making a Bond to the Kings Majeſty's uſe	00	06						
For every Entry in the Certificate Book	00	02						
To the Cuſtomers Clerks. More for a Cloth Cocquet or Certificate	00	06	00	02	00	02	00	02
For a Ships entry croſſing the Seas	00	04						

Subſidy Outwards.

	Collector		Comptrol.		Surveyor		Surv. Gen.	
	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
FOR every Ships Entry within the *Levant*, or beyond the *Streights* mouth	01	00	01	00	01	00	01	00
For every Ships Entry going to any other Foreign Parts	00	04	00	04	00	04	00	04
For every Ships Entry going to the Out-Ports	00	02	00	01	00	01	00	01
For clearing of every Ship paſſing to Foreign Parts, and examining the Ships contents	01	00	00	06	00	06	00	06
For every *Britiſh* Cocquet by Freemen	00	08	00	04	00	04	00	04
For every Strangers Cocquet, or Unfreemen of *London*	01	00	00	06	00	06	00	06
For making every Certificate Cocquet, as well *Britiſh* as Strangers, for Goods which paid Subſidy Inwards, and pay no Subſidy outwards	00	08	00	04	00	04	00	04
For every Certificate upon Warrant from his Majeſty or the Lord Treaſurer, paying no Duties	01	06	00	08	00	08	00	08
For Indorſement of all Warrants and Licenſes	00	04	00	04				
For a Foaring Bill Licenſing ſuch as bring in Victuals, to carry out ſome Beer as by ſtore	00	06	00	06	00	06	00	06
Coaſt ſufferances to be given without Fees								
For every Coaſt Cocquet Outwards, and entring in his Majeſty's Books for a whole Ship or Veſſel paſſing into the open Seas	01	00	00	08	00	08	00	08
For a Bond for the ſame	00	06						
For diſcharging the ſame Bond, and filing the Certificate to the Bond			00	04				
For making every Certificate of Return	01	00	00	02	00	02	00	02
For making, entring, and keeping an accompt of every Debenter for repayment of half Subſidy or other Sums of Money	01	00	00	04	00	04	00	04
For making, and entring a Tranſire or Letpaſs, from Port to Port in *Great Britain*	00	04	00	02				
To the Clerks, for a Cocquet, by *Britiſh* or others	00	04	00	02	00	02	00	02
For a Ships Entry croſſing the Seas	00	04						
To the Clerk of the Coaſt Cocquets, for making a Bill or Ticket to the Lord Mayor for Corn, Victuals and other Proviſions	00	04						

Petty Customs Inwards.

	Customer		Comptrol.		Surveyor		Surv. Gen.	
	S.	D.	S.	D.	S.	D.	S.	D.
FOR every Strangers Warrant	00	02	00	02	00	02	00	02
For taking every Bond	00	06						
For every Bill at ſight	01	00	00	04	00	04	00	04
For diſcharging every Bond			00	06				
For every great imployment to imploy the proceed of Goods			00	06	01	00	01	00

Subſidy Inwards.

	Collector		Comptrol.		Surveyor		Surv. Gen.	
	S.	D.	S.	D.	S.	D.	S.	D.
FOR every Warrant by *Britiſh* Freemen of *London*	00	04	00	04	00	04	00	04
For every Warrant for Strangers or Unfreemen	00	06	00	06	00	06	00	06
To the Clerk for making the Shippers Entry	01	00						
For making a Bond to his Majeſty's uſe	00	06						
For every Oath adminiſtred by the Collector	00	02						
For a Shippers Entry, with the particular Contents, *viz.* From the *Eaſt-Indies*	02	06						
From the *Streights*	02	06						
From *Spain*, *Portugal*, and the *Weſt-Indies*, or *Britiſh* Plantations	02	00						
From *Dunkirk* or *France*	01	00						
From *Flanders*, *Holland*, *Ireland*, or any *Eaſtern* or *Northern* Parts	01	00						
For every Ship or Veſſel leſs than twenty Tun	00	08						
For every Stranger's Ships Entry to pay double Fees								
For every Certificate of Foreign Goods Imported to be ſhipped out Free of Subſidy, Eighteen pence, which, is underſtood Six pence for the Search, altho' ſeveral Ships, and Twelve pence for the Certificate	01	06						
If the Goods be under the value of Twenty Pounds, according to the Book of Rates, the Merchant is to pay for the Certificate in all, but	00	06						
For examining and comparing every Debenture with the original Certificate	00	04						
For a Certificate of Foreign Goods coming from any of the Out-Ports to *London*, or from any other Port to Port within this Nation	00	06	00	02	00	02	00	02
For Goods ſent by Sea by the Importer thereof, to any of the Out-Ports from *London*	00	06	00	02	00	02	00	02
For caſting up the Sum, and keeping an Account of every Debenture, and paying the Money	00	08						
For every Bale, Pack, Truſs, Cheſt, Caſe, or other Package, brought into the King's Warehouſe, to be allow'd to the Officer when the Merchant is ſhort entred above Five Shillings, to be paid to the proper Officer, Two Pence								

Great Cuſtoms.

	Customer		Comptrol.	
	S.	D	S.	D.
FOR a Cocquet for Calves-skins	02	00	01	00
For a Coaſt Cocquet Outwards of Woolls, Woollfells, Leather, Skins and Hides	02	00	01	00
For a Bond to his Majeſty's uſe	01	00		
For filing the Return	00	06		
For a Return and Diſcharge Outwards	02	04	01	00

	Packer.	
For the Packer, for telling and packing every Dacre of dreſt Calves, skins, allowing ten dozen to the Dacre	00	06
For packing every Dacre of undreſt Calves-skins, and telling	00	06

Fees concerning ſeveral Officers, as well Inwards as Outwards, to be paid to the Clerks.

	Cuſtomer		Comptrol.		Surveyor	
	S.	D.	S.	D.	S.	D.
FOR every Bill of Portage	00	06	00	03	00	03
For a ſecond or parcel Cocquet Outwards	00	02	00	02	00	02

To the King's Majeſty's Waiters, being in Number Eighteen.

Received in the Cuſtom-houſe, above Stairs.

For every *Britiſh*-man's Foreign Goods or Merchandizes, of what nature ſoever, paying Cuſtom or Subſidy Inwards in the Port of *London*, or coming thither from any Place or Port by Cocquet	01	00
For every Strangers Foreign Goods in like manner, paying Cuſtom or Subſidy Inwards in the ſame Port, or coming thither by Cocquet	01	06
For certifying every Cocquet of *Britiſh* Goods brought up to *London*	00	06

Received at the Water-ſide, by the ſaid Kings Waiters, and others attending, to be divided as formerly.

For a Bill of Store or Portage for any thing above Ten Shillings Cuſtom	01	00
For a Bill of Sight, Bill of Sufferance, or any other imperfect Warrant	01	00
For Woolls, Woollfells, Leather, Hides, and prohibited Goods from the Out-Ports by Cocquet	01	00

Regiſter of the King's Majeſty's Warrants.

FOR every *Britiſh* Warrant for the Goods Inwards	00	02
For every Stranger's Warrant	00	04
For every Certificate Foreign	00	04
For all Goods not paying Twenty Shillings Cuſtom, whether in or out, there ſhall be but half Fees taken, whether for Warrants, Cocquets, Tranſires, Debentures or Certificates.		

To the Uſher of the Cuſtom-houſe.

FOR every Oath adminiſtred by the King's Officers outwards	00	02

Rules which may ſerve for the Ports in general.

Joint Stocks. WHEREAS ſome Societies and Companies of Merchants do trade in a joint Stock, and enter the whole Lading and Cargo of a Ship Inwards, in one ſingle Entry, when the Adventurers therein concern'd are many, the Officers and Waiters may take and receive ſuch Gratuity as the ſaid Company ſhall hereafter voluntarily conſent to pay unto them, any thing in this Order or Table of Fees, or any other Act or Proviſion to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Goods under Five Pound. All Goods under the value of Five Pound in the Book of Rates, paying Subſidy the Sum of Five Shillings, or leſs, ſhall paſs without payment of any Fees.

A Britiſh-man ſhall pay but ſingle Fees in one Ship. No *Britiſh* Merchant that ſhall have Goods of his own to be landed out of one Ship or Veſſel at one time (altho' the Receipt of the Subſidy be diſtributed into ſeveral Offices) ſhall be charged to pay any more or other Fees than for a ſingle Entry.

Partners paſs as ſingle Perſon. Goods in Partnerſhip to paſs as if the Proprietors were one ſingle Perſon.

Fiſh. Fiſh by *Britiſh*, in *Britiſh* Shipping or Veſſel, Inwards or Outwards, or along the Coaſt, to pay no Fees.

Coin, Bullion. Foreign Coin and Bullion Inwards may be landed by any Perſon without Warrant or Fee.

Jewels and Precious Stones. Diamonds, Precious Stones, Jewels and Pearls of all ſorts to paſs Outwards without Warrant or Fee.

Poſt-Entries. Poſt-Entries Inward to paſs without Fee under Five Shillings; if above Five Shillings, and under Forty Shillings, then Six Pence; but if the Cuſtom to be paid exceed Forty Shillings, then it ſhall pay the full Fees as was paid for the firſt Warrant.

Opening and weighing of Goods.

The Merchant ſhall pay for all Goods opening that ſhall be ſhort entred above Ten Shillings Cuſtom.

The Merchants ſhall pay for weighing of all Goods that ſhall be ſhort entred above Twenty Shillings Cuſtom.

The Merchant not to be at any Charge, if duly entred.

Act of Navigation.

Whereas by an Act of Parliament, Intituled, *An Act for Incouraging and Increaſing of Shipping and Navigation*, there is granted unto the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty ſundry Duties upon Strangers Veſſels, importing Commodities not of their growth, and thereby it is ordered, That ſuch Shipping, as pretend to enjoy the Privilege of *Britiſh* Shipping, muſt be manned accordingly, whereby there is a neceſſity of an Officer to be imployed every Tide downwards towards *Graveſend*, to viſit all Ships, whether they be manned according to the ſaid Act, as alſo to gauge *French* Ships, and take an Account of their Tunnage, and to give Certificates for making of Foreign Ships free, and taking Bonds for ſuch as go to the Plantations, for effecting of which buſineſs the following Fees are ſet and appointed by the Authority aforeſaid, to be paid as well in all Out-Ports, as in the Port of *London*, and Creeks thereunto belonging, *viz.*

	Collector		Comptrol.		
	S.	D.	S.	D.	
For Gauging every *French* Veſſel in lieu of the Fee paid in *France* for Gauging *Britiſh* Veſſels there, as long as they continue this Duty	05	00			Note, *This Duty is expired.*
For making a Certificate to make a Foreign Ship free, with Sealing and Regiſtring the ſame	10	00			
For a Bond for Ships going to the Plantations	00	06			
For every Entry of *French* Veſſels, and for Bills to charge the Five Shillings *per* Tun on ſuch Veſſel	00	06	00	06	*Vide* ut Supra.
For a Certificate of payment of Tunnage	00	06			
For every Entry of Goods liable to Duties by the Act of Navigation, which this Collector receives	00	04	00	04	

The FEES of the Chief Searcher, and of his Majeſty's Five Under-Searchers in the Port of *London*.

Duties between the Chief Searcher and his Majeſty's Five Under-Searchers that attend at London.

		S.	D.
For every Ship that paſſeth into Foreign Parts.	*Spain, Portugal*, the *Straights*, *Weſt-Indies*, *Guinea*, or the *Weſtern*-Iſlands	06	00
	Eaſt-India	10	00
	All other *Britiſh* Ships into Foreign Parts	04	00
	For every Strangers Ship or Bottom	06	08

Duties of his Majeſty's Five Under-Searchers that attend at London.

		S.	D.
Britiſh and Aliens.	For every Certificate for Shipping out Goods formerly Imported	02	00
	But if the half Subſidy to be received back amounts but to 40 Shillings, then	01	00
To be paid by *Britiſh* and Aliens, for Goods that pay Subſidy, and paſs out by Cocquet or Warrant.	Pipe, Punchion or Butt	00	04
	Hogſhead or Bag	00	02
	Tin the Block or Barrel	00	01
	Beer-eager, Wood of all ſorts, Copperas, Allom, and ſuch groſs Goods, the Tun	00	04
	Corn the Laſt, Sea-coal the Chalder, Beer the Tun	00	02
	Lead the Fodder	00	02
	The Maund, Fatt, or Pack	00	06
	The Bundle, Bale, Cheſt or Caſe	00	03
	Raiſins and Figs, the 20 Frails, or Barrels	00	03
	Butter, and ſuch Goods, the Barrel	00	02

		s.	d.
To be paid by *British* and Aliens, for Goods that pay Subsidy, and pass out by Cocquet or Warrant.	For every Coast Certificate or Cocquet	01	00
	Transires for the Coast, Free.		
	For every Horse, Mare or Gelding	00	00
	For certifying every Debenture for receiving back half Subsidy, &c.	00	06
	For every piece of Ordnance	01	00
	For the Endorsement of every Cocquet	01	00
	For every Certificate out of their Books of Goods lost at Sea, taken by Pirates, or returned, whereby so much may be shipped Custom-free	01	00
	For every Bill of Sufferance or Store above Ten Shillings in the Book of Rates	01	00
	If under	00	06
	The Fardle or Truss by *British* of three hundred weight or upwards	00	06
	Woollen-cloth the Bale, not exceeding five Cloths, or three hundred weight, Stuffs, Bays or Says	00	03
Merchant Strangers, unfreemen of *London*, or such as Ship on Strangers Ships or Vessels.	The Fardle or Truss	01	00
	The Bale	00	06

The Fees of his Majesty's two Searchers at Gravesend.

	s.	d.
FOR every Ship that passeth over the Seas for *Spain*, *Portugal*, *Streights*, the *West-Indies*, *Guinea*, or the *Western-Islands*	06	00
For every Ship to the *East-Indies*	10	00
For all other Ships into Foreign Parts	04	00
For every Strangers Ship or Bottom	08	00
For every Ship having a Coast Cocquet	00	04
For Passengers Outwards, not being Merchants nor Mariners	00	06

Signed by Virtue of an Order of the House of Commons, dated the 17th of May, 1662.

E. Turner.

A Breviate of the FEES of his Majesty's Officers of the Customs and Subsidies in the Port of *London*, reducing the Particulars (as they are set in several Paragraphs, under several Titles) into Totals or Intire Sums, *viz.*

For the Officers of the Petty Customs Outwards.

	s.	d.
FOR a Cloth Cocquet by *British*, Freemen of *London*, paid to the Principal Officers and their Clerks	02	06
For a Strangers Cocquet, or Unfreemen	03	02
For a Cloth Certificate by *British*, or Strangers	02	08
For a Ships Entry crossing the Seas	01	08
For a Ships Entry to the *Streights*, *Canaries*, or *Western* Islands	04	04
For clearing of Ships, and examining the Books	02	06
For every Endorsement	00	04
For making a Bond to the Kings Majesty's use	00	06
For every Entry in the Certificate Book	00	02

Subsidy Outwards.

	s.	d.
FOR every Ships Entry within the *Levant*, or beyond the *Streights* Mouth. To the Officers and their Clerk	04	04
For every Ships Entry going to any other Foreign Parts	01	08
For every Ships Entry going to the Out-Ports, and for a Coast-Cocquet and Bond	04	09

For

	s.	d.
For clearing of every Ship, paſſing to Foreign Parts, and examining the Ships Contents	02	06
For every *Britiſh* Cocquet by Freemen	02	06
For every Strangers Cocquet, or Unfreemen of *London*	03	04
For every Cercificate Cocquet, *&c.*	02	06
For every Certificate, upon Warrant from his Majeſty, or the Lord Treaſurer, paying no Duties	04	04
For Endorſement of all Warrants and Licences	00	08
For a Foaring Bill	02	00
For diſcharging a Bond, and filing the Certificate	00	04
For making a Certificate of Return	02	00
For a Debenture for repayment of half Subſidy, *&c.* To the principal Officers Two Shillings, to the Searchers Six Pence, for the Oath Two Pence, examining Four Pence, caſting up and paying the Money, Eight Pence: In all	03	08
For making and entring a Certificate or Let-paſs	00	06
For a Bill or Ticket to the Lord Mayor	00	04

Petty Cuſtoms Inwards.

FOR every Strangers Warrant Inwards (*vide* Subſidy Inwards.)		
For taking every Bond	00	06
For every Bill at ſight	02	00
For diſcharging every Bond	00	06
For every great Imployment	02	06

Subſidy Inwards.

FOR every Warrant by *Britiſh*, Freemen of *London*, to the principal Officers, Kings Waiters, and Regiſters	02	06
For every Warrant for Strangers	04	06
——Or Unfreemen	03	02
For every Certificate of Foreign Goods coming from the Out-ports to *London*	02	04
For Goods ſent by Sea, by the Importer thereof, to any of the Out-ports, from *London*	01	00
All the reſt of the Fees under this Title of *Subſidy Inwards*, are ſingle, and paid to particular Perſons	*Vide* the Table.	

Great Cuſtoms.

FOR a Cocquet for Calves Skins, to the Officers and Packer	03	06
For Woolls, Wooll-fells, Skins and Hides	03	00
For a Bond to his Majeſty's uſe	01	00
For filing the Return	00	06
For a Return and Diſcharge Outwards	03	04

Fees Inwards and Outwards concerning the Clerks.

FOR every Bill of Portage	01	00
For a Second or Parcel Cocquet Outward	00	06
The Packer *The Kings Waiters for the Three firſt Articles* *Regiſters of the Kings Warrants*	All theſe are reckoned together with the former Entries.	
All other Fees in the Table not herein before compriſed (except only Two concerning the Act of Navigation)	*Vide* the Table,	
The Fees of the Chief Searcher, and his Majeſty's Five Uuder-Searchers at *London*, and Two at *Graveſend*, are ſingle, and do not admit Abbreviation.		

For all Goods not paying Twenty Shillings Cuſtom, whether in or out, there ſhall be but half Fees taken.

All Goods under the value of Five Pound in the Book of Rates ſhall paſs without payment of any Fees.

Coin and Bullion Inwards
Precious Stones, Jewels and Pearl, Outwards
} Paſs without Warrant or Fee.

The Merchants ſhall pay for all Goods opening that ſhall be ſhort entred, above 10 *s.* Cuſtom.

The Merchants ſhall pay for weighing of all Goods that ſhall be ſhort entred, above 20 *s.* Cuſtom.

The Merchants not to be at any charge if duly entred.

A Collection of ſuch Statutes, and parts of Statutes, now in force, as relate to His Majeſties Cuſtoms, ſince the Act of Tonnage and Poundage, 12 *Car.* II.

Anno Duodecimo

CAROLI II. Regis.

CAP. XVIII.

An Act for the Encouraging and Increaſing of Shipping and Navigation.

The ground of the Act.

FOR the Increaſe of Shipping, and Encouragement of the Navigation of this Nation, wherein, under the good Providence and Protection of God, the Wealth, Safety and Strength of this Kingdom is ſo much concerned; Be it Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, and by the Lords and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority thereof; That from and after the Firſt day of December, One thouſand ſix hundred and ſixty, and from thenceforward, no Goods or Commodities whatſoever ſhall be Imported into, or Exported out of any Lands, Iſlands, Plantations or Territories to his Majeſty belonging, or in his poſſeſſion, or which may hereafter belong unto, or be in the poſſeſſion of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, in Aſia, Africa or America, in any other Ship or Ships, Veſſel or Veſſels whatſoever, but in ſuch Ships or Veſſels as do truly and without fraud belong only to the People of England or Ireland, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or are of the built of, and belonging to any the ſaid Lands, Iſlands, Plantations or Territories, as the Proprietors and right Owners thereof, and whereof the Maſter and Three Fourths of the Mariners at leaſt are Engliſh, under the penalty of the forfeiture and loſs of all the Goods and Commodities which ſhall be Imported into, or Exported out of any the aforeſaid places in any other Ship or Veſſel; as alſo of the Ship or Veſſel, with all its Guns, Furniture, Tackle, Ammunition and Apparel; one third part thereof to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors; one third part to the Governor of ſuch Land, Plantation, Iſland or Territory, where ſuch Default ſhall be committed, in caſe the ſaid Ship or Goods be there ſeized; or otherwiſe, that third part alſo to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors; and the other third part to him or them who ſhall ſeize, inform, or ſue for the ſame in any Court of Record, by Bill, Information, Plaint or other Action, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection, or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed. And all Admirals and other Commanders at Sea of any of the Ships of War, or other Ship, having Commiſſion from his Majeſty, or from his Heirs or Succeſſors, are hereby authorized, and ſtrictly required to ſeize and bring in as Prize, all ſuch Ships or Veſſels as ſhall have offended contrary hereunto, and deliver them to the Court of Admiralty, there to be proceeded againſt; and in caſe of Condemnation, one Moiety of ſuch Forfeitures ſhall be to the uſe of ſuch Admirals or Commanders, and their Companies, to be divided and proportioned amongſt them, according to the Rules and Orders of

Subjects of England, Ireland, *and the Plantations are* Engliſh. 14 Car. 2. *cap.* 11. §. 6.

No goods to be Imported into, or Exported out of any the *Engliſh* Plantations in *Aſia*, *Africa*, or *America*, but in *Engliſh* or *Iriſh* Veſſels, or in Veſſels of that Country; And Three Fourths of the Mariners to be *Engliſh*.

Scotch *Subjects, and Ships accounted* Britiſh. 5 An. *cap.* 8. *Art.* 4, 5.

The Forfeiture.

And how to be diſpoſed.

Vide 14 Car. 2. *cap.* 11. §. 15.

Admirals and other Commanders required to ſeize, &c.

How to be divided.

the Sea in case of Ships taken Prize; and the other Moiety to the use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors.

No Alien shall be a Factor in any of those Plantations.

II. And be it Enacted, That no Alien, or Person not born within the Allegiance of our Sovereign Lord the King, his Heirs and Successors, or Naturalized, or made a free Denizen, shall from and after the First day of February, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred sixty one, exercise the Trade or Occupation of a Merchant or Factor in any the said places, upon pain of the Forfeiture and loss of all his Goods and Chattels, or which are in his possession; one Third to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; one Third to the Governor of the Plantation where such Person shall offend; and the other Third to him or them that shall Inform or Sue for the same, in any of his Majesties Courts in the Plantation where such Offence shall be committed: And all Governors of the said Lands, Islands, Plantations or Territories, and every of them, are hereby strictly required and commanded, and all who hereafter shall be made Governors of any such Islands, Plantations or Territories by his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall before their entrance into their Government, take a solemn Oath to do their utmost, that every the aforementioned Clauses, and all the matters and things therein contained, shall be punctually, and bona fide observed, according to the true intent and meaning thereof: And upon complaint and proof made before his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or such as shall be by him or them thereunto authorized and appointed, that any the said Governors have been willingly and wittingly negligent in doing their Duty accordingly, that the said Governor so offending shall be removed from his Government.

The Forfeiture, and how to be disposed.

Governors of the Plantations shall take an Oath.

7 W. 3. cap. 22. §. 4.

8 W. 3. cap. 20. §. 69.

Any Governor not doing his Duty, to be removed from the Government.

Goods of the growth, &c. of *Africa*, *Asia* or *America*,

III. And it is further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Goods or Commodities whatsoever, of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of Africa, Asia or America, or any part thereof, or which are described, or laid down in the usual Maps or Cards of those Places, be Imported into England, Ireland or Wales, Islands of Guernsey or Jersey, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, in any other Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels whatsoever, but in such as do truly and without Fraud belong only to the People of England or Ireland, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or of the Lands, Islands, Plantations or Territories in Asia, Africa or America, to his Majesty belonging, as the Proprietors and right Owners thereof, and whereof the Master, and Three Fourths at least of the Mariners are English, under the Penalty of the Forfeiture of all such Goods and Commodities, and of the Ship or Vessel in which they were Imported, with all her Guns, Tackle, Furniture, Ammunition and Apparel; one Moiety to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; and the other Moiety to him or them who shall Seize, Inform or Sue for the same in any Court of Record, by Bill, Information, Plaint or other Action, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed.

In what Ships to be Imported.

With what Mariners.

The Forfeiture.

How to be prosecuted, and divided.

Goods, &c. of Foreign growth, &c. in what Shipping, and from whence to be Imported.

IV. And it is further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Goods or Commodities, that are of Foreign Growth, Production or Manufacture, and which are to be brought into England, Ireland, Wales, the Islands of Guernsey and Jersey, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, in English-built Shipping, or other Shipping belonging to some of the aforesaid Places, and Navigated by English Mariners, as aforesaid, shall be Shipped or brought from any other Place or Places, Country or Countries, but only from those of the said Growth, Production or Manufacture, or from those Ports where the said Goods and Commodities can only, or are or usually have been first Shipped for Transportation, and from none other Places or Countries, under the Penalty of the Forfeiture of all such the aforesaid Goods, as shall be Imported from any other Place or Country, contrary to the true intent and meaning hereof, as also of the Ship in which they were Imported, with all her Guns, Furniture, Ammunition, Tackle and Apparel; one Moiety to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall Seize, Inform or Sue for the same in any Court of Record, to be recovered as is before expresst.

The Penalty.

How to be prosecuted, and divided.

V. And

Fish, except Stock-fish, Anchovies, or Sturgeon, Foreign taking, Forfeited, and the Ship. 10 W. 3. *cap.* 24. §. 13, 14.

V. And it is further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That any sort of Ling, Stock-fish, Pilchard, or any other kind of dried or salted Fish, usually fished for and caught by the People of England, Ireland, Wales, Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or any sort of Cod-fish or Herring, or any Oyl or Blubber made, or that shall be made of any kind of Fish whatsoever, or any Whale fins or Whale-bones, which shall be Imported into England, Ireland, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, not having been caught in Vessels truly and properly belonging thereunto as Proprietors, and right Owners thereof, and the said Fish cured, saved and dried, and the Oyl and Blubber aforesaid (which shall be accounted, and pay as Oyl) not made by the People thereof, and shall be Imported into England, Ireland, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, shall pay double Aliens Custom.

Fish, Fins, and Oyl, not made and cured by *English*-men, shall pay double Strangers Custom.

Altered as to Oyl and Fins, by 25 Car. 2. *cap.* 7. §. 1.

Act of Union, 5 A. *cap.* 8. *Art.* 4. *extends to* Scotland.

VI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from henceforth it shall not be lawful to any Person or Persons whatsoever, to load, or cause to be loaden and carried in any Bottom or Bottoms, Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels whatsoever, whereof any Stranger or Strangers born (unless such as be Denizens, or Naturalized) be Owners, Part-Owners, or Master, and whereof Three Fourths of the Mariners at least, shall not be English, any Fish, Victual, Wares, Goods, Commodities or Things, of what kind or nature soever the same shall be, from one Port or Creek of England, Ireland, Wales, Islands of Guernsey or Jersey, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, to another Port or Creek of the same, or of any of them, under Penalty for every one that shall offend contrary to the true Meaning of this Branch of this present Act, to forfeit all such Goods as shall be loaden and carried in any such Ship or Vessel, together with the Ship or Vessel, and all her Guns, Ammunition, Tackle, Furniture and Apparel; one Moiety to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall Inform, Seize or Sue for the same in any Court of Record, to be Recovered in manner aforesaid.

No Ship to go from Port to Port in *England, Ireland, &c.* but *English*, and Manned with *English*-men.

The Forfeiture.

How to be prosecuted and divided.

Act of Union, 5 A. *cap.* 8.

VII. And it is further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That where any Ease, Abatement, or Privilege is given in the Book of Rates to Goods or Commodities Imported or Exported in English-built Shipping, that is to say, Shipping built in England, Ireland, Wales, Islands of Guernsey or Jersey, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or in any the Lands, Islands, Dominions and Territories to his Majesty in Africa, Asia, or America, belonging, or in his possession, That it is always to be understood and provided, That the Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners of the said Ships at least be also English; And that where it is required, that the Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners be English, that the true Intent and Meaning thereof is, that they should be such during the whole Voyage, unless in case of Sickness, Death, or being taken Prisoners in the Voyage, to be proved by the Oath of the Master, or other Chief Officer of such Ships.

What understood by *English*-built Shipping mentioned in the Book of Rates.

14 Car. 2. *cap.* 11. §. 6.

VIII. And it is further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Goods or Commodities of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of Muscovy, or of any the Countries, Dominions or Territories, to the Great Duke or Emperor of Muscovy or Russia belonging; As also, that no sort of Masts, Timber or Boards, no Foreign Salt, Pitch, Tar, Rozin, Hemp or Flax, Raisins, Figs, Prunes, Olive-Oyls, no sort of Corn or Grain, Sugar, Pot-ashes, Wines, Vinegar, or Spirits called Aqua Vitæ or Brandy-Wine, shall, from and after the First Day of April, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred sixty one, be Imported into England, Ireland, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, in any Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels whatsoever, but in such as do truly and without Fraud belong to the People thereof, or some of them, as the true Owners and Proprietors thereof, and whereof the Master, and Three Fourths of the Mariners at least are English; And that no Currans nor Commodities of the Growth, Product or Manufacture of any of the Countries, Islands, Dominions or Territories to the Othoman or Turkish Empire belonging, shall, from and after

Goods of the Growth of *Muscovy, Russia*, and Masts, Timber, Salt, Sugar, *&c.*

Explanation as to Holland *and* Germany, 14 Car. 2. *cap.* 11. §. 23.

Tea to be imported by Licence, vide 7 Annæ *cap.* 7. §. 27. *and Spice,* vide 8 An. *cap.* 7. §. 13.

In what Vessels to be imported.

As also Currans or *Turky* Goods.

the First Day of September, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred sixty one, be Imported into any the forementioned Places in any Ship or Vessel, but which is of English-built, and Navigated, as aforesaid, and in no other; Except only such Foreign Ships and Vessels as are of the Built of that Country or Place, of which the said Goods are the Growth, Production or Manufacture respectively, or of such Port where the said Goods can only be, or most usually are first Shipped for Transportation, and whereof the Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners at least are of the said Country or Place, under the Penalty and Forfeiture of Ship and Goods, to be disposed and recovered as in the foregoing Clause.

Exception.

Under Forfeiture of Ship and Goods.

IX. Provided always, and be it hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for the Prevention of the great Frauds daily used in Colouring and Concealing of Aliens Goods, all Wines of the Growth of France or Germany, which from and after the Twentieth Day of October, One thousand six hundred and sixty, shall be Imported into any the Ports or Places aforesaid, in any other Ship or Vessel, than which doth truly and without Fraud belong to England, Ireland, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and Navigated with the Mariners thereof, as aforesaid, shall be deemed Aliens Goods, and pay all Strangers Customs and Duties to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, as also to the Town or Port into which they shall be Imported: And that all sorts of Masts, Timber or Boards; as also all Foreign Salt, Pitch, Tar, Rozin, Hemp, Flax, Raisins, Figs, Prunes, Olive-Oyls, all sorts of Corn or Grain, Sugar, Pot-ashes, Spirits commonly called Brandy-Wine, or Aqua Vitæ, Wines of the Growth of Spain, the Islands of the Canaries, or Portugal, Madera, or Western-Islands, and all the Goods of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of Muscovy or Russia, which from and after the First Day of April, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred sixty one, shall be Imported into any of the aforesaid Places, in any other than such Shipping, and so Navigated: And all Currans and Turky Commodities, which from and after the First Day of September, One thousand six hundred sixty one, shall be Imported into any the Places aforesaid, in any other than English-built Shipping, and Navigated, as aforesaid, shall be deemed Aliens Goods, and pay accordingly to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and to the Town or Port into which they shall be Imported.

Proviso for preventing of Frauds in Colouring of Strangers Goods.

Viz. That all Wines, Masts, Timber, Boards, Salt, Pitch, Tar, Rozin, *&c.* imported in any other than *English* Shipping, and all Currans and *Turky* Commodities in any other than *English*-built Shipping, shall pay Aliens Duties.

X. And for Prevention of Frauds which may be used in Colouring or Buying of Foreign Ships, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, and it is hereby Enacted, That from and after the First Day of April, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred sixty one, no Foreign-built Ship or Vessel whatsoever, shall be deemed, or pass as a Ship to England, Ireland, Wales, or Town of Berwick, or any of them belonging, or enjoy the Benefit or Privilege of such a Ship or Vessel, until such time that he or they claiming the said Ship or Vessel to be theirs, shall make appear to the Chief Officer or Officers of the Customs in the Port next to the Place of his or their Abode, that he or they are not Aliens, and shall have taken an Oath before such Chief Officer or Officers, who are hereby authorized to Administer the same; That such Ship or Vessel was bona fide, and without Fraud, by him or them bought for a valuable Consideration, expressing the Sum, as also the Time, Place and Persons from whom it was bought, and who are his Part-Owners, (if he have any) all which Part-Owners shall be liable to take the said Oath before the Chief Officer or Officers of the Custom-house of the Port next to the Place of their Abode; and that no Foreigner, directly or indirectly, hath any Part, Interest or Share therein; and upon such Oath he or they shall receive a Certificate under the Hand and Seal of the said Chief Officer or Officers of the Port where such Person or Persons so making Oath do reside, whereby such Ship or Vessel may for the future pass, and be deemed as a Ship belonging to the said Port, and enjoy the Privilege of such a Ship or Vessel; And the said Officer or Officers

A Clause to prevent the Colouring or Buying of Foreign Ships.

vide *Act of Frauds*, 14 Car. 2. *cap.* 11. §. 6. and the *Act of Trade*, 15 Car. 2. *cap.* 7. §. 8.

Owners of Foreign Ships to prove by Oath they are not Aliens: And that the Ships were bought for valuable Considerations.

cers shall keep a Register of all such Certificates as he or they shall so give, and return a Duplicate thereof to the Chief Officers of the Customs at London, for such as shall be granted in England, Wales and Berwick, and to the Chief Officers of the Customs at Dublin, for such as shall be given in Ireland, together with the Names of the Person or Persons from whom such Ship was bought, and the Sum of Money which was paid for her; as also the Names of all such Persons who are Part-Owners of her, if any such be.

Officers of the Ports to keep a Register, and to send Duplicates to *London*.

XI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Officer of the Customs shall, from and after the First Day of April, allow the Privilege of being a Ship or Vessel, to England, Ireland, Wales, or Town of Berwick, or any of them, belonging to any Foreign-built Ship or Vessel, until such Certificate be before them produced, or such Proof and Oath taken before them; or if any Officer of the Customs shall allow the Privilege of an English-built Ship, or other Ship, to any the aforesaid Places, belonging to any English or Foreign-built Ship coming into any Port, and making Entry of any Goods, until Examination whether the Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners be English; or shall allow to any Foreign-built Ship, bringing in the Commodities of the Growth of the Countrey where it was built, the Privilege by this Act to such Ship given, until Examination and Proof whether it be a Ship of the built of that Country, and that the Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners are of that Country; Or if any Person who is, or shall be made Governor of any Lands, Islands, Plantations or Territories in Africa, Asia or America, by his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall suffer any Foreign-built Ship or Vessel, to load or unload any Goods or Commodities within the Precincts of their Governments, until such Certificate be produced before them, or such as shall be by them appointed to view the same, and Examination whether the Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners at least be English, that for the first Offence such Officer of the Customs, and Governors, shall be put out of their Places, Offices or Governments.

15 Car. 2. *cap.* 7. §. 8.

Governors or Officers allowing a Ship for *English*-built, which is not, or hath not a Certificate, *&c.*

or without Examination,

shall loose their Places or Governments.

XII. Provided always, That this Act, or any thing therein contained, extend not, or be meant to Restrain and Prohibit the Importation of any the Commodities of the Streights or Levant Seas, loaden in English-built Shipping, and whereof the Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners at least are English, from the usual Ports or Places for lading of them heretofore within the said Streights or Levant Seas, though the said Commodities be not of the very Growth of the said Places.

Not extend to the Commodities of the *Streights* and *Levant*, imported in *English*-built Shipping from the usual Places.

XIII. Provided also, That this Act, or any thing therein contained, extend not, or be meant to Restrain the Importing of any East-India Commodities loaden in English-built Shipping, and whereof the Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners at least are English, from the usual Place or Places for lading of them in any part of those Seas, to the Southward and Eastward of Cabo bona Speranza, although the said Ports be not the very Places of their Growth.

Nor to the Importation of *East-India* Goods in *English*-built Vessels from the usual Places.

Cochineal may be brought from Spain *in any Ships in Amity*, 12 A. *cap.* 18. §. 3.

XIV. Provided also, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any of the People of England, Ireland, Wales, Islands of Guernsey or Jersey, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, in Vessels or Ships to them belonging, and whereof the Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners at least are English, to load and bring in from any of the Ports of Spain or Portugal, or Western Islands, commonly called Azores, or Madera, or Canary Islands, all sorts of Goods or Commodities of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of the Plantations or Dominions of either of them respectively.

English-men may Import from *Spain*, *Portugal*, *&c.* Goods of their Plantations.

XV. Provided always, That this Act, or any thing therein contained, extend not to Bullion, nor yet to any Goods taken, or that shall be bona fide taken by way of Reprizal, by any Ship or Ships belonging to England, Ireland, Wales, Islands of Guernsey or Jersey, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and whereof the Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners at the least are English, having Commission from his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors.

This Act not to extend to Bullion, nor Goods taken as Prize.

XVI. Pro-

Act of Union 5 An. cap. 8.

Not to lay Aliens Duty on *Scottish* Salt in *Scotch* Vessels, nor Seal Oyl of *Russia* in *English* Shipping.

XVI. Provided always, That this Act, or any thing therein contained, shall not extend, or be construed to extend, to lay Aliens Duties upon any Corn of the Growth of Scotland, or to any Salt made in Scotland, nor to any Fish caught, saved, and cured by the People of Scotland, and Imported directly from Scotland in Scotch-built Ships, and whereof the Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners are of his Majesties Subjects, nor to any Seal Oyl of Russia, Imported from thence into England, Ireland, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, in Shipping bona fide to some of the said Places belonging, and whereof the Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners at least are English.

This Duty ceased, by the 11 Article of the Treaty of Commerce with France, Concluded at Utrecht, 31 Mar. / 11. Apr. 1713.

Five shillings *per* Ton laid on all *French* Vessels. *The Penalty.* Vide *Act Frauds*, 14 Car. 2. To continue as long as 50 Sols *per* Ton is Collected in *France* on *English* Vessels and Three Months after.

XVII. Provided also, and it is hereby Enacted, That every Ship or Vessel belonging to any the Subjects of the French King, which from and after the Twentieth day of October, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred and sixty, shall come into any Port, Creek, Harbour or Road of England, Ireland, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and shall there lade or unlade any Goods or Commodities, or take in, or set on Shore any Passengers, shall pay to the Collector of his Majesties Customs in such Port, Creek, Harbour, or Road, for every Ton of which the said Ship or Vessel is of Burthen, to be computed by such Officer of the Customs as shall be thereunto appointed, the Sum of Five Shillings current Money of England; And that no such Ship or Vessel be suffered to depart out of such Port, Creek, Harbour or Road, until the said Duty be fully paid; And that this Duty shall continue to be Collected, Levied and Paid for such time as a certain Duty of Fifty Sols per Ton, lately Imposed by the French King, or any part thereof, shall continue to be Collected upon the Shipping of England lading in France, and Three Months after, and no longer.

Union Act, 5 An. cap. 8.

No Sugars, Tobacco, &c. to be carried from any *English* Plantation but to his Majesties Dominions.

XVIII. And it is further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First day of April, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred sixty one, no Sugars, Tobacco, Cotton-Wooll, Indicoes, Ginger, Fustick, or other Dying-Wood of the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of any English Plantations in America, Asia, or Africa, shall be Shipped, Carried, Conveyed or Transported from any of the said English Plantations, to any Land, Island, Territory, Dominion, Port or Place whatsoever, other than to such other English Plantations as do belong to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or to the Kingdoms of England or Ireland, or Principality of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, there to be laid on Shore, under the Penalty of the Forfeiture of the said Goods, or the full value thereof, as also of the Ship, with all the Guns, Tackle, Apparel, Ammunition, and Furniture; the one Moiety to the Kings Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall Seize, Inform, or Sue for the same in any Court of Record, by Bill, Plaint or Information, wherein no Essoign, Protection, or Wager of Law shall be allowed.

Mellasses and Rice, 3 An. cap. 5. §. 12.

Naval Stores, 3 An. cap. 10. §. 7.

Penalty.

Altered as to Ireland, 22 Car. 2. cap. 26. §. 11. 7 W. 3. cap. 22. §. 14.

How to be prosecuted and divided.

Security to be given in *England* for Ships to the *English* Plantations, &c.

Bonds enforced 25 Car. 2. cap. 7. §. 2. 7 W. 3. cap. 22. §. 13.

XIX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for every Ship or Vessel which from and after the Five and twentieth day of December, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred and sixty, shall set Sail out of, or from England, Ireland, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, for any English Plantation in America, Asia, or Africa, sufficient Bond shall be given with one Surety to the chief Officers of the Custom-house of such Port or Place from whence the said Ship shall set Sail, to the value of One thousand Pounds, if the Ship be of less Burthen than One hundred Tons; and of the Sum of Two thousand Pounds, if the Ship shall be of greater Burthen; That in case the said Ship or Vessel shall load any of the said Commodities at any of the said English Plantations, that the same Commodities shall be by the said Ship brought to some Port of England, Ireland, or Wales, or to the Port or Town of Berwick upon Tweed; and shall there unload and put on Shore the same, the danger of the Seas only excepted; And for all Ships coming from any other Port or Place to any of the aforesaid Plantations, who by this Act are permitted to

Ireland *to be left out*, 22 Car. 2. cap. 26. §. 11.

Trade there, That the Governor of such English Plantations, shall, before the said Ship or Vessel be permitted to load on Board any of the said Commodities, take Bond in manner and to the value aforesaid, for each respective Ship or Vessel, That such Ship or Vessel shall carry all the aforesaid Goods that shall be laden on Board in the said Ship to some other of his Majesties English Plantations, or to England, Ireland, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed; And that every Ship or Vessel which shall load or take on Board any of the aforesaid Goods, until such Bond given to the said Governor, or Certificate produced from the Officers of any Custom-house of England, Ireland, Wales, or of the Town of Berwick, that such Bonds have been there duly given, shall be Forfeited, with all her Guns, Tackle, Apparel and Furniture, to be employed, and recovered in manner, as aforesaid. And the said Governors, and every of them, shall twice in every Year, after the First day of January, One thousand six hundred and sixty, return true Copies of all such Bonds by him so taken, to the chief Officers of the Custom in London.

or in the Plantations to the Governors,

under Forfeiture.

List of Bonds to be returned Yearly. 22 Car. 2. *cap.* 26. §. 12.

Governors to return Copies of the Bonds to *London* twice a Year.

Anno 12 CAROLI II. *Regis.*

CAP. XIX.

An Act to Prevent Frauds and Concealments of his Majesties Customs.

BE it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords and Commons in this present Parliament Assembled, That if any Person or Persons at any time after the First day of September, One thousand six hundred and sixty, shall cause any Goods, for which Custom, Subsidy, or other Duties, are due or payable by virtue of the Act passed this Parliament [Entituled, A Subsidy granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandize Exported and Imported] to be Landed or Conveyed away without due Entry thereof first made, and the Customer or Collector, or his Deputy agreed with; That then, and in such case, upon Oath thereof made before the Lord Treasurer, or any of the Barons of the Exchequer, or Chief Magistrate of the Port or Place where the Offence shall be committed, or the Place next adjoining thereunto, it shall be lawful to and for the Lord Treasurer, or any of the Barons aforesaid, or Chief Magistrate of the Port or Place where the Offence shall be committed, or the Place next adjoining thereunto, to issue out a Warrant to any Person or Persons, thereby enabling him or them, with the Assistance of a Sheriff, Justice of Peace or Constable, to enter into any House in the daytime where such Goods are suspected to be concealed; and in case of Resistance, to break open such Houses, and to seize and secure the same Goods so concealed; And all Officers and Ministers of Justice are hereby required to be aiding and assisting thereunto.

No Person shall convey away any Goods without Entry or Agreement for the Custom.

Vide 12 Car. 2. *cap.* 4. §. 4. 14 Car. 2. *cap.* 11. §. 5. 15. 8 A. *cap.* 7. §. 17.

II. Provided always, That no House shall be Entred by virtue of this Act, unless it be within the space of One month after the Offence supposed to be committed.

No Proceedings upon this Act, but within one month after Offence committed.

III. Provided also, That this Act shall continue in force unto the end of the first Session of the next Parliament, and no longer.

IV. Provided also, That if the Information whereupon any House shall come to be Searched, shall prove to be false, that then and in such case, the Party injured shall recover his full Damages and Costs against the Informer, by Action of Trespass to be therefore brought against such Informer.

Damages and Costs against false Informers.

Anno

Anno 12 CAROLI II. *Regis.*

CAP. XXXII.

An Act for Prohibiting the Exportation of Wooll, Wooll-fells, Fullers-Earth, or any kind of Scouring Earth.

FOr the better preventing and avoiding of such Losses and Inconveniencies as have happened, and daily do and may happen to the Kingdom of England, and Dominion of Wales, and to the Kingdom of Ireland, by and through the secret and subtil Exportation and Transportation, and by and through the secret and subtil carrying and conveying away of Wooll, Wooll-fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Wooll-flocks, Fullers Earth, and Fulling Clay, out of, and from the Kingdoms and Dominion aforesaid; And for the better setting on work the poor People and Inhabitants of the Kingdoms and Dominion aforesaid, and to the intent that the full and best use and benefit of the principal Native Commodities of the same Kingdoms and Dominion may come, redound, and be unto and amongst the Subjects and Inhabitants of the same, and not unto or amongst the Subjects and Inhabitants of the Realm of Scotland, or of any Foreign Realms or States, as the same now of late in some great measure hath done, and is further likely to do, if some severer Punishment than heretofore be not speedily inflicted upon such Offenders as shall be Actors or Assistants in and to such Exportation and Transportation, and in and to such carrying and conveying away thereof, as aforesaid: Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, the Lords and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That no Person or Persons whatsoever, from and after the Fourteenth day of January, One thousand six hundred and threescore, shall directly or indirectly Export, Transport, carry or convey, or cause or procure to be Exported, Transported, carried or conveyed out of, or from the Kingdom of England, or Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or out of, or from the Isles of Jersey or Guernsey, with Sark and Alderney, being under the Government of Guernsey aforesaid, or out of, or from any of them, or out of, or from the Kingdom of Ireland aforesaid, into any Parts or Places out of the Kingdoms, Isles, or Dominion aforesaid, any Sheep or Wooll whatsoever, of the Breed or Growth of the Kingdoms of England or Ireland, or Isles or Dominion aforesaid; or any Wooll-fells, Mortlings or Shorlings, or any Yarn made of Wooll, or any Wooll-flocks, or any Fullers Earth, or any Fulling Clay whatsoever; nor shall directly or indirectly pack or load, or cause to be packed or loaded upon any Horse, Cart, or other Carriage, or Load, or lay on Board, or cause to be loaden or laid on Board in any Ship or other Vessel, in any Place or Port within the Kingdoms of England or Ireland, or Town of Berwick, or Isles, or Dominion aforesaid, any such Sheep, Wooll, Wooll-fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, or Wooll-flocks, or any Fullers Earth or Fulling Clay, to the intent or purpose to Export, Transport, carry or convey the same, or to cause the same to be Exported, Transported, carried or conveyed out of the Kingdoms of England or Ireland, Town of Berwick, Isles or Dominion aforesaid, or with intent or purpose that any other Person or Persons should so Export, Transport, carry or convey the same into any Parts or Places out of the Kingdoms of England and Ireland, Town of Berwick, Isles or Dominion aforesaid, into the Kingdom of Scotland, or any Foreign Parts.

14 Car. 2. *cap.* 18. 1 W. M. *cap* 32. 7 W. 3. *cap.* 28. 9 W. 3. *cap.* 40. 10 W. 3. *cap.* 10.

No Person shall Export any Sheep or Wooll, Woollfells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn, Woollflocks, Fullers Earth, Fulling Clay.

Alter'd by the Act of Union 5 An. *cap.* 8. *as to* Scotland.

Nor carry or load on board any Sheep, Wooll, *&c.*

II. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Wooll, Wooll-fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Wooll-flocks, or any Fullers Earth, or Fulling Clay, shall be, from and after the Fourteenth day of January, in the Year of our Lord One thousand six hundred and sixty, Exported, Transported, carried

No Wooll-fells, *&c.* to be carried out of *England, Wales, Ireland, &c.*

carried or conveyed out of the Kingdom of England and Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick, or Kingdom of Ireland, or out of any Port or Place of the said Kingdoms respectively, unto the Isles of Jersey or Guernsey, or to Sark or Alderney, except as in this Act shall be hereafter limited or appointed.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the Offender and Offenders, Offence and Offences aforesaid, shall be subject and liable to the respective Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures hereafter following; That is to say, The said Sheep, Woolls, Wooll-fells, Yortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Wooll-flocks, Fullers Earth, and Fulling Clay so Exported, Transported, carried, conveyed, packed or loaden contrary to the true intent of this Act, shall be forfeited; and that every Offender and Offenders therein, shall forfeit Twenty shillings for every such Sheep, and Three shillings for every pound weight of such Wooll, Wooll-fells, Yortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Wooll-flocks, Fullers Earth, or Fulling Clay: And also the Owners of the said Ships or Vessels, knowing such Offence, shall forfeit all their Interest in the said Ships or Vessels, with all their Apparel and Furniture to them and every of them belonging; And that the Master and Mariners thereof, knowing such Offence, and wittingly and willingly aiding and assisting thereunto, shall forfeit all their Goods and Chattels, and have Imprisonment for the space of Three months without Bail or Mainprize; the one Moiety of which said Penalties and Forfeitures shall be to the Kings Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him that will Sue for the same by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any of his Majesties Courts of Record, or before the Justices of Assize, or in the General Quarter-Sessions of the Peace; In which Suit, no Essoign, Protection, or Wager of Law shall be allowed.

The Penalties.

For every Sheep 20 *s.* For every pound of Wooll, Wooll-fells, *&c.* 3 *s.*

IV. And be it further Enacted, That if any Merchant, or other Person or Persons, shall after the said Fourteenth day of January, Transport, or cause to be Transported any Sheep, Wooll, Wooll-fells, Yortlings, Shorlings, Woollen-Yarn, Wooll-flocks, Fullers Earth, or Fulling Clay, contrary to the true intent of this Act, and be thereof lawfully convicted, That then he shall be disabled to require any Debt or Account of any Factor or others, for or concerning any Debt or Estate properly belonging to such Offender. Provided always, and it is nevertheless declared, That this Act, or any thing therein contained, shall not be construed to take away any greater Pains or Penalties inflicted, or to be inflicted for any the Offences aforesaid, by virtue of any former Act of Parliament now in force.

The Penalty upon any Merchant that shall Transport Woolls, *&c.*

Proviso.

V. And be it also further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Offence that shall be done or committed contrary to this Act, shall and may be Enquired of, and Heard, Examined, Tried and Determined in the County where such Sheep, Wooll, Wooll-fells, Yortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Wooll-flocks, Fullers Earth, or Fulling Clay respectively, shall be so packed, loaden or laid aboard, as aforesaid, contrary to this Act, or else in the County where such Offenders shall happen to be Apprehended or Arrested for such Offence, in such manner and form, and to such effect, to all intents and purposes, as if the same Offence had been wholly and altogether done and committed at and in such County.

Offences against this Act, where to be Tried.

VI. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person or Persons whatsoever, shall at any time hereafter be Impeached for any Offence aforesaid, unless such Person or Persons shall be Prosecuted within the space of One Year next ensuing such Offence committed.

May be prosecuted in 3 years. 9 W. 3. *cap.* 40.

VII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons to Seize, Take and Challenge to his or their own use and behoof, and to the use of the King, his Heirs and Successors, all and all manner of such Sheep, Wooll, Wooll-fells, Yortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Wooll-flocks, Fullers Earth, and Fulling Clay, as he or they shall happen to see, find, know, or discover to be laid aboard in any Ship, or other Vessel or Boat, or to be brought, carried, or laid

Any Person may Seize Goods loaded contrary to this Act, with intent to be Transported, and shall have the Moiety thereof.

on Shore at or near the Sea, or any Navigable River or Water, to the intent or purpose to be Exported, Transported or Conveyed out of the Kingdoms of England or Ireland, Town of Berwick, Isles or Dominion aforesaid, contrary to the true meaning of this Act, or to be packed or loaden upon any Horse, Cart, or other Carriage, to the intent or purpose to be conveyed or carried into the Kingdom of Scotland aforesaid; and that such Person or Persons as shall happen so to Seize, Take or Challenge any such Sheep, Wooll, Woollfells, Yortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Wooll-flocks, Fullers Earth, or Fulling Clay, as aforesaid, shall have the full Moiety thereof, to all intents and purposes. Vide *Act of Union.*

Proviso, Such Person shall not be Evidence against the Offender.

VIII. Provided always, That such Person or Persons as shall make any such Seizure or Challenge, as aforesaid, to his or their own use, shall not be admitted or allowed to give in Evidence upon his or their Oath or Oaths against any Person or Persons which shall happen to be Indicted, Accused, or Questioned by virtue of this Act, or any thing therein contained.

Forfeiture of the Ship, if the Owner be an Alien, or not Inhabiting in *England.*

IX. And furthermore be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Ship, Vessel, Hulk, Barge or Boat, of what kind soever, whereof any Alien born, or whereof any natural born Subjects not Inhabiting within the Realm of England shall be Owner or Part-Owner, and wherein any Sheep, Wooll, Wooll-fells, Yortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Wooll-flocks, Fullers Earth, or Fulling Clay, shall happen to be Shipped, put or laid aboard contrary to the true meaning of this Act, shall be forfeited to the Kings Majesty, his Heirs and Successors.

Proviso for Lamb-skins.

X. Provided always, That this Act shall not extend to any Lamb-skin ready dress't and prepared, fit and useful for Furr or Linings.

Proviso.

XI. Provided also, That this Act shall not in any wise extend to the Transporting, Carrying or Conveying away of any such Woollfells or Pelts, with such Wooll upon them, or to any Beds stuffed with Flocks, which shall be carried or employed in any Ship or other Vessel for necessary use only, of and about the Ordnance, or other thing in or concerning such Ship or Vessel, or only for the necessary use of any the Persons in such Ship or Vessel, passing or being, and which shall not be sold or uttered in any Foreign Parts, out of the Kingdoms of England or Ireland, or Town of Berwick, Isles or Dominion aforesaid; Nor to the Exporting, Transporting, Carrying or Conveying of any Weather-sheep, or of the Wooll growing upon any such Weather-sheep, to be carried alive in any Ship or other Vessel, for and toward the only necessary Food or Diet, of or for the Company or Passengers, or other Persons therein, and for and towards none other purpose.

Flock Beds, &c. not to be sold out of *England, Ireland,* or *Berwick.*

Proviso, *Southampton, Jersey, Guernsey.*

XII. Provided always, and be it further Enacted, That this Act, or any thing therein contained, shall not extend to any such Wooll to be Exported or Transported out of, or from the Port of Southampton only, unto the aforesaid Isles of Jersey and Guernsey, by or for the only use or behoof of any the Inhabitants of the said Isles of Jersey and Guernsey, or either of them, or to any such Wooll to be Shipped or loaden aboard in any Ship or other Vessel, by or for the only use or behoof of any the Inhabitants of the said Isles of Jersey or Guernsey, or either of them, in the Port aforesaid, to be Exported and Transported into the said Isles of Jersey or Guernsey, or either of them; so as such Person or Persons that shall so Ship or lay aboard such Wooll into any Ship or other Vessel, do before the Shipping or laying aboard such Wooll deliver unto the Customer, Comptroller, Surveyor, or Searcher of the Port of Southampton aforesaid (out of which the same Wooll is to be Exported) a Writing under the Seal or Seals of the respective Governors of the same Isles of Jersey and Guernsey, unto which the said Wooll is to be Transported, or of his or their Deputy or Deputies respectively; the which Writing shall purport and express, that the Party named in such Writing is authorized and appointed to Export, or cause to be Exported out of the Port aforesaid, so much Wooll, expressing the number of the Tods, to the same Isle, to be used or manufactured in one of the same Isles, or in some of the Members or Parts of the same; and that

1 W. M. *cap.* 32. *gives a further Liberty to export* 1000 *Tods to* Guernſey, 2000 *Tods to* Jerſey, 200 *Tods to* Alderney, 100 *Tods to* Sarke.

that ſuch Party ſo authorized and appointed to Export, or cauſe to be Exported that Wooll, hath before the Making and Sealing of that Writing, entred into ſufficient Bond to his Majeſties uſe for the Landing of the ſaid Wooll in that Iſle. And to the intent that the quantity of Wooll to be Exported out of the Port of Southampton aforeſaid, into the ſaid Iſles, or either of them, in any one Year, accounting the Year to begin from the Firſt day of January next enſuing, and ſo yearly from the Firſt day of January, may not exceed the quantity hereunder ſpecified; that is to ſay, Unto the Iſle of Jerſey, Two thouſand Tods, and no more, of unkeamed Wooll; And unto Guernſey, One thouſand Tods, and no more, of unkeamed Wooll; And unto Alderney, Two hundred Tods, and no more, of unkeamed Wooll; and unto Sarke, One hundred Tods of unkeamed Wooll, and no more, every Tod not exceeding Thirty two pounds.

Quantity to be Exported in one year into *Jerſey*, 2000 Tods, *Guernſey* 1000 Tods, *Alderney* 200 Tods, *Sarke* 100 Tods of unkeamed Wooll, and no more.

XIII. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Governor of the ſaid Iſle of Jerſey, or his Deputy for whom he will anſwer, ſhall not make to any Perſon or Perſons any Writing or Writings, ſuch as is above ſpecified, to authorize and appoint ſuch Perſon or Perſons as aforeſaid, to Fetch, Export or Tranſport out of the Port of Southampton aforeſaid, unto the ſaid Iſle of Jerſey in one Year, accounting the Year from the Firſt day of January, One thouſand ſix hundred and ſixty aforeſaid, any greater quantity of Wooll than two thouſand Tods in any one Year; And that the Governor of the ſaid Iſle of Guernſey, or his Deputy for whom he will anſwer, ſhall not make to any Perſon or Perſons any Writing or Writings, ſuch as is above ſpecified, to authorize and appoint ſuch Perſon or Perſons, as aforeſaid, to Fetch, Export, or Tranſport out of the Port above ſpecified, unto the ſaid Iſles of Guernſey, with Alderney and Sarke, in any one Year, accounting the Year from the Firſt Day of January, any greater Quantity of Wooll than One thouſand Tods for Guernſey, Two hundred Tods for Alderney, and One hundred Tods for Sarke in any one Year; And that the Cuſtomer of the Port of Southampton aforeſaid, ſhall keep a true Account of all the ſaid Quantity of Woolls ſo by him permitted to be loaden by virtue of this Act, and ſhall not permit any greater Quantity of Woolls to be loaded than by this Act is preſcribed, in any one Year to either of the ſaid Iſlands reſpectively, under any Pretence whatſoever, upon the Penalty of the Forfeiture of his Place, and the Sum of One hundred Pounds in Money; one Moiety whereof to the Kings Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him or them that will Sue for the ſame in any Court of Record, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection, or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed. And if any of the Governors aforeſaid, or any of their, or either of their Deputy or Deputies of the ſaid Iſles, or either of them, ſhall give, grant, or make any Licence or Licences for Exporting from Southampton aforeſaid, into the ſaid Iſles reſpectively, of any greater Quantity of ſuch Wooll, than is before by the true Meaning of this Act limited and appointed in that behalf; That then the reſpective Governor or Governors of ſuch of the ſaid Iſles, ſhall forfeit and pay to the Kings Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, the Sum of Twenty Pounds of Lawful Money of England, for every Tod of Wooll which ſhall be ſo Licenſed to be Exported, over and above the Rate and Proportion of Wooll in and by this Act, or the true Meaning thereof, limited or appointed.

The Governor of *Jerſey* not to grant Licence for more.

Guernſey.

Alderney and *Sarke.*

The Cuſtomer of *Southampton* to keep Account, and not ſuffer more to be Ship'd.

The Penalty.

XIV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the reſpective Governors aforeſaid, or their reſpective Deputies, or any their Clerks, Officers, or Servants, for the Granting, Making or Sealing of every ſuch Writing of Licence, as is aforeſaid, and for the Entring a Remembrance of the ſame into ſome Book which they ſhall have and keep for that purpoſe, may have and take the Sum of Twelve pence, and no more, upon pain of Forfeiting to the Party grieved the Sum of Five ſhillings for every Peny which ſhall be taken over and above the ſaid Sum of Twelve pence, in and by this Act allowed to be taken, and ſo after that Proportion; the

The Officers, Clerks, *&c.* may take 12 *d.* and no more, under Penalty.

ſaid Penalty or Forfeiture for the taking above Twelve pence, as aforeſaid, to be recovered by Bill, Plaint, or Information in any Court of Record at Weſtminſter, or elſewhere, wherein no Injunction, Protection, Privilege, Eſſoign, or Wager of Law ſhall be admitted or allowed.

Anno 12 CAROLI II. *Regis.*

CAP. XXXIV.

An Act for Prohibiting the Planting, Setting, or Sowing of Tobacco in *England* and *Ireland*.

Importance of the Plantations of *America*.

YOur Majeſties Loyal and Obedient Subjects, the Lords and Commons in this preſent Parliament Aſſembled, conſidering of how great Concern and Importance it is, that the Colonies and Plantations of this Kingdom in America, be Defended, Protected, Maintained, and Kept up, and that all due and poſſible Encouragement be given unto them; And that not only in regard great and Conſiderable Dominions and Countries have been thereby gained and added to the Imperial Crown of this Realm; but for that the Strength and Welfare of this Kingdom do very much depend upon them, in regard of the Employment of a very conſiderable part of its Shipping and Seamen, and of the Vent of very great Quantities of its Native Commodities and Manufactures, as alſo of its Supply with ſeveral conſiderable Commodities which it was wont formerly to have only from Foreigners, and at far dearer Rates: And forasmuch as Tobacco is one of the main Products of ſeveral of thoſe Plantations, and upon which their Welfare and Subſiſtence, and the Navigation of this Kingdom, and Vent of its Commodities thither, do much depend; And in regard it is found by Experience, that the Tobaccoes planted in theſe Parts are not ſo good and wholſom for the Takers thereof; And that by the Planting thereof your Majeſty is deprived of a conſiderable part of your Revenue ariſing by Cuſtoms upon Imported Tobacco; Do moſt heartily pray that it may be Enacted by your Majeſty; And it is hereby Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, and the Lords and Commons in this preſent Parliament Aſſembled, and by Authority of the ſame, That no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, ſhall or do, from and after the Firſt Day of January, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred and ſixty, Set, Plant, Improve to grow, Make or Cure any Tobacco, either in Seed, Plant, or otherwiſe, in or upon any Ground, Earth, Field or Place within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, Iſlands of Guernſey or Jerſey, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or in the Kingdom of Ireland, under the Penalty of the Forfeiture of all ſuch Tobacco, or the Value thereof, and of the Sum of Forty Shillings for every Rod or Pole of Ground ſo Planted, Set or Sown, as aforeſaid, and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity of Ground; one Moiety thereof to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him or them that ſhall Sue for the ſame, to be recovered by Bill, Plaint, or Information in any Court of Record, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection, or Wager in Law ſhall be allowed.

No Perſon, after 1 *Jan.* 1660. ſhall Set or Plant any Tobacco.

Extended to Scotland, *by the Union Act* 5 A. *cap.* 8.

The Penalty.

Further Penalty, 15 Car. 2. *cap.* 7. §. 18.

All Sheriffs and other Officers may deſtroy any Tobacco Planted contrary to this Act.

II. And it is hereby further Enacted, That all Sheriffs, Juſtices of the Peace, Mayors, Bayliffs, Conſtables, and every of them, upon Information or Complaint made unto them, or any of them, by any the Officers of the Cuſtoms, or by any other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, That there is any Tobacco Set, Sown, Planted, or Growing within their Juriſdictions or Precincts, contrary to this Act, ſhall, within Ten Days after ſuch Information or Complaint, cauſe to be Burnt, Plucked up, Conſumed, or utterly Deſtroyed, all ſuch Tobacco ſo Set, Sown, Planted or Growing.

22 Car. 2. *cap.* 26. §. 4, 5.

§. 6, 7. III. And it is hereby further Enacted, That in case any Person or Persons shall resist, or make forcible Opposition against any Person or Persons in the due and thorough Execution of this Act, that every such Person or Persons, for every such Offence, shall forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, to be divided and recovered in manner aforesaid. And in case any Person or Persons shall not pay the Sums of Money by them to be paid by virtue of this Act, that in every such case, Distress shall be made, and Sale thereof, returning the Overplus to the Owners: And in case no Distress be to be found, that then every such Party shall be Committed to the Common Goal in the County where such Offence shall be Committed, there to remain for the space of Two Months without Bail or Mainprize. The Penalty of any Person resisting this Act.

15 Car. 2. ca. 7. §. 20. 22 Car. 2. ca. 26. §. 9. IV. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted, That this Act, nor any thing therein contained, shall extend to the hindring of the Planting of Tobacco in any Physick Garden of either University, or in any other private Garden for Physick or Chirurgery only, so as the Quantity so Planted exceed not half of one Pole in any one Place or Garden. Proviso for private Gardens.

Anno 14 CAROLI II. *Regis.*

CAP. VII.

Several Clauses in An Act to restrain the Exportation of Leather and Raw Hides out of the Realm of *England*.

WHereas notwithstanding the many good Laws before this time made, and still in force, Prohibiting the Exportation of Leather out of this Realm, and the Penalty by those Acts imposed, by the Cunning and Subtilty of some Persons, and the Neglect of others who ought to take care thereof, there are such Quantities of Leather daily Exported to Foreign Parts, that the Price of Leather is grown to those excessive Rates, that many Artificers working Leather, cannot furnish themselves with sufficient Store thereof, for the carrying on of their Trades; and the poor sort of People are not able to buy those things made of Leather, which of necessity they must make use of:

Altered as to Scotland *by the Union Act* 5 A. *ca.* 8. *Repealed as to Tanned Leather.* 20 Car. 2. ca. 5. II. For redress of which Grievs, Be it Enacted by the Kings most excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this present Parliament assembled, That from and after the First day of May now next ensuing, no Person or Persons whatsoever, shall carry or transport, or cause to be carried or transported out of England into Scotland, Ireland, or into any the Isles belonging to this Kingdom, or to any Parts beyond the Seas, the Skins or Hides, tanned or untanned, of any Ox, Steer, Bull, Cow or Calf, otherwise, or in any other manner, than is by this present Act directed. What Skins or Hides tanned may not be transported.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That none of the Skins or Hides aforesaid, which shall happen to be taken from any of the Beasts aforesaid, within any Island whatsoever, belonging to the Kingdom of England, (except Ireland) shall be transported out of that Island, into any other place, but into the Kingdom of England, upon pain of Forfeiture for every such Offence double the value of Skins or Hides so to be transported out of the said Island, or any of them, to any other place than into the Kingdom of England; the same Forfeiture to be sued for and disposed as hereafter in this Act is directed. The Penalty.

V. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall be found guilty of the Transportation of any Leather, or raw Hides of any the Beasts aforesaid (excepting such Calves Skins and Sheep Skins, dressed without the Wooll, as by Law may be transported) contrary to the Provision of this Penalty for Transportation of any Leather or raw Hides.

this Act, he shall from thenceforth be disabled to Trade, or deal in Leather for the future, and shall for every such Offence forfeit the sum of Five hundred pounds, to be sued for, and disposed as hereafter in this Act is directed.

VI. Provided nevertheless, That this Act, or any thing therein contained, shall not extend to the prohibiting the Transportation of any Leather made into Boots, Shoes or Slippers, but that the same may be transported; Any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Who may search and seize Leather or Hides intended to be transported.

VII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the respective Masters and Wardens of the Cordwainers, Sadlers, Girdlers and Curriers of the City of London, and their Deputies, and all Customers, Comptrollers, Farmers of Customs, Supervisors, Searchers, and other Officers belonging to the Customs, and to and for all Justices of the Peace, Mayors, and Chief Officers of Corporations within this Realm, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, from time to time, as well by Land as Water, to search for, and seize any Leather, or raw Hides wrought or unwrought, cut or uncut, packed up or unpacked, intended or purposed to be Transported by any Person or Persons into any Parts beyond the Seas, or into Scotland, other than Calves-skins and Sheeps skins, as aforesaid. *Alter'd as to Scotland, ut supra.*

How the Penalties shall be recovered.

X. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Penalties and Forfeitures, and every Sum or Sums of Money for any Offence or Offences herein before mentioned, shall be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, to be brought for the same in any Court or Courts at Westminster, or in any Court or Courts of Record in the City, Town, County or Place where the said Offence shall be committed, wherein no Wager of Law, Protection or Essoign shall be admitted, neither shall the same be removed out of the same County, City or Town-corporate; the one half of the said Forfeitures to be to the use of the Kings Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other half thereof to the use of the Informer or Informers that shall sue for the same.

Transportation of Leather declared a common Nusance.

XI. Provided also, and be it Enacted, That all such Exportation or Transportation of any Hides or Leather, contrary to this Act, is hereby adjudged and declared to be a common and publick Nusance.

Leather for necessary use of Ships in Voyages.

XII. Provided nevertheless, That this Act shall not extend, or be construed to prohibit the carrying or conveying of any such Hides or Leather which shall be used or employed for the necessary use, or provision of any Ship or Vessel in any Voyage beyond the Seas, and which shall not be sold in any Foreign Parts, so as the number do not exceed six raw Hides, and three tanned Hides.

Anno 14 CAROLI II. *Regis.*

CAP. XI.

An Act for Preventing Frauds, and Regulating Abuses in His Majesties Customs.

The grounds of the Act.

FOrasmuch as it appears, that several unlawful and indirect means and devices are daily put in practice, to Export and Import Goods and Merchandises prohibited by the Laws and Statutes of this Kingdom, as also to defraud the Kings most Excellent Majesty of his Dues, Customs and Subsidies, as well by secret and deceitful designs, as by open force and violence used against the Kings Majesties Officers imployed in the Affairs of the Customs:

II. For

II. For the better preventing of which Frauds and Violences in time to come, It is Enacted and Ordained by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in Parliament assembled; And be it enacted and ordained by the Authority thereof, That no Ship or Vessel, arriving from the parts beyond the Seas, shall be above three days coming from Gravesend, to the place of her discharge (within the River of Thames) without touching or staying at any Wharf, Key, or place adjoyning to either Shore between Gravesend and Chesters Key, (unless apparently hindred by contrary Winds, Draught of Water, or other just impediment to be allowed by such person or persons as are or shall be appointed by his Majesty for Managing the Customs, the Collectors Inwards, or other principal Officers of the Customs) and then, or before, the Master or Purser (for that Voyage) of such Ship or Vessel, shall make a just and true Entry upon Oath of the Burthen, Contents, and Lading of every such Ship or Vessel, with the particular Marks, Numbers, Qualities and Contents of every parcel of Goods therein Laden, to the best of his knowledge; also where, and in what Port she took in her Lading; of what Country built; how manned; who was Master during the Voyage; and who are Owners thereof; and in all Out-Ports or Members, to come directly up to the place of unlading, as the condition of the Port requires, and will admit, and making Entries, as aforesaid, upon the penalty of the Forfeiture of One hundred pounds.

No Ship to be above 3 days in coming from *Gravesend* to the place of discharge.

1 Eliz. *cap.* 11. 1st *Rule in the Book of Rates.*

True Entries of Lading to be made upon Oath.

In Out-Ports to come directly up to the Place of unlading.

The Penalty.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Captain, Master, Purser, or any other person or persons taking charge of any Ship or Vessel bound for the parts beyond the Seas, or into the Kingdom of Scotland, whether the same Ship or Vessel shall have Commission from, or belong unto the Kings Majesty that now is, his Heirs or Successors, or shall belong to, or have Commission from any Foreign Prince or State, or otherwise, shall take in, or suffer to be taken into, or laden aboard any such Ship or Vessel, any English Goods, Wares or Merchandise, to be Exported into the parts beyond the Seas, or into the Kingdom of Scotland, until such Captain, Master, Purser, or other person, as aforesaid, shall have entred such Ship or Ships in the Book of the Commissioners, Customer, or Collector and Comptroller Outwards of such Port where he shall load or take in Goods, together with the Name of such Captain or Master, the Burthen of such Ship or Vessel, the Number of Guns and Ammunition she carries, and to what Port or Place she intends to pass or sail; and before he or they shall depart with his or their Ship or Vessel out of such Port or Place, shall bring or deliver unto the said person or persons which are or shall be appointed by his Majesty for Managing the Customs, the Customer, or Collector and Comptroller of such Port or Place, a Content in Writing under his or their Hands, of the Names of every Merchant, and other person and persons that shall have laden and put on board any such Ship or Vessel, any such Goods or Merchandise, together with the Marks and Numbers of such Goods and Merchandise, and shall likewise publickly in the open Custom-house, upon his corporal Oath, to the best of his knowledge, have answered to such Question or Questions as shall be demanded of him by the said person or persons which are or shall be appointed by his Majesty for the Managing the Customs, the Customer, or Collector and Comptroller, or their Deputies, concerning such Goods and Merchandise as shall be aboard such Ship or Vessel, upon pain of Forfeiture of One hundred Pounds; And that no such Captain, Master, Purser, or other person or persons taking charge of any Ship or Vessel of War, as aforesaid, wherein any Goods, Wares or Merchandises shall have been laden or brought from the Parts beyond the Seas, or out of the Realm of Scotland, shall unload or put on board any Lighter, Boat or Bottom, or lay on Land, or suffer to be discharged or put into any Lighter, Boat, or Bottom, or to be laid on Land out of any Ship or Vessel, as aforesaid, any Goods,

The Duty of Captain, Master, and others, taking charge of Ships and Vessels bound for parts beyond the Seas.

To take in no *English* Goods till Entry thereof be made at the Custom-house.

Altered as to Scotland *by the Act of Union* 5 A. *cap.* 8.

The Captain, Master or Pursers of Ships or Vessels of War bringing Goods.

Alter'd as to Scotland, ut supra.

Goods, Wares or Merchandise whatsoever, before such Captain, Master, Purser, or other person taking charge of the Ship or Merchants Goods for that Voyage, as aforesaid, shall have signified and declared in Writing under his or their Hands, unto the person or persons which are or shall be appointed by his Majesty for Managing the Customs, the Customer, or Collector and Comptroller Inwards of the Port where he arriveth, the Names of every Merchant or Lader of any Goods or Merchandises aboard the said Ship or Vessel, together with the Number and Marks, and the quantity and quality of every parcel of Goods and Merchandises, to the best of his knowledge, and shall have answered upon his or their corporal Oath, to such Questions concerning such Goods and Merchandises, as shall be publickly administred unto him in the open Custom-house, by such person or persons which are or shall be appointed for Managing the Customs, Customer, or Collector and Comptroller, or their Deputies, and shall be liable to all Searches and other Rules which Merchants Ships are Subject unto, by the Usage of his Majesties Custom-house (Victualling Bills and Entring excepted) upon pain to Forfeit One hundred Pounds; and upon refusal to make such Entries, as aforesaid, as well Outwards as Inwards, the said person or persons which are or shall be appointed for managing the Customs, and Officers of his Majesties Customs, and their Deputies, shall and may freely enter and go on board all and every such Ship or Vessel of War, and bring from thence on Shore into his Majesties Store-house belonging to the Port where such Ship shall be, all Goods and Merchandises prohibited and uncustomed, which shall be found on board any such Ship, as aforesaid.

to Declare in Writing unto the Customer, &c. Merchants Names, Marks and Numbers, &c. of the Goods, and shall answer upon Oath to such Questions as shall be asked, and be subject to all Searches, &c. as Merchants Ships. (Victualling Bills and Entring excepted) The Penalty.

The Power of Officers for managing the Customs to enter and search Ships and Vessels, both Outwards and Inwards, and bring away prohibited or uncustomed Goods, or other Goods not entred or compounded for within 20 days after the Entry of the Ship.

IV. And be it hereby also Enacted, That the said person or persons which are or shall be appointed for managing the Customs and Officers of his Majesties Customs, and their Deputies, are hereby authorized and enabled to go and enter aboard any Ship or Vessel, as well Ships of War as Merchant Ships, and from thence to bring on shore all Goods prohibited or uncustomed, except Jewels, if they be Outwards Bound; and if they be Ships or Vessels Inwards bound, from thence to bring on shore into his Majesties Store-house, as aforesaid, all small parcels of Fine Goods or other Goods which shall be found in Cabbins, Chests, Trunks, or other small Package, or in any private or secret place, in or out of the Hold of the Ship or Vessel, which may occasion a just Suspicion that they were intended to be fraudulently conveyed away; And all other sorts of Goods whatsoever, for which the Duties of Tonnage and Poundage were not paid or compounded for within Twenty Days after the first Entry of the Ship, to be put and remain in the Store-house aforesaid, until his Majesties Duties thereupon be satisfied, unless the said Person or Persons which are or shall be appointed by his Majesty for managing the Customs and Officers of the Customs, shall see just cause to allow a longer time, and that the said Person or Persons which are or shall be so appointed to manage the Customs, and the Officers of the Customs, and their Deputies, may freely stay and remain Aboard, until all the Goods are delivered and discharged out of the said Ships or Vessels: And if any Master, Purser, or Boat-swain, or other taking charge in any Ship or Vessel, or other Person whatsoever, shall suffer any Truss, Bale, Pack, Fardel, Cask, or other Package to be opened aboard the said Ship or Vessel, and the Goods therein to be imbezelled, carried away, or put into any other Form or Package, after the Ship comes into the Port of her Discharge, in every such case the said Master, Purser, Boat-swain, or others, shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Altered as to Tobacco, by an Act 12 An. cap. 8.

The Penalty of a Master, &c. suffering Goods to be opened or imbezelled.

Goods concealed in any Ship after Clearing.

V. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case, after the Clearing of any Ship or Vessel by the Person or Persons which are or shall be appointed by his Majesty for managing the Customs, or any their Deputies, and discharging the Watchmen or Tidesmen from Attendance thereupon, there shall be found on board such Ship or Vessel any Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes,

chandizes, which have been concealed from the Knowledge of the said Person or Persons which are or shall be so appointed to manage the Customs, and for which the Custom, Subsidy, and other Duties due upon the Importation thereof, have not been paid, then the Master, Purser, or other Person taking charge of such Ship or Vessel, shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds: And it shall be lawful to and for any Person or Persons, authorized by Writ of Assistants, under the Seal of his Majesties Court of Exchequer, to take a Constable, Headborough, or other publick Officer inhabiting near unto the Place, and in the Day-time to enter, and go into any House, Shop, Cellar, Ware-house or Room, or other Place, and in case of Resistance, to break open Doors, Chests, Trunks, and other Package, there to seize, and from thence to bring any kind of Goods or Merchandize whatsoever, prohibited and uncustomed, and to put and secure the same in his Majesties Store-house, in the Port to the Place where such Seizure shall be made.

The Penalty.

Plantations 7 W. 3. *cap.* 22. §. 6.

Power to enter Houses, &c. and secure the Goods in his Majesties Store-house.

VI. And for the better Encrease of Shipping and Navigation, be it further Enacted, That the Collectors, and other Officers of his Majesties Customs in all the Ports of England, shall forthwith give an Account unto the Collectors and Surveyor in the Port of London, (appointed by his Majesty for all Duties and Matters relating to a late Act, Intituled, An Act for Encreasing and Encouraging of Shipping and Navigation) of all Foreign-built Ships in their Ports, owned and belonging to the People of England, of what Built and Burden they are, for which Certificates have been made according to the said Act; and that the said Collector and Surveyor shall make a true and perfect List of all such Ships, attested under their Hands, and transmit the same into his Majesties Court of Exchequer, on or before the Month of December, in the Year One thousand six hundred sixty and two, there to remain upon Record. And that no Foreign-built Ship (that is to say) not built in any of his Majesties Dominions of Asia, Africa, or America, or other than such as shall (bona fide) be bought before the First of October, One thousand six hundred sixty and two next ensuing, and expressly named in the said List, shall enjoy the Privilege of a Ship belonging to England or Ireland, although owned or manned by English, (except such Ships only as shall be taken at Sea by Letters of Mart or Reprisal, and Condemnation made in the Court of Admiralty, as lawful Prize) but all such Ships shall be deemed as Aliens Ships, and be liable unto all Duties that Aliens Ships are liable unto by virtue of the said Act for Encrease of Shipping and Navigation. And whereas it is required by the said Act, that in sundry Cases the Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners are to be English, it is to be understood, that any of his Majesties Subjects of England, Ireland, and his Plantations, are to be accounted English, and no others, and that the Number of Mariners be accounted according to what they shall have been during the whole Voyage. And whereas of late some of the Persons appointed by his Majesty for the managing the Customs, and the Officers of the Customs, and their Deputies, have been Hindred, Affronted, Abused, Beaten and Wounded, to the Hazard of their Lives, in the due Execution of their several Trusts and Services in their respective Places, by armed Companies and Multitudes of Men, and Goods prohibited and uncustomed, have, by Force and Violence, as well by Land as by Water, been forcibly carried and conveyed away; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That where any Officer or Officers shall be, by any Person or Persons armed with Club, or any manner of Weapon, forcibly Hindred, Affronted, Abused, Beaten, or Wounded, as aforesaid, either on Board any Ship or Vessel, or upon the Land or Water, in the due Execution of their Office, all and every Person or Persons so Resisting, Affronting, Abusing, Beating, or Wounding the said Officer or Officers, or their Deputies, or such as shall act in their Aid or Assistance, shall, by the next Justice of Peace, or other Magistrate, be committed to Prison, there to remain till the next Quarter-Sessions: And the Justices

An Account to be given of all Foreign Ships in all Ports of *England*.

12 Car. 2.

Foreign-built Ships not to have the Privilege of Ships belonging to *England* or *Ireland*.

Exception.

Foreign built Ships Registerd in Scotland, *before* 1 May 1708 5 *Article of Union* 5 Annæ *p.* 8.

English, *Irish*, and Subjects in the Plantations to be accounted *English*.

Scotch *to be accounted* English, *Ditto Article of Union.*

The Punishment for beating and abusing Officers of the Customs in the Execution of their Duties.

ſtices of the Peace of the ſaid Quarter-Seſſions, ſhall, and are hereby impowered to puniſh the Offender by Fine, not exceeding One hundred Pounds, and the Offender is to remain in Priſon till he be diſcharged by Order of the Exchequer, both of the Fine and of the Impriſonment, or diſcover the Perſon that ſet him on work, to the end he may be legally proceeded againſt.

No Goods to be Water-born Landed, but in the preſence of ſome Officer of the Cuſtoms. Exception for *Hull*, as by 1 *Eliz. cap.* 11.

VII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Wharfinger, or Keeper of any Wharf, Crane, or Key, or their Servants, or any of them, ſhall Take up or Land, or knowingly ſuffer to be Taken up or Landed, or ſhall Ship off, or ſuffer to be Water-born at or from any of their ſaid Wharfs, Cranes, or Keys, any Goods, Wares or Merchandize prohibited, or whereof any Cuſtom, Subſidy, or other Duties are due and payable unto the Kings Majeſty, without the Preſence of ſome of the Officers of his Majeſties Cuſtoms thereunto appointed, or at Hours and Times not appointed by Law (except in the Port of Hull, as in the Statute of the Firſt Year of Queen Elizabeth, Chapter the Eleventh, is excepted, and not otherwiſe) or Goods paſſing by Certificates, Waſte Cocquet, or otherwiſe, without the Preſence or Notice given to One or more of his Majeſties Officers, That in every ſuch Caſe all and every ſuch Wharfinger and Keeper of ſuch Wharf, Crane or Key, ſhall forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds; And if any Goods or Merchandize ſhall be laden or taken in from the Shore into any Bark, Hoy, Lighter, Barge, Wherry or Boat, to be carried aboard any Ship or Veſſel Outwards bound for the Parts beyond the Seas, or laden, or taken in, from or out of any Ship or Veſſel coming in, and arriving from Foreign Parts, without a Warrant, and Preſence of One or more Officers of the Cuſtoms, ſuch Bark, Hoy, Lighter, Barge, Boat or Wherry ſhall be forfeited and loſt, and the Maſter, Purſer, Boatſwain, or other Mariner of any Ship Inward bound, knowing and conſenting thereunto, ſhall forfeit the Value of the Goods ſo unſhipped: And further, That in caſe any Carman, Porter, Waterman, or other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, ſhall aſſiſt in the Taking up, Landing, Shipping off, or Carrying away any ſuch Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes, that then ſuch Carman, Porter, Waterman, or other Perſon or Perſons, ſo Offending, being apprehended by Warrant of any Juſtice of the Peace for that County, City or Borough, which the ſaid Juſtices, and every of them, are hereby Authorized to Iſſue, and to Examine Witneſſes upon Oath, concerning ſuch Fact, and the ſame being proved by the Oath of Two Witneſſes, the ſaid Offenders, for ſuch firſt Offence, ſhall and may by ſuch Juſtice of the Peace be Committed to the next Goal, there to remain till he and they find ſufficient Surety to be of the Good Behaviour for ſo long time, until he or they ſhall be thereof diſcharged by the Lord Treaſurer, Chancellor, Under-Treaſurer, or Barons of the Exchequer; and in caſe he or they ſo Convicted, ſhall afterwards at any time Offend in the like kind, then he and they ſhall and may by any Juſtice of the Peace aforeſaid, be Committed to the next Goal, there to remain for the ſpace of Two Months without Bail or Mainprize, or until he ſhall pay unto the Sheriff of that County the Sum of Five Pounds for the Uſe of his Majeſty, or until he ſhall by the Lord Treaſurer, Chancellor, Under-Treaſurer, or Court of Exchequer be thence diſcharged: Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Goods, Wares or Merchandizes, ſhall be Shipped or put on Board to be carried forth to the open Sea from any one Port, Creek or Member in the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Port and Town of Berwick, to be landed at any other place of this Realm, without a Sufferance or Warrant firſt had and obtained from the ſaid Perſon or Perſons which are or ſhall be appointed for managing the Cuſtoms, and Officers of his Majeſties Cuſtoms, all ſuch Wares and Merchandizes ſhall be forfeited and loſt; and that the Maſter of every Ship or Veſſel that ſhall lade or take in any ſuch Goods, Wares or Merchandizes, in any Port, Member or Creek within this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales,

Inſurers to Run Goods, Forfeit 500 l. 4 W. M. *cap.* 15. §. 14, 15, 16.

The Penalty for carrying Goods in Barks, Hoys, &c. without Warrant.

By 8 Ann. *cap.* 7. §. 17. *Boats, Veſſels, Horſes, &c. imploy'd in Running Goods, Forfeited, and treble the Value of the Goods.*

Any Carman, Porter, Waterman or other Perſon, aſſiſting in conveying away Goods, how to be fined.

Plantations, 7 W. 3. *cap.* 22. §. 6.

Penalty for the firſt Offence:

Penalty for the ſecond Offence.

Goods carried from one Port to another in *England* or *Wales*, and landed without Warrant or Sufferance, Confiſcated.

Great Britain *Act Union,* 5 Ann. *cap.* 8.

Wales, or Town and Port of Berwick, to be landed and discharged in some other Port, Member or Creek of the said Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town and Port of Berwick, shall before the Ship or Vessel be removed or carried out of the Port (where he shall take in his Lading) take out a Cocquet or Cocquets, and become bound to the Kings Majesty with good Security, in the value of the Goods, Wares and Merchandizes aforesaid, for delivery and discharge thereof in the Port or Place for which the same shall be entred, as aforesaid, or in some other Port or Place within the said Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Port and Town of Berwick, and (the dangers and accidents of the Seas excepted) to return a Certificate within Six Months after the date of such Cocquet and Cocquets, under the Hands and Seals of the Kings Majesties Officers, signed also by some of the said Person or Persons which are or shall be appointed by his Majesty for managing the Customs, or their Deputy or Deputies, in every respective Ports, Members or Creeks, where the same shall be landed and discharged, to his Majesties Officers of the Customs to whom such Security hath been given, as aforesaid, that such Goods, Wares and Merchandizes were landed and discharged accordingly, upon the penalty of the Forfeiture of the Bond and Security aforesaid.

Great Britain, *Act Union* 5 Ann. *cap.* 8.

The Master of the Ship to take out a Cocquet, and give Security,

Great Britain.

Certificates to be annext and endorsed on the Coast Bonds, 1 Ann. *cap.* 26. §. 3.

And return a Certificate within six months.

Coals shipt for the Coast, and then entred for Exportation, 9 Ann. *cap.* 28. §. 6.

The Forfeiture.

VIII. And be it hereby further Enacted, That if any Officer of any Port, Member or Creek, shall make any false Certificate of any Goods or Merchandizes which should have been landed out of any Ship or Vessel, That such Officer shall lose his Employment, and moreover forfeit the sum of Fifty Pounds, and suffer One Years Imprisonment without Bail or Mainprize, and be incapable of serving his Majesty in any place of Trust concerning his Customs, and be further liable to such corporal Punishment as the Court of Exchequer shall think fit: And if any Person whatsoever shall counterfeit, rase, or falsifie any Cocquet, Certificate or Return, Transire, Let-pass, or any other Custom-house Warrant, he shall forfeit One hundred Pounds, and the Cocquet, Certificate or Return shall be invalid and of none effect; And if any Goods, Wares and Merchandizes, brought or coming into any Port, Haven or Creek within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Port and Town of Berwick, from any other Port, Haven or Creek within the Kingdom of England, or Dominions aforesaid, by Port Cocquet, Transire, Let-pass, or Certificate, in Ships or Vessels, shall be landed or put on shore before such Cocquet, Transire, Let-pass, or Certificate shall be delivered to such Person or Persons which are or shall be appointed by his Majesty for managing his Customs, the Customer or Collector, and Comptroller, of the Port or Place of their arrival, or to their Deputy or Deputies, and Warrant or Sufferance made and given from such Person or Persons, Customer or Collector, and Comptroller, or their Deputy and Deputies aforesaid, for the landing and discharging thereof.

Officers of any Port making false Certificate.

The Penalty.

Counterfeiting Cocquets, Certificates, &c.

The Penalty.

Great Britain. *Union Act.*

IX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes, for which the Duties of Subsidy or Custom are due and payable to the Kings Majesty, shall be secretly conveyed on Board any Ship or Vessel before the Custom and Subsidy thereof be duly answered and paid, and shall escape the discovery thereof by the Officers of the Customs or others, and be carried into the parts beyond the Seas; in such case the Owners or Proprietors of such Goods, Wares or Merchandizes, or other Person or Persons who shall have so shipped, or caused the same to be so shipped and transported, shall forfeit the double value of the Goods, computed according to the Book of Rates, except for Coal, which so secretly Exported, as aforesaid, shall pay double the Custom and Duty, to be collected and levied in such manner as by the Act of Tonnage and Poundage is directed and appointed.

Goods secretly conveyed beyond Sea uncustomed and undiscovered by the Officers.

The Penalty.

X. Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for preventing of Frauds in colouring of Strangers Goods, and otherwise, every Merchant or other passing any Goods, Wares or Merchandizes, Inwards or Outwards, shall by himself, or his known Servant, Factor or Agent, subscribe one of his Bills of every Entry,

For preventing Frauds in colouring Strangers Goods, Merchants or their Servants to Subscribe a Bill, &c.

try, with the Mark, Number, and Contents of every parcel of such Goods as are rated to pay by the Piece or Measure, and Weight of the whole parcel of such Goods as are rated to pay by the Weight, without which the Officers of the Customs shall not suffer any Entry to pass; And that no Children of Aliens under the Age of Twenty one Years be permitted to be Traders, or any Goods or Merchandizes to be Entred in their Names.

There shall be no Party Jury in Actions or Suits concerning Customs.

XI. Be it also hereby Enacted, That upon any Actions, Suits and Informations, that shall be brought, commenced, or entred upon any Law or Statute concerning the Kings Majesties Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, or Ships or Goods to be forfeited by reason of unlawful Importation or Exportation, there shall not be any Party Jury, but such only as are the natural and free-born Subjects of the King, his Heirs or Successors. *Plantations*, 7 W. 3. c. 22. §. 11.

Allowances for defects and damages in Goods, and 5*l. per Cent.* &c. shall be abated on Debentures.

XII. And whereas Allowances given to Merchants and others, for defects and damages upon Goods, and Five per Centum generally upon all Goods Imported, and Twelve per Centum upon Wines, every Merchant or others having the aforesaid Allowances Inwards, shall in person upon Oath, by himself, or by his known Servant or Factor, demand and receive the Monies due upon Debentures for such Foreign Goods Exported by such Certificate, with such Abatements and Allowances as were made and given to him upon the Importation; And if he be found fraudulently to Ship out less in quantity or value than is expressed in his Certificate, the Goods therein mentioned, or the value thereof, shall be forfeited, and the Owner or Merchant shall lose the Benefit of receiving back any part of the Subsidy for those Goods; And if any Goods shipped out by Certificate, as aforesaid, shall be landed again in the same, or any other Port or Place within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town and Port of Berwick, (unless in case of Distress to save the Goods from perishing, which shall be presently made known to the Person or Persons which are or shall be appointed by his Majesty to manage his Customs, and principal Officers of the Port) no Allowance shall be demanded or made for those Goods, and the said Goods, or value thereof, shall be forfeited and lost.

A Merchant shipping out less than is express'd in the Certificate, the Forfeiture.

Landing Certificate Goods without the presence of an Officer, the Forfeiture.

Certificate Goods relanded in Great Britain *forfeited, and double the Drawback, with all Boats, Horses,* &c. 8 Ann. c. 13 & 16.

Goods brought from, or carried into *Scotland* by Land, shall pass through *Berwick* or *Carlisle*.

XIII. Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Goods, Wares or Merchandize, that shall be brought out of, or carried into the Kingdom of Scotland by Land, into, or out of the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Port and Town of Berwick, shall pass and be carried by and through some of the Towns and Passages hereafter named, (that is to say) by and through Berwick or Carlisle, and then and there pay the Custom and Subsidy granted and due to the Kings Majesty, by an Act of this present Parliament, Intituled, A Subsidy granted to the King, of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandize Exported and Imported: And if any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, prohibited or uncustomed, coming out of Scotland into England, or going out of England into Scotland, shall pass by, or beyond the Towns, Ports and Places before named, without due Entry and Payments of the Customs, That then all such Goods, Wares and Merchandize, or the value thereof, shall be forfeited and lost. *Void by the Union Act: Except Salt from* Scotland, *which if brought by Land is forfeited with the Carriages,* &c. *by* 8 *Article of the Act of Union.*

When and where Merchandize shall be landed, and Custom paid.

XIV. And whereas in and by an Act of Parliament in the first Year of Queen Elizabeth, of famous Memory, directing when and where Merchandise shall be landed, and Customs paid, it is amongst divers other things enacted and ordained, That no Goods, Wares or Merchandize shall be shipped or loaden aboard any Ship or Vessel, or landed or discharged out of or from any Ship or Vessel, but in or upon some such open Place, Key or Wharf, Places, Keys or Wharfs (except the Port of Hull) as her Highness, her Heirs and Successors should therefore assign and appoint by virtue of her Highness Commission or Commissions, within the Port of London, and in all Ports, Creeks, Havens or Roads, as in and by the said Act doth and may at large appear: And whereas, notwithstanding the aforesaid Act, there are some Ports, Creeks and Places where

where Customers, Collectors and Comptrollers and Searchers, and their Servants, had then, time out of mind, been resident, to which no such Commissions were sent, nor Places, Keys, nor Wharfs appointed, as by the said Act was directed: And whereas also since that time, by reason of the alteration of Rivers, Streams, Chanels and Sands, some Places then appointed are become unfit and useless, and others much more convenient and commodious, as well for Traffick and Commerce, as for Landing and Discharging, Lading and Shipping of Goods, Wares and Merchandize; It is Enacted and Ordained, and be it Enacted and Ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That the Kings Majesty may from time to time, by his Highness Commission or Commissions out of his Court of Exchequer, assign and appoint all such further Places, Ports, Members and Creeks, (except the Town of Hull) as shall be lawful for the landing and discharging, lading or shipping any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Port or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and to what ancient and Head Ports respectively such Places, Members or Creeks shall belong and appertain: And where any such Member, Creek, or Place shall be so (as aforesaid) appointed by virtue of the said Commission or Commissions, the Customer, Collector, Comptroller and Searcher of the Head Port, shall, by themselves, or their sufficient Deputy or Deputies, Servant or Servants, reside and inhabit, for the entring, clearing and passing, shipping and discharging of Ships, Goods and Merchandize; And by virtue of the aforesaid Commission or Commissions, may likewise set down and appoint the Extents, Bounds and Limits of every Port, Haven or Creek within his Majesties Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town and Port of Berwick, whereby the Extents, Limits and Privileges of every Port, Haven or Creek, may be ascertained and known: And it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons whatsoever, to lade, or put, or cause to be laden or put off or from any Key, Wharf, or other Place on the Land into any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Boat or Bottom, any Goods, Wares or Merchandize whatsoever (Fish taken by his Majesties Subjects, Sea-coal, Stone and Bestials only excepted) to be Transported into any place of the Parts beyond the Seas, or carried by Land into the Realm of Scotland; Or to take up, discharge and lay on Land, or cause, or procure to be taken up, discharged and laid on Land out of any Boat, Lighter, Ship, Vessel or Bottom (being not in Leak or Wreck) any Goods, Wares or Merchandize whatsoever (Fish taken by his Majesties Subjects, Bestials and Salt only excepted) to be brought from any of the Parts beyond the Seas, or by Land from the Realm of Scotland, by way of Merchandize, but only upon such open Place, Key or Wharf, Places, Keys or Wharfs, as his Majesty shall from time to time assign and appoint by virtue of such Commission and Commissions, as aforesaid, in his Majesties Port of London, and the Members and Liberties thereof, in any other Port, Place, Member or Creek within his Majesties Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town and Port of Berwick, without special sufferance and leave first had from the Commissioners and Officers of his Majesties Customs, upon the penalty of the Forfeiture of all such Goods, Wares and Merchandize.

Exchequer in Scotland *to appoint Ports,* &c. 6 Ann. c. 26. §. 17.

The King by his Commission may appoint Places, Ports, &c. for landing and shipping of Goods.

Customers, &c. or their Deputies to reside at Ports and Creeks, for the unlading and discharging of Ships.

No Goods to be laden or discharg'd but at such lawful Places.

Scotland *void by the Union,* 5 Ann. c. 8.

Exception.

The Forfeiture.

XV. And forasmuch as it doth appear by daily experience, That there are great Practices and Combinations between the Importers and Owners of Goods and Merchandizes, and the Seizers and Informers, with design and intent to defraud the force of the Law, and his Majesty of his Duties and Customs, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Ship or Ships, Goods, Wares or Merchandize, shall be seized as forfeited, for or by reason of unlawful Importation or Exportation, into or out of this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Port or Town of Berwick, or any the Ports, Members or Creeks thereunto belonging, or for not payment of any Customs or Subsidies now due, or hereafter to be due and payable to his Majesty, but by the Person or Persons who

None to seize any Goods but Officers of the Customs or Persons Authorized.

Great Britain, *Act of Union,* 5 Ann. c. 8.

who are or shall be appointed by his Majesty to manage his Customs, or Officers of his Majesties Customs for the time being, or such other Person or Persons as shall be deputed or authorized thereunto by Warrant from the Lord Treasurer, or Under-Treasurer, or by special Commission from his Majesty under the Great or Privy Seal: And if any Seizure shall hereafter be made by any other Person or Persons whatsoever for any the causes aforesaid, such Seizure shall be void and of none effect; Any Statute, Law, Act or Provision, to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Seizure made otherwise void.

In any Suit against Persons imployed about the Customs, the Defendant may plead the general Issue,

XVI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in every Action, Suit, Indictment, Information or Prosecution, wherein or whereby the Person or Persons which are or shall be appointed by his Majesty for managing his Customs, or the Officers of his Majesties Customs, or any Officer or Officers, Person or Persons, authorized by his Majesty to put in execution the Act of Parliament, For encreasing and encouraging of Navigation, their Deputies or Servants, or any others acting in aid of them, have been, are, or shall be sued, indicted, prosecuted or molested, it shall be lawful for all and every the said Persons, their Heirs, Executors and Administrators, to plead the general Issue, and to give this or the aforesaid Acts of Parliament relating to the Customs and Navigation, in Evidence, in any of his Majesties Courts of Justice, or other Courts where the said matter shall be depending; And the Judges of the said Courts are hereby strictly enjoined and required to admit the same, and to Acquit and Indemnifie them, and every of them, of and from all such Suits, Indictments, Informations or Prosecutions, for or concerning any matter or thing acted or done in the due and necessary Performance and Execution of their respective Trusts and Employments therein.

and to give this or other Acts relating to Customs or Navigation, in Evidence.

Seizures or Actions by *Devenerunt* not prosecuted to effect, lawful to be done by any other Officer.

XVII. Be it hereby also Enacted, for avoiding of fraudulent Compositions, That if any Seizer, Informer or Officer, as aforesaid, shall not Prosecute to effect for the bringing to Tryal and Condemnation the Ships, Goods and Merchandize by them seized and informed against, That then, and in every such case, it shall be lawful to or for any of the Person or Persons which are or shall be appointed by his Majesty for managing his Customs, or the Officers of the Customs, or other Person or Persons deputed by them, or thereunto authorized by the Lord Treasurer, or Under-Treasurer, to make seizure of, or inform against such Goods and Merchandize, or bring his Action for the same by way of Devenerunt, and that they shall be esteemed and adjudged in Law as the true first Informers and Seizers, and have the benefit of such Informers or Seizers; Any Law, Statute, Act or Usage to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Penalty on Officers Compounding under One third.

XVIII. And that no Informer or Officer be suffered to compound under one Third of the appraised value, upon loss of his Office.

No Officer of the Customs may take Bribes or Rewards.

XIX. Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any of the Kings Majesties Officers or other Persons appointed to manage his Majesties Customs, Searchers, Waiters, or other Person or Persons whatsoever deputed and appointed by and under them, or any of them, or any other Authority whatsoever, and imployed in or about the Affairs of the Kings Customs and Subsidies, shall directly or indirectly take or receive any Bribe, Recompense or Reward in any kind whatsoever, or connive at any false Entry of any Goods or Merchandizes, whereby the Kings Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall be defrauded or hindred in or of his Customs and Subsidies, or other Sums of Money, or Goods prohibited by the Law to be Imported or Exported into or out of the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, Town and Port of Berwick, be suffered to pass either by way of Importation or Exportation, the Person or Persons therein offending, shall

6 W. & M. *cap.* 1. §. 5.

Great Britain. *Act of Union*, 5 Ann. *cap.* 8.

Penalty.

forfeit the sum of One hundred Pounds, and be for ever afterwards incapable of any Office or Employment under the Kings Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or any Authority derived from them;

Plantations, 7 W. 3. *cap.* 22. §. 6.

them; as also the Merchant, Mariner, or other Person or Persons whatsoever, who shall give or pay any such Bribe, Recompense or Reward, as aforesaid, shall forfeit the sum of Fifty pounds. Penalty on the Person giving a Bribe, &c.

XX. Provided nevertheless, That if any Person or Persons offending, as aforesaid, shall reveal and make known such his or their Offence in Two Months time to the Treasurer of England, the Chancellor, Under-Treasurer, or Barons of the Exchequer, *Or Barons in Scotland, 5 Ann.* he shall for that Offence be clearly acquitted and discharged. Persons revealing their own Offences in Two Months to be acquitted.

XXI. And be it further Enacted, That all Foreign Goods and Merchandize, which by the Person or Persons which are or shall be appointed by his Majesty for the managing of the Customs, and the Customer, Collector and Comptroller, shall be permitted to be landed and taken up by Bills at sight, Bills at view or sufferance, shall be landed at the most convenient Keys or Wharfs where the said Person or Persons so to be appointed Customer, or Collector, or Comptroller, shall appoint, and not elsewhere, and there or in his Majesties Store-house of the respective Ports, at the Election of the said Person or Persons so to be appointed, and the Officers, shall be measured, weighed and numbred, by and in the presence of the Officers to be thereunto particularly appointed; which said Officers so appointed, shall perfect the Entry, and thereunto shall subscribe their Names, and the next day following shall give Account, and make report of every respective Entry so perfected, as aforesaid, to the said Person or Persons which are or shall be appointed to manage his Majesties Customs, Customer or Collector, and Comptroller aforesaid, without reasonable cause to be allowed by the said Person or Persons, or Officers aforesaid, or in default thereof, shall forfeit the sum of One hundred pounds. Foreign Goods landed by Bills at sight, where to be landed, measured, weighed, and numbred. Who to perfect those Entries, and When. The Penalty.

XXII. Be it also Enacted, That no Ship, Vessel or Boat, appointed and imployed ordinarily for the carriage of Letters and Pacquets, shall (unless it be in such cases as shall be allowed by the said Person or Persons which are or shall be appointed to manage his Majesties Customs or Officers aforesaid) Import or Export any Goods or Merchandize into or out of the Parts beyond the Seas, upon the penalty of the Forfeiture of One hundred Pounds, to be paid by the Master of the said Vessel or Boat, with the loss of his Place; and all Goods and Merchandize that shall be found on Board any such Ship, Vessel or Boat, shall be forfeited and lost. Pacquet-Boats or Vessels appointed for carrying Letters, not to Import nor Export Merchandize. The Penalty.

XXIII. And whereas some Doubts and Disputes have arisen concerning the said late Act, For encreasing and encouraging of Shipping and Navigation, about some of the Goods therein prohibited to be brought from Holland, and the Parts and Ports thereabouts; Be it enacted and declared, That no sort of Wines (other than Rhenish) no sort of Spicery, Grocery, Tobacco, Potashes, Pitch, Tar, *Spice to be Imported by Licence*, vide 8. Ann. *cap.* 7. §. 13. Salt, Rozen, Deal-boards, Fir, Timber, or Olive oyl, shall be Imported into England, Wales, or Berwick, from the Netherlands or Germany, upon any pretence whatsoever, in any sort of Ships or Vessels whatsoever, upon penalty of the loss of all the said Goods, as also of the Ships and Furniture. An Explanation of 12 *Car.* 2. *c.* 18. of Goods prohibited to be brought from *Holland*, or Parts thereabouts.

XXIV. And whereas also by the said Act, For encreasing and encouraging of Shipping and Navigation, an Imposition of Five Shillings per Ton is laid upon all Ships or Vessels belonging to any Subjects of the French King, which shall come into any Port, Harbour, Creek or Road of England, Ireland, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and shall there lade or unlade any Goods, or take in or set on Shore any Passengers; yet notwithstanding there is great difficulty in recovering the said Duty, because small Shallops come not into Harbours where Officers are, but either put their Goods and Passengers on Shore, or Boats come out of Harbours, which privately convey them on Shore, there being no Penalty in the Act against such Offenders; Be it therefore Enacted, That any such Ship or Vessel, upon which the aforesaid Imposition of Five Shillings per Ton is due and payable, which shall either put on Shore, or put over into any Boat, any Goods or Passengers without payment of Custom and Imposition of Tonnage, at any time returning Imposition of 5 *s. per* Ton upon *French* Vessels, *This Duty and Penalty, ceases by the* 11 *Article of the Treaty of Commerce with* France, 31. Mar. / 11. Apr. 1713. how to be recovered, and the Penalty.

ing into any Harbour, Port or Creek of England or Ireland, shall not only pay the Duties formerly due, but forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds; and whatsoever Pilot, Waterman or Boatman, which shall from any Harbour, Port, or Creek go out and bring any Goods from on board such Vessel, shall not only be liable to pay the Duty of Tonnage which the said Vessel should have paid, but Forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds.

Tonnage upon Vinegar, Perry, Rape, Cyder and Cyder-eager, by *English*, 4*l.* 10*s.* by Strangers 6*l.*

XXV. Be it also hereby Enacted, That Vinegar, Perry, Rape, Cyder, and Cyder-eager, of any sort or kind whatsoever, Imported from and after the Four and twentieth Day of June, One thousand six hundred sixty and two, from Foreign Parts, is hereby rated to pay to the Kings Majesty a Subsidy of Tonnage of Four pounds ten shillings per Ton, Imported by English, and Six pounds Imported by Strangers, according to the Rate already imposed and set upon French Wines, to be Collected and Levied for such time and in such manner as by the Act of Tonnage and Poundage is directed and appointed; and the same are, by virtue of this Act, exonerated and discharged of all further and other Sums heretofore set or charged upon those Commodities by or under the name of Subsidy or Poundage; and in case of Exportation, there shall be repaid and allowed to the Englishman Exporter, the Sum of Three Pounds Ten Shillings per Ton, and to the Alien Four Pounds Fifteen Shillings per Ton, to be repair according to the Rules of the Book of Rates now Established.

What the Drawback.

2 *Rule annexed to the Book of Rates.*

Logwood or Blockwood may be Imported, notwithstanding 23 *El. cap.* 9. or 39 *Eliz. cap.* 11.

XXVI. And whereas the Ingenious Industry of these times have taught the Dyers of England the Art of fixing the Colours made of Logwood alias Blockwood, so as that by experience they are found as lasting and serviceable as the Colours made with any other sort of Dying-wood whatsoever; And whereas by a Statute made in the Three and twentieth Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, of famous Memory, Intituled, Logwood and Blockwood shall not be used in Dying of Cloth, &c. And by another Statute made in the Nine and thirtieth Year of the aforesaid Queen Elizabeth, (Intituled, The Penalty for mixing or using Logwood in Dying of Cloth or other Stuff) all Logwood alias Blockwood, that shall be found within this Kingdom, shall be Forfeited, and openly burned, with divers other Pains, Penalties, and Forfeitures upon such as shall use the same in Dying Cloth or other Commodities, as by the said several Acts aforesaid may and doth appear: Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the aforesaid Statutes, and either of them, be and are hereby Repealed and made Void as to all Clauses, Articles, Provisions and Penalties in any wise relating to the prohibition or use of Logwood alias Blockwood; and that from and after the First Day of February, One thousand six hundred sixty one, It shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons, freely to Import into this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town and Port of Berwick upon Tweed, any Quantities of Logwood alias Blockwood, and freely to use the same in Dying or Colouring any sort of Goods or Manufacture whatsoever, the aforesaid Two Statutes, or any other Law, Statute, Usage, Custom, Patent or Privilege, Proclamation, or other Restraint, Matter or Thing to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

To be Imported according to the Rules of the Act of Navigation, 12 *Car.* 2.

The Duty.

XXVII. Provided, That such Importation be according to the Rules prescribed and enjoyned in the late Act, Intituled, An Act for Encouraging and Increasing of Shipping and Navigation, and Paying a Subsidy to the Kings Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for every Ton of the said Logwood alias Blockwood, so to be Imported after the Rate of Five Pounds, and after that Rate for any greater or lesser Quantity, according to such Rules, and under such Penalties as are provided for all other Imported Goods in a late Act, Intituled, An Act of Subsidy granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandize Exported and Imported, excepting only that for all of the said Commodities Exported according to the Rules of the Book of Rates, there shall be repaid to the Exporter the Sum of Four Pounds per Ton; the

The Drawback.

said

said Rate for Logwood alias Blockwood, to be Collected and Levied for such time, and in such manner, as by the Act of Tonnage and Poundage is directed and appointed.

Frauds in Scotland. 6 Ann. *cap.* 26.

Onus Probandi of property of Goods claimed, to lie upon the Owner or Claimer.

XXVIII. And be it further Enacted, That all Actions, Suits and Informations, to be had and commenced upon the Act For Encouraging and Increasing of Shipping and Navigation, or any Clause or Article therein, may be entred and prosecuted in his Majesties Court of Exchequer at Westminster; That upon all such Suits and Informations to be brought upon the Act of Tonnage and Poundage, and the Act aforesaid, or any other Act or Statute concerning the Importation of Goods or Merchandize from the Parts beyond the Seas, if the Property thereof be claimed by any Person or Persons as the Importer thereof, in such case Onus Probandi shall lie upon the Owner or Claimer thereof.

Claimers to give 30 l. *Security.* 8 Ann. *cap.* 7. §. 63.

Commission and time to examine Witnesses beyond the Sea.

XXIX. Provided, That in case the Seizure or Information shall be made upon any Clause or Thing contained in the late Act, Intituled, An Act for the Encouraging and Increasing of Shipping and Navigation, that then the Defendant or Defendants shall, on his or their Request, have a Commission out of the High Court of Chancery, to examine Witnesses beyond the Seas, and have a competent time allowed for the Return thereof, before any Trial shall be had upon the Case, according to the distance of Place where such Commission or Commissions are to be executed; and that the Examination of Witnesses so returned shall be admitted for Evidence in Law at the Tryal, as if it had been given viva voce by the Examinate in Court; Any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

In what cases Writs of Delivery may be granted.

XXX. And be it also Enacted and Ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That no Writ of Delivery shall be granted out of the Court of Exchequer for Goods seized, but upon good Security, and that for Goods Perishable only, or in cases where the Informer shall defer or delay his coming to as speedy a Tryal as the Course of that Court will permit, and shall be thereby ordered and directed.

One Moiety of all Forfeitures to be to the King, the other to the Seizer.

XXXI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That one Moiety of all the Forfeitures before in this Act mentioned and appointed, shall be to the Kings Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to such Person or Persons as shall seize or sue for the same by Bill, Plaint or Information in his Majesties Court of Exchequer, or any other his Majesties Courts of Record, wherein no Essoign, Protection, or Wager of Law shall be allowed.

All Officers and persons to be aiding the Officers and persons for management of the Customs.

XXXII. And be it further Enacted and Ordained, That all Officers belonging to the Admiralty, Captains and Commanders of Ships, Forts, Castles and Block-houses, as also all Justices of the Peace, Mayors, Sheriffs, Bayliffs, Constables and Head boroughs, and all the Kings Majesties Officers, Ministers and Subjects whatsoever, whom it may concern, shall be aiding and assisting to all and every Person and Persons which are or shall be appointed by his Majesty to manage his Customs, and the Officers of his Majesties Customs, and their respective Deputies, in the due Execution of all and every Act and Thing in and by this present Act required and enjoyned; and all such who shall be aiding and assisting unto them in the due Execution hereof, shall be defended and saved harmless by virtue of this Act.

Oath to be taken 1 W. & M. *cap.* 1. §. 5.

Clerks and Servants about the Customs, to be sworn for their truth and faithfulness therein.

XXXIII. And be it hereby also Enacted, That all Deputies, Clerks and Servants, which now have any Place or Office in or about the Customs and Subsidies, by and under the Commissioners, or other the Kings Officers thereof, shall, before the First day of June next, take their respective Corporal Oath or Oaths for the true and faithful Execution and Discharge, to the best of their Knowledge and Power, of their several Trusts and Employments committed to their Charge and Inspection; and that no Person or Persons shall hereafter be employed or put in trust in the Business of the Customs, until he shall first have taken his Oath, as aforesaid; and the Commissioners and principal Officers in the Port of London, and the principal Officers in all other the Out-ports, or any Two

Commissioners, &c. have power to administer the Oath.

of them, are hereby authorized to Administer and give to all and every Person or Persons such Oath and Oaths, as aforesaid, and to cause the same to be Entred and Registred in the Custom-house of every respective Port, where the Person so taking the Oath, as aforesaid, shall have his Residence and Employment.

Persons employed about the Customs, shall not demand nor take any more than the Fees due by Law, nor illegally detain any Goods, &c.

XXXIV. Provided also, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person employed in his Majesties Customs, shall demand or take any other or greater Sum of Money than by Law is now due, or hereafter shall become due, or shall put any Merchant or other Person out of his Turn, without express Order before, or immediate Approbation after, from the Person or Persons who are or shall be appointed by his Majesty to manage his Customs, or the Superior Officers for the Customs, or shall illegally detain the Goods of any Person, or shall neglect or refuse to make Re-payments and Allowances which are or shall be due since the Four and twentieth day of June, One thousand six hundred and sixty, or shall not after Notice given, give out and execute his Warrant, shall be liable to double Costs and Damages.

The Penalty.

One *per Cent.* to be paid on Ships under Burden that Trade to the *Mediterranean.*

XXXV. And for the better Increase of good and serviceable Shipping, and securing the publick Trade and Commerce, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Merchant or other Person, that shall, after the Nine and twentieth day of September, One thousand six hundred sixty and two, Export any Goods or Merchandizes from any Port of this Kingdom, capable of a Ship or Vessel of Two hundred Ton upon an ordinary full Sea, to any part or place of the Mediterranean Sea beyond the Port of Malaga, or Import any Goods or Merchandize from the Ports or Places aforesaid, to any Port of this said Kingdom, in any Ship or Vessel that hath not Two Decks, and doth carry less than Sixteen Pieces of Ordnance mounted, together with Two Men for each Gun, and other Ammunition proportionable, shall pay to our Sovereign Lord the King, for all and every the Wares and Merchandizes so Exported or Imported, One per Cent. over and above the Rates and Duties of Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage otherwise due and payable for the same; Any thing in this Act before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Proviso for Ships Exporting Fish.

XXXVI. Provided always, That it shall and may be lawful to Export from any of his Majesties Dominions, Fish into any of the Ports of the Mediterranean Sea aforesaid, in any English Ship or Vessel whatsoever, provided that one Moiety of her full Lading be Fish only, and in such case to Import any Wares or Merchandize in the same Ship for that Voyage, without paying any other Rates or Duties of Tonnage or Poundage for the same, than were heretofore accustomed. British *Ship.*

Encouragement for building good and defensible Ships.

XXXVII. And for the better Encouragement of Building good and defencible Ships, Be it Enacted, That all and every Person or Persons that shall, within the space of Seven Years, from and after the Five and twentieth day of March, One thousand six hundred sixty two, Build, or cause to be Built, within any of his Majesties Dominions, any Ship or Vessel of Three Decks, or Two Decks and an half, with a Forecastle, and Five Foot between each Deck, mounted with Thirty Pieces of Ordnance at least, and other Ammunition proportionable, shall, for the first Two Voyages which the said Ship or Ships make from his Majesties Dominions to any Foreign Parts, have and receive to his and their own proper Use and Benefit, one Tenth part of the Customs that shall be paid to his Majesty for all such Goods or Merchandizes as shall be Exported or Imported on the said Ship or Ships, to and from this Kingdom; and the Commissioners and Officers of his Majesties Customs are hereby Impowered and Required to pay the same to the Owner or Owners of the said Ship or Ships accordingly. *Expired.*

Salt brought out of *Scotland* to pay one Half-peny a Gallon.

XXXVIII. Provided always, and be it hereby Declared and Enacted, That from and after the Four and twentieth day of June, One thousand six hundred sixty two, all Salt which shall be brought out of the Kingdom of Scotland into this Kingdom, the Dominion of Wales,

By Union Act, Art. 8. 5 Ann. to pay the same Duty as Engliſh *Salt (except what was paid in* Scotland*)*

Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, ſhall Yield and Pay, and is hereby made Chargeable to Yield and Pay unto the Kings Majeſty, One half-peny upon every Gallon of ſuch Imported Salt of Wincheſter Meaſure, at the Landing thereof; Any thing in this preſent Act, or any former or other Law, Statute or Order to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Anno 14 CAROLI II. *Regis.*

CAP. XIII.

An Act Prohibiting the Importation of Foreign Bone-lace, Cut-work, Imbroidery, Fringe, Band-ſtrings, Buttons, and Needle-work.

Reaſons for making this Act.

Whereas great numbers of the Inhabitants of this Kingdom are imployed in the making of Bone-lace, Band-ſtrings, Buttons, Needle-work, Fringe and Imbroideries, who by their Induſtry and Labour have attained and gained ſo great Skill and Dexterity in the making thereof, that they make as good of all ſorts thereof, as is made in any Foreign Parts, by reaſon whereof, they have been heretofore able to relieve their poor Neighbours, and maintain their Families, and alſo enabled to ſet on Work many poor Children, and other Perſons who have very ſmall Means or Maintenance of Living, other than by their Labours and Endeavours in the ſaid Art: And whereas the Perſons ſo imployed in the ſaid Myſtery, have heretofore ſerved moſt Parts of this Kingdom with Bone-lace, Band-ſtrings, Buttons, Needle-work and Imbroidery; And for the carrying on, and managing of the ſaid Trade, they have procured great Quantities of Thread and Silk to be brought into the Kingdom from Foreign Parts, whereby his Majeſties Cuſtoms and Revenues have been much advanced, until of late, that great Quantities of Foreign Bone-lace, Band-ſtrings, Needle-work, Cut-work, Fringe, Silk, Bone-lace, Buttons and Imbroidery, were brought into this Kingdom by Foreigners, and Inhabitants of this Kingdom, and Sold to Shopkeepers, and others, Dealers in the ſaid Commodity, as well by Wholeſale as Retail, without ever entring of the ſame in any his Majeſties Cuſtom-houſes, or paying any Duty or Cuſtom for the ſame; By means whereof, the ſaid Trade and Calling is of late very much Decayed, thoſe imployed in the ſame Calling very much Impoveriſhed, the Manufacture much Decreaſed, and great Quantities thereof already made, left on their Hands that make it, his Majeſty defrauded and deceived in his Cuſtoms, and many Thouſand poor People formerly kept on work in the ſaid Art, like to Periſh for want of Imployment, there being daily great Sums of Money exported out of this Kingdom for the buying and fetching in of the ſaid Commodity, to the great Impoveriſhment of the Nation by the Conſumption of the Bullion and Treaſure thereof, and contrary to ſeveral Statutes made in the Firſt of King Richard the Third, in the Third of King Edward the Fourth, in the Nineteenth of King Henry the Seventh, and the Fifth of Queen Elizabeth, and to a late Proclamation made by his Majeſty that now is, dated the Twentieth Day of November laſt, for the putting the ſaid Laws in execution:

II. For redreſs whereof, and prevention of the like Miſchiefs for the future, and the better Relief, Comfort and Subſiſtence of thoſe imployed in the ſaid Art and Manufacture, and for the Quickning, Reviving, Explaining, Amending, and more effectual Execution of the ſaid Statutes, Be it Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament Aſſembled, and by Authority of the ſame, That no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, ſhall, from and after the Twenty fourth Day of

June, One thousand six hundred sixty two, Sell or cause to be Sold, or offer to Sale, within the Kingdom of England, or Dominion of Wales, or Export any Foreign Bone-lace, Cut-work, Imbroidery, Fringe, Band-strings, Buttons or Needle-work made of Thread, Silk, or any, or either of them, in Parts beyond the Seas, or Import, Bring in, Send or Convey or Cause to be Brought in, Sent or Conveyed into the Kingdom of England, or Dominion of Wales, any such Foreign Bone-lace, Cut-work, Fringe, Imbroidery, Band-strings, Buttons, or Needle-work made of Thread, Silk, or any, or either of them, beyond the Seas, after the First Day of May, which shall be in the said Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred sixty and two, upon Pain, that all and every Person or Persons who shall Sell, or cause to be Sold, or offer to Sale any such Foreign Bone-lace, Cut-work, Imbroidery, Fringe, Band-strings, Buttons or Needle-work, shall forfeit and lose for every Offence by him committed contrary to this Act, the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and the whole Bone-lace, Cut-work, Imbroidery, Fringe, Band-strings, Buttons, or Needle-work so Sold, or caused to be Sold, or offered to Sale; And upon further pain, That all and every Person or Persons who shall Import, Bring in, Send, or Convey, or cause to be Brought in, Sent or Conveyed into this Kingdom of England, or Dominion of Wales, any such Bone-lace, Cut-work, Imbroidery, Fringe, Band-strings, Buttons or Needle-work, shall forfeit and lose for every Offence by him committed contrary to this Act, the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and the whole Bone-lace, Cut-work, Imbroidery, Fringe, Band-strings, Buttons, or Needle-work so Imported, Brought in, Sent or Conveyed, or caused to be Imported, Brought in, Sent or Conveyed contrary to the Form and Effect of this present Act, as aforesaid; The Moieties of all which Forfeitures to be to the Use of our Sovereign Lord the Kings Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall Sue for the same in any of the Kings Courts of Record, by Bill, Plaint, Action of Debt, Information, or otherwise, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law shall be Allowed, at every time, and as often as any Person shall be found to Offend in Selling, Importing, Conveying or Bringing in, as aforesaid.

Foreign Bone-lace, Cut-work, Imbroidery, Fringe, Band-strings, prohibited to be Sold, or Imported from beyond Sea.

Hair buttons further Prohibited, &c. by 4 & 5 W. & M. *cap.* 10.

The Penalty.

Repealed as to Lace made of Thread, (Except from the French *or* Spanish *Kings Dominions) by* 5 Ann. *cap.* 17. §. 1.

One Moiety to the King, the other to the Prosecutor.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for the preventing of the Importing of the said Manufactures, as aforesaid, upon Complaint and Information given to the Justices of the Peace, or any or either of them, within their respective Counties, Cities and Towns-Corporate, at times Reasonable, he or they are hereby Authorized and Required to Issue forth his or their Warrants to the Constables of their respective Counties, Cities and Towns-Corporate, to enter and search for such Manufactures in the Shops being open, or Ware-house, and Dwelling-houses of such Person or Persons, as shall be Suspected to have any such Foreign Bone laces, Imbroideries, Cut-work, Fringe, Band-strings, Buttons, or Needle-work, within their respective Counties, Cities and Towns-Corporate, and to seize the same; Any Act, Statute or Ordinance, to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Every Justice of Peace may grant Warrants to search for Manufactures prohibited by this Act.

IV. Provided always, and be it hereby Enacted and Declared, That all Informations, Actions and Suits, that shall be Commenced for any Offence committed against this Law, shall be brought and commenced within Twelve Months after the Discovery of such Offence; Any former Act or Law, to the contrary notwithstanding.

The time limited for Actions upon this Act.

Anno

Anno 14 CAROLI II. *Regis.*

CAP. XVIII.

An Act against the Exporting of Sheep, Wooll, Wooll-fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Wooll-flocks, Fullers-earth, Fulling-clay, and Tobacco-pipe-clay.

WHereas against the Laws of this Kingdom great number of Sheep, and great quantities of Wooll, Wooll-fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Wooll-flocks, Fullers-earth, or Fulling-clay, are secretly Exported, Transported, Carried and Conveyed out of the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and Kingdom of Ireland, into the Kingdom of Scotland, and into Foreign Parts, to the great Decay of the Woollen Manufactures, the Ruin of many Families, and the Destruction of the Navigation and Commerce of the Kingdoms, Town, and Dominion aforesaid, which is like daily to increase, if some further Remedy be not provided, and further Penalties imposed upon the Offenders therein.

12 Car. 2. *cap.* 32. 1 W. & M. *cap.* 32. 7 W. 3. *cap.* 28. 9 W. 3. *cap.* 40. 10 W. 3. *cap.* 10.

II. Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament Assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person or Persons shall from and after the First Day of August, One thousand six hundred sixty and two, directly or indirectly, Export, Transport, Carry or Convey, or shall cause to be Exported, Transported, Carried or Conveyed out of or from the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or after the First Day of January, One thousand six hundred sixty and two, out of the Kingdom of Ireland, into any Parts and Places out of the Kingdoms or Dominion aforesaid, or into the Kingdom of Scotland, any Sheep or Wooll whatsoever, of the Breed or Growth of the Kingdoms or Dominion aforesaid, or any Wooll-fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Wooll-flocks, or any Fullers-earth, or Fulling-clay whatsoever, or shall directly or indirectly Pack or Load, or cause to be Packed or Loaden upon any Horse, Cart, or other Carriage, or shall load or lay on Board, or cause to be loaden or laid on Board, in any Ship or other Vessel, in any Place within the Kingdoms of England or Ireland, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed aforesaid, any such Sheep, Wooll, Wooll-fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Wooll-flocks, Fullers-earth, or Fulling-clay, to the intent or purpose to Export, Transport, Carry or Convey the same, or to cause the same to be Exported, Transported, Carried or Conveyed out of the Kingdoms of England or Ireland, the Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, aforesaid, into the Kingdom of Scotland, or into any Foreign Parts, that then every such Offence shall be adjudged Felony, and the Offender or Offenders being duly Convicted, shall suffer and forfeit as in case of Felony.

Exporting or Carrying of Sheep, Wooll, Wooll-fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn, Wooll-flocks, Fullers-earth, Fulling-clay, out of *England*, *Wales*, or *Ireland*,

Altered as to Scotland *by the Act of Union* 5 An. *cap.* 8. *which makes* England *and* Scotland *one Kingdom of* Great Britain.

Penalty altered by 7 W. 3. *cap.* 28.

made Felony.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Owner of any such Ship or other Vessel, and every Owner of every Horse, Cart or Carriage, upon which any Sheep, Wooll, Wooll-fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Wooll-flocks, Fullers-earth or Fulling-clay, shall be so Exported, Transported, Carried or Conveyed, as aforesaid, or to any such intent or purpose, as aforesaid, knowing thereof, and being wittingly and willingly Aiding, Assisting or Consenting thereunto, and also every Master and Mariner of or in such Ship or other Vessel, wherein any such Sheep, Wooll, Wooll-fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Wooll-flocks, Fullers-earth or Fulling-clay, shall be so Exported, Transported, Carried or Conveyed, or Loaden or Laid on Board, as aforesaid, to any such intent or purpose, as aforesaid, knowing thereof, and being wittingly and willingly Aiding,

Aiders and Assisters therein shall be adjudged Felons.

Ditto.

Assisting

assisting or consenting thereunto; and also every Factor or Servant, or other Person whatsoever, and every Customer, Comptroller, Waiter, Searcher, Surveyor, or other Officer or Person whatsoever, knowing thereof, and being wittingly or willingly aiding, assisting or consenting thereunto, shall be, and shall be adjudged and taken to be a Felon; and every Offender or Offenders therein, being duly Convicted, shall suffer and forfeit as in case of Felony.

Offences against this Act, where to be examined and tried.

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Offence which shall be done or committed contrary to this Act, shall and may be Enquired of, and Heard, Examined, Tried and Determined in the County where such Sheep, Wooll, Woollfells, Yorlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Wooll-flocks, Fullers-earth, or Fulling-clay respectively, shall be so packed, laden or laid on Board, as aforesaid; or else in the County where such Offender shall happen to be Apprehended or Arrested for such Offence, in such Manner and Form, and to such Effect, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same Offence had been wholly done and committed in the same County.

Peers.

V. Provided also, That every Baron, and other Peer of this Realm, which shall be indicted or accused as Principal, or Accessary in or to any Offence made Felony by this Act, shall have his, her or their Tryal by his, her or their Peers, as in case of Felony at the Common Law. *Ditto.*

None to be Impeached, unless within 1 year next after the Offence committed.

VI. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person or Persons whatsoever, shall at any time hereafter be Impeached for any Offence made Felony by this Act, unless such Person or Persons shall be thereof Indicted within the space of One Year next ensuing such Offence committed. *May be Prosecuted in 3 years by the 9 W. 3.*

VII. And forasmuch as great Quantities of Wooll, Woollen Yarn, and Wooll-flocks, are close packed and pressed together with Screws, and other unlawful Engines, into Buts, Pipes, Hogsheads, Chests, and other Casks and Vessels, and into Sacks, Bags, and other Wrappers made of Wooll or Linen, and under colour of Bales, Sacks, Bags, Packs and Casks of other Goods, and otherwise, great Quantities of the same are daily loaden on Board of Ships or other Vessels, and so are Carried, Conveyed, Exported, and Transported out of the Kingdoms, Town of Berwick, and Dominion aforesaid; and also great Quantities are daily carried and laid at or near the Coasts of the Sea, or some Navigable Rivers into Store-houses and Barns, and by Night are laid on board of Shallops, and other Vessels belonging to Aliens, and so Carried and Exported out of the Kingdoms, Town of Berwick, and Dominion aforesaid; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First Day of August, no Person or Persons shall press together with any Screws, Presses, or other Engines, into any Sack, Pack, Bag, or other Wrapper, or shall put, press, pack or stean any Wooll whatsoever, or any Yarn made of Wooll, into any But, Pipe, Hogshead, Chest, or any other Cask or Vessel, upon any Pretence whatsoever, or shall carry or lay, or cause to be carried or laid at or near the Shore or Coasts of the Sea, or of any Navigable River, or into any House or Place near adjoyning thereunto, any such Wooll, Wooll-flocks, or Yarn made of Wooll, with intention to Export, Transport, Carry or Convey the same out of the Kingdoms of England or Ireland, Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or Dominion of Wales, into the Kingdom of Scotland, or unto any Foreign Parts, under the Penalty of the Loss and Forfeiture of all such Wooll, Wooll-flocks, and Yarn made of Wooll, as shall be so packed or pressed, or put or laid into Cask, or carried or laid near to the Sea-shore, or to any Navigable River, as aforesaid, or the Value thereof.

Screws and unlawful Engines for pressing together of Wooll, not to be used.

The Penalty.

Great Britain, *alter'd by the Act of Union as to* Scotland, 5 Ann. *cap.* 8. *Forfeited if found within* 15 *Miles of the Sea uncover'd.* 9 W. 3. *cap.* 40.

Fulling-clay, Tobacco-pipe-clay, not to be exported.

VIII. And whereas great Quantities of Fullers-earth, or Fulling-clay are daily Carried and Exported under the colour of Tobacco-pipe-clay; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Tobacco-pipe-clay shall, from and after the First Day of August, One thousand six hundred sixty and two, be Exported, Transported, Carried or Conveyed out of, or from the Kingdom of England, Great Britain.

Town

Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or after the First Day of January, One thousand six hundred sixty and two, out of or from the Kingdom of Ireland, or the Dominion of Wales, into the Kingdom of Scotland, or into any Foreign Parts, or into any Port or Place out of the Kingdom or Dominion aforesaid, under the Penalty of Three Shillings for every Pound of Tobacco-pipe-clay, which shall be Exported or Transported contrary to this Act.

Alter'd as to Scotland, by the Union.

The Penalty.

IX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First Day of August, One thousand six hundred sixty and two, no Packs, Sacks, Bags or Cask of any Wooll, Wooll-fels, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Wooll-flocks, Fullers-earth, Fulling-clay, or Tobacco-pipe-clay, shall be laid or loaded on any Horse, Cart, or other Carriage whatsoever, or shall be carried or conveyed by Land to or from any Place or Places within the Kingdom of England, Town of Berwick, or Dominion aforesaid; nor after the First Day of January, One thousand six hundred sixty two, in the Kingdom of Ireland, but in the Day-time, and at seasonable Hours, (that is to say) from and after the First Day of March, to the Nine and twentieth Day of September Yearly, between the Hours of Four of the Clock in the Morning, and Eight of the Clock in the Evening, and from the Nine and twentieth Day of September, to the First Day of March Yearly, between the Hours of Seven of the Clock in the Morning, and Five of the Clock in the Evening, under the Penalty of the Loss and Forfeiture of all such Goods, or the Value thereof; the One Moiety of all which Forfeitures mentioned in this Act, to be to the use of the King, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that will Sue for the same, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any Court of Record, in which no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law shall be admitted or allowed.

Great Britain.

Packs of Wooll, Wooll-fels, &c. shall not be carried but in the day-time.

The Penalty.

X. Provided nevertheless, That this Act, or any thing therein contained, shall not extend or be construed to extend to Repeal, Disannul and make Void any the Penalties, Clauses or Provisoes mentioned in one Act of this present Session of Parliament, made against the Transportation of Wooll, Woolll-fels, Fullers-earth, or any kind of Scouring-earth, or to the prohibiting of the loading on board of any Ship or Vessel, of any Weather-sheep, Wooll, Wooll-flocks, or other Goods mentioned in this Act, that by the aforesaid Act is permitted to be loaden on board of any Ship or Vessel, for the necessary Use and Provision of such Ship or Vessel, as aforesaid; Any thing in this Act contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Proviso concerning the Act.

12 Car. 2. c. 32. §. 10, 11, 12.

XI. Provided always, That if any Owner of any Ship or Vessel, or any Master or Mariner knowing of such Transportation of such Sheep, Wooll, Wooll-fels, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Wooll-flocks, Fullers-earth, Fulling-clay, or Tobacco pipe-clay, shall within Three months next after the knowledge thereof, or after his Return into the Kingdom of England or Ireland, or into the said Town of Berwick, or Dominion of Wales aforesaid, give the first Information bona fide, before any of the Barons of either of the Courts of the Exchequer in England or Ireland for the time being, or before the Head Officer of any Port where he shall first arrive, upon his or their Oath, of the number and quantity of the Goods mentioned in this Act, so carried, conveyed and transported, and by whom, where, and in what Ship or Vessel, and afterwards shall be ready, upon reasonable warning, by Process to justifie and prove the same, That then such Owner and Owners, Master, Mariner and Partners shall not be punished for Felony by virtue of this Act, but shall nevertheless be subject to all other Penalties and Forfeitures in this or any other Act contained, for the Offence aforesaid; And all such Exportation, Transportation, Carrying or Conveying of any the Goods, Wares, or Commodities in this Act mentioned, is hereby declared and adjudged to be a Common and Publick Nusance.

Great Britain or Ireland.

By 1 W. & M. to be discharg'd from all Penalties, and to have the Benefit of Informers Part.

Proviso for Owners, Masters of Ships, &c. that have offended, and shall first discover the same.

Common Nusance.

XII. And for the better Execution of this Act, Be it further Enacted, That all Justices of Assize, Justices of Goal-delivery, and Justices

Who may hear and determine the same Offences.

Justices of Peace, shall enquire of all the Premisses in their general Quarter-Sessions, and hear and determine the same; and that all Mayors, Bailiffs, and other Head-Officers of Cities, Boroughs and Towns, not having Jurisdiction to try Felony, shall enquire of all and every Offence within this Act not made Felony, and hear and determine the same.

Anno 14 CAROLI II. *Regis.*

CAP. XIX.

An Act against Importing of Foreign Wooll-Cards, Card-Wyre, or Iron-Wyre.

3 *Edw.* 4. *cap.* 4. 39 *Eliz. cap.* 14. Whereas by the Acts of Parliament made in the Third Year of King Edward the Fourth, and the Nine and thirtieth Year of Queen Elizabeth, and several other Statutes before that time made, It is Enacted, (amongst other things therein contained) That no Cards for Wooll, nor Iron Thread (commonly called White-wyre) shall be imported, sent or conveyed into this Realm of England, wherein the best Iron Thread, or Wyre for making Wooll-cards is made, and by the said Manufacture of making and drawing of Wyre, and Wooll-cards, very many poor People of this Kingdom, and their Families, have been imployed and maintained, and the Wooll-cards made thereof are of great Concernment to this Kingdom, for the good making of Woollen Cloth; And whereas contrary to the said Statutes, not only much Foreign Card-wyre, but also Foreign Wooll-cards have been in these late times Imported into this Kingdom, and also within the same many old Wooll-cards are by ill-disposed Persons (for their private lucre) bought up, and the old Iron-wyre of the said old Wooll-cards, being very weak and insufficient for the well Carding of Wooll, is put into new Leather and new Boards, and so uttered and sold to ignorant People for new Wooll-cards, to their great detriment, and the endamaging of their Work, Carding of Wooll, and the Cloth made thereof: By all which very great Inconveniences have been found by Experience of Clothiers in their making of English Cloth, which is lately much debased and decayed, and wherein this Nation is greatly concerned to uphold and encourage the well-making thereof, in and by all ways and means in any wise conducible thereunto: Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings most excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons assembled in Parliament; and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Foreign Wooll-cards or Foreign Card-wyre, or Iron-wyre for making of Wooll-cards, be Imported into this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or any Parts thereof, Great Britain. nor used within the same, nor any Card-wyre taken out of old Cards, be from henceforth put into new Leather and new Cardboards, nor any such Wooll-cards made thereof, be put to sale, upon the Pains, Penalties, and Forfeitures hereafter following, (that is to say) Every Person or Persons who shall Import, or bring any Foreign Wooll-cards, or Foreign Card-wyre, or Iron-wyre for making of Wooll-cards, into this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or any Parts thereof, Great Britain. or make any Wooll-cards of any such old Card-wyre, as aforesaid, or put the same to sale, shall forfeit the said Wooll-cards and Card-wyre, or Iron-wyre for making Wooll-cards, or the Value thereof, if the same be not seized, the one part thereof to the Kings Majesty, and the other half-part thereof to such Person or Persons who shall first seize or sue for the same by Action of Debt, Plaint, Bill, Information or Indictment in any of His Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, or within the County, City, Borough, or Town-corporate, where such Offence shall

No Foreign Wooll-cards, Card-wyre or Iron-wyre for Wooll-cards, may be Imported.

The Penalty.

Exception for some sorts of Iron-wyre, in 2 W. & M. *c.* 4.

ſhall be committed; wherein no Eſſoign, Protection, or Wager of Law, or Inſormation ſhall be allowed or admitted.

II. Provided always, That this Act ſhall not extend to hinder the Owners of any Wooll-cards, to cauſe them to be amended for their own uſe, or to tranſport or ſell (for Tranſportation only) any their old overwoin Wooll-cards, in any Parts beyond the Seas out of his Majeſties Dominions. Proviſo for amending of old Wooll-cards.

Anno 14 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 30. An Act for the Importation of Madder pure and unmixed, *Repealed.*

Anno 15 CAROLI II. *Regis.*

CAP. VII.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the Encouragement of Trade.

III. AND it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That when the Prices of the aforeſaid Corns and Grains do not exceed the Rates above mentioned reſpectively, Wincheſter Meaſure, at the Haven or Place into which any of them ſhall be Imported from any Part beyond the Seas, there ſhall be paid for the Cuſtom and Poundage of every Quarter of Wheat, Five ſhillings and four pence; and for every Quarter of Rye, Four ſhillings; and for every Quarter of Barley or Vault, Two ſhillings and eight pence; and for every Quarter of Buck-Wheat, Two ſhillings; and for every Quarter of Oats, One ſhilling four pence; and for every Quarter of Peaſe or Beans, Four ſhillings. Corn Imported, Cuſtom to be paid according to the Prices.

Prices of Corn Imported to be determined twice every Year by 1 Jac. 2. cap. 19. *Duties increaſed according to the Prices.* 22 Car. 2. cap. 13.

V. And in regard his Majeſties Plantations beyond the Seas are inhabited and peopled by his Subjects of this his Kingdom of England: For the maintaining a greater Correſpondence and Kindneſs between them, and keeping them in a firmer Dependence upon it, and rendring them yet more beneficial and advantagious unto it, in the further Employment and Increaſe of Engliſh Shipping and Seamen, vent of Engliſh Woollen, and other Manufactures and Commodities, rendring the Navigation to and from the ſame more ſafe and cheap, and making this Kingdom a Staple, not only of the Commodities of thoſe Plantations, but alſo of the Commodities of other Countries and Places, for the ſupplying of them; and it being the Uſage of other Nations to keep their Plantation Trade to themſelves: Plantations beyond the Sea.

7 W. 3. *cap.* 22. §. 2. 3 An. *cap.* 8. §. 1. *an Exception for* Iriſh *Linen.* Great Britain. *Act Union,* 5 An. 14 Car. 2. *cap.* 11. §. 6.

VI. Be it Enacted, and it is hereby Enacted, That from and after the Five and twentieth Day of March, One thouſand ſix hundred ſixty four, no Commodity of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of Europe, ſhall be Imported into any Land, Iſland, Plantation, Colony, Territory or Place to his Majeſty belonging, or which ſhall hereafter belong unto, or be in the poſſeſſion of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, in Aſia, Africa or America (Tangier only excepted) but what ſhall be bona fide, and without Fraud, Laden and Shipped in England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and in Engliſh built Shipping, or which were bona fide bought before the Firſt Day of October, One thouſand ſix hundred ſixty and two, and had ſuch Certificate thereof as is directed in one Act paſſed the laſt Seſſions of this preſent Parliament, Intituled, An Act for preventing Frauds, and regulating Abuſes in his Majeſties Cuſtoms; and whereof the Maſters and Three Fourths of the Mariners at leaſt are Engliſh, and which ſhall be carried directly thence to the ſaid Lands, Iſlands, Plantations, Colonies, Territories or Places, and from no other Place or Places whatſoever; any Law, Statute, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding, under the Penalty of the Loſs of all ſuch Commodities of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of Europe, as ſhall be Imported into any of them from any other Place whatſoever, by Land or Water; and if by Water, of the Ship or Veſſel alſo in which they were Imported, with all her Guns, Tackle, Furniture, Ammunition and Apparel, One Third Part to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors; Commodities of the Growth and Manufacture of *Europe* to be ſhipped in *Great Britain* to be tranſported to the Plantations. The Penalty.

fors; One Third Part to the Governor of such Land, Island, Plantation, Colony, Territory or Place, into which such Goods were Imported, if the said Ship, Vessel or Goods be there Seized, or Informed against, and Sued for; or otherwise, that Third Part also to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; and the other Third Part to him or them who shall Seize, Inform, or Sue for the same in any of his Majesties Courts in such of the said Lands, Islands, Colonies, Plantations, Territories or Places where the Offence was committed, or in any Court of Record in England, by Bill, Information, Plaint or other Action, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager in Law shall be allowed. 12 Car. 2. cap. 18. §. 1.

Proviso for Salt for Fisheries, and *Madera's* Wines,

VII. Provided always, and be it hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to ship and lade in such Ships, and so navigated as in the foregoing Clause is set down and expressed in any part of Europe, Salt for the Fisheries of New-England, and New-found-land, and to ship and lade in the Madera's Wines of the Growth thereof; and to ship and lade in the Western Islands or Azores, Wines of the Growth of the said Islands; and to ship and take in Servants or Horses in Scotland or Ireland, and to ship or lade in Scotland all sorts of Victual of the Growth or Production of Scotland, and to ship or lade in Ireland all sorts of Victual of the Growth or Production of Ireland, and the same to Transport into any of the said Lands, Islands, Plantations, Colonies, Territories or Places; Any thing in the foregoing Clause to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

and Servants, Horses, or Victuals in *Ireland*.

An Account of Goods brought by Land, with the Names of the Persons, to be delivered to the Governor.

VIII. And for the better Prevention of Frauds, Be it Enacted, and it is hereby Enacted, That from and after the Five and twentieth Day of March, One thousand six hundred sixty and four, every Person or Persons Importing by Land any Goods or Commodities whatsoever, into any the said Lands, Islands, Plantations, Colonies, Territories or Places, shall deliver to the Governor of such Land, Island, Plantation, Colony, Territory or Place, or to such Person or Officer as shall be by him thereunto authorized and appointed, within Four and twenty Hours after such Importation, his and their Names and Sirnames, and a true Inventory and Particular of all such Goods or Commodities; And no Ship or Vessel coming to any such Land, Island, Plantation, Colony, Territory or Place, shall lade or unlade any Goods or Commodities whatsoever, until the Master or Commander of such Ship or Vessel shall first have made known to the Governor of such Land, Island, Plantation, Colony, Territory or Place, or such other Person or Officer as shall be by him thereunto authorized and appointed, the Arrival of the said Ship or Vessel, with her Name, and the Name and Sirname of her Master or Commander, and have shewn him that she is an English-built Ship, or made good by producing such Certificate, as aforesaid, that she is a Ship or Vessel bona fide belonging to England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick, and navigated with an English Master, and Three fourth Parts of the Mariners at least English Men, and have delivered to such Governor, or other Person or Officer, a true and perfect Inventory or Invoyce of her Lading, together with the Place or Places in which the said Goods were laden or taken into the said Ship or Vessel, under the Pain of the Loss of the Ship or Vessel, with all her Guns, Ammunition, Tackle, Furniture and Apparel, and of all such Goods of the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of Europe as were not bona fide laden and taken in England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick, to be recovered and divided in manner aforesaid; And all such as are Governors or Commanders of any the said Lands, Islands, Plantations, Colonies, Territories or Places (Tangier only excepted) shall, before the Five and twentieth Day of March, One thousand six hundred sixty and four, and all such as shall hereafter be made Governors or Commanders of any of them, shall, before their Entrance upon the Execution of such Trust or Charge, take a solemn Oath before such Person or Persons as shall be authorized by his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to administer the same, to do their utmost within their respective Governments or 3 & 4 An. cap. 8. §. 2.

No Ship to lade, or unlade till a Certificate produced that she is an *English* Ship.

or Prize Ship made free, 7 W. 3.

Penalty.

Governors to take an Oath to observe the Laws.

or Commands, to cause to be well and truly observed what is in this Act Enacted, in relation to the Trade of such Lands, Islands, Plantations, Colonies, Territories and Places, under the Penalty of being removed out of their respective Governments and Commands: And if any of them shall be found, after taking of such Oath, to have wittingly and willingly offended contrary to what is by this Act required of them, that they shall for such Offence be turned out of their Governments, and be uncapable of the Government of any other Land, Island, Plantation or Colony; and moreover, forfeit the Sum of One thousand Pounds of lawful Money of England, the one Moiety to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall Inform or Sue for the same in any of his Majesties Courts in any of the said Plantations, or in any Court of Record in England, wherein no Essoign, Protection, or Wager of Law shall be allowed.

12 Car. 2. *cap.* 18. §. 2.
7 W. 3. *cap.* 22. §. 4.
8 W. 3 *cap.* 20. §. 69.

Under Penalty of 1000*l.*

IX. And it is hereby further Enacted, That if any Officer of the Customs in England, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, shall give any Warrant for, or suffer any Sugar, Tobacco, Ginger, Cotton-wooll, Indico, Speckle-wood, or Jamaica-wood, Fustick, or other Dying-wood of the Growth of any the said Lands, Islands, Colonies, Plantations, Territories or Places, to be carried into any other Country or Place whatsoever, until they have been first unladen bona fide, and put on Shore in some Port or Haven in England or Wales, or in the Town of Berwick, That every such Officer for such Offence shall forfeit his Place, and the Value of such of the said Goods as he shall give Warrant for, or suffer to pass into any other Country or Place, the one Moiety to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall Inform or Sue for the same in any Court of Record in England or Wales, wherein no Essoign, Protection, or Wager in Law shall be allowed.

7 W. 3. *cap.* 22. §. 14, 15.

No Officer to give any Warrant, or suffer any Sugar, &c. to be carried to any other Country, till first landed here.

Great Britain, *Act of Union.*

The Penalty.

Altered by the 9 An. *cap.* 6. §. 6. *the Chalder,* Winchester *Measure,* 2 s. *the Ton,* 0. 1. 4.

X. And for the better Encouragement of the said Plantations, and the Encrease of the Shipping and Navigation of this Kingdom, Be it Enacted, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Five and twentieth Day of March, One thousand six hundred sixty and four, it shall and may be lawful, out of any Port of England or Wales, or out of the Town of Berwick, to ship and lade Sea-coals for any part of them, paying for the Chalder, Newcastle Measure, One Shilling Eight Pence, and for the Chalder, London Measure, One Shilling, and no more, in full of all Custom and Poundage for the same; Any Law, Statute or Prohibition to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Duty on Sea-Coals to the Plantations.

XI. Provided, That such Sea-coals be shipped in such Shipping, and so navigated, as aforesaid; and that good Security be given to the Officers of the Customs in such Port in which they are shipped, for the landing them in the said Plantations, and not elsewhere.

Security to be given for landing the said Coals.

6 W. 3. *cap.* 17. §. 5, 6, 13, 14.

XII. And forasmuch as several considerable and advantagious Trades cannot be conveniently driven and carried on without the Species of Money or Bullion, and that it is found by Experience, that they are carried in greatest Abundance (as to a common Market) to such Places as give free Liberty for Exporting the same, and the better to keep in and encrease the current Coins of this Kingdom; Be it Enacted, and it is hereby Enacted, That from and after the First Day of August, One thousand six hundred sixty and three, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons whatsoever, to Export out of any Port of England or Wales, in which there is a Customer or Collector, or out of the Town of Berwick, all sorts of Foreign Coin or Bullion of Gold or Silver, first making Entry thereof in such Custom-house respectively, without paying any Duty, Custom, Poundage, or Fee for the same; Any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

7 W. 3. *cap.* 19. §. 6, 7, 8, 9.

Foreign Coin or Bullion may be exported.

18 Car. 2. *cap.* 2.
20 Car. 2. *cap.* 7.
32 Car. 2. *cap.* 2.

XIII. And lastly, whereas a very great part of the richest and best Land of this Kingdom is, and cannot so well be otherwise imployed and made use of, as in the Feeding and Fatning of Cattle; and that by the coming in of late of vast Numbers of Cattle already Fat-

Penalties upon Importation of Foreign Cattle at certain times.

ted, such Lands are in many Places much fallen, and like daily to fall more in their Rents and Values, and in consequence other Lands also, to the great Prejudice, Detriment, and Impoverishment of this Kingdom; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, and it is hereby Enacted, That for every Head of great Cattle (except such as are of the Breed of Scotland) that shall be imported or brought into England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, after the First Day of July, and before the Twentieth day of December, in any Year; and for every Head of great Cattle, of the Breed of Scotland, that shall be Imported or brought into England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick, after the Four and twentieth Day of August, and before the Twentieth Day of December, in any Year, there shall be paid to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the Sum of Twenty Shillings; and the Sum of Ten Shillings to him or them that shall Inform or Seize the same; and the Sum of Ten Shillings to the Poor of the Parish where such Seizure or Information shall be made, to be recovered and levied by Bill, Plaint, or other Action, wherein no Essoign, Protection, or Wager in Law shall be allowed.

Repealed as to Scotland *by the Act of Union*, 5 An. *cap.* 8.

Penalty on Sheep Imported.

XIV. And moreover, That there shall be paid to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for every Sheep which shall be Imported into England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick aforesaid, after the First Day of August, and before the Twentieth Day of December in any Year, the Sum of Ten Shillings of lawful Money of England, to be Recovered and Levied in manner aforesaid.

The Continuance of this Act as to Importation of Cattle.

XV. Provided always, That this Act, in so far as it relates to great Cattle or Sheep, shall not take place till the First Day of July, One thousand six hundred sixty and four, nor continue longer than the end of the First Session of the next Parliament.

Made perpetual by 32 Car. 2. *cap.* 2. §. 2.

Encouragement of Herring Fisheries.

XVI. And for the Encouragement of the Herring and North-Sea, Iseland, and Westmony Fisheries, Be it Enacted, and it is hereby Enacted by Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First Day of August, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred sixty and four, no Fresh Herring, Fresh Codd or Haddock, Coal-fish or Gull-fish, shall be Imported into England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick, but in English-built Ships or Vessels, or in Ships or Vessels bona fide belonging to England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick, and having such Certificate thereof, as is abovesaid, and whereof the Master and three Fourths at the least of the Mariners are English, and which hath been fished, caught, and taken in such Ships or Vessels, and so Navigated, and not being bought or had of any Strangers Born, or out of any Strangers Bottoms, under the Pain of the Forfeiture of all such Herring, Codd, Haddock, Coal-fish or Gull-fish Imported contrary to the true Intent and Meaning hereof, and of the Ship or Vessel in which it was Imported; One Moiety of which Forfeitures shall be to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall Inform, Seize or Sue for the same, to be recovered by Bill, Plaint, or other Action, wherein no Essoign, Protection, or Wager in Law shall be allowed.

13 El. *cap.* 11. §. 6. 18 Car. 2. *cap.* 2. §. 2. 1 G. *cap.* 18.

Penalty.

Duties to be paid upon Importation of salted or drie Fish, in any other than *English* Shipping, or caught in such Ships.

XVII. And be it further Enacted, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for the following sorts or kinds of salted or dried Fish, which, from and after the said First Day of August, shall be Imported into England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick, in any other Ship or Vessel than what is English-built, or belonging to England, Wales, or Town of Berwick, and having such Certificate thereof, as abovesaid, and whereof the Master and three Fourths of the Mariners at least are English, and not having been fished and caught in such Ships or Vessels, and so Navigated, there shall be paid, by way of Custom and Impost, the several Sums of Money herein after particularly mentioned, (that is to say) for Cod-fish, the Barrel, Five Shillings; for Cod-fish, the Last containing Twelve Barrels, Three Pounds; for Cod fish, the Hundred containing Sixscore, Ten Shillings; for Coal-fish, the Hundred containing Sixscore, Five Shillings; for Lings, the Hundred containing Sixscore, One Pound; for White Herrings, the Last containing

12 Car. 2. *cap.* 18. *Forfeitrd by the* 10 W. 3. *cap.* 24. §. 13. *Exception for Stockfish, live Eels, Anchovies, Sturgeon, Botargo, and Caviere.* 18 Car. 2. *cap.* 2. §. 2. 32 Car. 2. *cap.* 2. §. 7.

taining Twelve Barrels, One Pound sixteen shillings; for Haddocks, the Barrels, Two Shillings; for Gull-fish, the Barrel, Two Shillings.

12 Car. 2. cap. 34. 22 Car. 2. cap. 26.

XVIII. And forasmuch as Planting and making Tobacco within this Kingdom of England, doth continue and encrease, to the apparent Loss of his said Majesty in his Customs, the Discouragement of the English Plantations in the Parts beyond the Seas, and Prejudice of this Kingdom in General, notwithstanding an Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth Year of his said Majesties Reign for prevention thereof, Intituled, An Act for Prohibiting the Planting, Setting or Sowing of Tobacco in *England* and *Ireland*; And forasmuch as it is found by Experience, that the reason why the said Planting and Making of Tobacco doth continue, is, That the Penalties prescribed and appointed by that Law are so little, as have neither power or effect over the Transgressors thereof: For Remedy therefore of so great an Evil, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the Person or Persons whatsoever, that do, or shall at any time hereafter Set, Plant or Sow any Tobacco in Seed, Plant, or otherwise, in or upon any Ground, Field, Earth or Place within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, Islands of Guernsey and Jersey, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or Kingdom of Ireland, shall over and above the Penalty of the said Act for that purpose Ordained, for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds for every Rood or Pole of Ground that he or they shall so Plant, Set or Sow with Tobacco, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser Quantity of Ground; one Third part thereof to the Kings Majesty, one Third part thereof to the Use of the Poor of such respective Parish or Parishes wherein such Tobacco shall be so Planted, Set or Sowed, and the other Third part thereof to him or them that shall Sue for the same, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any of his said Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection, or Wager of Law shall be allowed.

The further Penalty for Planting Tobacco in *England*.

XIX. And it is hereby further Enacted, That in case any Person or Persons shall resist or make forcible opposition against any Person or Persons in the due and thorough Execution of the said Act of the Twelfth of his said Majesties Reign, that he, she or they so Resisting and making forcible Opposition, shall over and above the Penalties therein mentioned for such Offences, be Committed to the common Goal of the County where such Offence shall be Committed, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, until he, she or they have entred into a Recognizance to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, with two sufficient Sureties, of Ten Pounds penalty, not to do or commit the like Offence again.

Persons resisting to be committed to Goal.

22 Car. 2. cap. 26. §. 9.

XX. Provided always, That this Act, or any thing therein contained, shall not extend to the Hindrance or Prejudice of planting Tobacco in any Physick Garden of either of the Universities, or any other Private Garden for Chirurgery, so as the Quantity so Planted exceed not the Half of one Pole in any one Place or Garden.

Proviso for Tobacco Planted in Physick Gardens.

18 Car. 2. cap. 2. §. 3. 20 Car. 2. cap. 7. §. 9.

XXI. Provided also, and be it Enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to Import Cattle of the Breed of the Isle of Man, not exceeding Six hundred in any One Year; And Corn of the Growth of that Island out of that Island into England; so as the said Cattle be Landed at Chester, Liverpool, or Wire-water; Any thing in this Act to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Cattle and Corn may be Imported from the Isle of *Man*.

Anno

Anno 15 CAROLI II. *Regis.*

CAP. XVI.

A Clauſe in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Regulating the Herring and other Fiſheries, and for Repeal of the Act concerning Madder.

A Repeal of the Statute concerning Madder.

III. AND whereas upon the humble Petition and Complaint of the Merchants and Salters of the City of London, it doth appear, That ſome ſorts of Madder very uſeful for Dying cannot be Imported ſo pure and clean, as by one Act paſſed the laſt Seſſion of this preſent Parliament, [Intituled, An Act for the Importation of Madder Pure and Unmixt] is directed and appointed, Be it Enacted, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Act, and every Clauſe and Thing therein contained, be from henceforth utterly Void and Repealed to all intents, purpoſes, and conſtructions whatſoever. 14 Car. 2. cap. 30.

Anno 18 CAROLI II. *Regis.*

CAP. II.

An Act againſt Importing Cattle from *Ireland* and other Parts beyond the Seas, and Fiſh taken by Foreigners.

15 Car. 2. cap. 7. 20 Car. 2. cap. 7. 32 Car. 2. cap. 2.

WHereas by an Act of this preſent Parliament, Intituled, An Act for Encouragement of Trade, amongſt other things, ſome Proviſion was made for the Preventing of coming in of vaſt Numbers of Cattle, whereby the Rents and Values of the Land of this Kingdom were much fallen, and like daily to fall more, to the great Prejudice, Detriment and Impoveriſhment of this Kingdom; which nevertheleſs hath by Experience been found to be Ineffectual; and the continuance of any Importation, either of the Lean or Fat Cattle, dead or alive, herein after ſpecified, not only Unneceſſary, but very Deſtructive to the Welfare of this Kingdom: Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament Aſſembled, That ſuch Importation from and after the Second Day of February, in this preſent Year, One thouſand ſix hundred ſixty and ſix, is a publick and common Nuſance, and ſhall be ſo adjudged, deemed and taken to be to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever. And that if any great Cattle, Sheep or Swine, or any Beef, Pork or Bacon (except for the neceſſary Proviſion of the reſpective Ships or Veſſels in which the ſame ſhall be brought, not expoſing the ſame, or any part thereof, to Sale) ſhall from and after the ſaid Second Day of February, by any wiſe whatſoever, be Imported or brought from beyond Seas into this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed; That then it ſhall and may be Lawful for any Conſtable, Tythingman, Headborough, Church-wardens, or Overſeers of the Poor, or any of them, within their reſpective Liberties, Pariſhes or Places, to take and Seize the ſame, and keep the ſame during the ſpace of Eight and forty Hours in ſome publick or convenient Place where ſuch Seizure ſhall be made; within which time, if the Owner or Owners, or any for them or him, ſhall make it appear unto ſome Juſtice of the Peace of the ſame County where the ſame ſhall be ſo Seized, by the Oath of Two credible Witneſſes; which Oath the ſaid Juſtice of Peace is hereby impowred and required to Adminiſter, That the ſame were not Imported from Ireland, or from any other Place beyond the Seas, not herein after excepted, after the ſaid Second Day of February,

Importation of Cattle a common Nuſance.

Bacon may be Imported, as by 5 & 6 W. & M. cap. 2.

The Penalty.

bruary, Then the same, upon the Warrant of such Justice of Peace, shall be delivered without delay: But in default of such Proof and Warrant, then the same to be Forfeited: One half thereof to be disposed to the Use of the Poor of the Parish where the same shall be so Found or Seized; the other half to be to his or their own Use that shall so Seize the same.

13 El. *cap.* 11. 12 Car. 2. *cap.* 18. 15 Car. 2. §. 17. 18 Car. 2. *cap.* 2. 10 W. 3. *cap.* 24. 1 G. *cap.* 18.

Encouragement of Fishery.

II. And for the better Encouragement of the Fishery of this Kingdom, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Ling, Herring, Cod or Pilchard, fresh or salted, dried or bloated, or any Salmons, Eels or Congers taken by any Foreigners, Aliens to this Kingdom, shall be Imported, Uttered, Sold, or exposed to Sale in this Kingdom; That then it shall and may be Lawful for any Person or Persons to Take and Seize the same: The One half thereof to be disposed of to the Use of the Poor of the Parish where the same shall be so Found or Seized; the other half to his or their own Use, which shall so Seize the same.

15 Car. 2. *cap.* 7. §. 21. 20 Car. 2. *cap.* 7. §. 9.

Isle of *Man*.

III. Provided always, That nothing in this Act shall be construed to hinder the Importation of Cattle from the Isle of Man into this Kingdom of England, so as the Number of the said Cattle do not exceed Six hundred Head Yearly: And that they be not of any other Breed than of the Breed of the Isle of Man; and that they be Landed at the Port of Chester, or some of the Members thereof, and not elsewhere.

32 Car. 2. §. 2. *made Perpetual.*

The Continuance.

IV. This Act to continue until the end of Seven Years, and from thence to the end of the First Session of the next Parliament.

Anno 18 CAROLI II. *Regis.*

CAP. V.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Encouraging of Coynage.

An imposition set upon Wines, Vinegar, Cyder, or Beer imported,

VI. AND whereas it cannot be reasonably expected, that the Expence, Waste and Charge in Assaying, Melting down, and Coynage, be born by your Majesty; and for the further Encouragement of Coynage, Be it Enacted, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for every Tun of Wines, Vinegar, Cyder or Beer, that shall be Imported or brought into the Port of London, or into any other Port, Creek or Place within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, from any parts beyond the Seas, or Scotland, from and after the Twentieth Day of December, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred sixty and six, there shall be Levied, Collected and Paid the Sum of Ten Shillings; and for every Tun of Brandy-Wines, or Strong-Waters that shall be imported, as aforesaid, the Sum of Twenty Shillings, and so proportionably for a lesser or greater Quantity, to be Levied, Collected and Paid at the respective Custom-houses, to the Collectors and other Officers of the Customs, for the time being, at the Importation of the said Commodities, over and above all other Duties charged, leviable and payable upon the said Commodities, and to be by them distinguished and kept apart from all other Monies by them Collected and Levied upon the same Commodities, or upon any other Commodities or Merchandizes whatsoever, and to be by the said Collector or Collectors respectively so answered and paid Quarterly into the Receipt of the Exchequer of your Majesty, your Heirs and Successors, there also to be kept distinct and apart from all other Monies arising by the Customs, or by any other Way or Revenue whatsoever; which said Duty they are hereby enjoyned to Receive and Pay according to the several Directions of this Act, without any Salary or Fee.

Repealed as to Scotland by the Union Act 5 A.

and on Brandy-Wines, or Strong-Water.

25 Car. 2. *cap.* 8. §. 6. *to be paid Monthly in to the Exchequer.*

The Money to be kept apart, and paid Quarterly into the Exchequer.

Ditto *Act* §. 7. *Allowances not exceeding* 12 d. *in the Pound.*

VII. And

VII. And be it further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That all manner of Wines, Vinegar, Cyder, Beer, Brandy-Wines, and Strong-Waters imported, as aforesaid, shall pay their several and respective Duties imposed by this Act; And upon Non-Payment thereof shall be liable to such and the same Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures, as in and by the late Acts for Tonnage and Poundage, and for Frauds, are enacted and appointed, upon Non-Payment of the Duties by the said Acts imposed upon Goods and Merchandizes of the same Nature with those mentioned in this Act.

Upon Non-Payment to be subject to the Rules of the Customs.

VIII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted, That for what of the aforesaid Commodities shall be Transported into any the Parts beyond the Seas, within the term and space of One Year after the Importation thereof, That the Duty paid by this Act for the same, shall be repaid by the respective Collectors of the Customs for the time being.

Drawback upon Exportation.

IX. And it is hereby further Enacted, That no Monies leviable and payable by this Act, shall be applied or converted to any Use or Uses whatsoever, other than to the defraying the Charge or Expence of the Mint or Mints, and of the Assaying, Melting down, Waste and Coynage of Gold and Silver, and the encouragement of the bringing in of Gold and Silver into the said Mint or Mints, there to be Coyned into the Current Coyns of this Kingdom; Nor shall any of the said Monies be Issued out of the Exchequer, but by Order or Warrant of the Lord Treasurer and Under Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, to the Master and Worker, or Masters and Workers of your Majesties Mint or Mints for the time being, and mentioning, that they are for the use and service aforesaid, to be kept in his Majesties Office of Receipt in the said Mint or Mints, under the usual Keys of the Warden, Master and Worker, and Comptroller for the time being, and Issued out thence from time to time, according to the manner and course of the said Mint or Mints respectively.

The Monies to be imployed only to the use of the Mint.

7 An. cap. 24. 1 G. cap. 43.

XI. And lastly, Be it Enacted, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act shall continue and be in force until the Twentieth day of December, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred seventy one, and until the end of the First Session of Parliament then next following, and no longer.

The Continuance of this Act.

1 G. cap. 43. further continued for 7 Years from the 1 March 1715. and to the end of the next Sessions.

Anno 20 CAROLI II. *Regis.*

CAP. V.

An Act for giving Liberty to Buy and Export Leather and Skins Tanned or Dressed.

WHereas it is found by Experience, since the late strict Prohibition of the Exporting of Leather, that the Prices thereof, and consequently of Raw Hides, are very much abated, to the great discouragement of the Breed and Feeding of Cattle, and fall of the Rents and Value of Land; and yet that the Makers of Boots and Shoes, and other Workers in Leather, have still, during this time, sold their Wares and Commodities very dear:

II. Be it Enacted by the Kings most excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Twenty fifth day of March, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred sixty eight, it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons, Native or Foreigner, to buy in open Fair or Market, and to Export and Transport into Scotland or Ireland, or any Foreign Parts beyond the Seas, all sorts of Leather, Sheep-skins or Calve-

After the 25 *March* 1668, all sorts of Leather may be Exported.

Repealed as to Scotland *by the Union Act.* 5 A.

Calve-skins, Tanned, Tawed or Dressed; Any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding: Paying for each Hundred weight of all sorts of Leather, Sheeps-skins and Calve-skins, containing One hundred and twelve pounds, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser quantity, the Sum of Twelve pence, and no more. Paying 12 d. for every Hundred weight.

III. It is hereby further Enacted by the Authority hereof, That this Act shall continue and be in force until the Five and twentieth day of March, One thousand six hundred seventy five, and until the end of the first Session of Parliament then next ensuing, and no longer. The Continuance of this Act.

Anno 20 CAROLI II. *Regis.*

CAP. VII.

An Additional Act against the Importation of Foreign Cattle.

15 Car. 2. cap. 7.
18 Car. 2. cap. 2.
30 Car. 2. cap. 2.

Whereas by an Act of this present Parliament, Intituled, An Act against Importing of Cattle from *Ireland*, and other Parts beyond the Seas, and Fish taken by Foreigners, amongst other things, Provision was made against Importation of Cattle from Parts beyond the Seas: And it was thereby Enacted, That such Importation from and after the Second Day of February, which was in the Year One thousand six hundred sixty six, was a publick Nusance, and should be so adjudged, deemed and taken to all Intents and Purposes; and that if any great Cattle, Sheep or Swine, or any Beef, Pork or Bacon, (except for the necessary Provision of the respective Ships or Vessels in which the same should be brought, not exposing the same to Sale) should from and after the said Second Day of February, by any wise whatsoever, be Imported or brought from beyond the Seas into this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, That then it should and might be lawful for any Constable, Tything-man, Headborough, Church-warden, or Overseers of the Poor, or any of them, within their respective Liberties, Parishes or Places, to take and seize the same, and keep the same during the space of Eight and forty Hours, in some publick or convenient Place where such Seizure should be made; within which time, if the Owner or Owners, or any for them or him, should make it appear unto some Justice of the Peace of the same County where the same should so be Seized, by the Oath of Two credible Witnesses, that the same were not Imported from Ireland, or from any other Place beyond the Seas not therein after excepted, after the said Second Day of February, then the same, upon the Warrant of such Justice of Peace, should be delivered without Delay; but in default of such Proof and Warrant, then the same to be forfeited; one half thereof to be disposed to the Use of the Poor of the Parish where the same shall be so found or seized, the other to be to his or their own Use that should so seize the same. Preamble.

II. Notwithstanding which Act, and the good Provision thereby, great Number of Cattle, Sheep and Swine, and great Quantities of Beef, Pork and Bacon, have since the time limited by the said Act been Imported from Ireland, and other Places beyond the Seas, as well in Foreign as English Ships and Vessels, contrary to the good Intent of the said Act, and in Continuance of the said Nusance, and in high Contempt of the Authority of Parliament: And divers Church-wardens, Constables, Tythingmen and Overseers of the Poor, living near the Sea, for their own private Lucre, having combined with the Owners of such Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Beef, Pork and Bacon, Imported, as aforesaid, or with their Agents, have colourably seized, and afterwards privately and fraudulently sold the same at very low and inconsiderable Preamble continued.

Rates, to the said Owners or their Agents: And other of the said Officers, who have discharged their Duties in the due Execution of the said Act, have been molested therefore, and several Actions, Suits, Plaints and Informations, have been brought and prosecuted against some of them in Countries and Places far distant from their Habitations, to their great Charge and Discouragement. For the Vindication therefore of the Authority of Parliament from such bold Affronts, and the Indemnifying as well of such Officers, who have faithfully endeavoured the Execution of the said Act (although they have not strictly pursued the same in every Circumstance) as of such other Person and Persons who have acted in their Aid and Assistance, and for the better and further Suppression of the said Nusance; Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That all and every Constable, Tythingman, Headborough, Church-warden, and Overseer of the Poor, and every other Person or Persons who have acted in or concerning the Seizure, Keeping, Detaining or Disposing of any Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Beef, Pork or Bacon, Imported contrary to the said Act, after the said Second Day of February, shall be, and are hereby saved harmless, and indemnified in that behalf, against the Owner or Owners thereof, at the time of such Importation, their Executors and Administrators, and every other Person and Persons claiming from, by, or under their Gift, Grant, or other Disposition; and against all and every Person and Persons, to whom any fraudulent Sale hath been made after such Importation, as aforesaid, and their and every of their Executors and Administrators.

All Officers and other Persons, who have seized any imported Cattle, &c. saved harmless.

Altered as to Bacon, by 5 & 6 W. & M. cap. 2.

III. And it is Provided and further Enacted, That not only the Constables and Officers above-named, but every or any other Inhabitant or Inhabitants of or within the Liberties, Parishes, and Places where such Importation shall be made, shall and may Take and Seize the Cattle and Goods so Imported, and after such Seizure shall forthwith deliver or cause them to be delivered to the Constable, Tythingman, Headborough, Churchwarden, or Overseers of the Poor, or any of them, within the respective Liberties, Parishes and Places aforesaid; to be Kept, Ordered and Disposed in the Manner, and to the Uses and Purposes in this Act, and in the said recited Act, or either of them, mentioned and directed.

Any Person may seize imported Cattle, and deliver them to the Officers of the Parish, &c.

IV. And it is further Enacted, That if no Seizure at all shall be made by the Officers or Inhabitants, nor any of them, within the Liberty, Parish or Place where such Cattle or Goods, as aforesaid, shall be first Imported, then such Liberty, Parish and Place, and the Inhabitants thereof, neglecting to make such Seizure, for every Default shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, which shall be imployed for the Use of the House of Correction within the County or Liberty where such Default of Seizure shall be; and the Monies so to be forfeited, and other the Penalties and Forfeitures which are to accrue to the Poor by virtue of this Act, and the said recited Act, or either of them, shall be accounted for to such Persons, at such times, and in such manner, as the Overseers of the Poor are appointed to account by the Statute made in the Three and fortieth Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, Chapter the second.

Cattle, &c. Imported and no Seizure made, the Parish, &c. to forfeit 100 *l.* to the House of Correction.

V. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Ship or Vessel, with all her Tackle and Apparel, in which any great Cattle, Swine, Sheep, Beef, Pork or Bacon, from and after the Four and twentieth day of March, in the Year of our Lord One thousand six hundred fifty and seven, shall be Imported from Ireland, or any other Parts beyond the Seas, into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and out of which they or any of them shall be put on shore there, shall be forfeited: And that it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons, within the space of One Year after such Importation, to take and seize the same Ship or Vessel, with all

Ships bringing Cattle, &c. from beyond Sea, forfeited.

Altered as to Bacon, ut supra.

May be Seized within a Year.

all her Tackle and Apparel, and to make Sale thereof to the best Advantage; and that one half of the Monies to be raised by such Sale, shall be disposed of to the Use of the Poor of the Parish where the same shall be so seized, the other half to be to his or their Use that shall so seize the same: And also that it shall and may be lawful to and for any Justice of Peace of the County, or Chief Officer of the Port-Town, in or near the Place where such Importation shall be made, or where any of the Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Beef, Pork or Bacon, so Imported, shall be driven or brought, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice of Peace or Chief Officer, to cause to be Apprehended all and every the Masters, Mariners and Seamen, having Charge of, or belonging to such Ship or Vessel, in which such Importation shall be made, and all and every other Person and Persons acting or imployed in the Landing, Driving, Attending on, or taking Care or Charge of the said Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Beef, Pork or Bacon imported, as aforesaid, and them to commit to the Common Goal of the said County, there to remain without Bail or Mainprise, for the space of Three Months.

The Money raised thereby, One half to the Poor, the other to the Informer or Seizer.

The Seamen to be apprehended, and all others concerned, and sent to the Common Goal.

VI. And be it further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That whensoever, and as often as it shall happen, either through any fraudulent Agreement, or unfaithful Connivance of any Constable, Headborough, Tythingman, Churchwarden, or Overseer of the Poor, or that it shall happen any otherwise howsoever, that any great Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Beef, Pork or Bacon, after the first Seizure of them, or any of them, by Virtue of the aforesaid Act, shall be Driven, Brought, Carried into, or Found in any other Parish or Place, than where the same shall be first seized, as aforesaid; That then, and so often, and from time to time, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Constable, Tythingman, Headborough, Churchwarden, or Overseer of the Poor of every or any such other Parish or Place where such great Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Beef, Pork or Bacon, shall be Brought, Driven, or Carried into, or Found, as aforesaid, to Seize, Take, and Dispose the same, and every or any of them, as Forfeited, the one Moiety thereof to the Use of the Poor of such other Parish or Place where such Seizure shall be made, the other to the Use of such Officer or Officers who shall seize the same, as aforesaid; Any other or former Seizure or Seizures in any other Parish or Parishes, Place or Places, notwithstanding.

Altered as to Bacon.

If any Constable, &c. neglect to seize, another may take them, and have the One half, giving the other to the Poor.

VII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Action, Bill, Plaint, Suit or Information, is, or shall be commenced, or prosecuted against any Person or Persons, for any Seizure or other thing made or done, or to be made or done, by Virtue or Colour of this, or the aforesaid Act; and upon the Trial of such Action, Bill, Plaint, Suit or Information, it shall not be proved to the Jury that shall try the same, that the Cause of such Action, Bill, Plaint, Suit or Information, did arise within such County where such Action, Plaint, Suit or Information is laid and tried, the Defendant and Defendants shall be found Not-guilty, without having regard to any Evidence given by or for the Plaintiff, Informer or Prosecutor.

Trial in the County where the Cause of Action.

VIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Action, Bill, Plaint, Suit or Information, hath been, or shall be commenced or prosecuted against any Person or Persons, for any Seizure or other Thing done or made, or to be done or made in pursuance or execution of this or the aforesaid Act, such Person or Persons so sued in any Court whatsoever, may plead the General Issue, and give this and the aforesaid Act, and the special matter, in Evidence for their Excuse or Justification: And if the Plaintiff or Prosecutor shall become Non-suit, or forbear Prosecution, or suffer Discontinuance, or if a Verdict pass against him in any such Action, Bill, Plaint, Suit or Information, as aforesaid, the Defendants shall have treble Costs, for which they shall have the like Remedy as in any Case where Costs by Law are given to the Defendant.

General Issue.

Defendant to have treble Costs.

Proviso to import Cattle from the Isle of *Man.*

IX. Provided always, That nothing in this Act shall be construed to hinder the Importation of Cattle from the Isle of Man into this Kingdom of England, so as the Number of the said Cattle do not exceed Six hundred Head yearly, and that they be not of any other Breed than of the Breed of the Isle of Man, and that they be Landed at the Port of Chester, or some of the Members thereof, and not elsewhere. 15 Car. 2. *cap.* 7. §. 22. 18 Car. 2. *cap.* 7. §. 9.

Confederacy to elude this Act incurs a *Præmunire.*

X. And it is lastly Enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully and fraudulently Conspire, Confederate, or Agree together, to Avoid or Evade the Seizures or Forfeitures upon Importation of Cattle or Goods in this present Act particularly specified, and the same shall put in execution; Then every such Person and Persons, being thereof lawfully Indicted or Presented within one Year next after such Offence by him or them committed, and being thereof lawfully Convicted or Attainted at any time hereafter, according to the Laws of this Realm, shall incur the Dangers, Penalties, Pains and Forfeitures contained and provided in and by the Statute of Provision and Præmunire, made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of King Richard the Second. 16 R. 2.

Anno 22 CAROLI II. *Regis.*

CAP. XIII.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Improvement of Tillage, and the Breed of Cattle.

Corn or Grain imported not exceeding certain Rates, to pay the Duties by this Act.

AND it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That when the Prices of Corn and Grain, at the Times, Havens and Places, when and where the said Corn or Grain shall be Imported into this Kingdom, exceed not the Rates hereafter following, there shall be answered and paid for the Custom and Poundage thereof these Rates; That is to say, For every Quarter of Wheat, when the same shall not exceed the Price of Three and fifty Shillings and Four Pence the Quarter, there shall be paid for the Custom and Poundage thereof, the Sum of Sixteen Shillings: And when the same shall exceed the Sum of Three and fifty Shillings and Four Pence the Quarter, and yet not above Four Pounds the Quarter, That then there shall be answered and paid for the Custom and Poundage of every Quarter of Wheat the Sum of Eight Shillings: for every Quarter of Rye when the same doth not exceed the Price of Forty Shillings the Quarter, there shall be answered and paid for the Custom and Poundage thereof the Sum of Sixteen Shillings the Quarter; for every Quarter of Barley or Malt, when the same doth not exceed the Price of Two and thirty Shillings the Quarter, there shall be answered and paid for the Custom and Poundage thereof the Sum of Sixteen Shillings the Quarter; for every Quarter of Buck-wheat when the same doth not exceed the Price of Two and thirty Shillings the Quarter, there shall be answered and paid for the Custom and Poundage thereof the Sum of Sixteen Shillings the Quarter; for every Quarter of Oats, when the same doth not exceed the Sum of Sixteen Shillings the Quarter, there shall be answered and paid for the Custom and Poundage thereof, the Sum of Five Shillings and Four Pence the Quarter; for every Quarter of Pease or Beans, when the same doth not exceed the Sum of Forty Shillings the Quarter, there shall be answered and paid for the Custom and Poundage thereof, the Sum of Sixteen Shillings the Quarter: each Quarter to contain Eight Bushels, and each Bushel to contain Eight Gallons, and no more. *Book of Rates,* 12 Car. 2. *cap.* 4.

The Prices to be Ascertained twice every Year. 1 Ja. 2. *cap.* 19.

II. But

Book of Rates, 12 Car. 2. cap. 4.

II. But when the Prices of the ſeveral Sorts of Corn or Grain above-mentioned, ſhall exceed the reſpective Rates aboveſaid, at the Times and Places of Importation; That then and in every ſuch Caſe there be anſwered and paid for the ſame, the Duties payable in ſuch Caſe before the making of this Act.

Pays ſeveral other Duties as a Drug.

III. And for the further Encouragement of French or Pearl Barley in this Kingdom, That there ſhall be paid for the Cuſtom of every Hundred weight of French or Pearl Barley, the Sum of Five Shillings. French or Pearl Barley.

VI. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty fourth day of June, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred ſeventy and one, there ſhall be paid for every Ox or Steer that ſhall be Tranſported into the Parts beyond the Seas by any Perſon or Perſons, Native or Foreigner, the Sum of Twelve Pence, and no more: The aforeſaid Act of Tonnage and Poundage, or any other Law, Statute, Uſage, or other Prohibition to the contrary hereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

12 Car. 2. *cap.* 4. §. 11.

Ox or Steer tranſported, to pay 1 *s.*

VII. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year aforeſaid, It ſhall be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons, Native or Foreigner, to Ship, Lade, or Tranſport Cows or Heifers, paying for each Cow or Heifer the Sum of Twelve Pence, and no more: And alſo to Ship, Lade and Tranſport all ſorts of Swine, or Hogs, paying for each Swine or Hog Two Pence, and no more; Any Statute, Law, Uſage, or other Prohibition to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Cows or Heifers, 1 *s.*

Swine or Hogs, 2 *d.* each.

VIII. And for the further Encouragement of the Breed of Horſes, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred and ſeventy, and from thence forward, It ſhall be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons, Native or Foreigner, at any time or times, to Ship, Lade and Tranſport, by way of Merchandize, Horſes or Mares into any Parts beyond the Seas, in Amity with his Majeſty, paying for each Horſe or Mare the Sum of Five Shillings, and for each Gelding the Sum of Five Shillings, and no more; The aforeſaid Act of Tonnage and Poundage, or any other Law, Statute, Uſage, or any other Prohibition to the contrary hereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Horſes and Mares may be tranſported, paying 5 *s.* each

12 Car. 2. *cap.* 4. §. 11.

Anno

Anno 22 CAROLI II. *Regis.*

CAP. XXVI.

An Act to prevent the Planting of Tobacco in *England*, and Regulating the Plantation Trade.

Preamble.

Whereas the Sowing, Setting, Planting and Curing of Tobacco within divers Parts of the Kingdom of England, doth continue and increase, to the apparent Loss of his Majesties Customs, and the Discouragement of his Majesties Plantations in America, and great Prejudice of the Trade and Navigation of this Realm, and the Vent of its Commodities thither, notwithstanding an Act of Parliament made in the twelfth Year of his Majesties Reign that now is, for the Prevention thereof, Intituled, An Act for Prohibiting the Planting, Setting, or Sowing of Tobacco in *England* and *Ireland*; And also one other Act of this present Parliament, made in the fifteenth Year of his said Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for the Encouragement of Trade. 12 Car. 2. *cap.* 34. 15 Car. 2. *cap.* 7.

Justices of the Peace are to command all Constables, &c. to make a Presentment to them of what Tobacco is planted, and upon whose Land.

II. And forasmuch as the Remedies and Provisions by those Laws are found not large enough to obviate and prevent the Planting thereof, Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the first Day of May, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred seventy and one, all Justices of the Peace, within their several Limits and Jurisdictions, shall and do, a Month before every general Quarter-Sessions to be holden for their respective Counties, issue forth their Warrants to all High-Constables, Petty-Constables, and Tythingmen, within their several Limits, thereby requiring the said High-Constables, Petty-Constables, and Tythingmen, and every of them, to make diligent Search and Inquisition, what Tobacco is then sown, set, planted, growing, curing, cured or made, within their several and respective Limits and Jurisdictions, and by whom; And to make a true and lawful Presentment in Writing upon Oath, at the next general Quarter-Sessions to be holden for such County, of the Names of all such Persons as have sown, set, planted, cured or made any Tobacco, and what the full Quantity of Land is, or was sown, set or planted therewith, and who are the immediate Tenant or Tenants, or present Occupiers of the Land so sown, set or planted, who are and shall be deemed Planters thereof, to all Intents and Purposes.

Which Presentment being filed, shall be a sufficient Conviction;

Except upon Notice, it shall be traversed.

III. Which said Presentment upon Oath, shall be received and filed by the Clerk of the Peace of the said County, in open Sessions; and after such Receipt and Filing, shall be a sufficient Conviction in Law, to all Intents and Purposes, of all such Persons as shall be so presented for the sowing, setting, planting, improving to grow, making or curing Tobacco, either in Seed, Plant, Leaf, or otherwise, contrary to the said recited Acts, or either of them; unless such Person or Persons so presented (having Notice given to him or them of such Presentment made, by the Delivery of a Copy of such Presentment to him or them, or by leaving a Copy of such Presentment at his or their Dwelling-house or Houses, or usual Place of Abode, in the Presence of one or more credible Witnesses, ten Days at the least before the next Quarter-Sessions) shall at the Quarter-Sessions next after such Notice shall be given to him or them, traverse such Presentment, and find sufficient Sureties for the Prosecuting and Trying such Traverse at the Quarter-Sessions to be holden for the said County, next after such Traverse shall be entred or made.

IV. And

IV. And it is hereby further Enacted, That all Constables, Tythingmen, Bayliffs, and other publick Officers, shall and do, within their respective Jurisdictions, from time to time, as often as Occasion shall require, within fourteen Days after Warrant from two or more of the Justices of the Peace within such County, Town, City or Place to them, calling to their Assistance such Person or Persons as they and every of them shall find convenient and necessary, pluck up, burn, consume, tear in pieces, and utterly destroy all Tobacco-Seed, Plant, Leaf planted, sowed, or growing in any Field, Earth, or Ground.

Power given to all Officers, &c. to pull up, &c. and destroy all the Plants, &c.

V. And if any such Tobacco shall be suffered or permitted to grow, or be unconsumed in Seed, Plant or Leaf, in any Townshiip, Tything, Parish, Hamlet or Place, by the space of fourteen Days after the Receipt of such Warrant or Warrants, by the said Constables, Tythingmen, Bailiffs, or other publick Officers of the respective Townships, Tythings, Parishes or Hamlets, as aforesaid, that then such Constables, Tythingmen, Bailiffs, or other publick Officers respectively, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Shillings for every Rod, Perch or Pole of Ground so set, planted, or sowed with Tobacco, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser Quantity of Ground, one Moiety thereof to the Kings Majesty, and the other Moiety thereof to him or them that shall sue for the same, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster.

The Penalty of Officers not doing their Duty in destroying of it.

VI. And it is hereby further Enacted, That in case any Person or Persons shall refuse or neglect to aid or assist (being thereunto required) any Constable, Bailiff, or other publick Officer, in the due Execution of this Act, That every such Person or Persons, for every such Offence, upon Conviction thereof made before two Justices of the Peace of the said County where such Offence shall be committed, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Shillings, to be levied by Warrant from the said Justices, by Distress and Sale of the Offenders Goods; And in case no Distress can be found, then every such Offender shall be committed to the common Goal of the said County, there to remain for the space of one Week, without Bail or Mainprize.

The Penalty for refusing to assist the Officers.

VII. And if any Person or Persons whatsoever, shall forcibly resist any Constable, Bailiff, or other publick Officer, or other Person or Persons whatsoever, in the due Execution of this Act, That then every such Person, for every such Offence, upon Conviction thereof made before two Justices of the Peace of the said County where such Offence shall be committed, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds, to be levied by Warrant from the said Justices, by Distress and Sale of the Offenders Goods; And in case no Distress can be found, then every such Offender shall be committed to the common Goal of the said County, there to remain for the space of three Months, without Bail or Mainprize.

Resisting the Officers.

TheForfeitur

VIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Action, Plaint, Suit, or Information, shall be commenced or prosecuted against any Person or Persons, for what he or they shall do in pursuance or Execution of this Act, or either of the recited Acts, such Person or Persons so sued in any Court whatsoever, shall or may plead the General Issue, Not Guilty, and upon any Issue joyned, may give this Act, or the said recited Acts, or either of them, and the Special Matter in Evidence; And if the Plaintiff or Prosecutor shall become Nonsuit, or forbear further Prosecution, or suffer Discontinuance, or if a Verdict shall pass against him, the Defendant or Defendants shall recover their Costs, for which they shall have the like Remedy, as in case where Costs are given by Law to the Defendants.

The Officers to any Action brought against them, may plead *Not Guilty*.

If Judgment pass for them, they shall recover double Costs.

IX. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted, That this Act, nor any thing therein contained, shall extend to the hindring of the Planting of Tobacco in any Physick Garden of either University, or in any other private Garden for Physick or Chirurgery only,

Proviso for Tobacco Planted in Physick Gardens.

only, ſo as the Quantity ſo Planted exceed not one half of one Pole in any one Place or Garden.

Preamble. X. And whereas by one Act of Parliament in the Fifteenth Year of his Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for the Encouragement of Trade, It is Declared, That inaſmuch as his Majeſties Plantations beyond the Seas are inhabited with his Subjects of England, for the maintaining a better Correſpondency betwixt them, and keeping them in a firmer Dependance upon it, and rendring them yet more beneficial and advantageous unto it, in the further Employment and Increaſe of Engliſh Shipping and Seamen, Vent of Woollen and other Manufactures, rendring the Navigation to and from the ſame more ſafe and cheap, and making this Kingdom a Staple, not only of the Commodities of thoſe Plantations, but alſo of the Commodities of other Countries, for the ſupplying them (it being the Uſage of other Nations to keep their Plantation-Trades to themſelves) It was therefore Enacted, That no Goods or Commodities of Europe ſhall be carried into any the Plantations of Aſia, Africa, or America, but what ſhall, bona fide, be laden and ſhipped in England, and in Engliſh built Ships, or Ships made Free and Navigated with Engliſh, according to an Act of Parliament on that behalf: And that no Officer of the Cuſtoms in England or Wales ſhall give any Warrant, or ſuffer any Sugar, Tobacco, and other Plantation-Goods therein particularly named, to be carried into any other Country or Place whatſoever, until they have been firſt bona fide unladed in England, as by the ſaid Act doth more at large appear. 15 Car. 2 cap. 7.

XI. Notwithſtanding which, ſome Perſons taking advantage of the not mentioning the Repealing of the word Ireland, in one Clauſe in an Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth Year of his Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for the Encouraging and Increaſe of Shipping and Navigation; where Bonds are directed to be taken for all Ships that ſhall lade any Sugar, or other Commodities therein particularly mentioned, in any of the ſaid Plantations, That the ſame Commodities ſhall be by the ſaid Ship brought to ſome Port of England, Ireland, Wales or Town or Port of Berwick, and ſhall there unload, and put the ſame on ſhore, the ſaid Perſons having either refuſed to give Bond for the return of their Ships in ſuch caſe to England, Wales, or Town or Port of Berwick only, or having given ſuch Bonds, have nevertheleſs gone with their Ships to Ireland; By which means (although this Kingdom hath, and doth daily ſuffer a great Prejudice by the tranſporting great Numbers of the People thereof to the ſaid Plantations, for the Peopling of them) yet that the Trade of them would thereby in a great meaſure be diverted from hence, and carried elſewhere, his Majeſties Cuſtoms, and other Revenues much leſſened, and this Kingdom not continue a Staple of the ſaid Commodities of the ſaid Plantations, nor that vent for the future, of the Victual, and other Native Commodities of this Kingdom: Be it therefore Enacted, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the word Ireland ſhall from and after the Twenty fourth Day of May, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred and ſeventy one, be left out of all ſuch Bonds which ſhall be taken for any Ship or Veſſel which ſhall ſet ſail out of, or from England, Ireland, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, for any Engliſh Plantation in America, Aſia, Africa; And that in caſe the ſaid Ship or Veſſel ſhall load any of the ſaid Commodities at any of the ſaid Engliſh Plantations, That the ſaid Commodities ſhall be by the ſaid Ship or Veſſel brought to ſome Port of England, or Wales, or to the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and ſhall there unload and put on ſhore the ſame (the danger of the Seas only excepted) and in like manner for all Ships coming from any other Port or Place, to any of the aforeſaid Plantations, who by the aforeſaid Act for encouraging and increaſe of Shipping, are permitted to trade there; That from and after the Nine and twentieth Day of September, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred ſeventy 12 Car. 2. cap. 18. §. 19.

The word *Ireland* ſhall be left out of all Bonds that ſhall be taken for any Ship that ſhall ſet ſail out of, or from *England, Ireland, Wales*, &c. for any *Engliſh* Plantation in *America, &c.*

Great Britain, *by the Act of Union.* 5 A.

venty and one, the Governor of such English Plantations shall, before the said Ship or Vessel be permitted to load on Board any of the said Commodities, take Bond in manner, and to the Value mentioned and directed in the above-mentioned Act for the encouraging and increase of Shipping and Navigation, for each respective Ship or Vessel, That such Ship or Vessel shall carry all the aforesaid Goods that be laden on Board in the said Ship, to some other of his Majesties English Plantations, or to England, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed; And that every such Ship or Vessel which from and after the said Nine and twentieth Day of September, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred seventy and one, shall load or take on Board any of the said Commodities, until such Bond given to such Governor, or Certificate produced from the Officers of some Custom-house of England, Wales, or of the Town of Berwick, that such Bond hath been there duly given, or which contrary to the Tenor of such Bond, shall carry the said Goods to any Land, Island, Territory, Dominion, Port or Place whatsoever, other than to such other English Plantations as do belong to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or to the Kingdom of England, Principality of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and there lay the same on shore, That every such Ship or Vessel shall be forfeited, with all her Guns, Tackle, Apparel, Ammunition, Furniture and Lading, the one Moiety to the Kings Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall seize and sue for the same in any of the said Plantations, in the Court of the High Admiral of England, or of any of his Vice-Admirals, or in any Court of Record in England, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed.

What Bonds the Governors of the *British* Plantations are directed to take.

12 Car. 2. *cap.* 18. §. 19.

7 W. 3. *cap.* 22. §. 8. 10. 13.

Penalty.

XII. And whereas many Complaints have been made of Shipping, and Vessels belonging to some of his Majesties Colonies in America, that contrary to the intent and meaning of this, and other aforementioned Laws, they have brought and transported the said Commodities to divers parts of Europe, and there unloaded the same: Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Governors or their Commanders in Chief of his Majesties respective Plantations, do once a Year at least, make a Return to his Majesties Officers of his Customs in the Port of London, or to such other Person or Persons as His Majesty shall appoint to receive the same, a List of all such Ships or Vessels as shall lade any of the said Commodities in such Plantations respectively, as also a List of all the Bonds taken by them; And in case any Ship or Vessel belonging to any of his Majesties Plantations, which shall have on board her any Sugars, Tobacco, Cotton-Wooll, Indicoes, Ginger, Fustick or other Dying-wood, shall be found to have unladen in any Port or Place of Europe, other than England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, That such Ship or Vessel shall be forfeited, with all her Guns, Tackle, Apparel, Ammunition, Furniture, and Lading, to be recovered and divided, as aforesaid.

The Governors of the *American* Plantations to return yearly to the Custom-house a List of all Ships and Commodities therein.

If they shall unlade any Sugars, &c. other than in *England*, &c.

Rice and Mellasses, under the same Regulation by 3 An. *cap.* 6. *Naval Stores by* 3 An. *cap.* 10. & 12 An. *cap.* 9.

The Forfeiture.

7 W. 3 *cap.* 22. §. 7. 11.

XIII. And that it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons, to prosecute such Ship or Vessel in any Court of Admiralty in England, the one Moiety of the Forfeiture, in case of Condemnation, to be to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to such Prosecutor or Prosecutors thereof.

Where to be prosecuted.

XV. Provided always, and be it Enacted, That this Act shall continue in Force for Nine Years, and from thence to the end of the next Session of Parliament, and no longer.

How long to continue.

Anno 25 CAROLI II. *Regis.*

CAP. II.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Preventing Dangers which may happen from Popish Recusants.

FOR preventing Dangers which may happen from Popish Recusants, and quieting the Minds of His Majesties good Subjects, Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That all and every Person or Persons, as well Peers as Commoners, that shall bear any Office or Offices, Civil or Military, or shall receive any Pay, Salary, Fee or Wages, by reason of any Patent or Grant from his Majesty, or shall have Command or Place of Trust from, or under his Majesty, or from any of his Majesties Predecessors, or by his or their Authority, or by Authority derived from him or them, within the Realm of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or in his Majesties Navy, or in the several Islands of Jersey and Guernsey, or shall be of the Houshold, or in the Service or Imployment of his Majesty, or of his Royal Highness the Duke of York, who shall inhabit, reside or be within the City of London or Westminster, or within thirty Miles distant from the same, on the first Day of Easter Term, that shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred seventy three, or at any time during the said Term, all and every the said Person and Persons shall personally appear before the end of the said Term, or Trinity Term next following, in his Majesties High Court of Chancery, or in his Majesties Court of Kings Bench, and there in publick and open Court, between the hours of Nine of the Clock and Twelve in the Forenoon, take the several Oaths of Supremacy and Allegiance; which Oath of Allegiance is contained in the Statute made in the Third Year of King James, by Law established; and during the time of the taking thereof by the said Person and Persons, all Pleas and Proceedings in the said respective Courts shall cease; And that all and every of the said respective Persons and Officers, not having taken the said Oaths in the said respective Courts aforesaid, shall, on or before the first Day of August, One thousand six hundred seventy three, at the Quarter-Sessions for that County or Place where he or they shall be, inhabit or reside, on the twentieth Day of May, take the said Oaths in open Court, between the said hours of Nine and Twelve of the Clock in the Forenoon; And the said respective Officers aforesaid, shall also receive the Sacrament of the Lords Supper, according to the Usage of the Church of England, at or before the first Day of August, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred and seventy three, in some Parish Church, upon some Lords Day, commonly called Sunday, immediately after Divine Service and Sermon.

All Persons that shall bear any Offices or Places of trust under his Majesty, &c. must take the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy, and the following Oaths, &c.

When and where to appear and make Oath.

Or in the Common-Pleas, or Exchequer.

1 An. cap. 22.

Oath of Supremacy alter'd by 1 W. & M. *cap.* 8.

To receive the Sacrament according to the Usage of the Church of *England.*

II. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Person or Persons that shall be admitted, entred, placed or taken into any Office or Offices, Civil or Military, or shall receive any Pay, Salary, Fee or Wages, by reason of any Patent or Grant of his Majesty, or shall have Command or Place of Trust, from or under his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or by his or their Authority, or by Authority derived from him or them, within this Realm of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or in his Majesties Navy, or in the several Islands of Jersey and Guernsey, or that shall be admitted into any Service or Imployment in his Majesties or Royal Highnesses Houshold or Family, after the first Day of Easter Term aforesaid, and shall inhabit, be, or reside, when he or they is or are so admitted or placed, within the Cities of London or Westminster, or within thirty

All Persons to be admitted into any Office, &c. after the first day of *Easter* Term, to take the said Oath, &c.

thirty Miles of the same, shall take the said aforesaid Oaths, in the said respective Court or Courts aforesaid, in the next Term after such his or their Admittance or Admittances into the Office or Offices, Imployment or Imployments aforesaid, between the hours aforesaid, and no other, and the Proceedings to cease, as aforesaid; And that all and every such Person or Persons to be admitted after the said first Day of Easter Term, as aforesaid, not having taken the said Oaths in the said Courts aforesaid, shall at the Quarter-Sessions for that County or Place where he or they shall reside, next after such his Admittance or Admittances into any of the said respective Offices or Imployments aforesaid, take the said several and respective Oaths, as aforesaid; and all and every such Person and Persons so to be admitted, as aforesaid, shall also receive the Sacrament of the Lords Supper, according to the Usage of the Church of England, within three Months after his or their Admittance in, or receiving their said Authority and Imployment, in some publick Church, upon some Lords Day, commonly called Sunday, immediately after Divine Service and Sermon.

When and where to be taken.

Quarter-Sessions.

III. And every of the said Persons, in the respective Court where he takes the said Oaths, shall first deliver a Certificate of such his receiving the said Sacrament, as aforesaid, under the Hands of the respective Minister and Churchwarden, and shall then make Proof of the truth thereof, by two credible Witnesses at the least upon Oath; All which shall be enquired of, and put upon Record in the respective Courts.

A Certificate to be delivered into Court of his receiving the Sacrament.

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the Person or Persons aforesaid, that do or shall neglect or refuse to take the said Oaths and Sacrament in the said Courts and Places, and at the respective times aforesaid, shall be ipso facto adjudged incapable and disabled in Law, to all intents and purposes whatsoever, to have, occupy or enjoy the said Office or Offices, Imployment or Imployments, or any part of them, or any matter or thing aforesaid, or any Profit or Advantage appertaining to them, or any of them; and every such Office or Place, Imployment and Imployments shall be void, and is hereby adjudged void.

Whosoever shall neglect or refuse to take the Oaths, &c. shall be adjudged incapable of any Office.

V. And be it further Enacted, That all and every such Person or Persons that shall neglect or refuse to take the said Oaths, or the Sacrament, as aforesaid, within the times, and in the places aforesaid, and in the manner aforesaid; and yet after such neglect or refusal, shall execute any of the said Offices or Imployments, after the said times expired, wherein he or they ought to have taken the same, and being thereupon lawfully convicted, in, or upon any Information, Presentment or Indictment, in any of the Kings Courts at Westminster, or at the Assizes, every such Person and Persons shall be disabled from thenceforth to sue or use any Action, Bill, Plaint or Information in course of Law, or to prosecute any Suit in any Court of Equity, or to be Guardian of any Child, or Executor or Administrator of any Person, or capable of any Legacy or Deed of Gift, or to bear any Office within this Realm of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed; and shall forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, to be recovered by him or them that shall sue for the same, to be prosecuted by any Action of Debt, Suit, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of his Majesties Courts at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law shall lie.

No Person shall execute any Office, after such neglect or refusal.

Nor after conviction prosecute any Suit in Law or Equity, or be Guardian to any Child, or Executor, &c. The Forfeiture.

VI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Names of all and singular such Persons and Officers aforesaid, that do or shall take the Oaths aforesaid, shall be in the respective Courts of Chancery and Kings Bench, and the Quarter-Sessions, inrolled, with the Day and Time of their taking the same, in Rolls made and kept only for that intent and purpose, and for no other; The which Rolls, as for the Court of Chancery, shall be publickly hung up in the Office of the Petty-Bag, and the Roll for the Kings Bench in the Crown Office of the said Court, and in some publick place in every Quarter-Sessions, and there remain

1 A. cap. 22.

The Names of Persons taking the Oaths, where to be registred.

during the whole Term, every Term, and during the whole time of the said Sessions, in every Quarter-Sessions, for every one to resort to and look upon, without Fee or Reward; and likewise none of the Person or Persons aforesaid shall give or pay as any Fee or Reward, to any Officer or Officers belonging to any of the Courts aforesaid, above the Sum of Twelve pence, for his or their Entry of his or their taking of the said Oaths aforesaid.

The Fees allowed.

VII. And further, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the respective Courts aforesaid, to give and administer the said Oaths aforesaid to the Person or Persons aforesaid, in manner as aforesaid; and upon due tender of any such Person or Persons to take the said Oaths, the said Courts are hereby required and enjoyned to administer the same.

Upon tender made to the Courts, they are obliged to administer the Oaths.

VIII. And be it further Enacted, That if any Person or Persons not bred up by his or their Parent or Parents from their Infancy in the Popish Religion, and professing themselves to be Popish Recusants, shall breed up, instruct or educate his or their Child or Children, or suffer them to be instructed or educated in the Popish Religion, every such Person being thereof convicted, shall be from thenceforth disabled of bearing any Office or Place of Trust or Profit in Church or State: And all such Children as shall be so brought up, instructed or educated, are and shall be hereby disabled of bearing any such Office or Place of Trust or Profit, until he and they shall be perfectly reconciled and converted to the Church of England, and shall take the Oaths of Supremacy and Allegiance aforesaid, before the Justices of the Peace, in the open Quarter-Sessions of the County or Place where they shall inhabit, and thereupon receive the Sacrament of the Lords Supper, after the Usage of the Church of England, and obtain a Certificate thereof under the hands of two or more of the said Justices of the Peace.

No Person not bred up in the Popish Religion by his Parents, shall breed up or suffer his Children to be bred up in the Popish Religion.

The Penalty.

IX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That at the same time when the Persons concerned in this Act shall take the aforesaid Oaths of Supremacy and Allegiance, they shall likewise make and subscribe this Declaration following, under the same Penalties and Forfeitures as by this Act is appointed:

At the taking of the Oaths to subscribe the Declaration following.

I *A. B.* do declare, That I do believe there is not any Transubstantiation in the Sacrament of the Lords Supper, or in the Elements of Bread and Wine, at or after the Consecration thereof by any Person whatsoever.

The Declaration.

X. Of which Subscription there shall be the like Register kept, as of the taking the Oaths aforesaid.

A Register to be kept of the Subscription.

XIV. Provided also, That any Person who by his or her Neglect or Refusal, according to this Act, shall lose or forfeit any Office, may be capable by a new Grant of the said Office, or of any other, and to have and hold the same again, such Person taking the said Oaths, and doing all other things required by this Act, so as such Office be not granted to, and actually enjoyed by some other Person at the time of the regranting thereof.

Any Person forfeiting his Office, by virtue hereof, may upon taking of the Oaths, &c. be capable of a new Grant.

Anno 25 CAROLI II. Regis.

CAP. VI.

An Act for taking off Aliens Duty upon Commodities of the Growth, Product, and Manufacture of the Nation.

11 H. 7. cap. 14. Whereas by a Statute made in the eleventh Year of King Henry the Seventh, It is Enacted, That all Merchant-Strangers, and others that be made Denizens by the Kings Letters-Patents, or otherwise, shall pay such Customs and Subsidies for their Goods and Merchandize Inwards and Outwards, as they should have paid if such Letters-Patents had never to them been made; And whereas by one other Statute made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, Intituled, A Subsidy granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandizes Exported and Imported, and afterwards confirmed by an Act of Parliament made in the 12 Car. 2. cap. 4. §. 6. 13 Car. 2. cap. 7. thirteenth Year of his said Majesties Reign, It is Enacted, That every Merchant Natural-born Subject, Denizen and Alien, shall pay the Sum of Twelve Pence for all manner of Goods or Merchandize to be carried out of this Realm, or to be brought into the same by way of Merchandize, amounting to the Value of Twenty Shillings, according to the Book of Rates, whereto Reference is made by the said Statute; and that every Merchant-Alien shall pay the Sum of Twelve Pence, over and above the Twelve Pence aforesaid, for all manner of the Native Commodities of this Realm, or Manufactures wrought of any such Native Commodities of the Value of Twenty Shillings, to be carried out of this Realm by such Merchant-Aliens: And whereas by another Clause of the said Statute of the twelfth Year of his Majesties Reign 12 Car. 2. cap. 4. §. 2. that now is, It is Enacted, That all Strangers and Aliens shall pay Six Shillings and Eight Pence per Piece for every Short Cloth to be carried out of this Realm by such Strangers or Aliens: And whereas by the twelfth Article of Rules, Orders, Directions and Allowances annexed to the said Book of Rates, it is recited, ordered and directed, That Merchant Strangers should pay double Petty-Custom for Lead, Tin, Woollen Cloth, and for Native Manufactures of Wooll, or part of Wooll, and for all other Goods, as well Inwards as Outwards, rated to pay the Subsidy of Poundage, Three Pence in the Pound, and other Duties payable by Charta Mercatoria, besides the Subsidy; Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much, and such Clauses only of the said Statutes of the eleventh Year of Henry the Seventh, and of the twelfth Year of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, and of the said twelfth Article of Rules, Orders, Directions and Allowances, and of Charta Mercatoria therein mentioned, and all other Clauses contained in any other Act or Statutes of this Realm whatsoever, as do any ways concern any Custom or Subsidy upon any of the Native Commodities of this Kingdom, (except Coals) or Manufactures wrought or made in this Kingdom, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, to be Exported out of this Realm, payable by any Merchant-Alien made Denizen, or other Stranger or Alien, over and above the Custom and Subsidy payable by his Majesties Natural-born Subjects, and no more, be hereby Repealed.

So much of the Statutes here mentioned as concern the paying Aliens Custom (except Coals) Repealed.

II. And for the further Explanation hereof, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the first Day of May, which shall be in the Year One thousand six hundred and seventy three, every such Merchant, Denizen, Stranger or Alien, shall pay for all Merchandize consisting of any of the Native Commodities

Denizens and Aliens shall pay no more for the Native Commodities of this Nation than Natural-born Subjects, (except for Coals.)

modities of this Realm (except Coals) or Manufactures wrought or made in the Kingdom of England, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, to be carried out of this Realm by any such Merchant, Denizen, Stranger or Alien, such Customs and Subsidies only, and no other or greater than Merchants being the Kings Natural-born Subjects do, by virtue of the said Statute of the twelfth Year of his Majesty that now is, pay for any Merchandize of the Native Commodities of this Realm (except Coals) or Manufactures wrought or made in this Kingdom, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, to be Exported out of this Realm by such Natural-born Subjects; Any Law, Custom or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

What they shall pay for Fish.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the first Day of May, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred seventy and three, every Merchant, Denizen or Alien, shall pay for all sorts of Fish taught by Englishmen, and Exported in English Shipping, and whereof the Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners shall be English, such Customs and Subsidies only, and no greater or other than Merchants being Natives of this Realm, do pay for the same.

Note, *This Act is continued with the Acts of Tonnage and Poundage.*

Anno 25 CAROLI II. *Regis.*

CAP. VII.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the Encouragement of the *Greenland* and *Eastland* Trades, and for the better securing the Plantation-Trade.

The Reasons for this Act.

FOrasmuch as the Whale-fishing is a very considerable and profitable Trade, giving Employments to great Numbers of Seamen and Shipping; And whereas neighbouring Nations do yearly make great Advantage thereby, not only supplying themselves with that sort of Oyl and Fins, but vending into other Parts great Quantities thereof, and particularly into this Kingdom, where the said Trade is in a manner quite decayed and lost: For Remedy thereof, and Incouragement of such as shall be willing to employ themselves and their Estates in this Trade; Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for all his Majesties Subjects of this his Realm of England and Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and for every other Person or Persons of what Nation soever, residing and inhabiting here, during the time of such their Residence, freely to Trade into and from Greenland, and those Seas, and there to take Whales, and all other sorts of Fish, and to Import into this Kingdom all sorts of Oyl, Blubber and Fins thereof, and to use and exercise all other Trade to and from Greenland, and those Parts. And for the further Encouraging of the said Trade, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons, Native or Foreigner, to Import Train-oyl, or Blubber of Greenland, and Parts adjacent, and those Seas, or of New-found-land, or of any other his Majesties Colonies and Plantations, made of Fish, or of any other Creature living in the Seas, and Whale-fins taught in any Ships or Vessels truly and properly belonging to England, or Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and Imported in such Ships, without paying any Custom or other Duty for the same; And for the Tun of such Oyl taken by any Shipping belonging to any of his Majesties Colonies and Plantations, and Imported in such Shipping, there shall be paid the Sum of Six Shillings; and for every Tun of Whale-fins taken and Imported in such Shipping, the Sum of

Persons residing here may trade to *Greenland*, *Newfoundland*, &c.

and import Oyl, Blubber, and Fins free of Duty.

If taken by and imported in Plantation-Ships, what Duty to pay.

Fifty

Fifty Shillings; and for the Tun of such Oyl taken by the said Shipping, but Imported by Shipping belonging to England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, the Sum of Three Shillings; and for every Tun of Whale-fins Taken and Imported in such Shipping, the Sum of Five and twenty Shillings; and for the Tun of all such Oyl and Blubber of Foreign Fishing, the Sum of Nine Pounds; and for every Tun of Whale-fins of Foreign Fishing, the Sum of Eighteen Pounds, and no more. And in regard there are at present great want of Harpiniers and Seamen skilled and exercised in the Trade of Whale-fishing, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for any Ship or Vessel truly belonging to England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and whereof the Master shall be an Englishman, and inhabiting within the Places aforesaid, from and after the First Day of May, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred seventy and three, and until the Five and twentieth of March, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred eighty and three, employed for the Catching of Whales during such Voyage, to be Navigated with one Moiety of the Harpiniers, and the one Moiety of the rest of the Mariners only English, and yet to pay no further or other Custom for the Oyl, Blubber, or Fins Caught and Imported in such Ship or Vessel, than if such Ship or Vessel had been Navigated with Three Fourth of the Mariners English; Any Law, Statute, or Usage to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Liberty given to have one Moiety of Harpiniers, and one Moiety of *English* Mariners in an *English* Vessel, with the same Privilege as before.

II. Provided always, and it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no English-built Ship, or other Ship or Vessel belonging to England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, Importing Whale-oyl, or Blubber, or other Fish, Oyl or Whale-fins of Greenland, or those Seas, shall enjoy any Benefit or Privilege by this Act, unless such Ship or Vessel did proceed on her Voyage to Greenland and those Seas, from England or Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and was Victualled for the said Voyage in some of those Places, to be attested by the Collector of the Port where the said Ship or Vessel was Victualled.

The *English* Ship which is to have the Benefit of this Act, must proceed from *England* to *Greenland*.

Great Britain. 5 An. *cap.* 8.

III. And whereas by one Act passed in this present Parliament, in the Twelfth Year of your Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for Encouragement of Shipping and Navigation, and by several other Laws passed since that time, it is permitted to Ship, Carry, Convey, and Transport Sugar, Tobacco, Cotten-wooll, Indico, Ginger, Fustick, and all other Dying-wood of the Growth, Production, and Manufacture of any of your Majesties Plantations in America, Asia, or Africa, from the Places of their Growth, Production and Manufacture, to any other of your Majesties Plantations in those Parts, (Tangier only excepted) and that without paying of Custom for the same, either at the Lading or Unlading of the said Commodities, by means whereof the Trade and Navigation in those Commodities from one Plantation to another is greatly increased; and the Inhabitants of divers of those Colonies, not contenting themselves with being supplied with those Commodities for their own Use, free from all Customs (while the Subjects of this your Kingdom of England have paid great Customs and Impositions for what of them hath been spent here) but contrary to the express Letter of the aforesaid Laws, have brought into divers Parts of Europe great Quantities thereof, and do also daily bring great Quantities thereof to the Shipping of other Nations, who bring them into divers Parts of Europe, to the great hurt and Diminution of your Majesties Customs, and of the Trade and Navigation of this your Kingdom; For the Prevention thereof, We your Majesties Commons in Parliament assembled, do pray that it may be Enacted, And be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of September, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred seventy and three, If any Ship or Vessel,

12 Car. 2. *cap.* 18.

which

Bond to be given to bring the Enumerated Goods of the *American* Plantations to *England*.

which by Law may Trade in any of your Majesties Plantations, shall come to any of them to ship and take on Board any of the aforesaid Commodities, and that Bond shall not be first given with one sufficient Surety, to bring the same to England or Wales, or Great Britain, 5 An. *cap.* 8. Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and to no other Place, and there to unload and put the same on Shore (the Danger of the Seas only excepted) that there shall be answered and paid to your Majesty, your Heirs and Successors, for so much of the said Commodities as shall be laded and put on Board such Ship or Vessel, these following

The Rates for the Customs to be paid on certain Commodities.

Rates or Duties: That is to say, For Sugar White, the Hundred Weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, Five Shillings; and Brown Sugar and Barbadoes, the Hundred Weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, One Shilling and Six Pence; for Tobacco, the Pound, One Peny; for Cotton-Wooll, the Pound, One half-peny; for Indico, the Pound, Two Pence; for Ginger, the Hundred Weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, One Shilling; for Logwood, the Hundred Weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, Five Pounds; for Fustick, and all other Dying-wood, the Hundred Weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, Six Pence; and also for every Pound of Cocoa-Nuts, One Peny; to be levied, collected and paid at such Places, and to such Collectors and other Officers as shall be appointed in the respective Plantations to collect, levy and receive the same, before the Lading thereof, and under such Penalties both to the Officers, and upon the Goods, as for Non-payment of, or Defrauding his Majesty of his Customs in England. 7 W. 3 *cap.* 22. §. 8.

The Penalty.

The Duty to be managed by the Commissioners of the Customs in *England*.

IV. And for the better Collection of the several Rates and Duties aforesaid imposed by this Act, Be it Enacted, and it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this whole Business shall be ordered and managed, and the several Duties hereby imposed, shall be caused to be levied by the Commissioners of the Customs in England, now and for the time being, by and under the Authority and Directions of the Lord Treasurer of England, or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being.

If the Party have not Ready Money, the Officers to take a Proportion of the Commodities.

V. And in case any Person or Persons liable by this Law to pay any of the Duties afore-mentioned, shall not have Monies wherewith to answer and pay the same; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Officers appointed to collect the same, shall accept, instead of such Monies, such a Proportion of the Commodities to be shipped, as shall amount to the Value thereof, according to the current Rate of the said Commodities in such Plantations respectively.

Note, *This Act is continued with the Acts of Tonnage and Poundage.*

Anno 25 CAROLI II. *Regis.*

CAP. VIII.

An Act for Continuing a former Act concerning Coynage.

FOrasmuch as great Advantage hath accrued to this Kingdom by one Act of this present Parliament, passed in the Eighteenth Year of your Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for the Encouragement of Coynage, for that very great Quantities of Gold and Silver have been brought into this Realm, and converted into the current Coyns thereof, by reason of the Encouragement given thereto by the said Act; And whereas the said Act was to continue until the Twentieth of December, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred seventy and one, and until the End of the First Session of Parliament then next following, and no longer, so as that unless the said Act be now renewed, the Encouragement given thereby to Coynage will cease, and this Kingdom be deprived for the future of so great a Good as it hath thereby for these 18 Car. 2. *cap.* 5.

Years

Years last past injoyed: We therefore, your Majesties Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, do humbly pray that it may be Enacted, and Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons now in Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act shall continue and be in force for the space of Seven Years, to commence from and after the determination of this present Session of this Parliament, and until the end of the First Session of Parliament then next following, and no longer. How long to continue

II. Provided always, that whereas by the said Act it is Enacted, That the Monies Levied, Collected and Paid by Virtue thereof, should be Levied, Collected and Paid at the respective Custom-houses, to the Collectors and other Officers of the Customs for the time being, and be by them respectively paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer, whereby each of the said Collectors are obliged to pass a distinct Account in the Exchequer, for the Monies received by them by Virtue of the said Acts, although the Sums received by many of them are very small and inconsiderable, and yet no Allowance to be made unto them for the doing thereof:

III. For the avoiding of this unnecessary Trouble and Inconvenience to the said Collectors, Be it Enacted, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That during such time as the Customs shall be in Collection, under the Management of Commissioners, the Monies Collected, Levied and Paid by Virtue of this Act, shall be Levied, Collected and Paid to such Officers as do or shall from time to time Collect and Receive the Customs in the respective Ports, upon the Commodities charged by this Act, and shall be by them respectively Answered and Paid to the Receiver-general of the Customs now, and for the time being, whose Acquittance shall be to them and every of them a sufficient Discharge, for the Monies by them paid to him, and a Certificate by them obtained Yearly or oftner, from the Comptroller-general of the Accounts of the Customs now, and for the time being, with the Allowance of the Commissioners of the Customs, or any Three or more of them, of their having so paid all the Monies by them Received, shall be to them and every of them a Quietus, and free them from all other Accounts, or Trouble for the same. Where the Monies collected upon the Act of 18 *Car.* 2. are to be paid. A Certificate of the Comptroller-General allowed by the Commissioners to be a *Quietus.*

IV. And in case the Customs shall be Farmed, that the Monies Levied, Collected and Paid by Virtue of this Act during such time, shall be Collected, Levied and Paid in the respective Ports to such Persons as shall be appointed by the Lord Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, to Levy, Collect and Receive the same, and be by them paid to such Person as shall be in like manner appointed to Receive the said Monies from them, whose Acquittance shall be to them and every of them a sufficient Discharge for the Money by them paid to him; and a Certificate by them obtained Yearly, or oftner, from such Person or Persons as shall be in like manner appointed to give such Certificate of their having so paid all the Monies by them received, shall be to them and every of them a Quietus, and free them from all other Accounts, or Trouble for the said Monies; Any thing in the said Act for the Encouragement of Coynage, or any other Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding. What shall be a *Quietus* when the Customs are Farmed.

V. And be it hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Monies to be Levied, Collected and Paid by Virtue of this Act, shall be Levied, Collected and Paid at the Importation of the Commodities charged thereby; and that over and above all other Duties and Sums of Monies charged and payable upon the same, and under the same Penalties and Forfeitures, as for Non-payment of, or defrauding his Majesty of his Customs upon the said Commodities. Duty to be paid at Importation. Penalty.

VI. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Monies collected in the respective Ports by Virtue of this Act, shall be by the respective Officers who shall Collect the same,

distinguished and kept apart from all other Monies by them Collected upon the same Commodities, or upon any other Commodity or Merchandize whatsoever, and shall be by them respectively so answered and paid Monthly at least from the Officers of the Port of London, and Quarterly at least from the Officers of the Out-Ports, to the Receiver-general of the Customs for the time being; And when there shall be no such Receiver-general, to such other Person as shall be appointed, as aforesaid, to receive the same from them: And that such Receiver-general, or other Person who shall receive the said Monies from the Officers of the respective Ports, shall also keep the same distinct from all other Monies whatsoever, and so pay the same once in every Month at least, into the Receipt of the Exchequer; there also to be kept distinct and apart from all other Monies arising by the Customs, or by any other Way or Revenue whatsoever.

The Money to be kept apart, and by the Receiver General paid Monthly into the Exchequer.

VII. And lastly, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for the Encouragement of the respective Officers before mentioned, it shall be lawful for the Lord Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, to allow unto them out of the Monies arising by this Act for the Services abovementioned, such Salaries and Allowances as to them shall seem meet and reasonable; so as that the said Salaries and Allowances do not exceed in the whole, the Sum of Twelve pence in the Pound of the Monies collected by this Act.

Salaries and Allowances to the Officers.

Anno 32 CAROLI II. *Regis.*

CAP. II.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act Prohibiting the Importation of Cattle from *Ireland.*

The Act 18 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 2.

I. WHereas an Act of Parliament was made in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, Entituled, An Act against Importing Cattle from *Ireland*, and other Parts beyond the Seas, and Fish taken by Foreigners; which was to continue until the end of Seven Years, and from thence to the end of the First Session of the next Parliament, which is now expired:

II. And forasmuch as by long Experience the said Law hath been found to be very Beneficial to this Kingdom, Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act, and every Clause, Article and Thing therein contained, together with the Additions and Alterations herein after mentioned and expressed, shall from and after the Second day of February, which shall be in the Year of our Lord God, One thousand six hundred and eighty, be Revived, Continue and Remain, and is hereby Revived and Continued in Force, to all Intents, Constructions, and Purposes, for ever.

revived and continued for ever.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That not only the Constables, Officers, and Inhabitants, mentioned in the aforesaid recited Act, but any and every other Person and Persons whatsoever, shall and may Take and Seize, in any Place or Places whatsoever, the Cattle and Goods imported contrary to the said recited Act; and that all and every such Person and Persons that shall seize, as aforesaid, shall from time to time have the Benefit and Advantage hereafter given by this Act to any Seizor or Seizors whatsoever.

Not only Officers, but all Persons may seize *Irish* Cattle and Goods Imported.

IV. And to prevent all fraudulent Seizures, Sales, and Compositions, to be made by any Person or Persons whatsoever, in any Parish or Place whatsoever, where any great Cattle, Sheep or

To prevent fraudulent Sales and Compositions.

or Swine, shall be imported or found contrary to this, or the Act aforesaid, and to make the Prohibitions therein more effectual,

V. Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the respective Seizor or Seizors of such Cattle, Sheep or Swine, shall within Six Days after Conviction and Forfeiture thereof, cause the said Cattle, Sheep and Swine, to be killed; and the Hides and Tallow of such great Cattle, Sheep and Swine, shall be and remain to the Use of the said Seizor or Seizors; and the remainder of the said great Cattle, Sheep and Swine, shall forthwith distributed amongst the Poor of the said Parish, by the Church-wardens and Overseers of the Poor there, or some of them, upon Notice thereof to be given them, or any of them, by such Seizor or Seizors, as aforesaid: Any thing in the said former Law, or any other Law to the contrary notwithstanding.

Seizor shall after Conviction cause the Cattle to be killed.

Hides and Tallow to be the Seizors, the rest to be distributed to the Poor by the Church-wardens, &c.

VI. And be it further Enacted, That in case the said Seizor or Seizors, or the Church-wardens and Overseers of the Poor, shall fail in their respective Duties, in the execution of this Act, they and every of them respectively, shall forfeit the Sum of Forty shillings for every one of the great Cattle, and Ten shillings for every Sheep or Swine, which should have been killed and distributed, as aforesaid; One Moiety thereof to the Poor of the said Parish, and the other Moiety to the Informer: The same to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons so Offending, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any Justice of the Peace of the said County or Place where the said Offence shall be committed, upon Confession of the Party, View of the said Justice, or Oath thereof made before such Justice, by one or more credible Witness or Witnesses, other than the Informer: Which Oath the said Justice hath hereby Power to Administer, rendring the Overplus to the Owners thereof, necessary Charges of Distraining being first deducted: And for want of such Distress, the said Offender or Offenders to be committed to the common Goal of the said County or Place, there to remain for the space of Three Months without Bail or Mainprize.

Seizors, Church-wardens, and Overseers, on neglect, forfeit 40s. each great Cattle, and 10s. each Sheep or Swine.

To be levied by distress by Warrant of any Justice, &c.

For want of distress, the Party to be imprisoned, without Bail, Three Months.

VII. Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That neither this Act, nor any other Act whatsoever hereafter made, shall either hinder, or be construed to extend to hinder the Importation of Stock-fish or Live Eels into this Kingdom of England; but that it shall and may be Lawful to and for all and every Person and Persons whatsoever, to Import into this Kingdom of England any Stock-fish or Live Eels, as aforesaid; Any thing in this Act or any other Law, Statute, Usage or Custom to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Nothing herein to hinder Importation of Stock-fish and Eels.

VIII. And whereas the present Laws do not sufficiently provide against the Importation of Mutton and Lamb out of Ireland, and other Parts beyond the Seas, into this Kingdom, but that great Quantities thereof are daily Imported and Sold, to the great Loss and Prejudice of this Kingdom, Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Second day of February, no Mutton or Lamb shall be Imported into this Kingdom from the Kingdom of Ireland, or any Foreign Parts; And all Mutton and Lamb Imported from Ireland, or beyond the Seas, or that shall be exposed to Sale within this Kingdom, shall be subject to the like Seizures, and the Importers and Sellers thereof respectively to the like Penalties as are provided and appointed in any former Law against any Importer or Seller, or Importation of any Beef, Pork or Bacon, from the Kingdom of Ireland, or any Foreign Parts; Any thing in this or any former Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

No Mutton or Lamb shall be Imported.

Penalty.

IX. And whereas the present Laws do not sufficiently provide against the Importation of Butter and Cheese out of Ireland into this Kingdom, but that great Quantities thereof are daily Imported and Sold, to the great Loss and Prejudice of this Kingdom; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Second day of February, no Butter or Cheese shall be Imported into this Kingdom from the Kingdom of Ireland; And

No Butter or Cheese shall be Imported from *Ireland*.

all Butter and Cheese Imported from Ireland, or that shall be exposed to Sale within this Kingdom, shall be subject to the like Seizures, and the Importers or Sellers thereof respectively, to the like Penalties as are provided or appointed in any former Law against any Importer or Seller, or Importation of any Beef, Bacon or Pork, from the Kingdom of Ireland, or any Foreign Parts; Any thing in this or any former Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

Penalty.

Seizure to be in any Parish into which Cattle shall be removed *toties quoties*.

X. And for the more effectual Execution of this and the aforesaid Act, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any great Cattle, Sheep or Swine, shall be once or oftner Seized in pursuance of this or the aforesaid Act, and afterwards, either by Permission, Connivance, Negligence, or otherwise, shall be removed into, and found alive in any Parish or Place within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, other than such Parish or Place wherein they shall have been respectively Seized, That then the said Cattle, Sheep and Swine, shall be liable to like Seizure, and the Seizor and Poor of the Parish or Place have like Benefit and Advantage, and the Cattle, Sheep and Swine, be forfeited, and the Proof be incumbent upon the Owner, as if such Cattle had never before been Seized.

English Cattle driven or intermixed with *Irish*, to be seized as *Irish*.

XI. And whereas divers Persons, on purpose to discourage others from making Seizure of Irish Cattle, have intermixed some few English, or other Cattle, in Droves of Irish Cattle, and so created many vexatious and chargeable Suits against those that have Seized Irish Cattle in pursuance of the aforesaid Act; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any English or other Cattle, driven or intermixed with Irish Cattle, shall be Seized together with them, such Cattle so Intermixed and Seized, shall be deemed Irish Cattle, and shall be subject to like Forfeiture, and be Ordered and Disposed of in all respects as if they were Irish Cattle, and Imported contrary to this and the aforesaid Act.

Anno 1. *Jacobi II. Regis. Cap.* 1. An Act for Settling the Revenue on his Majesty for his Life, which was Settled on his late Majesty for his Life. *Expired.*

Anno 1 JACOBI II. *Regis.*

CAP. III.

An Act for Granting his Majesty an Imposition upon all Wines and Vinegar, Imported between the Four and twentieth day of *June*, 1685. and the Four and twentieth day of *June*, 1693.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

Preamble.

WE Your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects the Commons assembled in Parliament, towards a Supply for Repairs of the Navy, and providing Stores for the Navy and Ordnance, and other your Majesties weighty and important Occasions; and with an humble and thankful Acknowledgment of your Majesties favourable and tender Regard of us your Commons, have cheerfully and unanimously Given and Granted unto your Majesty an Aid and Assistance, to be raised and levied upon all Wines and Vinegar to be Imported into this your Majesties Kingdom, according to such Rates, and during such time, and in such manner and form as herein after followeth.

Wine and Vinegar.

II. And we do humbly beseech your Majesty, that it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal,

poral, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That for all French Wines, Spanish Wines, or other Wines whatsoever; as also for all Vinegar which at any time after the Four and twentieth day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred eighty five, and before the Four and twentieth day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred ninety three, shall be Imported into England or Wales, or the Town or Port of Berwick upon Tweed, there shall be duly answered and paid to his Majesty the further Rates and Duties hereafter mentioned (that is to say) For every Ton of French Wine, and of Vinegar, which shall be Imported within the time aforesaid, the Sum of Eight pounds by the Ton, and so after that Rate for any greater or lesser Quantity; and also for every Ton of Spanish Wines, or of any other Wines which shall be Imported within the time aforesaid, the Sum of Twelve pounds by the Ton, and so after that Rate for any greater or lesser Quantity.

Imposition of 8 *l.* *per* Ton on *French* Wine and Vinegar. 12 *l.* *per* Ton on *Spanish* or other Wine.

III. And for the better and more sure Collecting and Receiving of all and singular the Duties hereby Imposed, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons, within the time aforesaid, shall Import or cause to be Imported, by way of Merchandize, or otherwise, any of the Liquors, such Importer shall, upon the Entry made of such Liquors, and before the Landing thereof, pay down the Duties hereby imposed in Ready Money, deducting the Allowance hereafter mentioned, or otherwise become bound unto his Majesty with Two or more sufficient Sureties, or procure Three other Persons to become bound to his Majesty, to answer and pay unto his Majesty the whole Rates and Duties hereby imposed, by Three several and equal Payments: The first Payment thereof to be made within Three Months after the Date of the said Obligation; the second Payment to be made within Six Months after the Date of the said Obligation; and the third and last Payment to be made within Nine Months after the Date of the said Obligation. The taking which Bonds, and the Approbation of the Sureties therein to be named, is hereby to be left to the Discretion of such Farmers or other Commissioners for the time being, as shall be intrusted with the Receipt and Management of his Majesties Customs and Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, or their Deputy-Collectors in the several Ports, or such other Person or Persons as his Majesty shall Authorize and Appoint to Collect the Duties arising by this Act.

Importer to pay before Landing, or to be Bound with Two, or procure Three to be bound for payment at Three equal payments within 9 Months.

Who shall approve the Securities.

IV. Provided always, and it is hereby Declared and Enacted, That all and every Person and Persons importing any of the Liquors aforesaid, within the time aforesaid, by way of Merchandize or otherwise, who shall pay the Duties which by this Act are due and payable, in Ready Money, shall be allowed and abated out of the said Duties, after the Rate of Ten pounds per Cent. for a Year, in consideration of such Ready Money so paid down and advanced.

10 *l.* *per Cent.* allowed to those that pay Ready Money.

V. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any of the said Liquors shall be Imported within the time aforesaid, and Landed, without present Payment made of the Rates and Duties by this Act imposed, in Cases where this Act requires present Payment to be made; or without Security given for Payment thereof, in Cases where this Act admits of Security to be taken, That then and in every such Case all and every the Liquors so Imported and Landed, or the Value thereof, shall be forfeited, One Moiety thereof to his Majesty, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall or will Sue for the same; and shall and may be Recovered in any Court of Record, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed, nor any more than one Imparlance: And yet nevertheless the Persons so Importing and Landing any of the said Liquors, shall, notwithstanding such Forfeitures, so as aforesaid incurred, remain and continue liable unto, and shall answer

Goods landed without Payment or Security, forfeited;

And the Importers are also to pay the Duty.

ſwer and pay unto his Majeſty the Rates and Duties for ſuch Liquors, which by this Act are due and payable.

Allowances upon Importation of Wines, &c.

VI. And whereas by the Act for Tonnage and Poundage, and the Inſtructions and Rules for collecting his Majeſties Duties ariſing thereby, it is directed that certain Allowances be made upon Importation of Wines and other Liquors; Be it further Enacted, That no Importer thereof ſhall be chargeable by virtue of this Act to pay the Duty hereby required, for any greater proportion of Wines or other Liquors duly Entred at the Cuſtom-houſe, than what ſhall remain nett after all ſuch Allowances and Abatements: And whereas this preſent Act gives no Abatement to any Perſon upon Exportation of any the Liquors aforeſaid, Be it further Enacted and Declared, That all Importers not being Vintners or Retailers, (who are hereby declared ſhall pay Ready Money for the whole Duty) who ſhall Import any of the aforeſaid Liquors within the time aforeſaid, and ſhall make Oath that the ſame are Imported by way of Merchandize, and with intent to ſell again (which Oath the Farmers or Commiſſioners of his Majeſties Cuſtoms for the time being, or in their abſence the Collector of his Majeſties Cuſtoms in each ſeveral and reſpective Port, or ſuch other Perſon or Perſons as his Majeſty ſhall authorize and appoint to Collect the Duties ariſing by this Act, have hereby Power to Adminiſter) That then and in every ſuch Caſe, for and in conſideration of any Defect or Damage that may happen by any of the aforeſaid Liquors, lying longer on the ſaid Importers hands than heretofore, or by reaſon of any other Accident, there ſhall be allowed and abated to every ſuch Importer, the further Allowance of Eight pounds per Cent. and no more: Provided, That no Merchant ſhall be charged with any Duty impoſed by this Act for the Prizage Wine which he Imports in any Ship or Veſſel, nor ſhall any Security be by him given for the ſame, but that it be received and taken from the Perſon who hath or enjoyeth the Benefit of the ſaid Prizage Wine, who is hereby appointed to pay the ſame.

Allowance to be made on Importation, upon Oath that the Liquors are imported with intent to Sell again.

Further Allowance of 8 *l. per Cent.*

Merchant not to pay the Duty for Prizage Wine, but the Perſon that enjoyeth the Prizage.

VII. Provided always, and it is hereby Declared and Enacted, That if any of the ſaid imported Liquors, for which any of the Rates and Duties by this Act impoſed ſhall be paid down and advanced, or otherwiſe ſecured, as aforeſaid, ſhall at any time after ſuch Importation be again Exported into Parts beyond the Seas; That then, and in every ſuch caſe, the Perſon or Perſons ſo Exporting the ſame ſhall be wholly barred and excluded from having or receiving back the Duties of this Act ſo paid down or advanced, or any part thereof, nor ſhall the Security formerly given by ſuch Perſon Exporting, for the true payment of the Duties by this Act impoſed, be any ways razed, leſſened or diſcharged, by reaſon of ſuch Exportation, but the ſame Securities ſhall remain and continue in full force until the Duties thereby ſecured be fully and wholly ſatisfied and paid; any ſuch Exportation to the contrary notwithſtanding.

No Drawback upon Exportation.

VIII. And for the better prevention of all ſuch Frauds, which at any time hereafter may be committed to the prejudice of his Majeſty in the due collecting and receiving of the Duties hereby impoſed upon ſuch Liquors to be imported, as aforeſaid, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Officers of his Majeſties Cuſtoms, or ſuch other Perſon or Perſons as his Majeſty ſhall Authorize and Appoint to Collect the Duties ariſing by this Act, ſhall have like Power and Authority to enter on board Ships and Veſſels, and make Searches, and to do all other Matters and Things which may tend to ſecure the true Payment of the Duties by this Act impoſed, and the due and orderly Collection thereof, which any Cuſtomers, Collectors, or other Officers of any of his Majeſties Ports can or may do touching the ſecuring his Majeſties Cuſtoms of Tonnage and Poundage, and all the ſaid Liquors to be imported within the time aforeſaid, and landed without doing and performing what by this Act is required to be done and performed before the landing thereof: And all Officers of his Majeſties Cuſtoms, and all Perſons importing any of the ſaid Liquors,

Officers to have like power as for Tonnage and Poundage.

Liquors, and all others imployed by his Majesty in the Collection of the Duties arising by this Act, who shall be found guilty of any act or neglect tending to defraud his Majesty of any the Duties hereby imposed, shall be subject and liable to the same Seizures, Penalties and Forfeitures, which by virtue of any former Act can or may be inflicted in such Cases where his Majesty is defrauded, or endeavoured to be defrauded of any of his Customs and Subsidies, as fully and amply, as if the same Clauses of Seizures, Penalties and Forfeitures, and the same Distribution of such Forfeitures, and the same Remedy for Recovery thereof, had been again in this Act particularly repeated, applied and enacted.

Persons guilty of any act, &c. tending to defraud his Majesty, subject to Penalties as in other Acts.

IX. And if any Liquors seized for any Offence committed against this Act, shall be claimed by any Person as the Importer thereof, the proof whether the Duties thereof be duly paid or secured shall lie upon such Claimer, and shall not be incumbent on his Majesty, or any Prosecutor or Informer on behalf of his Majesty and himself.

On Seizure proof of Duty paid lies upon the Claimer.

Anno 1 JACOBI II. *Regis.*

CAP. IV.

A Branch of an Act, Intituled, An Act for Granting to his Majesty an Imposition upon all Tobacco and Sugar imported between the Four and twentieth day of *June*, One thousand six hundred eighty five, and the Four and twentieth day of *June*, One thousand six hundred ninety three.

All but part of the First Paragraph of this Act, which specifies the Duties on Tobacco, is Altered by 7 & 8 W. 3. cap. 10. *and made subject to the Rules of the Customs.*

WE your Majesties most dutiful and loyal Subjects the Commons assembled in Parliament, for a further Supply for the Repairs of the Navy, and providing Stores for the Navy and Ordnance, and payment of the Debt due to his late Majesties Servants and Family, and other your Majesties weighty and important Occasions, have cheerfully and unanimously given and granted unto your Majesty an Aid and Assistance to be raised and levied upon all Tobacco and Sugar to be imported into your Majesties Kingdom, according to such Rates, and during such time, and in such manner and form as herein after followeth. And we do humbly beseech your Majesty, that it may be Enacted: And be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and of the Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That for all sorts of Tobacco, as also for all sorts of Sugar, which at any time after the Four and twentieth day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred eighty and five, and before the Four and twentieth day of June, which shall be in the Year of our Lord God, One thousand six hundred ninety and three, shall be imported into England or Wales, or the Town and Port of Berwick upon Tweed, there shall be duly answered and paid to his Majesty the further Rates and Duties hereafter mentioned (that is to say) for all sorts of Tobacco of the Growth and Production of any of his Majesties Plantations, Islands or Territories in America, Three pence for every Pound weight thereof, above what it now pays; and for every Pound weight of Spanish or Foreign Tobacco, not of the English Plantations, Six pence above what it now pays; and for all Muscovado Sugar of the aforesaid Plantations, Islands, Lands or Territories, One farthing the Pound weight above what it now pays; and for every Pound weight of Sugar of the English Plantations, made fit for common

Preamble.

Tobacco to pay

Great Britain, 5 Annæ.

Note, *This Duty on Sugar is expired.*

3 *d. per* Pound of *British* Plantations in *America* and 6 *d. per* Pound of *Spanish* or Foreign Plantations.

common use or spending, Three Farthings above what it now pays; and for every Pound weight of Muscovado Sugar of Brazile or any other Foreign part not of English Plantations, One half-peny above what it now pays; and for all Panele Sugar, One half-peny the Pound weight above what it now pays; and for every Pound weight of Foreign white powder Sugar, One peny farthing above what it now pays; and for all Foreign Sugar imported in the Loaf, Three Pence the Pound weight above what it now pays: All which Duties to be paid for any the Commodities aforesaid imported, as aforesaid, shall from time to time, and at all times during the continuance of this Act, be levied on the Consumptioner of the said Commodities in England or Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, to be paid in manner following; (that is to say) The Importer, Merchant, Planter or other, that shall import the said Goods, if he be a Retailer, Consumptioner or Shop-keeper dealing in those Commodities, the Duties aforesaid shall be paid and satisfied by such Importer, Shop-keeper, Retailer, or Consumptioner, upon the importing or landing of his or their Goods, and before he or they be permitted or suffered to carry away his or their Goods from the Custom-house or other place in the Port in which they may happen to be landed or brought on Shore.

Anno 1 JACOBI II. *Regis.*

CAP. VIII.

An Act against the Importation of Gunpowder, Arms, and other Ammunition, and Utensils of War.

Preamble.

Whereas to the great prejudice of this Kingdom, and the discouragement and impoverishment of the Gun-smiths and others, Artificers, great quantities of Arms and Ammunition have of late Years been Imported, to the endangering the Peace and Quiet of this Kingdom.

None shall Import Gunpowder, &c. without Licence,

II. For Remedy whereof, Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall not at any time from and after the Tenth Day of July, One thousand six hundred eighty and five, be lawful to or for any Person or Persons whatsoever, without Licence from his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to Import or Bring into this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, by way of Merchandize, any Gunpowder, Arms, Ammunition, or Utensils of War, upon pain and forfeiture of all and every such Goods so imported, as aforesaid, to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; and the Person or Persons who shall so Import or Bring in the same, or in whose Custody any such Gunpowder, Arms, Ammunition, or Utensils of War shall be found, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall forfeit treble the Value of the Goods so Imported, One moiety thereof unto his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other moiety thereof to such Person or Persons who will sue for the same, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed.

Great Britain 5 Annæ.

Upon Forfeiture of the Goods to his Majesty,

And treble the Value, one moiety to the King, the other to the Prosecutor.

Persons obtaining a Licence, to make or import Gunpowder, &c. as Merchandize other than for his Majesties Stores,

III. Provided always, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever, Bodies Politick or Corporate, shall by colour of this Act, or otherwise, obtain from His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, any Letters Patents, Licence or Grant for the sole Making or Importing any Gunpowder, Arms, Ammunition, or other Utensils of War, and shall put the same in Execution, or by colour thereof molest or hinder any Person or Persons who lawfully make any the things before mentioned, in this Kingdom, or shall obtain any Letters Patents, Licence or Grant for the Importation of

of Gunpowder, Arms, Ammunition, or other Utenſils of War, by way of Merchandize, to make profit thereof, other than for the immediate furniſhing of the publick Stores of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors; That then the Perſon and Perſons ſo offending, ſhall incur and ſuſtain the Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures contained and provided in the Statute of Proviſion and Præmunire made in the ſixteenth Year of the Reign of King Richard the Second, and be diſabled to hold any Office or Imployment under his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors; and all and every ſuch Letters, Licence, Patent and Grant, and every of them, for the ſole Making and Importing the ſaid Commodities, ſhall be void to all intents and purpoſes, as if the ſame had never been had or made; any Clauſe of Non obſtante, or other Proviſion or Covenant to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Incur *Præmunire.*

Diſabled from Office, and the Grant void.

Anno 1 JACOBI II. *Regis.*

CAP. XIX.

An Additional Act for the Improvement of Tillage.

Preamble.

22 Car. 2.

Forasmuch as by an Act made in the Two and twentieth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, of ever bleſſed Memory, Intituled, An Act for Improvement of Tillage, and the Breed of Cattle, It is, amongſt other things, Provided and Enacted, That from and after the Nine and twentieth Day of June, One thouſand ſix hundred and ſeventy, and from thence forward, certain Rates ſhould be paid for the Cuſtom and Poundage of Foreign Corn and Grain imported into this Kingdom, according to the Prices of Engliſh Corn at the Times, Havens and Places when and where the ſame ſhould be Imported, as by the ſaid Act particularly appeareth.

II. And in as much as no Proviſion was made by the ſaid Act for aſcertaining and determining the ſaid Prices, by reaſon whereof divers great quantities of Foreign Corn and Grain have been Imported without paying the reſpective Duties by the ſaid Act appointed, contrary to the true intent and meaning of the ſaid Act:

Juſtices to determine the Prices of Corn twice every year.

III. Now for ſupplying the ſaid Defect, Be it Enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the Feaſt of St. Michael the Arch-Angel next, and from thence forward, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for all and every the Juſtices of the Peace for the ſeveral and reſpective Counties within his Majeſties Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, wherein Foreign Corn or Grain ſhall or may be hereafter Imported; and they and every of them are hereby injoyned and required at their next reſpective Quarter-Seſſions after Michaelmas and Eaſter-day yearly, by the Oaths of two or more honeſt and ſubſtantial Perſons of the reſpective Counties, being neither Merchants nor Factors for the Importing of Corn, nor any ways concerned nor intereſted in the Corn ſo Imported, and each of them, having a Freehold Eſtate of Twenty Pounds per Annum, or a Leaſe-hold Eſtate of Fifty Pounds per Annum, above all Charges and Reprizes, and being skilful in the Prices of Corn (which Oaths all and every the ſaid Juſtices are hereby impowered to adminiſter) and by ſuch other ways and means as to them ſhall ſeem fit, to examine and determine the Common Market-prices of middling Engliſh Corn and Grain of the reſpective ſorts in the ſaid Act mentioned, as the ſame ſhall be commonly bought and ſold in the

Justices to certifie the Prices to the Collector of the Customs.

said respective Counties into which any Foreign Corn and Grain shall be Imported, and to certifie the same with two such Oaths made, as aforesaid, in Writing annext, unto his Majesties chief Officer and Collector of the Customs for the time being, residing in the said respective Ports or Havens where the said Corn and Grain shall be Imported, to be hung up in some publick Place in the Custom-house, to which all Persons may resort for their Information.

Foreign Corn imported to pay Duty according to that Certificate.

IV. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Feast of St. Michael the Archangel next, the Custom and Duty of Foreign Corn and Grain Imported into any of his Majesties said Dominions of England, Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, appointed by the said Act to be paid, shall be collected and paid according to the Prices contained in such respective Certificates, as aforesaid, and not otherwise; any thing in this Act, or in any other Law or Statute contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

The like to be done by the Lord Mayor, &c. of *London*.

V. Provided always, And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all that by virtue of this Act is to be done by the Justices of the Peace at their Quarter-Sessions in their several Counties, shall be done and performed in like manner in the City of London, in the Months of October and April Yearly, by the Mayor, Aldermen and Justices of Peace there, and that the Persons making such Oaths shall be no Corn-Chandler, Mealman, Factor, Merchant, or other Person interested in such Corn so to be Imported, but shall be some substantial House-keepers living in Middlesex or Surrey, qualified, as aforesaid.

Anno 1 Gulielmi & Mariæ *Regis & Reginæ.*

CAP. VIII.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the Abrogating of the Oaths of Supremacy and Allegiance, and Appointing other Oaths.

Preamble.

WHereas by a Statute made in the First Year of the Reign of our late Sovereign Lady Queen Elizabeth, Intituled, An Act to Restore to the Crown the ancient Jurisdiction over the Estate Ecclesiastical and Spiritual, and Abolishing all Foreign Powers repugnant to the same, the Persons therein mentioned were obliged to take an Oath therein mentioned, commonly called the Oath of Supremacy: And whereas by another Statute made in the Third Year of the Reign of our late Sovereign Lord King James the First, Intituled, An Act for the better Discovering and Repressing Popish Recusants, another Oath, commonly called the Oath of Allegiance or Obedience was required to be taken by the Persons therein mentioned, 1 Eliz. 3 Jac. 1.

II. Be it Enacted by the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from henceforth no Person whatsoever shall be obliged to take the said Oaths, or either of them, by force or virtue of the said Statutes, or either of them, or any other Statute whatsoever; But that the said Statutes, and every other Statute, for so much only as concerns the said Oaths, and the said Oaths themselves, shall be and are hereby Repealed, utterly Abrogated and made void.

The old Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy Abrogated.

All Persons which shall be admitted into Office shall take the Oaths, &c.

V. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Persons (other than such concerning whom other Provision shall be made in this Act, or in any other Act of this present Session of Parliament) that shall hereafter be admitted into any Office or Imployment, Ecclesiastical or Civil, or come into any Capacity, in

in reſpect or by reaſon whereof they ſhould have been obliged by any Statute to take the ſaid abrogated Oaths, or either of them, ſhall take the Oaths hereby appointed, in ſuch manner, at ſuch times, before ſuch Perſons, and in ſuch Courts and Places as they ſhould or ought to have taken the ſaid former Oaths, or either of them, in caſe the ſame had not been abrogated, as aforeſaid: And that every ſuch Perſon who ſhall neglect or refuſe to take the ſame, ſhall incur and be liable to the ſame Penalties, Forfeitures, Diſabilities and Incapacities, as by any ſuch Statute was appointed, for or upon neglect or refuſal to take the ſaid former Oaths hereby abrogated, or either of them. The Penalty for neglect.

XII. And be it Enacted, That the Oaths that are intended and required to be taken by this Act, are the Oaths in theſe expreſs Words hereafter following; Oaths by this Act.

I *A. B.* do ſincerely promiſe and ſwear, That I will be faithful, and bear true Allegiance to their Majeſties, King *William* and Queen *Mary*.

So help me God, &c.

I *A. B.* do ſwear, That I do from my Heart Abhor, Deteſt, and Abjure, as Impious and Heretical, that damnable Doctrine and Poſition, *That Princes Excommunicated or Deprived by the Pope, or any Authority of the See of* Rome, *may be Depoſed or Murdered by their Subjects, or any other whatſoever*.

And I do declare, That no Foreign Prince, Perſon, Prelate, State, or Potentate hath, or ought to have any Juriſdiction, Power, Superiority, Pre-eminence, or Authority, Eccleſiaſtical or Spiritual, within this Realm.

So help me God, &c.

XIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Names of all and ſingular ſuch Perſons and Officers aforeſaid, that do, or ſhall, in the Court of Chancery, Kings Bench, or Quarter-Seſſions, take the Oaths by this Act required, or appointed to be taken, ſhall be in the ſaid reſpective Courts of Chancery and Kings Bench, and the Quarter-Seſſions, inrolled, with the Day and Time of their taking the ſame, in Rolls made and kept only for that intent and purpoſe, and for no other. The which Rolls as for the Court of Chancery, ſhall be publickly hung up in the Office of the Petty-Bagg. And the Rolls for the Kings Bench, in the Crown-Office of the ſaid Court, and in ſome publick Place in every Quarter-Seſſions, and there remain during the whole Term, every Term, during the whole time of the ſaid Seſſions, and in every Quarter-Seſſions, for every one to reſort to, and look upon without Fee or Reward. And none of the Perſon or Perſons aforeſaid, ſhall give or pay as any Fee or Reward to any Officer or Officers belonging to any of the Courts, as aforeſaid, above the Sum of twelve Pence for his or their Entry of his or their taking of the ſaid Oaths by this Act required, or appointed to be taken. Names of Perſons who take the Oaths to be inrolled.

Anno 1 Gulielmi & Mariæ *Regis* & *Reginæ*.

CAP. XII.

An Act for the Incouraging the Exportation of Corn.

Preamble.

FOrasmuch as it hath been found by Experience, That the Exportation of Corn and Grain into Foreign Parts, when the Price thereof is at a low Rate in this Kingdom, hath been a great advantage not only to the Owners of Land, but to the Trade of this Kingdom in General.

When Corn is at certain Prices or under,

II. Be it therefore Enacted by the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and of the Commons now assembled in Parliament, and by the Authority of the same, That when Malt or Barley, Winchester Measure, is, or shall be at Four and twenty Shillings per Quarter, or under; Rye at Two and thirty Shillings per Quarter, or under; and Wheat at Eight and forty Shillings a Quarter, or under, in any Port or Ports of this Kingdom, or Dominion of Wales; every Merchant or other Person, who shall put on Ship-board in English Shipping, the Master and Two thirds of his Mariners at least, being their Majesties Subjects, any sorts of the Corn aforesaid, from any such Ports where the Rates shall not then be higher than as aforesaid, with intent to Export the said Corn to Parts beyond the Seas: Every such Merchant or other Person shall bring a Certificate in Writing under his or their Hands, containing the Quantity and Quality of Corn so shipped, to the Farmers, Commissioners, Collectors, or other Persons appointed, or to be appointed, for the time being, to collect the Duties and Rates arising by Customs within any such Port, and upon Proof made of any such Certificate by one or more credible Person or Persons upon their Oaths, which Oaths the said Commissioners, or other Persons are hereby authorized and required to administer, and upon Bond given by every such Merchant or other Person, in the Sum of Two hundred Pounds at least for every hundred Tons of Corn so shipped, and so proportionably, that the said Corn (Danger of Seas excepted) shall be exported into parts beyond the Seas, and not be again landed in the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, the Islands of Guernsey and Jersey, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed; Every such Merchant so shipping off any of the aforesaid Corn, and giving Certificate and Bond, as aforesaid, shall have and receive from such Farmers, Commissioners, Collectors, or other Persons, in any Port respectively, where the same Corn shall be so shipped, for every Quarter of Barley or Malt ground or unground, two Shillings and six Pence; For every Quarter of Rye ground or unground, three Shillings and six Pence; For every Quarter of Wheat ground or unground, Five Shillings; Which Sum or Sums, every such Commissioner, Farmer, or other Person, are hereby authorized and required, upon demand by such Exporter, to make present Payment of accordingly, without taking or requiring any thing for Custom, or any Fee or Reward for Corn so laden to be exported, or for so much Grain as shall be exported in any Ship wherein any other Goods shall be shipped; any Law, Statute or Usage in any wise to the contrary notwithstanding: And upon Certificate returned under the Common Seal of the Chief Magistrate in any place or places beyond the Seas, or under the Hands and Seals of two known English Merchants upon the place, that such Corn was there landed, or upon Proof by credible Persons, that such Corn was taken by Enemies, or perished in the Seas, the Examination and Proof thereof, being left to the Judgment of such Commissioners, Farmers, Collectors, or other Persons; which Proof being made, or Certificate delivered to such Person or Persons respectively,

The Exporter shall receive a Bounty.

Exporters Bond how discharged.

as

as took Bond, as aforesaid, the said Bond shall be delivered up to such Exporter or his Order, to be cancelled, without any Fee for the same; And the Monies by any such Commissioners, Farmers, Collectors, or other Person, so paid in Obedience to this Act, shall be accepted of in his or their Accounts, as so much paid to their Majesties, and he and they is and shall be discharged therefore accordingly. Collectors to be allowed the Money in their Accounts.

Anno 1 Gulielmi & Mariæ *Regis* & *Reginæ*.

CAP. XIV.

An Act for preventing Doubts and Questions concerning the Collecting the Publick Revenue. EXP.

Anno 1 Gulielmi & Mariæ *Regis* & *Reginæ*.

CAP. XXII.

An Act for the Exportation of Beer, Ale, Cyder, and Mum.

FOR the Advancement of Trade, and Encouragement of Tillage and Manufacture of this Realm, Be it Enacted by the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Twenty fourth of June, in the Year of our our Lord, One thousand six hundred eighty nine, It shall and may be lawful for any Person in any Sea Port, or upon any Navigable River, to Export and Ship off as Merchandize, within any of the usual and allowed Ports by Law, and at the common Keys for Exportation and Lading on Board of Merchandize, or Keys to be appointed for that purpose, and within the usual Hours of Excise, for account of himself or any other (to be Exported into Foreign Parts) in the presence of a sworn Gager, or other sworn Officer, to be appointed by the Farmers, Commissioners, or Sub-commissioners of their Majesties Excise, upon notice thereof to them given at the Office of Excise, within the Limits whereof the said Ale, Beer, Cyder and Mum was brewed or made, of the respective Port or Place whence the same shall be Shipped, any sort of strong Ale, strong Beer, Cyder or Mum, to be spent beyond the Seas, paying Custom for the same after the Rate of One Shilling for every Ton, which shall be Exported in any English or Foreign Vessel, and no more, or other Duty whatsoever; Which said Gager or Officer aforesaid, shall certifie the quantity of the said Beer, Ale, Cyder, or Mum Shipped off, to the Commissioners and Officers of Excise, where the Entry thereof shall be made, who are hereby required to make allowance, or repay the Excise of the Beer, Ale, Cyder or Mum so Exported unto the Brewer or Baker thereof, within One Month after such Exportation, deducting Three Pence per Ton for the Charges of their Officers, and no more. Preamble. Ale, &c. may be Exported. The Custom Excise repaid.

II. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Merchant or Master of any Ship or Vessel, or other Person shall cause or suffer any of the said Liquor to shipped in any Vessel, as Merchandize to be unshipped, unladen, and laid on Land, or put into any other Ship or Vessel within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, he or they shall forfeit the same, and Fifty Pounds of lawful Monies of England more, for every Cask he or they shall so unduly Land, or put Aboard any Vessel, to be recovered in any of his Majesties Courts of Record, by Information, Bill or Plaint; The one Moiety of which Penalty upon Merchant unlading, &c.

which Forfeiture shall be to the use of the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties, the other Moiety to the Informer or Prosecutor. And to the intent their Majesties Duty of Excise may not be prejudiced for such Beer, Ale, Cyder or Mum, as shall be spent on Shipboard, their Majesties Commissioners, and Officers of the Customs are hereby required and enjoyned to charge every Master of any Ship or Vessel in his Victualling Bill with so much Beer, Ale, Cyder or Mum, and no more, as such number of Men use to spend in such Voyages; The Excise whereof to be Recovered according to the Laws and Rules already Established.

Ale, &c. spent on Shipboard.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the aforesaid Rate of One Shilling the Ton for Beer, Ale, Cyder and Mum to be Exported, as aforesaid, shall be levied and paid under such Rules and Penalties, and for such time, and in such manner, as by the Laws of Tonnage and Poundage are ordained.

Custom how levied.

IV. Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Mum imported from Foreign Parts, during the Continuance of this Act, shall have any part of the Duty of Custom or Excise, which was paid at the Importation thereof, repaid upon Exportation; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Foreign Mum not to draw back Excise or Custom.

Anno 1 Gulielmi & Mariæ *Regis* & *Reginæ*.

CAP. XXIII.

An Act for Reviving two former Acts for Exporting of Leather. EXP.

Anno 1 Gulielmi & Mariæ *Regis* & *Reginæ*.

CAP. XXXII.

An Act for the better Preventing the Exportation of Wooll, and Incouraging the Woollen Manufactures of this Kingdom.

Preamble.

WHereas through the Remisness and Negligence of Officers and others, in not putting the Laws in Execution against the Exportation of Wooll, Wooll-Fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Wooll-Flocks, Fullers-Earth, Fulling-Clay, and Tobacco-Pipe-Clay; And also by reason of the doubtfulness of some Expressions in the Statute made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, divers great quantities of Wooll and other the things above mentioned, have been Exported out of the Kingdoms of England and Ireland into France, and other Parts beyond the Seas, which if not prevented for the future will tend to the utter Ruine and Undoing of many Thousands of their Majesties Subjects, and the great Diminution of the Trade of this Kingdom; For preventing whereof, and for the better Explanation and Execution of the Laws made against the said Exportation; and for the preventing Frauds generally practised to avoid the Penalties therein mentioned:

Wooll carried to the Sea-Coasts to be Entred.

II. Be it Enacted by the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all and every Owner of Wooll, or their Agent or Agents, that shall at any time carry or cause to be carried any Wooll, to any Port or Place on the Sea-Coasts, with an intention to convey the same to any Port or Place on the Sea-Coasts within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or from the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, from whence the same

same may be shipped off, or otherwise transported, conveyed or carried into Foreign Parts, that the said Owner or Owners shall in the first place cause a due Entry to be made of the said Wooll, at the Port from whence the same shall be so intended to be conveyed, containing the exact Weight, Marks and Numbers of the same, before he or they presume to load or carry away any of the said Wooll, within Five Miles of any such Port or Place on the Sea-Coasts, from whence the same is so to be conveyed. And if any Wooll shall be carrying towards the Sea without being first Entred in manner aforesaid, the Wooll so found, as also the Horse or Horses, Cart, Waggon or other Beasts, or Carriages conveying the same, shall be forfeited and lost: And the person or persons carrying, driving, aiding or abetting the same, shall suffer and forfeit in such manner as by the Laws and Statutes now in Force against the Exportation of Wooll is provided. Penalty.

III. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted and Declared, That the foregoing Clause is not intended, nor shall be construed to extend to the hindring any person or persons from carrying his or their Wooll from the place of Shearing the same, on Horses, or by Carts and Waggons to his or their own Dwelling-House or Houses, or Out-houses thereunto belonging, though the same be within Five Miles or less of the Sea, so as such person or persons within Ten days after the Shearing of the said Wooll, and before he or they remove or otherwise dispose of the same, or any part thereof, from the place where it was first carried after Shearing, do under his or their hands certifie to the Officer of the Customs in the next adjacent Port the true quantity of the said Wooll, (that is to say) of the number of Fleeces, and where the same is housed, and that such person or persons do not remove, or otherwise dispose of the said Wooll to any other place, without first certifying the Officer of such Port, under his or their hands of his intention to remove the same Three Days at least before such removal: And the Officer and Officers in the respective Ports, and the Limits of such Ports, are hereby required to receive and keep such Certificates, and to make a Register of them. But in case any such person or persons shall neglect to make and send such Certificate to the Officer or Officers of the next adjacent Port, as aforesaid, or shall remove, or otherwise dispose of any of the said Wooll before such Certificate of his intention so to do be made and delivered, as aforesaid, such person or persons shall have no benefit by this Proviso, but be liable to the Penalties expressed in the foregoing Clause. Persons carrying Wooll from shearing to certifie. The Certificates to be Registered.

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Cocquets for carrying Wooll from any Port within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or from the Port of Berwick upon Tweed, shall be written upon Paper, and not Parchment, and signed by Three of the chief Officers of such respective Port at least; And all Certificates of Landing the same again in any other of the said Ports, or from the Kingdom of Ireland, shall be signed in like manner; and that all such Wooll, both at Shipping and Landing, shall be weighed in the presence of the said Officers, giving such Cocquets and Certificates respectively; and that the exact Weight, Marks and Numbers of such Wooll so shipped and landed, shall be likewise particularly expressed in both Cocquet and Certificate. Cocquet and Certificate how to be made.

V. And be it further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every such Officer and Officers, as shall not observe the Directions in this Act before mentioned on their parts to be performed, shall be deemed and adjudged as Aiders and Abettors of the said Transportation, and suffer the Penalties contained in the Statutes made in the Twelfth, and Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of King Charles the Second, against Transportation of Wooll, and other the things before mentioned. Penalty on Officers. *Cap.* 32. *Cap.* 18.

VI. Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Wooll shall be shipped from the Kingdom of Ireland, but from these Ports following, (viz.) Dublin, Waterford, Youghall, Kingsale, Cork, and Drogheda; And that no Wooll shall be Imported from the King- Ports of Import and Export betwixt *England* and *Ireland*.

dom

dom of Ireland, into any Ports but these following, (viz.) Liverpool, Chester, Bristol, Minehead, Barnstaple, Bidiford and Exeter.

Commissioners to execute this and other Acts made against Exporting Wooll, &c.

VII. And for the better and more effectual Execution of this and other Acts made against Exportation of Wooll, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Right Honourable Sir Thomas Pilkington Lord Mayor of the City of London, Sir Harry Goodrick Baronet, Sir Patience Ward Knight, Sir Matthew Andrews Knight, Sir Benjamin Newland Knight, Sir John Matthews Knight, Sir Peter Rich Knight, Sir Robert Dashwood, Sir William Portman Knight and Baronet, Sir Henry Ashhurst Baronet, Sir William Ashhurst Knight, Sir Richard Newdigate, Sir John Fleet, William Harbord, John Summers, John Sandford, Foot Onslow, John Pollexfen, Richard Bret, William Cranmore, Edward Montague Esquires, Samuel Hassel, William Hassel senior, John Parish, John Voyer, John Gibbon, Barnard Carter Gentlemen, Mr. Montague of Horton, Sir Thomas Samuell Baronet, William Dugdale Esquire, John Astley of Woley Esquire, Sir William Langham, Sir John Poley Knight, Sir Benjamin Ayloffe Baronet, Sir Robert Jefferyes Knight, Sir John Lethuellier Knight, Sir Gabriel Roberts Knight, Sir Samuel Dashwood Knight, Sir Thomas Vernon Knight, Nathaniel Tench, William Hussey, Thomas Canham, William Gore, Hugh Strode, Samuel Meverel, John Smith, Thomas Firmin, Arthur Moore, William Crouch, Thomas Heatly, Thomas Sandys, William Jolly Esquires, Paris Slaughter, Henry Cornish, John Devinck, Richard Scott, David Prole, Thomas Crandal, Philip Bickly, John Paris, Richard Harrison, John Bustfield, John Haines, Edward Bickly, Nicholas Broking, William Sandford, Benjamin Ivie, Daniel Ivie, Andrew Jeffery, Thomas Turner, Peter Par, Henry Newcomb, Joseph Pince, Matthew Ferris, William Spry, John Keese senior, John Monkly junior, William Wrayford, John Youat, Robert Foster, John Lavington, Thomas Potter, Robert Burridge, John Upcot, John Smith, John Mudford, or any Five of them, be authorized for putting this and other the said Laws in Execution; who are hereby impowered, from time to time, by their Agents or Substitutes to be deputed under the Hands and Seals of any Five or more of them, to seize all Wooll, Wooll-Fells, and other the things above-mentioned, which shall be endeavoured to be Transported contrary to this Act; and also to sue and prosecute all Persons offending against this or any the said Laws; Any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Owner of Ship, &c. discovering, their Reward.

VIII. Provided always, That if any Owner of any Ship or Vessel, or any Master or Mariner knowing of the Exportation of any Sheeps-Wooll, Wooll-Fells, Worstlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Wooll-Flocks, Fullers-Earth, Fulling-Clay, or Tobacco-Pipe-Clay, contrary to the true meaning of this and the other Acts above-mentioned, shall within Three Months next after the knowledge thereof, or after his return into the Kingdom of England or Ireland, or to the said Town of Berwick, or into the Dominion of Wales aforesaid, give the first Information bona fide, before any of the Barons for the time being of the Court of Exchequer in England, or the Court of Exchequer in Ireland, or before any three of the Commissioners appointed by this Act, for the more effectual putting in Execution this and other Laws, made against the Exportation of Wooll, or before the Head Officer of any Port where he shall first arrive, upon his or their Oath, of the Number and Quantity of such Sheeps-Wooll, Wooll-Fells, Worstling, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Wooll-Flocks, Fullers-Earth, Fulling-Clay, or Tobacco-Pipe-Clay, so carried, conveyed or exported, as aforesaid, and by whom, where, and in what Ship or Vessel, and afterwards shall be ready upon reasonable Warning, by Process to justifie and prove the same, That then such Owner and Owners, Master, Mariner and Mariners, shall not be liable or subject to any the Penalties or Forfeitures in this or any other Act contained or enacted, for the Offence aforesaid, but shall and is hereby enabled to recover and receive such benefit and advantages as is appointed to be allowed by the precedent Act or Acts.

IX. Pro-

IX. Provided nevertheless, That the Powers given to the said Commissioners shall not hinder any person or persons lawfully authorized from seizing Wooll, or prosecuting any person offending against this or any former Act made against the Transportation of Wooll, and other the things above mentioned. Persons authorized may seize, &c.

X. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Action, Bill, Plaint, Suit or Information shall be commenced or prosecuted against any person for what he shall do in pursuance of this Act, such persons so sued shall and may file a Common Bail, or enter into a Common Appearance, and plead the General Issue, Not Guilty; and upon Issue joyned, may give this Act in Evidence: And if the Plaintiff or Prosecutor shall become Nonsuit, or suffer Discontinuance, or if a Verdict pass against him, or if upon a Demurrer Judgment pass against him, the Defendant shall recover treble Costs and Damages for his Molestation. Officers sued may plead the general Issue, *Not Guilty*.

XI. And for the better Execution of the Powers granted by this Act, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That a Register be kept at the Custom-House, London, of all the Wooll, from time to time, Imported from Ireland; and also of what Wooll shall be sent from one Port to another in this Kingdom; the particular Weights and Numbers, the Ship, Masters Name, Owners Name, and to whom consigned; To the end the said Commissioners appointed to put this Act in Execution, may have an Inspection thereinto, or Copies thereof from time to time. This Act to continue for Three Years, and from thence to the end of the next Session of Parliament. A Register of Wooll, from *Ireland*, &c. Continuance of the Act.

XII. And for the better Incouragement of the Manufacture as well as the Growth of Wooll, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from henceforward it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or persons whatsoever, to buy any Cloth, Stuffs, Stockings, or other Manufacture of Wooll made in the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and the same freely, without any Molestation or Trouble whatsoever, to export into any Parts beyond the Seas, paying the usual Customs. Woollen Manufacture may be exported.

XIII. Provided, That nothing contained in this Act, shall be construed to avoid the Charters and Grants made to the Levant Company, to the Eastland Company, to the Russia Company, to the African Company, or to the Privileges granted to them, or any of them. Saving to the Companies Charters.

XIV. Provided also, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to Transport from the Port of Southampton only, for the only use or behoof the Inhabitants of the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, and Sarke, and of the Woollen Manufactures there made, One thousand Tods of unkembed Wooll for the Island of Guernsey, Two thousands Tods of unkembed Wooll for the Island of Jersey, Two hundred Tods of unkembed Wooll for the Island of Alderney, and One hundred Tods of unkembed Wooll for the Island of Sarke, more than by the said Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second is directed and provided for, the same to be done, according to the same Rules, Orders, and Directions, and under the like Penalties and Forfeitures, as in the said Act is directed, ordained, appointed and inflicted, and on the further Penalty of Twenty Pounds for every Tod of Wooll, and Forfeiture of the Wooll it self (one half thereof to his Majesty, one quarter part thereof to the Informer, and the other quarter part to the Poor of the said Islands) in case any person shall again Transport, or attempt to Transport any of the said Wooll from the said Islands, for every Offence therein; And also that every person so offending, shall from and after the first Offence be incapable of having or injoying any Grant of any Wooll from the said Port of Southampton, nor shall ever hereafter have any Warrant given or granted him for that purpose; The said Penalties to be recovered by such person as shall sue for the same by any Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Privilege, Wager of Law, Injunction, or Order of Restraint is to be allowed, or any more than one Imparlance. Wooll from *Southampton* to *Jersey*, *Guernsey*, *Alderney*, and *Sarke*, more than is allowed by the Act 12 *Car.* 2.

Anno 1 Gulielmi & Mariæ *Regis & Reginæ.*

C A P. LXXIV.

An Act for Prohibiting all Trade and Commerce with *France*. EXP.

Anno 1 Gulielmi & Mariæ *Regis & Reginæ.*

Seſſ. 2. C A P. VI.

An Act for Charging and Collecting the Duties upon Coffee, Tea, and Chocolate at the *Cuſtom-Houſe*. EXP.

Anno 2 Gulielmi & Mariæ *Regis & Reginæ.*

C A P. IV.

An Act for Granting to their Majeſties a Subſidy of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money, payable upon Merchandizes Exported and Imported. EXP.

Anno 2 Gulielmi & Mariæ *Regis & Reginæ.*

C A P. IX.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the Diſcouraging the Importation of Thrown Silk.

Preamble. Whereas the Importation of ſome ſorts of Thrown Silk into this Realm is greatly prejudicial to the Exportation of the Woollen Manufactures thereof, and tends very much to the impoveriſhing great numbers of Artificers, whoſe Livelihood and Subſiſtence depends upon the Throwing of Raw Silk, and if longer permitted, may endanger the Overthrowing of that Art or Myſtery in this Nation: And whereas of late great quantities of Thrown Silk have been imported from ſeveral Parts and Places in Europe, which are not the places of its Growth or Production, and thereby the true intent and meaning of the Act, made in the Twelfth Year of King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for the Incouragement and Increaſing of Shipping and Navigation, is evaded: For the prevention of which Miſchiefs, and for the better Encouraging the ſeveral Manufactures of this Kingdom, and of that uſeful and National Trade into Turkey, and the better ſupporting the Art of Throwing Silk in this Realm, and the Poor therein imployed:

12 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 18.

Thrown Silk no Manufacture within 12 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 18.

II. Be it Declared and Enacted by the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the Throwing of Silk is not, nor ought to be conſtrued a Manufacture within the Intention of the ſaid Act, for the Incouraging and Increaſing of Shipping and Navigation; and that no Thrown Silk of the Growth or Production of Turkey, Perſia, Eaſt-India, or China, or of any other Country or Place, (except only ſuch Thrown Silk as is or ſhall be of the Growth or Production of Italy, Sicily, or of the Kingdom of Naples, and which ſhall be imported in ſuch Ships or Veſſels, and Navigated in ſuch manner, as in the ſaid Act of Navigation is directed or allowed, and brought from ſome of the Ports of thoſe Countries or Places whereof the ſame is of the Growth or Production, and which ſhall come directly by Sea, and not otherwiſe;) ſhall at any time after the Five and twentieth Day of May, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred and ninety, be brought or imported into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, the Iſlands of Jerſey or Guernſey, or the Town of Berwick upon

Thrown Silk, from whence to be imported.

upon Tweed, under the Penalty and Forfeiture of all such Thrown Silk, so imported contrary to the purport, true intent and meaning of this Act; one moiety whereof shall be to the use of the King and Queens Majesties, their Heirs and Successors; and the other moiety thereof to such person or persons as shall seize, inform or sue for the same, to be recovered by Bill, Plaint, Information or other Action, in any of their Majesties Courts of Record, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed. Penalty.

Anno 2 Gulielmi & Mariæ *Regis & Reginæ.*

Sess. 2. CAP. IV.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Granting to their Majesties certain Impositions upon all *East-India* Goods and Manufactures, and upon all Wrought Silks, and several other Goods and Merchandize, to be Imported after the Five and twentieth Day of *December*, 1690.

Most Gracious Sovereigns,

THE Commons assembled in Parliament, for a further Supply of your Majesties present Occasions, in the necessary defence of your Realms, the perfect reducing of Ireland, and the effectual prosecution of the War against France, have given and granted, and hereby give and grant unto your Majesties, the Additional and other Rates, Impositions, Duties, and Charges, upon the several sorts of Goods and Merchandize to be imported into this your Majesties Kingdom, herein after expressed, during such time, and in such manner and form, as herein after followeth: And do humbly pray your Majesties that it may be Enacted:

II. And be it Enacted by the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That there shall be answered and paid to their Majesties and their Successors, for the several Goods and Merchandizes hereafter mentioned, over and above all Impositions, Duties, and Charges already imposed and payable upon and for the same, the further Rates and Duties following, viz.

III. For all Callicoes, and all other Indian Linen, and for all Wrought Silks and other Manufactures of India and China, (except Indigo) imported after the Five and twentieth Day of December, One thousand six hundred and ninety, and before the Tenth Day of November, One thousand six hundred and ninety five, Twenty Pounds for every Hundred Pound value thereof. Callico and *East-India* Manufactures.

IV. For all Wrought Silks imported within the time aforesaid, from any other place, Ten Pounds for every Hundred Pound value thereof. Wrought Silks.

V. For all Raw Silks imported within the time aforesaid, from China or from the East-Indies, Five Pounds for every Hundred Pound value thereof. Raw Silks from *India*.

VI. For all Linen imported within the time aforesaid, from any parts from whence the same may be by Law imported (other than Linen Cloth of the Manufacture of the Spanish Netherlands, or of the United Provinces, not exceeding an English Ell and half Quarter in breadth) one moiety over and above what is already imposed upon the same in the Book of Rates. Linen.

VII. And for all Linen Cloth of the Manufacture of the Spanish Netherlands, or of the United Provinces, of the Breadth of Two Ells or upwards, and under Three Ells, as much more as what the same is charged with in the Book of Rates; and of the Breadth of Three Ells or upwards, Treble as much as what the same is charged with in the Book of Rates. Linen of *Flanders* or *Holland*.

Deal-Timber, Wainscot, &c.

VIII. And for all Deal-Timber or other Timber-Boards, Wainscot, Pipe-Staves, Box-Wood, and other Wood, imported within the time aforesaid from any part of Europe, (except Ireland) Ten Pounds for every Hundred Pound value thereof, above what is charged thereupon in the Book of Rates.

Seed-Oyl.

IX. For every Ton of Hempseed-Oyl, Rape-Oyl, and other Seed-Oyl, imported after the Five and twentieth Day of December, One thousand six hundred and ninety, and before the Tenth Day of November, One thousand six hundred and ninety five, Eight Pounds; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity of the respective Goods or Merchandize before mentioned.

Hops.

X. For every Hundred weight of Hops, containing an hundred and twelve Pounds, imported from Foreign Parts after the said Five and twentieth Day of December, One thousand six hundred and ninety, and before the Tenth Day of November, One thousand six hundred and ninety five, Twenty Shillings, over and above what the same are charged with in the Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity.

Pepper.

XI. For every Hundred weight of Pepper, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, imported after the said Five and twentieth Day of December, and before the said Tenth Day of November, One thousand six hundred and ninety five, Twenty eight Shillings, over and above what the same is charged with in the Book of Rates, and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity; One third part of the said Duty charged upon Pepper to be paid down, and Bond to be given for Payment of the residue at the end of Twelve Months, or else to discount after the Rate of Ten Pounds per Centum, on paying down the whole Duty. *Altered by the 8 A. cap. 7.*

Grocery Wares and Drugs.

XII. For every Hundred Pound value of Grocery Wares and Drugs (other than Pepper and Liquorice, which are hereby particularly charged, and also except Currants, Sugar, Tobacco, Mace, Cinamon, Nutmegs, and Cloves) imported after the said Five and twentieth Day of December, One thousand six hundred and ninety, and before the Tenth Day of November, One thousand six hundred and ninety five, Ten Pounds. *Altered as to Raisins by the 4 & 5 W. & M. cap. 5. §. 10.*

Currants.

XIII. And for every Hundred Pound value of Currants imported within the time aforesaid, Five Pounds, over and above what the same are respectively charged with in the Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity. *Altered by the 4 & 5 W. & M. cap. 5. §. 10.*

Iron in Foreign Ships.

XIV. For every Ton of Iron wrought or unwrought, or Cast, (except Buchel Iron) imported from any Foreign Parts after the Five and twentieth Day of December, One thousand six hundred and ninety, and before the Tenth Day of November, One thousand six hundred and ninety five, in any other Ship or Vessel than such as are English built, and whereof the Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners at least are English, Thirty three Shillings.

Iron in *English* built Ships.

XV. And for every Ton of such Iron which shall be imported in such English built Ship or Vessel, so Navigated, Three and twenty Shillings, over and above what the same is charged with in the Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity.

Iron-Wyre.

XVI. And for all sorts of Foreign Iron-Wyre (except Card-Wyre, and all sorts of Iron-Wyre smaller than the sorts commonly called or known by the names of Fine fine and Super-fine, and all Wooll-Cards, or any other Wares made of Iron-Wyre) to be imported between the Five and twentieth Day of December, One thousand six hundred and ninety, and the Tenth Day of November, One thousand six hundred and ninety five, there shall be paid for every Hundred weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, Two and twenty Shillings and Six Pence, and also the Duty mentioned in the Book of Rates, to be paid by the Importer; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity; Which sorts of Iron-Wyre (except as aforesaid) it shall and may be lawful for any person or persons whatsoever to import within the time aforesaid, and no longer; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Iron-Wyre may be imported (except as aforesaid.)

XVII. And

XVII. And for all sorts of Steel-Wyre imported within the time aforesaid, the Sum of Fourteen Shillings for every Hundred weight, containing, as aforesaid, over and above the Duty charged in the Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity. Steel-Wyre.

XVIII. And for every Iron Pot, and Iron Kettle, imported within the time aforesaid, One Shilling and Three Pence, over and above what is charged in the Book of Rates. Iron-Pots and Kettles.

XIX. For every small Back for Chimnies, imported within the time aforesaid, One Shilling and Two Pence, over and above what is charged in the Book of Rates. Chimney-Backs small.

XX. For every large Back for Chimnies, imported within the time aforesaid, Two Shillings and Four Pence, over and above what is charged in the Book of Rates. Chimney-Backs large.

XXI. For every Hundred weight of Iron slit or hammered into Rods, commonly known by the name of Rod-Iron, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, imported within the time aforesaid, Five Shillings, over and above what is charged in the Book of Rates; and so in proportion for a greater or lesser quantity. Rod-Iron.

XXII. For every Hundred weight of Frying Pans, containing, as aforesaid, imported within the time aforesaid, Four Shillings, over and above what is charged in the Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity. Frying-Pans.

XXIII. For every Hundred weight of Steel, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, imported within the time aforesaid, Five Shillings and Six Pence, over and above what is charged in the Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity. Steel.

XXIV. For every Hundred weight of Anvils wrought, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, imported within the time aforesaid, Nine Shillings and Three Pence, over and above what is charged in the Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity. Anvils.

XXV. For every Hundred of single white or black Plates, imported within the time aforesaid, Four Shillings and Four Pence, over and above what is charged in the Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity. Plates single.

XXVI. For every Hundred of double white or black Plates, imported within the time aforesaid, Eight Shillings and Eight Pence, over and above what is charged in the Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity. Plates double.

XXVII. For every Harness Plate, or Iron double, imported within the time aforesaid, One Shilling and Four Pence, over and above what is charged in the Book of Rates. Harness Plates or Iron double.

XXVIII. For every Hundred weight of Iron drawn or hammered, less than Three quarters of an Inch square, and all other Iron Ware manufactured, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, imported within the time aforesaid, Five Shillings, over and above what is charged in the Book of Rates. Iron less than 3/4ths inch square, and all other Iron Ware.

XXIX. Provided, That no Manufactured Iron or Iron Ware, which by this Act is charged to pay by the Piece or Hundred weight, shall be liable to pay the Duty of Thirty three Shillings, or Twenty Three Shillings by the Ton imposed by this Act. Proviso for Iron.

XXX. And for every Hundred weight of Brass, Latten, or Copper Wyre, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, imported within the time aforesaid, Fifteen Shillings, over and above what is charged in the Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity. Brass, Latten, or Copper-Wyre.

XXXI. For every Last of Hempseed, Coleseed and Rapeseed, imported after the said Five and twentieth Day of December, One thousand six hundred and ninety, and before the Tenth Day of November, One thousand six hundred and ninety five, Four Pounds, above what the same is charged in the Book of Rates. Hempseed, Coleseed, Rapeseed.

XXXII. For all Yarn of Flax or Hemp, other than Cable Yarn, imported after the said Five and twentieth Day of December, One thousand six hundred and ninety, and before the Tenth Day of Novem- Yarn of Flax or Hemp (except Cable Yarn.)

November, One thouſand ſix hundred and ninety five, an Additional Duty of as much as what is now charged thereupon in the Book of Rates.

Cable-Yarn. XXXIII. For every Hundred weight of Cable-Yarn, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, imported within the time aforeſaid, Five Shillings; and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer quantity of the ſaid Seeds or Yarn.

Glaſs Manufactures (except *Rheniſh* and *Muſcovia* Glaſs.) XXXIV. For all Drinking-Glaſſes and other Glaſs, and all Manufactures of Glaſs (except Rheniſh and Muſcovia Window Glaſs) imported within the time aforeſaid, Three Shillings for every Twenty Shillings value thereof, above what the ſame is charged with in the Book of Rates.

Mellaſſes from any place than the *Engliſh* Plantations. XXXV. For every Hundred weight of Mellaſſes, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, imported within the time aforeſaid from any other place than the Engliſh Plantations in America, Eight Shillings, over and above what the ſame is charged with in the Book of Rates.

Tallow. XXXVI. For every Hundred weight of Tallow, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, imported within the time aforeſaid, Five Shillings; and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer quantity.

Tallow Candles. XXXVII. For every Hundred weight of Tallow-Candles imported within the time aforeſaid, and containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, Ten Shillings; and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer quantity.

Bever Wooll (except *Ruſſia.*) XXXVIII. For every Pound of Bever-Wooll cut and comb'd, imported within the time aforeſaid, (except Wooll comb'd in Ruſſia, and imported from thence in Engliſh Ships) Fifteen Shillings.

Pot-Aſhes. XXXIX. For every Barrel of Pot-Aſhes, containing Two hundred weight Neat, imported within the time aforeſaid, Eight Shillings, above what the ſame is charged with in the Book of Rates; and ſo proportionably for any greater or leſſer quantity.

Cordage. XL. For every Hundred weight of Cordage ready wrought, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, imported within the time aforeſaid, Five Shillings, over and above what the ſame is charged with in the Book of Rates; and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer quantity.

Olive Oyl. XLI. For every Ton of Olive Oyl, imported within the time aforeſaid, Four Pounds, above what the ſame is charged with in the Book of Rates; and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer quantity.

Paper. XLII. For all Paper, imported within the time aforeſaid, the ſeveral Duties following, over and above what the ſame are reſpectively charged with in the Book of Rates; (that is to ſay) For every Ream of Royal Paper, Two Shillings; For every Ream of Blue Paper, Demy Paper, and Painted Paper, One Shilling and Six Pence; For every Bundle of Brown Paper, Two Pence; And for all other Paper, ſo imported, as much more as what the ſame is now charged with in the Book of Rates.

Liquoriſe. XLIII. For every Hundred weight of Liquoriſe, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, imported within the time aforeſaid, Eighteen Shillings and Eight Pence, above what the ſame is charged with in the Book of Rates; and ſo proportionably for any greater or leſſer quantity.

Liquoriſe-Powder. XLIV. And for every ſuch Hundred weight of Liquoriſe-Powder, imported within the time aforeſaid, One Pound, Seventeen Shillings and Four Pence.

Liquoriſe-Juice. XLV. And for every Pound weight of Juice of Liquoriſe, imported within the time aforeſaid, One Shilling; and ſo proportionably for any greater or leſſer quantity.

Barilla or Saphora. XLVI. For every Hundred weight of Barilla or Saphora, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, imported within the time aforeſaid, Two Shillings and Six Pence, above what the ſame is charged with in the Book of Rates; and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer quantity.

XLVII. For

XLVII. For every Hundred weight of Sope, imported within the time aforesaid, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, Ten Shillings, over and above what is charged in the Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity. Sope.

XLVIII. For all Earthen Ware, not mentioned in the Book of Rates, imported within the time aforesaid, Two Shillings and Six Pence for every Twenty Shillings value thereof. Earthen Ware unrated.

XLIX. For every Hundred weight of Starch, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, imported within the time aforesaid, Twenty Shillings, above what the same is charged with in the Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity. Starch.

L. For every Hundred weight of Allom, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, imported within the time aforesaid, Two Shillings and Six Pence, above what the same is charged with in the Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity. Allom.

LI. For every Hundred weight of Brimstone, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, imported within the time aforesaid, Four Shillings and Eight Pence, above what the same is charged with in the Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity. Brimstone.

LII. For every Hundred weight of Tin, imported within the time aforesaid, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, Thirty Shillings, over and above what is charged in the Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity. Tin.

LIII. Provided always, and be it Enacted, That where any Duties upon Goods and Merchandize herein before granted, are to be levied according to the value of the same, where such Goods or Merchandizes are particularly Rated in the Book of Rates, the value shall be understood and taken according to such Rates; and where they are not particularly Rated, the value shall be taken by and according to the Oath of the Importer, and not otherwise; the Duties imposed by this Act not to be reckoned into the value of the same. Value of the Goods to be according to the Book of Rates, or the Oath of the Importer. The Duties not to be reckoned into the Value.

LIV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for all Additional Duties hereby imposed upon the forementioned Goods and Merchandize, to be imported, as aforesaid, the Importer giving Security at the Custom-house, shall have time not exceeding Twelve Months (where the same is not otherwise hereby limited) for the payment of the same, from the Importation, to be paid by Four equal and Quarterly payments; Or in case such Importer shall pay ready Money, he shall have after the Rate of Ten Pounds per Centum for a Year of the said Duty abated to him or her; and if the Goods and Merchandize to be imported, as aforesaid, for which the Additional Duty is paid or secured at the Importation thereof, be again Exported within Twelve Months after the Importation, then the aforesaid Duties shall be wholly repaid, or the Security vacated, as to what shall be so Exported. 12 Months time for paying the Duties, or 10 per Cent. for Prompt payment. Duties to be repaid or Security vacated upon Exportation.

LVI. And be it Enacted, That the several Impositions and Duties above mentioned, shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid unto their Majesties and their Successors, during the times aforementioned, in the same manner and form, with such advantages, and by such Rules, Means, and Ways, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, as are mentioned and expressed in one Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, Intituled, A Subsidy granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandize Exported and Imported, and the Rules and Orders thereunto annexed; which said Act, and every Article, Rule and Clause therein contained, shall stand and be in force for the purposes aforesaid, during the continuance of this Act. Duties how to be levied. 12 Car. 2. c. 4.

Anno 2 Gulielmi & Mariæ *Regis & Reginæ.*

Seſſ. 2. CAP. V.

An Act for the Continuance of ſeveral former Acts thereinmentioned, for the laying ſeveral Duties upon Wines, Vinegar, and Tobacco. EXP.

Anno 2 Gulielmi & Mariæ *Regis & Reginæ.*

Seſſ. 2. CAP. XIV.

An Act for the more effectual putting in Execution an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Prohibiting all Trade and Commerce with* France. EXP.

Anno 3 & 4 Gulielmi & Mariæ *Regis & Reginæ.*

CAP. VIII.

An Act for the Incouragement of the Breeding and Feeding of Cattle.

Reaſons.

FOR the Incouragement of Breeding and Fatting of Cattle for the common Good and Welfare of this Kingdom, Be it Enacted by the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by Authority of the ſame, That from and after the Firſt Day of March, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety one, and from thenceforward, it ſhall be lawful for all and every Perſon or Perſons, Native or Foreign, at any time or times, to Ship, Lade, Carry and Tranſport or Export, from and out of any Port, Harbour, or Place within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, into any part of the World in Amity with their Majeſties, all ſorts of Beef, Pork, or Hogs-flesh, Butter, Cheeſe, or Candles, free from any Cuſtom or Impoſition whatſoever; The Act made in the Second Year of their preſent Majeſties, Intituled, An Act for Granting to their Majeſties a Subſidy of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandizes Exported and Imported, or any other Law, Statute, Uſage, or other Prohibition, to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

After the 1 *March*, 1691. any Perſon may Export to any Place in Amity with their Majeſties, Beef, Pork or Hogs-fleſh, Butter, Cheeſe or Candles, free from any Cuſtom, notwithſtanding former Laws.

Anno

Anno 4 & 5 Gulielmi & Mariæ *Regis & Reginæ.*

CAP. V.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Granting to their Majeſties certain Additional Impoſitions upon ſeveral Goods and Merchandize, for the Proſecuting the preſent War againſt *France.*

WE your Majeſties moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons aſſembled in Parliament, for a further Supply of your Majeſties extraordinary Occaſions, and the effectual Proſecution of the War againſt France, have cheerfully and unanimouſly Given and Granted, and do hereby Give and Grant unto your Majeſties the Additional and other Rates, Impoſitions, Duties and Charges upon the ſeveral ſorts of Goods and Merchandize to be Imported into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or from thence Exported, as herein after expreſſed, during ſuch time, and in ſuch manner and form, as herein after followeth; and do humbly pray your Majeſties that it may be Enacted: Preamble.

II. And be it Enacted by the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That there ſhall be anſwered and paid to their Majeſties, and their Succeſſors, for the ſeveral Goods and Merchandizes hereafter mentioned, over and above all Impoſitions, Duties and Charges already impoſed and payable upon and for the ſame in the Book of Rates of Merchandize by Act of Parliament eſtabliſhed, and the Direction therein contained, or otherwiſe, the further Rates and Duties following; (that is to ſay) (1.) For every Hundred pounds value of Amber-Beads, imported after the Firſt Day of March, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety two, and before the Firſt Day of March, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety ſix, Twenty Pounds more than the ſame are charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates; and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer quantity. (2.) For Amber rough, imported within the time aforeſaid, Ten pounds for every Hundred pounds value, more than the ſame is charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates; and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer quantity. (3.) For Amber-Oyl, or Oyl of Amber, imported within the time aforeſaid, Ten pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the ſame is charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates; and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer quantity. (4.) For Anchovies, the little Barrel, not exceeding Sixteen pounds of Fiſh, imported within the ſaid time, for every Hundred pounds value, Five pounds more than the ſame is charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates; and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer quantity. (5.) For Aſhes called Wood, Weed or Sope-Aſhes, imported within the ſaid time, Six ſhillings the Laſt more than the ſame is charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates. (6.) For Barbers Aprons and Checques imported within the ſaid time, Eight pence the Piece each more than the ſame are charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates. (7.) For every Hundred weight of Battery, Baſhrones, or Kettles (containing One hundred and twelve pounds) imported within the ſaid time, Five ſhillings more than the ſame are charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates; and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer quantity. (8.) For every Hundred weight (containing One hundred and twelve pounds) of Metal prepared for Battery, imported within the ſaid time, Five ſhillings more than is now paid for the ſame by the ſaid Book of Rates; and ſo in proportion, as aforeſaid. (9.) For every Hundred weight of Books unbound (containing One hundred and twelve pounds) imported within the ſaid time, Four ſhillings more than the ſame is charged with in the ſaid Book

Amber-Beads.

Amber rough.

Amber-Oyl.

Anchovies the little Barrel not to exceed 16 *l.* Fiſh.

Wood, Weed, or Sope-Aſhes.

Barbers Aprons.

Battery, *&c.*

Metal prepared for Battery.

Books unbound.

Lamp-Black. of Rates; and so in proportion, as aforesaid. (10.) For Black called Lamp-Black, imported within the said time, Twenty pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the same is charged with in the said Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity.

Boultel Reins. (11.) For Boultel Reins imported within the said time, Ten pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the same is charged with in the said Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity.

Bracelets or Necklaces of Glass. (12.) For every Gross of Bracelets or Necklaces of Glass, imported within the said time, Two shillings and six pence more than the same are charged with in the said Book of Rates, or by any other Statute now in force.

Brass wrought. (13.) For Brass wrought, imported within the said time, Five pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the same is charged with in the said Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity.

Buckrums. (14.) For Buckrums, imported within the said time, Five pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the same are charged with in the said Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity.

Hair Buttons. (15.) For Buttons of Hair, imported within the said time, Ten pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the same are charged with in the said Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity.

Bristles. (16.) For Bristles dressed and undressed, imported within the said time, Five pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the same are charged with in the said Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity.

Bacon. (17.) For every Pound of Bacon, imported within the said time, Four pence.

Calve Skins. (18.) For Calves Skins, imported within the said time, Five pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the same are charged with in the said Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity.

Carpets. (19.) For Carpets of all sorts, imported within the said time, Five pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the same are charged with in the said Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity.

Lutestrings and Catlings. (20.) For every Gross of Catlings and Lutestrings, imported within the said time, Eighteen pence the Gross more than the same is charged with in the said Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity.

Scotch Coals. (21.) For Coals Scotch, imported within the said time, Five pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the same are charged with in the said Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity. *Ceased by the Act of Union, 5 A. cap. 8.*

Walking Canes. (22.) For every Thousand of Canes, called Walking Canes, imported within the said time, Five and twenty shillings more than is now paid for the same; and so in proportion, as aforesaid.

Rattans. (23.) For Canes called Rattans, imported within the said time, Five shillings the Thousand more than is now paid for the same; and so in proportion, as aforesaid.

Cast Copper. (24.) For every Hundred weight of Copper, called Rose, Brick, Copper Coyn, and all Cast Copper (containing One hundred and twelve pounds) imported within the said time, Seven shillings and six pence more than the same is charged with in the said Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity.

Copper Plates, &c. part wrought. (25.) For every Hundred weight of Copper, part wrought, as Plates, Bars, Rods, or rolled (containing One hundred and twelve pounds) imported within the said time, Twelve shillings and six pence more than is now paid for the same; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity.

Copper fully wrought. (26.) For every Hundred weight of Copper fully wrought (containing One hundred and twelve pounds) imported within the said time, Seventeen shillings and six pence more than is now paid for the same; and so in proportion, as aforesaid.

Coral Beads, and all Coral polished. (27.) For Coral Beads, and all Polished Coral, imported within the said time, Twenty pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the same is charged with in the said Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity.

Cotton Manufactures. (28.) For all Manufactures of Cotton only (except Divinity) not brought from East-India or China, imported within the said time, Five pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the same are charged with in the said Book of Rates; and so in pro-

portion

portion for any greater or leſſer quantity. (29.) For every Hundred pounds value of Cowries, imported within the ſaid time, Ten pounds more than is now paid for the ſame; and ſo in proportion, as aforeſaid. (30.) For Elephants Teeth, imported within the ſaid time, Ten pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the ſame are charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates; and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer quantity. (31.) For Flax rough, imported within the ſaid time, Five pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the ſame is charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates; and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer quantity. (32.) For Flax, dreſſed or wrought, imported within the ſaid time, Fifteen pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the ſame is charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates; and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer quantity. (33.) For every Hundred pounds value of Tow, imported within the ſaid time, Five pounds more than the ſame is charged with, as aforeſaid, and ſo in proportion, as aforeſaid. (34.) For every Yard of Flannel, imported within the ſaid time, Two pence more than the ſame is charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates. (35.) For every Yard of Frize, imported within the ſaid time, Three pence half-peny more than the ſame is charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates. (36.) For every Hundred pounds value of Furs of all ſorts, imported within the ſaid time, Five pounds more than the ſame are charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates; and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer quantity. (37.) For Gold and Silver Thread, and Wire, Counterfeit, imported within the ſaid time, Five pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the ſame are charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates; and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer quantity. (38.) For every Pound of Goats Hair, called Carmenia Wooll, imported within the ſaid time, Four pence more than the ſame is charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates. (39.) For every Pound of Goats Hair of any other ſort, imported within the ſaid time, Two pence more than the ſame is charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates. (40.) For Hides of all ſorts, dreſſed and undreſſed, (except Buff and Loſh) imported within the ſaid time, Five pounds for every Hundred pound value more than the ſame is charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates; and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer quantity. (41.) For every Buff Hide, imported within the ſaid time, Two ſhillings more than the ſame is charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates. (42.) For every Loſh Hide, imported within the ſaid time, One ſhilling more than the ſame is charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates. (43.) For Hemp rough, imported within the ſaid time, Five pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the ſame is charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates; and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer quantity. (44.) For Diamonds, Pearls, Rubies, Emeraulds, and all other Jewels and precious Stones, imported within the ſaid time, Twenty ſhillings for every Hundred pounds value, to be affirmed by the Oath of the Importer, in lieu of all Impoſitions and Duties now payable for the ſame; and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer quantity. (45.) For every Pound of Indico of Foreign Plantation, not being of the growth of any of the Dominions or Plantations belonging to the Crown of England, imported within the ſaid time, Four pence more than the ſame is charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates. (46.) For every Pound of Indico of the growth of the Dominions or Plantations belonging to the Crown of England, imported within the ſaid time, Two pence more than the ſame is charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates. (47.) For all Iron, Iron Pots, Kettles, Backs for Chimneys, Iron ſlit or hammered into Rods, Frying-pans, Anvils wrought, ſingle white and black Plates, double white and black Plates, and all other Iron Wares, imported from Ireland within the ſaid time, the ſame reſpective Duties as are laid on Iron and Iron Wares, imported from any Foreign part, by one Act made in the Second Year of their Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for Granting to their Majeſties certain Impoſitions upon all *Eaſt-India* Goods, and Manufactures, and upon all Wrought

Cowries.

Elephants Teeth.

Flax rough.

Flax wrought.

Tow.

Flannel.

Frize.

Furs of all ſorts.

Gold and Silver Thread and Wire counterfeit.

Carmenia Wooll.

Goats-Hair of any other ſort.

Hides.

Buff Hides.

Loſh Hide.

Hemp rough.

Diamonds, Pearls, &c.

Indico of foreign Plantation.

Engliſh Plantation Indico.

Iron Pots from *Ireland*.

Repealed by 8 & 9 W. 3. cap. 20. §. 10.

Silks, and ſeveral other Goods and Merchandizes to be Imported after the Five and twentieth Day of *December*, One thouſand ſix hundred and ninety.

Lattin Shaven, &c.

(48.) For Lattin Shaven, black Lattin, and round Bottoms, imported within the ſaid time, Ten pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the ſame are charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates; and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer quantity.

Leather of all ſorts.

(49.) For Leather of all ſorts, imported within the ſaid time, Five pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the ſame is charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates; and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer quantity.

Lime and Lemon Juice.

(50.) For all Lime and Lemon Juice, imported within the ſaid time, Twenty pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the ſame are charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates; and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer quantity.

Litmus.

(51.) For Litmus, imported within the ſame time, Five pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the ſame is charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates; and ſo in proportion, as aforeſaid.

Lapis Calaminaris.

(52.) For all Lapis Calaminaris, exported within the ſaid time, Twenty ſhillings for every Ton over and above all other Duties payable for the ſame; and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer quantity thereof. *Altered by 8 & 9 W. 3. cap. 20. §. 9. to pay 2 s. only.*

Madder.

(53.) For Madder of all ſorts, imported within the ſaid time, Five pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the ſame is charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates; and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer quantity.

Orchal.

(54.) For Orchal, imported within the ſaid time, Five pounds for every Hundred pounds value thereof, more than the ſame is charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates; and ſo in proportion, as aforeſaid.

Pintadoes, not from *India*.

(55.) For Pintadoes or Calico Cupboard Cloths, imported within the ſaid time, and not brought from Eaſt-India or China, Five pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the ſame are charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates; and ſo in proportion, as aforeſaid.

Pitch, not of the *Britiſh* Plantations.

(56.) For Pitch, imported within the ſaid time, not being of the Product of any of the Dominions or Plantations of the Crown of England or Scotland, One moiety more than the ſame is charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates.

Silver Plate, gilt or ungilt.

(57.) For all ſorts of Plate of Silver, gilt or ungilt, imported within the ſaid time, Five pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the ſame is charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates; and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer quantity.

Rice.

(58.) For Rice, imported within the ſaid time, Five pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the ſame is charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates; and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer quantity.

Roſin, not of the *Britiſh* Plantations (except *French* Roſin.)

(59.) For Roſin of all ſorts, imported within the ſaid time, (except French Roſin) not being of the Product of any of the Dominions or Plantations belonging to the Crown of England or Scotland, Ten pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the ſame is charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates; and ſo in proportion, as aforeſaid.

Salt, (except for the curing Fiſh.)

(60.) For every Wey of Salt, imported within the ſaid time (except ſuch Salt as ſhall be uſed in curing of Fiſh) Five ſhillings more than the ſame is charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates; and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer quantity.

Thrown Silk in the Gum.

(61.) For Silk Thrown of all ſorts in the Gum, imported within the ſaid time, Five pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the ſame is charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates; and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer quantity.

Wrought Silk (except Alamodes and Luſtrings.)

(62.) For every Pound of Silk wrought, other than Alamodes and Luſtrings, imported within the ſaid time, Two ſhillings more than the ſame is charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates, or by an Act of this preſent Parliament, made in the Second Year of their Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for Granting to their Majeſties certain Impoſitions upon all *Eaſt-India* Goods and Manufactures, and upon all Wrought Silks, and ſeveral other Goods and Merchandize, to be Imported after the Five and twentieth Day of *December*, One thouſand ſix hundred and ninety.

Silk Ferret.

(63.) For Silk Ferret or Floret, imported within the ſaid time, One moiety more than the ſame is charged with in the ſaid Book of Rates.

Skins.

(64.) For Skins of all ſorts, imported within the ſaid time, Five pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the ſame is charged with in the ſaid

Book

Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity. (65.) For all Tarr, imported within the said time, not being of the Product of any of the Dominions or Plantations belonging to the Crown of England or Scotland, One moiety more than the same is charged with in the said Book of Rates. (66.) For Ticks and Tickings (except Scotish Ticks and Ticking) imported within the same time, Five pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the same is charged with in the said Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity. (67.) For every Dozen pounds of Thread Dutnal, imported within the said time, Four shillings more than the same is charged with in the said Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity. (68.) For all Tapestry and Dornix, imported within the said time, (except such as are manufactured in, or brought from any part of the French Kings Dominions) Ten pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the same is charged with in the said Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity. (69.) For all unwrought Inkle, imported within the said time, One moiety more than what is now paid for the same. (70.) For all Pan-Tiles, imported within the said time, Eight shillings the Thousand more than the same are charged with in the said Book of Rates; and so in proportion, as aforesaid. (71.) For all sorts of Dying-Wood, imported within the said time, (except Red-Wood from Guinea, Drugs and Logwood) Five pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the same are charged with in the said Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity. (72.) For all Wax called Bees-Wax, imported within the said time, Five pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than the same is charged with in the said Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity. (73.) For every Ton of French Wine, imported within the said time, Eight pounds above all Duties already charged thereupon in the Book of Rates, or by any other Law; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity. (74.) Upon all French Goods and Merchandize (except Wine, Brandy, Salt, and Vinegar) which shall be imported within the said time, Five and twenty pounds for every Hundred pounds value thereof, more than the same are charged with in the said Book of Rates; and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity. (75.) For all Silks called Alamodes and Lustrings, imported within the said time from any Ports or Places whatsoever, Fifteen pounds for every Hundred pounds value more than is paid for the same by any Law now in force. (76.) For all Lattin, Brass or Copper Wire, imported within the said time, Six shillings and six pence the Hundred weight (containing an Hundred and twelve pounds) above all other Duties payable for the same. (77.) Upon all Goods and Merchandizes not particularly rated in the said Book of Rates, paying Duty at value, imported within the said time, Five pounds for every Hundred pounds value thereof, to be affirmed upon the Oath of the Importer, according to the Direction of the said Book of Rates, (except Mum, and such Goods and Merchandizes as are particularly charged by this Act, or an Act of this present Parliament, Intituled, An Act for Granting to their Majesties certain Impositions upon all *East-India* Goods and Manufactures, and upon all Wrought Silks, and several other Goods and Merchandizes, to be Imported after the Five and twentieth Day of *December*, One thousand six hundred and ninety.) (78.) For every Gallon of Strong Water, Aqua vitæ or Brandy, commonly called Single Brandy, or Strong Waters, imported within the said time, to be paid by the Importer before Landing, Two shillings over and above the Duties of Excise and Customs, at any time before the Second Year of their Majesties Reign, payable for the same. (79.) For every Gallon of Strong Waters, Spirits or Brandy above Proof, called Double Brandy, imported within the said time, to be paid by the Importer before Landing, Four shillings over and above the Duties of Excise and Customs, at any time before the Second Year of their Majesties Reign, payable for the same.

Tarr, not of the *British* Plantations.

Ticks, (except *Scotch.*)

Thread Outnal.

Tapestry, and Dornix (except *French.*)

Inkle unwrought.

Pan-Tiles.

Dying-Wood (except Red Wood, Drugs and Logwood)

Bees-Wax.

French Wine.

French Goods (except Wine, Brandy, Salt, and Vinegar.)

Alamodes and Lustrings.

Lattin, Brass or Copper Wire.

All Goods not in the Book of Rates, (except Mum or what are charged by this Act, or by 2 *W.* & *M.*)

Brandy single.

Brandy double.

III. And

Excise on Brandy, 2 W. & M. Sess. 2. cap. 10. taken away.

III. And whereas by one Act made in the Second Year of their Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for Granting to their Majesties several Additional Duties of Excise upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, for Four Years, from the time that an Act for doubling the Duty of Excise upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors, during the space of One Year, doth Expire, It is amongst other things Enacted, That for every Gallon of Single Brandy, Spirits, or Aqua vitæ, imported from beyond the Seas, should be paid by the Importer before Landing, over and above the Duties payable for the same, Four shillings; And for every Gallon of Brandy, Spirits or Aqua vitæ above proof, commonly called Double Brandy, imported from beyond the Seas, should be paid by the Importer before Landing, over and above the Duties payable for the same, Eight shillings: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said two Clauses last recited in the said Act mentioned, concerning Single Brandy, Spirits or Aqua vitæ, and Brandy, Spirits or Aqua vitæ above proof, called Double Brandy, are and shall be, from the First Day of March, One thousand six hundred ninety two, Repealed; any thing in the said last mentioned Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Rates aforementioned, how collected.

IV. Provided always, and be it Enacted, That the several Rates and Impositions hereby Imposed upon the respective Goods and Merchandizes aforesaid, shall be collected and paid according to the respective Rates and Proportions herein expressed, and be raised, levied, collected and paid unto their Majesties, during the time before mentioned, except where it is otherwise hereby directed, in the same manner and form, and by such rules, means and ways, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures as are mentioned and expressed in one Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, Intituled, A Subsidy Granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandize, Exported and Imported, and the Rules, Directions and Orders thereunto annexed, or any other Laws now in force, relating to the Collection of their Majesties Customs; which said Act and Acts, and every Article, Rule and Clause therein contained, shall stand and be in force for the Purposes aforesaid, during the continuance of this Act. 12 Car. 2. cap. 4.

Rates upon Brandy subject to the Excise.

V. And be it further Enacted, That the several Rates and Duties upon Strong Water, Aqua vitæ or Brandy, commonly called Single Brandy, or Strong Water, and upon Strong Water, Spirits, or Brandy above Proof, called Double Brandy, shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto their Majesties, their Heirs and Successors, during the time before mentioned, in the same manner and form, and by such rules, means and ways, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures as are mentioned, expressed and directed in one Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of the late King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for the taking away the Court of Wards and Liveries, and Tenures *in Capite*, and by Knights Service, and Purveyance, and for Settling a Revenue upon his Majesty in lieu thereof: And also in another Act of Parliament made in the Fifteenth Year of his Reign, Intituled, An Additional Act for the better ordering and collecting the Duty of Excise, and Preventing the Abuses therein, or in either of them, or in any other Law now in force relating to the Revenue of Excise. 12 Car. 2. c. 24. 15 Car. 2. c. 11.

Merchant to give Security to pay in a Years time, by 4 equal Payments; or 10 *l. per Cent.* rebated for present Payment.

VI. And be it further Enacted, That for all Additional Duties hereby imposed upon the aforementioned Goods and Merchandize to be imported, as aforesaid, the Importer giving Security at the Custom-house, shall have Time, not exceeding Twelve Months, for the payment of the same, from the Importation, to be paid by four equal and quarterly Payments; or in case such Importer shall pay ready Money, he shall have after the rate of Ten pounds per Cent. of the said Duty for a Year abated to him; and if the Goods and Merchandizes aforementioned, imported, as aforesaid, for which the Duties hereby granted, paid or secured at the Importation thereof, be again Exported by any Merchant English, within Twelve Months, or by Strangers within Nine Months after the Importation, then the aforesaid Duty shall be wholly repaid,

Drawback.

or

of the Security vacated, as to what shall be so exported, except all Brandy, for which the aforesaid Duty shall not be repaid.

VII. Provided nevertheless, That the several Duties charged by this Act upon all Amber Beads, Amber rough, Coral Beads, and polished Coral, and all Cowries, shall be repaid to the Merchant exporting the same within Three Years after the Importation thereof; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Amber, Coral, and Cowries, allowed 3 years time for Exportation.

VIII. And for preventing the Frauds frequently used in importing of Strong Water, Spirits, Aqua vitæ or Brandy, in small quantities, whereby the same is more easily conveyed away without payment of the Duties thereof: Be it Enacted, That from and after the Five and twentieth Day of March, One thousand six hundred ninety three, no Brandy, single or double, shall be imported from parts beyond the Seas, in any Vessel or Cask which shall not contain Sixty Gallons at the least, upon pain of forfeiting the said Brandy, or the value thereof so to be imported, as aforesaid, whereof one half shall be to their Majesties, and the other half to such Persons as shall Inform or Sue for the same, to be recovered of the Importer or Proprietor thereof, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any of their Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Wager of Law, or Protection, shall be allowed, nor any more than one Imparlance.

Brandy imported in Vessels less than sixty Gallons forfeited.

IX. And be it further Enacted, That all and every the Officer and Officers who shall be concerned in Levying the Duties arising by this Act, do keep a separate and distinct Account thereof, and pay the same in specie into their Majesties Exchequer Weekly; and upon neglect and refusal of the same, every Officer offending shall be forejudged from, and shall forfeit his Place or Office.

A separate Account to be kept.

2 W. & M. Sess. 2. Cap. 4.

X. And whereas by the said Act, Intituled, An Act for Granting to their Majesties certain Impositions on all *East India* Goods and Merchandize, and upon all wrought Silks, and upon several other Goods and Merchandize, to be Imported after the Five and twentieth Day of *December*, One thousand six hundred and ninety, the Sum of Ten pounds is imposed on every Hundred pounds value of Grocery Ware and Drugs, wherein the several sorts of Raisins mentioned in the said Book of Rates are included, and likewise the Sum of Five pounds for every Hundred pounds value of Currants, which is found by Experience to lessen the Importation thereof: Wherefore, for remedy thereof, and the Encouragement of Merchants to Import the said Goods, Be it Enacted, That from and after the Five and twentieth day of March, One thousand six hundred ninety and three, and thenceforth during the continuance of the said Act, the Sum of five pounds only shall be paid for every Hundred pounds value of Raisins, of any sort, to be imported after the said time, over and above the Rates thereon charged in the said Book of Rates: And Fifty shillings, and no more, for every Hundred pounds value of Currants imported after the said time, and thenceforth during the Continuance of the last mentioned Act, over and above the Rates charged thereon in the said Book of Rates (the said Act, or any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding) the same to be Collected as in and by the said Act is directed and appointed.

Raisins to pay only 5*l.* for every 100*l.* value, and Currants 50*s.* for every 100*l.* value.

XI. And whereas by the said Book of Rates a value is imposed on every piece of Calico without mention of the length whereof such Piece should consist: Be it further Enacted, That no Piece of Calico, imported from and after the First Day of March, One thousand six hundred ninety two, during the continuance of the said last recited Act, of the breadth of one Yard and a quarter or under, shall exceed in length ten Yards; and no Piece of Calico, imported after the said time, during the Continuance of the said Act, above that breadth, shall exceed six Yards; and if any Piece of Calico shall exceed those lengths, the same shall be Rated according to the respective length of ten Yards, and six Yards for each Piece, and pay for the same in that proportion for a greater or lesser quantity according to the Sum rated upon each Piece of Calico in the said Book of Rates; and that the Subsidy as well as the Additional Duties upon Calicoes by the said last recited Act appointed, shall be

The length and breadth of a piece of Callico.

be Collected and Paid according to that Admeasurement of each Piece of Calico so imported from and after the said time, and not otherwise; Any thing in the said Book of Rates or in the said Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Measure of *East*-Country Linen settled

XII. And for the better ascertaining, explaining, and settling the Measures of East-Country Linen, Be it Enacted, That all Linen of Prussia, Polonia, or any part of the East-Country (except Russia) above the breadth of three quarters and half quarter of a Yard, shall pay as Broad Germany Linen during the Continuance of the said last recited Act; and all Whited Hinderlands from the same Countries, under that breadth, shall pay during the said time, as Narrow East-Country Linen.

Alamodes to be imported by Licence from the Commissioners of the Customs.

XIV. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, for the better Incouragement of the Manufacture of plain Silks, called Alamodes and Lustrings, in this Kingdom, none of the said Foreign Silk shall be imported into this Kingdom after the Five and twentieth Day of March, One thousand six hundred ninety and three, but upon Notice first given to the Commissioners or Farmers of their Majesties Customs for the time being, of the Quality and Quantity, with Marks, Numbers, and Package of such Silks so intended to be Imported, with the Name of the Ship and Master or Commander, on which they are to be Laden, and the place into which they intend to Import the same, and taking a Licence under the Hands of the Commissioners or Farmers for the time being, or any three of them, for the Lading and Importing thereof, as aforesaid; which Licence they are hereby authorized and required to grant without any Fee or Reward, or any other Charge to the Persons demanding the same; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding: And in case any of the said Goods shall be Imported without such notice being first given, and Licence taken out, as aforesaid, the same shall be forfeited, one moiety thereof to the use of their Majesties, their Heirs or Successors, and the other moiety to him or them that shall Seize or Sue for the same in any of their Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Privilege, Protection, or Wager of Law, nor more than one Imparlance shall be allowed.

No Fee to be taken but for Subsidies Debentures,

XV. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Officers of the Customs shall not take or receive from the Merchant exporting any of the Commodities Chargeable by this or any other Act with any Additional Duties, above what is Chargeable by the Book of Rates, any Fee or Reward for passing any Debenture for repayment of the Duties to be paid back on Exportation, according to the said Acts, but shall only receive such Fees as were payable for Debentures, for the repayment of the half Subsidy, according to the Book of Rates, and no more: Nor shall any Fee or Reward be taken for any Oath to be Administred at any Custom-house upon this Act.

nor for any Oath upon this Act.

Money to be paid into the Exchequer weekly.

XVIII. And be it further Enacted and Ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the Officer and Officers who shall be concerned in the Levying, Collecting and Receiving the Duties arising by this Act, do keep a separate and distinct Account thereof, and pay the same in specie into the Receipt of their Majesties Exchequer weekly, on Wednesday in every Week, unless it be an Holiday, and then the next day after which shall not be an Holiday; and upon neglect or refusal of the same, shall incur the Penalties, Forfeitures, Damages and Costs, as other the Officers of the Exchequer herein after mentioned, shall be liable to; which Monies so paid in, shall be applied to the uses hereafter mentioned in this Act, and no otherwise.

122651*l.* Appropriated out of this Years Tax to the Sea.

XXIII. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That out of the Money which shall be Levied and paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer, as well upon Loan as otherwise, by virtue of this Act, or any other Act of this Session of Parliament for Granting Aids or Supplies to their Majesties (other than an Act, Intituled, An Act for Granting to their Majesties an Aid of Four Shillings in the Pound for one Year, for Carrying on a Vigorous War against *France*) the Sum

of

of Twelve hundred twenty six thousand five hundred and sixteen pounds ten shillings shall be Applied and Appropriated, and is hereby Appropriated to and for the payment of Officers and Seamen that have served, and shall serve in their Majesties Navy Royal, and for the paying for Stores, Provisions and Victuals, Supplied, and to be Supplied for the said Navy, and for the Expences of their Majesties Office of Ordnance in respect to Naval Affairs, and for other necessary Uses and Services, performed, and to be performed in and for the said Navy, and not otherwise. And if any Officer any way belonging to their Majesties Revenue, or to the Exchequer, Navy, or Ordnance respectively, shall wittingly and wilfully divert or misapply any part of the Money hereby appropriated to any other purpose, than to the Uses hereby directed, contrary to the true intent of this Act, such Officer and Officers so offending, shall forfeit his and their Office and Place, and is and are hereby disabled and made incapable to hold or execute the said Office, or any other Office whatsoever.

Officer misapplying Money, made incapable to hold any Office.

Anno 4 & 5 Gulielmi & Mariæ *Regis* & *Reginæ*.

CAP. X.

An Act for Prohibiting the Importation of all Foreign Hair Buttons.

Preamble.

WHereas by an Act made in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act Prohibiting the Importation of Foreign Bone-Lace, Cutwork, Imbroidery, Fringe, Band-strings, Buttons and Needle-Work, amongst other things in the said Act mentioned, all Foreign Buttons made of Thread or Silk are Prohibited to be imported or sold in the Kingdom of England, or Dominion of Wales: And whereas since the making of the said Act, Hair Buttons are chiefly used and worn, and the Button-Makers of England do make better Hair Buttons than any are imported from Foreign Parts, and are able to supply this Kingdom with greater Quantities of them than they can make use of; yet because Buttons made of Hair are not expressly mentioned in the said Act (although they were thereby intended to be prohibited) many persons who are Enemies to the Manufactures of this Kingdom, taking advantage of the said Omission, do daily Import such great Quantities of Hair Buttons, that the Button Trade of England is very much decayed, and many thousands of poor People that were formerly kept at Work in the said Trade, are like to perish for want of Imployment, and all the other Mischiefs mentioned in the said Act, which relate to the Button Trade, and were thereby intended to be remedied, are become as great as they were at the time of the making of the said Act.

13 & 14 Car. 2. *cap.* 13.

II. For redress whereof, and the more effectual Prevention of the like Mischiefs for the future, Be it Enacted by the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament Assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Five and twentieth day of March, in the Year of Our Lord, One thousand six hundred ninety and three, no Foreign Buttons made or to be made of Hair, nor any other Foreign Buttons whatsoever, shall be Imported, Brought in, Sent or Conveyed into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Port or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or Bartered, Sold, Exchanged, or offered to be Bartered, Sold, or Exchanged, upon pain of forfeiting all the said Buttons so Imported, Brought in, Bartered, Sold, or Exchanged, or offered to be Bartered, Sold, or Exchanged, and upon such further and other Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures as are mentioned, contained, and expressed in the

Foreign Hair Buttons, or any other Foreign Buttons Prohibited to be imported.

Penalty.

ſaid recited Act; one moiety of all which Forfeitures to be to the uſe of our Sovereign Lord and Lady the King and Queen, their Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety thereof to the Perſon or Perſons that ſhall Sue for the ſame in any of their Majeſties Courts of Record, by Bill, Plaint, Action of Debt, Information, or otherwiſe, wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed.

Juſtices of Peace power to iſſue Warrants to ſeize.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for the preventing the Importing, Bartering, Selling, Vending, or Expoſing to Sale any Foreign Buttons whatſoever, the Juſtices of the Peace within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Port or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, within their ſeveral and reſpective Counties, Cities, and Towns Corporate, have the ſame Authority and Power, and the ſame Authority and Power is hereby given unto the ſaid Juſtices, to iſſue forth their Warrants to ſeize, or cauſe to be ſeized all Foreign Buttons whatſoever, as by the ſaid Act is given unto them for the ſeizing of Foreign Buttons made of Thread or Silk, and other the Manufactures in the ſaid Act mentioned.

Anno 4 & 5 Gulielmi & Mariæ *Regis* & *Reginæ*.

CAP. XV.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Continuing certain Acts therein mentioned, and for charging ſeveral Joynt Stocks.

Perſon intereſted only to ſwear to Debenture for Rebate.

XIII. AND be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Sixth Day of April, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety and three, no Perſon be admitted to ſwear to a Debenture for any Duties to be drawn back upon Re-exportation, but he who is the true Exporter, as being either intereſted in the propriety and hazard of the Goods on the Exportation, or as being imployed by Commiſſion, is concerned in the Direction of the Voyage, ſo as to be able to judge that the Goods are really and bona fide exported, and not landed, nor intended to be Re-landed in the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed.

Perſons by way of Inſurance, or otherwiſe, undertaking to Import prohibited or uncuſtomed Goods, forfeit 500*l.* beſides all other Penalties.

XIV. And whereas it is found by Experience, That great quantities of Goods are daily Imported from Foreign Parts in a fraudulent and clandeſtine manner, without paying the Cuſtoms and Duties due and payable to their Majeſties, and the ſame hath of late been much increaſed and promoted by Ill Men, who, notwithſtanding the Laws already made, do undertake, as Inſurers or otherwiſe, to deliver ſuch Goods ſo clandeſtinely Imported at their Charge and Hazard, into the Houſes, Ware-houſes, or Poſſeſſion of the Owners thereof: For the preventing ſo great a Miſchief, be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, who by way of Inſurance, or otherwiſe, ſhall undertake or agree to deliver any Goods or Merchandizes whatſoever, to be Imported from Parts beyond the Seas, at any Port or Place whatſoever within this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, without paying the Cuſtoms and Duties that ſhall be due and payable for the ſame at ſuch Importation, or any prohibited Goods whatſoever, or in purſuance of ſuch Inſurance, Undertaking or Agreement, ſhall deliver, or cauſe or procure to be delivered any prohibited Goods, or ſhall deliver, or cauſe or procure to be delivered, any Goods or Merchandizes whatſoever, without paying ſuch Duties and Cuſtoms, as aforeſaid, knowing thereof, and all and every their Aiders, Abettors and Aſſiſtants, ſhall for every ſuch Offence forfeit and loſe the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, over and above all other

For-

Forfeitures and Penalties to which they are liable by any Act already in force.

500 *l.* Penalty upon persons who shall be so insured, or who shall receive the Goods.

XV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Person or Persons whatsoever, who shall agree to pay any Sum or Sums of Money for the insuring or conveying any Goods or Merchandizes that shall be so Imported, without paying the Customs and Duties due and payable at the Importation thereof, or of any prohibited Goods whatsoever, or shall receive or take such prohibited Goods into his or their House, or Warehouse, or other place on Land, or such other Goods, before such Customs and Duties are paid, knowing thereof, shall also for every such Offence forfeit and lose the like Sum of Five hundred Pounds, the one half of the said Forfeitures to be to their Majesties, and the other half to the Informer, or such Person or Persons as shall Sue for the same.

Reward to the Insurer, or Insurer, discovering.

XVI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if the Insurer, Conveyer, or Manager of such Fraud, be the Discoverer of the same, he shall not only keep and enjoy the Insurance-Money or Reward given him, and be discharged of the Penalties to which he is liable by reason of such Offence, but shall also have to his own use one half of the Forfeitures hereby imposed upon the Party or Parties making such Insurance or Agreement, or receiving the Goods, as aforesaid; and in case no Discovery shall be made by the Insurer, Conveyer, or Manager, as aforesaid, and the Party or Parties insured or concerned in such Agreement shall make Discovery thereof, he shall recover and receive back such Insurance-Money or Præmium, as he hath paid upon such Insurance or Agreement, and shall have to his own use one moiety of the Forfeitures imposed upon such Insurer, Conveyer, or Manager, as aforesaid, and shall also be discharged of the Forfeitures hereby imposed upon him or them.

Manner of recovering the Penalty.

XVII. And be it Enacted, That all the said Penalties and Forfeitures shall be recoverable according to the Course of the Court of Exchequer, in like manner as other Penalties and Forfeitures in like cases are recoverable.

To be prosecuted in 12 Months.

XVIII. Provided that no Penalty hereby inflicted shall be recoverable, unless the same be prosecuted within Twelve Months after the time such Fact was committed; Any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Anno 4 & 5 Gulielmi & Mariæ *Regis* & *Reginæ*.

CAP. XVII.

An Act for the Regaining, Incouraging, and Settling the *Greenland* Trade. EXP.

Anno 4 & 5 Gulielmi & Mariæ *Regis* & *Reginæ*.

CAP. XXIV.

An Act for Reviving, Continuing, and Explaining several Laws therein mentioned, which are Expired and near Expiring. EXP.

Anno 4 & 5 Gulielmi & Mariæ *Regis* & *Reginæ*.

CAP. XXV.

An Act for Continuing the Acts for Prohibiting all Trade and Commerce with *France*, and for the Incouragement of Privateers. EXP.

Anno 5 & 6 Gulielmi & Mariæ *Regis & Reginæ.*

CAP. II.

An Act for Repealing such Parts of several former Acts as prevent or prohibit the Importation of Foreign Brandy, *Aqua vitæ*, and other Spirits, and Bacon, except from *France*.

Preamble.

WHereas by one Act of Parliament made in the Fourth and Fifth Year of their Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for Granting to their Majesties certain Additional Impositions upon several Goods and Merchandizes for the prosecuting the present War against *France*, the Commons assembled in Parliament, amongst other Duties and Charges by the said Act Granted to their Majesties upon Goods and Merchandizes, imported after the first day of March, One thousand six hundred ninety two, and before the first day of March, One thousand six hundred ninety six, did Grant to their Majesties for every Gallon of Strong-waters, Aqua vitæ, or Brandy, commonly called Single Brandy or Strong-waters, imported within the said time, to be paid by the Importer before landing, Two shillings over and above the Duties of Excise and Customs, at any time before the Second Year of their Majesties Reign, payable for the same; And for every Gallon of Strong-waters, Spirits, or Brandy, above proof, called Double Brandy, imported within the said time, to be paid by the Importer before landing, Four shillings over and above the Duties of Excise and Customs, at any time before the Second Year of their Majesties Reign payable for the same; And by one other Act in the same Year made, Intituled, An Act for Granting to their Majesties certain Rates and Duties of Excise upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, for Securing certain Recompences and Advantages in the said Act mentioned to such Persons as shall Voluntarily Advance the Sum of Ten hundred thousand Pounds towards Carrying on the War against *France*, the said Commons did Grant to their Majesties for every Gallon of Single Brandy, Spirits, or Aqua vitæ, imported from beyond the Seas, to be paid by the Importer before landing, over and above all other Duties payable for the same, Six pence; And for every Gallon of Brandy, Spirits, or Aquæ vitæ, above proof, commonly called Double Brandy, imported from beyond the Seas, to be paid by the Importer before landing, over and above all other Duties payable for the same, One shilling: Which Grant, contrary to the Intention of the said Commons, became ineffectual to their Majesties, for that all Importation of Brandy was by one Act of Parliament made in the First Year of their Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for Prohibiting all Trade and Commerce with *France*, prohibited to be imported into England and Ireland, and the Dominions and Islands therein named, from and after the Four and twentieth day of August, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred eighty nine.

4 & 5 W. & M. cap. 5.

4 & 5 W. & M. cap. 3.

1 W. & M. Sess. 1. Cap. 34

II. For remedy whereof, and that the Revenue arising by the said Grants may be for the future answered to their Majesties, according to the Purport of the said first recited Acts, Be it Enacted by the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That one Clause in the said Act, for prohibiting of all Trade and Commerce with France, in these words, (that is to say) And be it further Enacted, That no sort of Brandy, *Aqua vitæ*, or other Spirits or Distilled Waters, of any Kingdom, Country, or Place whatsoever, shall, after the said Four and twentieth day of *August*, be Imported into the Kingdoms of *England* or *Ireland* aforesaid, Dominion, or Islands aforesaid, under pain of forfeiture thereof, as also of the Ship or Vessel wherein the same shall be Imported, Is, and shall be, by virtue of this Act, from the First day of this present Session of Parliament, Repealed; Any thing in the said Act for prohibiting all Trade

Clause of 1 *W. & M.* prohibiting Brandy, Repealed.

Sect. 8.

Trade and Commerce with France, or any other Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. Provided always, and be it Enacted, That the Duties of Two shillings and Four shillings a Gallon upon Single Brandy and Double Brandy respectively, Imposed by the said first recited Act, above the Duties of Excise and Customs, at any time before the Second Year of their Majesties Reign payable for the same, was thereby intended, and shall be construed to extend to such Duties as were then payable for the same by any Statute then in force, and not otherwise; And that no sort of Brandy, Aqua vitæ, or other Spirits, shall be imported from France into this Kingdom, or any of the Dominions and Territories thereunto belonging, by virtue of this Act, other than as the same is Provided and Enacted to be Imported by one Act of this present Parliament, made in the said Fourth and Fifth Year of their Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for Continuing the Acts for Prohibiting all Trade and Commerce with *France*, and for the Encouragement of Privateers.

4 & 5 W. & M. cap. 25.

IV. And whereas there was further Granted to their Majesties by the said first recited Act, Four pence for every Pound of Bacon imported within the time limited by the said Act, which could not be answered to their Majesties, because the Importation of Bacon is prohibited by one Act of Parliament made in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of the late King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act against Importing Cattle from *Ireland* and other parts beyond the Seas, and Fish taken by Foreigners; and by one other Act made in the Twentieth Year of his said late Majesties Reign, Intituled, An additional Act against the Importation of Foreign Cattle: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Sum of Four pence for every Pound of Bacon imported, granted to their Majesties by the said Act, shall be paid and answered to their Majesties from the first day of this present Session of Parliament, for and during the Continuance of the said Act; any thing in the said recited Acts of the Eighteenth and Twentieth of the said King Charles the Second, or any other Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

18 Car. 2. c. 2.

20 Car. 2. c. 7.

Bacon Imported during the Continuance of the Act 4 & 5 *W.* & *M.* to pay 4 *d.* *per* lb.

Anno 5 & 6 Gulielmi & Mariæ *Regis* & *Reginæ*.

CAP. III.

An Act for the Importation of Fine *Italian*, *Sicilian*, and *Naples* Thrown Silk. EXP.

Anno 5 & 6 Gulielmi & Mariæ *Regis* & *Reginæ*.

CAP. VII.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Granting to their Majesties certain Rates and Duties upon Salt, and upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, for Securing certain Recompences and Advantages in the said Act mentioned, to such Persons as shall voluntarily advance the Sum of Ten hundred thousand Pounds towards carrying on the War against *France*. EXP.

Anno 5 & 6 Gulielmi & Mariæ *Regis* & *Reginæ*.

CAP. XVI.

An Act for the Importation of Salt-petre for One Year. EXP.

Anno

Anno 5 & 6 Gulielmi & Mariæ *Regis & Reginæ.*

CAP. XVII.

An Act for the Exportation of Iron, Copper, and Mundick Metal.

Preamble.

Whereas by ſeveral Statutes, the one made in the Eight and twentieth Year of the Reign of Edward the Third, and the other in the Three and thirtieth Year of the Reign of King Henry the Eighth, and another in the Second Year of the Reign of Edward the Sixth, late Kings of England, Iron, Copper, and Bell-Metal, are prohibited to be Exported out of this Realm, under ſeveral Penalties in the ſaid Statutes reſpectively contained: 28 Ed. 3. 33 Hen. 8. 2 Ed. 6.

Iron, Copper, or Mundick Metal, may be Exported.

II. For the better encouragement of the Working of the Copper Mines within their Majeſties Dominions, Be it therefore Enacted by the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the Five and twentieth day of March, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety four, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, Bodies Politick or Corporate, to Ship and Export all and all manner of Iron, Copper, or Mundick Metal, out of this Realm of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, except unto or for the uſe of the French King, or any of his Subjects reſiding within his Dominions, or in, to, or for any Port or Place within his ſaid Dominions, during the preſent War between their Majeſties and the French King, paying the Duties and Cuſtoms by Law payable for the ſame; the ſaid recited Statutes, or any other Statute, Law or Uſage to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

This Act to extend only to Metal of *Engliſh* Ore.

III. Provided, That this Act ſhall not extend to the Exportation of any Pot-Metal, Gun-Metal, or Shruff Metal, or any Old Metal, or any mixture therewith, or of any Copper or other Metal, than what is made of Engliſh Ore only.

Anno 5 & 6 Gulielmi & Mariæ *Regis & Reginæ.*

CAP. XX.

A Branch of an Act, Intituled, An Act for Granting to their Majeſties ſeveral Rates and Duties upon Tonnage of Ships and Veſſels, and upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, for Securing certain Recompences and Advantages in the ſaid Act mentioned, to ſuch Perſons as ſhall Voluntarily Advance the Sum of Fifteen hundred thouſand Pounds towards Carrying on the War againſt *France.*

Alamodes, &c. to be Marked and Sealed by by the Cuſtom-Houſe Officers.

XLV. And whereas there is lately ſet up in this Kingdom a very Profitable Manufacture of Silk Stuffs, called Luſtrings and Alamodes, never before made in this Realm, for the which great Sums of Money of the Nation were heretofore Exported into France; and to the intent that no Diſcouragement may be given to ſo uſeful a Trade, wherein many Hundreds of their Majeſties Subjects are imployed, by preventing all Frauds and Deceits to the Revenue of their Majeſties Cuſtoms, by fraudulently Importing ſuch Silks without paying legal Duties for the ſame; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Commiſſioners of their Majeſties Cuſtoms for the time being, ſhall and are hereby authorized and required, from time to time, from and after the end of this Seſſion of Parliament, to Mark and

and Seal, or cauſe to be Marked and Sealed, all the ſaid Luſtrings and Alamodes which now are Imported, and in the Hands of any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, and alſo of all the ſaid Stuffs ſo called, which ſhall be hereafter Imported, and to keep an Entry and Regiſtry thereof in the Cuſtom-houſe in a Book to be for that purpoſe provided; And that all which are already Imported ſhall be ſo Markt, Sealed, and Regiſtred, within Twenty days of the ſaid time, for which there ſhall be no Fee or Reward paid; And all ſuch Luſtrings and Alamodes which ſhall be hereafter Imported from the time aforeſaid, ſhall be ſo Markt, Sealed, and Regiſtred, without any Fee, as aforeſaid, before they be delivered out of the Cuſtom-houſe Warehouſe, where they ſhall be reſpectively Imported and Entred; And all ſuch Luſtrings and Alamodes which ſhall be at any time after the Fifteenth day of May, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety four, Imported, and not ſo Sealed and Markt, ſhall be forfeited, and the Importers or Poſſeſſors thereof, ſubject to ſuch and the like Penalties and Forfeitures as Importers of French Goods, by one Act made in the Firſt Year of their Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for Prohibiting all Trade and Commerce with *France*, to be recovered as therein directed; And if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall alter or counterfeit the Mark or Seal, Marks or Seals, uſed, and to be uſed for the purpoſes aforeſaid, the Offender ſhall forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds to any that will ſue for the ſame, by Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of their Majeſties Courts of Record at Weſtminſter, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection, or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed, nor any more than one Imparlance.

Penalty.

1 W. & M. Seſſ. 1. Cap. 34.

Penalty for counterfeiting the Mark or Seal.

Anno 5 & 6 Gulielmi & Mariæ *Regis* & *Reginæ*.

CAP. XXIV.

An Act for Building Good and Defenſible Ships. EXP.

Anno 6 Gulielmi & Mariæ *Regis* & *Reginæ*.

CAP. I.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Granting to their Majeſties a Subſidy of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandizes Exported and Imported.

V. AND be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That Two of their Majeſties Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, firſt named in the Commiſſion, whereby they are now Authorized to act, ſhall reſpectively take their Corporal Oaths before the Chancellor or Chief Baron of the Exchequer, or Maſter of the Rolls for the time being; which they and every of them reſpectively are hereby authorized and required to Adminiſter to them, on or before the Firſt day of January next enſuing, for the true and faithful Execution, to the beſt of their knowledge and power, of their ſeveral reſpective Truſts committed to their Charge and Inſpection; and that they will not take or receive any Reward or Gratuity, directly or indirectly, other than their reſpective Salaries, and what is or ſhall be allowed them from the Crown, or the regular Fees eſtabliſhed by Law, for any Service done or to be done in the execution of their Imployment in the Cuſtoms, on any Account whatſoever. And every other of the ſaid Commiſſioners, and the Patent Officers, and every of their Deputies, Clerks or Servants, and all other Officers, who have or ſhall have any Imployment in or about their Majeſties Cuſtoms within the Port of London, ſhall, before the Firſt day of February next enſuing, or at their reſpective Admiſ-

Commiſſioners and Officers of the Cuſtoms to take an Oath, that they will not take or receive any other Fees than are allowed by Law.

Admiſſions hereafter to their reſpective Imployments, take the ſaid Oath before any Two Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, who are hereby authorized to Adminiſter the ſame unto them, after they ſhall themſelves have taken the ſaid Oath, as aforeſaid. And all and every other Patent Officers, and every of their Deputies, Clerks or Servants, and all other Officers, who have or ſhall have any Imployment in or about their Majeſties Cuſtoms in the Out-Ports or elſewhere, ſhall before the Five and twentieth Day of March next enſuing, or at their reſpective Admiſſions into their reſpective Employments, take the ſaid Oath before two Juſtices of the Peace, in the County, Town or Place where his or their Imployments ſhall be, who are hereby authorized and required to Adminiſter the ſame accordingly. And when any new Commiſſion ſhall be at any time hereafter made or granted for the Conſtituting of Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, the ſaid Oath ſhall be adminiſtred and taken in like manner by the ſeveral and reſpective new Commiſſioners, as is before directed. And if any of the ſaid Commiſſioners or Officers, their Deputies, Clerks or Servants, ſhall neglect or refuſe to take the ſaid Oath in ſuch manner as is hereby directed and appointed, every ſuch Perſon ſo refuſing or neglecting, ſhall forfeit ſuch his Office or Imployment.

The Penalty for Neglect or Refuſal.

Taking the Oath to be certified to the Quarter Seſſions.

VI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Perſons hereby reſpectively authorized and required to adminiſter the Oath hereby appointed to be taken, ſhall certifie the taking thereof to the next General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace, to be held for the County, City or Place where ſuch Oath ſhall be adminiſtred and taken; which Certificate ſhall be Recorded and kept amongſt the Rolls of the ſaid General Quarter Seſſions.

Anno 6 & 7 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. III.

An Act for Granting to his Majeſty an Aid of Four Shillings in the Pound, for one Year; And for Applying the yearly Sum of Three hundred thouſand Pounds, for Five Years, out of the Duties of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money, payable upon Merchandizes Exported and Imported, for Carrying on the War againſt *France* with Vigour. EXP.

Anno

Anno 6 & 7 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. VII.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Granting to his Majeſty ſeveral Additional Duties upon Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, and Spices, towards Satisfaction of the Debts due for Tranſport Service, for the Reduction of *Ireland.*

II. AND be it Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That there ſhall be Anſwered and Paid to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for the ſeveral Goods and Merchandizes hereafter mentioned, which ſhall be imported into this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, at any time after the Firſt day of May, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety five, and before the Second day of May, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety eight, over and above all Duties already payable for the ſame at the Cuſtom-houſe, the further Rates and Sums following (that is to ſay) (1.) For every Hundred weight of Coffee, imported, as aforeſaid, accounting One hundred and twelve Pounds to the Hundred, Fifty ſix Shillings of lawful Engliſh Money. Additional Duties upon Coffee.

(2.) For every Hundred weight of Cocoa Nuts, imported, and containing, as aforeſaid, from any the Plantations belonging to the Crown of England, Fifty ſix Shillings. Cocoa from the *Engliſh* Plantations.

(3.) For every Hundred weight of Cocoa Nuts, imported, and containing, as aforeſaid, from any other Country or Place, from whence they may by Law be Imported, Four Pounds and four ſhillings of like lawful Engliſh Money. Cocoa from any other place.

(4.) For every Pound of Chocolate ready made, imported, as aforeſaid, One Shilling. Chocolate.

(5.) For every Pound of Cocoa Paſte, imported, as aforeſaid, Two Shillings. Cocoa Paſte.

(6.) For every Pound of Tea, regularly imported, as aforeſaid, from whence the ſame might have been lawfully Imported before the making of this Act, One Shilling. Tea regularly Imported.

(7.) For every Pound of Tea, imported, as aforeſaid, from Holland, or any other Country, not the Place of its Growth, or uſual Shipping, Two Shillings and ſix pence per Pound weight, and ſo proportionably for any greater or leſſer quantity of any of the Commodities Imported, as aforeſaid, reſpectively. Tea from *Holland*, &c.

(8.) For all Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves and Mace, imported, as aforeſaid, Five Pounds for every Hundred Pounds value thereof, according to the ſeveral Values charged on them reſpectively in the Book of Rates, and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer quantity thereof, over and above all Duties now payable for the ſame. Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves and Mace.

(9.) For all Pictures, imported within the time aforeſaid, whether for private Uſe or Sale, which are hereby permitted to be imported, during the continuance of this Act, any Law or Uſe to the contrary notwithſtanding, Twenty Pounds of lawful Engliſh Money per Centum of the Value, to be affirmed by the Oath of the Importer, and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer quantity thereof. Pictures permitted hereby to be imported

III. Provided, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be Lawful for any Perſon or Perſons to Import into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, during the continuance of this Act, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace and Tea, ſubject to the ſeveral Duties payable for the ſame, from any Parts beyond the Seas, in Engliſh Ships, whereof the Maſter, and at leaſt two Thirds of the Mariners are Engliſh Men, ſo as Notice be firſt given to the Commiſſioners or Farmers of his Majeſties Cuſtoms of the Quality and Quantity of the ſaid Spices ſo intended to be Imported, with the Name of the Ship, and Maſter or Commander on which they are to be Loaden, and the Place into which they intend to Spice and Tea may be imported from any Parts in *Engliſh* Ships, upon Licence from the Commiſſioners.

Altered by the 3 & 4 A. cap. 4.

Import the same, and taking a Licence under the Hands of the Commissioners or Farmers of the Customs for the time being, or any Three of them, for the Lading and Importing thereof, as aforesaid; Which Licence they are hereby authorized and required to Grant, without any Fee or Reward, or any other Charge to the Person demanding the same; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Goods unladen before payment or agreement,

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any of the Commodities aforesaid, whereof the Duties are or shall be due, shall be unshipped or laid on Land, the Duties due, or to be due for the same, not paid, or lawfully tendred to the Collector thereof or his Deputy, with the Consent and Agreement of the Comptroller and Surveyer there, nor agreed with for the same in the Custom-house, according to the true meaning of this Act, That then from the said First day of May, One thousand six hundred ninety five, all the said Goods and Merchandizes shall be forfeited, the one motety of the said Goods so forfeited shall be to his Majesties use, and the other motety to him or them that will Seize or Sue for the same, without any Composition whatsoever.

forfeited without any Composition.

V. Provided always, and be it further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That every Merchant or other Importer, having paid the said Duties and Impositions in and by this Act appointed to be paid for any of the said Goods or Merchandizes herein mentioned, which might by Law have been Imported before the making of this Act, who being a Native, shall within Twelve Months, or an Alien, shall within Nine Months next after such his Importation thereof, again ship off and carry out of this Kingdom, or any part thereof, the said Goods or Merchandizes, or any part thereof, to any Part beyond the Seas, That such Merchant or other Importer, on such his Exportation thereof, shall be repaid two Thirds of the Duties so by him paid by virtue of this Act, of so much of the said Goods and Merchandizes which he shall so export or ship off; The said Merchant or Exporter making Oath on his Debenture in hæc verba, That all the Goods entred and shipped as there Certified, are really and truly exported for Parts beyond the Seas on his own Account, if he acts for himself; or if he acts by Commission, then on the Account of such Person or Persons for whom the Deponent acts in the Direction of the Voyage; and that none of the said Goods have been since Landed, or are intended to be Re-landed in England, Wales or Berwick.

Two thirds of the Duties to be Drawn back.

The Merchant making Oath upon whose account the Goods are exported.

No Drawback on the Exportation of Tea regularly imported, nor on Coffee, vide 10 A. *cap.* 26.

VI. And be it further Enacted and Ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the Officer and Officers who shall be concerned in the levying, collecting and receiving the Duties granted by this Act, do keep a separate and distinct account thereof, and pay the same in specie into the Receipt of his Majesties Exchequer weekly, on Wednesday in every Week, unless it be an Holiday, and if it be, then on the next day that is not an Holiday; and upon neglect or refusal of the same, shall incurr the Penalties, Forfeitures, Damages and Costs, as other the Officers of the Exchequer herein after mentioned shall be liable to; which Money so paid in, shall be applied to the uses hereafter mentioned in this Act, and no otherwise.

A separate Account to be kept, and paid weekly *in specie* into the Exchequer.

VIII. Provided, and it is further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Commissioners for Transportation do, within Three Months after the passing this Act, make out Authentick Debentures for each Sum of Money due, to or for every respective Ship, as the same was adjusted by the Commissioners for taking and stating the Publick Accounts of the Kingdom; and that such Debenture, when made out, be delivered either to the Owner of, or to the Agent appearing for every such respective Ship; and shall be made payable to such Person, or his Assigns, as such respective Owner or his Agent shall nominate, for the use of the Owners of the respective Ships; and that such Owner or Agent shall, upon the Receipt of such Debenture, give a Receipt to the said Commissioners for Transportation, for every such Debenture, which said Receipt shall be Entred in a Book kept for that purpose in the Office of Transportation;

Commissioners for Transportation to make out Debentures.

portation; and that such Debenture or Debentures be numbred in course, beginning with the first Ship that was hired, with the Figure of One, and so successively according to the Day the said Ships were hired, whether by his Majesties Commissioners for the Navy, the Officers for Victualling, the Officers of the Ordnance, or the Commissioners for Transportation, to the end that no undue preference may be made; and if it so fall out, that more than one Ship was hired in one Day, the respective Owner or Agent shall have his or their Debentures numbred, as their respective Ships stand registred in the respective Offices where they were taken up or hired.

Monies misapplied.

XI. Provided, and it is further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Officer in the Exchequer shall divert or misapply any of the Monies that shall be paid into the Exchequer, by virtue of this Act, to any other Uses or Purposes than are hereby directed, then such Officer so offending shall forfeit his Office in the Exchequer, and be incapable of any Office or Place of Trust, and shall be liable to pay the double Value of any Sum or Sums so diverted or misapplied, to any the said Persons named in the said Debentures, their respective Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, who will sue for the same, by any Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Wager of Law, Privilege of Parliament, or other Privilege, or more than one Imparlance shall be granted or allowed; and all Orders and Warrants for issuing, paying, or disposing any of the Money to be raised by virtue of this Act, contrary to the true intent and meaning thereof, shall be utterly void.

Penalty.

For the Accommodation of Trade:

XV. And whereas it may be a reasonable Accommodation for Trade, That the Officers of the Customs be permitted, on sundry urgent Occasions, to work at Times and Places not required by Law, for which extraordinary Attendances the Merchant, or other Person concerned, is willing to make a moderate Allowance, if the Officer might be Justified in receiving the same: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for any Officer duly imployed in the execution of his Office, on any Extraordinary Service not required by Law, to take and receive such Recompence from the Merchant or other Person desiring his Attendance, as the Commissioners of the Customs in the Port of London, and the Collector, Customer and Comptroller in the Out-Ports, or any two of them respectively (by whom the Sufferance is thought requisite to be granted) shall determine.

Lawful for any Officer on Service not required by Law, to take a Reward from the Merchant:

To be determined by the Commissioners, &c.

Anno 6 & 7 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XVII.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act to Prevent the Counterfeiting and Clipping the Coin of this Kingdom.

No person shall transport Molten Silver, except it be stampt at *Goldsmiths-Hall*,

V. AND be it further Enacted, That no Goldsmith or other Person whatsoever, shall, from and after the said First day of May, Transport or cause to be transported out of this Kingdom of England, into any parts beyond the Seas, any Molten Silver whatsoever, but such only as shall be marked or stamped at Goldsmiths-Hall by the Wardens, some or one of them belonging to the said Company of Goldsmiths; which Mark or Stamp the said Wardens are hereby required to provide, and therewith to mark or stamp all such Silver as shall be proved before them, or one of them, in such manner as is hereafter mentioned, to be lawful Silver; or unless a Certificate be first had and obtained under the Hand of one or more of the said Wardens, of Oath having been made before him or them by the Owner or Owners of such Molten Silver, and likewise by one credible Witness, that the same is lawful Silver, and that no part thereof was (before the same was Molten) the current

and a Certificate that it was not the current Coin.

rent Coin of this Realm, nor Clippings thereof, nor Plate wrought within this Kingdom; which Oath the said Wardens, or any one of them, are and is hereby required and authorized to administer, and likewise to make and grant a Certificate thereof without Fee or Reward, an Entry of which Certificate shall be duly made by the said Wardens, in a Book to be kept for that purpose; And in case any Person whatsoever, who shall offer any Molten Silver to be marked, as is aforesaid, shall not prove by his or her Oath, and likewise by the Oath of one credible Witness, that the Silver offered to be marked is lawful Silver, and that the same was not before the melting thereof the current Coin of this Kingdom, nor Clippings thereof, not Plate wrought within the same, then and in every such Case it shall be lawful, to and for the said Wardens, or any one of them, to seize and detain such Molten Silver so offered to be marked, until such time as such Oath and Proof shall be made, as is aforesaid.

Molten Silver shipt that is not stampt may be seized by Custom-house Officers.

VI. And be it further Enacted, That if any Person whatsoever shall Ship, or cause to be Shipt or put on Board any Vessel, any Molten Silver, not stamped or marked by the said Wardens, or one of them, and without Certificate first obtained, of Oath having been made before the said Wardens, or one of them, of the Lawfulness of such Silver, in manner as is aforesaid, (which Certificate shall be shewn to some one of the Commissioners of the Customs for the time being, before any Cocket be granted for the Exporting such Molten Silver) in such Case it shall and may be lawful, to and for any Officer or any Officers of his Majesties Customs, to seize such Silver so shipped and put on board, one moiety whereof shall be to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other moiety to the Officer and Officers so seizing the same.

Proof of Foreign Bullion to lie upon the Owner, &c.

XIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any Seizure shall happen of any Bullion shipt to be exported, and a doubt arise thereon whether the same be English or Foreign Bullion, that then the Proof shall lie upon the Owner, Claimer, or Exporter of such Bullion, that the same is Foreign Bullion, and had not been Melted down in this Realm of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed.

Bullion not entred or shipt in the Owners Name, &c.

Forfeited.

XIV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any Person or Persons enter or ship any Bullion, allowed by this Act to be exported beyond the Seas, other than in the Name of the true Owner and Proprietor or Importer, the Exporter thereof shall forfeit the same, or the full value thereof, one moiety to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other moiety to the Person who shall seize or discover the same.

Anno 6 & 7 GULIELMI. III. *Regis.*

CAP. XVIII.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Granting to his Majesty certain Duties upon Glass Wares, Stone and Earthen Bottles, Coals and Culm, for Carrying on the War against *France*.

Selling Alamodes, &c. not having the Custom-house Mark.

XXVIII. AND whereas, notwithstanding the Seals and Marks, that are appointed and used by the Commissioners of his Majesties Customs upon Foreign black Alamodes and Lustrings, in order to prevent Frauds, and the Seal and Seals also used by the Lustring Company, ill Men do daily Import fraudulently great quantities of French Alamodes and Lustrings in this Realm, and do utter and sell the same, by which means also they have opportunities to export Wooll and Money out of England, to the great prejudice of this Nation: For remedy whereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person or Persons shall presume to deal or sell, buy or sell again, or send beyond Sea, any black Alamodes or Lustrings, unless they have the Seal or Seals, Mark or Marks, which are already used for Foreign Goods, at the Custom-house, or the Seal and Mark also used by the Lustring

ſtring Company, for the Goods manufactured by them in England, under the Forfeiture of all ſuch unqualified Goods, and alſo ſhall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds for every Offence, one half to the uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other half to the uſe of ſuch Perſon or Perſons who ſhall ſue for the ſame, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, or otherwiſe, in any of his Majeſties Courts of Record at Weſtminſter, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection, Priviledge, or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed, and no more than one Imparlance. Penalty.

XXIX. And be it alſo Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if the Buyer of ſuch Goods not Sealed according to Law, ſhall, within Twelve months after ſuch Offence committed, diſcover the Perſon or Perſons of whom he ſhall buy the ſame, he ſhall not only be diſcharged of the Penalty to which he is hereby liable, but ſhall alſo have and receive to his own uſe, one moiety of the Sum hereby impoſed upon the Party or Parties that ſhall ſell or diſpoſe of any ſuch Alamodes and Luſtrings, without the Seal or Marks aforeſaid. Buyer diſcovering the Seller, diſcharged, &c.

XXX. And be it further Enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall Alter, Counterfeit or Miſapply any of the Seals or Marks now uſed, and hereby required to be uſed, for the purpoſes aforeſaid, ſuch Offender ſhall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds to ſuch Perſon or Perſons who ſhall ſue for the ſame, to be Recovered in like manner, as is herein before mentioned. 100 *l.* for Counterfeiting the Mark.

Anno 7 & 8 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. X.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Continuing ſeveral Duties granted by former Acts upon Wine and Vinegar, and upon Tobacco, and *Eaſt-India* Goods, and other Merchandize Imported, for Carrying on the War againſt *France*.

II. AND be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Rates, Duties and Impoſitions for all ſorts of Tobacco, granted by an Act made in the Firſt Year of the Reign of the ſaid late King James, Intituled, An Act for Granting to his Majeſty an Impoſition upon all Tobacco and Sugar, Imported between the Four and twentieth day of *June*, One thouſand ſix hundred eighty five, and the Four and twentieth day of *June*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety three; Which ſaid Act, as for and concerning the ſaid Duties and Impoſitions on Tobacco only, by an Act of Parliament made in the Second Year of the Reign of his Majeſty and the ſaid late Queen, was continued from the Three and twentieth day of June, in the ſaid Year One thouſand ſix hundred ninety three, until the Four and twentieth day of June, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety ſix, and by another Act made in the Fourth and Fifth Year of their ſaid Majeſties Reign, was continued from the Three and twentieth day of June, One thouſand ſix hundred and ninety ſix, until the Four and twentieth day of June, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety eight, ſhall be continued from the Three and twentieth day of June, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety eight, until the ſaid Nine and twentieth day of September, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and one, and no longer. Impoſt on Tobacco. 1 Jac. 2. *cap.* 4. Continued to the 29th *Sept.* 1701.

III. Provided always, and be it Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Duties upon Tobacco, which were granted by the ſaid Act made in the Firſt Year of the Reign of the ſaid late King James, and continued, as aforeſaid, and which by the ſaid Acts were made payable by the firſt Buyer, and ſubject to the Rules of Exciſe, in the ſeveral Parts of Management thereof, ſhall, for all ſuch Tobacco as ſhall be imported between the Firſt day of May, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety ſix, and the ſaid Nine and twentieth day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and one, be Secured, Collected, Raiſed, Levied, Anſwered and Paid to his Majeſty, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this preſent Act, in the Method herein after particularly directed, and with ſuch 1 Jac. 2. *cap.* 4. The Impoſt on Tobacco to be Collected according to the method directed by this Act.

The Commissioners of the Customs impowered to give directions for Collecting the said Duty,

such Discount and Allowances to the Merchants, as are herein also mentioned, and no otherwise; any thing in the said former Acts to the contrary notwithstanding: And that the Commissioners of his Majesties Customs for the time being, or any Four or more of them, be Authorized and Impowered, and the said Commissioners of the Customs, or any Four or more of them for the time being, are hereby Authorized and Impowered to give the necessary Directions for Securing, Collecting, Raising, Levying, Answering and Paying to his Majesty the said Duties upon Tobacco, and to make the Discount and Allowances to the Merchants herein after mentioned, for all such Tobacco as shall be imported between the said First day of May, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred ninety six, and the said Nine and twentieth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and one, in the same Manner and Form, and by such Rules, Means or Ways, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, as are mentioned and expressed in one Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, Intituled, A Subsidy granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandize Exported and Imported, and the Rules, Directions and Orders thereunto Annexed, or any other Law now in force, relating to the Collection of his Majesties Customs; which said Act and Acts, and every Article, Rule and Clause therein contained, shall stand and be in force for the purposes aforesaid, during the Continuance of this Act.

according to the Act of Tonnage and Poundage, &c.

12 Car. 2. c. 4.

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Additional, and other Rates, Impositions, Duties and Charges upon the several sorts of Goods and Merchandizes, granted by an Act of Parliament made in the said Second Year of their said Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for Granting to their Majesties certain Impositions upon all *East-India* Goods and Manufactures, and upon all Wrought Silks, and several other Goods and Merchandize, to be Imported after the Five and twentieth day of *December*, One thousand six hundred and ninety, and which were thereby to have Continuance until the Tenth day of November, One thousand six hundred ninety five, and by another Act made in the Fourth and Fifth Year of their said Majesties Reign, were continued from the Ninth day of November, One thousand six hundred ninety five, until the Tenth day of November, One thousand six hundred ninety seven, shall be further continued from the Ninth day of November, One thousand six hundred ninety seven, until the Nine and twentieth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and one; And that the said Act, Intituled, An Act for Granting to their Majesties certain Impositions upon all *East-India* Goods and Manufactures, and upon all wrought Silks, and several other Goods and Merchandize, to be Imported after the said Five and twentieth day of *December*, One thousand six hundred and ninety, and all Powers, Provisions, Penalties, Articles and Clauses therein contained, shall continue, and be of full force and effect, until the said Nine and twentieth day of September, and shall be applied, practised and executed for the Raising, Levying, Collecting, Answering and Paying the said Duties hereby continued, according to the Tenor and Intent of this present Act, as fully, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the said last mentioned Act, and all and every the Clauses, Matters and Things therein contained, had been again repeated in this Act, and Enacted particularly; except only as to such part of the said Acts, touching which other Provisions or Alterations are made by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in being, which other Provisions or Alterations are to be observed, and to continue during the Continuance of this Act.

Impost, 1690.

2 W. & M. c. 5.

Continued to 29 *Sept.* 1701.

Except where any part is altered by other Acts.

Reasons for altering the method of Collecting the Impost Duty on Tobacco.

V. And whereas the Methods prescribed by the said recited Act, Granting the said Duties on Tobacco, made in the First Year of the late King James the Second, have been found Prejudicial to Trade, and Grievous to the Merchants concerned in paying the same; Therefore for the more easie and better Collection of the said Duties for the future, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Security to be given for the said Duties on Tobacco, be by Bond to be given by the Importer thereof, with one or more

1 Jac. 2. cap. 4

suffi-

sufficient Sureties for Payment of the Duty at the end of Eighteen months from the Importation; and that there be a Discount of Ten per Cent. for prompt Payment of the said Impost Duty, if the same shall be paid within Three months from the Date of the Entry; and of Eight per Cent. at any time afterwards within Six months from the same; of Six per Cent. if within Nine months; of Four per Cent. if within Twelve months; of Two per Cent. if within Fifteen months; But after Fifteen months expired, there shall be no Discount at all; That on any Payment of the said Duty for Tobacco to be Consumed here, there be an Allowance for the future of Eight pounds per Cent. for the Merchants Encouragement, in Consideration of Waste and Shrinkage in the Cellars; That the Security given by the Importers for Eighteen months be discharged by Debentures referring to the particular Entries or Exportations, at any time within Twelve months from the Importation, and not after that time; That there shall be an Allowance of Four Pounds per Cent. in Consideration of Waste that may arise on any Tobacco so exported, to be struck off only from the Entry, and not to be paid where the whole quantity entred shall happen to be Exported; That the Debentures for half Subsidy, Additional and Impost Duties of the same quantity of Tobacco exported, be on one or more Parchment or Parchments; and that the Oath be Printed thereon in hæc verba, to be Signed and Sworn by the Exporters, That all the Tobacco entred and shipped as there Certified, is really and truly exported for Parts beyond the Seas on his own Account, (if he acts for himself;) or if he acts by Commission, then on the Account of such Person or Persons for whom the Deponent acts in the Direction of the Voyage; and that none of the said Tobacco has been since Landed, or is intended to be Re-landed in England, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed.

The Method of the Discounts, altered by the 12 & 13 W. c. 8.

And the Allowance for Waste.

Bonds how to be discharged.

That Debentures be on one or more Parchments.

Exporter to swear on whose account the Tobacco is Exported.

VI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the whole Management or Ordering of the said Duties on Tobacco, both as to the Entry and the Account thereof, be made, during the Continuance of this Act (except where it is otherwise hereby directed) conformable to the Methods and Rules of the Customs.

The Duty how to be managed.

4 & 5 W. & M. XIII. And whereas by a late Act, Intituled, An Act for Granting to their Majesties, certain Additional Impositions upon several Goods and Merchandizes, the Sum of Twenty Shillings is imposed on every Ton of Lapis Calaminaris, exported from and after the First day of March, One thousand six hundred ninety two, which is found by Experience to hinder the Exportation thereof, and utterly to Ruin the Manufacture: Wherefore for Remedy thereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty fifth day of March, One thousand six hundred *ninety six*, the Sum of Two Shillings only shall be paid for every Ton of Lapis Calaminaris exported, over and above the Rates thereon charged by the Book of Rates; the said Act or any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding, to be Collected as in and by the said Act is directed and appointed.

Lapis Calaminaris the Ton Exported, to pay only 2 *s.* *per* Ton.

XVI. And whereas several Merchants Trading with the United Provinces in several sorts of course Linens, commonly called Borelapps, have of late been compelled to pay Custom for the same as Hollands, which comes to above Thirty five Pounds per Cent. whereby the said Trade (so useful to the poorer sort of People) is not only likely to be lost, but the Customs thereby much abated; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all such Linen Cloth, known, or commonly called by the Name of Borelapps, not exceeding Twenty eight Inches and an half in breadth, nor Twelve Pence an English Ell in value, shall be entred ad Valorem during the Continuance of this Act, and pay all other Duties accordingly.

Holland Linen called *Borelapps*, to be entred *ad Valorem*.

XVII. And whereas the scarcity and dearness of Iron in this Kingdom, have of late much discouraged the Manufactures thereof, in which great numbers of the Poor are imployed; For Remedy whereof for the future, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be Lawful to Import into this Kingdom from Ireland, any Bar-Iron unwrought, and Iron slit or ham-

Irish Iron imported, discharged of the Impositions by 4 & 5 *W. & M.*

hammered into Rods (other than Swediſh or other Foreign Iron) diſcharged of the Impoſitions and Duties laid upon the ſame by an Act made in the Fourth and Fifth Year of the Reign of their Majeſties King William and Queen Mary, Intituled, An Act for Granting to their Majeſties certain Additional Impoſitions upon ſeveral Goods and Merchandizes, for the Proſecuting the War againſt *France*; any thing in the ſaid Act to the contrary notwithſtanding. 4 & 5 W. & M.

Anno 7 & 8 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XIII.

An Act for taking off the Obligation and Incouragement for Coining Guineas for a certain time therein mentioned. EXP.

Anno 7 & 8 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XIX.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act to Incourage the bringing Plate into the Mint to be Coined, and for the further Remedying the ill ſtate of the Coin of the Kingdom.

No Perſon to ſhip any molten Silver or Bullion, till Oath made by the Owner, and having a Certificate from the Lord Mayor, that 'tis all foreign Bullion.

VI. AND for the more effectual prohibiting the melting down the Coin of this Kingdom, and Silver Plate wrought within this Realm, and the Exportation of the molten Silver and Bullion of this Kingdom, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the laſt day of March, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety ſix, no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall ſhip or cauſe to be ſhipped or put on board any Veſſel or Ship whatſoever, any molten Silver or Bullion whatſoever, either in Bars, Ingots, Wedges, Cakes, Pinas, or in any other form whatſoever, unleſs a Certificate be firſt had and obtained from the Court of the Lord Mayor and Aldermen of the City of London, Oath having been made before the ſaid Court, by the Owner or Owners of ſuch molten Silver or Bullion, and likewiſe by two or more credible Witneſſes, That the ſame molten Silver and Bullion, and every Part and Parcel thereof, was and is Foreign Bullion, and that no part thereof was (before the ſame was molten) the Coin of this Realm, or Clippings thereof, nor Plate wrought within this Kingdom; which Oath the ſaid Court of the Lord Mayor and Aldermen of the City of London, are hereby required and authorized to adminiſter, and to examine ſtrictly all and every ſuch Perſons as ſhall make ſuch Oath concerning the Premiſſes, and likewiſe to make and grant a Certificate thereof, as aforeſaid, without Fee or Reward; which Certificate ſhall alſo contain and expreſs the Name and Names of the Owner or Owners of ſuch molten Silver or Bullion, and of the Witneſs or Witneſſes, and the true weight of ſuch molten Silver or Bullion; an Entry of which Certificate ſhall be duly made by the ſaid Court, in a Book to be kept for that purpoſe; which Certificate ſhall be ſhewn to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms for the time being, or Four of them, before any Cocket be granted for the exporting ſuch molten Silver or Bullion; and an Entry thereof ſhall be alſo duly made by the ſaid Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, in a Book to be kept by them for that purpoſe.

No Cocket to be granted till ſuch Certificate is produced to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms.

Silver ſhipt without Oath, Certificate and Entry,

VII. And be it further Enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall ſhip, or cauſe to be ſhipped or put on board any Veſſel or Ship, any molten Silver or Bullion whatſoever, as aforeſaid, without Oath, Certificate and Entry firſt made and obtained, as is before provided, in every ſuch caſe it ſhall and may be lawful, to and for any Officer or Officers of his Majeſties Cuſtoms, or any other Perſon or Perſons, to ſeize ſuch molten Silver and Bullion ſo ſhipped and put on board, as forfeited, one moiety whereof ſhall be to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other moiety to the Officer and Officers or Perſons ſo ſeizing the ſame; and the Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors of ſuch molten Silver or Bullion, ſhall forfeit double the value of ſuch molten Silver or Bullion, one moiety whereof ſhall be to his

Forfeited, and double the value.

Maje-

Majesty, and the other moiety to the Person that shall sue or inform for the same, to be recovered with Costs of Suit, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, wherein no Privilege, Protection, or Wager of Law, shall be allowed, nor any more than one Imparlance; and the Captain or Master of such Ship or Vessel (if the same belong to a Subject) who shall knowingly permit the said molten Silver or Bullion to be put on Board his said Ship or Vessel, shall forfeit to such Person or Persons as shall sue or inform for the same, the Sum of Two hundred pounds, to be sued for and recovered in manner, as aforesaid; and in case the Ship or Vessel be a Man of War, or Vessel belonging to his Majesty, then the Captain thereof shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred pounds to any Person that shall sue for the same, as aforesaid, and shall forfeit his Imployment, and be made incapable of any Office or Imployment Civil or Military.

Master of the Ship knowing thereof, to forfeit 200 *l.*

The like penalty on Captains of Men of War, and made incapable.

VIII. And be it further Enacted, That if any Commissioner or Commissioners, Officer or Officers of the Customs, shall grant any Cocket for Exporting of any molten Silver or Bullion whatsoever, before such Certificate first had, as by this Act is directed, and Entry thereof made in the Book hereby directed to be kept by the Commissioners of the Customs, That every such Commissioner and Officer of the Customs so offending, shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and be made incapable of any other Office, or Place of Profit or Trust whatsoever.

Commissioners or Officers of the Customs granting a Cocket before such Certificate and Entry, to forfeit 200 *l.* and made incapable.

IX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any Seizure of any molten Silver or Bullion shall happen to be made, in pursuance and execution of this Act, or that any Action, Bill, Plaint or Information shall be brought for any of the Forfeitures or Penalties incurred by this Act, and a Doubt or Question arise thereon, Whether the molten Silver or Bullion then in question were really and truly Foreign Bullion, or prohibited to be exported, or otherwise forfeited by this Act, in every such Case the Proof shall lie on the part of the Owner, Proprietor or Claimer of such molten Silver or Bullion; and unless the Owner, Proprietor or Claimer, or the Party sued, shall prove that the molten Silver or Bullion in question was, at the time of the seizure or forfeiture thereof, Foreign Bullion, and that no part thereof was (before the same was molten) the Coin of this Realm, nor Clippings thereof, nor Plate wrought within this Kingdom, That in every such case, for want of such Proof, the molten Silver and Bullion in question shall be adjudged, deemed, construed and taken to be molten Silver and Bullion forfeited by this Act, and liable to the Penalties before mentioned.

The Proof to lie on the Owner or Claimer, that 'tis Foreign, &c.

Anno 7 & 8 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XX.

An Act for Granting to his Majesty an Additional Duty upon all *French* Goods and Merchandize.

WE your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons Assembled in Parliament, have Cheerfully and Unanimously given and granted, and do hereby Give and Grant unto your Majesty the Additional and other Rates, Impositions, Duties and Charges, upon the several sorts of Goods and Merchandize, to be imported into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, during such time, and in such manner and form, as herein after followeth; and do humbly pray your Majesty that it may be Enacted.

Preamble.

II. And be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That there shall be answered and

paid to his Majesty, and his Heirs and Successors, for the several Goods and Merchandize hereafter mentioned, over and above all Impositions, Duties and Charges already imposed and payable upon and for the same in the Book of Rates of Merchandize, by Act of Parliament Established, and the Direction therein contained, or otherwise, the further Rates and Duties following, (that is to say;)

French Wine the Ton 25 *l.* without any deduction.

III. For every Ton of French Wine, imported from and after the Twenty eighth day of February, One thousand six hundred ninety six, for the Term of One and twenty Years, and from thence to the end of the next Session of Parliament, and no longer, Five and twenty Pounds, above the Duties already charged thereupon, without any deduction, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser quantity.

French Brandy Single the Ton 30 *l.*

Double Brandy the Ton 60 *l.*

IV. For every Ton of French Brandy of Single Proof, imported after the Twenty eighth day of February, One thousand six hundred ninety six, for the Term of One and twenty Years, and from thence to the end of the next Session of Parliament, and no longer, Thirty Pounds: And for every Ton of French Brandy of Double Proof, imported, as aforesaid, Sixty Pounds, over and above the Duties already charged thereupon, without any deduction, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser quantity.

French Vinegar the Ton 15 *l.*

V. For every Ton of French Vinegar, imported after the said Twenty eighth day of February, One thousand six hundred ninety six, for the Term of One and twenty Years, and from thence to the end of the next Session of Parliament, and no longer, Fifteen Pounds, over and above the Duties already charged thereupon, without any deduction, and so proportionably for any greater or lesser quantity.

All other Goods of the Growth, Product or Manufacture of *France* 25 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

VI. For all other Goods of the Growth, Product or Manufacture of France, imported after the said Twenty eighth day of February, One thousand six hundred ninety six, for the Term of One and twenty Years, and from thence to the end of the next Session of Parliament, and no longer, Five and twenty Pounds per Centum ad Valorem, over and above the Duties already charged thereupon, without any deduction, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser quantity.

The said Duties to be Collected according to the Method of the Act of Tonnage and Poundage, &c.

VII. Provided always, and be it Enacted, That the several Rates and Impositions hereby imposed upon the respective Goods and Merchandizes aforesaid, shall be Collected and paid according to the respective Rates and Proportions herein expressed, and be Raised, Levied, Collected and Paid unto his Majesty, during the respective times before mentioned, in the same manner and form, and by such Rules, Means, and Ways, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, as are mentioned and expressed in one Act of Parliament, made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, Intituled, A Subsidy Granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandize Exported and Imported, and the Rules, Directions and Orders thereunto annexed, or any other Laws now in Force relating to the Collection of his Majesties Customs; Which said Act and Acts, and every Article, Rule, and Clause therein contained, shall stand and be in Force for the purposes aforesaid, during the Continuance of this Act. 12 Car. 2. *cap.* 4.

VIII. And whereas a very useful and profitable Invention or Mystery hath been lately found out, for the better and more speedy making and knitting of Worsted and Silk Stockings, Waistcoats, Gloves and other wearing Necessaries, whereby great quantities are Wrought off in a little time, his Majesties Dominions abundantly supplied, and great quantities exported into Foreign Nations, to the Increase of his Majesties Customs, and the Improvement of Trade and Commerce: And whereas several of the Frames or Engines for the making and knitting of such Stockings and other wearing Necessaries have been of late exported out of this Kingdom, whereby the said Commodities have been made in Foreign Parts, which were heretofore made in this Kingdom only, to the great

great Diſcouragement of the Woollen Trade in general, and the great Detriment of the ſaid Myſtery, and the Impoveriſhment of many Families, who have been thereby Maintained: For the prevention of which Inconvencies for the future, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Firſt day of May, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety ſix, no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall load or put on board any Ship or Veſſel any ſuch Frame or Frames, or any Part or Parcel thereof, in order to be exported beyond the Seas, upon pain that the Perſon or Perſons offending herein, ſhall not only forfeit or loſe ſuch Frame and Frames, Parts or Parcels of Frames, which ſhall be ſo loaden and put on board, in order to be exported beyond the Seas, as aforeſaid, but alſo the Sum of Forty Pounds of lawful Money of England, for ſuch Frame, or Part or Parcel thereof; the one moiety thereof to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, the other moiety thereof to the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall inform and ſue for the ſame, to be Recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſties Courts of Record, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection, or Wager of Law, ſhall be allowed, or more than one Imparlance.

Frames for making Silk or Worſted Stockings prohibited to be exported, under forfeiture of the Frames, &c.

and 40 *l.*

How to be recovered.

IX. And for the more effectual preventing the Exportation of ſuch Frames, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Perſon and Perſons whatſoever, which from and after the ſaid Firſt day of May, ſhall Buy, Sell, Diſpoſe of, or Remove from place to place, any ſuch Frame or Engine, or any Parts or Parcels thereof, ſhall, within Two Months next after ſuch Diſpoſal or Removal thereof, give Notice in Writing to the Maſter and Wardens of the Company of Frame-work Knitters within the City of London, or to their lawful Deputy or Deputies for the time being, ſome or one of them, to whom, and what place the ſame were ſo ſold, diſpoſed or removed; To the end that an Account may be taken by the ſaid Maſter and Wardens, or their Deputy or Deputies, thereof, upon pain that every Perſon and Perſons offending herein, ſhall forfeit and pay for every ſuch Offence, to the uſes aforeſaid, the Sum of Five Pounds of like Money, to be recovered, as aforeſaid.

A further remedy to prevent their Exportation.

Anno 7 & 8 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XXII.

An Act for Preventing Frauds, and Regulating Abuſes in the Plantation Trade.

Preamble.

Whereas notwithſtanding divers Acts made for the Incouragement of the Navigation of this Kingdom, and for the better Securing and Regulating the Plantation Trade, more eſpecially one Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of the late King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for Increaſing of Shipping and Navigation, another Act made in the Fifteenth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, Intituled, An Act for the Incouragement of Trade, another Act made in the Two and twentieth and Three and twentieth Years of his ſaid late Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act to prevent the Planting of Tobacco in *England*, and for Regulating the Plantation Trade, another Act made in the Twenty fifth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, Intituled, An Act for the Incouragement of the *Greenland* and *Eaſtland* Trades, and for the better Securing the Plantation Trades, great Abuſes are daily committed to the prejudice of the Engliſh Navigation, and the loſs of a great part of the Plantation Trade to this Kingdom, by the Artifice and Cunning of ill diſpoſed Perſons:

12 Car. 2. c. 18.

15 Car. 2. *cap.* 7.

22 & 23 Car. 2. *cap.* 26.

25 Car. 2. c. 7.

II. For remedy thereof for the future, be it Enacted, and it is hereby Enacted and Ordained by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and

Temporal, and Commons in Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That after the Five and twentieth day of March, One thousand six hundred ninety eight, no Goods or Merchandizes whatsoever shall be imported into or exported out of any Colony or Plantation, to his Majesty in Asia, Africa or America, belonging, or in his Possession, or which may hereafter belong unto, or be in the Possession of his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or shall be laden in, or carried from any one Port or Place in the said Colonies or Plantations, to any other Port or Place in the same, the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, in any Ship or Bottom, but what is or shall be of the Built of England, or of the Built of Ireland, or the said Colonies or Plantations, and wholly owned by the People thereof, or any of them, and Navigated with the Masters, and Three fourths of the Mariners of the said Places only (except such Ships only as are or shall be taken Prize, and Condemnation thereof made in one of the Courts of Admiralty in England, Ireland, or the said Colonies or Plantations, to be Navigated by the Master and Three fourths of the Mariners English, or of the said Plantations, as aforesaid, and whereof the Property doth belong to English Men: And also except for the space of Three Years such Foreign built Ships as shall be employed by the Commissioners of his Majesties Navy, for the time being, or upon Contract with them, in bringing only Masts, Timber, and other Naval Stores for the Kings Service from his Majesties Colonies or Plantations to this Kingdom, to be Navigated, as aforesaid, and whereof the Property doth belong to English Men) under pain of forfeiture of Ship and Goods, one Third part whereof to be to the use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, one Third part to the Governor of the said Colonies or Plantations, and the other Third part to the Person who shall inform and sue for the same, by Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, or in any Court in his Majesties Plantations, where such Offence shall be committed.

After 25 *March* 1698. no Goods to be imported or exported out of any *English* Plantations, but in *English* built Ships.

Vide *the Act of Union*, 5 A. *cap.* 8.

Except Prize-Ships.

And except Foreign built Ships as shall be imployed by the Commissioners of the Navy.

Under forfeiture of Ship and Goods.

How and where to be recovered.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That (from and after the said Five and twentieth day of March) Goods or Merchandizes may be exported or imported to and from this Kingdom, the Colonies, Plantations and Places aforesaid, in any such Ships as are, or shall be taken as Prize, and whereof Condemnation shall be made in one of the Courts of Admiralty aforesaid, and shall be Navigated, as aforesaid, by the Master, Three fourths of the Mariners English, and whereof the Property shall belong to English Men, and also Masts, Timber, and other Naval Stores for his Majesties Service, for the space of Three Years, may be imported from his Majesties Colonies or Plantations to this Kingdom, in such Foreign built Ships as shall be imployed by the Commissioners of the Navy for the time being, or by Contract with them, any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

Three Years time after the said 25 *March*, allowed for Ships taken and condemned as Prize.

And for Foreign Ships to import Masts, &c. imployed by the Commissioners of the Navy.

IV. And whereas by one Clause in the said Act, passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of the late King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for the Incouraging and Increasing of Shipping and Navigation, all Governors of his Majesties Colonies or Plantations in Asia, Africa, or America, are required to take a Solemn Oath to do their utmost, that every the Clauses therein before mentioned, and all the Matters and Things therein contained shall be punctually and bona fide observed, according to the true intent and meaning thereof, so that the said Governors are not strictly obliged by that Oath to put in Execution the subsequent Clauses of the said Act, although some of the Clauses following are of great Importance, and tend greatly to the Security of the Plantation Trade: And whereas divers other good Laws have been made for the better Regulating and Securing the Plantation Trade since the said last mentioned Act; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the present Governors or Commanders in Chief, of any English Colonies or Plantations, shall before the

12 Car. 2. *cap.* 18.

Five

Five and twentieth day of March, One thousand six hundred ninety seven, and all who hereafter shall be made Governors or Commanders in Chief of the said Colonies or Plantations, or any of them, before their Entrance into their Government, shall take a Solemn Oath to do their utmost, That all the Clauses, Matters and Things contained in the before recited Acts of Parliament heretofore passed, and now in force, relating to the said Colonies and Plantations, and that all and every the Clauses contained in this present Act, be punctually and bona fide observed, according to the true intent and meaning thereof (which Oath shall be taken before such Person or Persons as shall be Appointed by his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, who are hereby Authorized to Administer the same) so far as appertains unto the said Governors or Commanders in Chief respectively; And upon Complaint and Proof made before his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or such as shall be by him or them thereunto Authorized and Appointed, by the Oath of Two or more Credible Witnesses, That any the said Governors or Commanders in Chief, have neglected to take the said Oath at the times aforesaid, or have been wittingly or willingly Negligent in doing their Duty accordingly, the said Governor so neglecting or offending, shall be removed from his Government, and forfeit the Sum of One thousand Pounds Sterling.

All Governors before their Entrance into their Government, shall take a solemn Oath to observe the Acts of Trade, &c.

Upon Neglect, to be removed from their Government, and forfeit 1000 *l.*

V. And whereas by the said Act of the Fifteenth of King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for the Incouragement of Trade, the Governors of the Plantations are Impowered to Appoint an Officer for the Performance of certain things in the said Act mentioned, which said Officer is there commonly known by the Name of the Naval Officer: And whereas through the Connivance or Negligence of the Persons so appointed by the Governors of the said Plantations, divers Frauds and Abuses are or have been Committed; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the Officers already appointed, shall within Two Months after Notice of this Act in the respective Plantations, or as soon as conveniently it may be, give Security to the Commissioners of the Customs in England, for the time being, or such as shall be Appointed by them, for his Majesties Use, for the true and faithful Performance of their Duty; And all and every Person or Persons who shall hereafter be appointed to the said Office or Imployment, shall within Two Months, or as soon as conveniently it may be, after his or their Entrance upon the said Office or Imployment, give sufficient Security to the Commissioners of the Customs, as aforesaid, for his Majesties Use, for the true and faithful Performance of his or their Duty; and in Default thereof, the Person or Persons neglecting or refusing to give such Security, shall be disabled to execute the said Office or Imployment; and until such Security given, and the Person appointed to the said Office or Imployment, be approved by the Commissioners of the Customs, as aforesaid, the respective Governor or Governors, shall be answerable for any the Offences, Neglects, or Misdemeanors of the Person or Persons so by him or them appointed.

15 Car. 2. c. 7.

Naval Officers in the Plantations to give Security to the Commissioners of the Customs in *England*,

in default disabled.

Until such Security given, &c. the Governors to be answerable for any Offence, Neglect, &c.

VI. And for the more effectual preventing of Frauds, and regulating Abuses in the Plantation Trade in America, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Ships coming into, or going out of any of the said Plantations, and lading or unlading any Goods or Commodities, whether the same be his Majesties Ships of War or Merchants Ships, and the Masters and Commanders thereof, and their Ladings, shall be subject and liable to the same Rules, Visitations, Searches, Penalties and Forfeitures, as to the Entring, Lading, or Discharging their respective Ships and Ladings, as Ships and their Ladings, and the Commanders and Masters of Ships, are subject and liable unto in this Kingdom, by virtue of an Act of Parliament made in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for Preventing Frauds, and Regulating Abuses in his Majesties Customs; And that the Officers for Collecting and Managing his Majesties Revenue, and Inspecting the Plantation Trade in any of the said Plantations,

14 Car. 2. c. 11.

All Ships lading or unlading Goods in the *American* Plantations, shall be subject to the same Rules, Searches, &c. as they are in *England*.

And the Officers in the Plantations,

to have the same Power there as Officers of the Customs in *England*.

tions, shall have the same Powers and Authorities, for Visiting and Searching of Ships, and taking their Entries, and for Seizing and Securing, or Bringing on Shore any of the Goods prohibited to be Imported or Exported into or out of any the said Plantations, or for which any Duties are payable, or ought to have been paid by any of the before mentioned Acts, as are provided for the Officers of the Customs in England by the said last mentioned Act, made in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, and also to Enter Houses, or Ware houses, to Search for, and Seize any such Goods; And that all the Wharfingers, and Owners of Keys and Wharfs, or any Lightermen, Bargemen, Watermen, Porters, or other Persons, assisting in the Conveyance, Concealment, or Rescue of any of the said Goods, or in the Hindring, or Resistance of any of the said Officers in the performance of their Duty, and the Boats, Barges, Lighters, or other Vessels imployed in the Conveyance of such Goods, shall be subject to the like Pains, and Penalties, as are provided by the same Act made in the Fourteenth Year of King Charles the Second, in relation to Prohibited or Uncustomed Goods in this Kingdom; And that the like Assistance shall be given to the said Officers in the Execution of their Office, as by the said last mentioned Act is provided for the Officers in England; And also, That the said Officers shall be subject to the same Penalties, and Forfeitures, for any Corruptions, Frauds, Connivances, or Concealments, in violation of any the before mentioned Laws, as any Officers of the Customs in England are liable to, by virtue of the said last mentioned Act; and also that in case any Officer or Officers in the Plantations shall be Sued, or Molested, for any thing done in the Execution of their Office, the said Officer shall and may plead the General Issue, and shall give this or other Custom Acts in Evidence, and the Judge to allow thereof, have and enjoy the like Privileges and Advantages, as are allowed by Law to the Officers of his Majesties Customs in England.

Wharfingers, Lightermen, &c. Resisting the Officers.

Penalties.

14 Car. 2. c. 11.

The said Officers shall be subject to the same Penalties, as the Officers of the Customs in *England*.

General Issue.

Forfeitures how to be disposed.

VII. And it is hereby further Enacted, That all the Penalties, and Forfeitures before mentioned, not in this Act particularly disposed of, shall be one Third part to the use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and one Third part to the Governor of the Colony or Plantation where the Offence shall be committed, and the other Third part to such Person, or Persons as shall sue for the same, to be Recovered in any of his Majesties Courts at Westminster, or in the Kingdom of Ireland, or in the Court of Admiralty held in his Majesties Plantations respectively, where such Offence shall be committed, at the Pleasure of the Officer, or Informer, or in any other Plantation belonging to any Subject of England, wherein no Essoign, Protection, or Wager of Law shall be allowed; and that where any Question shall arise concerning the Importation, or Exportation of any Goods into or out of the said Plantations, in such case the Proof shall lie upon the Owner or Claimer, and the Claimer shall be reputed the Importer or Owner thereof.

How and where to be recovered.

Any Question arising, the Proof to lie on the Owner or Claimer.

VIII. And whereas in some of his Majesties American Plantations, a Doubt or Misconstruction has arisen upon the before mentioned Act, made in the Five and twentieth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, whereby certain Duties are laid upon the Commodities therein Enumerated (which by Law may be Transported from one Plantation to another for the Supply of each others Wants) as if the same were by the Payment of those Duties in one Plantation, Discharged from giving the Securities intended by the aforesaid Acts, made in the Twelfth, Two and twentieth and Three and twentieth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second, and consequently be at liberty to go to any Foreign Market in Europe, without coming to England, Wales, or Berwick: It is hereby further Enacted and Declared, That notwithstanding the payment of the aforesaid Duties in any of the said Plantations, none of the said Goods shall be shipt, or laden on Board, until such Security shall be given as is required by the said Acts, made in the Twelfth, Two and twentieth, and Three and twentieth Years of

25 Car. 2.

12, 22 & 23 Car. 2.

Notwithstanding the payment of the Enumerated Duties, no Goods to be shipt till Security is given,

of

Vide the *Act of Union*, 5 A. *cap.* 8.

of the Reign of King Charles the Second, to carry the same to England, Wales, or Berwick, or to some other of his Majesties Plantations, and so toties quoties as any of the said Goods shall be brought to be reshipt or laden in any of the said Plantations, under the penalty and forfeiture of Ship and Goods, to be divided and disposed of, as aforesaid. under forfeiture of Ship and Goods.

IX. And it is further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That all Laws, By-laws, Usages, or Customs, at this time, or which hereafter shall be in practice, or endeavoured, or pretended to be in force or practice in any of the said Plantations, which are in any wise repugnant to the before mentioned Laws, or any of them, so far as they do relate to the said Plantations, or any of them, or which are any ways repugnant to this present Act, or to any other Law hereafter to be made in this Kingdom, so far as such Law shall relate to, and mention the said Plantations, are illegal, null and void, to all intents and purposes whatsoever. Laws made in the Plantations repugnant to the Laws of *England*, void.

X. And whereas great Frauds and Abuses have been committed by Scotchmen, and others, in the Plantation Trade, by obtruding false and counterfeit Certificates upon the Governor and Officers in the Plantations, appointed by his Majesties Commissioners of the Customs in England, of having given Security in this Kingdom, to bring the ladings of Plantation Goods to England, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, as also Certificates of having discharged their lading of Plantation Goods in this Kingdom, pursuant to Securities taken in the Plantation, and also Cockets or Certificates, of having taken in their ladings of European Goods in England, Wales, or Berwick; by means whereof they may carry the Goods of Scotland, and other places of Europe, without shipping or lading the same in England, Wales, or Berwick, to his Majesties Plantations, and also carry the Goods of the Plantations directly to Scotland, or to any Market in Europe, without bringing the same into England, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed: It is hereby further Enacted, That in such Cases where the Governor or Officers appointed by the Commissioners of the Customs in the Plantations shall have reasonable ground of Suspicion, that such Certificates are False or Counterfeit (that is to say) that the Certificate of having given Security in England is false, in such Case the Governor or Officers appointed by the Commissioners of the Customs shall require, and take sufficient Security there for the Discharge of the Plantation lading in England, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed; and in such Case where there shall be Cause to suspect that the Certificates of having discharged her lading of Plantation Goods in this Kingdom is false or Counterfeit, the Governor or Officers aforesaid shall not Cancel or Vacate the Security given in the Plantation, until he or they shall be informed from the Commissioners of the Customs in England, that the matter of the said Certificate is true; and if any Person or Persons shall Counterfeit, Raise, or Falsify any Cocket, Certificate, Return, or Permit, for any Vessel, or Goods, or shall knowingly or willingly make use thereof, such Person or Persons shall forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, to be recovered and disposed of, as aforesaid, and the Cocket, Certificate, Return, or Permit, so Counterfeited, Raised or Falsified, shall be Invalid, and of no Effect. Abuses committed by false and counterfeit Certificates, &c. On Suspicion of false Certificate, the Governor, &c. to take fresh Security. Certificate, &c. Raised, or Falsified, forfeits 500 *l.* and the Certificate, &c. invalid.

Vide the *Act of Union*, 5 A. *cap.* 8.

XI. And for the better Executing the several Acts of Parliament relating to the Plantation Trade, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Lord Treasurer, Commissioners of the Treasury, and the Commissioners of the Customs in England for the time being, shall and may Constitute and Appoint such and so many Officers of the Customs in any City, Town, River, Port, Harbour, or Creek, of or belonging to any of the Islands, Tracts of Land and Properties, when, and as often as to them shall seem needful: Be it further also Enacted, That upon any Actions, Suits, and Informations that shall be brought, commenced, or entred in the said Plantations, upon any Law, or Statute concerning The Treasury, and Commissioners of the Customs in *England*, to appoint Officers in the Plantations.

cerning his Majesties Duties, or Ships, or Goods, to be forfeited by reason of any unlawful Importations, or Exportations, there shall not be any Jury, but of such only as are Natives of England, or Ireland, or are born in his Majesties said Plantations; and also that upon all such Actions, Suits, and Informations, the Offences may be said or alledged to be in any Colony, Province, County, Precinct, or Division of any of the said Plantations where such Offences are alledged to be committed, at the pleasure of the Officer or Informer.

Juries to consist of Natives of *England*, *Ireland*, or the said Plantations.

Vide *the Act of Union*, 5 A. *cap.* 8.

Places of Trust to be in the Natives of *England*, &c.

XII. Provided always, That all Places of Trust in the Courts of Law, or what relates to the Treasury of the said Islands, shall, from the making of this Act, be in the hands of the Native-born Subjects of England, or Ireland, or of the said Islands.

Vide *ditto*.

XIII. And whereas by the said Act made in the Two and twentieth and Three and twentieth Years of the Reign of his said late Majesty King Charles the Second, the Bonds required to be given in the Plantations by virtue of the said Act for Incouraging and Increasing of Shipping and Navigation, are altered, and the word Ireland to be left out of the Condition of all such Bonds; and by the said Act, It is Enacted, and Provided, That for such Ships or Vessels coming from other Ports or Places, to any of the said Plantations, which by the said Act for Incouraging and Increase of Shipping were permitted to Trade there, the Governors of such English Plantations should, before the said Ship or Vessel should be permitted to Load on Board any of the Commodities in the said Act particularly mentioned, take Bond in manner, and to the value mentioned and directed in the above-mentioned Act for Incouraging and Increase of Shipping and Navigation, for each respective Ship or Vessel, That such Ship, or Vessel shall carry all the aforesaid Goods that should be laden on board in the said Ship, to some other of his Majesties English Plantations, or to England, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed; But because no Provision hath hitherto been made for the returning and producing Certificates within some reasonable limited time, of the landing and discharging such Goods, according to the Condition of the said Bonds; and also, because many times it hath happened, that the Sureties taken in the said Bonds, have been Persons not Resident in the said Plantations, but of uncertain and unknown Abodes, the said Bonds, have proved ineffectual to the good Purposes intended by the said Acts: Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all such Bonds to be hereafter given or taken in the said Plantations, the Sureties therein named, shall be Persons of known Residence and Ability in the said Plantations, for the Value mentioned in the said Bonds; and that the Condition of the said Bonds shall be within Eighteen Months after the Date thereof (the Danger of the Seas excepted) to produce Certificates of having landed and discharged the Goods therein mentioned, in one of his Majesties said Plantations, or in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, otherwise such Bond, or Copies thereof, being attested under the Hand and Seal of the Governor, or Commander in chief to whom such Bonds were given, shall be in force, and allowed of in any Court in England, Ireland, or the Plantations, as if the Original were produced in Court by the Prosecutor.

22, 23 Car. 2.

14 Car. 2.

Bonds in the Plantations, Sureties to be Persons of known Ability.

Certificates to discharge the said Bonds to be produced within 18 Months.

Vide *the Act of Union*, 5 A. *cap.* 8.

XIV. And whereas several Ships and Vessels laden with Tobacco, Sugars, and other Goods of the growth and product of his Majesties Plantations in America, have been discharged in several Ports of the Kingdoms of Scotland, and Ireland, contrary to the Laws and Statutes now in being, under pretence that the said Ships and Vessels were driven in thither by stress of Weather, or for want of Provisions, and other Disabilities, could not proceed on their Voyage: For remedy whereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First day of December, One thousand six hundred ninety six, it shall not be lawful, on any pretence whatsoever, to put on shore in the said Kingdoms of Scotland, or Ireland, any Goods or Merchandize of the growth or product

No Plantation Goods to be landed in *Ireland*,

Vide *the Act of Union*, 5 A. *cap.* 8.

duct

duct of any of his Majesties Plantations aforesaid, unless the same have been first landed in the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and paid the Rates and Duties wherewith they are chargeable by Law, under the Penalty of the Forfeiture of the Ship and Goods, their full treble, without Composition, to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Fourth to him or them that shall sue for the same.

Great Britain, vide *the Act of Union*, 5 A. *cap.* 8.

unless first landed in England.

Forfeiture.

XV. Provided nevertheless, That if any Ship or Vessel, laden as aforesaid, shall by stress of Weather be stranded, or by reason of Leakiness or other Disability, shall be driven into any Port or Place within the Kingdom of Ireland, and shall not be able to proceed on her Voyage, then, and in such case only the said Goods and Merchandizes may be permitted to be put on shore, but shall be delivered into the custody and possession of the Collector, or Chief Officer of the Customs of such Port or Place where the said Ship shall be so stranded or driven into, there to remain until the said Goods and Merchandize shall, at the charge of the Owner thereof, be put on board some other Ship or Vessel, in order to be transported and carried to some other Port or Place within the said Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, the said Officer first taking good and sufficient Security for the delivery of the same, according to the true intent and meaning of this Act.

Proviso for Ships stranded in *Ireland*.

XVI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Persons and their Assignees, claiming any Right or Propriety in any Islands, or Tracts of Land upon the Continent of America, by Charter, or Letters Patents, shall not at any time hereafter alien, sell or dispose of any of the said Islands, Tracts of Land, or Proprieties, other than to the natural born Subjects of England, Ireland, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, without the Licence and Consent of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, signified by his or their Order in Council first had and obtained; And all Governors nominated and appointed by any such Persons, or Proprietors, who shall be Entitled to make such Nomination, shall be allowed and approved of by his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, as aforesaid, and shall take the Oaths injoyned by this or any other Act, to be taken by the Governors, or Commanders in chief, in other his Majesties Colonies and Plantations, before their entring upon their respective Governments, under the like Penalty his Majesties Governors and Commanders in chief are by the said Acts liable to.

Charter-Governments how and to whom they may be Sold.

The Governors to be Approved by his Majesty, and take Oaths.

Penalty.

XVII. And for a more effectual prevention of Frauds which may be used to elude the intention of this Act, by colouring Foreign Ships under English Names, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Five and twentieth day of March, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred ninety eight, no Ship or Vessel whatsoever shall be deemed, or pass as a Ship of the built of England, Ireland, Wales, Berwick, Guernsey, Jersey, or of any of his Majesties Plantations in America, so as to be qualified to trade to, from, or in any of the said Plantations, until the person or persons claiming Property in such Ship or Vessel, shall register the same as followeth, that is to say, If the Ship, at the time of such Register, doth belong to any Port in England, Ireland, Wales, or to the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, then Proof shall be made upon Oath of one or more of the Owners of such Ship or Vessel, before the Collector and Comptroller of his Majesties Customs in such Port; or if at the time of such Register the Ship belong to any of his Majesties Plantations in America, or to the Islands of Guernsey, or Jersey, then the like Proof to be made before the Governor, together with the Principal Officer of his Majesties Revenue residing on such Plantation or Island; which Oath the said Governors and Officers of the Customs respectively, are hereby authorized to administer in the Tenour following, viz.

Great Britain, vide *the Act of Union*, 5 A. *cap.* 8.

No Ship to Trade to and from the Plantations, till Registred.

Where to be Registred.

The Oath, in *hæc Verba.*

Viz. *A. B.* That the Ship Name of Port whereof Masters Name is at present Master, being a Kind of Built of Burthen Tons, was Built at place where in the Year Time when and that and of, &c. are at present Owners thereof, and that no Foreigner, directly or indirectly, hath any Share, or Part, or Interest therein. Owners Name

The Oath to be delivered to the Master, and a Duplicate to be transmitted to the Commissioners of the Customs.

XVIII. Which Oath being attested by the Governor or Custom-Officer respectively, who administred the same, under their Hands and Seals, shall, after having been registred by them, be delivered to the Master of the Ship, for the security of her Navigation; a Duplicate of which Register shall be immediately transmitted to the Commissioners of his Majesties Customs in the Port of London, in order to be entred in a general Register, to be there kept for this purpose, with Penalty upon any Ship or Vessel trading to, from, or in any of his Majesties Plantations in America, after the said Five and twentieth day of March, and not having made Proof of her Built and Property, as is here directed, that she shall be liable, and she is hereby made liable to such Prosecution and Forfeiture as any Foreign Ship (except Prizes condemned in the High Court of Admiralty) would for trading with these Plantations by this Law be liable to.

Vide *the Act of Union*, 5 A. *cap.* 8. *Art.*

Ships taken and condemned as Prize shall be specially registred.

XIX. Provided always, That all such Ships as have been, or shall be taken at Sea by Letters of Mart or Reprisal, and Condemnation thereof made in the High Court of Admiralty of England, as lawful Prize, shall be specially registred, mentioning the Capture and Condemnation instead of the Time and Place of Building; with Proof also upon Oath, That the entire Property is English, before any such Prize shall be allowed the Privilege of an English-built Ship, according to the meaning of this Act.

This Act not to extend to Fisher-boats, Hoys, &c. but only to such Ships as cross the Seas.

XX. Provided also, That nothing in this Act shall be construed to require the registring any Fisher-boats, Boys, Lighters, Barges, or any open Boats or other Vessels (though of English or Plantation built) whose Navigation is confined to the Rivers or Coasts of the same Plantation or Place where they trade respectively, but only of such of them as cross the Seas to or from any of the Lands, Islands, Places or Territories in this Act before recited, or from one Plantation to another.

Ships Name altered, to be registred *de novo.*

XXI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Ships Name registred, shall be afterwards changed without registring such Ship de novo, which is hereby required to be done upon any Transfer of Property to another Port, and delivering up the former Certificate to be cancelled, under the same Penalties, and in the like Method as is herein before directed; and that in case any alteration of Property in the same Port, by the Sale of one or more Shares in any Ship after registring thereof, such Sale shall always be acknowledged by Indorsement on the Certificate of the Register before two Witnesses, in order to prove, That the entire Property in such Ship remains to some of the Subjects of England, if any Dispute arises concerning the same.

Penalty.

Anno

Anno 7 & 8 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XXII.

An Act for the better Security of his Majesties Royal Person and Government. EXP.

Anno 7 & 8 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XXVIII.

An Act for the more Effectual Preventing the Exportation of Wooll, and for the Incouraging the Importation thereof from *Ireland*.

Preamble.

WHereas several Laws have been made to prevent the Exportation of Wooll, yet nevertheless the said Exportation is still continued, whereby daily Mischiefs and Evils do happen, and a Correspondence with France is maintained, to the great Prejudice of the Government, and Discouragement of the Manufacture of this Kingdom.

1 W. & M. cap. 32.

II. And whereas in the First Year of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary there passed an Act, Intituled, An Act for the better Preventing the Exportation of Wooll, and Incouraging the Woollen Manufactures of this Kingdom, which Act was continued by an Act made in the Fourth and Fifth Years of King William and Queen Mary,

4 & 5 W. & M. cap. 24.

Intituled, An Act for Reviving, Continuing and Explaining several Laws therein mentioned, which are Expired and near Expiring, and will now soon expire.

1 W. & M. continued,

III. And whereas for preventing the said Mischiefs, it is necessary the said Act should be Continued, Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act, and every Clause, Matter and Thing therein contained, (except what is hereafter otherwise altered, explained or repealed) shall continue and remain in full force, as if the same were herein and hereby particularly recited and mentioned.

except what is here altered.

So much of the 13 & 14 Car. 2. as made it Felony to export Wooll, Repealed.

IV. And whereas the Statute of the Thirteenth and Fourteenth of King Charles the Second, made against the Exportation of Wooll, among other things in the said Act mentioned, doth Enact the same to be deemed Felony; by the Severity of which Penalty the prosecution of Offenders hath not been so effectually put in execution: Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That so much of the said Act which relates to making the said Offence Felony be repealed and made void.

Ports of Importation from *Ireland* into *England*.

V. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for the better encouragement of the Importation of Wooll from Ireland, that it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons whatsoever, from the place or places in the said Act limited, to Import into England, from Ireland, any quantity or quantities of Wooll to any of the Ports hereafter mentioned (that is to say) Whitehaven in the County of Cumberland, Leverpoole, Chester, Bristol, Bridgwater, Minehead, Barnstaple, and Biddiford, and to no others; any thing in this Act to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Commissioners of *Ireland* shall every Six months transmit Accounts of Woollexported thence to the Commissioners in *England*.

VI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Commissioners or Farmers of the Customs in the Kingdom of Ireland for the time being, shall, from time to time, and at all times hereafter, once every Six months, transmit or cause to be transmitted unto the Commissioners of his Majesties Customs in England,

land, a true account of all such Wooll as shall be, from time to time, exported from any of the places within the said Kingdom of Ireland, from whence the same may be exported, the quantity and weight thereof, and by whom, and in what Ships exported, and where Consigned, and the Names of the Persons signing the Certificates of the landing the same in England, and the Date of the said Certificates, and where the same was landed, as also the quantity and weight contained in the said Certificates, in order that the same may be compared with the account by the said Act appointed to be kept by the Commissioners of the Customs of this Kingdom.

Certificate for landing Wooll to be on Paper, and not to be interlined.

VII. And for preventing the Mischiefs of razing, obliterating, or interlining such Certificates, as aforesaid, Be it further Enacted, That all Certificates given for the landing of Wooll from Ireland, or from one Port to another in England, shall be written upon Paper, and not Parchment, and that the quantities therein expressed shall not be obliterated, or interlined upon any pretence whatsoever.

Clause to prevent carrying Wooll, &c. to *Scotland*.

VIII. And whereas the several Inhabitants of the several Counties and Shires of this Realm, next adjoyning to the Kingdom of Scotland, and to the Sea-Coasts, do reap great profit and advantage by the carrying out of Wooll, Wooll-Fells, Worsteds, Shortings, Yarn made of Wooll, Wooll-Flocks, Fullers-Earth, and Scouring-Clay, into the said Kingdom of Scotland, and exporting of them into France, and other Parts beyond the Seas, to the great prejudice and decay of the Woollen Manufacture of this Realm: Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First day of May, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred ninety six, no Wooll, or any other of the Commodities aforesaid, shall be laid or loaden on any Horse, or other Carriage whatsoever, or shall be carried or conveyed by Land, to or from any place or places within the said Counties next adjoyning to the said Kingdom of Scotland, or within Five miles of the Sea-Coast, as aforesaid, but between Sun rising and Sun-setting, under the penalty and forfeiture of the said Commodities, and of the said Horses, and other Cattle and Carriages imployed in carrying the same; and that no Ship or Vessel, shall export or carry the same into any part beyond the Seas, under the penalty and forfeiture of the said Commodities, Ship and Vessel, and treble the value thereof, with treble Costs of Suit; And the Inhabitants of the respective Hundred, Port, or Place exempt, next adjoyning to the said Kingdom of Scotland, or to the Sea-Coasts, out of, or through which any Wooll, or any other of the Commodities aforesaid, shall be so carried or exported, shall forfeit Twenty pounds, if the said Wooll so carried out or exported shall be under the value of Ten pounds; but if it shall be of greater value, then treble the value thereof so exported or carried out of the said Kingdom, as also treble Costs of Suit; all which said Penalties, Forfeitures, and Costs of Suit, are to be recovered and received by him or them that shall sue for the same, and to be prosecuted by any Action of Debt, Suit, Bill, Plaint or Information, against the Inhabitants of such Hundred, Port, or Place exempt, out of, or through which the said Wooll or other Commodities shall be exported, in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, where no Essoign, Protection, or Wager of Law shall be allowed, nor any more than one Imparlance.

Vide *the Act of Union*, 5 A. cap. 8.

No Wooll, &c. shall be carried by Land near the Borders of *Scotland*, or within Five miles of the Sea, but between Sun and Sun.

Penalty.

Penalty upon the Hundred.

Execution for the Informer shall be had on the Hundred, as in case of Robery.

IX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Execution for the Informer shall and may be had against Two or more of the said Inhabitants; And that after Execution had by force of this Act, it shall and may be lawful (upon Complaint made by the Party or Parties so charged) to and for the Justices of the Peace of the same County or Place where any such Execution shall be had, at their General Quarter-Sessions to be held for the said County or Place, to assess and tax fairly and proportionably, according to their Discretions, all and every the Towns, Parishes, Villages and Hamlets in the said Hundred, Port, or Place exempt, in the same manner and form as any Hundred ought to be charged

in

in case of Robbery committed, for the Persons against whom Execution shall be had for the Person so robbed, pursuant to an Act made in the Seven and twentieth Year of Queen Elizabeth, Intituled, An Act for the Following of the Hue and Cry; and that the Justices of the Peace of the said County or Place where such Fact shall be committed, shall and are hereby impowered and required, at their General Quarter-Sessions to be held for the said County or Place, to levy the Penalties hereby charged upon the said Inhabitants, by an equal Assessment upon the said Inhabitants, and reimburse such Person or Persons Inhabitants within the said Hundred, Port, or Place exempt, adjacent to the Kingdom of Scotland, or the Sea-Coast, from whence the said Wooll, or other the said Commodities shall be transported, in the same manner as if there had been a Judgment at Law against the said Hundred, Port, or Place exempt.

27 Eliz. cap. 13.

X. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Persons who shall be aiding, abetting, or assisting in carrying or exporting any of the said Commodities out of this Realm, as aforesaid, (being legally convicted thereof) shall suffer Three Years Imprisonment, without Bail or Mainprize; and the Owner of the said Wooll, or of any other of the Commodities aforesaid, and all and every Person or Persons who shall be aiding, abetting, or assisting in carrying or exporting of them or any of them out of this Kingdom, shall answer and satisfie treble the Value of all such Forfeitures and Penalties which such Inhabitants shall be so charged with, and liable to, as also treble Costs of Suit; which shall and may be recovered by Action of Debt, Suit, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed, nor any more than one Imparlance, by and in the Name of the Clerk of the Peace for the time being, of or for every such County or Place, without naming the Christian Name or Sirname of the said Clerk of the Peace; which treble Value, and treble Costs of Suit shall be to the only use and behoof of the said Inhabitants; and that notwithstanding the Death or Removal of any such Clerk of the Peace after such Action of Debt, Suit, Bill, Plaint or Information, sued, commenced or preferred, the same shall be prosecuted and pursued to Judgment and Execution, in such manner and form, to all intents and purposes, as that Clerk of the Peace might have done which first commenced or preferred the said Action of Debt, Suit, Bill, Plaint or Information.

Aiders or Abetters shall suffer 3 Years Imprisonment.

The Owners, Aiders, &c. shall answer treble the value to the Inhabitants, with treble Costs of Suit.

XI. And for the better and more impartial Trials of all such Actions, and Informations, which shall be commenced or prosecuted by virtue of this Act, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That such Actions and Informations, shall be tried in any of his Majesties Courts of Record, by a Jury of good and lawfull Freeholders, to be summoned out of any other County than that wherein the Fact shall be committed; and to encourage Persons to discover the said Crime, the first three Persons who have been aiding, abetting or assisting in carrying out or exportation of Wooll, or any other of the Commodities, as aforesaid, that shall inform thereof any Justice of the Peace in either of the said several Counties aforesaid, whereby the Punishment and Penalties appointed by this Act may be inflicted and recovered, the party or parties so discovering (not being Owner or Part-owners of the said Wooll, or other Commodities aforesaid) shall not suffer any of the said Penalties or Punishment.

Jury to be of any County but where the Fact was committed.

The three first Aiders discovering, indemnified.

Except Owners.

XII. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Action, or Suit, shall be brought and prosecuted by any Person or Persons against any Justice of Peace, or other Person imployed by them or any of them, in the execution of this Act, for any Matter, Cause or Thing by them or either of them done, committed or executed by virtue or reason of this Act, or any Clause or Article therein contained, That then and in every such case, the Action shall be levied in the proper County where the Fact was done and committed, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant

Actions against Justices of Peace, &c. to be in the proper County.

General Iſſue.

fendant or Defendants may plead the General Iſſue, and give the Special Matter in Evidence at the Tryal, That the ſame was done in purſuance, and by Authority of this Act: And if upon examination it ſhall ſo happen to be done, the Jury ſhall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and in ſuch caſe, or if the Plaintiff ſhall be Nonſuit, or diſcontinue his Action after the Defendant or Defendants hath or have appeared, the Defendant or Defendants ſhall have and recover their treble Coſts, which he or they ſhall ſuſtain or be put unto by reaſon of his or their wrongful Vexation in defence of the ſaid Action, or Suit; and that every Action, Suit, Bill, Plaint, or Information, by virtue of this Act, ſhall be commenced and proſecuted within One Year after the Fact committed. *Altered by 9 & 10 W. 3.*

Offences to be proſecuted within 1 Year.

Penalty on perſons compounding.

XIII. Provided always, That if any Perſon who is Entitled to the Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act given, ſhall compound with any Hundred, Port, or Place exempt, hereby liable to pay the ſame, for any leſſer Sum than what is hereby given, That it ſhall at any time hereafter be lawful for any other Perſon to ſue for and recover the ſame in manner and form, as aforeſaid, as if no ſuch Compoſition had been made; and the Perſon ſo compounding ſhall for ſuch his Offence ſuffer Five Years Impriſonment, without Bail, or Mainprize: And this Act to continue in force for Three Years, and from thence to the end of the next Seſſion of Parliament. *9 & 10 W. 3. cap. 20. Continued without any Limitation.*

Penalty.

This Act to continue 3 Years.

Admiralty ſhall appoint Cruizers.

XIV. And for the better preventing the Exportation of Wooll, and Correſpondence with France, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Lord High Admiral of England, or Commiſſioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral for the time being, ſhall, from time to time, direct and appoint, One Ship of the Fifth Rate, and Two Ships of the Sixth Rate, and Four armed Sloops, conſtantly to cruize from off the North-Foreland to the Iſle of Wight, with Orders for taking and ſeizing all Ships, Veſſels, or Boats, which ſhall export any Wooll, or carry or bring any Prohibited Goods, or any Suſpected Perſons.

Anno 7 & 8 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XXXI.

An Act for Continuing to his Majeſty certain Duties upon all Glaſs Wares, Stone, and Earthen Wares, and for granting ſeveral Duties upon Tobacco-pipes, and other Earthen Wares, for carrying on the War againſt *France*, and for Eſtabliſhing a National Land-Bank, and for Taking off the Duties upon Tonnage of Ships, and upon Coals. EXP.

Anno 7 & 8 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XXXIII.

An Act for the better Incouragement of the *Greenland* Trade. EXP.

Anno 7 & 8 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XXXIV.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act that the Solemn Affirmation and Declaration of the People called *Quakers*, ſhall be accepted, inſtead of an Oath in the uſual Form.

Whereas divers Diſſenters, commonly called Quakers, Refuſing to take an Oath in Courts of Juſtice, and other Places, are frequently Impriſoned, and their Eſtates Sequeſtred by Pro- *1 Geo. cap. 6.*

Proceſs of Contempt Iſſuing out of ſuch Courts, to the Ruin of themſelves and Families: For Remedy thereof, Be it Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the Fourth day of May, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety ſix, every Quaker within this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, who ſhall be required upon any lawful Occaſion to take an Oath in any Caſe, where by Law an Oath is required, ſhall inſtead of the uſual Form, be permitted to make his or her Solemn Affirmation or Declaration, in theſe Words following, viz.

Affirmation.

I *A. B.* do Declare in the Preſence of Almighty God, the Witneſs of the Truth of what I ſay.

To be of the ſame Force as an Oath.

II. Which ſaid Solemn Affirmation or Declaration, ſhall be adjudged and taken, and is hereby Enacted and Declared to be of the ſame Force and Effect, to all Intents and Purpoſes, in all Courts of Juſtice, and other Places, where by Law an Oath is required, within this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, as if ſuch Quaker had taken an Oath in the uſual Form.

Penalty on *Quakers* making a falſe Affirmation.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Quaker, making ſuch Solemn Affirmation or Declaration, ſhall be lawfully Convicted, wilfully, falſly, and corruptly to have Affirmed or Declared any Matter or Thing, which, if the ſame had been in the uſual Form, would have amounted to wilful and corrupt Perjury, every ſuch Quaker ſo offending, ſhall incur the ſame Penalties and Forfeitures, as by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm are Enacted againſt Perſons Convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury.

Anno 7 & 8 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XXXVI.

A Clauſe in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Continuing ſeveral Acts of Parliament therein mentioned.

20 Car. 2. c. 5.
1 Jac. 2. *cap.* 13.
1 W. & M. *cap.* 23.

Whereas divers Temporary Laws, which by Experience have been found uſeful and beneficial, are near expiring; Therefore for continuing the ſame, Be it Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That an Act made in the Twentieth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for giving Liberty to Buy and Export Leather and Skins Tanned and Dreſſed, which Act was Revived by an Act made in the Firſt Year of the Reign of the late King James; Which Acts were revived, and continued by an Act made in the Firſt Year of the Reign of King William and the late Queen Mary, Intituled, An Act for Reviving Two former Acts, for Exporting of Leather, for the ſpace of Seven Years, from the end of that Seſſions of Parliament, and from thence to the end of the Firſt Seſſion of Parliament then next enſuing, ſhall be, and hereby are continued, and ſhall be in force during the ſpace of Seven Years, from the Five and twentieth day of March, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety ſix, and from thence to the end of the firſt Seſſion of Parliament then next enſuing, and no longer.

Further continued for 32 Years from 8 March, 1710. by 9 A. cap. 6.

Duty on Leather continued for 7 Years, &c.

Anno

Anno 7 & 8 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XXXIX.

An Act for Incouraging the Linen Manufacture of *Ireland*, and bringing Flax and Hemp into, and the making of Sail-Cloth in this Kingdom.

Preamble.

WHereas there are great Sums of Money and Bullion yearly exported out of this Kingdom, for the Purchasing of Hemp, Flax and Linen, and all the Productions thereof, which might in great measure be prevented by being Supplied from Ireland, if such proper Incouragement were given, as might invite Foreign Protestants into that Kingdom to Settle: Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First day of August, One thousand six hundred ninety six, it shall and may be lawful, to and for any Native or Natives of England or Ireland, to Import into England, directly from Ireland, any sorts of Hemp or Flax, and all the Production thereof, as Thread, Yarn and Linen, of the Growth and Manufacture of Ireland, free from all manner of Customs, Duties, and Impositions whatsoever, the Master or other Chief Officer of the Vessel, so importing the same, bringing with him or them a Certificate or Certificates from the Chief Officer or Officers of the Port or Ports in Ireland, where such Goods shall be put on Board, expressing the Marks, Number, Tale, or Weight of the Species in each Bale or Parcel mentioned in the Bill or Bills of Lading, with the Name or Names, Place or Places of Abode of the Exporter or Exporters from Ireland, and the Name or Names, Place or Places of Abode of such other Person or Persons that shall have sworn the Goods therein mentioned, to be bona fide of the Growth and Manufacture of the Kingdom, without Fraud or Covin, and where and to whom in England consigned; and also the Master or Masters, Chief Officer or Officers of the said Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels, on Arrival in England, making Oath, That the said Bales and Parcels, and Goods therein contained, are the said Bales, Parcels and Goods taken on Board, by virtue of the said Certificate or Certificates, so to be produced; any Act, Custom or Usage heretofore to the contrary notwithstanding.

Any Native of *England* or *Ireland* may Import directly from *Ireland* Hemp, Flax, Thread, Yarn, and Linen of *Ireland*, free of Custom.

Sail Cloth of *England*,

II. And for as much as the making of Sail-Cloth in England is of great Use and Benefit to the Nation, and will Imploy many thousands of the Poor; which Manufacture is already set up in several Parts of this Kingdom, and brought to good Perfection: Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for the Incouragement of the further Improvement of the same, all English made Sail-Cloth (upon due Proof upon Oath of its being made in this Kingdom) shall, from and after the First day of August, One thousand six hundred ninety and six, be Exported free from the Payment of all Custom any Duty whatsoever, whether the same be exported in the Piece or Bouit, or in Sails ready made; any Law, Act or Statute to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

(Upon due Proof that 'tis *English* made) to be Exported free of Custom.

Anno 8 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. I.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Importing and Coining Guineas and Half-Guineas.

7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 13.

Whereas by an Act made in the Firſt Seſſion of this preſent Parliament, Intituled, An Act for Taking off the Obligation, and Incouragement for Coining Guineas for a certain time therein mentioned, It is Enacted, That from the Second day of March, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety five, until the Firſt day of January then next following, there ſhall not be any Obligation of receiving into his Majeſties Mint or Mints, to be Coined, any Gold whatſoever; nor ſhall the Officers of his Majeſties Mints be obliged to Coin any Gold within the time aforeſaid, for any Perſon whatſoever; and that the Recompences appointed by the Statute made in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, and other Subſequent Statutes for Incouragement of Coinage, ſhall be applied to the uſe of the Silver Mints. And it is alſo thereby further Enacted, That from and after the ſaid Second day of March, until the ſaid Firſt day of January, it ſhall not be Lawful for any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever to Import Guineas or Half-Guineas into this Kingdom, upon any pretence whatſoever, upon Forfeiture of the ſaid Guineas or Half-Guineas. And whereas the reaſon of making the ſaid Act was occaſioned by the high and unuſual Price of Guineas, which might in the end be very Prejudicial to the Subject; but the ſaid Price of Guineas being now reduced to or near the Standard, and ſundry Perſons being deſirous to Coin Gold, and alſo Import great quantities of Guineas and Half-Guineas, which will be very beneficial to the Trade and Commerce of this Kingdom.

II. For the Incouragement whereof, Be it Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid Act, and every Clauſe, Matter and Thing therein contained (other than what relates to the Recompences by the ſaid Act appointed, to be applied to the Silver Mints, and what concerns the Royal African Company) be, and are hereby Repealed and utterly made Void, to all intents and purpoſes; and that all and every Perſon and Perſons may freely Import into this Kingdom, Guineas and Half-Guineas as they might or uſually did before the making the ſaid Act for prohibiting the ſame.

Guineas and Half-Guineas may be imported.

Anno 8 & 9 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. VII.

An Act for Granting to his Majeſty ſeveral Duties upon Paper, Vellum and Parchment, to Incourage the bringing of Plate and Hammered Money into the Mint to be Coined. EXP.

Anno 8 & 9 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XII.

An Act for Continuing certain Additional Impoſitions upon ſeveral Goods and Merchandizes. EXP.

Anno 8 & 9 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XX.

Part of the First, and several other Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for making good the Deficiencies of several Funds therein mentioned; and for Enlarging the Capital Stock of the Bank of *England*; and for Raising the Publick Credit.

AND be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandizes Exported and Imported, which were given and granted unto his late Majesty King Charles the Second, for his Life, by an Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth Year of his Reign, Intituled, A Subsidy Granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandizes Exported and Imported, and which by an Act of Parliament made in the Sixth Year of his Majesties Reign, were granted and continued for the term of Five Years, to commence on the Six and twentieth day of December, One thousand six hundred ninety four, shall be continued to his Majesty, from the Expiration of the said term of Five Years, until the First day of August, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and six, and no longer; and that the said Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, and every Article, Rule and Clause therein mentioned, and also an Order of the Commons in Parliament assembled, made in pursuance of the Rules and Orders annexed to the aforesaid Act for settling of Officers Fees, dated the Seventeenth day of May, One thousand six hundred sixty two, and signed by Sir Edward Turner then Speaker, shall be of full force and effect to all intents and purposes, until the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and six, as fully, and in like manner, as if the same were particularly and at large recited and set down in the Body of this Act.

Subsidy inwards and outwards.

12 Car. 2. c. 4.

Continued to 1 *August*, 1706.

Inwards continued for ever by 1 Geo. c. 12. *and Outwards by* 3 Geo. *cap.* 7 & 8.

Officers Fees.

II. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That an Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of the said King Charles the Second, (Intituled, An Act to prevent Frauds and Concealments of His Majesties Customs and Subsidies) As also an Act made in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of the said late King (Intituled, An Act for Preventing Frauds, and Regulating Abuses in His Majesties Customs) And also an Act made in the Two and twentieth Year of the Reign of the said late King Charles the Second (Intituled, An Act for the Improvement of Tillage, and the Breed of Cattle) And also one other Act made in the Five and twentieth Year of the Reign of the said late King Charles the Second (Intituled, An Act for taking off Aliens Duties upon Commodities of the Growth, Product and Manufacture of the Nation) And also one other Act made in the said Five and twentieth Year of the said late King Charles the Second (Intituled, An Act for the Incouragement of the *Greenland* and *Eastland* Trades, and for the better Securing the Plantation Trades) And also one other Act made in the First Year of the late King James the Second (Intituled, An additional Act for the Improvement of Tillage) and all the Clauses and Directions whatsoever contained therein, or in the said Act passed in the Sixth Year of the Reign of his Majesty and the said late Queen, for granting to them the said Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money upon Merchandizes Exported and Imported, be of full force and effect until the said First day of August, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and six.

12 Car. 2. c. 19.

14 Car. 2. c. 11.

22 Car. 2. c. 13.

25 Car. 2. c. 6.

25 Car. 2. c. 7.

1 Jac. 2. c. 19.

6 W. & M. *cap.* 1.

III. Pro-

III. Provided nevertheless, and be it Declared and Enacted, That nothing herein contained shall be construed or taken to determine any Articles or Clauses in any of the last mentioned Acts hereby Enacted to be in force until the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and six, which were appointed and intended to be perpetual, or which are continued by any Act of Parliament for any time which will not expire by or before the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and six, but that the same and every of them, shall continue and remain in force, as if this present Act had not been made: But such of the said Acts, and such Clauses in any of them as would otherwise determine before the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and six, shall hereby be revived and stand, continue, and be in force until the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and six, and no longer.

This Act not to be construed to determine any Clauses intended to be perpetual.

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Impositions and Duties upon Wines and Vinegar, granted by an Act made in the First Year of the Reign of the late King James the Second, Intituled, An Act for Granting to His Majesty a Imposition upon all Wines and Vinegar Imported between the Twenty fourth day of *June*, One thousand six hundred eighty five, and the Twenty fourth day of *June*, One thousand six hundred ninety three; Which said Act, by several Acts of Parliament afterwards passed, hath been continued, and is to continue until the Nine and twentieth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and one, shall be continued from the Eight and twentieth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and one, until the First day of August, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and six, and no longer; and that the said Act so made in the First Year of the Reign of the late King James the Second, and all Powers, Provisions, Penalties, Articles and Clauses therein contained, for or concerning the said Imposition on Wines and Vinegar, shall continue and be of full force and effect, until the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and six, and shall be applied, practised and executed, for the raising, levying, collecting, answering and paying the said Duties upon Wine and Vinegar hereby continued, according to the Tenor and Intent of this present Act, as fully to all intents and purposes, as if all and every the Clauses, Matters and Things in the said Act of the First Year of King James the Second contained, had been again Repeated in this Act, and particularly Enacted.

1 Jac. 2. *cap.* 3.

by 9 A. *cap.* 21. *continued for ever.*

Impost on Wines and Vinegar.

Continued to 1 *Aug.* 1706.

V. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Rates, Duties and Impositions upon all sorts of Tobacco, granted by an Act made in the First Year of the Reign of the said late King James, Intituled, An Act for Granting to his Majesty an Imposition upon all Tobacco and Sugar Imported, between the Four and twentieth day of *June*, One thousand six hundred eighty five, and the Four and twentieth day of *June*, One thousand six hundred ninety three; Which said Act, as for and concerning the said Duties and Impositions upon Tobacco only, was by several Acts of Parliament afterwards made, continued, and is to continue to the Nine and twentieth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and one, shall be continued from the Twenty eighth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and one, until the said First day of August, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and six, and no longer.

1 Jac. 2. *cap.* 4.

by 9 A. *cap.* 21. *continued for ever.*

Impost on Tobacco.

Continued to 1 *Aug.* 1706.

VI. Provided always, and be it Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Duty upon Tobacco, which shall be Imported during the term hereby granted, shall be secured, collected, raised, levied, answered and paid to his Majesty, in such Method, and with such Discount and Allowances, and according to such Rules and Directions as are mentioned, referred to, or prescribed, as to the Duties or Impositions upon Tobacco, in and by the said Act made in the Parliament holden in the Seventh and

Altered by the 12 A. *cap.* 8.

Duty on Tobacco to be collected according to the Act, 7 & 8 *W.* 3. *cap.* 20.

Eighth Years of his Majesties Reign, (Intituled, An Act for Continuing several Duties Granted by former Acts upon Wine and Vinegar, and upon Tobacco and *East-India* Goods, and other Merchandizes Imported, for Carrying on the War against *France*) and not otherwise

Impost on *East-India* Goods, &c.

VII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Additional and other Rates, Impositions, Duties and Charges upon the several sorts of Goods and Merchandize, granted by an Act made in the Second Year of their said Majesties Reign (Intituled, An Act for Granting to Their Majesties certain Impositions upon all *East-India* Goods and Manufactures, and upon all Wrought Silks, and several other Goods and Merchandizes, to be Imported after the Five and twentieth day of *December*, One thousand six hundred and ninety) and which thereby, and by several other Acts afterwards passed, were to have continuance, and are to continue, until the Eight and twentieth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and one, shall be further continued from the Eight and twentieth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and one, until the said First day of August, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and six, and no longer; and that the said Act made in the Second Year of their said Majesties Reign, concerning East-India Goods, and other things therein charged, and all Powers, Provisions, Penalties, Articles and Clauses therein contained, shall continue and be of full force and effect until the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and six, and shall be applied, practised and executed for the raising, levying, collecting, answering and paying the said respective Duties hereby continued, according to the Tenor and Intent of this present Act, as fully to all intents and purposes, as if the said last mentioned Act, and all and every the Clauses, Matters and Things therein contained had been again Repeated and Enacted particularly: except only as to such part of the said Acts concerning the said Impositions on Wines, Vinegar, Tobacco, East-India Goods and other Merchandizes Imposed, touching which other Provisions or Alterations are made by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in being, which other Provisions or Alterations are to be observed, and to continue during the continuance of this Act and the said Act, Intituled, An Act for Continuing several Duties Granted by former Acts upon Wine and Vinegar, and upon Tobacco and *East-India* Goods and other Merchandizes Imported, for Carrying on the War against *France*, and every Article, Clause, Matter and Thing therein contained, for the raising, levying, securing, answering and paying the Impositions and Duties on the Merchandizes and Commodities thereby charged, and which are by this Act continued, shall be of full force and effect, until the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and six.

Continued to 1 *Aug.* 1706.

2 W. & M. *Sess.* 2. *cap.* 4.

by the 9 A. *c.* 21. *continued for ever.*

All Alterations to be in force.

7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 10.

Additional Impost.

VIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Additional and other Rates, Duties, Impositions and Charges upon the several sorts of Goods and Merchandizes, granted by an Act of Parliament made in the Fourth and Fifth Years of their said Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for Granting to their Majesties certain Additional Impositions upon several Goods and Merchandizes, for Prosecuting the present War against *France*, and which were thereby to have continuance from the First day of March, One thousand six hundred ninety two, to the First day of March, One thousand six hundred ninety six, shall be continued from the Last day of February, One thousand six hundred ninety six, to the said First day of August, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and six, and no longer; and that the said Act last mentioned, and all Powers, Provisions, Penalties, Articles and Clauses therein contained, as herein after is excepted and provided, as for and concerning the said Rates, Duties and Impositions, shall continue and be of full force and effect until the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and six, and shall be applied, practised and executed, for the raising, levying, collec-

Continued to 1 *Aug.* 1706.

4 & 5 W. & M. *cap.* 5.

by the 9 A. *c.* 21. *continued for ever.*

collecting, anſwering and paying the ſaid Duties hereby continued, according to the Tenor and Intent of this preſent Act, as if the ſaid laſt mentioned Act, and all and every the Clauſes, Matters and Things therein contained had been again Repeated and Enacted in this Act particularly.

IX. And whereas by the ſaid Act paſſed in the Fourth Year of their Majeſties Reign, for granting the ſaid additional Impoſitions on Goods and Merchandizes, the Sum of Twenty ſhillings is impoſed on every Ton of Lapis Calaminaris exported, which was found by experience to hinder the Exportation thereof, and utterly to ruin the Manufacture; It is therefore hereby Provided and Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for and during the continuance of the ſaid additional Impoſitions, the Sum of Two ſhillings only ſhall be paid for every Ton of Lapis Calaminaris exported, over and above the Rates thereon charged by the Book of Rates, to be collected as in and by the ſaid Act is directed and appointed; any thing in this or the laſt mentioned Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Lapis Calaminaris to pay only 2 *s.* per Ton.

X. And whereas the ſcarcity and dearneſs of Iron in this Kingdom have of late much diſcouraged the Manufactures thereof, in which great numbers of the Poor are imployed: Be it therefore further Provided and Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to Import into this Kingdom from Ireland, any Bar-Iron unwrought, and Iron ſlit or hammered into Rods (other than Swediſh or other Foreign Iron) diſcharged of the Impoſitions and Duties laid upon the ſame by this or the ſaid Act for granting the ſaid additional Impoſitions; any thing in this or the ſaid Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Iriſh Iron exempted from the Impoſitions.

XI. Provided alſo, That in all Caſes where any other Proviſion or Alteration is made by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in being, in or about any other Matter or Thing contained in the ſaid Act of Parliament for the Impoſitions laſt mentioned, ſuch other Proviſions or Alterations ſhall be obſerved during the continuance of the term hereby granted in the ſame Impoſitions; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Alterations relating to the ſaid Act to be in force.

LIV. And for the better Aſcertaining, Charging, Levying, Collecting and Anſwering all and every the Duties hereby Set or Impoſed, as well upon Foreign and Imported Salt, as upon Salt and Rock-Salt made at the Salt-Works, or taken out of any Salt-Pits within the ſaid Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, during the Term hereby Granted; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every the Powers, Authorities, Directions, Rules, Ways, Methods, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauſes, Matters and Things, which in and by one Act made in the Parliament holden at Weſtminſter, in the Fifth and Sixth Years of the Reign of his Majeſty and the late Queen of Bleſſed Memory, Intituled, An Act for Granting to their Majeſties certain Rates and Duties upon Salt, and upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, for Securing certain Recompences and Advantages in the ſaid Act mentioned, to ſuch Perſons as ſhall voluntarily Advance the Sum of Ten hundred thouſand Pounds towards Carrying on the War againſt *France*, and in and by one other Act made in the Parliament holden at Weſtminſter, in the Seventh and Eighth Years of his Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for Continuing to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Salt, Glaſs Wares, Stone and Earthen Wares, and for Granting ſeveral Duties upon Tobacco Pipes, and other Earthen Wares, for Carrying on the War againſt *France*, and for Eſtabliſhing a National Land Bank, and for Taking off the Duties upon Tonnage of Ships, and upon Coals, are Provided, Settled, or Eſtabliſhed, for or concerning the Raiſing, Levying, Aſcertaining, Securing, Collecting or Recovering the ſeveral Duties upon Salt and Rock-Salt thereby Granted or Continued, and for Determining and Aſcertaining the Meaſure of Engliſh Salt by Weight, ſhall be Exerciſed, Practiſed, Applied, Levied, Recovered, and put in Execution, for the Raiſing,

5 & 6 W. & M. *cap.* 7.

7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 31.

Raising, Levying, Charging, Ascertaining, Securing, Collecting, Recovering and Paying the said several Duties upon Salt and Rock-Salt by this Act Granted, during the Continuance of the Duties thereupon by this Act, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if all and every the said Powers, Authorities, Rules and Directions, Methods, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, were particularly Repeated, and again Enacted in the Body of this Act; Nevertheless with such Allowances for Fish and Salt to be Exported, as are herein mentioned (That is to say) For all such Fish hereafter mentioned as shall be Exported during the Continuance of the Duties hereby Granted upon Salt, from any Port or Place in the said Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, into Parts beyond the Seas, by any Person or Persons whatsoever, the Rates and Sums of Money hereafter expressed; (that is to say) For every Task or Vessel of Pilchards or Scads, containing Fifty Gallons, Eight shillings, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser Quantity; For every Barrel of White Herrings, One shilling and eight pence; For every Barrel of Red Herrings, One shilling and four pence; For every Barrel of Salmon, Three shillings and four pence; For every Hundred of Cod Fish, Ling or Hake, Ten shillings; and so proportionably for a greater or smaller Number or Quantity, shall (over and above the Allowances for the said Fish, by the said former Acts for the Duties upon Salt, or either of them) be paid by Debentures, in such Manner and Form, and under the same Rules and Penalties, as are prescribed in the said former Acts concerning the said Duties upon Salt, or either of them, for or concerning the Allowances upon the Exportation of the like kinds of Fish.

For Fish Exported to be paid out of the Salt Duties;

For 50 Gallons of Pilchards, 8 s.

A Barrel of White Herrings, 1 s. 8 d.

A Barrel of Red Herrings, 1 s. 4 d.

A Barrel of Salmon, 3 s. 4 d.

For every hundred of Cod, Ling or Hake, 10 s.

Premium altered by 5 Geo. *cap.* 18. §. 6.

LV. And be it further Enacted, That if any Person or Persons, at any time or times, during the Continuance of the Additional Duties hereby Granted upon Salt, shall Export beyond the Seas any Salt, as well Foreign as English, or any Rock-Salt, the Security for the Duty, by this Act payable for such Exported Salt, shall be discharged upon such Certificate, and Oath made, and according to such Rules as are prescribed for drawing back the Duties upon Exported Salt by the said former Acts, or either of them.

Drawback on Salt Exported.

LXIX. And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Seventh and Eighth Years of the Reign of his present Majesty, Intituled, An Act for Preventing Frauds, and Regulating Abuses in the Plantation Trade, It is amongst other things therein Enacted, That all the present Governors and Commanders in Chief of any English Colonies or Plantations, shall, before the Five and twentieth day of March, One thousand six hundred ninety seven, and all who shall be made Governors or Commanders in Chief of the said Colonies or Plantations, or any of them, before the Entring into their Governments, shall take a solemn Oath to do their utmost that the Clauses, Matters and Things contained in one Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of the late King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for Encouraging and Increasing of Shipping and Navigation; And one other Act made in the Fifteenth Year of his said late Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for Incouragement of Trade, and also the said Act made in the Seventh and Eighth Years of the Reign of his present Majesty, Intituled, An Act for Preventing Frauds, and Regulating Abuses in the Plantation Trade, be punctually and bona fide observed, according to the true Intent and Meaning thereof, so far as appertains unto the said Governors or Commanders in Chief respectively: And whereas the Persons appointed to Administer the said Oaths are by some Accidents prevented from performing the same within the time limited by the said Act; To the end therefore that the good Intent of the said Act may not be disappointed for want of time to put the same in Execution, Be it therefore Enacted, That further time shall be allowed for Administring the said Oath, and that all present Governors and

7 & 8 W. 3. c. 22.

12 Car. 2. c. 18.

15 Car. 2. c. 7.

7 & 8 W. 3. c. 22.

Further time allowed the Governors of Plantations to take an Oath.

and Commanders in Chief of any English Colonies or Plantations, shall, before the Five and twentieth day of March, One thousand six hundred ninety eight, and who shall hereafter be made Governors or Commanders in Chief of the said Colonies or Plantations, or any of them, shall, at their Entrance upon their respective Governments, or within the space of Six Months after the same, take a Solemn Oath to do their utmost, That all the Clauses, Matters and Things contained in the before recited Acts of Parliament, or any of them, heretofore passed and now in force, relating to the said Colonies and Plantations, be punctually and bona fide observed, according to the true Intent and Meaning thereof; which Oath shall be taken before such Person or Persons as shall be Appointed by his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, who are hereby Authorized to Administer the same, so far as appertains to the Governors or Commanders in Chief respectively.

Oath to be taken in Six Months.

Anno 8 & 9 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XXI.

An Act for Laying a Duty upon Leather for the term of Three Years, and making other Provision for Answering the Deficiencies as well of the late Duties upon Coals and Culm, as for paying the Annuities upon the Lottery, and for Lives, charged on the Tonnage of Ships, and the Duties upon Salt. EXP.

Anno 8 & 9 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XXIV.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Granting to his Majesty a further Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage upon Merchandizes Imported, for the Term of Two Years and Three Quarters, and an Additional Land Tax, for One Year, for Carrying on the War against *France.*

V. AND whereas by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, Intituled, An Act for Granting to his Majesty an Additional Duty upon all *French* Goods and Merchandizes, a Duty of Twenty five pounds is laid upon every Ton of French Wine, imported from and after the Twenty eighth day of February, One thousand six hundred ninety six; upon every Ton of French Brandy of single Proof, Thirty pounds; upon every Ton of French Brandy of double Proof, Sixty pounds; upon every Ton of French Vinegar, Fifteen pounds; and upon all other Goods of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of France, Twenty five pounds per Centum ad Valorem, over and above the Duties already Charged thereupon, which proves a very great Discouragement to the Commanders, Officers, and Seamen of his Majesties Ships of War, and to Privateers in Annoying the Enemy: Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That nothing in the said Act contained, shall extend or be Construed to extend to the Charging of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of France, which shall be bona fide Seized or Taken, and Condemned as Prize, with any further or other Duties than what they were or ought to have been Charged withal before the making of the said Act; any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20.

Prize Goods discharged of the Additional Duties on *French* Goods, by 7 & 8 *W.* 3. *cap.* 20.

VI. Pro-

Except Goods taken by Colluſion.

VI. Provided nevertheleſs, That if it ſhall appear that ſuch Ship or Veſſel, with the Loading thereof, ſhall be Seized or Taken by Connivance or Colluſion, that then, and in every ſuch Caſe, ſuch French Goods ſo imported ſhall ſtill be ſubject to pay the Duties Impoſed by the ſaid recited Act; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Anno 8 & 9 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XXXIV.

An Act for the Leſſening the Duty upon Tin and Pewter Exported, and Granting an Equivalent for the ſame by a Duty upon Drugs.

Whereas upon due Conſideration of the great Abatement in the Price of Tin ſince the Book of Rates was Settled, It has been found juſt to Reduce the Duty payable on the Exportation thereof to a more Reaſonable Par with other Goods of the Product of England, Be it Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the Tenth day of May, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety ſeven, there ſhall be paid on any Entry of Tin to be exported for every Hundred weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds of ſuch Tin Unwrought, the Sum of Three ſhillings; and for every Hundred weight of Tin Wrought, commonly called Pewter, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, the Sum of Two ſhillings, and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer quantity of either, and no more; any thing in the Book of Rates to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Tin exported to pay only 3 *s. per* Hundred.

Pewter to pay only 2 *s. per* Hundred.

II. And whereas by an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the late King Charles the Second, Intituled, A Subſidy Granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandizes Exported and Imported, which Act is to have continuance until the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, it is provided, That all Drugs imported directly from the place of their Growth in Engliſh-built Shipping, be rated One third part of what is charged in the ſaid Book of Rates, and no more: Now for a full Recompence to ſuch Perſons who may have any Loan upon the ſaid Duty on Tin ſo taken off, as aforeſaid; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from the ſaid Tenth day of May, the Subſidy to be received for all Drugs imported directly from the place of their Growth in Engliſh-built Shipping, ſhall be according to the full value on the reſpective Species enumerated in the Book of Rates, and not according to the ſaid Abatement, and for all Drugs otherwiſe imported, treble ſuch full value; any thing in the ſaid recited Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

12 Car. 2. *c.* 4.

Continued for ever by 1 Geo. *cap.* 12.

Drugs of the Growth imported to pay according to the full value in the Book of Rates.

Drugs not of the Growth, treble.

Except Drugs uſed in Dying.

III. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend to the laying a further Duty on any ſort of Drugs uſed in Dying.

Anno

Anno 8 & 9 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XXXVI.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the further Encouragement of the Manufacture of Luſtrings and Alamodes within this Realm, and for the better Preventing the Importation of the ſame.

Reaſons to prevent the Exportation of Money.

Whereas it hath been always found of great advantage to encourage the ſetting up and making of new Manufactures within this Realm, whereby the Exportation of Money to procure Foreign Commodities is prevented, the Wealth of the Kingdom encreaſed, and the Poor are imployed: And whereas there are great quantities of Alamodes and Luſtrings conſumed by his Majeſties Subjects, which till of late Years were imported from Foreign parts, and thereby the Treaſure of this Nation much exhauſted, but are now manufactured in England by the Royal Luſtring Company, to as great perfection as in any other Country, whereby many Thouſands may be imployed: And whereas Proviſion hath been made by divers Laws for the Encouragement of the ſaid Manufacture, and for Preventing the Importation of ſuch Foreign Silks, without paying the Duties charged thereon, which have been frequently eluded by the Subtile Practices of evil-diſpoſed Perſons: For remedy thereof, and for the further Encouragement of the ſaid Manufacture, Be it Enacted, and it is hereby Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That every Perſon or Perſons who ſhall Import any Foreign Alamodes or Luſtrings, from parts beyond the Seas, into any Port or Place within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, without paying the Cuſtoms, Rates, Impoſitions and Duties that ſhall be due and payable for the ſame at ſuch Importation, or ſhall Import any Alamodes or Luſtrings prohibited by Law to be Imported, or ſhall by way of Inſurance or otherwiſe, undertake or agree to deliver, or in purſuance of any Undertaking, Agreement or Inſurance, ſhall deliver, or cauſe to be delivered, any ſuch Goods or Merchandize, and every Perſon or Perſons who ſhall agree to pay any Sum or Sums of Money, Præmium or Reward for Inſuring or Conveying any ſuch Goods or Merchandize, or ſhall knowingly receive or take the ſame into his, her, or their Houſe, Shop, or Warehouſe, Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall and may be proſecuted for any the Offences or Matters aforeſaid, in any Action, Suit or Information, and thereupon a Capias in the firſt Proceſs, ſpecifying the Sum of the Penalties ſued for, ſhall and may Iſſue; and ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall be obliged to give ſufficient Bail and Security, by Natural-born Subjects, Perſons Naturalized or Denizens, to the Officer ſerving or executing the Writ or Proceſs on or againſt him, her, or them, to appear in the Court out of which ſuch Writ or Proceſs did iſſue, at the Day of the Return of ſuch Writ or Proceſs, to anſwer ſuch Suit or Proſecution; and ſhall at the time of ſuch Appearance give ſufficient Bail or Security by ſuch Perſons, as aforeſaid, in the ſaid Court, to anſwer and pay all the Forfeitures and Penalties incurred for ſuch Offence, in caſe he, ſhe, or they ſhall be convict thereof, or to yield his, her, or their Bodies to Priſon.

Perſons importing or receiving Alamodes or Luſtrings without Payment of Cuſtom, or prohibited, or by way of Inſurance,

to be proſecuted,

and obliged to give Bail.

II. And whereas by an Act made in the Fourth and Fifth Years of King William and Queen Mary, Intituled, An Act for Continuing ſeveral Acts therein mentioned, and for Charging certain Joint Stocks, a

4 & 5 W. & M. cap. 15.

The Penalties for Insuring to import Goods prohibited or uncustomed, may be prosecuted by any Person.

Penalty of Five hundred pounds is laid upon Persons Insuring to Import Prohibited Goods, or Goods without paying Duties and Customs, and also a Penalty of Five hundred pounds upon any Person who shall be so Insured: For the more easie and certain recovery of the same, It is hereby further Enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons to sue for or prosecute, and to recover the said Penalty by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Privilege or Wager of Law shall be allowed, nor more than one Imparlance.

Black Alamodes not mark'd and seal'd;

Forfeited.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all black Alamodes and Lustrings, wheresoever manufactured, which shall be found in the custody or possession of any Person or Persons not marked and sealed with the Mark and Seal, or Marks and Seals of the Custom-house, or of the Royal Lustring Company, shall and are hereby declared and adjudged to be forfeited, and shall or may be seized as forfeited, whether the same have been before such Seizure bought and sold or not, and the Person in whose custody or possession the same shall be found, shall incur all the Penalties contained in a Clause relating to Alamodes and Lustrings, now in force, in a certain Act made in the Sixth and Seventh Years of the Reign of his present Majesty, Intituled, An Act for Granting to his Majesty certain Duties upon Glass Wares and Earthen Bottles, Coals and Culm, for the Carrying on the War against *France*. 6 & 7 W. & M. cap. 18.

No Alamodes and Lustrings, seized and forfeited, shall be used here;

but shall be Exported.

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Alamodes and Lustrings, that from and after the Tenth day of April, One thousand six hundred ninety seven, shall be seized and forfeited by virtue of any Law now in force, shall be consumed or used in this Kingdom, but shall be Exported again, and not sold otherwise that on Condition to be Exported: And for preventing their consumption in England, the same shall immediately, on seizure, be carried to the Custom-house Warehouse in London, and there such as are forfeited shall be sold by Inch of Candle, on condition to be Exported, and not delivered to the Buyer or any other Person, but only to be carried on Ship-board, in order to Exportation, and not until sufficient Security be given, that the same and every part thereof shall be Exported, and not landed again in any part of England, Dominion of Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed; which Security shall be discharged by Certificate from the Chief Magistrate or Officer of the Place or Port where such Goods shall be landed, or by Oath made that the same were lost at Sea, and not otherwise.

Security to be given for Exportation, to be discharged by a Certificate.

No Draw back to be allowed on Exportation of Alamodes and Lustrings.

V. And forasmuch as there is no reason that any of his Majesties Subjects should have Lustrings and Alamodes at a cheaper rate than the Inhabitants of this Kingdom, or that it should be more profitable to Export foreign Lustrings and Alamodes beyond the Seas, than such as are made in this Kingdom, which would happen in case the Exporter be allowed to draw or receive back on Exportation all or any part of the Duties paid or payable on the said Commodities on Importation of the same: Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That on Exportation of foreign Lustrings or Alamodes, the Exporter shall not be Entitled to receive, draw back, or be repaid the Duties, Customs or Impositions paid, payable, or secured on Importation of the same, or any part thereof; any Law, Statute, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Anno 9 & 10 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. IX.

An Act for rendring the Laws more Effectual for Preventing the Importation of Foreign Bone-Lace, Loom-Lace, Needle-work, Point and Cut-work.

Repealed by 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 11.

Anno 9 & 10 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XIII.

An Act for Granting to his Majesty several Duties upon Coals and Culm.

WE your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons assembled in Parliament, for further Supply of your Majesties extraordinary Occasions, do most humbly present to your Majesty the Gift of the Impositions, Rates and Duties herein after mentioned; and do beseech your Majesty that it may be Enacted: And be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That for and during the term of Five Years, commencing from the Fifteenth day of May, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred ninety eight, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto and for the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Coals and Culm herein after expressed (except Charcoals made of Wood, and Cinders made of Pit-Coal) the several and respective Impositions, Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money herein after mentioned (over and above all such Duties as are already payable for or in respect of the same, or any of them) that is to say,

Preamble.

Further continued, viz. $\frac{2}{3}$*ds. by the* 8 A. *c.* 4.

$\frac{1}{3}$ *by* 9 A. *cap.* 6.

II. For all Coals which at any time or times within or during the said term shall be imported or brought into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, from Scotland, or from any part beyond Sea (in case they are such Coals as are most usually sold by Weight) the Sum of Five shillings of lawful English Money for every Ton, reckoning the Ton to consist of Twenty hundred weight, and every Hundred to consist of One hundred and twelve pounds weight of Averdupois, and after that rate for any greater or lesser quantity.

Foreign Coals imported, 5 *s. per* Ton.

Act of Union, 5 A. *cap.* 8.

Ditto.

III. And for all Coals so imported from Scotland, or any part beyond Sea, being most usually sold by the Chalder, or by any other Measure whatsoever, reducible to the Chalder, the Sum of Seven shillings six pence of like Money for every Chalder, reckoning the Chalder to consist of Six and thirty Bushels Winchester Measure, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity of such Coals so imported or brought in from any Foreign Parts; the said Duties for Foreign Coals imported or brought in, as aforesaid, to be paid by the respective Importer or Importers thereof.

Foreign Coals, the Chalder, 7 *s.* 6 *d.*

IV. For all sorts of Coals from time to time Shipped, or Water-born in order to be shipped or laid on board any Ship or Vessel, to be carried by Sea, and which shall be carried by Sea in any Ship or Vessel, from any Port or Place within the said Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and which at any time or times within or during the said term shall be imported, brought or landed in any other Port or Place within the Kingdom, Dominion, or Town aforesaid, being most usually

English Coals Water-born, the Chalder, 5 *s.*

sold by the Chalder, or by any other Measure whatsoever reducible to the Chalder, the Sum of Five shillings of lawful English Money for every Chalder, to be reckoned, as aforesaid, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

English Coals Water-born, the Ton, 3*s.* 4*d.*

V. And for all sorts of Coals from time to time so Shipped, or Water-born, in order to be shipped and carried by Sea from any Port or Place of the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and which at any time or times during the said term shall be imported, brought or landed in any other Port or Place of the same (in case they are such as are most usually sold by weight) the Sum of Three shillings four pence for every Ton, and according to that proportion for more or less; The said several Duties for Coals so Shipped, or Water-born to be shipped and carried by Sea, as aforesaid, from time to time to be paid at the respective Ports and Places of Importation or Landing of such Coals, and to be charged upon the respective Owner and Owners, Master or other Person having the charge of every such Ship or Vessel, or of the Coals so carried, imported or brought in the same.

Culm Water-born, the Chalder, 1*s.*

VI. And for all Culm whatsoever, which at any time during the said term of Five Years, shall be Water born, in order to be Shipped within the Kingdom, Dominion, or Town aforesaid, or brought into the same, the Sum of One shilling per Chalder, and after that Rate, to be paid at the respective Ports and Places of Importation or Landing of such Culm, and to be charged upon the respective Owner and Owners, or Master or Masters, or other Person having the charge of every such Ship or Vessel, or of the Culm so carried, imported or brought in the same.

VII. And for the better levying and raising the said several Duties and Sums of Money by this Act imposed upon such of the said Coals and Culm as shall be imported or brought in from Scotland, or any parts beyond Sea, as also upon such of the said Coals and Culm as shall or may be Shipped, or Water-born to be Shipped and carried by Sea from any part of the said Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, to any other part of the same, as aforesaid, It is hereby Enacted, That the same shall be, from time to time, under the Management and Government of the Commissioners of the Customs for the time being, who shall cause those Duties, from time to time, to be raised, levied, collected and paid, so that the Monies arising thereby (except the necessary Charges of receiving, collecting, levying and managing the said Duties) shall be answered and paid, from time to time, into his Majesties Exchequer, distinct and apart from all other Branches of the Publick Revenue.

Act of Union, 5 *A. cap.* 8.

Duties to be managed by the Commissioners of the Customs, and paid apart into the Exchequer.

VIII. And for the better ascertaining and securing of the said Duties upon Coals and Culm imported from Foreign Parts, or Shipped, or Water born to be Shipped and carried by Sea from any part of England, Wales, or Berwick, to any other part of the same, as aforesaid, Be it further Enacted, That the said several Duties and Sums of Money for such Coals and Culm, shall, from time to time, during the said term of Five Years, be answered and paid unto his Majesty, his heirs and Successors, or to such Collector or Person as shall, by his Majesty, his heirs or Successors, or by the said Commissioners of the Customs, or any Four or more of them for the time being, under their hands and Seals, be thereunto appointed, before Bulk of the Ship or Vessel in which they are imported, brought or carried, shall be broken, or any the Coals or Culm therein shall be unladen, and before any Meter, Measurer or Weigher in that behalf appointed, or to be appointed, shall measure or weigh the same: Upon Receipt whereof the Party appointed to receive such Duties, shall, without Delay, Fee or Reward, deliver a Receipt under his Hand, to the Person or Persons who shall pay the said Duty, which Receipt shall for so much be a sufficient Discharge; of all which Ships and Vessels, and of the Coals and Culm therein imported or brought, due Entries shall be, from time to time, made in the Custom-house, of or belonging

Duties, how to be collected.

To be paid before breaking of Bulk.

Due Entries to be made of Ship and Coals, &c.

to

to such Port or Place where such Importation shall be made (if any Custom-house be there) or else in the Custom-house of the next Port or Place where such Importation shall be; and in case any of the said Coals or Culm so imported, brought or carried by Sea, shall be Unshipped to be laid on Land, before the Impositions, Duties or Sums aforesaid, respectively due for the same, shall be paid or secured, that then as well the said Coals and Culm so Unshipped, as also the Ship or Vessel out of which the same shall be so Unshipped, with all her Guns, Tackle, Furniture and Ammunition, shall be forfeited and lost, one moiety of which Forfeitures shall be unto his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other moiety to such Person or Persons as shall seize, sue or inform for the same, to be recovered in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance shall be admitted. Forfeiture.

IX. And to the end that the said Impositions and Duties may be duly answered and paid without Fraud or Cobin, and for the better levying and collecting thereof, and for the discovery of the just Quantities of all sorts of Coals and Culm, from time to time, Shipped, or Water-born to be Shipped or carried by Sea, imported or unladen, as aforesaid; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or to or for any Four or more of the said Commissioners of the Customs for the time being, by Writing under their Hands and Seals, from time to time, to assign and appoint within every or any Port or Place within the said Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, such and so many Meters, Weighers or Measurers of the said Coals and Culm, as shall within the term aforesaid be imported, brought or landed in such Port or Place, wherein or for which such Meters, Weighers or Measurers shall be assigned or appointed, as aforesaid; who shall, from time to time, measure and weigh all such Coals and Culm so imported or brought: And when, and as soon as any such Ship or Vessel shall be unladen, shall forthwith deliver a true Certificate in Writing, under his or their Hand or Hands, unto the Person or Persons appointed to receive the said Impositions or Duties within such Port or Place, of the sorts, quantities or numbers of Chalders or Tons of Coals or Culm respectively, which shall be measured or weighed, and delivered from on board any such Ship or Vessel, under the Penalty of One hundred pounds: And in case it shall appear, by such Certificate or otherwise, that there was on board any such Ship or Vessel a greater number of Chalders or Tons of Coals or Culm, than for which the said Impositions or Duties hereby imposed shall be answered and paid, as aforesaid, that then and in every such case there shall be paid unto his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by the Master or Owners of such Ship or Vessel, for every Chalder or Ton of Coals or Culm so concealed, over and above the Impositions and Duties aforesaid, the Sum of Ten shillings, for which, in case of refusal to pay the same, such Ship or Vessel, with the Tackle, Furniture and Apparel thereof, or any part thereof, shall and may be attached and detained by the Officer or Officers for the time being, in such Port or Place appointed to receive the said Impositions or Duties, or to measure or weigh the said Coals or Culm, until payment thereof, and to sell the said Ship or Vessel, Tackle, Furniture and Apparel, or any part thereof, in case all the said Impositions, Duties or Payments before mentioned for the said concealed Coals or Culm shall not be paid and satisfied, with reasonable Costs and Charges for such attaching, detaining or selling, rendring the Overplus; which Sale shall be good and effectual in the Law. Commissioners to appoint Meters, &c. who are to certifie the quantity of Coals and Culm. Penalty. Ship to be stopt for Non-payment of the Duty of Coals concealed.

X. Provided nevertheless, That if the Importer, upon such Certificate delivered in by the Measurer or Weigher, shall within the space of Six days after the Delivery of such Ship or Vessel, and before her Departure from that Port or Place, give in his Post-Entry, and satisfie and pay the whole Duty for the Surplusage Unless the Importer pays the Duty within 6 days.

of

of the ſaid Coals or Culm, appearing upon the Unlading of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, then upon ſuch Payment the Penalty aforeſaid ſhall be Diſcharged.

Officers to keep Books of the Receipts, Payments and Numbers of Chalders or Tons.

XI. And for the Manifeſtation of the truth and certainty in the Premiſſes, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Officers to be appointed in each Port and Place for the receiving of the ſaid Impoſitions or Duties, and for the weighing and meaſuring of the ſaid Coals and Culm, Shipt or Water-born to be Shipt, imported or landed, as aforeſaid, ſhall reſpectively keep one or more Book or Books for every ſuch Port or Place, wherein they ſhall reſpectively Enter down a true Account of all ſuch Sums of Money, which ſhall be Paid or Received for or upon Account of the ſaid Impoſitions or Duties, and of all the Payments and Diſburſements of the ſame; and alſo a true Account of the Numbers of Chalders, and Tons of Coals and Culm ſo imported, landed and unladen in any ſuch Port or Place, and of the reſpective Sorts thereof.

Security to be given to pay the Duty in 3 months.

XII. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That there ſhall be Allowed to every Maſter or Owner of any Ship or Veſſel Three months time for the Payment of the Duty Impoſed by this Act for ſuch Coals and Culm, from time to time imported, brought or carried by Sea, as aforeſaid; good and ſufficient Security being given for the ſame, ſuch as the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Port or Place where ſuch Goods ſhall be Imported or Brought ſhall approve of; or if ſuch Maſter or Owner ſhall for the ſame pay preſent Money, there ſhall be allowed him after the Rate of Ten pounds per Cent. per Annum for ſuch prompt Payment; and if any of the Coals or Culm, for which the Duty hereby Granted ſhall be once paid or ſecured at the Importation or Landing thereof, ſhall be again exported and carried to any other Place of this Kingdom, there ſhall be no further Duty by this Act paid or demanded for the ſame; and if any of the Coals for which the Duty by this Act ſhall be once paid or ſecured, as aforeſaid, ſhall be afterwards carried to any Parts beyond the Seas, then an Allowance out of the Over-Sea Duties, or Repayment ſhall be made of ſo much as was before paid by this Act for the ſame Coals or Culm.

Diſcount after the Rate of 10 *l. per Cent.*

Duties to be drawn back upon Exportation,

or Allowance to be made out of Over-Sea Duties.

Officers Sued may plead the General Iſſue.

XIII. Provided alſo, and be it Enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall at any time be Sued or Proſecuted for any thing by him or them done in Execution of this Act, he or they may Plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act in Evidence; and if a Verdict paſs for the Defendant, or the Plaintiff be Nonſuit, or forbear Proſecution, the Defendant ſhall have Treble Coſts, to be Recovered as in other Caſes where Coſts are given by Law to Defendants.

Anno 9 & 10 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XIV.

An Act for Continuing the Duties upon Coffee, Tea, and Chocolate, and Spices, towards Satisfaction of the Debt due for Tranſport-Service for the Reduction of *Ireland*. EXP.

Anno

Anno 9 & 10 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XVII.

An Act for the better Payment of Inland Bills of Exchange.

WHereas great Damages and other Inconveniencies do frequently happen in the Course of Trade and Commerce, by Reason of Delays of Payment and other Neglects on Inland Bills of Exchange in this Kingdom, Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Four and twentieth day of June next, which shall be in the year One thousand six hundred ninety eight, all and every Bill or Bills of Exchange drawn in, or dated at and from any Trading City or Town, or any other Place in the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, of the Sum of Five pounds Sterling or upwards, upon any Person or Persons of or in London, or any other Trading City, Town, or any other Place (in which said Bill or Bills of Exchange shall be acknowledged and expressed the said Value to be Received) and is and shall be Drawn payable at a certain Number of Days, Weeks or Months after Date thereof, That from and after Presentation and Acceptance of the said Bill or Bills of Exchange (which Acceptance shall be by the underwriting the same under the Parties Hands so accepting) and after the Expiration of Three days after the said Bill or Bills shall become due, the Party to whom the said Bill or Bills are made payable, his Servant, Agent or Assigns, may and shall cause the said Bill or Bills to be Protested by a Notary Publick, and in default of such Notary Publick, by any other substantial Person of the City, Town or Place, in the presence of Two or more Credible Witnesses, Refusal or Neglect being first made of due Payment of the same, which Protest shall be made and written under a fair written Copy of the said Bill of Exchange, in the Words or Form following:

Inland Bills of Exchange,

Vide *the Acts* 3 & 4 A. *cap.* 9. 7 A. *cap.* 27.

to be Accepted,

to be Protested for Non-payment.

KNow all Men, that I *A. B.* on the Day of at the usual Place of Abode of the said have demanded Payment of the Bill, of which the above is the Copy, which the said did not Pay, wherefore I the said do hereby Protest the said Bill. Dated at this Day of

The Form of the Protest.

II. Which Protest so made, as aforesaid, shall, within Fourteen days after making thereof, be sent, or otherwise due Notice shall be given thereof to the Party from whom the said Bill or Bills were Received, who is, upon producing such Protest, to repay the said Bill or Bills, together with all Interest and Charges from the day such Bill or Bills were protested; for which Protest shall be paid a Sum not exceeding the Sum of Six pence; and in default or neglect of such Protest made and sent, or due Notice given within the days before limited, the Person so failing or neglecting thereof, is and shall be liable to all Costs, Damages and Interest which do and shall accrue thereby.

Protest to be sent within 14 days.

III. Provided nevertheless, that in Case any such Inland Bill or Bills of Exchange shall happen to be Lost or Miscarried within the time before limited for Payment of the same, then the Drawer of the said Bill or Bills is, and shall be obliged to give another Bill or Bills of the same tenour with the first given, the Person

Bills of Exchange miscarrying, the Drawer oblig'd to give another.

or

or Persons to whom they are and shall be so delivered giving Security, if demanded, to the said Drawer, to Indemnifie him against all Persons whatsoever, in Case the said Bill or Bills of Exchange so alledged to be lost or miscarried, shall be found again.

Anno 9 & 10 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XXI.

An Act for the better Preventing the Counterfeiting, Clipping, and other Diminishing the Coin of this Kingdom.

Preamble.

Whereas the preventing the Currency of Clipt and unlawfully Diminisht and Counterfeit Money, is a more Effectual Means to preserve the Coin of this Kingdom entire and pure than the most rigorous Laws for the Punishment of such as Diminish or Counterfeit the same: And whereas by the known Laws of this Kingdom no Person ought to Pay, or knowingly Tender in Payment, any Counterfeit, or Unlawful diminisht Money, and all Persons not only may refuse to Receive the same, but may, and by the ancient Statutes and Ordinances of this Kingdom, have been required to Destroy and Deface the same, and more especially the Tellers in the Receipt of the Exchequer, by their Duty and Oath of Office, are required to receive no Money but good and true: And to the end the same might the better be discerned and known, by the ancient Course of the said Receipt of the Exchequer all Money ought to be received there by Weight as well as Tale: For the restoring of which Course, together with other things, an Act was made in the last Session of this present Parliament, Intituled, An Act for the better Observation of the Course anciently used in the Receipt of the Exchequer, whereby amongst other things it is Enacted, That the respective Tellers of the said Receipt of the Exchequer, when any Money shall be brought to the said Receipt of the Exchequer, to be there paid, shall without delay receive it, weighing the same in entire Sums, or otherwise, and making due Entry of the Weight and Tale thereof, according to the ancient Course; But no Provision is made in the said Act, that the said Tellers shall refuse to receive the said Money, in case it shall not be of its due Weight, and the former and ancient Laws being grown into Desuitude, whereby unlawfully Diminisht and Counterfeit Money receive a Currency, and Wicked and Traiterous Persons are Incouraged to Diminish and Counterfeit the same: Now to the end the Kingdom, after so vast a Charge and Expence for the Reformation of the Silver Coin, and Restoring it to its due Weight and Purity, may not Relapse into the same Evil, from which it hath been so lately delivered with great Difficulty and Hazard, and that Counterfeit and unlawfully Diminisht Money, which already begins to increase, may be Defaced and Destroyed, Be it Declared and Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That it is and shall be Lawful to and for any Person, to whom any Silver Money shall be tendred, any piece or pieces whereof shall be Diminisht, otherwise than by reasonable Wearing, or that by the Stamp, Impression, Colour or Weight thereof, he shall suspect to be Counterfeit, to Cut, Break or Deface such piece or pieces; and if any piece so Cut, Broken or Defaced, shall appear to be Counterfeit, the Person tendring the same shall bear the loss thereof: But if the same shall be of due Weight, and appear to be Lawful Money, the Person that cut, broke or defaced the same shall, and is hereby required to take and receive the same at the Rate it was Coined for;

Enacted,

Lawful for any Person to cut, &c. any pieces of Silver Money Diminisht or Counterfeit.

Money of due Weight.

for; and if any Question or Dispute shall arise, whether the piece so cut be Counterfeit, it shall be heard, and finally determined by the Mayor, Bailiff or Bailiffs, or other chief Officer of any City or Town-Corporate, where such tender shall be made; and if such tender shall be made out of any City or Town-Corporate, then by the next Justice of the Peace of the County, inhabiting or being near the Place where such tender shall be made; and the said Mayor, or other Chief Officer, and Justice of the Peace, shall have full Power and Authority to Administer an Oath, as he shall see convenient, to any Person, for the determining any Questions relating to the said piece.

Disputes to be determined by the Mayor, &c.

II. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Tellers of the Receipt of the Exchequer, and their Deputies and Clerks, and the Receivers General of every Branch of his Majesties Revenue, Aids, Impositions, Duties and Taxes, given or granted, or to be hereafter given or granted, shall and are hereby Required to cut, break or deface, or cause to be cut, broken or defaced, every piece of Counterfeit, or unlawfully Diminisht Silver Money, that shall be tendred in Payment to them, to the use of his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or for any part of the Revenue, Aids, Impositions, Duties or Taxes of his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors; and the better to discover Silver Money that is Counterfeit, or unlawfully Diminisht from that which is Good and True, the Tellers and Receivers General, and their respective Deputies and Clerks, shall weigh in whole Sums, or otherwise, all Silver Money by them Received; and if the same, or any piece thereof, shall, by the Weight or otherwise, appear to be Counterfeit, or unlawfully Diminisht, the same shall not be Received by or from them in the said Receipt of the Exchequer, nor be Allowed them upon their respective Accounts.

Tellers of the Exchequer and Receivers General required to cut, deface, &c. Money Counterfeit or Diminisht.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That an Act made the last Session of this present Parliament, Intituled, An Act for the better Preventing the Counterfeiting the Current Coin of this Kingdom, and every Article and Clause therein contained, shall from henceforth continue, and be of force, until the Five and twentieth day of March, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and one, and from thence to the end of the next Session of Parliament.

7 A. *cap.* 21. *made Perpetual.*

Anno 9 & 10 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XXIII.

An Act for Granting to His Majesty a further Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage, towards Raising the Yearly Sum of Seven hundred thousand Pounds, for the Service of his Majesties Houshold, and other Uses therein mentioned, during his Majesties Life.

WE your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of England in Parliament assembled, being deeply sensible of the great Blessings, which, by the Goodness of Almighty God, We and all other the Subjects of your Majesties Realms and Dominions, in the free Exercise of the true Christian Religion (the most valuable Benefit which can be bestowed upon any Nation or People) as also in our Liberties and Properties, do fully Enjoy under your Majesties most Auspicious Government; and being desirous to make a grateful Acknowledgment of your Majesties unparalleled Grace and Favour to us your Commons, and particularly for the great and successful Undertakings and Atchievements, whereby your Majesty hath been the happy Instrument of Securing the aforesaid Blessings to us and our Posterities; have therefore freely and unanimously

Resolved to Increase your Majesties Revenue during your Majesties Reign (which God long continue) and do give and grant unto your most Excellent Majesty the further Rates, Duties and Sums of Money herein after mentioned; and do humbly beseech your Majesty, That it may be Enacted: And be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and of the Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That over and above all Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and over and above all Additional Duties, Impositions, and other Duties whatsoever, by any other Act or Acts of Parliament, or otherwise howsoever already due or payable, or which ought to be paid to his Majesty, for or upon any Wines, Goods or Merchandizes whatsoever, Imported or to be Imported, there shall be Raised, Levied, Collected, Paid and Satisfied unto his Majesty, one other Subsidy called Tonnage, for and upon all Wines, which from and after the last day of January, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred ninety nine, at any time or times, during his Majesties Life, shall be imported or brought into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed (that is to say)

Tonnage.

5 A. *cap.* 1. *for her life.*

1 Geo. *cap.* 1. *granted for his Majesties life.*

French Wine in *London*,

II. Of every Ton of Wine of the Growth of France, or of any the Dominions of the French King, or Crown of France, that shall come into the Port of London, and the Members thereof, by way of Merchandize, by his Majesties Natural born Subjects, the Sum of Four pounds and ten shillings of Current English Money, and so after that Rate; and by Strangers and Aliens, Six pounds of the like Money: And of every Ton of the like Wine, which shall be brought into all and every the other Ports and Places of this Kingdom, and the Dominions thereof, by way of Merchandize, by his Majesties Natural born Subjects, the Sum of Three pounds; and by Aliens Four pounds ten shillings.

By *English*,

By Strangers.

In the Out-Ports.

Other Wines,

III. And of every Butt or Pipe of Muscadels, Malmseys, Cutes, Tents, Alicants, Bastards, Sacks, Canaries, Malaga's, Madera's, and other Wines whatsoever, commonly called Sweet Wines, of the Growth of the Levant, Spain, Portugal, or any of them, or any the Islands or Dominions to them or any of them belonging, or elsewhere, that shall come or be brought into the Port of London, by his Majesties Natural born Subjects, the Sum of Forty five shillings of Current English Money, and so after that Rate: And by Strangers and Aliens, Three pounds of like Money: And of every Butt and Pipe of the like Wine, which shall come or be brought into all and every, or any the other Ports and Places of this Kingdom and Dominions thereof, by way of Merchandize, by his Majesties Natural born Subjects, the Sum of Thirty shillings; and by Strangers, Forty five shillings.

By *English*, in *London*.

By Aliens.

Out-Ports.

Rhenish Wine

IV. And of every Aums of Rhenish Wine, or Wine of the Growth of Germany, That shall be brought into this Realm and the Dominions thereof, by his Majesties Natural born Subjects, the Sum of Twenty shillings of Current English Money; and by Strangers and Aliens, Twenty five shillings: And that such Wines that shall be Landed in any the Out-Ports, and afterwards brought to the Port of London by Certificate, shall pay so much more Subsidy by this Act as they paid short of the Duty due in the Port of London. Which several Rates for Wines are the same which are expressed in a certain Book of Rates, which was Signed by Sir Harbottle Grimstone Baronet, formerly Speaker of the House of Commons, and which is Referred to by an Act of Parliament, made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, Intituled, A Subsidy Granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money Payable upon Merchandizes Exported and Imported. And one further Subsidy called Poundage (that is to say) of all manner of Goods and Merchandizes of every Merchant, Natural born Subject, Denizen and Alien, to be Imported or Brought into this Realm, or any his Majesties Dominions to the same belonging, at any time or times, after the said last day of

By *English*,

By Aliens.

Wines brought from the Out-Ports to *London*.

12 Car. 2. *c.* 4.

Poundage.

of

of January, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety nine, during his Majeſties Life, by way of Merchandize, of the value of every Twenty ſhillings, of the ſame Goods and Merchandizes, according to the ſeveral and particular Rates and Values of the ſame Goods and Merchandizes, as the ſame are particularly and reſpectively Rated and Valued in the aforeſaid Book of Rates, Twelve pence, and ſo after that Rate: And if there ſhall happen to be brought into this Realm any Goods liable to the Payment of Subſidy by this Act granted, which are not particularly Rated in the ſaid Book of Rates, that in every ſuch Caſe every Cuſtomer or Collector for the time being, ſhall Levy the Subſidy by this Act granted, according to the Value and Price of ſuch Goods, to be Affirmed upon the Oath of the Merchant, in the Preſence of the Cuſtomer, Collector, Comptroller and Surveyor, or any Two of them. Except and Foreprized out of this Grant of Subſidy of Poundage all Wines before limited to pay Subſidy of Tonnage, and all manner of Fiſh *Engliſh* taken, and brought by *Engliſh* Bottoms into this Realm, and all manner of Freſh Fiſh and Beaſtial that ſhall come into this Realm, and all other Goods and Merchandizes, which in the ſaid Book of Rates are mentioned to be Cuſtom-free, and Except and Foreprized out of this Grant of Subſidy of Poundage all Goods and Merchandizes which are commonly uſed in Dying.

12 *d.* in the pound.

Goods unrated.

Fiſh *Engliſh* taking.

Freſh Fiſh, Beſtial and Dying Goods excepted.

V. Provided always, and it is hereby further Enacted, That all Drugs chargeable by this Act, which ſhall be Imported directly from the place of their Growth in *Engliſh*-built Shipping, ſhall be Rated to pay by this Act One third part of what is charged thereupon in the ſaid Book of Rates, and no more: And that all Spicery, except Pepper, which ſhall be imported directly from the place of its Growth in *Engliſh*-built Shipping, ſhall be Rated to pay by this Act One third part of what is charged in the ſaid Book of Rates, and no more: And that this Act ſhall not extend to charge Linen imported with the Additional Duty of one Moiety of the Rate mentioned in the ſaid Book of Rates: And that all Foreign Wrought Silks, exported within one Year from the Importation, ſhall have Two thirds of the Rate hereby Charged, repaid at the Cuſtom-houſe: And this Act ſhall not extend to charge Wrought Silks imported with the Additional Duty of one Moiety mentioned in the ſaid Book of Rates; or to charge Tobacco of the *Engliſh* Plantation with the Additional Duty of One peny per Pound, over and above the Subſidy mentioned in the ſaid Book of Rates; or to charge Wines of the Growth of France, Germany, Portugal, or Madera, with the Additional Duty of Three pounds per Ton, or any other Wines with the Additional Duty of Four pounds per Ton mentioned in the ſaid former Acts or Book of Rates: And that for all Tobacco of the *Engliſh* Plantations, which ſhall be imported and exported again within One year after ſuch Importation, the further Subſidy of One peny per Pound hereby granted, ſhall be repaid at the Cuſtom-houſe.

Drugs.

Spicery, except Pepper.

Not to charge the Additional Duty on Linen.

Drawback on Wrought Silk.

Not to chacge the Additional Duty on Wrought Silk.

Tobacco,

or Wines.

Drawback on Tobacco.

VI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That out of the ſeveral Subſidies of Tonnage and Poundage by this Act granted, there ſhall be ſuch and the like Allowances and Abatements in all Caſes, as are or were preſcribed in the like Caſes by the ſaid former Act, or by the ſaid Book of Rates, or the Rules thereunto Annexed, and to be made and allowed under the ſame Reſtrictions, and in the ſame manner and form, as are therein expreſſed.

The like Allowances, *&c.* as by the Act of Tonnage and Poundage.

VII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid ſeveral Subſidies of Tonnage and Poundage hereby granted, ſhall be Raiſed, Levied and Collected by the reſpective Officers of his Majeſties Cuſtoms for the time being, under the Management and Direction of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms for the time being; and ſhall be brought and paid, or anſwered into the Receipt of his Majeſties Exchequer, for the Purpoſes in this Act mentioned (ſuch Additional Charge as ſhall be neceſſary for the Management of this Revenue only excepted;) and that all and

Duties to be managed by the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms.

every the Clauſes, Powers, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Matters and Things whatſoever, contained in the ſaid former Act of Tonnage and Poundage, or in the ſaid Book of Rates, or the Rules thereunto Annexed, or in any other Laws or Statutes whatſoever now in force, for Raiſing, Levying, Securing, Collecting, Anſwering or Paying the Subſidy of Tonnage and Poundage thereby granted, ſhall be Applied, Practiſed, and put in Execution, for the Raiſing, Levying, Securing, Collecting, Anſwering and Paying the Subſidy of Tonnage and Poundage, by this Act granted, as fully and effectually to all intents and purpoſes, as if all and every the ſaid Clauſes, Powers, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Matters and Things were particularly Repeated, and again Enacted in the Body of this preſent Act.

Duty to be drawn back on Sugar.

VIII. Provided always, and be it Enacted, That the whole further Subſidy laid by this Act upon all Sugars that ſhall be imported from the Engliſh Plantations in *America*, ſhall and may be drawn and paid back at the Exportation thereof; any thing in this Act contained to contrary notwithſtanding.

An Encouragement by a Drawback on Sugar refined in *England*.

IX. And whereas great Quantities of Brown and Muſcavado Sugars have formerly been Refined here in *England*, and afterwards exported to Foreign Markets, whereby a great number of People have been Imployed, and a Manufacture carried on very profitable to this Kingdom; which Trade of Refining Sugars for Exportation will be loſt, unleſs a Drawback be allowed, when ſuch Sugars are exported, after they are Refined here, ſuitable to the Drawback allowed on the Exportation of Brown and Muſcavado Sugars, by reaſon Foreign Nations will be thereby Enabled to Refine them Cheaper abroad than they can be done here at home: Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for every Hundred weight of Sugar Refined in *England* (and ſo in proportion for a greater or leſſer quantity) exported out of this Kingdom after the ſaid laſt day of January, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety nine, during the Continuance of this Act, there ſhall be Repaid at the Cuſtom-houſe to the Exporter, within one Month after Demand thereof, the Sum of Three ſhillings, Oath being firſt made by the Refiner, That the ſaid Sugar ſo exported was produced from Brown and Muſcavado Sugar charged by this Act, and that, as he verily believes, the ſame was imported from his Majeſties Plantations in *America*, and that, as he verily believes, the Duty of the ſaid Brown and Muſcavado Sugar was duly paid at the time of the Importation thereof, and that the ſame was duly Exported; his Majeſties Searcher alſo Certifying the Shipping thereof, and all other Requiſites duly performed according to the Book of Rates.

Further Subſidy on Tobacco to be paid in 3 months.

X. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for the further Subſidy hereby Granted upon Tobacco of the Engliſh Plantations in *America*, the Merchant Importer ſhall have Three months time from the Importation to pay the ſame, giving Security for the Payment thereof accordingly; and in caſe of Paying the ſame ſooner than the ſaid Three months, the ſaid Merchant Importer ſhall be allowed a Diſcount after the Rate of Ten pounds per Centum per Annum for prompt Payment; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding. *Altered by* 12 A. *cap.* 8.

Ginger of the *Weſt-Indies* to pay for each Subſidy 1 *s. per* Hundred weight.

XI. Provided always, That Ginger of the Engliſh Plantations in the Weſt-Indies, which by the ſaid Book of Rates is valued at Sixteen pence a Pound, ſhall pay for the ſaid former Subſidy, One ſhilling for every hundred weight, and for the Subſidy by this Act, One ſhilling for every Hundred Weight, and after that proportion for a greater or leſſer quantity, and no more; any thing in this or the ſaid former Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

XII. And whereas great quantities of Cut Whalebone fit for uſe, are frequently imported in ſhort lengths and ſmall parcels, by means whereof, not only his Majeſty is defrauded of the Duties laid thereupon, but the Merchants importing, and the Manufactures Imployed in Cutting of Fin-Whalebone are greatly prejudiced and diſcouraged: Be it therefore Declared and Enacted by

the

the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons, Natives or Foreigners, Bodies Politick or Corporate, shall import or bring into this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, any Cut Whalebone (other than in Fins only) he, she or they shall Forfeit the Goods, and double the Value of the Cut Whalebone so imported, One moiety thereof to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and one other moiety to him or them that shall Seize or Sue for the same in any of his Majesties Courts of Record, wherein no Essoign, Protection, or Wager of Law shall be allowed, nor any more than one Imparlance; any thing in this Act, or any former Law to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding. Cut Whalebone prohibited to be imported.

XIII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That in all Cases where any the Foreign Goods or Merchandizes by this Act charged with the Subsidy of Tonnage or Poundage hereby granted (other than and except Foreign Wrought Silk, Tobacco, Sugars and Refined Sugars, touching which other Provisions are hereby made) shall at any time or times be again Exported by any Merchant English, within Twelve Calendary Months, or Stranger within Nine Calendary Months after the Importation thereof, and that due Proof be first made by Certificate from the proper Officers, of the due Entry and Payment of the Subsidy hereby granted, of any such Foreign Goods, Wines or Merchandizes Inward, together with the Oath of the Merchant Importing and Exporting the same, affirming the truth thereof, and that all other Requisites shall be performed, which are by Law required to be performed, in Cases where the half Subsidy is repaid by the said former Act, the whole Subsidy by this Act granted, and which shall have been actually paid for such Goods, Wines or Merchandizes, shall without any Delay or Reward, be Repaid unto such Merchant or Merchants, who do Export the same, within One month after Demand thereof, or the Security for the said Subsidy by this Act charged, shall be Vacated, as to so much as shall be so Exported; and that as to the said Foreign Wrought Silks, Tobacco, Sugars and Refined Sugars, no Repayment or Drawback of or for the Subsidy by this Act shall be made or allowed for the same, unless they respectively be again Exported within the times hereby limited for other Goods; and that the like due Proof be made, and other Requisites performed for the said Silks, Tobacco, Sugar, and Refined Sugar, as are hereby directed in the like Case for other Goods or Merchandizes exported; and that upon such Exportation of Foreign Wrought Silks, and such due Proof made, and other Requisites performed for the same, not only the Two thirds of the Subsidies by this Act directed to be repaid for such Silks, as aforesaid, but also the remaining One third of the same Subsidy shall be entirely repaid at the Custom-house; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding. Drawback by this Act. Drawback on Tobacco, Sugars, &c. Drawback of the other Third of Wrought Silks.

XIV. And whereas it is intended, that the yearly Sum of Seven hundred thousand pounds shall be supplied to his Majesty, for the Service of his Houshold and Family, and for other his necessary Expences and Occasions, out of the Hereditary Rates and Duties of Excise upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors, which were granted to the Crown in the Twelfth year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, and out of the Rates and Duties of Excise upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors, payable for the term of his Majesties Life, by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Second year of the Reign of his Majesty and the late Queen of blessed Memory, after all the Tallies charged upon the weekly Sum of Six thousand pounds, issuing out of the said several Rates and Duties of Excise, pursuant to an Act of Parliament passed in the Seventh year of his Majesties Reign in that behalf, and still remaining unsatisfied (with the Interest thereof) shall be fully paid off and cleared; and out of the Revenue of the General Letter-Office or Post-Office, or the Office of the Postmaster General, after all Appropriations. Of Hereditary Excise. 12 Car. 2. Temporary Excise (except 6000 *l.* per Week.) 1 W. & M. 3 W. 7. Post-Office.

all the Tallies charged upon the weekly Sum of Six hundred pounds, iſſuing out of that Revenue, purſuant to the ſaid Act of Parliament of the Seventh year of his Majeſties Reign, and ſtill remaining unſatisfied, and all the Intereſt thereof, ſhall be fully paid and diſcharged; and out of the ſmall Branches of his Majeſties Revenues herein after mentioned and expreſſed, that is to ſay, The Firſt-Fruits and Tenths of the Clergy; the Fines for Writs of Covenant and Writs of Entry payable in the Alienation Office; The Poſt Fines; The Revenue of the Wine-Licences; The Monies ariſing by Sheriffs Profers and Compoſitions in the Exchequer, and by the Seizures of Uncuſtomed and Prohibited Goods; The Revenue of the Dutchy of Cornwall, and any other Revenue ariſing by the Rents of Lands in England or Wales, or for Fines of Leaſes of the ſame, or any of them; and the Duty of Four and an half per Cent. in Specie, ariſing in Barbadoes and the Leeward Iſlands in America; and out of the Monies which from and after the commencement of this Act ſhall ariſe by the further Subſidies and Duties hereby granted: Be it therefore further Enacted, and it is hereby Enacted and Provided by the Authority aforeſaid, That if the ſaid great and ſmall Branches and Revenues herein before mentioned, and out of which the ſaid yearly Sum of Seven hundred thouſand pounds is intended to be ſupplied, as aforeſaid, and every or any of them ſhall produce in clear Money more than the yearly Sum of Seven hundred thouſand pounds, to be reckoned from the Five and twentieth day of December, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety nine, that then the Overplus of ſuch Produce (being more than the ſaid yearly Sum of Seven hundred thouſand pounds) ſhall not be iſſued, diſpoſed, made uſe of, or applied to any Uſe or Purpoſe, or upon any Pretext whatſoever, without the Authority of Parliament: And that all Grants and Diſpoſitions whatſoever hereafter to be made of ſuch Overplus, or any part thereof, from time to time, without Authority of Parliament, ſhall be utterly void and of none effect; and the Grantees or other Perſons to whom ſuch Grants or Diſpoſitions, or any of them, ſhall be made, of ſuch Overplus, or any part thereof, ſhall be adjudged uncapable in Law to take, hold, keep, detain or enjoy the ſame; any Law, Cuſtom or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Small Branches,

and further Subſidies.

If the ſaid Duties produce more than 700000 *l. per Annum*,

not to be diſpoſed of but by Authority of Parliament.

7 W. 3.

Anno 9 & 10 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XXVI.

An Act to Settle the Trade to *Africa*. EXP.

Anno 9 & 10 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XXVIII.

An Act for the Exporting Watches, Sword-Hilts, and other Manufactures of Silver.

Preamble.

Whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Seventh and Eighth Years of his preſent Majeſty King William the Third, Intituled, An Act to Incourage the bringing Plate into the Mint to be Coined, and for the further Remedying the ill State of the Coin of this Kingdom, It is amongſt other things ſo Enacted, That after the Laſt day of March then next enſuing, no Wrought Plate of this Kingdom can be ſhipped off, under the great Penalties in the ſaid Act contained, whereby no Home-wrought manufactured Plate, though

7 & 8 W. 3. cap. 19.

though never so beneficial to the Artificers and Trade of this Kingdom, is permitted to be Exported; which was at that time a good and wholsom Law, and tended to the Benefit of the Kingdom, by keeping Bullion at home to be coined: Now forasmuch as by a subsequent Act made in the Eighth and Ninth Year of the Reign of his said Majesty, Intituled, An Act for the Incouraging and Bringing in of Wrought Plate to be Coined, It is therein Enacted, That from and after the Five and twentieth day of March, One thousand six hundred ninety seven, no Goldsmith, Silversmith, or other Person whatsoever, shall work, make, or cause to be wrought or made, any Silver Vessel, Plate or Manufacture of Silver, less in fineness than that of Eleven Dunces and Ten peny-weight of fine Silver in every Pound Troy, nor put to sale the same, until it be marked, as in the said Act is directed; whereby no Profit can arise to any Person who shall export such Plate as hath been or shall be made pursuant to that Act, by losing the charge of the Fashion in melting down the same, and selling the Silver abroad, the principal thing aimed at to be prevented by the first recited Act; but on the contrary, a great Benefit may accrew to many Artificers, and to the Kingdom in general, by giving liberty to export Watches, Sword-Hilts, Wrought Plate, and several other Silver Manufactures made within this Kingdom, being of the Fineness prescribed in the said last recited Act: Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Four and twentieth day of June, One thousand six hundred ninety eight, it shall and may be lawful to export such Watches, Sword-Hilts, Wrought Plate, and other Silver Manufactures made within this Kingdom, being of the Fineness of Eleven Dunces and Ten Peny-weight to every Pound Troy, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser weight, according to the Rules prescribed in the said last recited Act, as shall be yearly allowed by the Commissioners of his Majesties Customs for the time being, or any Three of them; any Law or Statute to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

8 & 9 W. 3. cap. 7.

Watches, Sword-hilts, or other Silver Manufacture, (being of the fineſs of 11 *oz.* 10 *d.* weight) may be exported, as the Commiſſioners ſhall yearly allow.

II. And whereas great quantities of empty Boxes, Cases, and Dial-plates for Clocks and Watches have been exported without their Movements, and in Foreign parts made up with bad Movements, and thereon some London Watchmakers Names ingraven, and so are sold abroad for English Work; and also there hath been the like Ill Practices in England, by divers Persons, as well by some professing the Art of Clock and Watch-making, as others ignorant therein, in putting counterfeit Names, as also the Names of the most known London Watch-makers, on their bad Clocks and Watches, to the great prejudice of the Buyers, and disreputation of the said Art at home and abroad: For preventing therefore of all such Ill Practices for the future, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person or Persons whatsoever shall, after the said Four and twentieth day of June, export or send, or endeavour to export or send out of this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, any outward or inward Box, Case or Dial-plate of Gold, Silver, Brass, or other Metal, for Clock or Watch, without the Movement, in or with every such Box, Case or Dial-plate, made up fit for use, with the Clock or Watchmakers Name engraven thereon: Nor any Person whatsoever, after the said Four and twentieth day of June, shall make up, or cause to be made up, any Clock or Watch without engraving, or putting, or causing to be engraven or put, his or her own Name and Place of Abode or Freedom, and no other Name or Place, on every Clock or Watch he or she shall so make up or cause to be made up, under the Penalty of forfeiting every such empty Box, Case and Dial-plate, Clock and Watch not made up and engraven, as aforesaid, and also for each and every of such Offence the Sum of Twenty pounds, One moiety whereof to be

Boxes, Cases or Dial-plates for Clocks or Watches, not to be exported without the Movements.

Penalty.

to

to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other moiety shall be to him, her or them that shall sue for the same in any of his Majesties Courts of Record, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed, or more than one Imparlance; any thing herein contained, or any Law or Statute to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Anno 9 & 10 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XXX.

An Act for Increasing his Majesties Duties upon Lustrings and Alamodes.

Preamble.

Whereas the Wrought Silks, commonly called Lustrings and Alamodes, under the name of Wrought Silks, in and by the Book of Rates referred to in the Act of Tonnage and Poundage, which was made and passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King Charles the Second, were valued at Forty shillings the Pound weight, containing Sixteen Ounces; and according to that Valuation are and will be liable to pay several Subsidies, Additional and other Duties or Impositions to your Majesty, by virtue of several Acts of Parliament since that time made and past, referring to the said Book of Rates for the value of the said Silks: We your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of England in Parliament assembled, being sensible that the said Silks called Lustrings and Alamodes, were much undervalued in the said Book, and that the same are ordinarily of a much higher value than Forty shillings for such a Pound weight, as aforesaid, do therefore in all humility grant, That your Majesties Duties for and upon all Lustrings and Alamodes imported, now payable by or according to the said Valuation of Forty shillings the Pound weight, shall be increased, answered and paid according to the Valuation herein after mentioned: And be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That all Lustrings and Alamodes, which from and after the Four and twentieth day of June, One thousand six hundred ninety eight, shall be imported or brought into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, shall be valued at Four pounds for every Pound weight containing Sixteen Ounces, as aforesaid; and his Majesties several Subsidies, Additional and other Duties and Impositions aforesaid, during the continuance of the same respectively, shall be collected, paid and answered, for and upon the said Lustrings and Alamodes, according to the said Valuation of Four pounds for every Pound weight, as if the same had been originally inserted in the said Book of Rates, and had been particularly referred to (instead of the said Rate of Forty shillings) in the several Acts before mentioned; and that according to the same Rules and Methods, and with such or the like Allowances, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, as are by the said Acts, and every or any of them prescribed, for the respective Duties on the said Commodities; any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

12 Car. 2.

Lustrings and Alamodes to be valued at 4 *l.* *per* pound weight; and to pay all Duties according to such Value.

Anno

Anno 9 & 10 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XXXIV.

An Act for the better and more orderly Payment of the Lottery Tickets, now payable out of certain Additional Duties of Exciſe, and of other Annuities lately payable out of the Tonnage Duties. EXP.

Anno 9 & 10 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XXXIX.

An Act for Settling and Adjuſting the Proportions of Fine Silver and Silk, for the better making of Silver and Gold Thread, and to Prevent the Abuſes of the Wiredrawers. EXP.

Anno 9 & 10 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XL.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the Explanation and better Execution of former Acts made againſt Tranſportation of Wooll, Fullers Earth, and Scouring Clay.

Whereas ſeveral Laws have been made to prevent the Exportation of Wooll, and Fullers Earth out of this Kingdom, yet nevertheleſs the ſaid Exportation is ſtill notoriouſly continued, to the great Prejudice and Diſcouragement of the Woollen Trade and Manufacture of England: And whereas in the Firſt Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty King William and the late Queen Mary, there paſſed an Act, Intituled, An Act for the better Preventing the Exportation of Wooll, and Incouraging the Woollen Manufactures of this Kingdom; which Act was Continued by one other Act made in the Fourth and Fifth Years of their ſaid Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for Reviving, Continuing and Explaining ſeveral Laws therein mentioned, which were Expired and near Expiring; which ſaid Act was further Continued in the Seventh Year of his preſent Majeſties Reign, with ſome Alterations, Intituled, An Act for the more effectual Preventing the Exportation of Wooll, and for the Incouraging the Importation of Wooll from *Ireland*; which Act is now near Expiring: And whereas for preventing the ſaid Miſchiefs, It is neceſſary the ſaid laſt mentioned Act, with ſome convenient Alterations, ſhould be Continued, and alſo that there ſhould be ſome more effectual Remedies than hath been hitherto provided: Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid laſt mentioned Act, made in the Seventh Year of his Majeſties Reign, and Intituled, An Act for the more effectual Preventing the Exportation of Wooll, and for Incouraging the Importation of Wooll from *Ireland*, and every Clauſe, Matter and Thing therein contained, except what is hereby otherwiſe Altered, Explained, Enlarged, or Repealed, ſhall Continue and be in full Force, as if the ſame were herein and hereby particularly recited and mentioned.

1 W. & M. *cap.* 32.

4 & 5 W. & M. *cap.* 24.

7 W. 3. *cap.* 28.

Preamble.

The Act 7 W. 3. cap. 28. Continued without Limitation, except otherwiſe altered.

II. And whereas under a pretention of carrying Fullers Earth and Scouring Clay into Ireland, the ſame is conveyed into Scotland and other Foreign Parts, to the further Prejudice of the Woollen

No Fullers Earth or Scouring Clay ſhall be Exported.

T

en Manufacture of this Kingdom; Be it further Enacted, That from and after the Four and twentieth day of June, One thousand six hundred ninety eight, no Fullers Earth or Scouring Clay shall be exported out of this Kingdom, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, into Ireland, Scotland, or into any other Foreign Parts, upon any pretence whatsoever, but that the Exporters, being legally Convicted, shall be liable to the Forfeitures of One shilling for every Pound weight. Vide *Act of Union*, 5 A.

Penalty.

Owners of Wooll, lodged near the Sea, in *Kent* and *Sussex*, to give an Account to the Officers of the next Port Three days after Sheering.

III. And whereas it is a common Practice in Romney-Marsh and other Places adjacent, for evil-disposed Persons to Sheer their Sheep, and Lodge Wooll near the Sea side, and sometimes to bring Wooll out of the Country more remote, and Lodge it, as aforesaid; where by Fraud and Force, in the Night-time, the said Persons do cause the same to be Transported to France, to the Increase of the Trade of that Kingdom, and the Destruction of the Trade of England: To prevent these Practices for the future, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Owner and Owners of Wooll Shorn or Housed, Laid up or Lodged within Ten Miles of the Sea-side, within the Counties of Kent and Sussex, shall be obliged to give an exact Account in Writing, within three Days after the Sheering thereof, of his, her or their Number of Fleeces, and where Lodged or Housed, to the next adjoyning Port, or Officer of his Majesties Customs, and the like Notice before he, she or they shall presume to remove any part or parcel thereof, of the said Number of Fleeces and Weight, and the Name and Abode of the Person or Persons to whom it is disposed, and the Place to which it is intended to be carried; and to take a Certificate from the Officer who first Entred the same, upon the Penalty of Forfeiting all such Wooll as shall not be so Entred or otherwise disposed of, and the Owner or Owners also to be liable to the further Penalties of Three shillings for every Pound weight of all such Wooll, as if the same had been actually Transported; which said Account the Officers respectively are hereby required to take gratis, and to give such Certificate or Certificates, without delay, to the Party or Parties demanding the same, and shall therein specifie the Name or Names of the Owners and Buyers thereof, and Limit it to such Times and Places to be removed; for which Duty and Service the said Officer or Officers shall take and demand the Sum of Six Pence, and no more, for each Certificate, upon any Account or Pretence whatsoever.

Notice of removal,

and to take a Certificate.

Penalty.

6 *d.* for the Certificate.

IV. And whereas it is a common Practice in the said Marsh, for divers Persons not Resident upon the Place, to buy up great Quantities of Wooll, and Transport, or cause the same to be Transported out of this Kingdom: For preventing such Practices for the future, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person or Persons residing within Fifteen Miles of the Sea, in the said Counties of Kent and Sussex, shall presume to buy any Wooll, before they do enter into Bond to the Kings Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, with Sureties, That all the Wooll they buy shall not be sold by them to any Person or Persons within Fifteen Miles of the Sea; and in case any Wooll be found carrying towards the Sea-side in the Counties aforesaid, unless such Wooll be first Entred, and Security given, the same shall be Forfeited, and the Person or Persons offending therein, shall also forfeit Three shillings for every Pound weight of all such Wooll.

No Persons residing within 15 Miles of the Sea, in *Kent* or *Sussex*, to buy Wooll before they have given Bond.

Wooll carried to the Sea-side unentred, Forfeited.

Penalty.

V. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Wooll removed from the Place where it was first Housed, Lodged or Laid after Sheering, within Ten Miles, as aforesaid, shall be Lodged after the first removing within Fifteen Miles of the Sea, in the Counties aforesaid, upon pain of Forfeiting all such Wooll, if found; but if carried away, then every Person or Persons who were the Owners of the said Wooll, to Forfeit for every Pound weight the Sum of Three shillings.

Penalty upon removal of Wooll.

VI. And

VI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Person or Persons that shall Lay, or cause to be Laid or Hid any Wooll, within Fifteen Miles of the Sea, and not Entred, as aforesaid, all such Wooll shall be Seized and Forfeited, That upon any Seizure of such Wooll, every Person laying Claim to the same, shall give sufficient Security in his Majesties Court of Exchequer (if Cast upon Tryal) to pay treble Costs, over and above the Penalties and Forfeitures aforesaid. Wooll hid within Fifteen Miles of the Sea forfeited. Claimer, if Cast, to pay treble Costs.

VII. Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Action or Suit shall be brought and prosecuted by any Person or Persons, against any Person imployed in the Execution of this Act, for any Matter, Cause or Thing by them or either of them done, committed or executed by virtue of this Act, or any Clause or Article therein contained, That then and in every such case, the Defendant or Defendants may plead the General Issue, and give the special Matter in Evidence at the Tryal, that the same was done in Pursuance and by Authority of this Act; and if upon Examination it shall so happen to be done, the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants: And in such case, or if the Plaintiff shall be Nonsuit, or discontinue his Action, the Defendant or Defendants shall have and recover treble Costs, which he or they shall sustain or be put unto, by reason of his or their wrongful Vexation in Defence of the said Action or Suit. Persons Sued may plead the General Issue.

VIII. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Forfeitures and Penalties before in this Act mentioned, shall be distributed in Manner and Form following, viz. One third part to the use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Two thirds to the use of such Person or Persons as shall Seize or Sue for the same, by Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of his Majesties Courts at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection, or Wager of Law shall be allowed. Forfeitures how to be disposed, *viz.* ⅓ to his Majesty, ⅔ to the Prosecutor.

IX. And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, It is Enacted, That no Person or Persons whatsoever should, at any time thereafter, be Impeached for any Offence against the said Act, unless such Persons be Prosecuted within One Year next ensuing such Offence committed: And whereas a great many Persons who have been guilty of Transporting Wooll, but Discovery thereof hath not been made till the Expiration of Twelve Months after the Offence committed, to the great Incouragement of several Notorious Offenders; For the prevention whereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be Lawful for his Majesty, to cause such Person or Persons as are or shall be Guilty of Transporting or causing to be Transported any Wooll, Wooll-Fells, Fullers Earth or Scouring Clay, to be Sued and Prosecuted at any time within Three Years after the Offence committed, in the same manner as Informations, or other Penal Statutes have been usually, and may lawfully be Prosecuted. 12 Car. 2. c. 32. Three Years time allowed for Prosecution.

XI. And whereas by an Act made in the Parliament held in the Seventh and Eighth Years of his present Majesty, Intituled, An Act for the more Effectual Preventing the Exportation of Wooll, and for the Incouraging the Importation thereof from *Ireland*, amongst other things it is Enacted, That the Hundred out of which any Wooll shall be Exported, be liable to such Penalties and Forfeitures as is mentioned in the said Act; but the Hundred of Winchelsea in the Cinque-Ports, being divided by a Navigable Arm of the Sea, so that the Inhabitants on the one side thereof cannot be privy to, or prevent what is done by those of the other: Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Hundred of Winchelsea shall be deemed and taken, in respect to the said Act, as two distinct Hundreds (that is to say) the part of the one side of the said Arm of the Sea as one Hundred, and the part on the other side as one other intire Hundred; and the Penalties which may be Forfeited for Suffering such Exportation, shall Affect, Charge and be Levied on that part only of the said Hundred which lies on the same 7 & 8 W. 3. c. 28. *Winchelsea* Hundred.

side of the said Arm of the Sea out of which such Exportation was made and permitted; any thing in this or any other Act to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided nevertheless, That nothing in this Act shall be construed to extend to divide the said Hundred in any other particular but in this only.

Anno 9 & 10 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XLII.

An Act for Enlarging the time for Registring of Ships, pursuant to the Act for Preventing Frauds, and Regulating Abuses in the Plantation Trade. EXP.

Anno 9 & 10 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XLIII.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the better Incouragement of the Royal Lustring Company, and the more Effectual Preventing the Fraudulent Importation of Lustrings and Alamodes.

Preamble.

Whereas the Manufacture of Black Lustrings and Alamodes, set up by the Royal Lustring Company, hath been very advantageous and beneficial to this Kingdom, by imploying great numbers of the Poor, and preventing the Exportation of our Coin for purchasing of those Commodities in Foreign Parts: And whereas notwithstanding the several Laws made for the Incouragement of the said Manufacture, and for the preventing the Importation of such Foreign Silks, without paying the Duties charged thereon, great quantities of the said Foreign Silks have been brought into this Kingdom, without paying any Duty or Custom for the same; by means whereof the said Royal Lustring Company have been very much discouraged in the carrying on the said Manufacture: For remedy whereof, and that the said Company may have all due Incouragement, to enable them to proceed in so good an Undertaking, Be it Enacted, and it is hereby Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same,

No Alamodes, &c. shall be Imported to any Port but *London.*

That from and after the First day of July, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred and ninety eight, no Foreign Silks called or known by the name of Alamodes or Lustrings, shall be imported or brought into any Port or Place whatsoever, within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, other than the Port of London only; and that Notice shall be given to the Commissioners or chief Managers of the Customs in the said Port of London for the time being, of the Quality and Quantity, with the Marks, Numbers, and Package of all such Silks intended to be imported, with the Name of the Importer, and the Name of the Ship, and her Burthen, and the Name of the Master or Commander, on which they are to be laden, and the Place or Port where the same are to be shipped or taken on board,

A Licence shall be taken for the Importation.

and a Licence shall be taken under the Hands of the Commissioners or chief Managers of the Customs in the said Port of London for the time being, or any Three of them, for the lading and importing of the same, as aforesaid, which Licence they are hereby authorized and required to grant without any Fee or Reward, or any other Charge to the Persons demanding the same.

II. And

II. And for the better preventing the fraudulent Importation of such Silks, without paying the Duties which are or shall be due and payable for the same, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Commissioners or chief Managers of the Customs in the said Port of London for the time being, shall, and are hereby authorized and required, from time to time, to mark and seal, or cause to be marked and sealed, all such Alamodes and Lustrings, which shall, from and after the said First day of July, be imported, according to the Directions of this Act, and to keep, or cause to be kept, an Entry or Registry thereof in the Custom-house in the said Port of London, in a Book to be provided for that purpose only; which said Entry or Registry shall be made without any Fee or Reward, before the said Goods be delivered out of the Custom-house Warehouse: And in case any of the said Silks shall be imported or brought into any Port or Place whatsoever within this Realm, other than the Port of London, or shall be imported without such Notice first given, and Licence taken out, as aforesaid, and the Duties paid for the same, or shall not be so sealed and marked, as aforesaid, such Silks, or the full value thereof, shall be forfeited; and all such Silks which shall be seized and forfeited by virtue of this or any former Act, shall be sold and exported; and the same Rules and Methods shall be observed in the selling and exporting thereof, as are mentioned and contained in an Act made in the Eighth and Ninth Years of the Reign of his present Majesty, Intituled, An Act for the further Incouragement of the Manufacture of Lustrings and Alamodes within this Realm.

8 & 9 W. 3. c. 36.

Alamodes and Lustrings to be marked and sealed by the Commissioners, &c.

Not imported into *London*, or without Licence, or not sealed and marked,

Forfeited.

To be sold and exported.

III. And for the better preventing the Importation of the same, in relation to Silks therein directed to be exported, and all and every Person and Persons whatsoever, who shall import, bring or convey, or cause or procure to be imported, brought or conveyed into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, any Alamodes or Lustrings, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this Act, or who shall knowingly receive or take the same into his, her or their House, Warehouse, Custody or Possession, or shall sell, barter or offer to sale, or cause to be sold or bartered, or offered to sale, any such Foreign Silks so fraudulently imported, and all and every their Aiders, Abettors and Assistants, knowing thereof, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred pounds.

Persons importing Alamodes, &c.

or receiving or selling any of the said Silks, forfeit 500 *l.*

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Commission or Warrant Officer, or other Person, who now is, or hereafter shall be in the Service of his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, and shall have the command or charge of any Ship or Vessel whatsoever, shall import, bring, send or convey, or cause, procure, or suffer to be imported, brought, sent or conveyed, or take or load on board any Alamodes or Lustrings, in order to be imported into this Kingdom, or shall unship, or suffer to be unshipt into any Barge, Hoy, Boat or other Vessel, any such Silks, knowing thereof, he shall, over and above the Forfeitures and Penalties to which he is liable by this or any other Act, be ipso facto rendred incapable of serving his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, either by Sea or Land, or of having or receiving any Benefit or Advantage, which he shall or may be entitled to by virtue of such Service: And if any Seaman, Mariner, or other Person or Persons whatsoever, belonging, or which shall belong to any Ship or Vessel, shall discover any Alamodes or Lustrings, which shall be imported, brought, sent or conveyed in any Ship or Vessel whatsoever into this Kingdom, or which shall be unshipt into any Barge, Hoy, Boat, or other Vessel, either at Sea, or in any Harbour, Creek or Bay in this Kingdom, in order to be imported, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this Act, such Person or Persons, making such Discovery, shall (over and above such Part of the Forfeitures and Advantages to which he or they shall be entitled by virtue of this Act) be immediately discharged from his or their Service on board such Ship or Vessel, if he or they shall desire the same; and the Captain or Master of such Ship or Vessel shall imme-

Commanders of Men of War importing, &c. any of the said Silks, shall, besides the Penalty,

be rendred Incapable of serving his Majesty.

Any Seaman, &c. discovering, shall be discharged from his Service.

immediately give him or them a Ticket or Tickets, Certificate or Certificates, which shall entitle him or them to all the Wages due to him or them for his or their Service on board such Ship or Vessel.

Seals or Marks counterfeited, &c. by any Person.

V. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall alter, counterfeit or misapply any or either of the Seals or Marks now used, or which shall or may be used at the Custom-house, for the sealing and marking Alamodes and Lustrings, according to the Directions in this or any other Act, or which now are or shall be used by the said Royal Lustring Company, for the marking and sealing the Goods made, or which shall be made by them, the Offender and Offenders, and all and every their Aiders, Abettors and Assistants, shall for every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred pounds, and shall be adjudged to stand in the Pillory in some publick place for the space of Two hours; and all and every Person and Persons, who shall buy or sell, or have in his, her or their Custody or Possession, any Alamodes or Lustrings, which are or shall be sealed or marked with a counterfeit Seal or Mark, or which shall have any Seal or Mark used or to be used at the Custom-house, or by the Royal Lustring Company, thereunto affixed or put, which hath not been affixed and put thereto at the Custom-house, or by the said Company, knowing thereof, and not discovering the same, shall forfeit the Goods so sealed or marked, and also the Sum of One hundred pounds. And for the better discovering and seizing of the said Silks so fraudulently imported, or not sealed and marked according to the Directions in this Act, or which shall be sealed or marked with any counterfeit Seal or Mark, as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons whatsoever, authorized by Writ of Assistance under the Seal of his Majesties Court of Exchequer, or with a Constable or other publick Officer, inhabiting near unto the place, with a Warrant from a Justice of Peace, and in the Day-time, to enter and go into any House, Shop, Cellar, Warehouse or Room, or other place whatsoever, to search for and seize any Alamodes or Lustrings, imported contrary to this or any other Act, or not sealed and marked, as aforesaid, or which shall be sealed or marked with any counterfeit Seal or Mark; and in case of Resistance, to break open Doors, Chests, Trunks, and other Package whatsoever, there to seize, and from thence to bring to his Majesties Warehouse any the said Silks so fraudulently imported, or not sealed and marked, as aforesaid; and every Justice of the Peace is hereby impowered and required to grant such Warrant to any credible Person or Persons, making Oath that he or they have reason to suspect or believe, that there are some of the said Silks so fraudulently imported, or not sealed and marked, as aforesaid, or which are sealed or marked with some counterfeit Seal or Mark, in the place or places where he or they intend to search; and if any Question, Dispute or Doubt shall arise, whether any such Silks, as aforesaid, imported, found, seized, received, sold, bartered, or offered to sale or barter, as aforesaid, or any part thereof, were made or manufactured in Parts beyond the Seas, or whether the same were imported contrary to the true intent and meaning of this Act, the Proof shall be incumbent only upon the Importer, Claimer, Owner, Proprietor, Seller, Batterer, or such Person or Persons in whose Hands or Custody the said Silks shall be found respectively, and not upon the Informer, Seizer or Prosecutor.

Offenders to Forfeit 500 *l.* and stand in the Pillory.

Persons buying Alamodes sealed with a counterfeit Seal, knowing thereof, forfeit the Goods and 100 *l.*

Any Person may seize Alamodes, &c.

If any Doubt arise,

Proof to lie on the Claimer, &c.

Justices impowered to grant Warrants for Seizure on Oath made.

VI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Officers belonging to the Customs, and all Sheriffs, Mayors, Bayliffs, Constables and other Officers, shall be aiding and assisting in the effectual execution of this Act: And that if any Officer or Person of or belonging to the Customs, shall willingly or knowingly connive at the fraudulent Importation, Delivering, Receiving, Buying or Selling of any Alamodes or Lustrings, contrary to the true meaning of this Act; or if such Officer, or any Informer, or other Person or Persons, shall take upon him or them

Officers of the Customs, Sheriffs, &c. to be aiding and assisting.

Conniving or delaying Prosecution after Seizure, &c.

them to ſeize any the ſaid Silks, or proſecute any Perſon or Perſons upon or by virtue or by means of this Act, or any other Act, and ſhall by Fraud or Colluſion deſiſt or delay the Proſecution to Condemnation of the ſaid Silks, or any part thereof, after Seizure or Stay of the ſame, or the Proſecution of any Perſon or Perſons, for any Offence againſt this or any other Act relating to the fraudulent Importation of ſuch Silks, or the not ſealing and marking ſuch Silks imported, he or they ſo deſiſting or delaying, ſhall forfeit and loſe the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, and be incapable of holding any Office or Imployment under his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors. Forfeit 500 *l.*

VII. Provided always, and it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for the more effectual Proſecution of the Offences and Offenders againſt this Act, all and every Perſon and Perſons whatſoever, that ſhall be convicted for any Offence againſt this Act, or any other Law relating to Alamodes or Luſtrings, and ſhall afterwards offend a ſecond, or any more time or times, ſuch Perſon and Perſons (after Conviction) ſhall ſo often as he or they ſhall ſo offend, forfeit and pay double the Sum inflicted or impoſed by this Act. Perſons offending a Second time, to pay double.

VIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Perſon and Perſons who ſhall be guilty of any Offence or Offences contrary to the true intent and meaning of this Act, or any other Act relating to Alamodes or Luſtrings, ſhall and may be proſecuted for any ſuch Offence or Offences, in any Action, Suit or Information, and thereupon a Capias in the firſt Proceſs, ſpecifying the Sum of the Penalties ſued for, ſhall and may iſſue, and ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall be obliged to give good and ſufficient Bail and Security by natural-born Subjects, Perſons naturalized or Denizens, to the Officer ſerving or executing the Writ or Proceſs on or againſt him, her or them, to appear in the Court out of which ſuch Writ or Proceſs ſhall iſſue at the day of the Return of ſuch Writ or Proceſs, to anſwer ſuch Suit or Proſecution, and ſhall at the time of ſuch Appearance give ſufficient Bail or Security by ſuch Perſons, as aforeſaid, in the ſaid Court, to anſwer and pay all the Forfeitures and Penalties incurred for ſuch Offence or Offences, in caſe he, ſhe or they ſhall be convict thereof, or to yield his, her or their Bodies to Priſon. Perſons guilty, obliged to give Security to the Officer, to appear in Court.

IX. And for the Incouragement and better Enabling all ſuch (whether Officers of the Cuſtoms or others) that ſhall effectually put this Act in execution, it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the Penalties and Forfeitures hereby or by any former Law relating to Alamodes or Luſtrings given or impoſed, or which ſhall ariſe or accrue in reſpect thereof, or for the importing, conveying, delivering, receiving, buying or ſelling of any Alamodes or Luſtrings, ſhall be diſtributed and divided in manner following, (that is to ſay) Two third parts thereof to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the remaining Third part to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall ſeize or ſue for the ſame; the Charge of which Suit and Proſecution ſhall be born by his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, out of his Majeſties part of the ſaid Forfeitures and Penalties; any Law, Statute, Cuſtom or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding: And further, That it ſhall and may be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons to ſue for and proſecute, and to recover the Forfeitures and Penalties inflicted or impoſed by this preſent Act, or by any other Act relating to Alamodes or Luſtrings, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of his Majeſties Courts of Record at Weſtminſter, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection, Privilege, or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed, nor more than one Imparlance; and that all and every Perſon and Perſons that ſhall ſeize or ſtay any of the ſaid Silks, or proſecute any of the Offences or Offenders againſt this or any other Act relating to Alamodes or Luſtrings, may lay his or their Information or Action, and try the ſame in ſuch Place or Places, and uſe ſuch and the like method and courſe of Proceedings, in proſecuting and condemning of the ſaid Silks, as are, have been, or may be uſed Forfeitures, how to be diſpoſed. Two thirds to his Majeſty, and One third to the Seizor clear of Charges How to be recovered.

in

in or about the seizing, condemning or prosecuting of any Goods or Commodities for Non-payment of Customs or other Duties, or any Person or Persons for offending against any of the Laws or Statutes relating to the Customs.

Security to be given by the Claimer, to answer the Penalties,

X. And for the avoiding of Fraud and Delay in prosecuting to Condemnation such Silks seized, as aforesaid, by entring vexatious Claims thereto, Be it further Enacted, That before any Person or Persons shall be admitted to enter a Claim to any of the said Silks, he, she or they shall be obliged to give good and sufficient Security by Recognizance, to be entred into before one of the Barons of the Court of Exchequer, or some Judge of the Court where such Claim shall be entred, to answer and pay the Penalties and Forfeitures incurred by virtue of this Act, with full Costs of Suit, upon a Trial or other Determination in Law, a Verdict shall pass, or Judgment shall be entred for the Plaintiff; and in case Default shall be made in giving such Security within the time limited by the Rules of the Court for entring Claims, then the said Goods shall be adjudged forfeited, and Judgment entred accordingly.

otherwise the Goods forfeited.

This Act to be adjudged a General Law.

XI. And for the preventing of Disputes touching this Act, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the same, and every Clause and Thing therein contained, shall be deemed, adjudged and taken to be a General Law; and that it shall not be needful to shew or set forth the same, or any Clause thereof in pleading; and that the same, and all and every Clause therein contained, shall be construed most largely and beneficially for the advantage of the Prosecutor, and for the preventing of all the Mischiefs and Abuses herein provided against: And further, That if any Person or Persons shall be sued, molested or prosecuted for any thing done by virtue and in pursuance of this Act, such Person and Persons shall and may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the special matter in Evidence; and if afterwards a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff shall discontinue his Action, or be Nonsuited, or Judgment shall be given against him upon Demurrer, or otherwise, then such Defendant or Defendants shall have treble Costs to him or them awarded against such Plaintiff.

Persons sued may plead the General Issue.

Informations to be brought within two Years.

XII. Provided always, That all Informations, Actions and Suits to be brought by any Informer for any Offence against this Act, shall be brought and commenced within Two Years after the Offence committed; any former Law to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Anno 9 & 10 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XLIV.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Raising a Sum not exceeding Two Millions, upon a Fond for Payment of Annuities, after the Rate of Eight Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, and for Settling the Trade to the *East-Indies*.

Masters of Ships to deliver Particulars of Salt, &c. Coastwise, to the Collectors, and make Oath.

XII. AND be it further Enacted, That all and every Master and Commander of any Ship or Vessel whatsoever, that from and after the said First day of July, One thousand six hundred ninety eight, shall Transport or carry any Salt, or Rock Salt, from one Port to another within this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, shall, before he or they have any Warrant for the Landing or Delivering of such Salt (by him Transported and carried on Shore in any Port) deliver to the Officers for Collecting the said Duties granted by this Act, in the said Port appointed to Receive the same, a true Particular of the Quantity so Transported and Carried, as aforesaid, Signed by the Officers for Collecting the said Duties granted by this Act, and by the Officers of the Customs of the Port from whence the said Ship or Vessel came; and then the Master or his Mate, or the Boatswain of such Ship or Vessel, shall make Oath before the Commissioners for Collecting the said Duties granted by this Act, or their Officers, some or one of them, (who are hereby Impowered to Administer the same) that to his knowledge there hath not been laid on Board, or taken into the said Ship or Vessel, any Salt since he or they came from such Port, as aforesaid: And in case such Ship or Vessel be to deliver one part of her Salt at one Port, and another part at another Port or Ports, that then the Officers for Collecting the said Duties and Officers of the Customs, when such part of the said Salt shall be delivered, shall certifie on the Backside of the Cocquet, Tranfire, or other Warrant, or else by Certificate alone, under the Hands and Seals of the Officers, how much, and what quantity of the Salt mentioned in the Cocquet, Tranfire, or other Warrant, from the Port from whence such Ship and Vessel came, hath been there Landed and Delivered, upon the Penalty of Forfeiting double the Value of the Salt that shall be otherwise delivered, and likewise Ten Shillings per Bushel, and after that Rate, as aforesaid.

Ships delivering part of their Lading of Salt at any Port, the Officers to certifie on the back of the *Transire*, &c.

Penalty.

No Fee to be taken for Debentures, &c. for Salt.

XIII. And be it further Enacted, That no Fee or Reward be had or taken for Making, Issuing or Granting any Debentures, Tickets, Warrants, or Licences, concerning the Duties upon Salt, but that the same be Made, Issued and Granted gratis, and without delay.

Allowances altred by 5 Geo. *cap.* 18.

Allowances to be made for Fish Exported, *viz.*

XIV. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for all such Fish hereafter mentioned, as shall be Exported from any Port or Place in this Kingdom, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, into Parts beyond the Seas, by any Person or Persons whatsoever, the Rates or Sums of Money hereafter expressed, shall by virtue of this Act be Allowed and Paid (over and above the Allowances for Fish by any former Acts now in being) that is to say,

Pilchards.

XV. For every Cask or Vessel of Pilchards or Scads, containing Fifty Gallons, which shall be so Exported after the said First day of July, One thousand six hundred ninety eight, and before the Five and twentieth day of December, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred ninety nine, the Sum of Twenty Shillings. And for every such Cask or Vessel of Pilchards or Scads, which shall be so Exported, after the Four and twentieth day of December, One thousand six hundred ninety nine, at any time or times whatsoever, the Sum of Eight and twenty Shillings, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser Quantity.

White Herring. XVI. For every Barrel of White Herring, which shall be Exported after the said First day of July, One thousand six hundred ninety eight, and before the Five and twentieth day of December, One thousand six hundred ninety nine, the Sum of Four shillings and Two pence. And for every such Barrel of White Herring, which shall be so Exported, at any time or times, after the Four and twentieth day of December, One thousand six hundred ninety nine, the Sum of Five Shillings and Ten pence, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser quantity of White Herrings.

Red Herring. XVII. For every Barrel of Red Herring, which shall be Exported after the said First day of July, One thousand six hundred ninety eight, and before the Five and twentieth day of December, One thousand six hundred ninety and nine, the Sum of Three shillings and Four pence. And for every Barrel of Red Herring, which shall be Exported at any time or times, after the Four and twentieth day of December, One thousand six hundred ninety nine, the Sum of Four shillings and Eight pence, and so proportionably for any greater or lesser quantity of Red Herrings.

Salmon. XVIII. For every Barrel of Salmon, which shall be Exported after the said First day of July, One thousand six hundred ninety eight, and before the Five and twentieth day of December, One thousand six hundred ninety and nine, the Sum of Eight shillings and Four pence. And for every Barrel of Salmon, which shall be Exported at any time or times, after the Four and twentieth day of December, One thousand six hundred ninety and nine, the Sum of Eleven shillings and Eight pence, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser quantity of Salmon.

Codfish, Ling or Hake. XIX. And for every Hundred of Codfish, Ling or Hake, which shall be Exported after the said First day of July, One thousand six hundred ninety eight, and before the Five and twentieth day of December, One thousand six hundred ninety and nine, the Sum of Five and twenty shillings. And for every Hundred of Codfish, Ling or Hake, which shall be Exported at any time or times, after the Four and twentieth day of December, One thousand six hundred ninety and nine, the Sum of Five and thirty shillings, and so proportionably for a greater or smaller Number or Quantity.

Dried Red Sprats. XX. For every Last of Dried Red Sprats, which shall be Exported after the said First day of July, One thousand six hundred ninety eight, the Sum of Six shillings and Eight pence, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser Quantity.

To be paid in in the Port from whence Exported. XXI. Which Allowances by this Act shall be paid by the Officer appointed to Collect the Duties upon Salt payable by this Act, in the same Port from whence any such Fish shall be Exported, within Thirty days after demand thereof, on a Debenture to be prepared by the Collector of the Customs, in the Port where such Fish shall be Entred out for Exportation, and verified by the Person executing the Office of Searcher in such Port, as to the quantity of Fish actually Shipped; And that the Oath of the Exporter or Agent be first taken before the principal Officers of the said Port, before the Debenture be allowed, who are hereby required and impowered to give the said Oath, That the Fish in such Debenture mentioned were English taken, and really Exported to Parts beyond the Seas, and not intended to be Relanded in England, Wales or Berwick; for which Debenture no Fee or Reward shall be taken: And in case the Officer hereby directed to pay such Debenture, shall not have sufficient Money in his Hands to pay the same, then upon Certificate thereof by him made (which Certificate he is hereby required to give the Party gratis, and without delay) the principal Commissioners for managing the Revenue of Excise of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for the time being, shall be Chargeable with the said Payment, to be made in course out of the first Money in their Hands arising out of the said Duties upon Salt; And any Officer neglecting or refusing to pay the said Money, or to give such Certificate, as is here directed, shall Forfeit double the Sum so to be paid to the Party grieved, to be Recovered by

On a Debenture to be prepared by the Collector of the Customs,

or on a Certificate by the Commissioners of Excise on Salt.

Penalty.

Action

Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed.

Officers to deliver Certificates of the Duty paid or secured on Salt *gratis*.

XXII. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall Export beyond the Seas, any Salt, as well Foreign as English, or any Rock Salt, the Officer of the Place where the said Salt was made, taken out of Pits, or Imported, and the Duty thereof paid or secured to be paid, shall, upon demand, deliver gratis, and without delay, a Certificate under his Hand and Seal, That the Duty imposed by this Act on such Salt, hath been duly paid or secured to be paid; and then the Officer of the Place where the Salt is Exported, upon producing the said Certificate, and Oath made of Shipping off the said Salt, and of its not being Relanded in England or Wales, shall give a Debenture under his Hand, without Delay, Fee or Reward, for Repayment of the said Duty; which being produced to the Officer of the Place where the Duty on the said Salt shall have been paid or secured to be paid, such Security shall be discharged, and all and every Sum and Sums of Money, paid for the Duty of the said Salt by this Act, shall be Repaid upon demand, by the said Officer without Fee or Reward.

If any Salt after the Duty has been Repaid, be Landed before the Duty be again paid, Persons offending Forfeit double the Value, and 10 *s.* a Bushel.

XXVII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any of the Salt, for which the Duty shall have been Repaid or Discharged upon the Exportation thereof, as is herein before directed, shall (by Fraud or otherwise) be Landed in England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, before the Duty be again paid, and such Entry, and all other Things performed, as are herein before required, in case where any Foreign Salt is Imported, every Person so offending shall Forfeit double the Value (and after the Rate of Ten shillings per Bushel) of such Salt so Landed, and such other Penalties and Forfeitures as are herein Inflicted upon any Person, who shall Land any Foreign Salt contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act.

No Company or particular Person to Trade before Security given, that all Goods laden in the *East-Indies* shall be brought to *England*, without breaking Bulk,

Dangers of the Seas, *&c.* excepted.

Difficulties in Acceptance of Security, how determined.

Vide *the Act* 6 A. *cap.* 3.

LXVIII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted, That no Company or particular Person or Persons, who shall have a right, in pursuance of this Act, to Trade to the East-Indies, or other the Parts within the Limits aforesaid, shall be allowed to Trade thither, until sufficient Security shall be first given (which the Commissioners of the Customs in England, or any Three or more of them for the time being, are hereby authorized and required to take in the Name, and to the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors) That such Company or particular Persons shall cause all the Goods, Wares, Merchandizes and Commodities, which shall at any time or times afterwards, during the continuance of this Act, be laden by or for them, or any of them, or for their or any of their Accounts, in any Ship or Ships whatsoever, bound from the said East-Indies, or Parts within the Limits aforesaid, shall be brought (without breaking Bulk) to some Port of England or Wales, and there be unladen and put on Land (the Danger of the Seas, Enemies, Pirates, Constraints of Princes and Rulers, and Barratry of Seamen excepted:) And in case there be any Difficulty or Dispute in the Acceptance of any such Security, such Difficulty and Dispute shall and may be determined by the Lord Chief Baron, and other the Barons of the Coif of the Exchequer, or any of them, according to his or their best Judgment and Discretion; And that all Goods and Merchandizes belonging to the Company to be erected, as aforesaid, or any other Traders to the East-Indies, and which shall be Imported into England or Wales, as aforesaid, pursuant to this Act, shall by them respectively be sold openly and publickly by Inch of Candle, upon their respective Accounts, and not otherwise, upon pain that the same, or the Value thereof, shall be forfeited and lost, to wit, One moiety thereof to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other moiety thereof to any Person or Persons that will seize, inform or sue for the same, by Action of Debt or of the Case, Bill, Plaint or Information, as aforesaid.

And that all the Goods Imported be sold by Inch of Candle,

upon Forfeiture, or the Value thereof.

An Additional Duty of 5 *l. per Cent.* laid on all *East-India* Goods Imported by Persons pursuant to this Act.

LXXV. And the said Commons of England in Parliament assembled, for the Ends and Purposes in this Act expressed, have also given and granted unto his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the further Rates and Duties herein after mentioned. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for and upon all Goods, Wares and Merchandizes whatsoever of the Growth, Product or Manufacture of the East-Indies, or any other Countries or Places within the Limits aforesaid, to wit, beyond the said Cape to the Streights of Magellan, which from and after the said Nine and twentieth day of September, One thousand six hundred ninety eight, at any time or times, shall be imported or brought into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, by any Corporation, Person or Persons, trading within the Limits aforesaid, by virtue or in pursuance of this Act, there shall be yielded and paid to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, (over and above all other Duties payable for the same) a Duty after the rate of Five Pounds for every One hundred Pounds of the true and real Value of the said Goods; to be paid over from time to time to the said General Society of Subscribers and their Successors, or such Treasurer or Treasurers as such Society shall appoint to receive the same, unless a Company, upon the Desire of the Subscribers, or any of them, shall be erected, in pursuance of this Act, to trade with a Joint Stock, as aforesaid; and from and after the erecting or settling of such Company, then the said Duty of Five Pounds per Cent. shall be paid over to such Company, and their Successors, or to their Treasurer, to the end that the said General Society, and the said Company respectively, may out of the Produce of the said Duty of Five Pounds per Cent. maintain such Ambassadors or other Ministers, as his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors (at the nomination of the Trustees, Directors or Managers of or for the General Society aforesaid, or of such Company so to be Impowered to trade with a Joint Stock, as aforesaid, shall be pleased to send to any Emperour, Prince or State within the Parts aforesaid, and defray any other Extraordinary or Necessary Expences, in carrying on the said Trade; And if at any time or times there be an Overplus of the Produce of the said Duty, to dispose the same, from time to time, to and for the benefit of all the Members of the said General Society, until a Company to trade with a Joint Stock shall be erected, as aforesaid; and after such Company shall be erected, then to and for the benefit of all the Members thereof, according to their respective Shares or Interests in the Principal or Capital Stock of the same.

Repealed as to such Goods as shall be imported by the English *Company after* 29 Sept. 1714. vide 6 A. *cap.* 17.

To be paid over to the General Society, or such Companies as may be erected,

for maintaining Ambassadors, &c.

Overplus of the Duty to be disposed to the benefit of all the Members.

LXXVI. And for the better raising, levying and securing the said Duty, after the rate of Five Pounds in the Hundred, It is hereby further Enacted, That upon the Importation of any such Goods, as aforesaid, liable thereunto, an Entry or Entries thereof shall be made in the Custom-house where such Goods shall be Imported, and before the landing thereof the Importer or Importers of the same shall give Security (which the Commissioners or proper Officers of the Customs are hereby required and impowered to take) for payment of the said Duties, after the rate of Five pounds in the Hundred upon the said Goods, as soon as the same shall be sold, the Value thereof to be reckoned according to the gross Price at which such Goods shall be sold; and that in case any such Goods shall be landed or put on Shore out of any Ship or Vessel, before due Entry be made thereof at the Custom-house in the Port or Place where the same shall be Imported, and the Duties hereby imposed shall be secured, or without a Warrant for the landing or delivering of the same, first Signed by the Commissioners, Collectors, or other proper Officer or Officers of the Customs respectively, that all such Imported Goods as shall be so landed, or put on shore, or taken out of any Ship or Vessel, contrary to the true meaning hereof, or the Value of the same, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be recovered of the Importer or Proprietor thereof, (to wit) One moiety of the same to the use of his Majesty,

Security to be given before Landing, for payment of 5 *l. per Cent.*

Goods landed before the Duty secured, or without Warrant, forfeited.

jesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other moiety to the use of such Person or Persons as will seize the said Goods, or sue for the same, or the Value thereof, by Action, Bill, Suit or Information, as aforesaid.

The said Duty to be managed by the Commissioners of the Customs.

LXXVII. And it is hereby further Enacted, That the said Duty of Five pounds in the Hundred, shall be from time to time under the Management and Government of the Commissioners of the Customs for the time being, who shall cause the same to be raised, levied, collected and paid to the Hands of the Receiver or Receivers General of the Revenue of the Customs for the time being, and such Receiver or Receivers General for the time being, shall answer and pay over all the Monies arising thereby, (the necessary Charges of raising, collecting and answering the same only excepted) in such manner and for such purposes as are before in this Act appointed.

Upon 3 Years Notice, and Repayment by Parliament, then this Act to cease and determine.

Vide *the Acts* 6 A. *cap.* 17. 10 A. *cap.* 28.

LXXVIII. Provided always, and it is hereby Declared and Enacted, That at any time, upon Three Years Notice, after the Nine and twentieth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and eleven, upon Repayment by Parliament of the Sum of Two millions, or such part thereof as shall be paid or advanced, as aforesaid, unto the respective Subscribers and Contributors of the same, or to such Person or Persons as by, from or under them shall be entitled to the said Annuities or Shares of the said Yearly Fund or Capital Stock, in respect of the same, and of all Arrears of the said Annuities or Yearly Payments, then and from thenceforth as well the said Duties upon Salt and Rock-Salt, as the said Duties upon Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper, and also the said Yearly Fund charged thereupon, and the said Annuities issuing out of the same, and the said Duty of Five pounds in the Hundred for the said Imported Goods, and also all the Corporations to be erected by or in pursuance of this Act, and the Benefit of Trade hereby given, or intended to be given to them or any of them, shall absolutely cease and determine; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Persons who may trade pursuant to this Act, shall have the sole Trade to the *East-Indies*.

LXXX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That such Persons or Corporations as in pursuance of this Act shall have a Right and Power to trade to the East Indies, and other the Parts aforesaid, according to such Provisions, Proportions and Restrictions as are in this Act contained, and subject to the Condition or Power of Redemption before mentioned, from and after the said Nine and twentieth day of September, One thousand six hundred ninety eight, shall have, use and enjoy the whole and sole Trade and Traffick, and the only Liberty, Use and Privilege of trading, trafficking and exercising the Trade or Business of Merchandize to and from the said East-Indies, and to and from all the Islands, Ports, Havens, Cities, Towns and Places within the Limits before mentioned; and that the said East-Indies, or the Islands, Havens, Forts, Cities, Towns or Places within the Limits aforesaid, or any of them, shall not after the said Nine and twentieth day of September, One thousand six hundred ninety eight, be visited, frequented or haunted by any other of the Subjects of his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, during such time as the Benefit of Trade hereby given or intended to be given to the Subscribers, or others, as aforesaid, ought to continue by virtue of this Act: And if any of the Subjects of his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of what Degree or Quality soever they be, other than such as may lawfully go and trade to the East-Indies, and other the parts aforesaid, by virtue of this Act, and their Factors, Agents and Servants respectively, who shall be imployed according to the true meaning hereof, shall directly or indirectly visit, haunt, frequent, trade, traffick or adventure into or from the said East-Indies, or other the parts before mentioned, contrary to the true meaning hereof, all and every such Offender and Offenders shall incur the forfeiture and loss of all the Ships and Vessels which shall be imployed in such Trade, with the Guns, Tackle, Apparel and Furniture thereunto belonging, and also all the Goods and

Vide *the Act* 5 Geo. *cap.* 21.

Any Persons trading to the *East-Indies*, other than such as may by this Act, shall forfeit Ship, Goods, and double the Value thereof.

and Merchandize laden thereupon, and all the Proceed and Effects of the same, and also double the Value thereof, (to wit) One fourth Part thereof to such Person or Persons as will seize, inform or sue for the same, to be recovered in any Court of Record, as aforesaid, and the other Three fourth Parts to the use of the said General Society, until a Company shall be erected, as aforesaid, and after the erecting thereof, (if any such be) then to the use of the said Company, without Account, the Charges of Prosecution being born by the said Society or Company.

How to be disposed of.

Anno 9 & 10 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XLV.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Taking away half the Duties Imposed on Glass Wares, and the whole Duties lately laid on Stone, and Earthen Wares, and Tobacco Pipes; and for Granting (in lieu thereof) new Duties upon Whale Fins, and *Scotch* Linen.

For Eight Years.

II. AND be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Tenth day of July, One thousand six hundred ninety eight, there shall be Answered and Paid to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for and during the term of Eight Years from thence next ensuing, for and upon all Whale-Fins and Scotch Linens, herein after mentioned, as shall be Imported or Brought into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, (over and above all Impositions, Duties and Charges already Imposed and Payable upon and for the same, by the Book of Rates, or otherwise) the further Rates and Duties following (that is to say,)

Whale-Fins of *Greenland* 3 *d. per* pound;

of other places 6 *d. per* pound.

III. For all Whale-Fins that are or shall be Taken, Caught and Imported in and by any Ships or Vessels whatsoever, of or belonging to the Company Established for the Greenland Trade, the Sum of Three pence for every Pound Weight thereof; and after that Rate for a greater or lesser Quantity. And for all Whale-Fins which are or shall be Taken, Caught or Imported by Foreigners, or by any Ships or Vessels not belonging to the said Company, the Sum of Six pence for every Pound Weight thereof; and after that Rate for a greater or lesser Quantity; to be paid by the Importer or Importers of the same.

Altered as to Whale-Fins of the English *Plantations by* 10 W. 3. *c.* 21. §. 31.

Scotch Linen.

Scotch Linen called Ticking.

IV. For all Linen of the Manufacture of Scotland, commonly called by the Name of Twill, which shall be Imported or Brought in, as aforesaid, the Sum of Ten shillings for every Hundred, containing One hundred and twenty Ells; And for all Linen of the Manufacture of Scotland, commonly called by the Name of Ticking, which shall be Imported or Brought in, as aforesaid, the Sum of Six shillings and Eight pence for every Hundred, containing One hundred and twenty Ells; and after those Rates for any greater or lesser Quantity; to be also paid by the Importer or Importers of the same.

Repealed by the Act of Union, 5 A. *cap.* 8.

Security to be given for Payment at 12 Months by 4 equal Payments.

Or be allowed Discount after the Rate of 10 *l. per Cent.* for ready Money.

V. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for the Additional Duties hereby Imposed upon the aforementioned Goods, the Importer giving Security at the Custom-House, shall have time, not exceeding Twelve Months, for the Payment of the same, from the Importation, to be paid by four equal and quarterly Payments; or in case such Importer shall pay ready Money, he shall have after the Rate of Ten pounds per Cent. of the said Duty for a Year abated to him; and if the Goods and Merchandizes aforementioned, Imported, as aforesaid, for which the Duties hereby Granted shall be paid or secured at the Importation thereof, be again Exported by any Merchant English within Twelve Months, or by Strangers within Nine Months after the Importation,

tation, Then the aforesaid Duty shall be wholly repaid, or Security vacated as to what shall be so Exported. Drawback.

IX. And it is hereby further Enacted, That upon the Importation of any Whale-Fins, Scotch Linen or Tickings hereby Charged, as aforesaid, an Entry or Entries thereof shall be made in the Custom-house where such Goods shall be Imported; and in Case any such Goods shall be Landed or put on Shore, out of any Ship or Vessel, before due Entry be made, as aforesaid, and the Duties hereby imposed thereupon, shall be paid or secured, or without a Warrant for the Landing or Delivering the same, first Signed by the Commissioners, Collectors, or other proper Officer or Officers of the Customs respectively, then all such Imported Goods as shall be so Landed or put on Shore, or taken out of any Ship or Vessel, contrary to the true meaning hereof, or the value of the same, shall be Forfeited and Lost, and shall and may be Recovered of the Importer or Proprietor thereof, (to wit) one Moiety of the said Forfeitures to the use of the King, and the other Moiety to the use of such Person or Persons as will Seize the said Goods, or Sue for the same, or the Value thereof, by Action, Bill, Suit or Information, as aforesaid. Whale-Fins Landed without Warrant, Forfeited.

X. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Duties hereby granted and payable for Whale-Fins, and such Scotch Linen, as aforesaid, shall be from time to time under the Management and Government of the Commissioners of the Customs for the time being, who shall cause the same to be Raised, Levied, Collected and Paid to the Hands of the Receiver or Receivers General of the Revenue of the Customs for the time being: And such Receiver or Receivers General, shall from time to time bring the Produce thereof (the necessary Charges of Raising and Answering the same only Excepted) into the Receipt of the Exchequer: And that the Officers of the said Receipt of Exchequer for the time being, to whom it shall Appertain, shall from time to time, Issue, Pay and Apply, as well the said Duties upon Whale-Fins, and such Scotch Linens, as aforesaid, arising by this Act; as also such part of the said Duties upon Glass and Glass Wares, as is not taken away by this Act, to and for the Payment and Satisfaction of such Principal and Interest Monies, whereunto the whole Duties upon Glass and Earthen Wares and Tobacco Pipes, by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in Force, ought to have been Applied, if this present Act had never been made; and that in such Order and Form, and under the like Penalties and Forfeitures, as by any such Act or Acts now in force are or were provided or prescribed for the Issuing, Paying and Applying of the said whole Duties upon Glass and Earthen Wares, and Tobacco Pipes; any thing in this Act, or any former Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding. Duties to be managed by the Commissioners of the Customs.

Anno 10 & 11 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. III.

An Act to Prohibit the Exportation of any Corn, Malt, Meal, Flour, Bread, Biscuit, or Starch, for One Year, from the Tenth day of *February*, One thousand six hundred ninety eight. EXP.

Anno 10 & 11 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. IV.

An Act to Prohibit the Excessive Distilling of Spirits and Low Wines from Corn, and against the Exporting of Beer and Ale, and to prevent Frauds in Distillers. EXP.

Anno

Anno 10 & 11 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. VI.

A Clauſe in an Act, Intituled, An Act to Inlarge the Trade to *Ruſſia.*

Commiſſioners of Cuſtoms to give account of *Ruſſia* Naval Stores to the Parliament at every Seſſion.

IV. AND be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Commiſſioners of his Majeſties Cuſtoms, ſhall at every Seſſion of Parliament lay before both Houſes, a true Account in Writing under their Hands, of what Naval Stores ſhall have been Imported into this Kingdom, by any Perſons Trading to Ruſſia.

Anno 10 & 11 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. X.

An Act to Prevent the Exportation of Wooll out of the Kingdoms of *Ireland* and *England* into Foreign parts; and for the Incouragement of the Woollen Manufactures in the Kingdom of *England.*

Preamble.

FOraſmuch as Woll and the Woollen Manufactures of Cloth, Serge, Bays, Kerſeys, and other Stuffs made or mixed with Woll, are the greateſt and moſt profitable Commodities of this Kingdom, on which the Value of Lands, and the Trade of the Nation, do chiefly depend: And whereas great Quantities of the like Manufactures have of late been made, and are daily increaſing in the Kingdom of Ireland, and in the Engliſh Plantations in America, and are Exported from thence to Foreign Markets, heretofore ſupplied from England, which will inevitably ſink the Value of Lands, and tend to the ruine of the Trade, and the Woollen Manufactures of this Realm: For the Prevention whereof, and for the Incouragement of the Woollen Manufactures within this Kingdom, Be it Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, from and after the Four and twentieth day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety nine, ſhall directly or indirectly Export, Tranſport, Ship off, Carry or Convey, or Cauſe or Procure to be Exported, Tranſported, Shipped off, Carried or Conveyed out of or from the ſaid Kingdom of Ireland, into any Foreign Realm, States or Dominions, or into any Parts or Places whatſoever, other than the Parts within the Kingdom of England, or the Dominion of Wales, any the Woll, Woll-Fells, Shortlings, Mortlings, Woll-Flocks, Worſted, Bay, or Woollen Yarn, Cloth, Serge, Bays, Kerſeys, Says, Frizes, Druggets, Cloth-Serges, Shallons, or any other Drapery, Stuffs or Woollen Manufactures whatſoever, made up or mixed with Woll or Woll Flocks; or ſhall directly or indirectly Load, or cauſe to be Loaden upon any Horſe, Cart, or other Carriage, or Load or Lay on Board, or cauſe to be Laden or Laid on Board in any Ship or Veſſel, in any Place or Parts within or belonging to the ſaid Kingdom of Ireland, any ſuch Woll, Woll-Fells, Shortlings, Mortlings, Woll-Flocks, Worſted, Bay or Woollen Yarn, Cloth, Bays, Kerſeys, Serges, Says, Frizes, Druggets, Cloth-Serges, Shallons, or any other Drapery or Woollen Manufactures, to the intent or purpoſe to Export, Tranſport, Ship off, Carry or Convey the ſame, or cauſe the ſame to be Exported, Tranſported, Shipped off, Carried or Conveyed out of the ſaid Kingdom of Ireland, or out of any Port or Place belonging to the ſame,

No Perſon ſhall Export out of *Ireland* into Foreign Parts, except *England*, Wooll, Wooll-Fells, Shortlings, *&c.*

ſame, or with intent or purpoſe, that any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhould ſo Export, Tranſport, Ship off, Carry or Convey the ſame out of the ſaid Kingdom of Ireland, into any Ports or Places (except as aforeſaid.)

II. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every of the Offender and Offenders, Offence and Offences aforeſaid, ſhall be ſubject and liable to the reſpective Pains, and Penalties, and Forfeitures hereafter following, (that is to ſay) The ſaid Wooll, Wooll Fells, Shortlings, Worſtlings, Wooll-Flocks, Worſted, Bay, or Woollen Yarn, Cloth, Serge, Bays, Kerſeys, Says, Frizes, Druggets, Cloth-Serges, Shallons, or any other Draperies, Stuffs, or any other Manufactures, made of or mixed with Wooll or Wooll-Flocks, ſo Exported, Tranſported, Shipped off, or Carried, Conveyed or Loaden, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this Act, ſhall be Forfeited; and that every of the Offender and Offenders therein, ſhall likewiſe Forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds for every ſuch Offence; and all and every Ship, Veſſel, Barge, Boat, or other Bottom whatſoever, wherein any of the ſaid Commodities are or ſhall be Shipped or Laid on Board, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this Act, ſhall be Forfeited, with all her Tackle, Apparel and Furniture to them and every of them belonging; and the Maſters and Mariners thereof, or any Porters, Carriers, Waggoners, Boatmen, or other Perſons whatſoever, knowing ſuch Offence, and wittingly aiding and aſſiſting therein, ſhall forfeit Forty Pounds; of which one Moiety ſhall be to him or them that ſhall Sue for the ſame by Bill, Plaint or Information in any of his Majeſties Courts of Record in England or Ireland, and the other Moiety thereof to the Incouragement of Setting up the Linen Manufactures in Ireland, to be diſpoſed of by the Court of Exchequer there for that uſe only; in which Suit no Eſſoign, Protection or Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance ſhall be allowed.

Under the Penalties, and Forfeitures following, viz.

Loſs of the Goods and 500 *l.* as alſo the Ship, Veſſel, Boat, &c.

Perſon aſſiſting to forfeit 40 *l.*

Where and how to be proſecuted and diſpoſed of.

III. And to prevent evading the Penalties of this Act, by pretention of Proſecution or Acquittals in Ireland, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Acquittal nor any Indictment, Information or Suit (unleſs the Offender be thereupon Convicted) in Ireland, for any Offence provided againſt in this Act, ſhall be pleaded or allowed in Bar or Delay of any Indictment, Information, Suit or Proſecution within the Kingdom of England.

Acquittals in *Ireland* no Bar to Proſecutions here.

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be Lawful to and for any Perſon or Perſons to ſeize, take, ſecure and convey to his Majeſties next Warehouſe all ſuch Wooll, Wooll-Fells, Shortlings, Worſtlings, Wooll-Flocks, Worſted, Bay, or Woollen Yarn, Cloth, Serges, Bays, Kerſeys, Says, Frizes, Druggets, Cloth-Serges, Shallons, Stuffs, and other Draperies and Woollen Manufactures, or mixed with Wooll or Wooll-Flocks, as he or they ſhall happen to ſee, find, know or diſcover to be laid on Board in any Ship, Veſſel or Boat, or to be brought, carried or laid on Shore, at or near the Sea, or any Navigable River or Water, to the intent or purpoſe to be Exported or Conveyed out of the ſaid Kingdom of Ireland, contrary to the true meaning of this Act, or to be Laden upon any Horſe, Cart or other Carriage, to the intent or purpoſe to be Exported, Conveyed or Carried into any Foreign Parts or Places, contrary to the true intent and meaning hereof; And alſo that it ſhall and may be Lawful to and for any Perſon and Perſons to Seize and Secure all and every ſuch Ship, Hulk, Veſſel, Barge or Boat, of what kind ſoever or whereſoever found or diſcovered, wherein any of the aforeſaid Commodities ſhall happen to be Shipped or put on Board, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this Act; and that ſuch Perſon or Perſons that ſhall happen ſo to ſeize, take or ſecure any of the Commodities aforeſaid, or any ſuch Ship, Veſſel, Hulk, Barge or Boat, as aforeſaid, ſhall be Indemnified for ſo doing, to all intents and purpoſes.

Any Perſon may Seize and bring to his Majeſties Warehouſe ſuch Wooll, &c.

As alſo Seize the Ship, &c.

And ſuch Seizor Indemnified.

Bond to be given in *Ireland* to bring the Wooll, &c. to *England*.

V. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for every Ship or Vessel, which from and after the said Four and twentieth day of June, shall set out and sail from the said Kingdom of Ireland, in order to export or carry off any of the Commodities aforesaid to this Kingdom, Bond shall be given by Two sufficient Persons, known Inhabitants of, and residing in or near the place where the Bond is or shall be given, to the Chief Officers of the Customs, belonging to the said Port or Place in the said Kingdom of Ireland, from whence the said Ship or Vessel shall set sail, in double the value of any the aforesaid Goods intended to be transported, as aforesaid, before the said Ship or Vessel shall be permitted to lade on Board any of the Commodities aforesaid, with Condition that if the said Ship or Vessel shall lade or take on Board any of the said Goods in the Kingdom of Ireland, that then and in such case all the said Goods shall be brought by the same Ship or Vessel, to some Port or Ports within the Kingdom of England, or the Dominion of Wales, as aforesaid, and shall there unlade or put on shore the same, and pay the Custom and Duties thereof, (the danger of the Seas only excepted;) and that every Ship or Vessel, which shall lade or take on Board any of the said Goods, until such Bond be given, shall be forfeited, to be recovered and imployed in manner, as aforesaid.

The Ship taking in the said Goods before Bond given forfeited.

A Register to be kept in the Port of *London* of the said Goods, &c.

VI. And for the more effectual Execution of the Powers granted by this Act, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That a Register be kept at the Custom-house in London, of all the aforesaid Goods, from time to time, imported from Ireland, into any of the Ports within this Kingdom, or Dominion of Wales, with the particular Qualities and Quantities thereof, the Master and Owners Names, and to whom consigned.

Cockets and Warrants and Certificates to be written on Paper, and signed by Three Chief Officers.

VII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Cockets and Warrants for the carrying or transporting of any of the aforesaid Goods, from the Kingdom of Ireland, to any Port or Ports aforesaid, within this Kingdom, shall be written upon Paper, and not Parchment, and signed by Three of the Chief Officers of such respective Port at least, and all Certificates of landing the same in any the Ports aforesaid, within this Kingdom, or Dominion of Wales, shall be signed in like manner; and that all the Goods aforesaid, both at shipping and landing, shall be viewed and examined by the Surveyor or Searcher, or Land-waiter, attending the Shipping or Discharge of any the aforesaid Goods; and that the exact Quantities and Qualities, Marks and Numbers of the Goods aforesaid, so shipped in Ireland, shall be particularly expressed and indorsed upon the Cocket, by which the said Goods are or were to be shipped, and likewise upon the Warrant for landing the same in England, and also upon the Certificate or Certificates, given or to be given, for discharging the Bond or Bonds taken in Ireland, for the same.

The Goods to be viewed.

Quantities, Qualities, &c. to be expreſt upon the Cocket, and Certificates of discharge.

An Account to be transmitted from *Ireland* of the Goods and Bonds every six months to the Commissioners of the Customs in *England*.

VIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Commissioners of the Revenue, or Farmers of the Customs, or of the Revenue of the Kingdom of Ireland, for the time being, shall, from time to time, and at all times hereafter, once within every Six Months, or within Thirty Days after the end thereof, transmit or cause to be transmitted unto the Commissioners, or Farmers of his Majesties Customs in England, of all such Goods, as aforesaid, as shall, from time to time, be Exported from the said Kingdom of Ireland, the Qualities and Quantities thereof, and Duplicates of the Bonds taken for lading the same, and by whom, and in what Ships Exported, and where, and to what Port in the Kingdom of England, or Dominion of Wales, Consigned, and the Names of the Persons signing the Certificates of the landing the same in England, and the date of the said Certificates, and where the same are or were laden, and also of the Qualities and Quantities, Marks and Numbers contained in the said Certificates, in order that the same may be compared with the Registred Account, appointed by this Act to be kept by the Commissioners or Farmers of the Customs of this Kingdom.

IX. And

IX. And for preventing the mischief of Razing, Obliterating or Interlining such Certificates, as aforesaid, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all such Certificates shall be written upon Paper, and not Parchment, and that the Quantities and Qualities, Marks and Numbers therein expresst, shall not be Obliterated or Interlined, upon any pretence whatsoever.

Certificates to be written on Paper, and not interlined, &c.

X. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all such Goods, as aforesaid, as shall, from time to time, be Exported from the said Kingdom of Ireland, into the Ports of this Kingdom, or Dominion of Wales, in manner as aforesaid, shall be Shipped off, and Entred at the Ports of Dublin, Waterford, Youghall, Kingsale, Cork and Drogheda, in the said Kingdom of Ireland, and at or from no other Port or Place within the said Kingdom; nor shall the same be Imported into any parts of the Kingdom of England, or Dominion of Wales, other than the Ports of Biddiford, Barnstable, Minhead, Bridgewater, Bristol, Milford-Haven, Chester, and Leverpool; any thing in this Act to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Ports of *Ireland* for Exportation

And from New-Ross, *by the* 4 A. *cap.* 7.

Ports of *England* for Importation.

XI. And to the intent and purpose that this Act may more effectually be put in Execution, for preventing the growing mischiefs that daily do or may arise to this Kingdom, from the Exportation of such Goods, as aforesaid, or any of them, out of the Kingdom of Ireland, should the same still be suffered to be sent from thence to supply the Foreign Markets, that are or have been supplied from England, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Commissioner or Commissioners, Farmer or Farmers of the Revenue of Ireland, or Officer or Officers imployed under them in the Management of the said Revenue there, shall, from and after the said Four and twentieth day of June, take, or suffer to be taken any Entry outward, or sign any Cocket, Warrant or Sufferance, for the Shipping and Exporting any such Goods, as aforesaid, into any Kingdom, State or Dominion whatsoever (except as aforesaid) or shall wittingly or willingly permit, contrive or suffer the same to be done directly or indirectly, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this Act, that then, and in every such case, such Commissioner or Commissioners, Farmer or Farmers, Officer or Officers, so offending in the signing such Cocket, Warrant or Sufferance for the Shipping or Exporting any of the said Goods into any other Kingdom, State or Dominion or Place whatsoever (except as aforesaid) or passing such Entry for the same, or any wise conniving thereat, contrary to the true intent and meaning hereof, or shall otherwise fail or neglect to perform all other Duties required by this present Act, shall, for every such Offence or Neglect, forfeit his Office, and shall moreover for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, to be recovered and imployed in manner and form, as aforesaid.

Commissioner, Farmer, or Officer, &c. of *Ireland* offending against this Act,

Forfeits Office and 500 *l.*

XII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Offence which shall be done or committed, contrary to this Act, shall and may be inquired of, tried, heard and determined in the County where any such Goods, as aforesaid, shall be so laden or put on board, as aforesaid, or else in the County, either in England or Ireland, where such Offender shall happen to be apprehended or arrested for such Offence, or where any such of the Goods aforesaid, or the said Ship or Ships, Vessels, Hulks, Barks or Boats shall happen to be seized or taken, or brought in, and that the said Tryal shall be in such manner and form, and in such effect, to all intents and purposes, as if the same Offence had been wholly done and committed in the same County.

Offences where to be tried.

XIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Action, Bill, Plaint, Suit or Information shall be commenced or prosecuted against any Person, for what he shall do in pursuance of this Act, such Person so sued, shall and may File a Common Bail, or Enter into a Common Appearance, and Plead the General Issue, Not Guilty, and upon Issue joyned, may give this Act, and the special matter in Evidence, and if the Plaintiff or Prosecutor shall become Nonsuit, or suffer Discontinuance, or

Persons Sued may plead the General Issue.

if a Verdict pass against him, or if upon Demurrer, Judgment pass against him, the Defendant shall recover treble Costs and Damages for the molestation.

Woll, &c. may be transported from *Dublin*, &c. into such Ports of *England*, as aforesaid, notice being first given to the Commissioners, or Officers of the Customs in this Kingdom,

XIV. And for the further Incouragement of the Woollen Manufactures of *England*, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful, from and after the said Four and twentieth day of June, to Import from the said Ports of Dublin, Waterford, Youghall, Kingsale, Cork and Drogheda, in the Kingdom of Ireland, any Woll, Woll Fells, Shortlings, Yorklings, Woll-Flocks, Worsted, Bay, or Woollen Yarn, Cloth, Serges, Bays, Kerseys, Frizes, Duggets, Shalons, Stuffs, Cloth Serges, or any other Drapery made of or mixed with Woll, or Woll-Flocks, and Manufactured in the Kingdom of Ireland, into such Ports of this Kingdom or Dominion of Wales only, as aforesaid, so as notice be first given to the Commissioners, or Chief Managers of his Majesties Customs in this Kingdom, or to the Chief Customer or Collector, in the Port to which the same is intended to be brought, of the Quantity, Quality and Package, together with the Marks and Numbers thereof, with the name of the Ship and Master or Commander, on which the said Goods are to be laden, and the Place or Port into which they are intended to be Imported, and so as Bond be first entred into, to the use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, with one or more sufficient Sureties, in treble the value of the goods so intended to be Imported, that the same shall (the dangers of the Seas excepted) be landed accordingly, and so as a Licence be also first taken, under the hands of the Commissioners, or Chief Managers of the Customs for the time being, or Three of them, or from the Chief Customer or Collector where such Bond is given, for the Landing and Importing thereof, as aforesaid; which Licence they are hereby Authorized and Required to Grant, without any Fee or Reward, or any other charge to the Person demanding the same; any Law, Statute, or Usage to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

so as Bond be first given and Licence granted, without Fee.

Penalty of the Bonds not to be assigned over.

XV. And for the more effectual preventing the Transportation of Woll, Woll-Fells, Shortlings, Yorklings or Woll-Flocks, Worsted, Bay, or Woollen Yarn, or any Manufactures of Woll or Woll-Flocks, or mixed with the same, into Foreign Parts: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Penalties and Forfeitures of the Bonds, which by this Act or any other former Law or Usage are to be given, or have been given in the Kingdom of Ireland, for any Woll, or any of the Commodities aforesaid, intented to be Exported from that Kingdom, to be brought into the Ports of this Kingdom, or Dominion of Wales, as aforesaid, shall not, on any consideration whatsoever, be granted or assigned over to any Person whatsoever; and that all such Grants or Assignments are and shall be void to all intents and purposes; any Law, Usage or Statute to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Admiralty to appoint cruizers on the coasts of *England* and *Ireland*,

with Orders to seize Ships, &c. with Wooll.

A List of the Cruisers, &c. to be given to the Commissioners of the Customs in *London*.

XVI. And for the better preventing the Exportation of Woll out of this Kingdom or Ireland, into Foreign Parts, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Lord High Admiral of England, or Commissioners for executing the Office of High Admiral for the time being, shall direct and appoint Two Ships of the Fifth Rate, and Two Ships of the Sixth Rate, and Eight Armed Sloops, constantly to cruize on the coast of England and Ireland, particularly between the North of Ireland and Scotland, with Orders to take and seize all Ships, Vessels and Boats which shall Export any Woll, with intent to carry it into Foreign Parts; and that the Lord High Admiral, or Commissioners, as aforesaid, shall send a List of all such Ships and Sloops, and the Names of the Commanders, together with true Copies of their several Instructions that are or shall be given, to the Commissioners of the Customs in London, within Ten days after such Orders, as aforesaid, are or shall be given.

XVII. And

XVII. And for the Incouragement of the Commanders and Mariners belonging to the Ships and Sloops aforesaid, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Wooll, Ships, Vessels or Boats that shall be so seized or taken, shall be forfeited, and all such Wooll shall be lodged in the Kings Ware house, in such Port where it is or shall be taken or seized, or into which it shall be brought, until it shall be condemned according to Law; and being so condemned, shall be exposed publikly to Sale, after One and twenty days, publick Notice being given in writing at the Custom house of the said Port, and on the Royal Exchange of London, by Inch of Candle, to the last and best bidder; and all Ships, Vessels or Boats that shall be so seized and condemned, as aforesaid, shall, together with all their Guns, Tackle, Furniture and Apparel, be exposed to Sale in like manner: And that One fourth Part of the produce of the Wooll, Ships, Vessels and Boats so sold, as aforesaid, shall be to the Commander; One other fourth Part to the Officers of the Ship or Ships, Sloop or Sloops that took the same; One other fourth Part to the Mariners belonging to such Ship, Vessel, or Sloop, to be equally divided and paid amongst the said Mariners, by the Collectors of the said Port, or such Person or Persons as shall be Authorized to pay the same; and the other fourth Part thereof to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, after a deduction made out of the last fourth Part of all the Charges of Prosecution and Condemnation.

Wooll and Ships, &c. so seized and condemned,

to be sold by Inch of Candle.

Forfeitures how to be disposed.

By whom.

XVIII. And for preventing of all Composition or Confederacy by any Commander of any Ship, Vessel or Sloop, with any Person whatsoever concerned in such Wooll or Ship, Vessel or Boat, as aforesaid, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Commander of such Ship or Sloop, neglecting his Duty by this Act required, or compounding for any Wooll, Ship, Vessel or Boat, as aforesaid, or conniving at the Exportation of any Wooll, shall lose and forfet all Pay and Wages due to him or them, and suffer Six months Imprisonment, and be for ever incapable of serving his Majesty in any Office in the Navy.

Commander neglecting his Duty, or compounding for any Wooll, &c.

Penalty.

XIX. And for the more effectual Incouragement of the Woollen Manufacture of this Kingdom, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First day of December, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred ninety nine, no Wooll, Wooll Fells, Shortlings, Mortlings, Wooll-Flocks, Worsted, Bay, or Woollen Yarn, Cloth, Serge, Bays, Kerseys, Says, Frizes, Druggets, Cloth-Serges, Shalons, or any other Drapery, Stuffs or Woollen Manufactures whatsoever, made or mixt with Wooll or Wooll Flocks, being of the Product or Manufacture of any of the English Plantations in America, shall be loaden or laid on Board in any Ship or Vessel, in any Place or Parts within any of the said English Plantations, upon any Pretence whatsoever; as likewise, That no such Wooll, Wooll-Fells, Shortlings, Mortlings, Wooll-Flocks, Worsted, Bay, or Woollen Yarn, Cloth, Serge, Bays, Kerseys, Says, Frizes, Druggets, Cloth-Serges, Shalons or any other Drapery, Stuffs or Woollen Manufactures whatsoever, made up or mixt with Wooll or Wooll-Flocks, being of the Product or Manufacture of any of the English Plantations in America, as aforesaid, shall be loaden upon any Horse, Cart or other Carriage, to the intent and purpose to be exported, transported, carried or conveyed out of the said English Plantations, to any other of the said Plantations, or to any other place whatsoever, upon the same and like Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures, to and upon all and every the Offender and Offenders herein, within all and every of the said English Plantations respectively, as are prescribed and provided by this Act for the like Offences committed within the Kingdom of Ireland; and all Governors or Commanders in chief of the said respective Plantations, as also all Officers imployed in the Customs, or other Branches of his Majesties Revenue there, are hereby authorized, charged and required to take effectual care, that the true intent and meaning of this Act, so

No Wooll, Wooll-Fells, &c. of the *English* Plantations in *America*, to be laden on board any Ship on any pretence whatsoever:

Nor to be loaden on any Horse, Cart, &c. with intent to Export.

Penalty.

Governors, &c. to put this Act in execution.

so far forth as it relates to the said respective Plantations, be duly put in execution.

Offences, how and where to be prosecuted.

XX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Person and Persons, who after the said Four and twentieth day of June, shall be guilty of any Offence or Offences, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this or any other Act of Parliament made for the preventing the Exportation of Wool, shall and may be prosecuted for any such Offence or Offences by Action, Suit or Information, in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, and thereupon a Capias shall and may issue the First Process, specifying the Sum of the Penalty sued for; and such Person or Persons shall be obliged to give good and sufficient Bail and Security, by Natural born Subjects or Denizens, to the Officer serving or executing such Process against him or them, to appear in the Court out of which such Capias shall issue, at the Day of the Return of such Writ, to answer such Suit or Prosecution, and shall likewise at the time of such Appearance, give sufficient Bail or Security by such Persons, as aforesaid, in the said Court, to answer and pay the Forfeitures and Penalties incurred for such Offence or Offences, in case he, she or they shall be convict thereof, or to yield his, her or their Bodies to Prison.

The person sued to give Bail to answer the Suit,

and to pay the Penalties incurred.

Lord Lieutenant or Lords Justices of *Ireland*, to give Direction in Council, that the Judges in their Circuits give this Act in charge at the Assizes.

XXI. Provided also, and it is hereby further Enacted, That after the Nine and twentieth day of September, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred ninety nine, the Lord Lieutenant, Lord Deputy, or Lords Justices for the time being for the Kingdom of Ireland, or any of them, are hereby required to give Direction in Council, that this Act shall be given in Charge by the several Judges of the Kingdom of Ireland, at all the Assizes that shall be held in that Kingdom, to the end that this Act may be strictly put in execution, according to the true intent and meaning thereof; which said Judges are hereby impowered and required, from time to time, to take particular Accounts throughout their respective Circuits, of the due execution of this Act, and at their returns to Dublin at the end of every Circuit, shall acquaint the said Lord Lieutenant, Lord Deputy, or Lords Justices of that Kingdom for the time being in Council, with all Accounts or Informations they shall have so received of any Breach of the said Act, or Negligence or Faults in any of the Officers, to whom the execution of this Act is committed, to the end that the said Chief Governors, or any of them, for the time being, may be the better informed and inabled to look to and provide for the strict and punctual Observation of this Act throughout that Kingdom; of which the said Chief Governors, or any of them, for the time being, shall once every Year lay a particular Account in Writing under his or their Hands, before the King, his Heirs and Successors in Council.

Anno 10 & 11 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XVIII.

An Act for Taking off the Remaining Duties upon Glass Wares.

Anno

Anno 10 & 11 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XXI.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Laying further Duties upon Sweets, and for Leſſening the Duties as well upon Vinegar, as upon certain Low Wines and Whale-Fins, and the Duties upon Brandy imported, and for the more Eaſie Raiſing the Duties upon Leather, and for charging Cynders, and for permitting the Importation of Pearl-Aſhes, and for preventing Abuſes in the Brewing of Beer and Ale, and Frauds in Importation of Tobacco.

XXVIII. AND be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected and paid unto and for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for all Cynders made of Pit-Coal, which, at any time or times, during the term of Four Years, commencing from the Fifteenth day of May, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety nine, ſhall be Shipped, or Water-born in order to be Shipped, within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or brought into the ſame, the Sum of Five ſhillings of lawful Engliſh Money for every Chalder, reckoning the Chalder to conſiſt of Thirty ſix Buſhels Wincheſter Meaſure, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity, to be paid at the reſpective Ports and Places of Importation or Landing of ſuch Cynders, and to be charged upon the reſpective Owner and Owners, Maſter and Maſters, or other Perſons, having the charge of the Ship or Veſſel in which the ſaid Cynders ſhall be carried, imported or brought; and that the ſaid Duties upon Cynders ſhall be under the management and government of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, for the time being; and ſhall be raiſed, levied and collected by ſuch ways and means, and under the like Penalties and Forfeitures, and with ſuch Allowances, and according to ſuch Rules and Methods, as in and by an Act of Parliament made in the Ninth Year of his Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for Granting to His Majeſty ſeveral Duties upon Coals and Culm, are preſcribed, authorized or mentioned, for raiſing levying and collecting the Duties thereby granted.

Cynders to pay 5 *s.* per Chalder.

Further continued during the Duties on Coales Waterborn.

9 W. 3. *cap.* 13.

Duties to be managed by the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, and ſubject to the like Forfeitures *&c.* as Coals.

XXIX. And whereas the Importation of Tobacco in bulk hath given abundant Opportunity to ill-diſpoſed Perſons to run the ſame on Shore, without paying his Majeſties Cuſtoms due thereon, to the great impairing of the Revenue, and the no leſs prejudice of the fair Trader: For Remedy whereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty ninth day of September, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred, no Tobacco be brought or imported into this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, in any Ship or Veſſel from any of his Majeſties Plantations on the Continent of America, nor ſhipped in any of the ſaid Plantations in order to be ſo imported, otherwiſe than in Caſk, Cheſt or Caſe only, each Caſk, Cheſt or Caſe whereof ſhall contain Two hundred weight of neat Tobacco at the leaſt, and each Hundred thereof ſhall contain One hundred and twelve Pounds, under the Penalties and Forfeitures following, that is to ſay, That all the Tobacco ſo imported, or ſhipped to be imported, contrary to this Act, ſhall be forfeited, and every Perſon or Perſons offending, contrary to the true intent and meaning hereof, ſhall forfeit Six pence for every Pound weight thereof, Two third parts thereof to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Third part thereof to ſuch Perſon as ſhall ſeize and ſue for the ſame: Provided nevertheleſs, That ſuch ſmall quantities as ſhall be neceſſary for the Ships Companies ſmoking in the ſaid Voyage,

No Tobacco to be Imported from the *Engliſh* Plantations on the Continent, but in Casks, Cheſts or Caſes of 200 weight of neat Tobacco,

under Forfeiture and Penalty of 6 *d.* per pound.

How divided.

Proviſo for the Ships uſe.

Forfeitures how and where profecuted.

Voyage, ſhall not be deemed or conſtrued any Breach of this Act: The ſaid Forfeitures and Penalties to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of his Majeſties Courts of Record at Weſtminſter, in which no Eſſoign, Protection or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed, nor more than one Imparlance.

Pearl-aſhes of *Germany* may be imported from thence paying Duties as Pot-aſhes.

XXX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, from and after the ſaid Tenth day of May, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety nine, to import into England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, from Germany, Pearl-Aſhes, being the Product of Germany, paying his Majeſty his Cuſtoms and Duties as Pot-Aſhes; any Law, Cuſtom or Uſage to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Whale-Fins of and from the *Engliſh* Plantations, to pay the Duty only as Whale-Fins of *Greenland*.

XXXI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Whale-Fin taken and caught by the People and Inhabitants of New England, New York, and Penſilvania, or any other his Majeſties Plantations and Colonies in America, and imported from thence, ſhall be chargeable with, and pay to his Majeſty, (by virtue of an Act of the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, Intituled, An Act for taking away Half the Duties Impoſed on Glaſs Wares, and the Whole Duties lately laid on Stone and Earthen Wares and Tobacco-Pipes, and for Granting in lieu thereof, new Duties upon Whale-Fins and *Scotch* Linen) the like Duties as Whale-Fin caught and imported in and by any Ships or Veſſels whatſoever, of or belonging to the Company Eſtabliſhed for the Greenland Trade, are chargeable withal, and no further or other Duty by means or virtue of the ſaid Act only; any thing in the ſaid laſt mentioned Act to the contrary notwithſtanding. 9 & 10 W. 3. cap. 45. §. 3.

Anno 10 & 11 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XXII.

A Clauſe in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the more Full and Effectual Charging of the Duties upon Rock Salt.

Rock-Salt exported.

VII. AND to the end that Rock-Salt or Salt-Rock in kind, and Salt refined and made from Rock-Salt or Salt-Rok, may be Exported, and the Duties charged thereon be repaid, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for all ſuch Rock-Salt, Salt-Rock, and Refined Salt made from Rock-Salt or Salt-Rock, as ſhall be Exported from any Port or Place in this Kingdom, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, into Parts beyond the Seas, by any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, there ſhall be allowed and paid for every Buſhel of ſuch Rock-Salt or Salt-Rock, whereof the Duties ſhall have been charged and paid, as aforeſaid, after the rate of Seventy five Pounds weight to the Buſhel, and for every Buſhel of ſuch Refined Salt made from Rock-Salt or Salt-Rock, whereof the Duties ſhall have been charged, and paid or allowed, after the rate of Fifty ſix Pounds to the Buſhel, the Duties which ſhall have been ſo paid for every ſuch Buſhel of Rock-Salt, Salt-Rock, or Refined Salt, ſo exported, to the Perſon or Perſons exporting the ſame, by the Officer or Officers appointed to collect the Duties on Salt in the ſame Port from whence any ſuch Refined Salt ſhall be exported, within Two days after demand thereof, on a Debenture to be prepared by the Collector of the Cuſtoms in the Port where ſuch Rock-Salt, Salt-Rock, or Refined Salt ſhall be entred out for Exportation, and verified by the Perſon executing the Office of Searcher in ſuch Port, as to the Quantity of ſuch Rock-Salt, Salt-Rock, or Refined Salt actually ſhipped; and that the Oath of the Exporter, or his Agent, be firſt taken before the Principal Officers of the ſaid Port, before the Debenture be allowed, who are hereby required

To Drawback. Vide *the Act* 1 A. c. 21. §. 9.

On a Debenture to be prepared by the Collector of the Cuſtoms and Certified by the Searcher.

and

and impowered to give the ſaid Oath, That the Duties, as afore-ſaid, for the Rock-Salt, Salt-Rock, or Refined Salt, in ſuch Debenture mentioned, were firſt actually paid, and that ſuch Rock-Salt, Salt-Rock, or Refined Salt, is really exported, or ſhipped to be exported to Parts beyond the Seas, and not intended to be relanded in England, Wales or Berwick; for which Debenture no Fee or Reward ſhall be given; and in caſe the Officer hereby directed to pay ſuch Debenture, ſhall not have ſufficient Money in his hands to pay the ſame, then upon Certificate thereof by him made (which Certificate he is hereby required to give the Party gratis, and without delay) the Principal Commiſſioners for managing the Revenue of Exciſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for the time being, ſhall be chargeable with the ſaid Payment, to be made out of the firſt Money in their hands ariſing out of the Duties upon Salt; and any Officer neglecting or refuſing to pay the ſaid Money, or to give ſuch Certificate as he is hereby directed, ſhall forfeit double the Sums ſo to be paid to the Party grieved, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed.

And Oath made the Duties were paid, &c.

If the Officer has not Money to pay the Debenture, the Commiſſioners are to pay it.

Penalty.

Anno 10 & 11 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XXIV.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for making *Billingſgate* a Free Market for Sale of Fiſh.

XIII. AND for the better Incouragement of the Fiſhery of this Kingdom, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Tenth day of May, no Fiſh (except Stock-Fiſh and Live Eels) taken or caught by any Foreigners, Aliens to this Kingdom, (except Proteſtant Strangers inhabiting within this Kingdom) ſhall be imported in any Foreign Ship, Veſſel or Bottom, not being wholly Engliſh Property, and uttered, ſold or expoſed to ſale in this Kingdom, under the pain of the Forfeiture of ſuch Ship, Veſſel or Bottom, with the Tackle thereunto belonging, and of all ſuch Fiſh ſo imported and ſold contrary to the true intent and meaning hereof; One moiety thereof to the uſe of the Poor of the Pariſh where the ſame ſhall be ſo found or ſeized, the other moiety to his or their own uſe who ſhall ſo ſeize the ſame.

Vide 1 Geo. cap. 18. §. 1, 2.

No Fiſh taken by Foreigners ſhall be Imported in Foreign Ships.

Forfeiture.

Ditto. §. 3, 10.

XIV. Provided nevertheleſs, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall be conſtrued to prohibit the Importation of Anchovies, Sturgeon, Botargo or Caveare, nor ſelling of Mackerel before or after Divine Service on Sundays.

Proviſo for Anchovies, Sturgeon, &c.

XV. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall be conſtrued to take away an ancient Duty of Cod and Ling, payable to the Kings of this Realm, for the ſervice of their Houſhold, by ſuch Merchants as trade to Weſtmoney and Iſeland, but that the ſame may be taken by his Majeſties Officers, in ſuch manner as the ſame hath been lawfully uſed to be taken before the making of this Act.

Proviſo for the the Duties of Cod and Ling of *Weſtmoney* and *Iſeland*.

CAP. XXV.

Several Clauses in an Act Intituled, An Act to Incourage the Trade to *Newfoundland.*

By-Boats, to carry two fresh Men in Six.

IX. AND be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Master of a By-Boat, or By-Boats, shall carry with him at least Two fresh Men in Six (viz.) one Man that hath made no more than one Voyage, and one Man who hath never been at Sea before; and that every Inhabitant shall be obliged to Imploy Two such fresh Men, as the By-Boat-Keepers are obliged for every Boat kept by them; and further, That all Masters of Fishing Ships shall carry with them in their Ships Company, at least one such fresh Man that never was at Sea before, in every Five Men they carry; and that the Master of each such By-Boat, and each such Fishing Ship, shall make Oath before the Collector, or other Principal Officer of the Customs of the Port or Ports from whence such Ship intends to Sail, That each Ship and By-Boats Company, have such fresh Men therein as this Act directs; and that the said Officer or Officers is and are hereby impowered and required to Administer the aforesaid Oath to the said Masters of Ships and By-Boats, and give a Certificate thereof under his hand, without any Fee, Gratuity or Reward for so doing.

Masters of Ships to carry one fresh Man in Five.

Master to make Oath before the Collector, that each Ship or Boat has fresh Men as herein directed.

Every Master to have one green Man in Five.

X. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Master or Owner of any Fishing Ship, going to Newfoundland (after the said Twenty fifth day of March) shall have in his Ships Company every Fifth Man a green Man (that is to say) not a Seaman, or having been ever at Sea before.

XVI. And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Eighth and Ninth Years of his Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for Granting to his Majesty a further Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage upon Merchandizes Imported, for the Term of Two Years and Three Quarters, and an Additional Land-Tax for One Year, for Carrying on the War against *France*; And by another Act made in the Ninth and Tenth Years of his Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for Granting to his Majesty a further Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage, towards the Raising a Yearly Sum of Seven hundred thousand Pounds, for the Services of his Majesties Household, and other Uses therein mentioned, during his Majesties Life, an Additional Duty of Twelve pence on every Twenty shillings value of all Goods and Merchandizes Imported (all manner of Fish English taken excepted) is granted to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors: And whereas some Doubt hath arisen, whether Oyl, Blubber and Fins, taken and Imported by the Company of Merchants of London, trading to Greenland, are not liable to the said Duty; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Whale-Fins, Oyl and Blubber, taken and Imported by the Ships of the Company of Merchants of London, trading to Greenland, were not, nor are intended to be charged, or made liable to the Duty of Twelve pence for every Twenty shillings value of Goods Imported, charged in the aforesaid Acts, but that the Whale-Fins, Oyl and Blubber, taken and Imported, as aforesaid, and also all Whale-Fins, Oyl and Blubber of English Fishing, taken in the Seas of Newfoundland, or any of the Seas belonging to any of his Majesties Plantations or Colonies, and Imported into this Kingdom by any of his Majesties Subjects in English Shipping, were, and are hereby declared to be free of the said Duties, as all Fish of English taking; the aforesaid Acts, or any thing therein contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

8 & 9 W. 3. cap. 23.

9 & 10 W. 3. cap. 23.

Whale-Fins, Oyl and Blubber of *Greenland*, *Newfoundland*, or any other *English* Plantations, Imported in *English* Ships, not liable to pay the further Subsidy.

Anno

Anno 11 & 12 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. I.

An Act for Taking away the Bounty-Money for Exporting Corn, from the Ninth Day of *February*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety nine, to the Nine and twentieth Day of *September*, One thouſand ſeven hundred. EXP.

Anno 11 & 12 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. II.

An Act for Granting an Aid to his Majeſty, by Sale of the Forfeited and other Eſtates and Intereſts in *Ireland*, and by a Land-Tax in *England*, for the ſeveral Purpoſes therein mentioned.

Anno 11 & 12 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. III.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Laying further Duties upon Wrought Silks, Muſlins, and ſome other Commodities of the *Eaſt-Indies*, and for Inlarging the time for Purchaſing certain Reverſionary Annuities therein mentioned.

Preamble.

MAy it pleaſe your moſt Excellent Majeſty, we your Majeſties moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of England in Parliament aſſembled, as a further Supply for your Majeſties Occaſions in this Act mentioned, have cheerfully and unanimouſly given and granted, and do hereby give and grant to your Majeſty the further Rates, Payments, Duties and Sums of Money herein after mentioned: And be it Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by Authority of the ſame, That for and upon all Wrought Silks, and for and upon all Bengals and Stuffs made of or mixed with Silk or Herba of the Manufacture of Perſia, China, or the Eaſt-Indies, and for and upon all Callicoes Painted, Dyed, Printed or Stained there, which from and after the Five and twentieth day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred, and before the Thirtieth day of September, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and one, ſhall be Imported or Brought into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, by any Perſon or Perſons, or Bodies Politick or Corporate whatſoever, there ſhall be yielded and paid to his Majeſty (over and above all Cuſtoms, Subſidies, Impoſitions and Duties already due and payable for the ſame) a further Duty after the Rate of Fifteen Pounds for every One hundred Pounds of the true and real Value of the ſaid Goods, to be Aſcertained as is herein after mentioned; and for and upon all Muſlins which from and after the ſaid Five and twentieth day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred, and before the Thirtieth day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and one, ſhall be Imported or Brought into the Kingdom, Dominion or Town aforeſaid, there ſhall be yielded and paid to his Majeſty (over and above all other Duties now payable for the ſame) a further Duty after the Rate of Fifteen Pounds for every One hundred Pounds of

Repealed by 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 10. §. 10.

Wrought Silks, Bengals, and Callicoes, Painted, Died, Printed and Stained in the *Eaſt-Indies.*

Continued for ever 1 Geo. c. 8.

A Duty of 15 *l. per Cent.*

And upon Muſlins.

the true and real Value of the said Muslins, to be also Ascertained as is herein after mentioned.

Importer to give Security for Payment of the Duty, as soon as Sold by Auction, &c.

II. And for the better Raising, Levying and Securing the said Duties, after the Rate of Fifteen Pounds in the Hundred, It is hereby further Enacted, That upon the Importation of any such Goods, as aforesaid, liable thereunto, an Entry or Entries thereof shall be made in the Custom-house where such Goods shall be Imported, and before the Landing thereof the Importer or Importers of the same shall give Security by Bond, with Two or more sufficient Sureties (which the Commissioners or proper Officers of the Customs are hereby required or impowered to take) for payment of the said Duties after the Rate of Fifteen Pounds in the Hundred, upon the said Goods, as soon as the same shall be Sold, and for Exposing the Goods so Imported to Sale openly and fairly, by way of Auction, or by Inch of Candle, within the City of London, within the time of Twelve months after the Importation thereof.

And for exposing to Sale in 12 Months in *London*.

The value to be reckoned according to the Gross Price.

III. And it is hereby Enacted and Declared, That the Value of the said Goods, according to which the said Rate is to be paid, shall be reckoned according to the Gross Price at which such Goods shall be sold; and that in case any such Goods shall be Landed or put on Shore out of any Ship or Vessel before due Entry be made thereof at the Custom house, in the Port or Place where the same shall be Imported, and the Duties hereby Imposed, shall be secured, as aforesaid, or without a Warrant for the Landing or Delivering of the same, first Signed by the Commissioners, Collectors or other proper Officer or Officers of the Customs respectively, that all such Imported Goods, as shall be so Landed or put on Shore, or taken out of any Ship or Vessel, contrary to the true meaning hereof, or the Value of the same, shall be Forfeited, and shall and may be Recovered of the Importer or Proprietor thereof, (to wit) Two third Parts of the same to the use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Third Part to the use of such Person or Persons as will Seize the said Goods, or Sue for the same, or the Value thereof, by Action, Bill, Suit or Information, wherein no Essoign, Protection, or Wager of Law shall be allowed.

Goods Landed without Warrant or Security,

Forfeited.

$\frac{2}{3}$*ds.* to his Majesty, $\frac{1}{3}$ to the Seizer.

The Duties to be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs.

IV. And it is hereby further Enacted, That the said Duties of Fifteen Pounds in the Hundred, shall be from time to time under the Management and Government of the Commissioners of the Customs for the time being, who shall cause the same to be Raised, Levied, Collected and Paid to the Hands of the Receiver or Receivers General of the Revenue of the Customs for the time being; and such Receiver or Receivers General for the time being, shall Answer and Pay over all the Monies arising thereby (the necessary Charges of Raising, Collecting and Answering the same only excepted) into the Receipt of his Majesties Exchequer, for the purposes in this Act mentioned.

Monies to be paid into the Exchequer.

Goods exported in Twelve months.

V. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That in case the Goods or Merchandizes, upon which the said further Duties of Fifteen Pounds in the Hundred are paid, or secured to be paid, as aforesaid, be again Exported, at any time or times, within Twelve months after the Importation thereof, and that due Proof be first made upon Oath, That the Goods or Merchandizes so Exported, be the same for which the said Duties are paid, or secured to be paid, as aforesaid, Then and in such Case (and not otherwise) the same Duties shall, without any Delay or Reward, be wholly Repaid by the Receiver General of his Majesties Customs for the time being, out of such Monies as shall be in his Hands of the said Duties of Fifteen per Cent. arising by this Act, unto the Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, making the said Exportations, or the said Security shall be Vacated, as to so much of the said Goods or Merchandizes as shall be so Exported; any thing in this Act, or in any former Act or Acts of Parliament contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Drawback to be paid by the Receiver General, or Security vacated.

VI. Pro-

VI. Provided also, and it is hereby Enacted, That in case any of the said Goods which shall have been Entred, and for which Security shall have been given, as aforesaid, shall within the time hereby limited, be fairly sold by way of Auction, as aforesaid, That then the Importer paying down, in ready Money, his Majesties said Duties of Fifteen Pounds per Cent. for such Goods, within Twenty days after such Sale, shall have an Allowance for such prompt Payment, after the Rate of Five Pounds for every Hundred Pounds of the Duties so paid. Duty paid within 20 days after the Sale, to have 5 *per Cent.* Discount.

XV. And whereas great Numbers of the Poor of this Kingdom are imployed in the Manufacture of Bone-Lace; For the Incouragement thereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First day of May, One thousand seven hundred, It shall and may be Lawful for all Persons, Natives and Foreigners, to Export to the English Plantations in America, or to any other Parts beyond the Seas, or into Scotland, all Sorts of English Bone-Lace, Needle-work, Point or Cut-work, without paying any Custom or Duty for the same, Oath being first made, That the same was made or manufactured within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed; any Law or Statute to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding. *English* Bone-Lace, &c. to be Exported Free of Custom.

XVI. And whereas Tallow-Candles imported into this Kingdom, are Chargeable by several Acts of Parliament, with the Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Impositions; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Tenth day of April, One thousand seven hundred, the One motety and no more of all the said Subsidies and Impositions, payable only for such Tallow-Candle as shall be Exported, according to the Rules and Methods by the said Acts appointed, shall be Repaid or Discharged upon the Security for the same; any Law or Statute to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding. Tallow-Candles imported, Exported, to draw back but half the Duties.

Anno 11 & 12 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. X.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the more Effectual Imploying the Poor, by Incouraging the Manufactures of this Kingdom.

Whereas it is most Evident, That the Continuance of the Trade to the East-Indies, in the same Manner and Proportions as it hath been for Two Years last past, must inevitably be to the great Detriment of this Kingdom, by Exhausting the Treasure thereof, and melting down the Coin, and taking away the Labour of the People; whereby very many of the Manufactoyers of this Nation are become excessively Burdensom and Chargeable to their respective Parishes, and others are thereby Compelled to seek for Imployment in Foreign Parts: For Remedy whereof, Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Twenty ninth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and one, All Wrought Silks, Bengals and Stuffs, mixed with Silk or Herba, of the Manufacture of Persia, China, or East-India, and all Callicoes Painted, Dyed, Printed, or Stained there, which are or shall be Imported into this Kingdom, shall not be worn, or otherwise used within this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, but under such Limitations as are herein after mentioned and expressed. Preamble. Wrought Silks, Bengals and Stuffs, &c. of *East-India*, Imported, not to be worn here.

II. And for the better effecting the same, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty ninth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and one, all such Wrought

Wrought Silks, Bengals and Stuffs, mixed with Silk or Herba, of the Manufacture of Persia, China or East-India, as aforesaid, and all Callicoes Painted, Dyed, Printed or Stained there, which are, or shall be Imported into this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, shall, after Entry thereof, be forthwith carried and put into such Warehouse or Warehouses, as shall be for that purpose approved of by the Commissioners of his Majesties Customs for the time being, so as none of them shall be taken or carried out thence upon any account whatsoever, other than in order for Exportation, and not until sufficient Security be first given to the Kings Majesty, his Heirs and Successors (which the said Commissioners are hereby Required and Impowered to take) that the same and every part thereof shall be Exported, and not Landed again in any part of this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed; which said Securities shall be discharged without any Fee or Reward, upon Certificate returned under the Common Seal of the Chief Magistrate, in any Place or Places beyond the Seas, or under the Hands and Seals of Two known English Merchants upon the Place, that such Goods were there Landed, or upon proof by credible Persons, that such Goods were taken by Enemies, or perished in the Seas; the Examination and Proof thereof being left to the Judgment of the said Commissioners: And all such of the aforesaid Goods, whether the same shall be mixed, sewed, or made up together for Sale, with any other Goods or Materials, or otherwise, which shall be found in any House, Shop or Warehouse, or other Place whatsoever (other than in such Warehouses as shall be approved of by the said Commissioners, as aforesaid) shall be Forfeited, and subject and liable to be Searched for, and Seized, in like manner as Prohibited and Uncustomed Goods are, by an Act (Intituled, An Act for Preventing Frauds, and Regulating Abuses in his Majesties Customs) made in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of our late Sovereign Lord King Charles the Second; and all such Goods so Forfeited, as aforesaid, shall, upon Seizure thereof, be carried to the next Custom-house, and after Condemnation, shall be Sold to the best Advantage for Exportation, at publick Sale by the Candle; the Buyer and Buyers giving Security for the Exportation thereof in manner, as aforesaid; and One third part of the Monies to be raised by such Sale, shall be paid to the Kings Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Two third parts thereof to him, her or them that shall Seize or Prosecute for the same; and over and above the Loss of the said Goods, the Person or Persons in whose Custody, knowing thereof, the same shall be found or seized, or that shall sell or dispose thereof to any Person or Persons whatsoever, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, One third part thereof to the Kings Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Two third parts thereof to such Person or Persons that shall Sue for the same, to be Recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, Suit or Information, in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed, or any more than one Imparlance.

The said Goods to be carried to Warehouses, and not taken thence but in order for Exportation, Security being first given,

the Security to be discharged by Certificate.

Altered as to Ireland 5 Geo.

All such Goods found in any House, &c.

Forfeited.

14 Car. 2. c. 11.

Goods seized to be carried to the next Custom-house: When condemned to be Sold for Exportation.

The Person in whose Custody the Goods are knowingly found to Forfeit 200 *l.*

How divided and recovered.

III. And for preventing all Clandestine Importing or Bringing into this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, any of the aforesaid Goods hereby Prohibited, or intended to be Prohibited from being worn or used in England, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons, or Bodies Corporate, from and after the said Twenty ninth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and one, shall Import, or Bring into any Port of or in this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, other than the Port of London, any of the aforesaid Prohibited Goods, or into the Port of London, and shall not make due Entries of such Goods so Imported or Brought in, the same shall be, and is hereby adjudged, deemed, accounted and taken, to be Clandestine Running thereof, and such Person or Persons, or Bodies Corporate,

The said Goods not to be brought to any Port but *London*, nor thither without due Entry,

tate, so Offending therein, and their Abettors, shall not only Forfeit and Lose the said Goods so Clandestinely Run, as aforesaid, but also the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, to be Recovered and Divided in such manner, as aforesaid. Forfeited and 500 *l.*

IV. And be it further Enacted, That if any Question or Doubt shall arise where the said Goods were Manufactured, the Proof shall lie upon the Owner or Owners thereof, and not upon the Prosecutor; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding. Proof to lie on the Owner.

V. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Action, Bill, Plaint, Suit or Information, shall be Commenced or Prosecuted against any Person or Persons, for any Seizure, or other thing to be made or done, in pursuance or in execution of any thing before in this Act contained, such Person or Persons so Sued in any Court whatsoever, may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence, for their Excuse or Justification; and if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, or Prosecutor or Prosecutors, shall become Nonsuit or forbear Prosecution, or suffer Discontinuance, or if a Verdict pass against him, her or them, in any such Action, Bill, Plaint, Suit or Information, as aforesaid, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs, for which they shall have the like Remedy, as in any Case where Costs by Law are given to the Defendant. Person Sued may plead the General Issue.

VI. And for preventing Clandestinely Carrying out of the said Warehouses any of the said Goods hereby Prohibited, and by this Act intended for Exportation, as aforesaid; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Warehouse-keeper or Warehouse-keepers shall keep one or more Book or Books, wherein he or they shall fairly Enter or Write down an exact, particular and true Account of all and every Chest, Bale, and Number of Pieces therein contained of such of the aforesaid Goods only, which shall be brought into, and carried out of his or their said Warehouse or Warehouses, and the Days and Times when the same shall be so brought in and carried out; and shall every Six Months in the Year transmit in Writing an exact Account thereof, upon Oath, to the said Commissioners, together with an exact Account how much shall be remaining in his or their said Warehouse or Warehouses respectively; and the said Commissioners are hereby Impowered and Injoyned, within one Month after the same shall be transmitted to them, as aforesaid, to appoint one or more Person or Persons to Inspect the said Book or Books, Warehouse or Warehouses, and examine the said Accounts, and to lay a true Account of the same before the Parliament, within the First Week of every Sessions thereof; and if upon Examination it shall appear, That any of the aforesaid Goods were carried out, unless for Exportation, or before sufficient Security given for their Exportation, as aforesaid, That then the Warehouse-keeper or Warehouse-keepers so Offending therein, shall not only Forfeit and Lose the Value of the said Goods so carried out, as aforesaid, and be for ever disabled from any publick Imployment for the future, but shall also Forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds for every such Offence, to be recovered and divided in manner, as aforesaid. Warehouse-keeper to keep Books, and deliver an Account every Six Months upon Oath to the Commissioners, who are to appoint Persons to inspect the Books and Warehouses, and lay an Account before Parliament every Session. Goods carried out, unless for Exportation, Warehouse-keeper to Forfeit the value of the Goods, 500 *l.* and be disabled.

VII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted, That this Act shall not extend to any Silks, Bengals, Stuffs mixed with Silk or Herba, or Painted, Dyed, Printed or Stained Callicoes, Manufactured in Persia, China or East-India, which shall have been made up and used in any sort of Apparel or Furniture, before the said Twenty ninth of September, One thousand seven hundred and one. This Act not to extend to Goods used before 29 *Sept.* 1701.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further Enacted, That it shall and may be Lawful to and for the Proprietor or Proprietors of the said Goods so Lodged in any Warehouse or Warehouses, as aforesaid, to affix one Lock to every such Warehouse or Warehouses, the Key of which shall remain in the Custody of the said Proprietor or Proprietors; and that he or they may view, sort or deliver the said Goods, in Order for Exportation, as aforesaid, Lawful for the Proprietor to Fix Locks on the Warehouse.

in

Warehouse-keeper to attend at seasonable times.

in the presence of the said Warehouse-keeper or Warehouse-keepers, who is and are hereby obliged, at seasonable times, to give Attendance for that purpose.

No Custom or Duties shall be paid for the said Goods, except the half Subsidy.

X. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty ninth day of September, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and one, there shall be no Customs or Duties whatsoever paid or secured to be paid for any of the said Goods or Commodities, which shall be Imported at any time from and after the said Twenty ninth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and one, other than and except the Half Subsidy, which is to remain by Law after the Goods are Exported; but that all other Customs and Duties now Chargeable upon or Payable for the said Goods, shall from that time cease and determine.

Anno 11 & 12 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XI.

An Act to Repeal an Act, made in the Ninth Year of his Majesties Reign, Intituled, *An Act for rendring the Laws more effectual for preventing the Importation of Foreign Bone-Lace, Loom-Lace, Needle-work, Point and Cut-work*, Three Months after the Prohibition of the Woollen Manufactures in *Flanders* shall be taken off.

The Act 9 & 10 W. 3. c. 9. Repealed.

Whereas great complaints are daily made of the Decay of the Woollen Manufactures in this Kingdom, to the Impoverishment of many Thousands of poor Families: And whereas by Experience it is found, that an Act made in the Ninth and Tenth Years of his now Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for rendring the Laws more effectual for preventing the Importation of Foreign Bone-Lace, Loom-Lace, Needle-work, Point and Cut-work, has been one great cause thereof, by being the occasion that our Woollen Manufactures are prohibited to be Imported into Flanders: For remedy therefore of the Mischief aforesaid, Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That at the end of Three Months, to commence from the time of taking off the Prohibition of the English Woollen Manufactures in Flanders, the said Act, and every Clause, Matter and Thing therein contained, shall be and become hereby Repealed, Determined, and of no Force.

Vide the Act 5 A. cap. 17.

Anno

Anno 11 & 12 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XIII.

A Clauſe in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Continuing ſeveral Laws therein mentioned; And for Explaining the Act, Intituled, *An Act to prevent the Exportation of Wooll out of the Kingdoms of* Ireland *and* England *into Foreign Parts, and for the Incouragement of the Woollen Manufactures in the Kingdom of* England.

10 & 11 W. 3. cap. 10.

IX. AND whereas by an Act made in the Tenth and Eleventh Years of his Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act to prevent Exportation of Wooll out of the Kingdoms of *Ireland* and *England* into Foreign Parts, and for the Encouragement of the Woollen Manufactures in the Kingdom of *England*, It is Enacted and Declared, That no Wooll, Wooll-Fells, Shortlings, Worſtlings, Wooll-Flocks, Worſted, Bays, or Woollen Yarn, Cloth, Serge, Bays, Kerſeys, Says, Frizes, Druggets, Cloth-Serges, Shalloons, or any other Drapery, Stuffs, or Woollen Manufactures whatſoever, made up or mixed with Wooll or Wooll-Flocks, ſhall be Exported, Tranſported, Shipped off, Carried or Conveyed out of or from the ſaid Kingdom of Ireland into any Foreign Realm, States or Dominions, or into any Parts or Place whatſoever, other than the Parts within the Kingdom of England, or the Dominion of Wales, under ſeveral Penalties and Forfeitures in the ſaid Act mentioned: And whereas ſeveral Diſputes have ariſen concerning the true intent and meaning thereof, Be it therefore Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That neither the ſaid Act, nor any thing therein contained, ſhall be conſtrued to extend to ſubject any Perſon or Perſons, or any Ship or Veſſel, to any of the pains, penalties or forfeitures in the ſaid Act contained, for or touching ſuch Wooll-Fells, Shortlings or Worſtlings, as ſhall be neceſſary for the uſe of the Gunner or Boatſwains ſtores for the Ship or Veſſel only, and as for ſo much Cloth, Serge, Bays, Kerſeys, Says, Frizes, Druggets, Cloth-Serges, Shalloons, or other Draperies, Stuffs, or other Manufactures, as ſhall be for the proper uſe for Clothes only of any Mariner or Paſſenger, for his or her wearing Apparel or Furniture on Board ſuch Ship in the Voyage, and ſhall not exceed in the whole, for any one Mariner or Paſſenger, the value of Forty Shillings; any thing in the ſaid Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

The ſaid Act not to extend to ſubject any Perſon or Ship to the Penalties for Wooll-Fells, &c. for the uſe of the Ship, or for Mariners or Paſſengers only, not exceeding 40 s. in value for each, &c.

Anno 11 & 12 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XX.

An Act for taking away the Duties upon the Woollen Manufactures, Corn, Grain, Bread, Biſcuit, and Meal Exported.

Whereas certain Subſidies or Duties, which were payable upon the Exportation of the Woollen Manufactures, as well of the old as the new Draperies, by the Act of Tonnage and Poundage, made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, and by the Book of Rates thereunto annexed (except ſuch part thereof as hath been taken away by an Act made in the Five and twentieth Year of the Reign of the ſaid late King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for taking off Aliens Duties upon Commodities of the Growth, Product and Manufacture of

12 Car. 2. c. 4.

25 Car. 2. c. 6.

the Nation) are, by an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the Eighth Year of his now Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for making good the Deficiencies of several Funds therein mentioned; and for Enlarging the Capital Stock of the Bank of *England*, and for Raising the Publick Credit, granted to continue until the First day of August, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and six: And whereas by an Act of Parliament, which was made in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of the said late King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for preventing Frauds, and Regulating Abuses in his Majesties Customs, all Woollen Manufactures exported from any Port of this Kingdom, capable of a Ship or Vessel of Two hundred Tons upon an ordinary full Sea, to any part or place of the Mediterranean Sea, beyond the Port of Malaga, in any Ship or Vessel that hath not Two Decks, and doth not carry less than Sixteen Pieces of Ordnance mounted, together with two Men for each Gun, and other Ammunition proportionable, are (amongst other things) liable to a further Duty of one per Cent. as by the said several Acts, relation being thereunto had, may more fully appear: And whereas the wealth and prosperity of this Kingdom doth, in a great measure depend upon the improvement of its Woollen Manufactures, and the profitable Trade carried on by the Exportation of the same, which Trade ought, by all proper means, to be encouraged: Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Thirtieth day of March, One thousand seven hundred, all and every the Subsidies, Duties and Sums of Money by the Acts before mentioned, or any of them, or by any other Act or Acts of Parliament, or Law whatsoever now in force, granted, continued due or payable, or to grow due or payable, for or upon the Exportation of any long Clothes, short Clothes, Kerseys, Bays or Serges, Cottons, Stuffs, Stockings, Hats, Caps, or any other Manufactures of Wool, or made of Sheeps Wool, or Coney Wool, or mixed with any or either of them, and which are or shall be made or manufactured within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, shall cease, determine, and be no longer due or payable to his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, for so much as shall be Exported after the said Thirtieth day of March, the aforesaid Acts of Parliament or any of them, or any other Law, Statute, Ordinance, Custom, Prescription, or Provision whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

8 W. 3 *cap.* 10.

14 Car. 2. c. 11.

All Subsidies, &c. payable to his Majesty for *English* Manufactures of Sheep or Coney Wooll, or mixt with either of them, to cease and determine.

II. And for the better Encouragement of the Woollen Manufactures of this Kingdom, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Subsidy and Aulnage of the old and new Draperies, and of all Woollen Manufactures whatsoever, within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, shall, from and after the Expiration, or other sooner determination (except for Non-payment of Rent, within Three Months after the same becomes due and payable) of the Two Grants or Leases of the said Duties, to Charles Duke of Richmond and Lenox, for the Term of Sixty Years, bearing Date the Eighteenth day of December, in the Sixteenth Year of King Charles the Second, cease, determine and be no longer due or payable; any Law, Statute, Usage, Prescription or Custom whatsoever to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Proviso for the Duke of *Richmonds* Grant.

IV. And for the greater Encouragement of Tillage, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Thirtieth day of March, One thousand and seven hundred, the Subsidy and all other Duties whatsoever payable for or upon the Exportation of Wheat, Rye, Barley, Malt, Beans, Peale, and other sorts of Corn and Grain whatsoever, ground or unground, and for and upon the Exportation of Bread, Biscuit and Meal, or any of them, out of or from the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, as to so much of

The Subsidies, &c. for all sorts of Corn and Grain, Bread, Biscuit, and Meal exported, to cease and determine.

the

the ſaid Commodities, or any of them as ſhall be ſo Exported after the ſaid Thirtieth day of March, ſhall ceaſe, determine, and be no longer due or payable to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors; any Law, Statute, Uſage or Preſcription to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Anno 12 & 13 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. I.

An Act for Renewing the Bills of Credit, commonly called, Exchequer Bills.

Anno 12 & 13 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. X.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Granting an Aid to his Majeſty, for Defraying the Expence of His Navy, Guards and Gariſons for One Year, and for other neceſſary Occaſions.

LXXXVII. AND be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Member of the Houſe of Commons, from and after the Diſſolution of this preſent Parliament, ſhall be capable of being a Commiſſioner or Farmer of the Cuſtoms, or of holding or enjoying, in his own Name, or in the Name of any other Perſon in Truſt for him, or for his uſe or benefit, or of executing by himſelf or his Deputy, any Office, Place or Imployment touching or concerning the farming, collecting or managing the Cuſtoms. No Member of Parliament to be Commiſſioner, &c. of the Cuſtoms.

LXXXVIII. And be it further Enacted, That if any Member of the Houſe of Commons, from and after the Diſſolution of this preſent Parliament, ſhall, during the time of his being a Member of Parliament, by himſelf or his Deputy, or any other in Truſt for him, or for his benefit, take, enjoy or execute any Office, Place or Imployment touching or concerning the farming, managing or collecting the Cuſtoms, ſuch Perſon is hereby Declared and Enacted to be abſolutely incapable of Sitting, Voting or Acting as a Member of the Houſe in ſuch Parliament. Member executing any Office in the Cuſtoms, ſhall be incapable of ſitting in Parliament.

LXXXIX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Nine and twentieth day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and one, no Commiſſioner, Collector, Comptroller, Searcher, or other Officer or Perſon whatſoever, concerned or imployed in the charging, collecting, levying or managing the Cuſtoms, or any Branch or Part thereof, ſhall by Word, Meſſage or Writing, or in any other manner whatſoever, endeavour to perſwade any Elector to give, or diſſwade any Elector from giving his Vote for the Choice of any Perſon to be a Knight of the Shire, Citizen, Burgeſs or Baron of any County, City, Borough or Cinque-Port to ſerve in Parliament; and every Officer or other Perſon, offending therein, ſhall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, One moiety thereof to the Informer, the other moiety to the Poor of the Pariſh where ſuch Offence ſhall be committed, to be recovered by any Perſon that ſhall ſue for the ſame, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of his Majeſties Courts of Record at Weſtminſter, in which no Eſſoign, Protection or Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance ſhall be allowed; and every Perſon convict on any ſuch Suit, of the ſaid Offence, ſhall therefore become diſabled and incapable of ever bearing or executing any Office or Place concerning No Commiſſioner or Officer of the Cuſtoms to Influence any Election of Members to ſerve in Parliament. Penalty, and incapacity.

ning or relating to the Customs, or any other Office or Place of Trust whatsoever under his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors.

A Clause relating to the Exportation of Corn from the Out Ports.

XCI. And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the First Year of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary, Intituled, An Act for the Incouraging the Exportation of Corn, It is Enacted, That all Persons who should Export out of this Kingdom, into Parts beyond the Seas, any of the sorts of Grain therein enumerated, when the Prices of such Corn, at such places, were under the Rates therein set, should have paid them by the Commissioners, Farmers or Collectors of his Majesties Customs of the Port from whence such Corn was Exported, upon a Certificate thereof, and Proof upon Oath, according to the intent of the said Act, the Sum of Five Shillings for every Quarter of Wheat, ground or unground; Three Shillings and Six Pence for every Quarter of Rye, ground or unground; and Two Shillings and Six Pence for every Quarter of Barley or Malt, ground or unground: And forasmuch as in many Ports and Places on the Coast of this Kingdom, where such Corn is Exported to Parts beyond the Seas, there is not so much Money received by the Collectors of the Customs arising by the Duties chargeable with the Monies given for the Incouragement of the Exportation of Corn, as is or may be sufficient to pay or discharge the same, according to the intent of the said Act, so that there are great Arrears in several Ports, whereby the Owners of Land, and Exporters of Corn, are under great disadvantages in the Sale of their Corn in those parts, and cannot have the Benefit of the said Act, as others in other places have, where such Allowance is duly paid, according to the intent thereof: For remedy whereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if the Collector of the Customs of any such Port shall not have sufficient in his hands to satisfie and pay such Sum or Sums of Money which are or shall be due to any Exporter, by virtue of the said Act, arising out of the Customs and Duties out of which it ought to be paid, upon demand, according to the intent of the said Act, that then such Collector shall give to the Person demanding such Sum or Sums of Money (without Fee or Reward) a Certificate under his hand, of what is due to such Person for the Corn exported from such Port, certifying to the Commissioners of the Customs at London, that he hath not Monies in his hands sufficient to pay the same; which Certificate being affixed to the Debenture for the Corn so Exported, and being produced to the Commissioners of his Majesties Customs at London, they the said Commissioners are hereby authorized and required, on demand by the Person that shall bring the same, to cause the Monies thereby due to be paid in Three Months, by the General Receiver or Cashire of the Customs, out of such Monies as shall be in his hand, arising out of such Customs or Duties in the said Port of London, as are chargeable with the Payment of any Money for the Exportation of Corn, according to the said Act, (without Fee or Reward) any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

1 W. & M. cap. 12.

Collectors in the Out-parts, not having Monies in their hands to pay Corn Debentures, to certifie the same.

The Commissioners to order the said Debentures to be paid by the Receiver-General in *London* 3 Months after demand.

Anno 12 & 13 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XI.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Granting to his Majeſty ſeveral Duties upon Low Wines or Spirits of the First Extraction, and Continuing ſeveral Additional Duties upon Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Spices and Pictures, and certain Impoſitions upon Hawkers, Pedlars and Petty Chapmen, and the Duty of Fifteen *per Cent.* upon Muſlins, and for Improving the Duties upon Japanned and Laquered Goods, and for Continuing the Coinage Duty, for the ſeveral Terms and Purpoſes therein mentioned.

X. AND be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the Rates, Duties, Additional Duties, Impoſitions and Sums of Money whatſoever, granted to his Majeſty by the Act paſſed in the Sixth Year of his Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for Granting to his Majeſty ſeveral Additional Duties upon Coffee, Tea, Chocolate and Spices, towards Satisfaction of the Debts due for Tranſport-Service, for the Reduction of *Ireland*, which were thereby charged or impoſed upon Coffee, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa-Paſt, Tea, Nutmegs, Cinamon, Cloves, Mace, Pictures, or any other Matters or Things thereby charged, from the Firſt day of May, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety five, until the Second day of May, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety eight, and which by an Act made in the Ninth Year of his Majeſties Reign, were continued from the Firſt day of May, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety eight, until the Firſt day of May, One thouſand ſeven hundred and one, ſhall be continued from the Thirtieth day of April, One thouſand ſeven hundred and one, and be raiſed, levied, collected, anſwered and paid unto his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, until the Firſt day of May, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix; and that the ſaid Act of the Sixth Year of his Majeſties Reign, concerning the ſaid Coffee and other the enumerated Commodities aforeſaid, and all the Powers, Privileges, Proviſions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Articles and Clauſes therein contained, (and not hereby altered) which were to have continuance until the ſaid Firſt day of May, One thouſand ſeven hundred and one, ſhall continue and be in full force and effect until the ſaid Firſt day of May, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, and ſhall be practiſed and executed for raiſing, levying, collecting and anſwering the Duties hereby continued, for the uſes and purpoſes in this Act expreſſed, and to no other uſe, intent or purpoſe whatſoever.

6 W. 3. *cap.* 7.

Duties on Coffee, Cocoa, Chocholate, &c.

Continued for ever, 1 G. c. 12.

Further continued.

XII. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Duty upon Muſlins, after the rate of Fifteen Pounds for every One hundred Pounds of the true and real value thereof, which was impoſed by an Act made in the Eleventh Year of his Majeſties Reign, whereby further Duties were laid upon Wrought Silk, Muſlins, and ſome other Commodities of Perſia, China, and the Eaſt-Indies, which ſhould be imported after the Five and twentieth day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred, and before the Thirtieth day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and one, ſhall be continued for and upon all Muſlins, which from and after the Nine and twentieth day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and one, and before the Thirtieth day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, ſhall be imported or brought into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, over and above all other Duties payable for the ſaid Muſlins; and that all the Rules, Directions, Powers, Allowances, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauſes, Matters and Things, in the ſaid laſt mentioned Act contained (and not hereby altered) for or concerning the aſcertaining, ſecuring, levying or raiſing the Duties thereby impoſed, ſhall be revived, practiſed and put in Execution for

11 W. 3. *cap.* 3.

15 *l. per Cent.* on Muſlins.

Continued for ever, 1 G. c. 12.

Further continued.

for ascertaining, securing, levying and raising the Duties upon Muslins hereby imposed, during the time aforesaid, for the uses and purposes in this Act expressed, and to no other use, intent or purpose whatsoever.

Muslins exported in 12 Months, the Drawback to be paid by the Receiver General.

XIII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted, That if the said Muslins hereby charged, or any of them, upon which the said further Duties of Fifteen Pounds in the Hundred are paid or secured to be paid, as aforesaid, be again exported at any time or times within Twelve Months after the Importation thereof, and that due Proof be first made upon Oath, that the Goods or Merchandizes so Exported be the same for which the said Duties are paid or secured to be paid, as aforesaid, then and in such case, and not otherwise, the same Duties shall, without any Delay or Reward, be repaid by the Receiver General of his Majesties Customs for the time being, out of such Monies as shall be in his Hands of the said Duties of Fifteen Pounds per Cent. arising by this Act, unto the Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, making the said Exportations, or the said Security shall be vacated as to so much of the said Goods or Merchandizes as shall be so Exported; any thing in this Act, or in any former Act or Acts of Parliament, contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Explanation of what is called Muslin,

XIV. And it is hereby declared, That by Muslins, the several Species following are meant, (viz.) Abrowahs; Addaties; Be:ellees plain, striped, Podavets, Rowallew, Golconda, Oringall; Junays; and also Doreas; Cossaes plain and flowered; Tanjebs plain and flowered; Jamdannes; Mullmulls plain and flowered; Jecolsies; Mahumadhiates plain and flowered; Neckcloths; Rehings; Sallows; Comervilles; Seerbands; Nightrails, Aprons; Tirindams; Callicoe Lawns, and all other thin Callicoes, commonly called Muslins; And that by painted, dyed and stained Callicoes mentioned in the said Act of the Eleventh Year of his Majesties Reign, for laying the said Duty of Fifteen Pounds per Cent. on several Commodities from Persia, China and the East-Indies, are meant not only all Callicoes, painted, dyed or stained after the Weaving thereof, but all such whereof the Yarn or other Materials were painted, dyed or stained before the making of such Callicoes.

and what painted, dyed and stained Callicoes.

Japanned and laquered Wares imported to pay the several Duties according to the Gross Price, as sold by the Candle.

XV. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Duties by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in being, charged or imposed upon all or any Japanned and Laquered Goods which shall be Imported into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, from and after the Four and twentieth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and one, shall be answered and paid, according to the true and real Value of the same, to be ascertained by the gross Price at which such Goods shall be sold by the Candle, and in such manner and form, and under such Rules and Directions, and subject to such Penalties and Forfeitures, as by the said Act of the Eleventh Year of his Majesties Reign are prescribed, for ascertaining the said Duty upon Muslins; Nevertheless, the said Duties upon Japanned and Laquered Goods shall be applied and disposed to the same Uses and Purposes to which the respective Duties upon the same Goods, payable in any other manner, by the said former Act or Acts were appropriated or applicable. 11 W. 3 c. 3.

Brandy or Spirits imported in Ships or Vessels less than 15 Ton,

XX. And for the preventing all secret and unlawful Importation of Foreign Spirits or Brandy, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Foreign Brandy or Spirits of any kind whatsoever, shall, from and after the Nine and twentieth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and one, be imported into this Kingdom, or be brought into any Port, Creek or Haven of this Realm, in any Ship or Vessel under the Burthen of Fifteen Tons (except for the use of the Seamen on board such Ship or Vessel only, not exceeding One Gallon for each Seaman) such Brandy or Spirits shall be forfeited, One moiety thereof to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the other moiety to such Person as shall seize or sue for the same, by Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster.

Vide 5 Geo. cap. 11. §. 1. by which the Vessel is forfeited.

forfeited.

Anno

Anno 12 & 13 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. XII.

An Act for Appropriating Three thouſand ſeven hundred Pounds Weekly, out of certain Branches of Exciſe, for Publick Uſes, and for making a Proviſion for the Service of his Majeſties Houſhold and Family, and other his Neceſſary Occaſions.

Anno 13 & 14 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. IV.

An Act for Continuing an Act, Intituled, *An Act that the Solemn Affirmation and Declaration of the People called Quakers, ſhall be Accepted inſtead of an Oath, in the uſual Form.*

WHereas an Act made in the Seventh and Eighth Years of his preſent Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act that the Solemn Affirmation and Declaration of the People called Quakers, ſhall be Accepted inſtead of an Oath, in the uſual Form, was made to Continue for Seven Years, and from thence to the end of the next Seſſions of Parliament; and the ſame will Expire at the end of the next Seſſions of Parliament after the Two and twentieth day of November next; Now for the further Avoiding the Inconveniencies, in the ſaid Act mentioned, to thoſe People and their Families, Be it Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid recited Act, with all the Clauſes and Powers therein contained, ſhall Continue and be in Force for and during the Term of Eleven Years after the Determination of the ſaid Act, and from thence to the end of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

7 W. 3.

Made perpetual 1 Geo. *cap.* 6.

Continuance.

Anno 13 & 14 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. V.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Granting an Aid to his Majeſty, by Laying Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry.

XXII. AND be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Perſon or Perſons, who ſhall have actually Paid his Majeſties Duties by this Act Payable for any Quantity of Malt whatſoever, and to and for any other Perſon or Perſons, who ſhall Buy or be Lawfully Entitled to any ſuch Quantity of Malt from the ſaid Perſon or Perſons who actually Paid his Majeſties Duties for the ſame, to Export ſuch Malt for any Foreign Parts (Scotland excepted) giving ſufficient Security before the Shipping thereof for Exportation, that the particular Quantity of Malt, which ſhall be intended to be Exported, as aforeſaid, or any part thereof, ſhall not be Relanded, or Brought again into any Part or Parts of this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, which Security the Cuſtomer or Collector of the reſpective Port for ſuch Exportation, is hereby Directed and Authorized to take in his Majeſties Name, and to his Uſe.

Vide *Act of Union*, 5 A. c. 8.

Duty to be Drawn back upon Exportation.

XXIII. Pro-

Malt Exported and Relanded.

XXIII. Provided always, That if after the Shipping of any such Malt to be Exported, as aforesaid, and the Giving or Tendring of such Security, as aforesaid, in order to Obtain the Allowance or Drawback herein after mentioned, the Malt so Shipped to be Exported shall be Relanded in any Part of the said Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed,

The Penalty.

That then, and in every such Case, over and above the Penalty of the Bond, which shall be Levied and Recovered to his Majesties Use, all the Malt which shall be Landed, or the Value thereof, shall be Forfeited, That is to say, One moiety thereof to the King, and the other moiety to the Person or Persons that will Seize, Inform or Sue for the same, to be recovered as any other Penalties by this Act are recoverable.

XXIV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That any Person or Persons who shall Export any Malt into Foreign Parts (except as aforesaid) shall produce a Certificate or Certificates from the Collector or Officer, who received the Duty of such Malt, that the Duty thereof hath been Paid, or Secured to be Paid; which Certificate the Collector or Officer is hereby required to give, Proof being made upon Oath that the Duty of such Malt hath been Paid or Secured to be Paid (which Oath the said Collector or Officer is hereby required to Administer) and also making Oath before the Officer or Collector of the Port, that the Malt so Exported is the same mentioned in such Certificate, That then the Collector or Chief Officers of the Port where such Malt shall be Exported, shall give to the Exporter thereof a Certificate or Debenture, expressing the true Quantity of the Malt so Exported, or Shipped for Exportation, which Certificate or Debenture being produced to the Collector, or other Officer appointed to receive the said Duty in the Country or Place where such Malt was Exported, he is hereby required to Pay the said Duty of Six Pence per Bushel to the Persons, or their Agents, so Exporting the same: And in Case the Collector, or other Officers, should not have any Money in their hands, to Pay the same, then the Commissioners appointed for Executing of this Act, are hereby required to Pay the same out of the Duties arising by the said Act; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Collector of the Port to give a Debenture.

If the Officer has not Money the Commissioners to Repay the Duty.

During the Continuance of this Act, Malt Prohibited to be Imported.

XXVII. Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Ninth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and one, during the Continuance of this Act, no Malt shall be Brought or Imported into this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, from any Foreign Part or Parts beyond the Seas, upon pain of Forfeiture of the Malt so Imported, or the full Value thereof, One moiety to the King, and the other moiety to such Person or Persons as shall Seize, Inform, or Sue for the same, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law, or any more than one Imparlance shall be allowed.

Content of a *Winchester* Bushel.

XXVIII. And to the end all his Majesties Subjects may know the Content of the Winchester Bushel, whereunto this Act refers, and that all Disputes and Differences about Measure may be prevented for the future, It is hereby Declared, That every round Bushel, with a plain and even Bottom, being made Eighteen Inches and an half wide throughout, and Eight Inches deep, shall be esteemed a Legal Winchester Bushel, according to the Standard in his Majesties Exchequer.

XXXI. And whereas by an Act made in the First Year of his present Majesty and the late Queen, Intituled, An Act for Encouragement of the Exportation of Corn; It is thereby Enacted, That when Malt or Barley is at Twenty four Shillings per Quarter or under, every Merchant that shall put on Board any Malt according to or under the Limitations or Conditions in the said Act expressed, the said Merchant shall have and receive from the Farmers, Commissioners or Collectors of the Duties arising from the Customs, for

1 W. & M. cap. 12.

for every Quarter of Malt or Barley so Exported, the Sum of Two Shillings and Six Pence; Be it hereby Enacted, That the Duty of Six Pence per Bushel by this Act Imposed upon Malt, shall not be reckoned or valued toward the Price of Twenty four Shillings per Quarter by the said recited Act limited, but that the Exporter of Malt shall have and receive the Bounty granted by the said recited Act, unless when the Price of Malt exceeds Twenty four Shillings per Quarter, over and above the Duty of Six Pence per Bushel by this Act granted.

The Duty of 6 d. p. r. Bushel not to be reckoned into the Value of 24 s. per Quarter.

XXXII. Provided always, and be it further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any Person or Persons whatsoever shall Export any ground Malt from any Port or Place in England or Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, to any Foreign Parts (Scotland excepted) the Duties whereof shall have been paid or secured to be paid according to this Act, such Person and Persons shall have the like Drawback or Allowance out of the Duties on Malt by this Act granted, as if the said Malt had been whole, upon Debentures to be obtained, and upon producing Certificates, making Oath, and doing and performing the other matters and things herein before prescribed and directed, in order to obtain Debentures upon Exportation of Malt for Foreign Parts; yet nevertheless such Ground Malt so Exported shall be Computed and Estimated after the Rate of so many Bushels of Malt as the same did contain before it was ground, and no more.

Malt Ground exported the Exporter to have the Drawback as for whole Malt.

Vide the *Act of Union*, 5 A. *cap.* 8.

Anno 13 & 14 GULIELMI III. *Regis.*

CAP. VI.

An Act for the further Security of his Majesties Person, and the Succession of the Crown in the Protestant Line, and for Extinguishing the Hopes of the pretended Prince of *Wales* and all other Pretenders, and their Open and Secret Abettors. *Altered by* 1 Annæ, *Cap.* 22. *and* 1 Geo. *Cap.* 13.

Anno 1 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. VII.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the better Support of her Majesties Household, and of the Honour and Dignity of the Crown.

II. AND be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said further Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Duties upon Wines, Goods and Merchandizes, granted by the said Act made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of his said late Majesty King William, shall from and after the said Ninth day of March, during her Majesties Life, be raised, levied, collected, paid and satisfied unto her Majesty, by the same ways, means and methods, and by the same rules and directions, and with the same allowances, as are mentioned in the same Act made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of his said late Majesty King William; and the same Act, and every Article, Rule and Clause therein contained, or thereby referred to, so far as the same relates to the raising, levying, collecting, and making allowances out of the said Subsidies, and other Duties, shall be of full Force and Effect to all intents and purposes, during her Majesties Life, as if the same were particularly, and at large repeated and set down in the body of this Act.

Further Subsidy, granted for her Majesties Life.

9 W. 3. *cap.* 23.

1 G. *cap.* 1. *Granted to his Majesty for his Life.*

Appropriations of several other Duties.

III. And it is hereby Enacted and Declared, That the said hereditary Rates and Duties of Excise upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors, and the said Duties of Excise upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors hereby granted to her Majesty for the Term of her Life (subject nevertheless to the Incumbrances herein after mentioned) and the said Revenue of the General Letter-Office or Post-Office, or the Office of Postmaster General, and the said small Branches of her Majesties Revenue (that is to say) The First-Fruits and Tenths of the Clergy, the Fines for Writs of Covenant, and Writs of Entry payable in the Alienation Office, the Post Fines, the Revenue of the Wine Licences, the Monies arising by Sheriffs Profers and Compositions in the Exchequer, and by the Seizure of Uncustomed and Prohibited Goods, the Revenue of the Dutchy of Cornwall, and any other Revenue arising by the Rents of Lands in England or Wales, or for Fines for Leases of the same, or any of them; and the Monies arising by the said further Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Duties hereby granted, and all other the Branches and Revenues which were Chargeable with the said Yearly Sum of Seven hundred thousand Pounds (the said Duty of Four and an half per Centum in Specie arising in Barbadoes and the Leward Islands in America always excepted and foreprized) shall be for the Support of her Majesties Houshold, and of the Honour and Dignity of the Crown; yet nevertheless the said Hereditary Rates and Duties of Excise upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors, and the said Rates and Duties of Excise upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors hereby granted to her Majesty, during her Life, and every of them, shall be subject and liable to the said Weekly Payment of Three thousand seven hundred Pounds, according to the Tenor and Effect of the said Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of his said late Majesty King William, in the same manner as the said Hereditary Rates and Duties of Excise, and the said Rates and Duties of Excise which were granted in the Second Year of the Reign of their said late Majesties, and every of them, jointly or severally, would have been liable to the same Weekly Payment if his said Majesty had continued in this Life, during the said Term of Five Years; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Except 4 ½ per Cent. in Barbadoes.

3700 *l.* to be paid Weekly.

Anno 1 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. VIII.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Explaining a Clause in an Act made at the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*, the Two and twentieth of *November*, in the Seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King *William* the Third, Intituled, *An Act for the better Security of his Majesties Royal Person and Government.*

Preamble.

Whereas by an Act of Parliament made at the Parliament begun and holden at Westminster the Two and twentieth day of November, in the Seventh Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King William the Third, Intituled, An Act for the better Security of his Majesties Royal Person and Government, It was among other things Enacted, That no Commission, either Civil or Military, should cease, determine or be void, by reason of the Death or Demise of his said Majesty, or of any of his Heirs or Successors, Kings or Queens of this Realm, but that every such Commission should be, continue and remain in full Force and Virtue, for the space of Six Months next after any such Death or Demise, unless in the mean time superseded, determined or made void by the next and immediate Successor to whom the Imperial Crown of this

7 W. 3. *cap.* 27.

this Realm, according to the Act of Settlement in the same recited Act mentioned, is limited and appointed to go, remain or descend. And forasmuch as some Doubt may be conceived concerning the Extent of that Clause: Therefore for the avoiding of any Dispute or Question that may arise concerning the Construction thereof, Be it Declared and Enacted by the Queens most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That no Patent or Grant of any Office or Imployment, either Civil or Military, shall be taken, construed or adjudged to cease, determine or be void by reason of the Death or Demise of his said late Majesty, but that every such Patent or Grant shall be, continue and remain in full Force and Virtue from and after the Seventh day of March, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and one, for the space of Six Months then next ensuing, unless in the mean time superseded, determined or made void by her present Majesty.

No Patent of Grant shall cease upon the Death of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, but shall continue Six Months after such Death.

II. And be it further Enacted, That no Patent or Grant of any Office or Imployment, either Civil or Military, hereafter to be made, shall cease, determine, or be void, by reason of the Death or Demise of her present Majesty (whom God Almighty long preserve to Reign over this Realm) or any of her Heirs or Successors, Kings or Queens of this Realm, but that every such Patent or Grant shall be, continue and remain in full Force and Virtue for the space of Six Months next after any such Death or Demise, unless in the mean time superseded, determined or made void by the next and immediate Successor, to whom the Imperial Crown of this Realm is limited and appointed to go, remain or descend.

Writs or Informations not to be determined by the Death of her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors.

IV. And be it further Enacted, That no Writ, Plea, or Process, or any other Proceeding upon any Indictment or Information for any Offence or Misdemeanor, or any Writ, Process or Proceeding for any Debt, or Account that shall be due or to be made to her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors for or concerning any Lands, Tenements or other Revenue that shall belong to her or them, that shall be depending at the time of her Majesties Demise (whom God long preserve) or of any of her Heirs or Successors, shall be discontinued or put without Day, by reason of her or any of their Deaths or Demises, but shall continue and remain in full Force and Virtue, to be proceeded upon notwithstanding any such Death or Demise.

Commissions, Process, or Writs issued out of any Court, to continue for Six Months, notwithstanding the Death or Demise of her Majesty, her Heirs, &c. unless superseded by them.

V. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Commission of Association, Writ of Admittance, of Si non omnes, Original Writ, Writ of Nisi prius, Writ of Assistance, nor any Commission, Process or Proceedings whatsoever, in or issuing out of any Court of Equity, nor any Process or Proceeding upon any Office or Inquisition, nor any Writ of Certiorari or Habeas Corpus, in any Matter or Cause, either Criminal or Civil, nor any Writ of Attachment or Process for Contempt, nor any Commission of Delegacy or Review, for any Matters Ecclesiastical, Testamentary, or Maritime, or any Process thereupon, shall be determined, abated, or discontinued by the Demise of the said late King, but all and every such Writ, Commission, Process and Proceedings, shall be, and are hereby revived and continued, and shall be in full Force and Virtue, and shall and may be proceeded upon as if his late Majesty were living; nor hereafter by the Demise of her present Majesty, or any King or Queen of this Realm, shall any Commission of Assize, Oyer and Terminer, General Goal-Delivery, or of Association, Writ of Admittance, Writ of Si non omnes, Writ of Assistance or Commission of the Peace, be determined; but every such Commission and Writ shall be and continue in full Force and Virtue, for the space of Six Months next ensuing, notwithstanding any such Demise, unless superseded and Determined by her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors, and also no Original Writ, Writ of Nisi prius, Commission, Process or Proceedings whatsoever, in or issuing out of any Court of Equity, nor any Process or Proceeding upon any Office or Inquisition, nor any Writ of

Certiorari or Habeas Corpus in any Matter or Cause, either Criminal or Civil, nor any Writ of Attachment or Process for Contempt, nor any Commission of Delegacy or Review, for any Matters Ecclesiastical, Testamentary or Maritime, or any Process thereupon, shall be determined, abated or discontinued by the Demise of her Majesty, or any King or Queen of this Realm; but every such Writ, Commission, Process and Proceeding, shall remain in full Force and Virtue, to be proceeded upon, as if her Majesty, or such other King or Queen had lived, notwithstanding any such Death or Demise.

This Act to extend to *Ireland*, *Jersey*, *Guernsey*, and the Plantations.

VI. And be it further Enacted, That all and singular the Provisions, Clauses, Matters and Things, whatsoever contained in this Act, and in that part of the Act made in the Seventh Year of the Reign of the late King, which is recited in this present Act, shall extend, and be construed to extend to the Kingdom of Ireland, to the Islands of Jersey and Guernsey, and to all her Majesties Dominions in America, and elsewhere.

Anno 1 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. X.

An Act for Taking, Examining and Stating the Publick Accounts of the Kingdom.

Anno 1 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XII.

A Clause in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Granting an Aid to her Majesty by divers Subsidies and a Land Tax.

It shall be Lawful to Import *Hungary* Wines from *Hamburgh* into this Kingdom, paying the Duties of *Rhenish* Wines.

CXII. AND whereas there have lately been Imported into your Majesties Dominions, Wines of the growth of Hungary, and some Doubts have arisen touching the Rates and Duties payable for the same upon such Importation; Be it Declared and Enacted, That it shall and may be Lawful to Import from Hamburgh into the Port of London, and the Members thereof, or into any other Ports of this Kingdom, or the Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, Wines of the growth of Hungary, and upon the Importation of any such Wines, there shall be paid such Rates and Duties only, as by any Law now in force are due and payable for any Rhenish Wines, or Wines of the growth of Germany, Imported into this your Realm, or the Dominions thereof, by all your Majesties Natural-born Subjects, and by all Strangers and Aliens respectively.

Anno 1 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XIII.

Part of the First, and several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for making good Deficiencies, and for Preserving the Publick Credit.

Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage,

AND be it Enacted by the Queens most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandizes exported and imported, which were given and granted unto

unto his late Majesty King Charles the Second for his Life, by an Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth Year of his Reign, Intituled, A Subsidy granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandizes exported and imported, and which by several Acts of Parliament since made, have been granted for several Terms, and are to continue until the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and six, shall be further continued to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, from the Last day of July, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and six, until the First day of August, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and ten, and no longer: And that the said Act, made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, and every Article, Rule and Clause therein mentioned, and also an Order of the Commons in Parliament assembled, made in pursuance of the Rules and Orders annexed to the aforesaid Act for settling of Officers Fees, dated the Seventeenth day of May, One thousand six hundred sixty two, and signed by Sir Edward Turner, then Speaker, shall be of full force and effect, to all intents and purposes, until the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and ten, as fully and in like manner as if the same were particularly and at large recited, and set down in the body of this Act.

12 Car. 2. c. 4.

Continued for ever, vide, 1 Geo. *cap.* 12. 3 Geo. *cap.* 7, 8.

Further continued to 1 *Aug.* 1710.

Officers Fees.

II. Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That an Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of the said King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act to prevent Frauds and Concealments of his Majesties Customs and Subsidies; as also an Act made in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of the said late King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for preventing Frauds, and regulating Abuses in his Majesties Customs; and also an Act made in the Two and twentieth Year of the Reign of the said late King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for the Improvement of Tillage, and the Breed of Cattle; and also one other Act made in the Five and twentieth Year of the Reign of the said late King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for taking off Aliens Duties upon Commodities of the Growth, Product and Manufacture of the Nation; and also one other Act made in the said Five and twentieth Year of the Reign of the said late King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for the Incouragement of the *Greenland* and *Eastland* Trades, and for the better Securing the Plantation Trade; and also one other Act made in the First Year of the late King James the Second, Intituled, An Additional Act for the Improvement of Tillage; and one Act made in the Eighth Year of the Reign of his said late Majesty King William the Third, Intituled, An Act for the Lessening the Duty upon Tin and Pewter exported, and granting an Equivalent for the same by a Duty upon Drugs; and another Act of the Ninth Year of his Reign, for increasing his Majesties Duties upon Lustrings and Alamodes; and one Act made in the Eleventh Year of his Reign, Intituled, An Act for taking away the Duties upon the Woollen Manufactures, Corn, Grain, Bread, Biscuit, and Meal exported; and all the Clauses and Directions whatsoever contained therein, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in force concerning the said Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money upon Merchandizes exported and imported, which were granted in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, as aforesaid, shall be of full force and effect until the said First day of August, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and ten.

12 Car. 2. c. 19. 14 Car. 2. c. 11. 22 Car. 2. c. 13. 25 Car. 2. c. 6. 25 Car. 2. c. 7. 1 Jac. 2. c. 19. 8 W. 3. c. 34. 9 W. 3. c. 30. 11 W. 3. c. 20.

Continued for ever, vide, 1 Geo. *cap.* 12. 3 Geo. *cap.* 7, 8.

All the said Acts continued to 1 *August*, 1710.

III. Provided nevertheless, and be it Declared and Enacted, That nothing herein contained shall be construed or taken to determine any Articles or Clauses in any of the last mentioned Acts, hereby Enacted to be in force, until the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and ten, which were appointed and intended to be perpetual, or which are continued by any Act of Parliament, for any time which will not expire by or before the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and ten; but that the same, and every of them, shall continue and remain in force, as if this pre-

This Act not to determine any Acts intended to be perpetual.

preſent Act had not been made; but ſuch of the ſaid Acts, and ſuch Clauſes in any of them as would otherwiſe determine before the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, ſhall hereby be revived, and ſtand, continue, and be in force until the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, and no longer.

Impoſt on Wines and Vinegar,

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Impoſitions and Duties upon Wines and Vinegar, granted by an Act made in the Firſt Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King James the Second, Intituled, An Act for granting to his Majeſty an Impoſition upon all Wines and Vinegar, imported between the Twenty fourth day of *June*, One thouſand ſix hundred eighty five, and the Twenty fourth day of *June*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety three; which ſaid Act, by ſeveral Acts of Parliament afterwards paſſed, hath been continued, and is to continue until the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, ſhall be further continued from the Laſt day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, until the Firſt day of Auguſt, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, and no longer; and that the ſaid Act ſo made in the Firſt Year of the Reign of the late King James the Second, and all Powers, Proviſions, Penalties, Articles and Clauſes therein contained, for or concerning the ſaid Impoſition on Wines and Vinegar, ſhall continue and be of full force and effect until the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, and ſhall be applied, practiſed and executed for raiſing, levying, collecting, anſwering and paying the ſaid Duties upon Wine and Vinegar, hereby continued, according to the Tenor and Intent of this preſent Act, as fully to all intents and purpoſes, as if all and every the Clauſes, Matters and Things in the ſaid Act of the Firſt Year of King James the Second contained, had been again repeated in this Act, and particularly Enacted.

1 Jac. 2. *cap.* 3.

continued to 1 *Aug.* 1710.

Continued for ever, vide, 9 A. *cap.* 21. 1 G. *cap.* 21. 3 G. *cap.* 9.

Impoſt on Tobacco,

V. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Rates, Duties and Impoſitions upon all ſorts of Tobacco, granted by an Act made in the Firſt Year of the Reign of the ſaid late King James the Second, Intituled, An Act for Granting to his Majeſty an Impoſition upon all Tobacco and Sugar, imported between the Four and twentieth day of *June*, One thouſand ſix hundred eighty five, and the Four and twentieth day of *June*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety three; which ſaid Act, as for and concerning the ſaid Duties and Impoſitions upon Tobacco only, was by ſeveral Acts of Parliament afterwards made, continued, and is to continue to the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, ſhall be further continued from the Laſt day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, until the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, and no longer.

1 Jac. 2. *cap.* 4.

continued to 1 *Aug.* 1710.

Continued for ever, vide, 9 A. *cap.* 21. 1 G. *cap.* 21. 3 G. *cap.* 9.

The ſaid Duty on Tobacco to be collected according to the Act 7 & 8 *W.* 3. cap. 10.

VI. Provided always, and be it Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Duty upon Tobacco, which ſhall be imported during the term hereby granted, ſhall be ſecured, collected, raiſed, levied, anſwered and paid to her Majeſty, in ſuch Method, and with ſuch Diſcount and Allowances, and according to ſuch Rules and Directions as are mentioned, referred to, or preſcribed, as to the Duties or Impoſitions upon Tobacco, in and by the Act made in the Parliament holden in the Seventh and Eighth Years of the Reign of King William the Third, Intituled, An Act for Continuing ſeveral Duties granted by former Acts upon Wine, Vinegar, and upon Tobacco, and *Eaſt-India* Goods, and other Merchandizes imported, for Carrying on the War againſt *France*, and not otherwiſe.

Altered by the 12 A. *cap.* 8. & 5 Geo. *cap.* 7.

Impoſitions on *Eaſt-India* Goods, &c. 1690.

VII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Additional and other Rates, Impoſitions, Duties and Charges, upon the ſeveral ſorts of Goods and Merchandizes granted by an Act made in the Second Year of the Reign of King William the Third and Queen Mary, Intituled, An Act for granting to their Majeſties certain Impoſitions upon all *Eaſt-India* Goods and Manufactures, and upon all Wrought Silks, and ſeveral other Goods and Merchandizes,

2 W. & M. *Seſſ.* 2. *cap.* 4

chandizes, to be imported after the Five and twentieth day of *December*, One thouſand ſix hundred and ninety, and which thereby and by ſeveral other Acts afterwards paſſed, were to have continuance, and are to continue until the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, ſhall be further continued from the Laſt day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, until the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, and no longer; and that the ſaid Act made in the Second Year of their ſaid late Majeſties Reign, concerning Eaſt-India Goods and other things therein charged, and all Powers, Proviſions, Penalties, Articles and Clauſes therein contained, ſhall continue and be of full force and effect until the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, and ſhall be applied, practiſed and executed for the raiſing, levying, collecting, anſwering and paying the ſaid reſpective Duties hereby continued, according to the Tenor and Intent of this preſent Act, as fully to all intents and purpoſes, as if the ſaid laſt mentioned Act, and all and every the Clauſes, Matters and Things therein contained, had been again repeated and enacted particularly; except only as to ſuch part of the ſaid Acts concerning the ſaid Impoſitions on Wines, Vinegar, Tobacco, Eaſt-India Goods, and other Merchandizes imported, touching which other Proviſions or Alterations are made by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in being; which other Proviſions or Alterations are to be obſerved and to continue during the continuance of this Act, and the ſaid Act, Intituled, An Act for Continuing ſeveral Duties granted by former Acts upon Wine and Vinegar, and upon Tobacco and *Eaſt-India* Goods, and other Merchandizes imported, for Carrying on the War againſt *France*; and every Article, Clauſe, Matter and Thing therein contained, for the raiſing, levying, ſecuring, anſwering and paying the Impoſitions and Duties on the Merchandizes and Commodities thereby charged, and which are by this Act continued, ſhall be of full force and effect until the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten.

Continued for ever, vide, 9 A. *cap.* 21. 1 G. *cap.* 21. 3 G. *cap.* 9.

continued to 1 *Aug.* 1710.

except otherwiſe altered.

7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 10.

VIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Additional, and other Rates, Duties, Impoſitions and Charges upon the ſeveral ſorts of Goods and Merchandizes, granted by an Act of Parliament made in the Fourth Year of their ſaid late Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for granting to their Majeſties certain Additional Impoſitions upon ſeveral Goods and Merchandizes, for Proſecuting the preſent War againſt *France*; and which by ſeveral Acts of Parliament have been granted to continue to the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, ſhall be further continued from the Laſt day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, to the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, and no longer: And that the ſaid Act laſt mentioned, and all Powers, Proviſions, Penalties, Articles and Clauſes therein contained (except as herein after is excepted and provided) as for and concerning the ſaid Rates, Duties and Impoſitions, ſhall continue and be of full force and effect, until the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, and ſhall be applied, practiſed and executed for the raiſing, levying, collecting, anſwering and paying the ſaid Duties hereby continued, according to the Tenor and Intent o this preſent Act, as if the ſaid laſt mentioned Act, and all and every the Clauſes, Matters and Things therein contained had been again repeated and enacted in this Act particularly.

4 & 5 W. & M. *cap.* 5.

Continued for ever, vide, 9 A. *cap.* 21. 1 G. *cap.* 21. 3 G. *cap.* 9.

Additional Impoſitions, 169$\frac{3}{4}$.

continued to 1 *Aug.* 1710.

except otherwiſe altered.

IX. Nevertheleſs it is hereby Provided and Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for and during the continuance of the ſaid Additional Impoſitions, the Sum of Two Shillings only ſhall be paid for every Ton of Lapis Calaminaris exported, over and above the Rates thereon charged by the Book of Rates, to be collected as in and by the ſaid Act is directed and appointed; and that it ſhall and may be lawful to import into this Kingdom from Ireland, any Bar-Iron unwrought, and Iron ſlit or hammered into Rods (other than Swediſh or other Foreign Iron) diſcharged of any Impo-

2 *s. per* Ton on *Lapis Calaminaris* exported.

Iriſh Iron diſcharged of Impoſitions.

Impoſitions or Duties to be laid upon the ſame by this Act; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Alteration made by any Act now in being, concerning the Impoſitions, continued.

X Provided alſo, That in all caſes where any other Proviſion or Alteration is made by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in being, in or about any other Matter or Thing contained in the ſaid Act of Parliament, for the Impoſitions laſt mentioned, ſuch other Proviſions or Alteration ſhall be obſerved, during the continuance of the term hereby granted, in the ſame Impoſitions; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

New Duty on Whale-Fins,

XIV. And it is hereby further Enacted, That the ſeveral Impoſitions and Duties for and upon all Whale-Fins and Scotch Linen imported, which by an Act of Parliament in the Ninth Year of his ſaid late Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for taking away half the Duties impoſed on Glaſs Wares, and the Whole Duties lately laid on Stone and Earthen-Wares and Tobacco-Pipes, and for granting, in lieu thereof, New Duties on Whale Fins and *Scotch* Linens, were granted to his ſaid late Majeſty King William for the term of Eight Years, from the Tenth day of July, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety eight (except ſo much of the ſaid Duty of Whale-Fins as is ſince taken away by any ſubſequent Act of Parliament) ſhall be and are hereby continued to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, from the Expiration of the ſaid term of Eight Years, until the ſaid First day of Auguſt, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, and no longer; and ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected and paid, in ſuch manner and form, and by ſuch ways and means, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures as are mentioned in the ſaid Act for granting the ſaid Impoſitions on Whale-Fins and Scotch Linens; which Act, with all the Powers, Proviſo's, Penalties, Articles, and Clauſes therein contained, or thereby referred to, ſhall continue and be in full force until the ſaid First day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten; and ſhall be applied, practiſed and put in Execution, for raiſing and levying the ſaid Duties on Whale-Fins and Scotch Linens hereby continued, as fully and effectually as if all the Clauſes, Matters and Things therein contained, concerning the ſaid Duties on Whale-Fins and Scotch Linens, were repeated and again enacted in the body of this preſent Act.

9 W. 3. *cap.* 45.

New Duty on Scotch *Linen, repealed by the Act of Union,* 5 A. *cap.* 8.

But the New Duty on Whale-Fins, continued for ever, vide, 9 A. *cap.* 21. 1 G. *cap.* 21. 3 G. *cap.* 9.

continued to 1 *Aug.* 1710.

Proviſo.

XX. Provided nevertheleſs, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to continue the Impoſitions upon Sope and Olive Oyl, firſt granted to their late Majeſties King William and Queen Mary, by an Act made in the Second Year of their ſaid Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for Granting to their Majeſties certain Impoſitions upon all *Eaſt-India* Goods and Manufactures, and upon all Wrought Silks, and ſeveral other Goods and Merchandizes, to be Imported after the Five and twentieth day of *December*, One thouſand ſix hundred and ninety, and afterwards continued by ſeveral other Acts, to the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, but all and ſingular the Impoſitions upon Sope and Olive Oyl, granted by the ſaid Act or Acts, ſhall determine and expire on the laſt day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix.

Impoſt on Sope and Olive Oyl, to determine on the 31 *July* 1706.

2 W. & M. *cap.* 4.

Anno

Anno 1 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XVI.

An Act for the Inlarging and Incouraging the *Greenland* Trade.

4 & 5 W. & M. cap. 17.

Preamble.

Whereas by an Act made in the Fourth and Fifth Years of the Reign of their late Majesties King William and Queen Mary, for Incouraging the Greenland Fishery, a Company was thereby Incorporated, giving Liberty to the said Company, exclusive to the rest of their Majesties Subjects; It is thereby Enacted, That it shall and may be Lawful for the said Company, thereby Established, and for all and every the Ships and Vessels belonging to, or imployed by the said Company, and truly belonging to England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and whereof the Masters shall be English-men, and Inhabiting within the Places aforesaid, and for no other Ship or Vessel whatsoever, from and after the First day of May, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred ninety three, and until the First day of October, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and seven, imployed for the Catching of Whales in the Greenland Seas, and other the Seas and Places aforesaid, during such their Voyages, to be Navigated with One third of the Mariners English, at the least, and yet to pay no further, or other Custom for the Oyl, Blubber, or Fins caught and imported in such Ships or Vessels, than if such Ships or Vessels had been Navigated with Three fourths of the Mariners English; any Law, Statute, or Usage to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding. Provided always, and it is thereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no English Ship, or other Vessel belonging to England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and which shall belong to, and be imployed by the said Company in the Catching of Whales in the Greenland Seas, and other the Seas, and Places aforesaid, shall enjoy any Benefit or Privilege by this Act, unless such Ship or Vessel did proceed on her Voyage for Greenland, and those Seas, or for other the Seas and Places aforesaid, from England or Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and was Victualled for the said Voyage in some of those Places, to be Attested by the Collector of the Port where the same Ship or Vessel was Victualled; Notwithstanding which the said Company have of late wholly neglected and lost that Trade to this Nation: And therefore for the Inlarging and Incouraging the Greenland Trade, and for the better Improvement of the same for the Good of England, May it please your Majesty that it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the Queens most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First day of May, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and two, It shall and may be Lawful for any of her Majesties Subjects whatsoever, that will Adventure to Greenland for Fishing of Whales, to have and enjoy all the Privileges that were granted to the said Company by the aforesaid Act, and shall not Pay any further, or other Duty than if they had been of the said Greenland Company; any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

Lawful for any of her Majesties Subjects to Trade to *Greenland*, paying the same Duty as the Company.

II. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Harpineer, or other Foreigners that are permitted by the said Act for Carrying on the said Fishery, shall be Impressed for her Majesties Service.

Harpineers not to be Impreſt.

Anno 1 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XVII.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Continuing and Amending the Act made in the Ninth Year of his late Majesties Reign, Intituled, *An Act for the Settling and Adjusting the Proportions of Fine Silver and Silk, and for the better Making of Gold and Silver Thread, and to Prevent the Abuses of the Wire-drawers.* EXP.

Anno 1 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XXI.

Several Clauses in An Act, Intituled, An Act for Preventing Frauds in the Duties upon Salt, and for the better Payment of Debentures at the Custom-house.

VI. AND whereas her Majesty is very much Defrauded of her Duties upon Foreign Salt, by the different and uncertain Measuring of the same, upon the Importation and Exportation thereof: For Remedy thereof, be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Four and twentieth day of June, Eighty four Pounds Weight of Foreign Salt shall be deemed and taken to be a Bushel of Foreign Salt, both upon the Importation and Exportation thereof; any thing herein or in any former Law to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Content of a Bushel of Foreign Salt.

VII. And whereas the Importers of Foreign Salt do bring the same in Vessels on the several Coasts of this Kingdom, and Dominion of Wales, and lie Hovering off the said Coasts, and will not bring the same into Port, or Land the said Salt, until they can get an opportunity of Running such Salt, without Entry or Payment of Duties; and in many cases where they do bring the same into Port, yet continue such Salt in Port on Board their Vessels, and refuse to Enter or Land the same, and in the Night-time, or Absence of the Officers from on Board such Vessels, privately Run the said Salt on Shore, without Entry or Payment of Duties, or giving Security for the same: For Prevention thereof, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Four and twentieth day of June, where any Ship or Vessel Laden with Salt shall be found Hovering on the Coasts of England or Wales, not directly proceeding on her Voyage to some Port, it shall and may be Lawful to and for the Officers of the Customs, or the Officers for the said Duty on Salt, to go on Board such Vessels, and Compel the same to come into Port, and to continue on Board such Ships or Vessels until the Salt shall be Unladen, or the said Ship or Vessel shall depart from the said Port, on her intended Voyage to some other place; and if the Persons on Board such Ship or Vessel, or any other Ship or Vessel Importing Salt, shall neglect or refuse to Enter or Unlade such Salt, for the space of Twenty Days after the same is come into Port, or within that time to depart and proceed regularly on their Voyage to some other place, unless permitted by the Chief Officer of the Customs for that Port to make a longer Stay, then and in such Case, all the Salt on Board such Ship or Vessel, shall be Forfeited, and Double the Value thereof, to be Recovered of the Master of such Ship or Vessel, or the Person Commanding the same in that Voyage.

Ships Laden with Salt, Hovering on the Coast,

may be Compelled by the Officers to come into Port.

Vide, *the Act* 5 G. *c.* 11. §. 8.

Unless permitted,

Salt forfeited, and double the Value.

VIII. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Four and twentieth day of June, no Foreign Salt shall be Imported from Parts beyond the Seas, in any Ship or Vessel of less Burthen than Twenty Tons, and in Bulk only (except for the necessary Provisions of the Ships) upon pain of Forfeiting the said Salt, and double the Value thereof, to be Recovered of the Person Importing the same.

Salt Imported in Ships less than 20 Ton, Forfeited, and double the Value.

IX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Four and twentieth day of June, Sixty five Pounds Weight of Rock-Salt shall be deemed and taken to be a Bushel of Rock-Salt; any thing in the said former Acts contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Sixty five Pound to be a Bushel of Rock-Salt.

XI. And whereas by the several Acts for Laying Duties upon Salt, any Person Exporting Salt to Parts beyond the Seas, is Entitled to a Drawback of the whole Duty of the Salt so Exported; and it is found by experience that many Exporters of Salt

and

and Rock-Salt, after they have obtained the said Drawback or a Debenture for the same, do privately Reland such Salt or Rock-Salt in England or Wales, without paying the Duties thereof upon such Relanding: For prevention thereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Four and twentieth day of June, no Debenture shall be made or granted, or Drawback allowed to be paid, for or upon Account of the Exportation of any Salt or Rock-Salt for Ireland, until the Exporter of the said Salt or Rock-Salt shall produce to the Officer appointed to make such Debenture, a Certificate under the Hand of the Collector of the Customs of the Port in Ireland, where such Salt or Rock-Salt shall be Landed, or the Person Executing his Office, of the particular Quantity of Salt or Rock-Salt actually Landed, to be Computed after the Rate of Fifty six Pounds Weight to the Bushel, in case the same shall be English White Salt, and after the Rate of Sixty five Pounds to the Bushel, in case the same shall be English Rock Salt, and after the Rate of Eighty four Pounds to the Bushel, in case the same shall be Foreign Salt; which Salt and Rock-Salt is hereby Directed and Required to be Weighed by the said Collectors or Persons Executing their respecting Offices, and the said Certificate to be made gratis, and without delay. And it is hereby Enacted, That no Drawback shall be allowed or paid for more Salt or Rock-Salt, of the Quantity Exported in such Vessel, than what shall appear by such Certificate to have been actually Landed in Ireland.

No Drawback to be allowed for Salt Exported for *Ireland*, till a Certificate is produced from thence.

XII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Ship or Vessel laden with Salt Exported, to be carried to Parts beyond the Seas, shall, from and after the said Four and twentieth day of June, by Stress of Weather, or otherwise, be drove or come into any Port, Creek, Harbour, or other Place within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, It shall and may be Lawful to and for the Officer of Excise on Salt for such Place, appointed or to be appointed for that purpose by the Commissioners of Excise, to Enter or Come on Board such Ship or Vessel, and there to Continue and be, till the said Ship or Vessel shall Unlade her Cargo, or Return to Sea to go her intended Voyage, under the Penalty of Twenty Pounds, to be Recovered of the Master of such Ship or Vessel, who shall Refuse such Officer so to come and continue on Board, as aforesaid. And if the said Master, or any other Person, shall Unlade or put on Shore any Part of the said Salt before due Entry or Repayment of the Duty, as by the Statutes in that behalf made, is Provided, That then, and in every such Case, not only the said Salt so Unladen, but also the whole Cargo of Salt in such Ship or Vessel remaining, shall be forfeited and Lost.

Proviso for Salt-Ships drove into Port by Stress of Weather, &c.

Salt Landed before Entry, or Repayment of the Duty, whole Cargo forfeited.

XIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That where any Salt, as well Foreign as English, shall be laid on board any Ship or Vessel, either to be transported to Parts beyond the Seas, or carried Coast-wise, to be Relanded in England, Wales or Berwick, the Officer of the Customs of the Port where the said Salt shall be laden on board any such Ship or Vessel (which Cocquet shall be also signed by the Officer in the said Port appointed by the Commissioners of Excise for the Duty on Salt, and given without Fee or Delay) express the particular Quantity of Salt so laden on board: And in case such Ship or Vessel shall come into any Port, Creek, Harbour or Place in England, Wales or Berwick, It shall be Lawful for the Officers of the Customs, or other Officers for the said Duties, to go on board any such Ship or Vessel, and demand a sight of such Cocquet; and in case he or they shall have just cause to suspect that there is not so much Salt on board as the Quantity expressed in such Cocquet, and shall make Affidavit thereof before the Collector or Customer of the said Port, or Person executing their or either of their Offices, to weigh all the Salt remaining on board; and in case upon such weighing, there shall appear not to be so much Salt on board as the Quantity expressed in such

Salt exported or carried Coastwise,

Quantity to be expresst in the Cocquet.

Officer finding less on board than expressed, Salt forfeited.

Coequet, making reasonable Allowance for the Waste of the said Salt since its Exportation, and making also Allowance (for Salt going Coast-wise) of Salt delivered to another Port, and endorsed in the Salt-Permit going with the said Vessel, as delivered at such Port, then, and in such case, the said Salt so remaining on board, shall be forfeited and lost.

XIV. And for prevention of Frauds frequently practised in curing Fish at Sea with Salt, which hath not or shall not have been entred, nor the Duties thereof paid, or secured to be paid according to the Directions of the former Laws, or with Salt exported from England or Wales, the Duties whereof shall have been repaid upon such Exportation, or Debentures obtained, in order to the Drawing back of the same: Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Nine and twentieth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and two, no Fish, for which Allowances are given upon Exportation, shall be Imported, Brought in, or Landed within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, unless the Owner or Proprietor of such Fish, or the Master of the Vessel, shall make Oath before the Officer for the said Duties, in the Port or Place where such Fish shall be Imported, Brought in, or Landed, (who shall administer the same without Fee or Charge) That all the Salt wherewith the said Fish was Cured, was laden or put on board from some part of England, Wales or Berwick, and that no Drawback, or Allowance, or Debenture for the same, hath, to his knowledge or belief, been had or obtained, or is intended to be had or obtained, upon the Exportation or Carrying out of the said Salt, or any part thereof, upon pain of forfeiting such Fish that shall be Imported, Brought in, or Landed, contrary to the intent or meaning hereof, and double the value thereof, to be recovered of the Importer or Proprietor thereof.

No Fish for which Allowances are given upon Exportation, shall be Imported, unless Oath be made,

Vide, 5 Geo. cap. 18.

That all the Salt which Cured the Fish was carried from *England* without Drawback.

Forfeiture.

XV. And whereas the Officers appointed by the Commissioners of Excise to take care of the Duties on Imported Salt, and to prevent Frauds in the undue obtaining Debentures for Drawbacks and Allowances out of the said Duties, are not, by any of the Laws relating to the said Duties, sufficiently impowered to go on board Ships and Vessels for that purpose, although the Duties on Salt are under the Management of the said Commissioners and their Officers: Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from henceforth it shall and may be Lawful to and for the Officers appointed by the Commissioners of Excise for the said Duties on Salt, from time to time, to go on board all Ships Importing or Exporting any Salt or Fish, and to continue on board such Ships, to take an Account of such Salt and Fish, and see the same Weighed, Landed or Exported; and if any Person or Persons shall obstruct or hinder any of the said Officers in performance of their Duties aforesaid, then, and in every such case, the Person offending therein shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Power given to the Officers of Salt-Duty to go on board Ships.

XVI. And whereas her Majesties Duties on Salt are much lessened by the Exportation of great Quantities of Fish, in regard the Exporters thereof, after the same are carried out of Port, and Allowances, or Debentures for Allowances out of the Duties on Salt had or obtained on such Exportation, do frequently bring back such Fish into Port, and Re-export the same, and obtain a Second or more Allowances for the very same Fish: For remedy thereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Four and twentieth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and two, it shall and may be Lawful for the Officers for the said Duties on Salt, in the several and respective parts of the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, upon the Exportation of any Codfish, Ling or Hake, and before the same shall be laid on board for Exportation, to cut off part of the Tail of every such Codfish, Ling or Hake, before the same shall be so exported, to the intent it may be known that such Codfish, Ling or Hake hath been so exported, and Allowances obtained on Exportation thereof, in case the same shall be re-

Officers to cut off part of the Tail upon the Exportation of Codfish, Ling or Hake,

Vide, 5 Geo. cap. 18.

landed

landed or reimported: And also that it shall be Lawful upon the Exportation of any Pilchards, Scads, White Herrings, Red Herrings, Salmon, or dried Red Sprats, and before the same shall be laid on board for Exportation, to mark any Cask, Bartel or other Vessel, wherein any such Pilchards, Scads, White Herrings, Red Herrings, Salmon, or dried Red Sprats, shall be exported, to the intent it may be known that such Pilchards, Scads, White Herrings, Red Herrings, Salmon, or dried Red Sprats, have been exported, and Allowances obtained on Exportation of the same, in case the same, or any of them, shall be relanded or reimported.

and to mark the Casks of Pilchards, &c.

Vide, 5 Geo. cap. 18.

XVII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any Codfish, Ling or Hake, or any Pilchards, Scads, White Herrings, Red Herrings, Salmon, or dried Red Sprats, shall, after the same shall be Exported, be fraudulently relanded in England, or Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or Reimported, all the said Fish, so relanded or reimported, shall be forfeited and lost, and double the value thereof, to be recovered of the Importer or Proprietor thereof.

Fish fraudulently Relanded,

forfeited, and double the value.

XIX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Penalties and Forfeitures hereby given and imposed, shall be recovered and levied by the same ways, means and methods, as any Penalties and Forfeitures can or may be recovered and levied by any of the Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of her Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed, nor any more than one Imparlance: And that the said Penalties and Forfeitures shall be distributed in manner following, (viz.) One moiety thereof to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, and the other moiety to him or them that will sue or inform for the same.

Penalties, how to be recovered.

How to be distributed.

XX. And whereas the Allowances given by the several Acts relating to the Duties on Salt, upon the Exportation of Codfish, Ling and Hake, therein mentioned, do much exceed the Duty of the Salt usually imployed in the Curing the same, so that many Persons, for the sake of the said Allowances only, do Export such Fish not duly Cured, and Fish of very small size, not having a due quantity of Salt made use of in Curing the same, which is not only a Prejudice to her Majesty in her said Duties on Salt, but also a great Disparagement to the Trade of English Fish in Foreign Markets: Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in lieu of the several Allowances given out of the said Duties on Salt, by the Acts relating to the same, upon the Exportation of any Codfish, Ling or Hake, there shall be allowed and paid the several and respective Sums herein after mentioned, for the several and respective Sorts of Codfish, Ling or Hake herein after mentioned, which shall be Exported from any Port or Place in England, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, from and after the said Four and twentieth day of June; That is to say:

In lieu of the several Allowances out of the Salt-Duty for Fish exported, the Sums hereafter mentioned to be allowed:

Altered by the 5 Geo. *cap.* 18.

XXI. For every Hundred of Codfish, Ling and Hake (other than and except dried Cod, Ling or Hake, commonly called Haberdines) which shall contain in length Four and twenty Inches, and upwards, from the Bone in the Fin to the Third Joint in the Tail of such Fish, the Sum of Fifty Shillings, and so in proportion for a greater or lesser quantity.

Codfish, Ling and Hake (except Haberdines) of 24 Inches, for every 100 Fish 50 *s.*

Ditto.

XXII. For every Hundred of Codfish, Ling or Hake (other than and except dried Cod, Ling or Hake, commonly called Haberdines) which shall be of the length of Eighteen Inches, or more, and under the size of Four and twenty Inches, from the Bone in the Fin to the Third Joint in the Tail of such Fish, the Sum of Five and twenty Shillings, and so in proportion for a greater or lesser quantity.

Codfish, *&c.* of 18 Inches, 25 *s. per* 100.

XXIII. For every Hundred of dried Codfish, Ling or Hake, commonly called Haberdines, One moiety of the Allowance given by this Act for other Codfish, Ling and Hake of the same Dimensions; upon Debentures, to be prepared according to the Directions of the several

Codfish, *&c.* called Haberdines, one half of the Duties.

ſeveral Acts relating to the ſaid Duties, and doing and performing ſuch other Matters and Things, as by the ſaid former Acts, and this preſent Act, are required and preſcribed, in order to the obtaining ſuch Allowances.

XXIV. Provided always, and it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any of the ſaid Duties on Salt ſhall ceaſe, determine or be redeemed by Parliament, then, and in any of the ſaid caſes, the ſaid Allowances upon Exportation of Codfiſh, Ling or Hake, hereby ſettled, ſhall be leſſened in proportion to the Duties on Salt that ſhall ſo ceaſe, determine, or be redeemed.

No Allowance for Fiſh not well Cured, nor for Conger.

XXV. And it is hereby Declared and Enacted, That no Allowance ſhall be paid out of the ſaid Duties on Salt, for or on Account of the Exportation of any Fiſh, that are or ſhall not be well Cured, or ſhall be Unmerchantable, nor for any Conger.

Anno 1 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XXII.

An Act to Declare the Alterations in the Oath appointed to be Taken by the Act Intituled, *An Act for the further Security of his Majeſties Perſon, and the Succeſſion of the Crown in the Proteſtant Line, and for Extinguiſhing the Hopes of the Pretended Prince of* Wales, *and all other Pretenders, and their Open and Secret Abettors*; and for declaring the Aſſociation to be Determined.

Anno 1 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XXVI.

An Act for the Relief of the Maſters of Hoys, and other Veſſels carrying Corn and other Inland Proviſions within the Port of *London*.

Preamble.

Whereas great quantities of Engliſh Corn, Grain, Meal, and other Goods, which may lawfully be Exported, and for which no Duties are payable to her Majeſty upon Exportation thereof, are daily brought in Hoys, and other Veſſels of the City of London, from the Counties of Kent and Eſſex: And whereas the Maſters of ſuch Hoys and Veſſels imployed in the Carriage of ſuch Goods, have of late been put to unreaſonable and unneceſſary Charges and Trouble, by certain Officers of her Majeſties Cuſtoms, who for their own Profit and Lucre have required and exacted great Fees for Tranſires and Cocquets, to the great Diſcouragement of the Country Farmers, and Oppreſſion of the ſaid Hoymen: For Remedy whereof, Be it therefore Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the Tenth day of May, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and two, no Cocquet or Cocquets, or Bonds thereon, ſhall be required by any Officer of the Cuſtoms, or others, of or from any ſuch Maſter or Owner of ſuch Hoys or Veſſels, carrying or conveying ſuch Goods, as aforeſaid, to or from any place within the Port of London; that is to ſay, from London-Bridge unto the ſuppoſed right Line from the Promontary or Point called, The North Foreland in the County of Kent, unto the Promontary or Point called, The Naes, including ſo much of the Ports of Sandwich and Ipſwich, and the Members thereof, as are within the ſaid Limits,

No Cocquets or Bonds to be required for Veſſels carrying Goods within the Port of *London*, Free of Duty on Exportation;

Limits, for or in respect of any such Corn, Grain, Meal, and such other Goods as are before described, the same shall or may be conveyed, as aforesaid, by Transires, or Let-pass only, for which Transire there shall be paid to the respective Officers, who by Law are entitled to Fees of Bonds, and Cocquets, and Certificates, and Entries thereupon, the Sum of Three Shillings and Five Pence, and no more; which Sum shall be respectively distributed amongst them, in such manner and proportion, as where Bonds and Cocquets are taken for Goods carried Coastwise, ought and used to be paid; any Custom, Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

But may pass by Transires, only paying 3 *s.* 5 *d.* and no more.

How to be distributed.

II. And whereas it often happens that small quantities and parcels of Corn and Hops are brought, as aforesaid, to the City of London, and the Fees Graced by the Officers aforesaid have exceeded the Charge of the Freight thereof; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Tenth day of May, the Sum of One Shilling and Eight Pence Halfpeny, and no more, shall be respectively distributed to and amongst the Officers aforesaid, when the quantity of such Corn or Grain, as aforesaid, exceeds not Fifty Quarters, or when the quantity of Hops exceeds not Fifty Bags in any one such Boy or Vessel as aforesaid.

What Fees the Officers shall take for small quantities of Corn or Hops.

III. And whereas upon the carrying of Goods from Port to Port, Bonds are given for returning Certificates of the landing or discharging of the Goods in the Ports to which they are carried, and when such Bonds are transmitted into the Exchequer, the Certificates relating thereunto have been usually annexed to such Bonds, but by Fraud or Carelesness the Certificates are sometimes disjoyned from the respective Bonds, whereby Persons who have duly complied with the Conditions thereof have been put to unjust Vexation and Charge; For prevention whereof for the future, it is hereby Enacted, That the proper Officers for transmitting the said Bonds into the Exchequer, shall truly and faithfully endorse on the backside of every such Bond the Substance of the Certificate, if there be any relating thereto, and sign such Endorsement, to serve as an Intimation to the Court of Exchequer, concerning the Performance or Non-performance of the Conditions of such Bonds respectively, under the Penalty of forfeiting treble Damages, besides Costs of Suit, to be recovered by the Party grieved, against the Officer who shall offend therein, by Action of Debt or the Case, or by Bill, Suit or Information, in any Court of Record, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance shall be granted or allowed.

Officers to Sign the Endorsement upon Coast-Bonds, when returned into the Exchequer.

Penalty.

IV. Provided, and it is hereby Enacted, That this Act, or any thing therein contained, shall not extend to the lessening or taking away any Tolls or Duties due and payable to the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, or to the Mayor of the said City for the time being; any thing herein to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

A Saving for the Tolls and Duties due to the City of *London*.

V. Saving always the usual and known Right, Liberty and Privilege to the Ports of Sandwich and Ipswich, and either of them, and the known Members thereof, and of the Customers, Comptrollers, Searchers, and their Deputies, of and within the said Ports of Sandwich and Ipswich, and the several Creeks, Harbours and Havens to them, or either of them respectively belonging, within the Counties of Kent and Essex, in all Matters and Things whatsoever, other than in such Matters and Things as are specially provided for, or directed by this present Act.

A Saving for the Ports of *Sandwich* and *Ipswich*.

Exception.

Anno

Anno 1 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XXVII.

An Act for the Importation of Fine *Italian* Thrown Silk. EXP.

Anno 1 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XXVIII.

An Act for Importing into *England* Thrown Silk of the Growth of *Sicily*, from the Port of *Leghorn* in *Italy*. EXP.

Anno 1 ANNÆ *Reginæ. Seſſ.* 1. *Parl.* 2.

CAP. III.

An Act for Granting a Supply to her Majeſty, by ſeveral Duties Impoſed upon Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry. EXP.

Anno 1 ANNÆ *Reginæ. Seſſ.* 1. *Parl.* 2.

CAP. IV.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Continuing the Duties upon Coals, Culm and Cynders.

Preamble.

MOST Gracious Sovereign, we your Majeſties moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of England in Parliament aſſembled, being deſirous to Provide ſuch Supplies as may Enable your Majeſty to carry on the preſent War againſt France and Spain, and Defray other your Majeſties Neceſſary Occaſions, do moſt humbly preſent to your Majeſty (as a farther Gift to that End and Purpoſe) the ſeveral Impoſitions, Rates and Duties herein after mentioned; and do Beſeech your Majeſty, That it may be Enacted: And be it Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by Authority of the ſame, That all ſuch and the like Impoſitions, Rates and Duties whatſoever, as in and by an Act made and paſſed in the Parliament holden at Weſtminſter, in the Ninth and Tenth Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King William the Third, Intituled, [An Act for Granting to his Majeſty ſeveral Duties upon Coals and Culm] were Charged or Impoſed upon the ſeveral Sorts of Coals and Culm therein mentioned, for the Term of Five Years, which Commenced from the Fifteenth day of May, which was in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety eight; and the Duty or Duties on Cynders, which in and by an Act made and paſſed in the Parliament holden at Weſtminſter, in the Tenth and Eleventh Years of his ſaid late Majeſties Reign, Intituled, [An Act for Laying further Duties upon Sweets; and for Leſſening the Duties as well upon Vinegar as upon certain Low Wines, and Whale-Fins, and the Duties upon Brandy Imported; and for the more eaſie Raiſing the Duties upon Leather; and for Charging Cynders; and for permitting the Importation of Pearl-Aſhes; and for Preventing Abuſes in the Brewing of Beer and Ale, and Frauds in Importation of Tobacco] were Charged or Impoſed upon Cynders only

9 W. 3 *cap.* 13.

10 W. 3. *cap.* 21.

only for Four Years, Commencing from the Fifteenth day of May, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety nine (Charcoals made of Wood being always excepted) ſhall be continued from the Fourteenth day of May, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and three, until the Fifteenth day of May, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eight, and no longer; and ſhall, during all that time, be Raiſed, Levied, Collected and Paid, for and upon all ſuch, and the like Sorts of Coals, Culm and Cynders, as by the ſaid former Acts, or either of them, were Chargeable, in ſuch Manner and Form, and according to ſuch Rules, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures as by the ſaid former Acts, or either of them, were Preſcribed for or concerning the Duties thereby granted.

Continued for ever, vide, 3 G. cap. 7. 5 G. cap. 19.

Duties on Coal, Culm and Cynders, further continued;

II. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Act, Intituled [An Act for Granting to his Majeſty ſeveral Duties upon Coals and Culm] and ſo much of the ſaid other Act made in his ſaid late Majeſties Reign, as concerns the ſaid Duty of Cynders, and all and every the Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauſes, Matters and Things, therein contained, for Governing, Managing, Raiſing, Levying, Securing, Collecting, Receiving, Paying and Accounting for the Duties upon Coals, Culm, and Cynders, by the ſaid former Acts granted, during the ſaid ſeveral Terms therein mentioned, ſhall be, and are by Force and Virtue of this preſent Act Revived, and ſhall be in full Force, and be duly Obſerved, Practiſed, and put in execution, for the Governing, Managing, Raiſing, Levying, Securing, Collecting, Receiving, Paying and Accounting for the Duties upon Coals, Culm, and Cynders, by this Act granted, until the ſaid Fifteenth day of May, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eight, as fully and effectually to all intents and purpoſes, as if the ſame Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauſes, Matters and Things, were again expreſſed, and particularly repeated in the Body of this preſent Act.

with all the Powers of the former Acts concerning the ſaid Duties on Coal, Culm and Cynders.

Anno 1 ANNÆ *Reginæ. Seſſ.* 1. *Parl.* 2.

CAP. VIII.

An Act for Explanation of a Clauſe in one Act made in the Seventh Year of his late Majeſties Reign, relating to *Borelaps*, and to take off the Additional Subſidy upon *Iriſh* Linen.

Whereas in and by an Act of Parliament made in the Seventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King William the Third, of Bleſſed Memory, Intituled, An Act for Continuing ſeveral Duties granted by former Acts upon Wine and Vinegar, and upon Tobacco, and *Eaſt-India* Goods, and other Merchandizes Imported, for Carrying on the War againſt *France*, It is therein Recited, That whereas ſeveral Merchants Trading with the United Provinces in ſeveral ſorts of Courſe Linen, commonly called Borelaps, had then of late been compelled to pay Cuſtom for the ſame as Hollands, which came to above Thirty five Pounds per Centum; whereby the ſaid Trade, ſo uſeful to the poorer ſort of People, was not only likely to be loſt, but the Cuſtoms thereby much abated: It was therefore Enacted, That all ſuch Linen Cloth, known or commonly called by the name of Borelaps, not exceeding Twenty eight Inches and a half in breadth, nor Twelve Pence an Engliſh Ell in Value, ſhould be Entred ad valorem during the Continuance of that Act, and pay all other Duties accordingly: And whereas ſome Doubt hath been made whether the ſaid Clauſe concerning Borelaps be yet in Force, and is to continue for ſuch Time and Term of Years as other Clauſes in the ſaid recited Act are by ſubſequent Acts now in Force continued: Be it therefore Declared and Enacted

7 W. 3. cap. 10.

Preamble.

acted by the Queens most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Clause concerning Borelaps, and the Duties and Customs payable for the same ad valorem, is and shall be in full Force and Effect to all Intents, Constructions, and Purposes whatsoever, until the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and ten.

Borelaps to pay *ad valorem*.

Continued during the Acts of Tonnage and Poundage, 12 Car. 2. c. 4. *vide,* 1 Geo. cap. 12. 3 Geo. cap. 8.

II. And whereas by One other Act made in the Seventh Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King William the Third, Intituled, An Act for Encouraging the Linen Manufacture of *Ireland*, and bringing Flax and Hemp into, and the making of Sail-cloth in this Kingdom, It is Enacted, That it shall and may be Lawful to and for any Native or Natives of England, or Ireland, to Import into England, directly from Ireland, any sorts of Hemp or Flax, and all the Production thereof, as Thread, Yarn, and Linen of the Growth and Manufacture of Ireland, free from all manner of Customs, Duties and Impositions whatsoever, upon producing such Certificate, and making such Oath as in the said Act is mentioned: And whereas by One other Act made in the Eighth Year of the Reign of his said late Majesty, Intituled, An Act for Granting to his Majesty a further Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage upon Merchandizes Imported, for the Term of Two Years and Three Quarters, and an Additional Land-Tax for One Year, for Carrying on the War against *France*, a further Subsidy of Poundage was granted to his Majesty after the Rate of Twelve Pence for the value of every Twenty Shillings, upon all manner of Goods and Merchandizes imported or brought into this Realm, or any the Dominions to the same belonging, at any time after the First day of May, One thousand six hundred ninety seven, and before the First day of February, One thousand six hundred ninety nine, according to the several and particular Rates and Values of the same Goods and Merchandizes, as the same are particularly and respectively Rated and Valued in the aforesaid Book of Rates; which said Additional Subsidy of Poundage hath been since continued by divers Acts, and is yet in Force, and to continue for and during the Term of her Majesties Life; by reason of which said last mentioned Act, and the several Acts for continuing the said Additional Subsidies, all Linens imported from Ireland, do now stand Charged with the said Additional Subsidy of Twelve Pence for the value of every Twenty Shillings of the same Goods Imported, notwithstanding the said recited Act of the Seventh Year of his late Majesties Reign, for Encouraging the Linen Manufacture of Ireland: Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First day of March, in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and Two, all sorts of Hemp or Flax, and all the Production thereof, as Thread, Yarn, and Linen, imported into England directly from Ireland, by any Native or Natives of England or Ireland, being of the Growth and Manufacture of Ireland, upon producing such Certificates, and making such Oath as in and by the said Act of the Seventh Year of his said late Majesty was and is Required, shall be Free from the said Additional Subsidy of Poundage, and all manner of Customs, Duties and Impositions whatsoever; any Act, Custom or Usage heretofore to the contrary thereof, in any wise notwithstanding.

7 W. 3. cap. 39.

8 W. 3. cap. 24.

Hemp or Flax, Thread, Yarn, and Linen, of and from *Ireland*, not liable to pay the Additional Subsidy or other Duty.

Anno

CAP. XIII.

A Clauſe in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Continuing former Acts for Exporting Leather, and for Eaſe of Jurors, and for Reviving and making more Effectual an Act relating to Vagrants.

WHereas divers Temporary Laws, which by Experience are found to be Uſeful and Beneficial, are near Expiring; therefore for Continuing the ſame, Be it Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That an Act made in the Twentieth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for giving Liberty to Buy and Export Leather, and Skins Tanned and Dreſſed; which Act was Revided by an Act in the Firſt Year of the Reign of the late King James; which Acts were Revived and Continued by an Act made in the Firſt Year of the late King William and Queen Mary; which Acts were Revived and Continued by another Act in the Seventh and Eighth Years of the Reign of King William the Third, Intituled, An Act for Continuing ſeveral Acts therein mentioned; which Act will Expire the end of the Firſt Seſſions of Parliament next after the Twenty fifth day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and three, ſhall be Continued, and be in Force for the ſpace of Seven Years, from the end of that Seſſion of Parliament, and from thence to the end of the Firſt Seſſion of Parliament thence next enſuing.

Continued for ever, vide, 9 A. *cap.* 6. 3 Geo. *cap.* 7.

Duty on Leather exported, further continued.

CAP. XIV.

A Clauſe in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the Incouraging the Conſumption of Malted Corn, and for the better Preventing the Running of *French* and Foreign Brandy.

II. AND be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons, ſhall at any time hereafter Import, Land or Deliver out of any Ship, Veſſel or Boats, any French Brandy before the Duty due or payable to her Majeſty for the ſame, ſhall be paid, or ſecured to be paid, or by Licence from the proper Officer ſo to do, every Perſon or Perſons that ſhall ſo do, or be aiding or aſſiſting therein, or ſhall conceal the ſame when Landed, ſhall not only forfeit the Goods ſo imported, but alſo forfeit and pay double the value of ſuch Goods ſo Clandeſtinely imported; One moiety whereof, after Charges of Suit deducted, ſhall be paid to her Majeſty, and the other moiety thereof to the Informer, who ſhall ſue for the ſame in any of her Majeſties Courts of Record, by Bill, Plaint or Information, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed, nor any more than one Imparlance; and if any Officer or Officers belonging to her Majeſties Cuſtoms or Exciſe, or other her Majeſties Duties or Revenues, ſhall connive at, or be concerned in any ſuch Clandeſtine Importation, or after he ſhall be Informed thereof, ſhall Conceal the ſame, or not give Notice thereof to her Majeſties Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms or Exciſe, or ſome of them, or ſhall Compound without Licence with any Perſon or Perſons concerned in any ſuch Clandeſtine Importation of French Brandy, ſuch Perſon and Perſons ſhall be incapable of executing any Office in her Majeſties Revenue, and ſhall alſo forfeit and pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, to be recovered and divided, as aforeſaid.

French Brandy imported, landed, or delivered out of any Ship, Veſſel or Boat before the Duty paid,

forfeited and double the value.

Officers of the Cuſtoms or Exciſe, conniving, concealing or compounding without Licence, made incapable, and to forfeit 500 *l.*

Anno 2 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. II.

An Act for granting an Aid to her Majesty, by Continuing the Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry for One Year. EXP.

Anno 2 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. VI.

***Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled,* An Act for the Increase of Seamen, and better Encouragement of Navigation, and Security of the Coal-Trade.**

Preamble.

WHereas the giving due Encouragement to such of the Youth of this Kingdom, as shall voluntarily betake themselves to the Sea-Service, and Practice of Navigation, and obliging others, who by reason of their own or their Parents Poverty, are destitute of Employment, or any lawful means whereby to maintain themselves, may greatly tend to the Increase of Able and Experienced Mariners and Seamen, for the Service of her Majesties Royal Navy, and for the carrying on the Trade and Commerce of this Kingdom: Be it therefore Enacted by the Queens most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Five and twentieth day of March, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and four, it shall and may be lawful to and for Two or more Justices of the Peace in their several and respective Counties, Ridings or Divisions, as also to and for all Mayors, Aldermen, Bailiffs, and other Chief-Officers and Magistrates of any City, Borough or Town-Corporate within her Majesties Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and likewise to and for the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor (for the time being) of the several and respective Parishes within the Places aforesaid, by and with the Consent and Approbation of such Justices of the Peace, Mayors, Aldermen, Bailiffs, or other the Chief-Officers or Magistrates aforesaid, to Bind and Put out any Boy or Boys, who is, are, or shall be of the Age of Ten Years, or upwards, or who is, are, or shall be Chargeable, or whose Parents are, or shall become Chargeable to the respective Parish or Parishes wherein they Inhabit, or who shall beg for Alms, to be Apprentice and Apprentices to the Sea-Service, to any of her Majesties Subjects, being Masters or Owners of any Ship or Vessel used in Sea-Service, and belonging to any Port or Ports within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed aforesaid, for so long time, and until such Boys shall respectively attain, or come to the Age of One and twenty Years; and such Binding out any such Apprentice shall be as effectual in the Law, to all Intents and Purposes, as if such Boy were of full Age, and by Indenture had Bound himself an Apprentice; and to the End that the time of the Continuance of the Service of such Apprentice or Apprentices may the more plainly and certainly appear, the Age of every such Boy, so to be Bound Apprentice, shall be mentioned and inserted in his Indentures, being taken truly from a Copy of the Entry in the Register-Book, wherein the time of his being Baptized is or shall be entred (where the same can or may be had) which Copy shall be given and attested by the Minister, Vicar, or Curate of such Parish or Parishes, wherein such Boys Baptism shall be Registred, without Fee or Re-

Justices of Peace, &c. may bind out Parish Boys of 10 Years of Age to Masters of Ships,

till such Boys come to the Age of 21 Years.

Boys Age to be inserted in his Indenture, &c.

Reward, and may be Writ upon Paper or Parchment without any Stamp or Mark; and where no such Entry of such Boys being Baptized can be found, Two or more of such Justices of the Peace, and such Mayors, Aldermen, Bailiffs or other Chief Officers shall, as fully as they can, inform themselves of such Boys Age, and from such Information shall insert the same in the said Indentures; and the Age of such Boy so inserted and mentioned in the said Indentures (in relation to the Continuance of his Service) shall be taken to be his true Age, without any further Proof thereof.

Apprentices Indenture to be sent to the Collector at the Port whereunto his Master belongs.

V. And be it further Enacted, That the Church-wardens and Overseers of the Parish, out of which any such Boy shall be Bound an Apprentice, shall send the said Indentures to the Collector of her Majesties Customs, residing at, or belonging to any Port or Ports within this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, whereunto such Masters or Owners of Ships or Vessels, to whom such Apprentice or Apprentices shall be Bound, do or may belong; who shall in a Book or Books, to be by him kept for that Purpose, fairly Enter, from time to time, all and every Indenture and Indentures, whereby such Apprentice and Apprentices shall be Bound, and which shall be so sent unto him, and shall make an Endorsement upon the said Indentures of the Registry thereof, subscribed by the said Collector, without taking any Fee, or other Reward for the same: And every such Collector, neglecting or refusing to Enter such Indentures, and Endorse the same, or making false Entries, shall forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds for the use of the Poor of the Parish from whence such Boy was Bound Apprentice: And all and every such Collector or Collectors, or his or their lawful Deputy or Deputies, of the said several and respective Ports, shall, from time to time, transmit Certificates in Writing, under his or their hands, to the Lord High Admiral of England, or to the Commissioners of the Admiralty for the time being, containing the Names and Ages of every such Apprentice respectively, and to what Ship he belongs; and upon Receipt of such Certificates, Protections shall, from time to time, be made and given for such Apprentices, till they attain their several and respective Ages of Eighteen Years, without any Fee or Reward for the same; which Certificates, so as aforesaid to be given, are not required to be Writ upon Stampt Paper or Parchment.

Collector to enter the same, &c.

Gratis.

Penalty on Collector neglecting.

Lord Admiral to grant Protections for such Apprentices, *gratis*.

Parish Boys bound Apprentices, may be turned over to the Sea-Service.

VI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Person and Persons to whom any Poor Parish-Boy hath been, or hereafter shall be put an Apprentice, according to the Statute made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, may, with the Consent and Approbation of Two or more Justices of the Peace of the same County, and dwelling in or near the same Parish where such Poor Boy was Bound Apprentice, or by and with the Consent and Approbation of any Mayor, Alderman, Bailiff, or other Chief-Officer or Magistrate of any City, Borough, or Town-Corporate, where such Poor Boy was Bound Apprentice, at the request of the Master or Mistress, then living, of such Apprentices, or his or their Executors, Administrators or Assigns, by Indenture Assign and Turn over such Poor Boy Apprentice to any Master or Owner of any such Ship or Vessel, using the Sea-Service, as aforesaid, for and during the then Remaining time of his Apprenticeship; which Assignment and Assignments of such Apprentices so, as aforesaid, shall be, and are hereby declared to be good and effectual in the Law: All which Indentures of Assignment are hereby directed to be Registred, and Certificates thereof given and transmitted by such Collector, at the said several Ports where such Parish-Apprentices shall be so Assigned over, and Bound to the Sea-Service, in Manner and Form aforesaid; and upon Receipt of such Certificates, Protections shall, from time to time, be made and given for such Apprentices (so to be Assigned over, as aforesaid) till they shall attain their several and respective Ages of Eighteen Years, without Fee or Reward for the same, in like manner, as aforesaid.

43 Eliz. *cap.* 2.

Indentures of Assignment to be Registred.

VIII. And

Masters of Ships, &c. obliged to take such Apprentices.

VIII. And for the better Providing such Apprentices with Masters for the said Service, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every of her Majesties Subjects, being Masters or Owners of any Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels, used in the Sea-Service, as aforesaid, of the Burthen of Thirty Ton to the Burthen of Fifty Ton, be obliged to take One such Apprentice, and One more for the next Fifty Ton, and One more for each and every Hundred Ton such Ship or Vessel shall exceed the Burthen of One hundred Ton: And such Master or Owner of any Ship or Vessel, refusing to take such Apprentice or Apprentices, as aforesaid, shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds for the Use of the Poor of the Parish from whence such Boy was Bound Apprentice.

Penalty on Master refusing.

Masters to give an Account of their Names, &c.

IX. And be it further Enacted, That every Master or Owner of such Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels, so obliged to take such Apprentice or Apprentices, after his Arrival into any Port or Ports aforesaid, and before he clears out of such Port, shall give an Account in Writing under his Hand, to the Collector of such Port to which he belongs, containing the Names and Number of such Apprentices as are then remaining in his Service.

The Counterparts of their Indentures to be transmitted to the Churchwardens, &c.

XI. And it is hereby Directed, That the Counterpart of all and every such Indentures, to be Executed by the several and respective Masters of all such Apprentices, shall be sealed and executed in the presence of, and attested by the Collector at the Port aforesaid (where such Apprentices shall be Bound or Assigned over) and the Constable or other Officer, who shall bring or Convey such Apprentices to the said several and respective Masters, which Constables or Officers last mentioned, shall transmit and convey the Counterparts of such Indentures to the Church-wardens and Overseers of the several Parishes from whence such Apprentices shall be Bound, by the same ways and means as such Apprentice or Apprentices were conveyed to the said several and respective Ports.

Collector to keep a Register, &c.

XIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every such Collector in every Port or Ports aforesaid, shall, in their several respective Stations, keep an exact Register, containing as well the Number and Burthen of all such Ships and Vessels, together with the Masters or Owners Names, as also the Names of such Apprentices in each Ship and Vessel belonging to their respective Ports, and from what Parishes and Places such Apprentices were respectively sent; and that such Collectors shall transmit true Copies of such Register signed by them, to the Quarter-Sessions, or to such Cities, Boroughs, Towns-Corporate, Parishes, or Places, when and so often as they shall be reasonably required so to do; for which Copy or Copies so to be transmitted, as aforesaid, no Fee or Reward shall be taken: And that every such Collector refusing, or wilfully neglecting to transmit such Copies, as aforesaid, shall for every such Refusal or Neglect forfeit Five Pounds for the use of the Poor of the Parish, from whence such Boy was Bound Apprentice.

and transmit a Copy thereof to the Quarter-Session, &c. gratis.

Penalty on Collector refusing.

Officer to insert on the Cocquet the number of Men and Boys on Board, &c.

XIV. And be it further Enacted, That every Custom-house Officer or Officers, at each and every of the Ports aforesaid, shall insert, and are hereby required, from time to time, to insert at the Bottom of their Cocquets, the Number of Men and Boys on Board the respective Ships or Vessels, at their going out of every such Port, therein particularly describing the Apprentices by their respective Names, Ages, and their Dates of their several Indentures, for which no Fee or Reward shall be taken.

Persons voluntarily binding themselves Apprentices to Sea-Service, not to be Impressed for Three Years.

XV. And for the Encouragement of all such as have or shall voluntarily Bind themselves Apprentices to the Sea-Service, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every such Person and Persons, who have or shall so voluntarily, and of his or their own Accord, Bind or Put him or themselves Apprentice to any such Masters or Owners of any Ship or Vessel, as aforesaid, shall not be Compelled or Impress into her Majesties Sea-Service, or the Sea-Service of her Majesties Heirs or Successors, for and during the Term of Three Years, to be account-

ed

ed from the Dates of the reſpective Indentures of ſuch voluntary Apprentice or Apprentices; all which Indentures are hereby directed to be Regiſtred, and Certificate thereof given and tranſmitted by ſuch Collector at the ſaid ſeveral Ports, where ſuch Apprentices already have become ſo Bound, or that hereafter ſhall ſo Bind themſelves in Manner and Form, as aforeſaid; upon Receipt of which ſaid ſeveral Certificates, Protections, ſhall, from time to time, be made and given, for the ſaid firſt Three Years of their ſeveral reſpective Apprenticeſhips without either Fee or Reward for the ſame. Indentures to be Regiſtred, and Protections given for the ſaid Three Years.

XVIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the Penalties and Forfeitures directed by this Act, ſhall, by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of any Two or more Juſtices of the Peace, of the ſame County, City, Borough or Town-Corporate, be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender, which Sale ſhall be good in the Law againſt ſuch Offender. Penalties and Forfeitures, how levied.

Anno 2 & 3 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. IX.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Granting to her Majeſty an Additional Subſidy of Tonnage and Poundage for Three Years; and for Laying a further Duty upon *French* Wines Condemned as Lawful Prize; and for Aſcertaining the Values of Unrated Goods Imported from the *Eaſt-Indies*.

MOST Gracious Sovereign, whereas by an Act of Parliament made and paſſed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King William the Third, of Glorious Memory, Intituled, An Act for Granting to his Majeſty a further Subſidy of Tonnage and Poundage, towards Raiſing the Yearly Sum of Seven hundred thouſand Pounds for the Service of his Majeſties Houſhold, and other Uſes therein mentioned, during his Majeſties Life; It was Enacted, That over and above all Subſidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and over and above all Additional Duties, Impoſitions, and other Duties whatſoever therein mentioned, there ſhould be raiſed and paid to his Majeſty one other Subſidy called Tonnage, for and upon all Wines, which from and after the Laſt day of January, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety nine, at any time or times during his Majeſties Life, ſhould be imported or brought into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed; and one further Subſidy called Poundage, of all manner of Goods and Merchandizes imported or brought into this Realm, or any his Majeſties Dominions to the ſame belonging, at any time or times after the ſaid Laſt day of January, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety nine, during his Majeſties Life, by way of Merchandize (except ſuch Goods and Merchandizes as are therein excepted) and with ſuch Abatements, Regulations, Directions for making Repayments or Allowances upon Exportation, and ſubject to ſuch Rules and other Matters and Things touching the ſaid ſeveral Subſidies, as in the ſaid Act are expreſſed; which ſaid further Subſidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Duties upon Wine, Goods and Merchandizes granted by the Act above recited are to be raiſed and paid to your Majeſty, during your Life, by virtue of another Act of Parliament made and paſſed in the Firſt Year of your Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for the better Support of her Majeſties Houſhold, and of the Honour and Dignity of the Crown, as by the ſaid Acts (relation being thereunto ſeverally had) may more fully appear: Now we your Majeſties moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects the Commons of England in Parliament aſſembled, for the better Enabling your Majeſty to carry on the

Preamble.

9 W. 3. *cap.* 23. Tonnage. Poundage.

1 A. *cap.* 7.

the preſent War, and to Defray your other Neceſſary Expences, do cheerfully and unanimouſly Give and Grant unto your moſt Excellent Majeſty the Additional Rates, Duties and Sums of Money herein after mentioned, and do moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty that it may be Enacted: And be it Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That over and above the Subſidies of Tonnage and Poundage above mentioned, and over and above all other Subſidies, Additional Duties, Impoſitions and Payments whatſoever by any other Act or Acts of Parliament or otherwiſe howſoever already due or payable, or which ought to be paid to her Majeſty for or upon any Wines, Goods or Merchandizes whatſoever imported or to be imported, there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, paid and ſatisfied unto her Majeſty one other Subſidy called Tonnage, for and upon all Wines which from and after the Eighth day of March, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and three, at any time or times within or during the ſpace of Three Years from thence next and immediately enſuing, ſhall be imported or brought into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, (that is to ſay) One third part of ſuch or the like ſeveral and reſpective Duties as by the ſaid recited Acts, or either of them, are impoſed or payable for or upon any kind of Wine or Wines reſpectively: And one other Subſidy called Poundage of all manner of Goods and Merchandizes to be imported or brought into this Realm, or any her Majeſties Dominions to the ſame belonging, at any time or times after the ſaid Eighth day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and three, during the ſaid Term of Three Years, by way of Merchandize (that is to ſay) One third part of ſuch or the like ſeveral and reſpective Duties, as by the ſaid recited Acts, or either of them, are impoſed or payable for or upon the ſame Goods and Merchandizes reſpectively (except ſuch Goods and other Merchandizes as by the ſaid Acts, or either of them, are exempted from payment of the Subſidies thereby granted.)

Subſidy of Tonnage upon Wines imported,

viz. One third part of the Duties, as by 9 W. 3. & 1 A.

and Subſidy of Poundage upon all Goods imported,

viz. One third part of the Duties, as by the above recited Acts.

Exception.

Continued for ever, vide, 1 G. *cap.* 12. 3 G. *cap.* 8.

II. And it is hereby Enacted, That in all Caſes where by the ſaid former Acts, or either of them, any Drawbacks or Abatements are to be made of the whole or any part of the Duties thereby impoſed, there ſhall be in the like Caſes proportionable Drawbacks and Abatements made of the whole or part of the Duties by this Act granted reſpectively; and that the ſeveral Subſidies and Duties by this Act granted, during the Continuance thereof, ſhall be raiſed, collected, levied, ſecured and paid, by the ſame ways, means and methods, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and ſubject to ſuch Rules and Directions, as in and by the ſaid Acts, or either of them, are preſcribed or appointed, touching or concerning the ſaid Subſidies of Tonnage and Poundage which were thereby granted, as aforeſaid; and that every Article, Rule and Clauſe contained in the ſaid recited Acts, or either of them, concerning the ſaid Subſidies of Tonnage and Poundage formerly granted, as aforeſaid, and now in force, ſo far forth as the ſame do or may relate to the Subſidies or Duties formerly granted, as aforeſaid, ſhall be uſed, exerciſed and put in practice, for the raiſing, levying, collecting and anſwering the Subſidies and Duties hereby before granted, as fully and effectually as if the ſame Articles, Rules and Clauſes, and every of them, were again particularly and at large recited and reenacted in the body of this preſent Act: Except only as to ſuch of the ſaid Articles, Rules and Clauſes touching which other Proviſions, Alterations or Exemptions are made by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in being; which other Proviſions, Alterations or Exemptions ſhall be obſerved with reſpect to the Duties hereby granted, during the Continuance of this Act, in the ſame manner as they are to be obſerved, with reſpect to the ſaid Subſidies formerly granted, as aforeſaid.

Drawbacks and Abatements.

Duties how to be raiſed, &c.

Exception.

III. And

III. And it is hereby further Enacted and Declared, That for every Hundred weight of Sugar Refined in England (and so in Proportion for a greater or lesser quantity) which shall be exported out of this Kingdom within or during the said Term of Three Years, there shall be by this Act repaid at the Custom house to the Exporter, within one Month after the Demand thereof (over and above the Sum of Three Shillings payable by the above recited Acts, or one of them) the further Sum of One Shilling, and no more, Oath being first made by the Refiner, That the said Sugar so exported was produced from Brown and Muscavado Sugar, charged by this Act, and that, as he verily believes, the same was imported from her Majesties Plantations in America; and that, as he verily believes, the Duty of the said Brown and Muscavado Sugar was duly paid at the time of the Importation thereof, and that the same was duly Exported, her Majesties Searcher also certifying the Shipping thereof, and all other Requisites duly performed, according to the Book of Rates.

Sugar refined in *England* exported, Drawback 1 *s.* per Hundred weight, over and above the 3 *s.* by the recited Acts.

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Officers of her Majesties Customs, or any of them, or any of their Clerks or Substitutes, shall not directly or indirectly receive, take or demand, any Fee, Gratuity or Reward whatsoever, from any of her Majesties Subjects, or Aliens, for any Entry, Warrant, Debenture, Certificate, Cocquet, or other matter or thing to be done or performed by them or any of them in relation only to the said Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage herein before granted, on pain of forfeiting for every such Offence the Sum of Forty Pounds (to wit) One third thereof to her Majesty, and the other Two thirds thereof (besides Costs of Suit) to the Party greived, who may sue for the same by Action of Debt or of the Case, Bill, Suit or Information, in any of her Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance shall be allowed.

Officers of the Customs, *&c.* shall not take any Fee, *&c.* for any Entry, *&c.*

Penalty 40 *l.*

VI. And whereas several Goods, Wares and Merchandizes of the Growth, Product or Manufacture of the East-Indies or China, or of other Parts within the Limits of the Charters granted to the Companies, and other Traders who are allowed to Trade to the East-Indies, are not particularly Rated in the Book of Rates Established by Law, but are by several Laws and Statutes now in Force charged upon the Importation thereof, with several Duties to be paid according to the Values of the said Goods, Wares and Merchandizes respectively: Now for the better securing such Duties, and ascertaining the Values, according to which such Duties shall be paid for the future, It is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Eighth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and three, upon the Importation of any such unrated Goods, Wares and Merchandizes of the Growth, Product or Manufacture of the East-Indies, China, or other the Parts within the Limits aforesaid, now liable to pay Duties ad valorem, as aforesaid, by any Act or Acts of Parliament already made in that behalf, during the Continuance of the same Act and Acts of Parliament, or any of them, an Entry or Entries thereof shall be made in the Custom-house, where such Goods, Wares or Merchandizes shall be imported, and before the Landing thereof, the Importer or Importers of the same shall give Security by Bond, with Two or more sufficient Sureties (which the Commissioners or Proper Officers of the Customs are hereby impowered to take) for Payment of the said Duties, according to the real Values of the said Goods to be ascertained according to this Act (except Coffee, the Duties whereof are to be regulated according to the former Acts concerning the same) as soon as the said Goods shall be Sold, and also for exposing the Goods so imported to Sale, openly and fairly by way of Auction, or by Inch of Candle within the City of London, within the time of Twelve Months after the Importation thereof.

Unrated Goods of *East-India* or *China*, paying *ad valorem*, to be Entred in the Custom-house.

The Importer before landing to give Security for paying the Duties, *&c.*

(except Coffee)

and for exposing them to Sale by Auction, *&c.* in *London* within 12 Months.

VII. And it is hereby Enacted and Declared, That the Value of such Goods, according to which the said Duties are to be paid (except

How such Goods shall be valued,

cept Coffee, as aforesaid) shall be reckoned according to the gross Price at which such Goods shall be so sold, making such Allowances only out of the same as are herein after mentioned (that is to say) Be it hereby Enacted, That out of the Values of the said Goods so to be ascertained by the Price at the Candle, as aforesaid, there shall be a Deduction and Allowance made of so much as the Net-duties payable to her Majesty for the same Goods respectively, do amount unto (except the Duty of Five Pounds per Centum payable to the Queen for the use of the said Companies) and so much as the respective Companies or Traders aforesaid, shall bona fide allow for Prompt Payment to the Persons who at such Sales shall buy the said Goods at Time: And also upon the whole Values of the said Goods so to be ascertained by the Price at the Candle, there shall be deducted and allowed Six Pounds for every Hundred Pounds to the said Companies and Traders respectively, for their Charges in keeping the said Goods, from the time such Goods are imported till the Sale by the Candle, and in that Proportion for a greater or lesser Value.

and what Deductions and Allowances to be made.

VIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any such Unrated Goods of the Growth, Product or Manufacture of the East-Indies, China, or other the Parts within the Limits aforesaid, shall be Landed or put on Shore out of any Ship or Vessel, before due Entry thereof be made at the Custom-house, in the Port or Place where the same shall be imported, and the said Duties shall be secured, as aforesaid, or without a Warrant for the landing or delivering the same, first signed by the Commissioners, Collectors, or other Proper Officer or Officers of the Customs respectively, that all such imported Goods as shall be so Landed and put on Shore, or taken out of any Ship or Vessel, contrary to the true meaning hereof, or the Value of the same, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized or recovered of the Importer or Proprietor thereof (to wit) Two Thirds of the same to the use of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors (she or they bearing the Charge of Prosecution) and the other Third part to the use of such Person or Persons as will seize, inform or sue for the same, or the Value thereof, by Action, Bill, Suit or Information, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed: Nevertheless the said Duties so to be paid upon the Values so ascertained of the said Unrated Goods, Wares and Merchandizes (except the necessary Charges of raising, collecting, and answering the same) shall be applied and disposed to the same Uses and Purposes to which the respective Duties upon the same Goods payable in any other manner by any former Act or Acts, were appropriated or applicable.

Such Unrated Goods Landed before due Entry and Security,

or without Warrant,

to be forfeited, &c.

Two thirds to the Queen, &c. and the other third to the Seizer, &c.

Duties how to be applied.

IX. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted, That in all cases where by the said former Acts concerning the said Duties of Unrated Goods, or any of them, any Drawbacks or Allowances were to be made of all or any part of the Duties upon the Exportation thereof within the respective time or times thereby limited, there shall be the like Drawbacks or Allowances made of or out of the Duties of the same Goods, to be ascertained by this Act.

The like Drawbacks and Allowances as by the former Acts.

XI. Provided also, and be it Enacted, That all Persons importing any Tobacco hereby charged with any the Duties aforesaid, shall have Nine Months time from the Entry of the Tobacco inwards for Payment of the Duty hereby imposed upon the same, giving Bond, with sufficient Sureties to her Majesty for Payment thereof at the end of the said Nine Months, as in like Cases is usual; and in case of Prompt Payment the Importer shall have a Discount after the Rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum.

Altered, vide 12 A. *cap.* 8. 5 G. *cap.* 7.

Nine Months given for paying the Duties on Tobacco.

6 per Cent. Discount on prompt Payment.

XII. And for the Encouragement of the Iron Manufacture of this Kingdom, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Eighth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and three, there shall not be allowed any Drawback, or Repayment of Customs, or Duties charged in this or any for-

No Drawback on Wares made of Foreign wrought Iron, or Steel exported to the Plantations.

[illegible] of Steel in [illegible] Kingdom, and [illegible] Plantations in Ame- [illegible] to the contrary notwith-

[illegible] the time for Exportation of Tobacco, Sugar, [illegible] Cast and Bar-Iron, Dy- [illegible] all Drugs, by English Mer- [illegible] limited to Twelve Months; [illegible] be too short, and very inconve- [illegible] Enacted by the Authority afore- [illegible] from the said Eighth day of March, [illegible] Eighteen Months time from the Entry inwards of all Tobacco, Sugar, Ginger, Pepper, Bugles alias Beads, Cast and Bar-Iron, all Dying-Wood, Dying Wares, and all Drugs, to export the same; and shall have the like Benefit and Drawback on such Exportation, as if the same had been exported within Twelve Months, according to the Second Rule in the Book of Rates; the said Rule, or any other Law or Custom now in force relating thereunto, notwithstanding: Provided Certificates be taken forth, and Duty made, and all other Requisites performed according to the Laws now in being.

English Merchants to have 18 Months from the Entry Inwards of all Tobacco, &c. to export the same.

Proviso.

XIV. And be it further Enacted, That in all cases where the Oath of Merchants, Importing and Exporting, is by Law required to obtain any Drawback or Allowance upon the Exportation of any Foreign Goods, the making of such Oath by the Agent or Husband of any Corporation, or Company Trading by a Joynt-Stock, affirming the Truth of the Officers Certificate of the Entry and due Payment of the Duties of such Foreign Goods by any such Company or Corporation; and the making of such Oath by the known Servant of any Merchant usually imployed in the making his Entries, and paying his Customs, for any Goods of a Merchant so to be exported, shall be of the like effect as if the said Oaths were made by any particular Merchant or Merchants themselves.

The Oath of the Agent or Husband of any Company, &c. or of the known Servant of any Merchant, of the like effect as if made by the Merchants themselves.

Anno 2 & 3 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XIII.

An Act for Prolonging the Time by an Act of Parliament, made in the First Year of her Majesties Reign, for Importing Thrown Silk of the Growth of *Sicily* from *Leghorn*. EXP.

Anno 2 & 3 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XIV.

Several Clauses in an Act Intituled, An Act for the better Securing and Regulating the Duties upon Salt.

IX. AND whereas in and by the said Act of Parliament made in the Fifth Year of the Reign of the late King William and Queen Mary, and by several other Acts relating to the said Duties upon Salt; It is amongst other things Provided, That any Person who shall export beyond the Seas any Salt, as well Foreign as English, or any Rock-Salt, shall upon a Debenture made out, according to the Direction of the said Acts, be repaid the Duties of such Salt so exported: And whereas some Doubts and Controversies have been made, whether Salt shipped and exported to Scotland, the Isle of Man, or the Islands of Jersey and Guern-

As to Scotland, vide the Act of Union, 5 A. cap. 8.

Salt exported to the Isle of *Man*, *Jersey* or *Guernsey*, entitled to a Drawback.

Guernſey, be an Exportation of Salt within the intent and meaning of the ſaid Acts, ſo as to Entitle the Exporter to a Drawback of the Duties of the Salt ſo exported: For preventing of all ſuch Controverſies and Diſputes, Be it Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That it was and is the intent and meaning of the ſaid Acts, That any Perſon exporting any Salt to Scotland, the Iſle of Man, or the Iſlands of Jerſey and Guernſey, according to the Directions of the ſaid Acts, is and ſhall be Entitled to a Drawback of the Duties of the Salt ſo exported, and ſhall be repaid the ſame in ſuch Manner, and under ſuch Conditions, as are directed and required by the ſaid Acts, in caſe of the Exportation of Salt to any other Foreign Parts; any thing in the ſaid Acts, or any other Law or Statute to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

No Herrings, Pilchards, Scads, Codfiſh, Ling, Hake, Salmon, &c. ſhall be imported or landed, unleſs Oath be made, that the Salt wherewith ſuch Fiſh was cured, was laden from *England*, &c. and no Drawback allowed on Exportation, &c.

XIII. And whereas it is found by Experience, That great quantities of Fiſh, which have been Cured at Sea, or in Ireland, or other Parts not within England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, with Salt, for which the Duties have not been anſwered and paid, have been imported or brought into England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, by which Practice her Majeſty, and the Engliſh Fiſhery are very much Prejudiced; For Remedy whereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Firſt day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and four, no Herrings, Pilchards, Scads, Codfiſh, Ling, Hake, Salmon, or Dried Red Sprats, whatſoever, or by whomſoever Caught, or Cured, ſhall be Imported, brought in, or landed, within England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, unleſs the Owner or Proprietor of ſuch Fiſh, or the Maſter of the Veſſel, ſhall make Oath before the Officer for the ſaid Duties on Salt in the Port or Place where ſuch Fiſh ſhall be Imported, brought in, or landed, (who ſhall Adminiſter the ſame without Fee or Charge) that all the Salt wherewith the ſaid Fiſh was Cured, was laden or put on board from ſome Part of England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, and when and where the ſame was ſo put on board, and that no Drawback or Allowance, or Debenture for the ſame, hath to his Knowledge or Belief been had or obtained upon the Exportation or Carrying out of the ſaid Salt, or any Part thereof, or is intended to be had or obtained, on Account of ſuch Exportation, upon pain of forfeiting ſuch Fiſh that ſhall be imported, brought in or landed, contrary to the Intent and Meaning hereof, and double the Value thereof, to be recovered of the Importer or Proprietor thereof.

Penalty.

Anno 2 & 3 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XIX.

An Act for Raiſing Recruits for the Land-Forces and Marines, and for Diſpenſing with Part of the Act for the Incouragement and Increaſe of Shipping and Navigation, during the preſent War. EXP.

Anno 3 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. V.

An Act for Continuing the Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry for One Year. EXP.

Anno

Anno 3 & 4 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. IV.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Continuing Duties upon Low-Wines, and upon Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Spices, and Pictures, and upon Hawkers, Pedlars and Petty-Chapmen, and upon Muſlins; and for granting New Duties upon ſeveral of the ſaid Commodities, and alſo upon Calicoes, *China*-Ware and Drugs.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

Preamble. Whereas by an Act of Parliament made and paſſed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of your Majeſties late Royal Brother King William the Third (of Glorious Memory) Intituled (An Act for granting to his Majeſty ſeveral Duties upon Low-Wines or Spirits of the Firſt Extraction, and continuing ſeveral Additional Duties upon Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Spices, and Pictures, and certain Impoſitions upon Hawkers, Pedlars and Petty-Chapmen, and the Duty of Fifteen *per Cent.* upon Muſlins, and for Improving the Duties upon Japanned and Laquered Goods, and for continuing the Coynage-Duty, for the ſeveral Terms and Purpoſes therein mentioned) certain Duties upon Low-Wines or Spirits of the Firſt Extraction were granted for a Term, to Continue until the Twenty fifth day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix; and certain Duties which by an Act of the Sixth Year of his ſaid late Majeſties Reign had been impoſed upon Coffee, Cocoa Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa-Paſte, Tea, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, and Pictures, were by the ſaid Act of the Twelfth Year of his ſaid late Majeſties Reign, Enacted to be continued until the Firſt day of May, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix; and by the ſame Act certain Duties or Sums of Money to be paid by every Hawker, Pedlar, Petty-Chapman, and other Trading Perſons deſcribed in a former Act for Licenſing Hawkers and Pedlars, and the Powers for Granting ſuch Licences were Enacted to be continued until the Four and twentieth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix; and a Duty upon Muſlins, after the rate of Fifteen Pounds for every One hundred Pounds of the true and real Value thereof, was likewiſe, by the ſaid Act of the Twelfth Year of his ſaid late Majeſties Reign, Enacted to be continued until the Thirtieth day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, as by the ſame Act (relation being thereunto had) may more fully appear: Now we your Majeſties moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of England in Parliament aſſembled, as a further Supply for Carrying on the preſent War, and other your Majeſties moſt Neceſſary and Important Occaſions, have given and granted to your Majeſty the ſeveral and reſpective Duties, and Additional Duties, hereafter in this Act expreſſed, and do moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty that it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by Authority of the ſame, That all and every ſuch or the like Duties for and upon all Low-Wines or Spirits of the Firſt Extraction, as by the ſaid Act of the Twelfth Year of his ſaid late Majeſties Reign were continued or granted until the ſaid Twenty fifth day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, ſhall, by virtue of this Act, be further continued, and be paid and payable to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all Low-Wines and Spirits of the Firſt Extraction, to be made or drawn by any Diſtiller, or other Perſon making or drawing Spirits or Strong-waters for Sale or Exportation, within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, from the Four and twentieth day of March, One thou-

12 W. 3. *cap.* 11.
6 W. 3. *cap.* 7.
12 W. 3. *c.* 11.
12 W. 3. *c.* 11.
12 W. 3. *c.* 11.
12 W. 3. *c.* 11.

Additional Duties granted on Low-Wines, further continued.

The Duties on Coffee, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, &c. further continued.

thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, until the Four and twentieth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten; and that all and every ſuch or the like ſeveral and reſpective Duties for and upon all Coffee, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa Paſte, Tea, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace and Pickures, as by the ſaid Act of the Twelfth Year of his ſaid late Majeſties Reign were, as aforeſaid, continued until the ſaid Firſt day of May, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, ſhall be continued, and be paid and payable to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all Coffee, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa-Paſte, Tea, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, and Pickures, which ſhall be imported into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, at any time or times, from and after the Laſt day of April, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, and before the ſaid Four and twentieth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten; and that all and every ſuch and the like ſeveral Duties, Impoſitions and Sums of Money to be paid by every Hawker, Pedlar, Petty-Chapman and ſuch other Perſons as are deſcribed in one Act, of the Ninth Year of his ſaid late Majeſties Reign, for Licenſing Hawkers and Pedlars, and all the Powers for granting Licences, and other Powers, and all Clauſes, Directions, Allowances, Penalties, Forfeitures, Articles, Matters and Things, therein contained, which by the ſaid Act of the Twelfth Year of his ſaid late Majeſties Reign, have Continuance until the ſaid Four and twentieth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, ſhall be continued, and be paid, and be practiſed, obſerved and put in Execution, by virtue of this Act, from the Three and twentieth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, until the ſaid Four and twentieth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten; and that the ſame or the like Duty upon all Muſlins deſcribed in the ſaid Act of the Twelfth Year of his ſaid late Majeſties Reign, after the rate of Fifteen Pounds for every One hundred Pounds, of the true and real Value thereof, to be determined by the Oath of the Perſon upon Sale by the Candle, as by the ſame Act hath Continuance until the Thirtieth day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, ſhall by virtue of this Act be continued, and be raiſed, levied, collected, anſwered and paid to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all ſuch Muſlins as ſhall be imported, or brought into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town or Port of Berwick upon Tweed, at any time or times, from and after the Nine and twentieth day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, and before the ſaid Four and twentieth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten; the ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Duties, Impoſitions and Sums of Money, for and upon all Low-Wines or Spirits of the Firſt Extraction, and for and upon all Coffee, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa-Paſte, Tea, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, and Pickures, and upon all Hawkers, Pedlars, Petty-Chapmen, and other Perſons deſcribed, as aforeſaid, and for and upon all Muſlins, to be paid, during the reſpective times for which they are granted, or are to continue by virtue of this Act, as aforeſaid, (over and above all other Duties and Impoſitions whatſoever, already charged for or upon the ſame Commodities and Perſons, or any of them reſpectively, by any other Laws and Statutes now in Force) and to be aſcertained, ſecured, raiſed, levied, recovered, anſwered, paid and accounted for, to the Uſes and Purpoſes in this Act expreſſed, by ſuch Rules, Ways, Means and Methods, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and with ſuch Diſtribution of the ſaid Penalties and Forfeitures, and ſubject to ſuch Drawbacks, Allowances and Repayments, and in ſuch Manner and Form, in all reſpects, as the like Duties, Impoſitions and Sums of Money reſpectively, granted or continued by the ſaid Act of the Twelfth Year of his ſaid late Majeſties Reign, are thereby, or by any other Law, whereunto the ſaid Act hath reference, preſcribed, enacted or appointed, to be aſcertained, ſecured, raiſed, levied, recovered,

12 W. 3. c. 11. continued for ever. Vide 1 G. cap. 12. 3 G. cap. 8.

Duties paid by Hawkers and Pedlars further continued.

9 W. 3. cap. 27.

12 W. 3. c. 11.

Duties on Muſlins further continued.

12 W. 3. c. 11. continued for ever. Vide 1 G. cap. 12. 3 G. cap. 8.

To be levied by the ſame Rules as directed by the foreſaid Act of 12 W. 3.

covered, answered, paid and accounted for, during the Continuance thereof respectively.

II. And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all such of the Powers, Directions, Penalties and Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, Provided, Settled or Established by the said Acts of the Sixth, Ninth, and Twelfth Years of his said late Majesties Reign, or by any of them, or by any other Act now in Force, whereunto the same, or any of them, have or hath Relation, for the better raising, levying, recovering, answering or paying the said respective Duties thereby granted, or for making any Drawbacks, Repayments or Allowances out of any of the several and respective Duties upon Exportations, shall be revived and be continued, and be in force and virtue during the Continuance of this Act, and further for the Recovery of all the Arrearages and Sums of Money, which shall become due or payable to her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors, upon this Act, in as full and ample manner, to all intents and purposes, as if the said Powers, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, and every of them, were again Repeated and Re-enacted in the body of this present Act. Powers of the said Acts of 6, 9, & 12 W. 3 revived.

V. And for the Encreasing her Majesties Revenues upon some of the Commodities before in this Act charged (to wit) upon Coffee, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa Paste, Tea, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, and Pictures, to be imported within, or during the Term herein after mentioned: And to the end more Money may be raised thereby for Carrying on the said War, and other her Majesties most necessary Occasions, It is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That there shall be answered and paid to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for and upon all, and all manner of Coffee, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa-Paste, Tea, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, and Pictures, which shall be imported into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, at any time or times after the First day of February, One thousand seven hundred and four, and before the Four and twentieth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and ten, over and above all Duties, and Additional Duties already payable for the same, or any of them, by any other Law now in force; and over and above the said continued Duties chargeable thereupon by this Act, the New Additional Rates and Sums following, (that is to say) For every Hundred weight of Coffee imported, as aforesaid, accounting One hundred and twelve Pounds to the Hundred, Six and fifty Shillings of lawful English-Money; for every Hundred weight of Cocoa-Nuts imported, and containing, as aforesaid, from any the Plantations belonging to the Crown of England, Six and fifty Shillings; for every Hundred weight of Cocoa-Nuts imported, and containing, as aforesaid, from any other Country or Place from whence they may by Law be Imported, Four Pounds and Four Shillings of like lawful English Money; for every Pound of Chocolate ready made and imported, as aforesaid, One Shilling; for every Pound of Cocoa-Paste imported, as aforesaid, Two Shillings; for every Pound of Tea, regularly imported, as aforesaid, from whence the same might lawfully have been imported before the making of the said Act of the Sixth Year of his said late Majesties Reign, One Shilling; for every Pound of Tea imported, as aforesaid, from Holland, or any other Country, not the Place of its growth, or usual shipping, Two Shillings and six pence, and so proportionably for any greater or lesser quantity of any the Commodities imported, as aforesaid, respectively; for all Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves and Mace imported, as aforesaid, Five Pounds for every Hundred Pounds Value thereof, according to the several Values charged on them respectively in the Book of Rates, and so in Proportion for any greater or lesser quantity thereof; and for all Pictures imported within the time aforesaid, whether for Private Use or Sale (which are hereby permitted to be imported, during the Continuance of this Act; any Law or Usage to the contrary

New Additional Duties.

Coffee 56 *s. per* Hundred.

Cocoa-Nuts 56 *s. per* Hundred from the Plantations.

From any other Country 4 *l.* 4 *s. per Cent.*

Chocolate imported 12 *d. per* lb.

Cocoa-Paste 2 *s. per* lb.

Tea 1 *s. per* lb. regularly imported.

Tea imported from *Holland, &c.* 2 *s.* 6 *d. per* lb.

Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves and Mace imported 5 *l. per Cent.*

Pictures 20 *l. per Cent.* and permitted to be imported.

Continued for ever, vide 1 G. *cap.* 12. 3 G. *cap.* 8.

trary notwithstanding) Twenty Pounds of Lawful English-Money per Cent. of the Value to be affirmed by the Oath of the Importer, and so in Proportion for any greater or lesser quantity thereof.

Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, and Tea may be imported by a Licence from the Commissioners of the Customs.

VI. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons to import into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, during the Continuance of this Act, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, and Tea, subject to the several Duties payable for the same, from any Parts beyond the Seas, in English-Ships, so as the Master and at least One moiety of the Mariners, during the Continuance of the present War, be Englishmen; and so as after the End of this War, and during the Continuance of this Act, the Master and at least Three fourths of the Mariners be English; and so as Notice be first given to the Commissioners of her Majesties Customs, of the quality and quantity of the said Spices and Tea so intended to be imported, and the Place in which they intend to import the same; and taking a Licence under the Hands of the Commissioners of the Customs for the time being, or any Three of them, for the lading and importing thereof, as aforesaid; which Licence they are hereby Authorized and Required to grant without any Fee or Reward, or any other Charge to the Person demanding the same; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Additional Duties on Coffee, &c.

how to be raised, levied, &c.

what Drawbacks, &c.

Exception.

VII. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Additional Duties last-mentioned, for and upon the said Coffee, Cocoa Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa Paste, Tea, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, and Pictures, to be imported from and after the said First day of February, One thousand seven hundred and four, at any time or times before the said Four and twentieth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and ten, and all Arrearages thereof, (over and above all other Duties on the same Commodities respectively) shall be ascertained, secured, raised, levied, recovered, answered, paid and accounted for, to the uses and purposes in this Act expressed, by such Rules, Ways, Means and Methods, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and with such Distribution of the said Penalties and Forfeitures, and subject to such Drawbacks, Allowances and Repayments to be made, of, or out of the said Additional Duties last-mentioned respectively, upon the Exportation of the said Commodities last-enumerated (Coffee, Tea and Cocoa-Nuts, for which other Provision is made by this Act, only excepted) or any of them respectively, as the like respective Duties, by virtue of the said Act of the Twelfth Year of his said late Majesties Reign, or by virtue of this present Act, or any other Act now in Force relating thereunto, are to be ascertained, secured, raised, levied, recovered, answered, paid or accounted for, during the Continuance thereof respectively; and upon the Exportation of Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa-Nuts within the times limited by Law, so much as shall have been paid for the same, for such of the said Duties as are by this Act to Commence from the said First day of February, One thousand seven hundred and four, shall be repaid to the Exporter under such Regulations as are prescribed by any former Acts for Drawbacks, in case of Exportation of those Commodities respectively.

12 W. 3. c. 11.

Altered as to Coffee and Tea directly from India, *vide* 10 A. *cap.* 28.

Drawback on Coffee, Tea and Cocoa-Nuts.

VIII. And her Majesties said Dutiful and Loyal Subjects the Commons of England in Parliament assembled, being desirous by the most reasonable Ways and Means to raise the Monies necessary for Carrying on the said War, and other her Majesties important Occasions, have for that end and purpose also given and granted to her Majesty the further Duties herein after-mentioned: And be it Enacted, and it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That there shall be answered and paid to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for and upon all White Callicoes, Porcelan, commonly called China-Ware, and Drugs, (except Drugs for Dying) which from and after the First day of February, One thousand seven hundred and four, and at any time or times before the said Four and twentieth day of June, One thousand

Further Duties on White Callicoes, Porcelan, *alias China*-Ware and Drugs imported.

Continued for ever, vide 1 G. *cap.* 12. 3 G. *cap.* 8.

land seven hundred and ten, are or shall be imported into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, (over and above all other Duties payable for the same at the Custom-house) the further Rates and Sums following; (that is to say) For and upon all White Callicoes (by which are meant all Callicoes which do not pay Duties as Muslins, and all Dimities and other Manufactures made of Cotton) which within the times aforesaid shall be imported, as aforesaid, a Duty after the rate of Fifteen Pounds of Lawful English-Money for every Hundred Pounds of the true and real Value of the said Callicoes, to be ascertained upon the Sale at the Candle, as is herein after mentioned; and for and upon all Porcelan, commonly called China or Japan-Ware made of Earth, which within the times aforesaid are or shall be imported, as aforesaid, a Duty after the rate of Twelve Pounds of like Money for every Hundred Pounds of the true and real Value thereof, to be also ascertained by the Sale at the Candle, as is herein after-mentioned; and for and upon all Drugs (Dying-Drugs excepted) which are rated in the Book of Rates, and are or shall be imported, as aforesaid, a Duty after the rate of Ten Pounds of like Money for every Hundred Pounds worth thereof, according to the several Values charged on them respectively in the said Book of Rates; and for and upon unrated Drugs (Dying Drugs excepted) which are or shall be imported within the days and times last-mentioned, a Duty after the rate of Four Pounds of like Money for every Hundred Pounds of the true and real value thereof, to be ascertained as is herein after-mentioned, and so proportionably for any greater or lesser quantity of any the Commodities last-mentioned respectively: And it is hereby Declared, That by unrated Drugs chargeable by this Act are meant, all Bark called Clove-Bark, all Bark called Jesuits-Bark, Callabasha, Cassena, Feechia Brugiata, Grana-Germanica, Gum-Mountjack, Jessamine Dyntment, Lapis Hyacinthiæ, Dyl of Annifeeds, Dyl of Carrawayseeds, Dyl of Cinnamon, Dyl of Cloves, Dyl of Copavia or Balsam of Copavia, Dyl of Juniper, Dyl of Lignum Rhodium, Dyl of Peony, Dyl of Sassafras, Pomatum, Sal Tamariscæ, and all Chymical Salts, Snake-Root, Terra Dulcis, Turpentine of Germany; all Chymical Preparations, Physical Dyls and Medicinal Drugs (excepting unrated Drugs used for Dying, and except Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Cocoa-Paste and Cocoa-Nuts:) And it is hereby also Declared, That by such Dying Goods as are by this Act or any other Acts exempted from Payment of the respective Duties by this or the said other Acts granted, are meant the Goods following (viz.) Aqua-fortis, Argol, Anotto, Allom of all sorts, Archelia or Spanish-Weed, Cochineale, Cream of Tartar, Copperas of all sorts, Gum-Arabick, Gum-Seneca, Slick-lack, Cake-lack, Madder-Roots or Rubea Tinctorum, Saunders Red, Sal-Armoniack, Sal-Gem, Turnesole, Verdigrease, Ising-glass, Platain, Litharge of all sorts, Bay-berries, Antimony, Pomegranate-Pills, Arsenick, Agarick, Senna, Galls, Indico of all sorts, Litmus, Madder of all sorts, Orchall, Sanders, Shumack, Cassumba, Log-Wood, Brazile Wood, Brazeletto-Wood, Nickerago-Wood, Fustick, Red Wood, Sapan-Wood, Woad, Weld, Valonia, Grain or Scarlet-Powder, Grain of Sevil in Berries, and Grains of Portugal or Rota, English-Berries from the Plantations, French-Berries and Salt-Petre.

White Callicoes 15 *l. p. c.*

China-Wares 12 *l. per Cent.*

Rated Drugs (except dying Drugs) 10 *l. per Cent.*

Unrated Drugs (except for dying) 4 *l. per Cent.*

What are esteemed unrated Drugs.

What are esteemed dying Goods.

Altered as to Senna by 1 G. *cap.* 43.

IX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Duties hereby granted for and upon all White Callicoes imported, shall be secured, ascertained, valued, raised, levied, collected, answered and paid, according to the Gross Price thereof upon Sale at the Candle, by such ways and means, and subject to such or the like Allowances, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and in such manner and form, as the Duties of Fifteen per Cent. on Muslins imported by the said Act of the Twelfth Year of his said late Majesties Reign are to be secured, raised, levied, collected, answered or paid; and that the said respective Duties hereby granted, for and upon the said China or Japan-Ware, and

How the Duties on Callicoes shall be ascertained and paid.

12 W. 3. *c.* 11.

How the Duties on *China*-Ware and unrated Drugs,

from *India* shall be ascertained and paid.

and for and upon all such of the said unrated Drugs imported from the East-Indies, Persia, China, or other Parts within the Limits of the Charters granted to the East-India Companies, shall be secured, ascertained, valued, raised, levied, collected, answered, and paid, according to the Prices thereof upon Sale at the Candle, by such ways and means, and with such several and respective Allowances, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and in such manner and form, as the Duties of unrated Goods, from the East-Indies, China, or other Parts within the Limits of the Charters granted to the East-India Companies, are enacted, prescribed or appointed to be secured, ascertained, valued, raised, levied, collected, answered or paid, by an Act passed in the Second Year of her Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for granting to her Majesty an Additional Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage for Three Years; and for laying a further Duty upon *French*-Wines Condemned as Lawful Prize; and for ascertaining the Values of unrated Goods imported from the *East-Indies*: And that the Value of all such of the said unrated Drugs as shall be imported from any Parts or Places (other than the East-Indies, Persia, China, and other Parts within the Limits of the Charters aforesaid) according to which the said Duty of Four per Cent. is to be paid, shall be affirmed by the Oaths of the Importers of such Drugs respectively. 2 A. *cap.* 9.

Value on unrated Drugs from other Places to be on the Oath of the Importer.

X. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Duties of Four per Cent. by this Act imposed upon unrated Drugs, imported from Parts not within the Limits of the Charters granted to the said East-India Companies, shall be paid by the respective Importers of the same upon the Importation thereof.

Importer to pay the 4 *l. per Cent.* on unrated Drugs.

XI. And it is hereby Enacted, That in case any of the said Callicoes, China-Ware, rated or unrated Drugs, hereby charged, as aforesaid, shall be landed or put on shore out of any Ship or Vessel, before due Entry be made thereof at the Custom house in the Port or Place where the same shall be imported, and before the said Duties by this Act charged or chargeable thereupon, shall be secured or paid, as this Act doth require in the respective cases aforesaid, or without a Warrant for the Landing or Delivering the same, first Signed by the Commissioners, Collectors, or other Proper Officer or Officers of the Customs respectively, That all such imported Callicoes, China-Ware and Drugs, as shall be so landed and put on shore, or taken out of any Ship or Vessel, contrary to the true meaning hereof, or the value of the same, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized or recovered of the Importer or Proprietor thereof (to wit) Two thirds of the same to the use of her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors (she or they bearing the charge of Prosecution) and the other Third to the use of such Person or Persons as will seize, inform or sue for the same, or the value thereof, by Action, Bill, Suit or Information, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed.

Goods landed before Entry, and secured or paid,

forfeited.

How to be divided.

XII. Provided always, and be it further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any of the said Callicoes and China Wares, upon which the said further Duties by this Act granted, are paid or secured to be paid, as aforesaid, be again exported at any time or times within Twelve Months by English, or within Nine Months by Aliens; or if any of the said rated or unrated Drugs for which the said further Duties by this Act granted, shall be paid, as aforesaid, be again exported by any English Merchants, within Eighteen Months, or by Aliens within Nine Months, to be accounted from the respective times of the Entry of the said Goods Inwards, and that due Proof be first made upon Oath, That the said Callicoes, China-Wares and Drugs, so exported, be the same for which the said Duties are paid and secured to be paid, as aforesaid, That then and in every such case (and not otherwise) the same Duties so paid, shall without any delay or reward, be wholly repaid out of any the Duties on imported Commodities by this Act granted, or the Security for such of the said Duties as shall be secured, shall be vacated, as to so much of

On Exportation of any the Callicoes, *China*-Ware or Drugs,

on proof they are the same for which the Duties were paid or secured, the Duties to be paid out of any the Duties on imported Commodities by this Act, or Security vacated.

the

the ſaid Callicoes, China-Wares and Drugs, as ſhall be ſo exported; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

XIII. And it is hereby further Enacted, That all the Duties by this Act granted or continued (except the neceſſary Charges for raiſing and managing the ſame) ſhall, from time to time, by the reſpective Receivers thereof, be brought into her Majeſties Receipt of the Exchequer, for the purpoſes in this Act mentioned. Duties to be paid into the Exchequer.

XVII. And to the end all the Money that ſhall be ſo Lent to her Majeſty, may be well and ſufficiently ſecured and repaid with Intereſt, as aforeſaid; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the Monies ariſing by the ſaid Duties, upon which the ſaid Loans are to be made (other than the neceſſary Charges of raiſing and managing the ſaid Duties) ſhall be brought and paid from time to time weekly, into the Receipt of the Exchequer (that is to ſay) on Wedneſday in every Week, if it be not an Holyday, and if it be, then the next Day after that is not an Holyday; and that there ſhall be provided and kept in her Majeſties Exchequer (that is to ſay) in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt, One Book in which all the ſaid Monies which ſhall be ſo paid into the Exchequer, ſhall be Entred apart and diſtinct from all other Monies paid or payable to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, upon any Account whatſoever. Money lent on this Act to be paid into the Exchequer weekly. A Book to be there kept for Entring the ſame.

Anno 3 & 4 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. V.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for granting to her Majeſty a further Subſidy on Wines and Merchandizes imported.

MOST Gracious Sovereign, whereas by an Act of Parliament, made and paſſed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of your Majeſties late Royal Brother King William the Third, of Glorious Memory, Intituled, An Act for granting to his Majeſty a further Subſidy of Tonnage and Poundage, towards raiſing the Yearly Sum of Seven hundred thouſand Pounds, for the Service of his Majeſties Houſhold, and other Uſes therein mentioned, during his Majeſties Life, It was Enacted, That over and above all Subſidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and over and above all Additional Duties, Impoſitions, and other Duties whatſoever therein mentioned, there ſhould be raiſed and paid to his Majeſty, One other Subſidy, called Tonnage, for and upon all Wines which, from and after the laſt day of January, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety nine, at any time or times during his Majeſties Life, ſhould be imported or brought into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed; and One further Subſidy, called Poundage, of all manner of Goods and Merchandizes imported or brought into this Realm, or any his Majeſties Dominions to the ſame belonging, at any time or times after the ſaid laſt day of January, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety nine, during his Majeſties Life, by way of Merchandize (except ſuch Goods and Merchandizes as are therein excepted) and with ſuch Abatements, Regulations, Directions for making Repayments or Allowances upon Exportation, and ſubject to ſuch Rules, and other Matters and Things touching the ſaid ſeveral Subſidies, as in the ſaid Act are expreſſed; which ſaid further Subſidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Duties upon Wine, Goods and Merchandizes, granted by the Act above-recited, are to be raiſed and paid to your Majeſty, during your Life, by virtue of another Act of Parliament, made and paſſed in the Firſt Year of your Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for the better Support of her Majeſties Houſhold, and of the Honor and

9 W. 3. cap. 23. Preamble.

1 A. cap. 7.

Dignity of the Crown, and by another Act, made and passed in the Second Year of your Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for granting to her Majesty an Additional Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage for Three Years, and for Laying a further Duty upon Wines condemned as lawful Prize, and for ascertaining the Value of printed Goods imported from the East-Indies, a further Subsidy of Tonnage upon all Wines which were to be imported during the Term therein mentioned, (that is to say) One third part of such of the like Duties as by the said recited Acts, or either of them, were imposed upon Wines; and one other Subsidy of Poundage of Goods and Merchandizes which were to be imported, during the Term therein mentioned, (that is to say) One third part of such of the like several Duties as by the said recited Acts, or either of them, are imposed upon the same Goods and Merchandizes respectively (except as therein is excepted) are already granted to your Majesty, in the manner therein expressed, as by the said several Acts relation being thereunto severally had may more fully appear: Now we your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of England in Parliament assembled, for the better enabling your Majesty to carry on the present War, and to defray your other necessary Expences, do cheerfully and unanimously Give and Grant unto your most Excellent Majesty the Additional Rates, Duties and Sums of Money herein after mentioned, and do most humbly beseech your Majesty, That it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the Queens most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That over and above the Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage above mentioned, and over and above all other Subsidies, Additional Duties, Impositions, and Payments whatsoever, by any other Act or Acts of Parliament, or otherwise however, already due or payable, or which ought to be paid to her Majesty for or upon any Wines, Goods or Merchandizes whatsoever imported or to be imported, there shall be raised, levied, collected, paid and satisfied unto her Majesty, one other Subsidy, called Tonnage, for and upon all Wines which from and after the Eighth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and four, at any time or times within or during the space of Four Years from thence next and immediately ensuing, shall be imported or brought into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, (that is to say) Two third parts of such or the like several and respective Duties, as by the said Act of the Ninth Year of his said late Majesties Reign were granted, and by the said Act of the First Year of her Majesties Reign are continued and payable for or upon any kind of Wine or Wines respectively: And one other Subsidy, called Poundage, of all manner of Goods and Merchandizes to be imported or brought into this Realm, or any her Majesties Dominions, to the same belonging, at any time or times, after the said Eighth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and four, during the said Term of Four Years, by way of Merchandize, (that is to say) Two third parts of such of the like several and respective Duties, as by the said Act of the Ninth Year of his said late Majesties Reign were granted, and by the said Act of the First Year of her Majesties Reign are continued, and payable for or upon the same Goods and Merchandizes respectively (except Tobacco, and such Currans as shall be imported in English-Built Shipping, Navigated according to the Laws now in Force, and Sugar from the English-Plantations, and such Goods and other Merchandizes as by the Two Acts last mentioned, or either of them, are exempted from Payment of the Subsidies thereby granted.)

II. And it is hereby Enacted, That in all cases where by the said Two Acts last mentioned, or either of them, any Drawbacks or Abatements are to be made of the whole or any part of the Duties thereby imposed, there shall be in the like cases proportionable Drawbacks and Abatements made of the whole or part of the Duties

A. cap. 9.

Duties to be paid into the Exchequer.

Money [illegible] this Act to be paid into the Exchequer weekly.

A Book to be there kept for Entring the same.

Additional Tonnage granted.

Preamble.

On all Wines imported,

Continued for ever, vide 1 Geo. cap. 12. 3 Geo. cap. 8.

⅔ Parts of the Subsidies on Wines imported.

9 W. 3. cap. 23. 1 A. cap. 7.

Continued as above.

⅔ Parts of the Subsidies of Poundage on all other Goods imported.

9 W. 3. cap. 23. 1 A. cap. 7.

Exception.

Drawbacks and Abatements proportionable.

ties by this Act granted respectively; and that the several Subsidies and Duties by this Act granted, during the continuance thereof, shall be raised, collected, levied, secured, and paid, by the same ways, means and methods, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and subject to such Rules and Directions, as in and by the said former Acts, or any of them, are prescribed or appointed touching or concerning the said Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage which were thereby granted, as aforesaid; and that every Article, Rule, and Clause contained in the said recited Acts or any of them, concerning the said Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage formerly granted, as aforesaid, and now in force, so far forth as the same do or may relate to the Subsidies or Duties formerly granted, as aforesaid, shall be used, exercised and put in Practice, for the raising, levying, collecting and answering the Subsidies and Duties hereby before granted, as fully and effectually as if the same Articles, Rules and Clauses, and every of them, were again particularly and at large recited and re-enacted in the body of this present Act; except only as to such of the said Articles, Rules and Clauses, touching which, other Provisions, Alterations or Exemptions are made by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in being; which other Provisions, Alterations or Exemptions shall be observed, with respect to the Duties hereby granted, during the continuance of this Act, in the same manner as they are to be observed with respect to the said Subsidies formerly granted, as aforesaid.

Duties how to be raised, &c.

Acts aforesaid to be in force for levying the Duties hereby granted

Exception.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Officers of her Majesties Customs, or any of them, or any of their Clerks or Substitutes, shall not directly or indirectly receive, take or demand, any Fee, Gratuity or Reward whatsoever, from any her Majesties Subjects or Aliens, for any Entry, Warrant, Debenture, Certificate, Cocquet, or other matter or thing to be done or performed by them, or any of them, in relation only to the said Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage herein before granted, on pain of forfeiting for every such Offence the Sum of Forty Pounds (to wit) One third thereof to her Majesty, and the other Two thirds thereof (besides Costs of Suit) to the Party grieved, who may Sue for the same by Action of Debt, or on the Case, Bill, Suit or Information in any of her Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Wager of Law, or more than One Imparlance shall be allowed.

Officer taking any Fee for Entry, &c. in relation to the Duties by this Act.

Penalty.

Part of the VI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Monies arising by the said Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage, and other the Duties hereby granted, as aforesaid, (except the necessary Charges of raising and answering the same) shall, from time to time, be brought and paid into the Receipt of her Majesties Exchequer.

Duties to be paid into the Exchequer.

XII. And whereas by the Acts made in the Twelfth, and Five and Twentieth Years of the Reign of his late Majesty King Charles the Second, the former Intituled, An Act for the Encouraging and Encreasing of Shipping and Navigation, and the latter Intituled, An Act for the Encouragement of the *Greenland* and *Eastland* Trade, and for the better Securing the Plantation-Trade, certain Commodities therein enumerated, of the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of any of the English-Plantations in America, Asia, or Africa, are obliged to be imported into this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or to some other of the said Plantations, under the Securities and Penalties in the said Acts particularly mentioned, to the end this Kingdom might be made a Staple, not only of the Commodities of those Plantations, but also of the Commodities of other Countries, for supplying them; since the making of which Laws several Commodities which are not in the said Acts particularly enumerated, such as Rice and Wellafles, are produced and made in the said Plantations, and carried to divers Foreign Markets in Europe, without being first brought into this Kingdom, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, contrary to the true intent and meaning of

12 Car. 2. c. 18.

25 Car. 2. c. 7.

the

the aforesaid Laws; to the great Prejudice of the Trade of this Kingdom, and the Lessening the Correspondence and Relation between this Kingdom and the aforesaid Plantations: For the Prevention whereof for the future, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Nine and twentieth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and five, all Rice and Melasses shall be, under like Securities and Penalties, restrained to be imported into this Kingdom, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick aforesaid, as by the fore-recited Acts, or either of them, is provided for the Goods therein particularly enumerated.

Rice and Melasses to be under the like Securities as other enumerated Plantation-Goods, &c.

Anno 3 & 4 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. VII.

An Act for the effectual Securing the Kingdom of *England*, from the apparent Dangers that may arise from several Acts lately passed in the Parliament of *Scotland*. *Repealed.*

Anno 3 & 4 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. VIII.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act to permit the Exportation of *Irish* Linen-Cloth to the Plantations, and to prohibit the Importation of *Scotch*-Linen into *Ireland*.

Preamble.

WHereas in and by an Act made in the Fifteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for the Encouragement of Trade, it is, amongst other things, Enacted, that no Commodity of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of Europe, shall be imported into any Land, Island, Plantation, Colony, Territory, or Place, to his Majesty belonging, or which shall hereafter belong unto, or be in the Possession of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in Asia, Africa, or America, (except as is therein excepted) but what shall be bona fide, and without fraud, laden and shipped in England or Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, under the Penalties in the said Act contained: Yet forasmuch as the Protestant Interest in her Majesties Kingdom of Ireland, ought to be supported by giving the utmost Encouragement to the Linen-Manufactures of that Kingdom, her Majesty is Graciously pleased, in tender regard to her good Protestant Subjects of her said Kingdom, and for the further Encouragement of the Linen-Manufactures thereof, That it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the Queens most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That from and after the Four and twentieth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and five, It shall and may be Lawful to and for any Native or Natives of England, or Ireland, to lade and ship in any Port of the said Kingdom of Ireland, in English-built shipping, whereof the Master and One moiety of the Mariners, during the present War, and afterwards the Master and Three fourths of the Mariners at least to be English or Irish, any White or Brown Linen-Cloth, which shall be of the Manufacture of the said Kingdom of Ireland, and no other, and the same to Transport in such Ships, and so navigated, into any of the said Lands, Islands, Plantations, Colonies, Territories or Places, and there freely to Traffick with, and Vend the same; any thing in the said Act, or in any other Act, to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

15 Car. 2. c. 7.

Irish-Linen may be transported, and sent directly to the *English*-Plantations from *Ireland*.

II. Provided nevertheless, That no Ship or Vessel coming to any of the said Lands, Islands, Plantations, Colonies, Territories

ries or Places, from the said Kingdom of Ireland, shall unlade or break bulk, until the Master or Commander of such Ship or Vessel shall first have made known to the Governor of such Land, Island, Plantation, Colony, Territory, or Place, or to such Person or Officer as shall be by him thereunto authorized and appointed, the Arrival of the said Ship or Vessel, with her Name, and the Name and Sirname of the Master or Commander, and shall have delivered to such Governor or Officer, a true and perfect Inventory or Invoyce of the lading of such Ship or Vessel, together with a Certificate from the Chief Officer of the Port in Ireland, where such Ship or Vessel shall be laden, expressing the Particulars of such Lading, with the Names and Abodes of the Exporters, and of Two Persons at the least, who shall have made Oath before such Chief Officer, that the said Goods and Linen are bona fide of the Manufacture of the said Kingdom of Ireland, and until the Master or Commander of such Ship or Vessel, shall have made Oath before such Governor or Officer, that the said Goods, and every Parcel thereof, are the same Goods that he, the said Master or Commander, took on Board by virtue of such Certificate, as is aforesaid, nor until such Ship or Vessel shall have been visited and searched by an Officer or Officers; and in case the Commander of any such Ship or Vessel shall unlade or break bulk before such Notice given, and such Certificate produced, and such Oath made by such Commander, or before such Search made, as aforesaid, or if upon such Search any Goods whatsoever of Woollen-Manufacture, not laden in England, (necessary Apparel of the Commander and Mariners only excepted) or any Linen-Goods not laden in England, nor of the Manufacture of Ireland, shall be found in such Ship or Vessel; in all or any of the said cases, such Ship or Vessel shall be, and is hereby adjudged forfeited with all her Guns, Tackle, Ammunition and Furniture, together with all such Goods and Commodities of what kind soever, as shall be imported or found in such Ship; One third part to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, One third part to the Governor of such Land, Island, Plantation, Colony, Territory or Place, into which such Goods shall be imported, if the said Ship, Vessel or Goods be there seized, informed against, or sued for (or otherwise that third part also to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors) and the other third part to him or them who shall sue for the same in her Majesties Court, in such of the said Lands, Islands, Colonies Plantations, Territories or Places, where the Offence shall be Committed, or in any of her Majesties Courts at Westminster, by Bill, Plaint, Information, or other Action, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed.

No Ship to break Bulk until notice of Arrival be first given to the Governor, or his Deputy,

and an Invoyce of the lading, &c. delivered by the Master on Oath.

Commander offending.

Exception.

Forfeiture,

how divided,

where to be prosecuted,

how.

III. And be it further Enacted, That all Ships coming from Ireland, to any such Land, Island, Colony, Plantation, Territory or Place, shall be subject to the same Rules, Visitations, Searches, Penalties and Forfeitures, to which Ships coming from England to any of the said Colonies, Plantations or Places, are subject or liable to by any Law now in force.

Ships coming from *Ireland*, liable to be visited in like manner as Ships from *England*.

X. Provided also, and be it Enacted, That if any Ship or Vessel, being laden with Goods in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, for any of the Plantations aforesaid, shall put into any Port or Place in Ireland, and shall there take in any White or Brown Irish Linen-Cloth, in that case, the like Certificate and Oaths shall be made, that the said Linen-Cloth is of the Manufacture of Ireland, as is before-directed by this Act: And if upon the Arrival of such Ship or Vessel in any of the said Plantations, such Certificate be produced, and Oaths made, as aforesaid, such Ship or Vessel, her Master, or Commander, and Lading, shall be subject and liable to such Rules, Visitations, Searches, Penalties and Forfeitures, as they respectively were subject and liable to by virtue of the Laws which were in force before the passing of this Act, and no other; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Proviso concerning Ships lading in *England* for the Plantations, &c. touching in *Ireland*.

Further continued, vide 1 Geo. *cap.* 26. 3 G. *cap.* 21.

XI. Provided, That this Act shall continue only for the Term of Eleven Years.

Act to continue Eleven Years.

Anno

Anno 3 & 4 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. IX.

An Act for giving like Remedy upon Promiſory Notes, as is now uſed upon Bills of Exchange, and for the better Payment of Inlands Bills of Exchange.

Preamble.

Whereas it hath been held, That Notes in Writing, ſigned by the Party who makes the ſame, whereby ſuch Party promiſes to pay unto any other Perſon, or his Order, any Sum of Money therein mentioned, are not Aſſignable or Indorſible over within the Cuſtom of Merchants, to any other Perſon; and that ſuch Perſon to whom the Sum of Money mentioned in ſuch Note is payable, cannot maintain an Action, by the Cuſtom of Merchants, againſt the Perſon who firſt made and ſigned the ſame; and that any Perſon to whom ſuch Note ſhould be aſſigned, indorſed, or made payable, could not, within the ſaid Cuſtom of Merchants, maintain any Action upon ſuch Note againſt the Perſon who firſt drew and ſigned the ſame: Therefore, to the intent to Encourage Trade and Commerce, which will be much Advanced, if ſuch Notes ſhall have the ſame Effect as Inland Bills of Exchange, and ſhall be Negotiated in like manner; Be it Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That all Notes in writing that after the firſt day of May, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and five, ſhall be made and ſigned by any Perſon or Perſons, Body-Politick or Corporate, or by the Servant or Agent of any Corporation, Banker, Gold-ſmith, Merchant, or Trader, who is uſually Intruſted by him, her or them, to ſign ſuch Promiſory Notes for him, her or them, whereby ſuch Perſon or Perſons, Body-Politick and Corporate, his, her or their Servant or Agent, as aforeſaid, doth or ſhall promiſe to pay to any other Perſon or Perſons, Body-Politick and Corporate, his, her or their Order, or unto Bearer, any Sum of Money mentioned in ſuch Note, ſhall be taken and conſtrued to be, by virtue thereof, due and payable to any ſuch Perſon or Perſons, Body-Politick, and Corporate, to whom the ſame is made payable; and alſo every ſuch Note payable to any Perſon or Perſons, Body-Politick and Corporate, his, her or their Order, ſhall be Aſſignable or Indorſible over, in the ſame manner as Inland-Bills of Exchange are or may be, according to the Cuſtom of Merchants; and that the Perſon or Perſons, Body-Politick and Corporate, to whom ſuch Sum of Money is or ſhall be by ſuch Note made payable, ſhall and may maintain an Action for the ſame, in ſuch manner, as he, ſhe or they might do, upon any Inland-Bill of Exchange, made or drawn according to the Cuſtom of Merchants, againſt the Perſon or Perſons, Body-Politick and Corporate, who, or whoſe Servant or Agent, as aforeſaid, ſigned the ſame; and that any Perſon or Perſons, Body-Politick and Corporate, to whom ſuch Note that is payable to any Perſon or Perſons, Body-Politick and Corporate, his, her or their Order is indorſed or aſſigned, or the Money therein mentioned ordered to be paid by Indorſement thereon, ſhall and may maintain his, her or their Action for ſuch Sum of Money, either againſt the Perſon or Perſons, Body-Politick and Corporate, who, or whoſe Servant or Agent, as aforeſaid, ſigned ſuch Note, or againſt any of the Perſons that indorſed the ſame, in like manner as in caſes of Inland-Bills of Exchange: And in every ſuch Action the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall Recover his, her or their Damages and Coſts of Suit; and if ſuch Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall be Nonſuited, or a Verdict be given againſt him, her or them, the Defendant or Defendants ſhall Recover his,

Promiſory Notes may be aſſigned or endorſed, and Action maintained thereon, as on Inland-Bills of Exchange,

with Coſts of Suit.

her

her or their Costs against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs; and every such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, Defendant or Defendants respectively Recovering, may Sue out Execution for such Damages and Costs by Capias, Fieri Facias, or Elegit.

How Actions shall be brought.

II. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every such Actions shall be commenced, sued and brought within such time as is appointed for Commencing or Suing Actions upon the Case, by the Statute made in the One and twentieth Year of the Reign of King James the First, Intituled, An Act for Limitation of Actions, and for Avoiding of Suits in Law.

21 Jac. 1. c. 16.

Proviso as to Notes given out by Bodies Corporate.

III. Provided, That no Body Politick or Corporate shall have Power, by virtue of this Act, to issue or give out any Notes by themselves or their Servants, other than such as they might have issued if this Act had never been made.

IV. And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King William the Third, Intituled, An Act for the better Payment of Inland-Bills of Exchange, It is, among other things, Enacted, That from and after Presentation and Acceptance of the said Bill or Bills of Exchange (which Acceptance shall be by the Under-writing the same under the Parties hand so accepting) and after the Expiration of Three Days after the said Bill or Bills shall become due, the Party to whom the said Bill or Bills are made payable, his Servant, Agent or Assigns, may and shall cause the same Bill or Bills to be Protested in manner as in the said Act is enacted: And whereas by there being no Provision made therein for Protesting such Bill or Bills, in case the Party on whom the same are or shall be Drawn refuse to accept the same, by Under-writing the same under his Hand, all Merchants and others do refuse to Under-write such Bill or Bills, or make any other than a Promissory Acceptance, by which means the effect and good intent of the said Act in that behalf is wholly evaded, and no Bill or Bills can be Protested before, or for want of such Acceptance by Under-writing the same, as aforesaid: For remedy whereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First day of May, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and five, in case upon Presenting of any such Bill or Bills of Exchange, the Party or Parties on whom the same shall be Drawn, shall refuse to Accept the same, by Under-writing the same, as aforesaid, the Party to whom the said Bill or Bills are made payable, his Servant, Agent or Assigns, may and shall cause the said Bill or Bills to be Protested for Non-acceptance, as in case of Foreign Bills of Exchange; any thing in the said Act, or any other Law, to the contrary notwithstanding: For which Protest there shall be paid Two Shillings, and no more.

9 W. 3. cap. 17.

Party refusing to under-write Bill of Exchange, such Bill may be protested for Non-acceptance.

Fee for Protest.

No Acceptance of Inland-Bills of Exchange to be sufficient, unless the same be Under-written, nor Drawer thereof liable to Costs, &c.

V. Provided always, That from and after the said First day of May, no Acceptance of any such Inland Bill of Exchange shall be sufficient to Charge any Person whatsoever, unless the same be Under-written or Indorsed in Writing thereupon; and if such Bill be not accepted by such Under-writing, or Indorsement in Writing, no Drawer of any such Inland-Bill shall be liable to pay any Costs, Damages, or Interest thereupon, unless such Protest be made for Non-acceptance thereof, and within Fourteen Days after such Protest, the same be sent, or otherwise Notice thereof be given to the Party from whom such Bill was received, or left in Writing at the place of his or her usual Abode; and if such Bill be accepted, and not paid before the Expiration of Three Days after the said Bill shall become due and payable, then no Drawer of such Bill shall be compellable to pay any Costs, Damages, or Interest thereupon, unless a Protest be made and sent, or Notice thereof be given, in manner and form above mentioned: Nevertheless, every Drawer of such Bill shall be liable to make Payment of Costs, Damages and Interest, upon such Inland-Bill, if any One Protest be made for Non-acceptance, or Non-payment thereof, and Notice thereof be sent, given or left, as aforesaid.

No Protest necessary for Non-payment, unless the Bill be drawn for 20 *l.* or upwards.

By whom Protest shall be made.

VI. Provided, That no such Protest shall be necessary, either for Non-acceptance or Non-payment of any Inland Bill of Exchange, unless the Value be acknowledged and expressed in such Bill to be received, and unless such Bill be drawn for the Payment of Twenty Pounds Sterling or upwards; and that the Protest hereby required for Non-acceptance, shall be made by such Persons as are appointed by the said recited Act to Protest Inland Bills of Exchange for Non-payment thereof.

Acceptance of Bill esteemed a full Payment of Debt.

VII. And be it further Enacted, That from and after the said First day of May, if any Person doth accept any such Bill of Exchange for and in Satisfaction of any former Debt, or Sum of Money formerly due unto him, the same shall be accounted and esteemed a full and complete Payment of such Debt, if such Person accepting of any such Bill for his Debt doth not take his due Course to obtain Payment thereof, by endeavouring to get the same accepted and paid, and make his Protest, as aforesaid, either for Non-acceptance, or Non-payment thereof.

Proviso.

VIII. Provided, That nothing herein contained shall extend to Discharge any Remedy, that any Person may have against the Drawer, Accepter or Indorser of such Bill.

Act to continue Three Years.

IX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act shall continue and be in force for the space of Three Years, from the said First day of May, and from thence to the end of the next Session of Parliament, and no longer.

Continued for ever, 7 A. cap. 25.

Anno 3 & 4 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. X.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Encouraging the Importation of Naval-Stores from her Majesties Plantations in *America.*

Preamble.

Whereas the Royal Navy, and the Navigation of England, wherein, under God, the Wealth, Safety, and Strength of this Kingdom is so much concerned, Depends on the due Supply of Stores necessary for the same, which being now brought in mostly from Foreign Parts in Foreign Shipping, at Extraordinary and Arbitrary Rates, to the great Prejudice and Discouragement of the Trade and Navigation of this Kingdom, may be provided in a more certain and beneficial manner from her Majesties own Dominions: And whereas her Majesties Colonies and Plantations in America, were at first settled, and are still Maintained and Protected at a great Expence of the Treasure of this Kingdom, with a Design to render them as useful as may be to England, and the Labour and Industry of the People there Profitable to themselves: And in regard the said Colonies and Plantations, by the vast Tracts of Land therein, lying near the Sea, and upon Navigable Rivers, may Commodiously afford great quantities of all sorts of Naval-Stores, if due Encouragement be given for Carrying on so great and advantageous an Undertaking, which will likewise tend, not only to the further Imployment and Encrease of English-Shipping and Seamen, but also to the Enlarging, in a great measure, the Trade and Vent of the Woollen, and other Manufactures and Commodities of this Kingdom, and of other her Majesties Dominions, in Exchange for such Naval-Stores, which are now purchased from Foreign Countries with Money or Bullion: And for Enabling her Majesties Subjects in the said Colonies and Plantations, to continue to make due and sufficient Returns in the course of their Trade; Be it therefore Enacted by the Queens most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Person or Persons that shall, within the time appointed

pointed by this Act, import or cause to be imported into this Kingdom, directly from any of her Majesties English-Colonies or Plantations in America, in any Ship or Ships that may lawfully Trade to her Majesties Plantations, Manned as by Law is required, any of the Naval-Stores hereafter-mentioned, shall have and enjoy, as a Reward or Præmium for such Importation, after and according to the several Rates for such Naval-Stores, as follows, (viz.) Encouragement to import Naval-Stores from the *English* Plantations

For Good and Merchantable Tar per Ton, containing Eight Barrels, and each Barrel to Cage Thirty one Gallons and an half, Four Pounds. Tar.

For Good and Merchantable Pitch per Ton, each Ton containing Twenty Gross Hundreds (Net Pitch) to be brought in Eight Barrels, Four Pounds. Pitch.

For Good and Merchantable Rozin or Turpentine per Ton, each Ton containing Twenty Gross Hundreds (Net Rozin or Turpentine) to be brought in Eight Barrels, Three Pounds. Rozin or Turpentine.

For Hemp, Water Rotted, bright and clean, per Ton, each Ton containing Twenty Gross Hundreds, Six Pounds. Hemp.

For all Masts, Yards and Bowsprights per Ton, allowing Forty Foot to each Ton, Girt-measure, according to the customary way of measuring Round Bodies, One Pound. Masts, Yards and Bowsprights.

II. Which several Rewards or Præmiums for each Species aforementioned, shall be paid and answered by the Commissioners or Principal-Officers of her Majesties Navy, who are hereby impowered and required to make out Bill or Bills, to be paid in Course for the same, upon Certificate of the respective Chief-Officer or Officers of the Customs, in any Port of this Kingdom, where such Naval-Stores shall be imported, as aforesaid; such Bill or Bills to be made out, and given to the Person or Persons importing the same, as aforesaid, within Twenty Days after the discharge or unlading of the Ship or Vessel, Ships or Vessels, in which such Stores shall be imported, upon a Certificate or Certificates to be produced to the Chief-Officer or Officers of the Customs which Certificate or Certificates shall be under the Hand and Seal of the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Collector of her Majesties Customs, and Naval-Officer, or any Two of them, residing and being within any of her Majesties said Colonies or Plantations, That before the Departure of such Ship or Vessel, Ships or Vessels, the Person or Persons, Merchant, Trader or Factor, loading the same, had made Oath before them, That the said Naval-Stores, so shipt on Board, were truly and bona fide of the Growth and Produce of her Majesties said Colonies and Plantations, (which Oath the said Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Collector of her Majesties Customs, and Naval-Officer, or any Two of them, are hereby Authorized to Administer) as likewise, upon Oath to be made within any Port in England, by the Master or Masters of such Ship or Vessel, Ships or Vessels, importing such Naval-Stores, That the same were truly laden on Board such Ship or Vessel, Ships or Vessels, within some of her Majesties Colonies and Plantations in America, and that he or they know or believe, That the said Naval-Stores were the Produce of the said Colonies and Plantations. *Præmiums* to be paid by Commissioners of the Navy, upon Certificate of the Officers of the Customs.

Certificate as to Pitch and Tar, vide 5 G. c. 11. §. 16, 17.

Oaths to be made, that the Naval-Stores were of the Growth of the Plantations.

VII. Provided always, That the Importation of all such Naval-Stores, for which a Reward or Præmium is granted by this Act, be subject to the same Regulations, Restrictions and Limitations, in Reference to the shipping and navigating thereof, and such Security shall be given for importing the same into England, and subject to such Penalties and Forfeitures, as the Importation of Sugar, Tobacco, Cotton, Wool, Indico, Ginger, Fustick, and other Dying-Wood, from her Majesties Colonies and Plantations in America, are subject unto. Naval-Stores subject to the same Penalties, &c. as Sugar and other enumerated Plantation Goods.

VIII. Provided also, That the several Directions and Provisions in this Act, shall commence and take effect from the First day of January, which shall be in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and five, and shall continue and be in force from thenceforward, for the space of Nine Years, and no longer. Act to continue Nine Years.

Further continued by 12 A. cap. 9.

Anno 3 & 4 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XIII.

An Act for Prohibiting all Trade and Commerce with *France*. EXP.

Anno 4 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. III.

An Act to Repeal ſeveral Clauſes in the Statute made in the Third and Fourth Years of her preſent Majeſties Reign, for Securing the Kingdom of *England* from ſeveral Acts lately paſſed in the Parliament of *Scotland*.

Anno 4 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. V.

An Act for Continuing the Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix. EXP.

Anno 4 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. VI.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Continuing an Additional Subſidy of Tonnage and Poundage, and certain Duties upon Coals, Culm and Cynders, and Additional Duties of Exciſe, and for Settling and Eſtabliſhing a Fund thereby, and by other Ways and Means, for Payment of Annuities to be Sold for Raiſing a further Supply to her Majeſty, for the Service of the Year, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, and other Uſes therein mentioned.

Preamble.

MAy it pleaſe your moſt Excellent Majeſty, We your Majeſties moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of England in Parliament aſſembled, duly conſidering your Majeſties great Occaſions for Money to carry on the preſent War, and having Regard as well to the great Burthen of Taxes now lying upon your Majeſties Subjects, as to the preſent Condition of the Publick Funds, and the preſent Incumbrances thereupon, are therefore deſirous, by ſuch eaſie and effectual Ways and Means, as in this Act are expreſſed and intended, to raiſe a Sum of Money, not exceeding in the whole, Two millions five hundred ſeventy five thouſand ſeven hundred ſixty one Pounds, Sixteen Shillings and Two Pence (part of the Money neceſſary to be provided in this Seſſion of Parliament for your Majeſties Supply) and ſuch further Sum of Money as will be ſufficient during the firſt Two Years of the Term herein after-mentioned, to complete the Payment of the Annuities to be purchaſed upon this Act; and have for that End and Purpoſe, cheerfully and unanimouſly given and granted, and do by this Act give and grant unto your Majeſty the Subſidy of Tonnage and Poundage upon Wines, Goods and Merchandizes, and the ſeveral Duties upon Coal, Culm and Cynders, and upon Beer, Ale, Cyder, and other Liquors hereafter in this Act mentioned, for ſuch ſeveral and reſpective Terms, and to commence at or from ſuch reſpective Days and Times, and to be paid and payable in ſuch manner and form, as in this Act are afterwards expreſſed: (That is to ſay) Whereas by an Act made and paſſed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King William the Third, of Glorious Memory, [Intituled, An Act for Granting to his Majeſty a further Subſidy of Tonnage and Poundage, towards the raiſing the yearly Sum

2575761 *l.* 16 *s.* 2 *d.* to be raiſed.

Tonnage and Poundage, &c. granted.

9 W. 3. *cap.* 23.

Sum of Seven hundred thouſand Pounds, for the Service of his Majeſties Houſhold, and other Uſes therein mentioned, during his Majeſties Life] It was Enacted, That over and above the Subſidies, Impoſitions, and other Duties therein mentioned, there ſhould be raiſed and paid to his Majeſty, one other Subſidy called Tonnage, for and upon all Wines which from and after the Laſt day of January, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety and nine, at any time and times, during his Majeſties Life, ſhould be imported or brought into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed; and one further Subſidy called Poundage of all manner of Goods and Merchandizes imported or brought into this Realm, or any his Majeſties Dominions to the ſame belonging, at any time or times, after the ſaid Laſt day of January, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety nine, during his Majeſties Life, by way of Merchandize (except ſuch Goods and Merchandizes as are therein excepted) and with ſuch Abatements, Regulations, Directions for making Repayments or Allowances upon Exportation, and ſubject to ſuch Rules and other Matters and Things touching the ſaid ſeveral Subſidies, as in the laſt mentioned Act are expreſſed; which ſaid further Subſidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Duties upon Wines, Goods and Merchandizes, granted by the Act above recited, are to be raiſed and paid to her Majeſty, during her Life, by virtue of another Act of
1 A. *cap.* 7. Parliament made and paſſed in the Firſt Year of her Reign, [Intituled, An Act for the better Support of her Majeſties Houſhold, and the Honour and Dignity of the Crown:] And whereas by an Act made and
2 A. *cap.* 9. paſſed in the Second Year of her Majeſties Reign, [Intituled, An Act for Granting to her Majeſty an Additional Subſidy of Tonnage and Poundage for Three Years, and for Laying a further Duty upon *French* Wines condemned as Lawful Prize, and for Aſcertaining the Values of unrated Goods imported from the *Eaſt-Indies*] It was Enacted, That there ſhould be raiſed, levied, collected, paid and ſatisfied unto her Majeſty one other Subſidy called Tonnage, for and upon all Wines which from and after the Eighth day of March, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and three, at any time or times within, or during the ſpace of Three Years from thence next and immediately enſuing, ſhould be imported or bought into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, (that is to ſay) One third Part of ſuch or the like ſeveral and reſpective Duties as by the two Acts laſt recited or mentioned, or either of them, were impoſed or payable for or upon any kind of Wine or Wines reſpectively: And one other Subſidy called Poundage of all manner of Goods and Merchandizes to be imported or brought into this Realm, or any her Majeſties Dominions to the ſame belonging, at any time or times, after the ſaid Eighth day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and three, during the ſaid term of Three Years, by way of Merchandize (that is to ſay) One third Part of ſuch or the like ſeveral and reſpective Duties as by the ſaid two Acts laſt before recited or mentioned, or either of them, are impoſed or payable for or upon the ſame Goods and Merchandizes reſpectively, (except ſuch Goods and other Merchandizes as by the ſaid two Acts laſt mentioned, or either of them, are exempted from Payment of the Subſidies thereby granted) as in and by the ſaid ſeveral Acts (Relation being thereunto reſpectively had) may more fully appear: Now we your Majeſties ſaid Dutiful and Loyal Subjects the Commons in Parliament aſſembled, for the ends and purpoſes aforeſaid, Do moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty that it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That over and above the Subſidies of Tonnage and Poundage above mentioned, and over and above all other Subſidies, Additional Duties, Impoſitions and Payments whatſoever, by any Act or Acts of Parliament or otherwiſe howſoever already due or payable, or which ought to be paid to her Majeſty, her Heirs or Succeſſors, for or upon any Wines,

Continued for ever, vide
7 A. *cap.* 7.
1 G. *cap.* 12.
3 G. *cap.* 8.

½ Subſidy by 2 *A.* continued from 8 *March*, 1706. for 98. Years.

Wines, Goods and Merchandizes whatsoever, imported or to be imported, there shall be continued and be raised, levied, collected, paid and satisfied unto her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Wines which, from and after the Eighth day of March, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and six, at any time or times, within or during the term of Ninety and eight Years from thence next and immediately ensuing, and fully to be complete and ended, shall be imported or brought into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, the same or the like Subsidy of Tonnage, as by the said Act of the Second Year of her Majesties Reign was charged or imposed, for or upon any kind of Wine or Wines whatsoever, (that is to say) One third Part of such or the like several and respective Duties, as by the said Act of the Ninth Year of his said late Majesties Reign, were granted to him during his Life, and by the said Act of the First Year of her Majesties Reign, are continued to her during her Majesties Life, for or upon any kind of Wine or Wines respectively, and for and upon all manner of Goods and Merchandizes, which from and after the said Eighth day of March, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and six, at any time or times within, or during the said term of Ninety and eight Years, shall be imported or brought into this Realm, or any her Majesties Dominions, to the same belonging, by way of Merchandize, there shall be continued, raised, levied, collected, paid and satisfied, to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, the same or the like Subsidy of Poundage, as by the said Act of the Second Year of her Majesties Reign was laid or imposed, for or upon any Goods or Merchandizes whatsoever, (that is to say) One third Part of such or the like several and respective Duties, as by the said Act of the Ninth Year of his said late Majesties Reign, were granted to him during his Life, and by the said Act of the First Year of her Majesties Reign, are continued during her Majesties Life, for or upon the same Goods and Merchandizes respectively (except such Goods and other Merchandizes, as by the said Subsidy Acts made in the Ninth Year of his said late Majesties Reign, and in the First and Second Years of her now Majesties Reign, or any of them, are exempted from Payment of the said Subsidies thereby granted.)

Tonnage. 2 A. cap. 9. 9 W. 3. cap. 23. 1 A. cap. 7.

Poundage. 2 A. cap. 9. 9 W. 3. cap. 23. 1 A. cap. 7.

Exception.

Drawbacks and Allowances.

II. And it is hereby Enacted, That in all cases where by the said Subsidy Act of the Second Year of her Majesties Reign, or by any General or Particular Clauses therein contained, any Drawbacks or Abatements of the whole, or any part of the Duties thereby granted, or any other Allowances whatsoever, are appointed to be made or given in respect of the Subsidy thereby granted, there shall be in the like Cases respectively the same, or the like Drawbacks and Abatements of the whole or part of the Duties by this Act granted, and other Allowances made and given in respect of the Subsidy hereby imposed; and that the said several Subsidies and Duties by this Act payable, during the Continuance thereof, and all Arrearages of the same, shall be raised, collected, levied, secured and paid, by the same Ways, Means and Methods, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and subject to such Rules and Directions, as in and by the said Subsidy Acts of the Ninth Year of his said late Majesties Reign, and of the First and Second Years of her now Majesties Reign, or by any General, Relative, or Particular Clauses or Words therein, or in any of them contained, and now in Force, are prescribed or appointed, touching or concerning the said several Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, which were thereby respectively granted, as aforesaid; and that so much of the said Subsidy Act of the Second Year of her Majesties Reign, and such of the Branches and Clauses therein contained, or thereby referred unto, as do concern only the Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage thereby granted, (being One third Part of the Subsidies granted by the said former Acts, as aforesaid) and are now in Force, shall be used, exercised, put in practice, and observed, in and for the raising, levying, collecting and answering the Subsidies and

The Duties how to be raised, &c. 9 W 3. cap. 23. 1 A. cap. 7. 2 A. cap. 9.

Clauses in Act 2 A. to be observed in Collecting, &c.

Duties

Duties hereby before granted, as fully and effectually as if the same were again particularly and at large repeated and re-enacted in the body of this present Act.

Currans from *Venice* exempted from the ½ Subsidy tho' in *Venetian* Ships.

3 A. *cap.* 5. III. And it is hereby Declared and Enacted, That the Exception contained in the Act of the Third Year of her Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for granting to her Majesty a further Subsidy on Wines and Merchandizes imported, whereby Currans imported in English-built shipping, navigated according to the Laws then in Force, are exempted from the Duties thereby granted, shall be extended to all such Currans as after the Five and twentieth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and six, shall be imported in Ships belonging to any of the Subjects of the Republick of Venice, so that they also shall be exempted from Payment of the Subsidy granted by that Act; any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Duties on Coal, Culm and Cynders further continued.

IV. And her Majesties said Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons in Parliament assembled, Do also humbly beseech her Majesty that it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all such and the like Impositions, Rates and Duties whatsoever, as in and by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of his said late Majesty King

9 W. 3. *cap.* 13. William the Third [Intituled, An Act for granting to his Majesty several Duties upon Coal and Culm] were charged and imposed upon the several sorts of Coals and Culm therein mentioned, for the Term of Five Years, which commenced from the Fifteenth day of May, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred ninety eight, and the Duty and Duties upon Cynders, which in and by an Act made and passed in the Parliament holden at Westminster, in the

10 & 11 W. 3. *cap.* 21. Tenth and Eleventh Years of his late Majesties Reign [Intituled, An Act for laying further Duties upon Sweets, and for lessening the Duties as well upon Vinegar, as upon certain Low-Wines, and Whale-Fins, and the Duties upon Brandy imported; and for the more easy raising the Duties upon Leather, and for charging Cynders, and for permitting the Importation of Pearl-Ashes, and for preventing Abuses in the Brewing of Beer and Ale, and Frauds in Importation of Tobacco] were charged or imposed upon such Cynders as are therein mentioned, for Four Years, commencing from the Fifteenth day of May, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred ninety nine, which several Duties upon Coals, Culm and Cynders were by an Act made in the First

1 A. *cap.* 4. Year of her now Majesties Reign [Intituled, An Act for continuing the Duties upon Coals, Culm and Cynders] continued from the Fourteenth day of May, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and three, until the Fifteenth day May, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and eight (Charcoals made of Wood being always excepted) shall by force and virtue of this Act be further continued from the Fourteenth day of May, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and eight, until the Thirtieth day of September, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and ten, for the purposes in this Act expressed, and shall, during all that Time and Term, be raised, levied, collected and paid, for and upon all such and the like sorts of Coals, Culm, and Cynders, as by the said former Acts touching the same, or any of them, were Chargeable, in such Manner and Form, and according to such Rules, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, as by the same former Acts touching Coals, Culm and Cynders, or the Duties thereof, or any of them, were prescribed for or concerning the Duties thereby granted or continued.

Exception.

Continued for ever, vide 3 G. *cap.* 7. 5 G. *cap.* 19.

The Duties how to be collected.

Clauses, &c. in former Acts revived, for levying the Duties on Coals, &c. by this Act.

9 W. 3. *cap.* 13. V. And it is hereby Enacted, That the said Act [Intituled, An Act for granting to his Majesty several Duties upon Coals and Culm] and so much of the said Act for laying Duties upon Sweets, and other Things, as concerns the said Duty upon Cynders, and all and every the Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Penalties and Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things therein contained, now being in Force, for governing, managing, raising, levying, securing, collecting, receiving, paying and accounting for the Duties upon Coals, Culm, and Cynders, by the said former Acts granted

or

or continued, during the said several Terms therein mentioned, shall be and are by force and virtue of this present Act revived, and shall be in full force, and be duly observed, practised and put in Execution, in and for the governing, managing, raising, levying, securing, collecting, receiving, paying and accounting for the Duties upon Coals, Culm and Cynders by this Act granted, for and during the Term hereby granted of and in the same, and all Arrearages thereof, as fully and effectually to all intents and purposes, as if the same Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Penalties and Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, were again expressed and particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this present Act.

For a settled Fund,

VIII. And to the intent that a good, sure and lasting Security and Fund may be settled and established, for the constant Payment of all the Annuities to be purchased upon this Act; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Monies arising, from time to time, by or for the said Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage upon Wines, Goods and Merchandizes by this Act granted, and by or for the said several and respective Duties and Impositions by this Act continued, for or upon Coals, Culm and Cynders, and by or for the said several Duties of Excise upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors, or by or for any other Duties by this Act granted or continued, and every of them (the necessary Charges of managing, raising, levying, collecting, answering, paying and accounting for the said several Subsidies, Rates, Impositions, and other Duties only excepted) shall, from time to time, from the respective Commencements of the said Subsidies, Rates, Impositions, and other Payments respectively, and for and during the several Terms or Times therein severally granted, or intended to be granted by this Act, be brought and paid by the respective Commissioners, Receivers-General, or such Persons as for the time being shall have the Receipt thereof, as the same shall be Raised (who are hereby required and enjoyned to bring and pay the same accordingly) into the Receipt of the Exchequer, for the Purposes in this Act expressed, distinctly and separately, from all other Monies whatsoever, that are or shall be payable by them into the said Receipt; and that all the Monies to arise by virtue of the said Act of the Fifth Year of their said late Majesties Reign, or for the said Duties of Excise thereby granted, after the said Lottery Annuities therein mentioned shall be paid off, or sufficient Money shall be reserved in the Exchequer for paying off the same, shall in like manner, from time to time, be brought and paid into the Receipt of Exchequer, for the Purposes in this Act expressed, distinctly and apart, as aforesaid; and the respective Commissioners and Receivers-General of the said several Imposition, Rates, Subsidies, and other Duties hereby required to be paid into the Receipt of Exchequer, as aforesaid, shall make or cause to be made the Payments thereof into the said Receipt of Exchequer, according to the true Meaning of this Act, weekly; to wit, on Wednesday in every Week, if it be not an Holy-day, and if it be, then on the next Day after, that is not an Holy-day.

The Monies arising, &c.

to be paid into the Exchequer,

weekly.

That the Monies may be raised, Commissioners, &c. appointed.

X. And to the end all the Monies by this Act appropriated for Payment of the Annuities to be purchased upon this Act, may be duly and certainly raised and brought into the Receipt of Exchequer for that purpose; It is hereby further Enacted, That from time to time, during the Continuance of this Act, there shall be continued or appointed Commissioners, Receivers-General, Comptrollers, Collectors, and other proper Officers, for raising the several Duties by this Act granted, and for keeping the Accounts of the same; and that the respective Commissioners or chief Managers thereof, shall from time to time, weekly compute and ascertain the Monies of each Branch of the said Duties hereby granted or continued, which ought to be paid into the Exchequer on every Wednesday, or on the subsequent Day, not being an Holy-day, as aforesaid; and that all Commissioners, Receivers-General, Comptrollers, Collectors, and other Officers, who are or shall be concerned

in

in the managing, raising, levying, receiving, collecting or paying the same, or in keeping the Accounts thereof, shall perform their several and respective Duties therein, as to them respectively shall appertain, under such and the like Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities, for any offence or neglect therein, or for detaining, diverting or misapplying any part of the said Monies, as are prescribed, and to be inflicted by virtue of an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of his said late Majesty King William the Third [Intituled, An Act for raising a Sum not exceeding Two millions, upon a Fund for Payment of Annuities after the Rate of Eight Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, and for Settling the Trade to the *East-Indies*] for the like offence or neglect in relation to the Duties upon Salt, and upon Stampt Vellom, Parchment, and Paper thereby granted, or for detaining, diverting, or misapplying any part of the Monies which were granted by the Act last mentioned.

9 W. 3. *cap.* 44.

Commissioners, &c. not to neglect their Duty, under Penalties, &c.

XI. And it is hereby Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Monies arising of or for the said several Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and of or for the said Duties of Coals, Culm and Cynders, and the said several Rates and Duties of Excise by this Act appointed to be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer, from time to time, as aforesaid, together with the Sum of Two hundred and eighty thousand Pounds (part of the Contribution-Monies to be reserved and applied as is herein after mentioned) or so much of the said Subsidies, Rates, Impositions, Duties and Contribution-Money, as shall be sufficient for answering the full and due Payment of all the Annuities to be purchased upon this Act, from time to time, according to the true meaning thereof, is, are, and shall be the General Fond for Payment of the same, and shall be charged therewith, and liable thereunto, and shall not be diverted or divertible to any other use, intent or purpose whatsoever, under the Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities in this Act expressed.

The Monies arising by this Act, to be the general Fond for Payment of the Annuities, and not to be diverted, &c.

Penalty, &c.

XIV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the Annuities whatsoever, which shall be purchased upon, or in pursuance of this present Act, shall be and are hereby charged upon, and shall be paid and payable, from time to time, in the first place, and with Preference to all other Payments whatsoever, out of the Monies arising, from time to time, of and for the said several Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, Impositions upon Coals, Culm and Cynders, and the said several Rates and Duties of Excise, and all and every other Duty and Duties, Sum and Sums of Money whatsoever, by this Act appointed to be brought and paid into the Receipt of Exchequer, as aforesaid, and every of them, and also out of the said Sum not exceeding Two hundred and eighty thousand Pounds by this Act allowed to be contributed for or towards the making good, or completing the Quarterly Payments for the first Two Years, as aforesaid, and so much of the said several Subsidies, Duties, Impositions, Rates, Sum and Sums of Money so appointed by this Act, to be brought or paid into the Exchequer, and so much of the said Sum not exceeding Two hundred and eighty thousand Pounds, allowed by this Act to be contributed for this purpose, as aforesaid, as are and shall be sufficient to Satisfie and Discharge all the Annuities to be purchased upon this Act, according to the Purport and true Meaning of the same, are and shall be, by virtue of this Act, appropriated and applied, to and for the Satisfying and Discharging of the same Annuities accordingly, and shall be issued, disposed and applied to that Use, and to none other Use, Intent or Purpose whatsoever; any thing in this or any other Act of Parliament contained, or any other Matter or Thing whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Monies arising, charged with the Annuities, preferrable to all other Payments.

The Money contributed for the Quarterly Payments to be applied to that purpose.

XV. Provided always, That if at the end of the said first Two Years of the said Term of Ninety nine Years, there shall be an Overplus remaining in the Receipt of the Exchequer of the said Duties and Contribution-Monies, or any of them, by this Act appointed

If an Overplus, disposed of by Parliament.

posited for the Payment of the said Annuities, which shall be more than what shall have been sufficient to Discharge all the quarterly Payments of the said Annuities, until and for the Quarter to end at Lady-day, One thousand seven hundred and eight; Or if at the end of any subsequent Year of the said Term of Ninety nine Years, the Monies brought into the Exchequer within such Year of the said several Subsidies, Impositions, Rates, Duties and Monies by this Act appropriated for Payment of the said Annuities, pursuant to this Act, shall exceed all the Monies then due for or upon the said Annuities, and all Arrearages, thereof, then or at any time or times before that time incurred, so that there shall be an Overplus remaining in the Exchequer, such Overplus Monies shall be Disposable, from time to time, for the Publick Use and Service by Authority of Parliament, and not otherwise; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Contributors paying their Money as the Act limits, to have sure Estates free from Taxes.

XVI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Contributor and Contributors upon this Act, duly paying the Consideration or Purchase-Money at the Rate aforesaid, at or before the respective Days and Times in this Act limited in that behalf, for any such Annuity or Annuities, as aforesaid, or such as he, she or they shall appoint, his, her or their respective Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns, shall have, receive and enjoy, and be Entitled, by virtue of this Act, to have, receive and enjoy the respective Annuity and Annuities so to be purchased out of the Monies by this Act appropriated or appointed for the Payment thereof, during the said whole Term of Ninety nine Years, as is above mentioned; and that all and every such Purchasers, their Executors, Administrators and Assigns respectively, shall have good and sure Estates and Interests in the several Annuities so by them to be Purchased, according to the tenor and true meaning of this Act; and that all the said Annuities to be Purchased upon this Act, and every of them, during the Term aforesaid, shall be free from all Taxes, Charges and Impositions whatsoever.

Merchants Bonds for Customs, the Principal paid before 6 *Feb.* 1705. to be taken as paid by the Conditions.

XXVI. And whereas several Bonds, pursuant to several Acts of Parliament in that behalf, have been entred into by several Merchants and others for the Customs, Additional Duties, Impositions, and other Duties of Goods and Merchandizes imported into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, upon which Bonds the whole Monies or part of the Monies specified in the Conditions of the same respectively, have, according to such Conditions, incurred or become payable at several Days or Times of Payment before the Sixth day of February, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and five, and do remain unsatisfied, or such Bonds are not delivered up: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all and every case and cases where the Obligors in such Bonds (being Principals or Sureties) their Heirs, Executors, or Administrators, or any of them, have paid or shall have paid, before the First day of June, One thousand seven hundred and six, to the proper Officer or Officers, the Principal Monies so incurred or grown due before the said Sixth day of February, One thousand seven hundred and five, such Payment shall be of the same Force and Effect, as if the same had been made at or before the respective Day or Days in such Condition or Conditions mentioned for Payment; Therefore, and in all cases where the whole Principal Monies, due or to be due by the Conditions of such Bonds, as are before mentioned, are or shall be paid by the said First day of June, One thousand seven hundred and six, such Bond and Bonds respectively, shall upon Demand be delivered up to the Party or Parties who hath or shall have so paid the same, his, her or their Executors or Administrators, without any further or other Demand whatsoever; Nevertheless it is hereby Declared, That in case any of the Bonds before mentioned shall not be satisfied within the time by this Act limited, as aforesaid, or in case any Payment to incur or grow due after

Principal-Money paid by 1 *June*, 1706. the Bond to be delivered up,

if not paid, to be in Force,

ter

ter the ſaid Sixth day of February, One thouſand ſeven hundred and five, by the Condition of any Bond taken or to be taken for the Cuſtoms, Additional Duties, Impoſitions, or other Duties of any Goods or Merchandizes Imported, or hereafter to be Imported, as aforeſaid, ſhall not be duly paid, according to the Condition of every ſuch Bond reſpectively, in all and every ſuch Caſe and Caſes, the Penalty of every ſuch Bond ſhall not be diſcharged, either in Law or Equity, without the full Payment of the Principal-Monies, together with Intereſt, after the Rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum, to be reckoned from the Day on which ſuch Principal-Monies become due, until the actual Payment thereof, beſides Coſts of Suit, unleſs the Lord-Treaſurer, or any Three or more of the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury for the time being, upon any Repreſentation of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms for the time being, or any Three of them, ſhall judge it reaſonable in any particular Caſe or Caſes to remit the ſaid Intereſt and Coſts, or any part thereof; This Act, or any other Law or Statute whatſoever to the contrary notwithſtanding.

after the *6 Feb.* 1706. Bonds taken or to be taken, not paid according to the Condition, to pay *6 l. per Cent* Intereſt and Coſts,

unleſs the Lord-Treaſurer, *&c.* remit Intereſt, *&c.*

XXVII. Provided always that this Act, or any thing therein contained, ſhall not extend to Diſcharge the Intereſt upon any Bond or Bonds, entred into for the Duties of any Goods or Merchandizes imported, by any Corporation or Company of Merchants Trading by any Charter upon a Joynt-Stock; any thing herein to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Intereſt not be diſcharged on Bonds entred into by any Corporation.

Anno 4 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. VII.

An Act for making the Town of *New Roſs*, in the County of *Wexford* in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, a Port for the exporting Wooll from *Ireland* into this Kingdom.

Whereas by an Act paſſed in this Kingdom in the Tenth and Eleventh Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King William the Third, Intituled, An Act to prevent the Exportation of Wooll out of the Kingdoms of *Ireland* and *England* into Foreign Parts, and for the Encouragement of the Woollen Manufactures in the Kingdom of *England*, It is, amongſt other things, Enacted, That all the Wooll and the Manufactures thereof in the ſaid Act particularly ſpecified, as ſhould from time to time be exported from the ſaid Kingdom of Ireland into the Ports of this Kingdom or Dominion of Wales, ſhould be ſhipped off and entred at the Ports of Dublin, Waterford, Youghall, Kingſale, Cork and Drogheda in the ſaid Kingdom of Ireland, and at or from no other Port or Place within the ſaid Kingdom, under great Penalties to every Offender againſt the ſaid Act: And whereas the Town of New Roſs, in the County of Wexford in the ſaid Kindom of Ireland, is in the ſame Harbour with the Port of the City of Waterford, and before the paſſing of the ſaid Act hath always had Liberty to export the ſaid Commodities directly into this Kingdom, but the ſaid Town not being particularly named in the ſaid Act, ſome Doubt hath ariſen whether the ſaid Commodities may be exported thence: Therefore to prevent all Doubt for the future concerning the ſame, Be it Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That at all times from and after the Four and twentieth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for all and every Perſon and Perſons whomſoever, to ſhip off, enter and export, from the ſaid Town of New Roſs, all the ſaid Commodities in the ſaid recited Act particularly mentioned, and to import the ſame into any of the Ports

10 W. 3. c. 10.

Preamble.

Town of *New Roſs* made a Port for exporting Wooll from *Ireland*.

of Biddeford, Branſtable, Minhead, Bridgwater, Briſtol, Milford-Haven, Cheſter and Leverpoole, in the ſame manner, as if the ſaid Town of Roſs had been particularly named for Exportation of the ſaid Commodities in the ſaid former Act; any Law or Statute to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Anno 4 & 5 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XII.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Laying further Duties on Low-Wines, and for preventing the Damage to her Majeſties Revenue by Importation of Foreign cut Whalebone, and for making ſome Proviſions as to the Stamp-Duties, and the Duties on Births, Burials, and Marriages, and the Salt-Duties, and touching Million Lottery-Tickets, and for enabling her Majeſty to diſpoſe the Effects of *William Kidd*, a Notorious Pirate, to the Uſe of *Greenwich*-Hoſpital, and for appropriating the Publick Monies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament.

Preamble.

VI. AND whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King William the Third [Intituled, An Act for granting to his Majeſty a further Subſidy of Tonnage and Poundage, towards raiſing the yearly Sum of Seven hundred thouſand Pounds for the Service of his Majeſties Houſhold, and other Uſes therein mentioned, during his Majeſties Life] 9 W. 3. *cap.* 23. It is Enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons, Natives or Foreigners, Bodies-Politick or Corporate, ſhall import or bring into this Kingdom, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, any cut Whalebone (other than in Fins only) he, ſhe or they ſhall forfeit the Goods, and double the Value of the cut Whalebone ſo imported, One moiety thereof to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and One other moiety to him or them that ſhall ſeize or ſue for the ſame in any of his Majeſties Courts of Record; yet it is found by Practice and Experience, that the ſaid Penalty is not ſufficient to deter ill deſigning Perſons from continuing fraudulently to import great Quantities of Foreign cut Whalebone in ſhort Lengths and ſmall Parcels, in diminution of her Majeſties Revenue, and to the great Loſs and Diſcouragement of the Manufacturers imployed in cutting of Fin-Whalebone in this Kingdom; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Four and twentieth day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and five, any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, trading or dealing in Whalebone, having in his, her or their Cuſtody, any ſuch Foreign cut Whalebone (other than in Fins regularly imported) ſhall forfeit the Sum of Thirty Pounds, and alſo be ſubject to the like Penalties and Forfeitures as the Importers thereof, by the aforeſaid recited Act are liable unto; and alſo that the Maſters of ſuch Ships and Veſſels, knowingly bringing or importing any Foreign cut Whale-Fins or Whalebone, as aforeſaid, ſhall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, One moiety of the aforeſaid Penalties to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other moiety to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall ſeize and ſue for the ſame, in any of her Majeſties Courts of Record at Weſtminſter, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection or Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance ſhall be allowed; and if any Diſpute, Queſtion or Doubt ſhall ariſe, whether any cut Whalebone found, ſeized or received, as aforeſaid, were cut in Parts beyond the Seas, the Proof ſhall be Incumbent only upon the Importer, Claimer, Owner, Proprietor, or ſuch Perſon or Perſons, in whoſe Hands or Cuſtody ſuch cut Whalebone ſhall be found reſpectively, and not upon the Seizer, Informer or Proſecutor, any thing to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Perſons having Foreign cut Whalebone found in their Cuſtody forfeit 30 *l.*

Maſters of Ships 50 *l.*

Proof where cut to lie on the Importer, *&c.*

XI. And

1 A. cap. 21. XI. And whereas by an Act made in the First Year of her present Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for preventing Frauds in the Duties upon Salt, and for the better Payment of Debentures at the Custom-house, It is Enacted, That no Debenture shall be made or granted, or Drawback allowed to be paid for or upon the account of the Exportation of any Salt or Rock-Salt for Ireland, unless the Exporter of the said Salt or Rock-Salt shall produce to the Officer appointed to make such Debenture, a Certificate under the hand of the Collector of the Customs of the Port in Ireland, where such Salt or Rock-Salt shall be landed, or the Person executing his Office, of the particular Quantity of Salt or Rock-Salt, actually landed: And whereas 'tis equally reasonable, That for Salt and Rock-Salt shipt, in order for Exportation for Ireland, though the same perish by sinking of the Ship, or be taken by the Enemies, there should be made and allowed a Drawback as in the case where Salt and Rock-Salt is exported and landed; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That where any Salt or Rock-Salt hath been or shall be shipped in order for Exportation to Ireland, and the same hath perished or shall perish by sinking of the Ship or Vessel on which the same was or shall be shipped, and laid on board, or is or shall be taken by the Enemies, Then and in such case the Exporter or Proprietor of such Salt or Rock-Salt so perishing or lost, shall upon Proof made before the Justices of the Peace, at the General Quarter-Sessions of the Peace, to be held for the County, City, Riding, Division or Place from whence the same was so exported, of the Loss of such Salt so shipped, or to be shipped, receive from the said Sessions a Certificate, that such Proof was made before them, and upon producing the said Certificate to the Officer of the Place where the Duty on such Salt shall have been paid or secured to be paid, such Security shall be discharged, and so much Money as was actually paid for the Duty of the said Salt, shall be repaid upon demand by the said Officer, without Fee or Reward. Provided such Proof to be made, as aforesaid, as to all Salt lost or taken, before the Twentieth day of February, One thousand seven hundred and five, shall be made by Two Credible Witnesses upon Oath, before the Twentieth day of July, One thousand seven hundred and six; and as to all Salt which shall be lost after the said Twentieth day of February, One thousand seven hundred and five, the like Proof shall be made within Six Months after such loss or taking, as aforesaid.

Drawbacks, &c. to be allowed on Salt to *Ireland*, if Salt is lost, or taken by the Enemy.

Proof of Salt, lost, &c.

to be made within Six Months.

Anno 5 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. II.

An Act for continuing the Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and seven. EXP.

Anno

Anno 5 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. VIII.

Part of a Clauſe in an Act, Intituled, An Act for an Union of the Two Kingdoms of *England* and *Scotland.*

Moſt Gracious Sovereign;

Preamble.

WHereas Articles of Union were Agreed on the Twenty ſecond day of July, in the Fifth Year of your Majeſties Reign, by the Commiſſioners Nominated on Behalf of the Kingdom of England, under your Majeſties Great Seal of England, bearing Date at Weſtminſter the Tenth day of April then laſt paſt, in purſuance of an Act of Parliament made in England, in the Third Year of your Majeſties Reign, and the Commiſſioners Nominated on the Behalf of the Kingdom of Scotland, under your Majeſties Great Seal of Scotland, bearing Date the Twenty Seventh day of February, in the Fourth Year of your Majeſties Reign, in purſuance of the Fourth Act of the Third Seſſion of the preſent Parliament of Scotland, to Treat of and concerning an Union of the ſaid Kingdoms: And whereas an Act hath paſſed in the Parliament of Scotland at Edinburgh, the Sixteenth day of January, in the Fifth Year of your Majeſties Reign, wherein 'tis mentioned, That the Eſtates of Parliament conſidering the ſaid Articles of Union of the Two Kingdoms, had agreed to and approved of the ſaid Articles of Union with ſome Additions and Explanations, and that your Majeſty, with Advice and Conſent of the Eſtates of Parliament, for Eſtabliſhing the Proteſtant Religion and Presbyterian Church-Government within the Kingdom of Scotland, had paſſed in the ſame Seſſion of Parliament an Act, Intituled, Act for Securing of the Proteſtant Religion and Presbyterian Church-Government, which by the Tenor thereof was appointed to be inſerted in any Act Ratifying the Treaty, and expreſly declared to be a Fundamental and Eſſential Condition of the ſaid Treaty or Union in all times coming; the Tenor of which Articles, as Ratified and Approved of, with Additions and Explanations by the ſaid Act of Parliament of Scotland, follows:

3 A. *cap.* 7.

ARTICLE I.

Union of the Two Kingdoms.

THAT the Two Kingdoms of *England* and *Scotland* ſhall, upon the First day of *May*, which ſhall be in the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeven, and for ever after, be United into One Kingdom by the Name of *Great Britain*; and that the Enſigns Armorial of the ſaid United Kingdom be ſuch as her Majeſty ſhall appoint, and the Croſſes of St. *George* and St. *Andrew* be Conjoyned in ſuch manner as her Majeſty ſhall think fit, and uſed in all Flags, Banners, Standards and Enſigns, both at Sea and Land.

Enſigns Armorial.

ARTICLE II.

Succeſſion to the Monarchy of Great Britain.

That the Succeſſion to the Monarchy of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain*, and of the Dominions thereto belonging, after her moſt Sacred Majeſty, and in Default of Iſſue of her Majeſty, be, remain, and continue to the moſt Excellent Princeſs *Sophia*, Electoreſs and Dutcheſs Dowager of *Hannover*, and the Heirs of her Body, being Proteſtants, upon whom the Crown of *England* is ſettled by an Act of Parliament made in *England* in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *William* the Third, Intituled, *An Act for the further Limitation of the Crown, and better Securing the Rights and Liberties of the Subject:* And that all Papiſts, and Perſons Marrying Papiſts, ſhall be Excluded from, and for ever incapable to Inherit, Poſſeſs

12 W. 3. *cap.* 2.

Papiſts Excluded.

Poſſeſs or Enjoy the Imperial Crown of *Great Britain*, and the Dominions thereunto belonging, or any Part thereof; and in every ſuch caſe, the Crown and Government ſhall, from time to time, deſcend to, and be enjoyed by ſuch Perſon, being a Proteſtant, as ſhould have inherited and enjoyed the ſame, in caſe ſuch Papiſt, or Perſon Marrying a Papiſt, was naturally Dead, according to the Proviſion for the Deſcent of the Crown of *England*, made by another Act of Parliament in *England*, in the Firſt Year of the Reign of their late Majeſties King *William* and Queen *Mary*, Intituled, *An Act declaring the Rights and Liberties of the Subject, and Settling the Succeſſion of the Crown.*

1 W. & M. *Seſs.* 2. *cap.* 2.

ARTICLE III.

That the United Kingdom of *Great Britain*, be Repreſented by one and the ſame Parliament, to be Stiled, *The Parliament of* Great Britain. *One Parliament.*

ARTICLE IV.

That all the Subjects of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* ſhall, from and after the Union, have full Freedom and Intercourſe of Trade and Navigation to and from any Port or Place within the ſaid United Kingdom, and the Dominions and Plantations thereunto belonging; and that there be a Communication of all other Rights, Privileges and Advantages, which do or may belong to the Subjects of either Kingdom; except where it is otherwiſe expreſly Agreed in theſe Articles. *Freedom of Trade.*

ARTICLE V.

That all Ships or Veſſels belonging to her Majeſties Subjects of *Scotland*, at the time of Ratifying the Treaty of Union of the Two Kingdoms in the Parliament of *Scotland*, though Foreign Built, be deemed, and paſs as Ships of the Built of *Great Britain*; the Owner, or where there are more Owners, one or more of the Owners, within Twelve Months after the Firſt of *May* next, making Oath, that at the time of Ratifying the Treaty of Union in the Parliament of *Scotland*, the ſame did, in whole or in part, belong to him or them, or to ſome other Subject or Subjects of *Scotland*, to be particularly Named, with the Place of their reſpective Abodes; and that the ſame doth then, at the time of the ſaid Depoſition, wholly belong to him or them; and that no Foreigner, directly or indirectly, hath any Share, Part or Intereſt therein; which Oath ſhall be made before the Chief-Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms, in the Port next to the Abode of the ſaid Owner or Owners; and the ſaid Officer or Officers ſhall be Impowered to Adminiſter the ſaid Oath; and the Oath being ſo Adminiſtred ſhall be Atteſted by the Officer or Officers, who Adminiſtred the ſame; and being Regiſtred by the ſaid Officer or Officers, ſhall be delivered to the Maſter of the Ship for Security of her Navigation; and a Duplicate thereof ſhall be tranſmitted by the ſaid Officer or Officers, to the Chief-Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms in the Port of *Edinburgh*, to be there entred in a Regiſter, and from thence to be ſent to the Port of *London*, to be there entred in the General Regiſter of all Trading Ships belonging to *Great Britain*. Scotch *Ships to be deemed* Britiſh-*built Ships if Regiſtred in* 12 *Months after the* 1 May, 1707.

ARTICLE VI.

That all Parts of the United Kingdom for ever, from and after the Union, ſhall have the ſame Allowances, Encouragements, and Drawbacks, and be under the ſame Prohibitions, Reſtrictions and Regulations of Trade, and liable to the ſame Cuſtoms and Duties on Import and Export: And that the Allowances, Encouragements, and Drawbacks, Prohibitions, Reſtrictions, and Regulations of Trade, and the Cuſtoms and Duties on Import and Export ſettled in *England*, when the Union Commences, ſhall, from and after the Union, take place throughout the whole United Kingdom; excepting and reſerving the Duties upon Export and Import, of ſuch particular Commodities, from which any Perſons, the Subjects of either Kingdom, are ſpecially Liberated and Exempted by their Private Rights, which after the Union, are to remain Safe and Entire to them in all Reſpects, as before the *The ſame Cuſtoms, Allowances, Drawbacks, Prohibitions, &c. to be in the United Kingdom as in* England.

Exception as to Private Rights.

Scots *Cattle.*

the ſame. And that from and after the Union, no *Scots* Cattle carried into *England*, ſhall be liable to any other Duties, either on the Publick or Private Accompts, than thoſe Duties to which the Cattle of *England* are, or ſhall be liable within the ſaid Kingdom. And ſeeing by the Laws of *England*, there are Rewards granted upon the Exportation of certain kinds of Grain, wherein Oats grinded or ungrinded, are not expreſſed, that from and after the Union, when Oats ſhall be Sold at Fifteen Shillings Sterling *per* Quarter, or under, there ſhall be paid Two Shillings and Six Pence Sterling for every Quarter of the Oatmeal exported, in the Terms of the Law, whereby and ſo long as Rewards are granted for Exportation of other Grains, and that the Bear of *Scotland* have the ſame Rewards as Barley: And in reſpect the Importations of Victual into *Scotland*, from any Place beyond Sea, would prove a Diſcouragement to Tillage, therefore that the Prohibition as now in Force by the Law of *Scotland*, againſt Importation of Victuals from *Ireland*, or any other Place beyond Sea into *Scotland*, do, after the Union, remain in the ſame Force as now it is, until more proper and effectual Ways be provided by the Parliament of *Great Britain*, for Diſcouraging the Importation of the ſaid Victuals from beyond Sea.

Oatmeal and Bear exported to have a Bounty.

Importation of Victuals into Scotland prohibited.

ARTICLE VII.

Exciſes.

That all Parts of the United Kingdom be for ever, from and after the Union, liable to the ſame Exciſes upon all Exciſeable Liquors, excepting only that the Thirty four Gallons, *Engliſh* Barrel of Beer or Ale, amounting to Twelve Gallons *Scots* preſent Meaſure, ſold in *Scotland*, by the Brewer at Nine Shillings Six Pence Sterling, excluding all Duties, and Retailed, including Duties and the Retailers Profit at Two Pence the *Scots* Pint, or Eight part of the *Scots* Gallon, be not after the Union liable on account of the preſent Exciſe upon Exciſeable Liquors in *England*, to any higher Impoſition than Two Shillings Sterling upon the foreſaid Thirty four Gallons, *Engliſh* Barrel, being Twelve Gallons the preſent *Scots* Meaſure: And that the Exciſe ſettled in *England*, on all other Liquors, when the Union Commences, take place throughout the whole United Kingdom.

ARTICLE VIII.

Foreign Salt imported into Scotland *to be lockt up.*

That from and after the Union, all Foreign Salt which ſhall be imported into *Scotland*, ſhall be charged at the Importation there, with the ſame Duties as the like Salt is now charged with, being imported into *England*, and to be levied and ſecured in the ſame manner: But in regard the Duties of great Quantities of Foreign Salt imported may be very heavy upon the Merchants Importers, that therefore all Foreign Salt imported into *Scotland*, ſhall be cellar'd and locked up under the Cuſtody of the Merchants Importers, and the Officers employed for levying the Duties upon Salt; and that the Merchant may have what Quantity thereof his Occaſion may require, not under a Wey or Forty Buſhels at a time, giving Security for the Duty of what Quantity he receives, payable in Six Months. But *Scotland* ſhall, for the ſpace of Seven Years from the ſaid Union, be Exempted from Paying in *Scotland* for Salt made there, the Duty or Exciſe now payable for Salt made in *England*; but from the Expiration of the ſaid Seven Years, ſhall be ſubject and liable to the ſame Duties for Salt made in *Scotland*, as ſhall be then payable for Salt made in *England*, to be levied and ſecured in the ſame manner, and with proportionable Drawbacks and Allowances as in *England*, with this Exception, That *Scotland* ſhall, after the ſaid Seven Years, remain Exempted from the Duty of Two Shillings Four Pence a Buſhel on Home-Salt, impoſed by an Act made in *England*, in the Ninth and Tenth of King *William* the Third of *England*; And if the Parliament of *Great Britain* ſhall, at or before the Expiring of the ſaid Seven Years, Subſtitute any other Fund in Place of the ſaid Two Shillings Four Pence of Exciſe on the Buſhel of Home-Salt, *Scotland* ſhall, after the ſaid Seven Years, bear a Proportion of the ſaid Fund, and have an Equivalent in the Terms of this Treaty; and that during the ſaid Seven Years, there ſhall be paid in *England* for all Salt made in *Scotland*, and imported from thence into *England*, the ſame Duties upon the Importation, as ſhall be payable for Salt made in *England*, to be levied and ſecured in the ſame manner as the Duties on Foreign Salt are to be

Scotch *Salt.*

Home-Salt.

9 & 10 W. 3 cap. 46.

be levied and ſecured in *England*: And that after the ſaid Seven Years, as long as the ſaid Duty of Two Shillings Four Pence a Buſhel upon Salt is continued in *England*, the ſaid Two Shillings and Four Pence a Buſhel ſhall be payable for all Salt made in *Scotland*, and imported into *England*, to be levied and ſecured in the ſame manner; and that during the continuance of the Duty of Two Shillings Four Pence a Buſhel upon Salt made in *England*, no Salt whatſoever be brought from *Scotland* to *England* by Land in any manner, under the Penalty of forfeiting the Salt, and the Cattle and Carriages made uſe of in bringing the ſame, and paying Twenty Shillings for every Buſhel of ſuch Salt, and proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity, for which the Carrier as well as the Owner ſhall be liable, joyntly and ſeverally, and the Perſons bringing or carrying the ſame to be Impriſoned by any one Juſtice of the Peace, by the ſpace of Six Months without Bail, and until the Penalty be paid. And for eſtabliſhing an Equality in Trade, that all Fleſh exported from *Scotland* to *England*, and put on Board in *Scotland*, to be exported to Parts beyond the Seas, and Proviſions for Ships in *Scotland*, and for Foreign Voyages, may be ſalted with *Scots* Salt, paying the ſame Duty for what Salt is ſo employed, as the like Quantity of ſuch Salt pays in *England*, and under the ſame Penalties, Forfeitures and Proviſions for preventing of Frauds, as are mentioned in the Laws of *England*: And that from and after the Union, the Laws and Acts of Parliament in *Scotland* for pining, curing and packing of Herrings, White Fiſh and Salmon for Exportation with Foreign Salt only, without any mixture of *Britiſh* or *Iriſh* Salt, and for preventing of Frauds in curing and packing of Fiſh, be continued in Force in *Scotland*, ſubject to ſuch Alterations as ſhall be made by the Parliament of *Great Britain*; And that all Fiſh exported from *Scotland* to Parts beyond the Seas, which ſhall be cured with Foreign Salt only, and without mixture of *Britiſh* or *Iriſh* Salt, ſhall have the ſame Eaſes, Præmiums, and Drawbacks, as are or ſhall be allowed to ſuch Perſons as export the like Fiſh from *England*; and that for Encouragement of the Herring Fiſhing, there ſhall be allowed and paid to the Subjects, Inhabitants of *Great Britain*, during the preſent Allowances for other Fiſh, Ten Shillings Five Pence Sterling for every Barrel of White Herrings which ſhall be exported from *Scotland*; and that there ſhall be allowed Five Shillings Sterling for every Barrel of Beef or Pork ſalted with Foreign Salt, without mixture of *Britiſh* or *Iriſh* Salt, and exported for Sale from *Scotland* to Parts beyond Sea, alterable by the Parliament of *Great Britain*: And if any Matters of Fraud relating to the ſaid Duties on Salt ſhall hereafter appear, which are not ſufficiently provided againſt by this Article, the ſame ſhall be ſubject to ſuch further Proviſions as ſhall be thought fit by the Parliament of *Great Britain*.

Salt brought from Scotland *to* England.

Fleſh exported from Scotland.

Curing of Herrings.

Fiſh exported from Scotland.

Beef and Pork exported from Scotland.

ARTICLE IX.

That whenever the Sum of One million nine hundred ninety ſeven thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty three Pounds, Eight Shillings, and Four Pence half-peny, ſhall be Enacted by the Parliament of *Great Britain* to be raiſed in that part of the United Kingdom now called *England*, on Land and other Things uſually Charged in Acts of Parliament there, for granting an Aid to the Crown by a Land Tax; That part of the United Kingdom now called *Scotland* ſhall be charged by the ſame Act, with a further Sum of Forty eight thouſand Pounds, free of all Charges, as the *Quota* of *Scotland* to ſuch Tax, and ſo proportionably for any greater or leſſer Sum raiſed in *England* by any Tax on Land, and other Things uſually Charged together with the Land; and that ſuch *Quota* for *Scotland*, in the caſes aforeſaid, be raiſed and collected in the ſame manner as the Ceſs now is in *Scotland*; but ſubject to ſuch Regulations in the manner of collecting, as ſhall be made by the Parliament of *Great Britain*.

Land Tax.

Quota of Scotland.

ARTICLE X.

That during the Continuance of the reſpective Duties on Stampt Paper, Vellum and Parchment, by the ſeveral Acts now in Force in *England*, *Scotland* ſhall not be charged with the ſame reſpective Duties.

Stampt Paper, &c.

ARTICLE XI.

That during the Continuance of the Duties payable in *England* on Windows and Lights, which determine on the Firſt day of *Auguſt*, One thou-

Window Tax.

ſand ſeven hundred and ten, *Scotland* ſhall not be charged with the ſame Duties.

ARTICLE XII.

Coals, Culm and Cynders.

That during the Continuance of the Duties payable in *England* on Coals, Culm and Cynders, which determine the Thirtieth day of *September*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, *Scotland*, ſhall not be charged therewith for Coals, Culm and Cynders conſumed there; but ſhall be charged with the ſame Duties as in *England* for all Coals, Culm and Cynders not conſumed in *Scotland*.

ARTICLE XIII.

Malt.

That during the Continuance of the Duty payable in *England*, upon Malt, which determines the Twenty fourth day of *June*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeven, *Scotland* ſhall not be charged with that Duty.

ARTICLE XIV.

Scotland not Chargeable with any other Duties before the Union except theſe conſented to.

That the Kingdom of *Scotland* be not charged with any other Duties laid on by the Parliament of *England* before the Union, except theſe conſented to in this Treaty; in regard it is agreed, That all neceſſary Proviſion ſhall be made by the Parliament of *Scotland* for the Publick Charge and Service of that Kingdom, for the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeven. Provided nevertheleſs, That if the Parliament of *England* ſhall think fit to lay any further Impoſitions by way of Cuſtoms, or ſuch Exciſes, with which by virtue of this Treaty, *Scotland* is to be charged equally with *England*, in ſuch caſe *Scotland* ſhall be liable to the ſame Cuſtoms and Exciſes, and have an Equivalent to be ſettled by the Parliament of *Great Britain*: With this further Proviſion, That any Malt to be made and conſumed in that part of the United Kingdom now called *Scotland*, ſhall not be charged with any Impoſition on Malt, during this preſent War. And ſeeing it cannot be ſuppoſed that the Parliament of *Great Britain* will ever lay any ſort of Burthens upon the United Kingdom, but what they ſhall find of neceſſity at that time for the Preſervation and Good of the Whole, and with due regard to the Circumſtances and Abilities of every part of the United Kingdom, therefore it is agreed, That there be no further Exemption inſiſted upon for any part of the United Kingdom, but that the Conſideration of any Exemptions beyond what are already agreed on in this Treaty, ſhall be left to the Determination of the Parliament of *Great Britain*.

Proviſo.

No further Exemptions to be inſiſted on than agreed by the Treaty.

ARTICLE XV.

An Equivalent to be made to Scotland.

That whereas by the Terms of this Treaty, the Subjects of *Scotland*, for preſerving an Equality of Trade throughout the United Kingdom, will be liable to ſeveral Cuſtoms and Exciſes now payable in *England*, which will be applicable towards Payment of the Debts of *England* contracted before the Union; It is agreed, That *Scotland* ſhall have an Equivalent for what the Subjects thereof ſhall be ſo charged towards Payment of the ſaid Debts of *England*, in all Particulars whatſoever, in manner following, *viz.* That before the Union of the ſaid Kingdoms, the Sum of Three hundred ninety eight thouſand and eighty five Pounds, Ten Shillings, be granted to her Majeſty by the Parliament of *England*, for the Uſes after-mentioned, being the Equivalent to be anſwered to *Scotland* for ſuch parts of the ſaid Cuſtoms and Exciſes upon all Exciſeable Liquors with which that Kingdom is to be charged upon the Union, as will be applicable to the Payment of the ſaid Debts of *England*, according to the Proportions which the preſent Cuſtoms in *Scotland*, being Thirty thouſand Pounds *per Annum*, do bear to the Cuſtoms in *England*, computed at One million three hundred forty one thouſand five hundred and fifty nine Pounds *per Annum*; and which the preſent Exciſes on Exciſeable Liquors in *Scotland*, being Thirty three thouſand and five hundred Pounds *per Annum*, do bear to the Exciſes on Exciſeable Liquors in *England*, computed at Nine hundred forty ſeven thouſand ſix hundred and two Pounds *per Annum*: Which Sum of Three hundred ninety eight thouſand eighty five Pounds ten Shillings, ſhall be due and payable from the time of the Union. And in regard that after the Union, *Scotland* becoming liable to the ſame Cuſtoms and Duties payable on Import and Export, and to the ſame Exciſes on all Exciſeable Liquors as in *England*, as well upon that Account, as upon the Account of the Encreaſe of Trade and People, (which will be

the

the happy Conſequence of the Union) the ſaid Revenues will much Improve beyond the before-mentioned Annual Values thereof, of which no preſent Eſtimate can be made; yet nevertheleſs, for the Reaſons aforeſaid, there ought to be a proportionable Equivalent anſwered to *Scotland*; It is agreed, That after the Union there ſhall be an Account kept of the ſaid Duties ariſing in *Scotland*, to the end it may appear, what ought to be anſwered to *Scotland* as an Equivalent for ſuch Proportion of the ſaid Encreaſe as ſhall be applicable to the Payment of the Debts of *England*. And for the further and more effectual anſwering the ſeveral Ends hereafter-mentioned, It is agreed, That from and after the Union, the whole Encreaſe of the Revenues of Cuſtoms, and Duties on Import and Export, and Exciſes upon Exciſeable Liquors in *Scotland*, over and above the Annual Produce of the ſaid reſpective Duties, as above-ſtated, ſhall go and be applied, for the Term of Seven Years, to the Uſes hereafter-mentioned; and that, upon the ſaid Account there ſhall be anſwered to *Scotland* annually from the end of Seven Years after the Union, an Equivalent in Proportion to ſuch Part of the ſaid Encreaſe, as ſhall be applicable to the Debts of *England*; and generally, That an Equivalent ſhall be anſwered to *Scotland* for ſuch Parts of the *Engliſh* Debts, as *Scotland* may hereafter become liable to pay by reaſon of the Union, other than ſuch for which Appropriations have been made by Parliament in *England*, of the Cuſtoms, or other Duties on Export and Import, Exciſes on all Exciſeable Liquors, in reſpect of which Debts, Equivalents are herein before provided. And as for the Uſes to which the ſaid Sum of Three hundred ninety eight thouſand eighty five Pounds Ten Shillings, to be granted, as aforeſaid, and all other Monies which are to be anſwered or allowed to *Scotland*, as aforeſaid, are to be applied, It is agreed, That in the firſt place, out of the aforeſaid Sum, what Conſideration ſhall be found neceſſary to be had for any Loſſes which private Perſons may ſuſtain by Reducing the Coin of *Scotland* to the Standard and Value of the Coin of *England*, may be made good; in the next place, That the Capital Stock, or Fund of the *African* and *Indian* Company of *Scotland*, advanced, together with Intereſt for the ſaid Capital Stock, after the Rate of Five *per Centum per Annum*, from the reſpective Times of the Payment thereof, ſhall be paid: Upon Payment of which Capital Stock and Intereſt, It is agreed, the ſaid Company be diſſolv'd and ceaſe, and alſo, that from the time of paſſing the Act of Parliament in *England*, for raiſing the ſaid Sum of Three hundred ninety eight thouſand eighty five Pounds Ten Shillings, the ſaid Company ſhall neither Trade, nor grant Licence to Trade; Providing, That if the ſaid Stock and Intereſt ſhall not be paid in Twelve Months after the Commencement of the Union, That then the ſaid Company may from thenceforward Trade, or give Licence to Trade, until the ſaid whole Capital Stock and Intereſt ſhall be paid. And as to the Overplus of the ſaid Sum of Three hundred ninety eight thouſand eighty five Pounds Ten Shillings, after Payment of what Conſideration ſhall be had for Loſſes in repairing the Coin, and paying the ſaid Capital Stock and Intereſt, and alſo the whole Encreaſe of the ſaid Revenues of Cuſtoms, Duties and Exciſes, above the preſent Value which ſhall ariſe in *Scotland*, during the ſaid Term of Seven Years, together with the Equivalent which ſhall become due upon the Improvement thereof in *Scotland* after the ſaid Term; and alſo, as to all other Sums, which according to the Agreements aforeſaid, may become payable to *Scotland* by way of Equivalent, for what that Kingdom ſhall hereafter become liable towards Payment of the Debts of *England*; It is agreed, That the ſame be applied in manner following, *viz.* That all the Publick Debts of the Kingdom of *Scotland*, as ſhall be adjuſted by this preſent Parliament, ſhall be paid: And that Two thouſand Pounds *per Annum*, for the ſpace of Seven Years, ſhall be applied towards encouraging and promoting the Manufacture of Coarſe Wooll within thoſe Shires which produce the Wooll; and that the firſt Two thouſand Pounds Sterling be paid at *Martinmas* next, and ſo yearly at *Martinmas*, during the ſpace aforeſaid; and afterwards the ſame ſhall be wholly applied towards the encouraging and promoting the Fiſheries, and ſuch other Manufactures and Improvements in *Scotland*, as may moſt conduce to the General Good of the United Kingdom. And it is agreed, That her Majeſty be impowered to appoint Commiſſioners, who ſhall be accountable to the Parliament of *Great Britain*, for diſpoſing the ſaid Sum of Three hundred ninety eight thouſand and eighty five Pounds Ten Shillings, and all other Monies which ſhall ariſe to *Scotland*, upon the Agree-

Uſes to which Equivalent Moneys applied.

Coin of Scotland.

African *Company.*

Overplus.

Coin.

Publick Debts.

Manufacture of Coarſe Wooll.

Fiſheries.

Commiſſioners for the Equivalent.

Commiſſioners Power. ments aforeſaid, to the Purpoſes before mentioned: Which Commiſſioners ſhall be impowered to Call for, Receive and Diſpoſe of the ſaid Monies, in manner aforeſaid, and to Inſpect the Books of the ſeveral Collectors of the ſaid Revenues, and of all other Duties, from whence an Equivalent may ariſe: And that the Collectors and Managers of the ſaid Revenues and Duties be obliged to give to the ſaid Commiſſioners ſubſcribed Authentick Abbreviates of the Produce of ſuch Revenues and Duties ariſing in their reſpective Diſtricts: And that the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall have their Office within the Limits of *Scotland*, and ſhall in ſuch Office keep Books containing Accounts of the Amount of the Equivalents, and how the ſame ſhall have been diſpoſed of from time to time, which may be inſpected by any of the Subjects who ſhall deſire the ſame.

ARTICLE XVI.

Coin. That from and after the Union, the Coin ſhall be of the ſame Standard and Value throughout the United Kingdom, as now in *England*, and a Mint ſhall be continued in *Scotland*, under the ſame Rules as the Mint in *England*, and the preſent Officers of the Mint continued, ſubject to ſuch Regulations and Alterations as her Majeſty, her Heirs or Succeſſors, or the Parliament of *Great Britain* ſhall think fit.

ARTICLE XVII.

Weights and Meaſures to be the ſame thro' the Kingdom. That from and after the Union, the ſame Weights and Meaſures ſhall be uſed throughout the United Kingdom, as are now Eſtabliſhed in *England*, and Standards of Weights and Meaſures ſhall be kept by thoſe Burghs in *Scotland*, to whom the keeping the Standards of Weights and Meaſures, now in uſe there, does of ſpecial Right belong: All which Standards ſhall be ſent down to ſuch reſpective Burghs, from the Standards kept in the Exchequer at *Weſtminſter*, ſubject nevertheleſs to ſuch Regulations as the Parliament of *Great Britain* ſhall think fit.

ARTICLE XVIII.

The Laws concerning the Regulation of Trade, Cuſtoms and Exciſe, to be the ſame. That the Laws concerning Regulation of Trade, Cuſtoms, and ſuch Exciſes to which *Scotland* is, by virtue of this Treaty to be liable, be the ſame in *Scotland*, from and after the Union, as in *England*; and that all other Laws in uſe within the Kingdom of *Scotland*, do after the Union, and notwithſtanding thereof, remain in the ſame Force as before, (except ſuch as *Exception.* are contrary to, or inconſiſtent with this Treaty) but alterable by the Parliament of *Great Britain*, with this Difference betwixt the Laws concerning Publick Right, Policy, and Civil Government, and thoſe which concern Private Right, that the Laws which concern Publick Right, Policy, and Civil Government, may be made the ſame throughout the whole United Kingdom; but that no Alteration be made in Laws which concern Private Right, except for evident Utility of the Subjects within *Scotland*.

ARTICLE XIX.

College of Juſtice. That the Court of Seſſion, or College of Juſtice, do after the Union, and notwithſtanding thereof, remain in all time coming within *Scotland*, as it is now Conſtituted by the Laws of that Kingdom, and with the ſame Authority and Privileges as before the Union, ſubject nevertheleſs to ſuch Regulations for the better Adminiſtration of Juſtice, as ſhall be made by the Parliament of *Great Britain*; and that hereafter none ſhall be named by her Majeſty, or her Royal Succeſſors, to be Ordinary Lords of Seſſion, but ſuch who have ſerved in the College of Juſtice as Advocates, or Principal Clerks of Seſſion for the ſpace of Five Years; or as Writers to the Signet for the ſpace of Ten Years; with this Proviſion, That no Writer to the Signet be capable to be admitted a Lord of the Seſſion, unleſs he undergo a Private and Publick Trial on the Civil Law before the Faculty of Advocates, and be found by them qualified for the ſaid Office, Two Years before he be named to be a Lord of the Seſſion; yet ſo as the Qualifications made, or to be made, for capacitating Perſons to be named Ordinary Lords of Seſſion, *Court of Juſticiary.* may be altered by the Parliament of *Great Britain*. And that the Court of Juſticiary do alſo after the Union, and notwithſtanding thereof, remain in all time within *Scotland*, as it is now Conſtituted by the Laws of that Kingdom,

dom, and with the ſame Authority and Privileges as before the Union, ſubject nevertheleſs to ſuch Regulations as ſhall be made by the Parliament of *Great Britain*, and without Prejudice of other Rights of Juſticiary.; and that all Admiralty Juriſdictions be under the Lord High-Admiral, or Commiſſioners for the Admiralty of *Great Britain*, for the time being; and that the Court of Admiralty now eſtabliſhed in *Scotland* be continued, and that all Reviews, Reductions, or Suſpenſions of the Sentences in Maritime Caſes, competent to the Juriſdiction of that Court, remain in the ſame manner after the Union, as now in *Scotland*, until the Parliament of *Great Britain* ſhall make ſuch Regulations and Alterations, as ſhall be judged Expedient for the whole United Kingdom, ſo as there be always continued in *Scotland* a Court of Admiralty, ſuch as in *England*, for Determination of all Maritime Caſes relating to Private Rights in *Scotland*, competent to the Juriſdiction of the Admiralty-Court, ſubject nevertheleſs to ſuch Regulations and Alterations as ſhall be thought proper to be made by the Parliament of *Great Britain*; and that the Heretable Rights of Admiralty and Vice-Admiralties in *Scotland* be reſerved to the reſpective Proprietors as Rights of Property, ſubject nevertheleſs, as to the manner of exerciſing ſuch Heretable Rights, to ſuch Regulations and Alterations, as ſhall be thought proper to be made by the Parliament of *Great Britain*; and that all other Courts now in being within the Kingdom of *Scotland* do remain, but ſubject to Alterations by the Parliament of *Great Britain*; and that all Inferior Courts within the ſaid Limits do remain Subordinate, as they are now, to the Supreme Courts of Juſtice within the ſame, in all time coming; and that no Cauſes in *Scotland* be Cognoſcible by the Courts of *Chancery*, *Queens-Bench*, *Common-Pleas*, or any other Court in *Weſtminſter-Hall*; and that the ſaid Courts, or any other of the like Nature, after the Union, ſhall have no Power to Cognoſce, Review, or Alter the Acts or Sentences of the Judicatures within *Scotland*, or Stop the Execution of the ſame; and that there be a Court of Exchequer in *Scotland* after the Union, for deciding Queſtions concerning the Revenues of Cuſtoms and Exciſes there, having the ſame Power and Authority in ſuch Caſes, as the Court of Exchequer has in *England*; and that the ſaid Court of Exchequer in *Scotland* have Power of paſſing Signatures, Gifts, Tutories, and in other Things, as the Court of Exchequer at preſent in *Scotland* hath; and that the Court of Exchequer that now is in *Scotland* do remain, until a new Court of Exchequer be ſettled by the Parliament of *Great Britain* in *Scotland* after the Union; and that after the Union, the Queens Majeſty, and her Royal Succeſſors, may continue a Privy-Council in *Scotland*, for preſerving of Publick Peace and Order, until the Parliament of *Great Britain* ſhall think fit to alter it, or eſtabliſh any other effectual Method for that End.

Admiralty Juriſdictions.

Other Courts.

Court of Exchequer.

Privy-Council.

ARTICLE XX.

That all Heretable Offices, Superiorities, Heretable Juriſdictions, Offices for Life, and Juriſdictions for Life, be reſerved to the Owners thereof, as Rights of Property, in the ſame manner as they are now enjoyed by the Laws of *Scotland*, notwithſtanding this Treaty.

Heretable Offices.

ARTICLE XXI.

That the Rights and Privileges of the Royal Burghs in *Scotland*, as they now are, do remain entire after the Union, and notwithſtanding thereof.

Rights of the Royal Burghs.

ARTICLE XXII.

That by virtue of this Treaty, of the Peers of *Scotland*, at the time of the Union, Sixteen ſhall be the Number to Sit and Vote in the Houſe of Lords, and Forty five the Number of the Repreſentatives of *Scotland* in the Houſe of Commons of the Parliament of *Great Britain*; and that when her Majeſty, her Heirs or Succeſſors, ſhall Declare her or their Pleaſure for holding the Firſt or any Subſequent Parliament of *Great Britain*, until the Parliament of *Great Britain* ſhall make further Proviſion therein, a Writ do iſſue under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, directed to the Privy Council of *Scotland*, commanding them to cauſe Sixteen Peers, who are to Sit in the Houſe of Lords, to be Summoned to Parliament, and Forty five Members to be Elected to Sit in the Houſe of Commons of the Parliament of *Great*

Sixteen Peers of Scotland *to Sit in the Houſe of Lords.*

Forty five Members to Sit in the Houſe of Commons.

Great Britain, according to the Agreement in this Treaty, in ſuch manner as by an Act of this preſent Seſſion of the Parliament of *Scotland* is or ſhall be ſettled; which Act is hereby declared to be as Valid as if it were a part of, and Ingroſſed in this Treaty. And that the Names of the Perſons ſo Summoned and Elected ſhall be Returned by the Privy Council of *Scotland* into the Court from whence the ſaid Writ did iſſue. And that if her Majeſty, on or before the Firſt day of *May* next, on which Day the Union is to take place, ſhall Declare under the Great Seal of *England*, That it is Expedient that the Lords of Parliament of *England*, and Commons of the preſent Parliament of *England*, ſhould be the Members of the reſpective Houſes of the Firſt Parliament of *Great Britain*, for and on the part of *England*; then the ſaid Lords of Parliament of *England*, and Commons of the preſent Parliament of *England*, ſhall be the Members of the reſpective Houſes of the Firſt Parliament of *Great Britain*, for and on the part of *England*: And her Majeſty may, by her Royal Proclamation, under the Great Seal of *Great Britain*, appoint the ſaid Firſt Parliament of *Great Britain* to meet at ſuch Time and Place as her Majeſty ſhall think fit: Which Time ſhall not be leſs than Fifty Days after the Date of ſuch Proclamation; and the Time and Place of the Meeting of ſuch Parliament being ſo appointed, a Writ ſhall be immediately iſſued under the Great Seal of *Great Britain*, directed to the Privy Council of *Scotland*, for the Summoning the Sixteen Peers, and for Electing Forty five Members, by whom *Scotland* is to be Repreſented in the Parliament of *Great Britain*. And the Lords of Parliament of *England*, and the Sixteen Peers of *Scotland*, ſuch Sixteen Peers being Summoned and Returned in the manner agreed in this Treaty, and the Members of the Houſe of Commons of the ſaid Parliament of *England*, and the Forty five Members for *Scotland*, ſuch Forty five Members being Elected and Returned in the manner agreed in this Treaty, ſhall Aſſemble and Meet reſpectively, in the reſpective Houſes of the Parliament of *Great Britain*, at ſuch Time and Place as ſhall be ſo appointed by her Majeſty, and ſhall be the Two Houſes of the Firſt Parliament of *Great Britain*; and that Parliament may Continue for ſuch time only, as the preſent Parliament of *England* might have continued if the Union of the Two Kingdoms had not been made, unleſs ſooner Diſſolved by her Majeſty. And that every one of the Lords of Parliament of *Great Britain*, and every Member of the Houſe of Commons of the Parliament of *Great Britain*, in the Firſt and all ſucceeding Parliaments of *Great Britain*, until the Parliament of *Great Britain* ſhall otherwiſe direct, ſhall take the reſpective Oaths appointed to be taken, in ſtead of the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy, by an Act of Parliament made in *England* in the Firſt Year of the Reign of the late King *William* and Queen *Mary*, Intituled, *An Act for the Abrogating of the Oaths of Supremacy and Allegiance, and Appointing other Oaths*, and make, ſubſcribe and audibly repeat the Declaration mentioned in an Act of Parliament made in *England* in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, Intituled, *An Act for the more effectual Preſerving the Kings Perſon and Government, by Diſabling Papiſts from Sitting in either Houſe of Parliament*; and ſhall take and ſubſcribe the Oath mentioned in an Act of Parliament made in *England*, in the Firſt Year of her Majeſties Reign, Intituled, *An Act to Declare the Alterations in the Oath appointed to be taken by the Act*, Intituled, *An Act for the further Security of his Majeſties Perſon, and the Succeſſion of the Crown in the Proteſtant Line, and for Extinguiſhing the Hopes of the Pretended Prince of* Wales, *and all other Pretenders, and their open and ſecret Abettors*; *and for declaring the Aſſociation to be determined*; at ſuch time and in ſuch manner as the Members of both Houſes of Parliament of *England* are, by the ſaid reſpective Acts directed to take, make, and ſubſcribe the ſame, upon the Penalties and Diſabilities in the ſaid reſpective Acts contained. And it is declared and agreed, That theſe words, *This Realm*, *The Crown of this Realm*, and *The Queen of this Realm*, mentioned in the Oaths and Declaration contained in the aforeſaid Acts, which were intended to ſignifie the Crown and Realm of *England*, ſhall be underſtood of the Crown and Realm of *Great Britain*; and that in that Senſe the ſaid Oaths and Declaration be taken and ſubſcribed by the Members of both Houſes of the Parliament of *Great Britain*.

Firſt Parliament of Great Britain.

Members to take the Oaths, &c.

1 W. & M. cap. 8.

30 Car. 2. cap. 2. Stat. 2.

1 A. cap. 22.

ARTI-

ARTICLE XXIII.

That the aforeſaid Sixteen Peers of *Scotland* mentioned in the laſt preceding Article, to Sit in the Houſe of Lords of the Parliament of *Great Britain*, ſhall have all Privileges of Parliament, which the Peers of *England* now have, and which they or any Peers of *Great Britain* ſhall have after the Union, and particularly the Right of Sitting upon the Trials of Peers: And in caſe of the Trial of any Peer, in time of Adjournment, or Prorogation of Parliament, the ſaid Sixteen Peers ſhall be Summoned in the ſame manner, and have the ſame Powers and Privileges at ſuch Trial, as any other Peers of *Great Britain*; and that in caſe any Trials of Peers ſhall hereafter happen, when there is no Parliament in being, the Sixteen Peers of *Scotland*, who ſat in the laſt preceding Parliament, ſhall be Summoned in the ſame manner, and have the ſame Powers and Privileges at ſuch Trials, as any other Peers of *Great Britain*; and that all Peers of *Scotland*, and their Succeſſors to their Honours and Dignities, ſhall from and after the Union, be Peers of *Great Britain*, and have Rank and Precedency next and immediately after the Peers of the like Orders and Degrees in *England* at the time of the Union, and before all Peers of *Great Britain* of the like Orders and Degrees, who may be Created after the Union, and ſhall be Tried as Peers of *Great Britain*, and ſhall enjoy all Privileges of Peers, as fully as the Peers of *England* do now, or as they, or any other Peers of *Great Britain* may hereafter enjoy the ſame, except the Right and Privilege of Sitting in the Houſe of Lords, and the Privileges depending thereon, and particularly the Right of Sitting upon the Trials of Peers.

Privileges of the Sixteen Peers;

and of all the Peers of Scotland.

ARTICLE XXIV.

That from and after the Union, there be One Great Seal for the United Kingdom of *Great Britain*, which ſhall be different from the Great Seal now uſed in either Kingdom; and that the Quartering the Arms, and the Rank and Precedency of the Lyon King of Arms of the Kingdom of *Scotland*, as may beſt ſuit the Union, be left to her Majeſty: And that in the mean time, the Great Seal of *England* be uſed as the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, and that the Great Seal of the United Kingdom be uſed for Sealing Writs to Elect and Summon the Parliament of *Great Britain*, and for Sealing all Treaties with Foreign Princes and States, and all Publick Acts, Inſtruments and Orders of State, which concern the whole United Kingdom, and in all other Matters relating to *England*, as the Great Seal of *England* is now uſed; and that a Seal in *Scotland* after the Union be always kept and made uſe of in all things relating to Private Rights or Grants, which have uſually Paſſed the Great Seal of *Scotland*, and which only concern Offices, Grants, Commiſſions, and Private Rights within that Kingdom; and that until ſuch Seal ſhall be appointed by her Majeſty, the preſent Great Seal of *Scotland*, ſhall be uſed for ſuch Purpoſes; and that the Privy Seal, Signet Caſſet, Signet of the Juſticiary Court, Quarter-Seal, and Seals of Courts now uſed in *Scotland* be continued; but that the ſaid Seals be altered and adapted to the State of the Union, as her Majeſty ſhall think fit; and the ſaid Seals, and all of them, and the Keepers of them, ſhall be ſubject to ſuch Regulations as the Parliament of *Great Britain* ſhall hereafter make. And that the Crown, Scepter, and Sword of State, the Records of Parliament, and all other Records, Rolls and Regiſters whatſoever, both Publick and Private, General and Particular, and Warrants thereof, continue to be kept as they are within that part of the United Kingdom now called *Scotland*; and that they ſhall ſo remain in all time coming, notwithſtanding the Union.

One Great Seal.

Seal in Scotland, for Private Rights continued.

Privy Seal, &c. continued.

Regalia, Records of Parliament, &c. to be continued in Scotland.

ARTICLE XXV.

That all Laws and Statutes in either Kingdom, ſo far as they are contrary to, or inconſiſtent with the Terms of theſe Articles, or any of them, ſhall, from and after the Union, ceaſe and become void, and ſhall be ſo declared to be, by the reſpective Parliaments of the ſaid Kingdoms.

Laws inconſiſtent, void.

As by the ſaid Articles of Union, Ratified and Approved by the ſaid Act of Parliament of Scotland, relation thereunto being had, may appear.

Anno

Anno 5 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XVII.

An Act to Repeal all the Laws prohibiting the Importation of Foreign Lace made of Thread.

Preamble.

WHereas it is by Experience found, That an Act passed in the Parliament holden at Westminster in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of the Reign of his late Majesty King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act prohibiting the Importation of Foreign Bone-Lace, Cut-work, Embroidery, Fringe, Band-strings, Buttons, and Needle-work, as also divers other Acts heretofore made, prohibiting or restraining the Importation of Foreign Lace, or for Rendring the Laws more effectual for preventing the Importation of Foreign Lace, have obstructed the exportation and vending or selling of the Woollen Manufactures of England in the Spanish Low-Countries, and other Places abroad: Now for the remedy thereof, Be it Enacted, and it is hereby Enacted by the Queens most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the aforesaid Act of the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second, and also all and every other Act and Acts of Parliament whatsoever, which prohibit or restrain the importation, vending or selling of Foreign Lace, be henceforth Repealed so far forth as the said Acts relate to Foreign Lace made of Thread in the said Spanish Low-Countries, or in any other Place not within the Dominions of the French King: And that the afore-mentioned Acts, and every Clause, Matter, and thing in them contained, so far as they relate to such Foreign Lace made of Thread, (except as is before excepted) be and are hereby Repealed and made Void.

13 & 14 Car. 2. cap. 13.

All Acts which prohibit the Importation of Foreign Lace, repealed.

Not to extend to Lace made in *French* Kings, or Duke of *Anjou's* Dominions.

II. Provided nevertheless, That nothing in this Act contained shall any ways extend, or be construed to extend to permit or allow of the Importation of Lace made in any the Dominions of the French King, or in any of the Lands, Towns or Countries in the Possession of the Duke of Anjou, so long as they shall remain or continue in the Possession of the said French King or Duke respectively.

Anno 5 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XIX.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for continuing the Duties on Low-Wines and Spirits of the First Extraction, and the Duties payable by Hawkers, Pedlars and Petty-Chapmen, and part of the Duties on Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper, and the late Duties on Sweets, and the One third Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage, and for settling and establishing a Fund thereby, and by the Application of certain Overplus-Monies, and otherwise, for Payment of Annuities to be Sold for raising a further Supply to her Majesty, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and seven, and other Uses therein expressed.

Additional Subsidies, Tonnage, Coals, &c.

VIII. AND be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Additional Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Duties, which in and by the Act of the Fourth Year of her Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for continuing an Additional Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage, and certain Duties upon Coals, Culm and Cynders, and Additional Duties of Excise, and for settling and establishing a

4 A. cap. 6.

Fund

Fund thereby, and by other Ways and Means, for Payment of Annuities to be Sold for raiſing a further Supply to her Majeſty, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, and other Uſes therein mentioned, were granted and continued to be paid for and upon all Wines, which from and after the Eighth day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, during the Term of Ninety eight Years from thence next enſuing, ſhould be imported or brought into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and for and upon all manner of Goods and Merchandizes, which from and after the ſaid Eighth day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, during the ſaid Term of Ninety eight Years, ſhould be imported or brought into this Realm, or any of her Majeſties Dominions to the ſame belonging, by way of Merchandize (except as therein is excepted) ſhall, by virtue of this Act, be further continued, and be due and payable to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, from the Expiration of the ſaid ſeveral Terms of Ninety eight Years, for the Term of One whole Year, from thence next and immediately enſuing, for the uſes and purpoſes in this Act expreſſed; which Additional Subſidies and Duties ſo continued for One Year, and all Arrears thereof, ſhall be raiſed, levied, and paid by the ſame Rules, and with ſuch Drawbacks and Allowances, and ſubject to ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and in ſuch Manner and Form, as by the ſaid Act of the Fourth Year of her ſaid Majeſties Reign, are preſcribed and enacted in relation to the like Subſidy or Duties thereby granted.

Continued for ever, vide 1 Geo. *cap.* 12. 3 Geo. *cap.* 8.

further continued.

XII. And to the end all the Monies by this Act appropriated for Payment of the Annuities to be purchaſed on this Act, may be duly and certainly raiſed and brought into the ſaid Receipt of the Exchequer for that purpoſe, It is hereby further Enacted, That from time to time, during the Continuance of this Act, there ſhall be continued or appointed Commiſſioners, Receivers-General, Comptrollers, Collectors, and other proper Officers, for raiſing the ſeveral Rates and Duties by this Act intended for the Payment of the Annuities to be purchaſed thereupon, and for keeping the Accounts of the ſame; and that the reſpective Commiſſioners or Chief Managers thereof, ſhall from time to time, weekly, compute and aſcertain the Monies of each Branch of the ſaid Rates and Duties, which ought to be paid into the Exchequer on every Wedneſday, or on the ſubſequent Day, not being an Holy-day, as aforeſaid; and that all Commiſſioners, Receivers-General, Comptrollers, Collectors, and other Officers, who are or ſhall be concerned in the managing, raiſing, levying, receiving, collecting or paying the ſame, or in keeping the Accounts thereof, ſhall perform their ſeveral and reſpective Duties therein, as to them reſpectively ſhall appertain, under ſuch and the like Penalties, Forfeitures and Diſabilities, for any Offence or Neglect therein, or for detaining, diverting or miſapplying any part of the ſaid Monies, as are preſcribed and to be inflicted by virtue of an Act of Parliament made and paſſed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty King William the Third, Intituled, [An Act for raiſing a Sum not exceeding two Millions, upon a Fund for Payment of Annuities, after the Rate of Eight Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, and for ſettling the Trade to the *Eaſt-Indies*] for the like Offence or Neglect in relation to the Duties upon Salt, and other Duties upon Stampt Vellum, Parchment, and Paper thereby granted, or for detaining, diverting, or miſapplying any part of the Monies which were granted by the Act laſt mentioned.

Commiſſioners, &c. to be appointed during the Continuance of this Act.

9 W. 3. *cap.* 44.

XIII. And it is hereby Enacted and Declared, That all the Monies ariſing, as aforeſaid, of or for the ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Rates and Duties upon Low Wines and Spirits of the Firſt Extraction; and the ſaid Duties payable by Hawkers, Pedlars, Petty-Chapmen, and others, as aforeſaid; and the Duties upon Sweets, and the ſaid Duties upon Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper, hereby appointed to be paid weekly into the Exchequer, as aforeſaid, and the ſaid Additional Subſidy, and the ſaid Sum not exceeding Thirty five thouſand Pounds hereby directed to be reſerved out of the Contribution Money, as aforeſaid, and the ſaid reſpective Over-

The Monies ariſing to be a General Fund.

plus Monies of the said former Annuity Funds, hereby appointed to be computed and applied for such several and respective Times, and in such manner as are before mentioned, and every of them, or so much of the said several Rates, Summons and Duties, Contribution-Money, and Overplus-Money, as shall be sufficient for answering the full and due Payments of all the Annuities to be purchased on this Act, and all Arrearages thereof, from time to time incurred, according to the true meaning of this Act, are, and shall be the General Fund for Payment of the same, and are and shall be liable thereunto, and shall not be diverted or diverted to any other Use, Intent or Purpose whatsoever, under the Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities in this Act expressed.

Anno 5 ANNÆ Reginæ.

CAP. XX.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the better Encouragement of the Royal Lustring Company.

None but Officers of the Customs, &c. to Seize Lustrings or Alamodes.

III. AND whereas great trouble has been occasioned to Shopkeepers and others by common Informers, who are Persons of mean Reputation, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That only such Person or Persons who is or are Officer or Officers belonging to the Customs, or who shall be deputed by the Royal Lustring Company, and shall have Writs of Assistance from her Majesties Court of Exchequer, and no others, shall and may Seize any Lustrings or Alamodes within the Cities of London and Westminster, and the Bills of Mortality; any thing herein or in any former Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And whereas by an Act made in the Ninth and Tenth Years of the Reign of his late Majesty King William the Third, Intituled, An Act for the better Encouragement of the Royal Lustring Company, and the more Effectual preventing the Fraudulent Importations of Lustrings and Alamodes, It is amongst other things Enacted, That before any Person or Persons shall be admitted to Claim any of the said Silks, they shall give good Security by Recognizance, in the Court where such Claim shall be entred, not only to pay the Costs of Suit, in case such Claimer or Claimers shall be cast, but also to answer and pay the Penalties and Forfeitures incurred by the said Act, and the Security on such Claim cannot be discharged by yielding the Claimers Body to Prison, which is found a great Discouragement to Fair Traders dealing in English Alamodes and Lustrings: For remedy whereof be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That when any Person or Persons Claim any Alamodes or Lustrings seized, it shall be sufficient that such Person or Persons give good Security in the Court where such Claim shall be made, to answer and pay the full Costs of Suit only, in case a Verdict shall pass against him, her, or them, or the Claimer shall be nonsuited, or a Judgment pass by default.

9 & 10 W. 3. cap. 43.

Claimers of seized Alamodes to give Security to pay full Costs.

Anno

Anno 5 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XXVII.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for continuing ſeveral Subſidies, Impoſitions and Duties, and for making Proviſions therein mentioned to raiſe Money by way of Loan for the Service of the War, and other her Majeſties Neceſſary and Important Occaſions; and for aſcertaining the Wine-Meaſure.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

Preamble. WE your Majeſties moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of England in Parliament aſſembled, duly conſidering how Neceſſary it is that a full and ample Proviſion be made for enabling your Majeſty to carry on the preſent War with Succeſs, and that your Majeſties Supply for that Purpoſe, and for other your Majeſties Neceſſary and Important Occaſions, be ſufficient and complete, have cheerfully and unanimouſly given and granted, and do by this Act Give and Grant to your Majeſty the Subſidies, Impoſitions and Duties herein after mentioned, for the Terms herein after expreſſed; and do moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty to accept thereof, and that it may be Enacted; And be it Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the Subſidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Duties and Sums of Money payable upon Wines, Goods, and Merchandizes imported, which were given and granted unto

Tonnage and Poundage and other Duties further continued on Goods imported.

12 Car. 2. c. 4. his late Majeſty King Charles the Second for his Life, by an Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth Year of his Reign, Intituled, A Subſidy granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandizes exported and imported, and which by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts of Parliament were continued until the First day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, and by an

1 A. cap. 12. Act of the First Year of her Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for making good Deficiencies, and preſerving the Publick Credit, are granted to continue until the First day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, ſhall, by virtue of this Act, be further continued and be paid and payable to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all Wines, Goods and Merchandizes whatſoever which ſhall be imported or brought into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, at any time or times between the Laſt day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, and the First day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve; and that the ſaid Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, and every Article, Rule, and Clauſe therein mentioned, or thereby referred to, ſhall be of full Force and Effect for raiſing, levying and recovering the ſaid Subſidies and Duties hereby granted and continued, for and upon all Wines, Goods and Merchandizes imported, and all Arrears thereof, according to the true meaning of this Act, as fully and in like manner as if the ſame were particularly and at large recited and ſet down in the Body of this Act.

Continued for ever, vide 1 G. cap. 12. 3 G. c. 7, & 8.

Duties how to be levied.

II. Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth Year of

Several other Acts further continued.

12 Car. 2. c. 19. the Reign of the ſaid King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act to prevent Frauds and Concealments of his Majeſties Cuſtoms and Subſidies; as alſo an Act made in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of

14 Car. 2. c. 11. the ſaid late King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for preventing Frauds and Abuſes in his Majeſties Cuſtoms; and alſo an Act made in the Two and twentieth Year of the Reign of the ſaid late King

22 Car. 2. c. 13. Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for the Improvement of Tillage, and the Breed of Cattle; and alſo one other Act made in the Five and

twentieth Year of the Reign of the ſaid late King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for taking off Aliens Duties upon Commodities of the Growth, Product and Manufacture of the Nation; and alſo one other Act made in the ſaid Five and twentieth Year of the Reign of the ſaid late King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for the Encouragement of the *Greenland* and *Eaſtland* Traders, and for the better Securing the Plantation-Trade; and alſo one other Act made in the Firſt Year of the Reign of King James the Second, Intituled, An Additional Act for the Improvement of Tillage; and one Act made in the Eighth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King William the Third, Intituled, An Act for the Leſſening the Duty upon Tin and Pewter exported, and granting an Equivalent for the ſame by a Duty upon Drugs; and another Act of the Ninth Year of his Reign, For Encreaſing his Majeſties Duties upon Luſtrings and Alamodes; and one Act made in the Eleventh Year of his Reign, Intituled, An Act for taking away the Duties upon the Woollen-Manufactures, Corn, Grain, Bread, Biſcuit and Meal exported; and all Clauſes and Directions whatſoever contained therein, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in force concerning the ſaid Subſidy of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money upon Merchandize imported, which were granted in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, as aforeſaid, ſhall be of full Force and Effect until the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve. 25 Car. 2 *cap.* 6. 25 Car. 2. *cap.* 7. 1 Jac. 2. *c.* 19. 8 W. 3. *cap.* 34. 9 W. 3. *cap.* 30. 11 W. 3. *c.* 20. *Continued for ever*, vide 1 G. *cap.* 12. 3 G. *c.* 7, & 8.

Clauſes intended to be perpetual, not to be determined.

III. Provided nevertheleſs, and be it Declared and Enacted, That nothing herein contained ſhall be conſtrued or taken to determine any Articles or Clauſes in any of the laſt mentioned Acts, hereby Enacted to be in force until the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, which were appointed and intended to be Perpetual, or which were Continued by any Act of Parliament for any time which will not Expire by or before the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve: But that the ſame, and every of them, ſhall continue and remain in Force as if this preſent Act had not been made: But ſuch of the ſaid Acts, and ſuch Clauſes in any of them as would otherwiſe determine before the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, ſhall hereby be revived, and ſtand, continue, and be in Force until the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, and no longer.

Impoſt on Wines and Vinegar further continued.

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Impoſitions and Duties upon Wines and Vinegar, granted by an Act made in the Firſt Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty King James the Second, Intituled, An Act for granting to his Majeſty an Impoſition upon all Wines and Vinegar imported between the Four and twentieth day of *June*, One thouſand ſix hundred eighty and five, and the Four and twentieth day of *June*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety and three: Which ſaid Act, by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts of Parliament, was continued until the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix; and by the ſaid Act of the Firſt Year of her Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for making good Deficiencies, and preſerving the Publick Credit, are granted to continue until the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, ſhall, by virtue of this Act, be further continued to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, from the Laſt day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, to the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, and no longer; and that the ſaid Act ſo made in the Firſt Year of the Reign of the ſaid late King James the Second, and all Powers, Proviſions, Penalties, Articles and Clauſes therein contained, for or concerning the ſaid Impoſitions on Wines and Vinegar, ſhall continue, and be in full Force and Effect until the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, and ſhall be applied, practiſed and executed for raiſing, levying, collecting, anſwering and paying the ſaid Duties upon Wine and Vinegar, hereby continued, and all Arrears thereof, according to the Tenor and Intent of this preſent Act, as fully, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if all and every the Clauſes, Matters and Things in the 1 A. *cap.* 12. *Continued for ever*, vide 9 A. *cap.* 21. 1 Geo. *cap.* 21. 3 Geo. *cap.* 9.

How to be levied.

the

the ſaid Act of the Firſt Year of the Reign of the ſaid King James the Second contained, had been again repeated in this Act, and particularly enacted.

Impoſt on Tobacco.

V. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Rates, Duties and Impoſitions upon all ſorts of Tobacco, granted by an Act made in the Firſt Year of the Reign of the ſaid late King James the Second, Intituled, An Act for granting to his Majeſty an Impoſition upon all Tobacco and Sugar, imported between the Four and twentieth day of *June*, One thouſand ſix hundred eighty and five, and the Twenty fourth day of *June*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety and three: Which ſaid Act, as for and concerning the ſaid Duties and Impoſitions upon Tobacco only, by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts of Parliament, was continued until the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, and by the ſaid Act of the Firſt Year of her Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for making good Deficiencies, and preſerving the Publick Credit, are granted to continue until the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, ſhall, by virtue of this Act, be further continued and paid to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, from the Laſt day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, to the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, and no longer.

1 Jac. 2. *cap.* 4.

1 A. *cap.* 12.

Continued for ever, vide 9 A. *cap.* 21. 1 Geo. *cap.* 21. 3 Geo. *cap.* 9.

Duties how to be levied.

VI. Provided always, and be it Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Duty upon Tobacco, which ſhall be Imported during the Term hereby granted, and all Arrears thereof, ſhall be ſecured, collected, raiſed, levied, anſwered, and and paid to her Majeſty, in ſuch Method, and with ſuch Diſcount and Allowances, and according to ſuch Rules and Directions as are mentioned, referred to, or preſcribed, as to the Duties or Impoſitions upon Tobacco, in and by the Act made in the Parliament holden in the Seventh and Eighth Years of the Reign of King William the Third, Intituled, An Act for continuing ſeveral Duties granted by former Acts upon Wine, Vinegar, and upon Tobacco, and *Eaſt-India* Goods, and other Merchandizes imported, for carrying on the War againſt *France*, and not otherwiſe.

7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 10. *Altered by the* 12 A. *cap.* 8. & 5 Geo. *cap.* 7.

Impoſitions on *Eaſt-India* Goods, &c. further continued.

VII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Additional, and other Rates, Impoſitions, Duties and Charges upon the ſeveral ſorts of Goods and Merchandizes, granted by an Act made in the Second Year of the Reign of King William the Third and Queen Mary, Intituled, An Act for granting to their Majeſties certain Impoſitions upon all *Eaſt-India* Goods and Manufactures, and upon all Wrought Silks, and ſeveral other Goods and Merchandizes, to be Imported after the Five and twentieth day of *December*, One thouſand ſix hundred and ninety; and which thereby, and by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts of Parliament, were continued until the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, and by the ſaid Act of the Firſt Year of her Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for making good Deficiencies, and preſerving the Publick Credit, are granted to continue until the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, ſhall be further continued to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, from the Laſt day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, to the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, and no longer; and that the ſaid Act made in the Second Year of their ſaid late Majeſties Reign, concerning Eaſt-India Goods, and other Things therein charged, and all Powers, Proviſions, Penalties, Articles and Clauſes therein contained, ſhall Continue, and be of full Force and Effect, until the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, and ſhall be applied, practiſed and executed for the raiſing, levying, collecting, anſwering and paying the ſaid reſpective Duties hereby continued, and all Arrears thereof, according to the Tenor and Intent of this preſent Act, as fully, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſaid laſt mentioned Act, and all and every the Clauſes, Matters and Things therein contained, had been again repeated, and particularly Enacted; except only as to ſuch part of the ſaid Acts concerning the ſaid Impoſitions on Wines, Vinegar, Tobacco, Eaſt-India Goods, and other Merchandizes imported, touching which other Proviſions

2 W. & M. *cap.* 4 (14.)

1 A. *cap.* 12.

Continued for ever, vide 9 A. *cap.* 21. 1 Geo. *cap.* 21. 3 Geo. *cap.* 9.

How to be levied.

Except where Alterations are made.

or

or Alterations are made by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in being; which other Provisions or Alterations are to be observed, and to continue during the Continuance of this present Act, and the said Act, Intituled, An Act for continuing several Duties granted by former Acts upon Wine and Vinegar, and upon Tobacco, and *East-India* Goods, and other Merchandizes imported, for carrying on the War against *France*; and every Article, Clause, Matter and Thing therein contained, for the raising, levying, securing, answering, and paying the Impositions and Duties on the Merchandizes and Commodities thereby charged, and which are by this Act continued, shall be of full Force and Effect until the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and twelve. 7 & 8 W. 3. cap. 10.

Additional Impositions on Goods and Merchandizes further continued.

VIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Additional and other Rates, Duties, Impositions and Charges, upon the several sorts of Goods and Merchandizes granted by an Act of Parliament made in the Fourth Year of their said late Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for granting to their Majesties certain Additional Impositions upon several Goods and Merchandizes, for Prosecuring the present War against *France*, which by several subsequent Acts of Parliament were continued until the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and six, and by the said Act of the First Year of her Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for making good Deficiencies, and preserving the Publick Credit, are granted to continue until the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and ten, shall by virtue of this Act, be further continued, and be paid and payable to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, from the Last day of July, One thousand seven hundred and ten, to the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, and no longer; and that the said last mentioned, and all Powers, Provisions, Penalties, Articles and Clauses therein contained (except as herein after is excepted and provided) as for and concerning the said Rates, Duties and Impositions, shall continue and be of full Force and Effect until the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, and shall be applied, practised and executed for the raising, levying, collecting, answering and paying the said Duties hereby continued, and all Arrears thereof, according to the Tenor and Intent of this present Act, as if the said last mentioned Act, and all and every the Clauses, Matters and Things therein contained, had been again repeated and particularly Enacted in this present Act. 4 W. & M. c. 5. 1 A. cap. 12. *Continued for ever*, vide 9 A. cap. 21. 1 Geo. cap. 21. 3 Geo. cap. 9.

How to be levied.

Exception.

Alterations to be observed.

IX. Provided also, That in all Cases where any other Provision or Alteration is made by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in being, in or about any other Matter or Thing contained in the said Act of Parliament for the Impositions last mentioned, such other Provisions or Alterations shall be observed, during the Continuance of the Term hereby granted; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

New Duties on Whale-Fins, further continued.

X. And it is hereby further Enacted, That the several Impositions and Duties for and upon all Whale-Fins imported, which by an Act of Parliament in the Ninth Year of the Reign of his said late Majesty King William the Third, Intituled, An Act for taking away half the Duties imposed on Glass-Wares, and the whole Duties lately laid on Stone and Earthen-Wares, and Tobacco Pipes, and for granting in lieu thereof New Duties on Whale-Fins, and *Scotch* Linens, were granted to his said late Majesty King William, and by an Act of the First Year of her Majesties Reign were continued until the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and ten, shall be, and are hereby continued to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, from the Last day of July, One thousand seven hundred and ten, to the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, and no longer, and shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, in such Manner and Form, and by such Ways and Means, and under such Penalties as are mentioned in the said Act for granting the said Impositions on Whale-Fins and Scotch Linens; which Act, with all the Powers, Provisoes, Penalties, Articles and Clauses therein contained, or thereby referred to, shall continue and be in full Force until the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, 9 W. 3. c. 45. *Continued for ever*, vide 9 A. cap. 21. 1 Geo. cap. 21. 3 Geo. cap. 9.

How to be levied.

and

and shall be applied, practised and put in Execution for raising and levying the said Duties on Whale-Fins hereby continued, and all Arrears thereof, as fully and effectually, as if all the Clauses, Matters and Things therein contained, concerning the said Duties on Whale-Fins, were repeated and again Enacted in the Body of this present Act.

Duties liable to satisfie Principal and Interest.

XI. And whereas the said Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and the said other Duties granted therewith, in the Twelfth Year of King Charles the Second, as aforesaid, and the said Impositions on Wines, Vinegar and Tobacco, which were first granted to King James the Second, in the First Year of his Reign; and the said Impositions on East-India Goods, and other Goods charged therewith, which were first granted to their late Majesties King William and Queen Mary, in the Second Year of their Reign; and the said Additional Impositions which were first granted to them in the Fourth Year of their Reign; and the said Duties on Whale-Fins imported, which were granted to his said late Majesty King William, in the Ninth Year of his Reign, were by the said Act of the First Year of her Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for making Good Deficiencies, and preserving the Publick Credit, continued, as aforesaid, until the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and ten, in the manner therein mentioned; and the said Subsidies, Impositions and Duties arising by the said Act of the First Year of her Majesties Reign, are thereby made subject and liable to the Satisfaction of the Principal and Interest-Monies therein mentioned, great part of which Principal-Monies do still remain unsatisfied, and are (together with all the Interest due, and to grow due thereupon) to be paid and discharged in the first Place out of the Subsidies, Impositions and Duties granted or continued by the Act last mentioned; Now it is hereby further Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and immediately after the time that all the Principal and Interest-Monies, which by the said Act of the First Year of her Majesties Reign, for making Good Deficiencies, and preserving the Publick Credit, are charged upon the several Subsidies, Duties and Impositions last mentioned, shall be fully paid off and satisfied, or that sufficient Money shall be reserved in the Exchequer for that Purpose, then the aforesaid Subsidies, Duties and Impositions last mentioned, to arise by the said Act of the First Year of her Majesties Reign, for the Remainder of the several Terms thereby granted, and therein then to come and unexpired (except the Necessary Charges of raising, levying, collecting and accounting for the same) shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer distinctly, for the Purposes in this present Act expressed, and for no other use, intent or purpose whatsoever.

1 A. cap. 12.

Except Necessary Charges.

XVII. And to the end the Contents of the Wine-Gallon, whereby the Duties hereby granted are to be levied, may be ascertained and known to all her Majesties Subjects, and that all Disputes and Controversies, touching the Wine-Measures, according to which any Customs, Subsidies, or other Duties, are, from and after the First day of May, One thousand seven hundred and seven, to be paid or payable to her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors, may be settled; Be it further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That any Round Vessel (commonly called a Cylinder) having an even bottom, and being Seven Inches diameter throughout, and Six Inches deep, from the top of the inside to the bottom, or any Vessel containing Two hundred thirty one Cubical Inches and no more, shall be deemed and taken to be a Lawful Wine-Gallon; and it is hereby Declared, That Two hundred fifty two Gallons, containing each of Two hundred thirty one Cubical Inches, shall be deemed a Ton of Wine, and that One hundred twenty six such Gallons shall be deemed a Butt or Pipe of Wine, and that Sixty three such Gallons shall be deemed an Hogshead of Wine.

Wine-Gallon ascertained.

Any Vessel containing 231 Cubical Inches to be deemed a Wine-Gallon.

Anno

CAP. XXIX.

Several Clauses in an Act Intituled, An Act for eaſe of her Majeſties Subjects in relation to the Duties upon Salt, and for making the like Allowances upon the Exportation of White-Herrings, Fleſh, Oatmeal, and Grain called Beer *alias* Bigg, as are to be made upon Exportation of the like from *Scotland.*

Like Allowances for White-Herrings exported from *England* as from *Scotland,*

VI. AND be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for all White-Herrings, which ſhall, from and after the ſaid Firſt day of May, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeven, be exported from any Port or Place in the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, to Parts beyond the Seas, by any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, there ſhall be the like Allowances as are to be made upon the Exportation of White-Herrings from Scotland, to be paid by the Officer appointed to Collect the Duties upon Salt in the ſame Port from whence any ſuch Herrings ſhall be exported, within Thirty Days after demand thereof, on a Debenture to be prepared by the Collector of the Cuſtoms where ſuch Herrings ſhall be entred out for Exportation, and verified by the Perſon executing the Office of Searcher in ſuch Port, as to the quantity of Herrings actually ſhipped, and that the ſame were well cured, and Merchantable, and full packed, and that the Oath of the Exporter or Agent be firſt taken, before the Principal Officers of the ſaid Port, before the Debenture be allowed, who are hereby required and impowered to give the ſaid Oath, That the Herrings in ſuch Debenture mentioned were cured with Salt, for which the Duties had been paid, and not drawn back, and that the ſame is really exported to Parts beyond the Seas, and not relanded or intended to be relanded in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed; for which Debenture no Fee or Reward ſhall be taken; and in caſe the Officer hereby directed to pay ſuch Debenture, ſhall not have ſufficient Money in his Hands to pay the ſame, then upon Certificate thereof by him made (which Certificate he is hereby required to give the Party gratis) the Principal Commiſſioners for managing her Majeſties Revenue of Exciſe upon Salt for the time being, ſhall be Chargeable with the ſaid Payment, to be made in courſe out of the firſt Money in their Hands ariſing out of the Duties upon Salt; and that it ſhall and may be lawful for the Officers of the ſaid Duties on Salt, in the ſeveral and reſpective Ports of the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, upon the Exportation of any Herrings, as aforeſaid, and before the ſame ſhall be laid on board for Exportation, to Mark any Caſk, Barrel or other Veſſel, wherein any ſuch Herrings ſhall be exported, to the intent it may be known that ſuch Herrings have been exported, and Allowances obtained on Exportation thereof, in caſe the ſame, or any part thereof, ſhall be relanded and reimported.

on a Debenture prepared by the Officers of the Cuſtoms.

Exported and relanded, forfeited, and 20 *s.* *per* Barrel.

VII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any ſuch Herrings ſhall, after the ſame ſhall be exported, be relanded or reimported, all the ſaid Herrings ſo relanded or reimported, ſhall be forfeited and loſt, and Twenty Shillings per Barrel for every Barrel thereof, and ſo in proportion for a greater or leſſer quantity, to be recovered of the Importer or Proprietor thereof.

Like Allowances for ſalted Beef or Pork exported from *England* as from *Scotland.*

VIII. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for every Barrel of ſalted Beef or Pork, which ſhall be exported for Sale from any Port of this Kingdom, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, to Parts beyond the Seas, after the ſaid Firſt day of May, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeven, by any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, there ſhall be for each Barrel the like Allowances as are to be allowed upon Exportation of ſuch Beef and

Pork

Pork exported from Scotland; which Allowance shall be paid by the Officer appointed to Collect the Duties upon Salt, in the same Port from whence any such Beef or Pork shall be exported, within Thirty Days after demand thereof, on a Debenture to be prepared by the Collector of the Customs where such Beef or Pork shall be entred out for Exportation, and verified by the Person executing the Office of Searcher in such Port, as to the quantity of Beef and Pork actually shipped for Sale, and that the same is Good and Merchantable, and that the Oath of the Exporter or Agent be first taken before the Principal Officers of the said Port, before the Debenture be allowed, who are hereby required and impowered to give the said Oath, That the Beef or Pork in such Debenture mentioned, was salted with Salt for which the Duties had been paid, and not drawn back, and that the same is really exported to Parts beyond the Seas for Sale, and that any part thereof was not spent, or intended to be spent for the Ships use, and was not relanded, or intended to be relanded; for which Debenture no Fee or Reward shall be taken: And in case the Officer hereby directed to pay such Debenture, shall not have sufficient Money in his hands to pay the same, then upon Certificate thereof by him made (which Certificate he is hereby required to give the Party gratis) the Principal Commissioners for managing her Majesties Revenues of Excise upon Salt for the time being, shall be Chargeable with the said Payment, to be made in course out of the first Money in their hands arising out of the Duties upon Salt; and that it shall and may be lawful for the Officers for the said Duties on Salt, in the several and respective Ports of the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, upon the Exportation of any Beef or Pork, and before the same shall be laid on board for Exportation, to Mark any Cask, Barrel, or other Vessel wherein any such Beef or Pork shall be exported, to the intent it may be known that such Beef or Pork has been exported, and Allowances obtained on Exportation thereof, in case the same, or any part thereof, shall be relanded or reimported.

On a Debenture prepared by the Officers of the Customs.

IX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any Beef or Pork shall, after the same shall be exported, be relanded or reimported, all the said Beef or Pork so relanded or reimported shall be forfeited and lost, and Forty Shillings per Barrel for every Barrel thereof, and so in proportion for a greater or lesser quantity, to be recovered of the Importer or Proprietor thereof.

Exported and relanded, forfeited, and 40 s. per Barrel.

X. And whereas by the aforesaid Articles of Union, it is provided, That from and after the Union there shall be certain Allowances for all Oatmeal, and Grain called Beer, exported from Scotland; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for all Oatmeal, and Grain called Beer alias Bigg, which from and after the said First day of May, One thousand seven hundred and seven, shall be exported from any Port of this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, to Parts beyond the Seas, by any Merchant, or other Person or Persons whatsoever, there shall be the like Præmium given upon the Exportation thereof, as is to be given upon Exportation of Oatmeal and Beer from Scotland; such Merchant or other Person first bringing a Certificate in Writing under his or their hands, containing the quantity of such Oatmeal, or Beer alias Bigg, so shipped, to the Collector or other Person appointed, or to be appointed for the time being, to Collect the Duties or Rates arising by Customs within any such Port, and making Proof of such Certificate by one or more Credible Person or Persons upon their Oaths (which Oaths the said Collector, or other Person, is hereby authorized and required to Administer) and giving Bond in the Sum of Ten Pounds at least for every Ton of Oatmeal so shipped, consisting of Twenty hundred Weight, and for every Forty Bushels of Beer alias Bigg so shipped, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser quantity, That the same shall be exported to Parts beyond the Seas, and not be relanded; which Præmium every Merchant, or other Person, so shipping

Allowances for Oatmeal and Beer *alias* Bigg exported, &c.

Bond to be given that the same shall be exported.

ping off any such Oatmeal, or Beer alias Bigg, and giving Certificate and Bond, as aforesaid, shall have and receive from such Collector, or other Person, as aforesaid, in any Port respectively where the same shall be so shipped, out of her Majesties Revenue of the Customs, and upon Certificate returned under the Common Seal of the Chief-Magistrate in any Place or Places beyond the Seas, or under the Hands and Seals of Two known English Merchants upon the Place, that such Oatmeal, or Beer alias Bigg, was there landed, or upon Proof by Credible Persons that such Oatmeal, or Beer alias Bigg, was taken by Enemies, or perished in the Seas; which Proof being made, or Certificate delivered to the Collector or other Person, who took Bond, as aforesaid, the said Bond shall be delivered up to such Merchant, or other Person, or his Order, to be cancelled, without any Fee for the same.

How to be discharged.

Penalties, &c. how distributed.

XI. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Penalties and Forfeitures given by this or any former Law relating to the Duties of Excise upon Salt, shall be distributed in manner following; (that is to say) One moiety thereof to the Queen, her Heirs and Successors, and the other moiety thereof to the Officer or Officers who shall seize, sue or inform for the same, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information in any of her Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster.

Exporters of Salt out of *England* to *Ireland*, entitled to a Drawback:

XII. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, and it is hereby Declared, That all and every Person and Persons, who shall have exported any Salt, or Rock-Salt, out of the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and landed the same in the Kingdom of Ireland, although the same was entred in England, on the Exportation thereof, for other Foreign Parts, and afterwards landed in Ireland, such Person or Persons having so landed the same in Ireland, shall be entitled to a Debenture or Drawback of the said Duty of such Salt, notwithstanding the same was entred for other Foreign Parts: And all Suits or Prosecutions commenced, or to be commenced against any Person or Persons having exported such Salt or Rock-Salt for Foreign Parts, and landed the same, as aforesaid, shall cease and determine.

But not unless Entry at Exportation be made for some Port in *Ireland*.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said First day of May, One thousand seven hundred and seven, there shall be no Debenture made out or Drawback allowed for any Salt, or Rock-Salt landed in Ireland, after the First day of May, One thousand seven hundred and seven, unless the Entry of the same Salt at Exportation be made for some Port in the Kingdom of Ireland.

Allowances for Waste.

XIV. And whereas White Salt and Rock-Salt in the Exportation from England to Ireland, are liable to Waste; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said First day of May, upon producing such a Certificate, as is by Law required, from the Collector and proper Officers of the Port or Place in Ireland, of the quantity of what White-Salt and Rock-Salt was there landed, the Exporter or Proprietor of such White-Salt and Rock-Salt, shall have an Allowance of Four Bushels for every Forty Bushels of White-Salt, and of Two for every Forty Bushels of Rock-Salt put on board in England, in order to be exported to Ireland, in Consideration of the ordinary Waste in the Carriage thereof; and a Debenture or Debentures shall be issued out gratis accordingly, by the Collector or proper Officer of the Port or Place in England, from whence such White-Salt or Rock-Salt was exported, and the same shall be allowed, or paid to the Exporter or Proprietor, in like manner as Debentures are or shall be payable for Salt exported.

XV. And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the First Year of the Reign of the late King William and Queen Mary, of Blessed Memory, Intituled, An Act for the Encouraging the Exportation of Corn, It was amongst other things thereby Enacted, That every such Merchant by the said Act described, shipping any Malt or Barley, Rye or Wheat, and giving Certificate and Bond as the said Act directs, 1 W. & M. *cap.* 12.

directs, shall have and receive from the Farmers, Commissioners, Collectors, or other Persons appointed, or to be appointed for the time being, to Collect the Duties and Rates arising by Customs, within any such Port where the said Corn shall be shipped off, for every Quarter of Barley or Malt, ground or unground, Two Shillings and Six Pence; for every Quarter of Rye, ground or unground, Three Shillings and Six Pence; for every Quarter of Wheat, ground or unground, Five Shillings: And whereas since the making of the said Act, there have been divers quantities of Malt made of Wheat, some part whereof have been exported, and some Doubts have arisen touching the Bounty-Money to be paid upon the Exportation thereof, to the Discouragement of the Exportation of Corn, and for clearing thereof, and for preventing future Disputes touching the same; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Merchant or other Person exporting Malt made of Wheat, from and after the said First day of May, One thousand seven hundred and seven, shall have and receive of the said Farmers, Commissioners, or Persons aforesaid, Five Shillings for every Quarter of Malt made of Wheat, or Wheat Malt, ground or unground, to be paid by the respective Persons in the said recited Act mentioned.

Exporters of Malt made of Wheat to have 5 *s. per* Quarter Bounty-money.

XVI. And whereas by the several Acts of Parliament for laying Duties on Rock-Salt, and Salt refined from Rock-Salt, the Exporters of the same draw back more Money from the Salt-Revenue than they pay to her Majesty; for Prevention thereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said First day of May, One thousand seven hundred and seven, no Person or Persons, who shall export Rock-Salt, or Salt refined from Rock-Salt, shall have any other, or greater Allowance on Prompt Payment and Exportation of the same by way of Debenture, than what really and bona fide was before paid for the Duty of the said Salt; and that no Person giving Bond and Security for the said Duty, payable within the time limited by Law, and paying the same in Twenty eight Days after giving the said Security, shall be entitled, on Exportation from England, Wales or Berwick, to any other Advantage than to such a Debenture as shall discharge the Bond and Security only given for the Payment of the said Duty.

No Exporters of Rock-Salt, *&c.* to have any greater Allowance, *&c.* on Exportation than what was before paid for the Duty, *&c.*

XVII. And whereas Foreign Salt imported is allowed to be cellared, or put into Warehouses, and the Duties thereof are to be paid or secured upon Delivery, as in this Act is mentioned; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Merchants and other Persons importing such Foreign Salt, from and after the said First day of May, One thousand seven hundred and seven, shall be and are hereby charged with the Duties for the full quantity of Salt so cellared, or put into Warehouses, and if upon clearing any Cellar or Warehouse, in which the Salt was locked up, there be any want of the said quantity, the Importer or Importers of the said Salt so wanting, shall be Answerable for the same; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Importers of Foreign Salt chargeable with the Duties for the full quantity cellared, *&c.*

Anno 6 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. III.

An Act for better securing the Duties of *East-India* Goods.

Preamble.

WHereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King William the Third, of glorious Memory, Intituled, An Act for raising a Sum not exceeding Two Millions, upon a Fund for Payment of Annuities, after the Rate of Eight Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, and for settling the Trade to the *East-Indies*, It was Enacted, That no Company or particular Person or Persons who should have a Right, in pursuance of the said Act, to Trade to the East-Indies, or other the Parts within the Limits in the

9 W. 3. *cap.* 44.

ſaid Act mentioned, ſhould be allowed to Trade thither, until ſufficient Security was firſt given (which the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in England, or any Three or more of them for the time being, were thereby authorized and required to take, in the Name and to the Uſe of his ſaid late Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors) That ſuch Company or particular Perſons ſhould cauſe all the Goods, Wares, Merchandizes and Commodities, which at any time or times afterwards, during the continuance of the ſaid Act, ſhould be laden by or for them or any of them, or for their or any of their Accounts, in any Ship or Ships whatſoever Bound from the Eaſt-Indies, or Parts within the Limits mentioned in the ſaid Act, ſhould be brought (without breaking Bulk) to ſome Port of England or Wales, and there be unladen and put on Land (the Danger of the Seas, Enemies, Pirates, Reſtraints of Princes and Rulers, and Baratry of Seamen excepted:) And whereas the ſaid Act, and the Security to be given in purſuance thereof, have been by Experience found not to be ſufficient to hinder and prevent the unlading or putting on ſhore in divers Places and Countries other than the Kingdom of England or Dominion of Wales, great Quantities of Goods brought from the Eaſt-Indies, or ſome Port or Places within the Limits mentioned in the ſaid recited Act, to the great Loſs of her Majeſties Cuſtoms, and the Trade and Navigation of this Kingdom in general: And whereas ſome Difficulties have ariſen touching the acceptance of the Security directed by the ſaid Act; Be it Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the Security to be hereafter given in purſuance of the ſaid Act, ſhall be after the Rate of Two thouſand five hundred Pounds for every Hundred Ton the Ships or Veſſels ſhall be reſpectively Lett for, that ſhall be ſent to the ſaid Eaſt-Indies, or other Parts within the Limits in the ſaid Act mentioned, and ſo proportionably for any leſſer part than a Hundred Tons; and that the Engliſh Company trading to the Eaſt-Indies, ſhall for each Ship or Veſſel which ſhall be ſent out from Great Britain, and employed by them, or for their account, give Security, as aforeſaid, by their Common Seal: The Condition whereof ſhall be in the Form following, viz.

2500 *l.* Security to be given for every Hundred Ton that each Ship ſent to the *Eaſt-Indies* ſhall be lett for.

Company give ſuch Security.

Form of the Condition.

WHereas in purſuance of an Act of Parliament made in the Ninth Year of his late Majeſties Reign, Intituled, *An Act for raiſing a Sum not exceeding Two Millions, upon a Fund for Payment of Annuities after the Rate of Eight Pounds* per Centum per Annum, *and for ſettling the Trade to the* Eaſt-Indies, the Ship whereof Captain is Maſter, of the Burthen of Tons, is under the Regulation of the ſaid Act, bound out upon a Voyage to the *Eaſt-Indies*, or other Parts within the Limits preſcribed by the ſaid Act, with a Cargo or Lading of Goods, upon account of the above bound *Engliſh* Company trading to the *Eaſt-Indies*: The Condition of this Obligation is ſuch, That if all the Goods, Wares, Merchandizes and Commodities which ſhall at any time or times hereafter, during the continuance of this preſent intended Voyage, be laden by or for the ſaid Company, or any of them, or for their, or any of their Accounts in the ſaid Ship, from the ſaid *Eaſt-Indies*, or Parts aforeſaid, ſhall be, without breaking Bulk, brought to ſome Port of *Great Britain*, and there be unladen and put on Land (the Danger of the Seas, Enemies, Pirates, Conſtraint of Princes and Rulers, Baratry of Seamen, and neceſſary Proviſions, Stores, and Merchandizes for the People and Garriſon of *St. Helena* only, for their own proper Conſumption, excepted) then this Obligation ſhall be Void, or elſe ſhall remain in full Force, Effect and Virtue.

All Goods ſhipt in *India*, &c. to be unladen in *Great Britain*,

II And that beſides the ſeveral and reſpective Securities to be given by this or the ſaid former Act againſt breaking Bulk, all the Goods, Wares, Merchandizes and Commodities which ſhall be Loaden in the Eaſt-Indies, or other the Parts within the Limits mentioned in the ſaid Act, upon any Ship or Veſſel belonging to any of her Majeſties Subjects, with intent to be tranſported out of and from the ſaid Eaſt-Indies, or other the Parts within the Limits afore-

aforeſaid, the ſame ſhall be brought to ſome Port of Great Britain, and there ſhall be unladen and put on Shore (neceſſary Provi- except Neceſſaries for *St. Helena.* ſions, Stores and Merchandizes for the People and Garriſon of St. Helena, for their own proper Conſumption only, excepted) and except alſo where the breaking of Bulk, or landing of Goods in Breach of this or the ſaid former Act ſhall happen to be by the Danger of the Seas, Enemies, Pirates, Reſtraints of Princes or Rulers, or Barratry of Seamen, on pain of forfeiting all ſuch Goods which contrary to this Act ſhall be landed elſewhere than in Penalty on landing elſewhere. ſome Port of Great Britain, or the Value thereof; to be recovered, One moiety thereof to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other moiety thereof to the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall ſeize, inform or ſue for the ſame in any of her Majeſties Courts of Record at Weſtminſter, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed.

Anno 6 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. IV.

An Act for charging and continuing the Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and eight. EXP.

Anno 6 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. V.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for raiſing a further Supply to her Majeſty, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and eight, and other Uſes, by Sale of Annuities charged on a Fund, not exceeding Forty thouſand Pounds *per Annum*, to ariſe by appropriating ſeveral Surpluſſes, and by granting further Terms in the Duties on Low-Wines, and on Hawkers, Pedlars and Petty-Chapmen, the Stamp-Duties, the One third Subſidy, the Duty on Sweets, and One of the Branches of Exciſe, and by making other Proviſion in this Act mentioned.

IV. AND to the end there may be no Failure in the Payment of ſuch Annuities, or any of them, as ſhall be purchaſed upon this Act at any time or times until the full Expiration of the Term of Ninety nine Years, for which the ſame are intended to be purchaſed, We your Majeſties ſaid Dutiful and Loyal Subjects the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament aſſembled, have cheerfully and unanimouſly given and granted, and do by this Act give and grant to your Majeſty the Duties upon Low-Wines, or Spirits of the Firſt Extraction, and the Duties to be paid by Hawkers, Pedlars, and Petty-Chapmen, and the Duties upon Vellum, Parchment and Paper, and the Additional Subſidy of Tonnage and Poundage, and the Duty upon Sweets, and the particular Rates and Duties upon Exciſe hereafter in this Act expreſſed, for and during ſuch further Term and Terms of Years reſpectively as are herein after mentioned: And do moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty to accept thereof, and that it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every ſuch or the like Duties, for The Duties on Low-Wines, &c. and upon all Low-Wines, or Spirits of the Firſt Extraction, as by the ſaid Act of the Fifth Year of her Majeſties Reign were continued or granted for the Term of Ninety ſix Years above mentioned, ſhall by virtue of this Act be further continued, and be paid and payable unto her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all Low-Wines, and Spirits of the Firſt Extraction, to be made or drawn by any Diſtiller, or other Perſon making or drawing

ing Spirits or Strong Waters for Sale or Exportation, within the Kingdom of Great Britain, from or after the Expiration of the said Term of Ninety six Years, for and during the Term of One whole Year from thence next and immediately ensuing: And that all and every such and the like Duties, and Sums of Money to be paid by

on Hawkers, Pedlars, &c.

every Hawker, Pedlar, Petty-Chapman, and such other Persons as are described in one Act of the Ninth Year of the Reign of his said late Majesty King William, for Licensing Hawkers and Pedlars, and all the Powers for granting such Licences, which by the said Act of the Fifth Year of her Majesties Reign are to continue for the like Term of Ninety six Years, from the said Twenty fourth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and ten, shall be further continued, and be paid and payable, and be put in Execution by virtue of this Act, within the whole Kingdom of Great Britain, from and after the Expiration of the said Term of Ninety six Years, during the Term of One whole Year from thence next and imme-

and the Stamp-Duties,

diately ensuing: And that such of the Duties upon Vellum, Parchment and Paper, as by the said Act of the Fifth Year of her Majesties Reign were continued for the Term of Ninety six Years from the last day of July, One thousand seven hundred and ten, shall by virtue of this Act be further continued, and be due and payable to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, within and throughout the whole Kingdom of Great Britain, from and after the Expiration of the Term of Ninety six Years last mentioned, for and during the Term of One whole Year from thence next and imme-

and the One third Subsidy,

diately ensuing: And that the Additional Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Duties upon Wines, Goods and Merchandizes, commonly called the One third Subsidy, which by the said Act of the Fifth Year of her Majesties Reign, are granted and 5 A. *cap.* 27.
continued for the Term of One whole Year from the Expiration of a Term of Ninety eight Years, which commenced from the Eighth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and six, shall by virtue

further continued for One Year more after the Expiration of their respective Terms.

of this Act be further continued, and be due and payable to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, within and throughout the whole United Kingdom of Great Britain, from the Expiration of the said Term of One Year so granted, and commencing, as aforesaid, for and during the further Term of One whole Year from thence next and immediately ensuing: And that the Duty upon Sweets made for Sale, which by the said Act in the Fifth Year of her Majesties Reign, was granted for the Term of Ninety nine Years, Com-

Continued for ever, vide 1 Geo. *cap.* 21. 3 Geo. *cap.* 8.

Duties on Sweets.

mencing from the Twenty fourth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and six, shall by virtue of this Act be further continued, and be paid and payable to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, within and throughout the United Kingdom of Great Britain, from and after the Expiration of the Term of Ninety nine Years last mentioned, for and during the further Term of Two Years from thence next and immediately ensuing.

Former Powers continued.

VI. And it is hereby Enacted, That the said several Duties upon Low Wines, or Spirits of the First Extraction; and the said Duties payable by Hawkers, Pedlars, Petty Chapmen, and others, described, as aforesaid; And the said Rates and Duties upon Vellum, Parchment and Paper; and the said Additional Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Duties upon Wines, Goods, and Merchandizes, by this Act severally granted for a further Term of One Year, as aforesaid; and the said Duty upon Sweets by this Act granted for a further Term of Two Years, as aforesaid;

Duties how to levied.

and the said Rates and Duties of Excise by this Act granted for a further Term of Fifteen Years, as aforesaid, for the Uses and Purposes in this Act expressed, be severally and respectively raised and levied by such Rules and Methods, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and with such Distribution of the said Penalties and Forfeitures, and subject to such Power of Mitigation, and such respective Drawbacks, Allowances and Repayments, and in such Manner and Form as the like Duties granted or continued by the said Act of the Fifth Year of her Majesties Reign, or any of them respectively, are prescribed, enacted or appointed to be raised or levied.

Anno

Anno 6 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. VIII.

An Act for incouraging the Dreſſing and Dying of Woollen Clothes within this Kingdom, by laying a Duty upon Broad Cloth exported White.

Preamble. Whereas it hath been found neceſſary towards ſupporting the Woollen Manufacture of this Kingdom, That Woollen-Cloth, commonly called Broad-Cloth, be exported White: Now to the intent that ſuch Exportation may not be prejudicial to the Dreſſing or Dying of the Woollen Clothes within this Kingdom, we your Majeſties moſt Dutiful Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain, in Parliament aſſembled, do humbly pray your Majeſty, that it may be Enacted; And be it Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by Authority of the ſame, That a Duty of Five Shillings ſhall be paid to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for every White Woollen-Cloth, commonly called Broad-Cloth, which ſhall be exported out of this Kingdom into Foreign Parts.

Duty of 5 *s.* to be paid for every Broad-Cloth exported.

II. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall export, or ſhip on any Boat or Veſſel, in order to Exportation into Foreign Parts, any White Woollen-Cloth or Clothes, commonly called Broad-Cloth, without firſt paying the Duty aforeſaid, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall forfeit every ſuch Cloth and Clothes which ſhall be ſo ſhipped, in Order to Exportation, contrary to the intent and meaning of this Act, or the Value of ſuch Cloth or Clothes, One moiety thereof to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, the other moiety to ſuch Perſon as ſhall ſeize, inform or ſue for the ſame.

Cloth ſhipt before Duty paid, forfeited

Anno 6 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. IX.

An Act for the Exportation of White Woollen-Cloth.

Preamble. Whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of King Henry the Eighth, Intituled, Touching Worſted Weavers of *Yarmouth* and *Lynn*; It is amongſt other things Enacted, That no Perſon or Perſons any time after convey or tranſport into any of the Parts beyond the Sea, any manner of Clothes or Worſteds before the ſame Clothes be ſhorn, dyed, coloured and calendred, upon Pain of Forfeiture the Value thereof: And whereas in the Sixth Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth a Patent was granted to the Hamborough Company for ever, with liberty to export Thirty thouſand Clothes, though not wrought or dreſſed, Twenty five thouſand whereof to be above the Value of Three Pounds, and under the Value of Six Pounds per Cloth, and the other Five thouſand to be above the Value of Four Pounds per Cloth: And whereas in the Eight and twentieth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, another Patent was granted to Sir James Hayes, and Sir Peter Apſley Knights, in Truſt for the late Counteſs of Portland, for the Term of One and twenty Years, to Licence the Exportation of all manner of Woollen-Clothes, White as well as Coloured, though not barbed, rowed, ſhorn or dreſſed, without Limitation as to Price or Number, with Power to agree and compound with the Exporter for the Quantum

14 & 15 H. 8. *cap.* 3.

Patent granted 6 *Eliz.* to the *Hamborough* Company.

Patent 28 *Car.* 2. to the Counteſs of *Portland* for 21 Years.

to

to be paid them for the Licence to export the same: And whereas the last mentioned Patent expired in or about the Month of May, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and seven, since the Expiration of which said Patent the Officers of her Majesties Customs have put a stop to Exportation of all White Clothes: And some Doubts have arise, whether the same may be exported, notwithstanding the many good Laws that have been made for Incouragement of the Woollen Manufacture: And whereas there are great quantities of White Woollen Clothes now ready to be shipt off, and exported into Parts beyond the Seas, where there is a great Demand for the same; and it hath been the Wisdom of this Nation in all Ages, to give all due Incouragement to the Woollen Manufacture thereof; for preventing therefore of all Doubts that have or may arise concerning the Exportation of White Woollen-Cloth, and for the better Incouragement of the Woollen Manufactures of this Kingdom, and Imployment of the Poor; Be it Enacted by the Queens most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons whatsoever, to export out of the Kingdom of Great Britain, or Dominion of Wales, any White Woollen-Cloth whatsoever, made or manufactured within the said Kingdom of Great Britain, or Dominion of Wales; any Law, Statute, Ordinance, Custom, Prescription, or Provision whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

All White Woollen-Cloth whatsoever, made in *Great Britain*, &c. may be exported.

Anno 6 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XI.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for continuing One half part of the Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Duties upon Wines, Goods and Merchandizes imported, which were granted to the Crown in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, and for settling a Fund thereby, and by other Ways and Means, for Payment of Annuities, not exceeding Eighty thousand Pounds *per Annum*, to be sold for raising a further Supply to her Majesty, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and eight, and other Uses therein expressed.

Preamble.

MOST Gracious Sovereign, whereas several Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Duties and Sums of Money upon Wines, Goods, and other Merchandizes, were given and granted unto his late Majesty King Charles the Second (of Blessed Memory) for his Life, by an Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth Year of his Reign, Intituled, A Subsidy granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandizes exported and imported, and by the Book of Rates thereunto annexed, which Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Duties and Sums of Money, upon Wines, Goods and Merchandizes, as well exported as imported (with some Alterations) were by several subsequent Acts of Parliament granted to continue until the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and ten: And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Fifth Year of your Majesties Reign, [Intituled, An Act for continuing several Subsidies, Impositions and Duties, and for making Provisions therein mentioned, to raise Money by way of Loan, for the Service of the War, and other her Majesties necessary and important Occasions; and for ascertaining the Wine-Measure] the said Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Duties and Sums of Money were enacted to continue, and be payable to your Majesty, for and upon all Wines, Goods and Merchandizes which should be imported at any time or times between the

12 Car. 2. c. 4.

5 A. *cap.* 27.

Last

Last day of July, One thousand seven hundred and ten, and the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and twelve: Now we your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament assembled, having Resolved, That a further Sum not exceeding One million two hundred and eighty thousand Pounds be raised by Sale of Annuities in the manner herein after mentioned, to wit, One million and twenty thousand Pounds thereof, for the better enabling your Majesty to defray the Expence of the present War, and other your Majesties most necessary and important Occasions; and Two hundred and sixty thousand Pounds, Residue thereof, to be applied in such manner as is herein after mentioned, towards making good the Payment of the Annuities to be purchased upon this Act, have, for that End and Purpose, cheerfully and unanimously given and granted, and do by this Act give and grant unto your Majesty, the further Subsidies, Duties and Sums of Money herein after mentioned; and do most humbly beseech your Majesty that it may be Enacted: And be it Enacted by the Queens most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That over and above all other Subsidies, Additional Duties, Impositions and Payments whatsoever, by any former or other Act or Acts of Parliament, or otherwise, howsoever already due or payable, or which ought to be paid to her Majesty, for or upon any Wines, Goods or Merchandizes whatsoever imported, or to be imported, there shall be raised, levied, collected, paid and satisfied unto her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Wines, Goods and Merchandizes, which at any time or times, from and after the Last day of July, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, within or during the Term of Ninety six Years, from thence next and immediately ensuing, shall be imported or brought into Great Britain, One moiety or half Part of such and the like several and respective Subsidies, Duties and Sums of Money, as by the said Act of the Fifth Year of her Majesties Reign are charged or payable within or during the Term or Time thereby granted or limited, for or upon the like imported Wines, Goods and Merchandizes respectively; except such Goods and other Merchandizes, as by the said Act of the Fifth Year of her Majesties Reign, or by any Law now in Force, are exempted from the Payment of the Subsidies or Duties which were First granted in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, as aforesaid.

Continued for ever, vide 1 Geo. *cap.* 12. 3 Geo. *cap.* 8.

Half-Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage of Goods imported, continued for 96 Years.

5 A. *cap.* 27.

Except Goods exempted by former Acts.

12 Car. 2. *c.* 4.

II. And it is hereby Enacted, That in all Cases where, by the said Act of the Fifth Year of her Majesties Reign, or by any Act relating thereunto, any Drawbacks or Abatements are to be made of the whole or any part of the Duties thereby imposed, upon any Wines, Goods or Merchandizes whatsoever, there shall be in the like Cases proportional Drawbacks and Abatements made of the whole or part of the Duties by this Act imposed upon the same Wines, Goods and Merchandizes respectively; and that the several Subsidies and Duties by this Act granted, during the continuance thereof, shall be raised, collected, levied, secured and paid, within and throughout the Kingdom of Great Britain, by the same Ways, Means and Methods, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and with such Allowances, and subject to such Rules and Directions as in and by the said Act of the Fifth Year of her Majesties Reign, or by any other Act or Acts therein referred unto, are prescribed or appointed, for the raising, collecting, levying, securing and paying the said Subsidies and Duties granted by the said Act of the Fifth Year of her Majesties Reign, during the continuance thereof; and that every Article, Rule and Clause contained in the said Act of the Fifth Year of her Majesties Reign, or in any Act or Acts of Parliament therein mentioned, or thereby referred unto, for raising, collecting, levying, securing and paying the said Subsidies and Duties thereby granted, during the continuance thereof, are and shall be by Force of this Act revived, and shall be used,

The same Drawbacks and Allowances in proportion as by the former Acts.

Duties how to be levied.

5 A. *cap.* 27.

exercised, and put in Practice, for the raising, levying, collecting and answering the Subsidies, and Duties granted or imposed by this present Act, during the said Term of Ninety six Years, and all Arrearages thereof from time to time, as fully and effectually as if the same Articles, Rules and Clauses, and every of them, were again particularly and at large recited and re-enacted in the body of this present Act; except only as to such of the said Articles, Rules and Clauses, touching which other Provisions, Alterations or Exemptions are made by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in being, which other Provisions, Alterations or Exemptions shall be observed with respect to the Duties hereby granted, during the continuance of this Act, in the same manner as they are to be observed with respect to the said Subsidies formerly granted, as aforesaid.

Except only where other Provisions are made.

III. And for the better and more sure Payment of all the Annuities to be purchased on this Act, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Monies arising from time to time by or for the further Subsidies and Duties by this Act granted or payable (the necessary Charges of managing, raising, levying, collecting, answering, paying and accounting for the same, only excepted) shall from time to time, from and after the Commencement thereof, for and during the said Term of Ninety six Years therein granted, be brought and paid by the Receiver-General, or such Person or Persons as for the time being shall have the Receipt thereof (who are hereby required and enjoyned to bring and pay the same as it shall be raised) into the Receipt of the Exchequer, for the purposes in this Act expressed, distinctly and separately from all other Monies whatsoever, that are or shall be payable by him or them into the said Receipt.

The Monies arising to be paid into the Exchequer separately (necessary Charges excepted.)

IV. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and immediately after the time that all the Principal and Interest-Monies, which by the said Act of the Fifth Year of her Majesties Reign are charged upon the aforesaid Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage thereby granted, shall be satisfied and paid off, or that Money shall be reserved in the Exchequer sufficient for that purpose, then One moiety or half part of the aforesaid Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, to arise by the said Act of the Fifth Year of her Majesties Reign for the Remainder of the Term thereby granted, and therein then to come and unexpired (except the necessary Charges of raising, collecting, levying, and accounting for the same) shall in like manner from time to time be brought and paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer for the purposes in this Act expressed distinctly and apart, as aforesaid, and the said Receiver and Receivers-General, or other Persons, who shall have the Receipt of the said moiety or half part of the said Subsidies and Duties by this or the said former Act granted, and hereby required to be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer, as aforesaid, shall make or cause to be made the Payments thereof into the said Receipt of the Exchequer, according to the true meaning of this Act, weekly, to wit, on Wednesday in every Week, if it be not an Holy-day, and if it be, then on the next Day after that is not an Holy-day.

After the Principal, &c. charged by 5 A. are paid off, then the Half-Subsidy to be paid Weekly into the Exchequer for the use of this Act.

VI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Half-Subsidies and Duties by this Act appointed to be paid into the Exchequer Weekly for the purposes in this Act contained, as aforesaid, and the said Sum not exceeding Two hundred and sixty thousand Pounds hereby directed to be reserved out of the Contribution-Money, as aforesaid, or so much of the same Subsidies, Duties and reserved Monies, as shall be sufficient for answering the full and due Payment of all the Annuities to be Purchased on this Act, and all Arrearages thereof from time to time incurred, are and shall be, by Virtue of this Act, liable and appropriated thereunto, and shall not be diverted or divertible to any other use, intent, or purpose whatsoever, under the Penalties, Forfeitures, and Disabilities in this Act expressed; And all the Monies arising by the said Half-Subsidies, Duties, and Provisions hereby made, out of which the said Annuities to be purchased upon this

The Half-Subsidy, &c. appropriated for Payment of the Annuities.

this Act are to be satisfied, shall be fairly and duly entred in one or more Book or Books to be kept in the Offices of the Auditor of the Receipt, and Clerk of the Pells, for that purpose, to which all Persons concerned, at all seasonable times, shall have free Access, without Fee or Charge. To be entred in a Book, &c.

VII. And to the end all the Monies by this Act appropriated for Payment of the Annuities to be purchased on this Act, may be duly and certainly raised and brought into the Receipt of the Exchequer for that purpose, it is hereby further Enacted, That from time to time, during the continuance of this Act, there shall be continued or appointed Commissioners, and a Receiver or Receivers-General, as also Comptrollers, Collectors, and other proper Officers, for raising the several Half-Subsidies and Duties by this Act intended for the Payment of the Annuities to be purchased thereupon, and for keeping the Accounts of the same; and that all Commissioners, Receivers-General, Comptrollers, Collectors, and other Officers, who are or shall be concerned in the managing, raising, levying, receiving, collecting, or paying the same, or in keeping the Accounts thereof, shall perform their several and respective Duties therein, as to them respectively shall appertain, under such and the like Penalties, Forfeitures, and Disabilities, for any Offence or Neglect therein, or for detaining, diverting or misapplying any part of the said Monies, as are prescribed and to be inflicted by virtue of an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King William the Third, of Glorious Memory [Intituled, An Act for raising a Sum not exceeding Two Millions, upon a Fund for Payment of Annuities, after the rate of Eight Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, and for settling the Trade to the *East-Indies*] for the like Offence or Neglect in relation to the Duties upon Salt, and other Duties upon Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper thereby granted, or for detaining, diverting or misapplying any part of the Monies which were granted by the Act last mentioned. Commissioners, &c. to be appointed, during the continuance of this Act, subject to the Penalties, &c. of 9 W. 3.

9 W. 3. cap. 44.

XI. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if at the end of any Quarter of a Year of the Term for which the Annuities upon this Act are to be purchased, the Monies arising at the Exchequer of or for the said Half-Subsidies and Duties by this Act appropriated (the Contribution-Money to be reserved, as aforesaid, being excepted) shall exceed all the Monies then due for or upon the same Annuities, and all Arrearages thereof, then or at any time or times before that time incurred, so that there shall be an Excess or Surplus remaining in the Exchequer, such Excess or Surplus shall be disposable from time to time for the Publick Use and Service, and not otherwise; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding. Surplus to be applied to Publick Use.

Anno 6 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XII.

A Clause in an Act Intituled, An Act to explain the Act of the last Session of Parliament, for the ease of her Majesties Subjects in relation to Allowances out of the Duties upon Salt carried Coastwise, and also an Act of the First Year of her Majesties Reign, in relation to certain Salt-works near the Sea-side and Bay of *Holyhead* in the County of *Anglesea*.

III. AND whereas by the said Act it is Enacted, That for all White-Herrings which shall, from and after the First of May, One thousand seven hundred and seven, be exported from any Part, or Place in the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, to Parts beyond the Seas, by any Person or Persons whatsoever, there shall be the like Allowances as are to be made upon the Exportation of White-Herrings from

Scotland, upon the Oath of the Exporter, or his Agent, taken before the Principal Officers of the Port from whence the same are exported, That such Herrings were cured with Salt, for which the Duties have been paid, and not drawn back, and that the same are really exported to Parts beyond the Seas, and not re-landed, or intended to be re-landed in England, Wales or Berwick upon Tweed: And whereas many of her Majesties Subjects cannot have the Benefit that was intended for them by the said Act, in regard the Salt with which the White-Herrings are salted in many Parts of England, pass through many Hands, and the Persons who export such Herrings, buy the same already cured, of Persons to whom they are sent to be sold and disposed of at Ports far distant from the Places where they are cured, and by reason thereof such Exporters are uncapable of making such Oath as by the Act is required: For remedy whereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for all White-Herrings, which shall from and after the Five and twentieth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and eight, be exported from any Port or Place in the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, to Parts beyond the Seas, by any Person or Persons whatsoever, there shall be the Allowances made as are directed by the said Act to be paid by the Officer appointed to collect the Duties upon Salt in the same Port, at such Times, and in such Manner, and upon such Debenture, and so verified, as in the said Act is directed, upon Oath of the Exporter, or his Agent, to be first taken in manner, as in the said Act is expressed, That he bought the Herrings in such Debenture mentioned, and that the same were cured with Salt, for which the Duties had been paid, and not drawn back, to the best of his Knowledge and Belief, and that the same are really exported to Parts beyond the Seas, and not re-landed, or intended to be re-landed in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed; in which Oath shall be inserted the Name of the Person or Persons of whom the said Herrings were bought.

Allowance to be made on Exportation of White-Herrings, on Oath made by the Exporter or Agent, that the same were cured with Salt for which the Duties were paid to the best of his Knowledge.

Anno 6 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XIII.

A Clause in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the better securing the Trade of this Kingdom by Cruisers and Convoys.

Prize-Ships or Goods subject to the Payment of Customs.

IX. PRovided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend to exempt any Ships, Goods or Merchandizes, which shall be taken as Prize, as aforesaid, from the Payment of any Customs or Duties, or from being subject to such Restrictions and Prohibitions, to which the same now are or shall hereafter be liable by virtue of the Laws and Statutes of this Realm; but that upon bringing such Goods or Merchandizes into any Port of this Kingdom of Great Britain to unload, such Goods and Merchandizes shall and may be unladen and brought ashore, in the presence of the Officers of her Majesties Customs for such Port, or some of them, and put into her Majesties Warehouses at such Port, or such Warehouses as shall be for that purpose appointed by the Commissioners of her Majesties Customs, and there locked up with Three Locks, the Key of One of which Locks to be kept by the Collector of her Majesties Customs for the said Port, the Key of one other of the said Locks to be kept by the Comptroller of the Customs for the said Port, and the Key of the other of the said Locks to be kept by an Agent or Person to be imployed for that purpose by the aforesaid Captors, until such Goods or Merchandizes can be appraised and sold; for which purpose it shall and may be lawful for the Captors, or their Agents, to bring such Appraisers, Merchants, and others, to view, appraise and contract for the same at all reasonable

Such Goods to be brought on shore, and put into Warehouses, &c.

until appraised and sold.

able times, as shall be requisite, and when such Goods and Merchandizes shall be sold, before Delivery thereof to the Person or Persons bying the same, such Person or Persons buying the same shall pay to the Collectors for the Customs and Duties of Excise in such Ports, all such Customs and Duties as shall be then due and payable for such Goods and Merchandize by him or them so bought respectively, and shall be further liable to comply with all such Instructions and Prohibitions, as are now, or hereafter shall be made concerning such Goods or Merchandize; any thing herein to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Anno 6 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XIV.

An Act for the better Security of her Majesties Person and Government.

Anno 6 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

FH
MVSEVM
BRITANNICVM

CAP. XVII.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for assuring to the *English* Company Trading to the *East Indies*, on Account of the United Stock, a longer time in the Fund and Trade therein mentioned, and for raising thereby the Sum of Twelve hundred thousand Pounds for carrying on the War, and other her Majesties Occasions.

VI. AND whereas by the said former Acts and Charters it was provided, That at any time, upon Three Years Notice, after the Nine and twentieth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and eleven, upon Repayment of the said Two millions, and all Arrears of the said Annuities or yearly Payments, the said Duties upon Salt and Rock-Salt, and the said Duties upon Stampt Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, and the said yearly Fund charged thereupon, and the said Annuities issuing out of the same, and the Duty of Five Pounds in the hundred on imported Goods therein expressed, and all the Corporations to be erected by or in pursuance of that Act, and the benefit of Trade thereby given or intended to be given to them or any of them, should absolutely cease and determine: Now to the intent that the said English Company, and their Successors, may be encouraged to proceed in their Trade, and may have time to settle Factories, and perform such other Matters and Things as are necessary for carrying on the said Trade to their best Advantage and Profit, It is hereby Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the last mentioned Proviso for Redemption and Determination of the said several Duties, yearly Fund, Annuities, Corporations and benefit of Trade, shall be and is hereby repealed and made void; and that the said Duties upon Salt and Rock-Salt, and the said Duties upon Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper, and the said Duty of Five Pounds in the hundred upon imported Goods, shall continue, and the said English Company trading to the East-Indies, and their Successors, by whatsoever Name or Names they shall be called or known, shall have and enjoy the said yearly Sum of One hundred fifty nine thousand four hundred twenty four Pounds per Annum, and all the benefit of Trade, Franchises, Privileges, Profits and Advantages whatsoever, in respect thereof given and granted, or intended to be given or granted unto them by the said Act of the Ninth Year of his said late Majesties Reign, or by the said Charter

Former Proviso for Redemption repealed.

9 W. 3. c. 44.

of

of the Fifth day of September, in the Tenth Year of his said late Majesties Reign, or by the said Indenture Tripartite of the Two and twentieth day of July, One thousand seven hundred and two, and every or any of them, freed and discharged of and from the said former Proviso or Condition of Redemption, and all other Provisoes, Powers, Acts, Matters or Things heretofore had, made, done or committed, for redeeming, determining or making void the said Duties, yearly Fund, benefit of Trade, Franchises, Privileges, Profits and Advantages, or any of them; subject nevertheless to the Restrictions, Covenants and Agreements in the said Act first recited, and the said recited Charters, and Indenture Tripartite, or any of them contained, now in Force, and also subject to the General Provisoes or Condition of Redemption hereafter in this Act contained.

The Duty of 5 *l. per Cent.* to cease.

VIII. Provided always, and it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the before-mentioned Duty of Five Pounds per Centum, for or in respect only of such Goods and Merchandizes as shall be imported into Great Britain by the said English Company trading to the East-Indies, from and after the Nine and twentieth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and fourteen, shall Cease, Determine, and be no longer collected or paid; any thing in this, or in the said first recited Act, to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

After 25 *March* 1726. upon Three Years Notice, and Repayment, of 3200000 *l.* the Corporation to cease.

IX. Provided always, and it is hereby Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That at any time upon Three Years Notice, after the Five and twentieth day of March, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty six, upon the Expiration of the said Three Years, and upon Repayment by Parliament, as well of the said Sum of Two millions formerly advanced, as of the said Sum of Twelve hundred thousand Pounds to be advanced, as aforesaid, making in the whole Three millions and two hundred thousand Pounds, unto such Companies, Corporations or Persons as shall be then entitled thereunto, and of all Arrears which at the end of the said Three Years shall be due for or upon the said yearly Fund of One hundred and sixty thousand Pounds per Annum, then and from thenceforth, as well the said Duties upon Salt and Rock-Salt, as the said Duties upon Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper, and also the said yearly Fund of One hundred and sixty thousand Pounds, and all the Corporations erected by or in pursuance of this or the said former Acts, and the benefit of Trade by this and the said former Acts and Charters, or any of them given, or intended to be given to them, or any of them, shall absolutely cease and determine; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Act 11 *W.* 3. not hereby repealed.

X. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act, or any thing herein contained, shall not be deemed, taken or construed to repeal or alter an Act made in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of the Reign of the late King William the Third, of Glorious Memory, Intituled, An Act for the more effectual imploying the Poor by encouraging the Manufactures of this Kingdom, or any Clause, Matter or Thing therein contained; but that the said Act, and every Clause, Matter or Thing therein contained, shall stand, remain, and be in full effect and force, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if this Act had never been made; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding. 11 & 12 W. 3. *cap.* 10.

Commissioners and Officers of the Customs may take the Companies sealed Bonds for Goods imported.

XI. Provided also, and it is hereby further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Five and twentieth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and eight, upon any Importation of any Goods or Merchandizes by the said English Company Trading to the East-Indies, It shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners, and Officers of the Customs for the time being; and they are hereby required from time to time to take One or more Bond or Bonds, under the Common Seal of the said English Company, for all such of the Customs and Duties chargeable and to be charged on the Goods and Merchandizes so to

be

be impoꝛted, as are bondable, oꝛ foꝛ which Bonds have uſually been given; any Law, Statute oꝛ Pꝛoviſion to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

XIV. And be it further Enacted by the Authoꝛity afoꝛeſaid, That this pꝛeſent Act, and the Acts herein befoꝛe recited, and all parts thereof, ſhall be conſtrued, adjudged, and taken to be Publick Acts to all Intents and Pꝛuꝛpoſes whatſoever. Publick Acts.

Anno 6 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XIX.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for continuing the Half-Subſidies therein mentioned, with ſeveral Impoſitions and other Duties, to raiſe Money by way of Loan, for the Service of the War, and other her Majeſties neceſſary and important Occaſions, and for charging of Prize-Goods and Seizures, and for taking off the Drawbacks of Foreign Cordage, and to obviate the clandeſtine Importation of Wrought Silks.

MOST Gꝛacious Sovereign, we your Majeſties moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Pꝛaꝛliament aſſembled, duly conſidering the Neceſſity of making an ample and complete Pꝛoviſion to enable your Majeſty to caꝛꝛy on the pꝛeſent Waꝛ, and to defꝛay your other neceſſaꝛy Expences, have foꝛ that End and Pꝛuꝛpoſe cheeꝛfully and unanimouſly given and gꝛanted, and do by this Act Give and Gꝛant to your Majeſty, the ſeveral and ꝛeſpective Subſidies, Impoſitions and Duties heꝛein afteꝛ paꝛticulaꝛly deſcꝛibed, foꝛ and duꝛing the Teꝛms heꝛein afteꝛ expꝛeſſed, that is to ſay: Whꝛeꝛeas ſeveꝛal Subſidies of Tonnage and Pꝛuꝛpoundage, and otheꝛ Duties and Sums of Money upon Wines, Goods, and otheꝛ Meꝛchandizes weꝛe given and gꝛanted unto his late Majeſty King Charles the Second, of Bleſſed Memoꝛy, foꝛ his Life, by an Act of Pꝛaꝛliament made in the Twelfth Yeaꝛ of his Reign, [Intituled, A Subſidy gꝛanted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage, and otheꝛ Sums of Money payable upon Meꝛchandizes exꝛoꝛted and impoꝛted] and by the Book of Rates theꝛeunto annexed; which Subſidies of Tonnage and Pꝛuꝛpoundage, and otheꝛ Duties and Sums of Money upon Wines, Goods and Meꝛchandizes, as well exꝛoꝛted as impoꝛted (with ſome Alteꝛations) weꝛe by ſeveꝛal ſubſequent Acts of Pꝛaꝛliament gꝛanted to continue until the Fiꝛſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundꝛed and ten; and by an Act of Pꝛaꝛliament made in the Fifth Yeaꝛ of youꝛ Majeſties Reign, [Intituled, An Act foꝛ continuing ſeveꝛal Subſidies, Impoſitions and Duties, and foꝛ making Pꝛoviſions theꝛein mentioned, to ꝛaiſe Money by way of Loan, foꝛ the Seꝛvice of the Waꝛ, and otheꝛ heꝛ Majeſties neceſſaꝛy and impoꝛtant Occaſions, and foꝛ aſcertaining the Wine-Meaſuꝛe] the ſaid Subſidies of Tonnage and Pꝛuꝛpoundage, and otheꝛ Duties and Sums of Money laſt-mentioned, weꝛe enacted to continue and be payable to youꝛ Majeſty, foꝛ and upon all Wines, Goods and Meꝛchandizes, which ſhould be impoꝛted at any time oꝛ times between the Laſt day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundꝛed and ten, and the Fiꝛſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundꝛed and twelve: Now we youꝛ Majeſties ſaid Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, do moſt humbly beſeech youꝛ Majeſty that it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Loꝛds Spiꝛitual and Tempoꝛal, and Commons in this pꝛeſent Paꝛliament aſſembled, and by the Authoꝛity of the ſame, That oveꝛ and above all otheꝛ Subſidies, Additional Duties, Impoſitions and Payments whatſoeveꝛ, by any foꝛmeꝛ oꝛ otheꝛ Act oꝛ Acts of Pꝛaꝛliament oꝛ otheꝛwiſe howſoeveꝛ alꝛeady due oꝛ payable, oꝛ which ought to be paid to heꝛ Majeſty, foꝛ oꝛ upon any Wines, Goods oꝛ Meꝛchandizes whatſoeveꝛ, impoꝛted oꝛ to be impoꝛted, theꝛe ſhall be ꝛaiſed, leviꝛd, collected, paid

Preamble.

12 Car. 2. c. 4.

5 A. *cap.* 27.

Continued foꝛ eveꝛ, vide 7 A. *cap.* 7. 1 Geo. *cap.* 12. 3 Geo. *cap.* 8.

Half-Subſidy of Tonnage and Poundage on Goods impoꝛted, fuꝛtheꝛ continued.

paid and satisfied unto her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Wines, Goods and Merchandizes, which at any time or times from and after the Last day of July, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, and before the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and fourteen, shall be imported or brought into Great Britain, One moiety or half part of such and the like several and respective Subsidies, Duties and Sums of Money, as by the said Act of the Fifth Year of her Majesties Reign, are charged or payable within or during the Term thereby granted or limited, for or upon the like imported Wines, Goods and Merchandizes respectively, except such Goods and other Merchandizes as by the said Act of the Fifth Year of her Majesties Reign, or by any Law now in force are exempted from the Payment of the Subsidies or Duties which were first granted in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, as aforesaid.

Except Goods exempted by former Acts.

12 Car. 2. c. 4.

II. And it is hereby Enacted, That in all cases where by the said Act of the Fifth Year of her Majesties Reign, or by any Act relating thereunto, any Drawbacks or Abatements are to be made of the whole, or any part of the Duties thereby imposed on any Wines, Goods or Merchandizes whatsoever, there shall be in the like cases proportional Drawbacks and Abatements made of the whole or part of the Duties by this Act imposed upon the same Wines, Goods and Merchandizes respectively; and that the several Subsidies and Duties by this Act granted, during the Continuance thereof, shall be raised, collected, levied, secured and paid, within and throughout the Kingdom of Great Britain, by the same Ways, Means and Methods, and under such Penalties, and Forfeitures, and with such Allowances, and subject to such Rules and Directions, as in and by the said Act of the Fifth Year of her Majesties Reign, or by any other Act or Acts therein referred unto, are prescribed or appointed for the raising, collecting, levying, securing and paying the said Subsidies and Duties granted by the said Act of the Fifth Year of her Majesties Reign, during the Continuance thereof; and that every Article, Rule, and Clause contained in the said Act of the Fifth Year of her Majesties Reign, or in any Act or Acts of Parliament therein mentioned, or thereby referred unto, for raising, collecting, levying, securing and paying the said Subsidies and Duties thereby granted, during the Continuance thereof, are and shall be, by force of this Act, revived, and shall be used, exercised, and put in Practice for the raising, levying, collecting and answering the Subsidies and Duties granted or imposed by this present Act, during the Continuance thereof, and all Arrearages of the same, from time to time, as fully and effectually as if the same Articles, Rules and Clauses, and every of them, were again particularly and at large recited and re-enacted in the body of this present Act, except only as to such of the said Articles, Rules and Clauses, touching which other Provisions, Alterations or Exemptions are made by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in being, which other Provisions, Alterations or Exemptions, shall be observed with respect to the Duties hereby granted, during the Continuance of this Act, in the same manner as they are to be observed with respect to the said Subsidies formerly granted, as aforesaid.

The same Drawbacks and Allowances in proportion as by the former Acts.

Duties how to be levied.

5 A. cap 27.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Impositions and Duties upon Wines and Vinegar granted by an Act made in the First Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King James the Second, Intituled, An Act for granting to his Majesty an Imposition upon all Wines and Vinegar imported between the Twenty fourth day of *June*, One thousand six hundred eighty five, and the Twenty fourth day of *June*, One thousand six hundred ninety three; which said Act, by several subsequent Acts of Parliament since made, was continued, and is to continue until the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, shall, by virtue of this Act, be further continued to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, from the Last day of July, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, to the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and

Duties on Wines and Vinegar continued to the 1 *Aug.* 1714.

1 Jac. 2. cap. 3.

Continued for ever, vide 9 A. cap. 21. 1 Geo. cap. 21. 3 Geo. cap. 9.

and fourteen, and no longer; and that the ſaid Act ſo made in the Firſt Year of the Reign of the ſaid late King James the Second, and all Powers, Proviſions, Penalties, Articles and Clauſes therein contained, for or concerning the ſaid Impoſitions on Wines and Vinegar, ſhall continue and be in full force and effect until the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen, and ſhall be applied, practiſed and executed for raiſing, levying, collecting, anſwering and paying the ſaid Duties upon Wine and Vinegar hereby continued, and all Arrears thereof, according to the tenor and intent of this preſent Act, as fully, to all intents and purpoſes, as if all and every the Clauſes, Matters and Things in the ſaid Act of the Firſt Year of the Reign of the ſaid King James the Second contained, had been again in this Act repeated and particularly enacted.

Duties on Tobacco continued to the 1 *Aug.* 1714.

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Rates, Duties and Impoſitions upon all ſorts of Tobacco, granted by an Act made in the Firſt Year of the Reign of the ſaid late King James the Second, [Intituled, An Act for granting to his Majeſty an Impoſition upon all Tobacco and Sugar imported between the Twenty fourth day of *June*, One thouſand ſix hundred eighty five, and the Twenty fourth day of *June*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety three] which ſaid Act, as for and concerning the ſaid Duties and Impoſitions upon Tobacco only, by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts of Parliament ſince made, was continued, and is to continue until the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, ſhall, by virtue of this Act, be further continued and paid to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, from the Laſt day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, to the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen, and no longer.

1 Jac. 2. *cap.* 4.

Continued for ever, vide 9 A. *cap.* 21. 1 Geo. *cap.* 21. 3 Geo. *cap.* 9.

Duties how to be levied.

V. Provided always, and be it Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Duty upon Tobacco which ſhall be imported during the times by this Act limited, and all Arrears thereof ſhall be ſecured, collected, raiſed, levied, anſwered, and paid to her Majeſty, in ſuch Method, and with ſuch Diſcount and Allowances, and according to ſuch Rules and Directions as are mentioned, referred to, or preſcribed, as to the Duties or Impoſitions upon Tobacco, in and by the Act made in the Parliament holden in the Seventh Year of the Reign of King William the Third (of Glorious Memory) Intituled, An Act for continuing ſeveral Duties granted by former Acts upon Wine, Vinegar, and upon Tobacco, and *Eaſt-India* Goods, and other Merchandizes imported, for carrying on the War againſt *France*) and not otherwiſe.

7 W. 3. *cap.* 10. *Altered by the* 12 A. *cap.* 8. *&* 5 Geo. *cap.* 7.

Impoſitions on *Eaſt-India* Goods wrought Silks, &c. continued to the 1 *Aug.* 1714.

VI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Additional and other Rates, Impoſitions, Duties and Charges upon the ſeveral ſorts of Goods and Merchandizes, granted by an Act made in the Second Year of the Reign of King William the Third and Queen Mary, [Intituled, An Act for granting to their Majeſties certain Impoſitions upon all *Eaſt-India* Goods and Manufactures, and upon all Wrought Silks, and ſeveral other Goods and Merchandizes, to be imported after the Five and twentieth day of *May*, One thouſand ſix hundred and ninety,] and which thereby, and by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts of Parliament already made, have Continuance until the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, ſhall be further continued to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, from the Laſt day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, to the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen, and no longer; and that the ſaid Act made in the Second Year of their ſaid late Majeſties Reign, concerning East-India Goods, and other things therein charged, and all Powers, Proviſions, Penalties, Articles and Clauſes therein contained, ſhall continue and be of full force and effect, until the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen, and ſhall be applied, practiſed and executed for the raiſing, levying, collecting, anſwering and paying the ſaid reſpective Duties hereby continued, and all Arrears thereof, according to the tenor and intent of this preſent Act, as fully to all intents and purpoſes, as if the ſaid laſt mentioned Act,

2 W. & M. *cap.* 4, (14.)

Continued for ever, vide 9 A. *cap.* 21. 1 Geo. *cap.* 21. 3 Geo. *cap.* 9.

How to be levied.

Exception.

and all and every the Clauſes, Matters and Things therein contained, had been again repeated and particularly Enacted, except only as to ſuch part of the ſaid Acts, concerning the ſaid Impoſitions on Wines, Vinegar, Tobacco, Eaſt-India Goods, and other Merchandizes imported, touching which other Proviſions or Alterations are made by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in being; which other Proviſions or Alterations are to be obſerved, and to continue during the Continuance of this preſent Act; and the ſaid Act [Intituled, An Act for continuing ſeveral Duties granted by former Acts upon Wine and Vinegar, and upon Tobacco, and *Eaſt-India* Goods and other Merchandizes imported, for carrying on the War againſt *France*] and every Article, Clauſe, Matter and Thing therein contained, for the raiſing, levying, ſecuring, anſwering and paying the Impoſitions and Duties on the Merchandizes and Commodities thereby charged, and which are by this Act continued, ſhall be of full force and effect until the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen. 7 W. 3. *cap.* 10.

Additional Impoſitions continued to the 1 *Aug.* 1714.

VII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Additional and other Rates, Duties and Impoſitions and Charges upon the ſeveral ſorts of Goods and Merchandizes granted by an Act of Parliament made in the Fourth Year of their ſaid late Majeſties Reign, [Intituled, An Act for granting to their Majeſties certain Additional Impoſitions upon ſeveral Goods and Merchandizes, for proſecuting the preſent War againſt *France*] which by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts of Parliament already made, have Continuance until the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, ſhall, by virtue of this Act, be further continued, and be paid and payable to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, from the Laſt day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, to the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen, and no longer; and that the ſaid Act laſt mentioned, and all Powers, Proviſions, Penalties, Articles and Clauſes therein contained (except as hereinafter is excepted and provided) as for and concerning the ſaid Rates, Duties and Impoſitions, ſhall continue and be of full force and effect until the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen, and ſhall be applied, practiſed and executed, for the raiſing, levying, collecting, anſwering and paying the ſaid Duties hereby continued, and all Arrears thereof, according to the tenor and intent of this preſent Act, as if the ſaid laſt mentioned Act, and all and every the Clauſes, Matters and Things therein contained, had been again repeated and particularly enacted in this preſent Act. 4 W. & M. *cap.* 5. *Continued for ever*, vide 9 A. *cap.* 21. 1 Geo. *cap.* 21. 3 Geo. *cap.* 9.

Alterations to be obſerved.

VIII. Provided alſo, That in all caſes where any other Proviſion or Alteration is made by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in being, in or about any other Matter or Thing contained in the ſaid Act of Parliament for the Impoſitions laſt mentioned, ſuch other Proviſions or Alterations ſhall be obſerved during the Continuance of the term hereby granted; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Duties on Whale-Fins continued to the 1 *Aug.* 1714.

IX. And it is hereby further Enacted, That the ſeveral Impoſitions and Duties for and upon all Whale-Fins imported, which by an Act of Parliament in the Ninth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty King William the Third, [Intituled, An Act for taking away half the Duties impoſed on Glaſs-Wares, and the whole Duties lately laid on Stone and Earthen-Wares and Tobacco-Pipes, and for granting in lieu thereof new Duties on Whale-Fins and *Scotch*-Linen] were granted to his ſaid late Majeſty King William, and by ſubſequent Acts already paſſed, have Continuance until the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, ſhall be and are hereby continued to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, from the Laſt day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, to the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen, and no longer; and ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected and paid, in ſuch Manner and Form, and by ſuch Ways and Means, and under ſuch Penalties, as are mentioned in the ſaid Act for granting the ſaid Impoſitions on Whale-Fins and Scotch-Linen, which Act with all 9 W. 3. *cap.* 45. *Continued for ever*, vide 9 A. *cap.* 21. 1 Geo. *cap.* 20. 3 Geo. *cap.* 9.

the

the Powers, Provisoes, Penalties, Articles and Clauses therein contained, or thereby referred to, shall continue and be in full force until the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and fourteen, and shall be applied, practised and put in execution for raising and levying the said Duties on Whale-Fins hereby continued, and all Arrears thereof, as fully and effectually as if all the Clauses, Matters and Things therein contained, concerning the said Duties on Whale-Fins were repeated, and again enacted in the Body of this present Act. How to be levied.

X. And whereas the said Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and the said other Duties granted therewith in the said Twelfth Year of King Charles the Second, as aforesaid, as to Wines, Goods and Merchandizes imported, and the said Impositions on Wines, Vinegar and Tobacco, which were first granted to King James the Second, in the First Year of his Reign, and the said Impositions on East-India Goods, and other Goods charged therewith, which were first granted to their late Majesties King William and Queen Mary, in the Second Year of their Reign, and the said Additional Impositions which were first granted to them in the Fourth Year of their Reign, and the said Duties on Whale-Fins imported, which were granted to his said late Majesty King William in the Ninth Year of his Reign, were by the said Act of the Fifth Year of her Majesties Reign [Intituled, An Act for continuing several Subsidies, Impositions and Duties, and for making Provisions therein mentioned, to raise Money by way of Loan for the Service of the War, and other her Majesties necessary and important Occasions, and for ascertaining the Wine-Measure] continued, as aforesaid, until the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, in the manner therein mentioned, and are by the said Act of the Fifth Year of her Majesties Reign, made subject and liable to the Satisfaction of the Principal and Interest-Monies therein mentioned, which are to be paid and discharged in the first place out of the Subsidies, Impositions and Duties granted or continued by the Act last mentioned: Now it is hereby further declared and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and immediately after the time that all the Principal and Interest-Monies which by the said Act of the Fifth Year of her Majesties Reign are charged upon the several Subsidies, Duties and Impositions last-mentioned, shall be fully paid off and satisfied, or that sufficient Money shall be reserved in the Exchequer for that purpose, then all the Monies which from thenceforth shall arise by One moiety or Half-part of the said Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Duties upon Wines, Goods and Merchandizes imported (which were first comprehended in the said Act of the Twelfth Year of King Charles the Second) and all the Monies, which from and after such Payment made, or reserving Money to discharge all such Principal and Interest, as aforesaid, shall arise by the said Impositions upon Wine, Vinegar, Tobacco, East-India Goods, and other Goods therewith charged, and by the said Additional Impositions on Goods and Merchandizes, and by the said Duties upon Whale-Fins, for the remainder of the Terms formerly granted, and therein then to come and unexpired (except the necessary Charges of raising, levying, collecting and accounting for the same) shall from time to time, be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer distinctly, for the purposes in this present Act expressed, and for no other use, intent or purpose whatsoever.

12 Car. 2. c. 4.
1 Jac. 2. cap. 4.
2 W. & M. cap. 4, (14.)
4 W. & M. c. 5.
9 W. 3. cap. 45.
5 A. cap. 27.

After the Principal, &c charged by 5 A. shall be discharged, the Half-Sudsidies, &c. are appropriated for the Uses of this Act.

Except the necessary Charges.

XIII. And for encouraging the Manufacture of Cordage in Great Britain, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That Foreign Cordage or Cable-Yarn imported, or to be imported into Great Britain, upon Exportation thereof, at any time or times from or after the Five and twentieth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and eight, for any Parts beyond the Seas, shall have no Allowance or Drawback of any Duties paid or secured by this or any other Acts, Laws or Statutes whatsoever, upon the Importation thereof; any thing in this, or any other Act or Acts of Parli-

Foreign Cordage, &c. exported, to have no Drawback.

ament, or any other Matter or Thing whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

Clandestine Importers of wrought Silks to forfeit 200 *l.*

XIV. And whereas notwithstanding the several Laws now in force for preventing of clandestine Importation of Foreign Goods, great quantities of wrought Silks mixed with Gold and Silver, and other Silks, have of late been imported, contrary to Law, to the great prejudice of the Manufactures of this Kingdom: For remedy thereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Five and twentieth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and eight, all and every such Person and Persons whatsoever, who shall secretly or clandestinely import, bring or convey into this Kingdom any wrought Silk or Silks mixed with Gold or Silver, or any other Materials, and all and every their Aiders, Abettors, and Assistants, shall for every such Offence forfeit Two hundred Pounds, over and above the Penalties to which the same are liable by any Laws now in force; and the Person or Persons in whose Custody or Possession such Silks shall be found, or who shall sell or offer the same to sale, knowing thereof, and all and every Person or Persons who shall conceal such Silks, with intent to prevent the Forfeiture of the same, shall over and above the loss of the said Silks, for every such Offence, forfeit One hundred Pounds, One moiety thereof to the Queens Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, the other moiety to such Person or Persons as shall sue for the same, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of her Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Privilege, Protection, or Wager of Law shall be allowed, nor any more than one Imparlance.

and their Aiders or Abettors.

Sellers, *&c.* of such Silks forfeit the Silk and 100 *l.*

Penalty how to be divided and recovered.

All such Silks so forfeited to be sold at the Custom-house at *London*, or *Edinburgh*.

XV. And be it further Enacted, That all such Silks so forfeited, as aforesaid, in that Part of Great Britain called England, shall be sold at the Custom-house at London by Inch of Candle, to the highest Bidder; and such of them as shall be so forfeited, as aforesaid, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall be sold at the Custom-house in Edinburgh, in like manner, and not otherwise.

Anno 6 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XXII.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for continuing several Duties therein mentioned, upon Coffee, Chocolate, Spices, Pictures and Muslins, and Additional Duties upon several of the said Commodities, and certain Duties upon Callicoes, *China*-Wares, and Drugs; and for continuing the Duties called the Two third Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, for preserving the Publick Credit; and for ascertaining the Duties of Coals Exported for Foreign Parts; and for securing the Credit of the Bank of *England*; and for passing several Accounts of Taxes raised in the County of *Monmouth*; and for promoting the Consumption of such Tobacco as shall have paid her Majesties Duties.

Preamble.

MOST Gracious Sovereign, whereas by an Act of Parliament made in England in the Third Year of Your Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for continuing Duties upon Low-Wines, and upon Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Spices, and Pictures, and upon Hawkers, Pedlars and Petty-Chapmen and upon Muslins, and for granting New Duties upon several of the said Commodities, and also upon Callicoes, *China*-Ware, and Drugs, several Duties therein mentioned upon Coffee, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa-Paste, Tea, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, and Pictures imported, were continued 3 A. *cap.* 4.

ed from the Laſt day of April, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, till the Twenty fourth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, and a certain Duty upon Muſlins imported, after the Rate of Fifteen Pounds for every One hundred Pounds of the true and real Value thereof, was continued from the Twenty ninth day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, till the ſaid Twenty fourth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten; and by the ſame Act for increaſing your Majeſties Revenues, ſeveral new Additional Rates and Sums therein particularly expreſſed were laid upon all Coffee, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa-Paſte, Tea, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, and Pictures, which ſhould be imported, at any time or times, after the Firſt day of February, One thouſand ſeven hundred and four, and before the Twenty fourth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, and by the ſame Act ſeveral further Rates and Sums therein particularly mentioned, were charged or impoſed for and upon all White-Callicoes, Porcelan, commonly called China-Ware, and Drugs (except Drugs for dying) imported from and after the Firſt day of February, One thouſand ſeven hundred and four, at any time or times before the ſaid Twenty fourth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten; the ſaid ſeveral Duties to be ſeverally aſcertained, anſwered and paid in the manner therein mentioned; and in the ſaid Act there are contained Clauſes of Credit for lending thereupon any Sums not exceeding in the whole Seven hundred thouſand Pounds, at an Intereſt not exceeding the Rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum, as by the ſame may more largely appear: And whereas it is likely that the Duties granted by the ſaid Act, may and will Determine before the Loans made thereupon, and all the Intereſt due, or to grow due for the ſame, will be ſatisfied; We therefore your Majeſties moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament aſſembled, for preſerving the Publick Credit, have given and granted, and do by this Act give and grant unto your Majeſty the ſeveral Rates, Duties and Sums of Money to be payable for and upon all Coffee, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa-Paſte, Tea, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, and Pictures, Muſlins, White-Callicoes, Porcelan, called China-Ware, and Drugs (except Drugs for Dying) herein after mentioned, for the Term and Purpoſe herein after expreſſed; and do moſt humbly Beſeech your Majeſty, That it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid Duties, which by the ſaid Act of
3 A. *cap.* 4. the Third Year of her Majeſties Reign were continued upon Coffee, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa-Paſte, Tea, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, and Pictures, and upon Muſlins, and the ſaid Increaſed, or New Additional Rates and Duties which were thereby laid upon all Coffee, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa-Paſte, Tea, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, and Pictures, and the ſaid further Rates and Sums which were thereby charged or impoſed for and upon all White Callicoes, Porcelan, commonly called China-Ware, and Drugs (except Drugs for Dying) ſhall by Virtue of this Act, be continued and be paid and payable to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon the ſame Commodities and Merchandizes reſpectively, which ſhall be
Continued for ever, vide 1 Geo. *cap.* 12. 3 Geo. *cap.* 8. imported or brought into Great Britain, from and after the Three and twentieth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, at any time or times within, or during the Term of Four Years from thence next and immediately enſuing, the ſame Rates, Duties and Sums of Money, and every of them reſpectively (over and above all other Duties and Impoſitions whatſoever already charged for or upon the ſame Commodities, or any of them reſpectively, by any other Laws or Statutes now in force) to be aſcertained, ſecured, raiſed, levied, recovered, anſwered, paid and accounted

The Duties upon Coffee, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa-Paſte, Tea, Spices, Pictures, and Muſlins; and the increaſed Duties on Coffee, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa-Paſte, Tea, Spices and Pictures; Duties on white Callicoes, *China*-Ware, and Drugs, except for Dying, further continued for Four Years.

counted for by such Rules, Ways, Means and Methods, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and with such distribution of the said Penalties and Forfeitures, and subject to such Drawbacks, Allowances and Repayments, and in such Manner and Form in all respects, as the like Rates, Duties and Sums of Money respectively granted or continued by the said Act of the Third Year of her Majesties Reign are thereby, or by any other Act or Acts, Laws or Statutes whereunto the said Act hath Reference, prescribed, enacted or appointed, to be ascertained, secured, raised, levied, recovered, answered, paid, and accounted for, during the continuance thereof respectively.

The same Penalties, Drawbacks, &c as by the former Acts.

3 A. cap. 4.

II. And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all such of the Powers, Directions, Penalties and Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, provided, settled, or established by the said Act of the Third Year of her Majesties Reign, or by any other Act or Acts now in force, whereunto the same hath relation, for the better ascertaining, raising, levying, recovering, answering or paying the said respective Duties thereby granted, or for making any Drawbacks, Repayments or any Allowances out of any of the said several and respective Duties upon Exportation, shall be revived, and be continued, and be in force and virtue during the Continuance of this Act, and further for the Recovery of all the Arrearages and Sums of Money which shall become due or payable to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, upon this Act, in as full and ample manner, to all intents and purposes, as if the said Powers, Directions, Penalties and Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, and every of them, were again repeated and re-enacted in the body of this present Act.

Former Powers revived.

III. And it is hereby Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Duties upon Coffee, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa-Paste, Tea, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, and Pictures, and upon Muslings, and the said Increased or Additional Rates by this Act continued and imposed upon all Coffee, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa-Paste, Tea, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, Pictures, and the said further Rates and Sums by this Act continued, and payable for and upon all White-Callicoes, Porcelan, commonly called China-Ware, and Drugs, (the necessary Charges of raising, managing, paying, and accounting for the same excepted) shall be appropriated, paid and applied, and be subject and liable (over and above the said Duties granted upon the like Commodities by the said former Act) to and for the securing, paying and satisfying all the Principal and Interest Monies, which shall from time to time remain unsatisfied, of or for the Loans made upon the said Act of the Third Year of her Majesties Reign, not exceeding the Sum of Seven hundred thousand Pounds before mentioned, in the same Course, Order and Manner, as the Monies arising by the said former Act were thereby prescribed to be applied thereunto, and not be diverted or divertible to any other use, intent or purpose whatsoever, under the like Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities, as by the said Act of the Third Year of her Majesties Reign are prescribed, for diverting or misapplying any the Monies thereby arising.

The said Duties appropriated for securing the Monies unsatisfied for the Loans upon 3 *Anne*.

Except the necessary Charges.

3 A. cap. 4.

and not to be diverted to any other use.

IV. And whereas by another Act of Parliament made in England, in the Third Year of your Majesties Reign [Intituled, An Act for granting to her Majesty a further Subsidy on Wines and Merchandizes imported] certain Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, commonly called the Two third Subsidies, were granted and made payable for and upon all Wines, Goods and Merchandizes imported after the Eighth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and four, within or during the space of Four Years from thence next and immediately ensuing; in which Act there are contained Clauses of Credit for Lending thereupon any Sums not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Six hundred thirty six thousand nine hundred fifty seven Pounds four Shillings and a half peny, at an Interest not exceeding the Rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum;

3 A. cap. 5.

num; and it is likely that the ſaid Subſidies granted by the Act laſt mentioned, may and will determine before the Loans made thereupon, and all the Intereſt due or to grow due for the ſame will be ſatisfied: We therefore your Majeſties ſaid Dutiful and Loyal Subjects the Commons of Great Britain, in Parliament aſſembled, for preſerving the Publick Credit, have alſo given and granted, and do by this Act give and grant to your Majeſty the ſaid Subſidies of Tonnage and Poundage, commonly called the Two third Subſidies, herein after particularly deſcribed, for ſuch further Term, and for ſuch purpoſe as are herein after expreſſed; and do moſt humbly Beſeech your Majeſty that it may be Enacted, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That over and above all other Subſidies, Additional Duties, Impoſitions and Payments whatſoever, by this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament or otherwiſe howſoever already due or payable, or which ought to be paid to her Majeſty, for or upon any Wines, Goods or Merchandizes whatſoever imported or to be imported, there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, paid and ſatisfied unto her Majeſty, one other Subſidy called Tonnage for and upon all Wines which from and after the Seventh day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eight, at any time or times, within, or during the ſpace of Three Years from thence next and immediately enſuing, ſhall be imported or brought into Great Britain, that is to ſay, Two third parts of ſuch or the like ſeveral and reſpective Duties, as by an Act of the Ninth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty King William the Third, of Glorious Memory, were granted to his Majeſty during his Life; and by an Act in the Firſt Year of her Majeſties Reign are continued and payable, during her Majeſties Life, for or upon any kind of Wine or Wines reſpectively; and one other Subſidy called Poundage of of all manner of Goods and Merchandizes to be imported or brought into Great Britain at any time or times from and after the ſaid Seventh day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eight, within or during the ſaid Term of Three Years, by way of Merchandize, that is to ſay, Two third parts of ſuch or the like ſeveral and reſpective Duties, as by the ſaid Act of the Ninth Year of his ſaid late Majeſties Reign were granted, and by the ſaid Act of the Firſt Year of her Majeſties Reign are continued and payable for or upon the ſame Goods and Merchandizes reſpectively (except Tobacco and ſuch Currans as ſhall be imported in Engliſh-built ſhipping, navigated according to the Laws now in force, and Sugar from the Engliſh Plantations, and ſuch Goods and other Merchandizes, as by the Two Acts laſt mentioned, or either of them, are exempted from Payment of the Subſidies thereby granted.)

The Two third Subſidies of Tonnage and Poundage further continued for 3 Years.

Continued for ever by 1 Geo. *cap.* 12. 3 Geo. *cap.* 8.

9 W. 3. *cap.* 23.

1 A. *cap.* 7.

Continued for ever, as above.

Except Tobacco and Currans imported in *Engliſh*-built ſhipping, *&c.* and Sugar from the *Engliſh* Plantations, *&c.*

V. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Duties, commonly called the Two third Subſidies, by this Act granted and continued, as aforeſaid, and every of them reſpectively, ſhall be aſcertained, ſecured, raiſed, levied, recovered, anſwered, paid, and accounted for, by ſuch Rules, Ways, Means and Methods, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and with ſuch Diſtribution of the ſaid Penalties and Forfeitures, and ſubject to ſuch Drawbacks, Allowances, and Repayments, and in ſuch Manner and Form in all reſpects, as the like Duties, commonly called the Two third Subſidies reſpectively, granted by the ſaid Act of the Third Year of her Majeſties Reign, are thereby or by any other Act or Acts, Laws or Statutes whereunto that Act hath Reference, preſcribed, enacted or appointed, to be aſcertained, ſecured, raiſed, levied, recovered, anſwered, paid and accounted for, during the Continuance thereof reſpectively; and that all ſuch of the Powers, Directions, Penalties and Forfeitures, Clauſes, Matters and Things provided, ſettled or eſtabliſhed by the ſaid Subſidy Act of the Third Year of her Majeſties Reign, or by any other Act or Acts now in force, whereunto that Act hath relation, for the better raiſing, levying, recovering, anſwering or paying the ſaid reſpective Duties, commonly called the Two third Subſidies, thereby granted, or for making any Drawbacks, Repayments or Allowances

The ſame Rules, Drawbacks, *&c.* to be allowed as by former Acts.

3 A. *cap.* 5.

All former Powers revived.

out

out of any of the ſaid ſeverall and reſpective Duties upon Exportations, ſhall be revived, and be continued, and be in force and virtue, during the Continuance of this Act; and further for the Recovery of all the Arrearages, and Sums of Money, which ſhall become due or payable to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors upon this Act, in as full and ample manner, to all intents and purpoſes, as if the ſaid Powers, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauſes, Matters and Things, and every of them, were again repeated and re-enacted in the body of this preſent Act.

The ſaid Duties appropriated for ſecuring the Monies unſatisfied upon the Subſidy Act, 3 *A.*

VI. And it is hereby Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Duties, commonly called the Two third Subſidies, by this Act continued and payable (the neceſſary Charges of raiſing, managing, paying, and accounting for the ſame, excepted) ſhall be appropriated, paid and applied, and be ſubject and liable (over and above the ſaid Duties called the Two third Subſidies, granted by the ſaid former Act) to and for the ſecuring, paying and ſatisfying all the Principal and Intereſt Monies, which ſhall from time to time remain Unſatisfied of or for the ſaid Loans, not exceeding Six hundred thirty ſix thouſand nine hundred fifty ſeven Pounds, Four Shillings, and a half-peny, made upon the ſaid Subſidy Act of the Third Year of her Majeſties Reign, in the ſame Courſe, Order and Manner as the Monies ariſing by the Act laſt mentioned were thereby preſcribed to be applied thereunto, and ſhall not be diverted or divertible to any other uſe, intent or purpoſe whatſoever, under the like Penalties, Forfeitures and Diſabilities, as by the ſaid Subſidy Act of the Third Year of her Majeſties Reign are preſcribed, for diverting or miſapplying any the Monies thereby ariſing. 3 A. *cap.* 5.

and not to be diverted to any other Uſe.

3 A. *cap.* 5.

When the Debt ſhall be paid off, the Monies ariſing by the Act to be diſpoſable for the Publick Service.

VII. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That when and as the ſaid reſpective Sums of Seven hundred thouſand Pounds, and Six hundred thirty ſix thouſand nine hundred fifty ſeven Pounds, Four Shillings, and a half-peny, and all the Intereſt thereof due and to grow due, ſhall be reſpectively paid off and fully diſcharged, or that ſufficient Money ſhall be reſerved in the Exchequer for that purpoſe, purſuant to the true meaning of this Act, then and from thenceforth the ſaid Duties chargeable by this Act with the ſaid Principal and Intereſt, and either of them reſpectively, for and during the then Remainder of the ſaid reſpective Terms hereby granted of and in the ſame reſpectively, ſhall be diſpoſable for the publick Uſe and Service, by Authority of Parliament, and not otherwiſe; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

VIII. And whereas by an Act made in the Sixth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty King William the Third, [Intituled, An Act for granting to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Glaſs Wares, Stone and Earthen Bottles, Coals and Culm, for carrying on the War againſt *France*] reciting, That the Impoſition upon Coals exported to Foreign Parts was ſo great, that it was almoſt a Prohibition, to the great Diminution of his Majeſties Cuſtoms, and Leſſening the Engliſh Navigation on the Exportation of Coals beyond the Seas: For remedy whereof it was thereby Enacted, That all Coals exported beyond the Seas in Foreign Bottoms, ſhould, during the Continuance of that Act, only pay Ten Shillings the Chalder, and Engliſh Bottoms only Three Shillings the Chalder, which part of the ſaid Act was to determine on or about the Twenty ninth day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred; and by another Act made in the Eleventh Year of the ſame Kings Reign, for continuing ſeveral Laws therein mentioned, it was Enacted, That all Coals exported beyond the Seas in Foreign Bottoms, ſhould from and after the ſaid Twenty ninth day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred, for and during the ſpace of ſeven Years, and from thence to the end of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, only pay Ten Shillings the Chalder, and in Engliſh Bottoms only Three Shillings the Chalder; which ſeverall Acts, in relation to Coals exported, have been found very beneficial and uſeful to the Publick, and 6 W. 3. *cap.* 18. 11 W. 3. *c.* 13. §. 8.

Continued for ever, vide 3 Geo. *cap.* 7.

and fully to have answered the good Ends and Intent thereof, Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Coals exported beyond the Seas, from and after the end of this present Session of Parliament, until the Twenty fifth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and fifteen, and from thence to the end of the then next Session of Parliament, from Great Britain in Foreign Bottoms, shall only pay Ten Shillings the Chalder, and in British Bottoms only Three Shillings the Chalder, and after those Rates for greater or lesser quantities; any former Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding. The said respective Duties on Coals exported, to be raised, levied, uplifted and recovered in the same manner, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, as any other Customs or Duties payable to her Majesty upon the Exportation of any Goods or Merchandizes are by any Law or Statute now in force, to be raised, levied, uplifted or recovered in England or Scotland respectively.

Coals exported in Foreign Bottoms to pay only 10 *s per* Chalder to 25 *March*, 1715, *&c.* in *British* Bottoms only 3 *s. per* Chalder.

X. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all European Linens, Sifters-Threads, and Tapes or Incle, Linseed, and Flax, shall be exempted from the Payment of the Duties imposed by this Act (called the Two third Subsidies, as aforesaid) during the said Term of Three Years by this Act granted of and in the same, as aforesaid; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

All *European* Linens, *&c.* exempted from this Tax.

XII. And for promoting the Consumption of Tobacco of the Growth of her Majesties Plantations in America, the Increase of her Majesties Revenue, and for the better Incouragement of the said British Plantations, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty ninth day of September in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and eight, It shall not be lawful for any Commander of any of her Majesties Ships of War, or Purser thereof, to sell, deliver, or cause to be sold or delivered to any of her Majesties Seamen or Marines on board of such Ship, any Tobacco of the Growth of Europe, nor any Tobacco mixed with Tobacco of the said Growth.

No Tobacco of the Growth of *Europe* to be sold in any of her Majesties Ships of War.

XIII. And for the better Employment of the Poor of this Kingdom, Be it likewise Enacted, That all Tobacco to be used or consumed on board any of her Majesties Ships of War in any part of Europe, from and after the said Twenty ninth day of September, shall be such as is of the Growth of the said British Plantations which hath paid her Majesty the full Duties, and been Manufactured in Great Britain, upon Pain that every such Commander or Purser who shall knowingly and wilfully Offend herein, shall forfeit their respective Places and Employments, and Three Shillings for every Pound weight of Tobacco, and so in proportion for every greater or lesser quantity so sold and delivered, One moiety thereof to the Queens Majesty, and the other moiety to the Informer, who shall sue for the same, by Action or Information in any of her Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed, and no more than one Imparlance.

Tobacco of the *British* Plantations only, that has paid the Duties, *&c.* to be used in any of her Majesties Ships of War.

Penalty.

3 *s. per* lb. wt.

How to be divided and recovered.

Anno 6 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XXVI.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for settling and establishing a Court of Exchequer in the North-Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland.*

Whereas in and by the Nineteenth Article in a late Act of Parliament made in the Fifth Year of her now Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for an Union of the Two Kingdoms of *England* and *Scotland*, It is, amongst other things, Provided, That there should be a Court of Exchequer in Scotland after the said Union, for deciding

5 A. *cap.* 8. *Art.* 19.

Preamble.

ciding Questions concerning the Revenues of Customs and Excise there, having the same Power and Authority in such Cases, as the Court of Exchequer has in England, and that the said Court of Exchequer in Scotland, have power of passing Signatures, Gifts, Tutories, and in other things, as the Court of Exchequer in Scotland then had; and that the Court of Exchequer that then was in Scotland, should remain until a new Court of Exchequer be settled by the Parliament of Great Britain in Scotland after the Union; which Union took effect upon the First day of May, in the Sixth Year of her now Majesties Reign, One thousand seven hundred and seven, and thereby the said Two Kingdoms of England and Scotland became United into One Kingdom, by the Name of Great Britain; To the intent therefore that there may be a Court of Exchequer settled and established in Scotland, pursuant to the purport and meaning of the said recited Act, and of the Nineteenth Article therein contained; Be it Enacted by the Queens most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First day of May, One thousand seven hundred and eight, a Court of Exchequer, to be called and known by the Name of The Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*, shall be, and by Authority of this Act is hereby Erected, constituted and established in and for that Part of Great Britain called Scotland; and that the said Court of Exchequer shall be and is hereby Enacted to be a Court of Record, Revenue, and Judicature for and within Scotland, and to have Continuance for ever, and to be held within the City of Edinburgh, at such Place or Places where the former Exchequer of Scotland before the said Union was usually held, or at such other Place or Places in Scotland as by Authority from the Queens Majesty, her Heirs or Successors, and in default thereof, by the Judges of the said Court of Exchequer for the time being, shall from time to time be directed, limited or appointed.

5 A. *cap.* 8. *Art.* 19.

A Court of Exchequer erected in *Scotland*:

Its Jurisdiction and Authority.

VI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the Revenues and Duties of Customs and Excise, and all and every other the Revenues, Debts, Duties and Profits of what nature or kind soever, any ways appertaining, or which hereafter shall appertain to the Queens Majesty, her Heirs or Successors within Scotland, either as Queen of Great Britain, or as Prince and Steward of Scotland, and all Honors, Castles, Manors, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments in Scotland, which now do, or hereafter shall appertain to the Queens Majesty, her Heirs or Successors, by force or virtue of any Attainder, Outlawry, Seizure for any Crime or Cause of Forfeiture, Debt or Duty, or upon any Extent, Commission, or otherwise, or by force and virtue of the Royal Prerogative, or by any other Right or Title whatsoever, and all and every the Rents, Issues and Profits thereof, or of any of them, and also all and every the Goods, Chattels, Debts, Credits, Rights, Titles, and Personal Estates within Scotland, any ways accruing or belonging, or which hereafter shall belong to the Queens Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, by force or virtue of the Royal Prerogative, or of any Attainder, Outlawry, Extent, Inquisition, Debt, Duty, or Forfeiture, or by any other Right, Title, Ways or Means whatsoever, and all the Remedies and Means for the recovering the same, or the Possession thereof, and all Accounts relating thereto, and also all and every Forfeitures and Penalties which have been incurred, or shall or may incur, or become any ways due and payable in Scotland, by force or virtue of any Law or Statute touching or relating to the Customs or Excise, or by force or virtue of any Penal or other Laws or Statutes whatsoever, and also all Fines, Issues, Forfeitures or Penalties, of what nature or kind soever, happening, arising or accruing to the Queens Majesty, her Heirs or Successors, within Scotland, and all Informations, Actions, Suits, or Demands, and also all Obligations, Recognizances, Specialties, and other Securities, touching or concerning the before-mentioned Matters and Things, and all Prosecutions,

ſecutions, Remedies and Accounts, for or concerning the ſame or other the Premiſſes, ſhall be within the Juriſdiction and Authority of the ſaid Court of Exchequer in Scotland, and hereby are annexed to the ſaid Court; and the Barons of the ſaid Court for the time being, ſhall have and exerciſe, and by virtue of this Act are and ſhall be inveſted with all Powers, Authorities and Juriſdictions, as well Judicial as otherwiſe, for the hearing and determining of all Actions, Suits and Queſtions in Law or Equity, touching the aforeſaid Revenues, Honors, Caſtles, Manors, Lands, Tenements, Goods, Chattels, Debts, Duties, Forfeitures, Penalties, Profits, and all other Matters or Things herein before-mentioned, and annexed to the ſaid Court of Exchequer in Scotland, or the Juriſdiction thereof; and that the ſaid Court of Exchequer in Scotland, ſhall and may act, do and proceed therein and thereupon in every reſpect whatſoever, as by Law, or as the Court of Exchequer in England, by the Conſtitution, Courſe or Practice of or in the ſaid Court, hath been or is enabled, or hath uſed or practiſed to do in the like Caſes in England; and upon and in all ſuch Informations, Actions, Suits or Demands, or touching or concerning any the Premiſſes, or any the Proceedings thereupon, ſhall and may make all ſuch Orders and Rules, and direct, award and iſſue all ſuch Writs, Precepts, Proceſs and Methods of Proceedings, as hath or have been, is, are or may be done or practiſed in the ſame or like Caſes in the Court of Exchequer in England; all which Informations, Actions, Suits and Proſecutions, Proceſs and Proceedings relating thereto, or to any the Premiſſes, ſhall be had, made and done in the Office of the Remembrancer of the Queens Majeſty, her Heirs or Succeſſors in the ſaid Court of Exchequer in Scotland; and the ſaid Barons of the Court of Exchequer in Scotland are hereby authorized and required, in caſe of any neglect or default by any the Plaintiffs or Defendants in any the ſaid Informations, Actions or Suits, or in any other Informations, Actions or Suits which ſhall be commenced, ſued or proſecuted in the ſaid Court of Exchequer in Scotland, for any Matter or Cauſe whatſoever, within the Juriſdiction of the ſaid Court, to give and cauſe Judgments to be entred againſt any the Parties making default, to plead or proceed to Trial, and for Recovery and Condemnation of any Goods, Chattels or other things ſeized as forfeited, and for which no Claim ſhall be duly Entred; and to give and cauſe Judgments to be entred in Caſes of Demurrers joyned in any the ſaid Cauſes depending before them, and to do, act and proceed in and about all and every the Premiſſes, as fully to all intents and purpoſes, as the Barons of the Court of Exchequer in England, by Law, or by the courſe and method of Proceedings in that Court, ſhould or might, or could do, or order to be done in ſuch or the like Caſes, Matters or Things, in caſe the ſame were or ſhould be depending in the ſaid Court of Exchequer in England; and upon any Iſſues joyned in any the ſaid Cauſes, or in any other Cauſes triable in the ſaid Court upon Matters of Fact, or which would be triable or enquirable by Juries (if the ſame were in England) the Barons of the Exchequer in Scotland are hereby authorized and required to cauſe the ſame to be tried, either at the Bar of the ſaid Court or elſewhere, at ſuch times and places as ſhall be for that purpoſe by the Court appointed, by a Jury of Twelve Perſons of that County, Shire, City, or Place in Scotland, where the ſaid matters in iſſue to be tried did ariſe, or of ſuch other County, Shire, City, or Place in Scotland, where the ſaid Court of Exchequer ſhall order or direct the ſame to be laid and tried; each of which Jurymen ſhall at the time of ſuch Trial have and be ſeized in his own Right, or Right of his Wife, of Lands or Tenements of an Eſtate of Inheritance, or for his or her Life, within the County, Shire, City, or Place from whence the Jury is to come, of the yearly Value of Five Pounds at the leaſt, or ſhall be then Worth in Goods, Chattels, and Perſonal Eſtate, the Sum of Two hundred Pounds Sterling at leaſt; and for want thereof, or for any other juſt and reaſonable Cauſe, ſhall be ſubject to be challenged and ſet aſide; and in all Verdicts to be given by the Juries the whole number of Twelve muſt agree: And

Power veſted in the Barons.

Cauſes triable by Juries.

the said Barons of the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, and such of them before whom any such Trials shall be, or shall be appointed to be, shall, by virtue of this Act, have full Power and Authority to proceed to such Trials, and to make, award and issue all such Orders, Rules, Writs, and other Process, and do or cause to be done all other Acts, Matters and Things of what nature soever, as well in Order to any such Trials and Notices for the same, as in, upon and after the said Trials, in every respect whatsoever, whether with relation to Sheriffs and other Officers, Parties, Jurors, Witnesses, Challenges, or other Matters or Proceedings in, about or relating to any such Trials, or the Verdicts to be taken thereupon, or Nonsuits therein, and have, and execute as fully and amply, to all intents and purposes, all Powers, Authorities and Jurisdictions, relating to, or proper for any such Trials, or the Matters for which such Trials shall or ought to be, in every respect whatsoever, and for awarding Costs upon the account of any such Trials, or for not proceeding to Trial, and for awarding any new or other Trials, as the Barons of the Court of Exchequer in England, or any of them, before whom any Trials, either at the Bar, or otherwise, have been or should have been by the Laws of England, or by the Constitution, Power or Practice of the said Court of Exchequer in England, or by virtue of any Law or Statute, Commission or Authority whatsoever, hath or have been, is or are enabled, or have used to make, do or execute in or concerning any such or the like Trials or Cases in England; and after any such Trials had, the said Barons of the said Court of Exchequer in Scotland, and the Officers, Attornies, and Clerks in the said Court, shall and are hereby enabled and required to give Rules, and do all other things in Order for Judgments to be entred in the said Court of Exchequer in Scotland, upon the Records of Trials at Bar, and of the Returns of Records of Nisi prius, in case of Trials in the Countries, as are, have been, or may be used or practised in like cases in the Court of Exchequer in England; and the Barons of the said Court of Exchequer in Scotland may and shall proceed to give Judgment according to the Right of the Causes, and to award Executions upon such Judgments, and to do and award all and every Act, Matter and Thing touching and relating to any such Trials, Judgments or Executions, as by Law, or the Rules, Orders or Directions of the Court of Exchequer in England, or by the Laws or Statutes in England, or hath or have been or ought to be used in such or the like cases.

Barons in or out of Court to take Recognizances and Securities for Debts, &c.

VII. And it is hereby further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Barons of the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, or any one or more of them, either in Court or out of Court, shall have full Power and Authority to take all manner of Recognizances and Securities for Debts, and that all Obligations, Recognizances, Specialties, and other Securities for any the Revenues, Rents, Debts, Duties, Accounts, Profits, or other Things accruing, or which shall or may become due or accrue to the Queens Majesty, her Heirs or Successors within Scotland, or which shall in any wise concern or relate thereto, or any the Officers, Ministers or Accountants thereof, or for the same, or which shall be taken in or by the Order of the said Court of Exchequer in Scotland, or upon any other account, for the use or benefit of the Crown, or for securing any the Revenues, Debts or Duties of the Crown, shall be taken in the Name of the Queens Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, and to be paid to the Queens Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, with other proper Words, and with and under such Conditions as shall be suitable to the matter for which they shall be taken, and shall have the full force and effect of any Obligations, Recognizances and Specialties, which have been or may be taken or acknowledged in the Court of Exchequer in England, according to the purport, true intent and meaning of the Statute in that behalf made in England, in the Three and thirtieth Year of the Reign of King Henry the Eighth, or any other Law or Statute, or any Practice, Custom or Usage in the Court of Exchequer in England, or by virtue of the Prerogative Royal; and that all

33 H. 8. c. 39.

all Suits and Prosecutions upon any the said Obligations, Recognizances and Specialties, or for any Revenues, Debts or Duties any ways due or payable to the Queens Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, within Scotland, shall be in the said Court of Exchequer in Scotland, and her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, shall be preferred and have preference in all Suits and Proceedings in the said Court of Exchequer in Scotland, according to the said Statute of the Three and thirtieth Year of King Henry the Eighth, and according to the Usage, Course and Practice of the Court of Exchequer in England, and shall have and enjoy such and the same Prerogatives, as well in and about Pleadings, as in all other Matters and Things, as by any the Laws in England, or Course of Exchequer in England, have been, are ought to be allowed; and as well the Bodies, as the Lands and Tenements, Debts, Credits, and Specialties, Goods, Chattels and Personal Estate of all Debtors or Accountants to the Crown, or their Debtors in Scotland, shall be subject and liable, and shall and may be made subject and liable by Extent, Inquisition and Seizures, or by any Process, Ways or Means, to the Payment of such Debts, Duties or Revenues to the Crown, and in such and the same manner and form, to all intents and purposes as hath been, or is used in the Court of Exchequer in England in like cases.

33 H. 8. c. 39.

All Suits and Prosecutions, &c. thereupon to be in Exchequer Court.

VIII. Provided nevertheless, That no Debt or Duty from any Debtors or Accountants to the Crown in Scotland, shall affect or subject any Real Estate in Scotland of any such Debtors or Accountants to the Payment or Satisfaction of any such Debt or Duty, further or otherwise, or in any other manner or form, than such Real Estate may or ought to be subject and liable thereto by the Laws of Scotland; and that the Laws of Scotland shall, in all such cases, and for all such purposes, hold place and be observed; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding: And for all the purposes in this Act mentioned, the said Court of Exchequer in Scotland, and the Barons, and other Officers thereof and therein, shall have, exercise and put in Execution within Scotland, all and every the Powers, Authorities and Jurisdictions, as to all Matters and Things whatsoever, arising or happening, or which have or shall arise and happen within Scotland, touching or concerning any the aforesaid Revenues or Duties of Customs and Excise, and other Revenues, Debts or Duties, Obligations, Securities, Judgments, or Specialties, or the Recovery of the same, or of any other the Premisses, which the Court of Exchequer in England, or the Barons or Officers thereof, by virtue of the said Statute made in England, in the said Three and thirtieth Year of the Reign of King Henry the Eighth, or of any other Statute made and in force in England, or by the Constitution, Course or Practice used in the Court of Exchequer in England, have or ought to have performed or put in Execution in England, as fully and amply, to all intents and purposes, as if the same Powers, Authorities and Jurisdiction were in this Act particularly expressed and thereby Enacted; yet so nevertheless, that nothing be done to make the Real Estate in Scotland of any Debtor or Accountant to the Crown there, subject or liable to the Payment of any Debts or Duties to the Crown, farther or otherwise than they may or ought to be by the Laws of Scotland, according to the Purport of the Proviso last herein before-mentioned: And the Barons of the said Court of Exchequer in Scotland, shall and may act and do in respect to any the Parties in Law or Equity to any Action, Information, Suit or Prosecution in the said Court of Exchequer in Scotland, in such Cases, Sort and Manner as by any the Laws or Statutes in England, or the Use and Practice of the Court of Exchequer there, touching the awarding of Costs, and issuing Process and Execution for the same, hath or have used to be done.

33 H. 8. c. 39.

No Debt, &c. from Debtors to the Crown in *Scotland*, to subject any Real Estate there of such Debtors to Payment thereof, otherwise than such Estate may be liable by the Laws of *Scotland*.

Barons, &c. to execute the Powers hereby granted.

IX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Statutes in England of Jeofails, and for Amendments, shall extend to all such Actions, Informations and Suits, to be brought in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, for the Recovery,

All Statutes in *England* of Jeofails, &c. to extend to all Actions brought in Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*, &c.

very of any Debt, Duty or Revenue due to the Crown, as fully and amply, to all intents and purposes, as they do or ought to extend to the Court of Exchequer in England, or any Causes or Proceedings therein in such or the like Cases: And that in the said Court of Exchequer in Scotland, there shall be kept and observed Four Terms in every Year, whereof one of them shall be called Martinmas-Term, and shall yearly commence upon the Third day of November, and end on the Twenty ninth day of November; and another of them shall be called by the Name of Candlemas-Term, and shall yearly commence upon the Twenty third day of January, and end upon the Twelfth day of February yearly; and another of them shall be called by the Name of Whitsuntide-Term, and shall yearly commence upon the Twenty fifth day of May, and shall end on the Fifteenth day of June following; and the fourth of them shall be called by the Name of Lammas-Term, and shall yearly commence on the Twentieth day of July, and shall end on the Eighth day of August following: And if any of the said Days on which any of the said Terms shall begin or end, shall happen to be a Sunday, then such Term respectively shall begin or end the next Day following; in and during which Terms the Barons of the said Court shall sit therein, and hear and determine the Business, Causes, Matters and Things depending, or which shall, may or ought to be prosecuted in the said Court either in Law or Equity, or which shall or may concern the Revenues, Debts, Duties, Matters or Things within the Jurisdiction of the said Court, and that either with or without any Adjournment to or for any Time or Place: And that the said Barons shall and may order and appoint the Days and Times for the Returns of Writs or Process issuing out of and returnable in the said Court, and set and impose upon all such Sheriffs, and other Officers and Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, to whom the Execution of such Writs or Process do or shall appertain, such Issues, Fines, Amerciaments and Penalties, as to the said Court shall seem fit and reasonable: And the said Barons in Court, or any of them out of Court, shall take Bails, Recognizances, and other Securities, Informations, Bills, Answers and Affidavits, and take and declare Accounts, and do and execute all Matters and Things relating to the Business or Jurisdiction of the said Court, as fully to all intents and purposes, as the Barons of the Exchequer in England, or any of them, have or do use in such or the like Cases in or out of Court there: And the Barons of the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, are hereby also authorized and enabled to hold Plea in Equity by English Bill, Petition or Suit to be brought or exhibited in the said Court by or against the Attorney or Advocate-General of the Queens Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, on her or their behalf, or for her or their Interest, or by or against any other Person or Persons any ways concerned in or about any the Revenues, Debts or Duties beforementioned, touching the said Revenues, Debts or Duties, for any discovery or relief in Equity: And in and upon such Bills, Petitions and Suits, the said Court of Exchequer shall and are hereby enabled to issue and award Process of Subpæna, or Distringas, and all other usual and proper Process for compelling the Parties Defendants to or in such Suits, to put in their Answers, and make their Defences to such Bills, Petitions or Suits, and for the Parties to such Suits to proceed therein and thereupon, according to such Rules or Orders, and in such Manner and Form as the Court of Exchequer in England hath used to proceed by; and upon Issues joyned in any the said Causes or Suits in Equity, the Court of Exchequer in Scotland is to cause Witnesses to be examined (if desired) on either side by Commissions to be awarded for that purpose, or by Sworn Examiners, and after Publication of the Depositions of the Witnesses, to proceed to the hearing of the said Causes; and upon the Proofs and Evidence therein or thereupon, or upon Bill and Answer, where no Witnesses shall be examined or Proofs made, to make such Orders and Decrees either for the relief of the Plaintiffs, or for directing any Issue or Issues at Law to

Four Terms to be kept every Year:

During which, the Barons to hear and determine Causes, &c.

And appoint Days and Times for Returns of Writs;

And take Bails, &c.

And hold Plea in Equity by *English* Bill, &c.

And award Process thereon;

And make Orders and Decrees.

to be tried for the Information of the Conscience of the Court, or for Dismissing of the said Plaintiffs Bills, or otherwise, as to the said Court shall seem just and reasonable, and as is or hath been used in the Court of Exchequer in England; save only that all Issues at Law directed, as aforesaid, for the Information of the Conscience of the Court, shall be and are hereby ordered to be made up and proceeded upon in the said Queens Remembrancers Office in Scotland, in such Manner as such Issues are used to be made up and proceeded upon in the Office of Pleas in the Court of Exchequer in England; and the said Court shall award such Process for the Inforcing any of the Parties to such Suits to perform and yield Obedience to such Orders or Decrees as shall be made in the said Causes; and in case of Non-performance thereof, or Disobedience thereunto, the said Court shall award all such Process of Contempt against the Persons and Estates of him, her or them that shall be in Contempt, or refuse Obedience to any the said Orders or Decrees, as hath been used and practised in like Cases in or by the Court of Exchequer in England, and make and execute like Process, Orders and Proceedings thereupon, as are used in the Court of Exchequer in England in like Cases.

All Officers of the Revenues in *Scotland*, to be subject to the Jurisdiction of the Court of Exchequer.

XI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Officers and Persons imployed or to be imployed in or about the collecting, receiving, managing, paying, answering or accounting for any the Revenues or Duties of Customs or Excise, or other Crown Revenues, Debts or Duties in Scotland, shall be under and subject to the Rules, Orders, Directions, Authority, Power and Jurisdiction of the said Court of Exchequer in Scotland, in all things touching the said Revenues, Debts, Duties or Accounts, and touching the Collecting, Ordering and Management thereof, and the Paying and Answering the same, and concerning any Securities to be given, or Oaths to be taken relative thereto, which are not or shall not be contrary to, or inconsistent with the Commands, Orders and Directions in force, of or from the Queens Majesty, her Heirs or Successors, or of or from the Lord High-Treasurer of Great Britain, or the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury in Great Britain for the time being; and that all and every such Person and Persons, as is, or are, or shall be appointed under the aforesaid Seal, which by the Articles of Union is appointed to be kept in Scotland, to be the Auditor or Auditors of the said Revenues of Customs or Excise, or other Crown Revenues or Duties whatsoever in Scotland, or any part thereof, shall take the same, or like Oath, mutatis mutandis, for the due Execution of his or their Office or Offices, before the Barons of the said Court of Exchequer in Scotland, as any Auditor of any the Crown Revenues in England hath or have used or ought to take; and such Auditor or Auditors shall have the taking and making up all the said Accounts, which being Sworn to by the respective Accountants, as to the Truth thereof, and allowed and declared by and before the said Court of Exchequer in Scotland, or before the Chief Baron, or some other of the Barons of the said Court of Exchequer, the same shall be examined, entred and inrolled in the Offices of Remembrancer of the Queens Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, and Particulars and Vouchers of such Account, contain'd in a Bag for that purpose, shall be there left, and such Account shall be also entred in the Office of the Lord Treasurers Remembrancer, in such and the like manner as is and hath been used in the like Offices in England, and then shall be delivered into the Pipe-Office in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland; and the Clerk of the Pipe or Chief Officer in that Office, or his Deputy (in case that Office shall be executed by Deputy) shall cause the said Accounts to be examined, and if found true, to be entred and inrolled in the said Office, and shall make and give a Quietus or Discharge to the Accountant thereupon, which shall be a Discharge to and for such Accountant, as to all the Revenues, Duties, Matters and Things therein, and thereby accounted for, paid and answered; and if any Supers or Arrears shall be set upon the Accountant, or any other Person or Persons, Bodies Politick

Auditors of the Revenues to take the same Oath as Auditors in *England*,

and have the making up of the Accounts, &c.

or

or Corporate by or upon the said Account, the Court of Exchequer in Scotland shall award all proper and effectual Process to be made and issued out of such one of the Two Remembrancers Offices, as the Court shall direct, for the speedy accounting for, levying and receiving of all such Supers and Arrears, and answering the same to the Use of the Crown, in such sort and manner as in like cases may by Law be done, or hath been used in the Court of Exchequer in England.

Party to any Judgment given in Court of Exchequer, may bring a Writ of Error upon such Judgment returnable in Parliament, &c.

XII. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, Party or Parties to any Judgment which shall be given in the said Court of Exchequer in Scotland, his, her or their Heirs, Executors or Administrators, or such other Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, who shall be privy to, and affected by such Judgment, and who by Law is or are entitled to bring and maintain a Writ of Error thereupon, to sue and prosecute out of the Court of Chancery in England a Writ or Writs of Error, to be made in usual manner upon any such Judgment, Returnable in the Parliament of Great Britain; and such and the like Securities, Matters and Things, Way and Method of Proceedings, shall and may be had therein and thereupon, and relating thereto, as have been, are, or may be used and practised upon or concerning Writs of Error Returnable in Parliament, upon any Judgment in any the Courts in England, and upon or relating to the Affirming or Reversal of such Judgments, and the Proceedings thereupon in like cases; and every Person or Persons against whom any Orders or Decrees in English Causes shall be made in the said Court of Exchequer in Scotland shall and may have and pursue such and the like Relief and Redress therein, as any Person or Persons, against whom any Orders or Decrees in the Court of Exchequer in England, have been or shall be made, may have and pursue in like cases.

Lord Treasurer to have the same Powers relating to the Revenue, &c. of *Scotland* as he hath relating to those of *England*.

XIII. Provided also, That the Lord High Treasurer of Great Britain for the time being shall have and exercise all such Powers, Authorities and Jurisdictions, about or relating to any the Revenues or Duties of Custom and Excise, and other the Crown Revenues, Duties, or Treasure within Scotland, and the getting in, paying, issuing and accounting for the same, or any part thereof, as fully and amply, to all intents and purposes, as the Lord High-Treasurer of Great Britain for the time being, by virtue of such his Office, hath, or may, or can have or exercise about or concerning any the Crown Revenues, Debts or Duties in England; any thing herein contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

How all Fines, Issues, &c. shall be levied and paid.

XIV. Provided also, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and all manner of Fines, Issues, Amerciaments, forfeited Recognizances, or Penalties, and other Forfeitures, of what nature or kind soever, which shall or may be set, imposed by, or incurred, or become forfeited in the said Court of Exchequer in Scotland, shall be levied by the Authority and Process of the said Court, and paid and answered to the Use of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, although the Persons or their Lands or Tenements, Goods or Chattels, liable to the same Fines, Issues, Amerciaments, Penalties, or Forfeitures, be or remain in any Part of Scotland whatsoever.

Persons shewing good Cause in Court, in bar of any Fines, &c. payable to the Crown, Court to allow the same, &c.

XV. Provided nevertheless, That in case any Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, his, her, or their Heirs, Successors, Executors or Administrators, shall alledge, plead, declare or shew in the said Court of Exchequer in Scotland, good, perfect, sufficient Cause and Matter in Law, Reason or good Conscience, in Bar or Discharge of any Fines, Issues, Amerciaments, forfeited Recognizances, or any other Forfeitures, Debts or Duties due or payable to the Crown, or why such Person or Persons ought not to be Charged or Chargeable to or with the same, and the same Cause and Matter so alledged, pleaded, declared or shewed, sufficiently proved in the said Court of Exchequer in Scotland, That then the said Court shall have full Power and Authority to accept, adjudge

adjudge and allow the same, and wholly and clearly to acquit and discharge all and every the said Persons, which shall be impleaded or sued for the same, or to make and take any fitting and reasonable Composition for the same, as in the Judgments and Discretions of the Barons of the said Court of Exchequer, upon hearing of the Attorney or Advocate-General, or other Learned Council of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, shall be found and thought just and reasonable, and to proceed and act therein, and give Discharges thereupon, in such sort and manner as hath been and is used and practised in the like Cases in and by the Court of Exchequer in England; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Acts of Parliament made in *England*, concerning Customs or Excise, &c. there, not contrary to the Articles of Union, to extend to *Scotland*,

XVII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Act and Acts of Parliament made in England, and in force there, touching and concerning any Customs or Subsidies there, and also all and every Act and Acts of Parliament made in England, and now in force, touching and concerning any Excises there, and all and every the Authorities, Powers, Jurisdictions, Qualifications of Officers and Seizers, Directions for Navigation, and for carrying Goods Coastwise, Forfeitures, Penalties, Duties, and the Ways and Means for the Recovering of them, or any of them, and all other Matters and Things in them or any of them contained, which are not contrary to or inconsistent with the aforesaid Articles of the Union of the Two Kingdoms of England and Scotland, or any of them, shall extend to Scotland, and shall and may be Cognoscible in, and put in Execution by the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, as to all Matters and Things happening or arising in Scotland, as fully and amply, to all intents and purposes, as the same, or any of them, do extend, or may, or might be put in Execution, as to any Matters or Things touching and concerning Customs and Excises, or any other the Matters and Things aforesaid, happening or arising in England; and all Offences and Offenders in any the said Matters, shall and may be sued and prosecuted for the same in the said Court of Exchequer in Scotland; and the Merchants and other Persons entitled to any Benefits, Allowances, Advantages, or Remedies, touching or concerning any the said Customs or Excises in Scotland, shall have and enjoy the same in Scotland, as fully and amply, to all intents and purposes, as they may or might if the same were or arose in England; and the Officers of the Customs and Excise in Scotland are required to make and allow the same accordingly; and the Barons of the Court of Exchequer in Scotland are required and enabled to cause Right to be done by and to all Persons concerned therein.

and Cognoscible in the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*.

Queen to appoint what further Places, Ports, &c. in *Scotland*, shall be lawful for landing or shipping Goods, &c.

XVIII. And for the better and more effectual ascertaining the Ports, Members, Creeks and Havens in Scotland, where Goods and Merchandizes have been or may be exported and imported, and the several Keys, Wharfs, and other Places where the same may be put on board any Ship or Vessel for Transportation, or be unshipt or unladen upon Importation; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Queens Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, shall and may, from time to time, by Commission or Commissions out of the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, assign and appoint all such further Places, Ports, Members and Creeks in Scotland, as shall be lawful for the landing, discharging, lading or shipping of any Goods, Wares or Merchandizes in Scotland, and to what Ancient and Head Ports respectively such Places, Members or Creeks shall respectively appertain; and where any such Place, Member or Creek shall be so appointed, as aforesaid, the Customer, Collector, Comptroller and Searcher of the Head Port, shall by themselves, or their sufficient Deputy or Deputies, Servant or Servants, reside and inhabit, for the entring, clearing and passing, shipping and discharging of Ships, Goods and Merchandize, and by Virtue of the said Commission or Commissions may likewise set down and appoint the Extents, Bounds and Limits of every

Officers of Customs to reside at such Places.

Port, Haven or Creek in Scotland, whereby the Extents, Limits and Privileges of every Port, Haven or Creek in Scotland may be ascertained and known; after which Appointment so made, the said Ports, Members and Creeks, so appointed, shall be observed and used for Importation and Exportation, in the same manner, and subject to and under such Orders and Regulations, and to the same effect, as the like Ports, Creeks and Members appointed in England for Exportation or Importation there, are or ought to be by the Laws of England.

Anno 6 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XXX.

An Act for ascertaining the Rates of Foreign Coins in her Majesties Plantations in *America*.

Preamble.

Whereas for remedying the Inconveniencies which had arisen from the different Rates at which the same Species of Foreign Silver Coins did pass in her Majesties several Colonies and Plantations in America, her most Excellent Majesty has thought fit by her Royal Proclamation, bearing Date the Eighteenth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and four, and in the Third Year of her Reign, to settle and ascertain the Currency of Foreign Coins in her said Colonies and Plantations, in the manner and words following:

Proclamation for ascertaining the Currency of Foreign Coins in America.

WE having had under Our Consideration the different Rates at which the same Species of Foreign Coins do pass in Our several Colonies and Plantations in *America*, and the Inconveniencies thereof, by the indirect Practice of drawing the Money from one Plantation to another, to the great Prejudice of the Trade of Our Subjects; and being sensible, that the same cannot be otherwise remedied, than by reducing of all Foreign Coins to the same Current Rate within all Our Dominions in *America*; and the Principal Officers of Our Mint having laid before Us a Table of the Value of the several Foreign Coins which usually pass in Payments in Our said Plantations, according to their Weight, and the Assays made of them in Our Mint, thereby shewing the just Proportion which each Coin ought to have to the other, which is as followeth, *viz. Sevill* Pieces of Eight, Old Plate, Seventeen Peny-weight Twelve Grains, Four Shillings and Six Pence; *Sevill* Pieces of Eight, New Plate, Fourteen Peny-weight, Three Shillings Seven Pence One Farthing; *Mexico* Pieces of Eight, Seventeen Peny-weight Twelve Grains, Four Shillings and Six Pence; *Pillar* Pieces of Eight, Seventeen Peny-weight Twelve Grains, Four Shillings and Six Pence Three Farthings; *Peru* Pieces of Eight, Old Plate, Seventeen Peny-weight Twelve Grains, Four Shillings and Five Pence, or thereabouts; Cross Dollars, Eighteen Peny-weight, Four Shillings and Four Pence Three Farthings; Ducatoons of *Flanders*, Twenty Peny-weight and Twenty one Grains, Five Shillings and Six Pence; Ecu's of *France*, or Silver *Lewis*, Seventeen Peny-weight Twelve Grains, Four Shillings and Six Pence, Crusadoes of *Portugal*, Eleven Peny-weight Four Grains, Two Shillings and Ten Pence One Farthing; Three Gilder Pieces of *Holland*, Twenty Peny-weight and Seven Grains, Five Shillings and Two Pence One Farthing; Old Rix Dollars of the Empire, Eighteen Peny-weight and Ten Grains, Four Shillings and Six Pence; The Halfs, Quarters and other parts in Proportion to their Denominations, and Light Pieces in Proportion to their Weight: We have therefore thought fit, for remedying the said Inconveniencies, by the Advice of Our Council, to Publish and Declare, That from and after the First day of *January* next ensuing the Date hereof, no *Sevill*, *Pillar*, or *Mexico* Pieces of Eight, though of the full Weight of Seventeen Peny-weight and an half, shall be accounted, received, taken, or paid within any of Our said Colonies or Plantations, as well

well thoſe under Proprietors and Charters, as under our immediate Commiſſion and Government, at above the Rate of Six Shillings *per* Piece Current Money, for the Diſcharge of any Contracts or Bargains to be made after the ſaid Firſt day of *January* next; the Halfs, Quarters, and other leſſer Pieces of the ſame Coins to be accounted, received, taken, or paid in the ſame Proportion; And the Currency of all Pieces of Eight of *Peru*, Dollars, and other Foreign Species of Silver Coins, whether of the ſame or Baſer Alloy, ſhall, after the ſaid Firſt day of *January* next, ſtand Regulated, according to their Weight and Fineneſs, according and in Proportion to the Rate before limited and ſet for the Pieces of Eight of *Sevill*, *Pillar*, and *Mexico*; So that no Foreign Silver Coin of any ſort be permitted to exceed the ſame Proportion upon any Account whatſoever. And we do hereby Require and Command all Our Governors, Lieutenant-Governors, Magiſtrates, Officers, and all other Our good Subjects, within Our ſaid Colonies and Plantations, to obſerve and obey Our Directions herein, as they tender Our Diſpleaſure.

II. And whereas notwithſtanding the ſaid Proclamation, the ſame indirect Practices as are therein mentioned, are ſtill carried on within ſome of the ſaid Colonies or Plantations, and the Money thereby drawn from one Plantation to another, in prejudice of the Trade of her Majeſties Subjects; Wherefore for the better inforcing the due Execution of her Majeſties ſaid Proclamation throughout all the ſaid Colonies and Plantations, and for the more effectual remedying the ſaid Inconveniencies thereby intended to be remedied, Be it Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That if any Perſon within any of the ſaid Colonies or Plantations, as well thoſe under Proprietors and Charters, as under her Majeſties immediate Commiſſion and Government, ſhall, after the Firſt day of May, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nine, for the Diſcharge of any Contracts or Bargains to be thereafter made, account, receive, take or pay any of the ſeveral Species of Foreign Silver Coins mentioned in the before recited Proclamation, at any greater or higher Rate than at which the ſame is thereby regulated, ſettled and allowed, to be accounted, received, taken or paid, every ſuch Perſon ſo accounting, receiving, taking or paying the ſame contrary to the Directions therein contained, ſhall ſuffer Six Months Imprizonment, without Bail or Mainprize; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage in any of the ſaid Colonies or Plantations to the contrary hereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding; and ſhall likewiſe forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds for every ſuch Offence, One moiety thereof to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, the other moiety to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall ſue for the ſame, to be recovered with full Coſts of Suit, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of her Majeſties Courts of Juſtice within any of the ſaid Plantations, or in any of the Courts of Juſtice of the Charter or Proprietary Governments where ſuch Offence ſhall be committed.

For inforcing the due Execution of the Proclamation,

Perſons paying or receiving any Foreign Silver Coins at a higher Rate than is regulated,

to ſuffer Six Months Imprizonment, and forfeit 10 *l.*

III. Provided nevertheleſs, and it is hereby Declared, That nothing in the before-recited Proclamation, or in this Act contained, ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to compel any Perſon to receive any of the ſaid Species of Foreign Silver Coins, at the reſpective Rates in the ſaid Proclamation mentioned.

Proviſo.

IV. Provided alſo, and it is hereby further Declared, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to reſtrain her Majeſty from regulating, and ſettling the ſeveral Rates of the ſaid Species of Foreign Silver Coins within any of the ſaid Colonies or Plantations, in ſuch other Manner, and according to ſuch other Rates and Proportions as her Majeſty by her Royal Proclamation for that purpoſe to be iſſued, ſhall from time to time judge proper and neceſſary, or from giving her Royal Aſſent to any Law hereafter to be made in any of the ſaid Colonies or Plantati-

Queen may regulate the ſeveral Species hereafter, in ſuch other manner as ſhe ſhall judge neceſſary.

ons, for ſettling and aſcertaining the Current Rates of ſuch Coins within the ſaid Colonies or Plantations; but that ſuch further Regulations may be made, and ſuch Aſſent given, in as full and ample manner, to all intents and purpoſes, as the ſame might have been done in caſe this Act had not been made, and no otherwiſe; any thing herein before contained to the contrary hereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Anno 6 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XXXIII.

An Act for the Importation of Cochineal from any Ports in *Spain*, during the preſent War, and Six Months longer. EXP.

Anno 6 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XXXVII.

An Act for the Encouragement of the Trade to *America*.

Anno 7 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. III.

An Act for charging and continuing the Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and nine. EXP.

Anno 7 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. V.

An Act for Naturalizing Foreign Proteſtants.

Preamble.

WHereas the Increaſe of People is a Means of advancing the Wealth and Strength of a Nation; and whereas many Strangers of the Proteſtant or Reformed Religion, out of a due Conſideration of the happy Conſtitution of the Government of this Realm, would be induced to Tranſport themſelves and their Eſtates into this Kingdom, if they might be made Partakers of the Advantages and Privileges which the Natural-born Subjects thereof do enjoy; Be it Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That all Perſons born out of the Ligeance of her Majeſty, her Heirs or Succeſſors, who ſhall take and ſubſcribe the Oaths, and make, repeat, and ſubſcribe the Declaration appointed by an Act made in the Sixth Year of her preſent Ma-

Perſons born out of the Ligeance of her Majeſty, taking the Oaths, &c. to be naturalized.

jeſties

6 A. cap. 23. jesties Reign, Intituled, An Act to make further Provision for Electing and Summoning Sixteen Peers of *Scotland*, to Sit in the House of Peers in the Parliament of *Great Britain*; and for Trying Peers for Offences committed in *Scotland*; and for the further Regulating of Voters in Elections of Members to Serve in Parliament; which said Oaths shall be taken and subscribed, and Declaration made, repeated and subscribed in the Courts of Chancery, Queens-Bench, Common-Pleas, or Exchequer, in Term-Time in England, or in any of them, in Open Court, or before the Lords of Council, and Session, or Lords of Justiciary, or Barons of the Exchequer, in Open Court in Scotland, or at some General Quarter-Sessions of the Peace to be held for the County where he or they do or shall Inhabit, Reside or Settle, between the Hours of Nine and Twelve in the Forenoon; the taking and subscribing of which Oaths, and the making, repeating and subscribing such Declaration, shall be entred on Record in the same Courts, for the doing whereof only One Shilling shall be paid; all and every such Persons shall be deemed, adjudged, and taken to be her Majesties Natural-born Subjects of this Kingdom, to all intents, constructions and purposes, as if they, and every of them, had been, or were born within this Kingdom.

None to be naturalized unless they have taken the Sacrament within 3 Months before in some Protestant Congregation.

II. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person or Persons of what Quality, Condition or Place soever, shall be naturalized by virtue of this Act, unless the said Person or Persons shall have received the Sacrament of the Lords Supper, in some Protestant or Reformed Congregation within this Kingdom of Great Britain, within Three Months before their taking the Oaths in this Act mentioned; and shall at the Time and Place of taking and subscribing the said Oaths, and of the making, repeating and subscribing the said Declaration, produce a Certificate signed by the Person administring the said Sacrament, and attested by Two Credible Witnesses, whereof an Entry shall be made of Record in the said Court, without any Fee or Reward.

Children of Natural-born Subjects, born out of the Realm, to be deemed Natural-born.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Children of all Natural-born Subjects, born out of the Ligeance of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, shall be deemed, adjudged and taken to be Natural-born Subjects of this Kingdom, to all intents, constructions, and purposes whatsoever.

Persons qualifying themselves in *Ireland* to be deemed Natural-born Subjects there.

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Persons born out of the Ligeance of her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors, who shall Qualifie themselves in the Courts of Chancery, Queens-Bench, Common-Pleas or Exchequer, within the Kingdom of Ireland, or at some General Quarter-Sessions of the Peace, to be held for the County where he or they do or shall Inhabit, Reside or Settle within the said Kingdom, in like manner as Persons are by this Act required to do within the Kingdom of Great Britain; all and every such Persons shall be deemed, adjudged and taken to be her Majesties Natural-born Subjects of the said Kingdom of Ireland, to all intents, constructions and purposes, as if they, and every of them, had been, or were born within the said Kingdom of Ireland.

N. B. The aforesaid Act, except the third *Section*, is Repealed by an Act past 10 *A. cap.* 5.

Anno

Anno 7 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. VII.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for enlarging the Capital Stock of the Bank of *England*, and for raiſing a further Supply to her Majeſty, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and nine.

XXI. AND for the Encouragement of the ſaid Governor and Company of the Bank of England, by or in purſuance of this and the ſaid former Acts conſtituted, as aforeſaid, and their Succeſſors, to undertake the Circulation not only of the ſaid Bills, not exceeding Two millions five hundred thouſand Pounds, to be iſſued for her Majeſties Supply, as aforeſaid, but alſo of the Quarterly Bills to be made forth in ſuch manner and form as are herein after mentioned; and to the end a ſufficient Fund may be ſettled, and Proviſion made, as well for the Payment of the Intereſt after the rate of Two Pence per Centum per Diem, to be born upon all the Bills to be iſſued in purſuance of this Act; and the Premium or Allowance, after the rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, which the ſaid Governor and Company, and their Succeſſors, are to receive for circulating the ſame in the manner and form herein after expreſſed, until all the ſaid Bills to be iſſued in purſuance of this Act, ſhall be paid off and cancelled; and for eſtabliſhing a ſufficient Fund for paying off, and cancelling all the Exchequer Bills to be iſſued forth in purſuance of this Act in a reaſonable time; We your Majeſties ſaid Dutiful and Loyal Subjects the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament aſſembled, do further Give and Grant unto your Majeſty the ſeveral Subſidies, Duties, Impoſitions and Sums of Money herein after mentioned; and do moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty that it may be Enacted, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid in manner following, (that is to ſay) Whereas by an Act made in the Sixth Year of her Majeſties Reign for continuing (amongſt other things) the Duties called The Two third Subſidies of Tonnage and Poundage, it was Enacted, That (over and above the Subſidies, and other Payments therein mentioned) there ſhould be paid to her Majeſty One other Subſidy called Tonnage, for and upon all Wines which from and after the Seventh day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eight, at any time or times within or during the ſpace of Three Years from thence next or immediately enſuing, ſhould be imported or brought into Great Britain, (that is to ſay) Two third parts of ſuch or the like ſeveral and reſpective Duties as by an Act of the Ninth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty King William the Third, were granted to his Majeſty during his Life; and by an Act of the Firſt Year of her Majeſties Reign, are continued and payable during her Majeſties Life for and upon any kind of Wine or Wines reſpectively; and One other Subſidy called Poundage of all manner of Goods and Merchandizes that ſhould be imported or brought into Great Britain at any time or times from and after the ſaid Seventh day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eight, within or during the ſaid Term of Three Years, by way of Merchandize, (that is to ſay) Two third parts of ſuch or the like ſeveral and reſpective Duties as by the ſaid Act of the Ninth Year of his ſaid late Majeſties Reign were granted, and by the ſaid Act of the Firſt Year of her Majeſties Reign continued and payable for and upon the ſame Goods and Merchandizes reſpectively (except Tobacco, and ſuch Currans as ſhould be imported in Engliſh-built ſhipping navigated according to the Laws then in force, and Sugar from the Engliſh Plantations, and ſuch Goods and other Merchandizes as by the two Acts laſt mentioned, or either of them, were exempted from Payment of the Subſidies thereby granted;) now it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid,

6 A. *cap.* 22.

9 W. 3. *cap.* 23.

1 A. *cap.* 7.

That

That the ſaid Subſidies and Duties ſo granted by the ſaid Act of Two third Subſidies continued for ever.
6 A. cap. 22. the Sixth Year of her Majeſties Reign for the Term of Three Years, as aforeſaid, ſhall be continued upon all Wines, Goods and Merchandizes imported or brought into Great Britain (except before Exception.
Vide 1 Geo. cap. 12. 3 Geo. cap. 8. excepted) at any time or times from and after the Expiration of the ſaid Term of Three Years, and ſhall be paid and payable from thenceforth to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for ever, for the purpoſes in this Act expreſſed, ſubject nevertheleſs to the Proviſo or Condition of Redemption herein after contained and relating thereunto. Subject to Redemption.

XXII. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſame Subſidies how to be raiſed.
Subſidies or Duties by this Act continued, as aforeſaid, and every of them reſpectively, ſhall be aſcertained, ſecured, raiſed, levied, recovered, anſwered, paid and accounted for, by ſuch Rules, Ways, Means and Methods, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and with ſuch Diſtribution of the ſaid Penalties and Forfeitures, and ſubject to ſuch Drawbacks, Allowances and Repayments, and in ſuch manner and form, in all reſpects, as the like Subſidies or
6 A. cap. 22. Duties continued by the ſaid Act of the Sixth Year of her Majeſties Reign, are thereby, or by any other Act or Acts, Laws or Statutes, whereunto that Act hath reference, preſcribed, enacted or appointed to be aſcertained, ſecured, raiſed, levied, recovered, anſwered, paid and accounted for during the continuance thereof: And that all ſuch of the Powers, Directions, Penalties and Forfeitures, Clauſes, Matters and Things, provided, ſettled or eſtabliſhed by the ſaid Act of the Sixth Year of her Majeſties Reign, or by any other Act or Acts now in force whereunto that Act hath relation, for the better raiſing, levying, recovering, anſwering or paying the reſpective Subſidies or Duties thereby continued, or for making any Drawbacks, Repayments or Allowances out of any of the ſaid Subſidies or Duties upon Exportation, ſhall be revived and be continued, and be in force and virtue during the continuance of this Act, in as full and ample manner, to all intents and purpoſes, as if the ſaid Powers, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauſes, Matters and Things, and every of them, were again repeated and re-enacted in the body of this preſent Act.

XXIII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Author- *European* Linen, Siſters Thread, &c. exempted.
rity aforeſaid, That all European Linens, Siſters Threads, and Caps, or Incle, Linſeed and Flax, ſhall be exempted from the Payment of the ſaid Duties, called the Two third Subſidies, during the continuance of the ſame by virtue of this Act.

XXV. And whereas by the ſaid Act of the Sixth Year of her Ma- Duties on Coffee, Tea, &c. continued for ever.
jeſties Reign it was amongſt other things Enacted, That the Duties upon Coffee, Cocoa Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa-Paſte, Tea, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace and Pickles, and upon Muſlins, and the increaſed or New Additional Rates and Duties upon all Coffee, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa-Paſte, Tea, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace and Pickles, and the further Rates and Sums charged or impoſed for and upon all White Callicoes, Porcelain, commonly called China-Ware, and Drugs (except Drugs for Dying) in the ſaid Act mentioned, ſhould be continued, and be paid and payable unto her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon the ſame Commodities and Merchandizes reſpectively, which ſhould be imported into Great Britain from and after the Twenty third day of June One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, at any time or times within or during the Term of Four Years from thence next and immediately enſuing: Now it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Duties upon Coffee, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa-Paſte, Tea, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, and Pickles, and Muſlins, and the ſaid increaſed or New Additional Rates and Duties upon all Coffee, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa-Paſte, Tea, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, and Pickles, and the ſaid further Rates and Sums charged or impoſed upon all White Callicoes, Porcelain, commonly called China-Ware, and Drugs (except Exception.
6 A. cap. 22. Drugs for Dying) ſo continued by the ſaid Act of the Sixth Year

of

of her Majesties Reign, for the Term of Four Years, as aforesaid, shall be further continued, for and upon the same Commodities and Merchandizes respectively (except before excepted) which shall be imported or brought into Great Britain at any time or times from and after the Expiration of the said Term of Four Years, and shall be paid and payable to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for ever, for the purposes in this Act expressed, subject nevertheless to the Proviso and Condition of Redemption herein after contained and relating thereunto. *Vide* 1 Geo. cap. 12. 3 Geo. cap. 8.

Duties on Coffee, &c. how to be raised.

XXVI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said last mentioned Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money, by this Act continued, as aforesaid, and every of them respectively, shall be ascertained, secured, raised, levied, recovered, answered, paid, and accounted for, by such Rules, Ways, Means and Methods, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and with such Distribution of the said Penalties and Forfeitures, and subject to such Drawbacks, Allowances and Repayments, and in such manner and form in all respects, as the like Rates, Duties and Sums of Money continued by the said Act of the Sixth Year of her Majesties Reign are thereby, or by any other Act or Acts, Laws, and Statutes whereunto that Act hath reference, prescribed, enacted or appointed, to be ascertained, secured, raised, levied, recovered, answered, paid and accounted for, during the Continuance thereof; and that all such of the Powers, Directions, Penalties and Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, provided, settled or established by the said Act of the Sixth Year of her Majesties Reign, or by any other Act or Acts now in force, whereunto that Act hath relation, for the better ascertaining, raising, levying, recovering, answering or paying the respective Rates, Duties and Sums of Money upon Coffee, Cocoa-Nuts, and other the last mentioned Commodities thereby continued, or for making any Drawbacks, Repayments or Allowances out of any of the said Rates, Duties and Sums of Money upon Exportation, shall be revived, and be continued, and be in force and virtue during the continuance thereof by this Act, in as full and ample manner, to all intents and purposes, as if the said Powers, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, and every of them, were again repeated and re-enacted in the body of this present Act. 6 A. cap. 22.

XXVIII. And whereas several Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Duties and Sums of Money upon Wines, Goods and Merchandizes, were given and granted to his late Majesty King Charles the Second (of Blessed Memory) for his Life, by an Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth Year of his Reign [Intituled, A Subsidy granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandizes exported and imported] and by the Book of Rates thereunto annexed; which Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Duties and Sums of Money upon Wines, Goods and Merchandizes, as well exported as imported (with some Alterations) were, by several subsequent Acts, granted to continue until the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and ten; and by an Act made in the Fifth Year of her now Majesties Reign [Intituled, An Act for continuing several Subsidies, Impositions, and Duties, and for making Provisions therein mentioned, to raise Money by way of Loan for the Service of the War, and other her Majesties necessary and important Occasions, and for ascertaining the Wine-Measure] the said Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Duties and Sums of Money last mentioned, were enacted to continue and be payable to her Majesty for and upon all Wines, Goods and Merchandizes which should be imported at any time or times between the Last day of July, One thousand seven hundred and ten, and the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and twelve. And whereas by an Act made in the Sixth Year of her Majesties Reign [Intituled, An Act for continuing the Half-Subsidies therein mentioned, with several Impositions, and other Duties, to raise Money by way of Loan for the Service of the War, and other her Majesties Necessary and Important Occasions, and for charging of Prize-Goods 12 Car. 2 c. 4. 5 A. cap. 27. 6 A. cap. 29.

Goods and Seizures, and for taking off the Drawbacks of Foreign Cordage, and to obviate the Clandeſtine Importation of Wrought Silks] It was Enacted (amongſt other things) That over and above all other Subſidies, Additional Duties, Impoſitions and Payments whatſoever, by any former or other Act or Acts of Parliament, or otherwiſe howſoever, then due or payable, or which then ought to be paid to her Majeſty for or upon any Wines, Goods or Merchandizes whatſoever, imported or to be imported, there ſhould be raiſed, levied, collected, paid and ſatisfied unto her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all Wines, Goods and Merchandizes, which at any time or times from and after the Laſt day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, and before the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen, ſhould be imported or brought into Great Britain, One moiety or Half-part of ſuch and the like ſeveral and reſpective Subſidies, Duties and Sums of Money, as by the ſaid Act of the Fifth Year of her Majeſties Reign were charged or payable within or during the Term thereby granted or limited, for or upon the like imported Wines, Goods and Merchandizes reſpectively (except ſuch Goods and other Merchandizes as by the ſaid Act of the Fifth Year of her Majeſties Reign, or by any Law in force at the making of the ſaid Act of the Sixth Year of her Majeſties Reign, were exempted from the Payment of the Subſidies or Duties which were firſt granted in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, as aforeſaid: Now it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid One moiety, or Half-part of the ſaid Subſidies, Duties and Sums of Money, granted by the ſaid laſt mentioned Act of the Sixth Year of her Majeſties Reign upon Wines, Goods and Merchandizes imported, as aforeſaid, into Great Britain, (except as in ths ſame Act is excepted) ſhall from and after the Laſt day of July One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen, be further continued and charged, and ſhall be paid and payable to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for ever, for the purpoſes in this Act expreſſed, ſubject nevertheleſs to the Proviſo or Condition of Redemption herein after contained, and relating thereunto.

5 A. *cap.* 27.

6 A. *cap.* 19.

Vide 1 Geo. *cap.* 12. 3 Geo. *cap.* 8.

Half-Subſidies of 6 *Annæ* continued for ever,

Subject to Redemption.

XXIX. And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in all caſes were by the ſaid laſt mentioned Act of the Sixth Year of her Majeſties Reign, any Drawbacks, or Abatements are to be made of the whole, or any part of the Duties thereby impoſed on any Wines, Goods, or Merchandizes imported, there ſhall be in the like caſes, the like proportional Drawbacks and Abatements made of the whole, or part of the Duties by this Act impoſed upon the ſame Wines, Goods and Merchandizes reſpectively; and that the ſaid moiety, or Half-part of the ſaid Subſidies, Duties and Sums of Money by this Act granted, ſhall be raiſed, collected, levied, ſecured and paid, within and throughout the whole Kingdom of Great Britain, by the ſame Ways, Means and Methods, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and with ſuch Allowances, and ſubject to ſuch Rules and Directions, as in and by the ſaid laſt mentioned Act of the Sixth Year of her Majeſties Reign, or by any other Act or Acts therein referred unto, are preſcribed or appointed for the raiſing, collecting, levying, ſecuring and paying the ſaid moiety, or Half-part of the ſame Subſidies, Duties and Sums of Money granted by the ſame Act of the Sixth Year of her ſaid Majeſties Reign; and that every Article, Rule and Clauſe contained in the ſaid laſt mentioned Act of the Sixth Year of her Majeſties Reign, or in any Act or Acts of Parliament therein mentioned, or thereby referred unto, for raiſing, collecting, levying, ſecuring and paying the ſaid moiety, or Half-part of the ſaid Subſidies, Duties and Sums of Money upon Wines, Goods and Merchandizes thereby granted, as aforeſaid, during the Continuance thereof, are and ſhall be by force of this Act revived, and ſhall be uſed, exerciſed and put in practice for the raiſing, levying, collecting and anſwering the ſaid moiety, or Half-part of the Subſidies, Duties and Sums of Money upon Wines, Goods and Merchandizes by this Act granted or impoſed, as aforeſaid, and all Arrears

6 A. *cap.* 19.

Same Drawbacks, &c. as by the former Act.

Former Powers for levying the Duty continued.

of the ſame, from time to time, for the uſes and purpoſes in this Act expreſſed, as fully and effectually, as if the ſame Articles, Rules and Clauſes, and every of them, were again particularly, and at large recited and re-enacted in the body of this preſent Act, excepting only as to ſuch of the ſaid Articles, Rules and Clauſes, touching which other Proviſions, Alterations or Exemptions are made by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in being, which other Proviſions, Alterations or Exemptions, ſhall be obſerved with reſpect to the moiety, or half-part of the Subſidies, Duties or Sums of Money upon Wines, Goods and Merchandizes hereby continued, as aforeſaid, in the ſame manner as they are to be obſerved in reſpect to the ſaid moiety, or half-part of the ſaid Subſidies, Duties or Sums of Money formerly granted, as aforeſaid.

Exception.

XXXI. And whereas by another Act of the Sixth Year of her Majeſties Reign, [Intituled, An Act for continuing one Half-part of the Subſidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Duties upon Wines, Goods and Merchandizes imported, which were granted to the Crown in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second; and for ſettling a Fund thereby, and by other Ways and Means, for Payment of Annuities, not exceeding Eighty thouſand Pounds *per Annum*, to be ſold for raiſing a further Supply to her Majeſty, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and eight, and other Uſes therein expreſſed] It was (amongſt other things) Enacted, That over and above all other Subſidies, Additional Duties, Impoſitions and Payments whatſoever, by any former, or other Act or Acts of Parliament, or otherwiſe howſoever, then due or payable, or which ought to be paid to her Majeſty, for or upon any Wines, Goods or Merchandizes whatſoever, imported or to be imported, there ſhould be raiſed, levied, collected, paid and ſatisfied unto her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all Wines, Goods and Merchandizes, which at any time or times from and after the Laſt day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, within or during the Term of Ninety ſix Years from thence next and immediately enſuing, ſhould be imported or brought into Great Britain, One moiety, or half-part of ſuch and the like ſeveral and reſpective Subſidies and Duties, and Sums of Money, as by the ſaid Act of the Fifth Year of her Majeſties Reign, (therein mentioned) are charged or payable within or during the Term or Time thereby granted or limited for or upon the like imported Wines, Goods and Merchandizes reſpectively (except ſuch Goods and other Merchandizes as by the ſaid laſt mentioned Act of the Fifth Year of her Majeſties Reign, or by any Law in force, were exempted from the Payment of the Subſidies or Duties which were firſt granted in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, as aforeſaid. And whereas a Sum not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Eighty thouſand Pounds per Annum, to ariſe by and out of the ſaid laſt mentioned moiety, or half-part of the ſaid Subſidies, Duties and Sums of Money upon Wines, Goods and Merchandizes, is by the ſaid laſt mentioned Act of the Sixth Year of her Majeſties Reign appropriated for and during the ſaid Term of Ninety ſix Years for the Payment of Annuities to be purchaſed in purſuance of that Act; in which ſaid Act it is provided and enacted, That if at the end of any Quarter of a Year of the Term for which the Annuities upon that Act were to be purchaſed, the Monies ariſing at the Exchequer of or for the ſaid Half-Subſidies and Duties by that Act appropriated (certain Contribution-Money therein mentioned to be reſerved being excepted) ſhould exceed all the Monies then due for or upon the ſame Annuities, and all Arrearages thereof, then or at any time or times before that time incurred, ſo that there ſhould be an Exceſs or Surplus remaining in the Exchequer, ſuch Exceſs or Surplus ſhould be diſpoſable from time to time for the Publick Uſe and Service, and not otherwiſe: Now it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Exceſs or Surplus which ſhall from time to time ariſe of and from the laſt mentioned moiety, or half-part of the ſaid Subſidies, Duties and Sums of Monies upon Wines, Goods and Merchandizes after Payment and Satisfaction,

6 A. *cap.* 11.

5 A. *cap.* 27.

12 Car. 2. *c.* 4.

6 A. *cap.* 11.

Exceſs or Surplus ariſing of the Annuity of 80000 *l.* by the 6 *Anne* cap. 11.

faction, or reserving at the Receipt of her Majesties Exchequer from time to time sufficient to pay and satisfie the said Annuities, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Eighty thousand Pounds per Annum, charged upon the said last mentioned moiety, or Half-part of the Subsidies, Duties or Sums of Money upon Wines, Goods and Merchandizes by the said last mentioned Act of the Sixth Year of her Majesties Reign, during the said Term of Ninety six Years, (except the necessary Charges of raising, levying, collecting, ascertaining and accounting for the same) and also all Arrearages of the said last mentioned moiety, or Half-part of the said Subsidies, Duties and Sums of Money upon Wines, Goods and Merchandizes (not already appropriated, or to be applied by any former Act or Acts of Parliament in that behalf) shall, as the same shall arise, be kept distinct and apart in her Majesties Exchequer for the Purposes in this Act expressed, and for no other use, intent or purpose whatsoever. to be kept apart in the Exchequer for the Purposes of this Act.

XXXII. And it is hereby Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Subsidies of Connage and Poundage, and other Duties commonly called by the Name of The Two Third Subsidies, which from and after the Expiration of the said Term of Three Years formerly granted therein, as aforesaid, shall arise, grow due, or become payable by virtue of this Act to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, and all the Monies which from and after the paying off and discharging all the said Loans, not exceeding Six hundred thirty six thousand nine hundred fifty seven Pounds, Four Shillings and a Half-peny, and all the Interest thereof, shall or may arise during the then Remainder of the said Term of Three Years of or for the said Subsidies and Duties, commonly called The Two Third Subsidies, granted or continued by the said Act of the Sixth Year of her Majesties Reign; and the said Duties upon Coffee, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa-Paste, Tea, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, and Pictures, and upon Muslins, and the increased or New Additional Rates and Duties upon all Coffee, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa-Paste, Tea, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, and Pictures; and the further Rates and Sums charged or imposed for and upon all White Callicoes, Porcelain, commonly called China-Wares, and Drugs, which from and after the Expiration of the said Term of Four Years formerly granted therein, as aforesaid, shall arise, grow due, or become payable by virtue of this Act to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, and all the Monies which from and after the paying off and discharging all the said Loans, not exceeding Seven hundred thousand Pounds, and all the Interest thereof, shall or may arise during the then Remainder of the said Term of Four Years of and in the said Duties, and Additional or further Duties on Coffee and other the enumerated Commodities last mentioned, granted by the said Act of the Sixth Year of her Majesties Reign, and the said Half-Subsidies and other Duties which from and after the said Last day of July, One thousand seven hundred and fourteen shall arise, grow due, or become payable by virtue of this Act to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, and all the Monies which from and after the paying off and discharging all the said Loans, not exceeding Seven hundred twenty nine thousand sixty seven Pounds, Fifteen Shillings and Six Pence, Three Farthings, borrowed or authorized to be borrowed, as aforesaid, and all the Interest Monies secured, or intended to be secured by the said Act of the Sixth Year of her Majesties Reign in that behalf, or reserving sufficient Money in the Exchequer for that purpose, as aforesaid, shall or may arise of or for the like Half-Subsidies or Duties by the same Act of the Sixth Year of her Majesties Reign until the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and fourteen, and all the Monies which (at the end of any Quarter of a Year of the Term for which the said Annuities not exceeding Eighty thousand Pounds per Annum upon the said other Act of the Sixth Year of her Majesties Reign are purchased) shall arise at the Exchequer of or for the other Half-Subsidies or Duties by that

6 A. cap. 22. The Two Third Subsidies.

The Duty on Coffee, &c.

The Duty on White Callicoes, &c.

The Half-Subsidies, &c. from the 31 July, 1714.

6 A. cap. 19.

6 A. cap. 11. and the Surplus of the other Half-Subsidy over and above 80000 l.

Act appropriated over and above the Monies then due for or upon the same Annuities, or for Arrearages thereof, then or at any time or times before that time incurred, as aforesaid, (the necessary Charges of raising, levying, collecting, answering, paying and accounting for the said Subsidies, Duties, Surplus-Monies, Remains and Arrears respectively, and the Charges of making and issuing all the Exchequer Bills to be made forth or issued in pursuance of this Act always excepted and foreprized) are and shall be a General Fund and Security, as well for satisfying and paying from time to time all such Monies as shall be due or payable, according to the true meaning of this Act, for the said Interest to be born on the said Bills, and for the said Præmium or Allowance after the rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, and for or towards raising the yearly Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds, to commence as is herein after mentioned, for paying off and cancelling the said Bills in the manner herein after expressed.

made a General Fund for paying off and cancelling Exchequer Bills, &c.

XXXIII. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That there shall be provided and kept in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt of her Majesties Exchequer, one or more Book or Books, in which all the Monies arising by the said several Subsidies, Duties, Surplus-Monies, Remains and Arrears, comprehended in the said General Fund and Security by this Act intended to be established, and which shall be brought into the said Receipt, from time to time, shall be entred apart and distinct: And the same Subsidies, Duties, Surplus-Monies, Remains and Arrears, and every of them (as they respectively shall Commence, Arise or take Place) shall be and are by this Act appropriated, and shall be applied thereunto, in such manner and form as are herein after mentioned, (that is to say) That from and immediately after the time that the said Subsidies, Duties, Surplus-Monies, Remains and Arrears, by this Act made a General Fund or Security, as aforesaid, shall take effect, and produce Money sufficient for the Payment of so much as shall incur, grow due, or be payable quarterly (reckoning the Quarters to end at the Four usual Feasts of the Year) for and upon the said Interest to be born upon the said Bills, and for and upon the said Præmium or Allowance after the rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum for Circulation, the Money so arising by the said General Fund or Security, shall in the First place be issued and paid (as this Act directs) for the discharging the said Interest and Allowance to incur or grow due for every such Quarter respectively, with preference to all other Payments whatsoever. And for making good the said Interest after the rate of Two Pence per Centum per Diem, and the said Allowance after the rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, until the said Subsidies, Duties, Surplus-Monies, Remains and Arrears, composing the said General Fund and Security by this Act intended to be established, or some of them shall take effect, and be sufficient for those purposes; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Lord High-Treasurer of Great Britain, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, shall, and he and they are hereby required and impowered (upon every of the Four usual quarterly Feast-Days of the Year, which shall happen between the first issuing of the said Exchequer Bills or any of them, until the said Fund or Security by this Act established shall take effect, and be sufficient for paying and satisfying the said Interest after the rate of Two Pence per Centum per Diem, and the said Allowances after the rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, as aforesaid) to compute, or cause to be computed the Sum which on every of the said Feast-Days shall be then due and owing (over and above so much as shall have been applied to those purposes, of said Subsidy, Duties, and Sums of Money last mentioned) upon and for the said Interest after the rate of Two Pence per Centum per Diem, and Allowance after the rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, according to the Tenor and true Meaning of this Act, and make out or cause to be made out other Exchequer Bills for so much as shall be so computed to be due on each

A Book to be kept in the Auditors Office for entring the General Fund.

Till the Fund established takes effect, Treasury to compute quarterly the Interest due on Exchequer Bills:

And to make out other Bills for so much as shall be due,

each quarterly Day upon or for such Interest and Allowances, as aforesaid; and that the said other Bills to be made out quarterly, as aforesaid, shall bear the like Interest after the rate of Two Pence per Centum per Diem; and the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England and their Successors shall have, receive and be entitled unto the like Allowance after the rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, for circulating thereof, to be computed from the respective times of issuing the same; and the said quarterly Bills, so to be made out, shall be received and taken, and shall Pass and be Current in like manner and form to all intents and purposes, and with such Privileges and Advantages, and shall be subject to such Rules and Directions as the said Bills to be made out and issued for the said Sum of Two millions five hundred thousand Pounds, or any part thereof, are by this Act directed and appointed; which said Bills to be made out quarterly, as aforesaid, for all the said Allowances which shall be due or payable after the rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, until such time, as aforesaid, shall be dated on the respective Quarter Days to which the said Allowances shall be computed, and be issued and paid to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England and their Successors, in Satisfaction and Discharge of so much of the said Allowances to be paid unto them in pursuance of this Act; and the said Bills to be made out quarterly, as aforesaid, for the said Interest after the rate of Two Pence per Diem, shall be issued at her Majesties Exchequer, for paying off and discharging, or to raise Money for paying off and discharging all the Interest which shall be due upon all and every, or any the Bills to be made forth in pursuance of this Act, until such time, as aforesaid.

with like Interest and Currency, &c.

and be dated on the Quarter Day to which the Interest is computed, and paid to the Bank, &c.

XXXIV. And it is hereby Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That out of the Remainder of the said Subsidies, Duties, Surplus-Monies, Remains and Arrears, composing the said General Fund and Security by this Act intended to be established, as aforesaid, when and as the same shall respectively take effect (regard being first had to the said Payments for Interest and Circulation, which are always to be Preferred, as aforesaid) the full and entire yearly Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, or so much thereof as the said Remainder of the said General Fund will from time to time extend unto, shall be, and is by this Act appropriated for the paying off all the Principal Money which shall be contained in all and every the Exchequer Bills which shall be made forth, by or in pursuance of this Act, and for Cancelling the same, until all the said Bills shall be discharged and cancelled.

Remainder of the Subsidies, &c. appropriated for paying off Exchequer Bills.

XXXVI. Provided also, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if at the end of any Quarter of a Year after the Funds for the said Interest and Allowances, and for Cancelling Bills, as aforesaid, shall respectively commence or take effect, according to the intent and true meaning of this Act, (reckoning the Quarters to end at the usual Feasts above mentioned) the Produce of the same Funds, or any of them, shall exceed the Money then due by this Act for the said Interest and Allowances, and upon the said Two hundred thousand Pounds per Annum, so that there shall be an Excess or Surplus of the said Fund, such Excess or Surplus, shall be disposable from time to time for the Publick use and service by Authority of Parliament, and not otherwise; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Surplus of any Quarter disposable by Parliament.

XL. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any of the Officers of her Majesties Exchequer, or any Officer or Officers to be appointed, in pursuance of this Act, shall divert or misapply any of the Monies hereby appropriated for Payment of the said Interest, after the rate of Two Pence per Centum per Diem, or the said Allowances after the rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, or for cancelling and discharging the said Exchequer Bills to be made in pursuance of this Act, or shall pay or issue out the same, or any part thereof, otherwise than according to the intent of this Act, or shall not keep Books, and make Entries, and

Officers misapplying the Money, &c. forfeit Office, &c.

and do and perform all other things which by this Act they are required to do and perform, every such Officer shall forfeit his Office, and for the future be incapable of any Office or Place of Trust, and shall answer and pay treble Damages and Costs of Suit, to be recovered by the said Governor and Company, and their Successors, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information in any of her Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Privilege of Parliament, or other Privilege, Wager of Law, Injunction, or Order of Restraint, or more than One Imparlance shall be granted or allowed, and in the said Action the said Governor and Company, and their Successors, shall have full Costs, One full third part of which Sum to be recovered for Damages, shall be to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, and the other Two third parts, with the Costs, shall be to the use of the said Governor and Company, and their Successors.

Exchequer Bills to be taken by all Receivers, &c.

XLI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Bills so to be issued, in pursuance of this Act, as well those for her Majesties Supply, as the quarterly Bills to be made out, as aforesaid, shall be received and taken by, and shall Pass and be Current to all and every the Receivers or Collectors in Great Britain, of the Customs, Excise, or of any Revenue, Aid, Tax or Supply whatsoever already granted, due or payable, or which shall or may hereafter be granted, due or payable to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for the War, or any other Use or Service whatsoever, and also at the Receipt of the Exchequer, from the said Receivers or Collectors, or from any other Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate whatsoever, making any Payment or Loans there to her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors, for or upon any account, cause or occasion whatsoever, until the full paying off and cancelling of the said Bills, and every of them, according to the purport and true meaning of this Act; and that such of the said Bills as shall be so received at the Exchequer, shall and may be locked up and secured, as Cash, according to the Course of the said Exchequer, settled and established by Law, for locking up and securing Money in Specie received there.

and at the Exchequer.

Receivers, &c. to Exchange the Bills for Ready Money, on Penalty.

XLII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the Receivers and Collectors in Great Britain, of the Customs, Excise, or of any Revenue, Aid, Tax, or Supply whatsoever, already granted, due or payable, or which shall or may hereafter be granted, due or payable to her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors, for the War, or any other Use or Service whatsoever, shall, and they are hereby directed and required, out of any Current Coyned Money as shall then be in their hands of such Revenue, Aid, Tax or Supply, to pay such of the said Bills as shall be brought unto them respectively by any Person or Persons desirous to have Money for the same; and in case such Receiver or Collector shall neglect or refuse to Exchange such Bills for Ready Money by the space of Four and twenty Hours, then the Person or Persons demanding the same, shall or may bring an Action of Debt or upon the case for the Principal and Interest Monies due on such Bill against such Receiver or Collector, having Money in his hands, as aforesaid, in which Action the Plaintiff shall and may declare, That such Receiver or Collector is indebted to such Plaintiff the Money demanded upon every such Bill, according to the Form of this Statute, and hath not paid the same, which shall be sufficient; and the Plaintiff in every such Action shall recover against such Receiver or Collector, not only the Money so neglected or refused to be paid, but also the Damages, besides full Costs of Suit, and such Receiver or Collector shall be subject and liable thereunto; in which Action no Essoign, Protection, Privilege, or Wager of Law shall be allowed, or any more than One Imparlance; and upon payment of the Money so to be recovered, the Plaintiff, his Executors or Assigns, shall deliver up such Bill to the Defendant, his Executors and Assigns.

The Bills to pass as Specie in the Exchequer.

XLIII. And be it further Enacted, That as any of the Bills to be made forth in pursuance of this Act, shall be paid or lent into the

the Exchequer by any of her Majesties Receivers, or other Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, making any Payments or Loans at the said Exchequer, the Officers there shall cause Tallies to be levied and delivered to the Payers or Lenders, as amply and effectually to all intents and purposes, as if they had made such Payments or Loans in Specie.

Interest on Bills to be allowed by Receivers, &c.

XLIV. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Interest which shall from time to time be due upon any of the Bills to be made forth in pursuance of this Act, shall be allowed to all Persons, Bodies Politick and Corporate, paying the same to any Receivers or Collectors, Receiver or Collector, for any her Majesties Revenues, Aids, Tares or Supplies, or by way of Exchange, as aforesaid, or paying or lending the same into her Majesties Exchequer, as aforesaid, unto the respective Days such Bill or Bills shall be so paid, exchanged or lent.

Bills in Receivers hands, &c. Interest to cease.

XLV. Provided always, and it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Interest shall run or be paid on or for any of the Bill or Bills to be made forth in pursuance of this Act for such time as any such Bill or Bills so paid, exchanged or lent, shall remain in the hands of any the said Receivers or Collectors, or in the hands of any Teller or Tellers of her Majesties Exchequer; but for such time the said Interest on such Bills shall cease for the publick benefit and advantage.

XLVI. And to the end it may be known for what time the said Bill or Bills to be made forth in pursuance of this Act, shall from time to time remain in the hands of such Receivers or Collectors, or in her Majesties Exchequer, as aforesaid, and at what time the Bills, to be re-issued from the Exchequer, are to be circulated by the said Governor and Company; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Person or Persons who shall pay such Bill or Bills to any Receiver or Collector of any her Majesties Revenues, Aids, Tares or Supplies, by way of exchange or otherwise, or shall pay or lend such Bill or Bills into her Majesties Exchequer, as aforesaid, shall at the time of making such Payment, exchange or loan on each Bill so paid, exchanged or lent, put his, her or their Name or Names, and write thereon, in words at length, the Day of the Month, and Year on which he, she or they so paid, lent or exchanged such Bill or Bills; all which the said Receivers and Collectors respectively, and also the respective Tellers in the Exchequer, shall take care to see done and performed accordingly, to which respective Days the said Receivers or Collectors shall be allowed again the Interest which he or they shall have allowed upon such respective Bill or Bills, upon his or their paying the same into the Receipt of her Majesties Exchequer, as aforesaid.

Persons paying Bills to Receivers, &c. to endorse their Names, Day and Year when paid.

Bills re-issued to have the Day and Year endorsed, &c.

XLVII. Provided also, and it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That when any of the said Bills shall be re-issued or paid again out of the Receipt of her Majesties Exchequer, the respective Tellers of the said Receipt of the Exchequer, from whose Office such Bill or Bills shall be so re-issued or again paid out, shall Endorse on such Bill or Bills so re-issued, in words at length, the Day of the Month and Year that the same were so re-issued or re-paid out of the said Receipt of the Exchequer, and also on what account the same were last received into the Receipt of the Exchequer, and sign the same, from which time the Interest on such Bill or Bills so re-issued or paid again out of the said Receipt of the Exchequer, shall revive, and such Bill or Bills shall again run and pass at Interest, as the same did before the same were paid unto or exchanged by the said Receivers or Collectors, or before the same were paid or lent into the Exchequer, as aforesaid.

Bills after 24 *June*, 1709. to be re-issued only for the Principal.

XLVIII. And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Bills to be re-issued from time to time, or at any time, at the Exchequer, as aforesaid, after the Twenty fourth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and nine, shall be so re-issued only for the Principal Money to be contained therein.

L. And

Receivers General to keep a Book, &c.

L. And be it Enacted, That every Receiver General of any Revenues, Aids, Taxes or Supplies, belonging or to belong to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, shall keep a fair Book of Account in Writing of all the Monies by him received, in which he or his Deputy or Deputies shall truly enter all the Sums which shall have been received by him or them for every such Revenue, Aid, Tax or Supply, together with the Names of the several Collectors from whom the same, or any part thereof was received, and the Days when, and the Sums paid, and how much thereof in Money, and how much in Bills made forth pursuant to this Act, and what Bills shall have been exchanged by every such Receiver General pursuant to this Act; to which Account every Person concerned shall have free Access at all seasonable Times without Fee or Charge, and the said Accounts shall constantly lie open at one certain Place within the limits of his Receipt for that purpose; and if such Receiver shall neglect to keep such Book, or to enter therein any Sum or Sums of Money by him or them received and paid, as aforesaid, by the space of Three Days after his Receipt or Payment of the same, or shall refuse any Person or Persons concerned to inspect such Book without Fee or Charge, as aforesaid, every such Receiver shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds to any Person or Persons who shall sue for the same, to be recovered by Action of Debt, or of the Case, Bill, Suit or Information in any of her Majesties Courts of Record, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Privilege or Wager of Law shall be allowed, or any more than one Imparlance.

to be inspected without Fee,

on Penalty of 100 *l.*

Bank to exchange all Bills re-issued at the Exchequer.

LI. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and their Successors, after the said Exchequer Bills to be made forth in pursuance of this Act, or any of them, shall be issued, do and shall exchange such of the said Exchequer Bills (as shall have been paid to any Receivers or Collectors of any of her Majesties Revenues, Aids, Taxes or Supplies, or which shall have been exchanged by such Receivers or Collectors for Ready Money, and which shall have also been paid by such Receivers or Collectors into her Majesties Exchequer, as aforesaid, and shall likewise be re-issued or re-paid from her Majesties Exchequer, in manner and form in this Act before expressed, as the said Governor and Company, and their Successors shall be required to exchange by any Person or Persons whatsoever for Ready Money, by paying unto all such Person or Persons in Ready Money, the Sum or Sums for which such Bill or Bills so required to be exchanged were issued, or which the Owner or Owners of such Bills are entitled unto by such Bill or Bills in pursuance of this present Act, together with the Interest that shall at the time of such Demand be due on such Bill or Bills, and so toties quoties, as often as the said Bills shall be paid into the Exchequer by such Receivers or Collectors, and be from thence re-issued in manner and form before mentioned; and the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England shall not be obliged to exchange or pay Ready Money for any of the said Bills by this Act directed or authorized to be made or issued, until the said Bills shall have had a Currency in the Revenue or Taxes, and shall have been re-issued at the Exchequer, as aforesaid, and not before, and so toties quoties, in manner and form, as aforesaid.

Penalty on Bank refusing to exchange.

LII. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case the said Governor and Company, or their Successors, or their Cashier, shall neglect or refuse to exchange such re-issued Exchequer Bill or Bills as are last mentioned, for Ready Money (having the said Allowances of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum paid to them, as aforesaid) contrary to the true intent and meaning of this present Act, upon demand thereof made at their Chief Office (which during the Currency of the Bills to be made forth in pursuance of this present Act, shall be kept at some place within the City of London) by the space of Twenty four Hours, then the Person or Persons demanding the same, or the Per-

Perſon or Perſons for and on whoſe Accounts ſuch demand ſhall be made, ſhall and may, and are hereby enabled to bring his, her or their Action of Debt, or upon the Caſe, for the ſame, againſt the ſaid Governor and Company, or their Succeſſors, in which Action the Perſon or Perſons ſo bringing the ſame, ſhall and may declare, that the ſaid Governor and Company are indebted to the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs therein, the Money demanded upon the ſaid re-iſſued Bill or Bills, according to the Form of the Statute, and have not paid the ſame, which ſhall be ſufficient; and the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in ſuch Action or Actions, ſhall recover againſt the ſaid Governor and Company, not only the Money ſo neglected or refuſed to be paid, but alſo Damages, beſides full Coſts of Suit, and the ſaid Governor and Company, and their Succeſſors, ſhall be and are hereby made ſubject and liable thereunto; in which ſaid Action or Actions, no Eſſoign, Protection or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed, nor any more than One Imparlance.

Bills filled up by Indorſements, &c. Treaſury to iſſue new ones.

LIII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any of the Exchequer Bills to be made forth, in purſuance of this Act, ſhall be filled up by Writing or Indorſements to be made thereon, as aforeſaid, or ſhall by any Accident be defaced, It ſhall and may be lawful for the Lord High-Treaſurer of Great Britain, or any Three or more of the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury for the time being, and he and they are hereby authorized and enjoyned, upon requeſt to be made by the ſaid Governor and Company, or their Succeſſors, from time to time, to cauſe New Bills to be made forth at the Receipt of the Exchequer, in lieu of ſuch Bills as ſhall be filled up or defaced, which Old Bills ſo filled up or defaced, ſhall be cancelled at the Receipt of the Exchequer, and kept there; and ſuch New Bills ſhall have the like Currency, and ſhall in all reſpects be ſubject to the ſame Rules, Methods and Continuance, as if the ſame had been Bills originally iſſued in purſuance of this Act, and ſhall bear the ſame Numbers, Dates and Principal Sums, and carry the like Intereſt as were born and carried by the Old Bills ſo cancelled reſpectively, and ſo toties quoties, as often as any of the Bills to be made forth by this Act ſhall happen to be filled up or defaced, as aforeſaid.

Felony to Counterfeit Exchequer Bills.

LVI. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall Forge or Counterfeit any Exchequer Bill to be made forth, in purſuance of this Act, or any Indorſement thereon, or tender in Payment any ſuch Forged or Counterfeit Bill with ſuch Counterfeit Indorſement, or demand to have the ſame exchanged for Ready Money by the ſaid Governor and Company, or their Succeſſors, or by any Receiver or Collector, as aforeſaid, (knowing the Bill ſo tendred in Payment, or demanded to be exchanged, or the Indorſement thereon, to be forged or counterfeited) and with intent to Defraud her Majeſty, her Heirs or Succeſſors, or any other Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, then every ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo offending (being thereof lawfully Convicted) ſhall be adjudged a Felon, and ſuffer as in caſes of Felony, without benefit of Clergy.

After the Bills are all diſcharged, the Duties are redeemed.

LXV. Provided always, and it is hereby further Enacted, That from and after the complete paying off, and diſcharging the ſaid Principal and Intereſt due on all the ſaid Exchequer Bills to be iſſued in purſuance of this Act, and cancelling all the Bills, and full Satisfaction made, as aforeſaid, of all Arrearages of the ſaid Allowances, after the rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum for circulating the ſame, then, and not till then, the ſeveral Duties by this Act ſettled or appropriated, as well for Payment of the ſaid Intereſt, after the rate of Two Pence per Centum per Diem, and the ſaid Allowance after the rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, as for raiſing the ſaid yearly Sum of Two hundred thouſand Pounds, and every of them, ſhall be underſtood to be redeemed by Parliament, and ſhall not be iſſued, paid or applied to any uſe, intent or purpoſe whatſoever, without the Authority of

Parliament; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

The not redeeming the said Duties, not to hinder the Redemption of the Original Fund, &c.

LXVI. Provided nevertheless That nothing in this Act contained, for or concerning the Redemption of the said Duties by this Act settled and appropriated, as well for Payment of the said Interest, after the rate of Two Pence per Diem, and the said Allowance after the rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, as for raising the said yearly Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds for cancelling the said Bills, shall in any wise prevent or hinder the Redemption of the said Original Fund of One hundred thousand Pounds per Annum, or the said Annuity of One hundred and six thousand five hundred and one Pounds, thirteen Shillings and Five Pence, pursuant to the respective Provisoes for those purposes in this Act contained; but that the same, or either of them may be redeemed from the said Governor and Company, or their Successors, according to the respective Provisoes or Conditions in this Act contained, without Redemption of the said Duties and Funds hereby settled in relation to the Exchequer Bills to be made forth in pursuance of this Act, as aforesaid; any thing herein contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Anno 7 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. VIII.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for continuing several Impositions and Duties, to raise Money by way of Loan; and for exporting *British* Copper and Brass-Wire Duty-free; and for circulating a further Sum in Exchequer Bills, in case a New Contract be made in that behalf; and concerning the Oaths to be Administred in relation to *Italian* Thrown Silks, and touching Oyls and Plantation-Goods of Foreigners, taken or to be taken as Prize; and concerning Drugs of *America* to be imported from her Majesties Plantations; and for the appropriating the Monies given in this Session of Parliament; and for making out Debentures for Two Transport Ships in this Act named; and to allow a further time for Registring certain Debentures, and for Relief of Persons who have lost such Tickets, Exchequer Bills, Debentures, Tallies or Orders, as in this Act are mentioned.

Preamble.

MOST Gracious Sovereign, We your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament assembled, for the better enabling your Majesty to defray the Expences of the present War, and for other your Majesties most necessary and important Occasions, have cheerfully and unanimously given and granted, and do by this Act Give and Grant to your Majesty the several and respective Subsidies, Impositions and Duties herein after particularly described, for and during the Terms herein after expressed, and do most humbly beseech your Majesty, That it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the Queens most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same,

Duties on Wines and Vinegar further continued.

That the several Impositions and Duties upon Wines and Vinegar granted by an Act made in the First Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King James the Second, [Intituled, An Act for granting to his Majesty an Imposition upon all Wines and Vinegar imported between the Twenty fourth day of *June*, One thousand six hundred eighty five, and the Twenty fourth day of *June*, One thousand six hundred ninety three;] which said Act, by several subsequent Acts of Parliament since made, was continued, and is to continue, until the 1 Jac. 2. cap. 3.

First

First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and fourteen, shall, by virtue of this Act, be further continued and be payable to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Wines and Vinegar which shall be imported into Great Britain, from the Last day of July, One thousand seven hundred and fourteen, to the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and no longer; and that the said Act so made in the First Year of the Reign of the said late King James the Second, and all Powers, Provisions, Penalties, Articles and Clauses therein contained, for or concerning the said Impositions on Wines and Vinegar, shall continue and be in full force and effect, until the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and shall be applied, practised and executed for raising, levying, collecting, answering and paying the said Duties upon Wine and Vinegar hereby continued, and all Arrears thereof, according to the tenor and intent of this present Act, as fully, to all intents and purposes, as if all and every the Clauses, Matters and Things in the said Act of the First Year of the Reign of the said King James the Second contained, had been again in this Act repeated and particularly enacted.

Continued for ever, vide 9 A. *cap.* 21. 1 Geo. *cap.* 21. 3 Geo. *cap.* 9.

How to be levied.

II. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Rates, Duties and Impositions upon all sorts of Tobacco, granted by an Act made in the First Year of the Reign of the said late King James the Second, [Intituled, An Act for granting to his Majesty an Imposition upon all Tobacco and Sugar imported between the Twenty fourth day of *June*, One thousand six hundred eighty five, and the Twenty fourth day of *June*, One thousand six hundred ninety three] which said Act, as for and concerning the said Duties and Impositions upon Tobacco only, by several subsequent Acts of Parliament since made, was continued, and is to continue until the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and fourteen, shall, by virtue of this Act, be further continued and paid to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Tobacco to be imported into Great Britain from the Last day of July, One thousand seven hundred and fourteen, to the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and no longer.

Duties on Tobacco further continued.

1 Jac. 2. *cap.* 4.

Continued for ever, vide ut supra.

III. Provided always, and be it Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Duty upon Tobacco which shall be imported within the times by this Act limited, and all Arrears thereof shall be secured, collected, raised, levied, answered, and paid to her Majesty, in such Method, and with such Discount and Allowances, and according to such Rules and Directions as are mentioned, referred to, or prescribed, (as to the Duties or Impositions upon Tobacco) in and by the Act made in the Parliament holden in the Seventh Year of the Reign of King William the Third (of Glorious Memory) Intituled, An Act for continuing several Duties, granted by former Acts upon Wine, Vinegar, and Tobacco, and *East-India* Goods, and other Merchandizes imported, for carrying on the War against *France*, and not otherwise.

Duties how to be levied.

7 W. 3. *cap.* 10. *altered by the* 12 A. *cap.* 8. *and* 5 Geo. *c.* 7.

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Additional and other Rates, Impositions, Duties and Charges upon the several sorts of Goods and Merchandizes, granted by an Act made in the Second Year of the Reign of King William the Third and Queen Mary, [Intituled, An Act for granting to their Majesties certain Impositions upon all *East-India* Goods and Merchandizes, and upon all Wrought Silks, and several other Goods and Merchandizes, to be imported after the Five and twentieth day of *December*, One thousand six hundred and ninety,] and which thereby, and by several Acts of Parliament already made, have Continuance until the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and fourteen, shall be further continued and paid to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for and upon the like Commodities to be imported into Great Britain, from the Last day of July, One thousand seven hundred and fourteen, to the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and no longer; and that the said Act made in the Second Year of their late Majesties Reign, concerning East-India Goods,

Duties on *East-India* Goods wrought Silks, &c. further continued.

2 W. & M. *cap.* 4, (14.)

Continued for ever, vide ut supra.

and other things therein charged, and all Powers, Provisions, Penalties, Articles and Clauses therein contained, shall continue and be of full force and effect, until the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and shall be applied, practised and executed for the raising, levying, collecting, answering and paying the said respective Duties hereby continued, and all Arrears thereof, according to the tenor and intent of this present Act, as fully, and to all intents and purposes, as if the said last mentioned Act, and all and every the Clauses, Matters and Things therein contained, had been again repeated and particularly Enacted; except only as to such part of the said Acts, concerning the said Impositions on Wines, Vinegar, Tobacco, East-India Goods, and other Merchandizes imported, touching which other Provisions or Alterations are made by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, which other Provisions or Alterations are to be observed, and to continue during the Continuance of this present Act; and the said Act [Intituled, An Act for continuing several Duties granted by former Acts upon Wine and Vinegar, and upon Tobacco, and *East-India* Goods and other Merchandizes imported, for carrying on the War against *France*] and every Article, Clause, Matter and Thing therein contained, for the raising, levying, securing, answering and paying the Impositions and Duties on the Merchandizes and Commodities thereby charged, and which are by this Act continued, shall be of full force and effect, until the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen.

How to be levied. Exception. 7 W. 3. c. 10.

Additional Impositions further continued.

V. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Additional and other Rates, Duties, Impositions and Charges upon the several sorts of Goods and Merchandizes granted by an Act of Parliament made in the Fourth Year of their said late Majesties Reign, [Intituled, An Act for granting to their Majesties certain Additional Impositions upon several Goods and Merchandizes, for prosecuting the present War against *France*] which by several subsequent Acts of Parliament already made, have Continuance, until the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and fourteen, shall, by virtue of this Act, be further continued, and be paid and payable to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, throughout Great Britain, from the Last day of July, One thousand seven hundred and fourteen, to the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and no longer; and that the said Act last mentioned, and all Powers, Provisions, Penalties, Articles and Clauses therein contained (except as herein after is excepted and provided) as for and concerning the said Rates, Duties and Impositions, shall continue and be of full force and effect, until the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and shall be applied, practised and executed, for the raising, levying, collecting, answering and paying the said Duties hereby continued, and all Arrears thereof, according to the tenor and intent of this present Act, as if the said last mentioned Act, and all and every the Clauses, Matters and Things therein contained, had been again repeated and particularly enacted in this present Act. Provided also, That in all cases where any other Provision or Alteration is made by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in being, in or about any other Matter or Thing contained in the said Act of Parliament for the Impositions last mentioned, such other Provisions or Alterations shall be observed during the Continuance of the term hereby granted; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

4 W. & M. cap. 5. *Continued for ever*, vide 9 A. cap. 21. 1 Geo. cap. 21. 1 Geo. cap. 9.

How to be levied. Alterations to be observed.

Duties on Whale-Fins further continued.

VI. And it is hereby further Enacted, That the several Impositions and Duties, for and upon all Whale-Fins imported, which by an Act of Parliament in the Ninth Year of the Reign of his said late Majesty King William the Third, [Intituled, An Act for taking away half the Duties imposed on Glass-Wares, and the whole Duties lately laid on Stone and Earthen-Wares and Tobacco-Pipes, and for granting in lieu thereof new Duties on Whale-Fins and *Scotch*-Linen] were granted to his said late Majesty King William, and by subsequent Acts already passed, have Continuance, until the First day of August, One

9 W. 3. cap. 45.

Continued for ever, vide 9 A. cap. 21. 1 Geo. cap. 21. 3 Geo. cap. 9.

One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen, ſhall be and are hereby continued and payable to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, upon all Whale-Fins to be imported into Great Britain, from the Laſt day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen, to the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen, and no longer; and ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected and paid, in ſuch Manner and Form, and by ſuch Ways and Means, and under ſuch Penalties, as are mentioned in the ſaid Act for granting the ſaid Impoſitions on Whale-Fins and Scotch-Linen, which Act with all the Powers, Proviſoes, Penalties, Articles and Clauſes therein contained, or thereby referred to, ſhall continue and be in full force, until the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen, and ſhall be applied, practiſed and put in execution for raiſing and levying the ſaid Duties on Whale-Fins hereby continued, and all Arrears thereof, as fully and effectually as if all the Clauſes, Matters and Things therein contained, concerning the ſaid Duties on Whale-Fins were repeated, and again enacted in the Body of this preſent Act. How to be levied.

1 Jac. 2. cap. 3. 2 W. & M. cap. 4, (14.) 4 W. & M. c. 5. 9 W. 3. cap. 45.

VII. And whereas the ſaid Impoſitions on Wines, Vinegar and Tobacco, which were firſt granted to King James the Second, in the Firſt Year of his Reign, and the ſaid Impoſitions on Eaſt-India Goods, and other Goods charged therewith, which were firſt granted to their late Majeſties King William and Queen Mary, in the Second Year of their Reign, and the ſaid Additional Impoſitions which were firſt granted to them in the Fourth Year of their Reign, and the ſaid Duties on Whale-Fins imported, which were granted to his ſaid late Majeſty King William in the Ninth Year of his Reign, were by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts of Parliament continued, (with ſome Exceptions and Alterations) as aforeſaid, until the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen, in the manner therein mentioned, and are thereby made ſubject and liable (together with ſuch other Duties as are therein expreſſed) to the Satisfaction of ſeveral Principal Sums which were borrowed, or authorized to be borrowed upon thoſe Acts reſpectively, and the Intereſt due, and to be due for the ſame, (which Principal and Intereſt are to be duly paid off and diſcharged in the firſt place;) Now it is hereby further Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and immediately after the time that all the Principal and Intereſt-Monies which by the ſaid former Acts, or any of them, are charged or chargeable on the ſeveral Impoſitions and Duties laſt particularly mentioned, (joyntly with other Duties) as aforeſaid, ſhall be fully paid off and ſatisfied according to the true meaning of the ſaid former Acts, or that ſufficient Money ſhall be reſerved in the Exchequer for that purpoſe, then all the Monies which from thenceforth ſhall ariſe by the ſaid Impoſitions upon Wines, Vinegar and Tobacco, which were firſt granted to King James the Second in the Firſt Year of his Reign, and the ſaid Impoſitions on Eaſt-India Goods, and other Goods charged therewith, which were firſt granted to their late Majeſties King William and Queen Mary, in the Second Year of their Reign, and the ſaid Additional Impoſitions which were firſt granted to them in the Fourth Year of their Reign, and the ſaid Duties on Whale-Fins imported, which were granted to his late Majeſty King William in the Ninth Year of his Reign, for the remainders of the Terms formerly granted, and therein then to come and unexpired (except the neceſſary Charges of raiſing, levying, collecting and accounting for the ſame) ſhall from time to time, be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer diſtinctly, for the purpoſes in this Act expreſſed, and for no other uſe, intent or purpoſe whatſoever. After the Principal, &c. of the former Acts are diſcharged, the ſeveral Duties appropriated for the Uſes of this Act. Except the neceſſary Charges of collecting, &c.

VIII. And whereas it is found by Experience, That the Duties upon the Exportation of Copper of the Produce and Growth of Great Britain, and upon Braſs-Wire made in Great Britain, have annually produced very inconſiderable Sums, and nevertheleſs do hinder the Exportation of ſuch Copper and Wire to the prejudice of this Nation: Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Subſidies or other Duties ſhall be due or payable by *Britiſh* Copper and Braſs-Wire of *Great Britain* to be exported Duty-free.

by any Act or Acts of Parliament whatsoever upon the Exportation of any such Copper or Wire, which from and after the First day of May, One thousand seven hundred and nine shall be exported to or for any Parts beyond the Seas; any Law or Statute whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

X. And whereas by a Clause in an Act of Parliament made in the First Year of her Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for the Importation of Fine *Italian* Thrown Silk, It is Provided and Enacted, That upon the Importation of any Thrown Silk by virtue of the said Act, the Importer or Importers shall, upon Entry at the Custom-house of the said Goods, make Oath before the Commissioners for managing her Majesties Customs, that the said Silk was bought in Italy for his or their account, and shall also at the same time produce to the said Commissioners his Invoice or Letters of Advice, shewing that the said Goods were bought for the proper account of the Importer or Importers of the same: And whereas the administring the said Oath by the Commissioners of the Customs, has been found by experience to be a great hindrance and obstruction to the dispatch of other Merchants Business; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Oath shall be made before the Collector, Customer, Comptroller and Surveyor of the Customs in the Port of London, or any Two of them, (who are hereby impowered to administer the same) and the Importer or Importers shall also at the same time produce to the said Officers, or any Two of them, his Invoice or Letters of Advice, shewing, That the said Goods were bought for the proper account of the Importer or Importers of the same; any thing in the aforesaid recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding. 1 A. *cap.* 27.

Oath upon importing *Italian* Thrown Silk, to be made before the Collector, &c.

All Drugs of *America* may be imported from her Majesties Plantations, and be esteemed to be of the Growth.

XII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Four and twentieth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and nine, Jesuits-Bark, Sarsaparilla, Ballam of Peru and Tolu, and all other Drugs of the Growth and Product of America, may be imported from any of her Majesties Plantations in America, in Ships regularly manned and navigated, paying the same Duty and no more, as if they were imported directly from the Place of their Growth; any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

Anno 7 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XI.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for ascertaining and directing the Payment of the Allowances to be made for or upon the Exportation from *Scotland*, of Fish, Beef, and Pork cured with Foreign Salt imported before the First day of *May*, One thousand seven hundred and seven; and for disposing such Salt still remaining in the hands of her Majesties Subjects there; and for ascertaining and securing the Allowances for Fish and Flesh exported, and to be exported from *Scotland* for the future.

How the Allowances for Fish or Flesh exported from *Scotland*, cured with Foreign Salt, for the future shall be ascertained.

X. AND for the better ascertaining and securing all such Allowances as by Law ought to be made for any Fish or Flesh exported, or hereafter to be exported from Scotland, which have been or shall be duly salted and cured only with Foreign Salt imported since the said First day of May, One thousand seven hundred and seven, or hereafter, to be imported into Scotland, and for which her Majesties Duties payable by the Act of Union, have been or shall have been first duly paid or secured; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all such Allowances (not being already satisfied) shall be paid by the Officer appointed to collect the Duties upon Salt payable in Scotland, out of the same Duties arisen or to arise

arise in the same Port from whence any such Fish have been or shall be exported, within Thirty Days after demand thereof, on a Debenture to be prepared by the Collector of the Customs in the Port where such Fish or Flesh have been or shall be entred out for Exportation, and verified by the Person executing the Office of Searcher in such Port, as to the quantity of Fish or Flesh actually shipt, and that the Oath of the Exporter or Agent be first taken before the Principal Officers of the said Port, before the Debenture be allowed; who are hereby required and impowered to give the said Oath, That the Fish in every such Debenture mentioned, were caught by her Majesties Subjects, Inhabitants of Great Britain, and that the Fish and Flesh in such Debenture mentioned, were really exported to Parts beyond the Seas for Sale, and not intended to be relanded in Great Britain, and were duly cured only with Foreign Salt imported into Scotland after the said First day of May, One thousand seven hundred and seven, without any mixture of British or Irish Salt, and that her Majesties Duties for such imported Salt shall have been duly paid or secured; all which particulars shall be specified in such Debentures respectively, for which Debenture or Debentures no Fee or Reward shall be taken; and in case the Officer hereby directed to pay such Debenture, shall not have sufficient Money in his hands to pay the same, then such Officer and Officers shall give a Certificate in writing thereof (without Fee or Charge) to the Exporter, or his Agent, to be directed either to the Commissioners of the Customs, or the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland (at the Option of the said Exporter, or his Agent) and upon producing such Certificates, together with the Debenture or Debentures so certified to the Commissioners of the Customs, or the Commissioners of Excise for the time being, to whom such Certificate shall be directed, shall cause such Debenture or Debentures so certified, to be paid and satisfied without Fee or Charge, in course, out of any her Majesties Duties arising upon Salt in Scotland, or out of the said Revenues of Customs and Excise in Scotland, or any of them, which are hereby charged therewith, and made liable thereunto, out of the first Monies arising by the said Revenues respectively, and with preference to all other Payments whatsoever to be made out of the same; the charges of raising and managing those Revenues, and the Fees, Salaries, and other charges allowed, or to be allowed by her Majesty, her Heirs, or Successors, for keeping up the Court of Session and Justiciary, and the Exchequer-Court in Scotland always excepted and foreprized; any Law, Statute, or Usage to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding; and any Officer or Officers, Commissioner or Commissioners, to whom it shall belong to certifie or pay any such Debenture or Debentures, refusing or neglecting to do, his or their duty therein, as is hereby directed, shall forfeit double the Sum so to be paid, to the Party grieved, to be recovered in the Exchequer of Scotland, as aforesaid.

Not to charge the Overplus of the Customs or Excise in *Scotland*.

XI. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to charge any part of, or lessen directly or indirectly the Overplus of the Customs of Scotland, exceeding the Sum of Thirty thousand Pounds per Annum, mentioned in the Fifteenth Article of the said Union, or any part of the Overplus of the Excise of Scotland, exceeding the Sum of Thirty three thousand five hundred Pounds per Annum, mentioned in the same Article; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Anno 7 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XXIV.

A Clauſe in an Act, Intituled, An Act for continuing the former Acts for the Encouragement of the Coinage, and to Encourage the bringing Foreign Coins and *Britiſh* or Foreign Plate to be Coined, and for making Proviſion for the Mints in *Scotland*, and for the proſecuting Offences concerning the Coin in *England*.

Preamble.

Whereas great benefit and advantage hath accrued to this Kingdom by one Act of Parliament paſſed in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for Encouraging of Coinage, and continued by another Act made in the Five and twentieth Year of the Reign of his ſaid Majeſty King Charles, Intituled, An Act for continuing a former Act concerning Coinage; both which ſaid Acts were revived by an Act made in the Firſt Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King James the Second, and were continued by an Act made in the Fourth and Fifth Year of King William and Queen Mary, of Bleſſed Memory, and were further continued by an Act made in the Twelfth and Thirteenth Year of the Reign of the late King William, of Glorious Memory, to be in force for Seven Years, from the Firſt day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and one, and from thence to the end of the Firſt Seſſion of Parliament then next following, and no longer; ſo that unleſs the ſaid Acts be revived and continued, the Encouragement given thereby will ceaſe, and this Kingdom be deprived for the future of ſo great a good as it hath for many Years laſt paſt enjoyed: Now we your Majeſties moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament aſſembled, do give and grant unto your Majeſty the Rates, Duties, and Impoſitions herein after mentioned, for and during the Term and Time herein after expreſſed; and do humbly pray that it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That ſuch and the like Rates, Duties, and Impoſitions, as by the ſaid Act of Parliament of the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second were granted, and by the ſaid ſubſequent Acts were continued, for and upon the Importation of Wines, Vinegar, Cyder, Beer, Brandy, and Strong-waters imported, during the reſpective Terms therein mentioned, ſhall be further continued, and be paid and payable to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all Wines, Vinegar, Cyder, Beer, Brandy, and Strong-waters, which ſhall be imported or brought into Great Britain, within or during the ſpace of Seven Years, to commence from the Firſt day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eight, and until the end of the Firſt Seſſion of Parliament then next following, and no longer; and that the ſaid Act of the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, and alſo one other Act made in the Five and twentieth Year of the Reign of his ſaid Majeſty King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for continuing a former Act concerning Coinage, and one other Act made in the Fourth Year of her now Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act to Impower the Lord High-Treaſurer, or Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, to iſſue out of the Monies ariſing by the Coinage Duty, any Sum not exceeding Five hundred Pounds, over and above the Sum of Three thouſand Pounds yearly, for the Uſes of the Mint, and every Clauſe, Article, and Sentence in the ſaid Acts, or any of them contained, ſhall be and are, by virtue of this Act, revived and continued, and ſhall be in force, and be extended to all Wines and ſuch other Liquors, as aforeſaid, which ſhall be imported or brought into Great Britain, for and during all ſuch Term and Time as are before mentioned.

18 Car. 2. c. 5.

25 Car. 2. c. 8.

1 Jac. 2. cap. 7.

4 & 5 W. & M. cap. 24.

12 & 13 W. 3. cap. 11.

Duties for encouraging of the Coinage further continued for Seven Years from the 1 *March*, 1708.

By the 1 Geo. cap. 43. *further continued for* 7 *Years from* 1 March, 1715, &c.

25 Car. 2. cap. 8.

4 A. cap. 22.

Anno

Anno 7 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XXV.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for making Perpetual an Act for the better preventing the Counterfeiting the Current Coin of this Kingdom; as alſo an Act for giving like remedy upon Promiſſory Notes as is uſed upon Bills of Exchange, and for the better Payment of Inland Bills of Exchange; and alſo for continuing ſeveral Acts made in the Fourth and Fifth Years of her Majeſties Reign, for preventing Frauds committed by Bankrupts.

Whereas the Temporary Laws following, which by experience have been found beneficial and uſeful, are expired or near expiring; Therefore for continuing the ſame, Be it Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That an Act made in the Seſſion of Parliament held in the Eighth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King William the Third, of
8 W. 3. *cap.* 25. Glorious Memory, Intituled, An Act for the better preventing the Counterfeiting the Current Coin of this Kingdom, which was to continue
9 W. 3. *cap.* 21. for One Year, was by a Clauſe in another Act made in the Ninth Year of his ſaid Majeſties Reign, continued in force unto the Five and twentieth day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and one;
1 A. *cap.* 9. which Act was further continued by an Act made in the Firſt Year of her preſent Majeſties Reign, till the Five and twentieth day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nine, and from thence to the end of the Firſt Seſſion of Parliament then next enſuing, ſhall be, and is hereby continued, and ſhall be in force, and is hereby made Perpetual.

Act for the better preventing the Counterfeiting the Current Coin, made Perpetual.

II. And whereas by an Act made in the Eighth Year of his late
8 W. 3. *cap.* 25. Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for the better preventing the Counterfeiting the Current Coin of this Kingdom, It is ordained, That no Proſecution ſhall be made for any Offence againſt the ſaid Act, unleſs ſuch Proſecution be commenced within Three Months after ſuch Offence committed; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Proſecution of ſuch Perſon or Perſons as offend againſt the ſaid Act, by making or mending, or beginning or proceeding to make or mend any Coining Tool or Inſtrument therein prohibited, or by marking of Money round the Edges with Letters or Grainings, may be commenced at any time within Six Months after ſuch Offence committed; any thing in the ſaid Act to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Proſecution on the Act to be within Six Months.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act made in the Seſſion of Parliament held in the Third and
3 & 4 A. *cap.* 9. Fourth Years of her Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for giving like remedy upon Promiſſory Notes as is uſed upon Bills of Exchange, and for the better Payment of Inland Bill of Exchange, which was to continue for the ſpace of Three Years from the Firſt day of May, One thouſand ſeven hundred and five, and from thence to the end of the next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and is hereby continued, and ſhall be in force, and is hereby made Perpetual.

Act about Promiſſory Notes made Perpetual.

Anno 8 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. II.

An Act to prohibit the Exportation of Corn, Malt, Meal, Flour, Bread, Biſcuit, and Starch, and Low-Wines, Spirits, Worts, and Waſh drawn from Malted Corn. EXP.

Anno 8 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. III.

An Act for charging and continuing the Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten. EXP.

Anno 8 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. IV.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for continuing part of the Duties upon Coals, Culm, and Cynders, and granting New Duties upon Houſes, having Twenty Windows or more, to raiſe the Sum of Fifteen hundred thouſand Pounds, by way of a Lottery, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten.

Preamble.

MAY it pleaſe your moſt Excellent Majeſty, We your Majeſties moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament aſſembled, being deſirous, by the moſt eaſie and effectual Ways and Means, to raiſe ſuch Supplies as are neceſſary for the Proſecution of the preſent War, and for enabling your Majeſty, at the end thereof, to eſtabliſh a good and laſting Peace, have for that end and purpoſe given and granted, and do by this preſent Act give and grant unto your Majeſty, the ſeveral and reſpective Rates, Duties, Impoſitions and Sums of Money, as well for and upon ſuch Coals, Culm and Cynders, as for and upon ſuch Houſes as are herein after mentioned; and do moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty, that it may be Enacted: And be it Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the advice and conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That for and during the Term of Thirty two Years, commencing from the Twenty ninth day of September, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, and no longer, there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid, unto and for the Uſe of her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all Coals, Culm and Cynders, herein after expreſſed, (except Charcoals made of Wood) the ſeveral and reſpective additional or new Impoſitions, Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money herein after mentioned (over and above all ſuch Duties as are already granted or payable for or in reſpect of the ſame, or any of them, by any Law or Statute now in force;) That is to ſay, for all Coals which at any time or times, within or during the ſaid Term, ſhall be imported or brought into the Kingdom of Great Britain from any Part beyond Sea (in caſe they are ſuch Coals as are moſt uſually ſold by Weight) the Sum of Three Shillings of lawful Money of Great Britain for every Tun, reckoning the Tun to conſiſt of Twenty hundred

For 32 Years, from 29 *Sept.* 1710. the additional Rates following to be paid for all Coals, *&c. viz.*

Continued for ever by 5 Geo. *cap.* 19.

For all Coals imported into *Great Britain*, 3 *s. per* Tun,

dred weight, and every Hundred to consist of One hundred and twelve Pounds weight of Averdupoize, and after that rate for any greater or lesser quantity; and for all Coals so imported from any Part beyond Sea, being most usually sold by the Chalder, or by any other Measure whatsoever, reducible to the Chalder, the Sum of Four Shillings and Six Pence of like Money for every Chalder, reckoning the Chalder to consist of Six and thirty Bushels Winchester Measure, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity of such Coals so imported or brought in from any Foreign Parts, the said Duties for Foreign Coals imported or brought in, as aforesaid, to be paid by the respective Importer or Importers thereof; and for all sorts of Coals from time to time shipped or waterborn in order to be shipped or laid on board any Ship or Vessel to be carried by Sea, and which shall be carried by Sea in any Ship or Vessel from any Port or Place within the said Kingdom of Great Britain, and which at any time or times, within or during the said Term, shall be imported, brought or landed in any other Port or Place within the said Kingdom of Great Britain, being most usually sold by the Chalder, or by any other Measure whatsoever, reducible to the Chalder, the Sum of Three Shillings of like Money for every Chalder, to be reckoned as aforesaid, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity; and for all sorts of Coals from time to time so shipped or waterborn in order to be shipped and carried by Sea from any Port or Place of the Kingdom of Great Britain, and which at any time or times, during the said Term, shall be imported, brought or landed in any other Port or Place of the same (in case they are such as are most usually sold by Weight) the Sum of Two Shillings for every Tun, and according to that proportion for more or less, the said several Duties for Coals so shipped or waterborn to be shipped and carried by Sea, as aforesaid, from time to time, to be paid at the respective Ports and Places of Importation or Landing of such Coals, and to be charged upon the respective Owner and Owners, Master or other Person having the charge of every such Ship or Vessel, or of the Coals so carried, imported or brought in the same; and for all Culm whatsoever, which at any time, during the said Term of Thirty two Years, shall be waterborn in order to be shipped within the said Kingdom of Great Britain, or brought into the same, the Sum of Seven Pence and Two tenths of a Peny for every Chalder, and after that rate, to be paid at the respective Ports and Places of Importation or Landing of such Culm, and to be charged on the respective Owner or Owners, or Master or Masters, or other Person having the charge of the Ship or Vessel, or of the Culm so carried, imported or brought in the same; and for all Cynders made of Pit-Coal, which at any time or times, during the said Term of Thirty two Years, shall be shipped, or waterborn in order to be shipped within the said Kingdom of Great Britain, or brought into the same, the Sum of Three Shillings of like Money for every Chalder, reckoning the Chalder to consist of Thirty six Bushels Winchester Measure, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity, to be paid at the respective Ports and Places of Importation or Landing of such Cynders, and to be charged upon the respective Owner and Owners, Master and Masters, or other Persons having the charge of the Ship or Vessel in which the said Cynders shall be carried, imported or brought.

and 4 s. 6 d. per Chalder.

For Coals waterborn, 3 s. per Chalder,

and 2 s. per Tun.

For Culm waterborn, 7 d. $\frac{2}{10}$ per Chalder.

For Cynders waterborn, 3 s. per Chalder.

II. And for the better levying and raising the said several Duties and Sums of Money, by this Act imposed upon such Coals, Culm and Cynders, as aforesaid, It is hereby Enacted, That such of the said Duties and Sums of Money, as shall arise, or be due or payable in that Part of Great Britain called England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, for or upon such Coals, Culm and Cynders, as aforesaid, shall, from time to time, be under the Management and Government of the Commissioners of the Customs in England for the time being, who shall cause those Duties, from time to time, to be raised, levied, collected and paid to the Receiver or Receivers General of the Customs in England for the time

Under whose Management these Duties shall be.

Receivers General in *England*, to pay Money into the Exchequer weekly, except the neceſſary Charges, &c.

being; and that ſuch Receiver or Receivers General in England for the time being, ſhall pay all the Monies ariſing thereby (the neceſſary Charges of receiving, levying, managing, paying, and accounting for the ſame, excepted) into her Majeſties Receipt of Exchequer, diſtinct and apart from all other Branches of the Publick Revenue, weekly, to wit, on Wedneſday in every Week, if it be not an Holy-day, and if it be, then on the next Day after, that is not an Holy-day, for the purpoſes in this Act expreſſed, and under the Penalties, Forfeitures and Diſabilities herein after mentioned; and that ſuch of the ſaid Duties, and Sums of Money, by this Act impoſed upon Coals, Culm and Cynders, as aforeſaid, as ſhall ariſe, or be due or payable in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, ſhall, from time to time, be under the Management and Government of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in Scotland for the time being, who ſhall cauſe thoſe Duties, from time to time, to be raiſed, levied, collected and paid to the Receiver or Receivers General of the Cuſtoms in Scotland for the time being; and that ſuch Receiver or Receivers General of the Cuſtoms in Scotland for the time being, ſhall tranſmit and pay, or cauſe to be paid, all the Monies ariſing thereby (the neceſſary Charges of receiving, levying, managing, paying and accounting for the ſame, excepted) into her Majeſties Receipt of Exchequer in England, diſtinct and apart, as aforeſaid, from time to time, as ſuch Receiver or Receivers General in Scotland ſhall have received any ſuch Monies, as aforeſaid, for the purpoſes in this Act expreſſed, and under the Penalties, Forfeitures and Diſabilities herein after mentioned.

Scotland.

How theſe Duties ſhall be raiſed, &c.

III. And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid ſeveral Duties by this Act impoſed within and throughout the ſaid Kingdom of Great Britain, for and upon all ſuch Coals, Culm, and Cynders, as aforeſaid, ſhall, during all the Time and Term by this Act granted therein, be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid into her Majeſties Exchequer (for the purpoſes in this Act expreſſed) in ſuch or the like manner and form, and ſubject to ſuch Allowances and Repayments, and under ſuch Penalties, Forfeitures and Diſabilities, and according to ſuch Rules, Methods and Directions, as are preſcribed or appointed by any Law or Statute now in force, for and concerning the Duties upon the like Coals, Culm, and Cynders, which have continuance until the Thirtieth day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, by virtue of the Act of Parliament made in the Fourth Year of her Majeſties Reign, [Intituled, An Act for continuing an Additional Subſidy, of Tonnage, and Poundage, and certain Duties upon Coals, Culm, and Cynders, and Additional Duties of Exciſe, and for ſettling and eſtabliſhing a Fund thereby, and by other Ways and Means, for Payment of Annuities, to be ſold for raiſing a further Supply to her Majeſty, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, and other Uſes therein mentioned;] and that all and every the Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauſes, Matters and Things now in Force, contained in the Act laſt mentioned, or in any other Acts or Statutes thereby referred unto, for the governing, managing, raiſing, levying, ſecuring, collecting, receiving, paying and accounting for the ſaid Duties upon Coals, Culm, and Cynders, which were granted or continued until the ſaid Thirtieth day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, as aforeſaid, ſhall be and are, by force and virtue of this preſent Act, revived, and ſhall be in full force, and be duly obſerved, practiſed, and put in Execution, in and for the governing, managing, raiſing, levying, ſecuring, collecting, receiving, paying and accounting for the Duties upon Coals, Culm, and Cynders, by this Act granted, for and during the Term hereby granted of and in the ſame, and all Arrearages thereof, as fully and effectually, to all intents and purpoſes, as if the ſame Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauſes, Matters and Things, were again expreſſed, and particularly repeated and re-enacted in the body of this preſent Act.

4 A. *cap.* 6.

XI. And

XI. And it is hereby Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That all the said several Duties by this Act granted, as well for and upon such Coals, Culm, and Cynders, as upon such Houses, as aforesaid, shall be liable to, and be charged and chargeable with the yearly Fund herein after mentioned, and all the Annuities to be payable out of the same, in pursuance of this Act, during the whole Term of Thirty two Years herein after expressed, and all the same Duties (except the necessary Charges before mentioned) are and shall be appropriated thereunto in such manner, that all the Monies which shall, from time to time, be or remain due, or in Arrear, for or upon the said Annuities or any of them, or for any Arrears thereof (if any such be) shall from time to time, in the first place be paid and satisfied out of the said several and respective Duties by this Act granted, or some of them, with preference to any other Payments that shall or may hereafter be charged upon the same Duties, or any of them, and under such Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities, as are hereafter in this Act contained in that behalf.

Appropriation of the several Duties.

Except the necessary Charges.

XII. And to the end all the Monies arising by the said Duties upon Houses by this Act granted, may be duly and certainly raised and brought into the said Receipt of Exchequer for the purposes aforesaid; It is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from time to time, during the continuance of this Act, there shall be appointed such and so many Justices of the Peace, Commissioners of the Customs, Receivers General, Collectors, Surveyors, and other Officers, as shall be proper and necessary for managing, governing, levying, collecting, receiving and paying the respective Duties by this Act granted, and for keeping and rendring the Accounts of the same; and that the said Receivers General, Collectors, Surveyors, and other Officers, who are or shall be concerned in the raising, collecting, receiving and paying the said respective Duties hereby granted, or any of them, and keeping and rendring the several Accounts thereof, shall perform their several Duties therein, as to them respectively shall appertain, under such and the like Penalties, Forfeitures, and Disabilities, for any Offence or Neglect therein, or for detaining, diverting or misapplying any part of the said Monies, as are prescribed and to be inflicted by virtue of an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King William the Third, [Intituled, An Act for raising a Sum not exceeding Two millions, upon a Fund for Payment of Annuities, after the rate of Eight Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, and for settling the Trade to the *East-Indies*] for the like Offence or Neglect, relating to the Duties on Salt, and upon Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper thereby granted or referred unto, or for detaining, diverting or misapplying any part of the Monies which were granted or appropriated by the Act last mentioned.

Commissioners and Officers to be appointed for managing the Duties granted by this Act.

9 W. 3. *cap.* 44.

XXXIX. And whereas a Doubt may arise whether Coals, Culm, or Cynders carried from the Bridge of Sterling, which is on the Firth of Forth, to the Town of Dunbar, are liable to the Duties by this Act imposed, as if they were carried to Sea, It is hereby Provided, Enacted and Declared, That such Coal, Culm, and Cynders, so carried from the Bridge of Sterling to the Town of Dunbar, or to any Part betwixt them, shall not, by reason of such Carriage, be liable to the Duties by this Act imposed; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Coals, &c. carried from *Sterling* to *Dunbar*, &c. not Taxable.

Anno

CAP. VII.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for granting to her Majeſty New Duties of Exciſe, and upon ſeveral imported Commodities, and for eſtabliſhing a yearly Fund thereby, and by other Ways and Means, to raiſe Nine hundred thouſand Pounds by Sale of Annuities, and (in Default thereof) by another Lottery, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten.

XIV. AND her Majeſties ſaid Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament aſſembled, do alſo moſt humbly beſeech her Majeſty, That it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That there ſhall be anſwered and paid unto her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all and all manner of Pepper, Raiſins, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves and Mace whatſoever; and for ſuch Snuff as is herein after mentioned, imported or to be imported into the Kingdom of Great Britain, at any time or times after the Sixth day of February, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nine, within or during the term of Thirty two Years from thence next and immediately enſuing (over and above all Duties, and Additional Duties already payable for the ſame, or any of them, by any other Law now in force) the ſeveral new Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money following (that is to ſay;)

New Duties on Pepper, &c. for 32 Years, from 6 *Feb.* 1709.

Pepper. XV. For every Pound of Pepper, Averdupoize weight, imported, as aforeſaid, One Shilling and Six Pence. *Altered as to Long Pepper, vide* 9 A. *cap.* 6. §. 58.

Raiſins. XVI. For every Hundred weight of Raiſins of what kind ſoever, imported, as aforeſaid, accounting One hundred and twelve Pounds Averdupoize to the Hundred, the Sum of Five Shillings.

Nutmegs, &c. XVII. And for all Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves and Mace, imported, as aforeſaid, as much as the ſame Spices reſpectively pay, by any Law or Laws now in force, upon the Importation thereof, it being intended by this Act, that the preſent Duties upon the Importation of Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves and Mace, ſhall be doubled.

Snuff. XVIII. And for every Pound weight Averdupoize of all Snuff, imported, as aforeſaid, not being of the Product or Manufacture of her Majeſties Plantations, the Sum of Three Shillings.

XIX. The ſaid reſpective Duties for and upon all Pepper, Raiſins, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, and Snuff, to be paid or ſecured in the manner herein after mentioned.

Pepper imported to be Warehouſed, XX. And for the better ſecuring the Duties upon Pepper by this and other Acts of Parliament impoſed, and to the intent that the ſame may not be too burdenſom on the Importers of ſuch Pepper, as ſhall be again exported to Parts beyond the Seas; It is hereby Provided, and further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Seventeenth day of February, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nine, all ſuch Pepper as ſhall be imported into the Kingdom of Great Britain, ſhall, upon Entry thereof, be forthwith carried and put into ſuch Warehouſe or Warehouſes, as ſhall for that purpoſe be provided, by and at the Charge of the Importers of the ſaid Pepper, and be approved of by the Commiſſioners of her Majeſties Cuſtoms for the time being; and Half the Subſidy which by Law is payable for Pepper imported, after the ſaid Seventeenth day of February, ſhall be paid down in Ready Money by the Importer or Importers thereof, who ſhall have Power to ſift or garble the ſaid Pepper, as hath been uſual, and ever practiſed, to make it Merchantable; which ſaid Pepper ſo brought into ſuch Warehouſe or Warehouſes ſhall not be taken or carried out thence upon any account whatſoever, other than as is herein after mentioned,

and Half the Subſidy to be paid.

tioned, That is to say, such of the said Pepper as shall be sold, to be consumed or spent in Great Britain, shall be delivered out of such Warehouse or Warehouses unto the Person or Persons who shall buy the same of the Importer or Importers thereof, upon such Person or Persons paying to her Majesties Use the Duties charged or imposed, or to be charged or imposed by this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament in that behalf, for or upon such Pepper so bought, (other than and except the before mentioned Half-Subsidy;) and such of the said Pepper as shall be for Exportation to Parts beyond the Seas, shall be delivered out of such Warehouse or Warehouses, unto the Importer or Importers thereof, or such Buyer or other Person or Persons, as such Importer or Importers shall appoint in that behalf, upon sufficient Security to be first given by the Importers, or such Buyers or other Persons, to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors (which Security the said Commissioners of her Majesties Customs are hereby required and impowered to take) that the same, and every part thereof, shall be exported, and not relanded in Great Britain; which said Securities shall be discharged without Fee or Reward, upon Certificate returned or produced to the said Commissioners of the Customs, under the Common Seal of the Chief Magistrate in any Place or Places in Parts beyond the Seas, or under the Hands and Seals of Two known British Merchants, then being at such Place or Places, that such Pepper was there landed, or upon Proof by Credible Persons, that such Pepper was taken by Enemies, or perished in the Seas; the Examination and Proof thereof being left to the Judgment of the said Commissioners of the Customs for the time being.

Pepper to be consumed in *Great Britain*, is not to be carried out till the whole Duty be paid.

If to be exported, Security to be given, &c.

How to be discharged.

XXI. And for preventing all Clandestine importing, or bringing any Pepper into this Kingdom of Great Britain, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons, or Bodies Politick or Corporate, from and after the said Seventeenth day of February, One thousand seven hundred and nine, shall import or bring any Pepper into any Port of or in this Kingdom of Great Britain, (other than the Port of London) or into the Port of London, and shall not make due Entries of such Pepper so imported or brought in, and bring the same into the said Warehouse or Warehouses, as aforesaid, the same shall be, and is hereby adjudged, deemed, accounted and taken to be Clandestine Running and unlawful Importation thereof; and such Person or Persons, or Bodies Politick or Corporate, so offending therein, and their abettors, shall not only forfeit and lose all such Pepper so clandestinely run, as aforesaid, but also the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be recovered and divided, One moiety to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, and the other moiety to the Person or Persons that shall seize, sue or inform for the same, in any of her Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland.

What shall be deemed clandestine Importation of Pepper.

XXII. And for preventing the Clandestine carrying of any of the said Pepper out of the said Warehouses, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Keeper or Keepers of the said Warehouse or Warehouses (who shall be provided at the Charge of the Importers) shall keep one or more Book or Books, wherein he or they shall fairly enter or write down an exact, particular, and true Account of all Pepper which shall be brought into, and carried out of his or their said Warehouse or Warehouses, and the Days and Times when the same was so brought in and carried out, and how much thereof was delivered out to be consumed and spent in Great Britain, and how much for Exportation, as aforesaid; and shall at the end of every Six Months transmit in writing an exact Account thereof, upon Oath, to the Commissioners of the Customs for the time being, together with an exact Account of how much shall be remaining in his or their said Warehouse or Warehouses respectively; and the said Commissioners are hereby impowered and enjoyned, within One Month after the same shall be transmitted to them, as aforesaid, to appoint one or more Person or Persons

What shall be deemed clandestine carrying of Pepper out of the Warehouses.

sons to inspect the said Book or Books, Warehouse or Warehouses; and to examine the said Accounts; and if upon Examination it shall appear that any of the said Pepper was delivered out otherwise than as aforesaid, or before paying the Duties of such of the said Pepper as shall be sold to be consumed and spent in Great Britain, or giving such Security, as aforesaid, for such of the said Pepper as shall be delivered out for Exportation, as aforesaid, then the Warehouse-keeper or Warehouse-keepers, so offending therein, shall not only forfeit and lose the Value of the said Pepper so carried out, as aforesaid, and be for ever disabled from any Publick Employment for the future, but also shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds for every such Offence, to be recovered and divided, as aforesaid.

Penalty on Warehouse-keeper.

Proprietors may affix a Lock on the Warehouse, &c.

XXIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Proprietor or Proprietors of the said Pepper, so lodged in any Warehouse or Warehouses, as aforesaid, to affix one Lock to every such Warehouse, the Key of which shall remain in the Custody of such Proprietor or Proprietors; and that he or they may, in the presence of the said Warehouse-keeper or Warehouse-keepers, who is and are hereby obliged to attend, at all seasonable times, for that purpose, view, sort, and deliver out the said Pepper, or any part thereof, in manner following, that is to say, such of the said Pepper as shall be sold to be consumed and spent in Great Britain, to the Person or Persons who shall buy the same, upon paying the Duties charged or imposed thereon, as aforesaid, and such of the said Pepper as shall be sold for Exportation to Parts beyond the Seas, upon giving such Security as is before in that behalf expressed.

Half-Subsidy only to be paid on Importation of Pepper, and the other Duties on its Delivery out of the Warehouse for Consumption here.

XXIV. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Seventeenth day of February, One thousand seven hundred and nine, no other Duty shall be taken or demanded upon or at the Importation of any Pepper into Great Britain, (but the Half-Subsidy before mentioned,) and all other the Duties and Impositions charged upon or for such Pepper as shall be delivered, as aforesaid, out of the Warehouse, to be consumed and spent in Great Britain, shall be paid upon such Delivery out of the Warehouse, as aforesaid, and not otherwise: And that from and after the said Seventeenth day of February, One thousand seven hundred and nine, all Duties charged or imposed on such of the said Pepper, as shall be delivered out of the said Warehouse or Warehouses to be exported, and shall be exported accordingly (except the Half-Subsidy) shall be discharged, and from thenceforth no Drawback or Allowance shall be paid, or made out of her Majesties Customs, for or on the account of such Exportation of any such Pepper; any thing herein, or in any former Act or Acts of Parliament, contained to the contrary thereof, in any wise notwithstanding.

On Exportation all other Duties discharged.

Importers of Raisins, &c. to have 12 Months for Payment, or 10 *l. per Cent.* for prompt Payment.

XXV. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Importers of the said Raisins, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, or Snuff, giving Security at the Custom-house, shall have Twelve Months time for Payment of the Duties by this Act imposed thereupon; and in case such Importer shall pay ready Money, he shall have Ten Pounds per Centum, or after that rate per Annum, of the said Duty abated to him for prompt Payment.

Nutmegs, &c. may be imported from any Parts in *British* Ships, &c.

XXVI. Provided also, and it is hereby Enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons to import into the Kingdom of Great Britain, during the continuance of this Act, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, or Mace, subject to the several Duties payable for the same, from any Parts beyond the Seas in British Ships, so as the Master, and at least One fourth of the Mariners, during the continuance of this present War, be her Majesties Subjects of Great Britain, and so as after the end of this War, and during the continuance of this Act, the Master, and at least Three fourths of the Mariners be her Majesties Subjects of Great Britain, and so as Notice be first given to the Commissioners of her Majesties Customs,

ſtoms, of the quality and quantity of the ſaid Spices, ſo intended to be impoꝛted, and the Place in which they intend to impoꝛt the ſame, and taking a Licence under the Hands of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms foꝛ the time being, foꝛ the landing and impoꝛting thereof, as afoꝛeſaid; which Licence they are hereby authoꝛized and required to grant without any Fee oꝛ Reward, oꝛ any other charge to the Perſon demanding the ſame; any Law, Cuſtom oꝛ Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

On a Licence from the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms.

XXVII. And be it Enacted by the Authoꝛity afoꝛeſaid, That in caſe any of the ſaid Raiſins, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, and Snuff, hereby charged oꝛ intended to be charged, as afoꝛeſaid, ſhall be landed oꝛ put on ſhoꝛe out of any Ship oꝛ Veſſel, beꝛoꝛe due Entry be made thereof at the Cuſtom-houſe, in the Poꝛt oꝛ Place where the ſame ſhall be impoꝛted, and beꝛoꝛe the ſaid Duties by this Act charged oꝛ chargeable thereupon, ſhall be ſecured oꝛ paid, as this Act doth requiꝛe, oꝛ without a Warrant foꝛ the landing oꝛ delivering the ſame firſt ſigned by the Collectoꝛs oꝛ other pꝛoper Officer oꝛ Officers of the Cuſtoms reſpectively, That all ſuch impoꝛted Raiſins, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, and Snuff, as ſhall be ſo landed and put on ſhoꝛe, oꝛ taken out of any Ship oꝛ Veſſel, contrary to the true meaning hereof, oꝛ the Value of the ſame, ſhall be foꝛfeited, and ſhall and may be ſeized oꝛ recovered of the Impoꝛter oꝛ Pꝛopꝛietoꝛ thereof (to wit) One moiety of the ſame to the uſe of her Majeſty, her Heiꝛs oꝛ Succeſſoꝛs, and the other moiety to the uſe of ſuch Perſon oꝛ Perſons as will ſeize, infoꝛm, oꝛ ſue foꝛ the ſame, oꝛ the Value thereof, by Action, Bill, Suit oꝛ Infoꝛmation, wherein no Eſſoign, Pꝛotection oꝛ Wager of Law ſhall be allowed.

Raiſins, &c. landed without Entry, &c. forfeited.

XXVIII. Pꝛovided always, and be it further Enacted and Declared by the Authoꝛity afoꝛeſaid, That in caſe any of the ſaid Raiſins, Nutmegs, Cloves, Mace, Cinnamon, and Snuff, upon which the ſaid New Duties, by this Act granted, are paid oꝛ ſecured to be paid, be again expoꝛted at any time oꝛ times within Eighteen Months by Britiſh Merchants, oꝛ within Nine Months by Aliens, to be accounted from the reſpective times of the light oꝛ entry of the ſaid Goods inwards, and that due Pꝛoof be firſt made, upon Oath, That the ſaid Raiſins, Nutmegs, Cloves, Mace, and Cinnamon, oꝛ Snuff, ſo expoꝛted, be the ſame foꝛ which the ſaid Duties are paid, oꝛ ſecured to be paid, as afoꝛeſaid; That then, and in every ſuch caſe, and not otherwiſe, the ſame Duties ſo paid ſhall, without any delay oꝛ reward, be wholly repaid out of any of the Duties on impoꝛted Commodities, by this Act granted, oꝛ the Security of ſuch of the ſaid Duties as ſhall be ſecured, ſhall be vacated (on a Debenture oꝛ Debentures, regularly certified and ſwoꝛn to) as to ſo much of the ſaid Raiſins, Nutmegs, Cloves, Mace, and Cinnamon, oꝛ Snuff, as ſhall be ſo expoꝛted; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Raiſins, &c. exported in due time, Duty to be repaid,

on a Debenture.

XXIX. And be it further Enacted by the Authoꝛity afoꝛeſaid, That the ſaid New Duties upon Raiſins, Nutmegs, Cloves, Mace, Cinnamon, and Snuff, by this Act impoſed, during the ſaid whole term of Thirty two Years therein granted, ſhall be aſcertained, ſecured, raiſed, levied, recovered and anſwered, foꝛ the Uſes and Purpoſes in this Act expꝛeſſed, by ſuch Rules, Ways, Means and Methods, and under ſuch other Penalties and Foꝛfeitures, and ſubject to ſuch Allowance foꝛ Damage, as the other Duties upon the ſame Goods reſpectively, are by any Law oꝛ Statute now in foꝛce, to be aſcertained, ſecured, raiſed, levied, recovered, oꝛ anſwered during the Continuance thereof reſpectively.

New Duties how to be levied.

XXX. And foꝛ pꝛeventing the Frauds which may be pꝛactiſed in unſhipping, to be landed, any Pepper, Raiſins, Mace, Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs, Snuff, oꝛ any other ſoꝛt of Goods whatſoever ſubject to the Payment of Duties, without paying the ſame, as alſo to hinder the Impoꝛtation of any ſoꝛt of pꝛohibited Goods into Great Britain; Be it further Enacted by the Authoꝛity afoꝛeſaid, That if any Pepper, Raiſins, Mace, Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs, Snuff, oꝛ any other ſoꝛt of Goods whatſoever, liable to the Payment of

Raiſins, &c. or any Uncuſtomed Goods, unſhipped without paying the Duties,

Duties, shall be unshipped, with intention to be laid on Land (Customs, and other Duties, not being first paid or secured) or if any prohibited Goods whatsoever, shall be imported into any Part of Great Britain, then not only the said uncustomed and prohibited Goods shall be forfeited, and lost, but also the Persons who shall be assisting, or otherwise concerned in the unshipping the said prohibited and uncustomed Goods, or to whose hands the same shall knowingly come, after the unshipping thereof, shall forfeit Treble the Value thereof, together with the Vessels and Boats, and all the Horses, and other Cattle and Carriages whatsoever, made use of in the landing, removing, carriage or conveyance of any of the aforesaid Goods; One moiety of all which Forfeitures and Penalties shall be to the Use of her Majesty, and the other moiety to him or them that will seize or sue for the same, to be recovered by Bill, Plaint or Information, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed.

or prohibited Goods imported, forfeited.

Persons concerned in the unshipping forfeit treble the Value, with the Vessels, Boats, Horses, &c.

Forfeitures how to be divided and recovered.

XXXIV. And it is hereby Enacted, That if any dispute shall arise whether any Snuff chargeable by this Act upon the Importation thereof, be of the Produce or Manufacture of her Majesties Plantations, the Onus probandi shall lie upon the Owner or Claimer thereof.

Onus probandi to lie on the Owner or Claimer of Snuff.

XXXV. And be it Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That all the said several Duties arising by this Act upon Exciseable Liquors in that Part of Great Britain called England, Wales, and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, shall from time to time be under the Management and Government of the Commissioners of Excise in England for the time being; and the said Duties upon Exciseable Liquors to arise in Scotland, shall from time to time be under the Management and Government of the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland, for the time being; and that such of the Duties imposed by this Act upon imported Commodities as shall arise in England, Wales, and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, shall be under the Management and Government of the Commissioners of the Customs in England for the time being, and such of the said Duties on imported Commodities as shall arise in Scotland, shall be under the Management and Government of the Commissioners of the Customs in Scotland, for the time being: And that the Commissioners of Excise in England, and the Receiver General of the Customs in England for the time being, shall pay all the Monies that they respectively shall receive of the said Duties (the necessary Charges of receiving, levying, managing, paying, and accounting for the same, excepted) into her Majesties Receipt of Exchequer, distinct and apart from all other Branches of the Publick Revenue, weekly (to wit) on Wednesday in every Week, if it be not an Holy-day, and if it be, then on the next Day after that is not an Holy-day, for the purposes in this Act expressed, and under the Penalties, Forfeitures, and Disabilities herein after mentioned; and that such of the said Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money by this Act imposed, as shall arise in Scotland (the necessary Charges of receiving, levying, managing, paying and accounting for the same, excepted) shall from time to time be transmitted and paid by the Commissioners of Excise, and Receiver General of the Customs in Scotland, for the time being respectively, into the Receipt of her Majesties Exchequer in England, distinct and apart, as aforesaid, for the purposes in this Act expressed, and under the Penalties, Forfeitures, and Disabilities herein after mentioned.

New Duties of Excise to be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise, &c.

of Customs to be under the Commissioners of the Customs.

To be paid into the Exchequer distinct, &c.

Necessary Charges excepted.

XXXVI. And it is hereby Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That all the said several Duties by this Act granted, as well for and upon such Exciseable Liquors, as for and upon such Pepper, Raisins, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, and Snuff to be imported, and the said Stocks of Pepper, as aforesaid, shall be liable to and charged and chargeable with the yearly Fund herein after mentioned, and all the Annuities of what kind soever, to be payable out of the same, in pursuance of this Act, during the whole term of Thirty two Years herein after expressed

New Duties appropriated.

in

in that behalf; and all the same Rates and Duties (except the necessary Charges before mentioned) are and shall be appropriated thereunto in such Manner, that all the Monies which shall from time to time be or remain due, or in arrear, for or upon the said Annuities, or any of them, or for any Arrears thereof, (if any such be) shall from time to time, in the first place, be paid and satisfied out of the said several and respective Rates and Duties by this Act granted, or some of them, with preference to any other Payments, that shall or may hereafter be charged upon the same Rates and Duties, or any of them, and under such Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities, as are hereafter in this Act contained in that behalf.

Commissioners and Officers to be appointed for managing these Duties.

XXXVII. And to the end all the Monies to arise by this Act, may be duly and certainly raised and brought into the said Receipt of Exchequer for the purposes aforesaid, It is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from time to time during the continuance of this Act, there shall be appointed such, and so many Commissioners of the Customs and Excise, and other Officers, as shall be proper and necessary for the raising and levying the respective Duties and Sums of Money by this Act granted or chargeable, and for keeping and rendring the Accounts of the same; and that all Receivers General, Collectors, and other Officers, who are or shall be concerned in the raising, collecting, receiving and paying the said respective Duties hereby granted, or any of them, and keeping and rendring the several Accounts thereof, shall perform the several Duties therein, as to them respectively shall appertain, under such and the like Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities for any Offence or Neglect therein, or for detaining, diverting or misapplying any part of the said Monies, as are prescribed, and to be inflicted by virtue of an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King William the Third, [Intituled, An Act for raising a Sum, not exceeding Two millions, upon a Fund for Payment of Annuities, after the Rate of Eight Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, and for settling the Trade to the *East-Indies*] for the like Offence or Neglect relating to the Duties on Salt, and upon Stampt Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, thereby granted or referred unto, or for detaining, diverting or misapplying any part of the Monies which were granted or appropriated by the Act last mentioned.

9 W. 3. *cap.* 44.

81000 *l.* to be the yearly Fund.

XXXVIII. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That yearly and every Year, during the term of Thirty two Years, reckoning the First Year to begin from the Twenty ninth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and ten, the full Sum of Eighty one thousand Pounds per Annum, by or out of the Monies to arise by the said Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money by this Act granted, or chargeable, and to be brought into the Receipt of Exchequer, as aforesaid, in case the same shall extend thereunto, shall be the whole and entire yearly Fund: And in case all the Monies arising into the Exchequer, of or for the said Rates and Duties, shall not amount to Eighty one thousand Pounds per Annum, then the Monies so arising, so far as the same will extend, shall be part of the yearly Fund for or towards the answering or paying of all the several and respective Annuities herein after mentioned; and in case the said Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money by this Act granted, shall at any time or times appear to be so deficient or low in the produce of the same, as that within any one Year to be reckoned, as aforesaid, the said Monies arising into the Exchequer, for or upon account of the same Rates and Duties shall not amount to so much as Eighty one thousand Pounds, or to so much as shall be sufficient to discharge and satisfie all the Annuities by this Act appointed or intended to be paid within or for the same Year respectively, That then and so often, and in every such case, so much as shall be deficient or wanting to make up the said Fund for every or any such Year, shall be supplied and made good from time to time out of the Surplus or Remainder of the Monies which, for such

Deficiency to be made good out of the Surplus of Coals, &c.

Year respectively, shall arise by the Rates and Duties granted by an Act of this Session of Parliament [Intituled, An Act for continuing part of the Duties on Coals, Culm, and Cynders, and granting New Duties upon Houses, having Twenty Windows or more, to raise the Sum of Fifteen hundred thousand Pounds, by way of a Lottery, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ten] after all the Annuities, Charges, and Payments directed or authorized by that Act, until the end of such Year respectively, shall be fully satisfied, paid and discharged, or Monies sufficient shall be reserved for that purpose (which Surplus or Remainder was reserved to be disposed by Authority of Parliament) and in default of such Surplus or Remainder, then the said Deficiency shall be supplied or made up from time to time out of the first Aid to be granted in Parliament, next after such Deficiency shall appear, and shall from time to time be transferred thereunto, as soon as such Aid shall be granted. 8 A. *cap.* 4.

and in default, by Parliament.

Monies arising by the Duties to be entred in a Book.

XL. And it is hereby Enacted, That all the Monies arising by the Duties hereby granted, and Provisions hereby made for Payment of the several Annuities which shall be payable upon this Act, shall be fairly and duly entred in one or more Book or Books to be kept in the Offices of the Auditor of the Receipt, and Clerk of the Pells, for that purpose, to which all Persons concerned, at all seasonable times, shall have free access, without Fee or Charge.

Overplus disposable by Parliament.

LXXV. Provided always, and be it hereby further Enacted, That in case there shall be any Surplus or Remainder of the Monies arising by the Rates and Duties granted by this Act, at the end of any one Year of the said term of Thirty two Years, for which the said Annuities are to be payable, after all the Annuities, Charges and Payments directed or authorized by this Act, shall be fully satisfied, paid and discharged, or Money sufficient shall be reserved for that purpose, such Surplus or Remainder (other than the Monies arising by the said Rates and Duties before Michaelmas, One thousand seven hundred and ten, which are directed to be applied in Aid, as aforesaid) shall be reserved for the Publick Use; and shall be disposed and disposeable by Authority of Parliament, and not otherwise.

The better to prevent vexatious Claims, Security to be given to answer Costs, otherwise the Goods to be recovered.

LXXVI. And for preventing the great Charges that the Officers of the Customs, seizing Goods prohibited and uncustomed, are put to, by groundless and vexatious Claims entred thereto in the Court where such Goods are prosecuted; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Person upon Entry of any Claim in the Court, where such prohibited and uncustomed Goods are prosecuted, shall from and after the Twentieth day of April, One thousand seven hundred and ten, be obliged to give Security in the penalty of Thirty Pounds, to answer and pay the Costs occasioned by such Claim; and in default of giving such Security within the time limited by the Course of that Court, for entring Claims, such Goods shall be recovered.

Anno

Anno 8 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. IX.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for laying certain Duties upon Candles, and certain Rates upon Monies to be given with Clerks, and Apprentices, towards raiſing her Majeſties Supply, for the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten.

MAY it pleaſe your moſt Excellent Majeſty, we your Majeſties moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament aſſembled, duly conſidering your Majeſties great Occaſions for Money to defray the Expences of the preſent War, and other neceſſary Services, have for that end and purpoſe cheerfully and unanimouſly given and granted, and do by this Act give and grant to your Majeſty, as well the ſeveral Duties for and upon all Candles made in Great Britain, or imported into the ſame, as alſo the ſeveral Duties or Rates upon Monies to be given, or agreed to be given, with ſuch Clerks, Apprentices, or Servants, as are herein after mentioned, for and during the reſpective Terms herein after expreſſed; and do moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty, that it may be Enacted: And be it Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by Authority of the ſame, That there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid unto and for the Uſe of her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all Candles which, at any time or times within or during the term of Five Years, to be reckoned from the First day of May, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, ſhall be imported or brought into the Kingdom of Great Britain (over and above all Cuſtoms, Subſidies, and other Duties already impoſed thereupon) the ſeveral and reſpective Duties herein after mentioned; (That is to ſay) For all Candles made of Wax, or uſually called or ſold for Wax-Candles (notwithſtanding the mixture of any other Ingredients therewith) which ſhall be ſo imported, the Sum of Four Pence, for every Pound weight Averdupoize, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity; and for all Candles made of Tallow, and other Candles whatſoever (except the Wax-Candles before charged) which ſhall be ſo imported, One half-peny, for every Pound weight Averdupoize, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity; the ſaid ſeveral Duties for and upon all imported Candles, to be paid down in Ready Money by the Importers thereof, before the landing of the ſame reſpectively; and there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected and paid, to and for the Uſe of her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all Candles, which at any time or times, within or during the ſaid term of Five Years, ſhall be made within the ſaid Kingdom of Great Britain, the ſeveral and reſpective Duties herein after mentioned, that is to ſay; for all Candles of Wax, or uſually called or ſold for Wax-Candles (notwithſtanding any mixture, as aforeſaid) which ſhall be ſo made in Great Britain, the Sum of Four Pence, for every Pound weight Averdupoize, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity; and for all Candles of Tallow, and other Candles whatſoever (except the Wax-Candles before charged) which ſhall be ſo made in Great Britain, One Half-peny, for every Pound weight Averdupoize, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity: The ſaid ſeveral Duties for the ſaid Candles ſo to be made in Great Britain, to be paid by the Makers thereof reſpectively.

Preamble.

Duty on Candles for Five Years, from 1 *May*, 1710.

Wax-Candles imported, 4 *d.*

Tallow-Candles imported. 2 *q.*

Wax-Candles made here 4 *d.*

Tallow-Candles, 2 *q.*

II. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any of the ſaid imported Candles ſhall be landed, or put on Shore out of any Ship or Veſſel before due Entry be made thereof at the Cuſtom-houſe in the Port or Place where the ſame ſhall be imported, and before the ſaid Duties by this Act charged or chargeable thereupon, ſhall be duly paid, or without a Warrant for the landing or deliver-

Candles landed before Entry, &c. forfeited, &c.

Continued for ever, vide 9 A. *cap.* 21. 1 Geo. *cap.* 21. 3 Geo. *cap.* 9.

delivering the same, first signed by the Commissioners, Collectors or other proper Officer or Officers of the Customs respectively; that all such imported Candles of what kind soever, as shall be so landed or put on shore, or taken out of any Ship or Vessel, contrary to the true meaning hereof, or the Value of the same, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized or recovered of the Importer or Proprietor thereof, to wit, One moiety of the same to the use of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, and the other moiety to the use of such Person or Persons, as will seize, inform or sue for the Candles so imported and forfeited, or the Value thereof, in any of her Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, or in her Majesties Court of Exchequer in Scotland, by Action, Bill, Suit or Information, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed.

How these Duties shall be raised.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Duties upon imported Candles, by this Act granted, during the continuance thereof, shall be ascertained, secured, raised, levied, recovered and answered, for the uses and purposes in this Act expressed, by such Rules, Ways, Means and Methods, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and in such manner and form, as the present Duties upon Candles imported, or any of them, are by any Law, or Statute now in force, to be ascertained, secured, raised, levied, recovered or answered, during the continuance thereof respectively.

Candles imported to be under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs.

IV. And be it Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That such of the Duties imposed by this Act upon imported Candles, as shall arise in England, Wales, and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners and Officers of the Customs in England for the time being; and such of the Duties imposed by this Act upon imported Candles, as shall arise in Scotland, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners and Officers of the Customs in Scotland for the time being; and that the respective Receivers General of the Customs in England and Scotland for the time being, shall, from time to time, pay, or cause to be paid, all the Monies that they respectively shall receive of the said Duties for imported Candles (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted) into the Receipt of her Majesties Exchequer in England, distinctly and apart from all other Branches of the Publick Revenues, for the purposes in this Act expressed, and under the like Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities, as are to be inflicted by this Act, for diverting or misapplying any Monies by this Act appropriated or appointed for Repayment of Loans, or Satisfaction of Interest Monies, as is herein after mentioned.

Candles exported, to drawback the Duties upon Security.

XXIV. Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons, who shall have actually paid her Majesties Duties by this Act payable for any quantity of Candles whatsoever, and to and for any other Person or Persons, who shall buy or be lawfully entitled to any such quantity of Candles from the said Person or Persons who actually paid her Majesties Duties for the same, to export such Candles for any Foreign Parts by way of Merchandize, giving sufficient Security before the shipping thereof for Exportation, That the particular quantity of Candles which shall be intended to be exported, as aforesaid, and every part thereof, shall be shipped and exported, and that the same, or any part thereof, shall not be relanded or brought again into any Part or Parts of Great Britain, which Security the Customer or Collector of the respective Port for such Exportation is hereby directed and authorized to take in her Majesties Name, and to her Use.

Such Candles relanded forfeited, besides the Penalty of the Bond.

XXV. Provided always, That if after the shipping of any such Candles to be exported, as aforesaid, and the giving or tendring such Security, as aforesaid, in order to obtain the Allowance or Drawback herein after mentioned, the Candles so shipped to be exported or any of them, shall be relanded in any Part of Great Britain, That then and in every such case, over and above the Penalty

nalty of the Bond, which shall be levied and recovered to her Majesties Use, all the Candles which shall be landed, or the Value thereof, shall be forfeited.

Exporters of Candles, on Oath that the Duty has been paid, or secured, and on Certificate and Debenture, to be repaid the Duty, or Security discharged, &c.

XXVI. And it is also hereby Enacted, That any Person or Persons who shall export any Candles to any Foreign Parts, shall or may make Proof upon Oath, or by such Affirmation, as aforesaid, That the Duty of such Candles hath been paid or secured according to this Act (which Oath or Affirmation the Collector who received the said Duty is hereby required and impowered to Administer) and thereupon the said Collector for the said Duty upon Candles, shall give to such Person or Persons gratis a Certificate or Certificates, expressing the Kinds and Quantities of such Candles, and the Duties paid or secured to be paid for the same, pursuant to this Act; which Certificate being produced to the Customer or Collector of the Port where the said Candles shall be exported, and Oath or Affirmation, as aforesaid, being also made by the Exporter before the said Customer or Collector of the Port (who is hereby also authorized and required to Administer the same without Fee or Charge) That the Candles so exported are the same mentioned in the said Certificate; then the said Customer or Collector of the Port where such Candles shall be exported, shall give to the Exporter thereof a Debenture expressing the true quantity of the Candles so exported; which Debenture being produced to the Collector appointed to receive the said Duties upon Candles, in such County or Place where the said Candles were exported, he shall forthwith pay the said Duty which shall have been received upon this Act, to the Persons or Agents so exporting the same; and if such Collector shall not have Money in his hands to pay the same, Then the said respective Commissioners of Excise are hereby required to pay the said Debenture out of the Duties upon Candles arising by this Act; or if the Duty of such Candles so exported were only secured, and shall remain unpaid, then the same shall be discharged upon the Securities for the same; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Fines, &c. how to be recovered.

XXVIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, in relation to the said Duties by this Act imposed upon Candles, shall be sued for, levied and recovered, or mitigated, by such Ways, Means and Methods, as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture is or may be recovered or mitigated, by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of her Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland; and that One moiety of every such Fine, Penalty and Forfeiture shall be to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, and the other moiety to him or them that shall discover, inform, or sue for the same.

Anno 8 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XI.

An Act to explain so much of the Act for prohibiting the Exportation of Corn, Malt, Meal, Flour, Bread, Biscuit, and Starch, and Low Wines, Spirits, Worts, and Wash drawn from malted Corn; by which Act the said Commodities are admitted to be carried from the Isle of *Wight* to several Markets; and for giving Liberty to export certain Quantities of Oatmeal, for the Uses of the *British* Hospitals beyond the Seas. EXP.

Anno

Anno 8 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XIII.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for continuing ſeveral Impoſitions, Additional Impoſitions, and Duties upon Goods imported, to raiſe Money by way of Loan, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten; and for taking off the Overſea-Duty on Coals exported in *Britiſh* Bottoms; and for better preventing Frauds in Drawbacks upon Certificate-Goods; and for aſcertaining the Duties of Corants imported in *Venetian* Ships; and to give further time to Foreign Merchants for Exportation of certain Foreign Goods imported; and to limit a time for Proſecutions upon certain Bonds given by Merchants; and for continuing certain Fees of the Officers of the Cuſtoms; and to prevent Imbezilments by ſuch Officers; and for appropriating the Monies granted to her Majeſty; and for replacing Monies paid or to be paid for making good any Deficiencies on the Annuity Acts; and for Encouragement to raiſe Naval Stores in her Majeſties Plantations; and to give further time for regiſtring Debentures as is therein mentioned.

Preamble.

MOST Gracious Sovereign, we your Majeſties moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament aſſembled, for the better enabling your Majeſty to defray the Charge of this preſent War, and to finiſh the ſame as ſucceſsfully as the ſaid War hath hitherto (through the Divine Goodneſs) been carried on, and for other your Majeſties moſt neceſſary and important Occaſions, have cheerfully and unanimouſly given and granted, and do by this Act give and grant to your Majeſty the ſeveral and reſpective Subſidies, Impoſitions and Duties herein after particularly deſcribed, for and during the Terms herein after expreſſed, and do moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty, That it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by Authority of the ſame,

Impoſitions on Wines and Vinegar further continued.

That the ſeveral Impoſitions and Duties upon Wines and Vinegar granted by an Act made in the Firſt Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King James the Second, [Intituled, An Act for granting to his Majeſty an Impoſition upon all Wines and Vinegar imported between the Twenty fourth day of *June*, One thouſand ſix hundred eighty five, and the Four and twentieth day of *June*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety three,] which ſaid Act, by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts of Parliament ſince made, was continued, and is to continue, until the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen, ſhall, by virtue of this Act, be further continued and be payable to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all Wines and Vinegar which ſhall be imported into Great Britain, from the Laſt day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen, to the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty, and no longer; and that the ſaid Act ſo made in the Firſt Year of the Reign of the ſaid late King James the Second, and all Powers, Proviſions, Penalties, Articles and Clauſes therein contained, for or concerning the ſaid Impoſitions on Wines and Vinegar, ſhall continue and be in full force and effect, until the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty, and ſhall be applied, practiſed and executed for raiſing, levying, collecting, anſwering and paying the ſaid Duties upon Wines and Vinegar hereby continued, and all Arrears thereof, according to the tenor and intent of this preſent Act, as fully, to all intents and purpoſes, as if all and every the Clauſes, Matters and Things in the ſaid Act of the Firſt Year of the Reign of the ſaid King James the Second con-

1 Jac. 2. *cap.* 3.

Continued for ever, vide 9 A. *cap.* 21. 1 Geo. *cap.* 21. 3 Geo. *cap.* 9.

contained, had been again in this Act repeated and particularly enacted.

Duties on Tobacco further continued.

II. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Rates, Duties and Impositions upon all sorts of Tobacco, granted by an Act made in the First Year of the Reign of the said late King James the Second, [Intituled, An Act for granting to his Majesty an Imposition upon all Tobacco and Sugar imported between the Twenty fourth day of *June*, One thousand six hundred eighty five, and the Twenty fourth day of *June*, One thousand six hundred ninety three] which said Act, as for and concerning the said Duties and Impositions upon Tobacco only, by several subsequent Acts of Parliament since made, was continued, and is to continue until the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, shall, by virtue of this Act, be further continued and paid to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Tobacco to be imported into Great Britain from the Last day of July, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, to the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and twenty, and no longer.

1 Jac. 2. *cap.* 4.

Continued for ever, vide ut supra.

How to be levied.

III. Provided always, and be it Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Duty upon Tobacco which shall be imported within the times by this Act limited, and all Arrears thereof, shall be secured, collected, raised, levied, answered, and paid to her Majesty, in such Method, and with such Discount and Allowances, and according to such Rules and Directions, and under such Penalties as are mentioned, referred to, or prescribed, (as to the Duties or Impositions on Tobacco) in and by the Act made in the Parliament holden in the Seventh Year of the Reign of King William the Third (of Glorious Memory) [Intituled, An Act for continuing several Duties granted by former Acts upon Wine, Vinegar, and Tobacco, and *East-India* Goods, and other Merchandizes imported, for carrying on the War against *France*] and not otherwise.

7 W. 3. *cap.* 10. *altered by the* 12 A. *cap.* 8. *and* 5 Geo. *c.* 7.

Duties on *East-India* Goods wrought Silks, &c. further continued

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Additional and other Rates, Impositions, Duties and Charges upon the several sorts of Goods and Merchandizes, granted by an Act made in the Second Year of the Reign of King William the Third and Queen Mary, [Intituled, An Act for granting to their Majesties certain Impositions upon all *East-India* Goods and Merchandizes, and upon all Wrought Silks, and several other Goods and Merchandizes, to be imported after the Twenty fifth day of *December*, One thousand six hundred and ninety,] and which thereby, and by several Acts of Parliament already made, have continuance until the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, shall be further continued and paid to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for and upon the like Commodities to be imported into Great Britain, from the said Last day of July, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, to the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and twenty, and no longer; and that the said Act made in the Second Year of their late Majesties Reign, concerning East-India Goods, and other things therein charged, and all Powers, Provisions, Penalties, Articles and Clauses therein contained, shall continue and be of full force and effect, until the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and twenty, and shall be applied, practised and executed for the raising, levying, collecting, answering and paying the said respective Duties hereby continued, and all Arrears thereof, according to the tenor and intent of this present Act, as fully, to all intents and purposes, as if the said last mentioned Act, and all and every the Clauses, Matters and Things therein contained, had been again repeated and particularly Enacted; except only as to such part of the said Acts, concerning the said Impositions on Wines, Vinegar, Tobacco, East-India Goods, and other Merchandizes imported, touching which other Provisions or Alterations are made by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, which other Provisions or Alterations are to be observed, and to continue during the continuance of this Act, and the said Act [Intituled, An Act for continuing several Duties granted by former Acts upon Wine and Vinegar, and upon Tobacco, and *East-India* Goods and

2 W. & M. *cap.* 4, (14)

Continued for ever, vide ut supra.

Duties how to be levied.

Exception.

7 W. 3. *cap.* 10.

other Merchandizes imported, for carrying on the War againſt *France*] and every Article, Clauſe, Matter and Thing therein contained, for the raiſing, levying, ſecuring, anſwering and paying the Impoſitions and Duties on the Merchandizes and Commodities thereby charged, and which are by this Act continued, ſhall be of full force and effect, until the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty.

Additional Impoſitions further continued.

V. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Additional and other Rates, Duties, Impoſitions and Charges upon the ſeveral ſorts of Goods and Merchandizes granted by an Act of Parliament made in the Fourth Year of their ſaid late Majeſties Reign, [Intituled, An Act for granting to their Majeſties certain Additional Impoſitions upon ſeveral Goods and Merchandizes, for proſecuting the preſent War againſt *France*] which by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts of Parliament already made, have continuance, until the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen, ſhall, by virtue of this Act, be further continued, and be paid and payable to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, throughout Great Britain, from the Laſt day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen, to the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty, and no longer; and that the ſaid Act laſt mentioned, and all the Powers, Proviſions, Penalties, Articles and Clauſes therein contained (except as herein after is excepted and provided) as for and concerning the ſaid Rates, Duties and Impoſitions, ſhall continue and be in full force and effect, until the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty, and ſhall be applied, practiſed and executed, for the raiſing, levying, collecting, anſwering and paying the ſaid Duties hereby continued, and all Arrears thereof, according to the tenor and intent of this preſent Act, as if the ſaid laſt mentioned Act, and all and every the Clauſes, Matters and Things therein mentioned, had been again repeated and particularly enacted in this preſent Act. Provided alſo, That in all caſes where any other Proviſion or Alteration is made by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in being, in or about any other Matter or Thing contained in the ſaid Act of Parliament for the Impoſitions laſt mentioned, ſuch other Proviſions or Alterations ſhall be obſerved during the continuance of the term hereby granted; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

4 W. & M. cap. 5.

Continued for ever, vide 9 A. cap. 21. 1 Geo. cap. 21. 1 Geo. cap. 9.

How to be levied.

Alterations to be obſerved.

Duties on Whale-Fins further continued.

VI. And it is hereby further Enacted, That the ſeveral Impoſitions and Duties, for and upon all Whale-Fins imported, which by an Act of Parliament in the Ninth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty King William the Third, [Intituled, An Act for taking away half the Duties impoſed on Glaſs-Wares, and the whole Duties lately laid on Stone and Earthen-Wares and Tobacco-Pipes, and for granting in lieu thereof new Duties on Whale-Fins and *Scotch*-Linen] were granted to his ſaid late Majeſty King William, and by ſubſequent Acts already paſſed, have Continuance, until the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen, ſhall be and are hereby continued and payable to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, upon all Whale-Fins to be imported into Great Britain, from the Laſt day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen, to the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty, and no longer; and ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected and paid, in ſuch Manner and Form, and by ſuch Ways and Means, and under ſuch Penalties, as are mentioned in the ſaid Act for granting the ſaid Impoſitions on Whale-Fins and Scotch-Linen, which Act with all the Powers, Proviſoes, Penalties, Articles and Clauſes therein contained, or thereby referred to, ſhall continue and be in full force, until the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty, and ſhall be applied, practiſed and put in execution for raiſing and levying the ſaid Duties on Whale-Fins hereby continued, and all Arrears thereof, as fully and effectually as if all the Clauſes, Matters and Things therein contained, concerning the ſaid Duties on Whale-Fins were repeated, and again enacted in the Body of this preſent Act.

9 W. 3. cap. 45.

Continued for ever, vide ut ſupra.

How to be levied.

VII. And

VII. And whereas the ſaid Impoſitions on Wines, Vinegar and
1 Jac. 2. cap. 3. Tobacco, which were firſt granted to King James the Second, in the Firſt Year of his Reign, and the ſaid Impoſitions on Eaſt-India Goods, and other Goods charged therewith, which were firſt granted to their late Majeſties King William and Queen Mary, in the
2 W. & M. cap. 4, (14.) Second Year of their Reign, and the ſaid Additional Impoſitions
4 W. & M. c. 5. which were firſt granted to them in the Fourth Year of their Reign, and the ſaid Duties on Whale-Fins impoꝛted, which were granted
9 W. 3. cap. 45. to his ſaid late Majeſty King William in the Ninth Year of his Reign, were by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts of Parliament continued, (with ſome Exceptions and Alterations) as afoꝛeſaid, until the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundꝛed and ſixteen, in the manner therein mentioned, and are thereby made ſubject and liable (together with ſuch other Duties as are therein exꝛeſſed) to the Satisfaction of ſeveral Pꝛincipal Sums which were boꝛrowed, oꝛ authoꝛized to be boꝛrowed upon thoſe Acts reſpectively, and the Intereſt due, and to be due foꝛ the ſame, (which Pꝛincipal and Intereſt are to be duly paid off and diſcharged in the firſt place:) Now it is hereby further Declared and Enacted by the Authoꝛity afoꝛeſaid, That from and immediately after the time that all the Pꝛincipal and Intereſt-Monies, which by the ſaid foꝛmer Acts, oꝛ any of them, are charged oꝛ chargeable on the ſeveral Impoſitions and Duties laſt particularly mentioned, (joyntly with other Duties) as afoꝛeſaid, ſhall be fully paid off and ſatisfied accoꝛding to the true meaning of the ſaid foꝛmer Acts, oꝛ that ſufficient Money ſhall be reſerved in the Exchequer foꝛ that purpoſe, then all the Monies which from thenceforth ſhall ariſe by the ſaid Impoſitions upon Wines, Vinegar and Tobacco, which were firſt granted to King James the Second in the Firſt Year of his Reign, and the ſaid Impoſitions on Eaſt-India Goods, and other Goods charged therewith, which were firſt granted to their late Majeſties King William and Queen Mary, in the Second Year of their Reign, and the ſaid Additional Impoſitions which were firſt granted to them in the Fourth Year of their Reign, and the ſaid Duties on Whale-Fins impoꝛted, which were granted to his late Majeſty King William in the Ninth Year of his Reign, foꝛ the remainders of the Terms foꝛmerly granted, and therein then to come and unexpired (except the neceſſary Charges of raiſing, levying, collecting and accounting foꝛ the ſame) ſhall from time to time, be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer diſtinctly, foꝛ the purpoſes in this Act exꝛeſſed, and foꝛ no other uſe, intent oꝛ purpoſe whatſoever.

After the Principal, &c. of the former Acts are diſcharged, the ſeveral Duties appropriated for the Uſes of this Act.

XV. And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Sixth
6 A. cap. 19. Year of her Majeſties Reign, [Intituled, An Act for continuing ſeveral Duties therein mentioned upon Coffee, Chocolate, Spices, Pictures, and Muſlins, and Additional Duties upon ſeveral of the ſaid Commodities, and certain Duties upon Callicoes, *China*-Wares, and Drugs, and for continuing the Duties called the Two thirds Subſidies of Tonnage and Poundage, for preſerving the Publick Credit; and for aſcertaining the Duties of Coals exported to Foreign Parts; and for ſecuring the Credit of the Bank of *England*; and for paſſing ſeveral Accounts of Taxes raiſed in the County of *Monmouth*; and for promoting the Conſumption of ſuch Tobacco as ſhall have paid her Majeſties Duties] It is amongſt other things Enacted, That all Coals exꝛoꝛted beyond the Seas, from and after the end of the then pꝛeſent Seſſion of Parliament, until the Twenty fifth day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundꝛed and fifteen, and from thence to the end of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, from Great Britain in Britiſh Bottoms, ſhall only pay Thꝛee Shillings the Chalder, and after that rate foꝛ greater oꝛ leſſer quantities; any foꝛmer Law oꝛ Statute to the contrary notwithſtanding, as by the ſame Act moꝛe at large may appear: And whereas the ſaid Duty is a great hindꝛance to the Britiſh Navigation, and leſſens the Exꝛoꝛtation of Coals from Great Britain to Parts beyond the Seas; Be it thereforꝛe Enacted by the Authoꝛity afoꝛeſaid, That from and after the Five and twentieth day of December, in the Year One thouſand ſeven hundꝛed and ten, the ſaid Duty of Thꝛee Shillings

Overſea-Duties on Coals in *Britiſh* Bottoms, after 25 *Dec.* 1710. to ceaſe.

per Chalder shall cease, and be no longer paid; any thing in the said Act to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Clause to prevent Frauds in Drawbacks, upon Certificate-Goods.

XVI. And whereas by the Laws of this Realm, every Person importing Tobacco, and other Foreign Goods, from any Part of Great Britain, is entitled to a Drawback of part of the Duties paid or secured at the Importation thereof; and it hath been found by Experience, that great quantities of such Tobacco and other Foreign Goods, after they have been shipped for Exportation, have been privately re-landed in this Realm; and the Remedies already provided by Law, have not been sufficient to obviate a Practice so very Prejudicial to her Majesties Revenue, and to all fair and honest Traders in such Goods: For the better Prevention whereof for the future, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Seven and twentieth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and ten, in case any Tobacco, or other Foreign Goods, contained or specified in any Certificate, whereupon any such Drawback is to be made, or whereupon any Debenture is to be made forth for any such Drawback, shall not be really and bona fide shipped and exported (the danger of the Seas and Enemies excepted) or shall be landed again in any Part of Great Britain, unless in case of distress to save the Goods from perishing, which shall be presently made known to the Person or Persons which are or shall be appointed by her Majesty to manage her Customs, or Principal Officers of the Port; then not only all such Tobacco and other Certificate-Goods shall be forfeited and lost, but also the Person or Persons (being the Exporters, or any others) who shall bring back or cause, or procure to be re-landed such Tobacco, and other Certificate-Goods, or any of them, in any Part of Great Britain, or be assisting, or otherwise concerned in the unshipping the same, or to whose hands the same shall knowingly come, after the unshipping thereof, or by whose Privity, Knowledge or Direction the said Tobacco and other Goods, or any part thereof, shall be so re-landed, shall forfeit double the amount of the said Drawback for such Goods, together with the Vessels and Boats, and all the Horses or other Cattle and Carriages whatsoever, made use of in the Landing, Removing, Carriage or Conveyance of the same; One moiety of all which Penalties or Forfeitures shall be to the Use of her Majesty, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall inform, seize, or sue for the same, to be recovered by Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of her Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, at any time or times within Five Years after the Offence shall be committed; wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed.

Such Goods re-landed, forfeited, and double the amount of the Drawback, with the Vessels, Boats, Horses, &c.

Penalties how to be recovered and divided.

Officers conniving incapacitated, and to be Imprisoned for Six Months.

XVII. And it is hereby Enacted, That if any Officer of the Customs shall connive or assist in any Fraud, relating to such Certificate-Goods, as aforesaid, such Officer (over and above any other Penalties, to which he is or may be liable by this or any other Act, shall forfeit his Office, and be rendred incapable of serving her Majesty for the future, and suffer Six Months Imprisonment without Bail or Mainprize; and if any Master, Commander, or other Person belonging to any Ship or Vessel, shall assist in or connive at the Fraudulent landing any such Certificate-Goods, as aforesaid, he, she or they (over and above all other Penalties provided by this, or any other Act or Acts now in force) shall for every such Offence suffer Imprisonment by the space of Six Months, without Bail or Mainprize.

Master of the Ship assisting or conniving, Imprisoned for 6 Months.

No Debenture for Tobacco to *Ireland*, till a Certificate from the Collector, &c. in *Ireland*, of the landing the same there.

XVIII. And for preventing the running of Tobacco into this Kingdom, under pretence of exporting the same to Ireland; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Debenture shall be paid or allowed for any Tobacco exported from any Port of Great Britain, to the Kingdom of Ireland, until a Certificate shall be produced under the Hands and Seals of the Collector, Comptroller and Surveyor of the Customs, of any Port in Ireland, or any Two of them, where such Goods shall be landed, testifying the landing thereof, (the danger of the Seas, or Enemies excepted) any

any Law to the contrary notwithstanding; which Certificate the Collector, Comptroller and Searcher of the Customs, or any Two of them, of each Port in Ireland, are impowered and required to deliver forthwith, upon the Discharge of such Tobacco, and not to take above One Shilling Fee for making out and delivery of such Certificate. Fee 1 s.

XIX. And as a further Security of her Majesties Revenues, both in Great Britain and Ireland; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Master of every Ship carrying such Certificate-Goods to Ireland, shall demand and take from the Collector of every respective Port of Great Britain, a Duplicate of his Content in writing, certified under the Hand and Seal of the Collector and Comptroller of such Port (which said Duplicate the Collector and Comptroller of each Port in Great Britain are hereby required to deliver to every Master, without Fee or Reward) and such Master shall be obliged to deliver such Duplicate to the Officers of the Customs in Ireland on his Arrival, before he be permitted to land such Goods there. Master carrying Certificate-Goods to *Ireland* to take a Duplicate of his Content from the Collector, &c.

XX. And whereas an illegal Trade is usually carried on in small Vessels or Boats; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Debenture shall be made forth, nor any Drawback be paid or allowed for any Tobacco exported to any Place, in any Ship or Vessel under the Burthen of Twenty Tuns; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding. No Debentures for Tobacco exported in any Ship under 20 Tuns.

XXI. And whereas by an Exception or Clause contained in an Act
3 A. *cap.* 5. §. 1. made in the Third Year of her Majesties Reign [Intituled, An Act for granting to her Majesty a further Subsidy on Wines and Merchandizes imported] It was provided, That such Corants as should be imported in English-built shipping, navigated according to Law, should be exempted from paying the Two thirds Subsidy granted by the said Act: And whereas by a Clause in an Act made in the Fourth
4 A. *cap.* 6. §. 3. Year of her Majesties Reign, for continuing an Additional Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage; It was amongst other things Enacted and Declared, That the Exception contained in the aforesaid Act, whereby Corants imported in English-built shipping, navigated according to Law, were exempted from the said Duty, should be extended to such Corants as after the Five and twentieth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and six, should be imported in Ships belonging to any of the Subjects of the Republick of Venice, so that they also should be exempted from Payment of the Two thirds Subsidy granted by the aforesaid Act; any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding: And whereas by an Act made in the Sixth Year of her Majesties Reign, for continuing the several Duties therein mentioned, the said Two thirds
6 A. *cap.* 22. §. 4. Subsidies were continued for Three Years, from the Seventh day of March, One thousand seven hundred and eight, with an Exception as to Corants imported in English-built shipping, according to the said Act, of the Third Year of her Majesties Reign, and no notice is taken of the Explanation thereof in the said Act of the Fourth of her Majesties Reign, as to Venetian-shipping also, whereby some doubts have arisen, whether Corants imported in Venetian-shipping ought to be exempted from the Continuation of the Two thirds Subsidy, according to the Provision before recited in the said Act of the Fourth Year of her Majesties Reign, extending the Exemption to them: For preventing which doubts, and in regard it would be very hard to restrain the Subjects of Venice from importing the Goods of their own Growth in their own shipping; Be it therefore Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Clause in the Act of the Fourth Year of the Queens Reign, for exempting Corants imported in Venetian-shipping from paying the Duty of Two thirds Subsidy, was intended, and is to be understood, from the time of passing the same Act, to be a perpetual Clause attending the Continuation of that Duty, and not limited unto the First Grant thereof; any thing in the said Act of the Sixth, or in any other subsequent Act to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding. Corants imported in *Venetian* Ships subject to 4 *A.* c. 6.

XXII. And

XXII. And whereas by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Second and Third Year of the Reign of her present Majesty our most Gracious Sovereign Lady Queen Anne [Intituled, An Act for granting to her Majesty an Additional Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage for Three Years, and for laying a further Duty upon *French* Wines condemned as lawful Prize, and for ascertaining the Value of unrated Goods imported from the *East-Indies*] It is therein, amongst other things, Enacted, That all English Merchants should, from and after the Eighth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and three, have Eighteen Months time allowed them from the Entry inwards for the Exportation of all Tobacco, Sugar, Ginger, Pepper, Bugles, Cast and Bar-Iron, Dying-Wood, Dying-Wares, and Drugs, and should have the like Benefit and Drawback by such Exportations, as if the same had been exported within Twelve Months: And whereas the time allowed to Foreigners for Exportation of such Goods is limited to Nine Months, which by experience is found to be too short, and very inconvenient to Trade; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Foreign Merchants, or all British Merchants commissioned by them, shall from and after the Seven and twentieth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and ten, have Fifteen Months time from the Entry inwards of all Tobacco, Sugar, Ginger, Pepper, Bugles, Cast and Bar-Iron, Dying-Wood, Dying-Wares, and Drugs (already imported or to be imported) allowed them to export the same, and shall have the like Benefit and Drawback by such Exportation, as if the same had been exported within Nine Months, according to the Second Rule in the Book of Rates, the said Rule, or any other Law or Custom now in force relating thereunto notwithstanding: Provided Certificates be taken forth, and Oath made, and all other Requisites performed, according to the Laws now in being. 2 & 3 A. *cap.* 9.

Foreign Merchants to have 15 Months time for Exportation of certain Foreign Goods.

Clause to limit a time for Prosecutions upon Plantation-Bonds:

XXIII. And whereas the Laws of this Realm do require, That for Ships trading to or in her Majesties Plantations, lading Sugars and other enumerated Commodities there, Bonds be given which are commonly called Plantation-Bonds, with Condition to bring the same Goods to Great Britain, or to some other of her Majesties Plantations, or to that effect: Now to prevent the Discouragements which Persons trading to and from the said Plantations do or may lie under by the said Bonds lying out against them, although the Conditions thereof are or shall have been performed; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That as to such of the said Plantation-Bonds as have been entred into at any time or times before the Eight and twentieth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and ten, and are now remaining in the hands of any of her Majesties Officers, in case there shall be no Prosecution for some Breach, or Non-performance of the respective Conditions thereof, before the Eight and twentieth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and thirteen, or if upon such Prosecution, Judgment be not obtained for her Majesty, before the Eight and twentieth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and fifteen, then such of the said Plantation-Bonds, so already entred into, shall (for want of such Prosecution or Judgment) be void; and as to such Plantation-Bonds as shall be entred into, after the said Eight and twentieth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and ten, in case there shall be no Prosecution for some Breach or Non-performance of the respective Conditions thereof, within Three Years after the Dates thereof; or if upon such Prosecution as is last mentioned, Judgment be not obtained for her Majesty within the space of Two Years after the same Prosecution commenced, then every such Plantation-Bond, which shall hereafter be entred into, as aforesaid (in default of such Prosecution to be commenced, and Judgment to be obtained within the times before limited) shall also be void: And all the said Plantation-Bonds so made void by this Act, shall be delivered up by the Officers, having the same in their keeping, to be cancelled without Fee or Reward.

If such Bonds be not prosecuted in 3 Years from the Date, and Judgment obtained in 2 Years more, the Bonds to be void.

XXIV. And

XXIV. And whereas by an Act made in the Eleventh Year of the Reign of his said late Majesty King William the Third [Intituled, An Act for the more Effectual employing the Poor, by encouraging the Manufactures of this Kingdom] upon the Exportation of wrought Silks, and other Commodities therein mentioned, Security is to be taken in the manner therein exprest: Now in regard it may happen some of these Goods may be vended in Foreign Parts, from which no Certificate can be produced, as the said Act requires, to discharge the Security last mentioned, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That as to such of the Securities last mentioned, as have been entred into at any time or times, before the Eight and twentieth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and ten, and are now remaining in the hands of any of her Majesties Officers, in case there shall be no Prosecution for some Breach, or Non-performance of the respective Conditions thereof, before the Eight and twentieth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and thirteen, or if upon such Prosecution, Judgment be not obtained for her Majesty, before the Eight and twentieth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and fifteen, then such of the said Securities so already entred into upon Exportation of such Silks, and other Commodities last mentioned, shall (for want of such Prosecution or Judgment) be void; and as to such Securities as shall be entred into, after the said Eight and twentieth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and ten, upon Exportation of such wrought Silks, and other Commodities as are last mentioned, in case there shall be no Prosecution for some Breach, or Non-performance of the respective Conditions thereof, within Three Years after the dates thereof; or if upon such Prosecution as is last mentioned, Judgment be not obtained for her Majesty, within the space of Two Years after the same Prosecution commenced, then every such Security relating to wrought Silks, or such other Goods as are last mentioned, which shall hereafter be entred into, as aforesaid, (in default of such Prosecution to be commenced, and Judgment to be obtained within the times before limited) shall also be void: And all such Securities so made void by this Act, shall be delivered up by the respective Officers, having the same in their keeping, to be cancelled without Fee or Reward.

11 W. 3. c. 10.

Bonds for *East-India* wrought Silk, and other Commodities prohibited to be worn here, if not prosecuted in 3 Years, and Judgment obtained in 2 Years more, void.

XXV. And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Officer of her Majesties Revenue, having the Custody of any of the Bonds by this Act required to be delivered up to be cancelled, as aforesaid, shall, upon reasonable Demand refuse or neglect to deliver up such Bonds, according to the purport and true meaning of this Act, then the Officer so offending, shall for every such Offence, be, and is hereby made liable to answer to the Party grieved, all his Damages, together with treble Costs of Suit.

Officer not delivering up such Bonds on demand to pay Damages, and treble Costs.

XXVI. And in regard the Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage on Merchandizes exported, is to determin from and after the Last day of July, One thousand seven hundred and ten, but it is nevertheless necessary, that the respective Officers of the Customs, as well outwards as inwards, do continue to perform the Duties of their respective Offices, as well to prevent Frauds in relation to the Drawbacks upon Certificate-Goods, as to hinder the Exportation of Goods prohibited to be exported, and for other Causes wherein the publick Service is or may be concerned; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Fees of the Officers of the Customs, as well in the Port of London, as in other Ports of Great Britain, which were established or allowed by the Act of Tonnage and Poundage, made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, or by any of the Rules annexed thereunto, or by any Act or Acts of Parliament since made, touching any such Fees, and which may lawfully be taken by any such Officers, or their Deputies, from any her Majesties Subjects or Strangers, until the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and ten, for any Cocquets, Certificates, Entries, Clearings, Bonds, Debentures, Endorsments, Sufferances, Transires, Let-Passes, Warrants, and other Matters and Things relating to the Duties of their respective

Fees allowed to Officers of the Customs by 12 *Car.* 2. *&c.* continued till altered by the Commons of *Great Britain.*

respective Offices, shall after the Last day of July, One thousand seven hundred and ten, continue and be paid and payable for the same, until the said Fees, or any of them, shall be altered by the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament, as fully as if the said Fees, or any Table or Tables thereof formerly allowed, were particularly set down, or referred to in the Body of this Act; the Determination of the said Subsidy outwards, or any Act or Acts of Parliament, or other Matter or Thing to the contrary notwithstanding.

Officer imbezilling any Goods, forfeits double the Value with full Costs.

XXVII. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Officer or Officers of the Customs, shall, contrary to his Duty, Imbezil any Goods or Merchandizes lodged in any Warehouse in his or their Custody or Possession, such Officer and Officers, for every such Offence, shall forfeit double the Value of the Goods so imbezilled, to the Parties grieved, with full Costs, to be recovered as other Penalties by this Act are Recoverable.

Anno 8 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XVI.

An Act for explaining and enlarging an Act of the Sixth Year of her Majesties Reign, Intituled, *An Act for the Security of her Majesties Person and Government.* EXP.

Anno 8 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XIX.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the Encouragement of Learning, by vesting the Copies of Printed Books in the Authors or Purchasers of such Copies, during the Times therein mentioned.

Preamble.

WHereas Printers, Booksellers, and other Persons, have of late frequently taken the Liberty of printing, reprinting, and publishing, or causing to be printed, reprinted, and published Books, and other Writings, without the Consent of the Authors or Proprietors of such Books and Writings, to their very great Detriment, and too often to the Ruin of them and their Families: For preventing therefore such Practices for the future, and for the Encouragement of learned Men to compose and write useful Books; may it please your Majesty, that it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the Queens most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Tenth day of April, One thousand seven hundred and ten, the Author of any Book or Books already printed, who hath not transferred to any other the Copy or Copies of such Book or Books, Share or Shares thereof, or the Bookseller or Booksellers, Printer or Printers, or other Person or Persons, who hath or have purchased or acquired the Copy or Copies of any Book or Books, in order to print or reprint the same, shall have the sole Right and Liberty of printing such Book and Books for the term of One and twenty Years, to commence from the said Tenth day of April, and no longer; and that the Author of any Book or Books already composed and not printed and published, or that shall hereafter be composed, and his Assignee, or Assigns, shall have the sole Liberty of printing and reprinting such Book and Books for the term of Fourteen Years, to commence from the Day of the First publishing the same, and no longer; and that if any other Bookseller, Printer, or other Person whatsoever, from and after the Tenth day of April, One thousand seven

Authors of Books already printed, who have not transferred their Property,

or the Bookseller, &c. who has purchased the Copy,

to have the sole Right of such Books for 21 Years.

Authors, and their Assigns, of Books not yet printed, to have the sole Liberty of printing them for 14 Years.

seven hundred and ten, within the times granted and limited by this Act, as aforesaid, shall print, reprint, or import, or cause to be printed, reprinted, or imported any such Book or Books, without the Consent of the Proprietor or Proprietors thereof first had and obtained in writing, signed in the Presence of Two or more Credible Witnesses, or knowing the same to be so printed or printed, without the Consent of the Proprietors, shall sell, publish, or expose to Sale, or cause to be sold, published, or exposed to Sale, any such Book or Books, without such Consent first had and obtained, as aforesaid, then such Offender or Offenders shall forfeit such Book or Books, and all and every Sheet or Sheets, being part of such Book or Books, to the Proprietor or Proprietors of the Copy thereof, who shall forthwith Damask and make Waste Paper of them: And further, That every such Offender or Offenders shall forfeit One Peny for every Sheet which shall be found in his, her, or their Custody, either printed or printing, published or exposed to Sale, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this Act, the One moiety thereof to the Queens most Excellent Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, and the other moiety thereof to any Person or Persons that shall Sue for the same, to be recovered in any of her Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in which no Wager of Law, Essoign, Privilege or Protection, or more than one Imparlance shall be allowed.

Penalty on Booksellers, &c. printing or importing such Books without the Consent of the Proprietors.

How to be divided.

VI. Provided always, and be it further Enacted, That if any Person or Persons incur the Penalties contained in this Act, in that part of Great Britain called Scotland, they shall be recoverable by any Action before the Court of Session there.

Penalties in *Scotland* how to be recovered.

VII. Provided, That nothing in this Act contained do extend, or shall be construed to extend, to prohibit the Importation, vending, or selling of any Books in Greek, Latin, or any other Foreign Language, printed beyond the Seas; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Not to extend to prohibit the importing Greek or Latin Books, &c.

VIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Action or Suit shall be commenced or brought against any Person or Persons whatsoever, for doing or causing to be done any thing in pursuance of this Act, the Defendants in such Action may plead the General Issue, and give the Special Matter in Evidence; and if upon such Action a Verdict be given for the Defendant, or the Plaintiff become nonsuited, or discontinue his Action, then the Defendant shall have and recover his full Costs, for which he shall have the same remedy as a Defendant in any case by Law hath.

General Issue.

X. Provided nevertheless, That all Actions, Suits, Bills, Indictments, or Informations for any Offence that shall be committed against this Act, shall be brought, sued, and commenced within Three Months next after such Offence committed, or else the same shall be void and of none effect.

Actions to be brought within Three Months.

Anno 9 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. II.

An Act to oblige Ships coming from Places infected, more effectually to perform their Quarentine.

Preamble.

Whereas several Places on or near the Baltick Sea are and have been, for some time past, infected with the Plague; and her Majesty, for preventing that Infection being brought into her Dominions by Persons or Merchandizes coming from Places infected, hath by several Orders made by her in Council, and by her Royal Proclamation, dated the Ninth day of November, in the Ninth Year of her Majesties Reign, required a Quarentine to be performed by all Ships and Persons coming from Places infected, as therein is directed: And whereas it is necessary that some Provision be made by Act of Parliament, for obliging all Persons

concerned to perform their Quarentine in such manner as hath been or shall be, in Times of Infection, ordered by her Majesty, her Heirs, and Successors, and for punishing Offenders therein, in a more expeditious manner than at present can be in the ordinary Methods of the Law; Be it Enacted by the Queens most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That during the present Infection, and in all future Times, when any Foreign Countries or Places shall be infected with the Plague, all Ships or Vessels coming into the Kingdom of Great Britain, or Ireland, from Places so infected, shall be obliged to make their Quarentine, in such Place and Places, for such Time, and in such Manner, as hath been, or as shall from time to time be directed for that purpose by her Majesty, her Heirs, or Successors; and that during the time, and until the respective Ships shall be discharged of such Quarentine, no Persons coming, or Goods imported in such Ship or Ships, shall come on shore, or go on any other Ship, or be landed, or put into any other Ship, Vessel or Boat, in any Place within her Majesties Dominions; nor shall any Person go on board any such Ship, without Licence, for the respective purposes aforesaid, first had and obtained in writing under the Hand of such Person or Persons who shall be authorized and appointed to take care to see such Quarentine duly performed; and that the said Ships, and the Persons and Goods coming and imported in, or going on board the same, during the time of Quarentine, and all Ships, Vessels, Boats, and Persons receiving any Goods or Persons under Quarentine, shall be subject to such Orders, Rules and Directions touching Quarentine, as hath been, or shall be made by her Majesty, her Heirs, or Successors, and notified by Proclamation.

Ships coming from Places infected to make their Quarentine.

During the Quarentine no Persons or Goods to come on shore,

nor any Person to go on board without Licence, &c.

II. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Five and twentieth day of December, One thousand seven hundred and ten, if any Commander, or Master, or other Person taking Charge of any Ship or Vessel, so coming from any Place infected, as aforesaid, shall himself, or shall permit or suffer any Seaman belonging to such Ship, or any Passenger therein, to quit such Ship or Vessel, by going on shore, or by going on board any other Ship, Boat, or Vessel whatsoever, during the time of the said Quarentine, and until such Ship shall be discharged from Quarentine, without such Licence first had and obtained, as aforesaid, then and in all and every such Case and Cases, every such Ship and Vessel, with her Tackle, Apparel, and Furniture, shall be forfeited to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, and shall and may be seized, sued for, and recovered in the Court of Exchequer, to the use of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors: And further, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever, arrived or who shall arrive in any Port or Place within the Realms of Great Britain and Ireland, in any Ship or Vessel which shall, by reason of its coming from any Foreign Country infected with the Plague, be obliged to do Quarentine, shall, after the said Five and twentieth day of December, One thousand seven hundred and ten, quit such Ship or Vessel, by coming on shore, or by going on board any other Ship or Vessel before or while under such Quarentine, it shall and may be lawful for the Persons appointed to see the Quarentine duly performed, to compel, and, in case of resistance, by force and violence to compel such Person or Persons to return on board such Ships, and there to remain during the time of Quarentine; and such Person so leaving such Ship, and being thereof, at any time after the Expiration of his Quarentine, convicted by the Oath of one or more Credible Witnesses, before any one or more Justice or Justices of the Peace living near the Place where the Offence shall be committed, shall forfeit such Sum, not exceeding Twenty Pounds, as such Justice or Justices shall adjudge, to be forthwith paid down into the hands of such Justice or Justices, who are hereby impowered, according to his or their discretions, to reward

Master, Seamen or Passengers, not to quit the Ship during the Quarentine,

under forfeiture of the Ship, &c. to her Majesty.

Persons quitting such Ship, may be compelled to return on board.

Persons quitting the Ship forfeit 20 l.

ward the Informer out of the same not exceeding One third Part, and are hereby required to pay the Remainder (necessary Charges being deducted) to the use of the Poor of the Parish where such Conviction shall be had; and in default of such Payment, it shall be lawful for such Justice or Justices of the Peace to commit such Offender to the House of Correction, there to be kept to hard Labour for any time not exceeding One Month.

Persons going aboard and returning may be compelled aboard again, &c.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person whatsoever, from and after the said Five and twentieth day of December, One thousand seven hundred and ten, shall presume to go on board, and return from any such Ship or Vessel, so required to do Quarentine, before or during the time of such Quarentine, without such Licence, as aforesaid, every such Offender shall and may be compelled, and, in case of Resistance, may by force and violence be compelled by the Persons appointed, as aforesaid, to return on board such Ship, and there to remain during the time of her Quarentine; and the Master of such Ship is hereby obliged to keep and maintain such Person aboard accordingly.

Officers may seize any Boat belonging to such Ship.

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for any Officer of her Majesties Customs or others, who shall be directed to take care that such Quarentine be duly performed (in all such Cases where her Majesties Officers shall judge it Conducible to the ends of this Act) to seize any Boat or Skiff belonging to such Ship or Vessel, or which shall be therewith found, and to detain the same until such Quarentine shall be performed; and in case any such Officer or other Person so intrusted, as aforesaid, shall voluntarily suffer any Seaman belonging to such Ship or Vessel, or any Passenger therein, to quit such Ship or Vessel while under Quarentine, every such Offender shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, One moiety thereof to her Majesty, and the other moiety to the Person or Persons who shall inform or sue for the same, in any of her Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, to be recovered with Costs of Suit.

Penalty on Officer suffering Persons to quit the Ship.

Justices to cause Watches to be kept.

V. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Justices of the Peace of the several Counties adjoyning to the Places where the Quarentines are, or shall be appointed to be performed, do, and they or any one or more of them are hereby required forthwith, and from time to time, when Quarentine shall be appointed to be performed, to cause Watches to be kept both Day and Night, in the most proper and convenient Places within the several adjacent Parishes, with strict Orders to them; and they are hereby required not to permit or suffer any Person whatsoever to come on shore from, or go on board any Ships under Quarentine, except such only as have or shall have the Charge of seeing the Quarentine duly performed, or as shall be licensed, as aforesaid.

After Quarentine performed Customer, &c. and one Justice to certifie the same, &c.

VI. And it is further Enacted, That after Quarentine shall have been duly performed by any Ship or Vessel, and the Person or Persons therein, according to her Majesties Proclamation and this Act, and upon Proof to be made by the Oaths of the Master or other Person having the charge of the said Ship, and of Two of the Persons belonging to such Ship or Vessel, before the Customer, Comptroller or Collector of the Port where such Quarentine shall be performed, or the next Port thereunto, or before any of their Deputies, and any One Justice of the Peace near adjoyning to such Port (who are hereby authorized and required to Administer such Oath) That such Ship or Vessel, and all and every the Person and Persons therein have duly performed the Quarentine, as aforesaid, and that the Ship or Vessel, and all the Persons on board are free from Infection, then and in such Case, such Customer, Comptroller or Collector, or any of their Deputies, together with the said Justice of the Peace, are hereby required to give a Certificate thereof; and thereupon such Ship or Vessel, and all and every Person and Persons therein, and

thereunto belonging, shall be liable to no further Restraint or Detention during that Voyage, by reason of any Matter or Thing contained in this Act.

Fee for Oath and Certificate.

VII. And it is hereby further Enacted, That the Officer before whom such Oath shall be made, and by whom such Certificate shall be given, shall for such respective Oath and Certificate, demand no more than One Shilling for each, over and above the Stamp-Duties.

The Goods to be opened and aired after Quarentine.

VIII. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby Enacted, That the Goods imported in such Ships, shall after such Quarentine performed, be opened and aired in such place or places, and for such time, as hath been, or shall be directed by her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors, by her or their Proclamation.

Anno 9 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. III.

An Act for charging and continuing the Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and eleven.

Anno 9 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. VI.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for reviving, continuing, and appropriating certain Duties upon several Commodities to be exported; and certain Duties upon Coals to be Waterborn and carried Coastwise; and for granting further Duties upon Candles, for Thirty two Years, to raise Fifteen hundred thousand Pounds, by way of a Lottery, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and eleven; and for suppressing such unlawful Lotteries, and such Insurance-Offices, as are therein mentioned.

Preamble.

MAY it please your most Excellent Majesty, we your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament assembled, being desirous, by the most speedy, easie, and effectual Ways and Means, to raise the necessary Supplies for prosecuting the present War (in which your Majesty hath been for several Years engaged) against the French King, and for enabling your Majesty, at the end thereof, to establish a good and lasting Peace, have for that end and purpose given and granted, and do by this present Act give and grant unto your Majesty, the several Customs, Subsidies, and other Duties, for and upon such several Goods, Merchandizes, and Commodities to be exported, or which shall be shipped to be exported from or out of Great Britain, as are herein after expressed; and such Duties upon Coals, Culm, and Cynders, which are or shall be Waterborn and carried from any Port or Place of Great Britain, to any other Port or Place of the same; and such further Duties upon Candles made in Great Britain, or imported into the same, as are hereafter in this Act more particularly mentioned; and we do most humbly beseech your Majesty, that it may be Enacted: And be it Enacted by the Queens most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, in form following: Whereas by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of his late

late Majesty King Charles the Second (of Blessed Memory) com-
12 Car. 2. c. 4. monly called, The Act of Tonnage and Poundage, (amongst other things therein contained) a certain Subsidy of Poundage for and upon all manner of Goods and Merchandizes to be carried out of the Realm of England, or any the Dominions to the same belonging, that is to say, Twelve Pence of the Value of every Twenty Shillings, of the same Goods and Merchandizes, according to the several and particular Rates and Values thereof, as they were particularly and respectively rated and valued in the Book therein mentioned and referred unto, and other Duties were granted to his said late Majesty, during his Life, except as therein is excepted: And whereas after granting the said Subsidy, as aforesaid, several other Acts of Parliament have been made, whereby the said Subsidy of Poundage, or some Part or Parts of the said Subsidy of Poundage, for and upon several of the said Goods, Merchandizes and Commodities, exported or to be exported, as aforesaid, were (together with several Customs or Duties upon Goods and Merchandizes imported) granted for several Terms successively, the last of which Terms was granted by an Act of the First Year
1 A. cap. 12. of her Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for making good Deficiencies, and preserving the Publick Credit, and continued until the First day of August, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and ten; and the said Subsidy of Poundage, as to several Goods, Merchandizes, and Commodities exported, which were originally charged therewith by the said Act of the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, hath been, by several Acts of Parliament, since taken away, lessened, or altered: Now it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That so much of the said Subsidy of Poundage, and other Duties (first granted by the said Act of the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, as aforesaid) on several Goods and Merchandizes exported, as did remain or had Continuance until the First day of August, in this present Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and ten, or which by force or virtue of the said Act of the First Year of her Majesties Reign, For making good Deficiencies, and the Act of the
5 A. cap. 8. Fifth Year of her Majesties Reign, For the Union of the Two Kingdoms of *England* and *Scotland*, or by any other Act or Acts of Parliament relating thereunto, were payable or existent on the Last day of July, in the said Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred
Continued for ever, by 3 Geo. *cap.* 7. and ten, for any Goods or Merchandizes exported, shall, by force and virtue of this Act, be revived, and be further continued, and be paid and payable to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for and upon the like Goods and Merchandizes respectively to be exported from Great Britain, from and after the Eighth day of March, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and ten, at any time or times, within or during the term of Thirty two Years from thence next ensuing (other than and except such Duties as were formerly granted to be paid upon the Exportation of Sea Coals for Parts beyond the Seas, instead whereof other Duties are imposed by this present Act.)

Subsidy of Poundage, &c. Outwards revived and further continued.

Exception.

II. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Subsidy of Poundage and other Duties upon Goods and Merchandizes exported, hereby revived and continued, during all the term of Years therein granted, as aforesaid, and all Arrearages of the same, shall and may, from time to time, be raised, received, levied and recovered, by such Ways and Means, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and with such Allowances for Goods lost or taken at Sea, and such other Allowances, and in such Manner and Form, as the like Subsidy of Poundage and other Duties, which continued until the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and ten, were or might be raised, received, levied or recovered by any Law or Statute which was in force on the said Last day of July, One thousand seven hundred and ten; and that so much of the said Act, of the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, and of the Order of the Commons in Parliament assembled, bearing date the Seventeenth day of

How these Duties shall be raised.

Officers Fees, &c. continued.

of May, One thouſand ſix hundred and ſixty two, for ſettling of Officers Fees, and all ſuch Clauſes, Penalties and Forfeitures, Matters and Things, contained in the Act laſt mentioned, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament whatſoever, as on the ſaid Laſt day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, were in force, for the raiſing, receiving, levying or recovering, or for making Allowances out of the ſaid Subſidy of Poundage, and other Duties on Goods or Merchandizes exported, which had Continuance until the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, ſhall be revived, practiſed and put in Execution, for raiſing, receiving, levying and recovering, or making Allowances out of the Subſidy of Poundage and other Duties hereby impoſed on Goods and Merchandizes to be exported, during the ſaid term of Thirty two Years, and all Arrearages of the ſame, as fully and effectually, as if they were particularly, and at large, recited and ſet down in the body of this preſent Act.

Subſidy, &c. taken away or diminiſhed by Acts of Parliament, not revived.

III. Provided always, and it is hereby Declared, That where the Subſidy of Poundage, or other Duties formerly granted, as aforeſaid, on Goods or Merchandizes exported, have been taken away, in part, or in the whole, upon any particular Goods or Merchandizes ſo exported, by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament, or by any Clauſe or Clauſes contained in any ſuch Act or Acts formerly made for taking away or diminiſhing the ſame, in all ſuch caſes, the Subſidy or Duty, or ſuch part of the ſaid Subſidy or Duty ſo taken away, ſhall not be revived or continued by virtue of this preſent Act; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Leather, &c. may be exported paying 12 d. per C. for 32 Years.

IV. And it is hereby alſo Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for and during the term of Thirty two Years, to be reckoned from the Eighth day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, it ſhall and may be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons, Natives or Foreigners, to buy in open Fair or Market, and to export and tranſport from Great Britain into Ireland, or any Foreign Parts beyond the Seas, all ſorts of Leather, Sheep-skins or Calve-skins, tanned, tawed, or dreſſed, paying for each Hundred weight of all ſorts of Leather, Sheep-skins and Calve-skins, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, and ſo proportionally for a greater or leſſer quantity, the Sum of Twelve Pence, and no more; any former Law, Statute or Uſage to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Continued for ever, by 3 Geo. *cap.* 7.

Coals of *Wales*, or the Weſt of *England*, the Chalder exported to *Ireland*, or the *Iſle of Man*, 1 s.

V. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral and reſpective Rates and Duties herein after mentioned (and none other) ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected and paid, unto and for the uſe of her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all Coals, which at any time or times within or during the term of Thirty two Years, to commence from the Eighth day of March in the preſent Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, ſhall be exported, or ſhipped to be exported beyond the Seas (that is to ſay) for all Coals of Wales, or the Weſt of England, which ſhall be ſhipped for Exportation to Ireland, or the Iſle of Man, the Sum of One Shilling for every Chalder (reckoning the Chalder to conſiſt of Thirty ſix Buſhels Wincheſter Meaſure) and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity; for every Chalder (like Wincheſter Meaſure) of Coals which ſhall be ſhipped for Exportation to any of her Majeſties Plantations, the Sum of Two Shillings, and proportionally for any greater or leſſer quantity; and for every Chalder of Coals (Newcaſtle Meaſure) which ſhall be ſhipped for Exportation to any Parts beyond the Seas (other than as aforeſaid) in Foreign-built Bottoms, Twelve Shillings, and in Engliſh-built Bottoms, Three Shillings, and after thoſe rates for greater or leſſer quantities; and for ſuch Coals which at any time during the ſaid term of Thirty two Years, ſhall be ſo exported, or ſhipped to be exported, as aforeſaid, for Ireland, or the Iſle of Man, or for the Plantations, or other Parts beyond the Seas (in caſe they are ſuch Coals as are uſually ſold by weight) the proportional rates following: (videlicet) for ſuch Coals to be exported for

Continued for ever, vide ut ſupra.

Coals to the Plantations, 2 s.

Coals to any Parts beyond Sea in Foreign Ships, 12 s. and in *Engliſh* Ships, 3 s. the Chalder.

for Ireland or the Isle of Man, Eight Pence per Tun (reckoning the Tun to be Twenty hundred weight;) and for such Coals shipped for Exportation to the Plantations, Sixteen Pence for every such Tun; and for every such Tun of such Coals which shall be shipped for Exportation to any other Parts beyond the Seas, One third Part of the said Rates charged thereupon, in case they were shipped by Newcastle Measure, as aforesaid, and proportionally for greater or lesser quantities: The said respective Duties on Coals exported to be raised, levied, uplifted, and recovered in the same manner, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and by such Rules, Ways and Methods, as any other Customs or Duties, payable to her Majesty upon the Exportation of any Goods or Merchandizes, are by this Act, or by any other Law or Statute now in force, to be raised, levied, uplifted or recovered in England or Scotland respectively.

Coals, sold by weight to *Ireland* and the *Isle of Man*, the Tun 8 *d.* to the Plantations, 16 *d.* to other Parts, $\frac{1}{3}$ of the Rate by the Chalder.

How to be raised.

VI. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted, That good Security shall be given to the Officers of the Customs in the respective Ports where any of the said Coals shall be shipped for Exportation to Ireland, the Isle of Man, or any of the said Plantations, for landing such Coals in Ireland, the Isle of Man, or such Plantations respectively, and not elsewhere (danger of the Seas and Enemies excepted;) And in case the Ship or Vessel, on which the Coals for which such Security ought to be given, shall depart or go out of Port without giving the same, then such Ship or Vessel, and the Coals therein, or the Value thereof, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be recovered, to wit, One moiety thereof to the Use of the Queen, and the other moiety thereof to the Use of such Person or Persons as will seize, inform or sue for the same.

Security to be given for Coals shipped for *Ireland*, *Isle of Man*, or the Plantations.

Penalty.

VII. And it is hereby Provided and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That during the term of Thirty two Years last mentioned, no Duties shall be charged or raised to the Use of her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors, for or upon the Exportation of any Coals to or for any of her Majesties Plantations, by the Act for the Incouragement of Trade, made in the Fifteenth Year of the Reign of the said late King Charles the Second, or for any Coals to be exported in Foreign Bottoms, by an Act made in the Sixth Year of her Majesties Reign in that behalf, or for any Coals whatsoever, upon the Exportation thereof for Parts beyond the Seas, other than the several and respective Rates and Duties by this Act imposed upon the same, during the Continuance thereof; any other Law or Statute whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Duties on Coals 15 *Car.* 2. and 6 *Annæ*, not to be charged during this Act.

15 Car. 2 *cap.* 7.

6 A. *cap.* 22.

VIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for and during the term of Thirty two Years, commencing from the said Eighth day of March, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and ten, and no longer, there shall be raised, levied, uplifted, collected and paid, unto and for the Use of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Coals, Culm, and Cynders (except Charcoal made of Wood) which shall be shipped or waterborn, and carried from any Port or Place in Great Britain, to any other Port or Place within the same, in such manner as is herein after expressed; and for all Coals (if any such be) which shall be imported into Great Britain from any Foreign Parts, the several and respective Impositions, Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money herein after mentioned (over and above all such Duties as are already granted or payable for or in respect of the same Coals, Culm and Cynders, so waterborn, and carried Coastwise, and in respect of the said Coals so imported, or any of them) that is to say, for all Coals which at any time or times, within or during the said term of Thirty two Years last mentioned, shall be imported or brought into the said Kingdom of Great Britain from any Part beyond Sea (in case they are such Coals as are most usually sold by weight) the Sum of Two Shillings for every Tun (reckoning the Tun to consist of Twenty hundred weight, and every Hundred, to consist of One hundred and twelve Pounds weight of Averdupoize) and after that rate for any greater or lesser quantity; and for all Coals so imported from any Part beyond Sea, being

Continued for ever, by 3 Geo. *cap.* 7.

Duty upon Coals, Culm, and Cynders carried Coastwise, or imported into *Great Britain* for 32 Years.

Duty on Coals imported from Foreign Parts.

being most usually sold by the Chalder, or by any other Measure whatsoever reducible to the Chalder, the Sum of Three Shillings for every Chalder, reckoning each Chalder to consist of Thirty six Bushels Winchester Measure, as aforesaid, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity of such Coals so imported, or brought in from any Foreign Parts; the said Duties for Foreign Coals imported, or brought in, as aforesaid, to be paid by the respective Importer or Importers thereof: And for all sorts of Coals from time to time shipped, or waterborn in order to be shipped or laid on board any Ship or Vessel to be carried by Sea, and which shall be carried by Sea in any Ship or Vessel from any Port or Place within the said Kingdom of Great Britain, and which at any time or times, within or during the same Term, shall be imported, brought or landed in any other Port or Place within the said Kingdom of Great Britain, being most usually sold by the Chalder, or by any other Measure whatsoever reducible to the Chalder, the Sum of Two Shillings for every Chalder, to be reckoned, as aforesaid, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity; and for all sorts of Coals from time to time so shipped or waterborn, in order to be shipped and carried by Sea from any Port or Place of the Kingdom of Great Britain, and which at any time or times during the same Term, shall be imported, brought or landed in any other Port or Place of the same (in case they are such as are most usually sold by weight) the Sum of Sixteen Pence for every Tun, and according to that Proportion for more or less, the said several Duties for Coals so shipped, or waterborn to be shipped and carried by Sea, as aforesaid, from time to time to be paid at the respective Ports and Places of Importation, or landing of such Coals, and to be charged on the respective Owner and Owners, Master or other Persons having the Charge of every such Ship or Vessel, or of the Coals so carried, imported, or brought in the same: And for all Culm whatsoever, which at any time during the same term of Thirty two Years, shall be waterborn in order to be shipped within the said Kingdom of Great Britain, or brought into the same, the Sum of Four Pence, and Eight tenth parts of a Peny, for every such Chalder, as aforesaid, and after that rate; to be paid at the respective Ports and Places of Importation, or Landing of such Culm, and to be charged on the respective Owner and Owners, or Master or Masters, or other Persons having the Charge of the Ship or Vessel, or of the Culm so carried, imported or brought in the same: And for all Cynders made of Pitcoal, which at any time or times during the same term of Thirty two Years, shall be shipped, or waterborn in order to be shipped within the said Kingdom of Great Britain, or brought into the same, the Sum of Two Shillings for every such Chalder, as aforesaid, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity; to be paid at the respective Ports and Places of Importation, or Landing such Cynders, and to be charged upon the respective Owner and Owners, Master and Masters, or other Persons having the Charge of the Ship or Vessel in which the said Cynders shall be carried, imported or brought.

Duty on Coals carried Coastwise for 32 Years.

Continued for ever, by 3 Geo. cap. 7.

The Chalder, 2 s.

The Tun, 16 d.

Duty on Culm the Chalder, 4 d. 8/10

Continued, ut supra.

Duty on Cynders the Chalder, 2 s.

Continued, ut supra.

These Duties on Coals, &c. how to be levied.

IX. And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said several Duties by this Act imposed, within and throughout the said Kingdom of Great Britain, for and upon such Coals, Culm, and Cynders which shall be waterborn, and carried Coastwise, or from One Part of Great Britain to any other Part of the same, as aforesaid, during all the time and term by this Act granted therein, and all Arrearages thereof, shall and may be raised, levied, collected, and recovered in such or the like manner and form, and subject to such Allowances and Repayments, and under such Penalties, Forfeitures, Disabilities, and according to such Rules, and Methods, and Directions, as by the Act of Parliament made in the Fourth Year of her Majesties Reign, [Intituled, An Act for continuing an Additional Subsidy of Tonnage, and Poundage, and certain Duties upon Coals, Culm, and Cynders; and Additional Duties of Excise; and for settling and establishing a Fund thereby, and by

4 A. cap. 6.

by other ways and means, for Payment of Annuities, to be ſold for raiſing a further Supply to her Majeſty, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, and other Uſes therein mentioned] or by any other Law or Statute whatſoever were preſcribed or appointed for the raiſing, levying, ſecuring, collecting or recovering the Duties upon the like Coals, Culm, and Cynders, which had Continuance until the Thirtieth day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten; and that all and every the Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Diſabilities, Clauſes, Matters, and Things, which were contained in the ſaid Act of the Fourth Year of her Majeſties Reign, or were or are in any other Acts or Statutes thereby referred unto, for the managing, raiſing, levying, ſecuring, collecting, recovering or accounting for the ſaid Duties upon Coals, Culm, and Cynders, which were granted or continued until the ſaid Thirtieth day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, as aforeſaid, ſhall be and are, by force and virtue of this preſent Act, revived, and ſhall be in full force, and be duly obſerved, practiſed, and put in Execution, in and for the managing, raiſing, levying, ſecuring, recovering, and accounting for the Duties upon the like Coals, Culm, and Cynders by this Act granted, for and during the whole term hereby granted of and in the ſame, and all Arrearages thereof, as fully and effectually, to all intents and purpoſes, as if the ſame Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Diſabilities, Clauſes, Matters and Things, were again expreſſed, and particularly repeated and re-enacted in the body of this preſent Act.

X. And whereas a doubt may ariſe whether Coals, Culm or Cynders carried from the Bridge of Sterling, which is on the Firth of Forth, to the Town of Dunbar, or to Redhead, are liable to the Duties by this Act impoſed, as if they were carried to Sea; it is hereby Provided, Enacted and Declared, That ſuch Coal, Culm and Cynders, ſo carried from the Bridge of Sterling to the Town of Dunbar, or to Redhead, or to any Part betwixt them, ſhall not, by reaſon of ſuch Carriage, be liable to the Duties by this Act impoſed; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding. Coals carried from *Sterling* to *Dunbar* or *Redhead* not chargeable,

XI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected and paid, unto and for the Uſe of her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all Candles which at any time or times, within or during the term of Thirty two Years, to be reckoned from the Twenty fifth day of March, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eleven, ſhall be imported or brought into the Kingdom of Great Britain, or made within the ſame (over and above all other Cuſtoms, Subſidies, Duties of Excile, or other Duties already impoſed thereupon, or to be paid for the ſame, by or during the continuance of any Act or Acts of Parliament in that behalf) the further Duties herein after mentioned: (that is to ſay) For all Candles made of Wax, or uſually called or ſold for Wax-Candles (notwithſtanding the mixture of any other Ingredients therewith) which ſhall be ſo imported, the Sum of Four Pence for every Pound weight Averdupoize, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity: And for all Candles made of Tallow, and other Candles whatſoever (except the Wax-Candles before charged) which ſhall be ſo imported, one half-peny for every Pound weight Averdupoize, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity: The ſaid ſeveral Duties for and upon all imported Candles to be paid down in ready Money by the Importers thereof, before the landing of the ſame reſpectively: And there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected and paid, to and for the Uſe of her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all Candles, which at any time or times, within or during the ſaid term of Thirty two Years laſt mentioned, ſhall be made within the ſaid Kingdom of Great Britain, the further Duties herein after mentioned, that is to ſay; For all Candles of Wax, or uſually called or ſold for Wax-Candles (notwithſtanding any mixture, as aforeſaid) which ſhall be ſo made in Great

Further Duties upon Candles for 32 Years.

Wax-Candles *per* lb. 4*d.*

Tallow-Candles, *&c. per* lb. ½ *d.*

Continued for ever, by 3 Geo. *cap.* 7.

Great Britain, the Sum of Four Pence for every Pound weight Averdupoize, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity; and for all Candles of Tallow, and other Candles whatſoever (except the Wax-Candles before charged) which ſhall be ſo made in Great Britain, one half-penny for every Pound weight Averdupoize, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity; the ſaid ſeveral Duties for the ſaid Candles, ſo to be made in Great Britain, to be paid by the Makers thereof reſpectively.

Duty on Candles, how to be levied.

XII. And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral and reſpective Duties by this Act impoſed for and upon all Candles imported or made, as aforeſaid, for and during all the term of Years hereby granted, or and in the ſame, and all Arrearages thereof, ſhall and may, from time to time, be raiſed, received, levied, recovered and ſecured, by ſuch Ways and Means, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and with ſuch Power of adjudging and mitigating Penalties and Forfeitures, and with ſuch Power of making Compoſitions, and other Powers, and ſubject to ſuch Allowances, Drawbacks, Rules and Directions, and in ſuch Methods, Manner and Form, as the like Duties upon Candles granted by an Act of the Eighth Year of her Majeſties Reign, whereby certain Duties were laid upon Candles, towards raiſing her Majeſties Supply for the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, are by that Act, or by any Law or Statute thereby referred unto, preſcribed, appointed or enacted to be raiſed, received, levied, ſecured or recovered, during the continuance thereof; and that the Act laſt mentioned, and all the Clauſes, Penalties, Forfeitures, Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Matters and Things therein contained, or thereby referred unto, for the raiſing, receiving, levying, recovering, ſecuring, compounding, paying or accounting for the ſaid Duties upon Candles thereby granted, during the continuance thereof, or any Arrearages of the ſame, are and ſhall be, by force and virtue of this Act, continued, practiſed, and put in Execution, for raiſing, receiving, levying, recovering, ſecuring, compounding, paying and accounting for the Duties upon Candles by this Act granted, and making Allowances out of the ſame, during the ſaid term of Thirty two Years hereby granted, and all Arrearages thereof, as fully and effectually, to all intents and purpoſes, as if they were particularly, and at large repeated in the body of this preſent Act. 8 A. *cap.* 9.

Under whoſe Management theſe Duties ſhall be.

XVII. And for the better levying and raiſing the ſeveral Duties and Sums of Money by this Act granted, which are to ariſe upon the Exportation or Importation of any Goods, Merchandizes, or Commodities whatſoever, or upon ſuch Coals, Culm and Cynders, as ſhall be waterborn and carried Coaſtwiſe, as aforeſaid; it is hereby Enacted, That ſuch of the ſame Duties and Sums of Money as ſhall ariſe or be due or payable in that Part of Great Britain called England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, ſhall, from time to time, be under the Management and Government of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in England for the time being, who ſhall cauſe thoſe Duties, from time to time, to be raiſed, levied, collected and paid to the Receiver or Receivers General of the Cuſtoms in England for the time being; and that ſuch Receiver or Receivers General in England for the time being, ſhall pay all the Money ariſing thereby (ſuch Additional Charges as ſhall be neceſſary for receiving, levying, managing, paying, and accounting for the ſame, excepted) into her Majeſties Receipt of Exchequer, diſtinct and apart from all other Branches of the Publick Revenue, weekly, to wit, on Wedneſday in every Week, if it be not an Holy-day, and if it be, then on the next Day after, that is not an Holy-day, for the purpoſes in this Act expreſſed, and under the Penalties, Forfeitures and Diſabilities herein after mentioned; and that ſuch of the ſaid Duties, and Sums of Money by this Act granted, which ſhall ariſe, or be due or payable in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, upon the Exportation or Importation of any Goods, Merchandizes, or Commodities whatſoever, or upon ſuch Coals, Culm and Cynders, as ſhall be waterborn

born or carried Coaſtwiſe, as aforeſaid, ſhall from time to time, be under the Management and Government of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in Scotland for the time being, who ſhall cauſe thoſe Duties, from time to time, to be raiſed, levied, collected and paid to the Receiver or Receivers General of the Cuſtoms in Scotland for the time being; and that ſuch Receiver or Receivers General of the Cuſtoms in Scotland for the time being, ſhall tranſmit and pay, or cauſe to be paid, all the Monies ariſing thereby (ſuch Additional Charges as ſhall be neceſſary for receiving, levying, managing, paying and accounting for the ſame, excepted) into her Majeſties Receipt of Exchequer in England, diſtinct and apart, as aforeſaid, from time to time, as ſuch Receiver or Receivers General in Scotland ſhall have received any ſuch Monies, as aforeſaid, for the purpoſes in this Act expreſſed, and under the Penalties, Forfeitures and Diſabilities herein after mentioned.

14 Car. 2. c. 11. 5 A. cap. 8. XVIII. And whereas by an Act of Parliament, made in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for preventing Frauds, and Regulating Abuſes in his Majeſties Cuſtoms, and by the ſaid Act of Union relating thereunto, it is Provided, That every Merchant or other Perſon who ſhall export any Goods or Merchandizes from any Port of this Kingdom, capable of a Ship or Veſſel of Two hundred Tuns, upon an ordinary full Sea, to any Port or Place of the Mediterranean Sea beyond the Port of Malaga, in any Ship or Veſſel that hath not Two Decks, and doth carry leſs than Sixteen Pieces of Ordnance mounted, together with Two Men for each Gun, and other Ammunition proportionable, ſhall pay for all the Wares and Merchandizes ſo exported or imported, an Additional Duty of One per Cent. as is thereby preſcribed; and by an Act of the Sixth Year of her now Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for incouraging the Dreſſing and Dying of Woollen-Clothes within this Kingdom, by laying a Duty upon Broad-Cloth exported White, it is Enacted, That a Duty of Five Shillings ſhall be paid to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for every white Woollen-Cloth, commonly called Broad-Cloth, which ſhall be exported out of this Kingdom into Foreign Parts, as by that and ſeveral Acts may more fully appear: Now it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the Monies which, at any time or times within or during the ſaid term of Thirty two Years, to be reckoned from the ſaid Eighth day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, ſhall ariſe, or be due or payable, as well of or for the ſaid Additional Duty of One per Cent. for Goods to be exported in ſuch Ships, as aforeſaid, as of or for the ſaid Duty on white Woollen-Clothes, formerly granted or impoſed, as aforeſaid, ſhall alſo be under the Government and Management of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms for the time being in England and Scotland reſpectively, who ſhall alſo cauſe thoſe Duties, from time to time, to be raiſed, levied, collected and paid to the ſaid reſpective Receiver or Receivers General for the time being; and that the ſaid Receiver General in England for the time being, ſhall alſo pay the Monies thereof which he ſhall receive (neceſſary Charges excepted) into her Majeſties Receipt of Exchequer in England, weekly, as aforeſaid, for the purpoſes in this Act expreſſed, under the Penalties, Forfeitures and Diſabilities herein after mentioned: And the ſaid Receiver General in Scotland for the time being, ſhall likewiſe pay or tranſmit the Money which he ſhall receive of the particular Duties laſt mentioned (neceſſary Charges, as aforeſaid, excepted) into the ſame Receipt of Exchequer in England, from time to time, as he ſhall have received the ſame, for the purpoſes in this Act expreſſed, and under the Penalties, Forfeitures and Diſabilities herein after mentioned.

Continued for ever, by 3 Geo. *cap.* 7.

Duty of One *per Cent.* on Goods exported to the *Mediterranean*, and on white Woollen-Clothes exported, to be under the Management of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms.

Appropriation of the ſeveral Duties.

XIX. And it is hereby Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Subſidy of Poundage upon ſeveral Goods and Merchandizes to be exported; and the ſaid Duty to ariſe upon the Exportation of Leather, Sheep-ſkins, and Calve-ſkins tanned, tawed or dreſſed; and the ſaid ſeveral Duties to ariſe upon Coals to be exported for Parts beyond the Seas, and the ſaid

ſeveral Duties to ariſe by Coals, Culm, and Cynders which ſhall be waterborn, and carried from one Part of Great Britain to any other Part of the ſame; and the Money hereby appointed to be brought into the Exchequer or for the ſaid Additional Duty of One per Cent. on Goods exported in ſuch Ships, as aforeſaid; and the ſaid Duty on white Woollen-Clothes; and the ſaid Duties upon Candles made in Great Britain, or imported into the ſame; and all other the Duties and Sums of Money by this Act granted, ſhall be liable to, and charged and chargeable with the yearly Fund herein after mentioned, and to and with all the Payments to be made out of the ſame in purſuance of this Act, during the whole term of Thirty two Years herein after expreſſed; and all the ſame Subſidies, Duties and Sums of Money (except the neceſſary Charges for Execution of this Act) are and ſhall be appropriated thereunto in ſuch Manner, that all the Monies which ſhall, from time to time, be or remain due, or in Arrear for Principal or Intereſt upon this Act, ſhall from time to time be paid and ſatisfied out of the ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Duties by this Act granted or appointed for the Payments thereof, without being diverted to any other uſe, intent or purpoſe whatſoever, under ſuch Penalties, Forfeitures, and Diſabilities, as are hereafter in this Act contained in that behalf.

Commiſſioners and Officers to be appointed for managing, and receiving theſe Duties.

XX. And to the end all the Monies ariſing by the ſaid Subſidy of Poundage upon ſeveral Goods and Merchandizes to be exported; and by the ſaid Duty upon Leather and ſuch Skins to be exported, as aforeſaid; and by the ſaid ſeveral Duties to ariſe upon Coals to be exported for Parts beyond the Seas; and by the ſaid ſeveral Duties to ariſe upon Coals, Culm and Cynders to be waterborn, and carried Coaſtwiſe, as aforeſaid; and by the ſaid Additional Duty of One per Cent. on Goods exported to the Mediterranean-Sea, as aforeſaid; and by the ſaid Duty upon white Woollen-Clothes to be exported, and by the ſaid Duties upon Candles made in Great Britain, or imported into the ſame; or by any other the Duties by this Act granted or appropriated, and every of them, may be duly, and certainly raiſed and brought into the ſaid Receipt of Exchequer for the purpoſes aforeſaid; It is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from time to time, during the continuance of this Act, there ſhall be appointed and kept ſuch and ſo many Commiſſioners of Cuſtoms and Excile, Receivers General, Collectors, Surveyors, and other Judicial, and Miniſterial Officers, as ſhall be proper and neceſſary for managing, governing, adjudging, levying, receiving, collecting and paying the ſaid reſpective Duties by this Act granted or appropriated, and for keeping and rendring the Accounts of the ſame; and that the ſaid Receivers General, Collectors, Surveyors and other Officers, who are or ſhall be concerned in the raiſing, collecting, receiving and paying the ſame reſpective Duties, or any of them, and keeping and rendring the ſeveral Accounts thereof, ſhall perform their ſeveral Duties therein, as to them reſpectively ſhall appertain, under ſuch and the like Penalties, Forfeitures, and Diſabilities, for any Offence or Neglect therein, or for detaining, diverting or miſapplying any part of the ſaid Monies, as are preſcribed and to be inflicted by virtue of an Act of Parliament made and paſſed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King William the Third, [Intituled, An Act for raiſing a Sum not exceeding Two millions, upon a Fund for Payment of Annuities, after the rate of Eight Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, and for ſettling the Trade to the *Eaſt-Indies*] for the like Offence or Neglect, relating to the Duties upon Salt, and upon Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper thereby granted or referred unto, or for detaining, diverting or miſapplying any part of the Monies which were granted or appropriated by the Act laſt mentioned. 9 W. 3. c. 44

Penalty on Officers of the Exchequer and other Officers offending.

XXXIV. And be it further Enacted, That for the better encouraging Perſons to advance the ſaid Sum of One million five hundred thouſand Pounds upon the terms aforeſaid, That all Receipts and Iſſues, and all other Things directed by this Act, to be performed

formed in the Exchequer, and by any other Officers or Persons, shall be done and performed by the Officers there, without Demanding or Receiving, directly or indirectly, any Fee, Gratuity or Reward for the same; and in case the Officers of the Exchequer, or other Officers or Persons, shall take or demand any such Fees or Reward, or shall divert or misapply any of the Sums to be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer for making up the aforesaid Fund, or shall pay or issue out the same otherwise than according to the Intent of this Act, or shall not keep Books and Registers, and make Entries, and do and perform all other Things, which by this Act they are required to Perform, every such Officer shall forfeit his Office, and be for the future incapable of any Office or Place of Trust whatsoever, and shall answer and pay treble Damages and Costs of Suit to any Adventurer that will sue for the same, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any of her Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Privilege of Parliament, or other Privilege, or Wager of Law, Injunction, or Order of Restraint, or more than one Imparlance shall be granted or allowed: And in the said Action the Plaintiff upon Recovery shall have full Costs; One third Part of which Sum so to be recovered shall be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer, for the Benefit of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, and the other Two third Parts shall be to and for the Use of the Prosecutor.

40 Ells of Linen Cloth to pay 6 d. on Exportation.

LIII. And whereas a doubt may arise whether all Pieces of Linen Cloth under Forty Ells exported, are liable to the Duty of Six Pence, by this Act, or any former Act imposed and hereby revived; It is hereby Provided and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That only Forty Ells of Linen Cloth, exported to Foreign Parts, shall pay Six Pence, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity of Ells; any thing in this or any former Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Coals for melting Copper in *Cornwall*, &c. to Drawback the Duty.

LIV. And whereas all the Copper Ores found within the County of Cornwall, and carried to be Melted at such Places where Coals pay no Duty; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Eighth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and ten, all Coals that shall be used for melting Copper and Tin Ores within the Counties of Cornwall and Devon, for which Duties have been first answered, shall upon Proof by Oath made before the Customer or Collector of the said Duties (which Oath he is hereby impowered to Administer) have a Drawback for all the Duties on the said Coals, to be paid by the Collector of the Duties to such Person so making Proof, as aforesaid.

Iron, &c. imported, and afterwards exported to the Plantations, to have no Drawback.

LV. And for the Encouragement of the Iron Manufacture of Great Britain, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Five and twentieth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and eleven, there shall not be allowed any Drawback, or Re-payment of Customs, or Duties charged upon any Iron or Steel that hath or shall be imported into Great Britain, and afterwards exported to or for her Majesties Plantations or Colonies in America; any Clause in any former Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Long Pepper not chargeable with 1 s. 6 d.

LIX. And whereas some doubt hath arisen, whether Long Pepper might not be Chargeable with the Additional Duty of One Shilling and Six Pence per Pound, Chargeable upon all and all manner of Pepper, by virtue of the Act made the Last Session of Parliament, for granting to her Majesty new Duties of Excise upon several imported Commodities; for preventing therefore of any Disputes concerning the same, Be it Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That Long Pepper shall not be deemed, construed, or taken to be charged or chargeable with the said Duty of One Shilling and Six Pence per Pound; any thing in the said last mentioned Act contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

8 A. *cap.* 7.

Anno

Anno 9 ANNÆ *Regina.*

CAP. VIII.

An Act to repeal the Act of the Third and Fourth Year of her Majesties Reign, Intituled, *An Act for prohibiting all Trade and Commerce with* France, so far as relates to the prohibiting the Importation of *French* Wines.

Anno 9 ANNÆ *Regina.*

CAP. XI.

***Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled,* An Act for laying certain Duties upon Hides and Skins, tanned, tawed, or dressed, and upon Vellum and Parchment, for the term of Thirty two Years, for prosecuting the War, and other her Majesties most necessary Occasions.**

Preamble.

MAY it please your most Excellent Majesty, we your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain, in Parliament assembled, duly considering your Majesties great Occasions for Money to carry on the present War, in order to the Establishing a good and lasting Peace, and to defray other necessary Expences, wherein the common good and welfare of your Subjects are concerned, have cheerfully and unanimously given and granted, and do by this Act give and grant to your Majesty the several and respective Rates and Duties for and upon all such Skins and Hides, and Pieces of Skins and Hides whatsoever, and for and upon such made Wares, and for and upon all such Vellum and Parchment, as are herein after more particularly described and mentioned, for and during such Term of Years, and in such Manner and Form, as are herein after expressed; and do most humbly beseech your Majesty, that it may be Enacted: And be it Enacted by the Queens most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto and for the Use of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for and upon such Skins and Hides, and Pieces of Skins and Hides, and for and upon such made Wares herein after particularly described and mentioned, as shall at any time or times, within or during the term of Thirty two Years, to be reckoned from the Four and twentieth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eleven, be imported or brought into the Kingdom of Great Britain (over and above all other Customs, Subsidies and Duties imposed upon, or payable for the same) the several and respective Rates and Duties herein after expressed; That is to say,

Duty on Hides and Skins, &c. imported, for 32 Years.

Continued for ever, by 3 Geo. *cap.* 7.

Deer-skins dreſt.

For and upon all Deer-skins which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, being dressed in Dyl or Allom, or otherwise perfectly dressed, the Sum of Six Pence for every Pound weight Averdupoize, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

Loshee, Buffalo, Elke, &c.

For and upon all Loshee, Buffalo, Elke, or any other Hides dressed in Dyl, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, the Sum of Four Pence for every such Pound weight, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

Russia Hides.

For and upon all Russia Hides which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, the Sum of Two Pence for every such Pound weight, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

For

For and upon all other tanned Hides and tanned Calf-skins, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid (not before specially charged) the Sum of One Peny half Peny for every such Pound weight, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. Tanned Hides, or Calf-skins.

For and upon all Hides of Horses, Mares, and Geldings, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, being dressed in Allom and Salt, or Meal, or otherwise Tawed, the Sum of One Shilling per Hide, and after that rate for a greater or lesser number or quantity. Horse-hides.

For and upon all Hides of Steers, Cows, or any other Hides of what kind soever (those of Horses, Mares, and Geldings excepted) which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, being dressed in Allom and Salt, or Meal, or otherwise tawed, the Sum of Two Shillings for every Hide, and after that rate for a greater or lesser number or quantity. Hides of Steers, Cows, &c.

For and upon all Calf-skins and Kipps which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, being dressed in Allom and Salt, or Meal, or otherwise tawed, the Sum of One Peny Half Peny for every Pound weight Averdupoize, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. Calf-skins and Kipps.

For and upon all Slink Calf-skins which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, dressed in Allom and Salt, or otherwise, with the Hair on, the Sum of One Peny for every Pound weight Averdupoize: And for all Slink Calf-skins which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, dressed in Allom and Salt, or otherwise, without the Hair, and for all Dogs-skins so dressed which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, the Sum of One half Peny for every such Pound weight, and after those Rates for any greater or lesser quantity. Slink Calf-skins. Dogs-skins.

For all Skins commonly called Cordivants, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, the Sum of Four Shillings for every Dozen, and after that rate for any greater or lesser number or quantity. Cordivants.

For and upon all other Goat-skins (not usually called Cordivants) which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, being dressed in Oyl, or with Allom, Salt, Meal, or otherwise dress, the Sum of Six Pence for every Pound weight Averdupoize, and after that rate for any greater or lesser quantity. Goat-skins.

For and upon all Kid-skins which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, being dress, or undress, or not perfectly dress, the Sum of One Shilling for every Dozen, and after that rate for any greater or lesser number or quantity. And if any of the said Kid-skins shall be dressed after the Importation thereof, It is hereby Declared, That no further Duties are to be paid for the same by this Act, upon the dressing, or perfect dressing them, or any of them, in Great Britain. Kid-skins dress or undress.

For and upon all Sheep-skins and Lamb-skins which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, the respective rates following, that is to say, For all imported Sheep-skins dressed in Oyl, One Shilling and Six Pence per Dozen; for all imported Lamb-skins dressed in Oyl, One Shilling per Dozen; and for all imported Sheep-skins and Lamb-skins tanned, Nine Pence per Dozen; and for and upon all imported Sheep-skins and Lamb-skins dressed in Allom and Salt, or Meal, or otherwise tawed, Six Pence per Dozen; and in proportion to those rates for greater or lesser numbers or quantities of such Sheep-skins and Lamb-skins respectively. Sheep and Lamb-skins dress.

And for and upon all Hides and Skins, and pieces of Hides and Skins, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, being tanned, tawed, or dressed, and not herein before particularly charged; and for and upon all Wares made into Manufactures of Leather, or any Manufacture, whereof the most valuable part shall be Leather, a Duty after the rate of Fifteen Pounds for every One hundred Pounds, of the true and real Value of the Hides and Skins, and pieces of Hides and Skins, and of the Manufactures Hides, and pieces of Hides, &c. dress, not before charged.

factures last mentioned, and so proportionally for a greater or lesser quantity, to be affirmed upon the Oath of the Importer thereof; the said several and respective Rates and Duties for and upon all such Hides and Skins, and pieces of Hides and Skins, and made Wares; to be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, within or during the Term before mentioned, to be paid by the Importers thereof respectively.

Duty on Vellum and Parchment imported or made in *Great Britain.*

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That there shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid, unto and for the Use of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Vellum and Parchment which shall, at any time or times within or during the said term of Thirty two Years, to be reckoned from the said Four and twentieth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eleven, be made in Great Britain, or imported into the same, the several and respective Rates and Duties herein after expressed; (that is to say,) For and upon all Vellum so imported a Duty after the rate of One Shilling for every Dozen; and for all Parchment so imported a Duty after the Rate of Six Pence for every Dozen, and proportionally for greater or lesser numbers or quantities, to be paid by the Importers thereof respectively; and for and upon all Vellum which shall be made in Great Britain, as aforesaid, a Duty after the rate of One Shilling for every Dozen; and for all Parchment which shall be made in Great Britain, as aforesaid, a Duty after the rate of Six Pence for every Dozen, to be paid by the Makers thereof respectively.

Continued for ever, by 3 Geo. *cap.* 7.

Duty on Skins, *&c.* imported, to be paid by the Importer.

V. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Rates and Duties by this Act set or imposed upon all or any the said Hides or Skins, or pieces of Hides or Skins, Vellum and Parchment, or made Wares, by this Act chargeable, which shall be imported or brought into Great Britain, as aforesaid, shall from time to time be satisfied and paid by the Importer or Importers of the same in ready Money, upon his, her, or their Entry or Entries made, and before the Landing thereof: And that in case any of the same Commodities or Manufactures shall be landed or put on shore out of any Ship or Vessel, before due Entry be made thereof at the Custom-house in the Port or Place where the same shall be imported, and before the said Duties by this Act charged or chargeable thereupon shall be duly paid, or without a Warrant for the Landing or Delivering the same first signed by the Commissioners, Collectors, or other proper Officer or Officers of the Customs respectively, that all such imported Commodities and Manufactures by this Act chargeable, as aforesaid, as shall be so landed or put on shore, or taken out of any Ship or Vessel, contrary to the true meaning hereof, or the Value of the same, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized or recovered of the Importer or Proprietor thereof, to wit, One moiety of the same to the Use of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, and the other moiety to the Use of such Person or Persons as will seize, inform, or sue for such Commodities or Manufactures chargeable by this Act, as shall be so imported and forfeited, or the Value thereof, in any of her Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, or in her Majesties Court of Exchequer in Scotland, by Action, Bill, Suit or Information, wherein no Essoign, Protection, or Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance, shall be granted or allowed.

Goods landed before Entry, *&c.* forfeited, or the Value.

After Duty paid, Skins, *&c.* to be marked, to denote the Payment thereof.

VI. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Duties hereby granted upon such imported Hides or Skins shall be paid and satisfied, the Officer or Officers of the Customs of the Port or Place where the same shall be imported, shall cause every such Hide or Skin to be marked with such distinct Mark as this Act directs, to be provided and used to denote the Payment of the Duty of such imported Hides or Skins, as aforesaid.

How these Duties shall be raised.

VII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Duties on all such Commodities and Manufactures chargeable by this Act, as shall be imported or brought into Great Britain, during the Continuance thereof, shall be ascertained, secured,

cured, raiſed, uplifted, levied, recovered and anſwered, for the uſes and purpoſes in this Act expreſſed, by ſuch Rules, Ways, Means and Methods, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and in ſuch Manner and Form, as her Majeſties Duties, called the Subſidies upon Poundage Goods imported, or any of them, are by any Law or Statute now in force, to be aſcertained, ſecured, raiſed, uplifted, levied, recovered or anſwered, during the Continuance thereof reſpectively.

Duties by this Act on imported Goods that pay *ad Valorem*, how to be aſcertained.

VIII. And it is hereby Declared and Enacted, That the Values of ſuch of the ſaid imported Commodities and Manufactures, chargeable by this Act, as are to pay Duty ad Valorem, upon the Importation thereof, ſhall in all caſes be taken to be ſo much as ſuch imported Kinds are really worth to be ſold at the Port of Importation, without any abatement for the Duties thereupon charged by this or any former Acts; and that the reſpective Cuſtomer or Collector, or other Perſon or Perſons, Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms, for the time being, ſhall Receive and Levy the ſaid Duty, payable ad Valorem, upon the Oath of the Merchant or Importer accordingly; and ſuch Oath ſhall and may be adminiſtred, and all other Matters done for aſcertaining the ſaid Duties, ſo payable ad Valorem, in the ſame Manner and Form as are lawfully uſed and practiſed, or ought to be practiſed for aſcertaining any other the Duties, payable ad Valorem, upon the Importation of Leather.

These Duties to be under the Management of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms.

IX. And be it Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſuch of the Duties impoſed by this Act for or upon the ſaid Commodities or Manufactures to be imported, as aforeſaid, as ſhall ariſe in England, Wales, and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, ſhall be under the Management of the Commiſſioners and Officers of the Cuſtoms in England for the time being; and ſuch of the Duties impoſed by this Act on the ſaid Commodities and Manufactures to be imported, as aforeſaid, as ſhall ariſe in Scotland, ſhall be under the Management of the Commiſſioners and Officers of the Cuſtoms in Scotland for the time being; and that the reſpective Receivers General of the Cuſtoms in England and Scotland, for the time being, ſhall from time to time pay, or cauſe to be paid, all the Monies that they reſpectively ſhall receive of the ſaid Duties on the ſaid Commodities and Manufactures to be imported, as aforeſaid (the neceſſary Charges of raiſing and accounting for the ſame excepted) into the Receipt of her Majeſties Exchequer in England, diſtinctly and apart from all other Branches of the Publick Revenues, and under the like Penalties, Forfeitures and Diſabilities as are to be inflicted by this Act, for diverting or miſapplying any Monies by this Act required to be paid into the Exchequer.

On Exportation of Hides or Calves-skins, or Leather-Manufactures, on Security, &c. Cuſtomer, &c. to give the Exporter a Certificate of the Kinds, Quantities, and Weight.

XXXIX. And to the end that all and every Perſon and Perſons, who ſhall export any Hides, or Calve-skins tanned, tawed, or dreſſed, which ſhall have been duly marked with ſuch Mark or Stamp, as aforeſaid, denoting the Charging of the Duty payable by this Act for the ſame, as aforeſaid (any Hides or Calve-skins, being part of the ſaid Stock in Hand always excepted;) and that all and every Perſon and Perſons, who ſhall export any Boots, Shoes, Gloves, or other Manufactures, made of any kind of Leather, chargeable by this Act to pay a Duty by weight, may reſpectively upon the Exportation of ſuch Hides, or Calve-skins, or any ſuch made Wares as are laſt mentioned, receive ſuch reſpective Allowances as are herein after expreſſed; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That upon the ſhipping of any ſuch Hides or Calve-skins (except before excepted) or any of the made Wares laſt mentioned, for Exportation into Foreign Parts, and upon ſufficient Security to be firſt given to the Cuſtomer or Collector of the Cuſtoms of the Port from whence ſuch Exportation ſhall be made (which Security they have hereby Power to take, in the Name, and to the Uſe of her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors) that ſuch Hides, Calve-skins, and ſuch made Wares laſt before mentioned, ſo ſhipped, or any part thereof, ſhall not be relanded or brought on ſhore again, in any Port or Part of Great Britain,

the ſaid Cuſtomer or Collector ſhall give to the Exporter thereof a Certificate or Debenture in writing of the Kinds and Quantities and Weight of the Hides, Calve-ſkins, and ſuch made Wares, ſo exported, for which Security ſhall have been given, as aforeſaid.

On producing ſuch Certificate, Collector, &c. to repay Two thirds of the Duties.

XL. And it is hereby Enacted, That upon producing ſuch Certificate or Debenture for any quantity of ſuch Hides or Calve-ſkins ſo exported, to the Collector of the ſaid Duties at the Port where the ſaid Hides or Calve-ſkins ſhall be exported, in every ſuch caſe the ſame Collector ſhall forthwith, out of the Monies in his hands for her Majeſties Uſe of the ſame Duties, and in default thereof, then the Commiſſioners for the ſame Duties, ſhall repay or cauſe to be repaid to the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall produce ſuch Certificate or Debenture from the ſaid Cuſtomer or Collector of the Port aforeſaid, Two thirds of the Duties which were before charged for the ſaid Hides or Calve-ſkins ſo exported or ſhipped to be exported, as aforeſaid (ſuch Hides and Calve-ſkins as ſhall have been charged as Stock in Hand, as aforeſaid, always excepted.)

Such Repayment to be made, though the Mark to denote the Charging of the Duty, do not appear on made Wares.

XLI. And it is hereby further Enacted, That upon producing a Certificate or Debenture of the ſaid Cuſtomer or Collector of ſuch Port, as aforeſaid, of any quantity of ſuch Boots, Shoes, Gloves, or ſuch other Manufactures as are before deſcribed or mentioned, which ſhall be ſo ſhipped to be exported for Foreign Parts, to the Commiſſioners who ſhall be appointed for the Management of the ſaid Duties upon Leather, or to the Collector of the ſame Duties at the ſaid Port of Exportation, in every ſuch caſe the ſaid Commiſſioners, or ſuch Collector ſhall, out of the Monies which ſhall be in his or their hands of the ſaid Duties by this Act granted, pay to the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall bring ſuch Certificate or Debenture of the ſaid Cuſtomer or Collector of the Port, an Allowance after the rate of Two thirds of the Duty which by this Act was chargeable by weight upon the Leather of which ſuch Boots, Shoes, Gloves, or other Manufactures ſhall have been made, although the Mark or Stamp to denote the Charging or Payment of the Duty cannot or do not appear upon ſuch made Wares reſpectively; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Such Goods relanded forfeited, and treble Value.

XLII. And it is hereby further Enacted, That if any Hides, Calve-ſkins, Boots, Shoes, Gloves, or other Manufactures of Leather, ſhipped to be exported, as aforeſaid, ſhall be relanded or put on ſhore again within Great Britain, the ſame, and treble the Value thereof, ſhall be forfeited, to wit, One moiety thereof to the Queens Majeſty, and the other moiety to ſuch Perſon or Perſons who will ſeize, inform or ſue for the ſame.

Goods curried only, not entitled to a Drawback.

XLIII. Provided always, That no Wares made of Hides or Skins ſhall be entitled, by this Act, to any Drawback as made Wares, in reſpect only of their being curried or dreſſed by the Currier; any thing in this or any former Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Commiſſioners of Cuſtoms to provide Stamps for Hides, &c. imported.

XLIV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the reſpective Commiſſioners of her Majeſties Cuſtoms in Great Britain, ſhall on or before the Four and twentieth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eleven, provide ſuch and ſo many Marks or Stamps of the ſame kind, with which all the Hides and Skins, and Pieces of Hides and Skins imported, as aforeſaid, during the Continuance of this Act, ſhall be marked or ſtampt, upon payment of the Duties thereof, as aforeſaid; and ſhall cauſe the ſaid Marks or Stamps to be diſtributed amongſt the reſpective Officers of the Cuſtoms for that purpoſe; and that the reſpective Commiſſioners to be appointed for managing the ſaid Duties upon Hides and Skins tanned, tawed, or dreſſed in Great Britain, and the ſaid Duties upon Vellum and Parchment made in Great Britain, ſhall on or before the ſaid Four and twentieth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eleven, provide ſuch and ſo many Marks or Stamps of one and the ſame kind (but differing from the Marks or Stamps laſt before mentioned) with which all

Commiſſioners of this Duty to provide Stamps for Hides tanned, &c. in *Great Britain*:

all the Hides and Skins, and pieces of Hides and Skins tanned, tawed, or dreſſed in Great Britain, and all the Vellum and Parchment made in Great Britain, during the continuance of this Act, upon the charging of the ſaid reſpective Duties for the ſame, ſhall be ſtamped and marked; and alſo ſo many Stamps and Marks of one other kind, with which all the Stock of Hides and Skins, and pieces of Hides and Skins, and all Vellum and Parchment in Great Britain, on the ſaid Four and twentieth day of June, upon payment or ſecuring the ſaid Duties, as aforeſaid, ſhall be ſtamped and marked; and ſhall cauſe the ſaid reſpective Marks or Stamps to be diſtributed to the reſpective Officers for the ſeveral purpoſes before mentioned; which Officers are hereby enjoyned and required in uſing the ſame, to do no hurt or Damage, or the leaſt Damage that may be to the Hide or Skin, or the piece of an Hide or Skin, or to the Vellum or Parchment to be ſo marked; and the ſaid reſpective Commiſſioners, in providing the ſaid reſpective Marks or Stamps, ſhall take care that they be ſo contrived, that the Impreſſion thereof may be durable, and ſo as the ſame may be leaſt liable to be Forged or Counterfeited; and that the ſaid Marks and Stamps, or any of them, ſhall or may be Altered or Renewed from time to time, as her Majeſty, her Heirs or Succeſſors, ſhall think fit; and if any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, ſhall at any time or times hereafter Counterfeit or Forge any Stamp or Mark, to reſemble any Stamp or Mark which ſhall be provided or made in purſuance of this Act, or ſhall Counterfeit or Reſemble the Impreſſion of the ſame upon any Hide or Skin, or piece of any Hide or Skin, or any Vellum or Parchment, thereby to defraud her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, of any of the ſaid Duties hereby granted, or ſhall utter, vend or ſell any Hide or Skin, or piece of any Hide or Skin, Vellum or Parchment, with ſuch Counterfeit Mark or Impreſſion thereupon, knowing ſuch Mark or Impreſſion to be counterfeited; then every ſuch Perſon ſo offending, being thereof convicted in due form of Law, ſhall be adjudged a Felon, and ſhall ſuffer Death as in caſes of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

and Stamps to Mark Stock in Hand.

Officers not to Damage the Hides, &c. in marking.

Stamps to be durable, &c.

Forging Stamps, &c. Felony.

XLVIII. And to the end all the Rates and Duties by this Act granted for and upon ſuch Hides and Skins, and pieces of Hides and Skins, made Wares, Vellum and Parchment, as are above mentioned, may be duly and certainly raiſed, and the ſame (except the neceſſary Charges of raiſing and managing the ſaid Duties, and otherwiſe, in Execution of this Act) may be juſtly and duly brought into the ſaid Receipt of Exchequer, according to the true meaning hereof; It is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from time to time, during the continuance of this Act, there ſhall be appointed ſuch and ſo many Commiſſioners and Officers as ſhall be proper and neceſſary for managing, raiſing, collecting and paying the ſaid Rates and Duties upon Hides and Skins, and pieces of Hides and Skins, Vellum and Parchment, chargeable by this Act, and for keeping and rendring the Accounts of the ſame; and that the reſpective Commiſſioners and Officers concerned therein ſhall perform their ſeveral Duties, in relation to the Premiſſes, as to them reſpectively ſhall appertain, under ſuch and the like Penalties, Forfeitures and Diſabilities, for any offence or neglect therein, or for detaining, diverting or miſapplying any part of the Monies ariſing by the ſaid Rates and Duties, as are preſcribed, and to be inflicted, by virtue of an Act of Parliament made and paſſed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King William the Third, [Intituled, An Act for raiſing a Sum not exceeding Two millions, upon a Fund for Payment of Annuities, after the rate of Eight Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, and for ſettling the Trade to the *Eaſt Indies*] for the like Offence or Neglect, relating to the Duties thereby granted or referred unto, or for detaining, diverting, or miſapplying any part of the Monies which were granted or appropriated by the Act laſt mentioned.

Commiſſioners and Officers to be appointed.

9 W. 3. *cap.* 44.

XLIX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Commiſſioner, Officer, or other Perſon concerned or employed in the charging, collecting, receiving or managing any of

Commissioners, Officers, &c. not to intermeddle with Elections.

the Duties granted by this Act, shall, by word, message, or writing, or in any other manner, endeavour to perswade any Elector to give, or dissuade any Elector from giving his Vote for his Choice of any Person to be a Knight of the Shire, Commissioner, Citizen, Burgess, or Baron, for any County, City Borough, or Cinque-Port, and every Officer or other Person offending therein, shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, One moiety thereof to the Informer, the other moiety thereof to the Use of the Poor of the Parish or Place where such Offence shall be committed, to be recovered by any Person that shall sue for the same, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of her Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, in which no Essoign, Protection, Privilege, or Wager of Law, or more that one Imparlance, shall be allowed; and every Person Convict on any such Suit shall thereby become disabled and incapable of ever bearing or executing any Office or Place of Trust whatsoever under her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors.

Penalty,

and made incapable.

Anno 9 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XII.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for laying a Duty upon Hops.

Preamble.

MOST Gracious Sovereign, We your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament assembled, for the better enabling your Majesty to support the Publick Credit, and for other your Majesties most necessary and important Occasions, have cheerfully and unanimously given and granted, and do by this Act Give and Grant to your Majesty such several and respective Duties for and upon all Hops to be imported into Great Britain, and for and upon all Hops growing or to grow within the same, as are herein after mentioned, for and during the term herein after expressed; and do most humbly beseech your your Majesty, That it may be Enacted: And be it Enacted by the Queens most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, unto and for the Use of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Hops which, at any time or times within or during the term of Four Years, to be reckoned from the First day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eleven, shall be imported or brought into the Kingdom of Great Britain (over and above all other Customs, Subsidies, and Duties imposed upon or payable for the same) the Sum of Three Pence, for every Pound weight Averdupoize, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity; the said Duty for and upon all imported Hops to be paid down in Ready Money by the Importers thereof, before the landing of the same respectively; and for and upon all Hops growing or to grow in Great Britain, which at any time or times, within or during the said term of Four Years, shall be cured and made fit for Use, the Sum of One Peny for every Pound weight Averdupoize, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity; the said Duty for and upon the said Hops of the Growth of Great Britain, to be paid by the respective Owners or Possessors thereof from time to time, within Six Months after such Hops respectively shall be cured, and shall or ought to be put into Bags, as is herein after mentioned and required.

Duty on Hops for Four Years.

Continued for ever, vide 1 Geo. *cap.* 12. 3 Geo. *cap.* 8.

Hops imported, 3 *d. per* lb.

British Hops 1 *d. per* lb.

II. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any of the said imported Hops shall be landed, or put on Shore out of any Ship or Vessel before due Entry be made thereof at the Custom-

Hops landed before Entry, &c. forfeited, &c.

Cuſtom houſe in the Port or Place where the ſame ſhall be imported, and before the ſaid Duties by this Act charged or chargeable thereupon, ſhall be duly paid, or without a Warrant for the landing or delivering the ſame, firſt ſigned by the Commiſſioners, Collectors or other proper Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms reſpectively; that all ſuch imported Hops, of what kind ſoever, as ſhall be ſo landed or put on ſhore, or taken out of any Ship or Veſſel, contrary to the true meaning hereof, or the Value of the ſame, ſhall be forfeited, and ſhall and may be ſeized or recovered of the Importer or Proprietor thereof, to wit, One moiety of the ſame to the uſe of her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other moiety to the uſe of ſuch Perſon or Perſons, as will ſeize, inform or ſue for the Candles ſo imported and forfeited, or the Value thereof, in any of her Majeſties Courts of Record at Weſtminſter, or in her Majeſties Court of Exchequer in Scotland, by Action, Bill, Suit or Information, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed.

How theſe Duties ſhall be raiſed.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Duties upon imported Hops, by this Act granted, during the continuance thereof, ſhall be aſcertained, ſecured, raiſed, uplifted, levied, recovered and anſwered, for the uſes and purpoſes in this Act expreſſed, by ſuch Rules, Ways, Means and Methods, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and in ſuch manner and form, as the preſent Duties upon Hops imported, or any of them, are by any Law, or Statute now in force, to be aſcertained, ſecured, raiſed, uplifted, levied, recovered or anſwered, during the continuance thereof reſpectively.

Hops imported to be under the Management of the Commiſſioners of Cuſtoms.

IV. And be it Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſuch of the Duties impoſed by this Act upon imported Hops, as ſhall ariſe in England, Wales, and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, ſhall be under the Management of the Commiſſioners and Officers of the Cuſtoms in England for the time being; and ſuch of the Duties impoſed by this Act upon imported Hops as ſhall ariſe in Scotland, ſhall be under the Management of the Commiſſioners and Officers of the Cuſtoms in Scotland for the time being; and that the reſpective Receivers General of the Cuſtoms in England and Scotland for the time being, ſhall, from time to time, pay or cauſe to be paid, all the Monies that they reſpectively ſhall receive of the ſaid Duties for imported Hops (the neceſſary Charges of raiſing and accounting for the ſame excepted) into the Receipt of her Majeſties Exchequer in England, diſtinctly and apart from all other Branches of the Publick Revenues, for the purpoſes in this Act expreſſed, and under the like Penalties, Forfeitures and Diſabilities, as are to be inflicted by this Act, for diverting or miſapplying any Monies by this Act appropriated or appointed for the purpoſes herein after mentioned.

Britiſh Hops, which have paid the Duty, may be exported for *Ireland* upon Security.

XXI. Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Perſon or Perſons, who ſhall have actually paid her Majeſties Duties by this Act payable for any quantity of Hops whatſoever of Britiſh Growth, and to and for any other Perſon or Perſons who ſhall buy, or be lawfully entitled to any ſuch quantity of Hops of Britiſh Growth, from the ſaid Perſon or Perſons who actually paid her Majeſties Duties for the ſame, to export ſuch Hops, being of Britiſh Growth, for Ireland, by way of Merchandize, giving ſufficient Security before the ſhipping thereof for Exportation, that the particular quantity of Hops, which ſhall be intended to be exported, as aforeſaid, and every part thereof, ſhall be ſhipped and exported, and that the ſame, or any part thereof, ſhall not be relanded or brought again into any Part or Parts of Great Britain; which Security the Cuſtomer or Collector of the reſpective Ports for ſuch Exportation is hereby directed and authorized to take in her Majeſties Name, and to her Uſe: Provided always, That if after the ſhipping of any ſuch Hops to be exported, as aforeſaid, and the giving and tendring ſuch Security in order to obtain the Allowance or Drawback herein after mentioned, the Hops ſo ſhipped to be exported,

or

Hops relanded forfeited, besides the Penalty of the Bond.

or any of them, shall be relanded in any Part of Great Britain, then and in every such case, over and above the Penalty of the Bond, which shall be levied and recovered to her Majesties Use, all the Hops which shall be so landed, or the Value thereof, shall be forfeited.

Hops, of *British* Growth exported to *Ireland*, to draw back the Duty, or Security discharged, &c.

XXII. And it is also hereby Enacted, That any Person or Persons who shall export any Hops of British Growth to or for Ireland, shall or may make Oath, That he believes the same Hops are all of British Growth, without any mixture of Foreign Hops, that the Duty of such Hops hath been paid or secured, according to this Act (which Oath the Collector, who received the said Duty, is hereby required and impowered to Administer) and thereupon the said Collector for the same Duties upon Hops shall give to such Person or Persons, gratis, a Certificate or Certificates, expressing the Kinds and Quantities of such Hops, and the Duties paid, or secured to be paid for the same, pursuant to this Act; which Certificate being produced to the Customer or Collector of the Port where the said Hops shall be exported, and Oath being also made by the Exporter before the said Customer or Collector of the Port (who is hereby also authorized and required to Administer the same without Fee or Charge) that the Hops so exported are the same mentioned in the said Certificate, then the said Customer or Collector shall give to the Exporter a Debenture, expressing the true Quantity of the British Hops so exported; which Debenture being produced to the Collector appointed to receive the said Duty upon Hops in such County or Place where the said Hops did pay Duty, he shall forthwith repay the said Duty which he shall have received upon this Act to the Persons, or their Agents, so exporting the same; and if such Collector shall not have Money in his hands to pay the same, then the said respective Commissioners of Excise are hereby required to pay the said Debenture out of the Duties upon Hops, arising by this Act; or if the Duty on such Hops so exported were only secured, and shall remain unpaid, then the said Duties shall be discharged upon the Securities for the same; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

on a Debenture.

Fines, &c. how to be recovered,

XXVI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, in relation to the said Duties by this Act imposed on Hops, except in such cases where other Provisions are made by this Act, shall and may be sued for, levied, and recovered, or mitigated, by such Ways, Means and Methods, as any Fine, Penalty and Forfeiture, is or may be recovered or mitigated by any Laws of Excise now in force, and not by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any of her Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, and that One moiety of every such Fine, Penalty, and Forfeiture (unless in cases otherwise prescribed by this Act) shall be to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, and the other moiety to him or them that shall discover, inform, or sue for the same.

and divided.

No Drawback allowed on Foreign Hops for *Ireland*.

XXVII. And in regard the Growth of Hops, in several Parts of Great Britain, is very much increased of late Years, It is hereby further Provided and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That none of the Duties by this or any former Act granted upon any Hops whatsoever (except Hops of British Growth) shall be repaid or drawn back upon the Exportation thereof for Ireland; and that no Person or Persons whatsoever shall import or cause to be imported into the said Kingdom of Ireland, from Flanders or any other Parts whatsoever (other than from Great Britain) any Hops whatsoever, upon pain of forfeiting all the Hops which shall be so imported into Ireland, contrary to the true meaning of this Act, or the Value of the same, and also of the Ship or Vessel in which they shall be so imported, with her Tackle, Apparel and Furniture, that is to say, Two third parts thereof to the Use of the Poor of the Parish in Ireland, where such Hops shall be seized or discovered, and the other Third part thereof to the Use of such Person or Persons as will seize, inform or sue for the same, or for the Value thereof, in any her

Vide 1 Geo. *cap.* 12. §. 7.

Hops imported from *Flanders*, &c. to *Ireland*, forfeited, and the Ship, &c.

her Majesties Courts of Record at Dublin in the said Kingdom of Ireland. And it is hereby Declared, That the Importation of any Foreign Hops into Ireland (other than from Great Britain) contrary to the tenor and true meaning of this Act, is and shall be adjudged a Common Nuisance. and adjudged a Common Nuisance.

XXIX. And to the end all the Monies arising by the Duties on Hops hereby granted (the necessary Charges of raising, paying, and accounting for the same, only excepted) may be duly and certainly raised and brought into the said Receipt of Exchequer, It is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from time to time during the continuance of this Act, there shall be appointed such and so many Commissioners and Officers as shall be proper and necessary for the raising, paying, and accounting for the said Duties; and that the same Officers respectively shall perform their several Duties therein, as to them shall respectively appertain, under such and the like Penalties, Forfeitures, and Disabilities for any Offence or Neglect therein, or for detaining, diverting, or misapplying any part of the said Monies, as are prescribed, and to be inflicted by virtue of an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King William the Third, [Intituled, An Act for raising a Sum, not exceeding Two millions, upon a Fund for Payment of Annuities, after the Rate of Eight Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, and for settling the Trade to the *East-Indies*] for the like Offence or Neglect relating to the Duties upon Salt, and upon Stampt Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, thereby granted or referred unto, or for detaining, diverting or misapplying any part of the Monies which were granted or appropriated by the Act last mentioned. Commissioners and Officers to be appointed for managing these Duties.

9 W. 3. *cap.* 44.

Anno 9 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XXI.

Part of the First and several Clauses in an Act, intituled, An Act for making good Deficiencies, and satisfying the Publick Debts; and for erecting a Corporation to carry on a Trade to the *South-Seas*; and for the Encouragement of the Fishery; and for Liberty to Trade in unwrought Iron with the Subjects of *Spain*; and to repeal the Acts for Registring Seamen.

AND be it Enacted by the Queens most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all and every the Impositions, Additional Impositions, Rates, Duties and Charges upon all Wines, Vinegar and Tobacco, and upon all East-India Goods, and wrought Silks, and upon all Whale-Fins, and upon all or any other Goods or Merchandizes whatsoever, which by the said Act made in the said Eighth Year of her said now Majesties Reign, were granted, continued, or made payable to her said Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, from the Last day of July, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, to the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and twenty, shall, by virtue of this Act, be further granted and continued, and be paid and payable to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, upon and for all Wines, Vinegar and Tobacco, and all wrought Silks, and Whale-Fins, and upon all other the like Goods and Merchandizes as are by the said Acts, every or any of them, charged or chargeable with the said Rates, Duties, Impositions or Additional Impositions, or any of them, and which shall be brought or imported into Great Britain, from the Last day of July, One thousand seven hundred and twenty, for ever; and that all and every the Act and Acts of Parliament (which by the said Act made in the said Eighth Year of her said Majesties Reign, Duties on Wines, Vinegar, Tobacco, *East-India* Goods, wrought Silks, &c. continued for ever.

8 A. *cap.* 13.

Reign, were continued to the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty) and all the Powers, Proviſions, Penalties, Articles and Clauſes in the ſaid Acts, every or any of them, mentioned or contained (except as in the ſaid Act of the ſaid Eighth Year of her ſaid Majeſties Reign, and herein after, is excepted) as for and concerning the ſaid Rates, Duties, Impoſitions and Additional Impoſitions, and every or any of them reſpectively, hereby granted, continued or made payable, ſhall continue and be in full force and effect for ever, and ſhall be ſeverally applied, practiſed and executed, for the raiſing, levying, collecting, anſwering and paying the ſaid reſpective Rates, Duties, Impoſitions and Additional Impoſitions, every or any of them reſpectively, by the ſame reſpective Acts granted, and which are hereby continued and made payable, and all Arrears thereof, according to the tenor and intent of this Act, as if the ſame Acts, and every of them, and all and every the Clauſes, Matters and Things in them, and every of them reſpectively mentioned or contained, had been again repeated, and particularly enacted in this preſent Act.

Exception.

8 A. *cap.* 13.

Vide 1 Geo. *cap.* 21. 3 Geo. *cap.* 9.

These Duties how to be levied.

II. Provided always, and be it Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Duty upon Tobacco which ſhall be imported within the times by this Act limited, and all Arrears thereof, ſhall be ſecured, collected, raiſed, levied, anſwered and paid to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, in ſuch Method, and with ſuch Diſcount and Allowances, and according to ſuch Rules and Directions, and under ſuch Penalties, as are mentioned, referred to, or preſcribed (as to the Duties or Impoſitions on Tobacco) in and by the Act made in the Parliament holden in the Seventh Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty King William the Third, [Intituled, An Act for continuing ſeveral Duties granted by former Acts upon Wine, Vinegar, and Tobacco, and *Eaſt-India* Goods, and other Merchandizes imported, for carrying on the War againſt *France*] and not otherwiſe.

7 W. 3. *cap.* 10. *altered by* 12 A. *cap.* 8. 5 Geo. *cap.* 7.

Alterations to be obſerved.

III. Provided alſo, That in all Caſes where any other Proviſion or Alteration is made by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in being, in or about any other Matter or Thing contained in the ſaid Acts of Parliament hereby continued, or any of them, ſuch other Proviſions or Alterations ſhall be obſerved for ever; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

After the Principal, &c. of the former Acts are diſcharged, the ſeveral Duties appropriated for the Uſes of this Act.

IV. And be it further Enacted, That all and every the Surplus Monies ariſing in the Receipt of the Exchequer, on or for the ſaid Duties hereby continued, and ſuch other Duties as are mentioned and contained in the former Acts, whereby the ſaid Duties hereby continued were granted or continued to the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen, after Payment of all ſuch Principal Money and Intereſt, as by the ſaid former Acts are charged thereupon, and which by the ſaid Act in the ſaid Eighth Year of her Majeſties Reign are appropriated and applied to the purpoſes in that Act mentioned, ſhall be, and by virtue of this Act, are appropriated and made applicable to the uſes and purpoſes in this Act mentioned and contained, and to no other uſe, intent or purpoſe whatſoever; any thing in the ſaid laſt mentioned Act contained to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

8 A. *cap.* 13.

V. And whereas by the ſaid Act made in the ſaid Eighth Year of her ſaid Majeſties Reign, it is Enacted, That immediately from and after the time that all Principal and Intereſt-Monies, ſecured by an Act of the Firſt Year of her Majeſties Reign, [Intituled, An Act for making good Deficiencies, and for preſerving the Publick Credit] ſhould be fully paid off and ſatisfied, or that ſufficient Monies ſhould be reſerved in the Exchequer for that purpoſe, then all the Monies which from thenceforth, until the Firſt day of Auguſt, which will be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen, ſhould ariſe, or be due or payable, or be ſecured or in arrear, of and for the Duties upon Salt, and Rock-Salt therein mentioned (except the neceſſary Charges of raiſing, levying, collecting, and accounting for the ſame) ſhall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of Exchequer, and ſhall be iſſued and applied,

1 A. *cap.* 12.

ſo

ſo far as the ſame will extend, to and for the Payment and Satisfaction of the Intereſt which ſhall from time to time grow due for the Monies which ſhould be lent upon or in purſuance of the ſaid Act of the ſaid Eighth Year of her Majeſties Reign, or any of the Powers or Clauſes therein contained, and to none other uſe, intent or purpoſe whatſoever; any Law or Cuſtom to the contrary notwithſtanding: Now it is hereby Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That immediately from and after the time that all the Principal and Intereſt-Monies ſecured by the ſaid laſt mentioned Act of the ſaid Firſt Year of her ſaid Majeſties Reign, ſhall be fully paid off and ſatisfied, or that ſufficient Monies ſhall be reſerved in the Exchequer for that purpoſe, that all the Monies which from thenceforth for ever ſhall ariſe, or be due or payable, or be ſecured or in arrear, of and for the ſaid Duties of Salt, and Rock-Salt (except the neceſſary Charges of raiſing, levying, collecting and accounting for the ſame) ſhall from time to time for ever be paid into the Receipt of her Majeſties Exchequer, and ſhall be iſſued and applied for the purpoſes in this Act contained, and for no other uſe, intent or purpoſe whatſoever; any thing in the ſaid Act of the ſaid Eighth Year of her Majeſties Reign, to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

And alſo the Duties upon Salt and Rock-Salt ſecured by 1 *A.* cap. 12.

VI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the Monies that ſhall come into the Receipt of the Exchequer, upon or for all and every the Rates, Duties, Impoſitions and Additional Impoſitions, which were granted or continued by the ſaid Act of the ſaid Eighth Year of her Majeſties Reign, from the Laſt day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen, to the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty, and all Arrears thereof, ſhall be applied and appropriated, and they are hereby appropriated to the uſes and purpoſes of this Act, and to no other uſe, intent or purpoſe whatſoever; any thing in the ſaid Act of the ſaid Eighth Year of her Majeſties Reign, to the contrary notwithſtanding: And the ſaid Rates, Duties, Impoſitions and Additional Impoſitions, and every of them reſpectively, ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, anſwered and paid, in ſuch Manner and Form, and by ſuch Ways and Means, and ſubject to, and under ſuch Penalties, Forfeitures and Diſabilities as is and are contained in the ſaid Act of the ſaid Eighth Year of her Majeſties Reign.

Funds 8 *Annæ* cap. 13. appropriated to the uſes of this Act.

8 A. *cap.* 13.

VII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Duties upon Candles, which by an Act made in the ſaid Eighth Year of her ſaid now Majeſties Reign [Intituled, An Act for laying certain Duties upon Candles, and certain Rates upon Monies to to be given with Clerks, Apprentices and Servants, towards raiſing her Majeſties Supply, for the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten] were granted to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for the Term of Five Years, to be reckoned from the Firſt day of May, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, ſhall by virtue of this Act be further continued, and be payable, as well upon all Wax-Candles, and Candles called or ſold for Wax-Candles (notwithſtanding the mixture of any other Ingredients therewith) as upon all Tallow-Candles to be imported into, or made in any Part of Great Britain, from and after the Firſt day of May, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifteen, for ever; and alſo that the ſeveral Rates upon Monies to be given with Clerks, Apprentices and Servants, which were granted to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, by the ſaid laſt mentioned Act, for the term of Five Years, to be reckoned from the Firſt day of May, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, ſhall be further continued, and be payable for and upon all Monies or other Conſideration to be given with Clerks, Apprentices or Servants, as in the ſame Act are mentioned, from and after the Firſt day of May, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifteen, for ever; and that the ſaid Act laſt mentioned, and all Powers, Proviſions, Penalties, Articles, and Clauſes therein contained, as well for and concerning the ſaid Duties upon Candles, and the

Duties upon Candles, and upon Clerks, Apprentices and Servants, continued for ever.

8 A. *cap.* 9.

Vide 1 Geo. *cap.* 21.
3 Geo. *cap.* 9.

ſaid Rates upon Monies or other Conſideration to be given with Clerks, Apprentices and Servants, ſhall continue, and be in full force for ever, and ſhall be applied, practiſed and executed, for raiſing, levying, collecting, anſwering and paying, as well the ſaid Duties upon Candles, as the ſaid Rates upon Monies or other Conſideration to be given with Clerks, Apprentices or Servants, hereby continued, and all Arrears thereof, according to the tenor and intent of this preſent Act, as fully to all intents and purpoſes, as if all and every the Clauſes, Powers, Matters and Things in the ſame Act contained, had been again in this Act repeated and particularly enacted.

After Principal, &c. borrowed upon Candles, Clerks, Apprentices, &c. ſhall be paid off, then the Duties to be applied to the uſes of this Act.

VIII. And whereas the ſaid Duties and Impoſitions on Candles, and Rates on Monies or other Conſideration to be given with Clerks, Apprentices or Servants, which were granted by the laſt mentioned Act, are thereby made ſubject and liable to the Satisfaction of certain Principal Sums which were borrowed upon the ſame Act, and the Intereſt due and to be due for the ſame, (which Principal and Intereſt are to be duly paid off and diſcharged in the firſt place;) now it is hereby further Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and immediately after the time that all the Principal and Intereſt Monies, which by the ſaid laſt mentioned Act are charged or Chargeable on the ſeveral Duties on Candles, and Rates on Money or other Conſideration to be given with Clerks, Apprentices and Servants, ſhall be fully paid off and ſatisfied, according to the true meaning of the ſaid laſt mentioned Act, or that ſufficient Money ſhall be reſerved in the Exchequer for that purpoſe; then all the Monies which from thenceforth ſhall ariſe by the ſaid Impoſitions on Candles, and Monies or other Conſideration to be given with Clerks, Apprentices or Servants, which were granted by the ſaid laſt mentioned Act, as aforeſaid (except the neceſſary Charges of raiſing, levying, collecting and accounting for the ſame) ſhall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer diſtinctly, for the purpoſes in this Act expreſſed, and for no other uſe, intent or purpoſe whatſoever.

Exception.

IX. And for the better ſecuring the Payment of the ſaid Intereſt-Monies or Annuities, after the rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum, upon and for all the ſaid Debts, Deficiencies, and Sums of Money, intended to be provided for by this Act; and that all Perſons and Corporations, concerned and to be concerned therein, their Executors, Adminiſtrators, Succeſſors and Aſſigns reſpectively, may have, receive and enjoy, certain Annuities or yearly Payments, to be computed after the Rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum, for the ſeveral and reſpective Monies to them reſpectively due, and to grow due, according to the true meaning of this Act, and ſuch ſpecial Benefit of Trade, and other Advantages as are hereafter in this Act expreſſed, ſubject nevertheleſs to ſuch Power of Redemption, as in this Act is provided in that behalf: Be it therefore Enacted, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the reſpective Receivers General of the Cuſtoms in England and Scotland for the time being, at their reſpective Offices, from time to time, ſhall ſeparate and keep apart, all and every Sum and Sums of Money ariſing by ſuch or ſuch Part of the ſeveral Rates and Duties, Impoſitions and Additional Impoſitions, and Sums of Money, hereby granted, continued or appropriated, for the purpoſes in this Act mentioned, as is or ſhall be under the care or management of the reſpective Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms for the time being, as the ſame ſhall, from time to time, ariſe or be paid into the reſpective Offices of the ſaid Receiver General of the Cuſtoms, by the Collectors of the ſame, or by any other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever: And in like manner that the reſpective Commiſſioners and Governors of the Revenue or Receipt of Exciſe in England and Scotland for the time being, at their reſpective Head-Offices, from time to time, ſhall ſeparate and keep apart all and every Sum and Sums of Money ariſing by ſuch or ſuch part of the ſeveral Rates, Duties and Sums of Money, hereby granted, continued or appropriated, for the purpoſes in this Act men-

Receiver General of the Cuſtoms to keep apart the Monies ariſing by this Act, as ſhall be under the care and management of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms.

mentioned, as is or shall be under the care or management of the said Commissioners and Governors of the Revenue, or Receipt of Excise for the time being, as the same shall, from time to time, arise or be paid into the said Offices of Excise by the Receivers or Collectors of the same, or by any other Person or Persons whatsoever: And also that the Commissioners for marking and stamping of Vellum, Parchment and Paper, or for managing the Duties thereupon for the time being, shall, at their Head Office cause to be separated and kept apart in like manner, all and every the Monies arising by the Rates upon Monies or other Consideration to be given with Clerks, Apprentices or Servants, hereby granted, continued or appropriated, for the purposes in this Act mentioned, which is under the care or management of the said Commissioners or Managers last mentioned for the time being, as the same shall, from time to time, arise or be paid into the said Office of the Stamps by the Receivers or Collectors of the same, or by any other Person or Persons whatsoever: And as well the said Receivers General of the Customs, and the said Commissioners and Governors of the said Revenue or Receipt of Excise in England, as the said Commissioners for marking Vellum, Parchment and Paper, or for managing the Duties thereupon, for the time being respectively, are hereby required and strictly enjoyned, from time to time, for ever, to pay weekly, to wit, On Wednesday in every Week, if it be not a Holy-day, and if it be, then the next Day after that is not a Holy-day, all and every the Monies arising by such or such Parts of the several and respective Duties, Rates, Impositions, Additional Impositions, and Sums of Money hereby granted, continued or appropriated, as is or shall be under the care or management of the said Commissioners, Governors or Managers respectively, into the Receipt of the Exchequer of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, distinct and apart from all other Monies whatsoever; and the Receivers General of the Customs and Excise of Scotland for the time being respectively, are hereby required and strictly enjoyned, from time to time, to transmit and pay into the said Receipt of the Exchequer in England, distinct and apart, as aforesaid, all the Monies which shall arise in Scotland, as aforesaid, for the purposes in this Act expressed.

The Money to be paid weekly into the Exchequer.

X. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That there shall be, from time to time, for ever, provided and kept in the Exchequer, (that is to say) in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt, several Books, in which all the Monies which ought to be paid in weekly, or otherwise, as aforesaid, and which shall be brought into the same Receipt, shall be entred apart and distinct from all other Monies paid or payable to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, upon any account whatsoever.

Books for Entry to be kept in the Exchequer.

XI. And be it further Enacted, That if the said Receivers General of the Customs, Commissioners, or Governors of the Revenue or Receipt of the Excise, or the said Commissioners for marking of Vellum, Parchment and Paper, or for managing the Duties thereupon, for the time being respectively, shall refuse or neglect to pay, or cause to be paid into the Exchequer, all or any the Sums appointed to be paid by them severally, as aforesaid, in such manner as they are respectively required by this Act, or shall divert or misapply any part of the same, then they and every of them, so offending, shall forfeit their several Offices and Places, and shall be incapable to serve her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors, in any Office or Place of Profit or Trust whatsoever, and shall be liable to pay double the Value of all and every Sum and Sums of Money so diverted or misapplied, with full Costs of Suit, to any Person or Persons, Body Politick or Corporate, who shall be entitled to any Annuity or Payment out of the Fund by this Act settled, and will sue for the same Forfeiture by Action of Debt, or of the Case, Bill, Suit or Information, founded upon this Act, in any Court of Record of her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Privilege of Parliament, or other Privilege what-

Commissioners, &c. not paying, or misapplying the Monies, forfeit their Places, &c.

whatsoever, Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance, shall be granted or allowed.

Head-Offices of the Customs, Excise, &c. continued for ever.

XII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Head-Offices of the Customs and Excise, and the Tyrel-Office for the marking of Vellum, Parchment and Paper, shall for ever be severally and respectively continued, with a sufficient Number of Commissioners, and a Comptroller, in each and every of them, for performing and executing such Matters and Things as are by this Act enjoyned to be done or performed by such Commissioners and Comptrollers respectively, according to the true meaning hereof.

Comptrollers in the respective Offices to keep distinct Accounts of the Monies arising by this Act.

XIII. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the respective Comptrollers in the said respective Offices for the time being, shall keep perfect and distinct Accounts, in Books fairly written, of all the Monies which shall arise, of or for the said several and respective Impositions, Additional Impositions, Duties, Rates, and Sums of Money, by this Act granted, continued or appropriated, as the same shall, from time to time, arise or be raised; to which Books all Persons concerned shall have free Access at all seasonable times, without Fee or Charge; and if any such Comptroller or Comptrollers, as aforesaid, shall neglect his or their Duty therein, then he or they so offending shall forfeit his or their Office or Offices, and Places, and be rendred incapable, as aforesaid, and shall also forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds to any Person or Persons, Body Politick or Corporate, entitled to any Annuity or Payment by this Act, and that will sue for the same, as aforesaid, together with full Costs of Suit, to be recovered, as aforesaid.

Collector, &c. detaining the Monies, to be dismissed, &c.

and be charged with 12 *per Cent.* Interest,

XIV. And be it further Enacted, That if any Collector or Receiver of any the Impositions, Additional Impositions, Duties, Rates, or Sums of Money, by this Act granted, continued or appropriated, shall detain all or any part of the Monies by him collected or received, contrary to his Duty, then he or they, for such Offence, shall be dismissed from his or their Employment, and be charged with Interest for the Monies so by him or them detained, after the rate of Twelve Pounds per Centum per Annum, and be liable to answer treble Damages to all and every Person and Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, that shall be grieved by such Detention, and who will sue for the same, in manner, as aforesaid; and if any Collector or Receiver of any of the said Impositions, Additional Impositions, Duties, Rates or Sums of Money, hereby granted, continued or appropriated, shall divert or misapply all or any part of the Monies by him or them collected or received, contrary to the true meaning of this Act, then he or they, for every or any such Offence, shall be dismissed from his Employment, and rendred incapable to serve her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, as aforesaid, and shall moreover forfeit double the Sum or Sums so by him or them diverted or misapplied, to any Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, who shall be entitled to any Annuity or Payment out of the Fund by this Act settled, and will sue for the same, as aforesaid.

or shall misapply any part of the Money to be dismissed, rendred incapable, and forfeit double the Sum.

Powers in the Act 1 *W.* & *M.* cap. 1, (35.) revived.

XV. And to the end the Sums by this Act appropriated, may not be diverted or applied to any other purposes than are hereby directed or intended, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Rules and Directions appointed and Enacted in one Act made in the First Year of the Reign of their said late Majesties King William and Queen Mary, Intituled, An Act for granting to their Majesties an Aid of Two Shillings in the Pound for One Year, for the speedy Payment of Money thereby granted into the Receipt of Exchequer, by the Collectors and Receivers, and for the distribution and application thereof, and keeping distinct Accounts of the same, and all other Provisions, Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures thereby Enacted, in case of diversion or misapplication of any Money thereby appropriated, are hereby Revived and Enacted to be in force, and shall be applied, executed, and put in ure, for

and

and concerning the distribution and application of the said Sums hereby appropriated, as fully, amply, and effectually, as if the same were here particularly repeated and re-enacted.

568279 l. 10 s. to be the yearly Fund.

XX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That yearly and every Year for ever, reckoning the First Year to begin from the Five and twentieth day of December, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, the said Annual Sum of Five hundred sixty eight thousand two hundred seventy nine Pounds, and Ten Shillings, or such proportionable part thereof as shall be due, as is herein after mentioned, by or out of the Monies to arise by the said several Duties, as well upon Salt and Rock-Salt, as upon Wine, Vinegar, Tobacco, East-India Goods, Raw-Silks, and other Goods and Merchandizes imported, granted, continued or appropriated, and every of them, and to be brought into the Receipt of Exchequer, in case the same Payments shall extend thereto; and in case the said weekly or other Payments shall not amount to Five hundred sixty eight thousand two hundred seventy nine Pounds, and Ten Shillings per Annum, or such proportionable part thereof as shall be due, as herein after is mentioned, then the said weekly Monies, or other Payments, so far as the same will extend, shall be part of the yearly Fund for and towards the answering and paying the several and respective Annuities, or yearly Payments, in this Act hereafter expressed.

All the Money by this Act granted, appropriated for making good the yearly Fund.

XXI. And be it further Enacted, That all the Sums of Money arising by the said Rates, Duties, Impositions, Additional Impositions, and Sums of Money by this Act granted, continued or appropriated, as aforesaid, which shall, from time to time, be brought into the Receipt of the Exchequer, or so much thereof as shall be sufficient to make up and complete the said yearly Fund of Five hundred sixty eight thousand two hundred seventy nine Pounds, and Ten Shillings, or such proportionable part thereof, to be due, as herein after is mentioned, shall be appropriated, set apart and applied, and the same are hereby appropriated for and towards the raising and making good the said yearly Fund of Five hundred sixty eight thousand two hundred seventy nine Pounds, and Ten Shillings, or such proportionable part of the same, and shall be issued and paid out of the said Receipt of Exchequer by the respective Officers of the same, as herein after is mentioned, without Fee or Charge, and without any further or other Warrant to be sued for, had or obtained from her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, in that behalf, and shall be applied to and for the uses and purposes in and by this Act expressed and intended, and to no other use, intent or purpose whatsoever; and that the respective Officers in the Exchequer, who shall make any delay in issuing or paying the said Money to the said uses by this Act intended, or shall be guilty of diverting or misapplying any of the said Monies to any other use or purpose, contrary to this Act, for any such Offence shall be forejudged from their respective Offices and Places, and be rendred uncapable to serve her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, in any Office or Employment of Trust or Profit whatsoever; and also shall be liable to pay double the Value of any Sum or Sums so delayed to be paid, or so diverted or misapplied, as aforesaid, to any Corporation, or other Person or Persons that shall be grieved thereby, and who will sue for the same, to be recovered, as aforesaid.

Deficiency to be made good by Parliament.

XXII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case the said Duties arising or appropriated by this Act, shall at any time or times appear to be so deficient in the Produce of the same, as that within any One Year, to be reckoned from and after the Five and twentieth day of December, in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, the said weekly, or other Payments upon the same Rates or Duties, shall not amount to so much as shall be sufficient to discharge and satisfie the said yearly Sum of Five hundred sixty eight thousand two hundred seventy nine Pounds, and Ten Shillings, or such proportionable part there-

thereof, as aforesaid, by this Act appointed, or intended to be paid within or for the same Year respectively, that then, and so often, and in every such case, it is hereby Declared and Enacted, That every such Deficiency and Deficiencies shall be provided for, answered, and made good by or out of the next Aids to be raised and granted by Parliament, and shall be appropriated and applied for and towards making good the Deficiency which shall so happen of the said yearly Sum of Five hundred sixty eight thousand two hundred seventy nine Pounds, and Ten Shillings, or such proportionable part thereof, as aforesaid, and to no other use, intent or purpose whatsoever.

Surplus to be applied towards discharging Principal.

XXIII. Provided always, and be it further Enacted, That in case there shall be any Surplus or Remainder of the Monies arising by the Rates and Duties, and Sums of Money granted or appropriated by this Act, at the end of any One Year after all the said Annuities, Charges and Payments, directed or authorized by this Act, shall be fully satisfied, paid and discharged, or Money sufficient shall be reserved for that purpose, such Surplus or Remainder shall be applied, from time to time, for and towards paying and discharging the Principal Money of the said Capital Stock of the said intended Company, so far as the same will, from time to time, extend; and that the said yearly Sum of Five hundred sixty eight thousand two hundred seventy nine Pounds, and Ten Shillings, or such proportionable part thereof, as is intended by this Act to be provided for, shall be, from time to time, lessened and abated in Proportion to such part of the said Principal or Capital Stock of the said Company, which shall be so paid off; (that is to say) That out of the yearly Sum of Five hundred sixty eight thousand two hundred seventy nine Pounds, and Ten Shillings, to be annually payable to the said Company by virtue of this Act, and according to the true meaning thereof, there shall be deducted so much Money, yearly and every Year, as shall be after the rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum for the Principal Sum, which shall be so paid off and discharged, or which the Capital Stock of the said Company shall really and bona fide consist of, for the time being, less than the said Principal or Capital Stock, or Sum of Nine millions four hundred seventy one thousand three hundred and twenty five Pounds; such Deduction and Deductions to begin and be made from such respective time and times as such Principal Money shall be so paid off and discharged, or the said Capital Stock so lessened, as aforesaid: It being the true intent and meaning of this Act, that the Annuity to be paid, by virtue of this Act, unto the said intended Company or Corporation to be erected in pursuance of this Act, shall be after the rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum for every hundred Pounds which the Principal or Capital Stock of the said Company or Corporation shall, for the time being, consist of, and proportionably for a lesser Sum than One hundred Pounds, and not any further or other Sum or Sums in respect of the said Annuity.

On One Years Notice, after 25 Dec. 1716. and Repayment, Annuities to cease.

XXIV. Provided always, and it is hereby Declared and Enacted, That at any time upon one Years Notice, after the Five and twentieth day of December, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, upon Re-payment by Parliament of the Principal Sum, of which the Capital Stock of the said intended Company shall, for the time being, consist, unto the respective Contributors of the same, or to such Person or Persons as by, from, or under them, shall be entitled to the said Annuity, or Shares of the said yearly Fund or Capital Stock, in respect of the same, and of all Arrears of the said Annuities or yearly Payments, or upon Payment out of such Surplus Money, as aforesaid, of all the said Principal or Capital Stock of the said intended Company, and all Arrears of the said Annuity payable to them, as aforesaid, then and from thenceforth all and every the Impositions, and Additional Impositions, Duties, Rates, and Sums of Money hereby granted, continued or appropriated, shall and may be disposed of by Parliament, and also the said yearly Fund charged thereupon,

upon, and the ſaid Annuities iſſuing out of the ſame, ſhall abſolutely ceaſe and determine; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

XLVI. And whereas it is of the greateſt Conſequence to the Honour and Welfare of this Kingdom, and for the Increaſe of the Strength and Riches thereof, and for the vending the Product and Manufacture, Goods and Merchandizes of or brought into this Kingdom, and Employment of the Poor, that a Trade ſhould be carried on to the South-Seas, and other Parts in America, within the Limits herein after mentioned; which cannot ſo ſecurely and ſucceſsfully be begun and carried on, as by a Corporation with a Joynt Stock, excluſive of all others: Now for the better Encouragement of all and every the Perſon and Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, who ſhall be or become Members of the ſaid Company or Corporation, to be erected, as aforeſaid; and to the end and intent that a Trade to the South-Seas, and other Parts of America within the Limits herein after mentioned, may be carried on and promoted, for the Advantage and Honour of this Kingdom; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Corporation to be erected in purſuance of this Act, and their Succeſſors, ſhall have and be entitled unto, and they are hereby entitled unto and veſted, from the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eleven, for ever, in the ſole Trade and Traffick into, unto, and from all the Kingdoms, Lands, Countries, Territories, Iſlands, Cities, Towns, Ports, Havens, Creeks and Places of America, on the Eaſt-ſide thereof, from the River of Aranoca, to the Southermoſt-part of the Terra del Fuego; and on the Weſt-ſide thereof, from the ſaid Southermoſt part of the ſaid Terra del Fuego, through the South-Seas, to the Northermoſt-part of America; and into, unto, and from all Countries, Iſlands and Places within the ſaid Limits, which are reputed to belong to the Crown of Spain, or which ſhall hereafter be found out or diſcovered within the ſaid Limits, not exceeding Three hundred Leagues from the Continent of America, between the Southermoſt-part of Terra del Fuego, and the Northermoſt-part of America, on the ſaid Weſt-ſide thereof, (except the Kingdom of Brazil, and ſuch other Places on the ſaid Eaſt-ſide of America as are now in the actual Poſſeſſion of the Crown of Portugal, and the Country of Surinam in the Poſſeſſion of the States-General of the United Provinces;) it not being intended that the ſole Trade to any Part of the Eaſt-ſide of America, now in the actual Poſſeſſion of the Crown of Portugal, or the States-General, ſhall be granted or conſtrued to be granted by this Act; but that it may be and remain Lawful for all, and every, or any the Subjects of her Majeſty, her Heirs or Succeſſors, to Trade and Traffick to any Part on the Eaſt-ſide of America, now in the actual Poſſeſſion of the Crown of Portugal, or the States-General, (but to no other Part of America within the Limits aforeſaid) as fully and freely, in all reſpects, as they might or could do if this Act had not been made; any Clauſe, Proviſo, Power, Privilege, Matter or Thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

The Limits of the Companies Charter in the *South-Seas* in *America*.

XLVII. And be it further Enacted, That the ſaid Company to be erected in purſuance of this Act, and their Succeſſors, for ever, and all and every Perſon and Perſons who, from time to time, ſhall be Licenſed by the ſaid Corporation, to be erected in purſuance of this Act, to Trade in the ſtead of them, ſhall and lawfully may, for ever, from and after the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eleven, or by ſuch Factors, Agents, or Servants as they ſhall think fit to intruſt, and to and for no other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, freely to traffick and uſe the Trade of Merchandize, into, unto, and from the ſaid South-Seas, and other the Parts within the Limits aforeſaid (except as aforeſaid) and into, unto, and from all or any the Kingdoms, Lands, Territories, Iſlands, Cities, Towns, Forts, Havens, Creeks and Places of America, or any of them, within the Limits aforeſaid (except before excepted) where any Trade or Traffick of Mer-

None elſe to Traffick within their Limits.

Merchandize is or may be used or had, and to and from every of them.

Other Persons frequenting the *South-Seas*, forfeit Ship and Lading, &c.

XLIX. And to the end the said South-Seas, or the Kingdoms, Lands, Islands, Havens, Forts, Cities, Towns and Places within the Limits aforesaid, or any of them, shall not, after the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and eleven, be visited, frequented or haunted by any other of the Subjects of her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors, contrary to the true meaning of this Act; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any of the Subjects of her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors, of what Degree or Quality soever they be, other than the said Company or Corporation, or their Factors, Agents or Servants, or other Persons by them licensed thereunto, according to the true meaning of this Act, shall directly or indirectly Visit or Frequent, Trade, Traffick or Adventure, into, unto, or from the said South-Seas, or other the Parts within the Limits aforesaid, contrary to the true meaning of this Act, or shall hire, freight, or fit out any Ship or Ships, or lade or put on board any Ship or Ships any Goods or Merchandizes whatsoever, with intent to Haunt, Frequent, Traffick, Trade or Adventure into, unto, or from the said South-Seas, or other Parts within the Limits aforesaid, contrary to the true meaning of this Act, every such Offender and Offenders shall incur the Forfeiture and Loss of all Ships and Vessels which shall be employed in such Trade, with the Guns, Tackle, Apparel and Furniture thereunto belonging, and also all the Goods and Merchandizes laden thereupon, and all the Proceed and Effects of the same, and also double the Value thereof, viz. One fourth part thereof to the Use of her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors, One other fourth part thereof to such Person or Persons as will seize, inform, or sue for the same, and the other Two fourth parts thereof to the Use of the Company or Corporation to be erected in pursuance of this Act; such Forfeiture and Penalty to be recovered, with full Costs of Suit, in any of her Majesties Courts of Record, in manner, as aforesaid.

Company to have, to their own Use, all Ships taken there as Prize, &c.

LI. And be it further Enacted, That the said Company to be erected in pursuance of this Act, shall and may have, hold, receive, take and enjoy, to their own Use, and for the benefit of the Members of such Company, in proportion to their Stock, all and every such Ships or Vessels, and all their Guns, Ammunition, Tackle, Apparel and Furniture, and all such Goods, Merchandize and Bullion, Treasure, and other Things, which shall be taken as Prize by the Ships, Factors, Agents or Servants of or belonging to, or employed or licensed by the said Company, within the Limits aforesaid, or by such of the Ships of her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors, as she or they shall think fit to grant or allow for Convoys, or otherwise, for the defence, security or carrying on the said Trade, without any account to be rendred thereof to her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever; save only that the Officers and Seamen, who shall be actually on board any of the said Ships of her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors, which shall take, or be assisting to the taking any such Ships or Vessels, Goods or Merchandizes, as Prize, shall have, and be entitled to such part and share thereof, as her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors shall think fit and direct in and by the Charter of Incorporation to be granted to the said Company, and no other or greater part or share whatsoever; any thing herein contained, or any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding: And that it shall and may be lawful for the said Company, and their Successors, and the Agents, Factors, Servants, and other Persons to be employed or licensed by them to Trade, as aforesaid, to seize, by force of Arms, or otherwise, the Persons, Ships, Goods, Merchandize, or other Effects of or belonging to any of the Subjects of her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors, who shall Haunt, Frequent, Traffick, Trade or Adventure into the said South-Seas, or other the Parts or Limits aforesaid (except before excepted) contrary to the true meaning of this Act;

Seamen assisting to be rewarded as her Majesty by Charter shall appoint.

Company may seize by force of Arms, *British* Ships trading in the *South-Seas*.

Exception.

Act; and to keep and detain to the Use and Uses of the said Company, and their Successors, for the Benefit of the Members thereof, in proportion to their Stock, the Ships, Goods, Merchandize, and other Effects so seized, without any account to be rendred thereof, as aforesaid, and to bring or send into Great Britain the Persons of such of the Subjects of her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors, as shall be so seized, in order to their being prosecuted for such Offence according to Law.

Persons born on board any Ship, or in any Place belonging to the Company, to be Natural-born Subjects.

LIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all such Persons as shall be born on board any of the Ships of War, or other Ships to be employed in or about the said Trade, or who shall be born in any the Lands, Territories, Countries, Islands, Forts, Cities, Towns or Places, which shall be discovered or possest by the said Company, as aforesaid, or any of their dependencies, shall be, and be adjudged, deemed and taken to be born within the Allegiance of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors; and shall be, and be deemed, and shall have and enjoy all the Privileges of the Natural-born Subjects of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors.

No Embargo on Companies Ships, unless particularly mentioned.

LIV. And for as much as the said Trade does in a great measure depend upon the timely dispatch from Great Britain of the Ships which shall be employed therein; Be it further Enacted, That no Ship or Ships which shall belong to, or be hired, freighted, or employed by the said Company, to be erected, as aforesaid, or such Persons as shall be licensed by them to Trade within the Limits aforesaid, shall be, or be liable to be stopped or detained by any Embargo, or other Restraint whatsoever, unless such Ship or Ships be particularly mentioned or named in such Embargo or order for Restraint.

Officers of the Customs, &c. to take the Companies Bonds for Customs, &c.

LVI. Provided always, and it is hereby further Enacted and Declared, That upon any Importation of any Goods or Merchandizes by the said Company to be erected by virtue of this Act, and in all other cases where Security is or shall be required to be given by the said Company to the Crown, It shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners and Officers of the Customs for the time being, and all other Person and Persons, who are to take such Security for the Crown, and they are hereby required, from time to time, to take such Security, by accepting and taking One or more Bond or Bonds, under the Common Seal of the said Company, as well for all such of the Customs and Duties chargeable and to be charged upon the Goods and Merchandizes so to be imported, as are bondable, and upon which Bonds have been usually given, as for all such other Matters and Things for which Security is to be given to the Crown by the said Company, as aforesaid; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Company not to sail beyond the Southermost parts of *Terra del Fuego*, or into the *Indies*, &c. except through the Streights of *Magellan*, or round *Terra del Fuego*:

LVIII. Provided always, and be it further Enacted, That it shall not be lawful for the Company to be erected by virtue of this Act, or their Successors, Agents or Factors, or any Person or Persons licensed by them, to proceed, sail, navigate, or go into any the Limits before mentioned, beyond the Southermost part of Terra del Fuego, except only through the Steights of Magellan, or round Terra del Fuego, nor to go from thence into any part of the East-Indies, nor return to Great Britain, or any other Port or Place in Europe, Asia, Africa or America, by any other way except through the said Steights of Magellan, or by Terra del Fuego aforesaid, under the Penalties and Forfeitures to be sued for and recovered, as is herein after mentioned: And also that it shall not be lawful for the said Company, or their Successors, Agents or Factors, or any Person or Persons licensed by them, to trade, traffick or adventure in any Goods, Wares, Commodities or Merchandizes whatsoever, of the Growth, Product or Manufacture of the East-Indies, Persia, China, or any other the Countries, Ports or Places within the Limits granted to, or now vested in the United Company of Merchants of England, trading to the East-Indies, and not hereby granted

Nor to trade in *East-India* Goods, &c.

ed or intended to be granted to the Corporation to be erected by virtue of this Act, or with any Ships or Veſſels coming from the Countries, or Places aforeſaid (ſuch East-India Goods, Wares, Commodities or Merchandize, as ſhall be actually exported from Great Britain, and alſo ſuch Gold, Silver, and wrought Plate, Goods and Commodities that are the Produce, Growth or Manufactures of the Weſt-Indies, or Continent of America, only excepted) under the Penalties and Forfeitures to be ſued for and recovered, as is herein after mentioned: And further, That it ſhall not be lawful for the ſaid Company intended to be erected, as aforeſaid, or their Succeſſors, Agents or Factors, or any Perſon or Perſons licenſed by them, to ſend, employ or uſe any Ship, Veſſel, Boat or Bark whatſoever, within the ſaid South-Seas, from Terra del Fuego, to the Northermoſt part of America, above Three hundred Leagues to the Weſtward of and diſtant from the Lands, Countries and Shores of Chili, Peru, Mexico, Callifornia, or any other the Lands and Shores of Southern or Northern America, contained between the ſaid Terra del Fuego, and the ſaid Northermoſt part of America, upon Pain and Penalty that all ſuch Ships, Veſſels, Boats and Barks whatſoever, going in or returning from the South-Seas, otherwiſe than as aforeſaid, or ſent, employed or uſed, ſailing, proceeding, or being, contrary to the true intent and meaning hereof, and all the Goods, Wares and Merchandizes on board them, together with their Guns, Tackle, Apparel and Furniture, and likewiſe all the Goods, Wares, Commodities and Merchandizes of the East-Indies, Perſia, China, or other the Limits aforeſaid, ſo traded in, as aforeſaid (except as before excepted) ſhall and may be ſeized and forfeited, and double the Value thereof ſhall alſo be forfeited by the Owners, Maſters or Employers thereof, or Traders therein; One third part of all which Forfeitures to be to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Two third parts thereof to the ſaid United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East-Indies, to be recovered with full Coſts of Suit in any of her Majeſties Courts of Record at Weſtminſter, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information.

Nor to ſend Ships in the *South-Seas* above 300 Leagues to the Weſtward of *Chili*, &c.

on Forfeiture of Ships, Goods, &c.

Anno

Anno 9 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XXII.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for granting to her Majeſty ſeveral Duties upon Coals for building Fifty New Churches in and about the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and Suburbs thereof, and other purpoſes therein mentioned.

MOST Gracious Sovereign, we your Majeſties moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain, in Parliament aſſembled, being zealous to provide ſuch Supplies as may enable your Majeſty to purſue your Pious and Gracious Intentions to increaſe the Number of Churches in or near the populous Cities of London and Weſtminſter, or the Suburbs thereof, for the better Inſtruction of all Perſons inhabiting or who ſhall inhabit in the ſeveral Pariſhes wherein the ſame ſhall be Built, in the true Chriſtian Religion as it is now profeſſed in the Church of England, and Eſtabliſhed by the Laws of this Realm, do moſt humbly preſent to your Majeſty the ſeveral Impoſitions, Rates and Duties herein after mentioned, and do beſeech your Majeſty, that it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That for all ſorts of Coals and Culm which from and after the Fourteenth day of May, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen, and before the Nine and twentieth day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty four, ſhall be imported and brought into the Port of the City of London, or the River of Thames within the Liberty of the ſaid City upon the ſame River, there ſhall be paid to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors by way of impoſition thereupon, over and beſides all other Impoſitions and Duties, according to the Rates hereafter mentioned, that is to ſay, from and after the ſaid Fourteenth day of May, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen, and before the Nine and twentieth day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen, for all ſuch ſorts of Coals and Culm as are uſually ſold by the Chalder, for every Chalder thereof, containing Thirty ſix Buſhels Wincheſter Meaſure, the Sum of Two Shillings; and for ſuch ſort of Coals as are ſold by the Tun, for every Tun thereof, containing Twenty hundred weight, the Sum of Two Shillings; and from and after the Eight and twentieth day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen, and before the Eight and twentieth day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty four, there ſhall be paid for every ſuch ſaid Chalder of Coals and Culm and Tun of Coals, the Sum of Three Shillings; which ſaid Sum of Two Shillings for the firſt part of the ſaid term, and Three Shillings for the Remainder thereof, for every Chalder of Coals and Culm and Tun of Coals, ſhall, from time to time, during the full term firſt before mentioned, be raiſed, levied, collected and paid to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, in the ſame Manner, Method and Form, and at ſuch Places, and by ſuch Rules, Ways and Means, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, as are mentioned, expreſſed or referred unto, in and by any Act, Law or Statute, Acts, Laws or Statutes now in force for raiſing, levying, collecting, or anſwering any other Duty or Duties now payable to her Majeſty, for or upon any Coals or Culm whatſoever imported or brought Coaſtwiſe into the ſaid Port of London; and that all and every the Powers, Authorities, Penalties, Forfeitures, Diſabilities, Articles, Rules and Clauſes, in the ſame Acts, Laws and Statutes, or any of them, mentioned or contained (except ſuch and ſo much of them for and concerning which it is otherwiſe provided in this preſent Act) ſhall be of ſuch force and effect, to all intents and purpoſes,

Preamble.

Further continued to the 25 March, 1751. by 5 Geo. cap. 9.

Duty upon Coals from 14 *May*, 1716. to 29 *Sept.* 1724.

From 14 *May*, 1716. to 29 *Sept.* 1716. Coals to pay 2 *s. per* Chalder or Tun,

and after 28 *Sept.* 1716. to 28 *Sept.* 1724. 3 *s. per* Chalder or Tun.

poſes, for the raiſing, levying, collecting, and anſwering the Impoſitions hereby granted, for and during the ſaid term and terms herein before limited, as if the ſame were particularly and at large ſet down and enacted by this Act.

The Money to be paid into the Exchequer, and appropriated for building Fifty New Churches, &c.

II. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every ſuch Sum and Sums of Money, which ſhall be raiſed, collected and levied, by virtue of this Act (the neceſſary Charges of raiſing, managing and accounting for the ſame always excepted) ſhall, from time to time, be brought and paid into the Receipt of Exchequer, and by force and virtue of this Act, are and ſhall be appropriated, iſſued, applied and diſpoſed, for the building of Fifty New Churches of Stone, and other proper Materials, with Towers or Steeples to each of them; and for purchaſing of Scites of Churches and Church-Yards, and Burying-Places in or near the Cities of London and Weſtminſter, or the Suburbs thereof; and for making ſuch Chapels Churches as are already Built, and capable thereof, Pariſh-Churches, and for purchaſing Houſes for the Habitations of the Miniſters of the ſaid Churches, and for applying the Sum of Four thouſand Pounds per Annum out of the ſaid Duties and Impoſitions, towards the repairing and finiſhing the Collegiate Church of Saint Peter Weſtminſter, and the Chapels of the ſame; and alſo for applying the Sum of Six thouſand Pounds per Annum out of the ſaid Duties and Impoſitions ariſing by this Act, towards the Finiſhing Greenwich-Hoſpital, and the Chapel thereunto belonging, and to or for none other uſe, intent or purpoſe whatſoever.

100 Chalders *per An.* for *Chelſea*-Hoſpital, not chargeable.

VIII. Provided, That this Act, or any thing therein contained, ſhall not extend, or be conſtrued to extend, during the continuance of this Act, to charge or lay any of the Duties or Impoſitions hereby impoſed upon ſuch Coals (not exceeding One hundred Chalders by the Year) as ſhall be brought into the Port of London, from Newcaſtle upon Tine, or any other Place, for the only uſe and ſervice of the Royal Hoſpital at Chelſea; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Anno 9 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XXIII.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for licenſing and regulating Hackney-Coaches and Chairs; and for charging certain New Duties on Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper, and on Cards and Dice, and on the Exportation of Rock-Salt for *Ireland*; and for ſecuring thereby, and by a weekly Payment out of the Poſt-Office, and by ſeveral Duties on Hides and Skins, a yearly Fund of One hundred eighty ſix thouſand ſix hundred and ſeventy Pounds, for Thirty two Years, to be applied to the Satisfaction of ſuch Orders as are therein mentioned, to the Contributors of any Sum not exceeding Two millions, to be raiſed for carrying on the War, and other her Majeſties Occaſions.

New Duties on Stampt Vellum, &c.

XXII. AND be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That there ſhall be throughout the Kingdom of Great Britain, raiſed, levied, collected and paid unto and for the uſe of her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for the ſeveral and reſpective things herein after mentioned, which ſhall be ingroſſed, printed or written, the ſeveral and reſpective Rates, Duties, Charges, and Sums of Money herein after expreſſed, in manner following, (that is to ſay)

For every Skin, or piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or piece of Paper, upon which ſhall be ingroſſed or written any Certificate or Debenture for drawing back any Cuſtoms or Duties,

ties, or any part of any Customs or Duties, for or in respect of the reshipping or exporting of any Goods or Merchandizes, which at any time or times, within or during the term of Two and thirty Years, to be reckoned from the First day of August, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and eleven, shall be exported, or shipped to be exported from Great Britain, for any Parts beyond the Seas, to be paid by the Person for whose benefit, or at whose instance such Debenture or Certificate shall be obtained, the Sum of Eight Pence,

Note, *The rest of this Paragraph does not relate to the Customs.*

XXIV. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Vellum, Parchment and Paper, upon which any such Certificate, Debenture, Bill, or Note of lading, Almanack or Licence, as aforesaid, shall, from and after the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and eleven, be ingrossed, written or printed, shall before such ingrossing, writing or printing, be brought to the head Office for stamping or marking of Vellum, Parchment and Paper; and the said Commissioners, by themselves, or by their Officers employed under them, shall, and they are hereby impowered and required, forthwith, upon demand to them made by any Person or Persons, from time to time, to Stamp or Mark, as this Act directs, any quantities or parcels of of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, he or they paying to the Receiver General of the Stamp-Duties for the time being, or to his Deputy or Clerk, the respective Duties payable for the same by this Act, without any other Fee or Reward, and without delay; which Stamp or Mark, to be put thereupon in pursuance of this Act, shall be a sufficient Discharge for the several and respective Duties hereby payable for the said Vellum, Parchment or Paper, which shall be so stamped or marked.

Vellum, &c. to be stamped before written upon.

XXVI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Officer of the Customs shall, from and after the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and eleven, at any time within or during the term last mentioned, sign any such Certificate or Debenture, as aforesaid, not appearing to have been first duly stamped according to Law; or if any other Person shall, from and after that Day, Write, Engrols or Print, or cause to be written, engrossed or printed, any such Certificate, Debenture, or Note or Bill of Lading, Licence or Almanack, as aforesaid, or sign such Bill or Note of Lading, or sell or expose to Sale any such Almanack, before the Vellum, Parchment or Paper, whereupon such Certificate, Debenture, Bill or Note of Lading, Licence or Almanack, shall be respectively engrossed, written or printed, shall appear to have been so duly stamped; that then every such Officer or Person so offending in any of the Particulars before mentioned, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds, together with full Costs of Suit; and every such Officer of the Customs, offending herein, and being convicted of any such Offence, shall (over and besides the Forfeiture or Penalty aforesaid) forfeit and lose his Office and Imployment, and be incapable to hold the same; and that if any such Certificate, Debenture, Bill or Note of Lading, or Licence, as aforesaid, shall, during the term last mentioned, be written or engrossed contrary to the true intent and meaning hereof, upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper, not appearing to have been duly Stamped, according to Law, that then, and in every such case, there shall be due, answered and paid to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors (over and above the Duties hereby due or payable) for every such Certificate, Bill or Note of Lading, and Licence respectively, the Sum of Five Pounds; and that no such Certificate, Debenture, Bill or Note of Lading or Licence, shall be available in Law, or be given in Evidence, or admitted in any Court, unless as well the said Duties hereby charged, as the said Sum of Five Pounds, shall be first paid to the Use of her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors, and a Receipt produced for the same, under the hand of the Receiver General for the time being of the Stamp-Duties, or of his Deputy or Clerk, and until the Vellum, Parchment or Paper, on which

Penalty on writing, before Paper, &c. is Stampt.

No Certificate, &c. not Stampt, good, till 5 *l.* and Stampt-Duty paid.

which such Certificate, Debenture, Bill or Note of Lading or Licence, is so written or ingrossed, shall be marked or stamped, according to the tenor and true meaning hereof; and the said Receiver General, and his Deputy or Clerk, are hereby enjoyned and required, upon Payment or Tender of the said Duty, payable by virtue hereof, and of the said Sum of Five Pounds, to give a receipt for such Money; and the other proper Officers are thereupon required to Mark and Stamp such Certificate, Debenture, Bill, Note or Licence, with the proper Marks and Stamps requisite in that behalf.

Officers may inspect Publick Books, &c.

XXVII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Publick Officers who shall from time to time have in their Custody any of the said Debentures, or any Publick Books, Files, Records, Remembrances, Dockets or Proceedings, the sight or knowledge whereof may tend to the securing of these or any her Majesties Stamp-Duties, or to the proof or discovery of any Fraud or Omission in relation thereto, or to any of them, shall at any seasonable time or times permit any Officer or Officers thereunto authorized by the Commissioners for the time being appointed to Manage those Duties, or the major part of them, to inspect and view all such Books, Files, Records, Remembrances, Dockets and Proceedings, as aforesaid, and to take thereout such Notes and Memorandums as shall be necessary for the Purposes last mentioned, without Fee or Reward, upon pain that such Clerk or other Officer or Officers, who shall refuse or neglect so to do, upon reasonable Request in that behalf made, shall for every such Refusal and Neglect, forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds with full Costs of Suit.

From 11 *June* 1711. for 32 Years,

XXXVIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Eleventh day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eleven, during the term of Thirty two Years from thence next ensuing, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, unto and for the Use of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for all playing Cards and Dice, which within or during the term last mentioned, shall be made fit for Sale or Use, in Great Britain, or imported into the same, the Duties following; That is to say, For every Pack of such Cards, the Sum of Six Pence, and for every Pair of such Dice, the Sum of Five Shillings, to be paid by the Makers or Importers thereof respectively.

Cards and Dice prohibited to be imported, vide 3 Ed. 4. *cap.* 4. 10 A. *cap.* 19. §. 165.

Cards to pay 6 *d. per* Pack, and Dice 5 *s. per* Pair.

Duties on Cards and Dice imported, how to be levied.

XXXIX. And it is hereby Enacted, That the Duties upon such Cards and Dice imported, shall be levied and brought into the Exchequer, in such Manner and Form, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, as any her Majesties Customs or Duties on Subsidy-Goods inwards, are, by any Laws now in force, to be levied and brought into the said Exchequer.

Makers concealing, forfeit 20 *l.*

XLII. And it is hereby Enacted, That every Maker of Cards and Dice, who shall endeavour to defraud her Majesty by any Concealment, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds: And that all the Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act, in relation to the said Duties on Cards and Dice, shall be divided (to wit) One moiety thereof to the Queens Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, and the other moiety thereof to such Person or Persons as will seize, inform or sue for the same, and shall and may be recovered in the same manner and form, as any Penalties or Forfeitures by this Act imposed, for any Offence relating to the said Duties on Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper, are to be recovered: And that all the Monies arising by the said Duties on Cards and Dice (the necessary Charges of raising the same excepted) shall, from time to time, be brought into the Receipt of Exchequer, for the purposes in this Act expressed.

Penalty how to be divided and recovered.

Duty on Rock-Salt exported to *Ireland*, for 32 Years from 11 *June*, 1711. 9 *s. per* Tun,

XLIII. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Eleventh day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eleven, for and during the term of Thirty two Years thence next ensuing, there shall be paid to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, the Sum of Nine Shillings for every Tun of Rock-Salt which shall be put on board any Ship or Vessel in any Part of

Continued for ever, by 3 Geo. *cap.* 7.

of Great Britain, and exported to Ireland, or entred out for such Exportation, over and above the present Duties payable for the same, and so in Proportion for every greater or lesser quantity; and the same shall be paid by the Exporter thereof upon Entry out for such Exportation, to the proper Officer of the Port where such Rock-Salt shall be so put on board or entred out, and before any Cocket shall be allowed or granted for the same; and the said Officer shall sign a Certificate or Receipt for such Sum of Money as shall for such quantity of Rock-Salt therein specified be paid for by such Exporter. to be paid by the Exportor, &c.

XLIV. And for better securing her Majesties said Duty last mentioned, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Drawback shall be allowed or paid to such Exporter or his Assigns, for Duties formerly granted on Rock-Salt, which from and after the said Eleventh day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eleven, shall be Landed in Ireland, unless such Certificate or Receipt herein before mentioned, for Payment of the Duty hereby granted, shall be first produced and delivered up to the proper Officer authorized to pay or allow such Drawback; any Act or Acts to the contrary thereof notwithstanding. Drawbacks for *Ireland*.

XLV. Provided always, That in case any Ship or Vessel carrying Rock-Salt to Ireland, shall either be lost at Sea, or taken by the Enemy, upon due Proof made thereof upon Oath, and producing the Certificate or Receipt before mentioned, that the Duty hereby granted on such Rock-Salt, was actually paid upon Entry out of the same in Great Britain, the Officer who signed the said Certificate or Receipt, and received the said Money shall repay the same without Fee or Reward. Proviso for Ships, lost, &c. at Sea.

XLVI. And it is hereby also Enacted, That all the Monies arising by the said Duties on Rock-Salt, (the necessary Charges of collecting and raising the same excepted) shall likewise be brought into the Receipt of the Exchequer, for the purposes in this Act expressed. Duties on Rock-Salt to be paid into the Exchequer.

XLVII. And to the end all the Revenues, Duties, and Sums of Money by this Act payable upon Licences for Hackney Coaches and Chairs, and the said New Duties upon Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper, and upon Cards and Dice, and upon the Exportation of Rock-Salt for Ireland, by this Act granted, as aforesaid, may be duly and certainly raised, and the same (except the necessary Charges of raising and managing the same Duties and otherwise, in the Execution of this Act) may be justly and duly brought into the said Receipt of Exchequer, according to the true meaning hereof; It is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from time to time, during the continuance of this Act, there shall be appointed such, and so many Commissioners and Officers, as shall be proper and necessary for managing, raising, collecting and paying the said Revenues, Duties and Sums of Money last mentioned, and hereby granted, as aforesaid, and for keeping and rendring the accounts of the same; and that the respective Commissioners and Officers concerned therein, shall perform their several Duties in relation to the Premisses, as to them respectively shall Appertain, under such and the like Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities, for any offence or neglect therein, or for detaining, diverting or misapplying any Part of the Monies arising by the said Rates and Duties, as are prescribed, and to be inflicted by virtue of an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Ninth Year of his late Majesty King William the Third, Intituled, An Act for raising a Sum not exceeding Two millions, upon a Fund for Payment of Annuities, after the rate of Eight Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, and for settling the Trade to the *East-Indies*, for the like offence or neglect relating to the Duties thereby granted or referred unto, or for detaining, diverting or misapplying any Part of the Monies which were granted or appropriated by the Act last mentioned. Commissioners, Officers, &c. to be appointed and liable to the Act 9 W. 3.

9 W. 3. cap. 44.

LIII. And whereas by an Act of the present Session of Parliament, Intituled, An Act for establishing a General Post-Office for all her

her Majesties Dominions, and for settling a weekly Sum out of the Revenues thereof, for the Service of the War, and other her Majesties Occasions; It is Enacted, That from and after the Nine and twentieth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and eleven, for and during the whole term of Thirty two Years from thence next and immediately ensuing, the full, clear, and entire weekly Sum of Seven hundred Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, out of all the Duties and Revenues, from time to time, arising by virtue of that Act, shall be brought and paid into the Receipt of your Majesties Exchequer, in the manner therein mentioned, and under the Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities in that Act expressed: And by another Act of this Session of Parliament, Intituled, An Act for laying certain Duties upon Hides and Skins tanned, tawed or dressed, and upon Vellum and Parchment, for the term of Thirty two Years, for prosecuting the War, and other her Majesties most necessary Occasions, several Rates and Duties for and upon such Hides and Skins, and pieces of Hides and Skins, Vellum and Parchment, as are therein mentioned, are granted or made payable to your Majesty, your Heirs and Successors, for the term of Thirty two Years, to be reckoned from the Four and twentieth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eleven, with such other Duties as in the same Act are expressed, and all the Monies arising by virtue of the Act last mentioned, (the necessary Charges of raising, collecting, levying, paying, and accounting for the same, only excepted) are thereby required to be also paid, from time to time, into the Receipt of your Majesties Exchequer, in the manner and form, and under such Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities as are thereby prescribed, as by the Two Acts last mentioned, relation being thereunto severally had, may more fully appear: And whereas it is intended, That the said weekly Sum of Seven hundred Pounds, to arise out of the said Revenue of the Post-Office, and all the said Duties upon Hides and Skins, and pieces of Hides and Skins, Vellum and Parchment, granted by the Two Acts last mentioned, and the Revenue to arise by licensing Coaches and Chairs, and the said New Duties to arise by Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper, and upon Cards and Dice, and upon the Exportation of Rock-Salt for Ireland, shall all together be made a Fund or Security, for raising any Sum not exceeding Two millions, towards your Majesties Supply, for the Service of the War, and other your Majesties most necessary Occasions, by such Methods, and in such Manner and Form as are herein after mentioned: Now we your Majesties said Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament assembled, for and towards the raising the said Sum of Two millions, do further most humbly beseech your Majesty that it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That yearly and every Year, during the term of Thirty two Years, reckoning the First Year to begin from the Nine and twentieth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and eleven, the full Sum of One hundred eighty six thousand six hundred and seventy Pounds, by or out of the Monies to arise as well of or for the said weekly Sum of Seven hundred Pounds out of the Revenues of the General Post-Office, and of or for all the said Duties, Rates, and Sums of Money upon Hides and Skins, and pieces of Hides and Skins, Vellum and Parchment, by virtue of the said other Acts, or either of them, and by or out of the Monies of the said Revenue on Licences for Hackney Coaches and Chairs, and of the said New Duties upon Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper, and upon Cards and Dice, and upon the Exportation of Rock-Salt for Ireland, by this Act granted, and by or out of the Monies to arise by all the said Branches, every or any of them, and to be brought into the Receipt of the Exchequer, from time to time, in case the same shall extend to the said Sum of One hundred eighty six thousand six hundred and seventy Pounds, shall be computed and reckoned to be a yearly Fund; and in case all the Monies arising into the Exchequer of or for all the Duties, Revenues and Branches charged,

700 *l.* per Week out of the Post-Office, and all the Duties on Leather, and all the Duties by this Act granted appropriated for the Purposes of this Act.

as aforesaid, shall not amount to One hundred eighty six thousand six hundred and seventy Pounds per Annum, then the Monies so arising, so far as the same shall extend, shall be part of the said yearly Fund of One hundred eighty six thousand six hundred and seventy Pounds per Annum, for and towards the answering or paying of all and every the Principal Sums herein after mentioned, amounting in the whole to the Sum of Two millions six hundred and two thousand two hundred Pounds Principal Money, together with Interest for the same, after the rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum, as herein after is also mentioned; and in case the said Monies by this Act appointed, as aforesaid, shall at any time or times appear to be so deficient or low in the Produce of the same, as that within any one Year to be reckoned, as aforesaid, the said Monies arising into the Exchequer, for all the Duties, Revenues and Branches charged, as aforesaid, shall not amount to so much as One hundred eighty six thousand six hundred and seventy Pounds, That then and so often, and in every such case, so much as shall be wanting to make up the said Fund or Sum of One hundred eighty six thousand six hundred and seventy Pounds for every or any such Year, shall be supplied and made good, from time to time, out of the first Aid or Supply to be granted in Parliament next after such Deficiency shall appear, and shall, from time to time, be transferred thereunto, as soon as the same shall be granted; and for want of such Aid or Supply, then such Deficiency shall be supplied and made good by and out of any Publick Money which shall be in the said Receipt of Exchequer, not appropriated to any particular use or uses by Act of Parliament; and the Commissioners of the Treasury now being, or the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, are hereby strictly enjoyned and required to make up such Deficiency accordingly out of such unappropriated Publick Money, without any further or other Warrant or Authority for the same.

Deficiency to be made good out of the first Aids to be granted in Parliament, &c.

LXVI. And be it further Enacted, for the better encouraging Persons to advance the said Sum of Two millions upon the Terms aforesaid, That all Receipts and Issues, and all other Things directed by this Act to be performed in the Exchequer, and by any other Officers or Persons, shall be done and performed by the Officers there, without Demanding or Receiving, directly or indirectly, any Fee, Gratuity or Reward for the same; and in case the Officers of the Exchequer, or other Officers or Persons, shall take or demand any such Fees or Reward, or shall divert or misapply any of the Sums to be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer for making the aforesaid Fund, or shall pay or issue out the same otherwise than according to the Intent of this Act, or shall not keep Books and Registers, and make Entries, and do and perform all other Things, which by this Act, or the said recited Acts, they are required to do and perform in every such Office, such Officer shall forfeit his Office, and be for the future incapable of any Office or Place of Trust whatsoever, and shall forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, besides treble Costs of Suit, to any Adventurer, or the Executors, Administrators, or Assigns of any Adventurer that will sue for the same, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of her Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Privilege of Parliament, or other Privilege, or Wager of Law, Injunction, Order or Restraint, or more than one Imparlance shall be granted or allowed; And in the said Action the Plaintiff upon Recovery, shall have full Costs; One third part of which Sum, so to be recovered, shall be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer, for the Benefit of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, and the other Two third parts shall be to and for the Use of the Prosecutor.

Penalty on Officers of the Exchequer, and other Officers offending.

LXXIX. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if before the end of the said Term of Thirty two Years, all the said Principal and Interest Monies payable by vir-

If Principal and Interest be fully paid off before the 32 Years, then Duties to ceaſe.

tue of this Act, ſhall be fully paid and diſcharged, or ſufficient Money reſerved in the Exchequer for Payment thereof, that then, and in ſuch caſe, and from thenceforth, all and every the Duties, Revenues and Branches of the Revenue hereby charged, as aforeſaid, ſhall be reſerved to be diſpoſed of by Authority of Parliament, and not otherwiſe; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Coals carried from the Weſt of *Scotland* to *Ireland*, &c. to pay as Coals from the Weſt of *England* to *Ireland*, &c.

XC. And whereas in an Act paſſed in this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, Intituled, An Act for reviving, continuing and appropriating certain Duties upon ſeveral Commodities to be exported, and certain Duties upon Coals to be waterborn and carried Coaſtwiſe, and for granting further Duties upon Candles, for Two and thirty Years, to raiſe One million five hundred thouſand Pounds, by way of a Lottery, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and eleven, and for ſuppreſſing ſuch unlawful Lotteries, and ſuch Inſurance-Offices, as are therein mentioned, ſome doubt may ariſe what Duty is charged upon Coals exported from the Weſt of Scotland to Ireland, or the Iſle of Man; Be it Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Coals ſhall be charged with the ſame Duty, and no more, as Coals exported from the Weſt of England to Ireland, and the Iſle of Man, are and ſtand charged by virtue of the ſaid Act. 9 A. *cap.* 6.

Anno 9 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XXVII.

An Act for the Encouragement of the Trade to *America*. EXP.

Anno 9 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XXVIII.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act to diſſolve the preſent, and prevent the future Combination of Coal-Owners, Lightermen, Maſters of Ships, and others, to advance the Price of Coals, in prejudice of the Navigation, Trade, and Manufactures of this Kingdom, and for the further Encouragement of the Coal-Trade.

Ship-maſter, paying Over-Sea Duties for Coals, to have Coaſt-Bond diſcharged.

VI. AND whereas the exporting Coals to Parts beyond the Seas, in Britiſh Ships, tends very much to the Improvement and Increaſe of the Britiſh Navigation; To the end therefore that all reaſonable Encouragement may be given to ſuch Exportation, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That any Ship-maſter, whoſe Ship is Loaden with Coals only, and has entred into Bond to deliver the ſaid Coals in ſome Port of Great Britain, may, upon producing his Coaſt-Cocquet, and making Oath of the true quantity of Coals aboard his Ship (ſuch Quantity not being leſs than is expreſſed in the ſaid Cocquet) before the proper Officer of the Cuſtoms, in any Port of Great Britain, pay the Cuſtom or Over-Sea Duty for ſuch Coals, and ſhall, on ſuch Payment, receive a Certificate, ſigned and ſealed by the Cuſtomer and Comptroller of ſuch Port, for ſuch Duty ſo paid; which Certificate, being given into the Cuſtom-houſe of the Port where ſuch Coals were laid on board, ſhall diſcharge the Coaſt-Bond given by ſuch Ship-Maſter, in the ſame manner as if the ſaid Coals had been Landed in ſome Port of Great Britain.

VIII. And

VIII. And for preventing the great Abuſes to her Majeſty in her Cuſtoms and Revenue, by the ſecret Practices between the Fitter, or Perſon laying Coals on board the Ships, and the Shipmaſters, by laying the ſaid Coals on board in Keels and Veſſels not admeaſured, gauged and marked, according to Law; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Fitter, or other Perſon laying, loading, or putting Coals on board any Ship, or other Veſſel, in the Port of Newcaſtle upon Tine, Sunderland upon the River Ware, Cullecoats, Seaton, Slime, Blythe Nooke, or any other the Members, Havens, Creeks and Places whatſoever, to the ſaid Port of Newcaſtle belonging, or in any wiſe appertaining, by or in any Keel, Cart, Wain, or other Veſſel, not admeaſured, gauged and marked, according to the Law in that caſe made and provided, ſhall forfeit alſo and pay for every ſuch Offence, the Sum of Ten Pounds. Fitters, &c laying Coals aboard Keels, &c. not gauged, forfeit 10 *l.*

XI. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and ſingular the Penalties and Forfeitures in this Act mentioned ſhall be, One moiety to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other moiety thereof to him or them that ſhall ſue for the ſame within the ſpace of Three Months next after the Offence ſhall be committed, to be recovered with full Coſts of Suit by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of her Majeſties Courts of Record at Weſtminſter, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection, or Wager at Law, ſhall be allowed, or more than one Imparlance given. Penalties how to be diſtributed, &c.

Made perpetual 1 Geo. *cap.* 26.

XII. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall continue and be in force for Three Years, and from thence to the end of the next Seſſion of Parliament, and no longer. Act to continue 3 Years, &c.

Anno 10 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. II.

An Act for preſerving the Proteſtant Religion, by better ſecuring the Church of *England*, as by Law eſtabliſhed; and for confirming the Toleration granted to Proteſtant Diſſenters by an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Exempting their Majeſties Proteſtant Subjects, Diſſenting from the Church of* England, *from the Penalties of certain Laws*, and for ſupplying the Defects thereof; and for the further ſecuring the Proteſtant Succeſſion, by requiring the Practicers of the Law in *North Britain* to take the Oaths, and ſubſcribe the Declaration therein mentioned.

Anno 10 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. III.

An Act for charging and continuing the Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve; and for applying part of the Coinage-Duties to pay the Deficiency of the Value of Plate Coined; and to pay for the recoining the Old Money in *Scotland*. EXP.

Anno 10 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. V.

An Act to repeal the Act of the Seventh Year of her Majesties Reign, Intituled, *An Act for Naturalizing Foreign Protestants* (except what relates to the Children of her Majesties Natural-born Subjects born out of her Majesties Allegiance.)

Preamble.

Whereas an Act of Parliament was made and passed in the Seventh Year of her Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for Naturalizing Foreign Protestants: And whereas divers Mischiefs and Inconveniencies have been found by experience to follow from the same, to the Discouragement of the Natural-born Subjects of this Kingdom, and to the Detriment of the Trade and Wealth thereof: Be it therefore Enacted by the Queens most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the before mentioned Act, and all the matters and things therein contained (except so much of the said Act by which the Children of all Natural-born Subjects born out of the Allegiance of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, are to be deemed, adjudged and taken to be Natural-born Subjects of this Kingdom) shall be, and is hereby repealed, annulled, and made void, to all intents and purposes whatsoever; Provided nevertheless, That such Repeal shall not in any sort prejudice or impeach the Naturalization of any Persons who have been or shall be naturalized at any time before the Fourth day of February, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and eleven, pursuant to the Directions of the before mentioned Act.

7 A. cap. 5.

Act for naturalizing Foreign Protestants repealed.

Exception.

Proviso.

Anno 10 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XIX.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for laying several Duties upon all Sope and Paper made in *Great Britain*, or imported into the same; and upon chequered and striped Linens imported; and upon certain Silks, Callicoes, Linens, and Stuffs, printed, painted or stained; and upon several kinds of Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper; and upon certain printed Papers, Pamphlets and Advertisements, for raising the Sum of Eighteen hundred thousand Pounds by way of a Lottery towards her Majesties Supply; and for Licensing an Additional Number of Hackney Chairs; and for charging certain Stocks of Cards and Dice; and for better securing her Majesties Duties to arise in the Office for the Stamp-Duties by Licences for Marriages and otherwise; and for relief of Persons who have not claimed their Lottery Tickets in due time, or have lost Exchequer Bills or Lottery Tickets; and for borrowing Money upon Stock (part of the Capital of the *South-Sea* Company) for the Use of the Publick.

Preamble.

MOST Gracious Sovereign, we your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament assembled, finding it absolutely necessary to raise large Supplies of Money to carry on the present War, until your Majesty shall be enabled to establish a good and lasting Peace, and for

for defraying your Majesties other extraordinary Expences, have, for those ends and purposes, given and granted, and do by this Act give and grant to your Majesty the several and respective Rates and Duties for and upon all Sope made in Great Britain, or imported into the same; and for and upon all Paper made in Great Britain, or imported into the same; and for and upon all chequered and striped Linens, to be imported into Great Britain; and for and upon certain Silks, Callicoes, Linens and Stuffs, printed, painted, stained or dyed, as are herein after mentioned; and for and upon such Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper, and other things as are hereafter in this Act more particularly described, for and during such term and terms of Years, and in such manner and form, as are herein after expressed: And we do most humbly beseech your Majesty, that it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the Queens most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, unto and for the Use of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Sope which, at any time or times within or during the term of Thirty two Years, to be reckoned from the Tenth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, shall be imported or brought into the Kingdom of Great Britain (over and above all Customs, Subsidies, and Duties already imposed thereupon) the Sum of Two Pence for every Pound weight, consisting of Sixteen Ounces Averdupoize, and after that Rate for a greater or lesser quantity, to be paid down in ready Money by the Importers thereof, from time to time, before the Landing of the same: And that there shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid unto and for the Use of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Sope of what kind soever, which, at any time or times within or during the said term of Thirty two Years, shall be made within the said Kingdom of Great Britain, the Sum of One Peny for every such Pound weight Averdupoize, and after that Rate for a greater or lesser quantity, the same to be paid by the Makers thereof respectively.

Continued for ever, by 3 Geo. cap. 7.

All Sope imported, to pay 2 *d. per* lb. for 32 Years.

All Sope made in *Great Britain* to pay 1 *d. per* lb.

II. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any of the said imported Sope shall be landed or put on shore out of any Ship or Vessel, before due Entry be made thereof at the Custom-house in the Port or Place where the same shall be imported, and before the Duties by this Act charged or chargeable thereupon, shall be duly paid, or without a Warrant for the Landing or Delivering the same first signed by the Commissioner, Collectors, or other proper Officer or Officers of the Customs respectively, that all such imported Sope, of what kind soever, as shall be so landed or put on shore, or taken out of any Ship or Vessel, contrary to the true meaning hereof, or the Value of the same, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized or recovered of the Importer or Proprietor thereof, (to wit) One moiety of the same to the Use of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, and the other moiety to the Use of such Person or Persons as will seize, inform, or sue for the Sope so imported and forfeited, or the Value thereof, in any of her Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, or in her Majesties Court of Session, Court of Justiciary, or Court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively, by Action, Suit, Bill or Information, wherein no Essoign, Protection, or Wager of Law shall be allowed.

Sope landed before Entry, &c. forfeited, or the Value.

How to be divided.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Duties upon imported Sope, by this Act granted, during the Continuance thereof, shall be ascertained, secured, raised, levied, recovered and answered, for the uses and purposes in this Act expressed, by such Rules, Ways, Means and Methods, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and in such Manner and Form, as the present Duties upon Sope imported, or any of them, are by any Law or Statute now in force, to be ascertained, secured, levied, raised, recovered and answered, during the Continuance thereof respectively.

How these Duties shall be raised.

These Duties to be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs.

IV. And be it Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That such of the Duties imposed by this Act upon imported Sope, as shall arise in England, Wales, and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners and Officers of the Customs in England for the time being; and such of the Duties imposed by this Act upon imported Sope, as shall arise in Scotland, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners and Officers of the Customs in Scotland for the time being; and that the respective Receivers General of the Customs in England and Scotland for the time being, shall, from time to time, pay, or cause to be paid, all the Monies that they respectively shall receive of the said Duties for imported Sope (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted) into the Receipt of her Majesties Exchequer in England, distinctly and apart from all other Branches of the Publick Revenues, for the purposes in this Act expressed, and under the like Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities as are to be inflicted by this Act, for diverting or misapplying any Monies by this Act appropriated or appointed for any the purposes herein after mentioned.

Sope that hath paid the Duty may be Exported on Security, &c.

XXI. Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons, who shall have actually paid her Majesties Duties by this Act payable for any quantities of Sope whatsoever, and to and for any other Person or Persons, who shall buy, or be lawfully entitled to any such quantity of Sope from the said Person or Persons, who actually paid her Majesties Duties for the same, to export such Sope for any Foreign Parts, by way of Merchandize, giving sufficient Security before the shipping thereof for Exportation, That the particular quantities of Sope which shall be intended to be exported, as aforesaid, and every part thereof, shall be shipped and exported, and that the same, or any part thereof, shall not be relanded or brought again into any Part or Parts of Great Britain; which Security the Customer or Collector of the respective Port for such Exportation, is hereby directed and authorized to take in her Majesties Name, and to her Use.

Such Sope so relanded, forfeited.

XXII. Provided always, That if after the shipping any such Sope to be exported, as aforesaid, and the giving or tendring such Security, as aforesaid, in order to obtain the Allowance or Drawback herein after mentioned, the Sope so shipped to be exported, or any part thereof, shall be relanded in any Part of Great Britain, that then, and in every such case, (over and above the Penalty of the Bond which shall be levied and recovered to her Majesties Use) all the Sope which shall be Landed, or the Value thereof, shall be forfeited.

On Oath that the Duty has been paid, and on Debenture from the Customer, &c. Collector to repay the Duties.

XXIII. And it is also hereby Enacted, That any Person or Persons who shall export any Sope to any Foreign Parts, shall or may make Proof, upon Oath, or by such Affirmation respectively, as aforesaid, that the Duty of such Sope hath been paid or secured, according to this Act (which Oath or Affirmation the Collector who received the said Duty is hereby required and impowered to Administer) and thereupon the said Customer or Collector of the said Port of Exportation, shall give to the Exporter thereof a Debenture, expressing the true Kinds and Quantities of the Sope so exported; and the Exportation thereof being certified by the Searcher upon the said Debenture, the Collector appointed to receive the said Duties upon Sope in such County or Place where the said Sope was exported (upon producing the said Debenture so certified to him) shall forthwith pay the Duties which shall have been received upon this Act for the Sope so exported to the Persons or Agents so exporting the same; and if such Collector shall not have Money in his Hands to pay any such Debenture, then the respective Commissioners for the said Duties of Sope are hereby required to pay, or cause to be paid, the said Debenture out of any Duties upon Sope arising by this Act, or if the Duty of such Sope so exported were only secured, and shall remain unpaid, then the same shall

shall be discharged upon the Securities for the same; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Continued for ever, by 3 Geo. cap. 7.

XXXI. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, unto and for the Use of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Paper of what kind soever, and all Pasteboards, Wildboards and Scaleboards, and all Books, Prints and Maps, which at any time or times, within or during the term of Thirty two Years, to be reckoned from the Four and twentieth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, shall be imported or brought into the Kingdom of Great Britain (over and above all other Customs, Subsidies, and Duties imposed upon or payable for the same) the several and respective Rates and Duties herein after expressed, (that is to say) Duty on Paper, &c. imported, &c. for 32 Years.

For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Atlas Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, the Sum of Sixteen Shillings for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. Atlas Fine.

For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Atlas Ordinary, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, the Sum of Eight Shillings for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. Atlas Ordinary.

For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Imperial Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, the Sum of Sixteen Shillings for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. Imperial Fine.

For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Super Royal Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, the Sum of Twelve Shillings for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. Super Royal Fine.

For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Royal Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, the Sum of Eight Shillings for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. Royal Fine.

For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Medium Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, the Sum of Six Shillings for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. Medium Fine.

For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Demy Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, the Sum of Four Shillings for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. Demy Fine.

For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Demy Second, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, the Sum of Two Shillings and Six Pence for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. Demy Second.

For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Demy Printing, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, the Sum of One Shilling and Eight Pence for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. Demy Printing.

For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Fine Holland Royal, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, the Sum of Three Shillings and Three Pence for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. Fine Holland Royal.

For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Fine Holland Second, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, the Sum of Two Shillings for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. Fine Holland Second.

For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Blue Royal, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, the Sum of Two Shillings for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. Blue Royal.

For and upon all painted Paper which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, the Sum of Eight Shillings for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. Painted Paper imported.

A

For

Cartridge Paper. For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Cartridge Paper, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, the Sum of One Shilling and Six Pence for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

Elephant Fine. For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Elephant Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, the Sum of Eight Shillings for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

Ordinary Elephant. For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Ordinary Elephant, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, the Sum of Three Shillings and Three Pence for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

Fine Large Post. For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Fine Large Post, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, the Sum of Two Shillings and Six Pence for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

Fine Fools Cap. For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Fine Fools Cap, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, Two Shillings and Six Pence for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

Second Fools Cap. For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Second Fools Cap, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, Two Shillings for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

Bastard, or Double Copy. For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Bastard, or Double Copy, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, Two Shillings for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

Chancery Double. For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Chancery Double, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, Two Shillings for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

Super Fine Pot. For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Super Fine Pot, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, Two Shillings for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

Second Fine Pot. For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Second Fine Pot, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, One Shilling and Six Pence for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

Genoa Royal. For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Genoa Royal, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, Three Shillings and Three Pence for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

Genoa Medium. For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Genoa Medium, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, Two Shillings and Six Pence for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

Genoa Demy Fine. For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Genoa Demy Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, Two Shillings for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

Genoa Demy Second. For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Genoa Demy Second, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, after the rate of One Shilling and Six Pence for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

Genoa Crown Fine. For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Genoa Crown Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, One Shilling and Six Pence for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

Genoa Crown Second For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Genoa Crown Second, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, One Shilling for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

Genoa Fools Cap Fine. For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Genoa Fools Cap Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, as afore-

aforesaid, One Shilling and Six Pence for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Genoa Fools Cap Second, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, One Shilling for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. Genoa Fools Cap Second.

For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of German Lombard, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, One Shilling for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. German Lombard.

For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of German Demy, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, One Shilling and Six Pence for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. German Demy.

For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of German Crown, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, One Shilling for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. German Crown.

For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of German Fools Cap, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, One Shilling for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. German Fools Cap.

For and upon all Pastboards, Wildboards and Scaleboards, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, Five Shillings for every Hundred weight, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. Pastboard, Scaleboard, &c.

And for and upon all other Paper, White or Brown, or of any other Colour or Kind whatsoever, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, (not being particularly charged in this Act) a Duty after the rate of Twenty Pounds for every One hundred Pounds of the true and real Value of the same, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. All other Paper 20 *l. per Cent. ad Valorem.*

The Duty on Books and Prints repealed by 12 A. *cap.* 5.

XXXII. And it is hereby Enacted, That there shall be answered and paid to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Books, Prints and Maps, printed or wrought off in any Parts beyond the Seas, which at any time or times within or during the term last mentioned, shall be imported or brought, bound or unbound, into Great Britain (over and above the present Duties thereupon) a Duty after the rate of Thirty Pounds for every One hundred Pounds of the true and real Value of the same, and after that rate for greater or lesser quantities: Which said Duties for and upon the said several Sorts of Paper, and the said Pastboards, Wildboards and Scaleboards, and the said Books, Prints, and Maps to be imported, as aforesaid, shall be paid by the respective Importers thereof, from time to time. Books, Prints, and Maps imported, 30 *l. per Cent. ad Valorem.*

Repealed as to Books and Prints, ut supra.

As to Books and Prints, vide ut supra.

XXXIII. And it is hereby Declared, That the Values of such of the said Paper, and of the said Books, Prints and Maps, as are to pay the said Duties ad Valorem, shall, in all cases, be taken to be so much as such imported Kinds are really worth to be sold at the Port of Importation, without any Abatement for the Duties thereupon charged by this or any former Acts; and that the respective Customer, Collector, Comptroller, or other Person or Persons, Officer or Officers of the Customs for the time being, shall receive and levy the same Duties so payable ad Valorem upon the Oath of the Merchant or Importer accordingly: And such Oath shall and may be administred, and all other matters done for ascertaining the said Duties of such Paper, and of such Books, Prints, and Maps so payable ad Valorem, in the same manner and form as are lawfully used and practised for ascertaining any Duties payable ad Valorem, upon any other Commodities imported. Value of Paper, Books, &c. imported, how to be ascertained.

Books, &c. ut supra.

XXXIV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Rates and Duties by this Act set or imposed upon all or any the said sorts of Paper, and upon all or any the said Pastboards, Wildboards and Scaleboards, and the said Books, Prints and Maps, to be imported or brought into Great Britain, shall, from time to time, be satisfied and paid in ready Money, upon the Duty on Paper, &c. to be paid on Entry.

Books, &c. ut supra.

Paper, &c. landed before Entry, &c. forfeited.

Entry or Entries made, and before the landing thereof: And that in case any of the said imported Paper, or any the said Pasteboards, Wildboards and Scaleboards, Books, Prints or Maps, shall be landed or put on shore out of any Ship or Vessel, before due Entry be made thereof at the Custom-house in the Port or Place where the same shall be imported, and before the said Duties by this Act charged or chargeable thereupon, shall be duly paid, or without a Warrant for the landing or delivering the same, first signed by the Commissioners, Collectors, or other proper Officer or Officers of the Customs respectively, That all such Paper, and all the said Pasteboards, Wildboards and Scaleboards, Books, Prints and Maps, as shall be so landed or put on shore, or taken out of any Ship or Vessel, contrary to the true meaning hereof, or the Value of the same, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized and recovered of the Importer or Proprietor thereof, to wit, One moiety of the same to the Use of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, and the other moiety of the same to the Use of such Person or Persons, as will seize, inform or sue for the same, or the Value thereof, in any her Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, for any such Offences committed in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, or in her Majesties Court of Session, Court of Justiciary, or Court of Exchequer in Scotland, for any such Offences committed in Scotland, by Action, Bill, Suit or Information, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed.

As to Books and Prints, vide ante.

How to be divided, prosecuted and recovered.

How these Duties shall be raised.

XXXV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Duties upon the said imported Paper and Boards, and upon the said imported Books, Prints and Maps, during the continuance thereof, shall be ascertained, secured, raised, levied, recovered and answered, for the uses and purposes in this Act expressed, by such Rules, Ways, Means and Methods, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and in such manner and form, as the present Duties upon such Paper, Boards, or such Books, Prints or Maps respectively, or any of them, are by any Law, or Statute now in force, to be ascertained, secured, raised, levied, recovered and answered, during the continuance thereof respectively.

Books, &c. ut supra.

These Duties to be managed by the Commissioners of the Customs.

XXXVI. And be it Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That such of the Duties imposed by this Act upon the said Paper and Boards, and upon the said Books, Prints and Maps, as shall arise in England, Wales, and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners and Officers of the Customs in England for the time being; and such of the Duties imposed by this Act upon imported Paper and Boards, or such Books, Prints or Maps, as aforesaid, as shall arise in Scotland, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners and Officers of the Customs in Scotland for the time being; and that the respective Receivers General of the Customs in England and Scotland for the time being, shall, from time to time, pay or cause to be paid, all the Monies that they respectively shall receive of the said Duties for the said Paper and Boards, and for such Books, Prints, and Maps imported, as aforesaid, (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted) into the Receipt of her Majesties Exchequer in England, distinctly and apart from all other Branches of the Publick Revenues, for the purposes in this Act expressed, and under the like Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities, as are to be inflicted by this Act, for diverting or misapplying any Monies by this Act appropriated or appointed for any the purposes herein after mentioned.

Books, &c. ut supra.

A Ream to be 20 Quires, of 24 Sheets each.

XXXIX. And be it Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that a Ream of Paper chargeable by this Act, whether the same be imported or made in Great Britain, shall be understood to consist of Twenty Quires, and each Quire of Four and twenty Sheets; and that all sorts of Paper of the respective Dimensions and Value of the Paper chargeable by this Act, under the respective Denominations aforesaid, with the respective Rates and Duties hereby granted, shall be charged and chargeable with the same respective Rates and Duties, although the same Denominations (by

The Rates to continue tho' the Denominations should be altered.

which

which they are now usually known) should be altered, or by whatsoever other Name or Names, the same or any of them, now are, or during the said Term, shall or may be called or known.

Paper, &c. that hath paid the Duty, may be exported, on Security, &c.

LVI. Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons, who shall have actually paid her Majesties Duties by this Act payable for any quantity of Paper, Pasteboard, Wildboard, and Scaleboard whatsoever, made in Great Britain, or imported into the same, or for any such printed, painted or stained Paper, as aforesaid, and to and for any other Person or Persons who shall buy, or be lawfully entitled to any such quantity of Paper, or any other the Goods last mentioned, from the said Person or Persons who actually paid her Majesties Duties for the same, to export such Paper, Pasteboard, Wildboard or Scaleboard, or printed, painted or stained Paper, for any Foreign Parts, by way of Merchandize, giving sufficient Security before the shipping thereof for Exportation, that the particular quantities of such Commodities which shall be intended to be exported, as aforesaid, and every part thereof, shall be shipped and exported; and that the same, or any part thereof, shall not be relanded or brought again into any Part or Parts of Great Britain; which Security the Customer or Collector of the respective Ports of such Exportation is hereby directed and authorized to take in her Majesties Name, and to her Use.

Paper, &c. relanded, forfeited, or the Value,

LVII. Provided always, That if after the shipping any such Paper, or other the Commodities last mentioned, to be exported, as aforesaid, and the giving or tendring such Security, as aforesaid, in order to obtain the Allowance or Drawback herein after mentioned, the Paper or other Commodities so shipped to be exported, or any part thereof, shall be relanded in any Part of Great Britain, that then and in every such case (over and above the Penalties of the Bond, which shall be levied and recovered to her Majesties Use) all the Paper and Commodities which shall be so landed, or the Value thereof, shall be forfeited.

and the Bond.

On Oath that the Duty has been paid or Secured, and on Debenture from the Customer, &c. Collector to repay the Duties.

LVIII. And it is also hereby Enacted, That any Person or Persons who shall export any Paper, or any Pasteboard, Wildboard or Scaleboard, or any such printed, painted or stained Paper, as aforesaid, to any Foreign Parts, shall or may make Proof upon Oath, or by such Affirmation respectively, as aforesaid, That the Duties thereof have been paid or secured, according to this Act (which Oath or Affirmation the Collector who received the said Duties is hereby required and impowered to Administer) and thereupon the said Customer or Collector of the said Port of Exportation, shall give to the Exporter thereof a Debenture, expressing the true Quantities and Kinds of such Commodities so exported, and the Exportation thereof being certified by the Searcher upon the said Debenture, the Collector appointed to receive the said Duties upon Paper in such County or Place where the same were exported (upon producing the said Debenture so certified to him) shall forthwith pay the Duties which shall have been received upon this Act, for the Paper, Pasteboard, Wildboard and Scaleboard so exported, to the Persons or Agents so exporting the same; and if such Collector shall not have Money in his hands to pay any such Debenture, then the said respective Commissioners for the said Duties of Paper, are hereby required to pay, or cause to be paid, the said Debenture out out of any Duties upon Paper arising by this Act; or if the Duty of such Commodities aforesaid so exported, were only secured, and shall remain unpaid, then the same shall be discharged upon the Security of the same; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Continued for ever, by 3 Geo. *cap.* 7.

Printed Linens imported to pay 15 *l. per Cent ad Valorem* from 20 *July*, 1712. for 32 Years.

LXV. And be it also Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, to and for the Use of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for and upon all chequered and striped Linens, and upon all Linens printed, painted, stained or dyed, after the Manufacture, or in the Thread or Yarn before the Manufacture, in any Foreign Parts, which at any time or times, within or during the term of Thirty two Years, to be

reckoned from the Twentieth day of July, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, shall be imported or brought into the Kingdom of Great Britain, and may lawfully be used or worn there (over and above all other Customs, Subsidies, and Duties imposed upon or payable for the same) a Duty after the rate of Fifteen Pounds for every One hundred Pounds of the true and real Value thereof, to be paid by the Importers respectively. *Explained as to Silesia Lawns, Neckcloths, Barras and Buckrams, by 12 A. cap. 19.*

These Duties how to be managed.

LXVI. And it is hereby Enacted, That the said Duty upon such imported Linens chargeable by this Act, shall, from time to time, be managed, ascertained, paid, secured, raised, levied and brought into the Exchequer, in the same Manner and Form, and by such Rules, Ways, Means and Methods, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, as the abovesaid Duties upon imported Paper are by this Act to be managed, ascertained, paid, secured, raised, levied and brought in, as aforesaid; and that all the Provisions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, contained in this Act, for managing, ascertaining, paying, securing, raising, levying, and bringing in the said Duties upon Paper imported, or any of them, shall be applied, practised, and put in Execution, for managing, ascertaining, paying, raising, securing, levying, and bringing in the said Duties upon the Importation of such Linen, as aforesaid, as fully and effectually as if the same were again repeated in this present Act.

After Duty paid, printed Linens imported, to be stamped.

LXVII. And moreover it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Duties hereby granted upon the said chequered, striped, printed, painted, stained, and dyed Linens imported, as aforesaid, from time to time, shall be paid to her Majesties Use, the respective Commissioners, Officer and Officers of the Customs of the Port or Place where the same shall be imported, shall cause every Piece and Parcel thereof, to be marked or stamped with a distinct Seal or Mark, to be provided and used as this Act directs, to denote the Payment of the Duties for the same.

These Goods having paid the Duty, may be exported, on Security, &c.

XCI. Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons, who shall have actually paid her Majesties Duties by this Act payable for any of the said imported Linens, or for any Silks, Callicoes, Linens or Stuffs, to be printed, painted, stained or dyed, as aforesaid, in Great Britain, and to and for any other Person or Persons who shall buy, or be lawfully entitled to any such imported Linens, or any such Goods printed, painted, stained or dyed, as aforesaid, in Great Britain, from the Person or Persons who actually paid her Majesties Duties payable by this Act for the same, to export any such Goods for which the Duty was so paid for any Foreign Parts, by way of Merchandize, giving sufficient Security before the shipping thereof, That the particular quantities so intended to be exported, and every part thereof, shall be shipped and exported, and not to be relanded or brought again into any Part or Parts of Great Britain; which Security the Customer or Collector of the Port of Exportation shall take in her Majesties Name, and to her Use.

If relanded, forfeited,

XCII. Provided always, That if after the shipping of any such Goods, and the giving or tendring such Security, as aforesaid, in order to obtain the Allowance or Drawback herein after mentioned, the same, or any Part thereof, shall be relanded in any Part of Great Britain, That then, and in every such Case (over and above the Penalty of the Bond, which shall be levied and recovered to her Majesties Use) all the said Goods which shall be so Landed, or the Value thereof, shall be forfeited. and the Bond.

On Oath that the Duty has been paid,

XCIII. And it is also hereby Enacted, That any Person or Persons who shall export any such chequered, striped, printed, painted, stained or dyed Goods, as aforesaid, to or for any Foreign Parts, shall and may make Proof upon Oath, or by such Affirmation respectively, as aforesaid, That the Duties thereof have been paid or secured according to this Act (which Oath or Affirmation, the Customer or Collector of the Port of Exportation is hereby

requi-

required and impowered to Administer) and thereupon the said Customer or Collector of the said Port of Exportation shall give to the Exporter thereof a Debenture, expressing the true Kinds and Quantities of the chequered and striped Linens, and of the said printed, painted, stained, and dyed Goods so exported; and the Exportation thereof being certified by the Searcher upon the said Debenture, the Collector appointed to receive the said Duties upon such chequered and striped Linens, printed, painted, stained and dyed Goods, in the County or Place where such Exportation was made (upon producing the said Debenture so certified to him) shall forthwith pay the Duties which shall have been received upon this Act for the Goods so exported, to the Persons or Agents so exporting the same; and if such Collector shall not have Money in his hands to pay any such Debenture, then the respective Commissioners for the said Duties on chequered and striped Linens, printed, painted, stained and dyed Goods, are hereby required to pay or cause to be paid the said Debenture out of any Duties upon chequered and striped Linens, printed, painted, stained, and dyed Goods arising by this Act; or if the Duty of the Goods so exported were only secured, and shall remain unpaid, then the same shall be discharged upon the Security for the same; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

and on Debenture from the Customer, &c. Collector to repay the Duties.

XCIV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the respective Commissioners of the Customs in Great Britain, shall, on or before the Twentieth day of July, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, provide or cause to be provided such and so many Seals or Stamps with which all the said imported Linens, during the continuance of this Act, shall be marked, upon payment of the Duties thereof, as aforesaid, and shall cause the same to be delivered to the proper Officers of the Customs for that purpose; and that the respective Commissioners to be appointed for managing the said Duties upon Silks, Callicoes, Linens and Stuffs, to be printed, painted, stained, or dyed in Great Britain, shall on or before the Twentieth day of July, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, provide proper Seals or Stamps (of another kind) for marking such of the said Silks, Callicoes, Linens and Stuffs, to be printed, painted, stained, or dyed in Great Britain, as aforesaid, during the continuance of this Act, as are to be stamped and marked for and in order to the charging of the respective Duties for the same, and also so many Seals or Stamps (of a Third kind) with which all the said Stocks or Quantities of chequered and striped Linens, and of such printed, painted, stained or died Goods, as aforesaid, on the said Twentieth day of July, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, upon paying or securing the said Half Duties for the same, are to be marked or stamped, and shall cause the said respective Seals or Stamps to be distributed to the respective Officers for the several purposes before mentioned; which Officers are hereby enjoyned and required, in using the same, to do no hurt or damage, or the least damage that may be to the Goods to be so marked or stamped; and the said respective Commissioners, in providing the said respective Seals or Stamps, shall take care that they be so contrived, that the Impression thereof may be durable, and so as the same may be least liable to be Forged or Counterfeited; and that the said Stamps, or any of them, shall or may be altered or renewed, from time to time, as her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors, shall think fit: And if any Person or Persons whatsoever, shall, at any time or times hereafter, Counterfeit or Forge any Stamp or Seal to resemble any Stamp or Seal which shall be provided or made in pursuance of this Act, or shall Counterfeit or Resemble the Impression of the same upon any of the said Commodities chargeable by this Act, thereby to defraud her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors, of any of the said Duties hereby granted, then every such Person so offending, being thereof convicted in due form of Law, shall be judged a Felon, and shall suffer Death as in cases of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy; and if any Person or Persons shall at any time or times, during the continuance of this Act, sell any

Commissioners of the Customs to provide Stamps for the imported Linens.

Commissioners for managing the Duties on painted Silks, &c. also to provide Stamps.

Stamps may be altered by her Majesty.

Counterfeiting Stamps, Felony.

any printed, painted, stained or dyed Silks, Callicoes, Linens, or other Stuffs, as aforesaid, with a Counterfeit Stamp thereupon, knowing the same to be counterfeited, and with an intent to defraud her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors, all and every such Offender and Offenders, their Aiders, Abettors, and Assistants (being duly convicted, as aforesaid) shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and lose to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and shall be adjudged to stand in the Pillory in some Publick Place for the space of Two hours.

Selling with a Counterfeit Stamp, forfeits 100 *l.* and Pillory.

XCVI. And for the more easie collecting the Duties, and preventing disputes that may arise from the difference of the Breadths of Callicoes which are or shall be printed, painted or stained, Be it Enacted and Declared, That all such Callicoes which are or shall be printed, painted or stained, and which shall be within One eighth part of a Yard of Yard broad, or not exceeding One eighth part of a Yard of Yard broad, shall pay as Yard broad, and no more nor less; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Callicoes within, or not exceeding One eighth of Yard broad, to pay as Yard broad.

CXXI. And it is hereby Enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall be sued, molested or prosecuted for any thing done by virtue or in pursuance of this Act, such Person and Persons shall and may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence; and if afterwards a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff shall discontinue his Action, or be Nonsuited, or Judgment shall be given against him upon Demurrer, or otherwise, then such Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs to him or them awarded against such Plaintiff.

General Issue.

CXXII. And to the end all the said Rates and Duties upon Sope, Paper, chequered and striped Linens, and upon printed, painted, stained or dyed Goods, and upon Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper, or otherwise howsoever before granted by this Act, may be duly and certainly raised, and the same (except the necessary Charges of executing of this Act) may be justly and duly brought into the said Receipt of Exchequer, according to the true meaning hereof; It is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from time to time, during the continuance of this Act, there shall be appointed such and so many Commissioners and Officers as shall be proper and necessary for managing, raising, collecting and paying the said several Rates and Duties herein before granted, and for keeping and rendring the Accounts of the same; and that the respective Commissioners and Officers concerned therein shall perform their several Duties, in relation to the Premisses, as to them respectively shall appertain, under such and the like Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities, for any offence or neglect therein, or for detaining, diverting or misapplying any part of the Monies arising by the said Rates and Duties, as are prescribed, and to be inflicted, by virtue of an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King William the Third, [Intituled, An Act for raising a Sum, not exceeding Two millions, upon a Fund for Payment of Annuities, after the rate of Eight Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, and for settling the Trade to the *East-Indies*] for the like Offence or Neglect, relating to the Duties thereby granted or referred unto, or for detaining, diverting, or misapplying any part of the Monies which were granted or appropriated by the Act last mentioned.

Commissioners and Officers to be appointed, who are to be liable to the Act 9 *W.* 3.

9 W. 3. *cap.* 44.

CXXIII. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That yearly and every Year, during the term of Thirty two Years, reckoning the First Year to begin from the Nine and twentieth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, the full Sum of One hundred sixty eight thousand and three Pounds, by or out of the Monies to arise by the several Duties, Rates and Sums of Money by this Act herein before granted or appropriated, or any of them, and to be brought into the Receipt of the Exchequer, as aforesaid (in case the same shall extend thereunto) shall be computed and reckoned to be a yearly Fund; and in case all the Monies

168003 *l.* to be the yearly Fund for clearing off the Principal Sum of 2341740 *l.* with Interest at 6 *l. per Cent.*

ariſing into the Exchequer for the ſame Duties, Rates and Sums of Money, ſo granted or appropriated, ſhall not amount to the Sum of One hundred ſixty eight thouſand and three Pounds per Annum, then the Monies ſo ariſing (ſo far as the ſame ſhall extend) ſhall be part of the yearly Fund for and towards the anſwering and paying off all and every the Principal Sums herein after mentioned, amounting in the whole to the Sum of Two millions three hundred forty one thouſand ſeven hundred and forty Pounds, Principal Money, together with Intereſt for the ſame, after the rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum, as herein after is mentioned; and in caſe the ſame Duties, Rates and Sums of Money by this Act granted or appropriated ſhall at any time or times appear to be ſo deficient or low in the produce of the ſame, as that within any One Year, to be reckoned, as aforeſaid, the ſaid Monies ariſing into the Exchequer, for or upon account of the ſame Duties, ſhall not amount to as much as One hundred ſixty eight thouſand and three Pounds, that then, and ſo often, and in every ſuch caſe, ſo much as ſhall be wanting to make up the ſaid Fund or Sum of One hundred ſixty eight thouſand and three Pounds, for every or any ſuch Year, ſhall be ſupplied and made good, from time to time, out of the firſt Aid or Supply to be granted in Parliament, next after ſuch Deficiency ſhall appear, and ſhall, from time to time, be transferred thereunto, as ſoon as the ſame ſhall be granted; and in caſe no ſuch Aid or Supply ſhall be granted, then by and out of any Publick Money which ſhall be in the ſaid Receipt of Exchequer, not appropriated to any particular uſe or uſes by Act of Parliament; and the Lord High Treaſurer now being, or the Lord High Treaſurer, or Commiſſioners of the Treaſury for the time being, are hereby ſtrictly enjoyned and required to make up ſuch Deficiency accordingly, out of ſuch unappropriated Publick Money, without any further or other Warrant or Authority for the ſame.

Deficiency to be made good out of the firſt Aid to be granted in Parliament,

or out of any Publick Monies in the Exchequer unappropriated.

CXXXVII. And be it further Enacted, That for the better encouraging Perſons to advance the ſaid Sum of One million eight hundred thouſand Pounds, upon the terms aforeſaid, That all receipts and iſſues, and all other things directed by this Act to be performed in the Exchequer, and by any other Officers or Perſons, ſhall be done and performed by the Officers there, without demanding or receiving directly or indirectly, any Fee, Gratuity or Reward for the ſame; and in caſe the Officers of the Exchequer, or other Officers or Perſons ſhall take or demand any ſuch Fees or Reward, or ſhall divert or miſapply any of the Sums to be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer for making up the aforeſaid Fund, or ſhall pay, or iſſue out the ſame otherwiſe than according to the intent of this Act, or ſhall not keep Books, and Regiſters, and make Entries, and do and perform all other things, which by this Act they are required to perform, every ſuch Officer ſhall forfeit his Office, and be for the future Incapable of any Office or Place of Truſt whatſoever, and ſhall anſwer and pay treble Damages and Coſts of Suit to any Adventurer, or the Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns of any Adventurer, that will ſue for the ſame, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any of her Majeſties Courts of Record at Weſtminſter, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection, Privilege of Parliament, or other Privilege, or Wager of Law, Injunction, or order of Reſtraint, or more than One Imparlance ſhall be granted or allowed; and in the ſaid Action the Plaintiff upon Recovery ſhall have full Coſts: One third part of which Sum ſo to be recovered, ſhall be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer, for the Benefit of her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Two third parts ſhall be to and for the Uſe of the Proſecutor.

Penalty on Officers of the Exchequer, and other Officers Offending.

CLIV. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if before the end of the ſaid term of Two and thirty Years, all the ſaid Principal and Intereſt Monies payable by virtue of this Act, and all other Payments and Charges payable by this Act, ſhall be fully paid and diſcharged, or ſufficient Money reſerved

If all the Principal and Intereſt be paid off before 32 Years, then the Reſidue to be diſpoſed of by Parliament.

ſerved in the Exchequer for Payment thereof, That then and in ſuch caſe, and from thenceforth, all and every the Duties, Rates, and Sums of Money hereby charged, as aforeſaid, and the Monies ariſing thereby, ſhall be reſerved for the Uſe of the Publick, and ſhall be diſpoſed of by Authority of Parliament, and not otherwiſe; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof notwithſtanding.

Cards and Dice prohibited to be imported into *Great Britain.*

CLXV. And whereas by an Act made in the Third Year of the Reign of King Edward the Fourth, playing Cards and Dice are prohibited to be imported into England or Wales, Be it Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Act, and all Matters therein contained, relating to playing Cards or Dice, ſhall and do ſtand and be in full force and effect, and ſo ſhall be conſtrued, deemed and adjudged, as to every Part of the Kingdom of Great Britain; any thing in any other Act, touching the ſaid Duties on Cards and Dice, to the contrary thereof notwithſtanding. 3 Ed. 4. *cap.* 4.

The Commiſſioners and Officers appointed by this Act, not to intermeddle with Elections.

CLXXX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Commiſſioner, Officer, or other Perſon, concerned or imployed in the charging, collecting, receiving, or managing any of the Duties granted by this Act, ſhall, by word, meſſage or writing, or in any other manner, endeavour to perſwade any Elector to give, or diſſwade any Elector from giving his Vote for his Choice of any Perſon to be a Knight of the Shire, Commiſſioner, Citizen, Burgeſs, or Baron for any County, City, Borough or Cinque-Port; and every Officer or other Perſon offending therein, ſhall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, One moiety thereof to the Informer, the other moiety thereof to the Uſe of the Poor of the Pariſh or Place where ſuch Offence ſhall be committed; to be recovered by any Perſon that ſhall ſue for the ſame, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of her Majeſties Courts of Record at Weſtminſter, or in the Court of Exchequer in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, in which no Eſſoign, Protection, Privilege, or Wager of Law, or more than One Imparlance ſhall be allowed; and every Perſon Convict on any ſuch Suit, ſhall thereby become diſabled and incapable of ever bearing or executing any Office or Place of Truſt whatſoever under her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors.

Penalty.

Anno 10 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XXII.

An Act for the Relief of Merchants importing Prize-Goods from *America.*

Anno 10 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XXVI.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for laying Additional Duties on Hides and Skins, Vellum and Parchment, and New Duties on Starch, Coffee, Tea, Drugs, Gilt and Silver Wire, and Policies of Inſurance, to ſecure a yearly Fund for Satisfaction of Orders to the Contributors of a further Sum of One million eight hundred thouſand Pounds towards her Majeſties Supply; and for the better ſecuring the Duties on Candles; And for obviating Doubts concerning certain Payments in *Scotland*; and for ſuppreſſing Unlawful Lotteries, and other Devices of the ſame kind; and concerning Cake-Sope; and for

Relief of *Mary Ravenall*, in relation to an Annuity of Eighteen Pounds *per Annum*; and concerning Prize Cocoa Nuts brought from *America*; and certain Tickets which were intended to be subscibed into the Stock of the *South-Sea* Company; and for appropriating the Monies granted in this Session of Parliament.

MOST Gracious Sovereign, we your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament assembled, being fully resolved to furnish such Supplies as may be necessary for defraying the Expences of the present War, and other your Majesties extraordinary and important Occasions, have, for those ends and purposes, cheerfully and unanimously given and granted, and do by this Act give and grant to your Majesty the several and respective Additional Rates and New Duties for and upon all such Skins and Hides, and pieces of Skins and Hides, made Wares, Vellum and Parchment, Starch, Coffee, Tea, Drugs, Gilt and Silver Wire, Policies of Assurance, and such other Matters and Things as are herein after more particularly described and mentioned, for and during such several and respective Term and Terms of Years, and in such Manner and Form as are herein after expressed; and do most humbly beseech your Majesty, that it may be Enacted: And be it Enacted by the Queens most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, unto and for the Use of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for and upon such Skins and Hides, and pieces of Skins and Hides, and for and upon such made Wares, herein after particularly described and mentioned, as shall at any time or times within or during the Term of Thirty two Years, to be reckoned from the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, be imported or brought into the Kingdom of Great Britain, (over and above all other Customs, Subsidies, and Duties, by any Act or Acts of Parliament or Law whatsoever, imposed upon or payable for the same) the several and respective Additional Rates or New Duties herein after expressed; That is to say,

Preamble.

Continued for ever, by 3 Geo. cap. 7.

New Duties on Leather, &c. imported, for 32 Years.

For and upon all Deer-skins, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, being dressed in Oyl or Allom, or otherwise perfectly dressed, the Sum of Three Pence for every Pound weight Averdupoize, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

Deer-skins.

For and upon all Loshee, Buffalo, Elk, or any other Hides, dressed in Oyl, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, the Sum of Three Pence for every such Pound weight, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

Loshee, Buffalo, &c.

For and upon all Russia Hides, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, the Sum of One Peny for every such Pound weight, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

Russia Hides.

For and upon all other tanned Hides and tanned Calf-skins, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid (not before in this Act specially charged) the Sum of Two Pence for every such Pound weight, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

Tanned Hides and tanned Calve-skins.

For and upon all Hides of Horses, Mares, and Geldings, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, being dressed in Allom and Salt, or Meal, or otherwise tawed, the Sum of One Shilling per Hide, and after that rate for a greater or lesser number or quantity.

Horse-hides.

For and upon all Hides of Steers, Cows, or any other Hides of what kind soever (those of Horses, Mares, and Geldings excepted) which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, being dressed in Allom and Salt, or Meal, or otherwise tawed, the Sum of One Shilling and Six Pence for every Hide, and after that rate for a greater or lesser number or quantity.

Hides of Steers, &c.

Calf-skins and Kipps.

For and upon all Calf-skins and Kipps, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, being dressed in Allom and Salt, or Meal, or otherwise tawed, the Sum of One Peny Half Peny for every Pound weight Averdupoize, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

Slink Calf-skins.

For and upon all Slink Calf-skins, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, dressed in Allom and Salt, or otherwise, with the Hair on, the Sum of One Peny for every Pound weight Averdupoize; and for all Slink Calf-skins, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, dressed in Allom and Salt, or otherwise, without the Hair; and for all Dogs skins so dressed which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, the Sum of One Half Peny for every such Pound weight, and after those Rates for any greater or lesser quantities.

Dogs-skins.

Cordivants.

For all Skins commonly called Cordivants, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, the Sum of Four Shillings for every Dozen, and after that rate for any greater or lesser number or quantity.

Goat-skins.

For and upon all other Goat-skins (not usually called Cordivants) which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, being dressed in Oyl, or with Allom, Salt, Meal, or otherwise dressed, the Sum of Four Shillings for every Dozen, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

Kid-skins, dreſt or undreſt.

For and upon all Kid-skins which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, being dress't, or undress't, or not perfectly dress't, the Sum of Six Pence for every Dozen, and after that rate for any greater or lesser number or quantity: And if any of the said Kid skins shall be dressed after the Importation thereof, It is hereby Declared, That no further Duties are to be paid for the same by this Act, upon the dressing, or perfect dressing them, or any of them, in Great Britain.

Sheep and Lamb-skins.

For and upon all Sheep-skins and Lamb-skins, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, the respective rates following, that is to say, For all imported Sheep-skins dressed in Oyl, One Shilling and Six Pence per Dozen; for all imported Lamb-skins dressed in Oyl, One Shilling per Dozen; for all imported Sheep-skins and Lamb-skins tanned, Nine Pence per Dozen; and for and upon all imported Sheep-skins and Lamb-skins dressed in Allom and Salt, or Meal, or otherwise tawed, Six Pence per Dozen; and in proportion to those rates for greater or lesser numbers or quantities of such Sheep-skins and Lamb-skins respectively.

Hides, &c. imported not before charged.

And for and upon all Hides and Skins, and pieces of Hides and Skins, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, being tanned, tawed, or dressed, and not herein before particularly charged; and for and upon all Wares made into Manufactures of Leather, or any Manufacture, whereof the most valuable part shall be Leather, a Duty after the rate of Fifteen Pounds for every One hundred Pounds, of the true and real Value of the Hides and Skins, and pieces of Hides and Skins, and of the Manufactures last mentioned, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser quantity, to be affirmed upon the Oath of the Importer thereof: The said several and respective Rates and Duties for and upon all such Hides and Skins, and pieces of Hides and Skins, and made Wares, to be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, within or during the Term before mentioned, to be paid by the Importers thereof respectively.

Duty on Vellum and Parchment imported, or made in *Great Britain* for 32 Years.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, unto and for the Use of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Vellum and Parchment which shall, at any time or times within or during the said Term of Thirty two Years, to be reckoned from the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, be made in Great Britain, or imported into the same (over and above all other Duties by any Act or Acts of Parliament or Law whatsoever imposed upon or payable for the same) the several and respective

Continued for ever, by 3 Geo. *cap.* 7.

ſpective Additional Rates or New Duties herein after expreſſed; that is to ſay, For and upon all Vellum ſo imported an Additional Rate of Three Shillings for every Dozen; and for all Parchment ſo imported, an Additional Rate of Two Shillings for every Dozen, and proportionally for greater or leſſer numbers or quantities, to be paid by the Importers thereof reſpectively; and for and upon all Vellum which ſhall be made in Great Britain, as aforeſaid, an Additional Duty after the rate of Two Shillings for every Dozen; And for all Parchment which ſhall be made in Great Britain, as aforeſaid, an Additional Duty after the rate of One Shilling for every Dozen, to be paid by the Makers thereof reſpectively.

These New Duties to be raiſed as the Duties on Leather 9 *Anne*.

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the ſeveral and reſpective Additional or New Rates and Duties by this Act impoſed or chargeable for and upon all or any ſuch Hides and Skins, and pieces of Hides and Skins, made Wares, Vellum and Parchment, as aforeſaid, for and during the ſaid Term of Years hereby granted, of and in the ſame, ſhall and may, from time to time, be aſcertained, raiſed, received, levied, recovered and ſecured, by ſuch Ways, Means and Methods, and by the ſame or different Stamps and Marks, and under ſuch Pains of Death, and other Penalties and Forfeitures, and with ſuch Powers of adjudging the ſaid Duties, and adjudging and mitigating the ſaid Penalties and Forfeitures, or any of them, and other Powers, and ſubject to proportional Allowances, Drawbacks and Repayments, and to ſuch Rules and Directions, and in ſuch Methods, Manner and Form, as the reſpective Duties upon the like Hides and Skins, and pieces of Hides and Skins, made Wares, Vellum and Parchment, granted by an Act in the Ninth Year of her Majeſties Reign [Intituled, An Act for laying certain Duties upon Hides and Skins tanned, tawed or dreſſed, and upon Vellum and Parchment, for the Term of Thirty two Years, for proſecuting the War and other her Majeſties moſt neceſſary Occaſions] are by that Act, or any Law or Statute thereby referred unto, preſcribed, appointed or enacted, during the Continuance thereof, to be aſcertained, raiſed, received, levied, ſecured or recovered; and that the Act laſt mentioned, and all the Clauſes, Pains of Death, Penalties, Forfeitures, Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Matters and Things, therein contained, or thereby referred unto, for the raiſing, receiving, levying, recovering, ſecuring, paying, or accounting for the ſaid Duties thereby granted, or any Arrearages of the ſame, or any way relating to the ſame Duties, Pains, Penalties or Forfeitures, by that Act chargeable, by force and virtue of this preſent Act, be continued, practiſed, and put in Execution, for raiſing, receiving, levying, recovering, ſecuring, paying, and accounting for the Duties upon Hides and Skins, and pieces of Hides and Skins, made Wares, Vellum and Parchment, by this Act granted, and all Arrearages thereof, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if they were particularly and at large repeated in the body of this preſent Act.

9 A. *cap.* 11.

On Oath of the Exporter, that the Hides have been marked, *&c.* Debentures to be made out for a Drawback of Two thirds of the Duty.

V. And whereas ſome Doubts have ariſen upon the ſaid Act of the Ninth Year of her Majeſties Reign, whether a Debenture could be given in purſuance of the ſaid Act by the Cuſtomer or Collector of the Cuſtoms for Two thirds of the Duties upon Hides and Calve-ſkins ſhipped for Exportation, unleſs the Marks or Stamps denoting the charging the Duty payable by that Act did appear to them thereupon; and it being often found Inconvenient that the Exporters ſhould be obliged to open their Bails or Packs of Leather at the Port of Exportation; It is hereby Provided and Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That upon Oath made by the Exporter, unleſs ſuch Exporter be a known Quaker, and if he be, then upon the Solemn Affirmation of ſuch Quaker (which Oath or Affirmation the Cuſtomer or Collector is hereby impowered to Adminiſter) That all the Hides or Skins contained in ſuch Bails or Packs reſpectively, were marked with the Marks or Stamps denoting the charging of the Duties payable by this Act and the ſaid former Act, or either of them, and expreſſing particularly how much

much the Duty so denoted to have been paid or charged by the said former Act for such Hides or Skins doth amount unto, exclusive of the Duty upon the Stock in hand; and also how much the Duty so denoted to have been paid or charged by this Act for such Hides or Skins doth amount unto, and expressing the Weight of the Hides and Calve-skins so exported or shipped for Exportation, in such Oath or Affirmation; Then and in every such Case, it shall and may be lawful for the Customer or Collector (such Security being given as the said Act requires) to make forth a Debenture for the Two third parts of the said Duties payable by the said former Act and this present Act, or either of them, for the Hides and Calve-skins already exported, or shipped to be exported, for which no Drawback hath already been paid, and for the like Hides and Calve-skins which shall hereafter be exported, or shipped to be exported, and for which a Drawback ought to be made, according to the true meaning of this or the said former Act; and every such Debenture being verified by the Certificate of the Searcher, attesting the shipping of such Hides and Skins, shall be satisfied according to this and the said former Act, as fully as if the Marks or Stamps on the said Hides and Skins had been seen by the proper Officers of the Customs; any thing in this or the said former Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Hides dressed or curried to have a Drawback on Exportation of One Peny *per lb.*

VI. And whereas by the said Act made last Session of Parliament, Intituled, An Act for Laying certain Duties upon Hides and Skins, tanned, tawed or dressed, and upon Vellum and Parchment, for the Term of Thirty two Years, for prosecuting the War, and other her Majesties most necessary Occasions, There is Provision made in the said Act, that a Drawback be allowed upon all tanned or rough Hides and and Calves-skins, upon their Exportation, but no Allowance is made for a Drawback on Hides or Calve-skins that are dressed or curried: For remedy whereof, Be it Enacted, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Hides or Calve-skins that are or shall be dressed or curried, shall be entitled to a Drawback upon their Exportation of One Peny per Pound weight, as they shall Weigh at the Custom-house, to be paid and allowed in the same manner, and under such Cautions, Rules and Security, as the Drawback upon rough tanned Hides and Calve-skins is to be paid or allowed. 9 A. *cap.* 11.

Duties on Starch, for 32 Years, imported 2 *d.*

VII. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That there shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid unto and for the Use of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Starch which, at any time or times, within or during the Term of Thirty two Years, to be reckoned from the First day of August, One thousand seven seven hundred and twelve, shall be imported or brought into the Kingdom of Great Britain, (over and above all Customs, Subsidies, and Duties already imposed thereupon) the Sum of Two Pence for every Pound weight, consisting of Sixteen Ounces Averdupoize, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity, to be paid down in ready Money by the Importers thereof, from time to time, before the landing of the same; and for and upon all Starch of what kind soever, which at any time or times within or during the same Term of Thirty two Years, shall be made within the said Kingdom of Great Britain, the Sum of One Peny for every such Pound weight Averdupoize, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity; the same to be paid by the Makers thereof respectively. *Continued for ever, by* 3 Geo. *cap.* 7.

Made in *Great Britain* 1 *d.*

Duties on imported Starch to be raised as the Duties on Sope.

VIII. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Duties upon imported Starch shall be raised, levied, recovered, answered and paid, and be brought into the Receipt of her Majesties Exchequer in England, (to and for the uses and purposes in this Act expressed) by such Rules, Ways, Means and Methods, and under such Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities, and with such Allowances, and in such Manner and Form, as the Duties upon imported Sope, granted by One other Act of the present Session of Parliament, or by any Laws and Statutes therein referred unto, are to be raised, levied, recovered, answered and paid. 10 A. *cap.* 19.

XXV. Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons who shall have actually paid her Majesties Duties, by this Act payable for any quantities of Starch whatsoever, and to and for any other Person or Persons who shall buy or be lawfully entitled to any such quantity of Starch from the said Person or Persons who actually paid her Majesties Duties for the same, to export such Starch for any Foreign Parts, by way of Merchandize, giving sufficient Security before the shipping thereof for Exportation, that the particular quantities of Starch which shall be intended to be exported, as aforesaid, and every part thereof, shall be shipped and exported, and that the same or any part thereof, shall not be relanded or brought again into any Part or Parts of Great Britain; which Security, the Customer or Collector of the respective Port for such Exportation, is hereby directed and authorized to take in her Majesties Name, and to her Use. Starch that hath paid the Duty, may be exported, on Security, &c.

XXVI. Provided always, That if after the shipping any such Starch to be exported, as aforesaid, and the giving or tendring such Security, as aforesaid, in order to obtain the Allowance or Drawback herein after mentioned, the Starch so shipped to be exported, or any part thereof, shall be relanded in any Part of Great Britain, that then and in every such case (over and above the Penalty of the Bond which shall be levied and recovered to her Majesties Use) all the Starch which shall be Landed, or the value thereof, shall be forfeited. Such Starch relanded, forfeited.

XXVII. And it is also hereby Enacted, That any Person or Persons who shall export any Starch to any Foreign Parts, shall or may make Proof upon Oath, or by such Affirmation respectively, as aforesaid, That the Duty of such Starch hath been paid or secured, according to this Act (which Oath or Affirmation the Customer or Collector of the Port of Exportation is hereby impowered to Administer) and thereupon the said Customer or Collector of the said Port of Exportation, shall give to the Exporter thereof a Debenture, expressing the true Kinds and Quantities of the Starch so exported, and the Exportation thereof being certified by the Searcher upon the said Debenture, the Collector appointed to receive the said Duties upon Starch in such County or Place where the said Starch was exported (upon producing the said Debenture so certified to him) shall forthwith pay the Duties which shall have been received upon this Act for the Starch so exported, to the Persons or Agents so exporting the same; and if such Collector shall not have Money in his hands to pay any such Debenture, then the respective Commissioners for the said Duties of Starch are hereby required to pay, or cause to be paid, the said Debenture out of any Duties upon Starch arising by this Act; or if the Duty of such Starch so exported were only secured, and shall remain unpaid, then the same shall be discharged upon the Securities for the same; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding. On Oath that the Duty hath been paid, and on Debenture from the Customer, &c. Collector to repay the Duties.

Continued for ever, by 3 Geo. *cap.* 7.

XXXII. And be it also Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That there shall be raised, levied, answered and paid unto and for the Use of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Coffee, Tea and Drugs, of what kind soever, (dying Drugs imported from any Foreign Parts, and Turpentine imported from the British Plantations, excepted) which at any time or times within or during the Term of Thirty two Years, to be reckoned from the Sixteenth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, shall be imported or brought into the Kingdom of Great Britain, (over and above all other Customs, Subsidies and Duties imposed upon or payable for the same, or any of them) the several New Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money following; That is to say, For all Coffee imported, as aforesaid, Twelve Pence for every Pound weight Averdupoize, and proportionally for greater or lesser quantities: For all kinds of Tea imported from any Place or Places within the Limits of the Charter granted to the East-India Company, Two Shillings for every such Pound weight; and for New Duties on Coffee, Tea and Drugs, (except dying Drugs from Foreign Parts, and Turpentine of *British* Plantations) for 32 Years.

all

all kinds of Tea imported from any other Place or Places, Five Shillings for every such Pound weight, and proportionally for greater or lesser quantities of Tea; and for all kinds of Drugs imported (except as aforesaid) within or during the Term last mentioned, a Duty after the rate of Twenty Pounds for every One hundred Pounds of the true and real Value of the same; which said Duties upon Coffee, Tea and Drugs, chargeable by this Act, as aforesaid, shall be paid by the respective Importers thereof from time to time.

Values of rated or unrated Drugs how to be ascertained.

XXXIII. And it is hereby Declared and Enacted, That the Values of such of the said Drugs chargeable by this Act, as had any particular Valuation set thereupon in the Book of Rates, annexed to the Act of Tonnage and Poundage, made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, shall be valued according to the gross Valuations contained in the said Book, for the Payment of the said Duty after the rate of Twenty per Centum by this Act charged thereupon, without any Abatement in respect of the Clause contained in the said Book for Drugs imported in English-built shipping; and that all such unrated Drugs as shall be brought from any Places within the Limits of the Charter granted to the East-India Company, shall be valued by the Price thereof upon Sale at the Candle, for the Payment of the Duty by this Act granted, in the same Manner, and with such Allowances, as are prescribed by the Laws now in force for Payment of the other Duties upon unrated Goods brought from Places within those Limits; and that the Values of all other the Drugs chargeable by this Act, shall, in all cases, be taken to be so much as such imported kinds are really worth to be sold at the Port of Importation, without any Abatement for the Duties thereupon charged by this or any former Acts; and that the respective Customer, Collector, or other Person or Persons, Officer or Officers of the Customs for the time being, shall receive and levy the same Duties of the said Drugs so payable ad Valorem, upon the Oath of the Merchant or Importer accordingly; and such Oath shall and may be administred, and all other matters done for ascertaining the said Duties of such Drugs as are last mentioned, in the same manner and form as are lawfully used and practised for ascertaining any Duties payable ad Valorem by the Oath of the Importer upon any other Commodities imported. 12 Car. 2. c. 4.

Coffee imported from any Place, and Tea imported from any Place within the Limits of the Companies Charter, to be Warehoused,

XXXIV. And for the better securing the Duties upon Coffee imported from any Foreign Parts, and all such Tea as shall be imported from any Places within the Limits of the Charter granted to the East-India Company by this and other Acts of Parliament imposed; and to the intent the same may not be too burdensom on the Importers of such Coffee and Tea, as shall again be exported to Parts beyond the Seas, It is hereby Provided and further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Sixteenth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, during the continuance of the said Duties on Coffee and Tea hereby granted, all such Coffee as shall be imported into the Kingdom of Great Britain, from any Foreign Parts, and all such Tea as shall be imported from any Places within the Limits of the said Charter granted to the East-India Company, shall upon Entry thereof, be forthwith carried and put into such Ware-house or Ware-houses as shall for that purpose be provided, by and at the Charge of the Importers of such Coffee and Tea, and be approved of by the Commissioners of her Majesties Customs for the time being; and so much of the Duties of the same Coffee and Tea as (in case of Exportation) would remain or not be drawn back by any former Laws now in Force, shall be paid down in ready Money by the Importer or Importers thereof, who shall have power to garble such Coffee, as hath been usual, to make it Merchantable; which said Coffee and Tea so brought into such Ware-house or Ware-houses shall not be taken or carried out thence upon any account whatsoever, other than as is herein after mentioned, that is to say, such of the said Coffee and Tea as shall be sold to be con-

and so much of the Duty as would not be drawn back on Exportation to be paid down,

consumed in Great Britain, shall be delivered out of such Ware-house or Ware-houses, upon Payment of her Majesties Duties payable by this and any other Act or Acts for the same Coffee and Tea (other than and except so much as was before paid down, as aforesaid;) and such of the said Coffee and Tea as shall be for Exportation to Parts beyond the Seas, shall be delivered out of such Ware-house or Ware-houses unto the Importers, or such Buyers, or other Person or Persons as such Importers shall appoint in that behalf, upon sufficient Security to be First given to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors (which Security the said Commissioners of the Customs, or such Officers of the Customs as they shall appoint, are hereby required and impowered to take) that the same, and every Part thereof, shall be exported, and not re-landed in Great Britain; which said Securities shall be discharged without Fee or Reward, upon Certificate returned or produced to the Commissioners of the Customs, or such Officers, as aforesaid, under the Common Seal of the Chief Magistrate in any Place or Places in Parts beyond the Seas, or under the Hands and Seals of Two known British Merchants then being at such Place or Places, that such Coffee or Tea was there landed, or upon Proof by Credible Persons, that such Coffee or Tea was taken by Enemies, or perished in the Seas; the Examination and Proof thereof being left to the Judgment of the said Commissioners of the Customs for the time being.

and if to be consumed in *Great Britain*, the remaining Duty to be paid on delivery out.

If to be exported, Security to be given, &c.

How to be discharged.

XXXV. And for preventing all Clandestine importing or bringing of Coffee or such Tea, as aforesaid, into this Kingdom of Great Britain, Be it further Enacted, That if any Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, from and after the said Sixteenth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, during the continuance of the said Duties upon Coffee and Tea, shall import or bring any Coffee, or such Tea as is to be secured in such Ware-houses, as aforesaid, into Great Britain, and shall not make due Entries thereof, and bring the same into the said Ware-house or Ware-houses, as aforesaid, the same shall be and is hereby adjudged to be Clandestine running, and unlawful Importation thereof; and such Person and Persons, or Bodies Politick or Corporate, offending therein, and their Abettors, shall forfeit all the Coffee and Tea so clandestinely Run, and the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, to be recovered and divided, One moiety thereof to the Queen, and the other moiety, together with full Costs of Suit, to the Person or Persons that shall seize, inform or sue for the same in any of her Majesties Courts aforesaid.

What shall be deemed Clandestine Importation of Coffee and Tea.

Penalty.

XXXVI. And for preventing the Clandestine carrying any the said Coffee or Tea out of the said Ware-houses, Be it Enacted, That the Keeper or Keepers of the said Ware-house and Ware-houses (who shall be appointed by the Commissioners of the Customs, and be at the charge of the Importers) shall keep One or more Book or Books, wherein he or they shall fairly enter or write down an exact Particular and true Account of all Coffee and Tea which shall be brought into, and carried out of his or their said Ware-house and Ware-houses, and the Days and Times when the same was so brought in and carried out, and how much thereof was delivered out to be consumed and spent in Great Britain, and how much for Exportation, as aforesaid, and shall at the end of every Six Months transmit in writing an exact Account thereof, upon Oath, to the Commissioners of the Customs for the time being, together with an exact Account of how much shall be remaining in his or their said Ware-house or Ware-houses respectively; and the said Commissioners are hereby impowered and enjoyned, within One Month after the same shall be transmitted to them, as aforesaid, to appoint One or more Person or Persons to inspect the said Book or Books, Ware-house or Ware-houses, and to examine the same Accounts, and if upon Examination it shall appear that any of the said Coffee or Tea was delivered out otherwise than as aforesaid, or before Payment of her Majesties Duties for such of the said Coffee or Tea as shall be sold to be consumed in Great Britain,

For preventing the Clandestine carrying Coffee and Tea out of the said Ware-houses.

Account of Coffee and Tea brought and carried to be delivered the Commissioners every 6 Months, and the Commissioners are to cause the same to be examined.

tain, or giving such Security, as aforesaid, for such of the said Coffee or Tea as shall be delivered out for Exportation, as aforesaid, then the Ware-house Keeper or Ware-house Keepers offending therein, shall not only be disabled to hold or enjoy any Publick Employment, but also shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds for every such Offence, to be recovered and divided, to wit, One moiety thereof to the Queens Majesty, and the other moiety thereof, with full Costs of Suit, to the Person or Persons who shall seize, sue, or inform for the same in any the Courts aforesaid.

Disability.

Penalty on the Ware-house Keeper to suffer imbezelments.

XXXVII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Proprietor or Proprietors of the Coffee and Tea, so lodged in any Ware house or Ware-houses, to affix One Lock to every such Ware-house, the Key of which shall remain in the Custody of such Proprietor or Proprietors; and that he or they may in the presence of the said Ware-house keeper or Ware-house keepers (who is and are hereby obliged to attend at all reasonable times for that purpose) View, Sort, and Receive out the said Coffee and Tea, or any part thereof, in manner following, that is to say, such of the said Coffee or Tea as shall be sold to be consumed in Great Britain, upon paying the remainder of all the Duties imposed thereon, as aforesaid, and such of the said Coffee or Tea as shall be sold for Exportation, upon giving such Security as is before in that behalf expressed.

Proprietors may affix Locks on the Ware-houses, &c.

XXXVIII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted, That from and after the said Sixteenth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, all the Duties and Impositions (so much as is to be paid down in ready Money, as aforesaid, excepted) for the said Coffee or Tea delivered out of the said Ware-houses to be consumed in Great Britain, shall be paid upon such Delivery out of the Ware-house, and not otherwise; and that from and after the said Sixteenth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, all Duties imposed upon such of the said Coffee or Tea as shall be delivered for Exportation, and exported accordingly (except so much as was paid down in ready Money, as aforesaid) shall be discharged; and from thenceforth no Drawback or Allowance shall be paid or made out of her Majesties Customs for or on account of the Exportation of any such Coffee or Tea; any thing herein, or in any former Act or Acts of Parliament, to the contrary notwithstanding.

All the Duties to be paid on its Delivery out for consumption here.

On Exportation the Duties to be discharged.

XXXIX. Provided always, That if any Importers of Coffee or Tea, shall pay down all her Majesties Duties for the same, upon the Importation and before the Landing thereof, then such Importers shall not be obliged to secure the same in a Ware house or Ware-houses, as aforesaid.

Importers on paying down all the Duties, not obliged to Ware-house their Coffee or Tea.

XL. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Duties hereby granted upon imported Tea and Drugs (except such Tea as shall be imported from any Places within the Limits of the Charter granted to the East-India Company) chargeable by this Act, shall be raised, levied, recovered, answered and paid (to and for the uses and purposes in this Act expressed) by such Rules, Ways, Means and Methods, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and subject to such Allowances, as the other Duties upon the same Goods respectively are by any Law or Statute now in force, to be ascertained, secured, raised, levied, recovered and answered, during the continuance thereof respectively.

Duties on Imported Tea and and Drugs how to be levied (except Tea from any Place within the Companies Charter.)

XLI. Provided always, and be it further Enacted and Declared, That in case any of the said Tea and Drugs hereby charged (except as before excepted) upon which the said New Duties by this Act granted, shall, upon the Importation thereof, be duly paid or secured to be paid, be again exported at any time or times within Eighteen Months by British Merchants, or within Nine Months by Aliens, to be accounted from the respective times of the Importation of the said Goods inwards, and that Proof be first made upon Oath, That the said Tea or Drugs, except as before excepted,

New Duties on such Tea and Drugs to be repaid on Exportation.

cepted, ſo exported, be the ſame for which the ſaid Duties are paid, or ſecured to be paid, as aforeſaid, that then and in every ſuch caſe, and not otherwiſe, the ſame Duties ſo paid ſhall, without any delay or reward, be wholly repaid out of any the Duties upon Tea and Drugs by this Act granted, or the Security for ſuch of the ſaid Duties as ſhall be ſecured ſhall be vacated (on a Debenture or Debentures regularly certified and ſworn to) as to ſo much of the ſaid Tea and Drugs as ſhall be ſo exported; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Importers of Coffee and Tea to pay for Stock in Hand.

XLII. And whereas ſeveral Companies, and divers Merchants Importers, have or may have, on the Sixteenth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, ſeveral Stocks or Quantities of Coffee and Tea, It is hereby further Enacted, That all and every ſuch Companies and Merchants Importers, having on the Sixteenth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, in his, her, or their Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion, or in the Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion of any other Perſon or Perſons in Truſt for them, or any of them, or for their, or any of their Benefit or Account, any Stock or Quantity of Coffee or Tea, or either of them, within the Realm of Great Britain, being for Sale, ſhall yield and pay unto her Majeſty the like reſpective Duties for the ſame, as are by this Act granted and to be paid for and upon the like Goods reſpectively, to be imported after the ſaid Sixteenth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve; the ſaid Duties for ſuch Stocks to be anſwered and paid to her Majeſties Uſe, within Six Months after the ſaid Sixteenth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve.

Stones, Dirt, &c. found among Pepper or Coffee, to be deſtroyed.

XLV. And whereas, upon the garbling and cleaning of Pepper, great quantities of Stones, Dirt and Traſh have been found, and now remaining in the Ware-houſes appointed by the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms for the receiving of Pepper, by virtue of the Act of the Ninth of the Queen, and more of the ſame may probably be found among the Pepper, to be imported, and the ſame being of no Uſe, either to the Importers or Buyers; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Commiſſioners of her Majeſties Cuſtoms for the time being ſhall have hereby, at the requeſt of the Importers or Buyers, power to cauſe ſuch Stones, Dirt or other Traſh, to be deſtroyed, from time to time, in ſuch manner as they ſhall think fit, ſo as no prejudice doth or ſhall ariſe to the Revenue thereby; and the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall have the like Power, with reſpect to any Stones, Dirt or Traſh that may be found amongſt Coffee, to be lodged in Ware-houſes, in purſuance of this Act; and the reſpective Ware-houſe Keepers ſhall be diſcharged in their reſpective Books, of ſo much Pepper or Coffee as ſhall be ſo deſtroyed, as aforeſaid.

Duties on Gilt and Silver Wire imported or made in *Great Britain*, for 32 Years.

Continued for ever, by 3 Geo. *cap.* 7.

XLVI. And moreover be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That there ſhall be raiſed, levied, anſwered and paid, unto and for the Uſe of her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all Gilt and Silver Wire, which at any time or times, within or during the Term of Thirty two Years, to be reckoned from the Firſt day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, ſhall be imported or brought into the Kingdom of Great Britain (over and above all Cuſtoms, Subſidies and Duties already impoſed thereupon) the Duties following, that is to ſay, for all Gilt Wire imported, as aforeſaid, a Duty after the rate of One Shilling for every Dunce Troy, and for all Silver Wire imported, as aforeſaid, Nine Pence for every ſuch Dunce, and proportionally for greater or leſſer Quantities, to be paid down in ready Money by the Importer thereof, from time to time, before the landing of the ſame: and for and upon all Gilt and Silver Wire, which at any time or times, within or during the ſame Term, ſhall be made in Great Britain, the Duties following, that is to ſay, for all Gilt Wire ſo made in Great Britain, a Duty after the rate of Eight Pence for every Dunce Troy, and for all Silver Wire ſo made in Great Britain, a Duty after the rate of Six Pence for every Dunce

Troy, and proportionally for greater or lesser Quantities, to be paid by the Makers thereof respectively.

Duties on imported Wire to be raised as the Duties on Sope and Starch.

XLVII. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Duties upon Gilt and Silver Wire imported, shall be raised, levied, recovered and paid, and be brought into the said Exchequer (to and for the uses and purposes in the said Act expressed) by such Rules, Ways, Means and Methods, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and with such Allowances, and in such Manner and Form, as the Duties upon imported Sope, granted by One other Act of this Session of Parliament, and the Duties on Starch, granted by this Act, or any of them, are prescribed and appointed to be raised, levied, recovered, answered and paid.

On Exportation of Gold Thread, &c. made after 1 *July*, 1712. and on Debenture from the Customer, &c. Collector to allow a Drawback.

LXII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any Person or Persons whatsoever shall, at any time or times, after the First day of July, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, during the continuance of the said Duties on Gilt and Silver Wire, export, by way of Merchandize, for any Foreign Parts, any Gold or Silver Thread, or any Gold or Silver Lace, or Fringe made of Plate-Wire spun upon Silk, and shall give sufficient Security before the shipping thereof for Exportation, that the particular Quantities of such Thread, or of such Lace or Fringe, intended to be exported, as aforesaid, and every part thereof, shall not be relanded or brought again into Great Britain, and shall make Proof upon Oath, or by such Affirmation respectively, as aforesaid, That the said Gold and Silver Thread, or the said Gold and Silver Lace or Fringe, was actually made after the said First day of July, One thousand seven hundred and twelve (which Securities shall be taken in her Majesties Name, and to her Use; and the said Oaths and Affirmations shall be administred by the Customer or Collector of the respective Port for such Exportation) that then and in every such case, the said Customer or Collector shall give to the Exporter thereof a Debenture, expressing the true Kinds and Quantities of such Gold or Silver Thread, and Gold and Silver Lace, or Fringe so exported or shipped to be exported, and the Exportation or Shipping thereof being certified by the Searcher upon the said Debenture, the Collector or Receiver for the said Duties upon Wire (upon producing the said Debentures so certified to him) shall forthwith pay a Drawback or Allowance, after the rate of Five Shillings for every Pound weight Averdupoize, of such Silver Thread, Lace or Fringe, and after the rate of Six Shillings and Eight Pence for every Pound weight Averdupoize, of such Gold Lace, Thread or Fringe, out of the Monies of the said Duties on Wire then in the hands of such Receiver or Collector, without fee or reward; and if such Receiver or Collector shall not have Money in his hands to pay any such Debenture, then the respective Commissioners of the said Duties upon Wire are hereby required to pay or cause to be paid the said Debenture out of any the Duties on Gilt or Silver Wire arising by this Act; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

During this Act no Gold or Silver Thread Lace, &c. to be imported.

LXV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That during the continuance of the said Duties upon Gilt and Silver Wire by this Act granted, no Gold or Silver Thread, Lace, Fringe, or other Work made thereof, shall be imported or brought into Great Britain, upon Pain of being forfeited, and upon the further Penalty of One hundred Pounds to be paid by the Importer for every Parcel so imported; and that One moiety of such Forfeitures shall be to the Queen, her Heirs and Successors, and the other moiety (besides full Costs of Suit) to him or them that will seize, inform or sue for the same in any of her Majesties Courts aforesaid.

Persons sued upon this Act, or the Leather or Candle Acts, may plead the General Issue.

LXXV. Provided also, and it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall at any time or times be sued or prosecuted for any thing by him or them done or executed in pursuance of this Act, or of any Matter or Thing

Thing in this Act contained, or in purſuance of the ſaid former
9 A. cap. 11. Act, [Intituled, An Act for laying certain Duties upon Hides and Skins tanned, tawed or dreſſed, and upon Vellum and Parchment, for the term of Thirty two Years, for Proſecuting the War, and other her Majeſties moſt neceſſary Occaſions;] or if any Perſon or Perſons now is, or hereafter ſhall be ſued or proſecuted for any Matter or Thing by him or
8 A. cap. 9. them done in purſuance of an Act of the Eighth Year of her Majeſties Reign, For laying certain Duties on Candles, and certain Rates upon Monies to be given with Clerks and Apprentices; or in purſuance of
9 A. cap. 6. an Act of the Ninth Year of her Majeſties Reign, For granting further Duties on Candles, and other Duties therein mentioned, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall and may plead the General Iſſue, and give the Special Matter in Evidence for his or their Defence; and if upon the Trial a Verdict ſhall paſs for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall become nonſuited, then ſuch Defendant or Defendants ſhall have treble Coſts to him or them awarded againſt ſuch Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

LXXVI. And to the end all the ſaid Rates and Duties upon Skins and Hides, and pieces of Skins and Hides, made Wares, Vellum and Parchment, Starch, Coffee, Tea, Drugs, Gilt and Silver Wire, Policies of Aſſurance, and any other Duties before by this Act granted, may be duly and certainly raiſed, and the ſame (except the neceſſary Charges of executing this Act) may be juſtly and duly brought into the ſaid Receipt of Exchequer, according to the true meaning hereof, It is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from time to time, during the continuance of this Act, there ſhall be appointed ſuch and ſo many Commiſſioners and Officers as ſhall be proper and neceſſary for managing, raiſing, collecting, and paying the ſaid ſeveral Rates and Duties herein before granted, and for keeping and rendring the Accounts of the ſame; and that the reſpective Commiſſioners and Officers concerned therein, ſhall perform their ſeveral Duties in relation to the Premiſſes, as to them reſpectively ſhall appertain, under ſuch and the like Penalties, Forfeitures and Diſabilities, for any offence or neglect therein, or for detaining, diverting or miſapplying any Part of the Monies ariſing by the ſame Rates and Duties, as are preſcribed, and to be inflicted by virtue of an Act of Parliament made and paſſed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of
9 W. 3. cap. 44. his late Majeſty King William the Third, Intituled, An Act for raiſing a Sum not exceeding Two millions, upon a Fund for Payment of Annuities, after the rate of Eight Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, and for ſettling the Trade to the *Eaſt-Indies*, for the like offence or neglect relating to the Duties thereby granted or referred unto, or for detaining, diverting and miſapplying any part of the Monies which were granted or appropriated by the Act laſt mentioned.

Commiſſioners and Officers to be appointed, who are to be liable to the Act 9 W. 3.

LXXVII. And whereas it is intended that the ſaid ſeveral Rates and Duties upon Hides and Skins, and pieces of Hides and Skins, made Wares, Vellum and Parchment, and upon Starch, Coffee, Tea and Drugs, and upon Gilt and Silver Wire, and the ſaid Duties upon Policies of Aſſurance, and all ſuch Sum and Sums of Money as ſhall ariſe or be brought into the Receipt of her Majeſties Exchequer, by, upon, or for all and every or any the Rates and Duties granted by this Act, ſhall all together be made a Fund or Security for raiſing any Sum not exceeding Eighteen hundred thouſand Pounds, towards your Majeſties Supply, by ſuch Methods, and in ſuch Manner and Form as are herein after mentioned: Now we your Majeſties moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament aſſembled, for and towards the raiſing the ſaid Sum of Eighteen hundred thouſand Pounds, do further moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty, That it may be Enacted; And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That yearly and every Year, during the Term of Thirty two Years, reckoning the Firſt Year to begin from the Nine and twentieth day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, the full Sum of One hundred ſixty eight thouſand and three Pounds, by, or out of the Monies to ariſe by or for the ſaid ſeveral Rates

168003 *l.* to be the yearly Fund for clearing off the Principal Sum of 2341990 *l.* with Intereſt at 6 *l. per Cent.*

and Duties herein before granted, or any of them, and to be brought into the Receipt of the Exchequer, from time to time, in case the same shall extend to the said Sum of One hundred sixty eight thousand and three Pounds, shall be computed and reckoned to be a yearly Fund; and in case all the Monies arising into the Exchequer of or for all the Rates, Duties and Sums of Money charged, as aforesaid, shall not amount to One hundred sixty eight thousand and three Pounds per Annum, Then the Monies so arising, so far as the same shall extend, shall be part of the said yearly Fund of One hundred sixty eight thousand and three Pounds per Annum, for and towards the answering and paying of all and every the Principal Sums herein after mentioned, amounting in the whole to the Sum of Two millions three hundred forty one thousand nine hundred and ninety Pounds, Principal Money, together with Interest for the same after the rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum, as herein after is also mentioned; and in case the said Monies by this Act appointed or appropriated, as aforesaid, shall, at any time or times, appear to be so deficient or low in the Produce of the same, as that within any One Year to be reckoned, as aforesaid, the said Monies arising into the Exchequer for all the Rates, Duties and Sums of Money charged, as aforesaid, shall not amount to so much as One hundred sixty eight thousand and three Pounds, That then, and so often, and in every such case, so much as shall be wanting to make up the said Fund or Sum of One hundred sixty eight thousand and three Pounds, for every or any such Year, shall be supplied and made good, from time to time, by and out of the First Aid or Supply to be granted in Parliament next after such Deficiency shall appear, and shall, from time to time, be transferred thereunto as soon as the same shall be granted.

Deficiency to be made good out of the First Aid to be granted in Parliament.

LXXXIX. And be it further Enacted, for the better encouraging Persons to advance the said Sum of One million eight hundred thousand Pounds upon the Terms aforesaid, That all Receipts and Issues, and all other Things directed by this Act to be performed in the Exchequer, and by any other Officers or Persons, shall be done and performed by the Officers there, without Demanding or Receiving, directly or indirectly, any Fee, Gratuity or Reward for the same; and in case the Officers of the Exchequer, or other Officers or Persons, shall take or demand any such Fees or Reward, or shall divert or misapply any of the Sums to be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer for making the aforesaid Fund, or shall pay or issue out the same otherwise than according to the intent of this Act, or shall not keep Books and Registers, and make Entries, and do and perform all other Things, which by this Act they are required to do and perform in every such Office, such Officer shall forfeit his Office, and be for the future incapable of any Office or Place of Trust whatsoever, and shall forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, to be sued for by any Adventurer or Contributor, or the Executors, Administrators, or Assigns of any Adventurer or Contributor, and to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of her Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Privilege of Parliament, or other Privilege, or Wager of Law, Injunction, Order of Restraint, or more than one Imparlance shall be granted or allowed; and in the said Action the Plaintiff upon Recovery, shall have full Costs; One third part of which Sum, so to be recovered, shall be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer, for the Benefit of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, and the other Two third parts shall be to and for the Use of the Prosecutor.

Penalty on Officers of the Exchequer, and other Officers offending.

CII. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if before the end of the said Term of Thirty two Years, all the said Principal and Interest Monies payable by virtue of this Act, shall be fully paid and discharged, or sufficient Money reserved, as aforesaid, for Payment thereof, that then, and in such case, and from thenceforth, all and every the Rates, Duties and

If Principal and Interest be fully paid off before the 32 Years, then the Duties to be disposed by Parliament.

Sums of Money hereby charged, as aforesaid, shall be reserved to be disposed of by Authority of Parliament, and not otherwise; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Deficiencies on the Annuities 6 *Annæ*, to be made good out of the Publick Monies, &c. not appropriated.

CXVIII. Provided also, and it is hereby Enacted, That so much Money as, before the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, shall be deficient to complete the quarterly Payments incurred before that time, for or upon the Annuities, amounting to Eighty thousand Pounds per Annum, settled by One Act of Parliament made and passed in the Sixth Year of her Majesties Reign; and so much Money as shall be deficient to complete the quarterly Payments incurred or to incur at any Quarter-day, on or before the Twenty fifth day of December, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, for or upon the Annuites, amounting to Forty thousand Pounds per Annum, settled by another Act of Parliament made and passed in the said Sixth Year of her Majesties Reign, shall and may be supplied out of any Publick Money that is or shall be in the Exchequer, not appropriated to particular Uses by any former or other Act or Acts of Parliament; and in Default thereof, the same Deficiencies, or so much thereof as shall remain unpaid out of such Publick Money, shall and may be completed and made good out of any Money that is or shall be in the Exchequer, of the Aids or Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament, and hereby appropriated for Services relating to the War, as aforesaid; the same Appropriations, or any of them, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Anno 10 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XXVIII.

An Act for continuing the Trade and Corporation-Capacity of the United *East-India* Company, although their Fund should be redeemed.

Preamble.

Whereas in and by an Act made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of Our late Sovereign Lord King William the Third of Glorious Memory, Intituled, An Act for raising a Sum not exceeding Two millions, upon a Fund for Payment of Annuities, after the rate of Eight Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, and for settling the Trade to the *East-Indies*, It is, amongst other things, Enacted, That the Sum of One hundred and sixty thousand Pounds per Annum, arising by the several Duties upon Salt, and upon Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper, in the said Act mentioned, should be applied for the paying of Annuities of Eight Pounds per Centum per Annum, to such Persons or Corporations as should subscribe and pay the Sum of Two millions of Money, upon the Terms of the said Act; and that the Persons and Corporations who should so subscribe and pay the said Monies, should have the sole Trade to the East-Indies, and the other Places mentioned in the said Act, subject nevertheless to a Proviso or Condition of being redeemed by Parliament at any time, upon Three Years Notice after the Nine and twentieth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and eleven, upon Repayment of the said Two millions, and of the Arrears of the said Annuities of Eight Pounds per Centum, in the manner directed by the said Act, and it was by the said Act likewise provided, That his said late Majesty might Constitute a Corporation to Trade with a Joyn Stock to the said East-Indies, with such Powers and Authorities, and under such Limitations as in the said Act are for that purpose set forth: And his said late Majesty did, in pursuance of the said Act, by his Letters Patents, under the Great Seal of England, bearing date the Fifth day of September, in the Tenth Year of his Reign, Constitute a Corporation or Body Politick, by the Name of The *English* Company trading to the *East-Indies*, with such Benefit

9 W. 3. *cap.* 44.

neſit of Trade, Powers, Privileges and Advantages, and ſubject to ſuch Reſtrictions, Conditions and Agreements, as are in the ſaid Letters Patents ſet forth: And whereas, in and by One other Act made in the Sixth Year of her preſent Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for aſſuring to the *Engliſh* Company trading to the *Eaſt-Indies*, on Account of the United Stock, a longer Time in the Fund and Trade therein mentioned; and for raiſing thereby the Sum of One million two hundred thouſand Pounds, for carrying on the War and other her Majeſties Occaſions, It was Enacted, That upon Payment to her Majeſty of the Sum of One million two hundred thouſand Pounds, at the Times, and upon the Terms in the ſaid Act mentioned, they the ſaid Engliſh Company trading to the East-Indies, now called The United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt-Indies*, ſhould have ſuch further Time and Intereſt in the ſaid Fund and Trade to the East Indies, as in the laſt mentioned Act is particularly ſet forth, but ſubject to the Proviſo or Condition of Redemption in the ſaid laſt mentioned Act, and herein ſet forth; that is to ſay, It was thereby Declared and Enacted, that at any time upon Three Years Notice, after the Five and twentieth day of March, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty ſix, upon the expiration of the ſaid Three Years, and upon repayment by Parliament, as well of the ſaid Sum of Two millions then before advanced, as of the ſaid Sum of One million two hundred thouſand Pounds then to be advanced, and ſince advanced and paid accordingly, making in the whole, Three millions two hundred thouſand Pounds, and of all Arrears which, at the end of the ſaid Three Years, ſhall be due for and upon the ſaid Fund of One hundred and ſixty thouſand Pounds, then and from thenceforth, as well the ſaid Duties upon Salt as the ſaid Duties upon Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper, and alſo the ſaid yearly Fund of One hundred and ſixty thouſand Pounds, and all the Corporations erected in purſuance of the ſaid Acts, or the benefit of Trade granted by them, or by any Charters made in purſuance thereof, ſhould abſolutly ceaſe and determine: Now to the intent that the ſaid United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East-Indies, and their Succeſſors, may be the better encouraged to proceed in their Trade, and to make ſuch laſting Settlements for the Support and Maintenance thereof for the Benefit of the Britiſh Nation, may it pleaſe your Majeſty, at the humble Petition of the ſaid United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East-Indies, That it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the laſt mentioned Proviſo for Redemption and Determination of the ſaid ſeveral Duties, yearly Fund, Annuities, Corporations, and Benefit of Trade, ſhall be, and is hereby repealed and made void; and that the ſaid Duties upon Salt, and the ſaid Duties upon Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper, and the Duty of Five Pounds in the Hundred charged by the ſaid Acts, upon Goods imported from the East-Indies, ſhall continue, and the ſaid United Company of Merchants of England, trading to the East-Indies, and their Succeſſors, ſhall have and enjoy the ſaid yearly Sum of One hundred and ſixty thouſand Pounds per Annum, or ſuch Part thereof as they now are or hereafter ſhall be entitled unto, and all the Benefit of Trade, Franchiſes, Privileges and Profits, and Advantages whatſoever, in reſpect thereof given and granted, or intended to be given or granted unto them by the ſaid Act of the Ninth Year of his ſaid late Majeſties Reign, or by the ſaid Charter of the Fifth day of September, in the Tenth Year of his ſaid late Majeſties Reign, or by the ſaid Act of the Sixth Year of her preſent Majeſties Reign, or by any of them, freed and diſcharged of and from the ſaid former Proviſo or Condition of Redemption contained in the ſaid laſt recited Act, and all other Proviſoes, Powers, Acts, Matters or Things, heretofore had, made, done or committed, for redeeming,

6 A. cap. 17.

The Trade and Corporation of the United *Eaſt-India* Company continued altho' their Fund ſhould be redeemed.

9 W. 3. cap. 44.

6 A. cap. 17.

ing, determining or making void the said Duties, yearly Fund, Benefit of Trade, Franchises, Privileges, Profits and Advantages, or any of them, subject nevertheless to the Restrictions, Covenants, and Agreements in the said recited Acts, and Letters Patents, or any of them contained, now in force, and also subject to the General Provisoes or Condition of Redemption herein after contained; that is to say, Provided always and it is hereby Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That at any time, upon Three Years Notice after the Five and twentieth day of March, which shall be in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and thirty three, and upon repayment by Parliament as well of the said Sum of Two millions, as of the said Sum of Twelve hundred thousand Pounds, making in the whole Three millions two hundred thousand Pounds, unto such Companies, Corporations and Persons, as shall be then entitled thereto, and of all Arrears which, to the end of the said Three Years, shall be due for or upon the said yearly Fund of One hundred and sixty thousand Pounds per Annum, then and from thenceforth the said Duties upon Salt, and the said Duties upon Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper, and the said yearly Fund of One hundred and sixty thousand Pounds, shall absolutely cease and determine.

On 3 Years Notice after 25 *March*, 1733; and on repayment of 3200000 *l.* of all Arrears to the Company, the Duty on Salt, and Stampt Vellum, *&c.* to cease.

Anno 10 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XXIX.

An Act for better ascertaining and securing the Payments to be made to her Majesty for Goods and Merchandizes to be imported from the *East-Indies*, and other Places within the Limits of the Charter granted to the *East-India* Company.

Preamble.

Whereas the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East-Indies, do yearly import great Quantities of Goods, the Species and Quantities whereof cannot be known, nor due Entries made, so as to ascertain the Customs, without having them first landed and examined, to bring the Contents thereof into a Method fit for the Computation of the Customs and other Duties payable for the same; for which reason it hath been the constant Practice of all Companies trading to the East-Indies, to enter and land their Goods and Merchandizes by Bills at sight or sufferance, and to give Security for Payment of the Customs, and other Duties thereof, at Two six Months time from the Importation: And whereas some doubts have lately arisen concerning the Legality of the said Practice, Be it therefore Enacted and Declared by the Queens most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Company, and their Successors, from time to time, to enter such Goods as are or shall be imported by them at the Custom-house by Bills at sight or sufferance, and to give Security under their Common Seal for the Payment of the Customs, and other Duties laid, or to be laid, upon all such Goods as are rated in the Book of Rates, and upon Coffee, which is to be ascertained by the Oath of the Importer (videlicet) For the Payment of One half part thereof at the end of Six Kalendar Months next after the time within which the Report of the Master or Purser of the Ship, in which they shall be imported, shall or ought to have been made; and for the Payment of the other half part thereof, at the end of Twelve Kalendar Months next after the time within which such Report shall or ought to be made, as aforesaid; and the Commissioners, and Principal Officers of the Customs, are hereby authorized

East-India Company may enter Goods, Bills at sight or sufferance, and give Security under their Common Seal, *viz.*

for Payment of One half at the end of Six Kalendar Months,

and the other half at the end of Twelve Kalendar Months.

thorized and required to grant to the said Company such Bills at sight or sufferance, and take such Security, as aforesaid, and to make them such Allowances and Deductions as are to be made to other Merchants, paying their Customs and other Duties at or before the landing of their Goods.

Proviso. II. Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act, or any thing therein contained, shall not extend, or be construed to extend, to alter the Method or Manner of paying the Duties of Fifteen per Cent. on Muslins and Callicoes; or the Duties upon any other Goods, which are to be ascertained by Sale at the Candle.

Anno 10 ANNÆ *Reginæ.*

CAP. XXX.

An Act for continuing the Trade to the *South-Seas*, granted by an Act of the last Session of Parliament, although the Capital Stock of the said Corporation should be redeemed.

Preamble. Whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Ninth Year of her Majesties Reign, [Intituled, An Act for making good Deficiencies, and satisfying the Publick Debts; and for erecting a Corporation to carry on a Trade to the *South-Seas*; and for the Encouragement of the Fishery; and for Liberty to Trade in unwrought Iron with the Subjects of *Spain*; and to repeal the Acts for Registring Seamen,] It is Provided and Enacted, That at any time upon One Years Notice after the Five and twentieth day of December, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, upon repayment by Parliament of the Principal Sum of which the Capital Stock of the Company, which was intended to be established by virtue of the said Act, should, for the time being, consist, and of all Arrears of the Annuities or yearly Payments therein mentioned, or by Payment thereof, by and out of the Surplus Monies of the Funds settled by the said Act for Payment of the said Annuities to the said Company, then all the Impositions and Duties thereby granted or appropriated, should or might be disposed of by Parliament, and the yearly Fund therein mentioned, and the Annuities issuing out of the same, shall absolutely cease and determine; and her Majesty, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Great Britain, bearing date the Eighth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and eleven, grounded on the said Act of Parliament, hath Incorporated all and every the Person and Persons, Natives and Foreigners, Bodies Politick and Corporate, who then were or should be interested in, or entitled unto any the Bills, Tickets, Debentures, Certificates, or other Publick Debts, Deficiencies or Sums of Money, intended to be provided for by that Act, and all and every Person and Persons, Bodies Politick and Corporate, who as Executors, Administrators, Successors or Assigns, or by any other lawful Title derived, or to be derived from, by, or under the Original Proprietors, at any time or times, should have and be entitled to any Part, Share or Interest of or in the yearly Fund, by the First Act settled, so long as they respectively should have any Part, Share or Interest therein, to be One Body Politick and Corporate, by the Name of The Governor and Company of Merchants of *Great Britain*, trading to the *South-Seas* and other Parts of *America*, and for Encouraging the Fishery; And by that Name to have Perpetual Succession, with such Powers, Privileges and Advantages, as in the said Charter are mentioned, subject nevertheless to the Condition or Power of Redemption in the said Act expressed, as by the said Act of Parliament and Charter may respectively appear: And whereas some doubts have arisen, or may arise, concerning the Power of Redemption intended by the said Act and Charter, which might tend

9 A. *cap.* 21.

to discourage the said Company in expending such large Sums of Money as are necessary to be expended for making new Settlements within the Limits of their Charter, and setting a Trade there, for the future Benefit of Great Britain: For Explanation whereof, Be it therefore Enacted and Declared by the Queens most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That at any time upon One Years Notice, after the Five and twentieth day of December, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, upon Repayment by Parliament of the said Principal Sum, of which the Capital Stock of the said Company shall, for the time being, consist, and of all Arrears of the Annuities and yearly Payments aforesaid, or by Payment thereof, by and out of the Surplus Money of the Funds settled by the said Act, for Payment of the said Annuities to the said Company, then all the Impositions and Duties by the said Act granted or appropriated, shall and may be disposed of by Parliament, and the said yearly Fund, and the said Annuities out of the same, shall cease and determine; but that the said Corporation by the Name aforesaid, after such Redemption of the said yearly Fund, shall continue for ever, and have Perpetual Succession, and shall hold and enjoy all Forts, Factories and Acquisitions that they shall erect, establish and make within the Limits prescribed by the said Act and Charter, and the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, that shall be by them purchased in Great Britain, not exceeding One thousand Pounds per Annum; and the Members thereof, without having any Share or Interest in the yearly Fund so to be redeemed, shall have, and be entitled to have, the sole Benefit of Trade in and to the South-Seas, and elsewhere, and such Power of Trade in the Fishery, as by the said Act is directed, and all other Benefits, Powers, Privileges and Advantages (the Annuities issuing out of the said yearly Fund only excepted) as if no such Redemption were had or made; and from and after such Redemption of the said yearly Fund, all Persons having any Share or Interest in the Money or Stock paid into or gained by the said Company, to carry on the Trade of the said Company, shall be, and be deemed Members of the said Company, and be entitled to all the Benefits, Profits, Privileges and Advantages thereof, in proportion to their respective Parts and Shares in the said Money or Stock, that is, or shall, from time to time, be paid in for Trade, or shall be gained thereby; and the said Money or Stock so paid, or to be paid in for Trade, or gained thereby, shall be Assignable and Transferrable in such and the like manner (mutatis mutandis) as the Shares in the Capital Stock and yearly Fund are now Assignable, or may be Assigned; and that from and after such Redemption of the said yearly Fund by Parliament, or after One moiety thereof, or more, shall be redeemed and discharged, by and out of the Surplus of the Funds settled by the said Act for Payment of the same, the said Governor and Company may, from time to time, by By-laws or Orders to be made in their General Court or General Courts, declare and direct how much and what Part or Share in the then remaining Capital Stock or yearly Fund, and the Money or Stock paid in for Trade, or gained thereby, or in both or either of them, shall qualifie the Members of the said Company to give any Vote or Votes in any General Court or General Courts, and for the electing of a Governor, Sub-Governor, Deputy-Governor and Directors of the said Company, and for the continuing and being elected in the said Offices, or any of them.

On One Years Notice to the *South-Sea* Company after 25 *Dec.* 1716. and on Repayment of their Capital Stock, their yearly Fund to cease.

But the Corporation to continue for ever, &c.

Anno 12 ANNÆ *Reginæ. Seſſ.* 3. *Parl.* 1.

CAP. II.

An Act for granting to her Majeſty Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and thirteen; and for making forth Duplicates of Lottery Tickets, Loſt, Burnt or Deſtroyed; and for enlarging the time for adjuſting Claims in ſeveral Lottery-Acts; and to Puniſh the counterfeiting or forging of Lottery Orders; and for explaining a late Act in relation to Stamp-Duties on Cuſtomary Eſtates, which paſs by Deed and Copy.

Anno 12 ANNÆ *Reginæ. Seſſ.* 3. *Parl.* 1.

CAP. IX.

An Act for continuing an Act made in the Third and Fourth Years of the Reign of her preſent Majeſty, Intituled, *An Act for encouraging the Importation of Naval Stores from her Majeſties Plantations in* America; and for encouraging the Importation of Naval Stores from that part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, to that part of *Great Britain* called *England*.

Preamble.

WHereas an Act was made in the Third and Fourth Years of her preſent Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for encouraging the Importation of Naval Stores from her Majeſties Plantations in *America*; which hath been found to be very Advantageous for furniſhing with Naval Stores the Royal Navy and Shipping of this Kingdom, wherein, under God, the Wealth, Safety and Strength of this Nation is ſo much concerned, and depends on the due Supply of Stores neceſſary for the ſame; which, by a due Encouragement, may be had from her Majeſties Colonies and Plantations in America, which were at firſt ſettled, and are ſtill maintained and protected at a great Expence from this Kingdom; and in regard the ſaid Colonies and Plantations may (as they have done) commodiouſly afford great quantities of all ſorts of Naval Stores, by continuing the Encouragement given in the ſaid Act for importing the ſame into England: And whereas the ſaid Act is near expiring; Be it therefore Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid Act made in the Third and Fourth Years of her preſent Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for encouraging the Importation of Naval Stores from her Majeſties Plantations in *America*, and every part thereof, ſhall be and is hereby continued from the time of the Expiration of the ſame, for and during the ſpace and term of Eleven Years, and from thence to the end of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

3 & 4 A. c. 10.

Act for encouraging the Importation of Naval Stores continued for 11 Years.

3 & 4 A. c. 10.

II. And whereas there are in ſeveral parts of North Britain, commonly called Scotland, great ſtore of Pine and Fir-trees, fit for Maſts, and for the making of Pitch, Tar, Rozin and other Naval Stores; but the Lands and Woods which may yield ſuch Naval Stores are moſtly in Parts mountainous and remote from Navigable Rivers; therefore for the Encouragement of the Proprietors of ſuch Lands and Woods, in the making the Roads, Paſſages and Rivers in thoſe Northern Parts uſeful and commodious to the Publick, as well as for conveying ſuch Naval Stores to Sea-Ports in North Britain, to be brought by Sea to that part of Great Britain called England; Be it Enacted by the Authority afore-

aforesaid, That every Person or Persons that shall, from and after the First day of September, One thousand seven hundred and thirteen, during the Remainder of the time limited for the granting Premiums to the Importers of Naval Stores from America, by virtue of the said Act, and of this present Act, bring from North Britain aforesaid, into any Port of South Britain aforesaid, in any Ship or Ships built in Great Britain, any Trees fit for Masts, Yards or Bowsprights, or any Pitch, Tar, Rozin or Turpentine, neat and in good and merchantable Condition, shall have and receive, as a Reward or Premium for bringing such Naval Stores from North Britain to South Britain, after and according to the several Rates for such Naval Stores, as follows; (viz.) For good and merchantable Tar per Tun, containing Eight Barrels, and each Barrel to Gage One and thirty Gallons and an half, the Sum of Four Pounds; for good and merchantable Pitch per Tun, each Tun containing Twenty grofs hundreds (neat Pitch) to be brought in Eight Barrels, the Sum of Four Pounds; for good and merchantable Rozin or Turpentine per Tun, each Tun containing Twenty grofs hundreds (neat Rozin or Turpentine) to be brought in Eight Barrels, the Sum of Three Pounds; for all Masts, Yards and Bowsprights per Tun, allowing Forty Foot to each Tun, Girt Measure, according to the Customary way of measuring round Bodies, the Sum of Twenty Shillings: Which several Rewards or Premiums shall likewise be paid and answered in good and lawful Money of Great Britain, by the Commissioners or Principal Officers of her Majesties Navy, who are hereby impowered and required to make out Bill or Bills to be paid in Course for the same, upon Certificate of the respective Chief Officer or Officers of the Customs in any Port of South Britain, where such Naval Stores shall be imported, as aforesaid; such Bill or Bills to be made out and given to the Person or Persons importing the same, as aforesaid, within Twenty Days after the discharge or unlading of the Ship or Vessel, Ships or Vessels, in which such Stores shall be imported, upon a Certificate or Certificates to be produced to the Chief Officer or Officers of the Customs where such Stores shall be imported; which Certificate or Certificates shall be under the Hands and Seals of the Comptroller and Collector of her Majesties Customs, and such Naval Officer as her Majesty shall think fit to Appoint or any Two of them, residing at any such Port or Ports in North Britain, as her Majesty, under the Great Seal of Great Britain, shall think fit to Appoint, where such Naval Stores shall be imbarqued or shipped in order for importing the same into any Port of South Britain, That before the Departure of such Ship or Vessel, Ships or Vessels, the Persons, Traders or Factors concerned or employed in the Preparing or Manufacturing such Naval Stores, or any Two of them, had made Affidavit in writing before such Comptroller and Collector of her Majesties Customs in North Britain, and such Naval Officer as her Majesty shall think fit to appoint, or any Two of them, That such Naval Stores so brought to such Port of North Britain, were truly, and bona fide, of the Growth and Produce of North Britain aforesaid; in which Affidavit the particular Quantities and Qualities of such Naval Stores, together with the Time when such Naval Stores were prepared and manufactured, the Names of the Proprietors thereof, and the Place or Places where the same grew, were prepared and manufactured, shall be fully and plainly Specified and Contained; which Affidavits the said Comptroller and Collector of her Majesties Customs in North Britain, and such Naval Officer as her Majesty shall think fit to appoint, or any Two of them, are hereby impowered to take, and to administer such Oaths, as aforesaid, and the same Affidavits to keep in their Custody, and in which Certificate a true Copy of such Affidavit shall be inserted; as likewise upon Oath, to be made within any Port in South Britain, by the Master or Masters of such Ship or Vessel, Ships or Vessels importing such Naval Stores, That the same were truly Laden on board such Ship

Encouragement for importing Naval Stores from *Scotland*, viz.

Tar *per* Tun 4 *l.*

Pitch *per* Tun 4 *l.*

Rozin or Turpentine *per* Tun 3 *l.*

Masts, Yards, & Bowsprights *per* Tun Girt Measure 20 *s.*

To be paid by the Commissioners of the Navy, on Certificate from the Chief Officer of the Customs in any Port of *South Britain* where imported, *&c.*

Certificate to be under the Hands and Seals of the Comptroller, *&c.* of the Customs in *North Britain*, on Oath, *&c.*

or Veſſel, Ships or Veſſels, within North Britain aforeſaid, and that he or they know or believe that the ſaid Naval Stores were of the Growth of North Britain aforeſaid.

Commiſſioners of the Navy to have the Preemption of of ſuch Naval Stores.

III. Provided always, That the Preemption or Refuſal of ſuch North Britiſh Naval Stores, be offered and tendered to the Commiſſioners of her Majeſties Navy upon landing the ſame, and if within the Term of Twenty Days after ſuch Tender, the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall not Contract or Bargain for the ſame, It ſhall and may be lawful for the Importer or Importers, Owner or Owners of the ſaid North Britiſh Naval Stores, otherwiſe to diſpoſe of the ſame.

IV. And for the better preventing any fraudulent Importation of Foreign Naval Stores (not being of the Growth and Produce of North Britain) to South Britain, in order to get the Rewards or Premiums hereby granted for North Britiſh Naval Stores; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall, during the Continuance of the ſaid former Act, and of this preſent Act, falſly make Affidavit of, and Swear to the Growth of any Naval Stores, not being of the Produce of North Britain, or ſhall counterfeit any ſuch Affidavit or Certificate, as herein is before deſcribed, in order to get any the Premiums hereby granted for North Britiſh Naval Stores, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall ſuffer the like Pains and Penalties as are incurred by Perſons committing wilful and corrupt Perjury; and every ſuch Perſon and Perſons committing ſuch Offences, ſhall alſo forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, One moiety thereof to the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other moiety thereof to any Perſon or Perſons that will ſue for the ſame, in any Court of Record of Great Britain, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection or Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance ſhall be allowed; and if any Comptroller, Collector or Naval Officer, ſhall make any falſe Certificate contrary to the true meaning of this Act, ſuch Comptroller, Collector or Naval Officer, and every of them ſo offending, ſhall incur the ſame Pains and Penalties, as any Officer of any Port for the like Offence is liable to, in making a falſe Certificate for Goods and Merchandizes, by an Act made in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for Preventing Frauds, and Regulating Abuſes in his Majeſties Cuſtoms. 13 & 14 Car. 2. cap. 11.

Penalty on making falſe Affidavit or counterfeiting an Affidavit, or making a falſe Certificate.

Penalty on Maſter or Owner importing Foreign Naval Stores, and receiving the Premium, and the Ship, &c. forfeited.

V. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Maſter or Owner of any Ship or Veſſel ſhall fraudulently import or receive in ſuch Ship or Veſſel, to be imported into South Britain, any Naval Stores, not being of the Growth of North Britain, as Naval Stores of the Growth of North Britain, knowing the ſame to be Foreign Naval Stores, and ſhall demand or receive for ſuch Foreign Naval Stores, any the Rewards or Premiums hereby granted for North Britiſh Naval Stores, ſuch Maſter or Owner ſhall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be ſued for, and recovered in like manner, as aforeſaid, and the Ship or Veſſel in which ſuch Foreign Naval Stores ſhall be ſo fraudulently imported, with all her Guns, Tackle, Apparel and Furniture, ſhall be forfeited to the Queens Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors.

Anno 12 ANNÆ *Reginæ. Seſſ.* 3. *Parl.* 1.

CAP. XI.

Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act to raiſe Twelve hundred thouſand Pounds for Publick Uſes, by Circulating a further Sum in Exchequer Bills; and for enabling her Majeſty to raiſe Five hundred thouſand Pounds on the Revenues appointed

pointed for Uſes of her Civil Government, to be applied for or towards Payment of ſuch Debts and Arrears owing to her Servants, Tradeſmen, and others, as are therein mentioned.

XXVI. AND whereas by an Act of Parliament made and paſſed in the Firſt Year of her Majeſties Reign, [Intituled, An Act for the better Support of her Majeſties Houſhold, and of the Honour and Dignity of the Crown] It was Enacted and Declared, That the Hereditary Rates and Duties of Exciſe upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors, which were granted to the Crown in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King Charles the Second, and the Duties of Exciſe upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors, by the ſaid Act of the Firſt Year of her Majeſties Reign granted to her Majeſty for the Term of her Life (ſubject nevertheleſs to ſuch weekly Payments or Incumbrances as were thereby appointed to be charged upon, and payable out of the ſeveral Duties of Exciſe before mentioned) and the Revenue of the General Letter-Office or Poſt-Office, and divers ſmall Branches of her Majeſties Revenues therein enumerated, and the Monies ariſing by the further Subſidy of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Duties upon Wines, Goods and Merchandizes, by the ſaid Act granted or made payable to her Majeſty during her Life, ſhould be for the Support of her Majeſties Houſhold, and of the Honour and Dignity of the Crown; and in the ſaid Act ſeveral Proviſions are made to reſtrain granting or alienating the Revenues aforeſaid, or any of them, ſince which time the Revenues of Firſt-fruits and Tenths of the Clergy (being part of the ſaid ſmall Branches) have been otherwiſe diſpoſed by or in purſuance of an Act of Parliament in that behalf; and the Revenue ariſing in the General Letter-Office or Poſt-Office hath been ſince regranted and encreaſed, and part of that Revenue, ſo regranted and encreaſed, hath been appropriated to raiſe Money for the Publick Uſe, and other part thereof is applicable to the Support of her Majeſties ſaid Houſhold, and the Honour and Dignity of the Crown, purſuant to another Act of Parliament made for thoſe Ends and Purpoſes, as by the ſaid reſpective Acts, relation being thereunto had, may more fully appear: And whereas by occaſion of ſeveral extraordinary Expences ſince the ſaid Act of the Firſt Year of her Majeſties Reign, divers Arrears of Salaries, Wages, Diet-Monies, and other Allowances, and ſundry Debts for Emptions, Proviſions, and other Cauſes, have incurred, and grown due to her Majeſties Servants, Tradeſmen, and others, and do now remain unſatisfied, which Debts and Arrears do amount to a very conſiderable Sum in the whole, and are properly Chargeable upon the ſaid Branches or Revenues which were appointed for the Support of her Majeſties Houſhold, and of the Honour and Dignity of the Crown, as aforeſaid: Now her Majeſties ſaid moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament aſſembled, being deſirous that her Majeſty, in the Adminiſtration of her Civil Government, may not remain under any Difficulties, in reſpect of the Arrears or Debts contracted, as aforeſaid, and being therefore deſirous that a Sum not exceeding Five hundred thouſand Pounds, may be raiſed, by ſuch Ways and Means as in this Act are authorized or appointed, the better to enable her Majeſty to diſcharge the ſaid Debts and Arrears, do, for that end and purpoſe, moſt humbly pray that it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by Letters Patents, to be made and paſſed at any time or times on this ſide or before the Five and twentieth day of December, in the Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and thirteen, under the Great Seal of Great Britain, to limit, appoint, ſet and appropriate, any Sum not exceeding Thirty five thouſand Pounds per Annum, to be iſſued or paid by weekly or quarterly Payments as,

Preamble.

1 A. cap. 7.

Her Majeſty, by Letters Patents, may appoint 35000 *l.* *per Annum* for 32 Years, to be iſſued out of the Exchequer.

as her Majesty shall therein direct, at the Receipt of the Exchequer, for and during any Term, not exceeding Thirty two Years, to commence and be reckoned from the Feast of Saint Michael the Arch-angel, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and thirteen; and that the said yearly Sum shall be charged upon, and payable out of all the said Revenues, Duties and Branches, which were appointed for the Support of her Majesties Houshold, and the Honour and Dignity of the Crown, as aforesaid, as well those which are Hereditary in the Crown, as those which were granted during her Majesties Life, as aforesaid, and every of them, during all the said Term of Thirty two Years, in case her Majesty (whom God preserve) shall so long Live, and in case of her Majesties Demise within the said Term, then the said yearly Sum, not exceeding Thirty five thousand Pounds per Annum, shall be charged upon, and be paid and payable out of the Hereditary Revenues, Duties and Branches last before mentioned, for and during so long time as shall be then to come and unexpired of and in the said absolute Term, not exceeding Thirty two Years, to be reckoned from the time aforesaid; all which Payments shall be made with Preference to all other Payments whatsoever, which shall or may hereafter be charged upon the same Revenues, Duties and Branches, or any of them.

Chargeable on the Revenue appointed for the Support of the Civil Government, &c.

and preferable to all other Payments.

XXVII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act, or any thing herein contained, or any Matter or Thing to be comprized in such Letters Patents, as aforesaid, shall not extend or be construed to make void, alter, or prejudice any Disposition, Appropriation, Appointment, Matter or Thing whatsoever, contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament made since the said Act of the First Year of her Majesties Reign, of or concerning the said Revenues of First-fruits and Tenths of the Clergy, or of or concerning the said Revenue arising in the General Letter-Office or Post-Office, or any other of the Revenues or Branches aforesaid; but that the same Dispositions, Appropriations, Appointments, Matters and Things, shall continue, and be in force, and shall take effect, and be observed, as if this Act had not been made: Nevertheless so much of the said Revenue arising in the General Letter-Office or Post-Office, as is applicable to the Use of her Majesties Houshold, or for Support of the Honour and Dignity of the Crown, as aforesaid, shall be liable for or towards making good of the said yearly Sum intended to be charged by such Letters Patents as is before mentioned; any thing herein or in such Letters Patents, to be contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

But not to prejudice any Dispositions, &c. since 1 *Anne*, of the First-fruits, Post-Office, &c.

Anno 12 ANNÆ *Reginæ. Sess.* 3. *Parl.* 1.

CAP. XVI.

An Act for the better Encouragement of the making of Sail-Cloth in *Great Britain*.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

Preamble.

Whereas the making of Sail-Cloth in Great Britain, is of great Use and Benefit to the Nation, being set up in several Parts of this United Kingdom, employing many thousands of the Poor, and is brought to great Perfection; but by the Duties on Hemp and Flax imported, and Drawback on Foreign-made Sail-Cloth exported, the Makers of British Sail-Cloth have not a sufficient Encouragement for so useful and beneficial a Manufacture; Therefore we your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament assembled, have given and granted to your Majesty, such Additional Duty upon Foreign Sail-Cloth to be imported, as is herein after mentioned; and do most humbly beseech

beſeech your Majeſty, That it may be Enacted: And be it Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the One and twentieth Day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and thirteen, over and above all Subſidies, Duties, Impoſitions and Payments, already due and payable, or which ought to be paid to her Majeſty, for or upon ſuch Foreign made Sails and Sail Cloth, or Canvas uſually entred as Hollands Duck or Vitry Canvas, which ſhall be fit and proper to be made uſe of for making of Sails for navigating Ships and Veſſels, and which ſhall be imported into Great Britain by way of Merchandize, except ſuch Canvas as is of the Product and Manufacture of Ireland, there ſhall be raiſed and levied, collected and paid unto her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, a further Duty of One Peny per Ell, and after that rate for greater or leſſer quantities, during the Term of Seven Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, and no longer; the ſame to be raiſed, levied, collected and recovered, by ſuch Ways, Means and Methods, and ſubject to ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and in ſuch Manner and Form, as any Subſidy payable to her Majeſty for any other Goods or Merchandizes imported, or to be imported, may by any Law or Laws now in force, be raiſed, levied, collected and recovered.

Foreign Sail-Cloth, uſually entred as *Hollands Duck* or *Vitry* Canvas, imported, to pay One Peny *per* Ell above all former Impoſitions,

Except as to *Ireland*,

Further continued for 7 Years by 5 Geo. cap. 25.

for 7 Years, &c.

II. And whereas Hemp and Flax imported, draws back nothing of the Duties paid for the ſame, when wrought up into Britiſh Sail-Cloth; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That out of the ſaid Additional Duty of One Peny per Ell, a Reward or Recompenſe of One Peny be given and paid for every Ell of Britiſh-made Sail-Cloth or Canvas, fit for or made into Sails, which from and after the One and twentieth day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and thirteen, and within the ſaid Term of Seven Years, or at any time before the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be exported out of Great Britain by way of Merchandize: Provided always, That the Exporter of ſuch Britiſh-made Sail-Cloth, ſhall always before he receives any ſuch Reward, make Oath (which the proper Officers of the Cuſtoms have hereby Power to Adminiſter) that ſuch Sail-Cloth was made in Great Britain, is actually exported or ſhipped to be exported, without any intention to be relanded in any Part of Great Britain, and that no former Reward upon this Act was made for the ſame Sail-Cloth.

A Reward of One Peny *per* Ell to be given for all *Britiſh* Sail-Cloth exported.

Continued ut ſupra.

III. And it is hereby Enacted, That if any Britiſh-made Sail-Cloth, for which ſuch Reward ſhall have been given, ſhall be relanded in Great Britain, the ſame ſhall be forfeited, and every Perſon concerned in bringing back or relanding the ſame, ſhall forfeit Two Shillings for every Ell ſo brought back or relanded, One moiety of which Forfeitures ſhall be to her Majeſty, and the other moiety thereof to ſuch as will ſeize, inform or ſue for the ſame, or the Value thereof, to be recovered by Action, Bill, Suit or Information, in any her Majeſties Courts of Record at Weſtminſter, or in the Exchequer at Edinburgh, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection, Wager of Law, or more than One Imparlance ſhall be allowed.

Such Sail-Cloth relanded forfeited, and 2 s. *per* Ell.

Anno 12 ANNÆ *Reginæ. Seſſ.* 3. *Parl.* 1.

CAP. XVIII.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for making Perpetual the Act made in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of the Reign of the late King *Charles* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the better Relief of the Poor of this Kingdom*; and that Perſons bound Apprentices to, or being hired Servants with Perſons coming

coming with Certificates, ſhall not gain Settlements by ſuch Services or Apprenticeſhips: And for making Perpetual the Act made in the Sixth Year of her preſent Majeſties Reign, Intituled, *An Act for the Importation of Cochineal from any Ports in* Spain, *during the preſent War, and Six Months longer*: And for reviving a Clauſe in an Act made in the Ninth and Tenth Years of the Reign of the late King *William* [Intituled, *An Act for ſettling the Trade to* Africa] for allowing Foreign Copper Bars imported, to be exported.

III. AND whereas Cochineal, being of the Growth of the Spaniſh Weſt-Indies, is of Principal Uſe in dying of Clothes, and other the Woollen Manufactures of this Kingdom, Scarlets, Purples, and other Colours, called Grain Colours, to the great Improvement thereof, and imploying of great Numbers of her Majeſties Subjects, in finiſhing and perfecting ſuch Woollen Manufacture: And whereas before the Act paſſed in the Sixth Year of her preſent Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for the Importation of Cochineal from any Ports in *Spain*, during the preſent War, and Six Months longer, Cochineal could not be imported into this Kingdom, but from the Places of its Growth, although the ſame was then, and is now ſold at cheaper Rates in ſeveral Parts of Europe, and uſed, as well in dying the ſaid Manufactures of this Kingdom abroad, as alſo Foreign Manufactures, at lower Prices than her Majeſties Subjects can, to the Encouragement of Foreign Woollen Manufactures, and the great Prejudice of thoſe of this Kingdom, and Impoveriſhment of many of her Majeſties Subjects employed therein, if the ſaid Act ſhould not be further continued; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Act made in the Sixth Year of her preſent Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for the Importation of Cochineal from any Ports in *Spain*, during the preſent War, and Six Months longer, ſhall be and is hereby made perpetual; any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithſtanding.

6 A. *cap.* 33.

Cochineal may be imported from any Ports in *Spain*.

6 A. *cap.* 33.

IV. And whereas in an Act made in the Ninth and Tenth Years of the Reign of the late King William, Intituled, An Act to Settle the Trade to *Africa*, a Clauſe was Enacted in the Words following, viz. And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Fifth and Sixth Years of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, and the late Queen Mary, amongſt other Things, It was Enacted, That no other Copper than what is made of Engliſh Oze only, ſhould be exported, which proving very Prejudicial to the Trade of England, by enabling Foreigners to export Copper much cheaper than it can be carried from England, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any of his Majeſties Subjects to export from England, all ſuch Copper Bars as hath or ſhall be imported into England, from Foreign Parts, and upon Exportation ſhall draw back all Duties, or vacate the Securities, ſaving the Half of the Old Subſidy, as is uſual in other Commodities: Which Clauſe being expired, and for as much as the Copper Manufacture of this Kingdom is brought to ſuch Perfection, that there is more made than can be expended here, and in the Plantations; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Clauſe, and every Matter and Thing therein contained, ſhall be and is hereby immediately from and after the time of the Expiration thereof, revived in full Force, and ſhall be and is hereby continued for and during the Space and Term of Fourteen Years, and from thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament, and no longer.

9 & 10 W. 3. *cap.* 26.

Foreign Copper may be exported for 14 Years, &c.

V. Provided nevertheleſs, and be it Enacted, That no Drawback ſhall be allowed on the Exportation of any Copper, but ſuch as hath been or ſhall be imported from the Eaſt-Indies, and the Coaſt of Barbary only.

No Drawback but for *Eaſt-India* or *Barbary* Copper.

Anno 12 ANNÆ *Reginæ. Seſſ.* 1. *Parl.* 2.

CAP. III.

An Act for charging and continuing the Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen; and for the Encouragement of the diſtilling Brandy from malted Corn and Cyder; and for making forth Duplicates of Exchequer Bills and Lottery Tickets, Loſt, Burnt or Deſtroyed; and to enable the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, and others, to Lend Money upon *South-Sea* Stock.

Anno 12 ANNÆ *Reginæ. Seſſ.* 1. *Parl.* 2.

CAP. V.

An Act for taking away the New Additional Duty of Thirty Pounds *per Centum ad Valorem*, impoſed upon all Books and Prints imported into *Great Britain*, by an Act made in the Tenth Year of the Reign of her preſent Majeſty Queen *Anne*.

Preamble.

10 A. *cap.* 19.

Whereas by divers Acts of Parliament heretofore made, ſeveral Duties have been laid upon all Books and Prints imported into Great Britain: And whereas by an Act made in the Tenth Year of the Reign of her preſent Majeſty Queen Anne, a further Duty of Thirty Pounds per Centum ad Valorem was laid upon all Books and Prints imported into Great Britain; which ſaid Additional Duty of Thirty Pounds per Centum has been found, by Experience, to have tended very much to the Diſcouragement of Learning, and to have been Prejudicial to the other Duties formerly laid: Be it therefore Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the Four and twentieth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen, the ſaid Duty of Thirty Pounds per Centum ad Valorem ſhall not be charged, levied or collected upon any Books or Prints imported into Great Britain, but the ſaid Duty is hereby abſolutely diſcharged and taken away; and the ſaid Act, ſo far only as it relates to the ſaid Duty of Thirty Pounds per Centum ad Valorem, ſhall be and is hereby abſolutely repealed.

The Duty of 30 *l. per Cent. ad Valorem* on Books and Prints imported taken off.

Anno 12 ANNÆ *Reginæ. Seſſ.* 1. *Parl.* 2.

CAP. VIII.

An Act for encouraging the Tobacco Trade.

Preamble.

7 W. 3. *cap.* 10.

1 Jac. 2. *cap.* 4.

Whereas by an Act made in the Seventh Year of the Reign of the late King William the Third, Intituled, An Act for continuing ſeveral Duties granted by former Acts upon Wines and Vinegar, and upon Tobacco and *Eaſt-India* Goods, and other Merchandizes imported, for carrying on the War againſt *France*, the Methods preſcribed for collecting the Impoſt-Duty upon Tobacco, granted by an Act paſt in the Firſt Year of the Reign of King James the Second, are altered, and (among other things) it is Enacted, That on any

Payment of the ſaid Duty for Tobacco to be conſumed here, there be an Allowance of Eight Pounds per Cent. for the Merchants Encouragement, in Conſideration of waſte and ſhrinkage in the Cellars, and an Allowance of Four Pounds per Cent. in Conſideration of waſte that may ariſe on any Tobacco exported within the time allowed by Law, to be ſtruck off only from the Entries, and not to be paid where the whole Quantity entred ſhall happen to be exported, both which Acts are ſince continued, and are now in force: And whereas by Law there are ſeveral other Duties payable on the Importation of Tobacco, but no Proviſion is made thereby for giving any Allowance out of the ſame, in Conſideration of waſte or ſhrinkage, as aforeſaid; and it being reaſonable that the manner of collecting the ſeveral Duties upon Tobacco ſhould be in one uniform Method, and that the ſame Allowance for waſte and ſhrinkage on the Conſumption here, ſhould be granted to the Exporters, for the Preſervation and Improvement of that moſt beneficial Trade, which, for many Years paſt, hath greatly declined; Be it Enacted and Declared by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the Firſt day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen, during the Term of Five Years, and from thence to the end of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, there ſhall, for the better Encouragement of the ſaid Conſumption and Export-Trade, be an Allowance of Eight Pounds per Cent. made to the Merchant at Importation, out of all the Duties payable upon Tobacco, inſtead of the aforeſaid Eight Pounds, and Four Pounds per Cent. which by the before recited Acts are to be allowed only out of the Impoſt-Duty, and which ſaid Allowance of Eight Pounds per Cent. out of all the ſaid Duties ſhall not be deducted from the Merchants on Exportation; any Law or Cuſtom to the contrary notwithſtanding.

By the 5 G. c. 7. to continue as long as the Duties on Tobacco.

After 1 *June*, 1714. for 5 Years, 8 *l. per Cent.* allowed out of all the Duties on Tobacco.

Not to be deducted on Exportation.

II. And whereas by the Act of Tonnage and Poundage, made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, and by the Book of Rates thereunto annext, an Additional Duty of One Peny per Pound was made payable for all Tobacco of the Engliſh Plantations, upon giving Security for Payment of the ſame at Nine Months after the Importation: And whereas by the ſaid Act made in the Firſt Year of the Reign of the late King James the Second, a Duty or Impoſt of Three Pence per Pound was laid on the ſame Tobacco, and Six Pence per Pound on all Tobacco of Foreign Plantations, the Method of collecting which Impoſt-Duty was altered by the ſaid Act made in the Seventh Year of the Reign of the late King William the Third, and thereby the Payment thereof was to be at the end of Eighteen Months, with certain Diſcounts at different Rates for Prompt-Payment within the reſpective times thereby limited: And whereas by an Act made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty King William the Third, a further Subſidy of One Peny per Pound was laid on all Tobacco of the Engliſh Plantations, payable in Three Months from the Importation, upon Security: And whereas by One other Act made in the Second Year of her Majeſties Reign, a Duty of One third part of One Peny per Pound was made payable on the ſame Tobacco, and the Importer to have Nine Months for the Payment thereof, on ſufficient Security; all which Acts before mentioned are, by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts, ſince continued, and are now in force: And whereas the Payment of the ſaid ſeveral Duties, at the different times, as before mentioned according to the reſpective Acts of Parliament, has by Experience, been found prejudicial and burthenſome to Trade, and a loſs to the Revenue: For Prevention whereof for the future, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Firſt day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen, during the Term of Five Years, and from thence to the end of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, all the ſaid ſeveral and reſpective

12 Car. 2. c. 4.

1 Jac. 2. *cap.* 4.

7 W. 3. *cap.* 10.

9 W. 3. *cap.* 23.

2 A. *cap.* 9.

All Duties on Tobacco before mentioned, payable at the End of 18 Months,

respective Duties on Tobacco, granted by the aforementioned Acts of Parliament, and since continued, shall be due and payable, during the Term aforesaid, at the End of Eighteen Months, to commence at the End of Thirty Days after the Masters Report of the Ship, or to commence from the Merchants Entry of the Goods within those Thirty Days, which shall first happen, and the Bond or Bonds to be given for the same shall be made payable at the End of Eighteen Months accordingly; any Statute or Law to the contrary notwithstanding.

to commence at the End of 30 Days after the Masters Report, or the Merchants Entry within those 30 Days.

III. Provided always, That if the Importer or Proprietor of Tobacco shall, upon Entry thereof, pay ready Money for all or any part of the said Duties within the said Thirty Days, or at any time or times within any of the first Fifteen Months of the said Eighteen Months, to commence at the End of the said Thirty Days after the Masters Report of the Ship, he shall, in lieu of all former Discounts made for Prompt Payment, out of all the said Duties have an Allowance made of Ten Pounds per Centum per Annum for the said Fifteen Months, or proportionably for so many intire Months of the said Fifteen Months as shall then remain unexpired, but not to be allowed any Discount after the End of Fifteen Months, nor for any less time than a Month; and in case after the Importer or Proprietor shall have given Security as aforesaid, (which at his Election may be in One or more Bond or Bonds) to pay the said several Duties in Eighteen Months, and shall be desirous to discharge his Bond or Bonds, or any part thereof, in ready Money, sooner than Fifteen Month, he shall be abated upon the Bond or Bonds for such Prompt Payment, so much as the said Discount shall amount to in Proportion to such time, but not to be allowed any Discount after the End of Fifteen Months.

Allowance for ready Money.

10 l. per Cent. for 15 Months, or proportionably.

If Bond paid sooner than 15 Months, to have a Discount in Proportion.

IV. Provided also, That nothing in this Act contained, is intended to take away the said Allowance of Eight per Cent. to be made out of the several Duties for the Merchants Encouragement, and in Consideration of Waste and Shrinkage, nor the Allowance of Five in the Hundred out of the several Subsidies, and the said Additional Duty, by virtue of the respective Act of Tonnage and Poundage and other Acts before recited.

Not to take away 8 *per Cent.* for Shrinkage, nor 5 in the Hundred out of the Subsidies.

V. And whereas several Merchants and other Persons concerned in the Importation of Tobacco of the English Plantations, are frequently under Difficulties, and unable to give good and sufficient Security for the Payment of the several Duties imposed thereon: And whereas putting the same into proper Ware-houses may not only be an Ease and Convenience to the Importers thereof; but also a Security to her Majesties Revenue, Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fourteen, during the Term of Five Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, in case any Person importing any of the said Tobacco, shall pay down in ready Money the Subsidy of One Peny per Pound due and payable to her Majesty by the Act of the Twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King Charles the Second, or by any Act or Acts continuing the same, and shall then desire to have the said Tobacco put into Ware-houses, under the Queens and the Merchants Locks, for the Security of the Remainder of the Duties, the Merchant or his Servants shall have free Access into the said Ware-houses at all seasonable times, and the Custom-house Officers are hereby required to attend, without Fee or Reward; and it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners or Principal Officers of the Customs, to permit and cause the said Tobacco to be lodged and put into Ware-houses (to be provided by and at the Charge of the Merchants, and to be first approved by the said Commissioners or Officers) upon the Merchants giving his own Bond for Payment of the Duties at the End of Fifteen Months; and if the Importer or Importers of such Tobacco, as has been so lodged in the Ware-houses, shall not within the said time of Fifteen Months, offer good and sufficient Security for Payment of the Duties at the End of the said

By the 5 G. c. 7. to continue as long as the Duties on Tobacco.

On paying down the Duty of 1 *d. per* lb. Tobacco may be Warehoused at Merchants Charge, under the Queens and Merchants Locks.

Warehouse to be at the Charge of the Merchants, but first approved by the Commissioners or Officers.

Merchant to give his own Bond to pay the Duties at 15 Months End, or in that time to give good Security to pay in 18 Months,

or export,

Eighteen Months, or by Debentures on Exportation of such Tobacco, or Payment of the several Duties for which his own Bond hath been given, Discharge his or their Obligations, or any Part thereof, but that the Tobacco, or any Part thereof shall continue and be still remaining in the said Ware-houses for want of the Payment of the Duties due thereon; in such case it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or Principal Officers of the Customs for the time being, and who are hereby required and impowered to cause the said Tobacco so remaining to be publickly sold by Inch of Candle, first giving the Proprietor or Proprietors Fourteen Days Notice, or leaving the same in writing at the Place of his or their last Abode; the Product thereof, after such Sale, first to be applied towards Payment of the Customs and Charges that have been expended thereon, and the Overplus, if any, to be rendred and paid to the Proprietor, or other Person lawfully Authorized to receive the same.

else to be sold by Inch of Candle.

The Produce applied to Customs, &c.

Tobacco burnt in the Ware-house, Duties to be allowed, and Bond discharged.

VI. Provided always, That in case any Tobacco put into the said Ware-houses, and so locked up, as aforesaid, shall be burnt or destroyed by Fire, during the time it remains in the said Ware-houses, the Proprietors or Owners of such Tobacco shall be allowed the Duties paid, and the Bond shall be discharged for so much thereof as shall have been so burnt or destroyed.

For Tobacco in the River unentred,

VII. And whereas divers great Quantities of Tobacco of the English Plantations have been imported for some time, but by reason of the Deadness of the Tobacco Trade, occasioned by the Length of the late War, the Importers or Proprietors thereof have not entred the said Tobacco, and paid or secured the Duties for the same, as the Law requires: For Relief therefore of the said Importers or Proprietors of the said Tobacco in this special case,

Time of Importation to be reckoned from 2 *June*, 1714.

Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the time of Importation of all such Tobaccoes, as are already imported, and not entred, shall be reckoned to be from the Second day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fourteen, in like manner as if the Masters of the said Ships or Vessels had made Report of their several Ladings on that Day; and the Importers or Proprietors of such Tobacco shall pay or secure the Duties, and have and enjoy the several Allowances and Discounts, and be entitled to drawback the Duties, as fully and in like manner as if the said Tobacco had been imported, and the Masters of the Ships had made their respective Reports of their Ladings, on the said Second day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fourteen; any Law, Usage, or Custom to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

VIII. And whereas it has been found by Experience, That her Majesties Revenue suffers great Prejudice, as well by Allowances for Damaged Tobacco, as by the obtaining a Drawback by Debenture on the reshipping the same, as if such Tobacco had been Sound and Good, and paid the Duties at Importation: For preventing the like Abuses for the future,

No Allowance for Damaged Tobacco.

Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and fourteen, within or during the Term of Five Years thence next ensuing, or at any time before the End of the then next Session of Parliament, no Merchant or other Person whatsoever shall have any Allowance or Abatement for the Subsidies or other Duties made him, for any sort of Tobacco imported, or to be imported, under pretence of such Tobacco being Corrupt or Unmerchantable; But in case any Merchant or other Person shall refuse to make Entry of such Damaged Tobacco, and to pay and secure the whole Duties due and payable for the same, then he or they shall have Liberty to separate from his or their Tobacco, so much thereof as they shall refuse to pay Custom for, and the Principal Officers of her Majesties Customs, or any Two or more of them, shall cause all such Corrupt Tobacco to be weighed, and publickly burnt, or otherwise destroyed, as not wholesom and fit for use, and the Owner or Importer thereof shall be discharged from paying or securing any Subsidy, or

by 5 Geo. *cap.* 7. *to continue as long as the Duties on Tobacco.*

Merchant refusing to pay the Duties, such Tobacco to be burnt, &c.

other

other Duties for the same, to her Majesty; any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

IX. Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Owner or Importer of such Damaged and Corrupt Tobacco, shall, as a Compensation for Freight and other Charges, and for that the cutting off and separating the same may deface the Remainder of the Tobacco, have an Allowance of Twenty five Pounds weight of Tobacco, free of all Duties, for every One hundred Pounds of such Corrupt and Damaged Tobacco so separated to be burnt or destroyed, as aforesaid, and so in proportion for any greater or lesser Quantity; which Allowance of Twenty five Pounds for every One hundred Pounds of Tobacco so to be made, as aforesaid, shall be by Certificate, and the Officers are hereby required to make, pass, and pay such Certificate without Fee or Reward, the Tobacco mentioned in such Certificate not to be placed to the Merchants Export Account, so as such Allowance of Twenty five Pounds of Tobacco for every One hundred Pounds of Damaged Tobacco, so separated or destroyed, does not exceed the Quantity of One hundred and fifty Pounds of Tobacco, upon or for any Hogshead of Arranoco Tobacco, or the Quantity of Two hundred Pounds of Tobacco, upon or for any Hogshead of Sweet-scented Tobacco.

Owner to be allowed 25 lb. for every 100 lb. of Damaged Tobacco so burnt, &c.

The Allowance to be by Certificate, without Fee,

and not to be placed to the Export Account, &c.

X. Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to forbid or hinder the Merchants or Importers having an Allowance made them for Damaged Tobacco, in such manner as hath been usual, so as such Allowance doth not exceed Forty Pounds weight of Tobacco upon any One Hogshead; and for the more ready Dispatch of Business, such small Damages, not exceeding Forty Pounds weight on any One Hogshead, shall be viewed, and the Allowance made in the Scale; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Not to hinder former Allowances, not exceeding 40 lb. on any One Hogshead,

to be made in the Scale.

XI. And whereas it frequently happens that divers Goods and Merchandizes are brought into her Majesties Storehouses for want of being Entred, and because the Duties of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Duties are not Paid and Secured as the Law directs, which Goods do remain there divers Years, and often so long, until they are Perished, and become of no Value, whereby the Queen hath lost the whole Custom due on the Importation of the said Goods; For Prevention whereof for the future, Be it likewise Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First day of July, One thousand seven hundred and fourteen, the Commissioners of the Customs for the time being, shall in all Cases where the Goods are or shall be brought into her Majesties Storehouses for Security of the Customs, and other Duties due thereon, as soon as conveniently they can, cause all Goods so brought into her Majesties Storehouses, as aforesaid, which shall have remained there for the space of Twelve Months, the Subsidy and other Duties not paid, compounded for, or otherwise secured, as the Law directs, to be publickly sold by Auction, or Inch of Candle, and after such Sale, the Produce thereof is first to be applied to or towards the Payment of the Freight, Primage, and Charges of Ware-house room, and other Charges that shall arise thereon, next the Customs and Duties, and the Overplus to be paid to the Proprietor, or other Persons authorized to receive the same.

Goods in Ware-houses unpaid for, to be sold at Publick Sale.

Produce how to be applied.

8 A. *cap.* 13. XII. And whereas an Act passed in the Eighth Year of her Majesties Reign, for continuing several Impositions, Additional Impositions, and Duties upon Goods Imported, to raise Money by way of Loan for Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ten, and for better preventing Frauds in Drawbacks upon Certificate Goods, and for other Purposes therein mentioned; in which there were several Regulations Enacted to be complied with, in order to entitle the Exporters of Tobacco to their Debentures, which new Regulations being made to commence from the Twenty seventh day of March, One thousand seven hundred and ten,

ten, by which time the ſame could not be known in Scotland, ſeveral Parcels of Tobacco, through Ignorance, were exported from thence without regard to the Regulations laid down in the ſaid Act, the Debentures of which Tobacco have been refuſed to be made forth and allowed to the Merchants upon that account only; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for all Tobacco exported from Scotland, after the Twenty ſeventh day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, and before the Sixteenth day of April following, the Barons of the Exchequer in Scotland ſhall cauſe the Debentures to be made forth, and allowed to the Merchants according to the Laws in force before the ſaid Twenty ſeventh day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten; any thing in the aforeſaid Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

For all Tobacco exported from *Scotland* between 27 *Mar.* and 16 *April*, 1710. Exchequer there to make out Debentures.

XIII. And whereas there has been ſome doubt whether the Deputations or Authorities granted to Collectors, Surveyors, or other Inferior Officers of the Cuſtoms, do remain in force upon the Death or Removal of any of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, by whom the Deputations were granted; Be it Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That all ſuch Collectors, Surveyors, or other Inferior Officers of the Cuſtoms who are or have been, or ſhall be hereafter deputed or appointed, as aforeſaid, ſhall be deemed to remain and continue in their reſpective Offices and Imployments, notwithſtanding the Death or Removal of any of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, who deputed and appointed ſuch Officers, until the Deputations of ſuch Officers reſpectively ſhall be, by the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any Superior Authority, revoked, annulled or made void.

Deputations in force, notwithſtanding the Death, &c. of Commiſſioners.

CAP. IX.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for laying Additional Duties on Sope, and Paper, and upon certain Linens, Silks, Callicoes and Stuffs, and upon Starch, and exported Coals, and upon Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper, for raiſing One million four hundred thouſand Pounds, by way of a Lottery, for her Majeſties Supply; and for Allowances on exporting made Wares of Leather, Sheep-skins and Lamb-skins; and for Diſtribution of Four thouſand Pounds due to the Officers and Seamen for Gun-Money; and to adjuſt the Property of Tickets in former Lotteries; and touching certain Shares of Stock in the Capital of the *South-Sea* Company; and for appropriating the Monies granted to her Majeſty.

Preamble.

MAy it pleaſe your moſt Excellent Majeſty, we your Majeſties moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament aſſembled, being deſirous that ſuch Supplies as are neceſſary for defraying your Majeſties Publick Expences may be effectually raiſed, have therefore cheerfully and unanimouſly given and granted, and do by this Act give and grant unto your Majeſty the ſeveral and reſpective Rates and Duties for and upon all Sope made in Great Britain, or imported into the ſame; and for and upon all Paper made in Great Britain, or imported into the ſame; and for and upon all chequered and ſtriped Linens to be imported into Great Britain; and for and upon certain Silks, Callicoes, and other enumerated Goods, which ſhall be printed, painted, ſtained or dyed in Great Britain; and for and upon all Starch made in Great Britain; and for and upon all Coals exported for Foreign Parts; and for and upon ſuch Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper, and other things hereafter in this Act more par-

particularly deſcribed or mentioned, for and during ſuch Term or Terms of Years, and in ſuch Manner and Form as are herein after expreſſed; and do moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty, that it may be Enacted: And be it Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by Authority of the ſame, That there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected and paid, unto and for the Uſe of her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all Sope of what kind ſoever, which at any time or times within or during the Term of Two and thirty Years, to be reckoned from the Second day of Auguſt, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen, ſhall be imported or brought into the Kingdom of Great Britain, or made within the ſame, the ſeveral and reſpective Additional or New Duties herein after deſcribed or mentioned (over and above all Cuſtoms, Subſidies, Rates and Duties chargeable upon ſuch Sope, or any part thereof, by any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in force) That is to ſay, for every Pound weight, conſiſting of Sixteen Ounces Averdupoize, of ſuch Sope, ſo to be imported or brought into the ſaid Kingdom, within or during the Term aforeſaid, One Peny, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity, to be paid down in ready Money by the Importers thereof, from time to time, before the Landing of the ſame; and for every ſuch Pound weight of Sope to be made in the ſaid Kingdom of Great Britain, within and during the Term aforeſaid, One Half-peny, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity, to be paid by the Makers thereof reſpectively.

Continued for ever, by 6 Geo. cap. 4.

For 32 Years from 2 *Auguſt*, 1714 Sope imported to pay the Additional Duty of 1 *d. per* lb.

Sope made in *Great Britain* ob, *per* lb.

II. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected and paid, unto and for the Uſe of her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all Paper of what kind ſoever, and all Paſtboards, Wildboards and Scaleboards, which at any time or times, within or during the Term of Two and thirty Years, to be reckoned from the ſaid Second day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen, ſhall be imported or brought into the Kingdom of Great Britain (printed Books, Maps, and other Prints always excepted) the ſeveral and reſpective Rates and Duties herein after expreſſed (over and above the preſent Cuſtoms, Subſidies, and Duties upon the ſame Commodities reſpectively) that is to ſay,

Continued, ut ſupra.

Additional Duty upon Paper, Paſtboard, &c. for 32 Years from 2 *Auguſt*, 1714.

For and upon all Paper uſually called or known by the Name of Atlas Fine, which ſhall be imported or brought in, as aforeſaid, the Sum of Eight Shillings for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity. Atlas Fine.

For and upon all Paper uſually called or known by the Name of Atlas Ordinary, which ſhall be imported or brought in, as aforeſaid, the Sum of Four Shillings for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity. Atlas Ordinary.

For and upon all Paper uſually called or known by the Name of Imperial Fine, which ſhall be imported or brought in, as aforeſaid, the Sum of Eight Shillings for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity. Imperial Fine.

For and upon all Paper uſually called or known by the Name of Super Royal Fine, which ſhall be imported or brought in, as aforeſaid, the Sum of Six Shillings for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity. Super Royal Fine.

For and upon all Paper uſually called or known by the Name of Royal Fine, which ſhall be imported or brought in, as aforeſaid, the Sum of Four Shillings for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity. Royal Fine.

For and upon all Paper uſually called or known by the Name of Medium Fine, which ſhall be imported or brought in, as aforeſaid, the Sum of Three Shillings for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity. Medium Fine.

For and upon all Paper uſually called or known by the Name of Demy Fine, which ſhall be imported or brought in, as aforeſaid, Demy Fine.

the

the Sum of Two Shillings for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity.

Demy Second. For and upon all Paper uſually called or known by the Name of Demy Second, which ſhall be imported or brought in, as aforeſaid, the Sum of One Shilling and Three Pence for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity.

Demy Printing. For and upon all Paper uſually called or known by the Name of Demy Printing, which ſhall be imported or brought in, as aforeſaid, the Sum of Ten Pence for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity.

Fine Holland Royal. For and upon all Paper uſually called or known by the Name of Fine Holland Royal, which ſhall be imported or brought in, as aforeſaid, the Sum of One Shilling and Seven Pence Half-peny for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity.

Fine Holland Second. For and upon all Paper uſually called or known by the Name of Fine Holland Second, which ſhall be imported or brought in, as aforeſaid, the Sum of One Shilling for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity.

Blue Royal. For and upon all Paper uſually called or known by the Name of Blue Royal, which ſhall be imported or brought in, as aforeſaid, the Sum of One Shilling for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity.

Painted Paper imported. For and upon all painted Paper which ſhall be imported or brought in, as aforeſaid, the Sum of Four Shillings for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity.

Cartridge Paper. For and upon all Paper uſually called or known by the Name of Cartridge Paper, which ſhall be imported or brought in, as aforeſaid, the Sum of Nine Pence for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity.

Elephant Fine. For and upon all Paper uſually called or known by the Name of Elephant Fine, which ſhall be imported or brought in, as aforeſaid, the Sum of Four Shillings for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity.

Ordinary Elephant. For and upon all Paper uſually called or known by the Name of Ordinary Elephant, which ſhall be imported or brought in, as aforeſaid, the Sum of One Shilling and Seven Pence Half-peny for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity.

Fine Large Poſt. For and upon all Paper uſually called or known by the Name of Fine Large Poſt, which ſhall be imported or brought in, as aforeſaid, the Sum of One Shilling and Three Pence for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity.

Fine Fools Cap. For and upon all Paper uſually called or known by the Name of Fine Fools Cap, which ſhall be imported or brought in, as aforeſaid, One Shilling and Three Pence for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity.

Second Fools Cap. For and upon all Paper uſually called or known by the Name of Second Fools Cap, which ſhall be imported or brought in, as aforeſaid, One Shilling for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity.

Baſtard, or Double Copy. For and upon all Paper uſually called or known by the Name of Baſtard, or Double Copy, which ſhall be imported or brought in, as aforeſaid, One Shilling for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity.

Chancery Double. For and upon all Paper uſually called or known by the Name of Chancery Double, which ſhall be imported or brought in, as aforeſaid, One Shilling for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity.

Super Fine Pot. For and upon all Paper uſually called or known by the Name of Super Fine Pot, which ſhall be imported or brought in, as aforeſaid, One Shilling for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity.

Second Fine Pot. For and upon all Paper uſually called or known by the Name of Second Fine Pot, which ſhall be imported or brought in, as aforeſaid, Nine Pence for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity.

For

For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Genoa Royal, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, One Shilling and Seven Pence Half-peny for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. Genoa Royal.

For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Genoa Medium, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, One Shilling and Three Pence for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. Genoa Medium.

For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Genoa Demy Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, One Shilling for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. Genoa Demy Fine.

For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Genoa Demy Second, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, Nine Pence for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. Genoa Demy Second.

For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Genoa Crown Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, Nine Pence for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. Genoa Crown Fine.

For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Genoa Crown Second, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, Six Pence for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. Genoa Crown Second.

For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Genoa Fools Cap Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, Nine Pence for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. Genoa Fools Cap Fine.

For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of Genoa Fools Cap Second, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, Six Pence for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. Genoa Fools Cap Second.

For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of German Lombard, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, Six Pence for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. German Lombard.

For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of German Demy, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, Nine Pence for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. German Demy.

For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of German Crown, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, Six Pence for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. German Crown.

For and upon all Paper usually called or known by the Name of German Fools Cap, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, Six Pence for every Ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. German Fools Cap.

For and upon all Pastboards, Millboards and Scaleboards, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, Two Shillings and Six Pence for every Hundred weight, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. Pastboard, Scaleboard, &c.

And for and upon all other Paper, White or Brown, or of any other Colour or Kind whatsoever, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, (not being particularly charged in this Act) a Duty after the rate of Ten Pounds for every One hundred Pounds of the true and real Value of the same, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity. Paper not particularly charged.

III. Which said Duties for and upon the said several Sorts of Paper, and the said Pastboards, Millboards and Scaleboards, to be imported within or during the Term aforesaid, shall be paid by the respective Importers thereof from time to time. To be paid by the Importer.

VII. And be it also Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, to and for the Use of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for and upon all che-

Chequered and striped Linens, &c. imported to pay 15 *l. per Cent. ad Valorem*, except Bucktams, &c. for 32 Years from 2 *August*, 1714.

ſtured and ſtriped Linens, and upon all Linens printed, painted, ſtained, or dyed after the Manufacture, or in the Threed or Yarn before the Manufacture, in any Foreign Parts (excepting Bucktams, Lawns, Canvas, Barras, and Silesia Neckcloths) which at any time or times, within or during the Term of Two and thirty Years, to be reckoned from the ſaid Second day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen, ſhall be imported or brought into the Kingdom of Great Britain, and may lawfully be uſed or Worn there (over and above all other Cuſtoms, Subſidies or Duties, impoſed upon, or payable for the ſame) a Duty after the Rate of Fifteen Pounds for every One hundred Pounds of the true and real Value thereof, to be paid by the Importers reſpectively. *Continued for ever, by* 6 Geo. *cap.* 4.

Starch imported to pay 2 *d. per* lb. for 32 Years from 2 *Aug.* 1714.

IX. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid unto and for the Uſe of her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all Starch which, at any time or times, within or during the Term of Two and thirty Years, to be reckoned from the ſaid Second day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen ſhall be imported or brought into the Kingdom of Great Britain, (over and above all Cuſtoms, Subſidies, and Duties already impoſed thereupon) the Sum of Two Pence for every Pound weight, conſiſting of Sixteen Ounces Averdupoize, and after that Rate for a greater or leſſer Quantity, to be paid down in ready Money by the Importers thereof, from time to time, before the Landing of the ſame; and for and upon all Starch of what kind ſoever, which at any time or times, within or during the ſame Term of Two and thirty Years, ſhall be made within the ſaid Kingdom of Great Britain, the Sum of One Peny for every ſuch Pound weight Averdupoize, and after that Rate for a greater or leſſer Quantity; the ſame to be paid by the Makers thereof reſpectively. *Continued for ever, by* 6 Geo. *cap.* 4.

Made in *Great Britain* 1 *d.*

Coals exported in Foreign Bottoms to pay 5 *s.* the Chalder from the 2 *Aug.* 1714.

XI. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected and paid, unto and for the Uſe of her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all Coals which at any time or times, within or during the Term of Two and thirty Years, to be reckoned from the ſaid Second day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen, ſhall be ſhipped to be exported beyond the Seas (Coals exported to Ireland, the Iſle of Man, or her Majeſties Plantations excepted) the Duties following, that is to ſay, For ſuch Coals ſhipped to be exported in Foreign Bottoms, the Sum of Five Shillings the Chalder, Newcaſtle meaſure (over and above the preſent Duties upon the ſame) and for all Coals which at any time or times, within or during the ſame Term of Two and thirty Years, ſhall be ſhipped to be exported beyond the Seas in Britiſh Bottoms, the Sum of Three Shillings for every Chalder, Newcaſtle meaſure (over and above the preſent Duties payable for the ſame) and no more; any Law to the contrary notwithſtanding. *Continued for ever, by* 6 Geo. *cap.* 4.

In *Britiſh* Bottoms, 3 *s.*

The imported Duties, and the Duty on Coals exported, to be under the Management of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in *England* or *Scotland* reſpectively.

XII. And it is hereby Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the Duties impoſed by this Act upon ſuch Sope, Paper, Paſtboards, Millboards, Scaleboards, chequered and ſtriped Linens, or any other Commodities before charged, as ſhall be imported into England, Wales, and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, during the Term or Terms aforeſaid, and all the Duties which ſhall ariſe in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, for Coals to be exported, during the Term therein granted, as aforeſaid, ſhall be under the Management of the Commiſſioners and Officers of the Cuſtoms in England, for the time being, according to the Duties of their reſpective Offices; and that all the Duties impoſed by this Act upon ſuch Sope, Paper, Paſtboards, Millboards, Scaleboards, and chequered and ſtriped Linens, or any the Commodities before charged, as ſhall be imported into Scotland, during the reſpective Terms aforeſaid, and all the Duties impoſed by this Act, which ſhall ariſe in Scotland, for Coals to be exported during the ſaid Term therein granted, as aforeſaid, ſhall be under the Management of the Commiſſioners and Officers of the Cuſtoms in

in Scotland, for the time being, according to the Duties of their respective Offices; and that the respective Receivers General of the Customs in England and Scotland, for the time being, shall, from time to time, pay, or cause to be paid, all the Monies that they shall respectively receive for the said imported Commodities, and for the said exported Coals (the necessary Charges of raising and Accounting for the same excepted) into the Receipt of her Majesties Exchequer in England, distinctly and apart from all other Branches of the Publick Revenues, for the purposes in this Act expressed, under the like Penalties, Forfeitures, and Disabilities, as are to be inflicted by this Act for diverting or misapplying any Monies by this Act appropriated or appointed for any the purposes herein after mentioned.

How these several Duties shall be raised, &c.

XIV. And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the several Duties by this Act imposed, as aforesaid, upon Sope, Paper of all sorts, Pasteboards, Millboards, Scaleboards, chequered and striped Linens, and upon printed, painted, stained and dyed Silks, Callicoes, Linens and Stuffs, during the said Term or Terms of Years, therein by this Act granted, in all cases whatsoever (except where other Provision or Direction is specially made or given by this Act) shall be raised, levied, ascertained, secured, collected, answered, and paid, by such Ways, Means and Methods, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and with the like Discounts, Allowances, Exemptions and Drawbacks, and in such Manner and Form, as the Duties imposed on the same Commodities respectively, by an Act made in the Tenth Year of her Majesties Reign, for laying several Duties upon Sope, Paper, chequered and striped Linens, and upon certain Silks, Callicoes, Linens and Stuffs, printed, painted or stained, (amongst other things thereby charged) for and during the respective Terms thereby granted, towards raising the Sum of One million eight hundred thousand Pounds therein mentioned, or by any Act or Acts of Parliament thereby referred unto, or by any other Act of this Session of Parliament, are to be raised, levied, ascertained, secured, collected, answered and paid respectively; and that the said Duty by this Act imposed upon Starch, during all the said Term of Two and thirty Years therein by this Act granted, shall be raised, levied, ascertained, secured, collected, answered and paid, by such Ways, Means and Methods, and under such Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures, and with the like Discounts, Allowances, Exemptions and Drawbacks, and in such Manner and Form, as the Duties imposed by another Act of the Tenth Year of her Majesties Reign, upon Starch (amongst other things thereby charged) for and during the Term thereby granted, towards Raising another Sum of One million eight hundred thousand Pounds therein mentioned, or by any Act or Acts of Parliament thereby referred unto, are to be raised, levied, ascertained, secured, collected, answered and paid respectively, except in such Case or Cases, touching which other Directions are given by this Act; and that the said Duties by this Act imposed upon Coals exported to any Foreign Parts, (except before excepted) during the said Term of Years by this Act granted of and in the same, shall be raised, levied, ascertained, secured, collected, answered and paid, by such Ways, Means and Methods, and under such Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures, and in such Manner and Form, as the present Duties upon Exportation of Coals, or any other Customable Goods, to any Foreign Parts, by any Law or Statute now in force, during the Continuance thereof, are to be raised, levied, ascertained, secured, collected, answered and paid.

10 A. *cap.* 19.

XV. And for better securing the Duties by this Act Chargeable upon such of the Commodities aforesaid, as by the first mentioned Act of the Tenth Year of her Majesties Reign are directed to be marked or stamped; and to the End the Duties arising thereupon by this Act may be better distinguished, and applied to the separate Use by this Act intended, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That such proper Stamps or Seals shall, on or before

10 A. *cap.* 19.

10 A. *cap.* 26.

Proper Stamps to be provided,

the ſaid Second day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen, be provided and diſtributed by the ſaid reſpective Commiſſioners, as may ſerve to denote the Payment or Charging of the ſeveral Duties by this and the ſaid former Act chargeable on the ſame Commodities reſpectively; and that the ſaid Stamps or Seals by this Act directed to be provided, ſhall be uſed and applied accordingly, and ſhall and may, from time to time, be renewed or altered by the ſaid reſpective Commiſſioners, as often as there ſhall be a neceſſary Occaſion for renewing the ſame.

to be altered by the Commiſſioners as there ſhall be Occaſion.

All the Powers in 10 *Annæ* to be in force.

XVI. And be it alſo Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Pains of Death, and other Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures, Clauſes, Matters and Things whatſoever, contained in the ſaid ſeveral Acts of the Tenth Year of her Majeſties Reign, for raiſing, receiving, levying, recovering, ſecuring and paying the Duties on ſuch Commodities before mentioned, as are by this Act charged with New or Additional Duties thereupon, or touching the Marks or Stamps thereby directed to be continued, practiſed, and put in Execution, for raiſing, receiving, levying, recovering, ſecuring and paying the ſame New or Additional Duties, by this Act charged upon the ſame Commodities reſpectively, and all Arrearages thereof, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if they were particularly and at large repeated in the body of this preſent Act, except in ſuch caſes only where any Alterations therein is ſpecially made by this Act.

Perſons exporting Silks, Callicoes, &c. that are painted, &c. to give Notice to the proper Officer of packing the ſaid Goods,

who is to take care that the Stamps or Seals be taken off from every Piece, &c.

XVII. And whereas great Quantities of Silks, Callicoes and Linens, that are printed, painted, ſtained or dyed in Great Britain, are frequently ſhipt off, in order to be exported, as is pretended, for which the Exporter doth receive a very great Drawback; and notwithſtanding the Law already made to prevent the Relanding of them, yet very great Quantities are frequently Relanded, to the great Leſſening of her Majeſties Revenue, and Prejudice of the Fair Trader; to prevent which Evil Practices for the future, and to ſecure the Duties upon the ſaid Goods, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Second day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen, all and every Perſon and Perſons that ſhall export any Silks, Callicoes or Linens, that are printed, painted, ſtained or died, for which a Drawback is to be allowed, ſuch Perſon or Perſons (before he or they ſhall Ship the ſaid Goods, in order to obtain the Drawback for the ſame) ſhall be obliged to give Notice to the proper Officer or Officers to be appointed for that purpoſe by the reſpective Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, when and where he will Pack up the ſaid Goods, in order to be exported; and the ſaid Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms are hereby impowered and directed to cauſe ſuch Officer to take care to ſee that ſuch Seal or Seals, Stamps or Marks, be taken off from every Piece ſo intended to be exported; and the ſaid Officer or Officers ſhall take an Account of the Kinds and Quantities of the Goods ſo intended to be exported, and make a Return thereof to the Officer that ſhall be appointed by ſuch Commiſſioners to receive the ſame, without any Fee or Reward for ſo doing.

Commiſſioners and Officers to be appointed.

XXXII. And to the End all the ſaid Additional, or New Duties upon Sope and Paper, and upon certain Linens, Silks, Callicoes and Stuffs, and upon Starch and exported Coals, and upon Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper, before granted by this Act, may be certainly and duly Raiſed, and the ſame (except the neceſſary Charges of executing this Act) may be juſtly and duly brought into the Receipt of the Exchequer, according to the true meaning hereof; It is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from time to time, during the Continuance of this Act, there ſhall be appointed ſuch and ſo many Commiſſioners and Officers, as ſhall be proper and neceſſary for the managing, raiſing, collecting and paying the ſame Duties, and for keeping and rendring the Accounts of the ſame; and that the Commiſſioners and Officers concerned therein, ſhall perform their ſeveral Duties in relation to the Premiſſes,

misses, as to them respectively shall appertain, under such and the like Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities, for any Offence or Neglect therein, or for detaining, diverting or misapplying any part of the Monies arising by the same Duties, or any of them, as are prescribed, and to be inflicted by virtue of an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of his late
9 W. 3. cap. 44. Majesty King William the Third [Intituled, An Act for raising a Sum, not exceeding Two millions, upon a Fund for Payment of Annuities, after the rate of Eight Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, and for settling the Trade to the *East-Indies*] for the like Offence or Neglect, relating to the Duties thereby granted or referred unto, or for detaining, diverting, or misapplying any part of the Monies which were granted or appropriated by the Act last mentioned.

Penalty on Officers of the Exchequer, and other Officers, offending.

XLVIII. And be it further Enacted, That for the better encouraging Persons to advance the said Sum of One million four hundred thousand Pounds upon the Terms aforesaid, That all Receipts and Issues, and all other things directed by this Act to be performed in the Exchequer, and by any other Officers or Persons, shall be done and performed by the Officers there, without demanding or receiving, directly or indirectly, any Fee, Gratuity or Reward for the same; and in case the Officers of the Exchequer, or other Officers or Persons shall take or demand any such Fees or Reward, or shall divert or misapply any of the Sums to be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer, for making up the aforesaid Fund, or shall pay or issue out the same, otherwise than according to the Intent of this Act, or shall not keep Books and Registers, and make Entries, and do and perform all other things which by this Act they are required to perform, every such Officer shall forfeit his Office, and be for the future incapable of any Office or Place of Trust whatsoever, and shall answer and pay treble Damages and Costs of Suit to any Adventurer, or the Executors, Administrators, or Assigns of any Adventurer that will sue for the same, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of her Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Privilege of Parliament, or other Privilege, or Wager of Law, Injunction, or Order of Restraint, or more than one Imparlance shall be granted or allowed, and in the said Action the Plaintiff upon Recovery shall have full Costs; One third part of which Sum so to be recovered, shall be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer, for the Benefit of her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors; and the other Two third parts shall be to and for the Use of the Prosecutor.

Tanned Leather Manufactured, to draw back 1 *d.* ob *per* lb. on Exportation, upon a Debenture, giving Security.

9 A. cap. 11. 10 A. cap. 26. LXVIII. And whereas, by an Act passed the Ninth Year of her Majesties Reign, certain Duties are laid on tanned Leather; and by another Act passed the Tenth Year of her Majesties Reign, further Duties are laid thereon, and by the said Acts only Two thirds of the respective Duties are to be drawn back, or allowed upon the Exportation of Boots, Shoes, Gloves or other Manufactures, which by Experience is found to be a Discouragement to the Manufacturers employed therein; For remedy whereof, Be it Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that from and after the Second day of August, One thousand seven hundred and fourteen, there shall, in lieu of the said Two thirds of the said Duties, be paid and allowed to the Exporter or Exporters, for all tanned Leather which shall be Manufactured and actually made into Goods or Wares, by him or them exported, on a proper Debenture to be made for that purpose, and Security given for the same, as by the said Acts are prescribed, the Sum of One Peny Half-peny for every Pound-weight thereof, and so in proportion for every greater or lesser Quantity; which Drawback of One Peny Half-peny per Pound, shall be paid out of the respective Duties granted by the said Acts of the Ninth and of the Tenth Years of her Majesties Reign; any Law to the contrary notwithstanding.

9 A. 3. cap. 11. LXIX. And whereas, by an Act of Parliament passed in the Ninth Year of her Majesties Reign [Intituled, An Act for laying certain

certain Duties upon Hides and Skins tanned, tawed or dreſſed, and upon Vellum and Parchment, for the Term of Thirty two Years, for proſecuting the War, and other her Majeſties moſt neceſſary Occaſions, It is Enacted, That upon the Shipping of any Hides or Calve skins for Exportation into Foreign Parts, and giving Security to the Cuſtomer or Collector of the Cuſtoms of the Port from whence ſuch Exportation ſhall be made, That ſuch Hides and Calve-skins ſhall not be relanded or brought on Shore, in any Port or Part of Great Britain, the Cuſtomer or Collector ſhall give the Exporter a Certificate or Debenture in Writing, of the Kinds and Quantities of ſuch Hides and Calve-skins; and that upon producing ſuch Certificate the Collector at the Port where ſuch Hides or Calve-skins ſhall be exported, ſhall repay to the Perſon producing ſuch Certificate, Two thirds of the Duties which were before charged for ſuch Hides or Calve-skins ſo exported, as aforeſaid: And whereas ſome Doubts have ariſen upon the Conſtruction of the ſaid Act, whether the ſame ſhall extend to allow a Drawback of the ſaid Duties, for any other ſort of Skins, tanned, tawed or dreſſed, than Hides and Calves skins; therefore to explain the ſaid Act, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Sheep-skins and Lamb-skins, tanned, tawed or dreſſed, which are chargeable with any Duties by the ſaid Act paſſed in the Ninth Year of her Majeſties Reign, ſhall, upon Exportation thereof, have a Drawback or Allowance of Two thirds of the Duties, payable by virtue of the ſaid Act, ſubject to ſuch Rules, as by the ſaid Act are preſcribed on the Exportation of any Hides or Calve-skins; any thing in the ſaid Act contained to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Sheep-skins and Lamb-skins to draw back Two thirds of the Duty.

9 A. *cap.* 11.

CAP. XVII.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the ſpeedy and effectual Preſerving the Navigation of the River of *Thames*, by ſtopping the Breach in the Levels of *Havering* and *Dagenham* in the County of *Eſſex*; and for aſcertaining the Coal-Meaſure.

XI. AND whereas the Practice and Uſage in the Port of London, for many Years laſt paſt in the Meaſurement of all ſorts of Coals, commonly called Sea-Coals, waterborn, liable to the ſeveral Duties, and chargeable with the ſame by ſeveral Acts of Parliament, hath uſually been made by a Buſhel equal to One Buſhel and One Quart, Winchester-Meaſure, according to the Standard in her Majeſties Exchequer: And whereas ſome doubts and diſputes have of late ariſen touching the Meaſurement of Sea-Coals; for preventing therefore all ſuch diſputes for the future, Be it Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Buſhel, commonly called the Coal-Buſhel, ſhall be made round, with a plain and even Bottom, and to be Nineteen Inches and a half from outſide to outſide, and to contain One Winchester Buſhel and One Quart of Water, according to the Standard for the Winchester Buſhel, deſcribed by an Act of Parliament made in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King William, for ſettling a Duty upon Malt; and all Sea-Coals and Culm chargeable with any Duties by the Winchester-Meaſure, from and after the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen, ſhall be chargeable with the ſaid Duties, and be ſold, meaſured, and paid by the Chalder, containing Thirty ſix of ſuch Buſhels, as aforeſaid, heaped up, and no other, and ſo in Proportion for

The Contents of a Coal-Buſhel.

Winchester-Meaſure.

13 W 3. *c.* 5.

for any greater or leſſer Quantity, under the like Penalties and Forfeitures as are by Law preſcribed in regard to the Wincheſter Buſhel; any Law, Uſage or Cuſtom to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

A Standard Buſhel to be kept in the Exchequer.

XII. And for the more eaſie and better aſcertaining the Contents of the ſaid Buſhel, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Lord High Treaſurer, or any Three or more of the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury for the time being, ſhall cauſe an exact Buſhel to be made of Braſs of the manner and dimenſions aforeſaid, and the ſame to be ſealed and kept in her Majeſties Exchequer, as a Standard for the purpoſes aforeſaid, that Recourſe may be had thereto as Occaſion ſhall require.

Anno 12 ANNÆ *Reginæ. Seſſ.* 1. *Parl.* 2.

CAP. XVIII.

An Act for the Preſerving all ſuch Ships, and Goods thereof, which ſhall happen to be forced on ſhore, or ſtranded upon the Coaſts of this Kingdom, or any other of her Majeſties Dominions.

Preamble.

WHereas by an Act made in the Third Year of the Reign of King Edward the Firſt, concerning Wrecks at Sea, It is
3 Ed. 1. cap. 4. Enacted, That where a Man, a Dog, or a Cat, eſcape quick out of the Ship, that ſuch Ship, nor Barge, nor any thing in them, ſhall be adjudged a Wreck, but the Goods ſhall be ſaved, and kept by view of the Sheriff, Coroner, or the Kings Bailiff, and delivered into the Hands of ſuch as are of the Town where the Goods were found; ſo that if any Sue for thoſe Goods, and after prove that they were his, or periſhed within his keeping, within a Year and a Day, they ſhall be reſtored to him, without delay, and if not, they ſhall remain to the King, or to ſuch others to whom Wreck belongeth; and he that otherwiſe doth, and thereof be attainted, ſhall be awarded to Priſon, and make Fine at the Kings Will: And whereas by another Act made in the Fourth Year of the Reign of the ſaid King Edward the Firſt, Intituled, De Officio Coronatoris, concerning the Wreck of the Sea, It is
4 Ed. 1. St. 2. Enacted, That whereſoever it be found, if any lay hands of it, he ſhall be attached by ſufficient Pledges, and the Price of the Wreck ſhall be valued, and delivered to the Town: And whereas great Complaints have been made by ſeveral Merchants, as well her Majeſties Subjects, as Foreigners trading to and from this Kingdom, that many Ships of Trade, after all their Dangers at Sea eſcaped, have unfortunately, near home, run on ſhore, or been ſtranded on the Coaſts thereof; and that ſuch Ships have been barbarouſly plundered by her Majeſties Subjects, and their Cargoes embezilled, and when any part thereof has been ſaved, it has been ſwallowed up by exorbitant Demands for Salvage, to the great Loſs of her Majeſties Revenue, and to the much greater Damage of her Majeſties trading Subjects: For remedy whereof be it Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the Sheriffs, Juſtices of the Peace of every County, or County of a City or Town, and alſo all Mayors, Bailiffs, and other Head-Officers of Corporations and Port-Towns near adjoyning to the Sea, and all Conſtables, Headboroughs, Tythingmen, and Officers of the Cuſtoms in all and every ſuch Places, ſhall, upon Application made to them, or any of them, by or on the Behalf of any Commander or Chief Officer

Sheriffs, Juſtices, Mayors, &c. and Cuſtom-houſe Officers to ſummon Men to aſſiſt Ships in Diſtreſs.

ficer of any Ship or Veſſel of any of her Majeſties Subjects, or others, being in danger of being ſtranded or run on ſhore, or being ſtranded or run on ſhore, are hereby impowered and required to command the Conſtables of the ſeveral Ports within her Majeſties Dominions, neareſt to the Sea-Coaſts where any ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall be in danger, as aforeſaid, to ſummon and call together as many Men as ſhall be thought neceſſary to the Aſſiſtance and for the Preſervation of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſo in diſtreſs, as aforeſaid, and their Cargoes; and that if there ſhall be any Ship or Veſſel, either Man of War or Merchants Ship, belonging to her Majeſty, or any of her Subjects, riding at Anchor near the Place where ſuch Ship or Veſſel is in diſtreſs or danger, as aforeſaid, the Officers of the Cuſtoms, and Conſtables above mentioned, or any of them, are hereby impowered and required to demand of the Superior Officers of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſo riding at Anchor, as aforeſaid, Aſſiſtance by their Boats, and ſuch Hands as they can conveniently ſpare, for the ſaid Service and Preſervation of the ſaid Ship or Veſſel, ſo in diſtreſs, as aforeſaid; and that in caſe ſuch Superior Officer of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, riding at Anchor, as aforeſaid, ſhall refuſe or neglect to give ſuch Aſſiſtance, he ſhall forfeit for the ſame, the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be recovered by the Superior Officer of the ſaid Ship or Veſſel, ſo in diſtreſs, as aforeſaid, together with their Coſts of Suit, in any of her Majeſties Courts of Record, by Action, Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, wherein no Eſſoign, Wager of Law, or Protection ſhall be allowed.

All Ships to aſſiſt,

on forfeiture of 100 *l.*

II. And for the Encouragement of ſuch Perſons as ſhall give their Aſſiſtance to ſuch Ships or Veſſels, ſo in diſtreſs, as aforeſaid, Be it further Enacted, That the ſaid Collectors of the Cuſtoms, and the Maſter or Commanding Officer of any Ships or Veſſels, and all others who ſhall act or be imployed in the preſerving of any ſuch Ship or Veſſel in diſtreſs, as aforeſaid, or their Cargoes, ſhall within Thirty Days after the Service performed be paid a reaſonable Reward for the ſame, by the Commander, Maſter, or other Superior Officer, Mariners or Owners of the Ship or Veſſel, ſo in diſtreſs, as aforeſaid, or by the Merchant, whoſe Ship, Veſſel, or Goods ſhall be ſo ſaved, as aforeſaid; and in default thereof, the ſaid Ship, Veſſel or Goods, ſo ſaved, as aforeſaid, ſhall remain in the Cuſtody of ſuch Officer of the Cuſtoms, or his Deputy, until ſuch time that all Charges ſhall be paid, and until the ſaid Officer of the Cuſtoms, or his Deputy, and the ſaid Maſter or other Officer of the Ship or Veſſel, and all others ſo imployed, as aforeſaid, ſhall be reaſonably gratified for their ſaid Aſſiſtance and Trouble, or good Security given for that purpoſe, to the Satisfaction of the ſeveral Parties that are to receive the ſame; and that in caſe after ſuch Salvage, the Commander or other Superior Officer, Mariners or Owners of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſo ſaved, as aforeſaid, or Merchant whoſe Goods ſhall be ſo ſaved, as aforeſaid, ſhall diſagree with the ſaid Officer of the Cuſtoms, or his Deputy, touching the Monies deſerved by any of the Perſons ſo imployed, as aforeſaid, It ſhall be lawful for the Commander of ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſo ſaved, or the Owner of the Goods, or the Merchant intereſted therein, and alſo for the ſaid Officer of the Cuſtoms, or his Deputy, to nominate Three of the Neighbouring Juſtices of the Peace, who ſhall thereupon adjuſt the Quantum of the Monies or Gratuities to be paid to the ſeveral Perſons acting or being imployed in the Salvage of the ſaid Ship, Veſſel or Goods; and ſuch Adjuſtments ſhall be binding to all Parties, and ſhall be recoverable in an Action at Law to be brought in any of her Majeſties Courts of Record, by the reſpective Perſons to whom the ſame ſhall be allotted by the ſaid Juſtices of Peace; and in caſe it ſhall happen, that no Perſon ſhall appear to make his Claim to all or any the Goods that ſhall be ſaved, That then and in ſuch Caſe, the Chief Officer of the Cuſtoms of the neareſt Port to the Place where the ſaid Ship or Veſſel was ſo in diſtreſs, as

Reaſonable Salvage to be made in Thirty Days, and in default the Ship and Goods to remain in the Cuſtody of the Officers of the Cuſtoms:

If diſagree,

Three Juſtices are to adjuſt the *Quantum*.

Goods not claimed in 12 Months, to be ſold,

as aforesaid, shall apply to Three of the nearest Justices of Peace, who shall put him or some other responsible Person in Possession of the said Goods, such Justices of Peace taking an account in writing of the said Goods, to be signed by such Officer of the Customs; and if the said Goods shall not be legally claimed within the space of Twelve Month next ensuing, by the rightful Owner thereof, then publick Sale shall be made thereof, and if perishable Goods, forthwith to be sold, and after all Charges deducted, the residue of the Monies arising by such Sale, with a fair and just Account of the whole, shall be transmitted to her Majesties Exchequer, there to remain for the Benefit of the rightful Owner when appearing, who upon Affidavit or other Proof made of his or their Right or Property thereto, to the Satisfaction of One of the Barons of the Coife of the Exchequer, shall upon his Order, receive the same out of the Exchequer.

Goods saved liable to pay Customs, by 5 Geo. cap. 11.

and the Monies transmitted into the Exchequer, &c.

III. And it is hereby also Enacted, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever, besides those impowered by the said Officer of the Customs, or his Deputy, and the Constables, as aforesaid, shall enter or endeavour to enter on Board any such Ship or Vessel, so in distress, as aforesaid, without the Leave or Consent of the Commander, or other Superior Officer of the said Ship, or of the said Officer of the Customs, or his Deputy, or of the said Constable, or some or One of them imployed for the Service and Preservation of the said Ship or Vessel, as aforesaid; or in case any Person shall molest him, them, or any of them, in the saving of the said Ship, Vessel or Goods, or shall endeavour to impede or hinder the saving of any such Ship, Vessel or Goods, or when any such Goods are saved, shall take out or deface the Marks of any such Goods, before the same shall be taken down in a Book or Books for that purpose provided by the Commander or Ruling Officer, and the First Officer of the Customs, as aforesaid, such Person or Persons shall, within the space of Twenty Days, make double Satisfaction to the Party grieved, at the Discretion of the Two next Justices of Peace, or in default thereof, shall by such Justices of Peace be sent to the next House of Correction, where he shall continue and be imployed in hard Labour by the space of Twelve Months then next ensuing; and that it shall be lawful for any Commander or Superior Officer of the said Ship or Vessel, so in distress, as aforesaid, or for the said Officer of the Customs, or Constables on board the same Ship or Vessel, to repel by force any such Person or Persons as shall, without such Leave or Consent from the said Commander or Superior Officer, or the said Officer of the Customs, or his Deputy, or such Constables, as aforesaid, press on board the said Ship or Vessel, so in distress, as aforesaid, and thereby molest them in the Preservation of the said Ship or Vessel, so in distress, as aforesaid.

Persons entring Ship without Leave,

or hindring the saving the Ship, to make double Satisfaction, &c.

Persons pressing to go on board such Ship without Leave, may be repelled by force.

IV. And it is hereby likewise Enacted, That in case any Goods shall be found upon any Person or Persons, that were stoln or carried off from any such Ship or Vessel, so in distress, as aforesaid, he, she or they, on whom such Goods shall be found, shall immediately, upon demand, deliver the same to the Owner thereof, or to such Person by such Owner authorized to receive the same, or in default thereof, shall be liable to pay treble the Value of such Goods, to be recovered by such Owner in an Action at Law to be brought for the same.

Goods carried off, to be immediately delivered up upon demand.

Penalty treble the Value.

V. And it is hereby moreover Enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall make, or be assisting in the making any Hole in the Bottom, Side, or any other Part of any Ship or Vessel, so in distress, as aforesaid, or shall Steal any Pump belonging to any Ship or Vessel, so in distress, as aforesaid, or shall be aiding or abetting in the Stealing such Pump, as aforesaid, or shall wilfully do any thing tending to the immediate Loss or Destruction of such Ship or Vessel, such Person or Persons shall be and are hereby made guilty of Felony, without any Benefit of his, her, or their Clergy.

Making Holes in the Ship, &c. Felony.

General Iſſue.

VI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action, Suit or Information, ſhall be commenced or proſecuted againſt any Perſon or Perſons, for any thing that he or they ſhall do, or cauſe to be done, in purſuance of this Act, and executing any of the Powers and Authorities, or any of the Orders or Directions therein mentioned, all and every Perſon and Perſons, ſo ſued in any Court whatſoever, ſhall and may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act and the ſpecial matter in Evidence, and if in any ſuch Suit the Plaintiff or Proſecutor ſhall become Nonſuit, or forbear Proſecution, or Diſcontinue the Suit, or if a Verdict ſhall paſs againſt him, or Judgment be given againſt him upon a Demurrer, then in any of the ſaid Caſes, the Defendant or Defendants ſhall recover full Coſts, for which he and they ſhall have the like remedy, as where Coſts by Law are awarded; and this Act ſhall be taken and allowed in all Courts within this Kingdom as a Publick Act, and all Judges and Juſtices are hereby required to take Notice thereof as ſuch, without ſpecial pleading of the ſame.

Publick Act.

Cuſtom-houſe Officer abuſing his Truſt to forfeit treble Damages, and be diſabled.

VII. Provided nevertheleſs, if any Officer of the Cuſtoms, or his Deputy, ſo impowered, as above, ſhall, by fraud or wilful neglect, abuſe the Truſt ſo hereby repoſed in him, as aforeſaid, and ſhall be convicted thereof in due Form of Law, ſuch Officer, or his Deputy, ſhall reſpectively forfeit treble Damages to the Party grieved, to be recovered in any Action or Suit to be brought in any Court of Record, and ſhall from thenceforth be fully diſabled and rendred incapable of the ſame, or any other Imployment relating to the ſaid Cuſtoms.

Act to commence 1 *Aug.* 1714. and to be read four times in the Year on Sundays in Sea-Port Towns.

VIII. And it is hereby further Enacted, That this Act, and the ſeveral Clauſes herein contained, ſhall take Effect from and after the Firſt day of Auguſt, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen; and that for the better obſerving of the ſame, this Act ſhall be read Four times in the Year in all the Pariſh Churches and Chapels of every Sea-Port Town, and upon the Sea-Coaſt in this Kingdom, upon the Sundays next before Michaelmas-day, Chriſtmas-day, Lady-day and Midſummer-day, in the Morning, immediately after the Prayers, and before the Sermon.

Claims to Wrecks ſaved,

IX. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted, That neither this Act, nor any thing herein contained, ſhall any ways extend to deprive, or any ways prejudice her Royal Majeſty, her Heirs or Succeſſors, or any claiming under them, or any of them, or any Patentee or Grantee of the Crown, or any Lord or Lords of any Manor or Manors, or other Perſon whatſoever, of or in relation to any Right which they, or any of them reſpectively have, or ſhall have, or lawfully may claim to any Wreck or Wrecks, or any Goods that are or ſhall be Flotſam, Jetſam, or Lagan, but that ſuch reſpective Rights ſhall be enjoyed in as full, ample, and beneficial a manner, in every reſpect, as if this Act had never been made.

or Goods that are Flotſam, Jetſam, or Lagan.

Continuation.

X. Provided, That this Act ſhall continue in force for the ſpace of Three Years, and from thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament, and no longer.

Continued for ever, by 4 Geo. *cap.* 12.

Anno

Anno 12 ANNÆ *Reginæ. Seſſ.* 1. *Parl.* 2.

CAP. XIX.

An Act to explain a Clauſe in an Act of Parliament of the Tenth Year of her Majeſties Reign, for laying ſeveral Duties upon all Sope and Paper made in *Great Britain*, or imported into the ſame; and upon chequered and ſtriped Linens imported; and upon certain Silks, Callicoes, Linens and Stuffs, printed, painted or ſtained; and upon ſeveral kinds of Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper; and upon certain printed Pamphlets, and Advertiſements, for raiſing the Sum of Eighteen hundred thouſand Pounds by way of a Lottery, and for other purpoſes in the ſaid Act mentioned, ſo far as the ſaid Act relates to Lawns, Canvas, Buckrams, Barras and *Sileſia* Neckcloths.

Preamble.

10 A. *cap.* 19. Whereas in and by an Act paſſed in the Tenth Year of her preſent Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for laying ſeveral Duties upon all Sope and Paper made in *Great Britain*, or imported into the ſame; and upon chequered and ſtriped Linens imported; and upon certain Silks, Callicoes, Linens and Stuffs, printed, painted or ſtained; and upon ſeveral kinds of Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper; and upon certain printed Papers, Pamphlets and Advertiſements, for raiſing the Sum of Eighteen hundred thouſand Pounds by way of a Lottery, towards her Majeſties Supply; and for licenſing an Additional Number of Hackney Chairs; and for charging certain Stocks of Cards and Dice; and for better ſecuring her Majeſties Duties to ariſe in the Office for the Stamp-Duties by Licences for Marriages and otherwiſe; and for relief of Perſons who have not claimed their Lottery Tickets in due time, or have loſt Exchequer Bills, or Lottery Tickets; and for borrowing Money upon Stock (part of the Capital of the *South Sea* Company) for the Uſe of the Publick: It was Enacted, That there ſhould be raiſed, levied, collected and paid, to and for the Uſe of her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all chequered and ſtriped Linens, and upon all Linens printed, painted, ſtained or dyed, after the Manufacture, or in the Thread and Yarn before the Manufacture, in any Foreign Parts, which at any time or times, within or during the Term of Thirty two Years, to be reckoned from the Twentieth day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, ſhould be imported or brought into the Kingdom of Great Britain, and might lawfully be uſed or worn there (over and above all other Cuſtoms, Subſidies and Duties impoſed upon, or payable for the ſame) a Duty of Fifteen Pounds for every One hundred Pounds of the true and real Value thereof, to be paid by the Importers reſpectively; and alſo, That all and every Printers, Painters, Stainers, Dyers, Drapers, Mercers, Upholders, Traders and Dealers reſpectively, having on the ſaid Twentieth day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, in his, her, or their Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion, or in the Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion of any other Perſon or Perſons, for his, her or their Uſe, Benefit or Account, any Stock or Quantity of ſuch chequered or ſtriped Linens, or of ſuch printed, painted, ſtained or died Silks, Callicoes, Linens or ſuch Stuffs, as aforeſaid, being for Sale, either Wholeſale or Retail, ſhould yield and pay to her Majeſty for the ſame, ſo much Money as One Half-part of the Rates and Duties by the ſaid Act impoſed on the like reſpective Commodities, after the Commencement of the ſaid Act, ſhould amount unto, the ſaid Half-part for the ſaid Stocks, to be paid within Three Months after the ſaid Twentieth day of July aforeſaid: And whereas ſome doubts have ariſen whether Lawns, Linens ſtriped or chequered, being all White, and Neckcloths, having ſtripes at the end only; as alſo Barras ſtriped or chequered,

quered, and Buckrams, are liable, by the ſaid Act, to the above mentioned Duties; Be it Enacted and Declared by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That all Lawns, and ſtriped or chequered Linens, being all White, and Neckcloths ſtriped at the end only; and alſo Barras, or packing Canvas and Buckrams, were not charged, or intended to be charged by the ſaid recited Act, upon the Importation thereof, with any of the Duties by the ſame Act granted; any thing in the ſaid recited Act contained to the contrary thereof notwithſtanding.

The Duty of 15 *l. per Cent.* not chargeable on Lawns, ſtriped or chequered Linens all White, and Neckcloths ſtriped at the end, Barras, or Buckrams, by 10 *A.* cap. 19.

Anno 12 ANNÆ *Reginæ. Seſſ.* 1. *Parl.* 2.

CAP. XXI.

An Act to explain part of an Act made in the Seventh Year of her Majeſties Reign, (for enlarging the Capital Stock of the Bank of *England*, and for raiſing a further Supply to her Majeſty, for the Service of the Year, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nine) ſo far as the ſame relates to unwrought Incle imported into this Kingdom.

Preamble.

Whereas by an Act made in the Seventh Year of the Reign of her preſent Majeſty, Intituled, An Act for enlarging the Capital Stock of the Bank of *England*, and for raiſing a further Supply to her Majeſty, for the Service of the Year, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nine, It is expreſly Enacted and Provided, That all European Linens, Siſters Thread, and Tapes or Incles (among other things) ſhall be exempted from the Payment of the Duties called the Two third Subſidies, for all times to come during the Continuance of the ſame: And whereas ſome doubts and diſputes have ariſen between the Commiſſioners of her Majeſties Cuſtoms, and the Merchants and other Importers of the ſaid Tapes and Incles, by means of the Uncertainty whether the Exception of the Tape or Incle, mentioned in the ſaid Act, be only of Tapes that are wrought Incle, ſo that all wrought Incle is thereby exempted from the Payment of the aforeſaid Duties, though manufactured Abroad in Parts beyond the Seas, and unwrought Incles, which imploy great Numbers of Poor in manufacturing the ſame, is conſtrued to be liable to, and is charged with the ſaid Duties, contrary to the true intent and meaning of the ſaid Law, as appears evidently, in that the bringing in, and importing wrought Incle is prejudicial to Great Britain, and the Poor Subjects and Manufacturers thereof; Be it therefore Enacted and Declared by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid Proviſion and Exception in the ſaid Act above mentioned, in relation to Tapes or Incles, ſhall extend, and be conſtrued to exempt European unwrought Incle, commonly called or known by the Name of ſhort Spinnal, as well as wrought Incle, from the Payment of the ſaid Duties of the Two third Subſidies, which ſhall be entred at any of her Majeſties Cuſtom-houſes within the Kingdom of Great Britain, after the Twentieth day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen; any Law, Cuſtom or Uſage to the contrary hereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

7 A. cap. 7.

European unwrought Incle exempted from the Duties of the Two third Subſidies.

Anno

Anno 1 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. I.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the better Support of his Majeſties Houſhold, and of the Honour and Dignity of the Crown of *Great Britain.*

MAy it pleaſe your moſt Excellent Majeſty, whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Firſt Year of the Reign of our late Sovereign Lady Queen Anne (of Bleſſed Memory) Intituled, An Act for the better Support of her Majeſties Houſhold, and of the Honour and Dignity of the Crown, It was (amongſt other things) Enacted, That the Rates and Duties of Exciſe upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, which had been granted to his late Majeſty King Charles the Second (of Bleſſed Memory) by an Act made in the Twelfth Year of his Reign, Intituled, A Grant of certain Impoſitions upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, for the Increaſe of his Majeſties Revenue during his Life, and which were granted to their late Majeſties King William and Queen Mary (of Bleſſed Memory) by an Act made in the Second Year of their Reign, for their Lives, and the Life of the Survivor of them (a certain Duty of Six Pence for every Barrel of Vinegar-Beer, granted by the ſame Acts, excepted) and alſo a Duty of Six Pence, part of a Duty of Eight Shillings, which was granted to his ſaid late Majeſty King William, for and upon every Barrel of Vinegar, Vinegar-Beer, or Liquor preparing for Vinegar, which ſhould be brewed or made of any Engliſh Materials by any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever for Sale, and ſo in Proportion for a greater or leſſer Quantity, by an Act made in the Tenth Year of his Reign: And likewiſe the further Subſidy of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Duties upon Wines, Goods and Merchandizes, which had been granted to his ſaid late Majeſty King William for his Life, by an Act made in the Ninth Year of his Reign, Intituled, An Act for granting to his Majeſty a further Subſidy of Tonnage and Poundage, towards raiſing the yearly Sum of Seven hundred thouſand Pounds, for the Service of his Majeſties Houſhold, and other Uſes therein mentioned, during his Majeſties Life, ſhould be levied, collected and paid to her ſaid late Majeſty Queen Anne, for and during the Term of her Natural Life: And in and by the ſaid Act of the Firſt Year of the Reign of her ſaid late Majeſty Queen Anne, It was Enacted and Declared, That the Hereditary Rates and Duties of Exciſe upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors, which were granted to the Crown in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of the ſaid late King Charles the Second, and the ſaid Duties of Exciſe upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors, granted to her Majeſty by the ſaid Act of the Firſt Year of her Reign, for her Life (ſubject nevertheleſs to the Incumbrances in that Act mentioned) and the Monies ariſing by the ſaid further Subſidy of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Duties thereby granted, and the Revenue ariſing in the General Letter-Office or Poſt-Office, or Office of Poſt-Maſter General, and the ſmall Branches of her Majeſties Revenues, therein particularly deſcribed or mentioned, ſhould be for the Support of her Majeſties Houſhold, and of the Honour and Dignity of the Crown, as by the ſaid Act of the Firſt Year of her ſaid late Majeſties Reign (relation being thereunto had) may more fully appear: Now we your Majeſties moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament aſſembled, being deſirous to ſettle on your Majeſty a Competent Revenue, for defraying the Expences of your Majeſties Civil Government, and better ſupporting the Dignity of the Crown of Great Britain, during your Life (which God long preſerve) and as a Teſtimony of our unfeigned Affection

Preamble.

1 A. cap. 7.

2 Car. 2. c. 23.

2 W. & M. c. 3.

10 W. 3. c. 21.

9 W. 3. cap. 23.

12 Car. 2. c. 24.

fection to your Sacred Perſon, by whoſe Peaceable and Happy Acceſſion to the Throne (after the Loſs of our late moſt Gracious Sovereign Lady) your Majeſties Subjects are not only delivered from the Fear of their Enemies, but have a Proſpect (which they are bound to own with Thankfulneſs to Almighty God) That the Religion, Laws, and Liberties of this Realm will be continued, and that they your ſaid Subjects, and their Poſterity, may, through his Divine Goodneſs, enjoy a long Tranquillity under your Majeſties Auſpicious Reign, have therefore freely and unanimouſly reſolved to give and grant, and do by this Act Give and Grant to you our moſt Gracious Sovereign Lord King George, the ſeveral Rates, Duties, Impoſitions, and Charges herein after mentioned, during your Majeſties Life; and do moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty, that it may be Enacted: And be it Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by Authority of the ſame,

Temporary Exciſe continued for the Kings Life.

That from and after the Firſt day of Auguſt, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen, for and during the Term of the Natural Life of his Majeſty King George (whom God long preſerve) the ſaid Rates and Duties of Exciſe upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors, granted to his ſaid late Majeſty King Charles the Second, by the ſaid Act made in the Twelfth Year of his Reign, Intituled, A Grant of certain Impoſitions upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors, for the Increaſe of his Majeſties Revenue, during his Life, and which were granted to their late Majeſties King William and Queen Mary, by the ſaid Act made in the Second Year of their Reign, for their Lives, and the Life of the Survivor of them, and which were continued to her ſaid late Majeſty Queen Anne by the ſaid Act of the Firſt Year of her Reign, for her Life (other than and except the ſaid Duty of Six Pence for every Barrel of Vinegar-Beer before mentioned to have been formerly excepted) and alſo the ſaid Duty of Six Pence, part of the ſaid Duty of Eight Shillings, for every Barrel of Vinegar, Vinegar-Beer, or Liquor preparing for Vinegar, which ſhall be brewed or made of any Engliſh or Foreign Materials by any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever for Sale, and ſo in Proportion for a greater or leſſer Quantity, impoſed by the ſaid Act of the Tenth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty King William the Third, ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid to our ſaid Sovereign Lord King George, in the ſame Manner and Form, and by ſuch Rules, Ways, Means and Methods, and under ſuch Penalties, Forfeitures and Diſabilities, and with ſuch Allowances as are mentioned and expreſſed in the before mentioned Acts, or any of them, relating to the ſaid Duties of Exciſe, or any of them, or by any other Law now in force relating to the Revenue of Exciſe; and that all and every the ſaid Laws relating to the Revenue of Exciſe, ſhall be of full force and effect, to all Intents and Purpoſes, for the levying, receiving, aſcertaining, and recovering the ſaid Duties of Exciſe upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors hereby granted or continued, in the like manner as if the ſame were repeated and enacted in the body of this preſent Act.

22 Car. 2. c. 23.

Further Subſidy continued during his Majeſties Life.

II. And be it alſo Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid further Subſidy of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Duties upon Wines, Goods and Merchandizes, granted by the ſaid Act made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty King William, for his Life, and continued to her ſaid late Majeſty Queen Anne, by the ſaid Act of the Firſt Year of her Reign, for her Life, ſhall from and after the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen, during the Life of our ſaid Sovereign Lord King George, be raiſed, levied, collected, paid, and ſatisfied unto his Majeſty, by the ſame Ways, Means and Methods, and under the ſame Penalties, Forfeitures and Diſabilities, and by the ſame Rules and Directions, and with the ſame Allowances and Drawbacks, as are preſcribed in or by the ſaid Act of the Ninth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty King

9 W. 3. cap. 23.

1 A. cap. 7.

William, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in force in that behalf; and that the said Act of the Ninth Year of his said late Majesties Reign, and other Acts touching the said further Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Duties upon Wines, Goods and Merchandizes last mentioned, and all and every the Articles, Rules and Clauses therein contained, or thereby referred unto, so far as the same relate to the raising, levying, collecting, or making Allowances or Drawbacks out of the same Subsidies and other Duties, shall be of full force and effect, to all Intents and Purposes, during the Life of our said Sovereign Lord King George, as if the same were particularly and at large repeated and set down in the body of this Act.

Certain Duties of Excise, further Subsidy, Post-Office, Fines, Wine-Licences, Seizures, Rents of Lands, or Fines for Leases, &c.

III. And it is hereby Enacted and Declared, That the said hereditary Rates and Duties of Excise upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors, and the said Duties of Excise upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors, hereby granted to his Majesty for the Term of his Life, and the said further Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Duties upon Wines, Goods and Merchandizes, hereby also granted to his Majesty for the Term of his Life, and the said Revenue of the General Letter-Office, or Post-Office or Office of Post-Master General, and the small Branches of his Majesties Revenues herein after expressed; That is to say, the Monies arising by Fines for Writs of Covenant, and Writs of Entry, payable in the Alienation-Office, the Post-Fines, the Revenue of the Wine-Licences, Sheriffs Profers and Compositions in the Exchequer, Seizures of uncustomed and prohibited Goods, the Revenue arising to his Majesty by Rents of Lands, or for Fines of Leases of the same, or any of them, and all other Branches and Revenues which were settled or appointed for the Support of her said late Majesties Houshold, and the Honour and Dignity of the Crown, during her Majesties Life, as aforesaid, (except the Duty of Four and an half per Centum in Specie in Barbadoes and the Leward Islands in America; and except the Revenue of the Dutchy of Cornwall, which is by Law vested in his Royal Highness the Prince, as Duke of Cornwall; and except the Revenues of First-Fruits and Tenths of the Clergy; and except such Revenues, Rents and Hereditaments, as have been granted or passed to any Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, by or in pursuance of any Act or Acts of Parliament in that behalf; and except all Charges on the said Revenues, or any of them, made by any Act or Acts of Parliament whatsoever) shall be for the Support of his Majesties Houshold, and of the Honour and Dignity of his Crown; nevertheless the said Hereditary Duties of Excise, and the said Duties of Excise granted for his Majesties Life, as aforesaid, and the said Revenues of the General Letter-Office, or Post-Office or Office of Post-Master General, shall respectively be liable to the respective Incumbrances and Charges hereafter in this Act specified concerning the same.

(except 4 and ½ per Cent. &c.)

Appropriated for the Support of his Majesties Houshold, &c.

Anno 1 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. II.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for rectifying Mistakes in the Names of the Commissioners for the Land-Tax for the Year One thousand seven hundred and fourteen; and for raising so much as is wanting to make up the Sum of Fourteen hundred thousand Pounds, intended to be raised by a Lottery for the Publick Service in the said Year.

All Duties of Excise and Customs,

VII. AND it is hereby Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for avoiding any Doubt or Question concerning the Grant in this Session of Parliament to his Majesty of certain Duties of Excise and Customs for his Life, for Support of

payable to the late Queen after the Union, for Life, continued to the King during Life.

of his Houſhold, and the Honour and Dignity of the Crown, the ſame doth and ſhall extend to ſuch Duties of Excile, and ſuch Cuſtoms and Duties on impoꝛt and expoꝛt, as were payable to her ſaid late Majeſty after the Union of the Two Kingdoms, foꝛ and during her Life, and had Continuance till the time of her Decreaſe; and that the ſame ſhall be continued, raiſed, levied and paid in the ſeveral Parts of the United Kingdom, during his Majeſties Life, in the ſame manner only as they were payable to her Majeſty during her Life.

Continuation of ſeveral Acts, which would expire at the End of this Seſſion.

VIII. And whereas there are divers Laws now in foꝛce which will Expire at the End of this Seſſion of Parliament, and pꝛobably there may not be ſufficient time foꝛ a particular Examination and due Conſideration how far any of them may be fit to be further continued; Be it theꝛefoꝛe Enacted by the Authoꝛity afoꝛeſaid, That all Laws now in foꝛce, and which would Expire at the End of this Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be and continue in full foꝛce, to all Intents and Purpoſes, unto the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament; any thing contained in any of the ſaid Laws to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Anno 1 GEORGII *Regis. Seſſ.* 1.

CAP. II.

A Clauſe in an Act Intituled, An Act for charging and continuing the Duties on Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifteen; and for making forth Duplicates of Exchequer Bills, and Lottery Tickets, Loſt, Burnt or Deſtroyed; and for enlarging the time for adjuſting Claims in ſeveral Lotteries; and for making forth New Orders in lieu of certain Lottery Orders obliterated or defective; and for continuing certain Duties on Hops, until the Firſt day of *Auguſt*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifteen.

Duties on Hops further continued till 1 *Aug.* 1715.

XVII. AND whereas by an Act of the Ninth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen Anne, Intituled, An Act for laying a Duty upon Hops, a Duty of Three Pence foꝛ every Pound weight Averdupoize is laid upon all Hops, which at any time oꝛ times within oꝛ during the Term of Four Years, to be reckoned from the Firſt day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundꝛed and eleven, ſhall be impoꝛted oꝛ bꝛought into the Kingdom of Great Britain (over and above all other Cuſtoms, Subſidies and Duties impoſed upon oꝛ payable foꝛ the ſame) and foꝛ and upon all Hops growing oꝛ to grow in Great Britain, which at any time oꝛ times, within oꝛ during the ſaid Term of Four Years, ſhall be cured and made fit foꝛ uſe, the Sum of One Peny foꝛ every Pound weight Averdupoize, and after that Rate foꝛ a greater oꝛ leſſer Quantity; which Act is thought convenient to be further continued: Be it theꝛefoꝛe Enacted by the Authoꝛity afoꝛeſaid, That the ſaid Act, and every Clauſe, Article, Matter and Thing therein contained, ſhall Continue and be of Foꝛce from the Thirty firſt day of May, in the Year of our Loꝛd One thouſand ſeven hundꝛed and fifteen, until the Firſt day of Auguſt, in the Year of our Loꝛd One thouſand ſeven hundꝛed and fifteen, as fully and effectually, to all intents and purpoſe, as if the ſame were herein particularly and at large repeated and reenacted.

9 A. *cap.* 12.

Continued for ever, by 1 Geo. *cap.* 12. *Seſſ.* 1.

Anno

Anno 1 GEORGII *Regis, Seſſ.* 1.

CAP. IV.

An Act to explain the Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King *William* the Third, Intituled, *An Act for the further Limitation of the Crown, and better Securing the Rights and Liberties of the Subject.*

Whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of our late Sovereign Lord King William the Third, Intituled, An Act for the further Limitation of the Crown, and better Securing the Rights and Liberties of the Subject, It is amongſt other things Enacted, That from and after the time that the further Limitation of the Crown by that Act ſhould take effect, no Perſon born out of the Kingdoms of England, Scotland or Ireland, or the Dominions thereunto belonging, although he be naturalized or made a Denizen, except ſuch as are born of Engliſh Parents, ſhould be capable to be of the Privy Council, or a Member of either Houſe of Parliament, or to enjoy any Office or Place of Truſt, either Civil or Military, or to have any Grant of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments from the Crown, to himſelf or to any others in Truſt for him: And whereas ſome doubts have ariſen concerning the Conſtruction of the ſaid Law, Be it Declared and Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That it was not the intent and meaning of the ſaid Act, that the ſaid Clauſe or any thing therein contained, ſhould extend, nor ſhall the ſaid Clauſe be conſtrued, adjudged, or taken to extend to diſable or incapacitate any Perſon, who at or before his Majeſties Acceſſion to the Crown was naturalized, to be of the Privy Council, or a Member of either Houſe of Parliament, or to take or enjoy any Office or Place of Truſt, either Civil or Military, or to take or have any Grant of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments from the Crown, to himſelf, or any other in Truſt for him.

Preamble,

12 W. 3. *cap.* 2.

Clauſe in 12 *W.* 3. not to diſable Perſons naturalized before his Majeſties Acceſſion.

II. And for the better preſerving the ſaid recited Clauſe, in the ſaid Act of the Twelfth Year of the late King William the Third, entire and inviolable, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon ſhall hereafter be naturalized, unleſs in the Bill exhibited for that purpoſe, there be a Clauſe or particular Words inſerted to declare, that ſuch Perſon ſhall not thereby be enabled to be of the Privy Council, or a Member of either Houſe of Parliament, or to take any Office or Place of Truſt, either Civil or Military, or to have any Grant of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments from the Crown, to himſelf, or any other Perſon in Truſt for him; and that no Bill of Naturalization ſhall hereafter be received in either Houſe of Parliament, unleſs ſuch Clauſe or Words be firſt inſerted or contained therein.

Clauſe to be inſerted in every Naturalization Bill.

Anno 1 GEORGII *Regis. Seſſ.* 1.

CAP. VI.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for making Perpetual an Act of the Seventh and Eighth Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *William* the Third, Intituled, *An Act that the Solemn Affirmation and Declaration of the People called* Quakers, *ſhall be accepted inſtead of an Oath in the uſual Form*; and for explaining and enforcing the ſaid Act in relation to the Payment of Tithes and Church-Rates; and for appointing the Form of an Affirmation to be taken by the ſaid People called *Quakers*, inſtead of the Oath of Abjuration.

Preamble.

WHereas an Act made in the Seventh and Eighth Years of his late Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act that the Solemn Affirmation and Declaration of the People called *Quakers*, ſhall be accepted inſtead of an Oath in the uſual Form, was made to continue for Seven Years, and from thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament, which Act would have expired at the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament after the Two and twentieth day of November, in the Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and two; which Seſſion began the Ninth day of November, in the Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and three, and ended the Third day of April, in the Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and four; but by another Act of Parliament made in the Thirteenth Year of his ſaid late Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for continuing an Act, Intituled, *An Act that the Solemn Affirmation and Declaration of the People called* Quakers, *ſhall be accepted inſtead of an Oath in the uſual Form*, was continued for the Term of Eleven Years, after the Determination of the ſaid Act, and from thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament: And whereas the ſaid ſeveral Acts will Expire at the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament after the Third day of April, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifteen; now for the further avoiding of the Inconveniencies in the ſaid Firſt recited Act mentioned, to the People called Quakers, and their Families, Be it Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid Firſt recited Act, and all the Clauſes and Powers therein contained, ſhall continue and be in force for ever, as to all Oaths by Law required, or hereafter to be required, other than and except as in the ſaid Firſt recited Act is excepted.

7 & 8 W. 3. cap. 34.

13 W. 3. c. 4.

Quakers Act made Perpetual.

Act to extend to *Quakers* in *Scotland* for ever, and to the Plantations for Five Years.

IV. Provided always, That ſo much of this Act as relates to the Affirmations to be made by the People called Quakers, ſhall be extended to that Part of Great Britain called Scotland for ever, and to the Plantations belonging to the Crown of Great Britain, for Five Years, and to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament after the ſaid Five Years, and no longer.

Anno

Anno 1 GEORGII *Regis. Seſſ.* 1.

CAP. XII.

Part of the Firſt Clauſe and ſeveral Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for enlarging the Fund of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, relating to Exchequer Bills; and for ſettling an Additional Revenue of One hundred and twenty thouſand Pounds *per Annum* upon his Majeſty during his Life, for the Service of the Civil Government; and for eſtabliſhing a certain Fund of Fifty four thouſand ſix hundred Pounds *per Annum*, in order to raiſe a Sum not exceeding Nine hundred and ten thouſand Pounds for the Service of the Publick, by Sale of Annuities, after the Rate of Six Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, Redeemable by Parliament; and for ſatisfying an Arrear for Work and Materials at *Blenheim*, incurred whilſt that Building was carried on at the Expence of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, of Bleſſed Memory; and for other purpoſes therein mentioned.

AND whereas we your Majeſties moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament aſſembled, being juſtly ſenſible of the ineſtimable Bleſſings which your Subjects do enjoy under your Majeſties Auſpicious Government, and the good Proſpect of continuing thoſe Bleſſings to your ſaid Subjects, and their Poſterities, under your Majeſty and your Royal Offſpring, are deſirous, that a ſufficient Proviſion may be ſettled, by the moſt eaſie and effectual Ways and Means, for enabling your Majeſty to Support the Dignity of the Crown, and to make an Honourable Proviſion for your Royal Family, and have therefore reſolved, That there be granted to your Majeſty, during your Life, (which God long preſerve) an Additional Revenue of One hundred and twenty thouſand Pounds per Annum, which, together with the neat Produce of the Branches ſettled for Uſes of your Majeſties Civil Government by the late Act of Parliament in that behalf, may make up the clear yearly Sum of Seven hundred thouſand Pounds, for the Service of your Majeſties Houſhold and Family, and other your neceſſary Expences and Occaſions: And your ſaid Commons of Great Britain are alſo deſirous, That a Sum, not exceeding Nine hundred and ten thouſand Pounds, may be raiſed (by the like eaſie and effectual Ways and Means) as part of the neceſſary Supply by them granted for the Service of your Majeſties Navy and Forces, and other your Majeſties Publick Occaſions: And your Majeſties ſaid Commons finding, that upon enlarging or augmenting the ſaid preſent Fund and Security of the ſaid Governor and Company of the Bank of England, by ſuch Additional Revenues and Incomes as are herein after granted, continued and appropriated, and making ſuch enlarged or augmented Fund and Security liable, in the firſt place, to ſatisfie all Monies which ſhall, from time to time, be incurred and grown due, as well for and upon the ſaid Intereſt of Two Pence per Centum per Diem, as the ſaid Allowance of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum; and in the next place, to ſatisfie all Monies which ſhall, from time to time, be incurred and grown due for and upon the ſaid other Allowances of Forty five thouſand Pounds per Annum, and Eight thouſand Pounds per Annum (the ſaid Intereſt and ſeveral Allowances being always to be preferred in Payment, as aforeſaid, according to the tenor and true meaning of this and the ſaid former Acts) they, the ſaid Governor and Company of the Bank of England, are willing, for Accommodating

Additional Revenue for the Civil Government.

120000 *l. per Annum* to be applied for the Service of the Houſhold, &c.

your Majeſties Affairs, That out of the Reſidue or Remainder of ſuch enlarged or augmented Fund, the yearly Sum of One hundred and twenty thouſand Pounds, by Quarterly Payments, ſhall and may be taken and applied for the Service of your Majeſties Houſhold and Family, and other your neceſſary Expences and Occaſions; and that after paying or reſerving ſufficient to pay ſuch Monies as ſhall, from time to time, be incurred and grown due, for or upon the ſaid yearly Sum of One hundred and twenty thouſand Pounds, then the further yearly Sum of Fifty four thouſand ſix hundred Pounds, by like Quarterly Payments, ſhall and may be taken and applied out of the ſaid Reſidue or Remainder of the ſaid enlarged or augmented Fund, in order to raiſe any

910000 *l.* for Publick Services.

Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding Nine hundred and ten thouſand Pounds, for ſuch Publick Services, as aforeſaid; and that after paying, or reſerving ſufficient to pay ſo much as ſhall, from time to time, be incurred and grown due for or upon the ſaid yearly Sums of One hundred and twenty thouſand Pounds, and Fifty four thouſand ſix hundred Pounds, and either of them, out of the ſaid Reſidue or Remainder of ſuch enlarged or augmented Fund, then the above-ſaid yearly Sum of Two hundred and ſeventy thouſand nine hundred ninety nine Pounds, and Seven Shillings, or ſo much thereof as the ſaid Reſidue or Remainder of ſuch enlarged or augmented Fund ſhall, from time to time, produce for that purpoſe, ſhall and may be appropriated for paying off all the Principal Money contained in all and every the ſaid Exchequer Bills remaining, and which ſhall, from time to time, remain uncancelled or undiſcharged, and for cancelling the ſame, until all the ſaid Bills ſhall be cancelled and diſcharged. Provided always, That in caſe at any time or times there ſhall happen to be any Deficiency or Deficiencies to make good the Payments of the Original Fund of One hundred thouſand Pounds per Annum of the ſaid Governor and Company, ſpecified in the ſaid firſt-mentioned Act of the Seventh Year of her late Majeſties Reign, and of their yearly Annuity of One hundred and ſix thouſand five hundred and one Pounds, Thirteen Shillings, and Five Pence, in the ſame Act ſpecified, or either of them, then and ſo often, all and every ſuch Deficiency and Deficiencies ſhall and may, from time to time, be ſatisfied and made good out of the ſaid Reſidue or Remainder of ſuch enlarged or augmented Fund, as aforeſaid, with preference to any iſſues thereafter to be made for cancelling any of the ſaid Exchequer Bills: Now for the making up, ſettling and eſtabliſhing a good, ſure and complete Fund, ſufficient to anſwer all the Ends and Purpoſes by this Act intended, by making all the Payments which ſhall, from time to time, be incurred or grown due (in the Order and Courſe hereby preſcribed) as well for and upon the ſaid Intereſt, and ſeveral Allowances before mentioned, as for and upon the ſaid yearly Sums of One hundred and twenty thouſand Pounds, and fifty four thouſand ſix hundred Pounds, and by making good ſuch Deficiencies as ſhall or may happen, as aforeſaid, and by producing a yearly Sum to be applied quarterly, for or towards the cancelling and diſcharging the ſaid Bills; we your Majeſties ſaid Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament aſſembled, do humbly beſeech your Majeſty, that it may be Enacted and Declared; and be it Enacted and Declared by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the aforeſaid Duties, called, the Two thirds of a Subſidy of Tonnage and Poundage, and the ſaid Duties upon Coffee, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa-Paſte, Tea, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, Pictures and Mullins, and the ſaid increaſed Duties upon Coffee, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa-Paſte, Tea, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace and Picaures, and the ſaid further Rates or Duties upon all white Callicoes, Porcelan, commonly called China-Ware and Drugs, and the aforeſaid Half-Subſidy of Tonnage and Poundage, which were

The Two Thirds of a Subſidy, the Duties on Coffee, &c. and the One-half Subſidy 7 *A.* cap. 7. ſhall be part of the General Fund for the Uſes of this Act.

all

all granted to her ſaid late Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors
7 A. cap. 7. for ever, by the ſaid firſt mentioned Act of the Seventh Year of her Reign, and the Exceſs or Surplus which ſhall, from time to time, ariſe by the ſaid other moiety or half of the ſaid Subſidy of Tonnage and Poundage which was granted for the Term of Ninety ſix Years, from the Laſt day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, and charged with Eighty thouſand Pounds per Annum, for Payment of Annuities, and all other Revenues, Remains and Arrears whatſoever, which by the ſaid Act of the Twelfth Year of her ſaid late Majeſties Reign were appropriated for Payment of Intereſt, and Allowances relating to the Exchequer Bills, or towards cancelling the ſame, ſubject to ſuch Redemption as was thereby preſcribed, ſhall be, and ſhall be deemed and taken, and are hereby Enacted and Declared to be part of the General Fund, and Security by this Act eſtabliſhed and intended to be eſtabliſhed, for all the Uſes and Purpoſes in this Act expreſſed, and ſhall be ſubject to ſuch Redemption as in this Act is preſcribed, and not otherwiſe; the ſaid former Acts, or any of them, or any Clauſe, Matter or Thing in them, or any of them, contained to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

II. And to the end there may be no Failure or Defect in the ſaid General Fund hereby intended to be eſtabliſhed, his Majeſties ſaid Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament aſſembled, have given and granted, and by this Act do give and grant to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors for ever, the ſeveral Additional Revenues and Incomes herein after more particularly expreſſed, and do moſt humbly beſeech his Majeſty, That it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, in manner following, that is to ſay, Whereas by an Act of Parliament of the Sixth Year of her ſaid late Majeſties Reign
6 A. cap. 11. [Intituled, An Act for continuing One half part of the Subſidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Duties upon Wines, Goods and Merchandizes imported, which were granted to the Crown in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, and for ſettling a Fund thereby, and by other Ways and Means, for Payment of Annuities, not exceeding Eighty thouſand Pounds *per Annum*, to be Sold for raiſing a further Supply to her Majeſty, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and eight, and other Uſes therein expreſſed] It was Enacted, That there ſhould be raiſed and levied, for and upon all Wines, Goods and Merchandizes, which at any time or times, from and after the ſaid Laſt day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, within or during the Term of Ninety ſix Years, from thence next and immediately enſuing, ſhould be imported or brought into Great Britain, One moiety or Half-part of the Subſidies, Duties and Sums of Money therein mentioned, or thereby referred to: (except as therein is excepted) Now it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected and paid to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors for ever, for and upon all Wines, Goods and Merchandizes, which at any time or times, from and after the Determination of the ſaid Term of Ninety ſix Years, ſhall be imported or brought into Great Britain, the like Moiety or Half-part of the like Subſidies, Duties and Sums of Money (except as in and by the ſaid Act of the Sixth Year of her late Majeſties Reign, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament in relation to the ſaid Half-Subſidy, is excepted) and ſhall be collected, levied and paid by ſuch Ways and Means, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and ſubject to ſuch Drawbacks and Allowances, and in ſuch Manner and Form, as by the ſaid Act of the Sixth Year of her Majeſties Reign, or any other Act relating thereunto, is preſcribed, for raiſing and levying the ſaid Half-Subſidy, during the Term aforeſaid; and that all the Monies which, after the Determination of the ſaid Term of Ninety ſix Years, ſhall ariſe, of or for the ſaid Moiety or Half-part of the ſaid Subſidy and Duties hereby intended to be continued, and all the Arrears of the ſaid Half-Subſidy which ſhall or may ariſe by virtue of the Grant thereof, during the Term aforeſaid, after all the Annui-

The Half-Subſidy by 6 A. cap. 11. continued for ever.

Annuities and Payments charged thereupon, shall be fully paid off and determined, or Money sufficient shall be reserved for that purpose (the necessary Charges of Management always excepted) shall be brought and paid, from time to time, into the Receipt of the Exchequer, for the Purposes in this Act expressed, and subject to such Redemption as is hereby prescribed concerning the same.

Additional Duties on *French* Goods.

III. And whereas by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Seventh Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King William the Third (of Glorious Memory) Intituled, An Act for granting to his Majesty an Additional Duty upon all *French* Goods and Merchandizes, certain Additional Duties were laid on French Wines, Brandy, Vinegar, and other Goods of the Growth, Product or Manufacture of France, imported from and after the Twenty eighth day of February, One thousand six hundred ninety six, for the Term of One and twenty Years, and from thence to the End of the next Session of Parliament; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Additional Duties upon French Wines, Goods and Merchandizes, imposed by the Act last mentioned, after the Determination of that Act, shall have continuance and be paid and payable to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for ever, and shall be collected, levied and paid, by such Ways and Means, and subject to such Penalties and Forfeitures, and in such Manner and Form, as the said Additional Duties by the Act last mentioned, or by any other Act relating thereunto, are appointed to be raised or levied; and that all the Monies which, from and after the Feast-day of Saint Michael the Arch Angel, in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and fifteen, shall arise of or for the said Additional Duties upon French Wines, Goods and Merchandizes, by virtue of the said Act of the Seventh Year of the Reign of King William the Third, or by virtue of this present Act, except the necessary Charges of raising and paying the same, shall be brought and paid, from time to time, into the Receipt of the Exchequer, for the Purposes in this Act expressed, and subject to such Redemption as is hereby prescribed concerning the same.

7 W. 3. cap. 20.

Continued for ever.

Plantation-Duties.

IV. And it is hereby also Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Monies which, from and after the said Feast-day of Saint Michael the Arch-Angel, in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and fifteen, shall arise by the Duties which in and by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Five and twentieth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second (of Blessed Memory) Intituled, An Act for the Encouragement of the *Greenland* and *Eastland* Trades, and for the better securing the Plantation-Trade, were granted to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for ever, commonly called the Plantation-Duties (the necessary Charges of raising and paying the same excepted) shall also be brought and paid, from time to time, (to the said Receipt of Exchequer, for the Purposes in this Act expressed, and be liable to such Redemption as is herein after prescribed in that behalf.

25 Car. 2. c. 7.

Continued for ever, but liable to Redemption.

Duty on Hops continued for ever.

V. And be it likewise Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several and respective Duties which in and by an Act of Parliament made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of her said late Majesty Queen Anne [Intituled, An Act for laying a Duty upon Hops] were imposed upon all Hops, which at any time or times within or during the Term of Four Years, reckoned from the First day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eleven, should be imported or brought into the Kingdom of Great Britain, and for and upon all Hops growing in Great Britain, which, at any time or times within or during the said Term of Four Years, should be cured and made fit for Ale (which Duties by an Act of the present Session of Parliament are continued until the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and fifteen) shall be and are hereby further continued, and shall be paid and payable to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for ever, for and upon all Hops which, at any time or times, from and after the Last day of July, One thousand seven hundred and fifteen, shall be imported or brought into the Kingdom of

9 A. cap. 12.

1 Geo. Sess. 2. cap. 2.

of Great Britain, and for and upon all Hops growing and to grow in Great Britain, which, at any time or times after the said Last day of July, One thousand seven hundred and fifteen, shall be cured and made fit for Use; the same Duties to be charged, ascertained, secured, collected, levied and paid, by such Rules, Ways, Means and Methods, and with such Drawbacks and Allowances, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and in such Manner and Form, as the said Duties on Hops by the Two Acts last mentioned, or either of them, or by any other Act or Acts of Parliament thereby referred unto, were enacted or directed to be charged, ascertained, secured, collected, levied and paid; and that all and every the Clauses, Powers, Directions, Penalties and Forfeitures, Provisoes, Matters and Things, contained in the said former Acts concerning Hops, or either of them, for securing, raising or levying the Duties on Hops thereby granted or continued, or for encouraging the Exportation of British Hops for Ireland, or for restraining the Use of Bitter Ingredients instead of Hops, or touching or concerning Hops of Foreign Growth, or otherwise relating to Hops, shall be and are hereby revived, and shall continue for ever in full Force and Vigour, for securing, raising and levying the Duties upon Hops hereby granted and continued, and for encouraging the Exportation of British Hops to Ireland, and for restraining the Use of Bitter Ingredients instead of Hops, and for all other purposes whatsoever in relation to Hops, as if the same Clauses, Powers, Directions, Penalties and Forfeitures, Provisoes, Matters and Things, were particularly repeated and again enacted in the body of this present Act; and that all the Monies which, from and after the said Last day of July, One thousand seven hundred and fifteen, shall arise of or for the said Duty upon Hops hereby granted or continued (except the necessary Charges of raising and paying the same) shall likewise be brought and paid, from time to time, into the Receipt of the Exchequer, for the purposes by this Act appointed, and subject to such Redemption as is by this Act prescribed in relation thereunto.

No Drawback on British Hops exported for Ireland. 6 Geo. cap. 11.

VI. And whereas by the said Act of the Ninth Year of her said late Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for laying a Duty upon Hops, it is therein (among other things) Enacted, That no Person shall import, or cause to be imported into Ireland from Flanders, or any other Parts whatsoever (other than from Great Britain) any Hops whatsoever; Nevertheless great Quantities of Foreign Hops have been carried to Ireland, and there landed from Flanders, or other Parts (other than from Great Britain) to the great Prejudice of his Majesties Revenue, and Discouragement of the Trade of British Hops: For prevention of the like Abuses for the future, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Tenth day of September, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and fifteen, the Master of every Ship or Vessel, which shall carry any Hops whatsoever to Ireland, shall take from the Collector or Comptroller of the Port in Great Britain (where he shall lade any Hops) a Duplicate of his Content in writing of all the Hops taken or laden on board his Ship or Vessel, before he be permitted to Sail out of the Port, under the Hand and Seal of such Collector or Comptroller of the said Port in Great Britain, which said Duplicate shall be Delivered to the Master of every such Ship or Vessel without Fee or Reward; and that every such Master of such Ship or Vessel shall deliver, upon Oath, such Duplicate to the Officer of the Customs in such Port in Ireland, where such Ship or Vessel shall arrive, and intends to unlade, before he be permitted to Land any Hops; and that in case any Hops shall be unladen or landed in any part of Ireland before such Duplicate is produced to the Officer, Collector or Comptroller, as aforesaid, all such Hops, and Ten Shillings for every Pound weight of the same, shall be forfeited, One moiety to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the other moiety to the Officer or Officers, or any other Person or Persons who shall seize or sue for the same in any of

9 A. cap. 12.

After 10 *Sept.* 1715. Master of Ship, carrying Hops to *Ireland*, to take a Duplicate of his Content from the Collector, &c. in *England*,

to be delivered to the proper Officer in *Ireland* on Oath,

on forfeiture of the Hops, and 10 *s. per* lb.

of his Majesties Courts of Record in Dublin, to be recovered by Action, Bill, Plaint or Information, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Privilege or Wager of Law shall be allowed, or any more than One Imparlance.

VIII. And whereas the Duties and Revenues contained in the said Acts of the Fourth, Fifth, and Sixth Years of her said late Majesties Reign, whereupon the said Surplus Monies are, from time to time, to arise, for the Uses and Purposes in this Act intended, are temporary, being granted only for such Term of Years as are before-mentioned: Now for the better establishing a sure and lasting Fund to answer all the said Uses and Purposes hereby intended, subject nevertheless to such Redemption as is hereby prescribed; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That such or the like Additional Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Duties, commonly called, the One third Subsidy, which, by the said Act of the Fourth Year of her said late Majesties Reign, was granted or continued for the Term of Ninety eight Years, from the Eighth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and six, and by the said Act of the Fifth Year of her said late Majesties Reign, was continued for One Year, to take effect after the Expiration of the said Term of Ninety eight years, and by the said Act of the Sixth Year of her late Majesties Reign, was further continued for One Year, to take effect after the Expiration of the said Term of One Year last before-mentioned, shall, after the Expiration of the said several Terms so granted therein, have further Continuance, and be paid and payable to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for ever; and that such or the like Rates and Duties of Excise, which by the said Act of the Fourth Year of her late Majesties Reign, were granted for the Term of Ninety five Years, commencing from the Seventeenth day of May, One thousand seven hundred and thirteen, shall, after the Expiration of the said Term of Ninety five Years granted therein, have Continuance, and be also paid and payable to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for ever; and that such or the like Duties upon Low-Wines, or Spirits of the first Extraction, as by the said Act of the Fifth Year of her late Majesties Reign, were granted or continued for the Term of Ninety six Years, from the Three and twentieth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and ten, and by the said Act of the Sixth Year of her late Majesties Reign were continued for One Year, to take effect after the Expiration of the Term of Ninety six Years last-mentioned, shall, after the Expiration of the said several Terms so granted therein, have further Continuance, and be likewise paid and payable to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for ever; and that all and every such and the like Duties and Sums of Money to be paid by every Hawker, Pedlar, Petty-Chapman, and others, described in a former Act of Parliament for Licensing Hawkers and Pedlars, and all the Powers for granting such Licences, which by the said Act of the Fifth Year of her late Majesties Reign were granted for the Term of Ninety six Years, from the Three and twentieth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and ten, and by the said Act of the Sixth Year of her late Majesties Reign were continued for One Year, to take effect after the Expiration of the Term of Ninety six Years last mentioned, shall, after the Expiration of the said several Terms so granted therein, have further Continuance, and be also paid and payable to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors for ever; and that such of the Duties upon Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, as by the said Act of the Fifth Year of her late Majesties Reign were continued for the Term of Ninety six Years, from the Last day of July, One thousand seven hundred and ten, and by the said Act of the Sixth Year of her late Majesties Reign were continued for One Year, to take effect after the Expiration of the Term of Ninety six Years last mentioned, shall, after the Expiration of the said several Terms so granted therein, have further Continuance, and be paid and payable to his Majesty,

The One third Subsidy 4 *Anne* continued for ever.

4 A. *cap.* 6.

Duties of Excise.

4 A. *cap.* 6.

Duties on Low-Wines, &c.

5 A. *cap.* 19.

6 A. *cap.* 5.

Duties on Hawkers and Pedlars.

Duties on Vellum, &c.

jeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for ever; and that the Duties upon Sweets made for Sale, which by the ſaid Act of the Fifth 5 A. *cap.* 19. Year of her ſaid late Majeſties Reign were granted for the Term of Ninety nine Years, from the Four and twentieth day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, and by the ſaid Act of the 6 A. *cap.* 5. Sixth Year of her late Majeſties Reign were continued for Two Years, to take effect after the Expiration of the Term of Ninety nine Years laſt mentioned, ſhall, after the Expiration of the ſaid ſeveral Terms ſo granted therein, have further Continuance, and be paid and payable to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for ever; and that the ſeveral Rates and Duties of Exciſe, which by 4 W. & M. the ſaid Act of the Fourth Year of the Reign of their late Majeſties King William and Queen Mary, were granted for the Term of Ninety nine Years, from the Five and twentieth day of January, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety two, and were by the ſaid Act of 6 A. *cap.* 5. the Sixth Year of her late Majeſties Reign continued for the Term of Fifteen Years, to take effect after the ſaid Ninety nine Years laſt mentioned, ſhall, after the Expiration of the ſeveral Terms ſo granted therein, have further Continuance, and be paid and payable to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for ever; and that the ſaid ſeveral Subſidies, Rates and Duties by this Act made Perpetual, as aforeſaid, when and as the ſame reſpectively ſhall take effect, by virtue of this Act, ſhall be raiſed and levied by ſuch Rules and Methods, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and with ſuch Diſtribution of the ſame Penalties and Forfeitures, and ſubject to ſuch Power of Mitigation, and with ſuch reſpective Drawbacks, Allowances and Repayments, and in ſuch Manner and Form, as the like Duties granted or continued by the ſaid former Acts now in being reſpectively are preſcribed, enacted, or appointed to be raiſed or levied.

Duties on Sweets.

Duties of Exciſe.

IX. And it is hereby Declared, That where any of the abovementioned Duties now in being, or any Proportions thereof, do extend to that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, by virtue of any of the Acts which granted the ſame, or by Virtue of the late Act of Union, In all ſuch Caſes the ſame reſpective Duties hereby intended to be made Perpetual, ſhall be underſtood to extend to Scotland in like manner.

Which of the ſaid Duties ſhall extend to *Scotland*.

X. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted, That in all caſes where any further or other Proviſion or Alteration is made by any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in being, touching or concerning any the Subſidies, Rates or Duties, which were granted for certain Terms, as aforeſaid, ſuch other Proviſions and Alterations ſhall be obſerved and take Place, in relation to the like Subſidies, Rates and Duties by this Act intended to be made Perpetual.

All further Proviſions and Alterations by Act of Parliament to take place.

XI. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the Monies to ariſe by the ſaid Subſidies, Rates and Duties by this Act made Perpetual, as aforeſaid, when and as the ſame reſpectively (after the Expiration of the reſpective Terms formerly granted, as aforeſaid) ſhall take effect, by virtue of this preſent Act (the neceſſary Charges of raiſing the ſame excepted) ſhall likewiſe, from time to time, be brought into the ſaid Receipt of Exchequer, for the Uſes and Purpoſes in this Act expreſſed; nevertheleſs the ſaid Duties and Revenues hereby made Perpetual, and the Application thereof to the Uſes and Purpoſes by this Act intended, ſhall be ſubject and liable to ſuch Redemption as is herein after preſcribed in that behalf.

The Money to be brought into the Exchequer, neceſſary Charges excepted, ſubject to Redemption.

XIII. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all other Publick Monies which, from and after the ſaid Feaſt of Saint Michael the Arch-Angel, in the Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifteen, ſhall come and be brought into the ſaid Receipt of Exchequer, not being appropriated or appointed to any Uſe or Uſes by any Act or Acts of Parliament made or to be made, and not being Monies ariſing from any Branch or Branches of Revenue, appointed or to be appointed for the Service of his Majeſties Civil Government, or the Ex-

All Publick Monies, not appropriated, ſhall be applied to the Uſes and Services in this Act.

pences thereunto belonging, shall likewise be set apart, issued and applied, to and for the Uses and Services in and by this present Act declared and intended, and to no other Use or Purpose whatsoever.

Proviso for the Deficiencies of the Act 1 Geo. cap. 2.

XIV. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That nothing in this Act contained shall hinder or obstruct, or be construed to hinder or obstruct the making good any Deficiency or Deficiencies, which at any time or times shall happen of or in the yearly Fund of One hundred and sixteen thousand five hundred seventy three Pounds twelve Shillings, mentioned in an Act of Parliament of the First Year of his Majesties Reign, [Intituled, An Act for rectifying Mistakes in the Names of the Commissioners for the Land-Tax for the Year One thousand seven hundred and fourteen; and for raising so much as is wanting to make up the Sum of Fourteen hundred thousand Pounds, intended to be raised by a Lottery for the Publick Service in the said Year] but that every such Deficiency shall and may be made good, and satisfied out of any Publick unappropriated Monies, as if this Act had never been made; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding. 1 Geo. cap. 2.

The several Subsidies, &c. shall be one General or Aggregate Fund for the Purposes of this Act.

XV. And be it Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That all the said Subsidies, Duties and Revenues, which by the said Act of the Twelfth Year of her said late Majesties Reign, were appropriated for paying of Interest, and Allowances relating to the Exchequer Bills, issued upon that and the said former Acts in that behalf, or towards cancelling the same, and all Arrears thereof, and the several Additional Revenues and Incomes by this Act granted or continued, for the Uses and Purposes hereafter in and by this Act expressed or intended, and all Surplus Monies, Arrears, and other Monies whatsoever by this Act directed to be brought into the Receipt of Exchequer, or to be set apart or applied to or for the same Uses and Purposes, as aforesaid, and likewise the Overplus Monies of the yearly Sum of Seven hundred thousand Pounds herein after mentioned, from time to time, arising, are and shall be One General or Aggregate Fund and Security for satisfying and paying all Monies which are, and, from time to time, shall be incurred and grown due or payable for Interest, after the Rates of Two Pence per Centum per Diem, and for the said Allowance of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, for all the Exchequer Bills above mentioned, or such of them as shall, from time to time, be uncancelled or undischarged, and all the Monies which are or shall be grown due, from time to time, upon the said Sums of Forty five thousand Pounds per Annum, and Eight thousand Pounds per Annum, for so long time as those yearly Sums are to continue, or be payable; and for supplying to his Majesty during his Life (which God long Preserve) the yearly Sum of One hundred and twenty thousand Pounds, from the Feast of Saint Michael the Arch-Angel, in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and fifteen, by Quarterly Payments, at the Four most usual Feasts of the Year, by equal Portions, or within Ten Days after every such Feast-Day, for the Service of his Majesties Houshold and Family, and other his necessary Expences and Occasions; and also for supplying the further yearly Sum of Fifty four thousand six hundred Pounds for ever, by like Quarterly Payments, to commence from the said Feast of St. Michael the Arch-Angel, in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and fifteen, in order to raise any Sum or Sums of Money thereupon, not exceeding Nine hundred and ten thousand Pounds, for Publick Services, and for making good any such Deficiencies as shall or may happen, as aforesaid, and likewise for or towards Furnishing the said yearly Sum of Two hundred and seventy thousand nine hundred ninety nine Pounds, and seven Shillings, for paying off and cancelling the said Bills, all which is to be done in such Order, Manner and Form, as are herein after prescribed: And that such of the said Subsidies, Duties, Revenues, Additional Revenues, Surplus 12 A. cap. 11.

Monies,

Monies, Remains and Arrears, as are already commenced or ariſen, and the Reſidue thereof, as they ſhall ariſe and take effect, ſhall be and are by this Act appropriated, and ſhall be applied thereunto accordingly; any other Act or Acts of Parliament, or other Matter or Thing whatſoever to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

After that, the yearly Sum of 110000 *l.* ſhall be paid for the Civil Liſt.

XVIII. And it is hereby Enacted, That after paying, or reſerving ſufficient to pay and ſatisfie, from time to time, ſo much as is or ſhall be grown due or demandable for the ſaid Allowance of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, and Intereſt of Two Pence per Centum per Diem, and the ſaid Allowance of Forty five thouſand Pounds per Annum, and Eight thouſand Pounds per Annum, then the ſaid yearly Sum of One hundred and twenty thouſand Pounds for the Service of his Majeſties Houſhold and Family, and other his neceſſary Expences and Occaſions, ſhall grow due and be payable to his Majeſty quarterly, from the ſaid Feaſt of Saint Michael the Arch-Angel, in the Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifteen, at the Four moſt uſual Feaſts in the Year, by equal Portions, during his Majeſties Natural Life, as aforeſaid, out of the Monies of the ſaid General or Aggregate Fund, ariſing, or to ariſe, by the ſaid Duties or Revenues already commenced, or hereafter to come in, as aforeſaid; and that the Commiſſioners of his Majeſties Treaſury, or Lord Treaſurer, and Under-Treaſurer of the Exchequer, for the time being, ſhall and may, and they are hereby authorized and required to cauſe the ſaid yearly Sum of One hundred and twenty thouſand Pounds to be iſſued and applied, weekly, or as ſoon as the ſame can be ſatisfied, in the Order and Courſe aforeſaid, for the ſame Services out of the ſaid Monies of the ſaid General or Aggregate Fund, or any of them, ſo as by ſuch weekly or other Payments, the Sum of Thirty thouſand Pounds to be due thereupon at the End of each Quarter be not exceeded.

After that, the yearly Sum of 54600 *l.* ſhall be ſet apart to anſwer the perpetual Annuities.

XIX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That after paying or reſerving ſufficient to pay and ſatisfie, from time to time, ſo much as is or ſhall be grown due or demandable for the ſaid Allowance of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, and Intereſt of Two Pence per Centum per Diem, and the ſaid Allowances of Forty five thouſand Pounds per Annum, and Eight thouſand Pounds per Annum, and for or upon the ſaid Sum of One hundred and twenty thouſand Pounds per Annum, then the ſaid Sum of Fifty four thouſand ſix hundred Pounds per Annum, from the Feaſt of Saint Michael the Arch-Angel, in the Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifteen, for ever, ſhall, at the ſaid Four uſual Feaſts in the Year, by equal Portions, without any Deduction or Abatement, be ſeparated and ſet apart in the ſaid Receipt of Exchequer, out of the Monies of the ſaid General or Aggregate Fund ariſing and to ariſe by the ſaid Duties or Revenues already commenced, or hereafter to come in, as aforeſaid, and ſhall, from time to time, be iſſued and applied to Anſwer and Satisfie ſuch Perpetual Annuities as ſhall be purchaſed thereupon, after the Rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum, ſubject nevertheleſs to Redemption by Parliament, according to the true intent and meaning of ſuch Act or Acts of Parliament, as is, are, or ſhall be Paſſed, for raiſing thereupon any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding the ſaid Sum of Nine hundred and ten thouſand Pounds, for the Service of the Publick.

The ſeveral Preferences.

XX. And it is hereby Declared to be the true intent and meaning of this Act, That the ſaid Allowance after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, and the ſaid Payments for Intereſt, ſhall, from time to time, take place, and be preferred in point of Payment, out of the ſaid General or Aggregate Fund hereby eſtabliſhed, before the ſaid yearly Sums of Forty five thouſand, and Eight thouſand Pounds, or either of them; and that the ſaid yearly Sums of Forty five thouſand Pounds, and Eight thouſand Pounds, ſhall, from time to time, take place, and be preferred in point of Payment, before the ſaid yearly Sum of One

hundred and twenty thousand Pounds; and that the said yearly Sum of One hundred and twenty thousand Pounds shall, from time to time, take place, and be preferred in point of Payment, out of the said General Fund, before the said yearly Sum of Fifty four thousand six hundred Pounds; and that the said yearly Sum of Fifty four thousand six hundred Pounds, shall, from time to time, take place, and be preferred before any Sums herein after mentioned, for making good Deficiencies (when any such shall happen) of, or in other Funds of the said Governor and Company, and before the yearly Sum herein after mentioned, for cancelling and discharging the said Exchequer Bills.

How the Deficiencies shall be made good.

XXI. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That after paying or reserving sufficient to Pay and Satisfie, from time to time, so much as is or shall be grown due or demandable for the said Allowance of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, and Interest of Two Pence per Centum per Diem, and the said Allowances of Forty five thousand Pounds per Annum, and Eight thousand Pounds per Annum, and for and upon the said yearly Sums of One hundred and twenty thousand Pounds per Annum, and Fifty four thousand six hundred Pounds per Annum, then the said Deficiency and Deficiencies for making good the Payments, to be, from time to time, incurred and grown due, for or upon the said yearly Sums of One hundred thousand Pounds, and One hundred and six thousand five hundred and one Pounds, Thirteen Shillings and Five Pence, and either of them (when and often as any such shall happen) shall, from time to time, be satisfied and answered out of the Monies of the said General or Aggregate Fund, arising or to arise by the said Duties or Revenues already commenced, or hereafter to come in, as aforesaid; and the Commissioners of the Treasury, or the Lord Treasurer, and Under-Treasurer of the Exchequer for the time being, are hereby authorized and required to cause every such Deficiency or Deficiencies so happening, to be satisfied and paid accordingly, with preference to any Issues then to be made for cancelling the said Bills; which Deficiencies (if any such be) shall be annually computed at the Exchequer, from the Produce of the said respective Revenues there (to wit) the Deficiency of the said Original Fund on the First day of June yearly, and the Deficiency of the Annuity last mentioned at Michaelmas yearly.

How the Principal Money of the Exchequer Bills shall be paid off.

XXII. Provided also, and it is hereby Enacted, That after paying or reserving sufficient to pay and satisfie, from time to time, so much as is or shall be grown due or demandable for the said Allowance of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, and Interest of Two Pence per Centum per Diem, and the said Sums of Forty five thousand Pounds per Annum, Eight thousand Pounds per Annum, One hundred and twenty thousand Pounds per Annum, and Fifty four thousand six hundred Pounds per Annum, and so much as shall be demandable by virtue of this Act, to make good such Deficiency and Deficiencies, as aforesaid (all which are always to be preferred, as aforesaid) then the said full and entire yearly Sum of Two hundred and seventy thousand nine hundred ninety nine Pounds seven Shillings, or so much thereof, as the Remainder of the Monies of the said General or Aggregate Fund, arising or to arise by the said Duties or Revenues already commenced, or hereafter to come in, as aforesaid, shall, from time to time, produce for that purpose, shall be, and is by this Act appropriated for paying off all the Principal Money contained in all and every the said Exchequer Bills made forth upon the Acts aforesaid, or any of them, and for cancelling the same, until all the said Bills shall be discharged and cancelled, and shall be issued and applied to and for that Use and Purpose, in such manner as the Commissioners of the Treasury, or Lord Treasurer for the time being, shall, from time to time, direct and appoint in that behalf; and that the Issues thereof shall be made quarterly, or oftner, so as by the Payments within any Quarter, the Fourth part of the yearly Sum last mentioned for that Quarter be not exceeded.

XXIII. Pro-

XXIII. Provided also, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case the Produce of the said General or Aggregate Fund, to arise by all or any the Subsidies, Duties and Revenues hereby appropriated for all the Purposes aforesaid, shall, at the end of any Year, reckoning from the said Feast of Saint Michael the Arch-Angel, in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and fifteen, exceed all the Money due at the end of every such Year for all the Purposes aforesaid, so that there shall be an Excess or Surplus of the said General Fund, such Excess or Surplus shall be disposable, from time to time, for the Publick Use and Service by Authority of Parliament, and not otherwise; any thing herein, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament, contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Overplus of any Year disposable by Parliament, and not otherwise.

XXIV. Provided also, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case the Produce of the said General or Aggregate Fund, to arise by all or any the Subsidies, Duties and Revenues hereby appropriated for all the Purposes aforesaid, shall, at any time or times, appear to be so Deficient, that within any One Year, reckoning from the said Feast of Saint Michael the Arch-Angel, in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and fifteen, the same shall not be sufficient to answer and satisfie the said several and respective Purposes to which the same is hereby intended to be applied, Then and in every such case, and as often as any such Deficiency of the said General Fund shall happen, the same shall be provided for, answered and made good by and out of the next Aids to be granted in Parliament.

Deficiency to be made good by Parliament.

XXV. Provided also, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if the Revenues settled or appointed for the Service of his Majesties Houshold, and of the Honour and Dignity of his Crown, by the late Act of Parliament of the First Year of his Majesties Reign [Intituled, An Act for the better Support of his Majesties Houshold, and of the Honour and Dignity of the Crown of *Great Britain*] together with the said Additional Revenue of One hundred and twenty thousand Pounds per Annum, intended by this Act to be supplied, as aforesaid, shall, from the said Feast of Saint Michael the Arch-Angel, in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and fifteen, at any time during his Majesties Life, produce in clear Money more than the yearly Sum of Seven hundred thousand Pounds, That then the Overplus of such Produce (being more than the said yearly Sum of Seven hundred thousand Pounds) shall go to, and be deemed and taken to be part of the General or Aggregate Fund by this Act intended to be established for the several Purposes aforesaid, and be appropriated, issued, and applied accordingly, till all the said Exchequer Bills shall be paid off and cancelled; and from and after the cancelling and discharging of all the said Exchequer Bills, then the said Overplus, which from thenceforth shall arise, exceeding the said yearly Sum of Seven hundred thousand Pounds, shall not be issued, disposed, made use of, or applied to any Use or Purpose, or upon any Pretext whatsoever, without the Authority of Parliament: And that all Grants and Dispositions whatsoever hereafter to be made by his Majesty of such Overplus, or any part thereof, from time to time, without Authority of Parliament, shall be utterly void and of none effect; and the Grantees, or other Persons, to whom such Grants or Dispositions, or any of them, shall be made of such Overplus, or any part thereof, shall be adjudged uncapable in Law to take, hold, keep, detain or enjoy the same; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

1 Geo. cap. 1.

Overplus of 700000 *l.* for the Civil List, shall be part of the General or Aggregate Fund.

All Grants of such Overplus, without Authority of Parliament, void.

XXVI. Provided also, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if the said Revenues settled or appointed for the Service of his Majesties Houshold, and of the Honour and Dignity of the Crown by the said Act of the First Year of his Majesties Reign; and the said Additional Revenue of One hundred and twenty thousand Pounds per Annum, taken together, shall, at the end of any Year successively, during his Majesties Life, reckoning the First Year from the said Feast of Saint Michael the Arch-Angel,

Deficiency to be made good out of the next Aids.

in

in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and fifteen appear to have produced, in clear Money, less than the said Sum of Seven hundred thousand Pounds for that Year respectively, then and in every such case, as often as any such Deficiency shall happen, the same shall be provided for, answered, and made good by and out of the next Aids to be granted in Parliament.

All the Powers in the recited Acts to be in force during this Act.

XXVIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said former Acts above recited or mentioned, and every of them, and all the Powers, Authorities, Privileges, Advantages and Exemptions, and all Rules, Directions and Precepts, and all Pains of Death, and other Penalties and Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, in them or any of them contained (being now in force) touching or concerning the said Exchequer Bills issued, as aforesaid, or the circulating or exchanging the said Bills, or any of them, or touching or concerning any the Subsidies, Duties or Funds in the said Acts, or any of them mentioned, or any way relating thereunto (such Alterations as are therein made by this Act only excepted) shall continue, and be used, exercised, inflicted, raised, levied, applied, and put in practice and execution, in relation to all and every the said Exchequer Bills, and in relation to the Subsidies, Duties and Funds settled by this and the said former Acts, as fully as if the said Powers, Authorities, Privileges, Advantages, Exemptions, Rules, Directions, Precepts, Pains of Death, and other Penalties and Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things (except as aforesaid) were repeated and again enacted in the Body of this present Act; and that the said Governor and Company, or any the Members thereof, shall not incur any Disability for or by reason of their doing any Matter or Thing in pursuance of this Act.

The Bank established.

XXIX. And it is hereby Enacted and Declared, That the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and their Successors, shall continue a Corporation, with all the Powers, Privileges and Advantages thereunto belonging, until all the said Exchequer Bills, issued by virtue of the said Acts, or any of them, shall be discharged and cancelled, notwithstanding the Redemption of their other Funds, in pursuance of the Acts by which the same are established, or any of them; any thing in this or the said other Acts contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

When the General or Aggregate Fund shall be understood to be redeemed by Parliament.

XXX. Provided always, and it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the complete paying off and discharging all the Principal and Interest which shall be due upon all the said Exchequer Bills issued, as aforesaid, and cancelling the same, and full Payment made of all Arrearages (if any shall be then due) as well for and upon the said Allowance after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, and for and upon the said yearly Sums of Forty five thousand Pounds, Eight thousand Pounds, One hundred and twenty thousand Pounds, and Fifty four thousand six hundred Pounds, and every of them, as also of such Deficiency or Deficiencies as shall then appear to be unsatisfied (if any such be) for or upon the said Original Fund of One hundred thousand Pounds per Annum, and for and upon the said Annuity of One hundred and six thousand five hundred and one Pounds, Thirteen Shillings and Five Pence per Annum, Then, and not till then, the said General or Aggregate Fund by this Act established, or intended to be established, for the several Purposes aforesaid, and the said Subsidies, Duties and Revenues, contained, or to be contained therein, and every of them, shall be understood to be redeemed by Parliament, and shall not be issued, paid or applied, to any use, intent or purpose whatsoever, without the Authority of Parliament; other than and except the said Duties called the Two thirds of a Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage upon Goods and Merchandizes imported, and other than and except the said Duties upon Coffee, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa-Paste, Tea, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, Pitaures and Muslins, and other than and except the said increased Duties upon Coffee, Cocoa Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa-Paste, Tea, Nutmegs,

Exception.

megs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace and Pictures, and other than and except the said further Rates and Duties upon all white Callicoes, Porcelan, called China-Ware, and Drugs; all which said Subsidies and Duties, so excepted, are intended to be continued, and are hereby enacted to be continued, for answering and paying out of the same all the Payments which shall, after such Redemption, grow due for and upon the said yearly Sum of One hundred and twenty thousand Pounds, by quarterly Payments, for the Service of his Majesties Houshold and Family, and other his necessary Occasions, during his Majesties Life, and also for answering and paying out of the same excepted Subsidies, and other Duties, all the Payments which shall, after such Redemption, grow due for or upon the said yearly Sum of Fifty four thousand six hundred Pounds, for Payment of the said Annuities to be purchased, as aforesaid; which Annuities are to continue for ever, unless the same be redeemed by Parliament, according to the tenor and true meaning of the said other Act or Acts of Parliament, passed, or to be passed in that behalf; and the said excepted Subsidies and Duties so to be continued for answering the Payments of the said yearly Sums of One hundred and twenty thousand Pounds, and Fifty four thousand six hundred Pounds, or so much thereof as shall be sufficient to pay the same, are and shall be appropriated, issued and applied thereunto, during the Continuance of the same yearly Sums respectively; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

This General Fund may be redeemed without redeeming the Original Fund.

XXXI. And it is hereby Declared to be the true intent and meaning of this Act, That the said General Fund by this Act established for the several Purposes aforesaid, and all the said Subsidies, Duties and Revenues comprehended, or intended to be comprehended therein (except before excepted) may be redeemed in the Manner and Form prescribed in and by the foregoing Proviso and Condition, without redeeming the said Original Fund of One hundred thousand Pounds per Annum of the said Governor and Company, or their said Annuity of One hundred and six thousand five hundred and one Pounds, Thirteen Shillings and Five Pence per Annum; which Original Fund and Annuity respectively shall and may be redeemed upon such Notices, and in such Manner and Form, and upon such Terms and Conditions, as are prescribed by the respective Acts of Parliament now in force concerning the same, and not otherwise; any thing herein contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

After Redemption of the Original Fund, and the General Fund, Bank to cease.

XXXII. Provided also, and it is hereby Enacted, That from and after such Redemption of the said Original Fund of One hundred thousand Pounds per Annum, and of the said Annuity of One hundred and six thousand five hundred and one Pounds, Thirteen Shillings and Five Pence per Annum, and from and after Redemption shall likewise be made of the General Fund established by this Act for the several Purposes aforesaid, (except before excepted) Then, and not till then, the said Corporation of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England shall cease and determine; but till then the said Governor and Company shall continue a Corporation, and shall have and enjoy all the Powers and Privileges they are entitled to, as aforesaid.

Deficiency on the Hop Act to be made good.

XXXIII. Provided also, and it is hereby Enacted, That so much of the Sum of One hundred and eighty thousand Pounds, which was borrowed on the said former Act, which laid a Duty on Hops for Four Years, and the Interest thereof, as is deficient, and remains unpaid, shall be satisfied out of the said Sum, not exceeding Nine hundred and ten thousand Pounds, to be raised, as aforesaid.

Anno 1 GEORGII *Regis. Seſſ.* 1.

CAP. XIII.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the further Security of his Majeſties Perſon and Government, and the Succeſſion of the Crown in the Heirs of the late Princeſs *Sophia*, being Proteſtants; and for extinguiſhing the Hopes of the pretended Prince of *Wales*, and his Open and Secret Abetters.

Preamble.

Whereas by an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King William, of Glorious and Immortal Memory, Intituled, An Act for the further Limitation of the Crown, and better ſecuring the Rights and Liberties of the Subject, It was Enacted, That the Crown and Regal Government of the Kingdoms of England, France and Ireland, and the Dominions thereunto belonging, with the Royal State and Dignity of the ſaid Realms, and all Honours, Stiles, Titles, Regalities, Prerogatives, Powers, Juriſdictions and Authorities, to the ſame belonging and appertaining, after the Deceaſe of his ſaid Majeſty, and of the Princeſs Anne of Denmark, and in Default of Iſſue of the ſaid Princeſs Anne of Denmark, and of his ſaid Majeſty reſpectively, ſhould be, remain, and continue to the moſt Excellent Princeſs Sophia, Electoreſs and Dutcheſs Dowager of Hanover, Daughter of the moſt Excellent Princeſs Elizabeth late Queen of Bohemia, Daughter of our late Sovereign Lord King James the Firſt, and the Heirs of the Body of the ſaid Princeſs Sophia, being Proteſtants: And whereas alſo an Act was made in England in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of the Reign of the ſaid King William, Intituled, An Act for the further Security of his Majeſties Perſon, and the Succeſſion of the Crown in the Proteſtant Line; and for extinguiſhing the Hopes of the pretended Prince of *Wales*, and all other Pretenders, and their Open and Secret Abetters, whereby, amongſt other things, it was Provided, That all and every Perſon and Perſons, mentioned in the ſaid laſt recited Act, ſhould take the Oath therein mentioned, and ſubſcribe the ſame, in the Manner, at the Times and Places, and under the Pains and Penalties therein expreſſed; and upon the Demiſe of his late Majeſty King William, there was another Act made in the Firſt Year of her late Majeſty Queen Anne, Intituled, An Act to Declare the Alterations in the Oath appointed to be taken by the Act, Intituled, *An Act for the further Security of his Majeſties Perſon, and the Succeſſion of the Crown in the Proteſtant Line; and for extinguiſhing the Hopes of the pretended Prince of* Wales, *and all other Pretenders, and their Open and Secret Abetters*; and for declaring the Aſſociation to be determined; and for the ſame end there was another Act paſſed in the Fourth Year of her ſaid late Majeſty Queen Anne, Intituled, An Act for the better Security of her Majeſties Perſon and Government, and of the Succeſſion to the Crown of *England* in the Proteſtant Line: And whereas by the Treaty of Union, and Second Article thereof, It is Provided, That the Succeſſion to the Monarchy of the United Kingdom of Great Britain, and of the Dominions thereunto belonging, after her ſaid late moſt Sacred Majeſty Queen Anne, and in default of Iſſue of her ſaid Majeſty, ſhould be, remain, and continue to the moſt Excellent Princeſs Sophia, Electoreſs and Dutcheſs Dowager of Hanover, and the Heirs of her Body, being Proteſtants, upon whom the Crown of England ſtood ſettled by the aforeſaid Act, made in England in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King William; purſuant to which Treaty and State of Union, there were ſundry Acts made in the Reign of her ſaid late Majeſty Queen Anne, for taking certain Oaths and Declarations, for Security of her Majeſties Perſon and Government, and ſettling the Crown in the Proteſtant Line: And whereas the ſaid pretended Prince of Wales hath aſſumed

12 *W.* 3. *cap.* 2.

13 & 14 W. 3. *cap.* 6.

1 A. *cap.* 22. *Seſs.* 1.

4 A. *cap.* 8.

ſumed the Stile and Title of James the Third, King of England, Scotland, and Ireland, in open Defiance of the Proviſions made for the Eſtabliſhment of the Title and Succeſſion of the Crown by the ſaid Acts of Parliament, on which ſaid Acts the Safety of your Majeſties Royal Perſon and Government, the Continuance of the Monarchy of Great Britain, the Preſervation of the Proteſtant Religion, the Maintenance of the Churches of England and Scotland, as by Law Eſtabliſhed, the Security of the Ancient and Undoubted Rights and Liberties, and the future Peace and Tranquility of this Kingdom do (under God) entirely Depend; And whereas the ſaid pretended Prince of Wales, ſince the Demiſe of of the late Queen, in Prejudice of your Majeſties juſt Right and Title to the Imperial Crown of theſe Realms, has continued to aſſume the ſaid Name and Title of James the Third, King of England, Scotland, and Ireland, in manifeſt Violation of your Majeſties moſt lawful and rightful Title to the Crown, and of the Acts and Treaty above mentioned, made for Settling, and further Security of the ſame, and for Extinguiſhing the Hopes of him the ſaid Pretender, and of all other Pretenders, and their Open and Secret Abettors: And whereas alſo ſeveral wicked and evil-minded Perſons have, even ſince your Majeſties happy Acceſſion to the Throne, in Riotous, Seditious and Treaſonable Manner, taken upon them to give to the ſaid pretended Prince of Wales the aforeſaid Name and Title: To the intent therefore the ſaid Acts may be for ever inviolably Preſerved, and that all future Queſtions and Diviſions, by reaſon of any pretended Titles to the Crown, may be prevented, we your Majeſties moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, do humbly beſeech your moſt Excellent Majeſty, That it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by Authority of the ſame, That all and every Perſon and Perſons, as well Peers as Commoners, that ſhall bear any Office or Offices, Civil or Military, or ſhall receive any Pay, Salary, Fee or Wages, by reaſon of any Patent or Grant from his Majeſty, or ſhall have Command or Place of Truſt from or under his Majeſty, or from any of his Majeſties Predeceſſors, or by his, her or their Authority, or by Authority derived from him, her or them, within Great Britain, or in his Majeſties Navy, or in the ſeveral Iſlands of Jerſey and Guernſey, or ſhall be of the Houſhold, or in the Service or Imployment of his Majeſty, or of his Royal Highneſs George Prince of Wales, or her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs of Wales, or their Iſſue, and all Eccleſiaſtical Perſons, Heads or Governors, of what Denomination ſoever, and all other Members of Colleges and Halls in any Univerſity, that are or ſhall be of the Foundation, or that do or ſhall enjoy any Exhibition, (being of the Age of Eighteen Years) and all Perſons teaching or reading to Pupils in any Univerſity, or elſewhere, and all Schoolmaſters and Ushers, and all Preachers and Teachers of Separate Congregations, all Conſtables, and every Perſon that ſhall Act as a Serjeant at Law, Councellor at Law, Barriſter, Advocate, Attorney, Sollicitor, Writer in Scotland, Proctor, Clerk or Notary, by practiſing in any manner as ſuch in any Court whatſoever, who ſhall inhabit, reſide or be within the Cities of London or Weſtminſter, or within Thirty Miles diſtant from the ſame, on the Firſt day of Michaelmas Term next, at any time during the ſaid Term, ſhall perſonally appear before the End of the ſaid Term in his Majeſties Court of Chancery, Kings Bench, Common Pleas, or Exchequer, and there, in publick and open Court, between the Hours of Nine of the Clock and Twelve in the Forenoon, take the Oaths herein after mentioned; That is to ſay,

All Perſons, as well Peers as Commoners, in Places Civil or Military, &c. under the King or the Prince or Princeſs of Wales, or their Iſſue,

and all Eccleſiaſtical Perſons, all Heads of Colleges, &c.

and all Schoolmaſters and Ushers, and Preachers in Separate Congregations, all Conſtables, and Practicers in the Law,

being within 30 Miles of *London* to take the Oaths at *Mich.* Term next at *Weſtminſter.*

I *A. B.* do ſincerely Promiſe and Swear, That I will be Faithful, and bear true Allegiance to his Majeſty King *George*:

Oath of Allegiance.

So help me God.

Supremacy. I *A. B.* do Swear, That I do from my Heart Abhor, Deteſt and Abjure, as Impious and Heretical, that Damnable Doctrine and Poſition, That Princes Excommunicated or Deprived by the Pope, or any Authority of the See of *Rome*, may be Depoſed or Murthered by their Subjects, or any other whatſoever. And I do Declare, That no Foreign Prince, Perſon, Prelate, State or Potentate, hath, or ought to have, any Juriſdiction, Power, Superiority, Preeminence or Authority, Eccleſiaſtical or Spiritual, within this Realm:

So help me God.

Abjuration. I *A. B.* do truly and ſincerely Acknowledge, Profeſs, Teſtifie, and Declare in my Conſcience, before God and the World, That our Sovereign Lord King *George* is Lawful and Rightful King of this Realm, and all other his Majeſties Dominions and Countries thereunto belonging. And I do ſolemnly and ſincerely Declare, That I do believe in my Conſcience, that the Perſon pretended to be Prince of *Wales*, during the Life of the late King *James*, and ſince his Deceaſe, pretending to be, and taking upon himſelf the Stile and Title of King of *England*, by the Name of *James* the Third, or of *Scotland*, by the Name of *James* the Eighth, or the Stile and Title of King of *Great Britain*, hath not any Right or Title whatſoever to the Crown of this Realm, or any other the Dominions thereto belonging: And I do Renounce, Refuſe, and Abjure any Allegiance or Obedience to him. And I do Swear, That I will bear Faith and true Allegiance to his Majeſty King *George*, and him will defend, to the utmoſt of my Power, againſt all Traiterous Conſpiracies and Attempts whatſoever, which ſhall be made againſt his Perſon, Crown or Dignity. And I will do my utmoſt Endeavour to Diſcloſe and make Known to his Majeſty, and his Succeſſors, all Treaſons and Traiterous Conſpiracies which I ſhall know to be againſt him, or any of them. And I do faithfully Promiſe, to the utmoſt of my Power, to Support, Maintain, and Defend the Succeſſion of the Crown againſt him the ſaid *James*, and all other Perſons whatſoever; which Succeſſion, by an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the further Limitation of the Crown, and better Securing the Rights and Liberties of the Subject*, is and ſtands limited to the Princeſs *Sophia*, Electoreſs and Dutcheſs Dowager of *Hanover*, and the Heirs of her Body, being Proteſtants. And all theſe things I do Plainly and Sincerely Acknowledge and Swear, according to theſe Expreſs Words by me ſpoken, and according to the Plain and Common Senſe and Underſtanding of the ſame Words, without any Equivocation, Mental Evaſion, or Secret Reſervation whatſoever. And I do make this Recognition, Acknowledgement, Abjuration, Renunciation, and Promiſe, Heartily, Willingly and Truly, upon the true Faith of a Chriſtian:

So help me God.

Perſons taking the Oaths muſt ſubſcribe their Names or Marks. Perſons not having taken the Oaths then, to take them at the Seſſions where they reſide, by 23 *Jan.* next.

II. Unto which Oaths ſo taken, every ſuch Perſon ſo taking the ſame, ſhall ſubſcribe his Name, or if he cannot write, ſhall make his Mark; and during the time of taking the ſaid Oaths, all Pleas and Proceedings in the ſaid reſpective Courts ſhall ceaſe; and all and every the ſaid reſpective Perſons and Officers, not having taken the ſaid Oaths, and ſubſcribed the ſame, as aforeſaid, ſhall, on or before the Twenty third day of January next, at the General or Quarter-Seſſions for that County, Riding, Liberty, City, Borough, Town-Corporate or Place, where he or they ſhall be, inhabit or reſide, on the Firſt day of December next, take

take the ſaid Oaths in open Court, between the ſaid Hours of Nine and Twelve of the Clock in the Forenoon, and ſubſcribe his Name, or if he cannot write, make his Mark under the ſame.

All Perſons after 10 *Aug.* 1715. admitted into any Office Civil or Military, &c.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Perſon and Perſons that ſhall be admitted, entred, placed or taken, into any Office or Offices, Civil or Military, or ſhall receive any Pay, Salary, Fee or Wages, by reaſon of any Patent or Grant from his Majeſty, or ſhall have Command, or Place of Truſt from or under his Majeſty, or by his Authority, or by Authority derived from him, within that Part of Great Britain called England, or in his Majeſties Navy, or in the ſeveral Iſlands of Jerſey and Guernſey, or that ſhall be admitted into any Service or Imployment in his Majeſties Houſhold or Family, or of his Royal Highneſs George Prince of Wales, or of her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs of Wales, or their Iſſue, and all Eccleſiaſtical Perſons, Heads or Governors, of what Denomination ſoever, and all other Members of Colleges and Halls in any Univerſity, that are or ſhall be of the Foundation, or that do or ſhall enjoy any Exhibition, being of, or as ſoon as they ſhall attain the Age of Eighteen Years, and all Perſons teaching or reading to Pupils in any Univerſity, or elſewhere, and all Schoolmaſters and Ushers, and all Preachers and Teachers of Separate Congregations, High or Chief Conſtables, and every Perſon who ſhall act as Serjeant at Law, Councellor at Law, Barriſter, Advocate, Attorney, Sollicitor, Proctor, Clerk, or Notary, by practiſing in any manner as ſuch in any Court or Courts whatſoever, within that Part of Great Britain called England, who ſhall, at any time after the Tenth day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifteen, be admitted into, or enter upon any of the before mentioned Preferments, Benefices, Offices or Places, or ſhall come into any ſuch Capacity, or ſhall take upon him or them any ſuch Practice, Imployment or Buſineſs, as aforeſaid, ſhall, within Three Months after he or they ſhall be admitted into, or enter upon any ſuch Preferment, Benefice, Office or Place, or come into ſuch Capacity, or take upon him or them ſuch Practice, Imployment or Buſineſs, as aforeſaid, take and ſubſcribe the ſame Oaths in One of the ſaid Courts at Weſtminſter, or at the General Quarter Seſſions of the County, City or Place, where he or they ſhall reſide.

and all Eccleſiaſtical Perſons, and Members of Colleges of 18 Years of age,

Schoolmaſters and Preachers in Separate Congregations, High Conſtables, and Practicers in Law,

ſhall within 3 Months take the ſaid Oaths at *Weſtminſter* or Quarter Seſſions.

All Perſons who by an Act ſince the Union were bound to take the Oaths in *Scotland* ſhall take the Oath of Abjuration, and the Oath of Allegiance, and ſubſcribe the Aſſurance.

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Perſon or Perſons, as well Peers as Commoners, who, by virtue of any Act or Acts made ſince the Union of the Two Kingdoms, were bound to take and ſubſcribe the Oath of Allegiance, ſubſcribe the Aſſurance, and to take and ſign the Oath of Abjuration, for and on account of any Office, Civil or Military, or any other Cauſe or Occaſion, within Scotland, ſhall, on or before the Firſt day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifteen, take and ſubſcribe the Oath of Abjuration above mentioned, and ſhall take and ſubſcribe the ſaid Oath of Allegiance, and ſubſcribe the Aſſurance, in the Words following, videlicet,

Oath of Allegiance.

I *A. B.* do ſincerely Promiſe and Swear, That I will be Faithful, and bear true Allegiance to his Majeſty King *George*:

So help me God.

Aſſurance.

I *A. B.* do, in the Sincerity of my Heart, Aſſert, Acknowledge, and Declare, That his Majeſty King *George* is the only Lawful and Undoubted Sovereign of this Realm, as well *de Jure*, that is, of Right, King, as *de Facto*, that is, in the Poſſeſſion and Exerciſe of the Government; and therefore I do ſincerely and faithfully Promiſe and Engage, That I will, with Heart and Hand, Life and Goods, Maintain and Defend his Majeſties Title and Government, againſt the Perſon pretended to be Prince of *Wales*, during the Life of the late King *James*, and ſince his Deceaſe, pretending to be,

and taking upon himself the Stile and Title of King of *England*, by the Name of *James* the Third, or of *Scotland*, by the Name of *James* the Eighth, or the Stile and Title of King of *Great Britain*, and his Adherents, and all other Enemies, who either, by open or secret Attempts, shall Disturb or Disquiet his Majesty in the Possession and Exercise thereof.

V. And that in such Courts, and within such Times limited, before such Judges, in such Manner, and to be certified as in and by the several Acts generally above mentioned is directed.

Persons beyond Sea to take the Oaths in Three Months after Return.

VIII. Provided, That nothing in this Act contained, shall extend to any Person now beyond the Seas, who, by virtue of this Act, ought to take the said Oaths, so as such Person do, within Three Months after his Return to Great Britain, take the said Oaths, and subscribe thereunto according to the Appointment of this Act.

On neglecting to take the 10 Oaths disabled from holding Office, and the same void.

IX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the Person and Persons aforesaid, That do or shall neglect or refuse to take the said Oaths, and subscribe thereto, as aforesaid, in the said Courts and Places, and at the respective Times aforesaid, shall be ipso facto adjudged incapable, and disabled in Law, to all intents and purposes whatsoever, to have, occupy, or enjoy the said Office or Offices, Imployment or Imployments, or any Part of them, or any Matter or Thing aforesaid, or any Profit or Advantage appertaining to them, or any of them; and every such Office or Place, Imployment or Imployments, shall be void, and is hereby adjudged void.

Afterwards excuting any Office, &c. disabled to sue in Course of Law, or to be Guardian or Executor, &c.

X. And be it further Enacted, That all and every such Person and Persons who shall neglect and refuse to take the said Oaths, within the Times, and at the Places aforesaid, and yet after such Neglect or Refusal shall, by himself or themselves, his or their Deputy or Trustee, execute any of the said Offices or Imployments after the said time is expired, wherein he or they ought to have taken the said Oaths according to the true intent and meaning of this Act, and being therefore lawfully convicted in or upon any Information, Presentment or Indictment, in any of the Kings Courts at Westminster, or at the Assizes, upon Prosecution before the Court of Justiciary, or Circuits in Scotland, every such Person or Persons shall be disabled from thenceforth to sue or use any Action, Bill, Plaint or Information in any Court of Law, or to prosecute any Suit in any Court of Equity, or to be Guardian of any Child, or Executor or Administrator of any Person, or capable of any Legacy or Deed of Gift, or to be in any Office within this Realm of Great Britain, or to vote at any Election for Members to serve in Parliament, and shall forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, to be recovered by him or them that shall sue for the same, to be prosecuted by any Action of Debt, Suit, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of his Majesties Courts at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law, shall lie, or any more than One Imparlance, and by way of Summar Complaint before the Court of Sessions, or Prosecution before the Court of Justiciary in Scotland.

Penalty.

The said Courts impowered to administer the Oaths.

XI. And be it further Enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the respective Courts aforesaid, to give and administer the Oaths aforesaid, to the Person and Persons aforesaid; and upon due tender of any Person or Persons to take the said Oaths, the said Courts are hereby required and enjoyned to administer the same; for the taking and subscribing the said Oaths the proper Officer shall have, take and receive of every Person, so taking and subscribing the said Oaths, the Sum of Two Shillings, and no more; of the taking and subscribing whereof a Register shall be kept in a Book to be provided for that purpose by the proper Officer, where the Names of all such Persons, who shall take and subscribe the said Oaths, shall be fairly written, and when they took and subscribed the same; to which said Register any Person may resort, and inspect the same, without Fee or Reward.

Fee.

A Register to be kept of the Subscribers.

XVI. Pro-

XVI. Provided always, That any Person who, by any Neglect or Refusal according to this Act, shall lose or forfeit any Office, may be capable of a new Grant of the said Office, or of any other, and have and hold the same again, such Person taking the said Oaths in such manner, as aforesaid, so as such Office be not granted to, or actually enjoyed by some Person at the time of re-granting thereof. Persons forfeiting capable of a New Grant on taking the Oaths.

XX. Provided, That neither this Act, nor any thing therein contained, shall extend, be judged, or interpreted to take away or make void any Office of Inheritance, so as such Person or Persons having an Office of Inheritance, do or shall substitute and appoint his or their Deputy or Deputies, and such Deputy or Deputies shall qualifie him or themselves, according to a Proviso in the Act made in the Five and twentieth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for preventing Dangers which may happen from Popish Recusants, and so as such Deputy or Deputies do likewise take and subscribe the Oaths in and by this present Act required and expressed, and so as such Deputy or Deputies be, from time to time, approved of by the Kings Majesty under his Privy Signet. 25 Car. 2. c. 2. Not to vacate any Office of Inheritance, so as Deputy qualifie himself.

XXIII. Provided always, That this Act, or any thing therein contained, shall not extend to any Person who hath, since his Majesties happy Accession to the Throne, taken the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy, and the Abjuration Oath, in any of the said Courts at Westminster, or at the General Quarter-Sessions of the Peace, or in either Houses of Parliament, unless by reason of such Persons having some New Office or Employment, or his coming hereafter under some of the Qualifications which require the taking the Oaths before mentioned, by virtue of this Act or any other Law now in being. Not to extend to Persons who have taken the Oaths since his Majesties Accession.

XXIV. Provided always, and be it Declared and Enacted, That all Persons whatsoever, who, by virtue of any Law now in being, are or would be obliged, if this Act was not had or made, to receive the Sacrament according to the usage of the Church of England, and to make and subscribe the Declaration against Transubstantiation, or either of them, on any Occasion whatsoever, shall continue obliged, in all such Cases, to receive the said Sacrament, and make and subscribe the said Declaration, together with the Oaths appointed by this Act, in such Manner, and under such Penalties, in case of Neglect, as is required by any former Law. All Persons who before were obliged to receive the Sacrament, &c. shall still continue obliged.

XXVII. Provided always, That no Person or Persons, who by reason of any such Neglect or Omission, hath or have left or forfeited any Office, Benefit, Place, Dignity or Imployment whatsoever, to which any other Person or Persons hath or have been Preferred or Promoted, shall be restored to such Office, Benefice, Place, Dignity or Imployment; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding. No restoring to Office where others have been preferred thereto.

XXIX. Provided always, That the Oath of Abjuration, and the Assurance in this Act contained, shall in all Cases be taken to be in lieu of the Oath of Abjuration, and the Assurance formerly appointed. These Oaths to be in lieu of the other Oaths formerly appointed.

Anno

Anno 1 GEORGII *Regis. Sess.* I.

CAP. XVIII.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the better preventing Fresh Fish taken by Foreigners being imported into this Kingdom; and for the Preservation of the Fry of Fish; and for the giving Leave to import Lobsters and Turbots in Foreign Bottoms; and for the better Preservation of Salmon within several Rivers in that Part of this Kingdom called *England*.

Preamble.

WHereas notwithstanding the many good Laws made for the Preservation and Improvement of the Fishery in that Part of this Kingdom called England, particularly an Act of Parliament made in the Fifteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for the Encouragement of Trade; 15 Car. 2. c. 7. and one other Act made in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of his said late Majesty, Intituled, An Act against importing Cattle from 18 Car. 2. c. 2. *Ireland*, and other Parts beyond the Seas, and Fish taken by Foreigners, many Evasions have of late Years been invented and practised, whereby that useful Design has been very much obstructed, and more especially by the fraudulent Practices of divers Persons trading in English Smacks, and other Vessels, who when they are off at Sea, buy great Quantities of Fish caught by Foreigners, and import and market the same in this Kingdom, to the great Discouragement and Impoverishment of his Majesties Subjects, and manifest Detriment of the Fishery and Navigation: For remedy whereof, Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Twenty ninth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and fifteen, no Herring, Codd, Pilchards, Salmon, or Ling, fresh or salted, dried or bloated, nor any Grill, Mackarel, Whiting, Haddock, Sprats, Coal-Fish, Gull-Fish, Congers, nor any sort of Flat-Fish, nor any other sort of Fresh-Fish whatsoever, shall be imported into, sold or exposed to sale, in that Part of this Kingdom called England, which shall be taken by, bought of, or received from any Foreigner or Foreigners, or out of any Stranger or Strangers Bottom, except Protestant Strangers inhabiting within this Kingdom; nor shall any Person or Persons give or exchange any Goods or other Things in exchange for any sort of Fish, so taken, as aforesaid.

After 29 *Sept.* 1715. no fresh Fish whatsoever, taken by Foreigners, to be imported.

Exception.

Penalty on Master of Smack, Hoy, *&c.* offending.

II. And be it further Enacted, That every Master or Commander, for the time being, of any Smack, Hoy, Yager, Boat, Ship or other Vessel, in which any Fish shall be imported or brought to shore, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this Act, being thereof lawfully convicted, upon his Appearance or Default made after due Summons before One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace of the County, City or Place, where the Offender shall reside, or be found, by the Oath of Two or more Credible Witnesses, which Oath such Justice or Justices are hereby impowered and required to administer, shall forfeit for every Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, to be levied by distress and sale of the Offenders Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals of such Justice or Justices, rendring to the Party the Overplus, if any be; and in default of Payment of the said Twenty Pounds, or sufficient distress, the same Justice or Justices shall commit every such Offender to the Common-Goal of such County, City or Place, there to suffer Imprisonment during the space of Twelve Months.

III. Pro-

III. Provided, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to prevent the Importing, buying or exposing to Sale, any Eels, Stock-Fish, Anchovies, Sturgeon, Botarge or Cavear. Proviso for Eels, Stock-Fish, Anchovies, &c.

IX. Provided also, That no Person shall suffer any Punishment for any Offence committed against this Act, unless the Prosecution for the same be commenced within One Month after such Offence committed; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding. Prosecution to be within One Month.

X. And whereas by an Act made in the Tenth and Eleventh Years of King William the Third, Intituled, An Act for making *Billingsgate* a Free Market for Sale of Fish, the importation of Lobsters and Turbets in Foreign Vessels is prohibited: And whereas the said Prohibition has made Lobsters and Turbets much dearer than they were before the passing the said Act: For remedy whereof, and for the better supplying this Kingdom with Lobsters and Turbets at Reasonable Rates, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person whatsoever, as well Foreigners as British, freely to import, bring into, and sell in the Kingdom of Great Britain, in any Ship or Vessel whatsoever, any Quantity of Lobsters or Turbets, whether they be of Foreign or British catching, in the same manner they might have done before the said recited Act, of the Tenth and Eleventh Years of the Reign of his late Majesty King William, was made; any thing in the said Act, or any other Act since made, or usage, to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding. 10 W. 3. c. 24. Foreigners may import Lobsters or Turbets.

XVII. Provided also, and it is hereby Enacted, That all Persons who shall think themselves agrieved by any Judgment of any Justice or Justices of the Peace, in any of the Cases aforesaid, may appeal to the Justices of the Peace of the County, City or Place, where such Judgment shall be given, at their next General Quarter-Sessions, who are hereby impowered to hear and finally determine the same. Persons agrieved may appeal to the General Quarter-Sessions.

Anno 1 GEORGII *Regis. Sess.* 1.

CAP. XXI.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for enlarging the Capital Stock and yearly Fund of the *South-Sea* Company, and for supplying thereby Eight hundred twenty two thousand thirty two Pounds, Four Shillings and Eight Pence, to Publick Uses; and for raising One hundred sixty nine thousand Pounds for the like Uses, by Sale of Annuities upon divers Encouragements therein mentioned; and for appropriating several Supplies granted to his Majesty.

III. Provided always, and it is hereby Declared to be the true intent and meaning of this present Act, That the said Governor and Company, or their Cashier for their Use, shall and may (notwithstanding any Provision made by this Act) proceed to receive so much of the Money arising by the particular Duties on Salt, Rock Salt, and Candles, and by the several Rates on Monies given with Clerks, Apprentices, and Servants, mentioned in the said Act of the Ninth Year of her late Majesties Reign, as they might have received if this Act had not been made; but that within Ten Days after the Feast of the Birth of our Lord Christ One thousand seven hundred and fifteen, an exact Account shall be made up by the Auditor of the Receipt of his Majesties Exchequer, of all the Monies, which, within the whole Year ending at the same Feast, shall have been received by the said Governor and Company, or their Cashier, of those particular Duties or Rates; and the Sum Total of the Monies so received or to be received by 9 A. *cap.* 21. At *Christmas* 1715. an Account to be made up of all Monies arising by the Duties on Salt, Candles, &c. of 9 *Anne*, cap. 21. that Year, &c.

by them within the said Year, shall go and be reckoned and accounted as part of the said increased Fund which shall first grow due to the said Governor and Company, after the said Feast of the Birth of our Lord Christ, in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and fifteen, and shall be reduced out of the same increased Fund accordingly; any thing in this or any former Act or Acts of Parliament, to the contrary notwithstanding.

All the Duties, *&c. 9 Anne.* cap. 21. appropriated to make good the increased Fund.

V. And it is hereby Enacted, That all the several Duties, Revenues, and Surplus Monies, which, by the said Act of the Ninth Year of her late Majesties Reign, were settled, appropriated, appointed or intended, for answering the yearly Fund which was to be adjusted by that Act, and the said yearly Sum of Eight thousand Pounds, that is to say, such of the same Duties, Revenues and Surplus Monies as are already come into Possession, and the rest of them as they shall severally take effect, are hereby appropriated, and shall be applied to and for the answering and making good all the Payments which, after the said Feast of the Birth of our Lord Christ, One thousand seven hundred and fifteen, shall grow due, for or upon the said increased Fund, amounting to Six hundred thousand Pounds per Annum, as aforesaid, and the said yearly Sum of Eight thousand Pounds for or towards Charges of Management, as aforesaid, and to none other use, intent or purpose whatsoever, under such and the like Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities to be incurred and inflicted for diverting, misapplying or detaining any the Monies applicable to the Payments by this Act directed, as by the said Act of the Ninth Year of her late Majesties Reign, or by any other Act or Acts relating thereunto, were in the like case intended to be inflicted or incurred, for diverting, misapplying or detaining any the Monies which were to be paid in pursuance thereof. 9 A. *cap.* 21.

A Quarterly Account to be taken in the Exchequer of Monies arising to pay the Fund.

VI. And to the end there may be no Failure in the Payment of the said increased Fund of Six hundred thousand Pounds per Annum, and the said Sum of Eight thousand Pounds per Annum, from or after the said Feast of the Birth of our Lord Christ, One thousand seven hundred and fifteen, until the Redemption thereof by Parliament, according to the Proviso herein after contained; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Commissioners of his Majesties Treasury now being, or the High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, shall, from and after the said Feast of the Birth of our Lord Christ, One thousand seven hundred and fifteen, Quarterly, at the Four most usual Feasts in every Year, that is to say, the Feasts of the Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, the Nativity of Saint John Baptist, Saint Michael the Arch-Angel, and the Birth of our Lord Christ, or within Twenty Days next after every of the said Feast-Days, cause a true and exact Account to be made of all the Monies which, on or before the said respective Quarter-Days within the Quarter then ended, shall have come, or was brought into the Receipt of Exchequer, of the said Duties and Revenues, and Surplus Monies, or any of them, for or towards Payment of the said increased Fund, and the said yearly Sum for Charges; and if upon making every or any such Account, the Monies so come or brought in shall appear to fall short of One fourth Part of the said yearly Sum of Six hundred thousand Pounds, and Eight thousand Pounds, for the preceding Quarter of a Year, then, and so often, and in every such Case, all and every Sum and Sums of Money, so deficient, shall, upon demand to be made by the said Governor and Company, or their Cashier, by writing under the Common Seal of the said Governor and Company, or signed by the said Cashier, and to be left with or for the Treasurer of the Navy of his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, for the time being, at or in the House or Place used by such Treasurer of the Navy for the time being, for making Payments for the Use of the Navy, or within Twenty Days after such demand, be answered, made good, and satisfied by the Treasurer of the Navy, for the time being, of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, out of any Monies then in his hands or power,

Deficiency to be made good by the Treasurer of the Navy, *&c.*

power, or first coming to his hands or power, for the Service of the Navy, or the Victualling thereof; all which Monies are hereby charged to make good the said Payments which shall be incurred and grown due to the said Governor and Company, from time to time, with preference to any other Payments to be made out of the same for any Use or Service whatsoever; and the said Payments to the said Governor and Company, or their Cashier for their Use, shall be made without Fee or Charge, and without any further or other Warrant to be sued for, had or obtained from his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever; and the said Treasurer of the Navy for the time being, is hereby authorized and required (in default of Specifical Money to answer the Payment of any such Deficiency or Deficiencies, as aforesaid) forthwith to dispose so much of any Tallies, Orders, Annuities, or other Parliamentary Securities, which then or afterwards shall or may be in his hands or power, for the Service of the Navy, or the Victualling thereof, as will be sufficient to enable him to discharge the Deficiency then due to the said Governor and Company; and within Twenty Days after such Demand, as aforesaid, to pay the same in Money, without any Deduction, Discount or Abatement to be born or sustained by them; and such Treasurer of the Navy, from time to time, shall be allowed upon his Account in the Exchequer all such Payments so made by him; and the said Treasurer of the Navy shall also be allowed all such Loss as shall happen by disposing such Securities, upon the Oath of the said Treasurer (which the proper Auditor hath hereby power to administer) verifying the Truth thereof.

On One Years Notice, and Repayment, Duties to cease:

IX. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That at any time, upon One Years Notice, after the Twenty fifth day of December, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, upon Repayment by Parliament of the said Sum of Ten millions, and of all Arrears of the said yearly Sums of Six hundred thousand Pounds, and Eight thousand Pounds, or upon Payment thereof, by and out of the Surplus Monies of the said Duties and Revenues settled for Payment of the said yearly Sums; Then, and not till then, all the Impositions and Duties by the said Act of the Ninth Year of her late Majesties Reign, or by this present Act appropriated, shall and may be disposed of by Parliament; and the said yearly Fund of Six hundred thousand Pounds, and all Annuities out of the same, and the said yearly Sum of Eight thousand Pounds shall cease and determine; but that the said Corporation, by the Name aforesaid, after such Redemption of the said yearly Sums, shall continue for ever, and have perpetual Succession, and shall hold and enjoy all such Forts, Factories, Acquisitions, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, and all such Benefits of Trade, and other Benefits, Profits, Powers, Privileges and Advantages whatsoever, whereunto they would be entitled by the said Act of the Tenth Year of her late Majesties Reign, in case the Redemption of their yearly Fund were made pursuant to that Act; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

9 A. cap. 21.

But Corporation to continue for ever, &c.

10 A. cap. 30.

Acts 9, & 10 Annæ confirmed.

X. And it is hereby Enacted, That the said several former Acts of the Ninth and Tenth Years of her late Majesties Reign, and all the Powers, Privileges, Advantages, Exemptions, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, therein contained (being now in force) touching or concerning the said Corporation, or the said Duties and Revenues by the said Acts or either of them settled, and the said yearly or other Sums to be paid out of the same, or any of them (such Alterations as are made therein by this Act always excepted) shall continue and be put in Execution in relation to the said Corporation, and the said Duties or Revenues appropriated by this Act, and the yearly or other Sums hereby charged thereupon, as fully as if the same Privileges, Advantages, Exemptions, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things (except as aforesaid) were repeated and re-enacted in the body of this Act.

Bank to continue a Corporation till the Annuities are redeemed, &c.

XXIII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and their Successors (notwithstanding the Redemption of all or any their own Funds, in pursuance of the Acts for Establishing the same, or any of them) shall continue a Corporation, with all the Powers, Privileges and Advantages thereunto belonging, for the purposes in this Act expressed, till all the Annuities, after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, to be purchased on this Act, shall be redeemed by Parliament, according to the Proviso herein after contained in that behalf; and that the said Governor and Company, or any Members thereof, shall not incur any Disability for or by reason of their doing any Matter or Thing in pursuance of this Act.

When these Annuities shall be understood to be Redeemed.

XXV. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That at any time, upon One Years Notice, and Repayment by Parliament of the Sum of One hundred fifty nine thousand Pounds, or so much thereof as shall be advanced upon this Act, unto the respective Contributors of the same, or to such Person and Persons as by, from, or under them, shall be then entitled to the said Annuities, to be purchased on this Act, after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, in respect of the Money so advanced, according to such Interest as they respectively shall then have in the same Annuities, and also upon full Payment and Satisfaction of all Arrears of the same Annuities, after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, if any shall be then due, then, and not till then, the said Annuities, after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, to be purchased on this Act, shall cease and determine, and from thenceforth so much of the General or Aggregate Fund in the said recited Act mentioned or referred unto, and of the said particular Duties chargeable with these Annuities, as aforesaid, as the same Annuities shall amount unto, shall be understood to be redeemed by Parliament, but without prejudicing any other of the yearly Sums or Payments by this or any other Act charged or intended to be charged on the said General or Aggregate Fund, or upon the said particular Duties which shall then remain to be satisfied out of the same; any thing herein contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Anno 1 GEORGII *Regis. Sess.* 1.

CAP. XXII.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Enabling his Majesty to settle a Revenue for Supporting the Dignity of her Royal Highness the Princess, in case she shall Survive his Royal Highness the Prince of *Wales*.

His Majesties Grant of 100000 *l. per Annum* to the Prince of *Wales*,

IX. AND whereas his Majesty hath granted, or intends to grant to his said Dearly Beloved Son the Prince of Wales, the yearly Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds, for Support of himself and his Family, to be paid out of the Revenues appointed for defraying the Charges of the Civil Government, and supporting the Honour and Dignity of the Crown; Be it further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That such yearly Sum or Sums of Money as his Majesty hath granted, directed or appointed, or shall grant, direct or appoint, to or for the Use or Benefit of the said Prince of Wales, not exceeding One hundred thousand Pounds per Annum, out of the Revenues aforesaid, shall be paid to his Royal Highness, or to his Use, or for his Benefit, without any Fees or Charges to be demanded or taken by the Officers of the Exchequer, or any others, for Payment thereof; and that the said yearly Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding

to be paid without Fees,

One

One hundred thousand Pounds per Annum, and every part thereof, shall be free and clear from all Taxes, Impositions, and other Publick Charges whatsoever; any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding. and free from Taxes.

X. And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Kings Majesty, to direct and appoint, That the said yearly Sum not exceeding One hundred thousand Pounds, by him granted or intended to be granted to or for the Benefit of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, as aforesaid, or such respective Parts or Proportions thereof as his Majesty shall think fit, shall and may be specially charged upon such Branches or Parts of the Customs and Excise, or any or either of them, as are applicable to the said Uses of the Civil Government, and for supporting the Honour and Dignity of the Crown, and be paid and payable, during the Joint Lives of his Majesty (whom God long Preserve) and of the said Prince, by the Commissioners, Receiver or Receivers General of those Revenues respectively, to the said Prince, or to his Royal Highnesses Treasurer, for his Use; and that such Payments shall be allowed upon their respective Accounts; any former Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding. This Annuity may be specially charged on such Branches of Customs and Excise as are applicable to the Civil List, &c.

Anno 1 GEORGII *Regis. Sess.* 1.

CAP. XXIII.

Several Clauses in an Act, intituled, An Act for making Provision for the Ministers of the Fifty New Churches, which are to be Built in and about the Cities of *London* and *Westminster*, and Suburbs thereof; and for rebuilding and finishing the Parish-Church of Saint *Mary Woolnoth* in the said City of *London*.

MOST Gracious Sovereign, whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of her late Majesty Queen Anne, Intituled, An Act for granting to her Majesty several Duties upon Coals, for building Fifty New Churches in and about the Cities of *London* and *Westminster*, and Suburbs thereof, and other Purposes therein mentioned, it was Enacted, That for all sorts of Coals and Culm, which from and after the Fourteenth day of May, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and before the Nine and twentieth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, should be imported and brought into the Port of the City of London, or the River of Thames, within the Liberty of the said City upon the same River, there should be paid to her said late Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, by way of Imposition thereupon, over and besides all other Impositions and Duties, according to the Rates therein and herein after mentioned; that is to say, From and after the said Fourteenth day of May, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and before the Nine and twentieth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, for all such sorts of Coals and Culm as are usually sold by the Chalder, for every Chalder thereof, containing Thirty six Bushels Winchester Measure, the Sum of Two Shillings; and for such sort of Coals as are sold by the Tun, for every Tun thereof, containing Twenty hundred Weight, the Sum of Two Shillings; and from and after the Eight and twentieth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and before the Eight and twentieth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, there should be paid for every such said Chalder of Coals and Culm, and Tun of Coals, the Sum of Three Shillings, the same to be raised, levied, collected and paid to her said late Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, as therein is mentioned: And it is thereby further Enacted, That all and every such Sum and Sums of Money, Preamble.

9 A. *cap.* 22.

which should be raised, collected and levied, by virtue of that Act (the necessary Charges of raising, managing and accounting for the same, excepted) should, from time to time, be brought and paid into the Receipt of Exchequer, and by force and virtue of that Act were and should be appropriated, issued, applied and disposed, for the building of Fifty New Churches of Stone and other proper Materials, with Towers or Steeples to each of them; whereof One was by the said Act directed to be erected in the Parish of East-Greenwich in the County of Kent; and for purchasing of Scites of Churches and Church Yards, and Burying Places, in or near the Cities of London and Westminster, or the Suburbs thereof; and for making such Chapels Churches, as were then already Built and Capable thereof, Parish Churches, and for purchasing Houses for the Habitations of the Ministers of the said Churches; and for applying the Sum of Four thousand Pounds per Annum, out of the said Duties and Impositions, towards the repairing and finishing the Collegiate Church of Saint Peter Westminster, and the Chapels of the same; and also for applying the Sum of Six thousand Pounds per Annum out of the said Duties and Impositions arising by that Act, towards the finishing Greenwich-Hospital, and the Chapels thereunto belonging, and to and for none other use, intent or purpose whatsoever: And it was thereby further Enacted, That it should and might be lawful, to and for her said late Majesty, by Letters Patents under the Great Seal of Great Britain, to nominate, constitute and appoint such Persons as her said late Majesty should think fit to be Commissioners for the purposes in that Act mentioned; which said Commissioners, or so many of them as should by the said Commission be authorized, are by the said Act directed to enquire and inform themselves, in what Parishes the said New Churches (except that for Greenwich) were most necessary to be Built, and of proper Places for the Scites of the said respective New Churches, and also a Cemetery or Church Yard for each of the said Churches, for the Burial of Christian People, to be purchased; and also which of the said Chapels were fit to be made Parish-Churches; and to ascertain the several Houses, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, and the Bounds and Limits which in their Judgment or Opinion might be fit to be made distinct Parishes; and to enquire and inform themselves, by the best Means they could, of the Value of such Houses, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, and of the respective Estates and Interests therein, which they should think necessary to be purchased for the said Scites and Cemeteries, and for Houses for the Habitations of the respective Ministers; and the said Commissioners were by the said Act required, on or before the Four and twentieth day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eleven, to report or certifie to her said late Majesty in writing, under their Hands and Seals, such Matters and Things as should appear to them upon their Enquiries aforesaid, with their Opinions thereupon, and present a Duplicate of such Report or Certificate to each of the Two Houses of Parliament, to the end such further Directions might be given thereupon, as might be pursuant to her said late Majesties Pious Intentions in the Premisses: And whereas by One other Act of Parliament, made in the Tenth Year of her said late Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for enlarging the Time given to the Commissioners appointed by her Majesty, pursuant to an Act for granting to her Majesty several Duties on Coals, for building Fifty New Churches in and about the Cities of *London* and *Westminster* and Suburbs thereof, and other purposes therein mentioned; and also for giving the said Commissioners further Powers for better effecting the same; and for appointing Monies for Rebuilding the Parish-Church of St. *Mary Woolnoth* in the City of *London*; reciting therein in part the said recited Act, and that in pursuance thereof her said late Majesty, by Letters Patents under the Great Seal of Great Britain, did nominate, constitute, and appoint several Commissioners for the purposes in the said First recited Act mentioned, with such Powers and Authorities as in the same Act are expressed; and further reciting, that the said Commissioners

10 A. *cap.* 11.

missioners did apply themselves to the Execution of the Powers therein mentioned, but could not perfect within the time Limited what was by the said Act intended: It was therefore Enacted by the said Act of the Tenth Year of the Reign of her said late Majesty, That notwithstanding the time limited by the said Letters Patent was expired, it should and might be lawful, to and for the said Commissioners so appointed by the said Letters-Patent, or any Five or more of them, and they were thereby authorized and required to meet, from time to time, as often as there should be Occasion, either with or without Adjournments, and to enquire and inform themselves of all and every the Matters and Things therein committed to them, or any Five or more of them, in or by the said First recited Act, or by that present Act intended to be by them performed, until they should have completed and finished the same: And it was thereby further Provided and Enacted, That it should and might be lawful, to and for her said late Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, at any time before the Twenty ninth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, by Letters-Patent under the Great Seal of Great Britain, to nominate, constitute, and appoint such Persons to be Commissioners to execute all and every the Powers in the said several Acts mentioned, as her said late Majesty should think fit; and from such Appointment so made, the Powers granted by the said Act of the Tenth Year of the Reign of her said late Majesty, to the Commissioners in the former Letters Patent, should determine: And whereas her said late Majesty did, in pursuance of the said last recited Act, by Letters-Patent under the Great Seal of Great Britain, bearing date on or about the Seven and twentieth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, nominate, constitute, and appoint several Persons to be Commissioners for the purposes in the said recited Acts mentioned; and that they, or any Five or more of them, should do, perform, and execute all and every the Powers, Matters and Things in and by the said recited Acts, and either of them, appointed to be done and performed: We your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament assembled, being zealous to provide such Supplies as may enable your Majesty to pursue your Pious and Gracious Intentions, to provide for the Maintenance of the Ministers who are to attend the Service of God in the New Churches to be erected, pursuant to the said recited Acts of Parliament, in or about the Cities of London and Westminster, and Suburbs thereof, for the Honour of the Church of England, and the Advancement of our Holy Religion, do most humbly present to your Majesty the several Impositions, Rates and Duties herein after mentioned, and do Beseech your Majesty, that it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That for all sort of Coals and Culm which, from and after the Twenty seventh day of September, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, and before the Twenty eighth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and twenty five, shall be imported and brought into the Port of the City of London, or the River of Thames, within the Liberty of the said City upon the same River, there shall be paid to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by way of Imposition thereupon, over and besides all other Impositions and Duties, according to the Rates hereafter mentioned, that is to say, For all such sorts of Coals and Culm as are usually sold by the Chalder, for every Chalder thereof, containing Thirty six Bushels, Winchester Measure, the Sum of Three Shillings; and for such sort of Coals as are sold by the Tun, for every Tun thereof, containing Twenty hundred Weight, the Sum of Three Shillings: Which said respective Sums of Three Shillings for every Chalder of Coals and Culm, and Tun of Coals, shall, from time to time, during the Term before mentioned, be raised, levied, collected, and paid to his Majesty, his Heirs

Duty on Coals from 27 *Sept.* 1724. to 28 *Sept.* 1725;

Further continued by the 5 Geo. *cap.* 9. *to* Lady-day, 1751.

viz. 3 *s. per* Chalder and Tun.

These Duties how to be raised.

Heirs and Succeſſors, in the ſame Manner, Method and Form, and at ſuch Places, and by ſuch Rules, Ways and Means, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, as are mentioned, expreſſed and referred unto, in and by any Act, Law or Statute, Acts, Laws, or Statutes now in force, for raiſing, levying, collecting, or anſwering any other Duty or Duties now payable to his Majeſty for or upon any Coals or Culm whatſoever, imported or brought Coaſtwiſe into the ſaid Port of London; and that all and every the Powers, Authorities, Penalties, Forfeitures, Diſabilities, Articles, Rules and Clauſes, in the ſame Acts, Laws and Statutes, or any of them, mentioned or contained (except ſuch and ſo much of them for and concerning which it is otherwiſe provided in this preſent Act) ſhall be of ſuch force and effect, to all intents and purpoſes, for the raiſing, levying, collecting and anſwering the Impoſitions hereby granted, for and during the ſaid Term herein before limited, as if the ſame were particularly and at large ſet down and enacted by this Act.

The Money to be paid into the Exchequer, and appropriated for the Maintenance of the Miniſters of the New Churches.

II. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every ſuch Sum and Sums of Money, which ſhall be raiſed, collected and levied, by virtue of this Act (the neceſſary Charges of raiſing, managing and accounting for the ſame excepted) ſhall, from time to time, be brought and paid into the Receipt of Exchequer, and by force and virtue of this Act, are and ſhall be appropriated for and towards the providing due Maintenances for the Miniſters to attend the Service of God in the New Churches to be erected in and about the Cities of London and Weſtminſter, and Suburbs thereof, purſuant to the ſaid recited Acts of Parliament, and ſhall for that purpoſe be iſſued, applied and diſpoſed, in ſuch manner as ſhall hereafter be directed by Parliament.

100 Chalders of Coals for *Chelſea*-Hoſpital not chargeable.

III. Provided, That this Act, or any thing therein contained, ſhall not extend, or be conſtrued to extend to charge or lay any of the Duties or Impoſitions hereby impoſed upon ſuch Coals, (not exceeding One hundred Chalders by the Year) as ſhall be brought into the Port of London from New-Caſtle upon Tyne, or any other Place, for the only Uſe and Service of the Royal Hoſpital at Chelſea; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Anno 1 GEORGII *Regis. Seſſ.* 1.

CAP. XXVI.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for continuing ſeveral Laws therein mentioned, relating to Coals, Hemp and Flax, *Iriſh* and *Scotch* Linen, and the Aſſize of Bread; and for giving Power to Adjourn the Quarter-Seſſions for the County of *Angleſea*, for the purpoſes therein mentioned.

Preamble.

Whereas divers Temporary Laws, which by Experience have been found beneficial and uſeful, are expired or near expiring; therefore for continuing the ſame, Be it Enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That an Act made in the Seſſion of Parliament, held in the Ninth Year of the Reign of the late Queen Anne, Intituled, An Act to diſſolve the preſent, and prevent the future Combination of Coal-Owners, Lightermen, Maſters of Ships, and others, to advance the Price of Coals, in prejudice of the Navigation, Trade, and Manufactures of this Kingdom, and for the further Encouragement of the Coal-Trade, which was to continue for Three Years, and from thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament; which Act was further continued by an Act made in the Firſt Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty King George, which will expire at the End of this Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be made perpetual.

9 *A.* cap. 28. made perpetual.

1 Geo. cap. 2.

III. And

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That so much of the Act made in the Third and Fourth Years of the Reign of her said late Majesty Queen Anne, Intituled, An Act to permit the Exportation of *Irish* Linen Cloth to the Plantations, and to prohibit the Importation of *Scotch* Linen into *Ireland*, as relates to the Liberty of exporting Irish Linen to the West-Indies, shall continue and remain in full force for the Term of One Year, and from thence to the End of the next Session of Parliament.

3 & 4 *A.* cap. 8. continued for One Year, &c.

Further continued by the 3 Geo. *cap.* 21.

Anno 1 GEORGII *Regis.* *Sess.* 1.

CAP. XXVII.

An Act for taking and stating the Debts due and growing due to *Scotland* by way of Equivalent in the Terms of the Union; and for Relief of the Creditors of the Publick in *Scotland*, and the Commissioners of the Equivalent.

Anno 1 GEORGII *Regis.* *Sess.* 1.

CAP. XXXVI.

An Act for charging and continuing the Duties on Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and sixteen; and for compelling several Receivers to finish and clear their Accounts; and for making Duplicates of Exchequer Bills, Lottery Tickets, and Orders, lost, burnt or destroyed; and for enlarging the Time for adjusting Claims to certain Benefit Tickets; and for allowing the Charge of Executing the Lottery Act, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ten; and for recovering Monies of several Land-Taxes, resting in the hands of Collectors or Constables at St. *Albans*; and for preventing Frauds in the Duties upon Sope; and for limiting a Time for Persons who have certain Annuities for Life or Lives, to demand the Payments thereupon at the Exchequer; and for preventing Frauds in the Duties relating to printed and painted Paper, Callicoes, and other things therein mentioned.

Anno 1 GEORGII *Regis.* *Sess.* 1.

CAP. XL.

An Act for the free Importation of Cochineal, during the Time therein limited. EXP.

Anno

Anno 1 GEORGII *Regis. Seſſ.* 1.

CAP. XLIII.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act to Continue Duties for encouraging the Coinage of Money; and to charge the Duties on Senna as a Medicinal Drug; and for the appropriating ſeveral Supplies granted to his Majeſty.

Preamble.

MAy it pleaſe your moſt Excellent Majeſty, whereas great Benefit and Advantage did accrue to England by one Act of Parliament paſſed in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for encouraging of Coinage, and continued by another Act made in the Twenty fifth Year of the Reign of his ſaid Majeſty King Charles, Intituled, An Act for continuing a former Act concerning Coinage; both which ſaid Acts were revived by an Act made in the Firſt Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King James the Second, and were continued by an Act made in the Fourth Year of King William and Queen Mary, of Bleſſed Memory, and were further continued by an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of the ſaid late King William, and were further continued by an Act made in the Seventh Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen Anne, of Bleſſed Memory, to be in force for Seven Years from the Firſt day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eight, and until the End of the Firſt Seſſion of Parliament then next following, and no longer; ſo that unleſs the ſaid Acts be revived and continued, the Encouragement given thereby will ceaſe, and this Kingdom be deprived for the future of ſo great a Good as it hath for many Years laſt paſt Enjoyed: Now we your Majeſties moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament aſſembled, do give and grant unto your Majeſty the Rates, Duties, and Impoſitions herein after mentioned, for and during the Term and Time herein after expreſſed, and do humbly pray that it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That ſuch and the like Rates, Duties and Impoſitions, as by the ſaid Act of Parliament of the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second were granted, and by the ſaid ſubſequent Acts were continued, for and upon the Importation of Wines, Vinegar, Cyder, Beer, Brandy, and Strong Waters imported, during the reſpective Terms therein mentioned, ſhall be further continued, and be paid and payable to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all Wines, Vinegar, Cyder, Beer, Brandy, and Strong Waters, which ſhall be imported or brought into Great Britain within or during the Space of Seven Years, to commence from the Firſt day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifteen, and until the End of the Firſt Seſſion of Parliament then next following, and no longer; and that all the ſaid former Acts, and all other Acts of Parliament concerning Coinage, and every of them, and every Clauſe, Article, and Sentence in them or any of them contained, now being in force, ſhall be and are, by virtue of this Act, revived and continued, and ſhall be in force, and be duly put in Execution, for and during all ſuch Term and Time as are before mentioned, as fully and effectually as if the ſame were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the body of this preſent Act.

18 Car. 2. c. 5. 25 Car. 2. c. 8. 1 Jac. 2. cap. 7. 4 W. & M. cap. 24. 12 W. 3. c. 11. 7 A. cap. 24.

Coinage-Duties continued for 7 Years from the 1 *March*, 1715. and until the End of the Firſt Seſſion of Parliament then next following.

18 Car. 2. c. 5.

Deficiency in the Coinage-Duty how to be ſupplied.

II. And to the end the Importers of Gold and Silver into the Mints of England and Scotland reſpectively may not be diſcouraged by any Deficiency of the Revenue by this Act ſettled for defraying the Coinage thereof; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Commiſſioners of

of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or the Lord High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, out of the Monies arising by this Act, or out of any other the Publick Supplies granted or to be granted by Parliament, to cause so much Money to be applied, as shall be necessary for defraying the Expences of the said Mints of England and Scotland respectively, by way of Imprest, and upon Account, for that Service, so as the same, together with the Coinage-Duties arising by this Act, do not exceed, in any one Year, the Sum of Fifteen thousand Pounds, and so as the said Monies be issued out of the Exchequer of Great Britain to the Master of the Mint in England, and the General of the Mint in Scotland respectively, for said purposes.

12 Car. 2. c. 4. III. And whereas in the Book of Rates annext to an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, Intituled, A Subsidy granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money Payable upon Merchandize exported and imported, a Rate is fixed upon Senna under the Title of Drugs, in order to pay the Duty charged thereon by the said Act; which Act has been continued by several subsequent Acts now in force: And whereas the said Duty is by a subsequent Act increased, and further Duties are by several other Acts laid upon the Importation of all Drugs, all which Acts are still in force: And whereas by several of the said last mentioned Acts, Drugs used in Dying are exempted from Payment of the respective Duties thereby granted; and for the better adjusting the Duties upon Goods used in Dying, by an Act of the 3 A. cap. 4. Third Year of the Reign of her late Majesty, for continuing Duties on Low-Wines and other things therein mentioned, it is declared what Goods are meant to be used in Dying, amongst which Senna is contained; nevertheless it being Notorious that Senna is not or ever was used in the Dying Trade, but was inserted in the said last mentioned Act, by mistake, to the great Loss of his Majesties Revenue in the Duties intended to be paid for the same: For prevention thereof for the future, Be it Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That all Senna imported into Great Britain, after the Ninth day of May, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, shall be subject and liable to the Payment of the Duties charged by the said Act of Tonnage and Poundage, and by the several Acts for increasing and continuing the same, and to all and every other the respective Duties laid or intended to be laid by other respective Acts, as if the said Exemptions in the several Acts for Goods or Drugs used in Dying had not been therein inserted; any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

After 9 *May*, 1716. Senna to pay as a Medicinal Drug.

IV. And whereas several Merchants and other Traders and Dealers in Senna, have, or may have, on the Ninth day of May, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, several Stocks or Quantities of Senna, It is hereby further Enacted, That all Merchants, Drugsters, or other Persons who do sell or retail Senna, having in his, her, or their Custody or Possession, or in the Custody or Possession of any other Person or Persons in Trust for him, her, or them, or for his, her, or their Use, Benefit, or Account, any Stock or Quantity of Senna (such Stock or Quantity respectively exceeding Twenty Pounds weight) within the Realm of Great Britain, being for sale, shall yield and pay unto his Majesty for every Pound of such Senna, so much as will make up the Duties thereof equal to the Duties intended to be payable for Senna by virtue of this Act hereafter to be imported; which said Duties shall be paid within Three Months after the said Ninth day of May, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen.

Stock in Hand to pay.

V. And to the end the said Stocks of Senna may be known, and the Duties thereupon duly ascertained and secured, it is hereby Enacted, That all and every the said Merchants, Drugsters, and other Persons selling or retailing Senna, shall, on or before the Twenty fifth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, make a just Entry thereof at the Custom-house nearest the Place where such Senna doth remain, as aforesaid, and permit the pro-

Drugsters, &c. to make a just Entry of their Senna by 25 *June*, 1716, &c.

per Officers of the Customs there unto to be appointed by the Commissioners of the Customs in England and Scotland respectively, at any time between the Twenty first day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifteen, to enter into the, her, or their Warehouses or other Places where such Stocks of Senna, exceeding the Quantity of Twenty Pounds, as aforesaid, are to be found, and to view, weigh, and take account of the same; and if any such Merchant, Druggist, or other Person selling or retailing Senna, shall neglect to make such Entry as the Custom-house within the time aforesaid, or shall refuse to permit such Officer or Officers to enter into his, her, or their Warehouses or other Places (if thereunto required) there to view the said Stock, as aforesaid, or any Part thereof, or shall hide, remove, or convey away the said Senna with intent to defraud his Majesty, or shall not pay his Majesties Dues for the same, according to the true intent and meaning of this Act, then for every or any such Offence, the Merchant, Druggist, or other Person selling or retailing Senna respectively, so offending, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Forty Pounds, to be recovered and distributed in like manner as any of the Penalties and Forfeitures for the Non-payment of the Duties due on the Importation of Senna are to be recovered and distributed by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force relating thereunto; Provided, That if such Persons, so chargeable for any Stocks of Senna, shall pay his Majesties Duties due for the same by virtue of this Act before the end of Three Months, then he, she, or they shall be allowed for such Prompt-payment after the Rate of Ten Pounds per Centum per Annum for every Sum so advanced; and in case of Exportation thereof, or any Part thereof, within Twelve Months after Entry made, as aforesaid, the said Duties payable by this Act for such Stocks of Senna shall be discharged or repaid.

Penalty 40 *l.*

10 *l. per Cent.* for Prompt-payment.

On Exportation Duty discharged.

Anno 1 GEORGII *Regis. Sess.* 1.

CAP. XLVI.

An Act to prevent the Mischiefs by Manufacturing Leaves or other Things to resemble Tobacco, and the Abuses in making and mixing of Snuff.

Preamble.

Whereas Tobacco is one of the chief Products of Virginia and Maryland, upon which their Welfare and Subsistence doth much depend; and by the Importation thereof the Navigation and Trade of this Kingdom, and the Publick Revenues of the same, are very much increased: And whereas it is found by Experience, that of late several Evil Persons have cut, cured, manufactured, and sold Wallnut-Tree-Leaves, Hop-Leaves, Sycomore-Leaves, or other Leaves, Herbs, Plants or Materials, resembling Tobacco of the Growth or Product of the British Plantations, to the Prejudice of his Majesties Plantations in America, and of the Navigation and Trade of this Kingdom, and of the Publick Revenues arising upon Tobacco: For Remedy whereof for the future, Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That all and every Person and Persons whatsoever, who at any time or times after the Twentieth day of June, in the Year of Our Lord One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, shall cut, or cause or procure to be cut, any Wallnut-Tree-Leaves, Hop-Leaves, Sycomore-Leaves, or any other Leaves, Herbs, Plants, or Materials whatsoever (not being Tobacco-Leaves or Plants) into the Form or in Imitation of any the usual Sizes or Cuts, which Tobacco has been or shall be cut into, for sale, or shall colour or cure, or cause or procure to be coloured or cured any such Leaves, Herbs, Plants,

After 20 *June*, 1716. cutting of Wallnut-Tree-Leaves, Hop-Leaves, Sycomore-Leaves, or any other Leaves, &c. in imitation of Tobacco,

Plants, or Materials to make the same resemble Tobacco, for sale, or shall sell, or cause or procure to be sold, or agree or offer to sell knowingly any such Leaves, Herbs, Plants or Materials, mixed or unmixed with Tobacco, as if the same were Tobacco, shall for every Pound weight of such Leaves, Herbs, Plants or Materials, so cut, coloured, cured, sold or agreed for, or knowingly offered to sale, and for every Pound weight of such Mixture, as aforesaid, forfeit and lose the Sum of Five Shillings, and after that Rate for a greater or lesser Quantity; that is to say, One Moiety or half part thereof to the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors (he or they bearing the Charge of Prosecution out of the Moiety so accruing to the Crown, and not otherwise) and the other Moiety or half part thereof to the Use of such Person or Persons as will inform or sue for the same, to be recovered (with full Costs of Suit) by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Exchequer of Scotland, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance shall be allowed.

For colouring any Leaves, &c. to make the same resemble Tobacco, forfeits for every lb 5 s.

Half to the Crown, Half to the Informer.

II. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Person and Persons whatsoever, who at any time or times after the said Twentieth day of June, in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, shall export or cause to be exported, or shall lade or put on Board, or cause or procure to be laden or put on Board for Exportation, any such Leaves, Herbs, Plants or Materials, or such Mixture, as aforesaid, or endeavour to obtain a Drawback for the same, as if the same were Tobacco which had paid or secured his Majesties Duties thereupon, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Five Shillings for every Pound weight, and proportionably for a greater or lesser Quantity, over and above all other Penalties which may be inflicted for such Offence by any Law now in force, to be recovered and distributed in such manner, as aforesaid.

Exporting or endeavouring to obtain a Drawback for such Materials, forfeits 5 s. per Pound.

III. And be it also Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Leaves, Herbs, Plants and Materials, so cut, coloured, cured, or manufactured, sold, contracted for, or knowingly offered to sale, as aforesaid, and all such Mixtures, as aforesaid, and all Engines, Utensils and Tools, made use of in the cutting, colouring, curing or manufacturing the same, or prepared for such Use, shall and may be searched for and seized by any Officer of the Customs, or by any Person or Persons thereunto specially authorized by writing under the Hands and Seals of the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or of the Lord Treasurer for the time being, or of the Commissioners of the Customs in England or Scotland respectively, or any Three or more of them for the time being.

Officers of the Customs, may search for such Leaves, &c. and all Engines for cutting the same.

IV. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted, That no House or Warehouse whatsoever shall be opened to search for, or seize such Leaves, Herbs, Plants, Materials or Mixtures, or such Engines, Utensils, or Tools, but at seasonable Hours, and not without a special Warrant first had and obtained from Two or more Justices of the Peace of the County or Place where such search is to be made; and that the Leaves, Herbs, Plants and Materials, and the said Mixtures, Engines, Utensils and Tools, which shall, at any time or times, be found and seized within the Limits of any Port, or within Six Miles of the same, shall be brought to the next Custom house Warehouse; and if found and seized at any greater distance from any Port, shall be secured by order of any Two Justices of Peace of the County or Place where they shall be found, at the Kings Charge, till the Cause of such Seizure shall be determined by the Justices of Peace in their Quarter-Sessions; and that the Cause of every such Seizure shall be heard and determined at the next Quarter Sessions or (at farthest) at the Second Quarter-Sessions after such Seizure made, and all such Leaves, Herbs, Plants, Materials, Mixtures, Engines, Utensils and Tools (after Condemnation or Recovery by Judgment of such Sessions)

No Warehouse to be searched but at seasonable Hours, nor without Warrants.

Materials, &c. seized where to be secured.

Cause of Seizure to be determined at the Quarter-Sessions, and things condemned to be burnt.

shall be openly burnt or destroyed by order of the same at his Majesties Charge.

Servants employed to be committed to the House of Correction for 6 Months.

V. And it is hereby further Enacted, That all Servants and Labourers which shall be employed in the cutting, colouring, curing, or manufacturing any such Leaves, Herbs, Plants or Materials, to resemble Tobacco, or in the making any such Mixture, as aforesaid, or in knowingly vending the same, and shall be convicted thereof by the Oath of any One or more Credible Persons, before any Two Justices of the Peace of the County or Place where the Offence shall be committed, shall or may by order of such Justices be committed to the Common-Goal or House of Correction, there to remain and be kept to hard Labour for any time not exceeding Six Months without Bail or Mainprize.

General Issue.

VI. And be it likewise Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall be sued or prosecuted for what he or they shall do in pursuance or execution of this Act, such Person or Persons may plead the General Issue (not Guilty) and after Issue joyned may give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence, and if the Plaintiff or Prosecutor shall be Nonsuit, or forbear further Prosecution, or suffer Discontinuance, or if a Verdict pass against him, the Defendant shall recover Treble Costs, for which he shall have the like remedy as in Cases where Costs by Law are given to Defendants.

Making or colouring Snuff with any Okers, &c. except with *Venetian* Red only, forfeits the Snuff and 3 *l.* *per* lb.

VII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall, at any time after the said Twentieth day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and fifteen, make, mix or colour, or cause to be made, mixed or coloured, any sort of Snuff with any sort of Okers, Amber, or any other kind of colouring, except with Water ting'd with the colouring commonly called Venetian Red only, or shall mix, or cause to be mixed with any sort of Snuff, any Fustick, or Yellow Ebony, Touchwood, or any other sort of Wood, or any Dirt or Sand, or Dust sifted from Tobacco, or shall knowingly sell, or expose to sale, any Snuff so made, mixed or coloured, as aforesaid, every such Person so offending, shall, for every Pound weight of Snuff, so made, mixed or coloured, forfeit the said Snuff, and likewise the Sum of Three Pounds, and proportionably for any greater or lesser Quantity, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, or in his Majesties Court of Exchequer in Scotland, wherein no Essoign, Privilege, Protection, or Wager of Law shall be allowed, nor any more than One Imparlance, One moiety of which Forfeitures shall be to the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs, and Successors, and the other moiety to the Use of such Person or Persons who shall seize, inform, or sue for the same.

Vide 5 Geo. cap. 11.

Anno 3 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. I.

An Act to Enable his Majesty effectually to prohibit or restrain Commerce with *Sweden*. EXP.

Anno

Anno 3 GEORGII Regis.

CAP. IV.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for continuing the Duties on Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and seventeen; And to Authorize Allowances to be made to certain Receivers; And to obviate a Doubt concerning Goods imported from the Islands of *Jersey, Guernsey, Sark* and *Alderney*; And to ascertain the Duties upon Sheep-skins and Lamb-skins; And to prevent Frauds in the Duties upon Starch; and for making forth Duplicates of Exchequer Bills, Lottery Tickets, and Orders, Lost, Burnt or Destroyed; and for enlarging the time for adjusting Claims in several Lotteries; and for preventing Frauds in the Duties on Low-Wines and Spirits carried Coastwise.

V. AND whereas the Inhabitants of the Islands of Jersey, Guernsey, Sark and Alderney, have always been permitted and allowed to import into England, any Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of those respective Isles, upon Certificates from the respective Governors, Lieutenant or Deputy-Governors, or Commanders in Chief, for the time being, and Oaths before the Magistrates of the said Islands of Jersey and Gurnsey respectively, that the same were of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of the said Islands, or either of them, without paying any Customs, Subsidies, or Duties for or in respect thereof: And whereas some Doubt hath of late arisen, whether, according to some late Laws now in force, the same may be still continued: Now for removing the said Doubt, and encouraging the said Inhabitants to continue that steady and firm Loyalty and Fidelity to the Crown of Great Britain, which they have formerly and constantly shewn to the Crown of England, and for their better Support, Be it Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Inhabitants shall and may (with and under such Certificates and Oaths, as aforesaid) import into any lawful Port of Great Britain, any Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes of the Growth, Produce, and Manufacture of the said Islands, or either of them, without paying any Customs, Subsidies, or Duties, for or in respect thereof (except such Excise or other Duty as is now, or shall hereafter, for the time being, be due and payable for the like Goods of the Growth, Produce, and Manufacture of Great Britain;) any Law or Statute to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Goods of the Produce of *Jersey*, &c. to be imported Duty-free.

Exception.

VI. And whereas upon the aforesaid Doubt, whether the Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes, of the Growth, Produce, and Manufacture of the said Islands, might still be imported into Great Britain Custom-free, several Bonds with Securities have been lately taken for answering the Duties demanded for the same, unless discharged from the said Duties by Act of Parliament, the said Bonds are hereby declared null and void, and the said Securities discharged from all Prosecutions for the same.

Bonds and Securities discharged.

VII. Provided always, and it is hereby Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That nothing in this Act contained, shall exempt, or be construed to exempt, any Goods or Commodities of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any Foreign Nation or Country, which may lawfully be imported into the said Islands, or such Foreign Goods or Commodities as shall or may be in part or fully manufactured in the said Islands, by the People thereof, from Payment of such Customs, Duties, or other Impositions on the Importation of the same from any of the said Islands into Great Britain, as are or shall be due and payable for

But Foreign Goods, &c. to pay Duty.

Goods

Goods and Commodities of the like kinds imported into Great Britain, from such Foreign Nation or Country of which the said Goods are of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture; any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

After 27 *May*, 1717. all Hair-Powder imported, to pay as Foreign Starch.

XIV. And whereas Starch made beyond the Seas, and imported into this Kingdom, is by Law subject to the Payment of Custom and other Duties, and Starch made in this Kingdom is made Liable to the Payment of several Duties by way of Excise, to evade the Payment whereof several Considerable Quantities of Starch Ground into Powder, have of late been fraudulently Imported from Parts beyond the Seas, under the Denomination of Hair-powder, to the great Prejudice of the Revenue and the Ruin of the Starch-makers of this Kingdom; and such Powder being not liable to pay on the Importation thereof much above One twentieth part of the Custom and Duties which Starch is liable unto: For preventing whereof for the future, Be it Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That all Hair powder made of Starch, or other Powder that will serve for the same Uses as Starch, shall, on the Importation thereof, after the Twenty seventh day of May, One thousand seven hundred and seventeen, be Subject and Liable to the same, or the like several and respective Duties, as Foreign Starch on the Importation thereof is liable unto; and such Powder so to be imported shall be entitled to the like Drawback upon Exportation, and be collected or levied with such Allowances, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and in such Manner and Form, as is directed and prescribed by the Laws now in force relating to the Collection of his Majesties Customs and other Duties upon Starch.

XVII. And whereas several Persons who privately Brew, Make and Distil great Quantities of Low Wines and Spirits, of which no Entries are made with the proper Officers of Excise of the respective Divisions and Places where the same are so brewed, made or distilled, nor any Duties paid for the same, do privately Convey the same on board Ships or other Vessels in several Ports of this Kingdom, and carry the same Coastwise to other Parts of this Kingdom, and there sell the same, whereby his Majesty is very much defrauded in his Duties on the said Commodities, and the fair Dealers in the said Commodities very much prejudiced in their Trade: For remedy whereof, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Fifth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and seventeen, all Low-Wines or Spirits, which shall be brought by Sea Coastwise from any Port or Place in this Kingdom to any other Part or Place in this Kingdom, without a Certificate from the proper Officer of Excise of the respective Divisions and Places where the same were brewed, made or distilled, that the Duty of such Low-Wines or Spirits so brewed, made or distilled, hath been paid (which Certificate shall be given on Demand, without Fee or Reward) shall be forfeited and lost, and shall and may be seized by any of the Officers of the Customs or Excise of the Port or Place where the same shall be so brought in; the said Forfeiture to be sued for, recovered, determined and mitigated, by the same Ways, Means and Methods, as any Penalty or Forfeiture may be sued for, recovered, determined and mitigated, by any of the Laws of Excise, and to be distributed, one Moiety to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to the Person or Persons that shall sue or inform for the same.

After 5 *June*, 1717. Low-Wines carried Coastwise without Certificate forfeited.

Anno

Anno 3 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. VII.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for redeeming the Duties and Revenues which were ſetaled to pay off Principal and Intereſt on the Orders made forth on Four Lottery Acts paſſed in the Ninth and Tenth Years of Her late Majeſties Reign; and for redeeming certain Annuities payable on Orders out of the Hereditary Exciſe, according to a former Act in that behalf; and for eſtabliſhing a General Yearly Fund, not only for the future Payment of Annuities at ſeveral Rates, to be payable and transferrable at the Bank of *England*, and redeemable by Parliament; but alſo to raiſe Monies for ſuch Proprietors of the ſaid Orders as ſhall chooſe to be paid their Principal and Arrears of Intereſt in Ready Money; and for making good ſuch other Deficiencies and Payments as in this Act are mentioned; and for taking off the Duties on Linſeed imported, and *Britiſh* Linen exported.

9 A. *cap.* 6.

MOST Gracious Sovereign, Whereas by an Act of Parliament made and paſſed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen Anne (of Bleſſed Memory) ſeveral Cuſtoms, Subſidies, or Duties, were revived, continued, and made payable for and upon certain Goods and Merchandizes which ſhould be exported from Great Britain from and after the Eighth day of March, in the Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, during the Term of Thirty two Years from thence next enſuing (except as therein is excepted) and a Duty of Twelve Pence per Hundred Weight was thereby impoſed upon the Exportation of Leather, Sheep-ſkins and Calve-ſkins, tanned, tawed or dreſſed, which were thereby permitted to be bought and exported during the ſame Term: And it was thereby Enacted, That ſeveral Duties therein mentioned (and none other) ſhould be payable for all Coals, which, during the ſaid Term, ſhould be exported or ſhipped to be exported beyond the Seas; and that during the ſaid Term there ſhould be raiſed and paid for and upon all Coals, Culm, and Cynders (except as therein is excepted) which ſhould be ſhipped or waterborn, and carried from any Port or Place in Great Britain, to any other Port or Place within the ſame; and for all Coals (if any ſuch be) which ſhould be imported into Great Britain from any Foreign Parts, the reſpective Duties therein mentioned; and that there ſhould be raiſed and paid for and upon all Candles, which, during the Term of Thirty two Years, to be reckoned from the Twenty fifth day of March, in the Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and eleven, ſhould be imported or brought into Great Britain, or made within the ſame, the further Duties therein mentioned: And it was thereby alſo Enacted and Declared, That the ſeveral Duties impoſed by the ſaid Act, and all the Monies, which, during the Term of Thirty two Years, to be reckoned from the ſaid Eighth day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, ſhould ariſe of or for an hereditary Duty of One per Centum chargeable upon Goods exported in certain Ships to the Mediterranean Sea, and of or for another hereditary Duty formerly impoſed on white Woollen Clothes, ſhould be liable and they are hereby appropriated for or towards making good a certain Fund of One hundred thirty five thouſand Pounds per Annum thereby ſettled or intended to be ſettled during the Term of Thirty two Years (which commenced from the Five and twentieth day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eleven) for anſwering and paying all and every the Principal Sums

Preamble reciting the Firſt Lottery Act 9 *Anne.*

therein

therein after mentioned, amounting in the whole to Nineteen hundred twenty eight thousand five hundred and seventy Pounds, together with Interest for the same, after the Rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum, to such Persons as should contribute or advance the Sum of Fifteen hundred thousand Pounds for carrying on the then War, or to those claiming from or under them, in the manner thereby prescribed: And it was thereby Enacted, That any Surplus or Remainder of the Monies arising by the Rates and Duties granted or appropriated by that Act yearly (over and above the said yearly Sum of One hundred thirty five thousand Pounds) should be applied for or towards the Discharging the said Principal Monies payable by virtue of that Act. And whereas by an Act made and passed in the said Ninth Year of her late Majesties Reign, for establishing a General Post-Office, It was Enacted, That from and after the Twenty ninth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and eleven, during the Term of Thirty two Years from thence next ensuing, the weekly Sum of Seven hundred Pounds out of the Duties and Revenues arising by that Act, should be brought and paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer, as is therein mentioned: And by another Act of the said Ninth Year of her Majesties Reign, several Duties were laid upon such Hides and Skins, and pieces of Hides and Skins, Vellum and Parchment as are therein specified, for the Term of Thirty two Years, reckoned from the Twenty fourth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eleven: And by another Act of the same Year a Power was given for Licensing such Persons as, after the Twenty fourth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifteen, at any time or times within the Term of Thirty two Years, should drive or keep any Hackney-Coach or Coach-Horses in London, Westminster, or the Suburbs of the same, or within the Parishes comprized within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, not exceeding the Number therein limited, reserving upon every such Licence the weekly Sum of Five Shillings to be paid Monthly, after its Commencement, during the Continuance thereof respectively; and a Power was thereby given for Licensing all such Hackney-Chairs, which, after the Twenty fourth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eleven, at any time or times within the Term of Thirty two Years from thence next ensuing, should be kept and used for Hire in London and Westminster, and the Suburbs thereof, and within all the Parishes and Places comprized within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, reserving upon every such Licence the Annual Sum of Ten Shillings to be paid Quarterly during the Continuance of every such Licence for a Chair: And it was thereby Enacted, That there should be throughout the Kingdom of Great Britain, raised, levied and paid, several Duties for Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, whereupon several things should be ingrossed, written or printed, or whereby several Matters should be done (as is therein expressed) within or during the Term of Thirty two Years, to be reckoned from the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and eleven; and that from and after the Eleventh day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eleven, during the Term of Thirty two Years from thence next ensuing, there should be raised, levied and paid, for all playing Cards and Dice, which, within or during the Term last mentioned, should be made fit for sale or use in Great Britain, or imported into the same, the Duties therein mentioned; and that during the like Term, there should be paid a certain Duty upon Rock-Salt which should be put on board any Ship or Vessel in Great Britain, and exported to Ireland, or entred out for such Exportation: And by the Act last mentioned, It was further Enacted, That yearly and every Year during the Term of Thirty two Years (which commenced from the Twenty ninth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and eleven) the Sum of One hundred eighty six thousand six hundred and seventy Pounds, by or out of the Monies to arise of or for the said weekly Sum of Seven hundred Pounds out of the Revenues of the General Letter-Office, and by or out of all the Monies to

Second Lottery 9 Anne.

9 A. cap. 10.

9 A. cap. 11.

to arise, of or for the said Duties on Hides and Skins, and pieces of Hides and Skins, Vellum and Parchment, by virtue of the said other Acts, or either of them, and by the said Licences for Hackney-Coaches and Chairs, and by the said particular Duties upon Stampt Vellum, Parchment and Paper, and upon Cards and Dice, and upon the Exportation of Rock-Salt for Ireland, granted, as aforesaid, or to be made good by such Ways and Means as are therein mentioned, should be a yearly Fund for answering and paying all and every the Principal Sums thereby appointed to be paid, amounting in the whole to Two millions six hundred and two thousand two hundred Pounds, together with Interest for the same, after the Rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum, to such Persons as should contribute or advance the Sum of Two millions for the Service of the then War, and other her Majesties Occasions, or to those Claiming from or under them in the manner thereby prescribed. And whereas by certain Clauses contained in an Act of the Tenth Year of her said late Majesties Reign, a Power was given to Licence an Additional Number not exceeding One hundred Hackney Chairs, which after the Twenty fourth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, at any time or times within or during the Term of Thirty two Years from thence next ensuing, should be kept and used for Hire within the Cities and Limits aforesaid, reserving upon every such Licence the like yearly Rent of Ten Shillings, payable Quarterly, which Rents are thereby added to the said Fund for or towards Payment of the Principal and Interest last mentioned. And whereas by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Tenth Year of her said late Majesties Reign, It was Enacted, That there should be raised and paid for and upon all Sope, which, during the Term of Thirty two Years, to be reckoned from the Tenth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, should be imported into, or made in Great Britain, the respective Duties therein specified; and for and upon all Paper of what kind soever, and all Pasteboards, Wildboards and Scaleboards; and all Books, Prints and Maps, which, during the Term of Thirty two Years, to be reckoned from the Twenty fourth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, should be imported into Great Britain, several Duties therein particularly expressed; and for and upon all Paper of what kind soever, and upon all Pasteboards, Wildboards and Scaleboards, which, during the Term last mentioned, should be made in Great Britain, several Duties therein also particularly expressed; and for and upon all chequered and striped Linens, and upon all Linens printed, painted, stained, or dyed in any Foreign Parts, which, during the Term of Thirty two Years, to be reckoned from the Twentieth day of July, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, should be imported into Great Britain, and might lawfully be used or worn there, a Duty after the Rate of Fifteen Pounds for every One hundred Pounds of the true and real Value thereof; and for and upon all Silks, Callicoes, Linens, and Stuffs, which, during the Term last mentioned, should be printed, stained, painted, or dyed in Great Britain (except as therein is excepted) several Duties therein expressed; and for the several and respective things therein particularly mentioned, which at any time or times within or during the Term of Thirty two Years, to be reckoned from the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, should be ingrossed, printed, or written, the several and respective Duties therein particularly specified: And it was thereby Enacted, That yearly and every Year, during the Term of Thirty two Years (which commenced from the Twenty ninth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and twelve) the full Sum of One hundred sixty eight thousand and three Pounds, by and out of the Monies of the several Duties by that Act granted, or to be made good, as is therein mentioned, should be a yearly Fund for or towards answering and paying off all and every the Principal Sums therein mentioned, amounting in the whole to Two millions three hundred forty one thousand seven hundred and forty

First Lottery 10 *Annæ.*

Second Lottery 10 *Anne.*

Pounds, with Intereſt after the Rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum, to ſuch Perſons as ſhould Contribute or Advance the Sum of Eighteen hundred thouſand Pounds for carrying on the then War, or to thoſe claiming from or under them in the manner thereby preſcribed. And whereas by an Act made and paſſed in the ſaid Tenth Year of her ſaid late Majeſties Reign, It was Enacted, That there ſhould be raiſed and paid for and upon ſuch Skins and Hides, and pieces of Skins and Hides, and for and upon ſuch made Wares therein deſcribed, as, during the Term of Thirty two Years, to be reckoned from the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, ſhould be imported into Great Britain, the Additional Rates or New Duties therein particularly expreſſed; and for and upon all ſuch Skins and Hides, and pieces of Skins and Hides therein deſcribed, as, during the ſame Term, ſhould be tanned, tawed, or dreſſed in Great Britain, the Additional Rates or New Duties therein alſo particularly expreſſed; and for and upon all Vellum and Parchment, which, during the ſame Term, ſhould be made in Great Britain, or imported into the ſame, ſuch Additional Rates or New Duties as are therein ſpecified; and for and upon all Starch, which, during the ſame Term, ſhould be imported into, or made in Great Britain, the reſpective Duties therein mentioned; and for and upon all Coffee, Tea, and Drugs (except as therein is excepted) which, within or during the Term of Thirty two Years, to be reckoned from the Sixteenth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, ſhould be imported into Great Britain, the New Duties therein expreſſed; and for and upon all Gilt and Silver Wire, which, during the Term of Thirty two Years, to be reckoned from the Firſt day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, ſhould be imported into or made in Great Britain, the reſpective Duties therein mentioned; and for and upon every Policy of Aſſurance, which, during the Term of Thirty two Years to be reckoned from the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, ſhould be made or entred into within the Cities of London and Weſtminſter, or elſewhere within the Limits of the Weekly Bills of Mortality, an Additional Duty therein expreſſed: And it was thereby Enacted, That yearly and every Year, during the Term of Thirty two Years, which commenced from the Twenty ninth day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, the Sum of One hundred ſixty eight thouſand and three Pounds, by and out of the Monies of the ſeveral Duties by that Act granted, or to be made good, as is therein mentioned, ſhould be a yearly Fund for or towards anſwering or paying off all and every the Principal Sums therein mentioned, amounting in the whole to Two millions three hundred forty one thouſand nine hundred and ninety Pounds, with Intereſt after the Rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum, to ſuch Perſons as ſhould Contribute or Advance the Sum of One million eight hundred thouſand Pounds for her Majeſties Supply, or to thoſe claiming from or under them, in the manner thereby preſcribed. And whereas by the ſeveral Acts before recited, It was Provided, That if the ſeveral Duties by them reſpectively granted or appropriated, for raiſing the ſeveral yearly Funds by them eſtabliſhed, or intended to be eſtabliſhed, ſhould at the End of any one Year appear to be deficient for anſwering the ſaid yearly Funds reſpectively, that then ſuch Deficiencies ſhould be made good out of the next Aids to be granted in Parliament, or otherwiſe, as by the ſame Acts reſpectively is preſcribed: And her ſaid late Majeſty, by the ſame Acts reſpectively, was authorized to appoint Managers or Directors, who, or ſome of them, were thereby reſpectively directed to prepare Lottery Tickets, and to cauſe the ſaid Lottery Tickets to be drawn in ſuch ſeveral manners as were thereby appointed, and to tranſmit into the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt of the Exchequer Books, containing the Names, Sirnames, and Places of Abode, of the Perſons, which, upon ſuch Drawings ſhould be entitled to ſuch Fortunate or Beneficial Lots as are therein ſet down; and that the ſame Perſons, their Executors,

10 *A. cap.* 26.

Executors, Administrators and Assigns respectively, should have, receive and enjoy, out of the said respective Funds, the Principal Monies which should be entred in such Books for them respectively, in Course or Courses, and the Interest thereof by such Payments as in the said Acts are severally prescribed; and that the other Contributors or Adventurers upon the said several Acts (not having Fortunate Lots) their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, respectively should have, receive, and enjoy, out of the said respective Funds, such Principal Monies, in Course or Courses, and such Interest, as in and by the said Lottery Acts respectively were prescribed for them severally to have, receive and enjoy; and by the same Acts it was severally directed, that the said Tickets should be exchanged for Standing Orders, and that such Orders should be registred, and be assignable; and that during the several Terms therein mentioned, (unless the Principal and Interest directed to be paid by the said several Acts, should be sooner paid off) the said Duties should be severally applied for answering the said Principal and Interest, and other Purposes therein mentioned: And in the several Acts for the said Lotteries, are contained several Provisoes or Clauses, Importing, that if before the End of the respective Terms of Thirty two Years therein mentioned, all the Principal and Interest Monies payable by virtue of the same Acts respectively, should be fully paid and discharged, or sufficient Money should be reserved in the Exchequer for Payment thereof, that then, and in such Case, and from thenceforth, the Duties by the same Acts respectively granted or charged therewith, should cease, or be disposable by Authority of Parliament, and not otherwise, as by the said several Acts, relation being thereunto severally had, doth, and may more fully and at large appear. And whereas the said several Sums of One million five hundred thousand Pounds, Two millions, One million eight hundred thousand Pounds, and One million eight hundred thousand Pounds, were advanced for the Publick Service, upon the several Acts before mentioned, and the Tickets thereby directed, were made forth and drawn, and Books were transmitted, or are to be transmitted into the Exchequer by the said Managers or Directors, or by some other Persons appointed thereunto, in pursuance of Acts of Parliament in that behalf; and the said several Sums of One million nine hundred twenty eight thousand five hundred and seventy Pounds, Two millions six hundred and two thousand two hundred Pounds, Two millions three hundred forty one thousand seven hundred and forty Pounds, and Two millions three hundred forty one thousand nine hundred and ninety Pounds, became payable as Principal Monies, with Interest, after the said Rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum, to the several Contributors or Adventurers, or to Claimants from or under them, according to their several Shares therein, and Standing Orders have been, or are to be made forth for the same. And whereas several Sums amounting to One million six hundred sixty six thousand and seventy Pounds, or thereabouts, (part of the said Principal Sum of One million nine hundred twenty eight thousand five hundred and seventy Pounds) and Two millions five hundred twenty five thousand nine hundred and seventy Pounds, or thereabouts, (part of the said Principal Sum of Two millions six hundred and two thousand two hundred Pounds) and Two millions two hundred fifty eight thousand five hundred and twenty Pounds, or thereabouts, (part of the said Principal Sum of Two millions three hundred forty one thousand seven hundred and forty Pounds) and Two millions three hundred and twelve thousand and sixty five Pounds, or thereabouts, (part of the said Principal Sum of Two millions three hundred forty one thousand nine hundred and ninety Pounds) do, upon the Fourth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, remain unsatisfied; which Principal Sums so remaining unsatisfied, do amount in the whole to Eight millions seven hundred sixty two thousand six hundred twenty five Pounds, or thereabouts, carrying Interest after the said Rate of Six Pounds

Annuities on Hereditary Exciſe by 12 W. 3.

per Centum per Annum. And whereas in and by an Act of Parliament made and paſſed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty King William, it was (among other things) Provided and Enacted, That in lieu and diſcharge of certain perpetual Annual Payments, and of all Arrears thereof, granted by his late Majeſty King Charles the Second by Letters Patents out of the Hereditary Revenue of Exciſe, in Satisfaction of certain Principal Sums mentioned in the ſaid Letters Patents, to be then due from his ſaid late Majeſty, to the reſpective Patentees therein named, the ſaid Hereditary Revenue of Exciſe ſhould, from and after the Twenty ſixth day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and five, be and ſtand charged and chargeable for ever with the Payment of Annual Sums after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, for the Principal Sums mentioned in the ſaid reſpective Letters Patents, to be iſſued and paid out of the ſaid Revenue by Quarterly Payments out of the Receipt of the Exchequer by the Officers of the ſame, unto the reſpective Owners and Proprietors of the ſaid Annual Sums, and to their Heirs and Aſſigns, for ever, without any Fee or Charge; the ſaid Annual Payments, after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, to be ſubject nevertheleſs to be redeemed upon Payment of a Moiety of the Principal Sums mentioned in the ſaid reſpective Letters Patents: And by or in purſuance of an Act made in the Second Year of the Reign of her ſaid late Majeſty Queen Anne, the reſpective Proprietors have or ought to have Standing Orders for Payment of the Annuities laſt mentioned, quarterly, until the ſame ſhall be redeemed, as aforeſaid, free from all Cares and Impoſitions whatſoever. And whereas the whole of all the Sums mentioned in the ſaid Letters Patents, did amount to One million three hundred twenty eight thouſand five hundred twenty ſix Pounds, and the Moiety thereof, for which the ſaid Annual Sums are redeemable, doth amount to Six hundred ſixty four thouſand two hundred ſixty three Pounds, and the ſaid Annual Sums, after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, wherewith the ſaid Hereditary Revenue is now charged, or liable to be charged, till ſuch Redemption, doth amount to Thirty nine thouſand eight hundred fifty five Pounds, Fifteen Shillings, Seven Pence, and One fifth part of a Peny per Annum, (which is equal to a Rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum, for the ſaid Sum of Six hundred ſixty four thouſand two hundred ſixty three Pounds. And whereas ſince the making of the ſeveral Acts herein above recited, the common Rate of Intereſt for Money is very much leſſened, ſo that it is become juſt and reaſonable for the Publick to have and enjoy as well the Benefit of redeeming the ſaid ſeveral Duties and Revenues charged or chargeable with the ſaid Lottery Orders ſo remaining unſatisfied, as alſo the Benefit of redeeming the ſaid Annual Sums now payable out of the Hereditary Exciſe. And whereas the Proprietors of the ſaid Lottery Orders, or ſeveral of them, are or may be willing and deſirous to accept (in lieu and diſcharge thereof) an Annuity or Annuities after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum redeemable by Parliament, and the Proprietors of the ſaid Annual Sums now charged or chargeable upon the ſaid Hereditary Exciſe, or ſeveral of them, are, or may be alſo willing and deſirous to accept (in lieu and diſcharge thereof) an Annuity or Annuities after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, redeemable by Parliament, and to be computed only upon one Moiety of their reſpective Principal Sums (by the Payment of which Moieties, their Annual Payments, after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, were formerly made redeemable, as aforeſaid:) And ſeveral of the Proprietors of the ſaid Lottery Orders are or may be willing and deſirous to have their Principal and Intereſt due thereupon, paid and ſatisfied to them in ready Money; and ſeveral of the Proprietors of the ſaid Annual Sums payable out of the hereditary Exciſe, are or may be alſo willing and deſirous to have the Moiety of the Principal Monies (for which the ſame are redeemable,

12 W. 3. cap. 12. §. 15.

2 A. cap. 15.

redeemable, as aforesaid) paid and satisfied to them in ready Money; and several Persons or Corporations are or may be willing to Advance ready Monies for the Purposes aforesaid, and for other the Purposes in this Act particularly mentioned, so as they respectively (for their Monies so to be advanced) may have such Annuities as are herein after expressed, secured to them respectively, until Redemption thereof by Parliament, according to the true meaning of this Act: Now to the End a good, sure and sufficient Fund and Security may be settled and established for the due, regular, and constant Payment of all the Annuities which shall be payable by or in pursuance of this Act, until such several and respective Redemptions, as aforesaid, We your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament assembled, do most humbly pray your Majesty, That it may be Enacted; And be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That all such or the like Customs, Subsidies, Impositions, Additional Impositions, Rates, Duties, Additional Rates and Duties, and all Proportional Parts of any Duties, and all Revenues and Weekly or other Payments out of any Duties or Revenues which were granted, imposed, appropriated, or directed by the said several recited Acts, and every of them, or by any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, for such several and respective Terms of Years as are therein mentioned, for or towards the answering, paying, securing, or making good the said several and respective Funds of One hundred thirty five thousand Pounds per Annum, One hundred eighty six thousand six hundred and seventy Pounds per Annum, One hundred sixty eight thousand and three Pounds per Annum, and One hundred sixty eight thousand and three Pounds per Annum, or for or towards Payment of the Principal and Interest Monies on the said Lottery Orders, and for or towards answering or paying the said Annual Sums amounting to Thirty nine thousand eight hundred fifty five Pounds, Fifteen Shillings, Seven Pence, and One fifth part of a Peny per Annum (except as in the said several Acts or any of them is excepted, and except such of the said Duties or Revenues as are since taken away by any other Act or Acts of Parliament in that behalf) shall continue and be paid and payable to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for ever, for the Purposes in this Act prescribed and directed; and that such of the Hereditary Duties mentioned in the said former Acts of Parliament, or any of them, as during the respective Terms of Years therein expressed, were appropriated or directed to be applied for or towards the Payment of the said yearly Funds or Sums, or any of them, shall also continue and be paid and payable to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for ever, for the Purposes in this Act prescribed and directed; and that all and every the Powers, which, in and by the said former Acts, or any of them, were vested or intended to be vested in her said late Majesty, or such Commissioners or others, as she should appoint, for granting Licences, or doing any other Matters or Things in order to raise any the Duties or Revenues hereby intended to be continued and made perpetual, shall be and are, by force and virtue of this Act, revived and vested in his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and his and their Commissioners, in the same manner, for raising the same Duties or Revenues respectively for the Purposes in and by this Act prescribed and directed; and that all other Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Disabilities, Clauses, Matters, and Things whatsoever, contained in the said former Acts of Parliament, and every or any of them, now being in force, for raising, collecting, levying, recovering, answering, paying, and accounting for the said Customs, Subsidies, Impositions, Rates, Duties, and Additional Rates and Duties, and proportional Parts of Duties, and the said Revenues and weekly or other Payments, out of any Duties or Revenues granted, imposed, appropriated

Vide 5 Geo. cap. 3. §. 1. and 6 Geo. cap. 4. §. 1.

The Duties, &c. granted for making good the several Lottery Funds aforesaid, continued for ever.

These Duties how to be raised.

pʒiated oʒ diʒected foʒ ſuch ſeveral and reſpective Terms of Years, as afoʒeſaid (except as is beſoʒe excepted) ſhall be reviʋed, and be foʒ eʋer continued, pʒactiſed, and put in Execution, foʒ raiſing, collecting, leʋying, recoʋering, anſwering, paying, and accounting foʒ the ſaid Cuſtoms, Subſidies, Impoſitions, Rates and Duties, Additional Rates and Duties, pʒopoʒtional Parts, and the ſaid weekly and other Payments, out of any Duties oʒ Reʋenues by this Act intended to be continued and made perpetual, foʒ the Purpoſes in and by this Act pʒeſcribed and diʒected, as fully and effectually as if the ſame Powers, Authoʒities, Rules, Diʒections, Penalties, Foʒfeitures, Diſabilities, Clauſes, Matters and Things, were at large repeated and particularly re-enacted in the Body of this pʒeſent Act; the ſaid foʒmer Acts, oʒ any of them contained to the contʒary notwithſtanding: Neʋertheleſs the ſaid Cuſtoms, Subſidies, Impoſitions, Rates, Duties, Additional Duties, pʒopoʒtional Parts, weekly and other Payments, and eʋery of them, by this Act intended to be continued and made perpetual, as afoʒeſaid, ſhall be ſubject to ſuch Pʒoʋiſoes and Powers of Redemption as are hereafter in and by this Act contained and pʒeſcribed of and concerning the ſame.

But ſubject to Redemption.

All the Monies to be brought into the Exchequer, and regiſtred there.

II. And be it further Enacted by the Authoʒity afoʒeſaid, That all the Monies ariſing of oʒ foʒ the ſaid Cuſtoms, Subſidies, Impoſitions, Rates, Duties, Additional Duties, pʒopoʒtional Parts, weekly and other Payments, hereby intended to be continued and made perpetual, ſubject to ſuch Redemption, as afoʒeſaid (except the neceſſary Charges of raiſing, collecting, leʋying, recoʋering, anſwering, paying, and accounting foʒ the ſame) ſhall, from time to time, be bʒought into the Receipt of the Exchequer foʒ the Uſes and Purpoſes in this Act pʒeſcribed, and ſhall, from time to time, be fairly and diſtinctly entʒed and regiſtʒed in one oʒ moʒe Book oʒ Books to be kept in the Offices of the Auditoʒ of the Receipt and Clerk of the Pells, ſeʋerally, foʒ that purpoſe, to which all Perſons concerned, at all ſeaſonable times, ſhall haʋe free Acceſs, without Fee oʒ Charge.

The Monies ariſing after 29 *Sept.* 1717. appropriated for Payment of Annuities payable by this Act, *&c.*

III. And it is hereby alſo Enacted, That all the Monies, which, from and after the Twenty ninth day of September, One thouſand ſeʋen hundʒed and ſeʋenteen, ſhall be bʒought into the Exchequer, oʒ ſhall be then remaining there, of oʒ foʒ the ſaid Cuſtoms, Subſidies, Impoſitions, Rates, Duties, Additional Duties, pʒopoʒtional Parts, weekly and other Payments, by this and the ſaid foʒmer Acts, oʒ any of them, granted oʒ continued, as afoʒeſaid, (except the neceſſary Charges of iſſuing and applying the ſaid Monies to the ſame Uſes and Purpoſes, and rendʒing the Accounts thereof) ſhall be and are hereby appʒopʒiated, and ſhall be iſſued and applied to and foʒ the Payment and Satiſfaction of ſuch Annuities as ſhall be payable by ʋirtue of this Act, and making ſuch other Payments as are hereby diʒected, in their due Oʒder, Method and Foʒm, and with ſuch Pʒeferences, and ſubject to ſuch Redemptions, as are in and by this Act pʒeſcribed of and concerning the ſame reſpectiʋely, and without any Fee oʒ Charge whatſoeʋer to be demanded of oʒ paid by the reſpective Perſons oʒ Coʒpoʒations, who are to receiʋe the ſaid Monies; and that the reſpective Officers of the Exchequer, who ſhall make any delay in iſſuing oʒ paying the ſame, oʒ ſhall be guilty of diʋerting oʒ miſapplying any of the ſaid Monies, contrary to this Act, foʒ any ſuch Offence ſhall be foʒejudged from their reſpective Offices oʒ Places, and be rendʒed incapable to ſerʋe his Majeſty, his Heirs oʒ Succeſſoʒs, in any Office oʒ Imployment of Truſt oʒ Pʒofit whatſoeʋer, and ſhall alſo be liable to pay double the Ualue of any Sum oʒ Sums of Money ſo delayed, diʋerted, oʒ miſapplied, to the Party grieʋed, to be recoʋered by Action of Debt oʒ upon the Caſe, Bill, Suit oʒ Infoʒmation, in any his Majeſties Courts of Recoʒd at Weſtminſter, wherein no Eſſoign, Pʒotection, Wager of Law, oʒ moʒe than one Imparlance ſhall be granted and allowed.

XVIII. And

XVIII. And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all cases where the Principal and Interest payable on the said Lottery Orders, or any of them, or the said Moieties of the said Principal Sums for which the said Annual Payments are charged on the Hereditary Excise, or any of them, with the Arrearages of the same Annual Payments respectively, shall be converted into Annuities, or be paid off in ready Money, pursuant to this Act, the Customs, Subsidies, Impositions, Additional and other Duties, proportional Parts, weekly and other Payments, formerly charged therewith, as aforesaid, shall be and are hereby freed, exonerated, and discharged of, from, and against the same, and shall be liable for or towards making good the said General yearly Fund by this Act intended to be established, as aforesaid.

Where Lottery Orders, &c. are converted into Annuities, or paid off in ready Money, the Duties shall be liable to make good the General Fund.

XXIII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted, That as soon as ready Money shall be advanced, sufficient to pay off all or any the Principal Sums or the Moieties of the Principal Sums by this Act intended to be paid off, with the Interest or Arrears of the Annuity attending the same respectively, Publick Notice thereof shall be given by writing, to be openly set up at the Exchequer, and advertized in the London Gazette; and the ready Money so advanced shall be reserved and kept in Bank at the Exchequer for the Persons or Corporations entitled thereunto; but from the time of such Notice given, the said Interest, after the Rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum, and the said Annuities after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, of such Persons and Corporations respectively, shall cease and determine.

As soon as ready Money is advanced to pay off Principal, &c. Publick Notice to be given, and Interest to cease.

12 Car. 2. c. 4. XXXVIII. And whereas by the Act of Tonnage and Poundage made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King Charles the Second, and the Book of Rates thereto annexed, and by other Acts of Parliament since made and now in force, several Duties are payable to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for and upon Linseed imported; and it having been found by Experience, that those Duties are a Discouragement to the Importation thereof, and that should they be discontinued and taken off, the same would tend to the Service of the Woollen and other Manufactures, and to the Improvement of Tillage in this Kingdom: Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and seventeen, It shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons to import Linseed into this Kingdom, without paying to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, any Custom, Subsidy or other Duties for the same; any thing in the said Act of Tonnage and Poundage, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Linseed may be imported Duty-free.

12 Car. 2. c. 4. XXXIX. And whereas in and by the Act of Tonnage and Poundage, and the said Book of Rates, which Act has been by several subsequent Acts of Parliament continued, and is now in force, a Duty of Six Pence is payable upon the Exportation of every piece of Linen Cloth of British Manufacture made of Hemp or Flax, Fine or Course, not exceeding Forty Ells (except British made Sail Cloth, which by Law is permitted to be exported Duty-free:) And whereas the said Duty is a Discouragement to the said Manufacture, which employs many Thousands of the Poor of this Kingdom; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and seventeen, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons to export out of this Kingdom, to Parts beyond the Seas, all sorts of Linen Cloth of the Manufacture of this Kingdom, which shall be made of Hemp or Flax, whether Fine or Course, free of all Duties payable to his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors; any thing in the said Act of Tonnage and Poundage, or any other Act, or any thing to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

British Linen may be exported Duty-free.

XL. Pro-

All Drawbacks, &c. to continue till Duty ceases.

XL. Provided always, and be it hereby further Enacted, That all Drawbacks, Allowances and Abatements, granted or enacted to be made by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, upon or out of any Duties upon any Goods or Merchandizes imported or exported, shall be and continue, and are hereby continued until the Duties on which such Allowances, Drawbacks, or Abatements are granted or enacted to be made, shall respectively cease and determine.

Anno 3 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. VIII.

Part of the First Clause, and several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for redeeming several Funds of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, pursuant to former Provisoes of Redemption; and for securing to them several New Funds and Allowances redeemable by Parliament; and for obliging them to advance further Sums not exceeding Two millions five hundred thousand Pounds, at Five Pounds *per Centum*, as shall be found necessary to be imployed in lessening the National Debts and Incumbrances; and for continuing certain Provisions formerly made for the Expences of his Majesties Civil Government; and for Payment of Annuities formerly purchased at the Rate of Five Pounds *per Centum*; and for other Purposes in this Act mentioned.

MOST humbly pray your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament assembled, being desirous to ease the present Burthen of National Debts and Incumbrances, and in due time the heavy Taxes lying upon this Kingdom, so far as it is consistent with Honour, Justice, and Equity, do most humbly beseech your Majesty, That it may be Enacted: And be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or their Successors, shall be fully satisfied, contented, and paid all such Monies as are due and unpaid, or at any time or times, on or before the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and eighteen inclusively, shall grow due, and remain unpaid, or be in Arrear to them for or upon the said Annuity or Sum of One hundred and six thousand five hundred and one Pounds, Thirteen Shillings, and Five Pence per Annum, out of the Monies arisen or to arise at the Receipt of Exchequer, or for the said particular Duties on Houses, and of or for the said Duties and Revenues, called the Aggregate Fund, or any of them; and that from and after the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and eighteen, all Payments of or upon the said Annuity or Sum of One hundred and six thousand five hundred and one Pounds, Thirteen Shillings, and Five Pence per Annum, which from thencefoth should and might grow due and payable, shall cease and determine.

Bank to be paid such Monies as on 24 *June*, 1718. shall grow due on the Annuity of 106501 *l.* 13 *s.* 5 *d.* on Houses, and on the Aggregate Fund.

After that, the 106501 *l.* 13 *s.* 5 *d.* shall cease.

Bank to have 88751 *l.* 7 *s.* 10½ *d.* *per Annum* out of the said Duties,

II. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and their Successors (subject nevertheless to the Proviso and Power of Redemption hereafter in this Act contained in this behalf, and none other) shall have, receive and enjoy, and be entitled, by virtue of this Act, to have, receive, and enjoy the said Annuity or yearly Sum of Eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty one Pounds,

Seven

Seven Shillings, and Ten Pence Half-peny, in respect of the said Principal Sum of One million seven hundred seventy five thousand twenty seven Pounds, Seventeen Shillings, and Ten Pence Half-peny, which Annual or yearly Sum of Eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty one Pounds, Seven Shillings, and Ten Pence Half-peny, shall be and is hereby charged upon, and shall be paid and payable, from time to time, out of all the Monies arisen or to arise at the said Receipt of the Exchequer, of or for the said particular Duties on Houses, and of or for the said Duties and Revenues, called the Aggregate Fund, and every or any of them; and shall be paid and payable to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and their Successors, for ever, from the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and eighteen, at the Four most usual Feasts or Days of Payment in the Year before-mentioned, by even and equal Portions; all which Payments shall also be made in such Manner and Form, and with such Preference, as are herein after prescribed in that behalf.

payable from 24 *June*, 1718. quarterly.

III. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted, That at any time, upon One Years Notice to be given at the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and eighteen, or at any Quarterly Feast-day after the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and eighteen, and not before; and upon Repayment by Parliament to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or their Successors, of the said Sum of One million seven hundred seventy five thousand twenty seven Pounds, Seventeen Shillings, and Ten Pence Half-peny, without Deduction, Discount or Abatement whatsoever, to be made out of the same, or any part thereof, and of all Arrears of the said Annuity of Eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty one Pounds, Seven Shillings, and Ten Pence Half-peny per Annum, if any such shall be then due, then, and not till then, the said Annuity of Eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty one Pounds, Seven Shillings, and Ten Pence Half-peny per Annum, shall from thenceforth cease and determine; any former Act or Acts of Parliament, or any Provisoes, Matters, or Things therein contained, or other Matter or Thing whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

Redeemable on one Years Notice after 24 *June*, 1718.

VI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Feast of the Birth of our Lord Christ, One thousand seven hundred and seventeen, the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and their Successors, for ever (subject nevertheless to the Proviso and Power of Redemption hereafter in this Act contained in this behalf, and none other) shall have, receive and enjoy, and be entitled by virtue of this Act, to have, receive and enjoy, One Annuity or yearly Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds, being after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, computed upon the said Principal Sum of Two millions, which yearly Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds shall be, and is hereby charged upon, and shall be paid and payable, from time to time, out of all the Monies arising or to arise at the said Receipt of Exchequer, as well of or for the said several Duties, Revenues, and Incomes called the Aggregate Fund, as aforesaid, as of or for the said particular Duties on Houses, and every or any of them; and shall be paid and payable to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and their Successors, for ever, at the Four most usual Feasts or Days of Payment in the Year before mentioned, by even and equal Portions, without any Deduction, Defalcation, or Abatement whatsoever; and that all the Payments thereof shall be made in such Manner and Form, and with such Preference as are hereafter in this Act prescribed in that behalf.

From *Christmas* 1717. Bank to have an Annuity of 100000 *l.*

IX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and their Successors, for all and every Sum and Sums of Money which they shall advance for or in part of the said Sum of Two millions five hundred thousand Pounds, shall have, receive and enjoy, and

Bank to have an Annuity at 5 *l. per Cent.* for so much as they shall advance.

be entitled, by force and virtue of this Act, to have, receive, and enjoy an Annuity after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, for ever, subject nevertheless to the Proviso of Redemption herein after contained in that behalf; and that all and every such Annuity or Annuities after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, for the Money so to be advanced, shall be charged upon and shall be paid and payable, from time to time, out of the Monies which shall, from time to time, arise, as well of or for the aforesaid Duties upon Houses, as of or for the said Duties, Revenues, and Incomes composing the said Fund, called the Aggregate Fund, and every or any of them, and shall be paid and payable to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and their Successors, in manner following, That is to say, The First Payment or Payments of such Annuity or Annuities after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, shall be computed by the Day, and satisfied from the Day or respective Days on which the said Sum, not exceeding Two millions five hundred thousand Pounds, or any part or parts thereof, shall be advanced or paid, as aforesaid, until the Quarterly Feast-day, or respective Quarterly Feast days then next ensuing; and from thenceforth the same Annuity or Annuities after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, shall be paid and payable at the Four most usual Feasts or Days of Payment in the Year before mentioned, by even and equal Portions; all which Payments shall also be made in such Manner and Form, and with such Preference as are herein after prescribed in that behalf.

Duties on Houses, and the Aggregate Fund, &c. continued for ever,

XVII. And for the better securing all the several and respective Payments prescribed or intended to be made, by or in pursuance of this Act, It is hereby Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That as well the said particular Duties on Houses, and the said Duties, Revenues, and Incomes composing the said Aggregate Fund (which latter are particularly described or referred unto in the said Act of the First Year of his Majesties Reign) and all other Duties which were settled for Payment of the said former yearly Sums of One hundred and six thousand five hundred and one Pounds, Thirteen Shillings, and Five Pence, and of the said Interest and Allowances relating to the said former Exchequer Bills, and every of them, are and shall be continued, and be paid and payable to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors for ever; and shall be raised, levied, collected, and brought into the Exchequer in England, by and according to such Rules, Methods and Directions, and with such Drawbacks, Repayments and Allowances, and under such Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities, as are prescribed in and by the respective Act and Acts of Parliament now in force, or any Articles, Clauses, Matters, or Things therein contained, or thereby referred unto, for raising, levying, or bringing in of the same, as fully and effectually as if the same Acts, Articles, Clauses, Matters and Things, and every of them, were repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this present Act; nevertheless all the Monies arising thereby into the said Receipt, from and after the Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and seventeen, and all the Monies then remaining in the said Receipt, of the same Rates, Duties, Revenues or Incomes, shall be disposable to and for the several and respective Ales and Purposes by this Act appointed, and subject to the several Provisoes of Redemption herein contained; any former Law, Statute, Provision, Restriction, Clauses of Appropriation, or other Clauses, Matter, or Thing whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding; and that all the Monies of the said particular Rates and Duties on Houses, and of the said Aggregate Fund, or other Duties, by this Act required to be brought into the Exchequer, as aforesaid, shall be duly and fairly entred in one or more Book or Books to be kept in the Offices of the Auditor of the Receipt, and Clerk of the Pells, for that purpose; to which all Persons concerned, at all seasonable times, shall have free Access, without Fee or Charge.

1 Geo. Sess. 1. cap. 12.

for the Purposes in the Act contained.

The Monies to be entred in Books in the Exchequer.

XLII. Pro-

XLII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That until all the Exchequer Bills to be circulated upon this Act shall be paid off, discharged and cancelled, no more or other Exchequer Bills, or Bills of the like Nature, though by another Name, shall or may be made out and issued at the Receipt of the Exchequer, either with or without the Authority of Parliament, unless by Consent of the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or their Successors. Till all the Bills be paid off, no other to be issued.

XLVI. Provided, and it is hereby Enacted, That as often as any Interest upon the said Exchequer Bills, hereby continued to be circulated, shall be demanded to be paid by the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, they shall not be obliged to pay for such Interest to any lesser Sum than One Peny upon such Bill, in case a single Bill be produced for Payment, or for the Total of the Interest of such Bills where Two or more shall be offered at one time by the same Person; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding. Bank not obliged to pay for Interest to a lesser Sum than a Peny.

XLVII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Redemption of all the said several Annuities or Sums of Eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty one Pounds, Seven Shillings, and Ten Pence half-peny, One hundred thousand Pounds, and Seventy six thousand eight hundred and thirty Pounds, and Fifteen Shillings per Annum; and the said other Annuity or Annuities after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, by Payments to be made according to the several and respective Provisoes or Conditions of Redemption in this Act contained of or concerning the same; and full Payment of all Arrearages (if any shall be then due) for and upon the said yearly Sums of One hundred and twenty thousand Pounds, and Fifty four thousand six hundred Pounds per Annum; and for the Deficiency (if any shall then be) of the said Original Fund of the said Governor and Company of One hundred thousand Pounds per Annum, and every of them, then, and not till then, the said General or Aggregate Fund by this Act continued and established, and the said Subsidies, Duties, Revenues, and Incomes, contained therein, and every of them, and also the said particular Duties on Houses, shall be understood to be redeemed by Parliament, and shall not be issued, paid, or applied to any Use, Intent, or Purpose whatsoever, without Authority of Parliament; other than and except the Duties called the Two thirds of a Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage upon Goods and Merchandizes imported, and other than and except the Duties upon Coffee, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa-Paste, Tea, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, Pictures and Muslins, and other than and except the increased Duties upon Coffee, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa-Paste, Tea, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace and Pictures, and other than and except the further Rates and Duties upon all white Callicoes, Porcelan, called China-Ware, and Drugs; all which said Subsidies and Duties, so excepted, are part of the said Aggregate Fund, and are intended to be continued, and they are hereby Enacted to be continued, for answering and paying out of the same, all the Payments which shall after such Redemption grow due for and upon the said yearly Sum of One hundred and twenty thousand Pounds, as aforesaid, for the Service of his Majesties Houshold and Family, and other his necessary Occasions, during his Majesties Life; and also for answering and paying out of the same excepted Subsidies, and other Duties, all the Payments which shall, after such Redemption, grow due for or upon the said yearly Sum of Fifty four thousand six hundred Pounds, for Payment of Annuities, as aforesaid; and also for answering and paying out of the same excepted Subsidies and other Duties, all the Payments which shall after such Redemption grow due, for or upon the said yearly Sum of Four thousand Pounds to be issued to Sheriffs, as aforesaid; which Annuities or yearly Sums are to continue for ever, except such of them as shall be redeemed by Parliament, according to other Acts in

After Redemption of all the Annuities, &c. the Aggregate Fund and Duties on Houses shall be understood to be redeemed by Parliament:

Except the here enumerated Duties,

continued for answering the 120000 *l. per Annum*, for his Majesties Life,

and 54600 *l. per Annum*, for the Annuities at 5 *l. per Cent.*

and for paying the 4000 *l. per Annum* to Sheriffs.

that behalf; and the ſaid excepted Subſidies and Duties ſo to be continued for anſwering the Payments of the ſaid yearly Sums of One hundred and twenty thouſand Pounds, and Fifty four thouſand ſix hundred Pounds, and Four thouſand Pounds per Annum, or ſo much thereof as ſhall be ſufficient to pay the ſame, are and ſhall be hereby appropriated, iſſued and applied thereunto, during the Continuance of the ſame yearly Sums reſpectively; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

The Annuities may be ſeparately redeemed.

XLVIII. Provided nevertheleſs, That nothing in this Act contained, for or concerning the Redemption of any of the ſaid Annuities or yearly Sums hereby payable to the ſaid Governor and Company of the Bank of England, ſhall in any wiſe prevent or hinder the Redemption of any other of the ſame Annuities or yearly Sums to them payable by this Act, but that every one of the ſaid Annuities or yearly Sums may ſeparately be redeemed at the time and in the manner by this Act preſcribed, according to the reſpective Proviſo herein contained for Redemption of the ſame; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Not to obſtruct the making good the Deficiencies which may happen in the yearly Fund of 116573 *l.* 12 *s.* in Act 1 *Geor.*

LIV. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall hinder or obſtruct, or be conſtrued to hinder or obſtruct the making good any Deficiency or Deficiencies, which at any time or times ſhall happen of or in the yearly Fund of One hundred and ſixteen thouſand five hundred ſeventy three Pounds twelve Shillings, mentioned in an Act of Parliament of the Firſt Year of his Majeſties Reign, [Intituled, An Act for rectifying Miſtakes in the Names of the Commiſſioners for the Land-Tax for the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen; and for raiſing ſo much as is wanting to make up the Sum of Fourteen hundred thouſand Pounds, intended to be raiſed by a Lottery for the Publick Service in the ſaid Year] but that every ſuch Deficiency ſhall and may be made good, and ſatisfied out of any the Publick unappropriated Monies, as if this Act had never been made; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding. 1 Geo. *cap.* 2.

Vote of the Houſe of Commons, ſignified by their Speaker, a ſufficient Notice.

LV. And it is hereby Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That any Vote or Reſolution of the Houſe of Commons, ſignified by the Speaker of the ſaid Houſe in writing, and delivered at the Publick Office of the ſaid Governor and Company, or their Succeſſors, ſhall be deemed and adjudged to be a ſufficient Notice within the words and meaning of this Act; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Anno 3 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. IX.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for redeeming the yearly Fund of the *South-Sea* Company (being after the Rate of Six Pounds *per Centum per Annum*) and ſettling on the ſaid Company a yearly Fund after the Rate of Five Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, redeemable by Parliament; and to raiſe for an Annuity or Annuities at Five Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, any Sum, not exceeding Two millions, to be imployed in leſſening the National Debts and Incumbrances, and for making the ſaid New yearly Fund and Annuities to be hereafter redeemable in the time and manner thereby preſcribed.

Preamble.

MOST Gracious Sovereign, whereas the Capital or Joynt Stock of the Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas and other Parts of America, and for encouraging the Fiſhery, being adjuſted and ſettled purſuant to ſeveral Acts of Parliament in that behalf, doth amount to the Sum of [illegible]en millions; and in reſpect thereof a yearly Fund of

Six

Six hundred thousand Pounds hath been and is payable to the said Governor and Company after the Rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum, besides a yearly Sum of Eight thousand Pounds for or towards the Charges of the said Governor and Company for Management, subject nevertheless to a Proviso contained in one Act of Parliament of the First Year of your Majesties Reign, [Intituled, An Act for enlarging the Capital Stock and yearly Fund of the *South-Sea* Company, and for supplying thereby Eight hundred twenty two thousand thirty two Pounds, Four Shillings, and Eight Pence to Publick Uses; and for raising One hundred sixty nine thousand Pounds for the like Uses, by Sale of Annuities upon divers Encouragements therein mentioned; and for appropriating several Supplies granted to his Majesty] whereby the said yearly Sums of Six hundred thousand Pounds, and Eight thousand Pounds, were redeemable upon one Years Notice, which was to be given after the Twenty fifth day of December, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and upon Payment as well of the said Sum of Ten millions, as of all Arrears of the said yearly Sums, in such Manner and Form as in the said Proviso of Redemption are prescribed: And whereas the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain are willing and contented, in regard the Common Rate of Interest for Money is very much lessened under your Majesties most Auspicious Government, to accept from and after the Feast of the Nativity of Saint John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and eighteen, one Annuity or yearly Fund of Five hundred thousand Pounds, being after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, for the said Ten millions, together with the said yearly Sum of Eight thousand Pounds to be continued to them for Management, so as they may be satisfied the said yearly Sums of Six hundred thousand Pounds, and Eight thousand Pounds, until and for the Quarter to end at the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and eighteen, and so as the future Payments of the said yearly Sums of Five hundred thousand Pounds, and Eight thousand Pounds, may be secured to them from the same Feast day, until the Redemption thereof, according to the tenor and true meaning of this present Act: Now we your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament assembled, being desirous to ease the present Burthen of Debts and Incumbrances, and in due time the heavy Taxes lying upon this Kingdom, so far as is consistent with Honour, Justice and Equity, do most humbly beseech your Majesty that it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas, and other Parts of America, and for Encouraging the Fishery, or their Successors, shall be fully satisfied, contented and paid in the first place, all such Monies as are due and unpaid, or at any time or times, on or before the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and eighteen inclusively, shall grow due and remain unpaid, or be in Arrear to them, for or upon the said yearly Fund of Six hundred thousand Pounds, and the said yearly Sum of Eight thousand Pounds, and either of them, out of the several Revenues charged therewith, or by such other Ways and Means as by any former Act or Acts of Parliament are provided or prescribed in that behalf.

1 Geo. *Sess.* 1. *cap.* 21.

South-Sea Company to be Paid in the first place, all Monies due, or to grow due on 24 *June*, 1718. on the yearly Fund of 600000 *l.* and 8000 *l.*

II. And it is hereby Enacted, That from and after the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and eighteen, all Payments of or upon the said yearly Fund of Six hundred thousand Pounds, which from thenceforth should or might grow due or payable, shall cease and determine.

And afterwards the 600000 *l. per Annum* to cease.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, and their Successors, (subject nevertheless to the Proviso of Redemption

Company to have the yearly Sum of 500000 *l.* and 8000 *l.* out of the Duties 9 *Anne.*

tion hereafter in this Act contained in this behalf, and none other) shall have, receive and enjoy, and be entitled, by force and virtue of this Act, to have, receive, and enjoy the said yearly Fund or Sum of Five hundred thousand Pounds, and the said yearly Sum of Eight thousand Pounds; which Annual or yearly Sums shall be and are hereby charged upon, and shall be paid and payable, from time to time, out of all and every the Duties, Impositions, Additional Impositions and Revenues, and all proportional Parts of them, or any of them whatsoever, which by an Act made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of her late Majesty Queen Anne, [Intitled, An Act for making good Deficiencies, and Satisfying the Publick Debts; and for erecting a Corporation to carry on a Trade to the *South-Seas*, and for the Encouragement of the Fishery; and for Liberty to Trade in unwrought Iron with the Subjects of *Spain*; and to repeal the Acts for Registring of Seamen] or by any other Act or Acts of Parliament, or any Clause or Clauses contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, were charged or chargeable with the said former yearly Fund of Six hundred thousand Pounds, and the said former yearly Sum of Eight thousand Pounds, and either of them, or any part thereof; and shall be paid and payable to the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, and their Successors, for ever, at the Four most usual Feasts or Days of Payment in the Year, that is to say, the Feasts of St. Michael the Arch-Angel, the Birth of our Lord Christ, the Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, and the Nativity of St. John Baptist, by even and equal Portions; the First Payment thereof to be made at the Feast of St. Michael the Arch-Angel, in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and eighteen; and that all the Payments thereof shall be made out of the Duties, Impositions, Additional Impositions, Revenues, and proportional Parts before mentioned, with Preference to all Payments hereafter to be charged thereupon (the Monies of the said yearly Fund of Six hundred thousand Pounds, and of the said yearly Sum of Eight thousand Pounds, which are or shall be due or in Arrear at or before the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and eighteen, always excepted and foreprized.)

9 A. *cap.* 21.

Payable Quarterly.

First Payment at *Mich.* 1718.

Orders to be made forth weekly for these Annuities.

IX. And for the more speedy Payment of the Monies which shall be due or payable thereupon, It is hereby Declared and Enacted, That weekly, or otherwise, as Monies of the said Duties, Impositions, Revenues and proportional Parts, or any of them, applicable to the Payment of the said yearly Funds, Annuities or Sums of Money, or any of them, payable to the said Governor and Company, as aforesaid, shall, from time to time, be brought into the Receipt of the Exchequer for Payment thereof, such Monies shall and may be issued upon such Order and Orders for or towards discharging the said yearly Funds, Annuities, and Sums of Money to grow due for or at the end of the Quarter of a Year in which such Issues or Payments shall be made, so as such Weekly or other speedy Payments, do not exceed the Sum of the Quarterly Payment which shall grow due for or at the end of such Quarter respectively.

Former Duties continued,

X. And for better securing to the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, and their Successors, all the Payments intended to be made to them by virtue or in pursuance of this Act, It is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the Rates, Subsidies, Impositions, Additional Impositions, and other Duties and Revenues whatsoever, and all proportional Parts of them, or any of them, which were applicable to the Payment and Satisfaction of the said yearly Fund of Six hundred thousand Pounds, and the said former yearly Sum of Eight thousand Pounds, during the Continuance thereof, are and shall be continued, and be payable to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for ever, for satisfying and discharging as well the said yearly Fund of Six hundred thousand Pounds, and the said former yearly Sum of Eight thousand Pounds, and all Arrearages of them, which are or shall be due at or before the said

Feast

Feaſt of the Nativity of St. John Baptiſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighteen, as aforeſaid, as alſo the ſaid yearly Fund of Five hundred thouſand Pounds, and the ſaid yearly Sum of Eight thouſand Pounds hereafter to be paid; and all and every ſuch New Annuity and Annuities, after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, for the ſaid Sum of Two millions, or ſo much thereof as ſhall be advanced upon this Act, and every of them, in the Order, Manner, and Form before in this Act preſcribed in that behalf, and ſubject to ſuch Redemption, as aforeſaid, according to the tenor and true meaning of this Act; and that the ſame Rates, Subſidies, Impoſitions and other Duties, Revenues, and proportional Parts before mentioned, and every of them, ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, and brought into the Exchequer in England for the ſame purpoſes, by and according to ſuch Rules, Methods and Directions, and with ſuch Drawbacks, Repayments and Allowances, and under ſuch Penalties, Forfeitures and Diſabilities, as are preſcribed by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in Force, or by any Articles, Clauſes, Matters or Things therein contained, or thereby referred unto, for raiſing, levying, collecting, or bringing in of the ſame, as fully and effectually as if the ſame Acts, Articles, Clauſes, Matters and Things, and every of them, were repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this preſent Act; and that all the Monies which ſhall be brought into the Receipt of the Exchequer of the ſaid Rates, Subſidies, Impoſitions, Additional Impoſitions, and other Duties and Revenues, and all proportional Parts of them, for the Purpoſes aforeſaid, ſhall be fairly and diſtinctly entred and regiſtred in one or more Book or Books to be kept in the Offices of the Auditor of the Receipt and Clerk of the Pells, ſeverally, for that purpoſe, to which all Perſons concerned, at all ſeaſonable times, ſhall have free Acceſs without Fee or Charge.

ſubject to Redemption, and to be raiſed as by the former Acts,

and to be entred in a Book in the Exchequer.

XI. And it is hereby alſo Enacted, That all the Monies of the ſaid Rates, Subſidies, Impoſitions, and other Duties and Revenues, and proportional Parts of them, or any of them, which ſhall or ought to be brought into the Receipt of the Exchequer, for the Purpoſes aforeſaid (except the neceſſary Charges of raiſing, collecting, levying, iſſuing, paying, and accounting for the ſame, and except ſuch part thereof as by any former Act of Parliament is applicable to the Repayment of Loans ſtill remaining unſatisfied, and to pay the Intereſt of the ſame) ſhall be, and are hereby appropriated, and ſhall be iſſued and applied to and for the Payment and Satisfaction of the ſaid yearly Fund of Six hundred thouſand Pounds, and of the ſaid former yearly Sum of Eight thouſand Pounds, due or to grow due at or before the ſaid Feaſt of the Nativity of St. John Baptiſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighteen, and to and for the Payment and Satisfaction of the ſaid yearly Fund of Five hundred thouſand Pounds, from and after the ſaid Feaſt of the Nativity of Saint John Baptiſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighteen, and the ſaid growing yearly Sum of Eight thouſand Pounds, and to and for the Payment of the ſaid Annuities after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, hereafter to be acquired by virtue of this Act, and every of them, in their due Method and Order before preſcribed, according to the tenor and true meaning of this Act, and without any Fee or Charge whatſoever to be paid by the ſaid Governor and Company for the ſame, or any part thereof, but ſubject to ſuch Redemption as is herein after preſcribed, and to none other Uſe, Intent or Purpoſe whatſoever: And that the reſpective Officers of the Exchequer, who ſhall make any delay in iſſuing or paying the ſame, or ſhall be guilty of diverting or miſapplying any the ſaid Monies contrary to this Act, for any ſuch Offence ſhall be forejudged from their reſpective Offices or Places, and be rendred incapable to ſerve his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors in any Office or Imployment of Truſt or Profit whatſoever, and ſhall alſo be liable to pay double the Value of any Sum or Sums of Money ſo delayed to be paid, or ſo diverted or miſap-

These Duties appropriated for the Uſes of this Act.

Penalty on Officers of the Exchequer diverting, &c. the Monies.

miſapplied, as aforeſaid, to the ſaid Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, and their Succeſſors; to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Suit or Information, in any his Majeſties Courts of Record at Weſtminſter, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection, or Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance ſhall be granted or allowed.

Deficiency of one Quarter to be ſupplied out of the ſubſequent Quarter,

XII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if at any time or times the Produce of the ſaid Rates, Subſidies, Impoſitions, Duties and Revenues, and proportional Parts of them, or any of them, hereby appropriated, as aforeſaid, ſhall be ſo Low or Deficient, as that the Money ariſing thereby at the Exchequer ſhall not extend or be ſufficient, according to this Act, to pay and diſcharge, or to complete the Payment at the end of any Quarter of a Year of all the Money which ſhall be then due, as well for or upon the ſaid yearly Fund of Five hundred thouſand Pounds, and the ſaid yearly Sum of Eight thouſand Pounds (beſides any Arrearages which ſhall be then due for or upon the ſaid former yearly Sums of Six hundred thouſand Pounds, and Eight thouſand Pounds) then and ſo often, and in every ſuch caſe, the Deficiency of any ſuch Quarter ſhall and may be ſupplied out of the Overplus Monies of the ſaid Duties and Revenues ariſing in any ſubſequent Quarter; and in default thereof by the ſpace of Half a Year, then all and every ſuch Deficiency and Deficiencies ſhall be ſupplied and made good, from time to time, by or out of the General yearly Fund by another Act of this Seſſion of Parliament eſtabliſhed, or intended to be eſtabliſhed, for redeeming the Duties and Revenues now charged or chargeable in and by ſeveral Lottery Acts of the Ninth and Tenth Years of her ſaid late Majeſties Reign, and certain Annual Payments out of the Hereditary Exciſe, in the ſaid Act of this Seſſion mentioned, or out of Money to be raiſed at the Exchequer for purchaſing an Annuity or Annuities after a Rate not exceeding Five Pounds per Centum per Annum for every ſuch Deficiency; which Annuity or Annuities ſhall, by virtue of this Act, be charged on the ſaid General yearly Fund, and be payable and transferrable at the Bank of England, as other Annuities payable out of the ſaid General yearly Fund are intended by the ſaid other Act of this Seſſion to be payable and transferrable, until the Redemption thereof by Parliament.

and in default thereof for half a Year, then to be ſupplied out of the General Fund by another Act of this Seſſion, &c.

9 A. cap. 10. 9 A. cap. 11. 10 A. cap. 19. 10 A. cap. 23. 3 Geo. cap. 7.

The 2000000 *l.* to be applied to pay off the Principal and Intereſt on the Four Lottery Funds 9 and 10 *Annæ*, and the Annuities 12 *W.* 3.

XIII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Sum of Two millions, or ſo much thereof as ſhall be called for, and be actually advanced and paid by the ſaid Governor and Company into the Receipt of the Exchequer in purſuance of this Act, ſhall be iſſued, applied, and diſpoſed towards the paying off, and diſcharging the Principal Monies and Intereſt after the Rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum, now payable by the ſaid Lottery Acts, towards redeeming the ſeveral Duties and Revenues now chargeable therewith, and towards the redeeming of the ſaid Annual Payments out of the Hereditary Exciſe, and to none other Uſe, Intent or Purpoſe whatſoever; and that all and every Deficiency and Deficiencies of the ſaid New Annuity or Annuities after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, payable to the ſaid Governor and Company by virtue of this Act, ſhall be ſupplied and made good, from time to time, when and as often as any ſuch Deficiency or Deficiencies ſhall appear, out of the ſaid General Fund by the ſaid other Act of this Seſſion of Parliament eſtabliſhed, or intended to be eſtabliſhed, as aforeſaid, or out of the Money to be raiſed at the Exchequer for purchaſing an Annuity or Annuities after a Rate not exceeding Five Pounds per Centum per Annum for every ſuch Deficiency; which Annuity or Annuities ſhall, by virtue of this Act, be charged on the ſaid General yearly Fund, and be payable and tranſferrable at the Bank of England, as other Annuities, payable out of the ſaid General yearly Fund, are intended by the ſaid other Act of this Seſſion to be payable and transferrable, until the Redemption thereof by Parliament.

All Deficiencies of the New Annuities to be made good out of the General Fund, &c.

3 Geo. cap. 7.

XIV. Pro-

The Surplus of the said Duties disposeable by Parliament.

XIV. Provided also, and it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if at any time or times at the end of any Quarter of a Year (reckoning the Quarters to end at the usual Feasts above mentioned) there shall be an Excess or Surplus of the Monies brought into the Exchequer of the said Rates, Duties, Impositions and Revenues, and proportional Parts of them, or any of them, and such Excess or Surplus shall remain there, over and above the Money then or before that time grown due by or in pursuance of this Act, for Arrearages of the said yearly Fund of Six hundred thousand Pounds, and of the said former yearly Sum of Eight thousand Pounds, and for the said Fund of Five hundred thousand Pounds per Annum, and the said growing Annuity of Eight thousand Pounds per Annum, and for the said New Annuity or Annuities after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, to be payable upon this Act, and every of them, then, and so often, and in every such Case, such Excess or Surplus shall, from time to time, attend the Disposition of Parliament, and be applied according to Act or Acts of Parliament in that behalf, and not otherwise; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Company to continue a Corporation,

and enjoy their Annuities, &c. till redeemed,

and their Factories, Trades and Acquisitions.

XVIII. And it is hereby Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, and their Successors, for ever, shall remain, continue, and be one Body Corporate and Politick by the Name abovementioned; and shall have, hold, receive, and enjoy the said yearly Sum of Six hundred thousand Pounds, until and for the Quarter to End at the Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and eighteen, as aforesaid, and the said yearly Sum of Five hundred thousand Pounds, and Eight thousand Pounds, and the said Annuity or Annuities after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, until the same respectively shall be redeemed according to this Act; and shall have, hold, and enjoy all their Forts, Factories, Acquisitions, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Sole Benefit of Trade in and to the South-Seas, and elsewhere, with a Perpetual Succession, and all Abilities, Capacities, Powers, Authorities, Franchises, Exemptions, Privileges, Profits, and Advantages whatsoever, whereunto the said Governor and Company are, or before the making of this Act were entitled by any Act or Acts of Parliament, Grant or Charter now in Force; all which are by this Act ratified and confirmed to them, and their Successors (the said former Fund of Six hundred thousand Pounds per Annum, which by this Act is to Determine at the Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and eighteen, as aforesaid, only excepted) freed and discharged of and from all former Provisoes, Powers, Acts, Matters and Things whatsoever, for redeeming, determining, or making void the same, or any of them, subject nevertheless to the several and respective Provisoes and Powers of Redemption hereafter in this Act contained.

After Redemption, the Duties to be understood to be redeemed by Parliament:

But the Corporation to continue for ever.

XXII. Provided also, and it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Redemption of all the said yearly Sums of Five hundred thousand Pounds, Eight thousand Pounds, and the said other Annuity or Annuities, after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, by Payments to be made according to the several and respective Provisoes or Conditions of Redemption in this Act contained of or concerning the same, then, and not till then, the said Duties, Impositions, Additional Impositions and Revenues, and all proportional Parts of them, or any of them, shall be understood to be redeemed by Parliament, and shall not be issued, paid or applied to any Use, Intent or Purpose whatsoever, without Authority of Parliament. Nevertheless, the said Corporation, by the Name aforesaid, after such Redemption of the said yearly Funds, Annuities, or other Annual Payments, shall continue for ever, and have perpetual Succession, and shall hold and enjoy all Forts, Factories, and Acquisitions, that they have erected, established or made, or

shall erect, establish or make, within the Limits prescribed by the Charter or Charters to them granted, and the Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments that are or shall be by them purchased in Great Britain, not exceeding One thousand Pounds per Annum; and the said Governor and Company, and the Members thereof, without having any Share or Interest in the said yearly Funds, Payments or Annuities, or any of them, after the same shall be redeemed, shall have and be entitled to the Sole Benefit of Trade in and to the South-Seas, and elsewhere, and such Power of Trade in the Fishery, as by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force is directed, and all other Benefits, Powers, Privileges, and Advantages (the said respective Annuities to them issuing or payable only excepted) as if no such Redemption were had or made; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Vote of the Commons, signified by their Speaker, a sufficient Notice.

XXV. And it is hereby Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That any Vote or Resolution of the House of Commons, signified by their Speaker in writing, to be delivered at the Publick Office of the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas, shall be deemed and adjudged to be sufficient Notice within the words and meaning of this Act, for redeeming their said yearly Funds or Annuities, pursuant to the Proviso or Provisoes of Redemption in this Act contained, and at the respective time or times therein mentioned; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Anno 3 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XIX.

Several Clauses in an Act, intituled, An Act for the Kings most Gracious, General, and Free Pardon.

GEORGE R.

Preamble.

THE Kings most Excellent Majesty having already shewed his Royal Inclination to Mercy, by many particular Instances of Grace, extended to such as had rendred themselves Obnoxious to the Laws, by being concerned in the late Unnatural Rebellion, that nothing may be wanting in his Majesty to Quiet the Minds of all his Subjects, hath therefore, upon mature Deliberation, resolved and determined to grant his General and Free Pardon in a Large and Bountiful manner; and however it may be received by those who are obstinately bent on the Ruin of their Country, his Majesty promises himself, that it will raise a due Sense of Gratitude in all such as have been artfully misled into Treasonable Practices against his Person and Government, and preserve them and others from standing in need of the like Mercy for the future, when such an instance of Clemency may not be so expedient for the Publick Welfare, as it would be agreeable to his Majesties Inclinations: And therefore his Majesty is well pleased and contented that it be Enacted by the Authority of this present Parliament; and be it Enacted by the Authority of the same, in Manner and Form following, (that is to say) That all and every his Majesties Subjects, as well Spiritual as Temporal, of this his Majesties Realm of Great Britain, their Heirs, Successors, Executors and Administrators, and every of them, and all and singular Bodies Politick and Corporate, and their Successors, and all Cities, Boroughs, Shires, Stewartries, Ridings, Hundreds, Lathes, Rapes, Wapentakes, Towns, Villages, Hamlets and Tythings, and every of them, shall be, by the Authority of this present Parliament, acquitted, pardoned, released and discharged against the Kings Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and every of them, of and from all and all manner of Treasons, Misprisions of Treasons, Felonies, Treasonable and Seditious Words or Libels, Leasing-

The General Pardon.

ſing Making, Miſpriſions of Felony, Seditions and Unlawful Meetings and Conventicles, and all Offences whereby any Perſon may be charged with the Danger and Penalty of Præmunire; and alſo of and from all Riots, Routs, Offences, Contempts, Treſpaſſes, Entries, Wrongs, Deceipts, Miſdemeanors, Forfeitures, Penalties, and Sums of Money, Pains of Death, Pains Corporal, and Pains Pecuniary; and generally of and from all other Things, Cauſes, Quarrels, Suits, Judgments, and Executions, in this preſent Act hereafter not Excepted or Foreprized, which have been had, made, done, committed, omitted, perpetrated, incurred or forfeited, before and unto the Sixth day of May, in the Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventeen.

All things not excepted, ſhall be pardoned by the general Words of this Act, as well as if particularly named.

II. And alſo the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty is contented that it be Enacted by the Authority of this preſent Parliament; and be it Enacted by the Authority of the ſame, That this his Majeſties Free Pardon ſhall be as Good and Effectual in Law to every of his ſaid Subjects, Bodies Corporate, and others before rehearſed, in, for, and againſt all things aforeſaid, and not hereafter in this preſent Act excepted and foreprized, as the ſame Pardon ſhould have been if all ſuch Offences, Contempts, Forfeitures, Cauſes, Matters, Suits, Quarrels, Judgments, Executions, Penalties, and other things not hereafter in this Act particularly excepted and foreprized, had been particularly, ſingularly, ſpecially, and plainly named, rehearſed and ſpecified, and alſo Pardoned by proper and expreſs Words and Names; and that his ſaid Subjects, or any of them, the Heirs, Executors, or Adminiſtrators of any of them, or the ſaid Bodies Corporate, and others before named and rehearſed, or any of them, be not, nor ſhall be ſued, vexed, or unquieted in their Bodies, Goods, Chattels, Lands or Tenements, for any Matter, Cauſe, Contempt, Miſdemeanor, Forfeiture, Treſpaſs, Offence, or any other Thing, ſuffered, done, or committed, or omitted before the ſaid Sixth day of May, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventeen, againſt his Majeſty, his Crown, Dignity, Prerogative, or the Laws or Statutes of this Realm, but only for ſuch Cauſes, Matters and Offences, as be rehearſed or mentioned in the Exceptions of this preſent Act to be excepted and foreprized, and for none other; any Statute or Statutes, Laws or Cuſtoms, heretofore had, made or uſed, to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

All Fines, &c. forgiven, not hereafter excepted.

III. And the Kings Majeſty, of his Bounteous Liberality, and by the Authority of this preſent Parliament, doth grant and freely give to every of his Subjects, every of the ſaid Bodies Corporate, and others before rehearſed, and every of them, all Goods, Chattels, Debts, Fines, Iſſues, Profits, Amerciaments, Forfeitures, and Sums of Money, by any of them forfeited, which to his Majeſty do or ſhall appertain, by reaſon of any Offence, Contempt, Treſpaſs, Entry, Miſdemeanor, Matter, Cauſe or Quarrel, ſuffered, done or committed by them, or any of them, before the ſaid Sixth day of May, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventeen, not hereafter in this preſent Act foreprized and excepted.

Proviſo.

IV. Provided nevertheleſs, and be it Enacted, That all Grants thereof, or of any Part thereof, made by any ſuch as have ſo forfeited the ſame, and are hereby reſtored, as aforeſaid, and all Executions thereof, or of any Part thereof, had againſt any ſuch, after ſuch Forfeiture thereof committed or made, ſhall be of ſuch force and effect as if no ſuch Forfeiture had been had or made, and of no other; the ſame Forfeiture or any thing in this Act before to the contrary notwithſtanding.

All Perſons may Plead this Act of Pardon.

V. And be it further Enacted, That all and every his Majeſties Subjects, and all and ſingular Bodies Corporate, and others before rehearſed, may by him or themſelves, or by his or their Deputy or Deputies, or by his or their Attorney or Attornies, according to the Laws of this Realm, Plead and Miniſter this Act of Free Pardon for his or their Diſcharge, of or for any thing

that is, by virtue of this Act, pardoned, discharged, given or granted, without any Fee or any other Thing paying to any Person or Persons for the writing or entring of the Judgments or other Cause concerning such Plea, Writing or Entry, but only Sixteen Pence to the Clerk or Officer that shall enter such Plea or Matter for Judgment or the Parties Discharge in that behalf; any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

This Pardon to be expounded in all Courts most beneficial for the Subject.

VI. And further the Kings Majesty is contented and pleased that it be Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this his Majesties Free Pardon, by the General Words, Clauses, and Sentences before rehearsed, shall be reputed, deemed, adjudged, expounded, allowed and taken, in all manner of Courts of his Majesty, and elsewhere, most Beneficial and Available to all and singular the said Subjects, Bodies Corporate, and others before rehearsed, and to every of them, in all things not in this present Act excepted and foreprized, without any Ambiguity, Question, or other Delay whatsoever, to be made, pleaded, objected, or alledged by the Kings Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or by his or any of their General Attorney or Attornies, Advocate or Advocates, or by any Person or Persons for his Majesty, or any of his Heirs or Successors.

Except Prosecutions before 15 *July*, 1717.

XXIII. And also excepted all other Offences, Contempts and Misdemeanors, had, committed or done contrary to any Act of Parliament (other than using, or causing to be used, any Craft, Mystery or Occupation by any Person or Persons not brought up therein Seven Years as an Apprentice) or contrary to the Laws of this Realm, for which any Person hath been or shall be so far Prosecuted, that on or before the Fifteenth day of July, One thousand seven hundred and seventeen, any Verdict hath been or shall be obtained upon such Prosecution, or any Outlawry, Conviction, Judgment by Default, or other Judgment, Sentence or Decree, had, given or entred in any of his Majesties Courts, or before any Commissioners of his Majesty within this Realm of Great Britain, or by his Majesties Commissioners for the Management of his Receipt of Excise, or other Duties under their Management, or by his said Majesties Justices of the Peace, upon any Prosecution or Prosecutions before such Commissioners of Excise, or Justices of the Peace respectively, relating to the said Excise, or other Duties, or any of them; subject to the Clause herein after contained for the Pardoning the Imprisonment and Execution of certain Persons who be and remain Attainted for High-Treason on the Fifth day of May, One thousand seven hundred and seventeen: Nevertheless none of such Offences, Contempts, or Misdemeanors (not being Capital) shall be Pardoned by this Act, but are hereby excepted thereout, whereof or for which any Action, Bill, Plaint, Information, Indictment, or other Prosecution at any time within Two Years next before the last Day of Trinity Term, One thousand seven hundred and seventeen, hath been or shall be found, commenced or sued in any of his Majesties Courts at Westminster, or before any Commissioners of Oyer and Terminer, Goal Delivery, or Justices of Assize, and on the said last Day of the said Term shall be depending and remaining to be Prosecuted, although no Outlawry, Verdict, Conviction, Judgment or Decree, shall, on the said Fifteenth day of July be had or obtained on the same, and which have been Prosecuted at the Charge of any private Person or Persons, unless the Defendant or Defendants in such Prosecution or Prosecutions shall pay to such private Prosecutor or Prosecutors, his or their Executors or Administrators, such Costs as the Court where or before whom such Prosecution shall be, shall award to be paid to such private Prosecutor or Prosecutors in respect of the Charges of such Prosecution.

Except Monies arising by Customs, &c.

XXXII. And also excepted out of this Pardon all and every the Sums of Money and Duties accruing or arising by or from any Customs or Subsidies, Excise, Imposition upon Wine, or other Liquors or Commodities, Duties upon Malt, Hops, Candles, Sope, Paper, Duties on printing, painting, staining or dying Silks,

Silks, Callicoes, Linens and Stuffs, Duties on Starch, Duties on Gilt or Silver Wire, Duties on Salt, Duties upon Tonnage of Ships, Duties upon Parchment, Vellum and Paper, Arrears of any Land-Tax, Poll-Money, all Arrears of Rent, and all other Sums of Money due or owing from any Licensed or Hackney or Stage-Coachmen, Duties arising by Wine-Licences, or the Post-Office, or by or from any other Tax, Assessment, Duty, Imposition, Debt, or Sum of Money whatsoever to the Kings Majesty given, or belonging, or leviable by any Act of Parliament, or otherwise due or belonging to the Kings Majesty, and all Arrears thereof respectively, and all Concealments, and wrongful Detainment thereof respectively, and all Penalties, Forfeitures, and Disabilities arising thereby, or for the Non-payment, Concealment, or Detaining thereof, and all Corruptions and Misdemeanors of any Officer or Minister of, in or concerning the same, and all Accounts and Suits whatsoever, now depending, or to be had, made, or prosecuted for the same, and all Concealments, Frauds, and Offences, by which his Majesty or the late Queen hath or have been deceived, and not truly answered for the same, or any of them.

Except Forfeitures relating to the Exportation of Wooll, and Brandy.

XXXIII. And also excepted all Offences, Penalties, and Forfeitures relating to the Exportation of any Wooll, or the Importation of Brandy from Foreign Parts beyond the Seas in any Vessel or Cask which shall not contain Sixty Gallons at the least, and all Prosecutions for the same.

And all Arrears of Rent from Farmers of the Revenue.

XXXV. And also excepted out of this Pardon all Arrears of Rent due from any Farmer or Tacksman of any part of the Publick Revenue, and all Arrears of Fee-Farm Rents, and other Rents.

And all Accounts of Collectors, &c.

XXXVI. And also excepted all and singular Accounts of all and every Collector and Collectors, Commissioners, Treasurers, Receivers, or other Officers, or other Accountant whatsoever, who have received or collected, or are any other way accountable to his Majesty for any the Customs, Subsidies, Impositions, Excises, Duties, Land-Taxes, Poll-Money, Rents, or other Matters before mentioned, or for Prize-Goods, or for any other Tax, Assessment, Duty, Imposition, Debt, Sum of Money, or other Things whatsoever, given to the Kings Majesty, or leviable by Act of Parliament, or otherwise belonging to his Majesty, and all Accounts of every other Person whatsoever, that ought to be accountant to the Kings Majesty, for or in respect of any Receipt or other Charge, and the Heirs, Executors, Administrators, and Sureties of any Person that ought to account for all Things touching only the same Accounts; and all and singular Arrearages of Accounts, and all Impetitions, Charges, Seizures, Suits, Demands, and Executions, which may or can be had of or for any such Account or Accounts, or any Arrearages of the same.

And all Recognizances of Receivers, &c.

XXXVII. And also excepted all Recognizances, Obligations, and other Securities, given or entred into by any Receiver of any Land-Tax or any other Duties, Impositions, or other Sums of Money whatsoever, due or payable to his Majesty by Act of Parliament, or otherwise, or by any Reeve, Bailiff, Collector, or other Accountant in either of the Courts of Exchequer in England or Scotland, and their Sureties and their Accounts respectively, and all other Recognizances and Obligations whatsoever, conditioned for Payment of Money, and all Obligations or other Securities given or entred into by any Officer or Officers of any his Majesties Revenues, or their Sureties for the true Discharge of his or their Trusts.

Or of Farmers or Tacksmen of the Publick Revenue, &c.

XXXVIII. And it is hereby Declared and Enacted, That this Act shall not extend, or be construed to pardon or discharge any Recognizance or Obligation not yet forfeited, nor to pardon or discharge any forfeited Recognizance or Obligation, or any other Forfeiture or Penalty, whereof any Person or Persons who are or have been Farmers or Tacksmen of any part of the Publick Revenue, ought to receive any Benefit or Advantage, nor to pardon

don or discharge any Debt due by Recognizance or Obligation, or otherwise, to any Person or Persons indebted to the Crown, which hath been duly seized in Aid of the Crowns Debt; nor to pardon or discharge any Debt due by Recognizance, Obligations, Condemnation, or otherwise, whereupon any Estalment or Seizure has been at any time heretofore made, upon which Estalment or Seizure any Thing is, or at any time since the Nineteenth day of April, One thousand seven hundred and nine, hath been answered and paid; nor to pardon or discharge any Penalties, Forfeitures, or Sums of Money due or accrued to his Majesty by reason of any Act, Statute or Statutes; which Forfeitures, Penalties, and Sums of Money, since the said Nineteenth day of April, One thousand seven hundred and nine, be converted into the nature of any Debt, by Judgment, Order, Decree, or by the Agreement of the Offender or Offenders, or have been Estalled, or any Seizure made for the same, and upon such Seizure or Estalment any thing answered or paid since the said Nineteenth day of April, One thousand seven hundred and nine; nor to extend, or be construed to pardon or discharge any Recognizance which hath been entred into and forfeited, for or on account of any Crimes or other Matters which by this Act are excepted or forejudged out of this Pardon.

And all Fines, &c. entred in any Court of Record since 6 *May*, 1715.

XLI. And also excepted all such Issues, Fines and Amerciaments, returned, affeered, taxed, set, or entred, in any Court of Record within this Realm of Great Britain, at any time since the Sixth day of May, One thousand seven hundred and fifteen.

Exception.

XLII. And yet nevertheless, all Estreats of such Fines, Issues, and Amerciaments, as be now pardoned by this Act, and which be already estreated forth of either of the Courts of Exchequer of England or Scotland, and be remaining in the Hands of the Sheriff, Under-Sheriff, Bailiff, or other proper Officer for collecting of the same Fines, Issues, and Amerciaments, shall, upon the Return of the said Estreats, be duly and orderly charged and delivered by Scrows into the Office of the Pipe in the said respective Courts of Exchequer, as heretofore hath been accustomed in England; To the intent that thereupon Order may be taken that his Majesty may be truly answered all such Fines, Issues, and Amerciaments, not by this Act pardoned, and which any Sheriff, Under-Sheriff, Bailiff, or other Officer or Minister has received, or ought to answer by force or colour of any such Estreat, Process, or Precept to him or them made for levying thereof; and yet all and every Sheriff and Sheriffs, and other Accountant, upon his or their Petition or Petitions to be made for the Allowance of any such Fines, Issues, or Amerciaments, as by this Act are pardoned, shall have all and every such his and their Petition allowed in his and their Account and Accounts, without paying any Fee or Reward to any Officer, Clerk, or other Minister, for the making, entring, and allowing of any such Petition or Petitions; any Usage or Custom to the contrary hereof in any wise notwithstanding.

General Issue.

LV. And it is further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Person or Persons hereby pardoned, may plead the General Issue without special Pleading of this Pardon, and give this Act of Pardon in Evidence for his Discharge; and that the same shall be thereupon allowed, and Advantage thereof had, as fully to all intents and purposes, as if the same had been fully and well pleaded.

Pardon good against all Persons claiming under the Crown.

LVI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this present Pardon shall be of as good force and effect to pardon and discharge all and singular the Premisses above mentioned and intended to be pardoned and discharged, as well against such Person or Persons, Bodies Politick and Corporate, as do or shall claim the same, by or under any Letters Patents, or Lease or Grant by the Kings Majesty, or any his Predecessors, as against the Kings Majesty himself.

Anno

Anno 3 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XXI.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for continuing the Liberty of exporting *Iriſh* Linen Cloth to the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America* Duty-free; and for the more effectual Diſcovery of and Proſecuting ſuch as ſhall unlawfully export Wooll and Woollen Manufactures from *Ireland*; and for Relief of *John Fletcher*, in reſpect of the Duty by him paid for a Quantity of Salt loſt in the Exportation for *Ireland*.

Preamble.

3 & 4 *A.* cap. 8. WHereas by an Act paſſed in the Third and Fourth Years of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen Anne, Intituled, An Act to permit the Exportation of *Iriſh* Linen Cloth to the Plantations, and to prohibit the Importation of *Scots* Linen into *Ireland*; It was Enacted for the Support of the Proteſtant Intereſt of Ireland, and for the Encouragement of the Linen Manufacture of that Kingdom, That it ſhould and might be lawful to export from Ireland, directly to the Britiſh Plantations, all ſorts of white and brown Linen Cloths, being the proper Manufacture of the ſaid Kingdom, under certain Reſtrictions and Conditions in the ſaid Act mentioned, for the Term of Eleven Years; which Act hath been ſince continued for One Year, and to the End of this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, by an Act paſſed in the Firſt Year of the Reign of his preſent Ma-

1 Geo. cap. 26. jeſty King George, Intituled, An Act for continuing ſeveral Laws therein mentioned, relating to Coals, Hemp, and Flax, *Iriſh* and *Scots* Linen, and the Aſſize of Bread, and for giving Power to Adjourn the Quarter-Seſſions for the County of *Angleſea*, for the Purpoſes therein mentioned: And whereas it hath been found by Experience, That the Continuance of the ſaid Act is and may be beneficial to both the Kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland; Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid recited Act of the Third and Fourth Years of Queen Anne, ſo far forth as the ſame relates to the Exportation of Iriſh Linen Cloths to the Britiſh Plantations, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby continued in full force, ſo long as the Merchants, and other Perſons of Great Britain, are or ſhall be permitted to import into Ireland, free of all Duties, ſuch white and brown Britiſh Linen Cloth as is or ſhall be made and manufactured in Great Britain.

Act 3 & 4 *A.* cap. 8. continued.

Linens imported from *Ireland*, may be Shipt off for *America* Duty-free.

II. And whereas ſome Doubt has ariſen, whether Linens imported into this Kingdom from Ireland, and not ſubject to pay any Duties upon the ſaid Importation, ſhould, upon being exported again for any of the Britiſh Plantations in America, become liable to pay a Duty ad valorem; Be it Declared and Enacted, That all Linens made in Ireland, and imported from thence into this Kingdom, may, from and after the Twenty fourth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventeen, be ſhipt off again and exported for any of his Majeſties Plantations in America, without being liable or ſubject to pay any Duty whatſoever.

IV. And whereas by an Act made in the Tenth and Eleventh Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King William the Third,

10 & 11 W. 3. cap. 10. Intituled, An Act to prevent the Exportation of Wooll out of the Kingdoms of *Ireland* and *England* into Foreign Parts, and for the Encouragement of the Woollen Manufactures in the Kingdom of *England*, one Moiety of the Penalties and Forfeitures thereby inflicted for preventing the Exportation of Wooll and other Woollen Goods therein mentioned out of the ſaid Kingdom of Ireland, other than into the Kingdom of England, or the Dominion of Wales, is given to the Encouragement of ſetting up the Linen Manufactures in Ireland, to

be

be disposed of by the Court of Exchequer there, for that Use only; which Disposition of the said Moiety has been found of very little Advantage to the said Linen Manufactures, but has tended very much to the Discouragement of Prosecutions made in pursuance of the said Act: For the more effectually putting the said Act in Execution, Be it therefore further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty ninth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and seventeen, the said Moiety of all such Penalties and Forfeitures (after a Deduction made out of the said Moiety of the Charges of Prosecution and Condemnation) shall be to the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors.

One Moiety of the Forfeitures of Wooll to be to the Crown.

V. And for the better and more impartial Tryals of all such Actions and Informations which shall be commenced or prosecuted by virtue of any Act now in being made for the preventing the unlawful Exportation of Wooll or Woollen Manufactures from the Kingdom of Ireland, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty ninth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and seventeen, such Actions and Informations shall be tried in any of his Majesties Four Courts at Dublin, by a Jury of Good and Lawful Freeholders to be Summoned out of any other County than that wherein the Fact shall be committed: And to Encourage Persons to discover the said Crime, the First Three Persons who have been aiding, abetting, or assisting in carrying out or exporting of Wooll, or any other of the Commodities, as aforesaid, that shall inform thereof any of his Majesties Justices of the Peace, whereby the Punishment and Penalties appointed by this Act may be inflicted and recovered, the Party or Parties so discovering (not being Owner or part Owners of the said Wooll or other Commodities aforesaid) shall not suffer any of the said Penalties or Punishment to be inflicted by this or any other Act.

Vide 6 Geo. c. 13. §. 64, 65.

Actions about exporting Wooll to be tried at *Dublin*.

The first Three Persons informing not to suffer any Penalty, except Owners.

Anno 4 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. III.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for continuing the Duties on Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and eighteen; and for making forth Duplicates of Exchequer Bills, Lottery Tickets, and Orders, Lost, Burnt, or Destroyed; and for appropriating the Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament.

VIII. AND be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons, who shall have actually paid his Majesties Duties by this Act payable for any Cyder or Perry made in Great Britain; and to or for any other Person or Persons who shall Buy, or be lawfully entitled to any such Cyder or Perry, for or in respect whereof the said Duties to his said Majesty hereby granted have been duly paid, to export such Cyder and Perry for any Foreign Parts, by way of Merchandize, giving sufficient Security before the shipping thereof for Exportation, that the particular Quantity of Cyder or Perry which shall be intended to be exported, as aforesaid, and every part thereof, shall be shipped and exported, and that the same, or any part thereof, shall not be relanded or brought again into any Part or Parts of Great Britain; which Security the Customer or Collector of the respective Port from whence such Exportation is to be (without any Fee or Reward) is hereby directed and Authorized to take in his Majesties Name, and to his Majesties Use.

Cyder or Perry that have paid the Duties may be exported on Security not to be relanded:

IX. And

IX. Provided always, That if after the shipping of any such Cyder or Perry to be exported, as aforesaid, and the giving or tendring such Security, as aforesaid, in order to obtain the Allowance or Drawback herein after mentioned, the Cyder or Perry so shipped to be exported, or any part thereof, shall be relanded in any Part of Great Britain, That then and in every such Case, over and above the Penalty of the Bond, which shall be levied and recovered to his Majesties Use, all the Cyder and Perry which shall be so Relanded, or the Value thereof, shall be forfeited. Relanded, forfeited, and the Bond.

X. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons, who shall export any Cyder or Perry into Foreign Parts by way of Merchandize, shall produce a Certificate or Certificates from the Collector or Officer who received the Duty of such Cyder or Perry, that the Duty imposed thereon by this Act hath been paid (which Certificate the Collector or Officer is hereby required to give gratis) and making Oath before the Officer or Collector of the Port where the same shall be so exported, that the Cyder or Perry so exported, is the same as is mentioned in such Certificate, then the Collector or Chief Officers of the Port where such Cyder or Perry shall be exported, shall give to the Exporter thereof a Certificate or Debenture, expressing the true Quantity of the Cyder or Perry so exported, or shipped for Exportation; which Certificate or Debenture being produced to the Collector or other Officer appointed to receive the said Duty in the County, Shire, Stuartry, or Place, where such Cyder or Perry was exported, he is hereby required to pay the said Duty of Four Shillings per Hogshead to the Persons, or their Agents, so exporting the same; and in case the Collector or other Officer shall not have any Money in their Hands arising by the said Duties on Cyder and Perry to pay the same, then the respective Commissioners appointed for executing this Act, are hereby required to pay the same out of the Duties arising by the said Act; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding. On Certificate that the Duties have been paid, &c. Collector to give a Debenture thereof, and the Duty to be repaid to the Exporter.

XIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures by this Act imposed, shall be sued for, levied, recovered, or mitigated by such Ways, Means and Methods, as any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture is or may be recovered or mitigated by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Session, Court of Justiciary, or Court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively; and that one Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty, and Forfeiture, shall be to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall discover, inform, or sue for the same. Fines, &c. how to be sued for, &c.

Anno 4 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XI.

A Clause in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the further Preventing Robbery, Burglary, and other Felonies, and for the more effectual Transportation of Felons, and unlawful Exporters of Wooll; and for declaring the Law upon some Points relating to Pirates.

VI. AND be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twentieth day of January, One thousand seven hundred and seventeen, if any Person or Persons shall be in Prison, for want of sufficient Bail, for unlawful Exportation of Wooll or Wooll-Fells, and shall refuse to appear Persons in Prison for unlawful Exportation of Wooll, not pleading to an Information,

Judgment to be given against them by Default,

or plead to a Declaration or Information to be delivered to such Person or Persons, or to the Goaler, Keeper, or Turnkey of the Prison at the said Prison, for the said Offence, by the space of one Term, Judgment shall be entred against him by Default; and in case Judgment shall be obtained against any such Person or Persons by Default, Verdict, or otherwise, and such Person or Persons shall not pay the Sum recovered against him or them for the said Offence, within the space of Three Months after entring up of such Judgment, the Court before whom such Judgment shall be obtained, shall, by Order of Court, cause such Offender or Offenders to be Transported, in the same manner as Felons aforesaid, for the Term of Seven Years; and if such Offender or Offenders shall Return into Great Britain or Ireland, before the Expiration of the said Seven Years, he or they shall suffer as Felons, and have Execution awarded against them, as Persons attainted of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

and to be transported for Seven Years.

Anno 4 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XII.

An Act for Inforcing and making Perpetual an Act of the Twelfth Year of her late Majesty, Intituled, *An Act for the Preserving of all such Ships, and Goods thereof, which shall happen to be Forced on Shore, or Stranded upon the Coasts of this Kingdom, or any other of her Majesties Dominions*; and for inflicting the Punishment of Death on such as shall wilfully Burn or Destroy Ships.

Preamble.

12 *A.* cap. 18. Sess. 1. Parl. 2. made perpetual.

Whereas the Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of her late Majesty Queen Anne, Intituled, An Act for the Preserving of all such Ships, and Goods thereof, which shall happen to be Forced on Shore, or Stranded upon the Coasts of this Kingdom, or any other of her Majesties Dominions, will Expire at the End of this present Session of Parliament, unless the same be continued: And whereas the said Act hath been found by Experience to be of great Use and Benefit to the Seafaring-men and Merchants of this Kingdom, and other his Majesties Dominions; Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act, Intituled, An Act for the Preserving of all such Ships, and Goods thereof, which shall happen to be Forced on Shore, or Stranded upon the Coasts of this Kingdom, or any other of her Majesties Dominions, and all the Clauses, Matters and Things therein contained, shall be and is hereby declared to be made perpetual.

Vide 5 Geo. cap. 11. §. 13.

Not to affect the Jurisdiction of the Admiralty-Court of the Cinque-Ports.

II. Provided always, and it is hereby further Enacted, That the said Act, or any Thing therein contained, shall not be construed to extend to, or any ways affect the Antient Jurisdiction and Usage of the Admiralty-Court of the Cinque-Ports, or the Officers thereto belonging; but the proper Officers of the said Admiralty-Court shall be and are hereby authorized and impowered to put the said Act in Execution within the Jurisdiction of the said Cinque-Ports, in as full and ample manner, to all intents and purposes, as any other Person or Persons are by the said Act appointed to do in any other Parts of this Kingdom.

Burning or Destroying Ships Death.

III. And for the effectual preventing the wilful casting away, burning, or otherwise destroying of Ships by the Owners, Masters, and Mariners thereof, and thereto belonging, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Owner of, or Captain, Master, Mariner, or other Officer belonging to any Ship, shall, after the Twenty fourth day of June, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and eighteen, wilfully

fully Caſt away, Burn, or otherwiſe Deſtroy the Ship of which he is Owner, or unto which he belongeth, or in any manner of wiſe direct or procure the ſame to be done, to the Prejudice of any Perſon or Perſons that ſhall underwrite any Policy or Policies of Inſurance thereon, or of any Merchant or Merchants that ſhall Load Goods thereon, he ſhall ſuffer Death.

Anno 5 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. II.

An Act for continuing the Duties on Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen; and for enlarging the time for entring at the Exchequer ſuch Aſſignments of Reverſionary Annuities as are therein mentioned; and for better ſecuring the Duties on Hides and Skins, Vellum and Parchment.

Anno 5 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. III.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for applying certain Overplus Monies, and further Sums, to be raiſed, as well by way of a Lottery, as by Loans, towards paying off and cancelling Exchequer Bills, and for leſſening the preſent great Charge in relation to thoſe Bills; and for circulating and exchanging for Ready Money the reſidue of the ſame Bills for the future.

Preamble, reciting the Bank Act 3 Geo. cap. 8.

MAY it pleaſe your moſt Excellent Majeſty, Whereas by an Act of Parliament of the Third Year of your Majeſties Reign [Intituled, An Act for redeeming ſeveral Funds of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, purſuant to former Proviſoes of Redemption; and for ſecuring to them ſeveral New Funds and Allowances redeemable by Parliament; and for obliging them to advance further Sums not exceeding Two millions five hundred thouſand Pounds, at Five Pounds *per Centum*, as ſhall be found neceſſary to be imployed in leſſening the National Debts and Incumbrances; and for continuing certain Proviſions formerly made for the Expences of his Majeſties Civil Government; and for Payment of Annuities formerly Purchaſed at the Rate of Five Pounds *per Centum*; and for other Purpoſes in this Act mentioned] the ſaid Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and their Succeſſors, for circulating certain Bills, commonly called Exchequer Bills, therein mentioned, amounting to Two millions five hundred ſixty one thouſand and twenty five Pounds, or thereabouts, in Principal Money, and for exchanging the ſame for ready Money, on Demand, are entitled to an Annuity or yearly Sum of Seventy ſix thouſand eight hundred and thirty Pounds, Fifteen Shillings (being an Allowance, after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, computed upon the ſaid Sum of Two millions five hundred ſixty one thouſand and twenty five Pounds) ſubject nevertheleſs to a Proviſo of Redemption in that Act contained, upon ſuch Notice as is thereby preſcribed; which Annuity or yearly Allowance is by the ſame Act charged upon, and made payable out of the Monies ariſen or to ariſe at the Receipt of the Exchequer of or for certain particular Duties on Houſes, and of or for ſeveral other Duties and Revenues, called the Aggregate Fund in that Act, and in former Acts relating to the ſaid Fund more particularly mentioned and deſcribed, in the Order and Courſe, and with ſuch Preference as is thereby directed; and by the Act firſt above mentioned it is Enacted and Declared, That as well the ſaid particular Duties on Houſes, and the Du-

ties, Revenues, and Incomes, composing the said Aggregate Fund, and all other Duties which were settled for Payment of a former yearly Sum of One hundred and six thousand five hundred and one Pounds, Thirteen Shillings, and Five Pence, and the Interest and Allowances relating to former Exchequer Bills therein mentioned, should be continued, but be disposable to and for the several and respective Uses and Purposes appointed by that Act, and subject to the several Provisoes of Redemption therein contained; and that all the Monies of the said Duties, Revenues and Incomes, which should or ought to be brought into the Receipt of the Exchequer (except the necessary Charges for raising, collecting, levying, issuing, paying, and accounting for the same) should be and are thereby appropriated, and should be issued and applied to and for the Payment and Satisfaction of several yearly and other Sums in the said Act particularly expressed, in their due Course, and with such Preferences as are thereby appointed; amongst which Payments an express Provision is made for Payment of the said Annuity or Allowance of Seventy six thousand eight hundred and thirty Pounds, Fifteen Shillings per Annum, and for answering all Demands of Interest due and to be due upon the said Exchequer Bills as is therein mentioned. And by the same Act it was Declared and Enacted, That the Excess or Surplus which, at the end of every or any Quarter of a Year (reckoning the Quarters to end at the usual Feast-days) should or might be produced by the said several Rates, Duties, Revenues, and Incomes thereby appropriated, and should remain in the Exchequer (over and above the Money then due or demandable, for or upon the several Annuities, Allowances, and other Payments therein before mentioned, or any Arrears of the same) should attend the Disposition of Parliament, and be applied according to Act or Acts of Parliament in that behalf, and not otherwise. And it was thereby Declared and Enacted, That any Vote or Resolution of the House of Commons, signified by the Speaker of the said House in writing, and delivered at the Publick Office of the said Governor and Company, should be deemed and adjudged to be a sufficient Notice within the words and meaning of the said Act, for redeeming the said Annuity or Allowance of Seventy six thousand eight hundred and thirty Pounds, Fifteen Shillings per Annum, as by the same Act, relation being thereunto had (amongst many other Matters and Things therein contained) may more fully appear. And whereas by another Act of Parliament of the said Third Year of your Majesties Reign [Intituled, An Act for redeeming the yearly Fund of the *South-Sea* Company, being after the Rate of Six Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, and settling on the said Company a yearly Fund after the Rate of Five Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, redeemable by Parliament; and to raise for an Annuity or Annuities at Five Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, any Sum not exceeding Two millions, to be employed in lessening the National Debts and Incumbrances; and for making the said New yearly Fund and Annuities to be hereafter redeemable in the time and manner thereby prescribed] several other Subsidies, Impositions, Duties, Revenues, and proportional Parts of Duties and Revenues therein mentioned, or thereby referred unto, were continued for the several and respective Uses and Purposes in that Act. And it was thereby Enacted, That all the Monies thereof, which should or ought to be brought into the Exchequer for those purposes (except the necessary Charges of raising, collecting, levying, issuing, and accounting for the same; and except such part thereof, as by any former Act or Acts of Parliament was applicable to the Repayment of Loans then remaining unsatisfied, and to pay the Interest of the same) should be and are thereby appropriated, and should be issued and applied to and for the Payment of the yearly and other Sums in the same Act particularly expressed, in their due Method and Order, and subject to such Redemption as are thereby prescribed. And by the same Act it was Provided and Enacted, That if at any time at the end of any Quarter of a Year, (reckoning the Quarters to end at the usual Feasts) there should be

Recital of the *South-Sea* Act 3 *Geo.* cap. 9.

be an Exceſs or Surplus of the Monies brought into the Exchequer of the ſaid Subſidies, Impoſitions, Duties, Revenues, and proportional Parts, and ſuch Exceſs or Surplus ſhould remain there, over and above the Money then or before that time grown due, by or in purſuance of that Act, as is therein mentioned, then ſuch Exceſs or Surplus, ſhould, from time to time, attend the Diſpoſition of Parliament, and be applied according to Act or Acts of Parliament, and not otherwiſe, as by the Act laſt mentioned (relation being thereunto had) may alſo more fully appear. And whereas by another Act of Parliament of the ſaid Third Year of your Majeſties Reign [Intituled, An Act for redeeming the Duties and Revenues which were ſettled to pay off Principal and Intereſt on the Orders made forth on Four Lottery Acts paſſed in the Ninth and Tenth Years of her late Majeſties Reign, and for redeeming certain Annuities payable on Orders out of the Hereditary Exciſe, according to a former Act in that behalf; and for eſtabliſhing a General yearly Fund, not only for the future Payment of Annuities at ſeveral Rates, to be payable and transferrable at the Bank of *England*, and redeemable by Parliament, but alſo to raiſe Monies for ſuch Proprietors of the ſaid Orders as ſhall chuſe to be paid their Principal and Arrears of Intereſt in ready Money; and for making good ſuch other Deficiencies and Payments as in this Act are mentioned; and for taking off the Duties on Linſeed imported, and *Britiſh* Linen exported] ſeveral other Cuſtoms, Subſidies, Impoſitions, Additional Impoſitions, Rates, Duties, Additional Rates and Duties, proportional Parts of Duties, Revenues, and Weekly and other Payments out of Duties and Revenues therein ſpecified, or thereby referred unto, were continued for the purpoſes in that Act. And it was thereby Enacted, That Yearly and every Year, reckoning the Firſt Year to begin from the Feaſt of St. Michael the Arch-Angel, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventeen, and from thenceforth for ever (ſubject nevertheleſs to ſuch Proviſoes and Power of Redemption as are in that Act contained) the full Sum of Seven hundred twenty four thouſand eight hundred forty nine Pounds, Six Shillings, Ten Pence, and One fifth part of a Peny per Annum, by or out of the Monies ariſing of or for the ſaid Cuſtoms, Subſidies, Impoſitions, Rates, Additional Duties, proportional Parts, Weekly and other Payments by that Act appropriated and directed to be brought, from time to time, into the Exchequer, in caſe the ſame ſhould extend to the ſaid Sum of Seven hundred twenty four thouſand eight hundred forty nine Pounds, Six Shillings, Ten Pence, and One fifth part of a Peny, ſhould be computed and reckoned to be a General yearly Fund; and in caſe all the Monies ſo ariſing into the Exchequer of or for the ſaid Cuſtoms, Subſidies, Impoſitions, Rates, Duties, Additional Duties, proportional Parts, Weekly and other Parts, ſhould not amount to Seven hundred twenty four thouſand eight hundred forty nine Pounds, Six Shillings, Ten Pence, and One fifth part of a Peny per Annum, then the Monies ſo ariſing, ſo far as the ſame would extend, ſhould be part of the ſaid General yearly Fund of Seven hundred twenty four thouſand eight hundred forty nine Pounds, Six Shillings, Ten Pence, and One fifth part of a Peny per Annum, for and towards the anſwering and paying all the Annuities and Payments by that Act charged or chargeable thereupon; and in caſe all the Monies by that Act appointed or appropriated, as aforeſaid, ſhould at any time or times appear to be ſo deficient or low in the Produce of the ſame, as that within any One Year to be reckoned, as aforeſaid, the ſaid Monies ſo ariſing in the Exchequer, of or for all the ſaid Cuſtoms, Subſidies, Impoſitions, Rates, Duties, Additional Duties, proportional Parts, Weekly and other Payments, ſhould not amount to ſo much as Seven hundred twenty four thouſand eight hundred forty nine Pounds, Six Shillings, Ten Pence, and One fifth part of a Peny, that then, and ſo often, and in every ſuch Caſe, ſo much as ſhould be wanting to make up the ſaid General Fund or Sum of Seven hundred twenty four thouſand eight hundred forty nine Pounds, Six Shillings, Ten Pence, and One fifth part of a Peny,

Recital of the Act for redeeming ſeveral Lotteries, &c. 3 Geo. c. 7.

Peny, for every or any such Year, should be supplied and made good, from time to time, by or out of the first Aid or Supply to be granted in Parliament next after such Deficiency should appear, and should, from time to time, be transferred thereunto, as soon as the same should be granted. And it was thereby Enacted, That the Excess or Surplus, which at the end of every or any Quarter of a Year (reckoning the Quarters to end at the Four most usual Feast-days) should or might be produced by the Customs, Subsidies, Impositions, Additional and other Duties, proportional Parts of Duties, and by the said Weekly and other Payments, by that Act appropriated or charged to make good the said General yearly Fund of Seven hundred twenty four thousand eight hundred forty nine Pounds, Six Shillings, Ten Pence, and One fifth part of a Peny, over and above so much as shall be sufficient to make good the same; and so much of the said General yearly Fund as at the end of any Quarter of a Year shall remain in the Receipt of the Exchequer, over and above all the Monies then due or payable, to discharge the several Annuities and other Payments by that Act directed to be satisfied out of the same, and all Arrears thereof (if any such were) should likewise, from time to time, attend the Disposition of Parliament, and be applied according to Act or Acts of Parliament, and not otherwise. And by the Act last recited, It was further Declared and Enacted, That all the Monies to arise, from time to time, as well of or for the Excess or Surplus by virtue of the said Act made for redeeming the Funds of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and of or for the said Excess or Surplus, by virtue of the said Act, made for redeeming the Funds of the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas, and other Parts of America, and for encouraging the Fishery, as also of and for the said Excess or Surplus of the said Duties and Revenues by the said other Act of the Third Year of your Majesties Reign, appropriated to make good the said General yearly Fund, as aforesaid, and the Overplus Monies of the same General yearly Fund, thereby established, or intended to be established, as aforesaid, should be appropriated, reserved, and employed to and for the discharging the Principal and Interest of such National Debts and Incumbrances, as were contracted before the Twenty fifth day of December, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and were declared to be National Debts, and were provided for by Acts of Parliament, in such Manner and Form, as should be directed or appointed by any future Act or Acts of Parliament to be discharged therewith, or out of the same, and to and for none other Use, Intent, or Purpose whatsoever, as by the Act last before recited (relation being thereunto had) may likewise more fully appear.

The Sum of 2500000 *l.* was not advanced by the Bank, so that the Aggregate Fund is not charged therewith:

And whereas the said Sum, not exceeding Two millions five hundred thousand Pounds, in the said first recited Act mentioned, or any part thereof, was not advanced by the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or called for, or required by the Commissioners of your Majesties Treasury, so that the said Duties, Revenues, and Incomes, called the Aggregate Fund, are not charged or chargeable with any Annuity, or other Payment whatsoever in respect of the same, by the said First recited Act, or otherwise howsoever; and the said Sum, not exceeding Two millions, mentioned in the said Act relating to the South-Sea Company, or any part thereof, was not advanced by that Company, or called for, or required by the Commissioners of your Majesties Treasury, so that the said Duties, Revenues, and Incomes, comprehended in the Fund of that Company, are not charged or chargeable with any Annuity, or other Payment whatsoever in respect of the same, by virtue of the said Act relating to that Company, or otherwise howsoever.

Nor was the Sum of 2000000 *l.* advanced by the *South-Sea* Company.

And whereas we your Majesties said Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament assembled (pursuant to the Clauses contained in the Act first above recited) did, on the Tenth day of March, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and seventeen, Resolve,

That

That Notice should be given to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, That the House of Commons would, at Lady-day, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, redeem the said Annuity of Seventy six thousand eight hundred and thirty Pounds, Fifteen Shillings; and ordered the Speaker of the said House, on or before Lady-day, One thousand seven hundred and eighteen, to signifie the said Resolution in writing to the said Governor and Company, which was signified accordingly. And whereas by Computation as many of the said Exchequer Bills as do amount to the said Sum of Two millions five hundred sixty one thousand twenty five Pounds, in Principal Money, made forth by the said former Acts of Parliament, do, on the Fourteenth day of January, One thousand seven hundred and eighteen, remain undischarged and uncancelled, and the present Cost and Expence to the Publick for circulating and exchanging the same, doth, by the said Allowance of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, and by the said growing Interest of One Peny per Centum per Diem, amount in the whole to One hundred and fifteen thousand seven hundred seventy nine Pounds, Thirteen Shillings, and Four Pence per Annum, or thereabouts, except so much thereof as is saved, and may be abated for Bills, from time to time, in the Exchequer, or in the hands of Receivers or Collectors of any Taxes, Aids, or Revenues, payable to your Majesty; and it being apparently Just and Necessary, with regard to the Publick, that the said present Cost and Expence, and the said National Debts and Incumbrances be lessened as far as conveniently may be, we your Majesties said Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, for that end and purpose, have Resolved, That the Surplus Monies herein after particularly directed and appointed, and a further Sum, not exceeding Five hundred thousand Pounds, to be raised by way of a Lottery, and another further Sum, not exceeding Five hundred and twenty thousand Pounds, to be raised by way of Loan, be applied towards paying off the Principal and Interest born upon the said Bills, and for cancelling the Bills, whereof the Principal and Interest shall be so paid off; and that so many of the said Exchequer Bills as shall remain undischarged and uncancelled by or with the Money so to be applied, shall be circulated and exchanged in the manner hereafter in this Act appointed in that behalf: Now we your Majesties said Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament assembled, for the better and effectual Accomplishment of their Desires and Intentions in the Premisses, and that your Majesty and your Subjects may be eased of the Burden of the said National Debts and Incumbrances, as fast as is consistent with Honour and Justice, do most humbly pray your Majesty, That it may be Enacted: And be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That the Sum of One hundred ninety six thousand four hundred forty four Pounds, Eighteen Shillings, Three Pence Half-peny, which remained in the Exchequer at Michaelmas, One thousand seven hundred and eighteen, for the Overplus of the said particular Duties on Houses, and other Duties and Revenues comprehended in the said Fund, commonly called the Aggregate Fund, appointed to be reserved for Disposition of Parliament, as aforesaid, (being over and above the Excess of the Civil-List Fund for Three Years, ended at the same Feast-days;) and that all the Overplus Monies of the Civil-List Fund for Three Years ended at Michaelmas, One thousand seven hundred and eighteen, which Overplus is also appointed to be reserved for Disposition of Parliament, as aforesaid; and the Sum of Nineteen thousand five hundred seventy seven Pounds, and Ten Shillings, which remained in the Exchequer at Michaelmas, One thousand seven hundred and eighteen, for the Surplus or Overplus of the Fund, commonly called the Fund of the South-Sea Company, appointed to be reserved for Disposition of Parliament, as aforesaid; and the Sum of

By Computation 2561025 *l.* in Exchequer Bills remain uncancelled the 14 *Jan.* 1718. besides Charges and Interest.

The several Surplus Monies of the Aggregate Fund, *&c.* to be applied towards Redeeming Exchequer Bills, *viz.*

Aggregate Fund 196444 *l.* 18 *s.* 3 *d.* ½ *ob.*

and the Civil-List Fund.

South-Sea Companies Fund 19577 *l.* 10 *s.*

General Fund 190436 *l.* 15 *s.* 11 $\frac{9}{10}$ *d.*

of One hundred ninety thousand four hundred thirty six Pounds, Fifteen Shillings, Eleven Pence, and Nine twentieth Parts of a Peny, being the Excess or Surplus for the Year ended at Michaelmas, One thousand seven hundred and eighteen, upon the yearly Fund of Seven hundred twenty four thousand eight hundred forty nine Pounds, Six Shillings, Ten Pence, and One fifth part of a Peny, commonly called the General Fund, likewise appointed, as aforesaid, to be reserved for Disposition of Parliament (over and above the Sum of One hundred and thirty thousand Pounds, which is hereafter in and by this Act directed to be reserved towards making good the Half-yearly Payment on the Annuities charged on the said General Fund for the half year ending at Christmas, One thousand seven hundred and eighteen) and all the Excess or Overplus Monies, which within and for the half-year to end at Lady-day, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, shall arise upon the several Rates, Duties, Revenues, and Incomes, commonly called the Aggregate Fund, the South-Sea Companies Fund, and the General Fund before mentioned, every or any of them, which by the said Acts of the Third Year of his Majesties Reign, were severally reserved, and intended to be reserved, for Disposition of Parliament, shall, by force and virtue of this Act, be applied (so far as the Monies of all the said several Surplusses, Excesses, or Overplusses will extend) towards redeeming the said Annuity or Allowance of Seventy six thousand eight hundred and thirty Pounds, Fifteen Shillings per Annum, and to and for the Satisfying and Discharging so much as the same will extend to satisfie and discharge of the Principal Monies contained in the said Exchequer Bills, and the Interest due, or to be due upon the same, according to the Direction and true Meaning of this Act herein after specified.

And the several Surplusses or Excesses to *Lady-day*, 1719.

After *Lady-day*, 1719. 20000 *l.* Yearly to be the Fund for answering the Annuities of 4 *l. per Cent.* to the Contributors in this Lottery,

V. And to the end a further Sum of Money may be raised by way of a Lottery, to be also applied towards discharging and cancelling the said Exchequer Bills remaining uncancelled, and towards lessening the said present Cost and Expence thereupon, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That Yearly and every Year, from and after Lady-day, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, the full Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds, by or out of the Monies which, from and after the same Feast-day, shall arise and be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer, of or for the said particular Duties upon Houses, and other the Rates, Duties, Revenues, and Incomes, which by the said first recited Act were charged with the said Allowance, after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, and the said Interest, after the Rate of One Peny per Centum per Diem, or with the same Allowance and Interest joyntly with other Annuities and Payments in that Act mentioned (all which Rates, Duties, Revenues, and Incomes together, are denominated the Aggregate Fund, and are hereby Declared to be the Aggregate Fund) shall be, and the same yearly Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds is by this Act Declared and Enacted to be a particular Fund and Security for answering and paying all and every the Annuities or yearly Payments, after the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, to the Contributors in the Lottery herein after mentioned, their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, in the manner and course hereafter in this Act expressed, until the Redemption thereof by Parliament, according to the Proviso hereafter in this Act contained in that behalf; and that the said yearly Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds, or so much thereof as shall be sufficient to satisfie and discharge all the Sums which shall grow due, from time to time, for or upon the said Annuities, at the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, so to be paid and payable, shall, from time to time, be paid half-yearly at Michaelmas and Lady-day, by even and equal Portions (until Redemption of the same Annuities by Parliament, according to the true meaning of this Act) at the said Receipt of Exchequer to the chief Cashire of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England for the time being, by way of Imprest, and upon Account, for

till Redemption by Parliament.

Pay-

Payment of the same Annuities; The first Payment of the said yearly Sum to the said Cashire to be made at Michaelmas, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen; and the said Commissioners of his Majesties Treasury now being, and the High Treasurer, Under Treasurer, and Commissioners of the Treasury of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for the time being, are hereby strictly enjoyned and required to cause the said yearly Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds, or so much thereof as shall be sufficient, to be imprested and paid, from time to time, to the said Cashire accordingly, without any further or other Warrant or Authority for the same; any former Law or Statute whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

XV. And it is hereby Enacted, That every Person so to be named in the said Book to be transmitted into the Receipt of Exchequer, and in the said Duplicate to be delivered to the said Cashire, his, her, and their Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, shall have, receive, and enjoy, and be entitled, by force and virtue of this Act, to have, receive, and enjoy, an Annuity or Annuities, after the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, for the respective Principal Sums to be set against his, her, or their Name or Names respectively in the Book and Duplicate last mentioned, until Redemption thereof, according to the Proviso hereinafter contained in that behalf, out of the Money of the said yearly Fund by this Act established and appropriated for that Purpose; which Annuities shall be payable and paid Half-yearly at the Feast-days above mentioned, by even and equal Portions, or within Six Days next after every or any such Feast-day, until the said Annuities shall be redeemed, by paying off the said respective Principal Sums, and all Arrearages of the same Annuities (if any be) according to the Proviso herein after contained in that behalf; the first Payment to begin and be made at the Feast of St. Michael the Arch-Angel, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, or within Six Days after: And that the said yearly Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds, or so much thereof as shall be sufficient, from time to time, to answer and satisfie the said Annuities, after the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, as the same shall become due, are and shall be appropriated and applied thereunto, and shall not be diverted or divertible to any other use, intent, or purpose whatsoever.

Persons named in the said Book entitled to an Annuity of 4 *l. per Cent.* for their respective Principal Sums,

payable Half-yearly.

First Payment at *Mich.* 1719.

XXII. And to the end all the Annual and other Payments, which by the said First recited Act were charged upon the said Duties, Revenues, and Incomes, called the Aggregate Fund, (other than and except such Payments, as from and after Lady-day, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, might incur for or upon the said Allowance of Seventy six thousand eight hundred and thirty Pounds, Fifteen Shillings per Annum, hereby intended to be redeemed, and other than and except such other Sums of Money and Payments as are already satisfied and discharged, or are by this Act intended to be reduced or saved to the Publick) may, together with the said yearly Fund, not exceeding Twenty thousand Pounds per Annum, be well and sufficiently Secured, and may respectively obtain their due Course of Payment, with such Preferences as by the said former Act, and this present Act, are appointed in that behalf; It is hereby further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That all the said particular Duties on Houses, and all the said other Rates, Duties, Revenues, and Incomes, which by the said First recited Act of the Third Year of his Majesties Reign, were settled for answering the respective Payments therein mentioned (all which are by this Act denominated to be the Aggregate Fund, as aforesaid) and every of them, are and shall be continued, and be paid and payable to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for ever, and shall be raised, levied, collected, and brought into the Exchequer of England, by and according to such Rules, Methods, and Directions, and with such Drawbacks, Repayments, and Allowances, and under such Penalties, Forfeitures, and Disabilities, as are prescribed in and by the respective

The Aggregate Fund continued for ever.

Act and Acts of Parliament now in force, or any Articles, Clauses, Matters, or Things therein contained, or thereby referred unto, for raising, levying, or bringing in the same, as fully and effectually as if the same Acts, Articles, Clauses, Matters, and Things, and every of them, were repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this present Act; nevertheless all the Monies arising thereby into the said Receipt of Exchequer, from and after the Feast of the Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and all the Monies then remaining in the said Receipt, of the same Rates, Duties, Revenues, and Incomes, shall be disposable to and for the several and respective Uses and Purposes by this or the said First recited Act appointed or intended, (other than and except, as aforesaid) and subject to the several Provisoes of Redemption herein contained; any former Law, Statute, Provision, Restriction, Clause or Clauses of Appropriation, or other Clauses, Matters, or Things whatsoever, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Redeemable by Parliament.

All the Monies to be entred in a Book.

XXIII. And it is hereby Enacted, That all the Monies so required to be brought into the Exchequer, as aforesaid, shall be duly and fairly entred in one or more Book or Books to be kept in the Offices of the Auditor of the Receipt and Clerk of the Pells, for that purpose, to which all Persons concerned, at all seasonable times, shall have free Access without Fee or Charge.

The Aggregate Fund appropriated.

XXIV. And it is also hereby Enacted, That all the Monies of the said Rates, Duties, Revenues, and Incomes, denominated the Aggregate Fund, as aforesaid, (except the necessary Charges for raising, collecting, levying, issuing, paying, and accounting for the same) shall be and are hereby appropriated to and for the Payment and Satisfaction of such several Yearly and other Sums of Money as are hereafter in and by this Act appointed to be paid out of the same, in such Order and Course, and with such Preference, as in and by this Act are directed in that behalf; all which Yearly and other Sums are to be satisfied and discharged without any Fee or Charge whatsoever to be demanded or paid for the same, or any part thereof; any former Law, Statute, Provision, Appropriation, or other Matter or Thing whatsoever, to the contrary notwithstanding: And in case any Officer or Minister of the Exchequer shall divert or misapply any of the Monies of the said Rates, Duties, Revenues, or Incomes, by this Act appropriated for any the Uses or Purposes in this Act expressed, contrary to the purport and true meaning of this Act, or shall pay or issue the same, or any part thereof, otherwise than according to the intent of this Act, and in the Order hereby directed, or shall not keep Books, and make Entries, and do and perform all other Things which by this Act he or they are required to do or perform, every such Officer or Minister shall forfeit his Office, and be rendred incapable to serve his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in any Office or Employment of Trust or Profit whatsoever; and shall also be liable to pay double the Value of any Sum or Sums of Money so delayed to paid, or so diverted or misapplied, with full Costs of Suit to those that shall suffer or be grieved thereby, to be recovered by Action of Debt, or upon the Case, Bill, Suit, or Information, in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Privilege, Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance shall be granted or allowed.

Penalty on Officer misapplying the Monies.

How the Monies shall be issued and applied to the Bank, &c.

XXV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Monies of the said Rates, Duties, Revenues, and Incomes, denominated the Aggregate Fund, and by this Act appropriated or mentioned to be appropriated, as aforesaid, shall be issued and applied in manner and form following, That is to say, In the First Place, to pay off so much as at or before the Feast of the Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, shall grow due, and be in Arrear (if any such Arrears be) to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, for or upon their said Annuity or Allowance of Seventy six thousand eight hundred and thirty Pounds, Fifteen Shillings

per

per Annum, (which is from thenceforth to cease and determine) and so much as on or before the same Feast-day shall be grown due or be in Arrear to them (if any such Arrear be) for or upon their Annuity or Sum of Eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty one Pounds, Seven Shillings, and Ten Pence Half-peny per Annum, in respect of the Principal Sum of Seventeen hundred seventy five thousand twenty seven Pounds, Seventeen Shillings, and Ten Pence Half-peny, in the said First recited Act mentioned, and so much as on or before the same Feast-day shall be grown due, or be in Arrear to them (if any such Arrear be) for or upon their Annuity or Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds per Annum, in respect of the Principal Sum of Two millions in the said First recited Act mentioned, and after paying, or reserving sufficient to pay, so much as shall be grown due and in Arrear (if any such Arrears be) for or upon the said Annuities or Sums of Seventy six thousand eight hundred and thirty Pounds, Fifteen Shillings, Eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty one Pounds, Seven Shillings, and Ten Pence Half-peny, and One hundred thousand Pounds per Annum, to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, at or before the said Feast of the Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen; then to and for the answering and discharging so much as after the said Feast of the Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, shall, from time to time, be incurred and grown due for or upon the said Annuities of Eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty one Pounds, Seven Shillings, and Ten Pence Half-peny, and One hundred thousand Pounds per Annum, and either of them, to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and their Successors, or to their Cashire for their Use, Weekly, or as soon as the same can be satisfied out of the Monies of the said Rates, Duties, Revenues, and Incomes, denominated the Aggregate Fund, or any of them, according to the tenor and true meaning of this and the said former Act; so as by such Weekly or other Payments the whole of the same Annuities or yearly Sums to be paid to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or their Successors, at the end of each Quarter, be not exceeded; and so that upon every one of the Quarterly Feast-days, the whole then due thereupon severally be completed, made up, and satisfied; and after paying or reserving sufficient to pay and satisfie, from time to time, so much as at any time or times is or shall be grown due upon the said several Annuities to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and their Successors, then to pay and satisfie the said particular yearly Fund, not exceeding Twenty thousand Pounds for answering the said Lottery Annuities, by half-yearly Payments, and such Sum and Sums of Money as shall, from time to time, be demanded to pay the Interest due and to grow due on all or any the said Exchequer Bills.

XXVI. And it is hereby Enacted, That after paying or reserving sufficient to pay and satisfie, from time to time, so much as at any time or times is or shall be grown due or incurred for or upon the said several Annuities, payable to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and for and upon the said particular Fund, not exceeding Twenty thousand Pounds per Annum, and to answer such Demands of Interest due, or to grow due on all or any the said Exchequer Bills, then the yearly Sum of One hundred and twenty thousand Pounds (in the said First recited Act mentioned) for the Service of his Majesties Houshold, and Family, and other his necessary Expences, and Occasions, and all Arrears thereof, from time to time, grown due, shall be paid to his Majesty, during his Natural Life (which God long preserve) out of the Monies by this Act appropriated, or mentioned or intended to be appropriated, for the Uses and Purposes before mentioned: And that the Commissioners of his Majesties Treasury, and the High Treasurer, and Under Treasurer of the Exchequer for the time being, shall and may, and they are hereby authorized and required

120000 *l.* for for his Majesty Civil List.

to cause the said yearly Sum of One hundred and twenty thousand Pounds, and such Arrears thereof (if any be) to be issued and applied Weekly, or as soon as the same can be satisfied, in the Order and Course before mentioned for that Service, out of the Monies arisen or to arise, as aforesaid; so as by such Weekly or other Payments, the Sum of Thirty thousand Pounds to be due thereupon, at the end of each Quarter, be not exceeded; and so that upon every of the said Quarterly Feast-days, the whole then due thereupon, if the said appropriated Monies will extend thereunto, be completed, made up, and satisfied, according to the true meaning of this Act.

Perpetual Annuities of 5 *l.* *per Cent.*

XXVII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That after paying or reserving sufficient to pay and satisfie, from time to time, so much as at any time or times is or shall be grown due or incurred for or upon the said several Annuities, payable to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and for or upon the said particular Fund, not exceeding Twenty thousand Pounds per Annum, and to answer such Demands of Interest due, or to grow due, on all or any the said Exchequer Bills, as aforesaid; and so much as at any time or times is or shall be grown due for or upon the said Sum of One hundred and twenty thousand Pounds per Annum, then the Sum of Fifty four thousand six hundred Pounds per Annum, in the said First recited Act mentioned, for Payment of the Perpetual Annuities formerly purchased, after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, and all Arrears thereof (if any be) shall, without any Deduction or Abatement, be separated and kept apart in the said Receipt of Exchequer, out of the Monies by this Act appropriated, or mentioned to be appropriated, as aforesaid, for the Uses and Purposes aforesaid, and shall, from time to time, be issued and applied to answer and satisfie the said Perpetual Annuities, after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, according to the true intent and meaning of such Act or Acts of Parliament as were passed in that behalf, subject nevertheless to Redemption by Parliament, as is thereby prescribed.

Subject to Redemption.

Arrearages on the several Annuities.

XXVIII. And it is hereby Declared to be the true intent and meaning of this Act, That the Arrearages which shall be grown due or incurred for or upon the said several Annuities of Seventy six thousand eight hundred and thirty Pounds, Fifteen Shillings, Eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty one Pounds, Seven Shillings, Ten Pence half-peny, and One hundred thousand Pounds per Annum, at or before the said Feast of the Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and the growing Payments which from thenceforth shall, from time to time, be incurred and grown due for or upon the said Annuities of Eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty one Pounds, Seven Shillings, Ten Pence half-peny, and One hundred thousand Pounds per Annum, and for or upon the said particular Fund, not exceeding Twenty thousand Pounds per Annum, and the Monies necessary to answer the said Demands of Interest due, or to be due upon the said Exchequer Bills, or any of them, from time to time, standing out and undischarged, shall (in the Course, Order, and Method before prescribed) from time to time, take place and be preferred in point of Payment before the Sums which shall grow due upon the said yearly Sum of One hundred and twenty thousand Pounds; and that the said yearly Sum of One hundred and twenty thousand Pounds, shall, from time to time, take place and be preferred in point of Payment out of the said appropriated Monies before the said yearly Sum of Fifty four thousand six hundred Pounds; and that the said yearly Sum of Fifty four thousand six hundred Pounds, shall, from time to time, take place and be preferred in point of Payment, before the applying any the said appropriated Monies for or towards answering any the Payments hereafter in and by this Act charged or chargeable thereupon.

XXIX. Pro-

XXIX. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That after paying, or reserving sufficient to pay and satisfie, from time to time, so much as at any time or times is or shall be grown due or incurred for or upon the said several Annuities, payable to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and for or upon the said particular Fund, not exceeding Twenty thousand Pounds per Annum, and the Monies necessary to answer such Demands of Interest, as aforesaid, and so much as at any time or times is or shall be grown due and incurred for and upon the said Sums of One hundred and twenty thousand Pounds per Annum, and Fifty four thousand six hundred Pounds per Annum, then the Deficiency and Deficiencies for making good the Payments to be, from time to time, incurred and grown due for or upon the Original Fund of One hundred thousand Pounds per Annum, payable to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, out of the Five seven parts of certain Rates and Duties of Excise, by virtue of several Acts of Parliament in that behalf made, when and as often as any such shall happen, shall, from time to time, be satisfied and answered out of the Monies by this Act appropriated, as aforesaid; and from and after paying or reserving sufficient to pay and satisfie, from time to time, so much as at any time or times is or shall be grown due and incurred for or upon the said several Annuities, payable to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and for or upon the said particular yearly Fund, not exceeding Twenty thousand Pounds, and the Monies necessary to answer such Demands of Interest due or to be due on Exchequer Bills, as aforesaid, and so much as at any time or times is or shall be grown due and incurred for or upon the said Sums of One hundred and twenty thousand Pounds, and Fifty four thousand six hundred Pounds per Annum, and to make good such Deficiencies (if any such be) of the said Original Fund of One hundred thousand Pounds per Annum, then so much as, at time or times, shall be due or in Arrear for or upon the yearly Sum of Four thousand Pounds, in the said First recited Act mentioned, shall, out of the said appropriated Monies, be kept apart in the Exchequer, and issued, from time to time, to the respective Sheriffs of England and Wales, for the defraying the Charges of taking forth the Letters Patents for their respective Offices, and passing their several Accounts, and obtaining their Quietus's.

Deficiencies on the Original Fund of 100000 *l.* to the Bank.

4000 *l. per Annum* for the Sheriffs.

XXX. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That nothing in this Act contained shall hinder or obstruct, or be construed to hinder or obstruct the making good any Deficiency or Deficiencies which at any times shall happen of or in the yearly Fund of One hundred and fifteen thousand five hundred seventy three Pounds, and Twelve Shillings, mentioned in an Act of Parliament of the First Year of his Majesties Reign [Intituled, An Act for rectifying Mistakes in the Names of the Commissioners for the Land-Tax for the Year One thousand seven hundred and fourteen; and for raising so much as is wanting to make up the Sum of One million and four hundred thousand Pounds intended to be raised by a Lottery, for the Publick Service in the said Year] but that every such Deficiency shall and may be made good and satisfied out of any the Publick unappropriated Monies, as if this Act had never been made; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

1 Geo. *cap.* 2.

Proviso for the Deficiencies of or in the yearly Fund of 115573 *l.* 12 *s.*

XXXI. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted, That in case the Produce of the said several Rates, Duties, Revenues, and Incomes, denominated the Aggregate Fund, as aforesaid, shall, at any time or times, appear to be so deficient, that within any One Year, reckoning each Year to end at Michaelmas Yearly, the same shall not be sufficient to answer and pay so much as shall be then due for or upon the said Yearly and other Sums before in and by this Act appointed and intended to be paid out of the same, according to the true meaning of this Act, then, and in every such case, and as often as any such Deficiency shall happen, the same shall

Deficiencies in any one Year to be made good by Parliament.

shall be provided for, answered, and made good, by and out of the then next Aids to be granted in Parliament.

The Annuities of 88751 *l.* 7 *s.* 10½*d.* and 100000 *l. per Ann.* payable to the Bank redeemable.

XXXII. Provided also, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said several Annuities of Eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty one Pounds, Seven Shillings, Ten Pence half-peny, and One hundred thousand Pounds per Annum, now payable out of the said Aggregate Fund to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and either of them, shall severally and respectively be redeemable upon such Payments, and in such Manner and Form, as in and by the respective Provisoes contained in the said First recited Act of the Third Year of his Majesties Reign are prescribed for the Redemption thereof; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

On Six Months Notice to the Bank, and Repayment, Annuities to cease.

XXXIII. Provided also, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That at any time, upon Six Months Notice to be given or left at the Publick Office of the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, by Authority of Parliament, at any of the said Half-yearly Feast-days, for Payment of the said Annuities, to be payable out of the said particular Fund, not exceeding Twenty thousand Pounds per Annum, and upon Repayment by Parliament of the respective Principal Sums for which the same Annuities shall be payable to such respective Persons and Corporations as shall be entitled to the same Annuities, and also upon full Payment of all Arrearages of the same Annuities, to be computed after the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, to the end of the time for which such Notice shall be given, then, and not till then, the same Annuities shall cease and determine; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding: And that any Vote or Resolution of the House of Commons, signified by their Speaker in writing, to be delivered at the Publick Office of the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, shall be deemed and adjudged to be sufficient Notice within the words and meaning of this Act.

After Redemption of the several Annuities, Aggregate Fund to cease.

XXXIV. Provided also, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Redemption of the said several Annuities of Eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty one Pounds, Seven Shillings, and Ten Pence half-peny, and One hundred thousand Pounds per Annum, and the said particular Fund, not exceeding Twenty thousand Pounds per Annum, by Payments to be made according to the several and respective Provisoes or Conditions of Redemption concerning the same, and full Payment of all Arrearages then due (if any such shall be) for and upon the said yearly Sums of One hundred and twenty thousand Pounds, and Fifty four thousand and six hundred Pounds per Annum, and for the Deficiency, (if any shall then be) of the said Original Fund of the said Governor and Company, of One hundred thousand Pounds per Annum, and the Deficiencies (if any shall then be) of the said yearly Fund of One hundred sixteen thousand five hundred seventy three Pounds, and Twelve Shillings per Annum, and every of them, and after Repayment of the Sum, not exceeding Five hundred and twenty thousand Pounds, to be borrowed on this Act, as is herein after mentioned, and full Satisfaction of all Interest to be due for the same, then, and not till then, the said Aggregate Fund by this Act continued and established, or intended to be continued and established, and all the said Rates, Subsidies, Duties, Revenues, and Incomes contained therein, or by that Name called and intended to be called, as aforesaid, and every of them, shall be understood to be redeemed by Parliament, and shall not be issued or applied to any other Use, Intent, or Purpose whatsoever, without Authority of Parliament, other than and except the Duties called the Two thirds of the Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage upon Goods and Merchandizes imported, and other than and except the Duties upon Coffee, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa-Paste, Tea, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, Pictures, and Muslins, and other than and except the increased Duties upon Coffee, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa-Paste, Tea, Nutmegs, Cinna-

Exception.

Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, and Pictures, and other than and except the further Rates and Duties upon all white Callicoes, Porcellan, called China Ware, and Drugs; all which said Subsidies and Duties, so excepted, are part of the said Aggregate Fund, and are intended to be continued, and they are hereby Enacted to be continued for answering and paying out of the same all the Payments which shall, after the said Redemption, grow due, for or upon the said yearly Sum of One hundred and twenty thousand Pounds, for the Service of his Majesties Houshold and Family, and other his necessary Occasions, during his Majesties Life; and also for answering and paying out of the same excepted Subsidies, and other Duties, all the Payments which shall, after such Redemption, grow due for or upon the said yearly Sum of Fifty four thousand and six hundred Pounds, for Payment of Annuities, as aforesaid; and also for answering and paying out of the same excepted Subsidies, and other Duties, all the Payments which shall, after such Redemption, grow due for or upon the said yearly Sum of Four thousand Pounds to be issued to Sheriffs, as aforesaid; and also for answering and paying out of the said excepted Subsidies, and other Duties, all such Sums as, at any time or times, shall be due (if any such shall be) for Deficiencies of the said Original Annuity of One hundred thousand Pounds per Annum, or of the said Lottery Annuities of One hundred fifteen thousand five hundred seventy three Pounds, and Twelve Shillings per Annum, and the said excepted Subsidies and Duties so to be continued for answering the said Yearly and other Payments so to be paid out of the same, or so much of the same excepted Subsidies and Duties, as shall be sufficient to satisfie and discharge those Payments, from time to time, is and shall be hereby appropriated, issued, and applied thereunto, during the Continuance of the same Yearly or other Sums respectively; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Powers in the Act 3 Geo. continued.

XXXVIII. And it is hereby Enacted, That all the Powers, Directions, Provisoes, Clauses, and other Matters and Things contained in the said First recited Act of the Third Year of his Majesties Reign, which are now in force, and which are not taken away, or altered by this present Act, shall continue, remain, and be in force, to all intents and purposes, as if the same were repeated and particularly re-enacted in the Body of this present Act.

The Surplusses of the Aggregate Fund made liable to satisfie the Loans hereafter mentioned.

XXXIX. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Excess or Surplus, which at the end of every or any Quarter of a Year (reckoning the Quarters to end at the usual Feasts above mentioned) shall or may be produced by the said several Rates, Duties, Revenues, and Incomes, denominated the Aggregate Fund, hereby appropriated, or mentioned to be appropriated, as aforesaid, and shall remain in the Exchequer over and above the Monies then due for or upon the said several Annuities and other Payments, or for Arrears thereof, or demanded for Interest, as aforesaid, (which Monies are intended to be satisfied out of the same) shall, together with the Surplus Monies of other Funds herein after mentioned, be subject and liable to answer and satisfie the Principal and Interest of such Loans as are hereafter in this Act authorized to be charged thereupon, and the Monies to arise of or for the said several Surplusses (after Satisfaction of such Loans and the Interest thereof) shall attend the Disposition of Parliament in such manner as hereafter in this Act is provided in that behalf.

Further Loan for discharging Exchequer Bills.

XL. And whereas it is judged necessary to raise a further Sum not exceeding Five hundred and twenty thousand Pounds, by way of Loan, to be likewise applied towards discharging and cancelling the said Exchequer Bills now remaining uncancelled and undischarged (over and above the several Sums of Money before by this Act appointed or intended for that purpose) and that (for the Encouragement of the Lenders) all the Excess or Overplus Monies, which, from and after the said Feast of the Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen,

teen, shall arise, and at the end of every Quarter of a Year, shall remain in the Exchequer, of and for the said several Rates, Duties, Revenues, and Incomes, denominated the Aggregate Fund (which Excess or Surplus is by this Act reserved for Disposition by Parliament, as aforesaid) and all the Excess or Overplus Monies which, from and after the said Feast of the Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, shall arise, and at the end of every Quarter of a Year, shall remain in the Exchequer, of the said Rates, Duties, Impositions, Revenues, and proportional Parts of Revenues, commonly called the Fund of the South-Sea Company, (which Excess or Surplus Money was reserved for Disposition of Parliament by the Act in that behalf above recited) and all the Excess or Overplus Monies, which, from and after the said Feast of the Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, shall arise, and at the end of every Quarter of a Year, shall remain in the Exchequer, of the said Customs, Subsidies, Impositions, Rates, Duties, Additional Duties, and proportional Parts, charged with the said General Fund of Seven hundred twenty four thousand eight hundred forty nine Pounds, Six Shillings, and Ten Pence, and One fifth part of a Peny per Annum, and the Overplus of the said General Fund of Seven hundred twenty four thousand eight hundred forty nine Pounds, Six Shillings, and Ten Pence, and One fifth part of a Peny per Annum, (which Overplusses were also reserved for Disposition of Parliament, as is above recited or mentioned) be made a Security for Repayment of the Principal Monies so Lent and the Interest thereof; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Commissioners of his Majesties Treasury now being, and the High Treasurer, and Under Treasurer of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for the time being, at the end of every Quarter of a Year, from and after the Feast of the Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, shall cause a true and just Account of the said several Surplusses or Overplus Monies for the preceeding Quarters respectively, to be made up and adjusted, and the same to be fairly entred or registred in a Book to be kept in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt of Exchequer for that purpose; and that another Book shall be kept in the same Office, wherein shall be entred or registred all the Orders of Loan to be made upon this Act, to which several Books all Persons concerned shall have free Access at all seasonable times, without Fee or Charge.

Treasury every Quarter to enter in a Book a just Account of the several Surplusses for the preceeding Quarters.

Another Book for entry of Orders of Loan.

After 25 *March*, 1719. the Annuity after the Rate of 3 *l. per Cent.* shall cease,

XLVI. And it is hereby Enacted, That from and after the said Feast of the Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, the said Annuity or Allowance, after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum, amounting unto Seventy six thousand eight hundred and thirty Pounds, Fifteen Shillings per Annum, shall cease and determine; and the said Rates, Duties, Revenues, and Incomes, denominated the Aggregate Fund, as aforesaid, shall from thenceforth be wholly discharged thereof; and the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and their Successors, shall not be obliged to circulate or exchange any of the said Exchequer Bills, after the said Feast of the Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, by force or virtue of the said First recited Act of the Third Year of his Majesties Reign, or of any other Act or Acts of Parliament requiring or obliging them to circulate or exchange the same; but shall be from thenceforth wholly acquitted and discharged of, from, and against such Circulation or Exchanging of the said Bills, and of, from, and against their former Undertakings of the same; any Law, Statute, Contract, or other Matter or Thing whatsoever to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

and the Bank not obliged to circulate Exchequer Bills.

Exchequer Bills to be current in the Revenue, &c.

LIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the said Exchequer Bills which at any time or times are or shall be standing out, and not discharged and cancelled, with the Money by this Act appointed for that purpose, shall be received and taken

taken by nd shall pass, and be Current to all and every the Receivers d Collectors in Great Britain of the Customs, Excise, or of any Revenue, Supply, Aid, or Tax whatsoever, already granted, due, payable, or which shall or may hereafter be granted, due, or yable to his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, and also at the Exchequer, from the said Receivers or Collectors, from any other Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate whatsoever, making any Payment or Loan there to his Majestys Heirs and Successors, for or upon any Account, Cause, or Occasion whatsoever, until the full paying off and cancelling all the said Bills, according to the purport and true meaning of this Act; and that such of the same Bills as shall be so received at the Exchequer, shall and may be locked up and secured as Cash, according the Course of the Exchequer, settled and established by Law, locking up, and securing Money in Specie received there; and that all and every the Receivers and Collectors in Great Britain of the Customs, Excise, or any Revenue, Aid, Tax, or Supply whatsoever, already granted, due, or payable, or which shall or may hereafter be granted, due, or payable to his Majesty, his Heirs, Successors, shall and are hereby directed and required, out of the current coined Money as shall then be in his or their Hands of such Revenue, Aid, Tax, or Supply, to pay such of the said Bills as shall be brought to them respectively by any Person or Persons desiring to have Money for the same; and in case any such Receiver or Collector shall refuse or neglect to exchange such Bills for ready Money by the space of Four and twenty Hours, then the Person or Persons demanding the same, shall or may bring an Action of Debt, or on the Case, for the Principal and Interest Money due upon such Bill or Bills, against such Receiver or Collector having Money in his Hands, as aforesaid; in which Action the Plaintiff shall or may Declare, That such Receiver or Collector indebted to such Plaintiff in the Money demanded upon every such Bill, according to the Form of the Statute, and hath not paid the same, which shall be sufficient; and the Plaintiff, in every such Action, shall recover against the Receiver or Collector, not only the Monies so refused or neglected to be paid, but also his Damages, besides full Costs of Suit; and such Receiver or Collector shall be subject and liable thereunto; and in such Action no Essoin, Protection, Privilege, or Wager of Law, shall be allowed, nor more than one Imparlance; and upon Payment of the Monies so to be recovered, the Plaintiff, his Executors, or Assigns, shall deliver up such Bills to the Defendant, his Executors, or Assigns.

Receivers and Collectors to give ready Money for Exchequer Bills, &c.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Interest which shall, from time to time, be due upon any the Bills so to be current, shall be allowed to all Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, paying the same to any Receiver or Collector, Receivers or Collectors, of any his Majesties Revenues, Aids, Taxes, or Supplies, or by way of Exchange, as aforesaid, or paying or lending the same into the Exchequer, as aforesaid, to the respective Days whereupon such Bill or Bills shall be so paid, exchanged, or lent.

Receivers to allow the Interest on Exchequer Bills.

Provided always, That no Interest shall run or be paid upon or for any such Bill or Bills, during the time that any such Bill or Bills, so paid, exchanged, or lent, shall remain in the Hands of any the said Receivers or Collectors, or in the Hands of any Teller or Tellers of the Exchequer; but for such time the Interest on every such Bill shall cease for the Publick Benefit and Advantage.

No Interest on Bills in Receivers Hands or in the Exchequer.

And to the end it may be known for what time such Bills shall from time to time, remain in the Hands of such Receiver or Collector, or in the Exchequer aforesaid; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Person or Persons who shall pay any such Bill or Bills to any Receiver or Collector of any his Majesties Revenues, Aids, Taxes, or Supplies, by way of Exchange, or otherwise, or shall pay or lend such Bill or Bills into the Exchequer, as aforesaid, shall, at the time of making such Payment, Exchange, or Loan, on each Bill so paid, exchanged, or

How it shall be known how long time the Bills have been in Receivers Hands, &c.

lent, put his or their Name or Names, and write thereupon in Words at Length, the Day of the Month, and Year, in which he, she, or they so paid, lent, or exchanged such Bill or Bills; all which the said Receivers and Collectors respectively, and also the respective Tellers in the Exchequer, shall take Care to see done and performed accordingly, to which respective Days the said Receivers and Collectors shall be allowed again the Interest, which he, she, or they shall have allowed or paid upon such respective Bill or Bills, upon his, her, or their paying the same into the Receipt of Exchequer, as aforesaid.

Such Bills may be reissued.

LVIII. Provided also, and be it hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Bills, or any of them, may be reissued or paid again out of his Majesties Exchequer; and when the same shall be reissued or paid again out of his Majesties Exchequer, the respective Teller there, from whose Office such Bill or Bills shall be so reissued or again paid out, shall endorse on such Bill and Bills so reissued, in Words at Length, the Day of the Month and Year in which the same were so reissued or repaid out of the said Exchequer, and also on what Account the same were last received into the Receipt of the Exchequer, and Sign the same; from which time the Interest on such Bill or Bills so reissued or paid again shall revive, and such Bill or Bills shall again run and pass at Interest, as the same did before they were paid unto or exchanged by the said Receivers or Collectors, or before the same were paid or lent into the Exchequer, as aforesaid.

Bills to be reissued for the Principal Money only.

LIX. And it is hereby Enacted, That the same Bills to be reissued, from time to time, or at any time, at the Exchequer, as aforesaid, shall be so reissued only for the Principal Money to be contained therein.

Tellers to be reimbursed the Interest they pay on Exchequer Bills.

LX. And to the end the respective Tellers of the Exchequer, who shall allow any Interest upon such Bills which shall be paid or lent into the Exchequer, as aforesaid, may be reimbursed the said Interest by them respectively allowed; It is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Officer or Officers to be from time to time, appointed for receiving the Monies hereby appropriated for Payment of the said Interest, shall, from time to time, out of such Monies in his or their Hands, reimburse and pay to the said Teller and Tellers respectively, so much as he or they shall have respectively allowed for the said Interest to the Payers or Lenders of such Bills, in the doing whereof he or they shall observe such Rules and Directions as he or they shall, from time to time, receive from any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury, or High Treasurer for the time being.

Receivers of Taxes to keep Books for Entry.

LXI. And be it Enacted, That every Receiver General of any the Revenues, Aids, Taxes, or Supplies, belonging or to belong to his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall keep a fair Book or Books of Accounts in writing of all the Monies by him received; in which he or his Deputy or Deputies shall truly enter all the Sums which shall have been received by him or them for every such Revenue, Aid, Tax, or Supply, together with the Names of the several Collectors from whom the same, or any part thereof, was received, the Days when, and the Sums paid, how much thereof in Money, and how much in Exchequer Bills, and what Exchequer Bills shall have been exchanged by every such Receiver General pursuant to this Act; to which Accounts every Person concerned shall have free Access at all seasonable times without Fee or Charge; and the said Accounts shall constantly lie open at one certain Place within the Limits of his Receipt for that purpose; and if such Receiver shall neglect to keep such Book or Books, or to enter therein any Sum or Sums of Money by him or them received and paid, as aforesaid, by the space of Three Days after his Receipt or Payment of the same, or shall refuse any Person or Persons concerned to inspect such Book or Books, without Fee or Charge, as aforesaid, every such Receiver for every such Offence shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds to any Person or Persons who shall sue for the same, to be recovered by Action

on of Debt, or on the Caſe, Bill, Suit, or Information, in any of his Majeſties Courts of Record at Weſtminſter, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection, Privilege, or Wager of Law, ſhall be allowed, or any more than one Imparlance.

All the Overplus Money at the end of every Quarter to be reſerved for diſcharging National Debts before 25 *Dec.* 1716.

LXVI. Provided alſo, and it is hereby Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the Monies which at the end of every or any Quarter of a Year ſhall or may be produced for the reſpective Surpluſſes, Exceſſes, or Overplus Monies of the ſaid ſeveral Funds, commonly called the Aggregate Fund, and the Fund of the South-Sea Company, and of the ſaid Duties and Revenues charged with the ſaid General yearly Fund of Seven hundred twenty four thouſand eight hundred forty nine Pounds, Six Shillings, and Ten Pence, and One fifth part of a Peny, as alſo the Exceſs or Overplus of the ſame General yearly Fund, when and as often as any ſuch Surpluſſes, Exceſſes, or Overplus Monies ſhall be (over and above the Monies at the end of every ſuch Quarter reſpectively due or demandable, to be firſt paid or reſerved for Payment out of the ſame, by virtue of this and the ſaid recited Acts, or any of them) ſhall be appropriated, reſerved, and applied, to and for the further diſcharging the Principal and Intereſt of ſuch National Debts and Incumbrances as were incurred before the Twenty fifth day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen, and are Declared to be National Debts, and were provided for by Act or Acts of Parliament, in ſuch Manner and Form as ſhall be directed or appointed by any future Act or Acts of Parliament to be diſcharged therewith, or out of the ſame, and to or for none other uſe, intent, or purpoſe whatſoever.

Anno 5 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. IV.

An Act for Strengthning the Proteſtant Intereſt in theſe Kingdoms.

Preamble.

10 A. *cap.* 2. Whereas an Act of Parliament was made in the Tenth Year of the Reign of the late Queen Anne, Intituled, An Act for Preſerving the Proteſtant Religion, by better Securing the Church of *England*, as by Law eſtabliſhed; and for Confirming the Toleration granted to Proteſtant Diſſenters, by an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Exempting their Majeſties Proteſtant Subjects, Diſſenting from the Church of* England, *from the Penalties of certain Laws*, and for Supplying the Defects thereof; and for the further Securing the Proteſtant Succeſſion, by requiring the Practicers of the Law in *North-Britain* to take the Oaths, and Subſcribe the Declaration therein mentioned: And whereas part of the ſaid Act, as alſo another Act herein after mentioned, have been found to be inconvenient; Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid recited Act, paſſed in the Tenth Year of the late Queen Anne, from the beginning thereof to theſe Words [And it is hereby further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Toleration granted to Proteſtant Diſſenters] and alſo

Part of the Act 10 *A.* cap. 2. and the Act 12 *A.* cap. 7. repealed.

12 A. *cap.* 7. One Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of the late Queen Anne, Intituled, An Act to Prevent the Growth of Schiſm, and for the further Security of the Churches of *England* and *Ireland*, as by Law eſtabliſhed, ſhall be and are hereby repealed, annulled, and made void.

Mayor, *&c.* reſorting to Publick Meetings, other than the Church of *England*, in their Gowns, or with the Enſigns of Office, diſabled, *&c.*

II. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Mayor, Bailiff, or other Magiſtrate, in that Part of Great Britain called England, the Dominion of Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or the Iſles of Jerſey or Guernſey, ſhall knowingly or wilfully reſort to, or be preſent at any Publick Meeting for Religious Worſhip, other than of the Church of England as by Law eſtabliſhed, in the Gown or other peculiar Habit, or attended with the Enſign or Enſigns of or belonging to ſuch his Office, that every ſuch Mayor, Bailiff, or other Magiſtrate, being thereof convicted by due Courſe of Law, ſhall be diſabled to

hold such Office or Offices, Employment or Employments, and shall be adjudged Incapable to bear any Publick Office or Employment whatsoever within that Part of Great Britain called England, the Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or Isles of Jersey and Guernsey.

Anno 5 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. VII.

An Act for continuing an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of her late Majesty Queen *Anne*, Intituled, *An Act for encouraging the Tobacco-Trade.*

Preamble.

Whereas an Act was made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of her late Majesty Queen Anne, Intituled, An Act for the encouraging the Tobacco-Trade, to continue for the space of Five Years, to commence from the First day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fourteen, and from thence to the end of the then next Session of Parliament, which Act is near expiring: And whereas the said Act hath been found to be very Beneficial to the said Trade, and of good Use for the purposes thereby designed, Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act made in the Twelfth Year of her said late Majesties Reign concerning Tobacco, and all and every the Rules, Directions, Powers, Penalties, Discounts, Allowances, Clauses, Matters, and Things, therein contained, shall, by virtue of this Act, be continued, and be in full force, during such time as the respective Duties on Tobacco shall respectively Continue; any Law, Statute, Matter, or Thing to the contrary notwithstanding. 12 A. *cap.* 8.

Act for encouraging the Tobacco Trade continued during the Duties on Tobacco.

Anno 5 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. IX.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for continuing certain Duties upon Coals and Culm, and for establishing certain Funds to raise Money, as well to proceed in the Building of New Churches, as also to complete the Supply granted to his Majesty, and to reserve the Overplus-Monies of the said Duties for the Disposition of Parliament, and for more effectual Suppressing Private Lotteries.

Preamble, reciting 9 *A.* cap. 22.

Most Gracious Sovereign, whereas by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Ninth Year of her late Majesties Reign [Intituled, An Act for granting to her Majesty several Duties upon Coals, for Building Fifty New Churches in and about the Cities of *London* and *Westminster*, and Suburbs thereof, and other Purposes therein mentioned] It was Enacted, That for all sorts of Coals and Culm, which from and after the Fourteenth day of May, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and before the Nine and twentieth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, should be imported and brought into the Port of the City of London, or the River of Thames within the Liberty of the said City, upon the same River, there should be paid to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, by way of Imposition thereupon (over and besides all other Impositions and Duties) according to the Rates therein after mentioned, that is to say, From and after the said Fourteenth day of May, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and before the Nine and twentieth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, for all such sorts of Coals and Culm as are usually sold by the Chalder, for every Chalder thereof, containing

sing Thirty six Bushels Winchester Measure, the Sum of Two Shillings; and for such sort of Coals as are sold by the Tun, for every Tun thereof, containing Twenty hundred Weight, the Sum of Two Shillings; and from and after the Eight and twentieth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and before the Eight and twentieth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, there should be paid for every such said Chalder of Coals and Culm and Tun of Coals, the Sum of Three Shillings; and that all the Monies which should be raised by virtue of that Act (the necessary Charges of raising, managing, and accounting for the same excepted) should be brought into the Receipt of Exchequer, and should be appropriated and disposed for the Building of Fifty New Churches of Stone, and other proper Materials, with Towers or Steeples to each of them, and for purchasing of Scites of Churches and Church-yards, and Burying-places, in or near the Cities of London and Westminster, or the Suburbs thereof; and for making such Chapels Churches as were already built, and capable thereof, Parish-Churches; and for purchasing Houses for the Habitations of the Ministers of the said Churches; and for applying the Sum of Four thousand Pounds per Annum out of the said Duties and Impositions towards the repairing and finishing the Collegiate Church of Saint Peter, Westminster, and the Chapels of the same; and also for applying the Sum of Six thousand Pounds per Annum out of the said Duties and Impositions arising by that Act, towards the finishing Greenwich Hospital, and the Chapel thereunto belonging; and to or for none other Use, Intent or Purpose whatsoever. And it was thereby Declared and Enacted, That there should be erected and built of Stone, and other Materials, Fifty Churches, with Towers or Steeples to each of them, whereof One should be erected in the Parish of East-Greenwich in the County of Kent. And whereas in
10 A. *cap.* 11. the Tenth Year of her said late Majesties Reign, another Act was made and passed in Parliament for enlarging the time given to the Commissioners appointed by her Majesty, pursuant to the said former Act for granting the said Duties for building the said New Churches, and other Purposes therein mentioned, and for giving to the said Commissioners further Powers for better effecting the same, and for appointing Monies for rebuilding the Parish Church of St. Mary Woolnoth, in the said City of London. And whereas by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the First Year of your
1 Geo. *cap.* 23. Majesties Reign [Intituled, An Act for making Provision for the Ministers of the Fifty New Churches which are to be built in and about the Cities of *London* and *Westminster*, and Suburbs thereof, and for rebuilding and finishing the Parish-Church of St. *Mary Woolnoth*, in the said City of *London*] It was Enacted, That for all sorts of Coals and Culm, which, from and after the Twenty seventh day of September, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, and before the Twenty eighth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and twenty five, shall be imported and brought into the Port of the City of London, or the River of Thames, within the Liberty of the said City upon the same River, there should be paid to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by way of Imposition thereupon (over and besides all other Impositions and Duties, according to the Rates therein after mentioned, that is to say) for all such sorts of Coals and Culm as are usually sold by the Chalder, for every Chalder thereof, containing Thirty six Bushels, Winchester Measure, the Sum of Three Shillings; and for such sort of Coals as are sold by the Tun, for every Tun thereof, containing Twenty hundred Weight, the Sum of Three Shillings; and that all the Monies which should be raised by virtue of that Act (the necessary Charges of raising, managing, and accounting for the same, excepted) should be brought into the Receipt of Exchequer, and should be appropriated for and towards the providing due Maintenances for the Ministers to attend the Service of God in the said New Churches; and should for that purpose be issued, applied, and disposed, in such manner as should thereafter be directed by Parliament. And it

was

was thereby Enacted, That the said Parish Church of St. Mary Woolnoth, and the Tower thereof, should be rebuilt and finished out of the Duties granted by the said recited Act of the Ninth Year of her said late Majesties Reign; and that the Monies to be employed for that purpose, should be replaced and made good out of and by the Monies applicable by virtue of the said Act of the Tenth Year of her said late Majesties Reign, to the rebuilding and finishing the said Church, and the Tower thereof, as by the said several Acts, relation being thereunto respectively had, may more fully appear. And whereas out of the said Duties of Coals and Culm, or out of Monies lent upon Credit of the same, several considerable Sums, amounting in the whole to One hundred sixty one thousand one hundred seventy and five Pounds, sixteen Shillings, and seven Pence, have been already raised and issued for the Buildings, Repairs, and other Purposes prescribed in or by the said recited Acts, and the Building of some of the New Churches thereby appointed to be built, hath been begun, and several Repairs which were thereby directed, have been entred upon, and some Scites, Cemetaries, Burying-Places, and Ministers Houses, have been purchased or contracted for, and other Charges have been born, and Payments made pursuant to the Orders of the several Commissioners, who, from time to time, have been intrusted in and for the Execution of the Powers in the said several Acts contained; but the Charge of the said Buildings and Repairs already begun or performed, hath been so Excessive, that over and above the Application of the said Monies already issued, a great Debt is now Owing to Workmen and others for the same; and it evidently appears, That in case the Expence of the said Buildings and Repairs should proceed and be carried on at or near the same Excessive Rates, the whole Produce of the said Duties, during the said time or times to come therein by the said former Acts (though such Produce far exceeds the Original Estimates made for Building the said New Churches and Repairs) will be very Deficient for those purposes, and may probably, at the end of the said present Terms, leave a great Debt for Work and Materials unprovided for. And whereas it is computed or estimated, That the said Duties laid by the said former Acts on Coals and Culm to be imported, as aforesaid, between Lady-day, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and the said twenty eighth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and twenty five, may amount in the Whole to the Sum of Three hundred and sixty thousand Pounds; and in case the present Terms in the said Duties be enlarged, so as to make up Thirty two Years, from Lady-day, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, the said Sum of Three hundred and sixty thousand Pounds, may be raised for the Purposes before mentioned, as in this Act is afterwards provided, upon a particular yearly Fund or Security in that behalf; and that the Sum of Five hundred twenty eight thousand three hundred and twenty Pounds, One Shilling, and Nine Pence, may be raised by establishing another particular yearly Fund, and by such other Ways and Means as are hereafter in this Act provided, for making good the Supply granted to his Majesty in this Session of Parliament, in the manner herein after mentioned; and that the Surplusses which shall or may, from time to time, arise by the said Duties on Coals and Culm, over and above so much as shall be sufficient to discharge the Payments by this Act intended to be charged thereupon, may be reserved for the Use of the Publick: Therefore we your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament assembled, being desirous to pursue your Majesties Pious and Gracious Intentions for the Honour and Benefit of the Church of England, and the Advancement of our Holy Religion, by making Provision for raising the said Sum of Three hundred and sixty thousand Pounds, in such Proportions at a time as shall be needed to be employed (so far as the same will extend) for or towards the building and finishing of Churches, purchasing Scites, Church-Yards, Burying Places, and Houses for Ministers, repairing the

said

ſaid Collegiate Church of St. Peter, Weſtminſter, and the Chapels of the ſame, finiſhing Greenwich Hoſpital, and the Chapel thereunto belonging, and making Proviſion for Miniſters, according to the true Intention of the ſaid former Acts of Parliament; and being alſo deſirous to make good the Supply granted to your Majeſty in this Seſſion of Parliament, by making Proviſion to raiſe a Sum, not exceeding the ſaid Sum of Five hundred twenty eight thouſand three hundred and twenty Pounds, One Shilling and Nine Pence; and being alſo deſirous to have the ſaid Surpluſſes reſerved for the Uſe of the Publick, as aforeſaid, Do moſt humbly preſent to your Majeſty the ſeveral Impoſitions, Rates, and Duties herein after mentioned; and do moſt humbly pray, that it may be, and be it Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That for all ſorts of Coals and Culm, which from and after the Twenty ſeventh day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty five, and before the Feaſt of the Annuntiation of the Bleſſed Virgin Mary, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifty one, ſhall be imported and brought into the Port of the City of London, or the River of Thames within the Liberty of the ſaid City upon the ſame River, there ſhall be paid to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, by way of Impoſition thereupon (over and above all other Impoſitions and Duties) according to the Rates hereafter mentioned (that is to ſay) For all ſuch ſorts of Coals and Culm as are uſually ſold by the Chalder, for every Chalder thereof, containing Thirty ſix Buſhels Winchester Meaſure, the Sum of Three Shillings, and for ſuch ſort of Coals as are ſold by the Tun, for every Tun thereof, containing Twenty hundred Weight, the Sum of Three Shillings.

Coals and Culm imported into the Port of *London*, after 27 *Septem.* 1725, and before 25 *March*, 1751. to pay, *viz.* 3 *s. per* Chalder and Tun.

II. And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid reſpective Sums of Three Shillings for every Chalder of Coals and Culm and Tun of Coals, which, from time to time, from and after the Feaſt of the Annuntiation of the Bleſſed Virgin Mary, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen, and before the ſaid Feaſt of the Annuntiation of the Bleſſed Virgin Mary, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifty one, ſhall be imported or brought into the ſaid Port or River within the Liberty of the ſaid City, as aforeſaid, and payable by virtue of the ſaid recited Acts of the Ninth Year of her late Majeſties Reign, and the Firſt Year of his Majeſties Reign, and by virtue of this preſent Act, every or any of them, ſhall, from time to time, be under the Management of the Commiſſioners and Officers of his Majeſties Cuſtoms for the time being, according to ſuch Orders and Directions as are or ſhall, from time to time, be given by the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or any Three or more of them now being, or by the High Treaſurer, or any Three or more of the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury for the time being; and ſhall or may, from time to time, be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, in ſuch Manner, Method, and Form, and at ſuch Places, and by ſuch Rules, Ways, and Means, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, as are mentioned, expreſſed, and referred unto, in and by any Act, Law, or Statute, Acts, Laws, or Statutes, now in force for raiſing, levying, collecting, or anſwering any other Duty or Duties now payable to his Majeſty for or upon any Coals or Culm whatſoever imported or brought Coaſtwiſe into the ſaid Port of London; and that all and every the Powers, Authorities, Penalties, Forfeitures, Diſabilities, Articles, Rules, and Clauſes, in the ſame Acts, Laws, and Statutes, or any of them, mentioned or contained (except ſuch and ſo much of them, for and concerning which it is otherwiſe provided in this and the ſaid recited Acts, or any of them) ſhall be of ſuch force and effect, to all Intents and Purpoſes, for the raiſing, levying, collecting, and anſwering the Impoſitions hereby granted, for and during the ſaid Term or Time herein before limited,

These Duties to be under the Management of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms.

Duties how to be levied.

limited, as if the same were particularly and at large set down and enacted by this Act; any former Law, Custom, or Usage whatsoever to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

100 Chalders of Coals *per Annum*, for *Chelsea*-Hospital, not chargeable.

III. Provided, That this Act, or any thing therein contained, shall not extend, or be construed to extend, to charge or lay any of the Duties or Impositions hereby imposed upon such Coals, (not exceeding One hundred Chalders by the Year) as shall be brought into the Port of London, from Newcastle upon Tyne, or any other Place, for the only Use and Service of the Royal Hospital at Chelsea; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Monies to be brought into the Exchequer,

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every such Sum and Sums of Money as shall be raised, collected, or levied, by virtue of the said recited Act of the Ninth Year of her said late Majesties Reign, and by virtue of the said recited Act of the First Year of his Majesties Reign, and by virtue of this present Act, every or any of them, of or for the said Duties on Coals and Culm, to be imported and brought into the said Port of the City of London, or the River of Thames within the Liberty of the said City upon the same River, at any time or times, from and after the Feast of the Annuntiation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and before the said Feast of the Annuntiation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, One thousand seven hundred and fifty one, (the necessary Charges of raising, managing, and accounting for the same, always excepted) shall, from time to time, be brought and paid into the Receipt of Exchequer; and the same Monies (other than such Surplus Monies as are to be reserved for future Disposition by Parliament, as aforesaid) are and shall be, by force and virtue of this Act, appropriated, issued, applied, and disposed, to and for the several and respective Uses and Purposes, in and by this present Act prescribed and directed of and concerning the same, and to and for none other Use, Intent, or Purpose whatsoever; any former Act, or Acts of Parliament, or any Appropriation, Direction, Clause or Clauses, Matter or Thing whatsoever therein contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

and appropriated for the Uses of this Act.

After 25 *March* 1719. for 32 Years 21000 *l.* to be a Fund for answering the Principal and Interest of 360000 *l.*

V. And to the end a good and sufficient Fund and Security may be settled and established, for raising the said Sum of Three hundred and sixty thousand Pounds, in such Proportions at a time, as shall be needed, for the Purposes in this Act particularly expressed, of and concerning the same; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That Yearly, and every Year, from and after the said Feast of the Annuntiation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, for and during the Term of Thirty and two Years, from thence next ensuing, the full Sum of Twenty and one thousand Pounds, by or out of the Monies of or for the said several Duties on Coals and Culm, by this Act appropriated, as aforesaid, shall be and is by this Act Declared and Enacted to be a particular Fund and Security, for answering and paying, as well the Principal, as the Interest, of the said Sum of Three hundred and sixty thousand Pounds, in such Course, Manner, and Form, as are hereafter in this Act prescribed in that behalf; and the Commissioners of his Majesties Treasury now being, and the Treasurer and Under-Treasurer of the Exchequer, and Commissioners of the Treasury of his Majesty, his Heirs, and Successors, for the time being, are hereby strictly enjoyned and required to cause the said yearly Sum of Twenty and one thousand Pounds, to be applied according to this Act, out of the Duties arising, as aforesaid, with Preference to any other Payments to be made out of the same; any former Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

Money by way of Loan of 4 *l. per Cent.* for Building Churches, *&c.*

VI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of his Majesties Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, and the Treasurer and Under-Treasurer of the Exchequer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being,

being, (without any further or other Warrant or Authority to be sued for, had, or obtained in that behalf) from time to time, to direct the Officers at the Receipt of the Exchequer to receive, by way of Loan, from any Person or Persons, Natives or Foreigners, Bodies Politick or Corporate, willing to make such Loan or Loans upon Credit of the said particular Fund of Twenty and one thousand Pounds per Annum, by this Act established, as aforesaid, such Sum and Sums of Money, as any Five, or more of the Persons appointed, or to be appointed, by Commission or Letters Patents under the Great Seal of Great Britain, shall, from time to time, or at any time or times, think necessary, and shall, by writing under the Hands of them, or any Five or more of them, desire to be raised by way of Loan, for the Buildings, Repairs, and other Purposes by the said recited Acts intended; and to allow Interest, not exceeding the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, for the Forbearance thereof; and that the Monies so lent shall not be taxed or assessed by any Act of Parliament whatsoever; and that such Lenders shall have Tallies of Loan and Orders for their Repayment with such Interest, as aforesaid, out of the said particular Fund of Twenty and one thousand Pounds per Annum, the Principal to be paid in Course according to the respective Dates of the Tallies, and the Interest every Three Months, until the Repayment of the Principal, so that at the end of every Quarter of a Year the said Interest then due, shall be paid, or Money sufficient shall be reserved for Payment thereof; and the rest of the Money of the same particular Fund then remaining in the Exchequer, shall be issued and applied, from time to time, towards Satisfaction of the said Principal, in Course, as aforesaid; and so as Care be taken, that as the Principal be paid off, the Interest be proportionably sunk and abated; and that no Fee, Reward, or Gratuity shall be demanded or taken in or for the Payment thereof; and that the Money of the said particular Fund of Twenty and one thousand Pounds per Annum, shall be liable to satisfie such Orders accordingly, without being diverted from the same to any other Use, Intent, or Purpose, upon Pain of forfeiting treble Damages, with full Costs of Suit, to the Party grieved by the Party offending; and that such Orders shall be assignable by Endorsements thereupon according to the Course in such Cases used in the Exchequer; any Law or Statute whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

Tax-free.

To be paid in Course. Interest every Three Months, &c.

VII. And it is hereby Enacted, That all the Monies to arise by way of Loan upon Credit of the said particular Fund of Twenty and one thousand Pounds per Annum, and all the Monies of the same Fund (except so much thereof as is to be applied for Repayment of the Principal, and Satisfaction of the Interest of the Loans which shall be made thereupon, as aforesaid) are hereby appropriated, and shall be applied for or towards the building and finishing of Churches, purchasing of Scites, Church-Yards, Burying-Places, and Houses for Ministers, repairing the said Collegiate Church of St. Peter, Westminster, and the Chapels of the same, finishing Greenwich Hospital, and the Chapel thereunto belonging, making Provision for Ministers, and other Charges relating to the said Churches, which were authorized and intended by the said former Acts, or any of them, concerning the same, and to or for none other Use, Intent, or Purpose whatsoever.

The 21000 *l.* *per Annum* appropriated for Building the Churches, &c.

VIII. Provided always, That the Principal of such Loans, together with the Monies (if any such be) which shall be supplied out of the same particular Fund it self, for the Purposes last mentioned, shall not in the whole exceed the said Sum of Three hundred and sixty thousand Pounds.

Not to exceed 360000 *l.*

IX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of his Majesties Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, and the Treasurer and Under-Treasurer of the Exchequer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, and they are hereby directed and authorized (without any further

Treasury to issue such Money as the Commissioners for the Churches shall think fit, to the Treasurer in that behalf.

or other Warrant or Authority to be sued for, had, or obtained in that behalf) from time to time, to issue and pay, or cause to be issued and paid, out of the Monies to arise by way of Loan, upon Credit of the said particular Fund of Twenty and one thousand Pounds per Annum, and out of the Monies of the said particular Fund of Twenty and one thousand Pounds per Annum, (except so much of the same particular yearly Fund as is to be applied for the Payment of Principal and Satisfaction of the Interest of the Loans to be made upon the same, as aforesaid) such Sum and Sums of Money as shall be thought meet and necessary by the said Commissioners appointed, or to be appointed to take Care of the said Buildings, as aforesaid, or any Five or more of them, for the Buildings, Repairs, and other the Services last before mentioned; which Monies so to be issued, as aforesaid, shall be paid unto such Person or Persons, (not being of the Number of the same Commissioners) for the Ends and Purposes aforesaid, as his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall, from time to time, direct and appoint to be the Treasurer or Treasurers in this behalf; and shall be received by him or them by way of Imprest, and be accounted for only by such Treasurer or Treasurers; and shall be disbursed, expended, and applied by such Treasurer and Treasurers respectively, according to such Orders and Warrants as he or they shall receive, from time to time, from the said Commissioners for the said Buildings and Repairs, or any Five or more of them, for all or any the Uses and Services before by this or the said former Acts prescribed or allowed in that behalf, and not otherwise, or to any other Use, Intent, or Purpose whatsoever; which said Treasurer and Treasurers respectively, shall be accountable in the Exchequer for the same, and shall give such sufficient Security, as shall be approved by the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or by the Treasurer and Under-Treasurer of the Exchequer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, before he or they enter upon his or their Office, for making such Accounts.

Treasurer Accountable in the Exchequer, and to give Security.

The Produce of the Duties before 25 *Mar.* 1719 to be applied in pursuance of the former Acts.

X. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Produce of the said Duties which shall come or be brought into the Receipt of Exchequer for such Coals or Culm, as aforesaid, imported, or to be imported, before the said Feast of the Annuntiation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, shall be issued and applied in such Manner as the same ought to have been issued and applied by or in pursuance of the said former Acts, or any of them, if this present Act had not been made; and if it shall appear, after the Application thereof, that any Money shall remain unsatisfied for Principal or Interest upon the Register of Loans kept at the Exchequer by virtue or in pursuance of the said Acts of the Ninth and Tenth Years of her late Majesties Reign, or either of them, then such Remainder so unsatisfied shall be paid and discharged out of the first Monies to be raised or paid in part of the said Sum of Three hundred and sixty thousand Pounds; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Powers, &c. in the former Acts continued.

XI. And it is hereby Enacted, That all such Powers, Provisoes, Directions, and Clauses, contained in the said recited Acts of the Ninth and Tenth Years of her said late Majesties Reign, and in the said Act of the First Year of his Majesties Reign, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament, touching the Building and Repairing of the said Churches, and any other Matters and Things therein specified, as are now in force, and are not taken away or altered by this present Act, shall continue and be in force, to all intents and purposes, as if the same Powers, Directions, Provisoes, and Clauses, were repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act.

9 A. *cap.* 22. 10 A. *cap.* 11. 1 Geo. *cap.* 23.

XIII. And to the end a good and sufficient Fund and Security may be settled and established, for raising the Sum of Five hundred and five thousand nine hundred ninety and five Pounds, part of the said Sum of Five hundred twenty eight thousand three hundred and

and twenty Pounds, One Shilling, and Nine Pence, for making good the Supply granted to his Majesty in this Session of Parliament; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That Yearly and every Year, from and after the Feast of the Annuntiation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, for and during the Term of Thirty two Years from thence next immediately ensuing, the full Sum of Thirty thousand five hundred fifty and nine Pounds, and Fourteen Shillings per Annum, by or out of the Monies of or for the said several Duties on Coals and Culm, by this Act appropriated or intended to be appropriated, as aforesaid, shall be, and by this Act is Declared and Enacted to be a particular Fund and Security for answering and paying, as well the Principal as the Interest of the Fortunate Lots or Chances herein after mentioned, in such Course, Manner, and Form, as are hereafter in this Act prescribed in that behalf; and the Commissioners of his Majesties Treasury now being, and the High-Treasurer, and Under-Treasurer of the Exchequer, and the Commissioners of the Treasury of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for the time being, are hereby strictly enjoyned and required to cause the said yearly Sum of Thirty thousand five hundred fifty nine Pounds, and Fourteen Shillings, to be, from time to time, set apart, issued, and applied, according to this Act, out of the Duties arising, as aforesaid; any former Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

After *Lady-day* 1719. for 32 Years 30559 *l.* 14 *s. per An.* to be the Fund for the Fortunate Lots.

XXXI. And for better ascertaining and securing the Payments as well of the said Principal Sums of the Fortunate Tickets, as of the said Interest to grow due for the same; Be it further Enacted, That all such Monies as shall arise and come into the Receipt of the Exchequer of the said Fund of Thirty thousand five hundred fifty nine Pounds, Fourteen Shillings per Annum, during the said Term of Thirty two Years (unless the said Principal Sum, not exceeding Five hundred thousand Pounds, and all the Interest thereof, shall be sooner paid off and discharged) shall be applied and appropriated, and the same are hereby accordingly appropriated for and towards paying and discharging the Money that shall, from time to time, remain due of the said Principal Sum, not exceeding Five hundred thousand Pounds, and the Interest thereof, in manner following, that is to say, That Quarterly, viz. on or within Twenty Days next after every of the Four usual Feasts aforesaid in every Year, during the said Term, the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, and the High-Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, shall cause an exact Account to be made and taken of the Monies which shall, on or before every respective Quarter-day of and in each and every respective Year, have risen and been brought into the Exchequer in the preceding Quarter, for or upon the said particular Fund of Thirty thousand five hundred fifty nine Pounds, Fourteen Shillings per Annum; and that (deducting thereout so much as shall be sufficient to pay and discharge the Interest for such preceding Quarter, upon and for all the Monies then due and unpaid of the said Principal Sum not exceeding Five hundred thousand Pounds, or for Payment whereof Money is not reserved in the Exchequer) the whole residue and remainder of the Money so arising and coming into the Exchequer in such preceding Quarter, over and above the Interest Money for that Quarter, shall be immediately, from time to time, applicable, appropriated, and applied, towards paying and discharging such part of the said Principal Sum, not exceeding Five hundred thousand Pounds, as shall then remain due or unpaid, and that according to such Method and Course of Payment, as aforesaid.

The Fund of 30559 *l.* 14 *s. per Annum* appropriated for paying Interest and Principal.

XXXII. Provided always, and be it Enacted, That in the paying of the said Principal Money, not exceeding Five hundred thousand Pounds, in the Course herein before directed, it shall not be interpreted any undue Preference in point of Payment, if the Officer or Officers, who shall be appointed to pay the same, do pay

What shall not be interpreted undue Preference.

subsequent Orders to Persons who come and demand their Money, and bring their Orders before other Persons who did not come to take their Money, and bring their Orders in their Course, so as there be so much Money reserved as will satisfie preceeding Orders; and that such Money be not otherwise disposed, but kept for them, the Interest of such Orders being to cease from the time the Money is so reserved and kept for them.

Monies of one Year proving Deficient to be paid out of the next Year.

XXXIII. Provided always, and be it further Enacted, That if it shall be found and appear that the Monies arising and coming into the Exchequer by the said Duties in every or any of the said Years, shall have proved so Low and Deficient as not to have brought into the Exchequer the said full yearly Sum of Thirty thousand five hundred fifty nine Pounds, and Fourteen Shillings (over and above the said yearly Sum of Twenty one thousand Pounds) in every or any one of the said Years, to be computed, as aforesaid, from the said Feast of the Blessed Virgin Mary, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, That then and in every such case, and so often as any such Deficiency shall so happen, the Interest in Arrears shall be paid and made good out of the first Money that shall arise or be brought into the Exchequer for or upon the said yearly Fund of Thirty thousand five hundred fifty nine Pounds, and Fourteen Shillings, after the end of such Year wherein such Deficiency happened: It being the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, and so hereby Declared and Enacted, That no part of the said yearly Sum of Thirty thousand five hundred fifty nine Pounds, and Fourteen Shillings, shall be applied in any Year for or towards paying the said Principal Money charged thereupon by vertue of this Act, until all the Interest Money which shall be due and become payable by virtue of this Act, shall be fully paid, or sufficient Money reserved in the Exchequer for the Payment thereof; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Overplus of the Duties on Coals quarterly, to make good the Residual Sum of 22325 *l.* 1 *s.* 9 *d.*

XLI. And to the end the Sum of Twenty two thousand three hundred and twenty five Pounds, One Shilling, and Nine Pence, being the Remainder of the said Sum of five hundred twenty eight thousand three hundred and twenty Pounds, One Shilling, and Nine Pence, may be raised for or towards Completing the Supply granted to his Majesty in this Session of Parliament; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That out of the Monies which shall, from time to time, be brought or paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer, of or for the said Duties on Coals and Culm to be imposed, as aforesaid, after the said Feast of the Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and shall at the end of any Quarter of a Year remain there (over and above so much as shall be applied, or be sufficient to discharge the Payments by this Act before directed, for or upon the said particular Funds of Twenty one thousand Pounds per Annum, and Thirty thousand five hundred and fifty nine Pounds, Fourteen Shillings per Annum, hereby charged thereupon) for the Quarter of a Year then ended, the said Sum of Twenty two thousand three hundred and twenty five Pounds, One Shilling, and Nine Pence, shall and may be paid and satisfied; and the Commissioners of his Majesties Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, and the High-Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, are hereby authorized and directed to give Order for Payment thereof accordingly.

All the Surplus Money disposable by Parliament.

XLIII. And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Surplus, Excess, or Overplus Monies, which shall or may Quarterly, or at the end of any Quarter of a Year, during the said Term of Thirty two Years, arise by the said Duties on Coals and Culm hereby appropriated, as aforesaid (over and above so much as shall be sufficient to discharge the Monies then due and incurred on the said particular Fund of Twenty one thousand Pounds per Annum, and on the said particular Fund, not exceeding Thirty thousand five hundred fifty nine Pounds, and Fourteen Shillings per Annum and over and above the necessary Charges for executing this

this Act, and over and above the Monies applicable by this Act, to satisfie the said residual Sum of Twenty two thousand three hundred twenty five Pounds, One Shilling, and Nine Pence) and that all the Surplus, Excess, or Overplus Monies which shall or may arise and remain of or for the said Duties on Coals and Culm hereby appropriated, as aforesaid, after the said Sum of Three hundred and sixty thousand Pounds to be charged on the said particular Fund of Twenty one thousand Pounds per Annum, and after all the Principal and Interest to be charged, as aforesaid, on the said particular Sum of Thirty thousand five hundred fifty nine Pounds, and Fourteen Shillings per Annum, and after the said residual Sum of Twenty two thousand three hundred twenty five Pounds, One Shilling, and Nine Pence, and the said necessary Charges of executing this Act, shall be entirely paid off, discharged, and satisfied, (or sufficient Money shall be set off for those Purposes) shall be kept apart and reserved for the Disposition of Parliament, and shall not be disposed or applied to any Use or Purpose whatsoever, but by Authority of Parliament, and according to such future Act or Acts of Parliament as shall be made and passed for the Disposition thereof.

Anno 5 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XI.

An Act against Clandestine running of Uncustomed Goods, and for the more Effectual preventing of Frauds relating to the Customs.

Preamble.

Whereas the Laws already made for preventing the Unlawful importing and Clandestine running and landing of Customable and Prohibited Goods and Merchandizes, have, by Experience, been found to be ineffectual to prevent such Illegal Practices, whereby his Majesty is greatly defrauded of and in his Duties, and Fair Traders, who duly pay Duties, are very much discouraged and injured in their Trades: And whereas for the better carrying on such Private and Clandestine Trade, divers small Vessels, under the Burthen of Fifteen Tuns, are generally employed in the undue importing, running, and landing Foreign Brandy, Strong Waters, and Spirits, contrary to the Laws already made and in force: For remedy whereof, Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That if any Foreign Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Strong Waters, or Spirits of any kind whatsoever, shall, from and after the Five and twentieth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, be imported or brought into Great Britain, or into any Port, Harbour, Haven, or Creek thereof, in any Ship, Vessel, or Boat, under the Burthen of Fifteen Tuns (except only for the Use of the Seamen then belonging to and on board such Ship, Vessel, or Boat, not exceeding One Gallon for each such Seaman) every such Ship, Vessel, or Boat, with all her Tackle, Furniture, and Apparel, or the Value thereof, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs, and shall and may be proceeded against and recovered in the manner herein after mentioned; and after the Seizure and Condemnation of such Ship, Vessel, or Boat, the Principal Officers of his Majesties Customs in the Port or Place where the same shall be at the time of Condemnation, are hereby directed to cause such Ship, Vessel, or Boat, to be entirely broke up, and the Materials to be publickly sold to the best Advantage, together with the Tackle, Furniture, and Apparel thereunto belonging, the Produce whereof to be divided as herein after mentioned.

Brandy, &c. imported in any Ship under 15 Tuns, such Ship, &c. forfeited.

Exception.

Extended to Ships, &c. of 30 Tuns, by 6 Geo. cap. 13. § 19.

Ships, &c. after Condemnation to be broke up and sold.

II. And

After 29 Sept. 1719. Rum imported in Casks under 20 Gallons, forfeited.

II. And whereas Rum is now imported in much greater Proportions than formerly: And whereas the importing thereof in small Casks or Vessels is many times done with Design that the same may more easily, privately, and clandestinely be carried off and conveyed without paying the Duties: For remedy whereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if after the Twenty ninth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, any Rum shall be imported or brought into Great Britain, or into any Port, Harbour, Haven, or Creek thereof, in any Cask or Vessel, not containing Twenty Gallons at the least (excepting only for the Use of the Seamen then belonging to and on board such Ship or Vessel) all such Rum, or the Value thereof, shall be forfeited; Nevertheless if it shall be made appear, to the Satisfaction of the Principal Officers of the Customs at the Port of Importation, that such Rum, so imported in small Casks, was for the Use of the Master or Seamen belonging to the Ship or Vessel in the Voyage, or imported by Merchants or Traders, without Fraud or Concealment, that then and in every such case the said Officers are hereby impowered and directed to admit such Rum to an Entry, and cause the Duties thereof to be accepted, instead of the Forfeiture thereof before mentioned; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Exception.

If the Officers are satisfied the Rum in such Cask is imported without Fraud or Concealment, to admit Entry.

Foreign Goods taken in at Sea by any Collier, &c. to be landed or put on board any other Vessel without Payment of the Duties, forfeited,

and the Master to forfeit treble the Value,

unless in case of necessity, which the Master is to give immediate Notice of.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any Foreign Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes, shall, after the Five and twentieth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, by any Collier, Fisher-Boat, or other Coasting Vessel or Boat, be taken in at Sea, or out of any Ship or Vessel whatsoever, in order to be landed or put into any other Ship, Vessel, or Boat, within the Limits of any Port, without Payment of the Customs and other Duties due and payable for the same, such Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes shall be forfeited, and the Master of such Collier, Fisher-Boat, or other Coasting Vessel or Boat, shall forfeit treble the Value of such Goods, unless in case of necessity, which such Master shall immediately give Notice of, and make Proof before the Chief Officers of the Customs of the First Port of this Kingdom where he shall arrive; and the Master, Purser, or other Person taking Charge of the Ship or Vessel, out of which such Goods shall be taken in at Sea, unless in case of necessity, as aforesaid, shall forfeit treble the Value of such Goods so unshipt, one Moiety of which Forfeiture to be for the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him, her, or them who will inform or sue for the same, and shall and may be recovered in like manner as is herein after mentioned.

Goods not reported, and found after clearing the Ship, forfeited.

IV. And whereas in Ships from Foreign Parts, Goods are often found at clearing such Ships concealed in false Bulk-heads between the Linings and false Knees, or in concealed Lockers, in order to their being landed without Payment of Duties, so that 'tis almost impossible for Officers of the Customs to discover them without having some previous Information: For prevention of which fraudulent Practices, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Five and twentieth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, all Goods not reported, and found, after the clearing the Ship by the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs, shall be liable to Forfeiture, and such Goods shall and may be seized and prosecuted in the manner herein after mentioned; any Law or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And whereas by an Act made in the Tenth Year of the late Queens Reign, for laying Additional Duties on Hides and Skins, Vellum, and Parchment, and New Duties on Starch, Coffee, Tea, Drugs, and other Things, Certificates for the Discharge of Bonds given at the Custom-house upon the Exportation of Coffee or Tea, that the same shall not be relanded in any Part of Great Britain, are to be under the Common Seal of the Chief Magistrate in such Place or Places in Parts beyond the Seas, or under the Hands and Seals of Two known British Merchants then being at such Place or Places, That such Coffee, Tea, or Drugs, was there landed; 10 A. cap. 26.

landed; which Provision is found insufficient for the Security of the Revenue of Customs against any Secret Relanding such Coffee, Tea, or Drugs, in some part of this Kingdom: And in regard a better Provision may be made with respect to such Goods exported to Ireland as is made in the case of Tobacco, by an Act made in the Eighth Year of her said late Majesties Reign: Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First day of May, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, no such Bond given for the Exportation of Coffee, Tea, or other Certificate-Goods, exported to Ireland, shall be delivered up, or any Drawback allowed for any Goods entitled thereto, until a Certificate shall be produced under the Hands and Seals of the Collector, Comptroller, and Surveyor of the Customs of some Port in Ireland, or any Two of them, where such Goods shall be landed, Testifying the landing thereof; and for the future, the Condition of all such Bonds, required by Law to be given for the Exportation of any of the said Goods to Ireland, shall be, to produce such Certificate in Six Months from the Date thereof (the Danger of the Seas and Enemies excepted;) and in case no such Certificate shall be produced within the said time of Six Months, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the Customs in England or Scotland respectively to cause such Bonds to be put in Suit, unless they shall find sufficient cause to forbear the same; any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

8 A. cap. 13.

No Bond for Exportation of Certificate-Goods to *Ireland*, to be delivered up, or any Drawback allowed, till Certificate from the Collector, &c. in *Ireland*, where the Goods were landed, &c.

Bond forfeited if Certificate be not produced in Six Months.

VI. And whereas the Remedies already provided by Law, to prevent the Relanding Goods prohibited to be worn in this Kingdom, and Foreign Goods shipt out for Parts beyond the Seas, have not been sufficient to put a stop to the Fraudulent Relanding such Goods, to the Prejudice of the Revenue and the Fair Traders: Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Five and twentieth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, if any such Goods shall be unshipped, or put on shore (unless in case of Distress to save the Ship from perishing, or in the Presence of an Officer of the Customs) the said Goods shall be forfeited; and if the Master, Purser, or other Person, taking Care of any Ship wherein the said Goods shall be laden, shall suffer or permit any of the said Goods to be landed or unshipped (unless as aforesaid) the said Master, Purser, or other Person, taking Care of such Ship, shall forfeit the Value of such Goods so unshipped or landed; and the Person or Persons to whose Hands or Possession the said Goods shall come, after the unshipping or landing thereof, he or they knowing the same to be so unshipped, shall forfeit double the Value of the said Goods, unless he or they shall make Discovery thereof to the Principal Officers of the Customs in Six Days after the said Goods shall so come to his or their Hands: Provided the said Goods shall not have been seized by, or Information given thereof to any Officer of the Customs before such Discovery.

Goods prohibited to be worn here, and Foreign Goods, relanded, forfeited.

Penalty on Master or Purser,

and on the Persons to whose Hands the Goods knowingly come, unless Discovery be made in 6 Days.

VII. And whereas the Persons concerned in carrying on the said fraudulent Practices, do frequently cause the Package of such Goods to be opened on board the Ship, during the time she continues in Port, whereby they have a better Opportunity to reland the said Goods: For the prevention whereof, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if the Package of any such Goods shall, with the Privity or Consent of the Master, Purser, or other Person taking Care of such Ship or Vessel, be opened on board any Ship or Vessel, or put into other Form or Package, during the time the said Ship or Vessel remains in Port, without Leave of One or more of the Principal Officers of the Port, the said Master, Purser, or other Person, taking Care of such Ship or Vessel, shall forfeit One hundred Pounds; and if the said Master, Purser, or other Person, taking Care of such Ship or Vessel, shall permit or suffer any of the said Goods to be unshipped or landed, or the Package of any such Goods to be opened, or put into any other Form, without Leave, as aforesaid, then such Master, Purser, or other Person, shall also suffer Six Months Imprisonment, without Bail or Mainprize.

Master, &c. permitting the Package of such Goods to be opened on board a Ship Outward while in Port.

Forfeit 100*l.*

And if the Goods be unshipt the Master, &c. to be imprisoned for 6 Months.

VIII. And

Ships of 50 Tuns, or under, hovering on the Coasts, Officers may enter and take an Account of the lading, and demand Security in treble the Value of the Goods.

VIII. And whereas divers Ships and Vessels of the Burthen of Fifty Tuns, or under, Laden with Coffee, Tea, Cocoa-Nuts, French wrought Silks, East-India Goods prohibited to be worn in this Kingdom, Pepper, and other Spices, Brandy, Spirits, and other customable and prohibited Goods, pretending to be bound for Foreign Parts, do frequently lye hovering on the Coasts of this Kingdom, with intention to run the same privately on shore, as Opportunity offers, to the great Diminution and Loss of the Revenue, and Ruin of Fair Traders; and by reason of the said Vessels so hovering, frequent Opportunities are found for carrying on the Clandestine Trade of exporting Woull, and other staple Commodities of this Kingdom prohibited to be transported: For the better preventing whereof, Be it Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Five and twentieth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, where any Ship or Vessel of the Burthen of Fifty Tuns, or under, laden with customable or prohibited Goods, shall be found hovering on the Coasts of this Kingdom, within the Limits of any Port, and not proceeding on her Voyage for Foreign Parts, or to some other Port of this Kingdom, Wind and Weather permitting, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Officer or Officers of his Majesties Customs to go on board every such Ship or Vessel, and to take an Account of the Lading, and to demand and take Security from the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel in that Voyage, by his own Bond by him to be entred into unto his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be treble the Value of such Foreign Goods then on board, with Condition, that such Ship or Vessel (as soon as Wind and Weather, and the State and Condition of such Ship or Vessel doth permit) shall and will proceed regularly on such Voyage, and shall land such Foreign Goods in and at some Foreign Port or Ports; and if such Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel, shall upon such Demand refuse to enter into such Bond, or having entred into such Bond, shall not depart or proceed regularly on such Voyage (as soon as Wind, Weather, and the State and Condition of such Ship or Vessel shall permit) unless otherwise suffered to make a longer Stay by the Collector (or other Principal Officer in his Absence) of such Port where such Ship or Vessel shall be, not exceeding Twenty Days, then and in either of the said Cases, all the Foreign Goods so on board such Ship or Vessel, shall and may, by any Officer or Officers of the Customs, by Direction of the Collector or other Principal Officer, as aforesaid, be taken out of and from such Ship or Vessel, and forthwith brought on shore and secured; and in case the said Goods are customable, the Customs and other Duties shall be paid for the same; and as concerning Woull or any prohibited Goods, or other Goods liable to Forfeiture, which may be found on board such Ships or Vessels at the time of their unlading, as aforesaid, the same are hereby Declared to be subject to Forfeiture, and the Officers of the Customs shall and may Prosecute the same, as also the Ship or Vessel, in case she shall be liable to Condemnation, as in the manner herein after mentioned.

Extended to Ships hovering, &c. within Two Leagues of the shore, by the 6 Geo. cap. 13. §. 31.

Master, &c. refusing to enter into Bond, or not departing, the Foreign Goods may be taken out of the Ship, and secured, and Custom paid,

and Woull or prohibited Goods forfeited.

Such Goods brought on shore, Bond to be delivered up.

IX. Provided always, That after such Goods are so taken out of such Ship or Vessel, and brought on shore and secured by such Officer or Officers, such Bonds so to be given, as aforesaid, shall be void and delivered up without any Fee or Reward for taking or delivering up the same; and such Bond, not being otherwise discharged, shall, on a proper Certificate returned under the Common Seal of the Chief Magistrate in any Place or Places beyond the Seas, or under the Hands and Seals of Two known British Merchants upon the Place, that such Goods were there landed, or upon Proof by Credible Persons, that such Goods were taken by Enemies, or perished in the Seas (the Examination and Proof thereof being left to the Judgment of the Commissioners of the Customs) shall be vacated and discharged.

How Bonds not otherwise discharged, shall be vacated.

X. And

X. And whereas altering the Package of Coffee for Exportation hath been found to be prejudicial to his Majesties Customs; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Five and twentieth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, no Coffee shall be exported but such only as shall be contained in the Original Bale or Package, or in some Bale or Package containing the same Quantity therein, or in some Bale or Package containing not less than Four hundred Weight, and the same Marks and Numbers thereon with which it was First entred at his Majesties Custom-house; excepting only such Coffee as shall be exported to his Majesties Plantations or Ireland.

Coffee to be exported in the Original Bale, or in some Bale containing the same quantity, or not less than 400 lb. &c.

Exception.

XI. Provided, and be it further Enacted, That so much of this Act as relates to the Importation of Foreign Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Strong Waters or Spirits, in any Ship, Vessel, or Boat, under the Burthen of Fifteen Tun; and so much of this Act as relates to such Foreign Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes, as shall be taken in at Sea, and out of any Ship or Vessel, in Order to be landed or put into any other Ship, Vessel, or Boat; and so much of this Act as relates to Goods not reported, and found after clearing Ships; and so much of this Act as provides further Remedies against relanding Goods prohibited to be worn in this Kingdom, and Foreign Goods shipt out for Parts beyond the Seas; and so much of this Act as relates to the opening or altering the Package of Goods on board Ships outward Bound; and so much of this Act as relates to hovering Ships or Vessels of the Burthen of Fifty Tuns, or under; and so much of this Act as concerns the Bales or Package in which Coffee shall be exported, shall continue and be in force for Three Years, from the Five and twentieth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament and no longer: And so much of this Act as relates to Rum imported in Casks or Vessels not containing Twenty Gallons at the least, shall continue and be in force from the nine and twentieth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, for Three Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, and no longer: And so much of this Act as relates to Certificate Goods entred in order to be exported for Ireland, shall continue and be in force for Three Years from the First day of May, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament and no longer.

Continuation of the several Parts of this Act.

XII. And whereas great Quantities of wrought Silks, Bengals, and Stuffs mixed with Silk and Herba, as also Muslins, and other Callicoes, of the Manufacture of Persia, China, or East-India, are, notwithstanding the Laws already made to the contrary, frequently imported from Foreign Parts, and landed in Ireland, to the Prejudice of Fair Traders: For the better preventing the same for the future, Be it Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That none of the before mentioned Goods shall, from and after the First day of May, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, be imported into the said Kingdom of Ireland from any Place or Places whatsoever, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this and the former Acts (other than from Great Britain) under the Penalty and Forfeiture of all such of the aforesaid Goods so imported, or the Value thereof, as also of the Ship or Vessel importing the same, with all her Guns, Furniture, Ammunition, Tackle, and Apparel, one Moiety to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall seize, inform, or sue for the same, in any of his Majesties Courts of Record in Dublin, in the said Kingdom of Ireland; and if any Officer or Officers of the Customs in Ireland, shall willingly or knowingly Connive at the Fraudulent Importation of any of the Goods aforementioned, contrary to the true meaning hereof, or if any such Officer or Officers shall take upon him or them to seize any of the said Goods, and shall, by Fraud or Collusion, desist or delay the Pro-

No *East-India* Silks, &c. to be imported into *Ireland* from Foreign Parts.

Penalty.

Penalty on Officer conniving, &c.

ſecution thereof to Condemnation, he or they ſo conniving, neglecting, or delaying, ſhall forfeit and loſe the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, to be ſued for and divided in manner aforeſaid; and ſuch Officer or Officers ſhall alſo be incapable of holding any Office or Employment under his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors.

XIII. And whereas an Act was made in the Twelfth Year of the late Queen, Intituled, An Act for the preſerving all ſuch Ships, and Goods thereof, which ſhall happen to be forced on ſhore, or ſtranded upon the Coaſts of this Kingdom, or any other of her Majeſties Dominions, wherein is recited, (among other things) That many Ships of Trade, after all their Dangers at Sea eſcaped, have unfortunately, near home, run on ſhore, or been ſtranded on the Coaſts thereof, and been barbarouſly plundered by his Majeſties Subjects, and their Cargoes imbezilled; and when any part has been ſaved, it has been ſwallowed up by the exorbitant Demands for Salvage, to the great Loſs of his Majeſties Revenue, and Damage of his Majeſties trading Subjects; and therefore it is by the ſaid Act (among other things) Enacted, That ſuch Ships, Veſſels, or Goods, ſo to be ſaved, as therein is mentioned, ſhall remain in the Cuſtody of the Officer of the Cuſtoms, or his Deputy, for the purpoſes of the ſaid Act; and if ſuch Goods ſhall not be legally claimed by the rightful Owner within the time therein limited, that then Publick Sale ſhall be made thereof (and of periſhable Goods, forthwith to be ſold) and after all Charges deducted, the reſidue of the Monies ariſing by ſuch Sale, with a fair and juſt Account of the Whole, ſhall be tranſmitted to his Majeſties Exchequer, there to remain for the Benefit of the Owner; which Act was made perpetual by another Act of the Fourth Year of his Majeſties Reign made in that behalf: And whereas from the want of expreſs Words whereby to ſubject ſtranded Goods ſo ſaved to the Payment of Cuſtoms, and other Duties, a doubt has ariſen, whether ſuch Goods are liable to pay the ſame, to the great loſs of his Majeſties Revenue, and contrary to the true intent and meaning of the ſaid Acts; Be it therefore Enacted and Declared by the Authority, aforeſaid, That all Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes, which, from and after the Five and twentieth day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen, ſhall be ſalved out of any Ship or Veſſel that ſhall happen to be forced on ſhore, or ſtranded upon the Coaſts of this Kingdom (not being Wreckt Goods, or Jetſham, Flotſham, or Lagan) ſhall, after Charges of Salvage and other Charges paid, as aforeſaid, be ſubject and liable to the Payments of the like Cuſtoms and other Duties, with ſuch Drawbacks upon Exportation, and the like Allowances and Abatements, as ſuch Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes would, by any Law or Laws now in force, be liable unto, and entitled to have, in caſe the ſame were regularly imported; any thing in the aforeſaid Acts, or any other Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

12 A. *cap.* 18.

4 Geo. *cap.* 12.

Goods ſaved out of any ſtranded Ship, after Salvage and Charges paid, liable to Cuſtoms, &c.

Exception as to Wrecks

XIV. And whereas in the Preamble of the Act made in the Firſt Year of King William and Queen Mary, for the better preventing the Exportation of Wooll, and Encouraging the Woollen Manufactures of this Kingdom, Wooll, Wooll-Fells, Mortlings, Shortlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Wooll-Flocks, Fullers Earth, Fulling-Clay, and Tobacco-Pipe Clay, are enumerated, but in the enacting part thereof, which relates to the carrying Wooll Coaſtwiſe, Wooll only is mentioned, and the other enumerated Goods left out, whereby frequent Opportunities are given for the Exportation of them, contrary to the true intent and meaning of the ſaid Act; It is therefore hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Five and twentieth day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen, the like Proviſion made for preventing the Exportation of Wooll in and by the Act before mentioned, is hereby directed and appointed to extend to Wooll-Fells, Mortlings, Shortlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Wooll-Flocks, Fullers-Earth, Fulling-Clay, and Tobacco-Pipe-Clay aforeſaid, carried Coaſtwiſe; any thing in the ſaid Act, or in any other Act, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

1 W. & M. *cap.* 32.

Proviſions for preventing the Exportation of Wooll carrying Coaſtwiſe to extend to Wooll-Fells, Mortlings, &c.

XV. And

XV. And whereas great Quantities of Silks, Callicoes, Linens, or Stuffs, printed, painted, stained, or dyed, in Great Britain, are exposed to Sale without having a Mark or Stamp to denote the Payment of the Duties: And whereas such as have been so Markt or Stampt are frequently shipt off in order to be exported into Parts beyond the Seas, whereby the Person or Persons exporting the said Goods are entitled to a great Drawback; and it hath been found by Experience, that great Quantities of such Goods, after they have been shipt for Exportation, have been privately relanded in this Realm; and the Remedies already provided by Law have not been sufficient to obviate a Practice so Prejudicial to his Majesty, and all Fair and honest Traders in such Goods: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First day of May, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, during the Continuance of the said Duties, in case any Silks, Callicoes, Linens, or Stuffs, printed, painted, stained, or dyed, in Great Britain, shall be found in any Place whatsoever, on Land or Water, without being marked or sealed with a Stamp or Seal, denoting, That the Duties have been duly paid or charged (except on board such Ships or Vessels on which such Goods have been shipt for Exportation) the same shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer of the Customs or Excise; and the Person or Persons in whose Custody or Possession the Goods so seized shall be found, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, one Moiety of which Forfeitures and Penalties shall be to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall seize, inform, or sue for the same, in his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, wherein no Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed: Provided always, That the Goods so recovered shall not be delivered out of the Custom-house Warehouse, until the same shall be marked or sealed with a proper Mark or Stamp, to be provided by the Commissioners of the Customs for that purpose; and they are hereby directed and authorized to provide the same, and to cause the said Goods to be Stampt therewith accordingly; any Law to the contrary notwithstanding.

Painted Silks, Callicoes, &c. found unmarked, forfeited.

Exception.

Penalty on Possessor.

Commissioners to provide Stamps.

XVI. And whereas in and by an Act made in the Third and Fourth Years of her late Majesties Reign [Intituled, An Act for Incouraging the Importation of Naval Stores from her Majesties Plantations in *America*] It was, amongst other things, Declared and Enacted, That every Person or Persons who should import, or cause to be imported, Tar or Pitch into this Kingdom, directly from any of his Majesties Plantations in America, within the time therein mentioned, he or they so importing the same, should have and enjoy a Reward or Premium of Four Pounds for every Tun, containing Eight Barrels, and each Barrel gauging Thirty one Gallons and One half, of good and merchantable Tar; and the like Reward or Premium for every Tun of good and merchantable Pitch, each Tun containing Twenty Gross Hundreds (Net Pitch) to be brought in Eight Barrels; and by another Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of her said late Majesty [Intituled, An Act for continuing an Act made in the Third and Fourth Years of the Reign of her present Majesty, Intituled, *An Act for Incouraging the Importation of Naval Stores from her Majesties Plantations in* America; and for the Incouraging the Importation of Naval Stores from that part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, to that part of *Great Britain* called *England*] the first mentioned Act, and every part thereof, is continued from the time of the Expiration of the same, for and during the Term of Eleven Years, and from thence to the End of the next Session of Parliament: And it is thereby Enacted, That the like Rewards or Premiums shall be allowed on the Importation of good and merchantable Tar and Pitch from North-Britain, into any part of South-Britain, in such manner as is therein mentioned: And whereas Complaints have been made by the Commissioners or Principal Officers of his Majesties Navy, that Tar brought from the said Plantations is frequently mixed with Dross or Water, and that Dirt or Dross is often

3 & 4 A. c. 10.

12 A. *cap.* 9.

often found in the Pitch, whereby the same are unfit for the Service of his Majesties Navy; Be it therefore Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty ninth day of September, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, no Certificate shall be made out in order to allow the Premium or Reward for any such Pitch, until the same be freed from Dirt or Drofs, or for any such Tar that is not fitting to be used for making Coydage, and that shall not be freed from Drofs and Water, and unless such Pitch and Tar be clean, good, merchantable, and well conditioned.

No Certificate to be made out for Pitch or Tar till freed from Drofs, &c.

XVII. And whereas by the said last mentioned Acts the Person or Persons importing such Pitch and Tar, are entitled to the said Premium or Reward, upon a Certificate from the Officers of the Customs where such Pitch and Tar is imported: And whereas the said Officers have not sufficient Authority by the said Acts to examine the said Pitch and Tar so strictly as they ought to do, to enable them in Judgment to certifie whether the same is good and merchantable: Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Officers of the Customs, before they make any such Certificate, to examine the said Pitch by opening the Heads of the Barrels wherein it is imported, sawing of the Staves in the middle, and breaking the Barrel, or so many of them as they find sufficient to make a Proof, or by such other means as they shall think proper, to find out and discover whether the said Pitch is good and merchantable, not mixed with Dirt or Drofs; and also it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Officers to examine and search the said Tar, to find out and discover whether the same is clean, good, merchantable, well conditioned, and clear of Drofs or Water, and fit for making Coydage.

Officers of the Customs, before they make such Certificates, to examine the Pitch and Tar.

XVIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Fee, Gratuity, or Reward, shall be demanded, taken, or received by any Officers of the Customs, for the examining, viewing, or delivering such Pitch, Tar, or other Naval Stores, with respect to the Premium or Reward allowed by the Acts afore mentioned, or for the making or signing a Certificate in order to the receiving such Premium or Reward, under the Penalty of the loss of his Office, and such Officer shall be also incapable of serving his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to such Person or Persons as will inform and sue for the same, by Action of Debt or of the Case, Bill, Suit, or Information in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance shall be granted or allowed.

No Fee for examining, &c.

Penalty on Officer.

XIX. And whereas an Act made in the Twenty second Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act to prevent the Planting of Tobacco in *England*, and regulating the Plantation Trade, was by several subsequent Acts continued, and by an Act made in the Eleventh Year of the Reign of King William the Third, was to have Continuance for the space of Seven Years, from the Twenty ninth day of September, One thousand seven hundred, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, which Act has been by Experience found Beneficial to the Trade of this Kingdom and the Dominions and Plantations thereto belonging; but some Doubt hath arisen whether the same hath had Continuance by the Acts for continuing the Act of Tonnage and Poundage; for obviating which Doubt, Be it hereby Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Act of the Twenty second Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, and every Clause therein contained, hath, and shall have Continuance for and during such time as the Act of Tonnage and Poundage, made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of the said King Charles the Second, is continued, and no longer.

Act 22 *Car.* 2. cap. 26. to have Continuance during such time as the Act of Tonnage and Poundage.

22 Car. 2. c. 26.

11 W. 3. c. 13.

22 Car. 2. c. 26.

12 Car. 2. c. 4.

XX. And whereas the Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas, and other Parts of America, and for encouraging the Fishery, did provide and ship on board their

their Annual Ship, The Royal George, John Davison Commander, for the Spanish West-Indies, a valuable Cargo of Goods, pursuant to the Assiento Treaty, and the late Convention between their Britannick and Catholick Majesties; which Ship could not proceed on her intended Voyage, by reason of the King of Spains suspending her Departure, and not granting the necessary Dispatches: And whereas the said Governor and Company (in order to make the said Cargo allotable) were obliged to import and buy several Goods from Foreign Parts, the Customs and Duties payable thereon at Importation being paid; which Foreign Goods were entred and shipt out at the Custom-house on board their said Ship in time, by which they are entitled to a Drawback, payable out of his Majesties Customs, on the Exportation of the said Goods; but the said Ship being hindred from proceeding on her intended Voyage, as aforesaid, and it being absolutely necessary, for the Preservation of the said Ship and Cargo, that all the Goods now on board should be relanded: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas, and other Parts of America, and for encouraging the Fishery, to reland, or cause to be relanded, in the Presence of the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs, the said Foreign Goods so shipped, as aforesaid; and such Goods so relanded, are to be put into a proper Warehouse or Warehouses (to be provided by and at the Charge of the said Company) and there kept under the Kings and the Companies Locks, the Company, or their Servants or Agents, having free Access to the said Warehouse or Warehouses at all reasonable Times, and the said Officers are hereby directed to give their Attendance at such Times, when required; and for securing to the said Governor and Company the Benefit of the Drawback on the said Foreign Goods, notwithstanding their relanding the same, the proper Officers of his Majesties Customs are hereby directed and impowered (on the said Governor and Companies reshipping and exporting the said Foreign Goods on the same, or any other Ship or Ships) to make out a Debenture or Debentures for allowing and paying to the said Governor and Company the same Drawback they would have been entitled unto, in case their said Ship, The Royal George, had proceeded on her said intended Voyage, and the said Foreign Goods had not been relanded; any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

South-Sea Company may reland and Warehouse the Foreign Goods in the *Royal George*,

and on reshipping entitled to a Drawback.

XXI. And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Tenth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King William the Third, Intituled, An Act to prevent the Exportation of Wooll out of the Kingdoms of *Ireland* and *England* into Foreign Parts, and for the Encouragement of the Woollen Manufactures in the Kingdom of *England*, it was Enacted, That no Person or Persons whatsoever, from and after the Four and twentieth day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred ninety nine, should, directly or indirectly, export, transport, ship off, carry, or convey, or cause or procure to be exported, transported, shipped off, carried, or conveyed out of or from the said Kingdom of Ireland, into any Foreign Realm, States, or Dominions, or into any Parts or Places whatsoever, other than the Parts within the Kingdom of England, or the Dominion of Wales, any the Wooll, Wooll-Fells, Shortlings, Mortlings, Wooll-Flocks, Worsted, Bay, or Woollen-Yarn, Cloth, Serge, Bays, Kerseys, Sayes, Frizes, Druggets, Cloth-Serges, Shalloons, or any other Drapery Stuffs, or Woollen Manufactures whatsoever, made up or mixt with Wooll or Wooll-Flocks, or should directly or indirectly load, or cause to be loaden upon any Horse, Cart, or other Carriage, or load or lay on board, or cause to be laden, or laid on board in any Ship or Vessel in any Place or Port within or belonging to the said Kingdom of Ireland, any such Wooll, or other the Matters aforesaid, to the intent or purpose to export, transport, ship off, carry, or convey the same, or cause the same to be exported, transported, shipped off, carried, or conveyed out of the said Kingdom of Ireland, or out of any Port or Place belonging

Recital of the Act 10 *W.* 3. cap. 10.

ing

ing to the same, or with intent or purpose that any Person or Persons whatsoever should so export, transport, ship off, carry, or convey the same out of the said Kingdom of Ireland into any Ports or Places (except as aforesaid) upon Pain of forfeiting the said Wooll, and other Matters aforesaid, so exported, transported, shipped off, or carried, conveyed or loaden, contrary to the true intent and meaning of that Act, and under other the Penalties therein mentioned. And whereas it is further Enacted by the said Act, That it should and might be lawful to and for any Person or Persons to seize, take, secure and convey to his Majesties next Warehouse all such Wooll, and other the Matters aforesaid, as he or they should happen to see, find, know, or discover, to be laid on board in any Ship, Vessel, or Boat, or to be brought, carried, or laid on shore at or near the Sea, or any Navigable River or Water, to the intent or purpose to be exported or conveyed out of the said Kingdom of Ireland, contrary to the true meaning of that Act; and that such Person or Persons who should happen so to seize, take, or secure any of the Commodities aforesaid, should be indemnified for so doing, to all intents and purposes: But it is not provided by the said Act, That the said Wooll, and other the Commodities aforesaid, which should be brought, carried, or laid on shore at or near the Sea, or any Navigable River or Water, to the intent or purpose to be exported or conveyed out of the said Kingdom of Ireland, contrary to the meaning of that Act, should be forfeited: For Remedy whereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Four and twentieth day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, all such Wooll, and other the Commodities aforesaid, which shall be brought, carried, or laid on shore at or near the Sea, or any Navigable River or Water, to the intent or purpose to be exported or conveyed out of the said Kingdom of Ireland, contrary to the true meaning of that Act, shall be forfeited, and the Offender and Offenders therein shall be subject and liable to the like Forfeitures, Pains, and Penalties, as Persons by that Act are subject unto for exporting, transporting, or shipping of Wooll, or other the Commodities aforesaid, contrary to the intent and meaning of that Act; and that such Forfeitures, Pains, and Penalties, shall be recovered and distributed as other the Pains, Penalties, and Forfeitures in that Act are by any Law now in force to be recovered and distributed.

Woollandother Goods laid on shore near the Sea or any River, &c. to be conveyed out of *Ireland* into Foreign Parts, forfeited.

Penalties.

XXII. And whereas an Act passed in the First Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, Intituled, An Act to prevent the Mischiefs by manufacturing Leaves, or other Things to resemble Tobacco, and the Abuses in making and mixing of Snuff: And whereas the Provisions made by the said Act, so far as relates to Snuff, have proved ineffectual, by reason of some doubts which have arisen whether the Powers granted by the said Act to prevent the Mischiefs by manufacturing Leaves, or other Things to resemble Tobacco, can be extended to such Persons which shall commit Abuses in making and mixing of Snuff: Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said recited Act made in the First Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, and all the Clauses, Rules, Directions, Powers, Matters, and Things, therein contained, shall extend and be in full force against any Person or Persons who shall, after the Five and twentieth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, make, mix, or Colour, or shall cause to be made, mixed, or coloured, any sort of Snuff with any sort of Dakers, Amber, or any other kind of colouring (except Water tinged with Venetian Red only) or shall mix, or cause to be mixed with any sort of Snuff, Fustick, or Yellow Ebony, Touchwood, or any other sort of Wood, or any Dirt, Sand, or small Tobacco sifted from Tobacco, commonly called or known by the Name of Tobacco-dust, as if the said recited Act, and all the Clauses, Rules, Directions, Matters, and Things therein contained, had been reenacted in the Body of this present Act against the Offender or Offenders in making, mixing, and colouring of Snuff, as aforesaid; any Law, Statute, Matter, or Thing to the contrary notwithstanding.

1 Geo. Sess. 1. cap. 46.

All the Clauses in the Act 1 *Geo.* relating to Snuff, to extend to Dakers, Umber, or other Colouring, Fustick, &c. mixt with Snuff.

Exception.

XXIII. And

XXIII. And whereas divers Evil-disposed Persons have at the time, or soon after the Roasting of Coffee, made use of Water, Grease, Butter, or such like Materials, whereby the same is rendred Unwholsom, and greatly increased in Weight, to the Prejudice of his Majesties Revenue, the Health of his Subjects, and to the Loss of all Honest and Fair Dealers in that Commodity: For the prevention whereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Five and twentieth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall, at the Roasting of any Coffee, or before, or at any time afterwards, make use of Water, Greale, Butter, or any other Material whatsoever, which will encreale the Weight, or damnifie and prejudice the said Coffee in its Goodnels, he, she, or they shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every such Offence; and if any Trader or Dealer in Coffee shall knowingly buy or sell any such Coffee, he, she, or they shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every such Offence, one Moiety whereof to his Majesty, and the other Moiety to him or them that will sue for the same.

Roasters of Coffee making use of Water, Grease, Butter, &c. to forfeit 20*l.*

The same Penalty on Traders in Coffee

XXIV. And whereas by reason of the great Duties which are payable on several Foreign Goods and Merchandizes, fraudulent Practices and Combinations may be carried on between the Importers and Owners of such Goods, by themselves or their Agents, and the Officers of the Revenue, in pursuance whereof such Goods, are seized, and after Condemnation, on Payment of the Kings Share of the Value at which the same shall be appraized (which Value is very often less than the Duties) such Goods are returned to the Importers and Owners, or their Agents, upon their giving a moderate Gratification to the Officer, according to the Agreement made, whereby his Majesty may be greatly defrauded of his Duties: For prevention whereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Officer of the Revenue shall directly or indirectly make any Collusive Seizure of Foreign Goods, to the intent that the same may escape Payment of the Duties, he shall not only forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, but be incapable of serving his Majesty in any Office or Employment in the Revenue; as also the Importer and Owner of the Goods so collusively seized, shall forfeit treble the Value thereof, one Moiety of which Penalties and Forfeitures shall be to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall inform or sue for the same, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, wherein no Essoign, Protection, or Wager of Law, or any more than one Imparlance shall be allowed.

Penalty on Officer making Collusive Seizure.

Penalty on Importer or Owner.

XXV. Provided nevertheless, That if the Officer, or Importer and Owner of the Goods, shall discover such his Offence to the Commissioners of the Customs in England or Scotland respectively, within Two Months after the same shall have been committed, so as his Accomplice or Accomplices in such Collusive Seizure be convicted thereof, the Offender so discovering shall be clearly acquitted and discharged of such his Offence.

Officer or Importer discovering his Accomplices in 2 Months, acquitted.

XXVI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person, other than the Officer of the Revenue making such Collusive Seizure, or the Importer and Owner of the Goods so seized, shall, within Three Months after such Seizure, discover to the Commissioners of the Customs in England or Scotland respectively, any Person or Persons, who shall have been guilty of such Fraud, so as such Person or Persons be convicted thereof, the Person so discovering shall receive to his own Use one half part of his Majesties Share of what shall be recovered on the Conviction of such Offender or Offenders.

Reward for any other discovering in 3 Months.

XXVII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all Cases, touching which no special Distribution is provided by this Act, one Moiety of the several Penalties and Forfeitures in this Act mentioned, shall be to the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs

Distribution of Forfeitures.

Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to such Person or Persons as shall sue for and prosecute the same, by Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland (except where it is in this Act otherwise directed) wherein no Essoign, Protection, or Wager of Law shall be allowed.

Anno 5 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XVIII.

An Act for recovering the Credit of the *British* Fishery in Foreign Parts; and for better securing the Duties on Salt.

Preamble.

Whereas it is found by Experience, that the Allowances given by the several Acts of Parliament relating to the Duties on Salt upon the Exportation of Fish, do much exceed the Duty of the Salt used in curing the same, which is so far from being an Encouragement to a Fair Trade, that it is rather an Inducement to the Curers and Exporters of Fish to commit several Frauds, by curing the said Fish in so deficient a manner, that it will but just serve the Examination upon shipping it off, and not keep Good to Foreign Markets, to the great Disparagement of the British Fishery, as well as Diminution of his Majesties said Duties: Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That the present Allowances given by the Laws relating to the Duties upon Salt upon the Exportation of Fish, shall not be paid for any Fish that shall be exported from and after the Four and twentieth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen; but that the Curers of Fish shall from thenceforth be allowed to import Foreign Salt, or take from any Salt-Work, or Salt-Pits, any such Quantity of British Salt, where the same is allowed by Law, for the curing of Fish for Exportation, as they shall think proper for curing Fish for Foreign Markets, without paying any Duty to his Majesty for the same, except the Customs payable upon the Importation thereof; such Foreign Salt being landed, or such British Salt being taken from the said Salt-Pits, or Salt-Works, and weighed in the presence of an Officer for the Duties on Salt; and such Foreign or British Salt being lodged in a Warehouse, under the Lock and Key of the said Officer, as well as the Proprietor of the said Salt; which Foreign or British Salt, so lodged, as aforesaid, shall remain in the Custody of the said Officer joyntly with the said Proprietor, of the said Salt, during all the several Intervals of the respective Fishing Seasons; the Proprietor or Proprietors, or his or their Agent or Agents, entring at the next Office for the Duty on Salt, the respective Quantities of Foreign or British Salt so lodged by him or them, from time to time, as aforesaid; and the said Officer keeping an Account of every respective Quantity of the said Salt, so weighed and lodged in his Custody, as aforesaid; and that at the beginning of every of the several Fishing Seasons, the Proprietor or Proprietors of the said Salt, or his or their Agent or Agents, shall make Oath in Writing before the Officer for the Duty on Salt, at the Office nearest to the Place where the said Salt is lodged, declaring the Quantity of the Foreign or British Salt respectively lodged, as aforesaid; and that all the said Salt is intended for the curing of Fish for Exportation only, and shall not by his or their Order, Consent, or Connivance, directly or indirectly, be sold, given away, or any ways delivered, but for the purpose aforesaid; after which Oath so made, as aforesaid, and filed up by the said Officer in the said Office for the Duty on Salt, as aforesaid, the Officer in whose joynt Custody

The present Allowances given on Salt, shall not be paid for any Fish exported after 24 *June*, 1719.

Curers of Fish for Exportation may use Foreign Salt or *British* Salt, without Duty, except the Customs.

Such Salt to be weighed and warehoused.

At every fishing Season Proprietor to make Oath of the Quantity, and that it is intended for curing Fish for Exportation only:

Cuſtody with the Proprietor or Proprietors, his or their Agent or Agents the Salt has continued, during the Interval of the Fiſhing Seaſon, ſhall deliver into the ſole Cuſtody of the ſaid Proprietor or Proprietors, his or their Agent or Agents, all the ſaid Salt for the curing of Fiſh taken during the ſaid Fiſhing Seaſon; and that at the end of every Fiſhing Seaſon, the Officer for the ſaid Duty on Salt ſhall take a particular Account of the Quantities of Foreign and Britiſh Salt reſpectively remaining in Hand; which remaining Salt ſhall be immediately locked up in the joynt Cuſtody of the ſaid Officer and Proprietor or Proprietors, his or their Agent or Agents, as aforeſaid; and the ſaid Proprietor or Proprietors, his or their Agent or Agents of the ſaid Salt, uſing the ſaid Salt, as aforeſaid, ſhall, as ſoon as poſſible, after the end of every Fiſhing Seaſon, deliver alſo an Account in Writing into the ſaid Office for the Duty on Salt, as aforeſaid, containing the Quantity of Fiſh exported, or entred and ſhipped to be exported, on which the Salt taken away after its Delivery into the ſole Cuſtody of the ſaid Proprietor or Proprietors, his or their Agent or Agents, has been uſed or conſumed, together with a Certificate or Certificates by the proper Officers of the ſeveral Ports where the ſaid Fiſh were ſhipped for Exportation, verifying the ſaid Account; which Certificates the ſaid Officers are hereby directed to give gratis; which ſaid Account, delivered into the ſaid Office, as aforeſaid, ſhall be affirmed by the Oath of the ſaid Proprietor or Proprietors uſing the ſaid Salt, as aforeſaid, or his or their Agent or Agents who have uſed the ſame, and ſhall remain in the ſaid Office, to the end that the Quantity of Fiſh cured for Exportation, and the Quantity of Salt uſed in curing the ſaid Fiſh, may, from time to time, appear upon Oath, and be compared together; and in caſe any of the ſaid Salt ſhall be delivered over to any other Perſons, and uſed by them in curing of Fiſh, the ſeveral Quantities of Salt ſo delivered over, ſhall be expreſſed in the ſaid Account; and each Perſon to whom ſuch Salt ſhall be ſo delivered, or his Agent, ſhall likewiſe, upon Oath, make another Account of the particular Quantity of ſuch Salt uſed by each of them in the curing of Fiſh ſo exported or ſhipped for Exportation, as aforeſaid; which ſaid Account, together with proper Certificates, as aforeſaid, ſhall likewiſe be tranſmitted into the Office aforeſaid, there to remain for the purpoſes above mentioned: But if ſuch Proprietor or Proprietors, his or their Agent or Agents, or any other Perſon or Perſons, to whom any Quantity of Salt ſhall be by them delivered over, as aforeſaid, ſhall, for the ſpace of Six Months after the end of every reſpective Fiſhing Seaſon, neglect or refuſe to deliver ſuch Account atteſted upon Oath, as aforeſaid, ſuch Proprietor or Proprietors, and ſuch other Perſon or Perſons, as aforeſaid, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit Forty Pounds.

Then the Salt to be delivered to the Proprietor.

After fiſhing Seaſon an Account to be taken of the remaining Salt, and to be warehouſed.

Proprietor to give an Account of the Quantity of Fiſh exported, on which the Salt was uſed, &c.

Salt delivered over to any other to be accounted for.

Penalty.

II. And to the end that no part of the Salt delivered into the ſole Cuſtody of the Proprietor or Proprietors thereof, or of his or their Agent or Agents, or by them to any other Perſons, for the curing of Fiſh for Exportation only, during the ſaid ſeveral Fiſhing Seaſons, may be ſold, given away, or otherwiſe delivered, or uſed, directly or indirectly, but for the purpoſe aforeſaid; and to obviate the Frauds which the Publick Revenue would otherwiſe be expoſed to by the preſent Relaxation of the former Laws, and the Indulgence intended hereby to the fair Trader: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for every Buſhel of Salt ſo taken out of the Cellars or Salt-works, which ſhall not be accounted for in the manner above mentioned, by the Oaths of the Perſons and proper Certificates, or by Certificate from the Juſtices of the Peace at the Quarter-Seſſions, that Proof was there made that ſuch Salt was put on board any Boat or Veſſel for curing of Fiſh at Sea, and was there taken by Enemies, or otherwiſe loſt or periſhed at Sea, or ſhall not be returned into, or found remaining at the end of every Fiſhing Seaſon, in the Cellars or Warehouſes, as aforeſaid, the Proprietor or Proprietors thereof, his or their Agent or Agents, who took out the ſame, or the Perſon or Perſons

Every Buſhel of Salt taken out of the Cellars, and not accounted for, forfeits 20 s.

sons to whom the same, or any part thereof, was delivered for curing of Fish, as aforesaid, shall respectively, according to each of their respective Quantities with which they stand accountable, forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Shillings; and every such Person selling, giving away, using, or delivering any such Salt, or Consenting, or being any ways Privy to the selling, giving away, using, or delivering such Salt, directly or indirectly, otherwise than for the Purposes aforesaid, shall forfeit, pay, and undergo the Penalties and Punishments herein after mentioned; that is to say, every Proprietor of such Salt, or his Agent, for every Bushel of such Salt so sold, given away, used, or delivered, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Shillings, One third part thereof to the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the Remainder thereof to such Person that shall inform or sue for the same; and every other Person buying, taking, or using any such Salt, otherwise than for the Purposes aforesaid, and in the Manner aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Shillings for every Bushel of Salt so bought, delivered, or used, and after that Rate for a greater or lesser Quantity; One third part thereof for the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the Remainder thereof to such Person or Persons that shall inform or sue for the same: Which said Sums or Penalties shall be levied in such Manner as other Penalties herein after mentioned are to be levied; or in Default of Payment of such Sums, within Fourteen Days after Conviction of such Crime, and where no sufficient Effects can be found to answer the same, the Person or Persons so offending shall be sent to the House of Correction, there to be Whipt, and kept to hard Labour for any time not exceeding Three Months.

Such Salt sold, given away, used, or bought, otherwise than for curing Fish, forfeits 20 s. the Bushel.

In Default of Payment, Offender to be sent to the House of Correction.

III. And for preventing the imbezilling of Salt lodged under the Lock and Key of the Officer and Proprietors, during the Intervals of the respective Fishing Seasons; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for every Bushel of such Salt so lodged, which shall either be carried away, or shall be found wanting at the Redelivering thereof into the sole Custody of the Proprietor, reasonable Allowances for the Waste of such Salt being first made, the said Proprietor or Proprietors shall forfeit Twenty Shillings.

Salt wanting at redelivering, forfeits 20 s. the Bushel.

IV. And for preventing any Frauds, Imbezilments, or Misapplication of any Foreign Salt, after it is imported or landed, and before it is cellared and stored up under the joynt Custody of the Proprietor and the Officer for the Salt-Duties for curing of Fish for Exportation, as aforesaid, and of any British Salt after its being weighed and taken from the Salt-Works or Salt-Pits of Great Britain, and before it is stored and locked up by the Proprietor and the Officer for the Salt-Duties for curing of Fish for Exportation, as before mentioned: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That any Person or Persons who, from and after the Four and twentieth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, shall take away, imbezil, or misapply any Foreign Salt, after the Importation or landing thereof, and before it is cellared and stored up for the curing of Fish, as above mentioned, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Shillings for every Bushel of Foreign Salt so taken away, imbezilled, or misapplied, reckoning such Foreign Salt at Eighty and four Pounds Weight to the Bushel, and so in proportion for a greater or less Quantity; and any Person or Persons who, from and after the said Four and twentieth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, shall take away, imbezil, or misapply any British Salt after it is weighed at, and carried from any Salt-Work or Salt-Pit in Great Britain, and before it is brought unto, and locked up in any Cellar or Storehouse by the Proprietor and the Officer for the Salt-Duties for the curing of Fish, as directed by this Act, every such Person or Persons shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Shillings for every Bushel of British Salt so taken away, imbezilled, or misapplied, reckoning such British Salt at Fifty and six Pounds Weight to the Bushel, and so in proportion for a greater or less Quantity.

Foreign Salt imbezilled after Importation, and before cellaring, forfeits 20 s. the Bushel, at 84 lb. to the Bushel.

British Salt imbezilled forfeits 10 s. the Bushel, at 56 lb. to the Bushel.

V. And

V. And whereas conſiderable Quantities of Foreign and Britiſh Salt, as alſo ſome Quantities of Salt which has already been laid on Fiſh, and returned unconſumed, deſigned for the curing of Fiſh, the Duties whereof are paid or ſecured to be paid, are in the Hands of ſeveral Perſons, Dealers in Fiſh, which Quantities of Salt ought to be returned under the Lock and Key of the Officers of the Duties on Salt in England, and the Officers of the Cuſtoms in Scotland, and the Duties thereof repaid, or the Security given vacated and diſcharged: Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all ſuch Foreign and Britiſh Salt, as alſo ſuch Quantities of Salt which have already been laid on Fiſh, and returned unconſumed, remaining in the proper Cuſtody of any Perſon or Perſons, the Duties whereof have been paid or ſecured in England, on or before the Firſt day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighteen, and in Scotland, on or before the Firſt day of October, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighteen, ſhall be again put under the Lock and Key of the Salt-Officers in England, and of the Cuſtom-houſe Officers in Scotland reſpectively, on or before the Firſt day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen, by delivering to them Keys of all the Cellars wherein ſuch Salt is lodged and cellared, and thereupon weighing the ſame in the preſence of the ſaid Officers, with all convenient Diligence, and without Delay; and upon a Debenture, to be prepared by the Collector of his Majeſties Cuſtoms at the Port within the Precinct whereof ſuch Salt is lodged or cellared, as aforeſaid, and verified by the proper Officer as to the Quantity of Salt actually cellared, the Security given for the Duties of the ſaid Salt ſhall be vacated and diſcharged, or the Duties repaid by the ſaid Collector, if in Scotland, or by the Officers of the Duties on Salt, if in England, out of the Monies in their Hands ariſing from the ſaid Duties, ſo as it appears by the Salt, or Cuſtom-houſe Books, that the Salt was imported or delivered on or before the Firſt day of October, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighteen, in Scotland, or on or before the Firſt day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighteen, in England; and that the Duties thereof were paid, or ſecured to be paid; and that the Proprietor of the Salt, or his Agent, make Oath, that this is the ſame Salt that was ſo imported or delivered; and in caſe there is not Money in their Hands ſufficient to diſcharge the ſaid Debentures, then, and in that caſe, upon a Certificate thereof to be given gratis, the ſaid Debentures for Salt, cellared in England, ſhall be paid by the Commiſſioners for the Duties on Salt; and the ſaid Debentures for Salt, cellared in Scotland, ſhall be paid by the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms or Exciſe in Scotland, at the Option of the Merchant, in the ſame manner as Debentures for Fiſh exported are now by Law made payable.

Salt that has paid the Duty, to be again under Lock and Key of the proper Officers before 1 *June* 1719.

And on a Debenture the Security to be vacated, or the Duties repaid, &c.

VI. And for the better Encouragement of the Fiſhing Trade of Great Britain, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for all ſuch Fiſh hereafter mentioned as ſhall be exported from any Port or Place in Great Britain into Parts beyond the Seas by any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, the Rates or Sums of Money hereafter expreſſed, that is to ſay, For every Cask or Veſſel of Pilchards or Scads, containing Fifty Gallons, Seven Shillings; for every Hundred of Codfiſh, Ling, or Hake, (except dried Codfiſh, Ling, or Hake, commonly called Haberdines) which ſhall contain in Length Fourteen Inches, or upwards, from the Bone in the Fin to the Third Joynt in the Tail of every ſuch Fiſh, Five Shillings; for every Barrel of wet Codfiſh, Ling, or Hake, containing Thirty two Gallons, Two Shillings; for every Hundred Weight of dried Codfiſh, Ling, or Hake, commonly called Haberdines, Three Shillings; for every Barrel of Salmon, containing Forty two Gallons, Four Shillings and Six Pence; for every Barrel of White Herrings, containing Thirty two Gallons, Two Shillings and Eight Pence; for every Barrel of full Red Herrings, containing Thirty two Gallons, One Shilling and Nine Pence; for every Barrel of clean ſhotten Red Herrings, containing Thirty two

Allowances on Fiſh exported.

Gallons, One Shilling; for every Last of dried Red Sprats, One Shilling; and so in Proportion for a greater or lesser Quantity of all and every the said Kinds of Fish, shall be paid by the Officer appointed to collect the Duties on Salt in the same Port from whence any such Fish shall be exported, within Thirty Days after Demand thereof, on a Debenture to be prepared by the Collector of the Customs in the Port where such Fish shall be entred out for Exportation, and verified by the Person executing the Office of Searcher in such Port, as to the Quantity of Fish actually shipped; and that the Oath of the Exporter or Agent be first taken before the Principal Officers of the said Port before the Debenture be allowed (who are hereby required and impowered to give the said Oath) that the Fish in such Debenture mentioned were British taken, and really exported to or for Parts beyond the Seas, and not relanded, or intended to be relanded in Great Britain; for which Debenture no Fee or Reward shall be taken; and in case the Officer hereby directed to pay such Debenture shall not have sufficient Money in his Hands to pay the same, then, upon Certificate thereof by him made (which Certificate he is hereby required to give the Party gratis, and without Delay) the Principal Commissioners for managing his Majesties Revenue of Excise upon Salt for the time being, shall be chargeable with the said Payment, to be made in Course out of the first Money in their Hands arising out of the said Duties upon Salt; and the said Debentures for Fish exported from Scotland, shall be paid by the Commissioners of the Customs or Excise in Scotland at the Option of the Merchant, in the same manner as Debentures for Fish exported are now by Law made payable; and any Officer neglecting or refusing to pay the said Money, or to give such Certificate as is here directed, shall forfeit double the Sum so to be paid to the Party grieved, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, wherein no Essoign, Protection, or Wager of Law, shall be allowed: And that

Officers to cut off part of the Tail of Codfish, &c. before the Exportation,

it shall and may be lawful for the Officers for the said Duties on Salt, upon the Exportation of any Codfish, Ling, or Hake, and before the same shall be laid on board for Exportation, to cut off part of the Tail of every such Codfish, Ling, or Hake, to the intent it may be known that such Codfish, Ling, or Hake hath been exported, and Allowances obtained on Exportation thereof, in case the same shall be relanded or reimported; and also that it shall be lawful, upon the Exportation of any Pilchards, Scads, White Herrings, Red Herrings, Salmon, or dried Red Sprats, and before the same shall be laid on board for Exportation, to mark any Cask, Barrel, or other Vessel, wherein any such Pilchards, Scads, White Herrings, Red Herrings, Salmon, or dried Red Sprats, shall be exported, to the intent it may be known that such Pilchards, Scads, White Herrings, Red Herrings, Salmon, or dried Red Sprats, have been exported, and Allowances obtained on Exportation of the same, in case the same be relanded or reimported; and that in case any Codfish, Ling, or Hake, or any Pilchards, Scads, White Herrings, Red Herrings, Salmon, or dried Red Sprats, shall (after the same shall be exported) be fraudulently Relanded in Great Britain, or Reimported, all the said Fish so Relanded or Reimported, shall be forfeited and lost, and double the Value thereof, to be recovered of the Importer or Proprietor thereof; and that no Allowance shall be paid out of the said Duties on Salt for or on account of the Exportation of any Fish that shall not be well cured, or shall be unmerchantable.

and to mark the Barrels wherein Pilchards, &c. are.

Such Fish relanded, forfeited.

No Allowance for unmerchantable Fish.

Officers may enter into Warehouses to view the Fish curing, &c.

VII. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Officers for the said Duties on Salt, at all times when Fish are curing, bulking, or packing, and at all other times, in the Day (or in the Night) in the Presence of a Constable, or other lawful Officer of the Peace, to enter and come into the Cellars and Warehouses of all Curers of Fish, to view and inspect them, during the time of their curing Fish; and to gauge the Salt when they shall think it necessary for the Discovering of any Frauds; and to mark the Casks wherein the Fish

are

are put up for Exportation, and to see them exported; and if any Person or Persons shall obstruct or hinder any of the said Officers in the Performance of their Duties aforesaid, then, and in every such Case, the Person offending therein shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds. Resisting Officer forfeits 20 *l.*

VIII. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That where any Fish entitled by Law to any Premium or Allowance upon Exportation thereof, shall be loaden for Exportation, and duly entred and past by the proper Officer, at any time after the Twenty fifth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and the said Fish shall be lost or spoiled before the Ships Proceeding on her Voyage, as aforesaid, then the proper Officer of the Port or Ports where the said Fish so lost or spoiled was or shall be entred, shall be obliged, upon due Proof thereof made upon Oath before any of the Chief Officers of such Port, who have hereby Power to administer the same, by the Proprietor or Proprietors of the said Fish, or his or their Agents, to make out Debentures for the Premium or Bounty of the said Fish, as if the said Fish had been actually exported to Parts beyond the Seas: Provided the said Fish was sunk in the Sea or Port where the said Ship was lost or destroyed in the Sight of the proper Officer where any of the said Fish shall come ashore; and that no Use be made of the said Fish by the Proprietor or Proprietors, or his or their Agents; and that the said Officer is hereby required to cause such Fish to be burnt, or otherwise destroyed; any thing in this or any other Act to the contrary notwithstanding. Fish lost or spoiled before the Ship proceeds on her Voyage, to be allowed the Bounty.

IX. And whereas the Ship Severn Galley of Bristol, being in the River of Bristol in or about the Month of February, One thousand seven hundred and eighteen, and the Ship George Galley of London, being in Leostaff Road in or about the Month of October, One thousand seven hundred and seventeen, and the Ship James of Leith, being in the Port of Caston in the Isles of Orkneys in or about the Month of December, One thousand seven hundred and thirteen, the said Ships were, by stress of Weather, or other Accidents, severally cast away and lost in or very near the respective Ports where the same were loaden; and at the times of their being respectively Lost, the said Ships were severally loaden with Fish, and other Goods, for Exportation into Parts beyond the Seas; which several Ladings of Fish, or part thereof, were lost and utterly spoiled, and rendred unfit for any Market: And whereas some Doubt hath arisen about the making out the Debentures for the Drawbacks or Bounties for the Fish that was so spoiled, as aforesaid: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the proper Officers at the several Ports where the said several Ships were respectively Loaden, do, upon due Proof by the Oaths of the respective Proprietors of the said Fish, or their respective Agents, that such Fish was really lost, or have been destroyed in the Presence of One or more of the said Officers, after the same had been loaden and entred out for Exportation, without Intention of being Relanded in Great Britain (which Oath the Principal Officer at such Port is hereby Impowered to administer) make out Debentures for the Drawbacks and Bounties for the said Fish so lost or destroyed, as aforesaid, in the same manner as is directed to be done by the several Acts of Parliament now in force for Fish really exported into Parts beyond the Seas; any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding. Proviso for the *Severn Galley*, *George Galley*, the Ship *James* of *Leith*.

X. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Red Herrings or Sprats shall, during the time of drying or curing, be burnt or consumed by Fire, by which means such Red Herrings or Sprats shall be rendred unfit for Use, in such case the Number or Quantity of Red Herrings or Sprats so burnt, consumed, or rendred unfit for Use, shall be computed by the Proprietor of the said Herrings or Sprats, in Conjunction with the Salt-Officer of the said Port or Place, according to the best of their Skill and Judgment; which Computation so made, and added to the Account to be given in of the Quantity of Herrings or Sprats exported Red Herrings or Sprats consumed by Fire, to be taken as if they were really exported.

portеd or ſhipped for Exportation, ſhall be accepted and taken at the Salt-Office in the ſame manner as if all the ſaid Herrings had been really exported.

Salt imported from *Jerſey*, &c. liable to the ſame Duties as Foreign Salt.

XI. And whereas by an Act made in the Third Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty King George [Intituled, An Act for continuing the Duties on Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventeen; and to authorize Allowances to be made to certain Receivers; and to obviate a Doubt concerning Goods imported from the Iſlands of *Jerſey*, *Guernſey*, *Sark*, and *Alderney*; and to aſcertain the Duties upon Sheep-skins, and Lamb-skins; and to prevent Frauds in the Duties upon Starch; and for making forth Duplicates of Exchequer Bills, Lottery Tickets, and Orders, Loſt, Burnt, or Deſtroyed; and for enlarging the time for adjuſting Claims in ſeveral Lotteries; and for preventing Frauds in the Duties on Low-Wines and Spirits carried Coaſtwiſe] It is Enacted, That the Inhabitants of the Iſlands of Jerſey, Guernſey, Sark, and Alderney, ſhall and may, with and under ſuch Certificates and Oaths as are therein mentioned, import into any lawful Port of Great Britain, any Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes of the Growth, Produce, and Manufacture of the ſaid Iſlands, or any of them, without paying any Cuſtoms, Subſidies or Duties for or in reſpect thereof, except ſuch Exciſe or other Duties as is now or ſhall hereafter, for the time being, be due and payable for the like Goods of the Growth, Produce, and Manufacture of Great Britain: And whereas it is found by Experience, that the Indulgence and Bounty given by the ſaid Act, has been an Occaſion of Tempting many evil-diſpoſed Perſons to bring in great Quantities of French Salt from Guernſey, under a pretence that the ſame was of the Produce of that Iſland, by Certificates, which are ſince diſcovered to be forged; to the great Prejudice of the Revenue, and the Diminution of the Trade of the Makers of Salt in Great Britain: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Firſt day of May, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen, all Salt imported from any of the ſaid Iſlands ſhall be liable to the ſame Duties upon the Importation thereof as any other Foreign Salt whatſoever. 3 Geo. cap. 4.

Allowance for Herrings exported from *Scotland* in Barrels of *Scots* Gauge before 1 *May*, 1719.

XII. And whereas the Laws and Acts of Parliament in Scotland, reſerved in force by the Eighth Article of Union, do, among other things, Enact, That the Herring Barrel ſhall contain Eight Gallons Two Pints, Scots Meaſure, which amounts only to Nine and twenty Gallons, Three Pints, One Gill and an half, Engliſh Wine Meaſure; in conſequence whereof all the Herring Barrels made in Scotland ſince the Union, as well as before, have been made according to the aforeſaid Standard, and great Numbers of ſuch Barrels remain now in Hand: And whereas Doubts have ariſen in Scotland about the Payment of the preſent Allowances upon White Herrings exported, unleſs they are put up and packed in Barrels, containing preciſely Thirty two Gallons, Engliſh Wine Meaſure; and alſo about the Payment of proportionable Allowances for Half Barrels, howſoever convenient for Stowage the ſaid Half Barrels are: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the preſent Allowance of Ten Shillings, Five Pence per Barrel of White Herrings ſhall be paid for all Herrings exported from Scotland in Barrels of the Scots Gauge before mentioned, and proportionally for Half Barrels; provided the ſaid Herrings have been or ſhall be exported on or before the Firſt day of May, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen.

The Proportion of the *Scots* Barrel to the *Engliſh*.

XIII. And foraſmuch as great Inconvenience would ariſe to the Owners of the ſaid Herring Barrels remaining now in Hand, ſhould the Uſe thereof be diſallowed, or no Premium be granted upon Herrings therein exported: Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Premiums granted by this Act upon White Herrings ſhall and may be paid upon Herrings exported in the aforeſaid Barrels, in ſuch proportion as the Gauge of the ſaid Barrels bear to Thirty two Gallons Engliſh Wine Meaſure; provided the ſaid Barrels be filled with Herrings on or before the Firſt day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty.

XIV. And

Salmon exported in unfizeable Barrels.

XIV. And whereas divers Merchants have exported several Quantities of Salmon in Barrels or Boxes that were neither agreeable to the Scotch or English Laws, and the Officers of the Customs having gauged the said Barrels or Boxes, have given Debentures for the Allowance or Drawback in Proportion to Forty two Gallons, English Wine Measure, wherein no Circumstances of Fraud do appear: Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Debentures shall and may be paid and satisfied in such manner as they ought to have been, if such Exportation had been made and carried on according to the Rules and Directions of the Law.

The Contents of the Herring and Salmon Barrel.

XV. And for preventing the like Mistakes and Irregularities for the future, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First day of June, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, the Contents of the Herring and Salmon Barrel shall be the same throughout the whole United Kingdom of Great Britain; that is to say, the Herring Barrel shall contain Thirty two Gallons, and the Salmon Barrel Forty two Gallons; and that all Exportation of Salmon or Herrings in Barrels of a different Size or Content, the empty Herring Barrels now in hand excepted, shall be adjudged and taken to be an unlawful Exportation, and shall not entitle the Exporter to any Premium in respect of the same.

Herrings and Salmon may be exported in Half Barrels.

XVI. Provided nevertheless, forasmuch as it may be convenient for the Merchants, for the better Stowage in the Ships in which such Exportation of Herring or Salmon is made, to pack up some part thereof in Half Barrels: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to export Herring or Salmon in Half Barrels, according to the Proportion of the Barrels above mentioned respectively, but in no other Barrels or Cask of any other Size or Content whatsoever; and they shall, by virtue of this Act, be entitled to a proportionable Premium or Drawback for every such Half Barrel, videlicet, Half what they would be entitled to in case the Exportation had been made in whole Barrels.

Brine carried from the Pits, for curing Flesh or Fish, to forfeit 40 s. per Gallon.

XVII. And whereas by the said Laws relating to the Duties on Salt, it is Provided, That no Person whatsoever shall make use of any Brine for the pickling or curing of Flesh or Fish, or for preserving of any Provisions before the same is boiled into Salt: For the better preventing Frauds therein, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Person who shall carry or convey, or cause any Brine to be carried or conveyed from the Pits (other than such Person or Persons who are known Proprietors of Pans for boiling the same into White Salt) shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Forty Shillings for every Gallon of Brine so carried and conveyed, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser Quantity.

2 & 3 A. c. 14.

XVIII. And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Second and Third Years of the Reign of her late Majesty Queen Anne, Intituled, An Act for the better Securing and Regulating the Duties upon Salt, It is Provided, That in case any Ship or Vessel should come into any Port of England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, from Ireland, or any other Foreign Part, having on board any Quantity of Salt, which was taken in only for the necessary Provisions of the Ship for such Voyage, or for curing of Fish, it should be lawful for the Master of such Ship or Vessel to land the Salt, so as an Entry should be made thereof within Ten Days after his first coming into such Port, and the Duties paid down or secured for the same, before the same, or any part thereof, should be landed or taken out of any Ship or Vessel; nevertheless for want of sufficient Penalties to enforce Obedience thereto, several Masters of Vessels, who, since the making the said Act, have imported such Salt, have refused or neglected to enter and pay the Duties for the Salt by them so imported, as aforesaid, within the time limited by the said Act: Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any Master of any Ship or Vessel, who shall, after

Foreign Salt imported, taken in for neceſſary Proviſions for the Voyage, or for curing of Fiſh, not entred in 10 Days, forfeited, and double the Value.

after the Twenty fourth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen, impoꝛt oꝛ bring into any Poꝛt oꝛ Place in Great Britain from Ireland, oꝛ any other Foꝛeign Part, any Quantity of Salt, which was taken in only foꝛ the neceſſary Proviſions of the Ship foꝛ ſuch Voyage, oꝛ foꝛ curing of Fiſh, as afoꝛeſaid, ſhall refuſe oꝛ neglect to enter and pay, oꝛ ſecure the Duty foꝛ the ſame, within Ten Days after his firſt coming into any ſuch Poꝛt oꝛ Place, and befoꝛe the ſame, oꝛ any part thereof, ſhall be landed oꝛ taken out of any ſuch Ship oꝛ Veſſel, all the Salt ſo impoꝛted ſhall be foꝛfeited and loſt, and the Maſter oꝛ other Perſon, Commander of the Ship oꝛ Veſſel wherein any ſuch Salt ſhall be impoꝛted, oꝛ the Owner oꝛ Impoꝛter of ſuch Salt ſhall likewiſe foꝛfeit double the Value thereof.

No Owner of Salt-Works to act as a Juſtice of Peace in Mattersrelating to Salt-Duties.

XIX. And be it further Enacted by the Authoꝛity afoꝛeſaid, That no Pꝛopꝛietoꝛ oꝛ Owner of Salt-Woꝛks, oꝛ who ſhall have any Intereſt in, oꝛ any Rent, Pꝛofit, oꝛ Benefit reſerved upon, iſſuing out of, oꝛ any ways ariſing by any Salt-Pits, Salt-Woꝛks, Stoꝛehouſes, oꝛ other Places made uſe of by any Maker, Refiner, Impoꝛter, oꝛ Dealer in Salt, ſhall Act as a Juſtice of the Peace in any Matter oꝛ Thing relating to the Duties on Salt, oꝛ any Offence committed againſt the Laws relating to the ſame.

Maſter of Ship carrying Salt from *Scotland* to *England*, or Coaſtwiſe, ſhall before landing give a Particular of the Salt to the Salt-Officer on Oath, &c.

XX. And be it further Enacted, That all and every Maſter and Commander of any Ship oꝛ Veſſel whatſoever, that from and after the Four and twentieth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen, ſhall tranſpoꝛt oꝛ carry any Foꝛeign Salt from Scotland, oꝛ any of the Iſlands thereunto belonging, into England, oꝛ from any one Place oꝛ Poꝛt to any other Poꝛt oꝛ Place within the Kingdom of Great Britain, ſhall, befoꝛe he oꝛ they land oꝛ deliver ſuch Salt on ſhoꝛe (by him ſo tranſpoꝛted oꝛ carried) deliver to the Officers foꝛ collecting the Duties on Salt in the ſaid Poꝛt oꝛ Place appointed to receive the ſame, a true particular of the Quantity ſo tranſpoꝛted and carried, as afoꝛeſaid, ſigned by the Officers foꝛ collecting the ſaid Duties on Salt, and by the Officers of the Cuſtoms foꝛ the Poꝛt oꝛ Place from whence the ſaid Ship oꝛ Veſſel came; and then the Maſter oꝛ his Mate, oꝛ the Boatſwain of ſuch Ship oꝛ Veſſel, ſhall make Oath befoꝛe the Commiſſioners foꝛ collecting the ſaid Duties on Salt, oꝛ their Officers, ſome oꝛ one of them (who are hereby impowered to adminiſter the ſame, without Fee oꝛ Reward) that to his Knowledge there hath not been laid on board, oꝛ taken into the ſaid Ship oꝛ Veſſel any Salt ſince he oꝛ they came from ſuch Poꝛt, as afoꝛeſaid; and in caſe ſuch Ship oꝛ Veſſel be to deliver one part of her Salt at one Poꝛt, and another part at another Poꝛt oꝛ Poꝛts, that then the Officers foꝛ collecting the ſaid Duties, and Officers of the Cuſtoms, where ſuch Salt ſhall be delivered, ſhall certifie on the backſide of the Cocquet, Tranſire, oꝛ other Warrant, oꝛ elſe by Certificate only under the Hands and Seals of the Officers, how much, and what Quantity of the Salt mentioned in the Cocquet, Tranſire, oꝛ other Warrant, from the Poꝛt from whence ſuch Ship oꝛ Veſſel came, hath been there landed and delivered, upon the Penalty of foꝛfeiting double the Value of the Salt that ſhall be otherwiſe delivered, and Ten Shillings per Buſhel.

Penalty.

Salt-Officers may demand a Sight of the Cocquet, and weigh the Salt:

XXI. And be it further Enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and foꝛ the Officer and Officers of the ſaid Duties on Salt, at every unlading Poꝛt oꝛ Creek of ſuch Ship oꝛ Veſſel, to go on board the ſame, befoꝛe the Delivery thereof, and to demand a Sight of ſuch Cocquet to be given, as afoꝛeſaid, and to weigh the Salt upon unlading the ſame; and if the Salt on the weighing the ſame ſhall be found to be moꝛe in Weight than what is contained in the ſaid Cocquet, that then the Surpluſſage that ſhall exceed the Quantity contained in the ſaid Cocquet, ſhall be foꝛfeited, the one Moiety thereof to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heiꝛs and Succeſſoꝛs, and the other Moiety thereof to the Perſon that ſhall informe oꝛ ſue foꝛ the ſame; and if the Maſter of ſuch Ship oꝛ Veſſel ſhall refuſe to ſhew unto ſuch Officer the ſaid Cocquet, upon due Requeſt made, to the end he may ſee whether the Salt ſo unlading be

be the same Quantity with that contained in the Cocquet, That then, and in such case, it shall be lawful for the said Officer to seize the said Salt, and detain the same until the said Cocquet be produced: Provided always, that if the said Cocquet, having been duly taken out, be not shewn to such Officer in Four Days after the Seizure thereof, that then, and in such case, the Salt so seized shall be forfeited.

Master refusing, Officer may seize the Salt till Cocquet produced, &c.

XXII. And whereas the Importers of Foreign Salt do, after they come into Port, and before they enter and land the same, or proceed further on their Voyage to some other Port, frequently run Salt in Boats and other small Vessels in the Night-time; and if the Officers discover the same, the Persons on board such Boats or other Vessels, not only refuse to suffer the Officers to come on board to see if they have any Salt in their Vessels, but frequently beat and abuse them: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Four and twentieth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Officers of the Customs, or the Officers of the Duties on Salt, and every of them, to go on board any Boat, Lighter, or other Vessel lying in any Port or Place, or riding upon the Sea-Coasts, and to search the same, and to see if there be any Salt on board, and to seize such Salt, in case the same be found in any other Vessel than that wherein such Salt was imported or brought into the said Port or Place, unless the same had been duly entred, or the Duties paid or secured; and all such Salt shall be forfeited and lost, or the Value thereof, to be recovered of the Master or Owner of such Boat or Vessel, who shall likewise be liable to all other Penalties and Forfeitures, as if the same had been landed without Entring or Payment of the Duty; and every Person or Persons who shall obstruct or hinder any Officer or Officers in going on board any such Boat or Vessel, and searching the same, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Forty Pounds.

Officers of the Customs or Salt may go on board any Vessel, to see if there be any Salt there, &c.

Hindring Officer forfeits 40*l.*

XXIII. And whereas by an Act made in the Second Year of the Reign of her late Majesty Queen Anne, [Intituled, An Act for the better securing and regulating the Duties on Salt] Reciting, that great Sums of Money were paid out of the Duties upon Salt on account of Debentures for Salt shipt to be exported to Foreign Parts, which Salt was afterwards very often fraudulently relanded on the Coasts of England and Wales; It is Enacted, That no Salt whatsoever, being of the Produce or Manufacture of England, Wales, Berwick upon Tweed, Scotland, or Ireland, nor any other Salt coming from Ireland, Scotland, or the Isle of Man, shall, after the First day of June, One thousand seven hundred and four, be imported or brought into any Port or Place within England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, nor taken out of any Ship or Vessel, nor put on shore within any of the said Ports or Places, upon Pain that all the Salt so imported or brought in, taken out of any Ship or Vessel, or landed, or put on shore, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning thereof, shall be forfeited and lost; and that the Ship or Vessel in which any such Salt shall be so imported or brought in, or out of which any such Salt shall be taken, or put on Shore, together with all her Tackle and Apparel, shall also be forfeited and lost; and every Person that shall take any such Salt out of any such Ship or Vessel, or carry the same on shore, or convey the same from the shore when landed, or be aiding or assisting therein, shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every such Offence, or suffer Six Months Imprisonment: And whereas some Doubts have arisen, whether English Salt, which is not actually exported to Parts beyond the Seas, but only put on board Boats, Barges, Ships, or other Vessels, in order to be exported, be within the Intent and Meaning of the said Act, although the Revenue in such case is liable to as great Frauds: And whereas great Frauds are frequently committed in relanding Fish after the same are exported, or shipt to be exported, for want of a sufficient Provision: For preventing thereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Salt or

Recital of the Salt Act, 2 *A.* cap. 14.

No Salt, or Fish, after being put on board, to be taken out, or put on shore, but in Presence of a Salt-Officer.

Rock-Salt whatsoever, nor any Herrings, Pilchards, Scads, Codfish, Ling, Hake, Salmon, or dried Red Sprats whatsoever, shall, after the same be put on board any Boat, Barge, Ship, or Vessel whatsoever, in any River, Port, or Place in Great Britain, in order to be exported to Parts beyond the Seas, from and after the Four and twentieth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, be taken out of such Boat, Barge, Ship, or Vessel, otherwise than to put such Fish into the Ships in which the same are to be exported, nor put on shore within any of the said Ports or Places, except in the Presence of some Officer of the Salt-Duties, under the same Penalties and Forfeitures, as in and by the said last recited Act is directed and appointed.

Foreign Salt put on shore before Entry, forfeits 100*l.*

XXIV. And whereas the Importers of Foreign Salt do frequently run the same on shore, without Entry or Payment of Duty; which evil Practice might in a great Measure be prevented, if more suitable Penalties were provided for discouraging the same: Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any Foreign Salt shall be landed, or put on shore, before due Entry be made thereof with the Collector or Officer appointed for the said Duties on Salt in the Port or Place where the same shall be imported, or before the Duty thereon be fully satisfied and paid, or without a Warrant for the Landing thereof, every Person who shall land, or put the same on shore, or convey the same from the shore when landed, or be aiding or assisting therein, shall, over and above the Penalties already given by Law for such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

On reshipping of Salt, Master, to be sworn, &c.

XXV. And whereas in the Laws relating to the Salt-Duties, it is provided, That Salt shipped to be carried Coastwise from one Port to another, shall not be landed till the Master hath produced a Certificate of the Quantity of Salt put on board at the Port from whence he came, and hath made Oath that there hath not been any Salt taken in since; but there is no Provision made to regulate Boats and Barges that take in Salt to be carried down any River, in order to be put on board any Ship, as aforesaid: Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That upon the reshipping any Salt, British or Foreign, or any Rock-Salt, from any Boat, Barge, Crow, Lighter, or other Vessel, into any other Ship or Vessel, and before any Dispatches be granted for the Salt so reshipped, the Master, Mate, Chief Bargeman, or Chief Boatman, that comes along with the Salt that is to be shipped on board another Vessel, shall make Oath before the Officer of the Salt-Duties (who is hereby impowered to administer the same) that all the Salt or Rock-Salt that he took in or loaded at the Place of Loading (mentioning the Quantity) is truly reshipped on board the Vessel that he shall reship it on, and that there was no Salt or Rock-Salt added to it, or taken from it at such Place of Lading, or since he came from it, to the best of his Knowledge and Belief, under the Penalty of forfeiting double the Value of the Salt that shall be otherwise reshipped, and likewise Ten Shillings per Bushel.

Penalty.

Distribution of Forfeitures.

Exception.

XXVI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Penalties and Forfeitures given by this Act, or any other Law relating to the Duties upon Salt (except where it is otherwise directed by this Act) shall be distributed in manner following, (that is to say) one Moiety thereof to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to the Officer or Officers who shall seize, sue, or inform for the same, to be sued for, recovered and levied, in such Manner and Form, and with such Power of Mitigation, as any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture may be sued for, recovered, levied, and mitigated by any Law of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster; and all and every Officer and Officers for the said Duties on Salt, are hereby authorized and impowered to seize all Salt and other things which by this or any other Act or Law relating to the Duties on Salt are declared to be forfeited.

XXVII. And

XXVII. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons, shall at any time be sued or prosecuted for any thing by him or them done or executed, in pursuance of this or any other Statute relating to the Duties upon Salt, or the Powers thereby given, he or they shall or may Plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence for his Defence; and if upon Tryal a Verdict pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs become Nonsuit, discontinue, or forbear prosecuting the said Actions, then such Defendant and Defendants shall have double Costs to him or them awarded against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, for which Costs he shall have Remedy, as in other Cases where Costs are by Law given to Defendants. General Issue.

Anno 5 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XIX.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for redeeming the Fund appropriated for Payment of the Lottery Tickets, which were made forth for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ten, by a Voluntary Subscription of the Proprietors into the Capital Stock of the *South-Sea* Company; and for raising a Sum of Money to pay off such Debts and Incumbrances as are therein mentioned; and for appropriating the Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament; and to limit Times for Prosecutions upon Bonds for exporting Cards and Dice.

MOST Gracious Sovereign, whereas by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Eighth Year of the Reign of her late Majesty Queen Anne, of Blessed Memory, [Intituled, An Act for continuing part of the Duties upon Coals, Culm, and Cynders, and granting New Duties upon Houses having Twenty Windows or more, to raise the Sum of Fifteen hundred thousand Pounds, by way of a Lottery, for the Service of the Year, One thousand seven hundred and ten,] It was Enacted, That for and during the Term of Thirty two Years, which commenced from the Twenty ninth day of September, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and ten, there should be raised, levied, collected, and paid to her said late Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Coals, Culm, and Cynders, therein expressed (except Charcoal made of Wood) the several and respective Additional or New Impositions, Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money, in that Act particularly mentioned; and for and upon every Dwelling-House inhabited, that then was, or thereafter should be erected or built within the Kingdom of Great Britain, having Twenty Windows or more, the several New Duties in that Act expressed: And it was thereby Enacted, That yearly and every Year, during the said Term, the full Sum of One hundred thirty five thousand Pounds, by or out of the Monies to arise by the said several and respective Duties, and to be brought into the Receipt of the Exchequer, in case the same should extend thereunto, should be the whole and intire yearly Fund; and in case all the Monies arising into the Exchequer of or for the said Duties, should not amount to One hundred and thirty five thousand Pounds per Annum, then the Monies so arising, so far as the same would extend, should be part of the yearly Fund for and towards answering or paying the Annuities therein after mentioned; and in case the said Duties should at any time or times appear to be so deficient or low in the Produce of the same, as that within any one Year the said Monies arising into the Exchequer for or upon account of the same Duties, should not amount to so much as One hundred Preamble reciting the Lottery Act of the Eighth of the late Queen.

hundred thirty five thousand pounds, or so much as should be sufficient to discharge and satisfie all the Annuities by that Act appointed or intended to be paid, within or for the same Year respectively, and so from time to time, and in every such case, so much as should be wanting to make up the said Fund for every or any such Year, should be supplied and made good, from time to time, out of the first Aid to be granted in Parliament next after such Deficiency should appear, and should, from time to time, be transferred thereunto, as soon as the same should be granted: And it was thereby Enacted, That it should and might be lawful for any Person or Persons, Natives or Foreigners, Bodies Politick or Corporate, to contribute for or towards advancing the Sum of Fifteen hundred thousand Pounds therein mentioned, by paying at or before the First day of September, One thousand seven hundred and ten, to the Receiver or Receivers to be appointed for that purpose, the Sum of Ten Pounds, or divers entire Sums of Ten Pounds, upon that Act, for which he, she, or they, for Thirty two Years, should be entitled to receive a Share or Dividend of the said yearly Fund; and that Lottery Tickets should be prepared and drawn, and the Shares of the Adventurers in the said Fund should be determined and ascertained in the manner thereby prescribed, as by the said Act, relation being thereunto had, may more largely appear: And whereas the Sum of Fifteen hundred thousand Pounds was contributed upon the said Act, and the Annuities payable out of the said Fund by virtue thereof, do amount as is herein after mentioned (that is to say) to the Sum of Thirty two thousand six hundred twenty five Pounds per Annum, payable half-yearly, to wit, at Lady-day and Michaelmas, by equal Portions, or within Twenty Days after every such Feast day, in respect of the Fortunate Tickets; and to the Sum of One hundred and two thousand three hundred seventy three Pounds and Twelve Shillings per Annum, payable at Michaelmas yearly, or within Twenty Days after the same Feast-day, in respect of the Tickets which did not prove to be Fortunate upon drawing of the said Lottery, pursuant to the said Act: And whereas other Tickets, commonly called Pay-Tickets, directed by the said Act, have been made forth for Payment of the said respective Annuities at the respective times before mentioned, and all the said Annuities payable out of the said Fund are satisfied until and for the Feast of St. Michael the Arch-Angel, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and seventeen, and no further; and the Sum of One hundred sixty eight thousand seven hundred forty eight Pounds, and Five Shillings, is due and in Arrear thereupon, by computing the same Annuities for One Year and a Quarter of a Year from the said Feast of St. Michael the Arch Angel, One thousand seven hundred and seventeen, until and for the Feast of the Birth of our Lord Christ, One thousand seven hundred and eighteen: And whereas the Capital or Joynt Stock of the Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, trading to the South-Seas and other parts of America, and for encouraging the Fishery, doth now amount to the Sum of Ten millions, and in respect thereof a yearly Fund of Five hundred thousand Pounds is payable to the said Governor and Company, after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, besides a Yearly Sum of Eight thousand Pounds, for or towards the Charges of the said Governor and Company for Management, subject nevertheless to such Provisoes and Powers of Redemption, as are contained in one Act of Parliament of the Third Year of 3. Geo. cap. 9.
your Majesties Reign, made (amongst other things) for redeeming the yearly Fund of the South-Sea Company, being then after the Rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum, and settling on the said Company a yearly Fund after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, redeemable by Parliament, as by the several Acts of Parliament, whereupon the said Capital or Joynt Stock, and the said yearly Fund of Five hundred thousand Pounds, and the said yearly Sum of Eight thousand Pounds, and the said Powers of Redemption, are grounded, relation being thereunto severally

tally had, may more fully appear: And whereas the Corporation of the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, is willing (upon such Terms, Conditions, and Encouragements, as are hereafter in and by this Act provided and enacted) to permit all and every or any such Persons as are, or at any time before the Twentieth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, shall be the Proprietors of the said Lottery Annuities, or any of them, for the Residue of the said Term of Thirty two Years (that is to say) for Twenty three Years and Three Quarters of a Year, to be reckoned from the Feast of the Birth of our Lord Christ, One thousand seven hundred and eighteen (in case such Proprietors, or any of them, do so think fit) to subscribe, his, her, or their Right, Property, and Interest, for, and during all such remaining Time or Term of and in every or any such Annuity or Annuities, and of and in all his, her, or their said Pay-Tickets for the same, during such residual Time or Term, into a Book or Books to be provided, as hereafter in this Act is directed, at the Rate of Eleven Years Purchase and a Half; so that he, she, or they, so subscribing, for every Twenty Shillings per Annum so subscribed for the said Term or Time of Twenty three Years and Three Quarters of a Year, shall have and be entitled to Eleven Pounds, and Ten Shillings in the Capital or Joynt Stock of the said Company, when the said Capital or Joynt Stock shall be encreased, according to the Purport and true Meaning of this Act, and proportionally for any greater or lesser Annuities which shall be so subscribed; and the said Corporation is also willing (upon the said Terms, Conditions, and Encouragements herein after mentioned) to permit all and every, or any such Persons, as are, or at any time before the said Twentieth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, shall be Proprietors of the said Sum of One hundred sixty eight thousand seven hundred forty eight Pounds, and Five Shillings, computed to be in Arrear, as aforesaid, or any part thereof, to subscribe the same into the said Book or Books; so that every such Subscriber, for the Sum so subscribed in part of the said Sum of One hundred sixty eight thousand seven hundred forty eight Pounds, and Five Shillings, shall have and be entitled to the like Sum in the said encreased Capital Stock of the said Company, according to the Purport and true Meaning of this Act: And in order to raise Money to be applied towards discharging the Principal and Interest of such National Debts and Incumbrances as were incurred before the Twenty fifth day of December, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, declared to be National Debts, and provided for by Acts of Parliament, the said Corporation is also willing to advance and pay the Sum of Seven hundred seventy eight thousand seven hundred and fifty Pounds, or so much thereof as is herein after limited and appointed, at such Times, and by such Proportions at a time, as are herein after mentioned, subject nevertheless to such Deductions, Defalcations, and Abatements to be made out of the same, as are hereafter in and by this Act allowed: Now we your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament assembled, being desirous that the Proprietors of the said Lottery Annuities, and the said Arrearages thereof (if they or any of them so think fit) may be permitted Voluntarily to subscribe the same into the Stock and encreased Stock of the said Company, as aforesaid; and that the said Sum of Seven hundred seventy eight thousand seven hundred and fifty Pounds, or so much thereof as shall be payable by the said Company in pursuance of this Act, may be applied towards discharging the Principal and Interest of such National Debts and Incumbrances as were incurred before the Twenty fifth day of December, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, Declared to be National Debts, and provided for by Acts of Parliament; and being willing to give suitable Encouragements to the said Corporation in Consideration thereof, do most humbly present to your Majesty the several Impositions, Rates, and Duties herein after mentioned, and do humbly pray your Majesty, that it may

Proprietors of Lottery Tickets 10 *Annæ* may (if they think fit) subscribe the same into the *South-Sea* Stock.

The Sum of 778750 *l.* to be applied to discharge National Debts incurred before 25 *Dec.* 1716.

may be Enacted; And be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That all such several and respective Impositions, Rates, and Duties, for and upon all Coals, Culm, and Cynders, and for and upon every Dwelling-House inhabited, that now is, or hereafter shall be erected or built within the Kingdom of Great Britain, having Twenty Windows or more, as were granted, imposed, continued, or directed by the said Act of the Eighth Year of her said Majesties Reign for the Term of Terms of Years therein mentioned (except as therein is excepted) shall continue, and be paid and payable to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for ever, for the Purposes in this Act prescribed and directed; and shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in the same Manner, and Method, and Form, and at such Places, and by such Rules, Ways, and Means, and under such Penalties, Forfeitures, and Disabilities, as are mentioned, expressed, or referred unto, in or by the said recited Act of the Eighth Year of her said late Majesties Reign; and that all the Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Disabilities, Clauses, Matters, and Things whatsoever, contained in the said Act of the Eighth Year of her said late Majesties Reign, or thereby referred unto, now being in force, for raising, collecting, levying, recovering, answering, paying, and accounting for the said several Impositions, Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money, as well upon Coals, Culm, and Cynders, as upon Houses having Twenty Windows or more, during the Term or Terms aforesaid (except as is before excepted) shall be revived, and be for ever continued, practised, and put in Execution, for raising, collecting, levying, recovering, answering, paying, and accounting for the said several Impositions, Rates, and Duties, by this Act intended to be continued and made perpetual, for the Purposes in and by this Act prescribed and directed, in the same manner, and as fully and effectually, as if the same Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Disabilities, Clauses, Matters, and Things, were particularly and at large set down and reenacted in this Act; the said Act of the Eighth Year of her said late Majesties Reign, or any other Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding: Nevertheless the said several Impositions, Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money by this Act intended to be continued and made perpetual, as aforesaid, shall be subject to such Provisoes and Powers of Redemption, as are hereafter in and by this Act contained and prescribed of and concerning the same.

Duties on Coals and Houses 8 *Anne* made perpetual.

Exception.

8 A. *cap.* 4.

These Duties how to be raised.

8 A. *cap.* 4.

Exception.

But subject to Redemption.

II. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Monies arising of or for the said Impositions, Rates, and Duties, hereby intended to be continued and made perpetual, subject to such Redemption, as aforesaid, (except the necessary Charges of raising, collecting, levying, recovering, answering, paying, and accounting for the same) shall, from time to time, be brought into the Receipt of the Exchequer for the Uses and Purposes in this Act prescribed; and shall, from time to time, be fairly and distinctly entred and registred in one or more Book or Books to be kept in the Offices of the Auditor of the Receipt, and Clerk of the Pells, severally, for that purpose, to which all Persons concerned, at all seasonable times, shall have free Access without Fee or Charge.

The Money to be paid into the Exchequer.

Exception.

III. And it is hereby also Enacted, That all the Monies which, from and after the said Feast of the Birth of our Lord Christ, One thousand seven hundred and eighteen, shall be brought into the Exchequer, or shall be then remaining there, of or for the said several Impositions, Rates, and Duties, by this and the said former Act of the Eighth Year of her late Majesties Reign, or either of them, granted or continued, as aforesaid, (except the necessary Charges of issuing and applying the said Monies to the Uses and Purposes by this Act intended and directed, and rendring the Accounts thereof,

All the Monies of these Duties, after *Christmas*, 1718. appropriated.

8 A. *cap.* 4.

Exception.

of, and after paying or reserving in the Exchequer, Monies sufficient to pay all Arrears of the said Pay-Tickets due, at and for or before the Feast of St. Michael the Arch-Angel, One thousand seven hundred and seventeen) shall be and are hereby appropriated, and shall be issued and applied to and for the Satisfaction of such several and respective Payments as are by this Act directed, in their due Order, Method, and Form, and with such Preferences, and subject to such Redemptions, as are in and by this Act prescribed of and concerning the same respectively, and without any Fee or Charge whatsoever, to be demanded of, or paid by the respective Persons or Corporations who are to receive the said Monies; and that the respective Officers of the Exchequer, who shall make any Delay in issuing or paying the same, or shall be guilty of diverting or misapplying any of the said Monies, contrary to this Act, for any such Offence shall be forejudged from their respective Offices or Places, and be render'd incapable to serve his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, in any Office or Employment of Trust or Profit whatsoever, and shall also be liable to pay double the Value of any Sum or Sums of Money so delayed, diverted, or misapplied, to the Party grieved; to be recovered by Action of Debt, or upon the Case, Bill, Suit, or Information, in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance shall be granted or allowed.

Penalty on Exchequer-Officers misapplying.

XIII. Provided always, and it is hereby Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if all the said Lottery Annuities for the said Term of Twenty three Years and Three Quarters of a Year, and all the said Arrearages, computed to amount to One hundred sixty eight thousand seven hundred forty eight Pounds, and Five Shillings, as aforesaid, shall not, on or before the said Twentieth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, be subscribed, as aforesaid, to be converted into Stock at the respective Rates aforesaid, pursuant to the Purport and true Meaning of this Act, then the said Corporation shall be obliged, by virtue of this Act, to advance and pay into the said Receipt of Exchequer, so much of the said Sum of Seven hundred seventy eight thousand seven hundred and fifty Pounds, for the purpose last mentioned, as shall bear Proportion to the Lottery Annuities and Arrearages so to be subscribed at the respective Rates aforesaid, and no more; (that is to say) as the Sum of One million seven hundred twenty one thousand two hundred and fifty Pounds, being the computed Value of all the said Lottery Annuities and Arrearages, is to the said Sum of Seven hundred seventy eight thousand seven hundred and fifty Pounds, so the Value of the said Lottery Annuities and Arrearages which shall be actually subscribed, being computed at the Rates aforesaid, shall be to the Sum which the said Corporation shall advance, for and towards paying off the said Debts and Incumbrances; and that such of the said Lottery Annuities and Arrearages as shall not be subscribed to be converted into Stock, as aforesaid, on or before the said Twentieth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, shall be paid and payable out of the Produce of the said Duties, at such Times, and in such Manner and Course of Payment, as the same ought to have been paid if this Act had not been made.

If all the Annuities, &c. be not subscribed by 20 *June*, 1719. Company to advance proportionally to the Annuities subscribed.

Annuities not subscribed to be paid out of the Produce of the Duties.

3 A. *cap.* 8.

XV. And whereas by the said Act of the Third Year of his Majesties Reign, for Redeeming the then Fund of the said Corporation, It is Enacted, That if at any time or times the Produce of the Duties and Revenues therein mentioned should be so low or deficient, as that the Money arising thereby at the Exchequer should not extend or be sufficient, according to that Act, to pay and discharge, or to complete the Payment at the end of any Quarter of a Year, of all the Money which should be then due, as well for or upon the above mentioned yearly Fund of Five hundred thousand Pounds, and the above mentioned yearly Sum of Eight thousand Pounds, then and so often, and in every such Case, the Deficiency of any such Quarter should and might be supplied out of the Over-

How Deficiencies shall be made good.

plus

plus Monies of the ſaid Duties and Revenues ariſing in any ſub-ſequent Quarter, and in default thereof by the ſpace of Half a Year, then all and every ſuch Deficiency and Deficiencies ſhould be ſup-plied and made good, from time to time, by or out of the General yearly Fund by another Act of that Seſſion of Parliament eſta-bliſhed, or intended to be eſtabliſhed, for redeeming the Duties and Revenues then charged or chargeable in and by ſeveral Lottery Acts of the Ninth and Tenth Years of her ſaid late Majeſties Reign, and certain Annual Payments out of the Hereditary Ex-ciſe in the ſaid Act of that Seſſion mentioned, or out of Money to be raiſed at the Exchequer for purchaſing an Annuity or Annu-ities, after a Rate not exceeding Five Pounds per Centum per An-num, for every ſuch Deficiency; which Annuity or Annuities ſhould, by virtue of the ſaid Act, be charged on the ſaid General yearly Fund, and be payable and tranſferrable at the Bank of England, as other Annuities payable out of the ſaid General yearly Fund, were intended by the ſaid other Act of the ſaid Seſſion to be pay-able and tranſferrable until the Redemption thereof by Parliament, as by the ſaid Act of the Third Year of his Majeſties Reign, for redeeming the then Fund of the ſaid Corporation may more fully appear: Now it is hereby further Provided, Declared, and En-acted, That out of the Firſt Payment of the ſaid Sum of Seven hundred ſeventy eight thouſand ſeven hundred and fifty Pounds, or of or for the ſaid proportional Part thereof, to be paid by way of Advance into the Exchequer, as aforeſaid, ſo much as at the Twenty fourth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nine-teen, ſhall be deficient to make good the Sums then incurred and grown due, for or upon the ſaid yearly Fund of Five hundred thouſand Pounds, and for or upon the ſaid yearly Sum of Eight thouſand Pounds, mentioned in the ſaid former Act, and for and upon the Additional or Encreaſed yearly Fund and yearly Sum by this Act intended to be paid to the ſaid Company, or ſuch part of the ſame Deficiencies as ſhall bear Proportion to the Value of the Lottery Annuities and Arrearages which ſhall be actually ſub-ſcribed, as aforeſaid, at the Rates before mentioned, purſuant to this Act, ſhall and may be deducted, defalked, and recouped, for or towards ſatisfying and making good the ſaid Deficiencies of the ſaid yearly Funds and yearly Sums ſo growing due, at or before the ſaid Twenty fourth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen; and that out of each ſubſequent Payment of the ſaid Sum of Seven hundred ſeventy eight thouſand ſeven hundred and fifty Pounds, or of or for the ſaid proportional Part thereof, to be paid by way of Advance into the Exchequer, as aforeſaid, ſo much as at and for the Quarter-day next preceding the reſpective times hereby limited, for making thoſe ſubſequent Payments reſpectively, ſhall be deficient to make good the Sums then incurred and grown due, for or upon the ſaid yearly Funds and yearly Sums by this and the ſaid former Act payable to the ſaid Corporation, ſuch Part of the ſame Deficiencies as ſhall bear Proportion to the Value of the Lottery Annuities and Arrearages which ſhall be actually ſub-ſcribed, as aforeſaid, at the Rates before mentioned purſuant to this Act, ſhall and may be deducted, defalked, and recouped, for or towards ſatisfying and making good the ſaid Deficiencies of the ſaid yearly Funds and yearly Sums ſo growing due, at or upon the Quarter-day next preceding the reſpective times by this Act preſcribed, for making each ſubſequent Payment by the ſaid Corporation, as aforeſaid.

The Additional Annuity, &c. to be charged on the Duties on Coals and Houſes.

XXI. And it is hereby Enacted, That as well the ſaid Additional Annuity or yearly Fund, after the Rate of Five Pounds per Cen-tum per Annum, to be computed upon the ſaid Additional Stock, to be adjuſted and determined, as aforeſaid, as alſo the ſaid Additio-nal yearly Sum of Two thouſand Pounds, or ſuch leſſer proporti-onal Sum, to be allowed to the ſaid Corporation for Charges of Management, as aforeſaid, ſhall be, and the ſame, by force and virtue of this Act, are charged and chargeable upon, and made pay-able out of the Monies, from time to time, ariſing at the Receipt

of

of the Exchequer of or for the said Duties upon Coals, Culm, and Cynders, and of and for the said Duties on Coules, at such Times, and in such Course, Method, and Form, as are before in this Act prescribed in that behalf.

How the Deficiency of any Quarter shall be supplied, &c.

XXIII. And it is hereby Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if at any time or times after the Twenty fifth day of December, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, the Produce of all the Duties and Revenues by the said Act of the Third Year of his Majesties Reign, for redeeming the then yearly Fund of the said Corporation, and the Proportion of the Duties and Revenues by the said Act of the Eighth Year of her said late Majesties Reign, granted and continued, and by the said Acts, and this Act, or any of them, appropriated or intended for Payment of the whole united yearly Fund and yearly Sums intended by this and the said last mentioned Act of the Third Year of his Majesties Reign, to be paid to the said Governor and Company, and their Successors, shall be so low or deficient in the Payment thereof into the Exchequer, as that the same shall not be sufficient to pay and discharge, or to complete the Payment at the end of any Quarter of a Year, of all the Monies which shall be then due and payable to the said Corporation, as well for and upon the said present yearly Fund of Five hundred thousand Pounds, and the said yearly Fund of Eight thousand Pounds, as upon the said encreased yearly Fund of the said Corporation, after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, for their Additional Stock, as aforesaid, and for and upon the encreased yearly Sum of Two thousand Pounds, or a proportional Part thereof, as aforesaid, to be paid for Charges of Management, shall not extend or be sufficient for those purposes, then and so often, and in every such case, the Deficiency of any such Quarter shall and may be supplied out of the Overplus Monies of the said Duties and Revenues, every or any of them, arising in any subsequent Quarter; and in Default thereof by the space of Half a Year, then all and every such Deficiency and Deficiencies shall be supplied and made good, from time to time, by or out of the said General yearly Fund by the said other Act of the Third Year of his Majesties Reign, established or intended to be established, as aforesaid, or out of Money to be raised at the Exchequer, for purchasing an Annuity or Annuities after a Rate not exceeding Five Pounds per Centum per Annum for every such Deficiency; which Annuity or Annuities shall, by virtue of this Act, be charged on the said General yearly Fund, and be payable and transferrable at the Bank of England, as other Annuities payable out of the said General yearly Fund are intended by the said other Act of the Third Year of his Majesties Reign to be payable and transferrable, until the Redemption thereof by Parliament; and if at any time or times any such Deficiency shall be paid to the said Corporation by such Annuity or Annuities charged on the said General yearly Fund, the Discount of such Annuity or Annuities which shall be necessary for converting the same into ready Money (if any such Discount shall happen) shall, by order of the Commissioners of the Treasury, or Three or more of them, or High Treasurer for the time being, be satisfied to the said Corporation out of the same General yearly Fund, or out of Money to be raised at the Exchequer for purchasing a like Annuity or Annuities at the same Rate, to be charged on the same General yearly Fund, and to be payable and transferrable, as aforesaid, until the Redemption thereof by Parliament: And for the better and more regular Payment of all Monies intended by the said Act of the Third Year of his Majesties Reign, for Redemption of the then yearly Fund of the said Corporation, to be paid to the same, subject nevertheless to such Redemption, as aforesaid, the Commissioners of the Treasury, or the High Treasurer for the time being, are hereby impowered and required to sign and issue out such Order and Orders for Payment of all such Sum and Sums of Money as by this or the said last mentioned Act are or shall become due and payable to the said Corporation, and also for raising out of and upon the said General

3 Geo. cap. 9.

8 A. cap. 4.

3 Geo. cap. 9.

3 Geo. cap. 9.

3 Geo. cap. 9.

yearly Fund eſtabliſhed by the ſaid recited Act of the Third Year of his Majeſties Reign, ſo much as ſhall be requiſite and neceſſary to pay to the ſaid Corporation all ſuch Deficiency and Deficiencies as are in and by this Act directed to be paid to them; and after ſigning ſuch Order or Orders the ſame ſhall be firm, good, valid, and effectual in the Law, according to the Purport and true Meaning thereof, and of this Act, and ſhall not be determinable by or upon the Death or Removal of any Commiſſioner or Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or High Treaſurer, or Under Treaſurer for the time being, or by or upon the Determination of the Power, Office, and Offices of them, or any of them; nor ſhall any Commiſſioner of the Treaſury, or High Treaſurer for the time being, have any Power to revoke, countermand, or make void ſuch Order or Orders, ſo ſigned, as aforeſaid. 3 Geo. cap. 9.

How the Deficiency of any Year ſhall be ſupplied.

XXIV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if at any time or times the Produce of the ſaid Duties on Coals, Culm, and Cynders, and of the ſaid Duties on Houſes, ſhall be ſo low and deficient as that at the End of any Year (reckoning the ſame to end at Michaelmas Yearly) the Proportion of the ſaid yearly Fund of One hundred thirty five thouſand Pounds, applicable by this Act for or towards the diſcharging of the ſaid unſubſcribed Pay-Tickets then payable, ſhall not be ſufficient for that purpoſe, then every ſuch Deficiency ſhall be ſupplied and made good, from time to time, out of the Firſt Aid to be granted in Parliament, next after ſuch Deficiency ſhall appear, and ſhall, from time to time, be transferred thereunto, as ſoon as the ſame ſhall be granted, according to the Purport and true Meaning of the ſaid former Act in that behalf.

All Annual Surpluſſes to be reſerved for the uſe of the Publick.

XXV. Provided always, and be it further Enacted, That in caſe there ſhall be any Surplus or Remainder of the Monies ariſing by the ſaid Duties on Coals, Culm, and Cynders, and the ſaid Duties on Houſes, at the End of any One Year (reckoning the ſame to end at Michaelmas Yearly) after all the ſaid Yearly and other Sums directed or authorized by this Act, and then or before that time incurred and become due or in Arrear, ſhall be fully ſatisfied, paid, and diſcharged, or Money ſufficient ſhall be reſerved for that purpoſe, ſuch Surplus or Remainder, ſhall, from time to time, be reſerved for the Uſe of the Publick, and ſhall not be iſſued or diſpoſed but by Authority of Parliament.

Company to continue a Body Politick:

XXXI. And it is hereby declared and Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, and their Succeſſors, for ever, ſhall remain, continue, and be one Body Corporate and Politick, by the Name of the Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas, and other Parts of America, and for encouraging the Fiſhery; and ſhall have, hold, receive, and enjoy the ſaid yearly Fund of Five hundred thouſand Pounds, and the ſaid Additional yearly Fund, after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, to be added thereunto (by way of Encreaſe) as aforeſaid; and the ſaid yearly Sum of Eight thouſand Pounds, and the yearly Annuity of Two thouſand Pounds, or ſuch proportional Part thereof, as aforeſaid, to be added thereunto (by way of Encreaſe for Management) purſuant to this Act, until the ſaid yearly Funds and yearly Sums ſhall reſpectively be redeemed according to this Act; and ſhall have, hold, and enjoy all their Forts, Factories, Acquiſitions, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, ſole Benefit of Trade in and to the South-Seas, and elſewhere, with a perpetual Succeſſion, and all Abilities, Capacities, Powers, Authorities, Franchiſes, Exemptions, Privileges, Profits, and Advantages whatſoever, whereunto the ſaid Governor and Company are, or before the making of this Act, were entitled by any Act or Acts of Parliament, Grant, or Charter, now in force (all which are by this Act ratified, confirmed, and made effectual to them and their Succeſſors) freed and diſcharged of and from all former Premiſes, Powers, Acts, Matters, and Things whatſoever, for reviewing, determining, or making void the ſame, or any of them; ſubject

And to enjoy all their Privileges, &c.

subject nevertheless to the several and respective Provisoes and Powers of Redemption of the said yearly Funds and yearly Sums hereafter in this Act contained.

Subject to the Power of Redemption.

XXXII. Provided also, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That upon one Years Notice to be given by Authority of Parliament, at the Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty three, or at any of the said Quarterly Feast-days after the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and twenty three, and upon Repayment by Parliament to the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain of the whole Sum whereof the said Capital Stock of Ten millions, with the said Stock to be added thereunto (by way of Encrease, as aforesaid) shall then consist, according to such Notice, without Deduction, Discount, or Abatement whatsoever to be made out of the same, or any part thereof, and upon Payment of all Arrears of the said yearly Fund of Five hundred thousand Pounds, and of the said Additional yearly Fund, after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, to be added thereunto by way of Encrease, as aforesaid; and of the said yearly Sum of Eight thousand Pounds, and of the said yearly Annuity of Two thousand Pounds, or such proportional Part thereof, as aforesaid, for Management, to be added thereunto, pursuant to this Act, (if any such Arrear or Arrears shall be then due) then the said yearly Fund of Five hundred thousand Pounds, and the said Additional yearly Fund, after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, and the said yearly Sum of Eight thousand Pounds, and the yearly Annuity to be added thereunto by way of Encrease for Management, as aforesaid, shall from thenceforth cease and determine.

On One Years Notice after 24 *June*, 1723, and on Repayment, &c. the yearly Fund of 500000*l.* and the Additional yearly Fund, &c. to cease.

XXXIII. And in regard it is intended, That after the Twenty fourth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty three, the Principal or Sum Total of the said capital or encreased Stock of the said Company, consisting of Ten millions, and the Addition to be made thereunto, as aforesaid, may be satisfied to the said Governor and Company by any Payments (not being less than One million of lawful Money of Great Britain at a time) and that as the same Principal Monies shall be paid off, the said yearly Sum of Five hundred thousand Pounds, and the said Additional yearly Fund after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, to be added thereunto, as aforesaid, shall, from time to time, proportionally sink and be abated: Be it therefore further Provided and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if at any time or times at or after the said Twenty fourth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty three, Notice shall be given by Authority of Parliament for Redemption of the said yearly Fund of Five hundred thousand Pounds, and the yearly Fund which shall be added thereunto, as aforesaid, and the said yearly Sum of Eight thousand Pounds, and the Additional Annuity which shall be added thereunto, as aforesaid; and if Payment, according to such Notice, be made by Parliament to the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, or their Successors, of any Sum or Sums of Money (not being less than One million at a time) in part of the Principal Monies whereunto the said Sum of Ten millions, and the Stock to be added thereunto, by virtue of this Act, shall joyntly amount; and also if Payment be made of all Arrearages then due to them of the said encreased yearly Fund and encreased yearly Sum, or so much of those Arrearages as shall bear a Proportion to the Principal Monies, from time to time, remaining unsatisfied, being computed by the Day until the time of every such Payment of part of the Principal respectively, then, from and after every such Payment so made to the said Governor and Company, and their Successors, so much of the said encreased yearly Fund (consisting of Five hundred thousand Pounds, with such Addition, as aforesaid) as shall bear Proportion to the Monies so paid in part of the said Principal, shall cease and determine,

If Notice be given by Parliament after 24 *June*, 1723. for Redemption, and Payment be made (not less than 1000000*l.* at a time) then so much of the encreased Fund shall be abated.

mine, and be abated; any thing in this or any former Act or Acts of Parliament contained, or other Matter or Thing whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

After Redemption, the several Duties, Impositions, &c. shall be understood to be redeemed by Parliament:

XXXIV. Provided also, and it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Redemption of all the said yearly Fund of Five hundred thousand Pounds, and of the Additional yearly Fund which is to be joyned to the same, as aforesaid, and of the said yearly Sum of Eight thousand Pounds, and the yearly Sum which is to be added thereunto for Management, as aforesaid, by Payments to be made according to the several and respective Provisoes or Conditions of Redemption in this Act contained or concerning the same, then, and not till then, the several Duties, Impositions, Additional Impositions, and Revenues, and all proportional Parts of them, or any of them, which are chargeable therewith, shall be understood to be redeemed by Parliament, and shall not be issued, paid, or applied to any Use, Intent, or Purpose whatsoever, without Authority of Parliament; nevertheless the said Corporation, by the Name aforesaid,

But the Corporation shall continue for ever.

shall for ever remain, continue, and be one Body Corporate and Politick, and shall have, hold, and enjoy all their Forts, Factories, Acquisitions, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, sole Benefit of Trade in and to the South-Seas, and elsewhere; and also all the Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, that are or shall be by them purchased in Great Britain, not exceeding One thousand Pounds per Annum, with perpetual Succession, and all Abilities, Capacities, Powers, Authorities, Franchises, Exemptions, Privileges, Profits, and Advantages whatsoever, whereunto the said Governor and Company are, or before the making this Act were entitled by any Act or Acts of Parliament, Grants, or Charter now in force; all which are by this Act ratified, confirmed, and made effectual to them and their Successors; and the said Governor and Company, and the Members thereof, without having any Share or Interest in the said yearly Funds, Payments, or Annuities, or any of them, after the same shall be redeemed, shall have and be entitled to the sole Benefit of Trade in and to the South-Seas, and elsewhere, and such Power of Trade in the Fishery, as by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force is directed, and all other Benefits, Powers, Privileges, and Advantages (the said respective Annuities to them issuing or payable after such Redemption, as aforesaid, only excepted) as if no such Redemption were had or made; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

A Vote of the House of Commons, signified by their Speaker, to be sufficient Notice for Redemption.

XXXVI. And it is hereby Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That any Vote or Resolution of the House of Commons, signified by their Speaker in Writing, to be delivered at the Publick Office of the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas, shall be deemed and adjudged to be sufficient Notice within the Words and Meaning of this Act, for redeeming their said yearly Funds or Annuities, pursuant to the Proviso or Provisoes of Redemption in this Act contained, and at the respective time or times therein mentioned; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Anno

Anno 5 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XX.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for ſettling certain yearly Funds payable out of the Revenue of *Scotland*, to ſatisfie Publick Debts in *Scotland*, and other Uſes mentioned in the Treaty of Union; and to diſcharge the Equivalents claimed on behalf of *Scotland* in the Terms of the ſame Treaty; and for obviating all future Diſputes, Charges, and Expences, concerning thoſe Equivalents.

Preamble.

MAY it pleaſe your moſt Excellent Majeſty, whereas in and by the Sixth Article of the Treaty for the Union of the Two Kingdoms of England and Scotland (which Treaty was ratified by Acts of Parliament paſſed in either Kingdom, and particularly by an Act made in England in the Fifth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen Anne, of Bleſſed Memory) It was provided, That the Cuſtoms and Duties on Import and Export, ſettled in England when the Union commenced, ſhould, from and after the Union, take place throughout the whole united Kingdom, excepting and reſerving, as in the ſaid Article is particularly expreſſed; and in and by the Seventh Article of the ſaid Treaty, It was Provided, That all Parts of the united Kingdom ſhould for ever, from and after the Union, be liable to the ſame Exciſes (excepting only that ſuch Beer or Ale as are therein deſcribed, ſhould not, after the Union, be liable, upon Account of the then preſent Exciſe upon Exciſeable Liquors in England, to any higher Impoſition than Two Shillings Sterling upon Thirty four Gallons Engliſh Barrel, being Twelve Gallons the then preſent Scots Meaſure;) and it was, by the Article laſt mentioned, Provided, That the Exciſe then ſettled in England upon all other Liquors ſhould, when the Union commenced, take place throughout the whole united Kingdom: And in and by the Fourteenth Article of the ſaid Treaty of Union, It was Provided, That Scotland ſhould not be charged with any Duties laid on by the Parliament of England before the ſaid Union (except ſuch as were conſented to in the ſaid Treaty) in regard it was agreed, That all neceſſary Proviſion ſhould be made by the then Parliament of Scotland for the Publick Charge and Service of that Kingdom, for the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeven; Providing nevertheleſs, That if the Parliament of England ſhould think fit to lay any further Impoſitions, by way of Cuſtoms, or ſuch Exciſes, with which, by virtue of the ſaid Treaty, Scotland was to be charged equal with England, in ſuch caſe Scotland ſhould be liable to the ſame Cuſtoms and Exciſes, and have an Equivalent to be ſettled by the Parliament of Great Britain. And whereas by the Terms of the ſaid Treaty the Subjects of Scotland, for preſerving an Equality of Trade throughout the United Kingdom, would be liable to ſeveral Cuſtoms and Exciſes then payable in England, which would be applicable towards Payment of the Debts of England, contracted before the Union, It was by the Fifteenth Article of the ſaid Treaty agreed, That Scotland ſhould have an Equivalent for what the Subjects thereof ſhould be ſo charged towards Payment of the ſaid Debts of England in all Particulars whatſoever, in manner therein expreſſed, (viz.) That before the Union of the ſaid Kingdoms the Sum of Three hundred ninety eight thouſand and eighty five Pounds, Ten Shillings, ſhould be granted to her ſaid Majeſty by the Parliament of England for the Uſes after mentioned, being the Equivalent to be anſwered to Scotland for ſuch Parts of the ſaid Cuſtoms and Exciſes upon all exciſeable Liquors with which that Kingdom was to be charged upon the Union, as would be applicable to the Payment of the ſaid Debts of England, according to the Propoſitions therein ſpecified:

Article of Union 6.

5 A. *cap.* 8.

Article of Union 7.

Exception.

Article of Union 14.

Exception.

Article of Union 15.

fied: And in Regard that after the Union, Scotland becoming liable to the same Customs and Duties payable on Import and Export, and to the same Excises on all excisable Liquors as in England, as well upon that Account, as upon the Account of Increase of Trade and People, the said Revenues would much Improve beyond the Annual Values thereof set down in the said Article, whereof no present Estimate could then be made; yet nevertheless for the Reasons aforesaid, It was thereby Declared, That there ought to be a proportionable Equivalent answered to Scotland: And it was agreed, That after the Union there should be an Account kept of the said Duties arising in Scotland, to the end it might appear what ought to be answered to Scotland as an Equivalent for such Proportion of the said Increase as should be applicable to the Payment of the Debts of England: And for the further and more effectual answering the several Ends after mentioned, It was agreed, That from and after the Union, the whole Increase of the Revenues of Customs and Duties on Import and Export, and Excises upon excisable Liquors in Scotland, over and above the Annual Produce of the said respective Duties as therein stated, should go and be applied for the Term of Seven Years to the Uses after mentioned; and that upon the said Account there should be answered to Scotland annually, from the end of Seven Years after the Union, an Equivalent in Proportion to such Part of the said Increase as should be applicable to the Debts of England, and generally that an Equivalent should be answered to Scotland for such Parts of the English Debts as Scotland might thereafter become liable to pay by reason of the Union, other than such for which Appropriations had been made by Parliament in England, of the Customs or other Duties on Export and Import, and Excises on all excisable Liquors, in respect of which Debts the Equivalents were therein before provided; and as to the Uses to which the said Sum of Three hundred ninety eight thousand and eighty five Pounds, Ten Shillings, and all other Monies which were to be answered or allowed to Scotland, as aforesaid, were to be applied, It was by the said Treaty agreed, That in the first Place, out of the aforesaid Sum, what Consideration should be found necessary to be had for any Losses which Private Persons might sustain by reducing the Coin of Scotland to the Standard and Value of the Coin of England, should be made good; in the next Place, that the Capital Stock or Fund of the then African and Indian Company of Scotland, advanced, together with the Interest for the said Capital Stock, after the Rate of Five per Centum per Annum, from the respective times of the Payment thereof, should be paid; upon Payment of which Capital Stock and Interest, It was agreed the said Company should be dissolved and cease: And as to the Overplus of the said Sum of Three hundred ninety eight thousand and eighty five Pounds, Ten Shillings (after Payment of what Consideration should be had for Losses in repairing the Coin, and paying the said Capital Stock and Interest) and also the whole Increase of the said Revenues of Customs, Duties, and Excises, above the then present Value which should arise in Scotland, during the said Term of Seven Years, together with the Equivalent which should become due upon the Improvement thereof in Scotland, after the said Term, and also as to all other Sums which according to the Agreements aforesaid, might become payable to Scotland, by way of Equivalent for what that Kingdom should thereafter become liable towards Payment of the Debts of England, It was by the said Article agreed, That the same should be applied in manner following, viz. That all the Publick Debts of the Kingdom of Scotland, as should be adjusted by the then present Parliament, should be paid, and that Two thousand Pounds per Annum, for the space of Seven Years, should be applied towards encouraging and promoting the Manufacture of Course Wooll within those Shires which produced the Wooll; and afterwards the same should be wholly employed towards encouraging and promoting the Fisheries, and such other Manufactures and Improve-

ments

ments in Scotland, as might moſt Conduce to the General Good of the united Kingdom; And it was agreed, That her Majeſty ſhould be impowered to appoint Commiſſioners, who ſhould be accountable to the Parliament of Great Britain, for diſpoſing the ſaid Sum of Three hundred ninety eight thouſand and eighty five Pounds, Ten Shillings, and all other Monies which ſhould ariſe to Scotland, upon the Agreements aforeſaid, to the purpoſes before mentioned; who ſhould keep their Office within the Limits of Scotland, with ſuch Powers, and be ſubject to ſuch Directions for keeping Accounts, and performing other Matters and Things, as in the ſaid Fifteenth Article were preſcribed. And whereas for preventing all Miſtakes or Abuſes which might hinder the ready Application of the aforeſaid Money to the Proprietors, and others concerned in the Stock of the African and Indian Company of Scotland, conform to the ſaid Article, there was an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of the laſt Parliament of Scotland, [Intituled, Act concerning the Payment of the Sums out of the Equivalent to the *African* Company] wherein it was Enacted, That the Directors of the ſaid African and Indian Company of Scotland, ſhould make up Accounts of the Sums advanced by the Proprietors of the ſaid Company, and Debts due by the ſaid Company, on the Firſt day of May then next, as therein was preſcribed; and in like manner by another Act of the ſaid Parliament of Scotland, [Intituled, Act concerning the Publick Debts] the Payments to be made on Account of the Publick Debts of Scotland, were adjuſted, as in and by the ſaid Treaty of Union, and ſeveral Acts before recited or mentioned (amongſt other things therein contained) relation being thereunto ſeverally had, may more fully appear. And whereas the ſaid Sum of Three hundred ninety eight thouſand and eighty five Pounds, Ten Shillings, was paid for and on the Part of England to the Commiſſioners of the Equivalent in Scotland, purſuant to the aforeſaid Articles, and conſiderable Sums were by them iſſued out according to the ſame, and the above recited Acts of Parliament of Scotland, but by Experience it was found that ſome further Direction was yet neceſſary for the better Application of what remained of the ſaid Sum unapplied, and all other Sums which were or might become due by virtue of the Agreements aforeſaid, and for the more effectual attaining the Ends mentioned in the ſaid Fifteenth Article of the Treaty and Acts above recited; and therefore an Act was made and paſſed in the Parliament of Great Britain, in the Sixth Year of her ſaid late Majeſties Reign, [Intituled, An Act for the further directing the Payment of the Equivalent Money] containing Powers and Directions, as by the ſame, relation being thereunto alſo had, may more fully appear. And whereas by an Act of Parliament of Great Britain, made in the Tenth Year of her ſaid late Majeſties Reign, (amongſt other things) for obviating Doubts concerning certain Payments in Scotland, It was Enacted, That the Fees, Salaries, and other Charges allowed, or to be allowed by her Majeſty, her Heirs or Succeſſors, for keeping up the Courts of Seſſion, and Juſticiary, and Exchequer Court of Scotland, were and might be chargeable upon any part of the Revenues of Cuſtoms and Exciſe of Scotland, preferable to all other Payments whatſoever, (the Charges of Management excepted) but ſo as not any way to prevent any Application of the Excreſcence out of the ſaid Cuſtoms and Exciſe appointed by any former Law, as by the ſame Act (relation being thereunto had) may alſo more fully appear. And whereas an Act of Parliament of Great Britain was made in the Twelfth Year of her ſaid late Majeſties Reign, [Intituled, An Act to diſcharge and acquit the Commiſſioners of Equivalent for the Sum of Three hundred eighty one thouſand five hundred and nine Pounds, Fifteen Shillings, and Ten Pence Half-peny, by them duly iſſued out of the Sum of Three hundred ninety eight thouſand and eighty five Pounds, Ten Shillings, which they received] reciting, That the Commiſſioners for diſpoſing the ſaid Sum of Three hundred ninety eight thouſand and eighty five Pounds, Ten Shillings, and all other Monies which ſhould ariſe to Scotland upon the Agreements

Article of Union 15.

6 A. *cap.* 24.

10 A. *cap.* 6.

Exception.

12 A. *cap.* 13.

in

in the said Treaty of Union, or the major part of them, pursuant to several Commissions from her Majesty, had well and duly stated and paid the Sum of Three hundred eighty one thousand five hundred and nine Pounds, Fifteen Shillings, and Ten Pence half-peny, as directed by the Laws in that behalf, in manner therein set down (videlicet) towards the Loss which Private Persons sustained by reducing the English Money then in Scotland to the Current Rate in England, the Sum of Three thousand and seventeen Pounds, Eighteen Shillings, and Nine Pence; for recoining the Scots and Foreign Money, and reducing it to the Standard of the Coin of England, the Sum of Forty nine thousand eight hundred eighty eight Pounds, Fourteen Shillings, and Eleven Pence, One sixth of a Peny; towards Payment of the Stock, Interest, and Debts of the Indian and African Company, the Sum of Two hundred twenty nine thousand six hundred and eleven Pounds, Four Shillings, and Eight Pence; towards the Charges of the Commissioners, Secretaries, and Accountants of the Two Treaties of Union, the Sum of Thirty thousand four hundred ninety eight Pounds, Twelve Shillings, and Two Pence; towards Payment of the First Class of the Civil List, the Sum of Twenty seven thousand five hundred fifty three Pounds, Seventeen Shillings, and Nine Pence, One third of a Peny; towards Payment of the Second Class of the Civil List, the Sum of Four thousand six hundred fifty five Pounds, and Six Shillings; towards Payment of the First Class of the Military List, the Sum of Fourteen thousand one hundred eighty eight Pounds, and Eight Pence; towards Payment of the Second Class of the Military List, the Sum of Fourteen thousand four hundred fifty eight Pounds, Two Shillings, and Eight Pence, and Five sixths of a Peny; for the Fees and Salaries of the Servants of the Commission till the Fourteenth of March, and Thirtieth of April then last past, the Sum of Five thousand four hundred and thirteen Pounds, Eleven Shillings, and Four Pence; for the necessary Charges of the Commission, and for defending of Law Suits where the Titles of Parties were not Clear (those Charges preceding the Six and twentieth day of March then last past) the Sum of Two thousand two hundred twenty four Pounds, Six Shillings, and Ten Pence, One sixth of a Peny: And it was thereby Declared, That the said Commissioners of the Equivalent should be acquitted of the several Sums above set down, amounting in the whole to the said Sum of Three hundred eighty one thousand five hundred and nine Pounds, Fifteen Shillings, and Ten Pence half-peny; Providing nevertheless, That nothing therein contained should free them from applying the Sum of Sixteen thousand five hundred seventy five Pounds, Fourteen Shillings, and One Peny half-peny, being the Balance of the said Three hundred ninety eight thousand and eighty five Pounds, Ten Shillings, then remaining in their Hands, together with what other Sums were or might become due and payable to them, to such Uses, and for such Purposes, as the former Acts therein mentioned did appoint and direct: And it appearing, that the other Publick Debts of Scotland then unsatisfied, which were adjusted and certified, pursuant to the Directions of the several Acts therein recited, did then amount to the Sum of Two hundred and thirty thousand three hundred and eight Pounds, Nine Shillings, and Ten Pence, Five sixths of a Peny, including the Interest of such Parts thereof as bore Interest from the Four and twentieth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eight, to the Four and twentieth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fourteen, It was thereby Enacted, That it might and should be lawful for the Commissioners of Equivalent for the time being, or any Three or more of them, and they were thereby directed and required forthwith to call for and receive all the Certificates and other Warrants, and receive and cancel all the Debentures for which the Debt aforesaid, amounting to the Sum of Two hundred and thirty thousand three hundred and eight Pounds, Nine Shillings, and Ten Pence, Five sixths

of

of a Peny, was constituted and established, and issue out New Debentures deviseable, and transferrable, as the former Debentures were for the said Sum, to the several Persons proportionally and respectively entitled thereto: Which New Debentures are thereby Enacted to bear Interest from and after the said Four and twentieth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fourteen, after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum; and that such Interest shall be paid out of the first and readiest of the Monies which either were or should become due to Scotland by way of Equivalent, according to the Agreements in the Treaty of Union above recited, and the Principal according to the Order and Preferences mentioned in the Fifteenth Article of the said Treaty, and several Laws and Acts therein mentioned, as by the said Act of the Twelfth Year of her said late Majesties Reign, relation being thereunto had, may also more fully appear. And whereas by an Act of Parliament of Great Britain, made and passed in the First Year of your Majesties Reign [Intituled, An Act for taking and stating the Debts due and growing due to *Scotland*, by way of Equivalent in the Terms of the Union; and for relief of the Creditors of the Publick in *Scotland*, and the Commissioners of the Equivalent] your Majesty was impowered to appoint Commissioners for taking, examining, and stating the Debts due and growing due to Scotland by way of Equivalent; and Provision was thereby made for Payment of a Sum not exceeding Fifteen thousand eight hundred twenty two Pounds, Eight Shillings, and Seven Pence Three Farthings, to the Commissioners of Equivalent in Scotland, or any Persons appointed by them, or any Two of them, out of the Monies arisen or to arise by the said Revenues of Customs and Excise of Scotland, or either of them, for the Payment of One Years Interest (videlicet) from the Twenty third of June, One thousand seven hundred and fourteen, to the Twenty fourth of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifteen, of the Capital Sum of Two hundred and thirty thousand three hundred and eight Pounds, Nine Shillings, and Ten Pence, and Five sixths of a Peny, stated due to the Creditors of the Publick in Scotland, on the Twenty fourth of June, One thousand seven hundred and fourteen, pursuant to the said Act of the Twelfth Year of her said late Majesties Reign, and for Payment of the Salaries of the said Commissioners of Equivalent, and of the Fees and Salaries of their Servants, and necessary Charges, from the said Twenty third of June, One thousand seven hundred and fourteen, to the Twenty fourth of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifteen; and by an Act of Parliament of Great Britain, made in the Third Year of your Majesties Reign, for continuing the Act last before recited, the Powers given to your Majesty, for appointing Commissioners for taking and stating the Debts due and growing due to Scotland, by way of Equivalent in the Terms of the Union, were continued for the Term therein mentioned; and by the Act last mentioned, the Commissioners of your Majesties Treasury were impowered (after paying or reserving sufficient to pay the Civil Establishment in Scotland, authorized by the said Act of the Tenth Year of her late Majesties Reign) to cause Payment of a Sum not exceeding Thirty one thousand five hundred sixty five Pounds, Two Shillings, and Five Pence Half-peny, to the Commissioners of the Equivalent in Scotland, out of the Monies arisen or to arise out of any the Customs, Duties, Excises, or Revenues, under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs and Commissioners of Excise in Scotland, or either of them, for Payment of Two Years Interest of the said Capital Sum of Two hundred and thirty thousand three hundred and eight Pounds, Nine Shillings, and Ten Pence, and Five sixths of a Peny, and of Eighteen thousand two hundred forty one Pounds, Ten Shillings, and Ten Pence, and Two thirds of a Peny, stated due to William Paterson Esq; by an Act of the First Year of your Majesties Reign, from the Twenty third of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifteen, to the Twenty fourth of June, One thousand seven hundred and seventeen, and for Payment of the Salaries of

Article of Union 15.
12 A. *cap.* 13.
1 Geo. *cap.* 27.
12 A. *cap.* 13.
3 Geo. *cap.* 9.
10 A. *cap.* 6.
1 Geo. *Private Act.*

the Commissioners of Equivalent, and of the Fees and Salaries of their Servants, and the necessary Charges of the Office for the said Two Years; Providing nevertheless, That the Commissioners of the Equivalent of Scotland for the time being, should secure and retain in their Hands the Sum of Fourteen thousand Pounds Sterling, appointed by the said Fifteenth Article of the Union, for the Encouragement of the Manufacture of Course Wooll, in such Shires where the same was or should be produced, to be applied for the Benefit of the said Manufacture, and the Wooll-Masters, and to no other Use or Purpose whatsoever, as by the Two Acts last before recited may also more fully appear; which several Sums for Payment of Interest, Salaries, and Charges, were issued to the said Commissioners of Equivalent accordingly. And whereas by reason of many Doubts arising in the Construction of the said Fifteenth Article of the said Treaty, and other Laws relating to the Excrescence of the said Equivalent, and to the growing Equivalent due and becoming due to Scotland, and by reason of the many Difficulties which attend separating and distinguishing between Debts incurred before the Union, and Debts incurred for Service of the United Kingdom (both which have without Distinction been provided for since the Union) the Commissioners for taking and stating the Debts due and growing due to Scotland, by way of Equivalent, have not been able to adjust the Accounts thereof for the time past, and are like to meet with insuperable Difficulties therein for the future, during so long time as the same is to continue in the Terms of the said Treaty, although the making or endeavouring to make such Accounts is attended with an excessive Charge to the Publick, and may occasion great Aerations and Discontents in the United Kingdom: For obviating whereof, we your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament assembled, as we think it just and reasonable, so we also judge it to be most conducible to the Publick Quiet and Tranquillity, that in lieu and full Discharge of all Equivalents whatsoever, that might hereafter be demanded from England, or the United Kingdom, upon the Foot of the said Treaty, such certain Annuities or yearly Funds and other Provisions may be settled and established for the Satisfaction of those interested or concerned in the Monies which were expected to arise from the said Equivalents, as are hereafter in this Act expressed; and do therefore humbly pray your Majesty, That it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That Yearly and every Year, reckoning the first Year to begin from the Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, the full Sum of Ten thousand Pounds, of lawful Money of Great Britain, shall be One yearly Fund, and the full Sum of Two thousand Pounds, of like Money, shall be another yearly Fund, for the several Purposes in this Act expressed concerning the same yearly Funds respectively; and that the said yearly Funds shall continue and be payable for ever, subject nevertheless to Redemption by Parliament, according to the respective Provisoes herein after contained in that behalf; and that the said several Annuities or yearly Funds, during the Continuance thereof respectively, shall be charged and chargeable upon, and be payable and paid out of the Monies arisen and to arise, from time to time, of or for any the Customs, Duties, Excises, or Revenues, that are or shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs and Commissioners of the Excise in Scotland, or either of them, or of any Commissioners, Farmers, or Managers of those Revenues, or any of them, for the time being, which shall, from time to time, remain, after paying, or reserving sufficient to pay, the Charges of managing the said Revenues, and of keeping up the said Three Courts, and other Charges of the Civil Government in Scotland, pursuant to such Establishment or Establishments as

Article of Union 15.

Article of Union 15.

10000 *l.* and 2000 *l.* to be a yearly Fund for the Purposes of this Act,

subject to Redemption,

and chargeable on the Customs and Excise in *Scotland*.

are

are or shall be made in that behalf, and with Preference to all Payments whatsoever, other than those Charges, and other than such Drawbacks and Allowances, as are or shall be settled by any Act or Acts of Parliament to be made out of the said Revenues, or any of them.

If the Produce of those Duties prove deficient, then to be made good out of any other Revenues in *Scotland* introduced by the Union, not appropriated.

II. And it is hereby Enacted, That in case the Produce of the said Customs, Duties, Excises, or Revenues, shall at any time or times appear to be so Low or Deficient, as that there should not be sufficient thereof to satisfie the said Annuities or yearly Funds of Ten thousand Pounds, and Two thousand Pounds, or either of them, when the same shall become due, then, and so often, and in every such case, the Deficiencies thereof shall and may be satisfied and made good by or out of any other Revenues in Scotland, which were introduced by virtue of the said Treaty of Union, or to which the Subjects of Scotland are or shall be liable, other than such Revenues as are expressly appropriated to any particular Use or Uses by any Act or Acts of Parliament of Great Britain, made since the said Act for confirming the said Treaty of Union.

These Funds to be paid quarterly till redeemed,

III. And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said several Annuities or Funds of Ten thousand Pounds, and Two thousand Pounds per Annum, shall be paid and payable at the Four most usual Feasts in the Year, that is to say, the Feast of St. Michael the Arch-Angel, the Birth of our Lord Christ, the Annuntiation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, and the Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, by even and equal Portions, until the Redemption of the same respectively, according to the respective Provisoes herein after contained in that behalf; the first Payment thereof to be due, and accounted due and payable at the Feast of St. Michael the Arch-Angel, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen; and that the said several Annuities or yearly Funds, and every part thereof, shall be free from all Taxes, or Publick Charges and Impositions whatsoever, laid or to be laid thereupon by Authority of Parliament.

and free from Taxes.

Treasury to issue their Warrants for Payment of the said Funds.

IV. And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Commissioners of his Majesties Treasury now being, and the High Treasurer of Great Britain, and the Commissioners of the Treasury of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for the time being, shall, and they respectively are hereby impowered, and strictly enjoyned and required to issue their Warrants and Orders for making the Payments of the said Annuities or yearly Funds, from time to time, according to the true intent and meaning of this Act; and that the Payments thereof shall be made by the proper Commissioners or Officers, from time to time, without any Fees or Charges whatsoever to be demanded or taken for paying the same; and if any Commissioner, Receiver-General, Officer, or other Person or Persons, who shall have in his or their Hands any the Monies, which, in pursuance of this Act, shall be ordered or appointed for Payment of the said Annuities or yearly Funds, or either of them, shall divert or misapply the same, or any part thereof, contrary to the tenor and true meaning of this Act, then every such Commissioner, Receiver-General, Officer, or Person, for such Offence shall be rendred incapable to serve his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, in any Office or Employment of Trust or Profit, and be liable to pay double the Value of the Money so diverted or misapplied, to the Use of the Corporation which shall be erected in pursuance of this Act, for the Benefit of the Creditors of Scotland; and to be recovered by Action of Debt, or of the Case, Bill, Suit, or Information, in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the said Court of Exchequer of Scotland, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance shall be granted or allowed.

Penalty on diverting or misapplying the Money.

How the Interest on the Equivalent, and the Charges of the Commissioners, shall be paid for Two Years ending 24 *June*, 1719.

X. And it being just and reasonable that the Interest due on the said Debts, after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, from the Three and twentieth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and seventeen, until the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, together

gether with the Charges of the Commiſſion of the Equivalent in Scotland, ſhould be provided for: Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or Lord High Treaſurer of Great Britain for the time being, ſhall and may, and they are hereby impowered and directed, out of the Monies ariſen and to ariſe of or for the ſaid Cuſtoms, Duties, Exciſes, and other Revenues, charged with the ſaid Annuities or yearly Funds, as aforeſaid, which ſhall, from time to time, remain next after paying, or reſerving ſufficient to pay, as well the Charges of managing the ſame Revenues, and keeping up the Three Courts, and the ſaid other Charges of the Civil Government in Scotland, as alſo the Sums which ſhall be grown due and in arrear, from time to time, for or upon the ſaid Annuities or Funds of Ten thouſand Pounds, and Two thouſand Pounds per Annum, or either of them, to cauſe Payment to be made unto ſuch Perſons as his Majeſty, by any Warrant or Warrants under his Royal Sign Manual, counterſigned by the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treaſurer of Great Britain, for the time being, ſhall intruſt to receive the ſame, of the full Sum of Thirty thouſand eight hundred twenty three Pounds, Seven Shillings, and Two Pence, for Payment of the Intereſt, after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, of the ſaid Capital Sums amounting to Two hundred forty eight thouſand five hundred and fifty Pounds, and Nine Pence half-peny, and for Payment of the Salaries of the ſaid Commiſſioners for diſpoſing the Equivalent, and of the Fees and Salaries of their Servants, and the neceſſary Charges of their Office for Two Years, ended at the ſaid Feaſt of the Nativity of St. John Baptiſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen; from which time all Salaries and other Charges relating to that Commiſſion ſhall ceaſe and determine.

How the 10000 *l. per Ann.* ſhall be applied.

XIV. And as to, for, and concerning the ſaid Annuity or Fund of Two thouſand Pounds per Annum, by this Act ſettled until the Redemption thereof by Parliament; It is hereby Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſame ſhall be wholly applied towards the encouraging and promoting the Fiſheries, and ſuch other Manufactures and Improvements in Scotland, as may moſt conduce to the General Good of the United Kingdom, according to the Tenor and true Meaning of the ſaid Fifteenth Article of the ſaid Treaty of Union, and to none other Uſe, Intent, or Purpoſe whatſoever. *Article of Union 15.*

Theſe Funds to be Perſonal Eſtates.

XV. And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Annuities or Funds of Ten thouſand Pounds, and Two thouſand Pounds per Annum, and the ſeveral Shares and Intereſts of the Creditors, Proprietors, or Members, that are or ſhall be entitled thereunto, ſhall be deemed and taken to be perſonal or moveable Eſtates, and upon Deaths ſhall go to Executors or Adminiſtrators, and not be deſcendable to Heirs; and ſuch Shares or Intereſts in the Capital Stock of the ſaid Corporation, or in the Hands of their Caſhire, for the time being, or in the Hands of any Truſtees appointed or to be appointed to receive the ſame, as aforeſaid, ſhall not be liable to any Arreſtment or Attachment that ſhall be laid thereupon; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

No Incapacity for putting this Act in Execution.

XVI. And it is hereby alſo Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon whatſoever ſhall incur any Incapacity, Diſability, Penalty, or Forfeiture whatſoever, only for putting this Act in Execution, or for accepting or exerciſing any Office or Truſt whatſoever, in purſuance of this Act, or of any Charter, Letters Patent, or Warrant to be granted by his Majeſty in purſuance thereof; any former Law, or Statute, or Proviſion, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

On Payment by Parliament theſe Funds to ceaſe.

XVII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted, That at any time, upon Payment by the Parliament of Great Britain, of the full Sum of Forty thouſand Pounds Sterling, without any Deduction or Abatement whatſoever to be made out of the ſame, or any part

part thereof, and of all Arrears (if any such be) of the said Annuity or yearly Sum of Two thousand Pounds then due, computing the same Quarterly, to the End of the then next preceding Quarter of a Year; and from thenceforth by the Day, until the Day of such Payment made, then, and not till then, and from thenceforth, the said Annuity or yearly Fund of Two thousand Pounds shall cease and determine; this present Act, or any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

These Funds in lieu of all Equivalents whatsoever.

XVIII. And it is hereby Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Annuities or Funds of Ten thousand Pounds per Annum; and Two thousand Pounds per Annum, and other Payments by this Act directed and appointed, shall be in lieu and full Discharge of all Equivalents whatsoever, which shall or may be claimed or demanded by Scotland, or on the Behalf of Scotland, by reason of the said Treaty, or otherwise, in regard of the said Union; and that the United Kingdom of Great Britain, or any the Revenues thereof, shall not be liable to any further or future Demands of or for any such Equivalents, or to the Expence or Charge of keeping or rendring any further or future Accounts thereof (the said yearly Funds and other Payments by this Act established or appointed always excepted.)

Anno 5 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XXI.

An Act for the better securing the lawful Trade of his Majesties Subjects to and from the *East-Indies*; and for the more effectual preventing all his Majesties Subjects Trading thither under Foreign Commissions.

Preamble.

Whereas it is of great Importance to the Welfare of this Kingdom, That the Trade and Traffick to and from the East-Indies in the Countries and Parts of Asia and Africa, and to and from such Places of Asia, Africa, and America, or any of them, beyond the Cape of Bona Esperanza to the Streights of Magellan, where any Trade or Traffick of Merchandize is or may be used or had, be regulated according to the Acts of Parliament relating thereto, and the Royal Charters or Grants made in pursuance thereof: And whereas in and by an Act of Parliament of the Ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King William the Third, of Glorious Memory, It is Enacted and Provided, That the said East-Indies, or the Islands, Havens, Forts, Cities, Towns, or Places, within the Limits aforesaid, should not be visited, frequented, or haunted, by any of the Subjects of his Majesty, other than such as might lawfully go and Trade there; and that if any of the Subjects of his said late Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of what Degree or Quality soever, other than such as might or may lawfully go and trade to the East-Indies, or other the Parts in the same Act mentioned, by virtue thereof, should directly or indirectly, visit, haunt, frequent, trade, traffick, or adventure into or from the said East-Indies, or other the Parts aforesaid, all and every such Offender and Offenders should incur such Forfeitures and Losses as in the said Act is and are for that purpose appointed: And it is also Provided by the same Act, and by subsequent Laws, That all the Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, and Commodities, to be laden upon any Ship or Ships bound from the said East-Indies, or Parts within the Limits aforesaid, should be brought, without breaking Bulk, to some Port of Great Britain, and there be unladen, and put on Land; notwithstanding which just and reasonable Provisions and Restrictions, several of his Majesties Subjects, not entitled under the said Acts of Parliament, have presumed to trade into and visit the said East-Indies, and other the Places aforesaid, in Foreign

9 W. 3. *cap.* 44.

reign and other Ships, intending there to load Goods, and to bring them into Europe, and land them in Foreign Parts out of his Majesties Dominions, to the great Prejudice of the Trade of this Kingdom, and the Diminution of his Majesties Customs and other Duties: All which Practices being considered, his Royal Highness George Prince of Wales, then Guardian of the Realm of Great Britain, and his Majesties Lieutenant within the same, was pleased on the Eighteenth day of October, which was in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, to issue forth a Proclamation (amongst other things) strictly charging and commanding all his Majesties Subjects not to serve on board any Foreign or other Ships, with Foreign Commissions and Colours, bound to or from the East-Indies, or any the Parts aforesaid; or directly or indirectly to visit, haunt, frequent, trade, traffick, or adventure, into or from the said East-Indies, or other the Parts before mentioned, contrary to Law: But notwithstanding the Prohibitions contained in the said Acts of Parliament and Proclamation, and in Defiance of the same, several Evil-disposed Persons have gone on to procure and obtain several Foreign Commissions or Passes, and under Colour thereof, or otherwise, have fitted out and manned several English and other Ships or Vessels, and have sailed with, or sent out the same to trade and traffick in the East-Indies, or other the Parts aforesaid: Now to the intent that such Collusive, Fraudulent, and Illegal Trade and Practices may be prevented, and that so considerable and beneficial a Branch of Trade may be secured to this Kingdom; Be it Enacted and Declared by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons in Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any of his Majesties Subjects shall, from and after the Twentieth day of February, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and eighteen, sail, go, or repair to, or be in the East-Indies, or Parts aforementioned, or any of them, contrary to the Laws now in being, or contrary to the Tenor of this Act, every such Person and Persons so offending, shall be liable to such Punishment as by any Law or Laws now in being may be inflicted for such Offence.

Proclamation 18 Oct. 1716.

Any of his Majesties Subjects being in the *East-Indies*, contrary to Law, liable to Punishment.

II. And to the Intent that such Offender and Offenders may be brought to Justice, It is hereby Enacted, That it shall and may be lawful, to and for the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East-Indies, and their Successors, to take, arrest, and seize, or cause to be taken, arrested, and seized, such Person or Persons, being a Subject or Subjects of his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, at any Place or Places, or where he or they shall be found within the Limits or Places aforesaid; and the Person and Persons so taken, arrested, and seized, to send and remit to England, there to answer for the Offence aforesaid, according to due Course of Law.

East-India Company may Arrest any such Person within their Limits, and send him to *England*.

III. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Person and Persons, who, from and after the Fifth day of February, One thousand seven hundred and eighteen, shall procure, solicit for, obtain, or act under any Commission, Authority, or Pass from any Foreign Prince, State, or Potentate whatsoever, to sail, or go, or trade in or to the East-Indies, or any the Parts aforesaid, every such Person or Persons so offending herein, shall incur and forfeit, for every such Offence, the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

No Person to act under any Foreign Commission in *East-India*.

Penalty 500 *l.*

IV. And it is hereby Enacted, That all the said Penalties and Forfeitures shall or may be sued for and recovered in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, by Bill, Plaint, Information, or otherwise, wherein no Essoign, Wager of Law, or Protection, shall be allowed, nor any more than one Imparlance; one half-part of which said Penalties and Forfeitures shall be to the Use of such Person or Persons as will inform or sue for the same, and the other half-part to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors.

Penalties how to be sued for, and distributed.

V. Pro-

V. Provided always, That this Act, or any thing herein contained, shall not extend, or be construed, deemed, or taken to extend, to restrain or prejudice such Trade or Right of Trade or Navigation within any part of the Limits aforesaid, as the Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas, and other Parts of America, and for encouraging the Fishery, now are entitled unto; any thing herein contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding. Not to prejudice the *South-Sea* Company.

VI. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby Enacted, That this Act shall continue in force for Five Years, and from thence to the End of the next Session of Parliament, and no longer. Continuation.

Anno 5 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XXV.

A Clause in an Act, Intituled, An Act for continuing the Act made in the Eighth Year of the Reign of the late Queen *Anne*, to regulate the Price and Assize of Bread; and for continuing the Act made in the Twelfth Year of her said late Majesties Reign, for the better Encouragement of the making Sail-Cloth in *Great Britain.*

II. AND be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That an Act made in the Session of Parliament, held in the Twelfth Year of her said late Majesty Queen Anne, Intituled, An Act for the better Encouragement of the making of Sail-Cloth in *Great Britain*, which was to continue for the Term of Seven Years, and from thence to the End of the next Session of Parliament, shall be continued and remain in full force, for the Term of Seven Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament. The Act 12 *A.* Sess. 3. Parl. 1. cap. 16. relating to Sail-Cloth further continued for 7 Years, &c.

Anno 5 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XXVII.

An Act to prevent the Inconveniencies arising from seducing Artificers in the Manufactures of *Great Britain* into Foreign Parts.

Whereas divers Ill-disposed Persons, as well Foreigners as Subjects of this Kingdom, by Confederacy with Foreigners, have of late drawn away and transported, and have also made divers Attempts to entice, draw away, and transport several Artificers and Manufacturers of and in Wooll, Iron, Steel, Brass, and other Metals, Clock makers, Watch makers, and divers other Manufacturers of Great Britain, out of his Majesties Dominions, into Foreign Countries, by entring into Contracts with them, to give them greater Wages and Advantages than they have or can reasonably expect within this Kingdom, and by making them large Promises, and using other Arts to inveagle and draw them away: And whereas there is great Danger that, by means of these and such like Practices, many great and profitable Branches of the Trades and Manufactures of this Kingdom may be transplanted into Foreign Countries: Therefore for the preventing the like Practices for the future, Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if at any time hereafter any Person or Persons shall contract with, entice, endeavour Preamble.

Persons contracting with,

or enticing Artificers to go out of his Majesties Dominions,

your to perswade, or solicit any Manufacturer or Artificer of or in Wooll, Iron, Steel, Brass, or any other Metal, Clock-maker, Watch-maker, or any other Artificer or Manufacturer of Great Britain, to go out of this Kingdom into any Foreign Country out of his Majesties Dominions, and shall be lawfully convicted thereof, upon any Indictment or Information which shall be preferred or brought against him or them in any of his Majesties Courts at Westminster, or at the Assizes, or General Goal-Delivery, or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace, for the County, Riding, or Division where such Offence shall be committed, the Person and Persons so convict shall be fined any Sum not exceeding One hundred Pounds for such First Offence, according to the Discretion of the Court in which such Conviction shall be, and shall be imprisoned for the space of Three Months, and until such Fine shall be paid; and if any Person or Persons, having been once convict, as aforesaid, shall offend again, and be so convict a Second time of the like Offence, then, and in such Case, the Person so convict a Second time, shall be fined at the Discretion of the Court where such Conviction shall be, and be imprisoned for Twelve Months, and until such Fine shall be paid.

shall be fined not exceeding 100 *l.* for the First Offence, and be imprisoned for 3 Months, and for the Second Offence, at the Discretion of the Court, and be imprisoned for 12 Months.

Prosecution to be within 12 Months.

II. Provided nevertheless, That no Person or Persons shall be prosecuted for any of the Offences aforesaid, unless such Prosecution shall be begun within the space of Twelve Months next after such Offence shall be committed.

Artificers going into any Foreign Country to use or teach any Manufacturies to Foreigners,

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any of his Majesties Subjects within this Kingdom, being such Artificer or Manufacturer, as aforesaid, shall, at any time after the First day of May, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, go into any Country out of his Majesties Dominions, there to use or exercise, or to teach any of the said Trades or Manufacturies to Foreigners, or in case any of his Majesties Subjects now being, or who hereafter shall be in any such Foreign Country out of his Majesties Dominions, as aforesaid, and there using or exercising any of the said Trades or Manufacturies herein before mentioned, shall not Return into this Realm within Six Months next after Warning shall be given to him by the Ambassador, Envoy, Resident, Minister, or Consul of the Crown of Great Britain, in the Country in which such Artificer shall be, or by any Person authorized by such Ambassador, Envoy, Resident, Minister, or Consul, or by One of his Majesties Secretaries of State for the time being, and from thenceforth continually inhabit and dwell within this Realm, then, and in such Case, every such Person or Persons shall be from thenceforth incapable of taking any Legacy that shall be devised to him within this Kingdom, or of being an Executor or Administrator to any Person or Persons within this Kingdom, and shall be incapable of taking any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments within this Kingdom, by Descent, Devise, or Purchase, and also forfeit all his Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Goods, and Chattels, within this Kingdom, to his Majesties Use, and shall from thenceforth be, and be deemed and taken to be an Alien, and shall be out of his Majesties Protection.

not returning in 6 Months after Warning by Ambassador, &c.

incapable of taking any Legacy, or of being an Executor, or of taking any Lands, &c. and to be deemed an Alien.

On Complaint upon Oath that any Person is endeavouring to seduce any Artificer, Justices to grant their Warrants,

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said First day of May, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, upon Complaint made upon Oath before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, that any Person or Persons is or are endeavouring to seduce or draw away any such Manufacturer or Artificer, as aforesaid, out of his Majesties Dominions, for any the Purposes aforesaid, or that any such Manufacturer or Artificer, as aforesaid, hath contracted, promised, or is preparing to go out of his Majesties Dominions, for any of the Purposes aforesaid, then, and in such Case, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Justice or Justices of the Peace, unto whom such Complaint shall be made, to send forth his Warrant to bring the Person and Persons so complained of before him or them, or some other of his Majesties Justices of the Peace for the same County, Riding, Division,

Division, or City; and if when such Person or Persons shall be so brought before such Justice or Justices, it shall appear to such Justice or Justices, by the Oath or Oaths of One or more Credible Witness or Witnesses, or by the Confession of the Party or Parties so brought before him or them, that the Party so complained of was guilty of any of the said Offences, then, and in such Case, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Justice and Justices to bind the Person so charged to appear at the next Assizes, General Goal-Delivery, or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace, for the County, City, Riding, or Division, where such Offence shall be committed, to answer the Premisses, with reasonable Sureties for such his Appearance; and in case such Person or Persons shall refuse or neglect to give such Security, then, and in such Case, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Justice and Justices to commit the Person or Persons so refusing to the County Goal, there to be kept until the next Assizes, or next Quarter-Sessions of the County, City, Riding, or Division, where such Commitment shall be, at the Election of such Justice of the Peace, and until he, she, or they shall be delivered by due Course of Law; and in case any such Artificer or Manufacturer shall be convict upon any Indictment to be preferred against him at such Assizes, or General Goal-Delivery, or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace, as aforesaid, of any such Promise or Contract, or Preparation to go abroad beyond the Seas, for any of the Purposes aforesaid, then, and in such Case, the Person so convict shall give such Security to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, not to depart out of his Majesties Dominions for any the Purposes aforesaid, as such Court shall think reasonable, and shall be imprisoned until such Security shall be given.

and may bind him over to the next Assizes, &c.

On Conviction Party to give Security not to depart out of the Realm, and to be committed till Security given.

V. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any of the above mentioned Offences shall be committed in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, the same shall be prosecuted in the Court of Justiciary, or the Circuits there.

Offences in *Scotland* where to be prosecuted.

Anno 6 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. II.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for continuing the Duties on Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and twenty; and for enabling the Lords Commissioners of his Majesties Treasury to call in such Exchequer Bills as are to be cancelled and discharged with Money appointed for that Purpose.

MAY it please your most Excellent Majesty, we your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament assembled, towards raising such Supplies as are necessary to defray your Majesties Publick Expences, have freely and unanimously given and granted unto your Majesty, the Rates, Duties, and Impositions herein after mentioned; and do most humbly beseech your Majesty that it may be Enacted: And be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That within and throughout the whole Kingdom of Great Britain, the several and respective Rates, Duties, and Impositions, for and upon all Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, which in and by one Act of Parliament made and passed in the 12 A. cap. 2. Twelfth Year of the Reign of her late Majesty Queen Anne, of Blessed Memory, [Intituled, An Act for granting to her Majesty Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and thirteen; and for making forth Duplicates of

Preamble.

Malt Acts 12 *Anne*, and 1, 3, 4, & 5 *Geo.* further continued to 24 *June*, 1721.

Lottery Tickets, loſt, burnt, or deſtroyed; and for enlarging the time for adjuſting Claims in ſeveral Lottery Acts; and to puniſh the counterfeiting or forging of Lottery Orders; and for explaining a late Act in relation to Stamp-Duties on Cuſtomary Eſtates which paſs by Deed and Copy] were granted to her Majeſty, or chargeable in manner therein mentioned, until the Twenty fourth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen, and which by an Act of Parliament made and paſſed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of her ſaid late Majeſty, were continued until the Twenty fourth day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifteen, and which by one Act made and paſſed in the Firſt Year of his Majeſties Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifteen, and which by another Act made and paſſed in the Firſt Year of his Majeſties Reign were continued until the Twenty fourth day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventeen, and which by another Act made and paſſed in the Third Year of his Majeſties Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighteen, and which by another Act made and paſſed in the Fourth Year of his Majeſties Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen, and which by another Act made and paſſed in the Fifth Year of his Majeſties Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty, ſhall be further continued in like manner, and ſhall be, and are by this Act charged, for and upon all Malt which ſhall be made, and all Rum which ſhall be made and imported, and all Cyder and Perry, which ſhall be made for Sale within the Kingdom of Great Britain, from and after the Three and twentieth day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty, and before the Twenty fourth day of June, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty one; and ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected and paid unto his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, during the Term or Time aforeſaid, by the ſame Ways, Means, and Methods, and by ſuch Rules and Directions, and with ſuch Allowances and Repayments, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and with ſuch Power of Mitigation, and other Powers, and in ſuch Manner and Form, in all reſpects, as are preſcribed, mentioned, and expreſſed in the ſaid former Acts, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament thereby referred unto, or any of them, for or concerning the ſaid Duties, or any of them; and that the ſame Acts formerly made and paſſed, and the ſaid other Acts thereby referred unto, as to, for, and concerning the ſaid Duties upon Malt, Rum, Cyder, and Perry, and every Article, Rule, Clauſe, Matter, and Thing, in them, and every or any of them contained, or thereby referred to, and now being in force, ſhall be of full force and effect, to all Intents and Purpoſes, for raiſing, levying, collecting, ſecuring, and accounting for the ſame Rates, Duties, and Impoſitions, hereby granted or continued, and for levying and recovering the Penalties and Forfeitures, and making any Mitigations and Allowances, and all other Matters and Things, during the Continuance of this Act, as fully, as if the ſame were particularly and at large repeated in the Body of this preſent Act. 12 A. cap. 3. 1 Geo. cap. 2. 1 Geo. cap. 36. 3 Geo. cap. 4. 4 Geo. cap. 3. 5 Geo. cap. 2.

Duties to be raiſed as by the former Acts.

II. And it is hereby Declared and Enacted, That in all Caſes where the ſaid firſt mentioned Act of the Twelfth Year of her ſaid late Majeſties Reign, did relate to any Day or time within the Year, which commenced from the Twenty third Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and thirteen, this preſent Act doth and ſhall relate to the like Day or Time within the ſaid Year, commencing from the ſaid Twenty third day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty. 12 A. cap. 2.

This Act to relate to the ſame Day and Time as the former Act.

Anno

Anno 6 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. IV.

Part of the First Clause and several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for enabling the *South-Sea* Company to encrease their present Capital Stock and Fund, by redeeming such Publick Debts and Incumbrances as are therein mentioned; and for raising Money to be applied for lessening several of the Publick Debts and Incumbrances; and for calling in the present Exchequer Bills remaining uncancelled; and for making forth new Bills in lieu thereof, to be circulated and exchanged upon Demand at or near the Exchequer.

NOW we your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament assembled, being desirous to have the said Publick Debts and Incumbrances lessened as fast as conveniently may be, with regard to Justice and the Publick Faith, and that as well such Publick Duties, Revenues, and Incomes, as are already settled for answering the present Annuity or yearly Fund of the said Governor and Company, as also such other Publick Duties, Revenues, and Incomes, as are specified in this Act, may be settled in such manner, that the present Annuities or yearly Funds for the present Capital of the said Governor and Company, and the Annuities or yearly Funds which shall become due and payable for their Capital to be encreased, pursuant to this Act, may be continued at the respective Rates herein after mentioned, till the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, which shall be in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and twenty seven inclusive; and that from and after the same Feast-day, their then Annuity or yearly Fund for their whole Capital, and encreased Capital, may be actually reduced to Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, and likewise be thenceforth redeemable by Parliament, according to the Purport and true Meaning of this Act, have, for that End and Purpose, given and granted, and do by this present Act give and grant to your Majesty, your Heirs and Successors, such Rates, Duties, Revenues, and Incomes, as are herein after mentioned; and do humbly Beseech your Majesty, That it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the Kings most-Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That such or the like particular Rates and Duties of Excise upon Beer, Ale, Cyder, and other Liquors, as by the said 8 A. *cap.* 7. Act of the Eighth Year of the Reign of Queen Anne, were granted for the Term of Thirty two Years, which commenced from the Feast of the Annuntiation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, One thousand seven hundred and ten; and such new Rates or Duties upon Pepper, Raisins, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, and Snuff, as by the same Act were granted for the Term of Thirty two Years, which commenced from the Sixth day of February, One thousand seven hundred and nine, shall severally, by virtue of this Act, have Continuance after the respective Determinations of the several Terms of Thirty two Years last mentioned, and be paid and payable to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for ever: And that the above mentioned yearly Fund, or Sum of Thirty five thousand Pounds per Annum, which by the said Letters-Patents of her said late Majesty Queen Anne, grounded upon the said Act of Parliament in that behalf, was made payable at the Exchequer during the Term of Thirty two Years, which commenced from Michaelmas, One thousand seven hundred and thirteen, out of Revenues in the same Letters-Patents expressed, shall, after the

The Duties of Excise, and on Pepper, &c granted 8 *A.* made perpetual.

Subject to the Payment of 35000 *l. per An.* granted by her late Majesties Letters-Patents.

Determination of the Term of Thirty two Years laſt mentioned, have Continuance, and the ſaid Revenues ſhall be charged therewith for ever: And that ſuch and the like Additional or new Duties and Rates for and upon all Sope, and for and upon all Paper, Paſte boards, Mill-boards and Scale-boards, and for and upon certain chequered and ſtriped Linens, and upon certain Linens printed, painted, ſtained, or dyed after the Manufacture, or in the Thread or Yarn before the Manufacture, in any Foreign Parts, and for and upon Silks, Callicoes, Linens, and Stuffs printed, ſtained, painted, or dyed in Great Britain, and for and upon all Starch, and for and upon Coals ſhipped to be exported, and for and upon ſeveral Matters and Things which ſhould be engroſſed or written on Stampt Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, which in or by the ſaid Two Acts, the one of the Twelfth Year of her ſaid late Majeſties Reign, and the other of the Firſt Year of his now Majeſties Reign, or by one of thoſe Acts, were granted and ſaid for a Term or ſeveral Terms of Thirty two Years, which commenced from the Second day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen (except as in the ſame Acts, or either of them, is excepted) ſhall ſeverally, by virtue of this Act, have Continuance, after the Determination of the Term and Terms of Thirty two Years laſt mentioned, and be paid and payable to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for ever: And that ſuch and the like particular Rates and Impoſitions, which in and by One of the ſaid Acts of the Fifth Year of his preſent Majeſties Reign, were granted or impoſed for and upon all ſorts of Coals and Culm which ſhould be imported and brought into the Port of the City of London, or the River of Thames within the Liberty of the ſaid City upon the ſame River, from and after the Twenty ſeventh day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty five, and before the Feaſt of the Annunciation of the Bleſſed Virgin Mary, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifty one, ſhall by virtue of this Act be continued, and be paid and payable to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for ever, for and upon all ſorts of Coals and Culm which ſhall be imported and brought at any time or times after the Twenty fourth day of March, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifty.

The Duty on Sope, Paper, &c. 12 A.

12 A. cap. 9. 1 Geo. cap. 2.

and the Duties on Coals, &c. 5 Geo. made perpetual.

5 Geo. cap. 9.

II. And it is hereby Enacted, That the ſeveral Rates, Duties, Revenues, and Impoſitions by this Act made perpetual, as aforeſaid, as well before, as when and as the ſame reſpectively ſhall take effect by virtue of this Act, ſhall be raiſed and levied by ſuch Rules, Means, and Methods, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and with ſuch Diſtribution of the ſame Penalties and Forfeitures, and ſubject to ſuch Power of Mitigation, and with ſuch reſpective Drawbacks, Allowances, and Repayments, and with ſuch Exceptions, and in ſuch Manner and Form, as the like Rates, Duties, Revenues, or Impoſitions, granted or continued by the ſaid former Acts now in being reſpectively, are preſcribed, enacted, or appointed to be raiſed or levied.

Theſe Duties how to be raiſed.

III. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in all caſes where any further or other Proviſion or Alteration is made by any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, touching or concerning any the Rates, Duties, Revenues, and Impoſitions which were granted for certain Terms, as aforeſaid, ſuch other Proviſions and Alterations ſhall be obſerved, and take place, in relation to the like Rates, Duties, Revenues, and Impoſitions by this Act intended to be made perpetual.

Alterations in other Acts concerning the Duties to take place.

IV. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the Monies to ariſe by the ſaid Rates, Duties, Revenues, and Impoſitions by this Act made perpetual, as aforeſaid, as well before, as when and as the ſame reſpectively (after the Expiration of the reſpective Terms formerly granted, as aforeſaid) ſhall take effect by virtue of this preſent Act (the neceſſary Charges of raiſing the ſame excepted) ſhall from time to time be brought into the Receipt of

The Monies to ariſe by theſe Duties to be brought into the Exchequer.

Charges excepted.

of Exchequer, to the intent and purpose that the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas and other Parts of America, and for encouraging the Fishery, and their Successors, may out of the same be secured the Payment of such respective Annuities or Sums as shall or may become due or payable to them in pursuance of this Act, until the Redemption thereof: Nevertheless the said Rates, Duties, Revenues, and Impositions, hereby made perpetual, and such Annuities or Sums as shall or may become due or payable out of the same to the said Governor and Company, and their Successors, shall be subject to Redemption by Parliament, according to the Proviso or Condition of Redemption hereafter in this Act contained in that behalf; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding. Subject to Redemption.

XXXIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Annuity or yearly Fund now payable to the same Governor and Company after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, from the time to which it was last paid at the Exchequer, until and for the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, which shall be in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred twenty and seven, and from thenceforth at the said Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, until Redemption by Parliament, according to this Act, shall grow and be accounted due Quarterly, as the same now is, at the Four most usual Feasts in the Year, by equal Portions (nevertheless to be satisfied by Weekly or other Payments, as is herein after mentioned) to the same Governor and Company, and their Successors, out of the Monies arisen and to arise into the said Exchequer, of or for the particular Duties, Revenues, Funds, and other Provisions now charged or chargeable with the same Annuity or yearly Fund, now payable after the said Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, or appropriated for Payment thereof by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force: And that the several Additions to be made to the same Annuity or yearly Fund of the same Governor and Company by virtue of this Act, as fast as the same Additions respectively, shall be settled and determined, as aforesaid, shall be computed and paid from the respective Commencements thereof according to this Act, and shall grow and be accounted due to them and their Successors Quarterly, at the Four most usual Feasts aforesaid, by equal Portions, at the several Rates by this Act prescribed, until and for the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred twenty seven; and from and after the same Feast-day at the said Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, until Redemption by Parliament, according to this Act (nevertheless to be satisfied by Weekly or other Payments, as is herein after mentioned;) and all and every the same Additional Annuities or yearly Funds shall be charged and chargeable upon, and be paid and payable out of the Monies arisen or to arise at the said Receipt of Exchequer, of or for the particular Duties, Revenues, Funds, and other Provisions respectively, which were charged with Payment of the respective Annuities or Debts so taken in or paid off, as aforesaid, or were appropriated for Payment thereof: And in case the said particular Duties or Revenues, or any of them, are Temporary, or were imposed only for a Term or Terms of Years, which may end or determine before the Redemption of the Additional Annuity or Annuities intended to be charged thereupon by virtue of this Act, then and in all and every such Case and Cases every such Additional Annuity, until the Redemption thereof by Parliament, according to this Act, shall be charged upon, and be payable out of the same or the like particular Duties and Revenues by this Act continued and granted to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for ever; which are hereby declared to be a further Security for Payment of the same. The encreased Annuity shall grow due Quarterly out of the Monies to arise by the Duties chargeable therewith. The Temporary Duties continued for ever.

XXXIV. And whereas the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, are already entitled by virtue of former Acts

Acts of Parliament in that behalf, to several yearly Sums, amounting to Nine thousand three hundred ninety seven Pounds, Nine Shillings, and Six Pence per Annum, for Charges of Management, and it is intended, that they, and their Successors, shall have a further Allowance for Charges of Management of so much as it now Costs the Publick, for the Annual Charge of paying, assigning, and accounting for the Annuities and Debts by this Act intended to be taken in, or paid off, or so much of them as shall be actually taken in, or paid off, pursuant to this Act; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, shall, with all convenient Speed, cause an Account or Estimate to be taken and made up of the whole Annual Cost to the Publick, of paying, assigning, and accounting for all the Annuities and Debts of what kind soever, computed or specified in this Act, as aforesaid (whether they shall or shall not be all taken in, or paid off) and upon his or their receiving the above mentioned Accounts, or Duplicates thereof, from the said Managers and Directors to be constituted in pursuance of this Act, from time to time; shall compute and allow, and cause to be computed and allowed to the same Governor and Company, a Proportion of the said Costs for the Annuities and Debts then appearing to be actually taken in, or paid off; That is to say, as the Sum of Eleven millions seven hundred forty six thousand eight hundred forty four Pounds, Eight Shillings, and Ten Pence (being their present Capital Stock) is to the said yearly Sum of Nine thousand three hundred ninety seven Pounds, Nine Shillings, and Six Pence (being their present Allowance for Management) so the Stock which they are to have for the Annuities and Debts by every such Account or Duplicate thereof, appearing to be taken in, or paid off, shall be to the proportional Sum which shall be allowed to the same Corporation towards their Charges, so as all the proportional Sums last mentioned do not exceed the whole of one Years Cost for paying, assigning, and accounting for all the Annuities and Debts before mentioned; and the proportional Sums so to be allowed, shall, from time to time, be specified in the said respective Instruments, under the Hands and Seals of the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, and shall respectively commence from the respective time or times at which the to be encreased Annuity and Annuities to the same Governor and Company, or the proportional Parts thereof, shall commence in pursuance of this Act.

A proportional Addition to be made to the Companies present Allowance for Charges of Management.

XXXV. And it is hereby Enacted, That the said Sums amounting to Nine thousand three hundred ninety seven Pounds, Nine Shillings, and Six Pence per Annum, and such further Sums for Charges of Management (when, and as they shall be added thereunto) shall, from time to time, be paid and payable to the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, and their Successors, at such Times, and in such Manner and Form as their present Annuity or yearly Fund, and the said Additions to be made thereunto, as aforesaid, are by this Act appointed to be paid and payable, till the same Annuities and yearly Funds shall be redeemed according to this Act; and that as well the said Sums amounting to Nine thousand three hundred ninety seven Pounds, Nine Shillings, and Six Pence per Annum, as the said further Sums to be allowed for Charges of Management, shall be charged upon and payable out of the particular Duties, Revenues, and Incomes by this Act charged or intended to be charged to and with the Payment of the said present Annuity or yearly Fund of the same Governor and Company, and of the said several Additions to be made thereunto, as aforesaid; any thing in this or any former Act or Acts of Parliament contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

The 9397 *l.* 9 *s.* 6 *d. per An.* and further Sums for Charges, to be paid to the Company as their present Annuities, *&c.* are payable, till redeemed.

XXXVI. And for better securing to the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, and their Successors, all the Pay-

Payments intended to be made to them, by virtue or in pursuance of this Act; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the above mentioned Duties and Revenues whatsoever by this Act charged, or intended to be charged to or with the Payment of the Annuity or yearly Fund of the same Governor and Company, and the Additions to be made thereunto, as aforesaid, and to or with the Payment of the said yearly Sum of Nine thousand three hundred ninety seven Pounds, Nine Shillings, and Six Pence, and the Additions for Charges of Management to be made thereunto, as aforesaid (whether the same Duties or Revenues, or any of them, be such as were granted in Perpetuity by any former Act or Acts of Parliament, or be continued in Perpetuity by virtue of this Act) shall, from time to time, be raised, levied, and collected, and all the Monies arising thereby (except the necessary Charges of raising, collecting, levying, and paying the same into the Exchequer in England) shall, from time to time, be brought and paid into the same Exchequer by and according to the Rules, Methods, and Directions, and with such Drawbacks, Repayments, and Allowances, and under such Penalties, Forfeitures, and Disabilities, as are prescribed by the said former Act or Acts of Parliament respectively, or referred unto by this Act, for raising, levying, collecting, or bringing in the same, as fully and effectually, as if the same Rules, Methods, Directions, Drawbacks, Repayments, Allowances, Penalties, Forfeitures, and Disabilities, and every of them, were in and by this Act particularly repeated and reenacted; and that all the Monies which shall be so brought into the said Receipt, from time to time, of or for the said Duties and Revenues respectively, shall be fairly and distinctly entred and registred in one or more Book or Books to be kept in the Offices of the Auditor of the said Receipt, and Clerk of the Pells severally for that purpose, to which all Persons concerned at all reasonable times shall have free Access without Fee or Charge.

All the Duties and Revenues charged with the Companies yearly Fund, &c. to be brought into the Exchequer,

according to the Directions of the former Acts,

to be entred in Books by the Auditor of the Receipt and Clerk of the Pells.

XXXVII. And it is hereby also Enacted, That the said Auditor of the Receipt, and Clerk of the Pells for the time being, shall severally keep one other Book, in which shall be entred distinctly and separately so much or such Proportions of the said Monies, so coming, from time to time, into the said Receipt of Exchequer, as by the Tenor and true Meaning of this Act, shall be applicable or ought to be applied for or towards the Payment of the said present Annuity or yearly Fund of the same Governor and Company, and the Additions to be made thereunto, as aforesaid, at the respective Rates before mentioned, and for or towards the Payment of their said yearly Sum of Nine thousand three hundred ninety seven Pounds, Nine Shillings, and Six Pence, for Charges of Management, and the Additions to be made thereunto, as aforesaid, until such Redemption, as aforesaid; which Monies for that purpose shall be kept apart from other Monies whatsoever, payable into the said Receipt.

One other Book to enter distinctly so much of the Monies as ought to be applied to the Companies yearly Fund, and the Additions to be made thereto, and for Charges of Management.

XXXVIII. And it is hereby also Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Monies which shall or ought to be so separated and kept apart for the said Purposes in this Act expressed, shall be and are hereby appropriated, and shall, from time to time, be issued and applied to and for the Payment and Satisfaction of such Sum and Sums of Money as, according to the Tenor and true Meaning of this Act, shall, from time to time, be due or payable to the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, or their Successors (subject nevertheless to such Reduction and Redemption, as are in and by this Act prescribed touching the same) and to none other use, intent, or purpose whatsoever; and that the respective Officers in the Exchequer, who shall make any wilful Delay in issuing or paying the same, or shall be guilty of diverting or misapplying any of the said Monies contrary to this Act, for any such Offence, shall be forejudged of their respective Offices or Places, and be rendred incapable to serve his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, in any Office or Imployment of Trust or Profit whatsoever, and shall also be liable to pay double the

The Monies to be kept apart and appropriated for that Use.

Penalty on Officers of the Exchequer misapplying the Money.

the Value of any Sum or Sums of Money so wilfully delayed to be paid, or so diverted, or misapplied, as aforesaid, to the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, and their Successors, to be recovered by Action of Debt, or on the Case, Bill, Suit, or Information in any of his Majesties Courts of Record in Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance shall be granted or allowed.

Deficiency to be made good out of the Overplus in any subsequent Quarter.

XLI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if at any time or times the Monies which shall be brought into the Exchequer, and be set apart, as aforesaid, for making the Payments by this Act appointed and intended to be made to the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, and their Successors, as aforesaid (which Monies are by this Act appropriated for or towards that Use and Purpose) shall not be sufficient to pay and discharge, or complete the Payment at the End of any Quarter of a Year of all the Monies which shall be then due for or upon their said present Annuity or yearly Fund, and the said Additions to be made thereunto, and for and upon the said yearly Sum of Nine thousand three hundred ninety seven Pounds, Nine Shillings, and Six Pence, for Charges of Management, and the Additions to be made to the same, as aforesaid, then, and so often, and in every such Case, the Deficiency of any such Quarter shall and may be supplied out of the Overplus Monies to arise and to be set apart, as aforesaid, in any subsequent Quarter.

Annuities not taken in, shall continue to be paid at the former Offices,

and shall be transferrable, &c. as if this Act had not been made.

XLII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That such of the said Annuities and Debts as shall not be taken in by Purchase or Subscription, or be paid off by or in pursuance of this Act, and the Interest Monies payable for the same Debts, shall severally continue to be paid, and shall be payable to the respective Proprietors thereof, their Executors, Administrators, Successors, and Assigns, at the same respective Offices and Places, and out of the same Duties, Revenues, and Incomes, and at such Time and Times, and shall be assignable, transferrable, and disposable in the same manner and form as those Annuities and Debts, or the Interest of such Debts, are now payable, assignable, transferrable, or disposeable by the respective Acts or Statutes now in force concerning the same, and as if this present Act had never been made: And that this Act, or any Clause, Matter or Thing therein contained, shall not extend or be construed to interrupt, delay, or prejudice, at any time before or after the said First day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty one, the receiving, assigning, transferring, or disposing the said Annuities or Debts, or the Interest of such Debts not taken in or paid off by virtue of this Act, as aforesaid, in any manner of wise; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding (except as is herein before otherwise provided and directed, relating to the stopping or delaying the assigning and transferring the Annuites or Shares in Stock for the same, now transferrable at the Publick Office of the Bank of England.)

Corporation shall continue for ever, and shall enjoy their increased Funds till the Redemption thereof,

LVII. And it is hereby Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, and their Successors, for ever shall remain, continue, and be one Body Corporate and Politick, by the Name of the Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas, and other Parts of America, and for encouraging the Fishery; and shall have, hold, receive, and enjoy the said Annuity or yearly Fund of Five hundred eighty seven thousand three hundred forty two Pounds, Four Shillings, and Five Pence, and the said Annuities or yearly Funds which, pursuant to this Act, shall or ought to be added thereunto by way of Increase, as aforesaid, and the said yearly Sum of Nine thousand three hundred ninety seven Pounds, Nine Shillings, and Six Pence, and the said yearly Sums to be added thereunto (by way of Increase for Management) pursuant to this Act, until the said Annuities and yearly Funds, and the said yearly Sums respectively shall be redeemed according to this Act; and shall have, hold, and enjoy

for

for ever, all their Forts, Factories, Acquisitions, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, sole Benefit of Trade in and to the South-Seas, and elsewhere, with a perpetual Succession; and all Abilities, Capacities, Powers, Authorities, Franchises, Exemptions, Privileges, Profits, and Advantages whatsoever, whereunto the same Governor and Company are, or before the making of this Act were entitled by any Act or Acts of Parliament, Grant or Charter now in force (all which are by this Act ratified, confirmed, and made effectual to them and their Successors) freed and discharged of and from all former Provisoes, Powers, Acts, Matters, and Things whatsoever, for redeeming, determining, or making void the same, or any of them; subject nevertheless to the Provisoes and Powers herein after contained for redeeming the said present Annuity or yearly Fund of the same Governor and Company, and all Additions to be made thereunto, and the said yearly Sum of Nine thousand three hundred ninety seven Pounds, Nine Shillings, and Six Pence, for Charges of Management, and all Additions to be made thereunto, at such Time or Times, and in such Manner and Form, as are herein after specified in that behalf.

and their Factories, Trade, and Acquisitions.

LVIII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That at any time after the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred twenty seven, upon Repayment by Parliament to the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, or their Successors, of the whole Sum whereof their said Capital Stock, with all the Additions which (for taking in the said Annuities, Debts and Incumbrances) are to be made thereunto by way of Increase, as aforesaid, shall then consist, according to this Act, without any Deduction, Defalcation, or Abatement whatsoever to be made out of the same, or any part thereof, and upon Payment of all Arrears which shall be then due at the respective Rates aforesaid, or either of them, for or upon the then Annuity or yearly Fund of the same Governor and Company, to be increased, as aforesaid, and upon Payment of all Arrears of the said yearly Sums for Charges of Management; all which Arrears (if any such be) shall be computed and paid to the Quarterly Feast-day then next preceeding, and from thence shall be computed and paid by the Day, till the time of such full Payment made of the Capital Stock, to be increased, as aforesaid, then the said Annuity or yearly Fund of the same Governor and Company, payable as aforesaid, and the said Annuities or yearly Funds which shall be added thereunto pursuant to this Act, and the said yearly Sums to be allowed for Charges of Management, as aforesaid, and every of them, shall from thencefoyth cease and determine.

After 24 *June*, 1727. on Repayment of the whole Capital Stock, &c. yearly Fund, &c. to cease.

LIX. And in regard it is intended that at any time or times after the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred twenty seven, the Principal or Sum Total of the said Capital and to be increased Stock of the same Governor and Company, consisting of Eleven millions seven hundred forty six thousand eight hundred forty four Pounds, Eight Shillings, and Ten Pence, and the Additions to be made thereunto, as aforesaid, may be satisfied to the said Governor and Company, by any Payments (not being less than One million of lawful Money of Great Britain at a time;) and that as the same Principal Money shall be paid off, the said Annuity or yearly Fund of the same Governor and Company, and the Annuities or yearly Funds to be added thereunto, as aforesaid, shall from time to time proportionably sink and be abated: Be it therefore further Provided and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That at any time or times after the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred twenty seven, upon Repayment by Parliament to the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, or their Successors, of any Sum or Sums of Money (not being less than One million at a time) in part of the Principal

After 24 *June*, 1727. on Payment of any Sum, not less than 1000000 *l.* a proportionable part of the Annuities shall cease.

Monies whereunto the said Capital with all the Additions, which, for taking in the said Annuities, Debts and Incumbrances, are to be made thereunto, by way of Increase, as aforesaid, shall then joyntly amount according to this Act, and upon Payment of all Arrearages then due to them at the respective Rates aforesaid, or either of them, for or upon their said Annuity or yearly Fund increased, or to be increased, as aforesaid, or so much of those Arrearages as shall bear a Proportion to the Principal Sums, from time to time, remaining unsatisfied, being computed by the Day, until the time of every such Payment of part of the Principal respectively; and upon Payment of all Arrearages then due, for or upon the said yearly Sums for Charges of Management; then from and after every such Payment so made to the same Governor and Company, or their Successors, so much of their said Annuity or yearly Fund, increased, or to be increased, as aforesaid, as shall bear Proportion to the Monies so paid in part of the said Principal, shall cease, determine, and be abated; any thing in this or any former Act or Acts of Parliament contained, or other matter or thing whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

After Redemption of the Annuities, the Duties to be understood to be redeemed by Parliament.

LX. Provided also, and it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Redemption of the said Annuity or yearly Fund of the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, and of the Additional Annuities or yearly Funds which are to be joyned to the same, as aforesaid, and of the said yearly Sums to be paid for Charges of Management, as aforesaid, according to the several and respective Provisoes or Conditions of Redemption in this Act contained, or concerning the same, then and not till then, so much of the said several Duties, Revenues and Incomes as were by this Act applicable thereunto during the Continuance thereof, shall be understood to be redeemed by Parliament, and shall not be issued, paid, or applied, to any Use, Intent, or Purpose whatsoever, without Authority of Parliament: Nevertheless the same Corporation by the Name aforesaid, shall for ever remain, continue, and be one Body Corporate and Politick, and shall have, hold, and enjoy, all their Forts, Factories, Acquisitions, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, sole Benefit of Trade in and to the South-Seas, and elsewhere, and also all the Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments that are or shall be by them purchased in Great Britain, not exceeding One thousand Pounds per Annum, with perpetual Succession, and all Abilities, Capacities, Powers, Authorities, Franchises, Exemptions, Privileges, Profits, and Advantages whatsoever, whereunto the said Governor and Company are, or before the making this Act, were entitled by any Act or Acts of Parliament, Grants or Charter now in force; all which, and all the Clauses, Matters, and Things therein contained, now being in force, are by this Act ratified, confirmed, and made effectual to them and their Successors; and the same Governor and Company, and the Members thereof, without having any Share or Interest in the said yearly Funds, Payments, or Annuities, or any of them, after the same shall be redeemed, shall have and be entitled to the sole and exclusive Benefits of Trade in and to the South-Seas, and elsewhere, and such Power of Trade in the Fishery, as by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force is directed, and all other Benefits, Powers, Privileges, and Advantages (the said respective Annuities to them issuing or payable after such Redemption, as aforesaid, only excepted) as if no such Redemption were had or made; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

But the Corporation to continue for ever.

All things by any former Acts or Charter granted, to continue for ever.

LXI. And it is hereby Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the Abilities, Capacities, Powers, Authorities, Exemptions, Franchises, Privileges, Profits, and Advantages whatsoever, and all Pains of Death, and other Penalties, Forfeitures, and Disabilities, and all Rules, Directions, Methods, Articles, Matters and Things whatsoever, which by any former Act or Acts of Parliament, or any Clause or Clauses therein, or any Charter or Charters under the Great Seal of Great Britain,

Britain, are enacted, granted, or established, to, for, touching, or concerning the same Corporation of the Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, trading to the South-Seas, and other Parts of America, and for incouraging the Fishery, or their Successors, or the Members of the same, or any Person or Persons imployed or to be imployed under them (being in force at or until the time of making this Act, and not hereby determined or altered) shall for ever continue and be practised, and put in Execution, for securing and paying the yearly Funds, Annuities, and Payments by this Act directed, and subject to the Provisoes for Redemption thereof in this Act contained, and also (as well after such Redemption as before) for securing the Possessions, Trade, and Business of the same Corporation, and for the Advantage of them, and all Persons imployed, or to be imployed under them, in all respects, as fully and effectually, to all intents and purposes, as if the said Abilities, Capacities, Powers, Authorities, Exemptions, Franchises, Privileges, Profits, and Advantages, and the said Pains of Death, and other Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities, and the said Benefit of Trade, Rules, Directions, Methods, Articles, Matters, and Things, were severally repeated, and at large re-enacted in the Body of this present Act.

Not to hinder the Payment of 700000 *l.* *per Annum* to his Majesty,

LXII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted, That nothing in this Act contained, shall obstruct or hinder, or be construed to obstruct or hinder the Payment of any part of the yearly Sum of Seven hundred thousand Pounds, settled during his Majesties Life (which God long Preserve) for Support of his Majesties Houshold, and of the Honour and Dignity of his Crown; or any part of the Annuities granted by his Majesty to his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, or his Trustees, out of the same, pursuant to Acts of Parliament in that behalf; or to obstruct or hinder the Payment of the yearly Sum of Four thousand Pounds payable by any Act or Acts of Parliament, out of part of the said Aggregate Fund, to Sheriffs of England, and Wales, for defraying the Charges of taking forth their Letters Patents for their respective Offices and passing their several Accounts, and obtaining their Quietuses; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

or the Annuities to the Prince of *Wales*,

or the 4000 *l.* *per Annum* for Sheriffs Charges.

Company not to purchase Crown-Lands, or lend Money to the Crown by way of Anticipation.

LXVI. Provided always, and it is hereby further Enacted, That if the Sub-Governor, Deputy Governor, the Directors, Managers, Assistants, or other Members of the said Corporation of the Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, trading to the South-Seas, and other Parts of America, and for encouraging the Fishery, shall upon the Account of the said Corporation, at any time or times, purchase any Lands or Revenues belonging to the Crown, or advance or lend to his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, any Sum or Sums of Money, by way of Loan or Anticipation, on any Part or Parts, Branch or Branches, Fund or Funds of the Revenues now granted or belonging, or hereafter to be granted or belonging to his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, other than such Fund or Funds, Part or Parts, Branch or Branches of the said Revenues only on which a Credit of Loan is or shall be granted by Parliament, that then the said Sub-Governor, Deputy-Governor, Directors, Managers, or Assistants, or other Members of the said Corporation, who shall consent, agree to, or approve of the Advancing or Lending to his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, such Sum or Sums of Money, as aforesaid, and each and every of them, so agreeing, consenting, or approving, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall for every such Offence, forfeit treble the Value of every such Sum or Sums of Money so lent; whereof One fifth part shall be to the Informer, to be recovered in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, wherein no Protection, Wager of Law, Essoign, Privilege of Parliament, or other Privilege shall be allowed, nor any more than one Imparlance, and the Residue to be disposed of towards Publick Uses as shall be directed by Parliament, and not otherwise.

Penalty for so doing.

LXVIII. And whereas in and by an Act of Parliament made in the Third Year of his Majesties Reign, the Monies to arise, from time to time, by certain Surplusses, Excesses, and Overplus Monies, therein specified, were appropriated for discharging the Principal and Interest of such National Debts and Incumbrances as were incurred before the Five and twentieth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and were declared to be National Debts, and were provided for by Act of Parliament in such Manner and Form as should be directed or appointed by any future Act or Acts of Parliament to be discharged therewith or out of the same; which Monies so arising by the said Surplusses, Excesses, and Overplus Monies, are commonly called the Sinking Fund, and the said Fund commonly so called the Sinking Fund, is like to be very much increased, in consequence of this present Act, by taking in several of the above mentioned Annuities and Debts, and settling (in lieu thereof) upon the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, and their Successors, Additions to their present Annuity or yearly Fund at the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, until and for the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred twenty and seven; and afterwards at the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, till Redemption thereof according to this Act: Now it is hereby further Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That so much of the Monies as at any time or times before the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred twenty seven, shall arise by the said Surplusses, Excesses, and Overplus Monies, with the said Increase thereof, as shall or may remain in the Exchequer after discharging so much as remains unsatisfied of the Sum of Five hundred and twenty thousand Pounds, mentioned in an Act of the Fifth Year of his Majesties Reign for cancelling such Exchequer Bills as are therein specified, and after discharging such Payments as shall be charged or chargeable on the said Sinking Fund, or the Increase thereof, by any other Act or Acts of this Session of Parliament, and after paying off such Publick Debts and Incumbrances carrying Interest or an Annuity after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, or any higher Interest or Annuity, founded upon any former Act or Acts of Parliament in that behalf (not being part of the Capital Stock or Fund of the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain) as may be redeemed before the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred twenty and seven, shall and may be applied, at the end of every Year, so far as such Remainder of the said Surplusses, Excesses, and Overplus Monies will, from time to time, extend, by even Sums of One hundred thousand Pounds at a time, for or towards paying off part of the Capital Stock of the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, which shall carry the said Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum; and upon every such Payment a proportional part of their Annuity or yearly Fund, payable at that Rate for so much of the said Capital Stock as shall be so paid off, from time to time, shall cease and determine; and the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, are hereby directed and authorized to cause the Monies so arising of or for the said Sinking Fund, other than and except, as aforesaid, to be applied for or towards the paying off such Publick Debts and Incumbrances, and for or towards paying off such part of the Capital Stock of the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, and reducing a proportional part of their Annuity or yearly Fund accordingly; any former Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

3 Geo. cap. 9.

5 Geo. cap. 3.

So much Money arising before 24 *June*, 1727. by the Overplus Monies, called the Sinking Fund, with the Increase thereof, as shall remain after 520000 *l.* by 5 *Geo.* is completed, and after discharging Payments charged on the Sinking Fund, &c. redeemable before *Midsummer*, 1727, shall be applied by even Sums of 100000 *l.* towards paying off part of the Capital, carrying Interest at 5 *l. per Cent.*

Exchequer Bills to be current in the Revenue.

LXXXI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the Exchequer Bills to be made forth, as aforesaid, and to be current at any time or times, within the said Term of Seven Years, shall be received and taken by, and shall pass and be

be current to all and every the Receivers and Collectors in Great Britain, of the Customs, Excise, or of any Revenue, Supply, Aid, or Tax whatsoever, already granted, due, or payable, or which shall or may hereafter be granted, due, or payable to his Majesty, his Heirs, or Successors, and also at the Receipt of the Exchequer, from the said Receivers or Collectors, or from any other Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate whatsoever, making any Payment or Loan there to his Majesty, his Heirs, and Successors, for or upon any Account, Cause, or Occasion whatsoever, according to the Purport and true Meaning of this Act: And that such of the same Bills as shall be so received at the Exchequer shall and may be locked up, and secured as Cash, according to the Course of the Exchequer settled and established by Law, for locking up and securing Money in Specie received there; and that all and every the Receivers and Collectors in Great Britain of the Customs, Excise, or any Revenue, Aid, Tax, or Supply whatsoever, already granted, due, or payable, or which shall or may hereafter be granted, due, or payable to his Majesty, his Heirs, or Successors, shall and are hereby directed and required, out of any current coined Money, as shall then be in his or their Hands, of such Revenue, Aid, Tax, or Supply, to pay such of the same Bills as shall be brought to them respectively, by any Person or Persons desiring to have Money for the same; and in case any such Receiver, or Collector shall refuse or neglect to exchange such Bills for ready Money, by the space of Four and twenty Hours, then the Person or Persons demanding the same, shall or may bring an Action of Debt, or on the Case, for the Principal and Interest Monies due upon such Bill or Bills, against such Receiver or Collector having Money in his Hands, as aforesaid; in which Action the Plaintiff shall or may declare, that such Receiver or Collector is indebted to such Plaintiff in the Money demanded upon every such Bill according to the Form of the Statute, and hath not paid the same, which shall be sufficient; and the Plaintiff in every such Action shall recover against the Receiver or Collector not only the Monies so refused or neglected to be paid, but also his Damages, with full Costs of Suit; and such Receiver or Collector shall be subject and liable thereunto; and in such Action no Essoign, Protection, Privilege, or Wager of Law, shall be allowed, or more than one Imparlance; and upon Payment of the Monies so to be recovered, the Plaintiff, his Executors, or Assigns, shall deliver up such Bills to the Defendant, his Executors, or Assigns.

If received at the Exchequer to be locked up as Cash.

Receivers, &c. out of Money in their Hands to exchange the Bills.

Receivers refusing, may be sued.

LXXXII. And be it further Enacted, That as any of the said Bills to be made forth by virtue of this or any other or future Act or Acts, as aforesaid, shall at any time or times hereafter, within or during the said Term of Seven Years, or within or during any part of that Term, be paid or lent into the Exchequer by any his Majesties Receivers, or other Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, making any Payment or Loans at that Receipt, the Officers there shall cause Tallies to be levied and delivered to the Payers or Lenders, as amply and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if they had made such Payments or Loans in Specie.

Tallies to be struck for such Bills lent into the Exchequer.

LXXXIII. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Interest which shall, from time to time, be due upon any the Bills so to be Current, as aforesaid, shall be allowed to all Persons, Bodies Politick and Corporate, paying the same to any Receiver or Collector, Receivers or Collectors, of any his Majesties Revenues, Aids, Taxes or Supplies, or by way of Exchange, as aforesaid, or paying or lending the same into the Exchequer, as aforesaid, to the respective Days whereupon such Bill or Bills shall be so paid, exchanged, or lent.

Interest due on the Bills to be allowed by Receivers, &c.

LXXXIV. Provided always, That no Interest shall run or be paid upon or for any such Bill or Bills during the time that any such Bill or Bills, so paid, exchanged, or lent, shall remain in the Hands of any the said Receivers or Collectors, or in the Hands of

No Interest on the Bills in the Receivers Hands, or in the Exchequer.

of any Teller or Tellers of the Exchequer, but for such time the Interest on every such Bill shall cease; and the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain shall not be obliged to bear or pay any Part or Proportion of the Interest so saved.

Persons paying Bills to Receivers, &c. to endorse their Names, and Time when paid in:

LXXXV. And to the End it may be known for what time such Bills bearing Interest shall, from time to time, remain in the Hands of such Receiver or Collector, or in the Exchequer aforesaid; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Person or Persons who shall pay any such Bill or Bills bearing Interest to any Receiver or Collector of any his Majesties Revenues, Aids, Tares, or Supplies, by way of Exchange or otherwise, or shall pay or lend such Bill or Bills so bearing Interest into the Exchequer, as aforesaid, shall, at the time of making such Payment, Exchange, or Loan, on each Bill bearing Interest, and so paid, exchanged or lent, put his or their Name or Names, and write thereupon in Words at length, the Day of the Month and Year in which he, she, or they so paid, lent, or exchanged such Bill or Bills bearing Interest; all which the said Receivers and Collectors respectively, and also the respective Tellers in the Exchequer, shall take care to see done and performed accordingly; to which respective Days the said Receivers and Collectors shall be allowed again the Interest which he, she, or they shall have allowed or paid upon such respective Bill or Bills, upon his, her, or their paying the same into the Receipt of Exchequer, as aforesaid.

And the time of reissuing to be also endorsed.

LXXXVI. Provided also, and be it hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Bills, or any of them, may be reissued and paid again out of his Majesties Exchequer; and when the same shall be reissued or paid again out of his Majesties Exchequer, the respective Teller there, from whose Office such Bill or Bills bearing Interest shall be so reissued or again paid out, shall endorse on the same Bill or Bills so reissued, in Words at length, the Day of the Month and Year in which the same were so reissued or repaid out of the said Exchequer, and also on what Account the same were last received into the Receipt of Exchequer, and sign the same, from which time the Interest of such Bill or Bills so reissued or paid again shall revive, and such Bill or Bills shall again run and pass at Interest, as the same did before they were paid unto or exchanged by the said Receivers or Collectors, or before the same were paid or lent into the Exchequer, as aforesaid.

Bills reissued to bear the same Interest as when paid in.

LXXXVII. And it is hereby Enacted, That the same Bills to be reissued from time to time, or at any time at the Exchequer, as aforesaid, shall be so reissued for the Principal Money to be contained therein, and for so much Interest as was due thereon, and allowed by the Teller at the respective time and times when such Bill and Bills were last paid into the Exchequer.

Receivers General to keep Books for all Money received.

LXXXVIII. And be it Enacted, That every Receiver General of any the Revenues, Aids, Tares, or Supplies, belonging, or to belong to his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall keep a fair Book or Books of Accounts in Writing, of all the Monies by him received, in which he or his Deputy or Deputies shall truly enter all the Sums which shall have been received by him or them, for every such Revenue, Aid, Tax, or Supply, together with the Names of the several Collectors from whom the same, or any part thereof, was Received, the Days when, and the Sums paid, how much thereof in Money, and how much in such Exchequer Bills, and what Exchequer Bills shall have been exchanged by every such Receiver General, pursuant to this Act; to which Accounts every Person concerned shall have Free Access, at all reasonable times, without Fee or Charge, and the said Accounts shall constantly lye open at one certain Place within the Limits of his Receipt for that purpose; and if such Receiver shall neglect to keep such Book or Books, or to enter therein any Sum or Sums of Money by him or them received and paid, as aforesaid, by the space

of

of Three Days after the Receipt or Payment of the same, or shall refuse any Person or Persons concerned to inspect such Book or Books without Fee or Charge, as aforesaid, every such Receiver for every such Offence shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds to any Person or Persons who shall sue for the same, to be recovered by Action of Debt, or on the Case, Bill, Suit, or Information, in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Privilege, or Wager of Law shall be allowed, or any more than one Imparlance. Penalty on Receivers.

LXXXIX. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any of the Exchequer Bills, which shall be made forth by virtue of this Act, shall be filled up by Writing, or Endorsements to be made thereon, as aforesaid, or shall by any Accident be defaced, It shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, and he and they are hereby authorized and enjoyned (by their or his Discretions) from time to time, to cause New Bills to be made forth at the Receipt of the Exchequer, in lieu of such Bills which shall be so filled up or defaced, which Bills so filled up or defaced, shall be cancelled at the Receipt of Exchequer, and kept there on a File or Files for that purpose; and such Bill so to be made forth in lieu thereof, shall have a like Currency, and shall in all respects be subject to the same Rules, Methods, and Continuance as the Bills so filled up or defaced were intended to have by this Act, and shall bear the same Numbers, Dates, and Principal Sums, and carry the like Interest, as were born and carried by the Bills so cancelled respectively. Bills filled up by Endorsement, Exchequer to make forth New ones, &c.

XC. And it is hereby Enacted, That for the greater Ease and Dispatch of the Publick Business at the Exchequer, It shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, and he or they are hereby authorized and enabled (in case he or they shall so think fit) at the Request of the said Court of Directors of the Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain for the time being, to cause Exchequer Bills for any large Sums not exceeding Five thousand Pounds each, to be made forth at the Receipt of Exchequer, and to be placed as Cash in the same Receipt in lieu of the like Value of the Principal contained in Exchequer Bills, made forth by virtue of this Act for lesser Sums, which at the time of making such large Bills shall happen to be in the said Receipt, which shall be at the same time cancelled and discharged, and be kept there on a File for that purpose; which New Bills for such large Sums shall or may be issued at the said Receipt, and have the same Currency, and in all respects be subject to the same Rules, Methods, Continuance, and carry the like Interest, and have the same Security, Benefit, and Advantages, and the same Pains of Death, and other Pains, Penalties, and Forfeitures, for any Crime or Offence relating thereunto, shall be inflicted, incurred, and put in Execution, as if they had been Bills originally issued by virtue of this Act: any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding. Bills for large Sums not exceeding 5000 *l.* each, may be issued, &c.

XCI. And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall forge or counterfeit any Exchequer Bills, which shall be made forth by virtue of this Act, or be renewed or made forth in pursuance of this Act, or any Endorsement or Writing thereupon or therein, or tender in Payment any such forged or counterfeited Bill, or any Exchequer Bill made forth by this Act with such counterfeit Endorsement or Writing thereupon or therein, or shall demand to have such counterfeit Bill, or any Exchequer Bill with such counterfeit Endorsement or Writing thereupon or therein, exchanged for ready Money by any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, who shall be obliged or required to exchange the same, pursuant to this Act, knowing the Bill so tendred in Payment, or demanded to be exchanged, or the Endorsement or Writing thereupon or Forging Exchequer Bills Felony.

therein

therein to be forged or counterfeit, and with Intent to defraud his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, or the said Trustees, or any of them, or any other Person or Persons, Body Politick or Corporate, then every such Person or Persons, so offending (being thereof lawfully convicted) shall be adjudged a Felon, and shall suffer Death as in cases of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

No Interest to a lesser Sum than a Peny.

XCIII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted, That as often as any Interest upon the Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this or any other or further Act or Acts, as aforesaid, shall be demanded to be paid by the said Trustees for the time being, they shall not be obliged to pay for such Interest to any lesser Sum than One Peny upon such Bill, in case a single Bill be produced for Payment, or for the Total of the Interest of such Bills, where Two or more shall be offered at one time by the same Person; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

If Provision be made by Parliament of Money to discharge the Bills, or any Part thereof, the same to be applied thereto.

XCIV. Provided also, and it is hereby Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if at any time or times hereafter, Provision shall be made by Authority of Parliament of so much Money, in the lawful Coins of this Kingdom, as shall be sufficient to pay off and discharge all the Principal and Interest which shall be due upon the said Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, as aforesaid, or any Proportion thereof at a time; and if by like Authority the same coined Monies shall be actually brought and paid into the Receipt of Exchequer for that purpose, then the same shall be applied for or towards the paying off and discharging the same Bills, or such Proportion thereof, so far as such Money will extend, by paying to the respective Bearer or Bearers of the same Bill or Bills then standing out, the Principal and Interest which shall be due thereupon, and by placing the same coined Money, or any part thereof, in lieu of any the said Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, which shall then be in the Office or Offices of any Teller or Tellers of the Exchequer to answer such Payments, whereunto the same Bills so remaining in such Office or Offices shall then be legally subject or liable; which Payments shall be answered with the said Money in Specie, under such Penalties, Forfeitures, and Disabilities, as are prescribed by any former Laws or Statutes concerning the Money for which such Bills did lie in the Exchequer, to prevent the diverting or misapplying the same; and from and after such Payments to the Bearer or Bearers, or such placing of Money in lieu of Bills in the said Office or Offices of the said Teller or Tellers to answer such Payments, as aforesaid (and not sooner) the several and respective Bills themselves which shall be so paid off, or for which coined Money shall be so placed, shall be cancelled; and the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, and their Successors, shall repay to the respective Tellers so much Interest as remained due upon the same Bills respectively, at the time or times when they were last paid into the Exchequer before the cancelling thereof; any thing in this or any former Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

If the Bills be not discharged by 24 *June*, 1727. they shall be discharged by the Sinking Fund.

XCV. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if before the said Twenty fourth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, coined Money shall not be raised and brought into the Exchequer, sufficient to pay off and discharge all the said Exchequer Bills which shall be made forth by virtue of this Act, that then and in such case, from and after the said Twenty fourth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, the said Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, or so many of them as shall not have been paid off and discharged by such coined Money, as aforesaid, shall be and are hereby charged upon and made payable by and out of the first Money which shall, after the said Twenty fourth day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, arise into the Exchequer for or by the aforesaid Surplusses, Excesses, and Overplus Monies herein before denominated the Sinking Fund, or by or out of Monies

nies to be raiſed thereon by way of Loan, after the ſaid Twenty fourth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty ſeven; and the ſame Bills or ſuch of them as ſhall ſo remain unſatisfied, ſhall be cancelled and diſcharged in ſuch manner as the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or Three or more of them, or the High Treaſurer for the time being, ſhall direct; any former Law or Statute to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Directors with Conſent of the Treaſury may, after the Seſſion of Parliament which ſhall be after 24 *June*, 1721, declare, that the Bills to be made forth by this Act, ſhall carry a higher Rate of Intereſt.

XCVI. Provided always, and be it Enacted, That the Court of Directors of the ſaid Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, for the time being, (with the Conſent and Approbation of the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treaſurer for the time being, and not otherwiſe) may at any time or times after the End of the Seſſion of Parliament which ſhall next happen after the Twenty fourth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty one, by Writing to be ſigned by the Secretary of the ſame Court, and to be affixed upon the Exchange of London, and by Publication in the London Gazette, declare and direct, if they ſhall ſo ſee cauſe, and think fit, the ſaid Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, or any Number or Part of them, to carry a higher Intereſt than the ſaid Rate of Two Pence per Centum per Diem, for ſuch time or times as ſhall be mentioned in ſuch Writing or Writings and Publication, as aforeſaid, ſo as the whole Intereſt on ſuch Bills do not exceed the Rate of Three Pence per Centum per Diem: And for the greater Accommodation and Eaſe of paying the Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, or any of them, to the Receivers and Collectors of the Publick Revenues, and into the Receipt of Exchequer, the ſaid Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treaſurer for the time being, have hereby Power, at the Requeſt of the ſaid Court of Directors of the Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain for the time being, to make forth, or cauſe to be made forth, any of the ſaid Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, without bearing any Intereſt; yet nevertheleſs thoſe Bills ſo made forth without bearing any Intereſt, may from time to time, be made to carry ſuch Intereſt not exceeding the ſaid Rate of Three Pence per Centum per Diem, as the Court of Directors of the ſame Company ſhall by Writing ſignifie by the ſaid Secretary, and to be affixed upon the Exchange of London, and publiſhed in the London Gazette, ſignifie and declare in that behalf.

Treaſury at the Requeſt of the Company may make forth Bills without bearing Intereſt.

If before 24 *June*, 1727. any further Exchequer Bills be made forth by Parliament, the Company ſhall not be obliged to exchange them.

XCVII. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if at any time or times before the ſaid Twenty fourth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty ſeven, any Exchequer Bills, or Bills in the nature of Exchequer Bills, ſhall be made forth or be current in the Publick Revenues or Exchequer of Great Britain, or any Part thereof, by Authority of Parliament (other than and except ſuch Exchequer Bills as ſhall be made forth by virtue and in purſuance of this Act; and other than and except ſuch Exchequer Bills, or Bills in the nature of Exchequer Bills, as ſhall be iſſued by virtue of any other Act of this Seſſion of Parliament; and other than and except ſuch Exchequer Bills, or Bills in the nature of Exchequer Bills, as ſhall be circulated by virtue of any future Act or Acts of Parliament upon the Credit of the Exchequer, or of the Publick Money which ſhall be brought into the Exchequer, or of ſuch Money which the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or High Treaſurer for the time being, ſhall be impowered by Parliament to borrow, to ſupport the Currency of ſuch Exchequer Bills) then from and after ſuch Currency of any Exchequer Bills, or Bills of the nature of Exchequer Bills (other than and except, as aforeſaid) the ſaid Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, and their Succeſſors, ſhall not be obliged to furniſh Money for exchanging any Exchequer Bills, purſuant to this Act, or to bear or pay any Intereſt, or Proportion of Intereſt, which from thenceforth ſhall grow due thereupon; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Treasury, out of the Sinking Fund, to defray the Charges of executing this Act.

XCVIII. Provided also, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, shall have Power, and he or they are hereby enabled to pay and allow, or cause to be paid and allowed, out of the Monies to arise of or for the said Surplusses, Excesses, and Overplus Monies, commonly called the Sinking Fund, or of or for the Increase thereof, to be made in Consequence of this Act, from time to time, as well to the respective Managers and Directors to be constituted for taking in the above-mentioned Annuities and Debts, and performing such other Matters as are by this Act required to be performed by such Managers and Directors, and to the Persons who shall be appointed for taking the said Orders and Tickets, and for performing such other Matters as are by this Act required to be performed by them, and to the said Trustees, who shall be appointed for exchanging the said Exchequer Bills, and for performing such other Matters as are by this Act required to be performed by those Trustees respectively, such Salaries and Allowances for the Charges, Pains and Service of themselves, and those who shall be employed under them respectively in those respective Trusts, as they the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the said High Treasurer for the time being, shall, from time to time, think just and reasonable in that behalf; and also to pay and allow, or cause to be paid and allowed, out of the same Monies arising, as aforesaid, the necessary Charges for taking in and cancelling the said residuary Exchequer Bills, and making forth new Bills in lieu thereof, pursuant to this Act; and to allow and pay, or cause to be allowed and paid, out of the said Money to arise, as aforesaid, any reasonable Charges for Books, Clerkship, or other Matters and Things which shall be necessarily incident in or for the Execution of this Act, or any Part thereof, by or by the Order or Direction of such Person or Persons as shall be appointed thereunto, or employed therein by them the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or by the said High Treasurer for the time being, and not otherwise; any thing in this or any other Law or Statute whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

Anno 6 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. X.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for making forth New Exchequer Bills, not exceeding One million, at a certain Interest; and for lending the same to the *South-Sea* Company at an higher Interest, upon Security of repaying the same and such high Interest into the Exchequer for Uses to which the Fund for lessening the Publick Debts (called the Sinking Fund) is applicable; and for circulating and exchanging upon Demand the said Bills at or near the Exchequer.

A Fund appropriated for circulating the New Bills.

III. AND to the End the said Bills which shall be made forth by virtue of this Act, may the better obtain a Currency for so long time as they are intended to be current in pursuance of this Act; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That as well the said Sum of Three hundred twenty eight thousand six hundred seventy three Pounds, Four Shillings, and Ten Pence Half-peny, remaining in the Receipt of his Majesties Exchequer, as aforesaid, and the Monies which (from and after the Application of the said Sum of Five hundred and twenty thousand Pounds, for discharging and cancelling Exchequer Bills, made forth by former Acts in that behalf, or reserving sufficient

ſufficient thereof in the Exchequer for that Purpoſe) ſhall ariſe of or for the ſaid Surpluſſes, Exceſſes, and Overpluſſes, commonly called the Sinking Fund, ſhall be and are hereby Declared and Enacted to be a Fund or Security for furniſhing ſuch Proportions of ready Money, from time to time, as are herein after mentioned, for or towards exchanging and circulating the Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this and the ſaid other Act of this Seſſion of Parliament, or either of them, as often as the ſame Bills, or any of them, ſhall be demanded during their joint Currency, according to the Purport and true Meaning of this Act: And to the End there may be no Failure in furniſhing, from time to time, the ſaid Proportions of ready Money for anſwering ſuch Demands, the ſaid Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treaſurer for the time being (in caſe he or they ſhall ſee Cauſe) are hereby authorized and impowered, from time to time, to direct the Officers in the Receipt of his Majeſties Exchequer to receive and take in, by way of Loan, from any Perſon or Perſons, Natives or Foreigners, Bodies Politick or Corporate, willing to make ſuch Loans, ſuch Sum or Sums in the lawful Coins of this Realm as the ſaid Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treaſurer, for the time being, ſhall judge to be neceſſary for enabling them to furniſh the ſaid Proportions of ready Money for exchanging and circulating the ſaid Bills, and ſupporting the Currency thereof, from time to time; which Lenders ſhall have Intereſt for the Forbearance of their reſpective Loans, not exceeding the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, to be paid every Three Months from the making of ſuch Loans, until the Satisfaction of the Principal Sums reſpectively; and that no Money ſo to be lent ſhall be rated or aſſeſſed to any Tax or Aſſeſſment whatſoever; and that every ſuch Lender ſhall immediately have a Talley of Loan ſtruck for the Money ſo by him, her, or them lent, and an Order of the ſame Date for the Repayment thereof, with ſuch Intereſt, as aforeſaid; and that all ſuch Orders ſhall be regiſtred in Courſe according to their Dates, and all Perſons and Corporations ſhall be paid thereon in Courſe, as their Orders ſhall ſtand Regiſtred; and that the Monies to come in of or for the ſaid ſeveral Surpluſſes, Exceſſes, or Overpluſſes, called the Sinking Fund, ſhall be in the ſame Order liable, and are hereby appropriated to and for the Satisfaction of the reſpective Perſons and Corporations, their Executors, Adminiſtrators, Succeſſors, and Aſſigns reſpectively, without undue Preference of one before another, and not otherwiſe.

Treaſury may borrow Money for circulating the New Bills, at 5 *l. per Cent.*

Monies ſo lent Tax-free.

Tallies and Orders to be ſtruck for the ſame, &c.

IX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Truſtees to be conſtituted, as aforeſaid, (being from time to time furniſhed with Money of the lawful Coins of this Realm for the purpoſe aforeſaid, according to the true Meaning of this and the ſaid other Act of this Seſſion of Parliament) ſhall, and they are hereby enjoyned and required, at their ſaid Publick Office, to exchange for ready Money all ſuch of the ſaid Bills to be made forth by virtue of this and the ſaid other Act of this Seſſion of Parliament, or either of them, as from time to time, or at any time or times during ſuch Joint Currency of the ſaid Bills, as aforeſaid, ſhall be in the Hands of any Perſon or Perſons, and be demanded of the ſame Truſtees, or at their Publick Office, to be exchanged for ready Money, by paying upon every ſuch Demand, or within Twenty four Hours after at the furtheſt, unto all ſuch Perſon or Perſons, in ready Money, the Principal Sum or Sums for which ſuch Bill or Bills ſo required to be exchanged, ſhall have been iſſued, or which the Owner or Owners of ſuch Bill or Bills ſhall be entitled unto by the ſame Bill or Bills reſpectively, together with the Intereſt which ſhall have grown due thereupon for any time or times within the time of ſuch Joint Currency, and ſhall at the time of any ſuch Demand be due on each Bill or Bills reſpectively, and ſo toties quoties, as often as ſuch Bill or Bills ſhall be demanded, as aforeſaid.

Truſtees to exchange for ready Money at their Office all Bills brought to them.

Ready Money may be demanded for Bills on which Six Months Intereſt is due.

X. And it is hereby Enacted, That any Perſon or Perſons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, having in his or their Cuſtody any of the ſaid Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this or the ſaid other Act of this Seſſion of Parliament, upon which Six Months Intereſt or more ſhall be due or unpaid, at any time or times during ſuch Joint Currency, as aforeſaid, ſhall and may, from time to time, demand and receive of and from the ſaid Truſtees for the time being (they being furniſhed with Money, as aforeſaid) all the Intereſt ſo due and unpaid; which the ſaid Truſtees are hereby directed and required to pay and diſcharge accordingly.

Truſtees not incapacitated from being Members of Parliament.

XI. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, who ſhall be intruſted or any ways concerned in or about the Circulation or Exchanging of the ſaid Exchequer Bills, or any of them, purſuant to this or the ſaid other Act of this Seſſion of Parliament in that behalf, ſhall for that cauſe only be diſabled from being a Member of Parliament; any Law, Statute, or Proviſion to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Exchequer Bills to be current in the Revenue.

XII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That as well all and every the ſaid Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, until the diſcharging and cancelling the ſame purſuant to the Proviſo herein after contained in that behalf, as alſo all and every the Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of the ſaid other Act of this Seſſion of Parliament, until the diſcharging and cancelling the ſame purſuant to the Proviſoes in that Act contained for that purpoſe, ſhall and may jointly or ſeverally be received and taken by, and ſhall paſs and be current to all and every the Receivers and Collectors in Great Britain of the Cuſtoms, Exciſe, or of any Revenue, Supply, Aid, or Tax whatſoever, already granted, due, or payable, or which ſhall or may hereafter be granted, due or payable to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, and alſo at the Receipt of the Exchequer, from the ſaid Receivers or Collectors, or from any other Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate whatſoever, making any Payment or Loan there to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for or upon any Account, Cauſe, or Occaſion whatſoever, according to the Purport and true Meaning of this Act; and that ſuch of the ſame Bills as ſhall be received at the Exchequer, ſhall and may be locked up and ſecured as Caſh, according to the Courſe of the Exchequer, ſettled and eſtabliſhed by Law, for locking up and ſecuring Money in Specie received there; and that all and every the Receivers and Collectors in Great Britain of the Cuſtoms, Exciſe, or any Revenue, Aid, Tax, or Supply whatſoever, already granted, due or payable, or which ſhall or may hereafter be granted, due or payable to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, ſhall and are hereby directed and required, out of any current coined Money as ſhall then be in his or their Hands of ſuch Revenue, Aid, Tax, or Supply, to pay ſuch of the ſame Bills as ſhall be brought to them reſpectively by any Perſon or Perſons deſiring to have Money for the ſame; and in caſe any ſuch Receiver or Collector ſhall refuſe or neglect to exchange ſuch Bills for ready Money by the ſpace of Twenty four Hours, then the Perſon or Perſons demanding the ſame, ſhall or may bring an Action of Debt, or on the Caſe, for the Principal and Intereſt Monies due upon ſuch Bill or Bills, againſt ſuch Receiver or Collector having Money in his Hands, as aforeſaid, in which Action the Plaintiff ſhall or may declare, that ſuch Receiver or Collector is indebted to ſuch Plaintiff in the Money demanded upon every ſuch Bill according to the Form of the Statute, and hath not paid the ſame, which ſhall be ſufficient; and the Plaintiff in every ſuch Action ſhall recover againſt the Receiver or Collector, not only the Monies ſo refuſed or neglected to be paid, but alſo his Damages beſides full Coſts of Suit, and ſuch Receiver or Collector ſhall be ſubject and liable thereunto; and in ſuch Action no Eſſoign, Protection, Privilege or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed, or more than one Imparlance; and upon Payment of the

If received at the Exchequer to be locked up as Caſh.

Receivers, &c. out of Money in their Hands to exchange the Bills.

Receivers refuſing, may be ſued.

the Monies so to be recovered, the Plaintiff, his Executors or Assigns, shall deliver up such Bills to the Defendant, his Executors or Assigns.

Tallies to be struck for such Bills lent into the Exchequer.

XIII. And be it further Enacted, That as any of the said Bills to be made forth by virtue of this or the said other Act of this Session of Parliament, as aforesaid, shall at any time or times hereafter, within the respective times during which they shall be joyntly or severally Current pursuant to this or the said other Act of this Session of Parliament, as aforesaid, be paid or lent into the Exchequer by any of his Majesties Receivers, or other Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, making any Payments or Loans at that Receipt, the Officers there shall cause Tallies to be levied and delivered to the Payers or Lenders, as amply and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if they had made such Payments or Loans in Specie.

Interest due on the Bills to be allowed by Receivers, &c.

XIV. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Interest which shall, from time to time, be due upon any of the Bills so to be current, as aforesaid, shall be allowed to all Persons, Bodies Politick and Corporate, paying the same to any Receiver or Collector, Receivers or Collectors, of any his Majesties Revenues, Aids, Tares or Supplies, or by way of Exchange, as aforesaid, or paying or lending the same into the Exchequer, as aforesaid, to the respective Days whereupon such Bill or Bills shall be so paid, exchanged, or lent.

No Interest on Bills in Receivers Hands, or in the Exchequer.

XV. Provided always, That no Interest shall run or be paid upon or for any such Bill or Bills during the time that any such Bill or Bills, so paid, exchanged, or lent, shall remain in the Hands of any the said Receivers or Collectors, or in the Hands of any Teller or Tellers of the Exchequer, but for such time the Interest on every such Bill shall cease; and the said Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain shall not be obliged to bear or pay any Part or Proportion of the Interest so saved.

Persons paying Bills to Receivers, &c. to endorse their Names, and Time when paid in:

XVI. And to the End it may be known for what time such Bills bearing Interest shall, from time to time, remain in the Hands of such Receivers or Collectors, or in the Exchequer aforesaid; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Person or Persons who shall pay any such Bill or Bills bearing Interest to any Receiver or Collector of any his Majesties Revenues, Aids, Tares, or Supplies, by way of Exchange or otherwise, or shall pay or lend such Bill or Bills so bearing Interest into the Exchequer, as aforesaid, shall, at the time of making such Payment, Exchange, or Loan, on each Bill bearing Interest, and so paid, exchanged or lent, put his or their Name or Names, and write thereupon in Words at length, the Day of the Month and Year in which he, she, or they so paid, lent, or exchanged such Bill or Bills bearing Interest; all which the said Receivers and Collectors respectively, and also the respective Tellers in the Exchequer, shall take care to see done and performed accordingly; to which respective Days the said Receivers and Collectors shall be allowed again the Interest which he, she, or they shall have allowed or paid upon such respective Bill or Bills, upon his, her, or their paying the same into the Receipt of Exchequer, as aforesaid.

And the time of reissuing to be also endorsed.

XVII. Provided also, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Bills, or any of them, may be reissued and paid again out of his Majesties Exchequer; and when the same shall be reissued or paid again out of his Majesties Exchequer, the respective Teller there, from whose Office such Bill or Bills bearing Interest shall be so reissued or again paid out, shall endorse on the same Bill or Bills so reissued, in Words at length, the Day of the Month and Year in which the same were so reissued or repaid out of the said Exchequer, and also on what Account the same were last received into the Receipt of Exchequer, and sign the same, from which time the Interest of such Bill or Bills so reissued or paid again shall revive; and such Bill or Bills shall

again

again run and pass at Interest, as the same did before they were paid unto or exchanged by the said Receivers or Collectors, or before the same were paid or lent into the Exchequer, as aforesaid.

Bills reissued to bear the same Interest as when paid in.

XVIII. And it is hereby Enacted, That the same Bills to be reissued from time to time, or at any time at the Exchequer, as aforesaid, shall be so reissued for the Principal Money to be contained therein, and for so much Interest as was due thereon, and allowed by the Teller at the respective time and times when such Bill and Bills were last paid into the Exchequer.

Receivers General to keep Books for all Money received.

XIX. And be it Enacted, That every Receiver General of any the Revenues, Aids, Taxes, or Supplies, belonging, or to belong to his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall keep a fair Book or Books of Accounts in Writing, of all the Monies by him received, in which he or his Deputy or Deputies shall truly enter all the Sums which shall have been received by him or them, for every such Revenue, Aid, Tax, or Supply, together with the Names of the several Collectors from whom the same, or any part thereof, was received, the Days when, and the Sums paid, how much thereof in Money, and how much thereof in such Exchequer Bills, and what Exchequer Bills shall have been exchanged by every such Receiver General, pursuant to this Act; to which Accounts every Person concerned shall have Free Access, at all seasonable times, without Fee or Charge; and the said Accounts shall constantly lye open at one certain Place within the Limits of his Receipt for that purpose; and if such Receiver shall Neglect to keep such Book or Books, or to enter therein any Sum or Sums of Money by him or them received and paid, as aforesaid, by the space of Three Days after his Receipt or Payment of the same, or shall refuse any Person or Persons concerned to inspect such Book or Books without Fee or Charge, as aforesaid, every such Receiver for every such Offence shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds to any Person or Persons who shall sue for the same, to be recovered by Action of Debt, or upon the Case, Bill, Suit, or Information, in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Privilege, or Wager of Law shall be allowed, or any more than one Imparlance.

Penalty on Receivers.

Bills filled up by Endorsement, Exchequer to make forth New ones, &c.

XX. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any of the Exchequer Bills, which shall be made forth by virtue of this Act, shall be filled up by Writing, or Endorsements made thereon, as aforesaid, or shall by any Accident be defaced, It shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, and he and they are hereby authorized and impowered, by their or his Discretion, from time to time, to cause New Bills to be made forth at the Receipt of Exchequer, in lieu of such Bills which shall be so filled up or defaced; which Bills so filled up or defaced, shall be cancelled at the Receipt of Exchequer, and kept there on a File or Files for that purpose; and such Bills so to be made forth in lieu thereof, shall have a like Currency, and shall, in all respects be subject to the same Rules, Methods, and Continuance as the Bills so filled up were intended to have been by this Act, and shall bear the same Numbers, Dates, and Principal Sums, and carry the like Interest as were born and carried by the Bills so cancelled respectively.

Bills for large Sums not exceeding 5000 *l.* each, may be issued, &c.

XXI. And it is hereby Enacted, That for the greater Ease and Dispatch of the Publick Business at the Exchequer, It shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, and he or they are hereby authorized and enabled, in case he or they shall so think fit, at the Request of the said Court of Directors of the Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain for the time being, to cause Exchequer Bills for any large Sums not exceeding Five thousand Pounds each, to be made forth at the Receipt of Exchequer, and to be placed as Cash in the same Receipt in lieu of the like Value of the Principal contained

tained in Exchequer Bills, made forth by virtue of this Act for leſſer Sums, which at the time of making ſuch large Bills, ſhall happen to be in the ſaid Receipt, which ſhall be at the ſame time cancelled and diſcharged, and be kept there on a File for that purpoſe; which New Bills for ſuch large Sums, ſhall or may be iſſued at the ſaid Receipt, and have the ſame Currency, and in all reſpects be ſubject to the ſame Rules, Methods, Continuance, and carry the like Intereſt, and have the ſame Security, Benefit, and Advantages, and the ſame Pains of Death, and other Pains, Penalties, and Forfeitures, for any Crime or Offence relating thereunto, ſhall be inflicted, incurred, and put in Execution, as if they had been originally iſſued by virtue of this Act; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Forging Exchequer Bills Felony.

XXII. And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall Forge or Counterfeit any Exchequer Bill which ſhall be made forth by virtue of this Act, or be renewed or made forth in purſuance of this Act, or any Endorſement or Writing thereupon, or therein, or tender in Payment any ſuch forged or counterfeit Bill, or any Exchequer Bill made forth by this Act, with ſuch counterfeit Endorſement or Writing thereupon, or ſhall demand to have ſuch counterfeit Bill, or any ſuch Exchequer Bill with ſuch counterfeit Endorſement or Writing thereupon or therein, exchanged for ready Money by any Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, who ſhall be obliged or required to exchange the ſame, purſuant to this Act, knowing the Bill ſo tendred in Payment, or demanded to be exchanged, or the Endorſement or Writing thereupon, or therein to be forged or counterfeit, and with intent to Defraud his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, or the ſaid Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, or the ſaid Truſtees, or any of them, or any other Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, then every ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, ſhall be adjudged a Felon, and ſhall ſuffer as in caſes of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

Truſtees to have the Cheques, &c. of the Bills.

XXIII. And it is hereby further Enacted, That the ſaid Truſtees ſhall, from time to time, have the Uſe and Cuſtody of one part of all the Cheques, Indents, or Counterfoils of all the Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, from which the ſaid Bills ſhall be cut, in Order to prevent their being impoſed upon by counterfeited or forged Bills; and that ſuch parts of the ſaid Cheques, Indents, and Counterfoils, ſhall be delivered back into the Receipt of Exchequer by the ſaid Truſtees for the time being, when the ſame Bills are to be cancelled and diſcharged, purſuant to this Act.

No Intereſt to a leſſer Sum than a Peny.

XXIV. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted, That as often as any Intereſt upon the Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this or the ſaid other Act of this Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be demanded to be paid by the ſaid Truſtees for the time being, they ſhall not be obliged to pay for ſuch Intereſt to any leſſer Sum than One Peny upon ſuch Bill, in caſe a ſingle Bill be produced for Payment, or for the Total of the Intereſt of ſuch Bills, where Two or more ſhall be offered at one time by the ſame Perſon; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

If Proviſion be made by Parliament of Money to diſcharge the Bills, or any Part thereof, the ſame to be applied thereto, &c.

XXV. Provided alſo, and it is hereby Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if at any time or times hereafter, Proviſion ſhall be made by Authority of Parliament of ſo much Money, of the lawful Coins of this Kingdom, as ſhall be ſufficient to pay off and diſcharge all the Principal and Intereſt which ſhall be due upon the ſaid Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, as aforeſaid, or any Proportion thereof at a time; and if by like Authority the ſame Monies ſhall be actually brought and paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer for that purpoſe, then the ſame ſhall be applied for or towards the paying off or diſcharging the ſame Bills, or ſuch Proportion thereof, ſo far as ſuch Money will

will extend, by paying to the respective Bearer or Bearers of the same Bills then standing out, the Principal and Interest which shall be due thereupon, and by placing the same coined Money, or any part thereof, in lieu of any the said Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, which shall then be in the Office or Offices of any Teller or Tellers of the Exchequer to answer such Payments, whereunto the same Bills so remaining in such Office or Offices shall then be legally subject or liable; which Payments shall be answered with the said Money in Specie, under such Penalties, Forfeitures, and Disabilities, as are prescribed by any former Laws or Statutes concerning the Money for which such Bills did lie in the Exchequer, to prevent the diverting or misapplying the same; and from and after such Payments to the Bearer or Bearers, or such placing of Money in lieu of Bills in the said Office or Offices of the said Teller or Tellers to answer such Payments, as aforesaid and not sooner, the several and respective Bills themselves which shall be so paid off, or for which coined Money shall be so placed, shall be cancelled.

If the Bills be not paid by 1 *March*, 1721. or before the End of the next Session, how they shall be discharged.

XXVI. Provided also, and it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if before the First day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty one, or before the End of the Session of Parliament then next ensuing, coined Monies shall not be raised and brought into the Receipt of the Exchequer, sufficient to pay off and discharge all the Exchequer Bills which shall be made forth by virtue of this Act, that then and in such case immediately upon the End of such Session of Parliament next after the said First day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty one, all or any the Monies then remaining in the Receipt of the Exchequer of the said Sum of Three hundred twenty eight thousand six hundred and seventy three Pounds, Four Shillings, and Ten Pence Half-peny, if the same or any part thereof shall then remain there not issued for the Purposes in this Act directed, and all the Monies which from and after the End of the said Session of Parliament next after the said First day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty one, shall Quarterly arise into the Exchequer, of or for all the said Surplusses, Excesses, and Overplusses, denominated the Sinking Fund, as aforesaid, or of or for such Increase thereof as shall be made by repaying the Monies which shall be lent to the said Governor and Company, as aforesaid, with Interest, according to the Purport and true Meaning of this Act, and all or any the Monies, if any shall be then remaining in the Receipt of the Exchequer, of the Loans which shall have been made there by virtue of this Act, for answering the said Propositions for circulating and exchanging the said Bills, or so much of the Monies before mentioned as shall be sufficient to discharge or to complete the discharging of all the Exchequer Bills which shall have been made forth by virtue of this Act, shall be applied for or towards discharging and cancelling the same, until they shall all be paid off, discharged, and cancelled, or so much of the same Monies shall be reserved in the Exchequer, as shall be sufficient for that purpose; and the Commissioners of the Treasury, and the High Treasurer for the time being, are hereby impowered, enjoyned, and required, to cause the said Monies so by this Act appointed and intended for cancelling and discharging all the said Exchequer Bills which shall have been made forth by virtue of this Act, to be applied accordingly; and the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, are hereby authorized and impowered, when and as the said Monies so by this Act appointed and intended for cancelling and discharging the said Exchequer Bills which shall have been made forth by virtue of this Act, or any considerable Proportion thereof, shall come or be brought into the said Receipt of the Exchequer for that purpose, by Publick Notice, or by several Publick Notices in Writing, to be affixed on the Royal Exchange in London, and published in the London Gazette, to prefix a certain Day, or several Days, for the Bearers of the same

Bills

Bills ſtanding out, to bring the ſame, or any Proportion or Proportions thereof at a time; to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as the ſaid Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treaſurer for the time being, ſhall appoint to receive the ſame, to be exchanged for ready Money, in order to be diſcharged and cancelled, as aforeſaid; and that all ſuch of the ſaid Bills ſtanding out as ſhall not be brought in upon ſuch Notice or Notices to be exchanged for ready Money within the Time or Times thereby to be ſignified, ſhall loſe their Currency; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding. And for the greater Accommodation and Eaſe of paying the Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, or any of them, to the Receivers and Collectors of the Publick Revenues, and into the Receipt of Exchequer, the ſaid Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treaſurer for the time being, have hereby Power, at the Requeſt of the Court of Directors of the ſaid Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, for the time being, to make forth or cauſe to be made forth any of the ſaid Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, without bearing any Intereſt: Yet nevertheleſs thoſe Bills ſo made forth without bearing any Intereſt, may, from time to time, be made to carry ſuch Intereſt, not exceeding the ſaid Rate of Two Pence per Centum per Diem, as the Court of Directors of the ſaid Company ſhall, by Writing ſignified by the ſaid Secretary, and to be affixed upon the Exchange of London, and publiſhed in the London Gazette, ſignifie and declare in that behalf.

Treaſury at the Requeſt of the *South-Sea* Company may make forth Bills without bearing Intereſt.

XXVII. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if at any time or times before the Twenty fourth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty ſeven, any Exchequer Bills, or Bills of the nature of Exchequer Bills, ſhall be made forth or current in the Publick Revenues, or Exchequer of Great Britain, or any Part thereof, by Authority of Parliament (other than and except ſuch Exchequer Bills as ſhall be made forth by virtue and in purſuance of this Act, and other than and except ſuch Exchequer Bills, or Bills in the nature of Exchequer Bills, as ſhall be iſſued by virtue of any other Act of this Seſſion of Parliament; and other than and except ſuch Exchequer Bills, or Bills in the nature of Exchequer Bills, as ſhall be circulated by virtue of any future Act or Acts of Parliament upon the Credit of the Exchequer, or of the Publick Money which ſhall be brought into the Exchequer, or of ſuch Money which the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or High Treaſurer for the time being, ſhall be impowered by Parliament to borrow, to ſupport the Currency of ſuch Exchequer Bills) then from and after ſuch Currency of any Exchequer Bills, or Bills of the nature of Exchequer Bills, or other than and except, as aforeſaid, the ſaid Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain, and their Succeſſors, ſhall not be obliged to furniſh Money for exchanging any Exchequer Bills, purſuant to this Act, or to bear or pay any Intereſt, or Proportion of Intereſt, which from thenceforth ſhall grow due thereupon; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

If before 24 *June*, 1727. any further Bills ſhall be made forth by Parliament, the Company ſhall not be obliged to exchange them.

XXVIII. And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Fee, Reward, or Gratuity, ſhall be demanded or taken, directly or indirectly, by any his Majeſties Officers in the Exchequer, or by any of the ſaid Truſtees, or by any of their Clerks or Subſtitutes, from any of his Majeſties Subjects, for any Matter or Thing to be done by the ſaid Officers, Truſtees, and Clerks, or any of them reſpectively, in purſuance of this Act; and that no ſuch Officer, Truſtee, Clerk, or Subſtitute ſhall divert or miſapply, or cauſe or procure to be diverted or miſapplied, any of the Monies by this Act intended for the exchanging, circulating, or cancelling the ſaid Bills, or any of them, or for Repayment of the ſaid Loans, and the Intereſt thereof, or any of them, under ſuch Penalties, Forfeitures, and Diſabilities to be incurred by and inflicted on them reſpectively, as by one Act of this Seſſion of Parliament, Intituled, An Act for granting to his Majeſty an Aid by a Land Tax, to

No Fee to be demanded.

Officers diverting the Money liable to the Penalties in the Land Tax, 1720.

6 Geo. *cap.* 1.

be raiſed in Great Britain for the Service of the Year, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty, are preſerved and enacted for diverting or miſapplying any the Monies thereby granted, or for taking or demanding any Fee, Reward, or Gratuity concerning the ſame.

Treaſury out of the Sinking Fund to defray the Charges of executing this Act.

XXIX. Provided always nevertheleſs, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treaſurer for the time being, ſhall have Power, and he or they are hereby enabled to pay and allow or cauſe to be paid and allowed out of the Monies to ariſe of or for the ſaid Surpluſſes, Exceſſes, and Overplus Monies, commonly called the Sinking Fund, or of or for any Increaſe thereof, from time to time, to the ſaid Truſtees, who ſhall be appointed for exchanging the ſaid Exchequer Bills, and for performing ſuch other Matters as are by this Act required to be performed by thoſe Truſtees reſpectively, ſuch Salaries and Allowances for the Charges, Pains, and Service of themſelves and thoſe who ſhall be employed under them reſpectively in that Truſt, as they the ſaid Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or any Three or more of them, or the ſaid High Treaſurer for the time being, ſhall, from time to time, think juſt and reaſonable in that behalf; and alſo to pay and allow, or cauſe to be paid and allowed out of the ſame Monies ariſing, as aforeſaid, the neceſſary Charges of making forth ſuch Bills as are to be made forth by virtue of this Act, and for Books, Clerkſhip, or other Matters and Things which ſhall be neceſſarily Incident in or for the Execution of this Act, or any part thereof, by or by the Order or Direction of ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall be appointed thereunto, or employed therein by them the ſaid Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or any Three or more of them, or by the ſaid High Treaſurer for the time being, and not otherwiſe; any thing in this or any other Law or Statute whatſoever to the contrary notwithſtanding.

CAP. XI.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for laying a Duty upon wrought Plate; and for applying Money ariſing for the clear Produce (by Sale of the Forfeited Eſtates) towards anſwering his Majeſties Supply; and for taking off the Drawbacks upon Hops exported for *Ireland*; and for Payment of Annuities to be purchaſed after the Rate of Four Pounds *per Centum per Annum* at the Exchequer, redeemable by Parliament; and for appropriating Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament; and to prevent counterfeiting Receipts and Warrants of the Officers of the *South-Sea* Company; and for explaining a late Act concerning Foreign Salt cellar'd and lock'd up before the Four and twentieth day of *June*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen; and to give a further Time for paying Duties on certain Apprentices Indentures; and for Relief of *Thomas Vernon* Eſq; in relation to a Parcel of Senna Imported in the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen.

IV. AND we your Majeſties moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the ſaid Commons of Great Britain in Parliament aſſembled, being fully reſolved to furniſh ſuch Supplies as are neceſſary for defraying the Expences and Occaſions of the Publick, have for that end and purpoſe cheerfully and unanimouſly given and granted, and do by this Act give and grant to your Majeſty the ſeveral and reſpective Rates and Duties herein after mentioned, for

and

and upon all Silver Plate to be made or wrought in Great Britain, or to be imported or brought into the same, and such further Sum and Sums of Money as are herein specified and appointed, in such Manner and Form as are herein after more particularly expressed; and do most humbly beseech your Majesty that it may be Enacted: And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That there shall be raised, levied, collected, answered and paid, unto and for the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for ever, (subject nevertheless to such Redemption as in and by this Act is afterwards provided in this behalf) for and upon all Silver Plate which shall be imported or brought into the Kingdom of Great Britain, and for and upon all Silver Plate to be made or wrought within the same Kingdom, the several and respective Rates or Duties following; (That is to say) For and upon all Silver Plate made or to be made, which at any time or times after the First day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty, shall be imported or brought into the said Kingdom of Great Britain, (over and above all other Customs, Subsidies, and Duties already imposed thereupon) a Duty after the Rate of Six Pence for every Ounce Troy, and proportionally for greater or lesser Quantities, to be paid down in ready Money by the Importer thereof, from time to time, before the landing of the same; and for and upon all Silver Plate which shall be made or wrought in Great Britain, or at any time or times, from and after the said First day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty, shall or ought to be touched, assayed, or marked in Great Britain, as aforesaid, a Duty after the Rate of Six Pence for every Ounce Troy, and proportionally for any greater or lesser Quantity, to be paid by the Makers or Workers thereof respectively, and to be secured to be paid in such Manner and Form as in and by this Act are afterwards prescribed in that behalf.

From 1 *June*, 1720. Silver Plate imported, or made in *Great Britain*, to pay 6 *d.* *per oz.* for ever.

V. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Duties by this Act imposed upon wrought Plate to be imported, shall be raised, levied, recovered and paid, and be brought into the Exchequer (to and for the Uses and Purposes in this Act expressed) by such Rules, Ways, Means and Methods, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and with such Allowances, and in such Manner and Form, as the Duties upon Gilt and Silver Wire imported, imposed by an Act of the Tenth Year of the Reign of her said late Majesty Queen Anne, or by any Act of Parliament relating thereto, are prescribed and appointed to be raised, levied, recovered, answered and paid.

The Duty on Plate imported to be levied as the Duty on Gilt or Silver Wire.

10 A. *cap.* 26.

XVIII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any Person or Persons whatsoever, shall, at any time or times after the said First day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty, during the Continuance of the Duty by this Act imposed upon wrought Plate or Manufactures of Silver, export by way of Merchandize for any Foreign Parts, any wrought Plate or Manufactures of Silver by this Act charged or chargeable with the said Duty of Six Pence per Ounce, and the same shall appear to have been made or marked, as aforesaid, after the said First day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty; and shall give sufficient Security before the shipping thereof for Exportation, that the particular Quantities of such Plate or Manufactures of Silver, intended to be exported, as aforesaid, and every part thereof, shall not be relanded or brought again into Great Britain; and shall make Proof upon Oath, or by such Affirmation respectively, as aforesaid, that the same Silver Plate or Manufactures were actually made or marked, as aforesaid, after the said First day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty; (which Securities shall be taken in the Kings Name, and to his Use, and the said Oaths and Affirmations shall be administred by the Customer or Collector of the respective Port for such Exportation) that then and in every such case the said Customer or Collector shall give to the Exporter thereof a Debenture expressing the true Kinds and Quantities of such Plate and Manufactures

On Oath that the Duty has been paid, and on Debenture from the Customer, *&c.* Exporter of Plate may draw back the Duty on Security.

nufactures of Silver ſo exported or ſhipped to be exported; and the Exportation or Shipping thereof being certified by the Searcher upon the ſaid Debenture, the Collector or Receiver of the ſaid Duty on Plate upon producing the ſaid Debenture ſo certified to him, ſhall forthwith pay a Drawback or Allowance, after the Rate of Six Pence for every Ounce of ſuch Plate or Manufactures of Silver, out of the Money of the ſaid Duty on Plate or Manufactures of Silver then in the Hands of ſuch Receiver or Collector, without Fee or Reward; and if ſuch Receiver or Collector ſhall not have Money in his Hands to pay any ſuch Debenture, then the reſpective Commiſſioners of the ſaid Duty upon Plate or Manufactures of Silver, are hereby required to pay or cauſe to be paid the ſaid Debenture out of any the ſame Duties ariſing by this Act; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

The Drawback to be paid by the reſpective Commiſſioners, if the Collector has not Money in his Hand.

Commiſſioners and Officers to be appointed, liable to the Act 9 *W.* 3.

XXII. And to the end all the Monies to ariſe by this Act for the ſaid Duties upon Plate and Manufactures of Silver may be duly and certainly raiſed and brought into the ſaid Receipt of Exchequer for the Purpoſes aforeſaid, It is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from time to time, during the Continuance of this Act, there ſhall be appointed ſuch and ſo many Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms and Exciſe, and other Officers, as ſhall be proper and neceſſary for the raiſing and levying the reſpective Duties and Sums of Money by this Act granted or chargeable, and for keeping and rendring the Accounts of the ſame; and that all Receivers General, Collectors, and other Officers, who are or ſhall be concerned in the raiſing, collecting, receiving, and paying the ſaid reſpective Duties hereby granted, or any of them, and keeping and rendring the ſeveral Accounts thereof, ſhall perform their ſeveral Duties therein, as to them reſpectively ſhall appertain, under ſuch and the like Penalties, Forfeitures, and Diſabilities, for any Offence or Neglect therein, or for detaining, diverting, or miſapplying any part of the ſaid Monies, as are preſcribed and to be inflicted by virtue of an Act of Parliament made and paſſed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King William the Third [Intituled, An Act for raiſing a Sum, not exceeding Two millions upon a Fund for Payment of Annuities after the Rate of Eight Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, and for ſettling the Trade to the *Eaſt-Indies*] for the like Offence or Neglect relating to the Duties on Salt, and upon Stampt Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, thereby granted or referred unto, or for detaining, diverting, or miſapplying any part of the Monies which were granted or appropriated by the Act laſt mentioned. 9 W. 3. *cap.* 44.

13000 *l.* the Yearly Fund.

XXIII. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That Yearly and every Year, reckoning the firſt Year to begin the Five and twentieth day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty, the full Sum of Thirteen thouſand Pounds per Annum, by or out of the Monies to ariſe of or for the ſaid Duties upon Plate or Manufactures of Silver, and to be brought into the Receipt of Exchequer, as aforeſaid, in caſe the ſame ſhall extend thereunto, ſhall be the whole and entire yearly Fund; and in caſe all the Monies ariſing into the Exchequer of or for the ſaid Rates and Duties upon Plate and Manufactures of Silver, ſhall not amount to Thirteen thouſand Pounds per Annum, then the Monies ſo ariſing, ſo far as the ſame will extend, ſhall be part of the yearly Fund, for or towards anſwering or paying all the ſeveral and reſpective Annuities herein after mentioned; and in caſe the ſaid Rates and Duties upon Plate and Manufactures of Silver ſhall at any time or times appear to be ſo deficient or low in the Produce of the ſame, as that within any one Year to be reckoned, as aforeſaid, the ſaid Monies ariſing into the Exchequer for or upon account of the ſame Rates and Duties ſhall not amount to ſo much as Thirteen thouſand Pounds, or to ſo much as ſhall be ſufficient to diſcharge and ſatisfie all the Annuities by this Act appointed or intended to be paid, within or for the ſame Year reſpectively, that then and ſo often, and in every ſuch caſe, ſo much as

Deficiency to be made good out of the Sinking Fund, &c.

ſhall

shall be deficient or wanting to make up the said Fund for every or any such Year, until the Redemption thereof by Parliament, according to the Proviso herein after contained in that behalf, shall be supplied and made good, from time to time, out of the Monies which shall, from time to time, arise by certain Surplusses, Exceſſes, and Overplus Monies, commonly called the Sinking Fund, so as the Sums which, from time to time, or at any time, shall be supplied out of the said Sinking Fund, do not exceed the Monies which shall be saved by taking off the Drawback of the Duties on Hops exported, or shipped to be exported for Ireland, pursuant to the Clauses herein after contained in that behalf; and if the same shall at any time exceed such Saving, then the Residue of such Deficiency shall be supplied out of the then next Aids to be granted in Parliament; any thing in any former or other Law or Statute contained to the contrary notwithstanding. or out of the next Aids in Parliament.

XXIV. And it is hereby Enacted, That all the Monies arising by the said Duties on Plate, and Manufactures of Silver, for Payment of the several Annuities, which shall be payable upon this Act, shall be fairly and duly entred in one or more Book or Books, to be kept in the Offices of the Auditor of the Receipt, and Clerk of the Pells for that purpose; to which all Persons concerned, at all seasonable times, shall have free Access without Fee or Charge. The Monies arising by the Duty, to be entred in a Book.

XXVII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the Annuities so to be purchased upon this present Act, shall be, and are hereby charged upon, and shall be paid and payable, from time to time, out of the Money arising by the said Rates and Duties, and other Provisions made by virtue of this Act, for the Payment thereof; and that all and every Contributor and Contributors upon this Act, duly paying the Consideration or Purchase-Money at the Rate aforesaid, at or before the respective Days or Times in this Act limited in that behalf, for any such Annuity or Annuities, as aforesaid, or such as he, she, or they shall appoint, his, her, or their respective Executors, Administrators, Successors, and Assigns, shall have, receive, and enjoy, and be entitled, by virtue of this Act, to have, receive, and enjoy the respective Annuity and Annuities, so to be purchased out of the Monies by this Act appropriated, until the Redemption thereof by Parliament, according to the Proviso herein after contained in that behalf, as is above mentioned; and that all and every such Purchasers, their Executors, Administrators, Successors, and Assigns respectively, shall have good, sure, absolute, and undefeazible Estates, and Interests in the several Annuities so by them respectively to be purchased, according to the Tenor and true Meaning of this Act; and that all such Estates and Interests of and in the said Annuities, and every of them, shall be, and be adjudged, taken and accepted in Construction of Law, and in all Courts of Law and Equity whatsoever, to be a Personal and not a Real Estate, and shall go to the Executors or Administrators of the Person or Persons dying possessed thereof, interested therein, or entitled thereunto, and not to the Heirs of such Person or Persons; any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding: And that all the said Annuities to be purchased on this Act, as aforesaid, and every of them, shall be free from all Taxes, Charges, and Impositions whatsoever. The Annuities to be charged on the Duties arising by this Act, &c. Annuities a Personal Estate, and to go to Executors. Tax-free.

XXXV. Provided also, and it is hereby further Enacted, That in case there shall be any Surplus or Remainder of the Monies arising by the Rates and Duties granted by this Act, at the End of any Year, for which the said Annuities are to be payable, after all the Annuities, Charges, and Payments, directed or authorized by this Act, shall be fully satisfied, paid and discharged, or Money sufficient shall be reserved for that purpose, such Surplus or Remainder shall be reserved for the Publick Use, and shall be disposed and disposeable by Authority of Parliament, and not otherwise. Surplus to be reserved for Publick Use.

XXXVI. And

General Issue.

XXXVI. And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall at any time or times be sued or prosecuted for any thing by him or them done or executed in pursuance of this Act, or of any Matter or Thing in this Act contained, such Person or Persons shall and may plead the General Issue, and give the Special Matter in Evidence for his or their Defence, and if upon the Tryal a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become Nonsuited, then such Defendant or Defendants shall have treble Costs to him or them awarded against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

On Publick Notice in the *Gazette*, and on the *Exchange*, at any of the Quarterly Feast-Days,

and on Repayment of the Annuities, then they are to cease,

XXXVII. Provided also, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That at any time upon Publick Notice to be printed in the London Gazette, and affixed upon the Royal Exchange in London, by Authority of Parliament, at any of the said Quarterly Feast-days for Payment of the said Annuities to be payable out of the said particular Fund, not exceeding Twenty thousand Pounds per Annum, and upon Repayment by Parliament of the respective Principal Sums for which the same Annuities shall be payable to such respective Persons and Corporations as shall be entitled to the same Annuities, and also upon full Payment of all Arrearages of the same Annuities, to be computed by the Day, after the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, till such actual Repayment, then, and not till then the same Annuities shall cease and determine; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding: And

and any Vote of the Commons signified by the Speaker, shall be sufficient Notice.

that any Vote or Resolution of the House of Commons signified by the Speaker in Writing, to be inserted in the said London Gazette, and affixed on the Royal Exchange in London, as aforesaid, shall be deemed and adjudged to be sufficient Notice within the Words and Meaning of this Act.

Clause for taking off all the Drawbacks upon Hops exported for *Ireland*, after the 1 *June*, 1720.

XXXIX. And whereas certain Duties upon Hops were by an Act of Parliament made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of her late Majesty Queen Anne, (of Blessed Memory) [Intituled, An Act for laying a Duty upon Hops] imposed for the Term of Four Years, reckoned from the First day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eleven, and were by an Act of the First Year of your Majesties Reign continued until the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and fifteen; and by another Act of the same Year were granted to your Majesty, your Heirs and Successors, for ever, subject nevertheless to Redemption by Parliament; in and by which Acts, or some of them, (amongst other Things therein contained) it was provided, that it should and might be lawful to and for any Person or Persons, who should have actually paid the Duty thereby payable for any Quantity of Hops whatsoever of British Growth, and to and for any other Person or Persons, who should buy, or be lawfully entitled to any such Quantity of Hops of British Growth from the said Person or Persons who actually paid the said Duty for the same, to export such Hops, being of British Growth, for Ireland, by way of Merchandize; and that upon giving such Security, and performing such other Requisites as by the said Acts, or some of them, are prescribed, the Customer or Collector of the Port where such Hops shall be exported, shall give to the Exporter a Debenture expressing the true Quantity of the British Hops so exported; and that upon such Debenture the said Duty shall be repaid, or the Security for the same be discharged in the Manner and Form thereby prescribed, as by the said Acts of Parliament, relation being thereunto severally had, may more fully appear: And whereas the said Duty upon Hops of British Growth is very moderate, and such Hops exported for Ireland, may reasonably bear the same Duty which is charged upon those consumed in Great Britain; Now we your Majesties said Dutiful and Loyal Subjects the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament assembled, being minded and desirous to improve the Publick Revenues, which are applicable to the discharging of Publick Debts and Incumbrances, do further humbly pray your Majesty, that it may be Enacted: And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Duty upon Hops of British Growth, or any part thereof, shall not be repaid or drawn back

9 A. *cap.* 12.

1 Geo. *cap.* 2.

1 Geo. *cap.* 12.

back for any such Hops which shall be exported, or shipped to be exported for Ireland, at any time or times after the First day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty; and that no Debenture or Certificate shall be granted or made forth for or in order to the Repayment or Drawing back of the same Duty for or upon any such Hops so exported, or shipped to be exported for Ireland, after the said First Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty; but such Drawback or Repayment from thenceforth shall cease and determine; the said recited Acts of Parliament, or any other Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Two different Standards of Wrought Plate continued.

XL. And whereas it may be requisite for encouraging the several Manufactures of wrought Plate, to continue both the Standard of Plate of Eleven Ounces Ten Peny Weight Troy, and also the Standard of Eleven Ounces Two Peny Weight Troy, for the better Accommodating the Buyers of Plate, and the Workers and Dealers therein; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty, all Silver Vessels of Plate or Manufactured of Silver, shall not be made less in Fineness than that of Eleven Ounces Ten Peny Weight of Fine Silver in every Pound Troy, or of Silver less in Fineness than Eleven Ounces Two Peny Weight of Fine Silver in every Pound Troy; which Two different Standards of wrought Plate shall be severally and respectively marked with distinguishing Marks; (that is to say) Vessels made of Silver Plate, or Manufactured Silver, not less in Fineness than Eleven Ounces Ten Peny Weight of Fine Silver in every Pound Troy, to be marked with the Workmans Mark, the Mark of the Wardens of the Mystery or Craft of the Goldsmiths, and with the Figure of a Lions Head Eraled, and the Figure of a Woman called the Britannia; and all Vessels of Silver Plate, or Manufactured Silver, not less in Fineness than Eleven Ounces Two Peny Weight of Fine Silver in every Pound Troy, and under the Degree of Eleven Ounces Ten Peny Weight of Fine Silver in every Pound Troy, shall be marked with the Workers Mark, and the Wardens of the Mystery or Craft of Goldsmiths, as aforesaid, and with the Figure of a Lion Passant, and the Figure of a Leopards Head; and that it shall not be lawful to make any Vessels of Silver Plate, or Manufactures of Silver, of a Courser Allay than what is herein specified, under the Penalties and Forfeitures prescribed by any of the Laws now in being concerning wrought Plate; any thing in this Act, or in any other Act or Acts, to the contrary notwithstanding.

The distinguishing Marks for the Two Standards.

No Plate to be of a courser Allay.

Appropriation of the Money granted this Session.

XLII. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Monies lent and to be lent to his Majesty upon one Act of this Session of Parliament [Intituled, An Act for granting to his Majesty an Aid by a Land-Tax to be raised in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and twenty] and so much Money (if any such be) of the Tax thereby granted, as shall arise and remain after all the Loans made or to be made on that Act, and the Interest thereof, and the Charges thereby allowable for raising the said Tax shall be satisfied, or Monies sufficient shall be reserved to discharge the same; and all the Monies lent or to be lent to his Majesty upon an Act of this Session of Parliament [Intituled, An Act for continuing the Duties on Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and twenty; and for enabling the Lords Commissioners of his Majesties Treasury to call in such Exchequer Bills as are to be cancelled and discharged with Money appointed for that purpose] and so much of the Duties on Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, thereby granted or continued, as shall arise and remain (if any such be) after all the Loans made or to be made on the same Act, or thereby transferred or directed to be transferred thereunto, and all the Interest thereof, and the Charges thereby allowable for raising the same Duties, shall be satisfied, or Monies sufficient shall be reserved to discharge the same; and the said Sum not exceeding Three hundred and twelve thousand Pounds intended to be raised, as aforesaid; and the said Sum of Two hundred thou-

6 Geo. *cap.* 1.

6 Geo. *cap.* 2.

thouſand ſeven hundred thirty ſeven Pounds, Fourteen Shillings, and Nine Pence Farthing, to be taken out of the ſaid clear Produce of Forfeitures, in purſuance of this preſent Act, ſhall be appropriated and applied, and are hereby appropriated for or towards the ſeveral Uſes, Intents, and Purpoſes herein expreſſed, ſubject nevertheleſs to ſuch Reſtrictions as are herein after preſcribed; that is to ſay, it is hereby Enacted and Declared, That out of all or any the Aids or Supplies provided, as aforeſaid, there ſhall and may be iſſued and applied any Sum not exceeding Eighty eight thouſand forty nine Pounds, Three Shillings, One Peny, and One fifth part of a Peny, to make good the Deficiency of the Fund commonly called the General Fund, for raiſing Seven hundred and twenty four thouſand eight hundred and forty nine Pounds, Six Shillings, and Ten Pence, and One fifth part of a Peny per Annum, for the Year ended at Michaelmas, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen.

88049 *l.* 3 *s.* 1 *d.* $\frac{1}{5}$ to make good the General Fund.

XLIX. And whereas by an Act paſſed laſt Seſſion of Parliament, [Intituled, An Act for the Recovery of the Credit of the *Britiſh* Fiſhery in Foreign Parts, and for better Securing the Duties on Salt] Liberty is given to his Majeſties Subjects to import Foreign Salt for the Uſe of the Fiſhery Duty-free after Midſummer-day, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen; and it being at the ſame time intended by the ſaid Act, that all ſuch Foreign Salt as was imported, weighed, cellared, and locked up in the Preſence of an Officer for the Duties upon Salt, and under the joynt Cuſtody of ſuch Officer and the Importer thereof, before the ſaid Twenty fourth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen, ſhould have the Benefit of being turned over as Stock in Hand, and be made uſe of in the Fiſhery, Duty-free; but for want of ſufficient Words to expreſs clearly and plainly the Intention of the ſaid Act, in relation to ſuch Foreign Salt ſo imported, as aforeſaid, before the ſaid Twenty fourth of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen, the Proprietors of the ſaid Salt have, to their great Loſs and Detriment, not been able to make uſe of the ſaid Salt, in the laſt Fiſhery, nor will, for the time to come, be enabled to make any uſe at all of it, unleſs the ſaid Act be better explained: For Remedy whereof, and to ſupply the Defect in the ſaid Act, Be it, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all ſuch Foreign Salt, ſo imported, cellared, and locked up, as aforeſaid, before the ſaid Twenty fourth of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen, ſhall, at the deſire of the Proprietor or Proprietors thereof, or his or their Agent or Agents, be turned over as Stock in Hand for the Uſe of the Fiſhery, Duty-free; ſubject nevertheleſs to the ſame Conditions and Reſtrictions as all other Foreign Salt intended for the Uſe of the Fiſhery, and have the ſame Benefit and Advantage as all other Foreign Salt intended for the Uſe of the Fiſhery, and imported after the ſaid Twenty fourth day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen; any thing in this Act, or any other, to the contrary thereof notwithſtanding.

Clauſe for Explaining the late Act concerning Foreign Salt cellar'd and lock'd up before 24 *June*, 1719.

5 Geo. *cap.* 18.

LI. And whereas Thomas Vernon Eſq; did in the Month of May, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen, import into the Port of London, on board the Ship Lambert from Alexandria, Four Bales of Senna, containing Three thouſand four hundred and eight Pounds Weight, and did then duly enter the ſame at the Cuſtom-houſe, and paid and diſcharged the Cuſtoms and Duties then due and payable by Law for the ſame, and actually ſold the ſaid Senna on board the ſaid Ship before Entry made thereof, as aforeſaid, and the ſame was accordingly delivered to the Buyers; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Senna ſhall not be chargeable with the Duties charged on Senna as a Medicinal Drug, by the Act made in the Firſt Year of his Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act to continue Duties for encouraging the Coinage of Money; and to charge the Duties on Senna as a Medicinal Drug; and for the appropriating ſeveral Supplies granted to his Majeſty.

Clauſe for Relief of *Thomas Vernon*, Eſq; in relation to Senna imported, 1716.

1 Geo. *cap.* 43.

Anno

Anno 6 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XII.

An Act for preventing of Frauds and Abuſes in the Allowances on damaged Wines, and for lengthning the time for the Drawbacks on the Exportation of Wines.

12 Car. 2. c. 4. Preamble.

Whereas by the Tenth Rule annexed to an Act of Parliament paſſed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King Charles the Second, Intituled, A Subſidy granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandize exported and imported, which has been continued by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts, and is now in force, It is Provided, That if any Wines ſhall prove corrupt and unmerchantable, and fit for nothing but to diſtil into Hot Waters, or to make Vinegar, then every Owner of ſuch Wines ſhall be abated in the Subſidy according to ſuch his Damages in thoſe Wines, by the Diſcretion of the Collectors of the Cuſtoms, and one of the Principal Officers: And whereas ſeveral other Subſidies, Impoſitions, and Duties, have been ſince laid, and are now payable to his Majeſty, on the Importation of Wines into this Kingdom by ſeveral Acts of Parliament now in force; which ſeveral Acts have Reference to the ſaid Act of Tonnage and Poundage, and to the ſaid Rule in making Allowances for the Damages out of the reſpective Duties on Wines imported (except the Duty payable on Wines for the encouraging

18 Car. 2. c. 5. of Coinage, by an Act paſſed in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty King Charles the Second:) And whereas frequent Diſputes do ariſe between the Officers of the Cuſtoms and the Merchants, in the making and adjuſting the Allowances which damaged Wines may deſerve, the ſame depending for the moſt part on the Taſte thereof; for the preventing the like Diſputes for the future, Be it Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the Second day of May, in the Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty, the ſaid Tenth Rule annexed to the ſaid Act of Tonnage and Poundage be, and the ſame is hereby repealed, made void, and ſhall no longer be put in Practice; any thing in the ſaid Act of Tonnage and Poundage, or in any other Act or Acts, in any wiſe to the contrary notwithſtanding.

The Tenth Rule annext to the Act of Tonnage and Poundage for making Allowance on damaged Wines repealed.

II. And whereas it may be reaſonable to make the Merchants Importers of Wine a Compenſation for the Allowances they would have received out of the ſeveral Duties of their damaged Wines by virtue of the ſaid Tenth Rule, whereby the Revenue may be collected with greater Certainty, and not ſo liable to Abuſe; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Second day of May, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty, there ſhall be made, as well to the Merchant at Importation, as alſo to the Prizage-Maſter or Proprietor of the Duties of Prizage, out of all the ſeveral Groſs Duties now laid upon Wines in Caſks (except the Coinage Duty before mentioned) over and above the preſent Abatements and Diſcounts, the ſeveral Allowances hereafter mentioned; that is to ſay, out of the ſeveral Groſs Duties (except the Coinage) now laid upon Rheniſh Wine, or Wine of the Growth of Germany, or Wines which pay Duty as ſuch, an Allowance after the Rate of Two Pounds per Centum; upon French Wines, or Wines of the Growth of France, or of any of the French Kings Dominions, an Allowance after the Rate of Six Pounds per Centum; and upon Spaniſh, Portugal, and all other Wines (except Rheniſh or French) an Allowance after the Rate of

In Compenſation thereof, certain Allowances are to be made out of the Groſs Duties laid on Wine to the Importer, or Prizage-Maſter, &c. viz. *Rheniſh* 2 *l.* *per Cent.* *French* 6 *l.* *per Cent.* *Spaniſh*, *Portugal*, &c. 10 *l.* *per Cent.*

Ten Pounds per Centum: The ſaid ſeveral Allowances after the Rate of Two per Centum, Six per Centum, and Ten per Centum, to be deducted on the Debenture, in caſe the Wines be again exported; any Law or Cuſtom to the contrary notwithſtanding.

to be deducted on the Debenture on Exportation.

III. Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any Merchant or other Perſon ſhall find his Wine, or any part thereof, ſo damaged, corrupt, or unmerchantable, that he ſhall refuſe to pay or ſecure the Duties for the ſame, he ſhall have liberty, immediately after the landing the Wines, to ſtave, ſpill, or otherwiſe deſtroy ſuch Wines in the Preſence of Two or more of the Officers of the Cuſtoms, to be appointed by the Collector and One of the Principal Officers of the Port; who ſhall take an exact Account of the Quantity of Wine which the Merchant or other Perſon ſhall ſo ſtave, ſpill, or otherwiſe deſtroy, to the end the Duty of ſuch Wine may be repaid without any Delay or Charge to the Merchant, by Certificate, or that the Quantity of Wine ſo ſtaved, ſpilt, or otherwiſe deſtroyed, be deducted from the Foot of the Account of the Merchant refuſing to pay or ſecure the Duty of ſuch Wine, as aforeſaid, in the Book or Books kept by the proper Officer or Officers appointed to the Diſcharge of the Ship importing the Wine.

Merchants refuſing to pay the Duties on Wine may ſtave it, and be repaid the Duty, or to be deducted from the Foot of the Account.

IV. And be it further Enacted, That over and above the Duties repaid or allowed, as aforeſaid, the Merchant or other Perſon ſhall, for every Tun of Wine, containing Two hundred fifty and two Gallons, of the Growth of Germany, or Wines which pay Duties as ſuch, and of the Growth of France, ſo ſtaved, ſpilt, or otherwiſe deſtroyed, be allowed, as a Compenſation for the Freight and other Charges, the Sum of Four Pounds; and Wines of the Growth of Spain, Portugal, and elſewhere, the Sum of Eight Pounds per Tun, and ſo in Proportion for any greater or leſſer Quantity; which Allowances ſhall without Delay be paid by Certificate out of the Duties ariſing by the ſaid Act of Tonnage and Poundage; and the Officers are hereby required and directed to make, paſs, and pay ſuch Certificate without Fee or Reward.

Allowance to be made for Freight of the Wines ſtaved, *&c.* viz. *Reniſh* 2 *l. per* Tun, *French* 4 *l. per* Tun, *Spaniſh* 8 *l. per* Tun.

V. And for the further Encouragement of the Wine Trade, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Second day of May, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty, every Britiſh Merchant ſhall have Eighteen Months time from the Importation of all Wines to export the ſame; and every Alien or Stranger ſhall have Fifteen Months time from the Importation of all Wines to export the ſame: Which Importation ſhall be reckoned from the Maſters Report of the Ship; and ſhall have the like Benefit and Drawback by ſuch Exportation, as if the ſame had been exported within Twelve Months or Nine Months reſpectively, as mentioned in the Second and Fourth Rules annexed to the ſaid Act of Tonnage and Poundage; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding: Provided Certificates and Oaths be made, and all other Requiſites performed, according to the Laws now in being, relating to the Importation and Exportation of Wine.

Time enlarged for drawing back the Duties on Wine to 18 Months and 15 Months.

Second and Fourth Rule in the Act of Tonnage and Poundage, 12 Car. 2. *cap.* 4.

VI. And as a further Encouragement, Be it likewiſe Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That over and above the preſent Duties drawn back on the Exportation of Wine, the Merchant Exporter be allowed, on the Terms and Conditions aforeſaid, Two thirds of the Impoſt Duty paid on the Importation of Wine by virtue of an Act of Parliament paſſed in the Firſt Year of King James the Second, [Intituled, An Act for for granting to his Majeſty an Impoſition upon all Wines and Vinegar, imported between the Four and twentieth of *June*, One thouſand ſix hundred eighty five, and the Four and twentieth of *June*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety three] which by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts is continued and ſtill in force; any thing in the ſaid Act, or in any other Act, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Two thirds of the Impoſt on Wine to be drawn back.

1 Jac. 2. *cap.* 3.

VII. Provided, and it is hereby Declared and Enacted, That any thing in this Act contained, or to be done in Execution thereof,

of, ſhall not extend, or be conſtrued to extend to diminiſh or leſſen the Duties of Prizage and Butlerage of Wines due upon the Importation of the ſame, but that the ſaid Duties ſhall be collected, taken and received in the ſame manner as if this preſent Act had never been made. A Saving Clauſe for the Prizage and Butlerage.

Anno 6 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XIII.

An Act for prohibiting the Importation of Raw Silk and Mohair Yarn of the Product or Manufacture of *Aſia*, from any Ports or Places in the *Streights* or *Levant* Seas, except ſuch Ports and Places as are within the Dominions of the *Grand Seignior*.

Whereas by an Act of Parliament paſſed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King Charles the Second, [Intituled, An Act for the encouraging and encreaſing of Shipping and Navigation] it is amongſt other things Enacted, That no Goods or Commodities which are of Foreign Growth, Production, and Manufacture, which by the ſaid Act are to be brought into England, Ireland, Wales, the Iſlands of Guernſey, or Jerſey, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, in Engliſh or other Shipping, navigated in ſuch manner as therein is mentioned, ſhall be ſhipped or brought from any other Place or Places, Country or Countries, but only from thoſe of the ſaid Growth, Production, or Manufacture, or from thoſe Parts where the ſaid Goods and Commodities could only or were or uſually had been firſt ſhipped for Tranſportation, and from none other Places or Countries: And whereas in the ſaid Act there is a Proviſo in the Words following; (viz.) Provided always, That this Act or any thing therein contained, extend not, or be meant to reſtrain and prohibit the Importation of any the Commodities of the *Streights*, or *Levant* Seas, loaden in *Engliſh* built Shipping, and whereof the Maſter, and Three fourths of the Mariners at leaſt are *Engliſh*, from the uſual Ports or Places for lading of them heretofore within the ſaid *Streights* or *Levant* Seas, though the ſaid Commodities be not of the very Growth of the ſaid Places: And whereas at the time of paſſing the ſaid recited Act, the Subjects of France exported very little Woollen Manufacture into Turkey, and were then ſupplied with great Quantities of Woollen Goods from England for their own Uſe, and likewiſe with Raw Silks, and other Goods of Turkey, which were the Returns of Engliſh Woollen Manufactures; for all which the Importation into France was then Free for the Subjects of England: And whereas the Woollen Manufacture in France has ſince that time been greatly increaſed, and very large Quantities of ſuch Goods are now annually imported from thence to Turkey, in Return whereof they bring from thence Raw Silk and other Commodities to Marſeilles, and other Parts in France, great Quantities whereof are carried into Italy, and from thence imported into Great Britain in Engliſh Shipping, greatly to the Diſcouragement of the Woollen Manufactures of Great Britain, and the Advancement thereof in France; and without ſome ſpeedy Care therein, the Britiſh Trade to Turkey will be daily leſſened, and is in Danger of being intirely loſt: Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the Twenty ninth day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty, the ſaid laſt recited Clauſe or Proviſo, as to the Importation of Raw Silk and Mohair Yarn, of the Product or Manufacture of Aſia, ſhall be, and is hereby repealed, excepting only as to the Ports and Places in the ſaid Streights or Levant Seas which are within the Dominions of the Grand Seignior.

Preamble.

11 Car. 2. c. 18.

Sect. 12.

After 29 *Sept.* 1720 No Raw Silk of *Aſia* to be imported from any Places in the *Levant*, but only from *Turkey*.

Anno 6 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XV.

An Act to repeal so much of the Act, Intituled, *An Act for preventing Frauds, and regulating Abuses in his Majesties Customs*, passed in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of King *Charles* the Second, as relates to the prohibiting the Importation of Deal-Boards and Fir-Timber from *Germany*.

Preamble.

WHereas by a Clause in an Act of Parliament passed in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second [Intituled An Act for preventing Frauds, and regulating Abuses in his Majesties Customs] Deal-Boards and Fir-Timber are (among other things therein mentioned) prohibited to be imported from the Netherlands or Germany, upon any Pretence whatsoever, in any sort of Ships or Vessels whatsoever, upon Penalty of the Loss of all the said Goods, as also the Ship and Furniture: And whereas Fir-Timber, Fir-Planks, Masts, and Deal-Boards, are not only found to be useful and necessary in the building and refitting his Majesties Ships of War, and other Ships and Vessels, but the same have of late Years been, and now are very much used in and about all manner of Buildings, which hath occasioned so great a Demand for, and Consumption of the said Commodities, that the Price thereof, at the Places from whence the same may now be lawfully imported, is very much increased, to the Prejudice of Trade, which may be Remedied, if the Prohibition be taken off, whereby the said Commodities will become more plentiful, and the Price thereof much reduced: Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That from and after the First day of August, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty, so much of the said Act, Intituled, An Act for preventing Frauds, and regulating Abuses in his Majesties Customs, as prohibits the Importation of Deal-boards and Fir-timber from Germany only, shall be, and the same is hereby repealed, annulled, and made void, to all intents and purposes whatsoever. 13 & 14 Car. 2. cap. 11. §. 23.

The Clause in 13 & 14 *Car.* 2. §. 23. which prohibits Deals and Fir-Timber from *Germany*, repealed.

II. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and twenty, It shall and may be lawful to and for any of his Majesties Subjects to import any Quantity or Quantities of Fir-Timber, Fir-Planks, Masts, and Deal-Boards, being of the Growth of Germany, into this Kingdom, from any Port or Place in Germany, in British Built Ships only, so as the Owner or Owners are his Majesties British Subjects, and whereof the Master and Three fourths of the Mariners at least are British Subjects, paying the like Rates and Duties to his Majesty for the same, as are now payable for Fir-Timber, Fir-Planks, Masts, and Deal-Boards imported from Norway.

Fir-Timber, *&c.* of the Growth of *Germany* may be imported by *British* in *British* Built Ships, paying the like Duties as Fir-Timber, *&c.* from *Norway*.

III. Provided always, and be it further Enacted, That this Act, or any thing therein contained, shall not extend, or be construed to extend, to discharge, or repeal the said Clause in the said Act of Parliament, so far as the same prohibits Importation of the said Commodities from the Netherlands: But as to such Importation thereof from the Netherlands, or any Port or Place therein, the before mentioned Act, and all the Penalties and Forfeitures therein contained, shall be in full force and effect, as fully and entirely as if this Act had never been made; any thing in this present Act to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Not to repeal the said Clause so far as it relates to the *Netherlands*.

Anno

Anno 6 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XXI.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An for preventing Frauds and Abuſes in the Publick Revenues of Exciſe, Cuſtoms, Stamp-Duties, Poſt-Office, and Houſe-Money.

IV. AND be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any unmalted Oats or Barley ſhall be found mixed with or amongſt Malt ſhipping or ſhipped for Exportation, that then and in every ſuch Caſe, the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall ſhip or cauſe or procure to be ſhipped ſuch Malt ſo mixed, ſhall, for every Buſhel thereof, forfeit and loſe the Sum of Five Shillings. Forfeiture for mixing unmalted Oats or Barley with Malt for Exportation, 5 *s. per* Buſhel.

XVIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty, no Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, or Strong Waters, exceeding the Quantity of One Gallon, ſhall be removed or carried from any Part of this Kingdom to another, by Land or by Water, without ſuch Permit or Certificate from ſome or one of the Officers of his Majeſties Cuſtoms or Exciſe, ſignifying and certifying the Quality and Quantity thereof, and that his Majeſties Duties chargeable thereon have been duly paid and ſatisfied, or that the ſame had been Condemned, or was part of ſuch Stock, as aforeſaid, on Pain of forfeiting the Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, and Strong Waters which ſhall be found carrying from one Place to another without ſuch Permit or Certificate, together with the Caſks and Veſſels whatſoever containing the ſame. No Brandy, *&c.* exceeding a Gallon, to be removed without a Permit.

XX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act given for or on Account of any Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, Strong Waters, or Sweets, hereinafter mentioned, ſhall and may be ſued for, recovered, and levied or mitigated by the ſame Ways, Means, and Methods, as any Penalty or Forfeiture given by any of the Laws of Exciſe can or may be ſued for, recovered, and levied, or mitigated; and that one Moiety of every ſuch Penalty or Forfeiture (the reaſonable Charges of ſuing for, recovering, and levying thereof, being firſt deducted) ſhall be to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him or them that ſhall ſeize, inform, or ſue for the ſame. Penalties how to be ſued for, *&c.*

XXI. And whereas the Clandeſtine Importation of Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, or Strong Waters, from Parts beyond the Seas into this Kingdom of Great Britain, is of late become more frequent than formerly; and his Majeſties Officers who ought and do frequently Seize ſuch Liquors ſo clandeſtinely imported, are under great Diſcouragements in the Performance of their Duty therein, in the Trouble and Expence they are forced to be at in procuring the ſame to be condemned in his Majeſties Court of Exchequer, or other of his Majeſties Courts: For Remedy whereof, It is hereby Provided, Enacted, and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty, where any Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, or Strong Waters, Britiſh or Foreign, ſhall be ſeized as forfeited by virtue or in purſuance of this preſent Act, or of any other Act or Acts of Parliament relating to his Majeſties Revenues of Cuſtoms and Exciſe, or either of them, by any of his Majeſties Officers of the ſaid Revenues, or either of them, all ſuch Seizures (except in every Caſe where the Seizure ſhall be made for unlawful Importation, and the whole Quantity of the Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, or Strong Waters, at any one time for that cauſe ſeized, doth exceed Sixty three Gallons) ſhall and may, in a ſummary way, be proceeded upon, heard, examined into, After 1 *Aug.* 1720. how Brandy ſeized ſhall be ſued for, and condemned.

to, and determined in the manner herein after mentioned; that is to say, in case such Seizures (except before excepted) shall happen to be made in any Place or Places within the immediate Limits of the chief Excise-Office in London, the same shall and may, in a summary way, be proceeded upon, heard, examined into, and determined by the Commissioners of Excise for the time being, or the major part of them; and in case such Seizure (except before excepted) shall happen to be made in any Place or Places out of the said immediate Limits of the said chief Excise-Office in London, then and in such Case the same shall and may, in a summary way, be proceeded upon, and examined into, heard, adjudged, and determined by and before any Two or more of his Majesties Justices of the Peace residing near to the Place where such Seizure or Seizures shall be made; which said Commissioners and Justices of the Peace respectively within their respective Jurisdictions, shall be and are hereby authorized and impowered to cause the respective Person or Persons, in whose Custody such Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, or Strong Waters so to be seized, as aforesaid, were found at the time of the Seizure thereof, to be summoned to appear before them at a certain Time and Place to be prefixed by the said Commissioners of Excise and Justices of the Peace respectively, who are hereby fully authorized, impowered, and required, upon the Appearance or Default of such Person or Persons so to be summoned, to examine into the Cause of such Seizure or Seizures, and thereupon to proceed to give Judgment for the Condemnation of such Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, or Strong Waters, so seized (except before excepted) as upon due Examination shall be found to be forfeited by virtue of this Act, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament relating to his Majesties Revenues of Customs or Excise, together with the Casks and other Vessels whatsoever containing the same, and to issue out their Warrants for the Sale of such Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, or Strong Waters, as shall be so by them respectively condemned, and of the Casks, and other Vessels whatsoever containing the same; and such their respective Judgments shall be and are hereby declared to be taken and adjudged to be good, valid, and effectual in the Law, and final to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, and not liable to any Appeal, or to be removed by any Writ or Writs of Certiorari; any Law Statute, or Provision to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

When Brandy, &c. is seized, and no Claim made thereof in 20 Days, how to proceed to Judgment, and Condemnation.

XXII. Provided always, and it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all cases where any such Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, or Strong Waters, as aforesaid, (except before excepted) shall be seized as forfeited, and no Person or Persons, within Twenty Days next after such Seizure, shall appear to the Officer or Officers who made such Seizure to claim the same, then and in such case if such Seizure or Seizures shall happen to be made within the immediate Limits of the chief Excise-Office in London, it shall and may be lawful for the Officer or Officers who shall make such Seizure or Seizures, from and after the Expiration of the said Twenty Days next after such respective Seizure or Seizures, to cause Notice in Writing to be signed by his Majesties Sollicitor for the Revenue of Excise for the time being, to be affixed at the Royal Exchange, signifying the Day, and Time of the Day, that the Commissioners of the Excise for the time being, or the major part of them, will proceed to hear the Matter of such Seizure or Seizures, and to the Condemnation of the Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, or Strong Waters so seized, as aforesaid, and of the Casks and other Vessels containing the same; and if such Seizure or Seizures of such Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, or Strong Waters, as aforesaid, (except before excepted) shall happen to be made, as aforesaid, out of the immediate Limits of the said chief Excise-Office in London, It shall and may be lawful for the Officers who shall make such Seizure or Seizures, from and after the Expiration of Twenty Days next after such respective Seizure or Seizures, to cause Publick Notice to

be

be given by Proclamation at the next Market-Town to the Place or Places where such respective Seizure or Seizures shall be made, as aforesaid, upon the next Market-Day after the Expiration of the said Twenty Days, of the Day and Place, when and where the Justices of the Peace will proceed to hear the Matter of such Seizure or Seizures, and to the Condemnation of such Brandys, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, or Strong Waters, so seized, as aforesaid; in which said cases, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Excise and Justices of the Peace respectively, within their respective Jurisdictions, to proceed to examine into the Cause of such Seizure or Seizures, and to give Judgment for the Condemnation of such Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, and Strong Waters, so seized, as upon due Examination shall appear to be forfeited, and of the Casks and other Vessels containing the same; which Judgments shall be good, valid and effectual in the Law, and final to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if the respective Owner or Owners of the same Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, or other Strong Waters, or the respective Person or Persons in whose Custody the same was at the respective time or times of the Seizure or Seizures thereof, had been respectively summoned to attend the said Commissioners of Excise and Justices of the Peace respectively, in the Manner herein before prescribed, and shall not be liable to any Appeal, or to be removed by Certiorari, any thing in this present Act contained, or any Law, Statute, or Provision, to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

No Appeal, or *Certiorari*.

XXV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and twenty, if upon Trial or Trials of or in any Information, Action, Suit, or Prosecution whatsoever, relating to his Majesties Duties of Customs and Excise, or to either of them, or to any other his Duties whatsoever, or to any Seizure or Seizures, Penalty or Penalties, Forfeiture or Forfeitures, relating to the said Duties, or any of them, or if upon any Trial or Trials of or in any Action, Suit, or Prosecution whatsoever against any Person or Persons, for any thing done by virtue or in pursuance of any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the said Duties, any or either of them, any Question or Questions shall be made, or any Doubt or Doubts, Dispute or Disputes shall arise or happen, touching or concerning the keeping of any Office or Offices of Excise in any City or Cities, Town or Towns, or touching or concerning any One or more Defendants being an Officer or Officers of or for the said Duties, any or either of them, that in every such Case and Cases, Proof shall and may be made, or Evidence given, either of the actual keeping of such Office or Offices of Excise in such City or Cities, Town or Towns, or of such One or more Defendants actually exercising of, and being imployed and intrusted in such Office or Offices respectively, before and at the respective Time and Times when the Matter or Matters in Question upon such Trial or Trials shall happen to have been done or committed, or omitted or neglected to have been done or performed, without producing any particular Person or Persons to prove the Names of the particular and respective Commissioners to any Commissions in the respective Cases before mentioned, any or either of them, to be of their own Hand-writing; and that in every such Case and Cases respectively, such Proof and Evidence shall be deemed and taken to be legal and sufficient Evidence, unless or until by other Evidence the contrary shall or do appear.

In Trials relating to Customs, Excise, &c. if Questions arise concerning the keeping of any Office, or any ones being an Officer, what Proof is requisite.

XXX. And whereas by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, Intituled, An Act against Clandestine Running of uncustomed Goods, and for the more effectual preventing of Frauds relating to the Customs, any Ship, Vessel, or Boat of the Burthen of Fifteen Tuns or under, wherein any Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Strong Waters, or Spirits of any Kind whatsoever, shall be imported or brought into Great Britain, or into any Port, Harbour, Haven, or Creek

5 Geo. *cap.* 11.

thereof

thereof (except only for the Use of the Seamen then on board, not exceeding one Gallon for each such Seaman) such Ship, Veſſel or Boat, with all her Tackle, Furniture, and Apparel, or the Value thereof, is forfeited, and loſt, and ſhall and may be ſeized, recovered, broke up, and ſold, as therein mentioned: And whereas to elude the Penalty of the ſaid Laws, many ill diſpoſed Perſons do now carry on a Clandeſtine Trade, by importing theſe Goods in Ships and Veſſels above fifteen Tun: For the Prevention thereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Foreign Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Strong Waters, or Spirits of any Kind whatſoever, ſhall, from and after the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty, be imported or brought into Great Britain, or into any Port, Harbour, Haven, or Creek thereof, in any Ship, Veſſel or Boat, of the Burthen of Thirty Tuns or under (except only for the Uſe of the Seamen then belonging to and on board ſuch Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, not exceeding One Gallon for each ſuch Seaman) every ſuch Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, with all her Tackle, Furniture, and Apparel, as alſo all ſuch Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Strong Waters, or Spirits, or the Value thereof, ſhall be forfeited, and ſhall and may be ſeized by any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms, and ſhall and may be proſecuted by Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſties Courts of Record at Weſtminſter, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection, or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed; one Moiety of which Forfeiture ſhall be to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to the Seizor or Proſecutor; any Law or Cuſtom to the contrary notwithſtanding.

No Brandy, &c. to be imported in any Veſſel leſs than 30 Tuns.

Exception.

Penalty.

XXXI. And be it further Enacted, That after the Seizure and Condemnation of ſuch Ship, Veſſel or Boat, the ſame ſhall be entirely broke up, and publickly ſold to the beſt Advantage, together with the Tackle, Furniture, and Apparel thereto belonging, and the Produce thereof divided in like manner as the Ships, Veſſels and Boats, under Fifteen Tuns, are to be broke up, ſold, and the Produce thereof divided, by virtue of the ſaid Act of the laſt Seſſion of Parliament.

After Seizure and Condemnation Ship, &c. to be broke up and ſold, &c.

XXXII. And whereas by the ſaid Act of the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, a Remedy was provided, amongſt other things, to prevent the Running of Brandy from Ships or Veſſels of the Burthen of Fifty Tuns or under, which lie hovering on the Coaſt within the Limits of the Ports of this Kingdom, and the Exportation of Wooll: And whereas ſuch Ships or Veſſels, to elude the Intent of that Law, do lie at Anchor or hover on the Coaſts as near to the ſaid Limits as may be, whereby the Maſters of ſuch Ships or Veſſels, have better Opportunities of making their Signals to the Exporters of Wooll, and the Runners of uncuſtomed and prohibited Goods, to draw down to the Sea ſide (as they frequently do in great Numbers of armed Men) and of running the Goods on Shore, and carrying off the Wooll and Coin of this Kingdom in their Boats, which make more frequent Trips to and from the Shore than they could do, if ſuch Ships or Veſſels were obliged to lie at a greater Diſtance from the Shore: Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty, where any Ship or Veſſel of the Burthen of Fifty Tons, or under, being in part or fully laden with Brandy, ſhall be found at Anchor, or hovering within Two Leagues from the Shore, and not proceeding on her Voyage, Wind and Weather permitting, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Commander of any of his Majeſties Ships of War, Frigots, or Armed Sloops, appointed for the Guard of the Coaſts, or to and for the Commander of any Yacht, Smack, Sloop, or other Boat or Veſſel in the Service of his Majeſties Cuſtoms, or to and for any Officer of his Majeſties Cuſtoms, to compel the Maſter or other Perſon having the Charge of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, to come into Port: And it is hereby Declared, That ſuch Maſter or other Perſon, as aforeſaid, as likewiſe

5 Geo. cap. 11.

Ships under 50 Tons hovering within Two Leagues of the Shore, Commanders of Men of War, &c. or Officers of the Cuſtoms, may compel Maſter to come into Port, &c.

wise such Ship or Vessel, and the Brandy wherewith such Ship or Vessel is laden, in part or in the whole, shall be subject to the same Rules, Regulations, Penalties, and Forfeitures, as such Cargoes, Ships, and Vessels, and the Masters or others taking Charge thereof, which hover within the Limits of any Port of this Kingdom, are by the said Act subject unto; any thing therein, or in any other Act, to the contrary hereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Master, &c. suffering Brandy or uncustomed Goods to be put out of his Ship, or Wooll, &c. to be taken in from the Shore, besides former Penalties, shall suffer Six Months Imprisonment.

XXXII. And forasmuch as such illegal Importations and Exportations cannot be carried on by such Ships or Vessels, if the Masters or Commanders thereof do take due Care to prevent the same: Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and twenty, if the Master, Purser, or other Person taking Charge of such Ship or Vessel, shall suffer any Brandy, or other uncustomed or prohibited Goods, to be put out of the said Ship or Vessel into any Hoy, Lighter, Boat, or Bottom, to be laid on Land, or shall suffer any Wooll, Wooll-Fells, Worstlings, Shortlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Wooll-Flocks, Fullers-Earth, Fulling-Clay, or Tobacco-Pipe-Clay, to be laden or taken in from the Shore, to be put on board such Ship or Vessel, to be carried to Parts beyond the Seas, he or they so offending, being convicted thereof, shall, besides the Penalties and Forfeitures to which they will be liable by any Law now in being, suffer Six Months Imprisonment without Bail or Mainprize.

The Rule to measure the Contents of the Tonnage of such Ships.

XXXIII. And for the preventing Disputes that may arise concerning the Admeasurement of Ships laden with Brandy and other Spirits, as aforesaid, or Ships hovering on the Coast; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the following Rule shall be observed therein, that is to say, Take the Length of the Keel within Board, (so much as she treads on the Ground) and the Breadth within Board by the Midship Beam, from Plank to Plank, and half the Breadth for the Depth, then multiply the Length by the Breadth, and that Product by the Depth, and divide the whole by Ninety four, the Quotient will give the true Contents of the Tonnage; according to which Rule, the Tonnage of all such Ships and Vessels shall be measured and ascertained; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Eight or more hindring, wounding, &c. Officers in Execution of their Office, to be transported.

XXXIV. And whereas the Punishment already inflicted by Law on such who shall forcibly hinder Officers of the Customs in the due Performance of their Duty, has proved insufficient; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and twenty, if any Officer or Officers of the Customs be forcibly hindred, wounded, or beaten in the due Execution of their Office, by any Persons armed with Club, or any manner of Weapon, tumultuously assembled in the Day or Night, to the Number of Eight or more Persons, all and every Person or Persons so forcibly hindring, wounding or beating the said Officer or Officers, or such as shall act in their Aid or Assistance, being convicted thereof, shall, by Order of the Court before whom such Offender or Offenders shall be convicted, be transported to some of his Majesties Colonies and Plantations in America, for such Term as the Court shall think fit, not exceeding Seven Years, in the same manner as by an Act made in the Fourth Year of his present Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for the further preventing Robbery, Burglary, or other Felonies, and for the more effectual Transportation of Felons and unlawful Exporters of Wooll, and for declaring the Law upon some Points relating to Pirates, the Offenders therein mentioned are to be transported to the said Colonies and Plantations.

4 Geo. cap. 11.

Returning into *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, Felony.

XXXV. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if such Offender or Offenders shall return into Great Britain or Ireland, before the Expiration of the said Term, contrary to the Intent and Meaning hereof, he or they so returning, shall suffer as

Felons, and have Execution awarded against them as Persons attainted of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

Offender, before Conviction, discovering Two of his Accomplices within Two Months, to have 40 *l.* for each, and acquitted.

XXXVI. Provided nevertheless, That if any such Offender shall within Two Months after such his Offence, and before his Conviction, discover Two or more of his Accomplices therein to the Commissioners of the Customs in England or Scotland respectively, so as they, or Two of them at least, be convicted of such Offence, the Offender so discovering shall have and receive the Sum of Forty Pounds for every Offender so discovered and convicted, as a Reward for such his Discovery, and shall be clearly acquitted and discharged of such his Offence.

Other Persons discovering in 3 Months to have 40 *l.* over and above any other Reward:

XXXVII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and twenty, if any other Person or Persons shall, within Three Months after such Offence shall have been committed, discover to the said Commissioners respectively any Person or Persons who shall have been guilty of such Offence, so as such Offender or Offenders be convicted thereof, such Discoverer or Discoverers shall have and receive the like Reward of Forty Pounds for every such Offender so discovered and convicted, over and above any other Reward and Recompense which he or they may be entitled unto on Account of the Goods so carried or conveyed away, which shall be recovered by means of such his or their Discovery, or on Account of the Penalty which shall be recovered for the running the said Goods.

To be paid by the Cashire of the Customs.

XXXVIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Commissioners of the Customs in England and Scotland shall cause the several Rewards of Forty Pounds for the Discovery of the Offenders before mentioned, to be paid by the respective Receiver General or Cashire of the Customs for the time being, out of any Publick Money in his Hands under the Management of the said Commissioners, upon producing to them a Certificate or Certificates under the Hand of the Judge or Justice of the Court before whom the Cause shall be tried, certifying the Conviction of the Offender or Offenders; and the Money so paid by any Receiver General, as aforesaid, shall be accepted of and allowed in his Accounts, as so much paid to his Majesty; and he is and shall be hereby discharged thereof accordingly; any Law, Custom, or Usage, to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXIX. And whereas prohibited and customable Goods found by Officers of his Majesties Customs in the Custody of Persons in Boats on the Water, or coming directly from the Water-side, to wit, the customable Goods on Suspicion they were unshipped without Payment of Duty, and the prohibited Goods for being imported contrary to Law; and such Goods being also found in other Places, upon Information that they were clandestinely run, are in like manner stopt until the Persons in whose Custody the same are found, or the Owners of such Goods, shall apply to the Commissioners of the Customs, or to the Collector of the Port where such Goods are stopt respectively, that the said Goods may be discharged in case there be no just Cause to detain the same; nevertheless the Owners of the Goods, instead of making such Application, do sue the Officers for more than the Value thereof, to their great Charge and Discouragement in the Execution of their Duty: And whereas there is good reason to believe, that many ill-disposed Persons do put themselves purposely in the way of Officers with such Goods in their Custody, and that others, by the Directions of the Owners, do falsly or deceitfully inform the Officers that the Goods were run, to the intent such Officers should seize the same, in order to sue the Officers, and thereby the Owners get excessive Prices for their Goods, and the Officers are deterred from making Seizures, whereby the Clandestine Running of Goods is greatly encouraged; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and twenty, if prohibited or custo-

customable Goods shall be found by any Officer or Officers of the Customs in the Custody of any Person or Persons, being in a Bark, Hoy, Lighter, Barge, Boat, or Wherry, on the Water, or coming direcly from the Water-side, without the Presence of an Officer; or if such Goods shall, upon the Information of One or more Credible Person or Persons, be found in any House, Shop, Cellar, Warehouse, Room, or other Place, on a Search there made in such Manner as in and by an Act made in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of the late King Charles the Second [Intituled, An Act for preventing Frauds, and regulating Abuses in his Majesties Customs] is mentioned and directed, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Officer or Officers to stop and put the said Goods in his Majesties Warehouse in the Port next to the Place where such Stop shall be made, there to remain until the Claimer or Claimers thereof shall make Proof, by Oath or otherwise, to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners for managing his Majesties Customs, if such Stop shall be made within the Ports of London or Edinburgh respectively, that the Duties of the Customable Goods have been paid, or secured to be paid, or that the same had been bought in a lawful way of Trade, and that he, she, or they, so claiming the said Goods, do verily believe the Duties thereof to have been paid, or secured to be paid, or that the said Goods had been compounded for, or condemned in his Majesties Court of Exchequer at Westminster or Edinburgh, or been otherwise delivered by Writ of that Court respectively, and that the prohibited Goods had been compounded for, or condemned, or otherwise delivered, as aforesaid; in which Case such Goods shall and may be delivered without Delay or Charge: And if such Goods shall be stopped in any other of the Ports within this Kingdom, the Claimer or Claimers thereof shall and may make the like Proof to the like Purpose, as aforesaid, and deliver the same to the Collector, or in his Absence, to one of the other Principal Officers of the Customs in the Port where such Stop shall be made; which Proof shall, without Loss of Time, be transmitted to the said Commissioners respectively, for their Directions touching the immediate Delivery of such Goods, without Charge to the Claimer or Claimers, or for the seizing and prosecuting the same, as the said Commissioners shall see Cause.

14 Car. 2. cap. 11.

Prohibited or customable Goods in any Boat, &c. or in any House, &c. Officer may stop and warehouse the same till claimed, &c.

XL. Provided, such Proof be made within Ten Days after the Goods shall have been so stopped, in Failure whereof the same shall and may be seized, and prosecuted in such Manner as by the several and respective Laws now in force against the Importation of prohibited or uncustomed Goods, is provided, the Forfeiture of such Goods after Condemnation, shall be to and for such Uses, and according to such Proportions or Shares, as are therein and thereby respectively mentioned and distributed.

Proof to be in 10 Days after stopping.

XLI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if upon such Prosecution where no Application hath been made to the Commissioners or Officers aforesaid, and not otherwise, the Property of the Goods shall be claimed by any Person or Persons, and if any Question, Dispute, or Doubt shall arise, whether the Duties thereof were paid or secured, or that the said Goods had been compounded for, or condemned, or otherwise delivered by Writ out of the Court of Exchequer, or bought in a lawful way of Trade, the Proof shall be incumbent on such Claimer or Claimers, and not on the Seizor or Prosecutor; and if thereupon a Verdict shall pass for such Claimer or Claimers, or if the Officer or Officers shall become Nonsuit, or forbear Prosecution, or discontinue the same, or if upon Demurrer or otherwise, Judgment shall be given against the Officer or Officers, then and in any of the said Cases, the Claimer or Claimers shall, over and above the Recovery of his, her, or their Goods, or the Value thereof, have reasonable Costs of Suit, for which he, she, or they shall have the like Remedy as where Costs by Law are awarded; which said Costs of Suit shall be reckoned and esteemed as a full Satisfacti-

Proof to lie on the Claimer.

If Verdict pass for the Claimer, he shall have reasonable Costs of Suit.

on for the said Claimer or Claimers Damages occasioned by the Detention and Seizure of the said Goods.

If the Claimer make Proof of his Goods, or that they have received any Damage, the Goods to be delivered him without Charge or Delay, and he may bring his Action for Damages.

XLII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all cases where the Claimer or Claimers of such Goods so stopt, as aforesaid, shall make Proof either by Oath before any Justice of Peace, or other Person impowered to administer the same, or otherwise, to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners for managing his Majesties Customs respectively, or Officers of the Customs, as aforesaid, in manner before directed and appointed, so as to induce the respective Commissioners to order the Delivery of the Goods so stopt; and if the Owner or Owners, Claimer or Claimers of such Goods, shall receive any Damage by means of such Stop, then and in such Case the Owner or Owners, Claimer or Claimers of the said Goods, shall and may receive such Goods by virtue of such Order, without any Charge or Delay; and it shall and may nevertheless be lawful to and for such Owner or Owners, Claimer or Claimers, to bring his, her, or their Action or Actions against the Officer or Officers, who shall stop his or their Goods, for such reasonable Damages, which, he, she, or they shall or may have sustained by means of the said Goods being so stopped or detained, as aforesaid; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Officers may prosecute notwithstanding the Directions of the Commissioners.

XLIII. Provided always, and be it Declared to be the true Intent and Meaning hereof, That if the Officer or Officers who shall stop such Goods, or any other Officer or Officers of the Customs, shall be desirous to seize and prosecute the same, notwithstanding any Directions of the Commissioners of the Customs for the Delivery of the said Goods respectively; It shall and may be lawful to and for such Officer or Officers to seize and prosecute the same in such Manner as by the several and respective Laws of the Customs now in force such Goods may be seized and prosecuted; in every of which Case the Officer or Officers so prosecuting, shall be liable, and he or they are hereby declared liable to be sued by the Owner or Owners of the Goods, for the Recovery of the same, or the Value thereof, with full Costs of Suit; or if the said Commissioners shall not order the Delivery of the said Goods so stopt, then and in such Case, the Owner and Owners, Claimer or Claimers of such Goods, shall and may nevertheless sue for the Recovery of such Goods, together with Costs and Damages, according to the usual Course of Law, in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, as he or they might have done before the Passing of this Act; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

So may the Owners.

Offences relating to the Customs, where and how to be tried.

XLIV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Offences in this Act mentioned, relating to the Customs, or other Duties upon Importation or Exportation, or to uncustomed or prohibited Goods (except as in this Act is otherwise provided) shall and may be heard, tried, and determined by Bill, Plaint or Information in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively, wherein no Essoign, Protection, or Wager of Law shall be allowed.

XLV. And whereas by an Act passed in the Third Year of the Reign of her late Majesty Queen Anne [Intituled, An Act for continuing Duties upon Low-Wines, and upon Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Spices, and Pictures, and upon Hawkers, Pedlars, and Petty Chapmen, and upon Muslins; and for granting New Duties upon several of the said Commodities and also upon Calico, *China* Ware, and Drugs] It is Enacted, That any Person or Persons may import into this Kingdom Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, and Tea, subject to the several Duties payable for the same, from any Parts beyond the Seas, in British Ships, navigated as therein mentioned; and so as Notice be first given to the Commissioners of her Majesties Customs of the Quantity and Quality of the said Spices and Tea so intended to be imported, and the Place to which they intend to import the same,

3 A. cap. 4

same, and taking a Licence under the Hands of the said Commissioners for the time being for the Landing and Importing thereof, as aforesaid: And whereas by an Act passed in the Eighth Year of her said late Majesty [Intituled, An Act for granting to her Majesty New Duties of Excise, and upon several imported Commodities, and for other Purposes therein mentioned] It is Enacted, That Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, and Mace, may be imported into Great Britain, subject to the several Duties payable for the same, from any Parts beyond the Seas, in British Ships, navigated as therein mentioned, the Importer thereof first giving Notice to the said Commissioners of the Quantity and Quality of the said Spices, and the Place into which he intends to import the same, and taking a Licence under the Hands of the said Commissioners for the importing thereof; which Importation is to be continued during the Continuance of the said respective Acts which are still in force: And whereas many ill-disposed Persons having taken out Licences for great Quantities of the said Spices and Tea, do import the same at several times in small Parcels, with intent secretly to land the same, as Opportunity shall offer; but if the said Spices or Tea are found by the Officers of the Customs on board the Ship, the Importers, to prevent the Seizures thereof, do produce their Licences, and pretend that those Spices or Tea are part of the Quantities mentioned in the said Licences, whereby there is good reason to suspect that great Frauds are frequently committed, to the lessening his Majesties Revenue, and Prejudice to the fair Merchant: Be it therefore Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That in every Licence to be granted from and after the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and twenty, in pursuance of the said Acts, and during their Continuance, for the importing of Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, and Tea, shall be expressed the Quantity and Quality of the said Spices and Tea, and the Place or Port into which the same are intended to be imported; and that if any greater Quantity of the said Spices or Tea shall be imported, than what is expressed in the said Licence, the same so imported shall be deemed to be imported without a Licence; and such Licence shall and may be granted without any Fee or Reward by the Commissioners or chief Managers of the Customs for the time being, or any Three of them, or by the Customer or Collector and Comptroller of the Port into which the said Spices and Tea are to be imported, so as that all Nutmegs, Cloves, Mace, and Cinnamom, to be imported into this Kingdom by virtue of such Licence, from any Place or Places beyond the Seas, other than directly from the East-Indies, be not in any other Package than in Casks or Bales; which Casks or Bales shall contain the Quantity hereafter mentioned, that is to say, each Cask of Nutmegs, Cloves, or Mace, to weigh Neat Three hundred Pounds Weight, or upwards, each Bale of Cinnamon to weigh Neat Seventy Pounds Weight, or upwards.

8 A. cap. 7.

In every Licence for importing Nutmegs, &c. the Quantity and Place of Landing to be expressed, &c.

Repealed as to Tea, vide 7 Geo. cap. 20.

XLVI. And be it further Enacted, That the Licence so taken out for Spice and Tea, as aforesaid, shall be delivered to the Merchant demanding the same; which Licence shall be produced and delivered up by the Master, Purser, or other Person taking Charge of the Ship wherein such Spice or Tea shall be imported, with the Name of the Ship and Master, together with the Marks and Numbers of each Cask, Bale, or Parcel, and the Quantity and Quality of such Spice or Tea endorsed on the Back thereof, to the Collector and Comptroller of the Port into which the same shall be imported, at the time of his or their entring the Ship; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Licence to be delivered up at entring the Ship.

XLVII. And whereas such Spices are frequently imported in Bags, and other small Parcels, packt in Hogsheads, Casks, Bales, or other Package, in order to run the same clandestinely; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any of the Spices above mentioned, shall be found on board any Ship or Vessel, in

Spices in Bags, or small Parcels, &c. forfeited

Bags

Bags or other small Parcels, packt in Hogsheads, Casks, or Bales, the same shall be forfeited, one Moiety whereof to be to the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who will inform or sue for the same, in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, wherein no Essoign, Protection, or Wager of Law shall be allowed.

8 A. *cap.* 13. XLVIII. And whereas by an Act of Parliament of the Eighth Year of the Reign of her late Majesty Queen Anne, made (amongst other things) for better preventing Frauds in Drawbacks; It was Enacted, That no Debenture should be paid or allowed for any Tobacco, exported from any Port of Great Britain to the Kingdom of Ireland, until a Certificate should be produced under the Hands and Seals of the Collector, Comptroller, and Surveyor of the Customs of any Port in Ireland, or any Two of them, where such Goods should be landed, testifying the Landing thereof (the Danger of the Seas or Enemies excepted:) And whereas it frequently happens, that Tobacco imported into this Kingdom, and afterwards shipt again for Ireland, doth in the Carriage thither waste, and decrease in Weight, but as the Law now stands, no more Drawback can be allowed than for the Quantity of Tobacco particularly specified in the said Certificates returned from Ireland: Now for the Encouragement of all Fair Traders, that shall send Tobacco for Ireland, It is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, from time to time, upon producing such Certificates, as aforesaid, under the Hands and Seals of the Collector, Comptroller, and Surveyor of the Customs of any Port in Ireland, or any Two of them, where such Tobacco shall be landed, testifying the Landing thereof in that Kingdom, at any time or times after the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and twenty, in case there shall appear to be any Difference in Weight between the Quantity specified in such Certificate, and the Quantity entred and shipt for Exportation thither, so that the Quantity landed in Ireland, shall be less than the Quantity so entred and shipt for that Kingdom, in all and every such Case and Cases, an Allowance shall be made to the Merchant Exporter on the Duties to be drawn back of all such Tobacco so shipt and exported to Ireland, in Consideration of the Waste which may happen (if any be) in the Voyage between Great Britain, and Ireland, so as such Allowance do not in any case exceed Two per Cent; any former Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

An Allowance of 2 *l. per Cent.* to be made for Tobacco exported to *Ireland* for Waste.

Tobacco exported for Foreign Parts, landed in *Ireland*, forfeited, and double the Drawback, *&c.*

XLIX. And whereas it is found by Experience, That great Quantities of Tobacco are clandestinely run into Ireland, after the entring and exporting the same from Great Britain for other Foreign Parts, and the Exporters have entitled themselves to Debentures for the Drawbacks in this Kingdom, in Prejudice of his Majesties Revenues, and to the Discouragement of Fair Traders; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Tobacco, so entred out and exported, shall afterwards be landed in Ireland, the same, and double the Drawback thereof shall be forfeited, and every Debenture for the Drawback thereof shall become void, as if the said Tobacco were relanded in any Part of Great Britain; which Forfeitures shall and may be prosecuted and recovered in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster or Dublin respectively, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland; in which Prosecution, no Essoign, Protection, or Wager of Law, shall be allowed, nor any more than one Imparlance; the Moiety of which Forfeiture or Forfeitures to be to the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that will sue for the same, as aforesaid.

Ireland to be added to the Oath of Exporters of Tobacco to Foreign Parts.

L. And whereas the Exporters of Tobacco for any Foreign Parts, are now only obliged to swear that the Tobacco shipt and certified is not landed, or intended to be relanded in any Part of Great Britain; It is hereby Enacted that from and after the First day of August, One thousand seven hundred and twenty, Ireland shall be added and included in the Oath before mentioned (except

(except for such Tobacco as shall be regularly shipt for Ireland) without which the Officers of the Customs shall not suffer the Debenture to pass; any Law or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

LXVI. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall be sued, molested, or prosecuted for any thing done by virtue or in pursuance of this Act, or any of the Clauses therein contained, such Person and Persons shall and may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence for his, her, or their Defence; and if afterwards a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall discontinue his or their Action, or be Nonsuited, or Judgment shall be given against him or them upon Demurrer, or otherwise, then such Defendant or Defendants shall have full Costs to him or them awarded against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs. General Issue.

Anno 7 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. III.

An Act for repealing an Act made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen *Anne*, Intituled, *An Act to oblige Ships coming from Places infected, more effectually to perform their Quarentine*; and for the better preventing the Plague being brought from Foreign Parts into *Great Britain*, or *Ireland*, or the Isles of *Guernsey*, *Jersey*, *Alderney*, *Sark*, or *Man*; and to hinder the spreading of Infection.

WHereas in the Parliament begun and holden at Westminster in the Ninth Year of the Reign of her late Majesty Queen Anne, an Act passed, Intituled, An Act to oblige Ships coming from Places infected, more effectually to perform their Quarentine: And whereas Marseilles, and other Places in the Southern Parts of France, have, for some time past, been visited with the Plague, which occasioned just Apprehensions least the Infection might be brought into this Kingdom from the Places so infected, or other Places trading or corresponding therewith, unless timely Care were taken to prevent the same: And whereas it has been found by Experience, that the said Act is defective and insufficient for the Purposes intended; and the Penalties inflicted by the same not adequate to the Offences thereby prohibited; and some further Provisions are necessary to be made, in case it should please Almighty God to permit these Kingdoms to be afflicted with the Plague: For Remedy thereof, Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That during the present Infection, and in all future Times, when any Country or Place shall be infected with the Plague, all Ships, Vessels, Persons, Goods, and Merchandizes whatsoever, coming or imported in such Ships or Vessels, into any Port or Place within Great Britain, or Ireland, or the Isles of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, from any Place so infected, or from any Place the Inhabitants whereof are known to trade or correspond with any Country or Place actually infected, or from any Place from whence his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, by and with the Advice of his or their Privy-Council, shall judge it probable that the Infection may be brought, shall be obliged to make their Quarentine in such Place and Places, for such Time, and in such Manner, as hath been or shall, from time to time, be directed by his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, by his or their Order or Orders made in his or their Privy-Council, and notified by Proclamation; and that until such Ships, Vessels, Per- Preamble.

9 A. cap. 2.

When any Country shall be infected, all Ships, &c. coming from thence, or from Places trading therewith, to make their Quarentine, as shall be directed by Proclamation,

and till discharged no Persons or Goods to come on Shore, or go on board any other Ship, unless by Licence.

Persons, Goods, and Merchandizes, shall have respectively performed, and be discharged from such Quarentine, no such Persons, Goods, or Merchandizes, or any of them, shall come or be brought on Shore, or go or be put on board any other Ship or Vessel in any Place within his Majesties Dominions, unless in such Cases, and by such proper Licence, as shall be directed or permitted by such Order or Orders made by his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, in Council, and notified, as aforesaid; and

All Ships to be subject to his Majesties Orders in Council notified by Proclamation.

that all such Ships and Vessels, and the Persons and Goods coming or imported in, or going or being put on board the same, and all Ships, Vessels, Boats, and Persons receiving any Goods or Persons out of the same, shall be subject to such Orders, Rules, and Directions concerning Quarentine, and the Prevention of Infection, as have been or shall be made by his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in Council, and notified by Proclamations, as aforesaid.

After any Orders made concerning Quarentine, the Principal Officer of the Customs, or other Person appointed, to interrogate the Master, who is to give a true Account of all Particulars hereafter mentioned,

II. And to the end it may be the better known, whether any Ship or Vessel be actually infected with the Plague, or whether such Ship or Vessel, or the Mariners or Cargo coming and imported in the same, are liable to any Orders touching Quarentine; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That during the present Infection, and in all future Times, when any Country or Place shall be infected with the Plague, and any Order or Orders shall be made by his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, concerning Quarentine, and the Prevention of Infection, and notified, as aforesaid, as often as any Ship or Vessel shall attempt to enter into any Port or Place in Great Britain or Ireland, or the Isles of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, the Principal Officer of his Majesties Customs in such Port or Place, or such Person as shall be authorized to see Quarentine duly performed, shall go off, or cause some other Person to be by him appointed for that Purpose, to go off to such Ship or Vessel; and such Officer or other Person authorized to see Quarentine performed, as aforesaid, or the Person so by him appointed for that Purpose, shall, at a convenient Distance from such Ship or Vessel, demand of the Commander, Master, or other Person having Charge of such Ship or Vessel, and such Commander, Master, or other Person having Charge of such Ship or Vessel, shall, upon such Demand, give a true Account of

That is to say,

the following Particulars; (that is to say) The Name of such Ship or Vessel; The Name of the Commander or the Person having Charge thereof; At what Place the Cargo was taken on board; What Place or Places the Ship or Vessel touched at in her Voyage; Whether such Places, or any, and which of them, were infected with the Plague; How long such Ship or Vessel had been in her Passage; How many Persons were on board when the said Ship or Vessel set Sail; Whether any, and what Persons, during that Voyage, on board such Ship or Vessel, had been or shall be then infected with the Plague; How many died in the Voyage, and of what Distemper; What Ships or Vessels he or any of his Ships Company with his Privity went on board, or had any of their Company come on board his Ship or Vessel in the Voyage; And to what Place such Ships or Vessels belonged; And also the true Contents of his Lading to the best of his Knowledge: And

On Examination, if any Person on board appear to be infected, all Officers, &c. to resist the Entrance of such Ship into any Port, &c. by Firing of Guns, or by any other Force.

in case it shall appear upon such Examination or otherwise, that any Person then on board such Ship or Vessel, shall at the time of such Examination be actually infected with the Plague, in such case it shall and may be lawful to and for the Officers of any of his Majesties Ships of War, or any of his Majesties Forts or Garrisons, and all other his Majesties Officers, whom it may concern, upon Notice thereof given to them, or any of them respectively, and to and for any other Person or Persons, whom they shall call to their Aid and Assistance, and they are hereby required to resist and oppose the Entrance of such Ship or Vessel into any such Port or Place, or to oblige such Ship or Vessel to depart out of the same, and to use all necessary Means for the Purposes aforesaid, or either of them, be it by Firing of Guns upon such

Ship or Veſſel, or any other kind of Force and Violence whatſoever; and in caſe any ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall come from any Place viſited with the Plague, or have any Perſon on board actually infected, and the Commander, Maſter, or other Perſon having Charge of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſhall not diſcover the ſame, ſuch Commander, Maſter, or other Perſon having Charge of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſhall be adjudged Guilty of Felony, and ſuffer Death, as in caſe of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy; and in caſe ſuch Commander, Maſter, or other Perſon having Charge of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſhall, upon ſuch Demand made, as aforeſaid, not make a true Diſcovery in any other of the Particulars before mentioned, ſuch Commander, Maſter, or other Perſon having Charge of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, for every ſuch Offence ſhall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; one Moiety thereof to the King, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him or them who will ſue for the ſame, by Action, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſties Courts of Record at Weſtminſter, Edinburgh, Dublin, or in the proper Courts of the Iſles of Guernſey, Jerſey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, reſpectively.

Ship coming from Places viſited, or having any infected on board, Maſter, &c. not diſcovering, Guilty of Felony,

and not diſcovering any of the other Particulars forfeits 200 *l.*

How to be recovered and divided.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Commander, Maſter, or other Perſon having Charge of any Ship or Veſſel liable to perform Quarentine, ſhall himſelf quit, or ſhall permit or ſuffer any Seaman, or Paſſenger coming in ſuch Ship or Veſſel, to quit ſuch Ship or Veſſel by going on Shore, or by going on board any other Ship, Boat, or Veſſel, before ſuch Quarentine ſhall be fully performed, unleſs in ſuch Caſes, and by ſuch proper Licence as ſhall be directed or permitted by ſuch Order or Orders made or to be made concerning Quarentine, and the Prevention of Infection, and notified, as aforeſaid; or in caſe any Commander, Maſter, or other Perſon having Charge of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſhall not within convenient time, after due Notice given for that Purpoſe by the proper Officer, cauſe ſuch Ship or Veſſel, and the Lading, to be conveyed into the Place or Places appointed for ſuch Ship or Veſſel, and the Lading thereof, to perform Quarentine reſpectively, then and in every ſuch Caſe, every ſuch Ship or Veſſel, with her Tackle, Apparel and Furniture, ſhall be forfeited to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and ſhall and may be ſeized, ſued for, and recovered in his Majeſties Court of Exchequer at Weſtminſter, Edinburgh, or Dublin, or in the proper Courts of the Iſles of Guernſey, Jerſey, Sark, or Man reſpectively, to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors; and every ſuch Commander, Maſter, or other Perſon having Charge of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, for every ſuch Offence ſhall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; one Moiety thereof to the King, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him or them who will ſue for the ſame; and alſo if any Perſon ſhall ſo quit ſuch Ship or Veſſel by going on Shore, or by going on board any other Ship or Veſſel contrary to the true Meaning of this Act, it ſhall and may be lawful for all Perſons whatſoever, by Force and Violence, to compel ſuch Perſon to return on board ſuch Ship or Veſſel; and every ſuch Perſon ſo quitting ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, ſuffer Impriſonment for the Space of Six Months, and ſhall alſo forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; one Moiety to the King, his Heirs and Succeſſors, the other Moiety to him or them that will ſue for the ſame; the ſame reſpective Penalties and Forfeitures to be recovered by Action, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any of his Majeſties Courts of Record at Weſtminſter, Edinburgh, or Dublin, or in the proper Courts of the Iſles of Guernſey, Jerſey, Alderney, Sark, or Man reſpectively.

If the Maſter, ſhall quit the Ship, &c.

unleſs by Licence,

or ſhall not after Notice, cauſe the Ship and Lading to be conveyed into the Place for Quarentine,

Ship, &c. forfeited to his Majeſty.

Where to be ſued for.

And Maſter, &c. to forfeit 200 *l.* ½ to the King, ½ to the Informer.

Perſons quitting the Ship may by Force be compelled to return on board, and ſhall be impriſoned for 6 Months, and alſo forfeit 200 *l.* ½ to the King, ½ to the Informer.

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if at any Time or Times hereafter any City, Town or Place within Great Britain or Ireland, or the Iſles of Guernſey, Jerſey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, ſhall be infected with the Plague, and the ſame, upon Examination, ſhall be made appear to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, in Council, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, by and with the Advice of

If any Place in *Great Britain*, &c. ſhall be viſited, Orders concerning Quarentine, to be made and notified by Proclamation,

his or their Privy-Council, during the Continuance of such Calamity, to make such Orders and Regulations concerning Quarentine, and the Prevention of Infection, as shall be necessary for the Safety and Preservation of his or their Subjects, and to notifie the same by Proclamation; and all and every Person and Persons, Officer and Officers, Civil and Military, whatsoever, shall render due and exact Obedience to all such Orders and Regulations so made and notified, as aforesaid.

and all Persons to obey such Orders.

Ships or Lazarets to be provided for Persons infected,

V. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That during the present Infection, and in all future Times, when any Country or Place shall be infected with the Plague, it shall and may be lawful to and for his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to order Ships to be provided, or to cause Houses or Lazarets for the receiving and entertaining of Persons infected with the Plague, or obliged to perform Quarentine, during such Time as they shall continue infected, or until they shall have performed such Quarentine respectively; and also Sheds, Tents, and other Places,

and Sheds, Tents, &c. for airing of Goods,

proper for the depositing, opening, and airing of Goods and Merchandizes comprized within any such Order or Orders, made or to be made and notified, as aforesaid, to be provided or erected, to continue for such Time and Term as his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, shall think proper and direct, in convenient Places within any Part of Great Britain or Ireland, to be allowed and approved by Two or more Justices of the Peace for the County, Division, or Liberty, where the same shall respectively lie, living near thereunto, under their Hands and Seals, either in any Waste Grounds or Commons, or where such Waste Grounds or Commons are not sufficient, in the several Grounds of any Person or Persons whatsoever, not being a House, Park, Garden, Orchard, Yard, or planted Walk, or Avenue to a House, paying such Rate, Rent, or Consideration for the same to the Persons interested therein respectively, according to their several Interests in the same, as shall be agreed upon between the Persons so interested, their Guardians or Trustees, and any Two Persons to be appointed for that Purpose by his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, under his or their Sign-Manual; and in case of any Difference concerning such Rate, Rent, or Consideration, between the Persons so interested, their Guardians or Trustees, and such Persons so to be appointed by his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, as aforesaid, the Justices of the Peace at the next General Quarter-Sessions of the Peace to be held for such County, Division, or Liberty, wherein such Grounds shall lie, shall and may adjudge, determine, assess, and settle the same, and such Judgment and Determination shall be final; and his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, shall and may hold and enjoy such Ground, for and during all such Time and Term as his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall judge necessary for the Purposes aforesaid, paying for the same such Rate, Rent, or other Consideration, as shall be agreed upon, or assessed and adjudged, as aforesaid.

to be erected in any Waste Ground, or in the several Grounds of any Person, paying Rent to the Owner.

Proper Officers to compel Persons infected, &c. to repair to the Places provided for Quarentine.

VI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the proper Officers authorized to put in Execution such Orders, made or to be made and notified, as aforesaid, shall, and they are hereby impowered and required to cause and compel all Persons infected with the Plague, or obliged to perform Quarentine, and all Goods and Merchandizes comprized within any such Orders, made or to be made and notified, as aforesaid, respectively, to repair or be conveyed to some of the said Ships, Houses or Lazarets, Sheds, Tents, or other Places, provided, as aforesaid, according to such Order or Orders, made or to be made and notified, as aforesaid.

Persons refusing to perform Quarentine, or attempting to escape,

VII. And be it further Enacted, That if any Person infected with the Plague, or obliged to perform Quarentine, shall wilfully refuse or neglect to repair within convenient time, after due Notice for that Purpose given to him, her, or them, by the proper Officer, to the Ship, House, Lazaret, or other Place duly appointed for him, her, or them; or having been placed in such Ship, House,

Laza-

Lazaret, or other Place, shall escape, or attempt to escape out of the same, whilst he, she, or they shall continue infected, or before Quarentine fully performed respectively; It shall and may be lawful to and for the Watchmen and other Persons, appointed to see Quarentine performed, by any kind of Violence that the Case shall require, to compel every such Person so refusing or neglecting, as aforesaid, and every such Person so escaping, or attempting to escape, as aforesaid, to repair or return into such Ship, House, Lazaret, or other Place, so appointed for him, or her, as aforesaid; and every such Person so refusing or neglecting to repair within convenient time after such Notice, as aforesaid, into such Ship, House, Lazaret, or other Place appointed for him, or her, as aforesaid, and also every Person actually escaping, as aforesaid, shall be adjudged Guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy.

Watchmen to compel them by any kind of Violence.

After due Notice such refusing or escaping to be Felony.

VIII. And be it further Enacted, That if any Person not infected, nor liable to perform Quarentine, shall presume to enter any Ship, House, Lazaret, or other Place so appointed, as aforesaid, whilst any Person or Persons so infected, or being under Quarentine, shall be therein, and shall return, or attempt to return from thence, unless in such Cases, and by such proper Licence, as shall be directed or permitted by such Order or Orders, made or to be made and notified, as aforesaid, It shall and may be lawful to and for the Watchmen, or other Persons appointed to guard or secure such Ship, House, Lazaret, or other Place, so appointed, as aforesaid, by any kind of Violence that the Case shall require, to compel such Person, so returning, or attempting to return, to repair into some Ship, House, Lazaret, or other Place, so appointed, as aforesaid, there to continue and perform Quarentine; and in case such Person shall actually escape out of such Ship, House, Lazaret, or other Place, where he or she shall be so placed for Performance of Quarentine, before he or she shall have fully performed the same, he or she shall be adjudged Guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy.

Persons not infected, entring any Ship, Lazaret, &c. and returning without Licence, to be compelled to repair into some Ship, &c. so appointed.

Such Person escaping guilty of Felony.

IX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if at any time or times hereafter, any City, Town, or Place within Great Britain, or Ireland, shall be infected with the Plague, It shall and may be lawful to and for his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to cause one or more Line or Lines, Trench or Trenches, to be cast up or made about such infected City, Town, or Place, at a convenient Distance from the same, in order to cut off the Communication between such infected City, Town, or Place, and the Rest of the Country; and to prohibit all Persons, Goods, and Merchandizes whatsoever, to enter, pass, or be carried over such Lines or Trenches, unless in such Cases, and by such proper Licence, and subject to such Regulations and Restrictions for Performance of Quarentine, as shall be directed or permitted by such Order or Orders, made or to be made and notified, as aforesaid; and in case any Person or Persons, being within such Lines or Trenches, or any of them, shall, during the time of such Infection, presume or attempt to come out of the same, unless in such Cases, and by such proper Licence, and subject to such Regulations and Restrictions for Performance of Quarentine, as shall be directed or permitted by such Order or Orders, made or to be made and notified, as aforesaid, It shall and may be lawful to and for the Watchmen, or Persons appointed to guard or secure such Lines and Trenches, or any of them, by any kind of Violence that the Case shall require, to compel all and every such Person and Persons to return back within such Lines or Trenches; and in case any Person shall actually come out of such Lines or Trenches, or any of them (unless in such Cases, and by such proper Licence, and subject to such Regulations and Restrictions, as aforesaid) every such Person shall be adjudged Guilty of Felony, and suffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy.

His Majesty may cause Lines to be made about infected Places.

Persons attemping to come out of such Lines without Licence, may be compelled by Violence to return back.

Coming out of the Lines without Licence Felony.

Justices may order the neighbouring Inhabitants to keep Watch.

X. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That during the present Infection, and at all Times hereafter, when any Foreign Country, or any part of Great Britain or Ireland shall be infected with the Plague, It shall and may be lawful to and for any Two Justices of the Peace of any County, Riding, Division, or Liberty, next to such Place where any Ship or Vessel shall be performing Quarentine, or wherein any infected Place, or any House, Lazaret, or Place for Performance of Quarentine, shall be situate, or any Lines or Trenches shall be made, as aforesaid, and they are hereby required, from time to time, when any such Town or Place shall be infected with the Plague, or any Lines or Trenches shall be made, as aforesaid, or any Persons, Ships, Goods, or Merchandizes infected, or obliged to perform Quarentine, shall be put in any House, Lazaret, or other Place for Performance of Quarentine, to order the Inhabitants of such and so many Parishes, Townships, Wills, or Extraparochial Places about the same respectively, as they shall judge necessary; and such Inhabitants are hereby required, in pursuance of such Orders, upon Notice thereof, to keep sufficient Watches by Day and Night upon such Town or Place so infected, and upon such Lines and Trenches made, as aforesaid, and upon such Houses, Lazarets, Ships, or other Places for Performance of Quarentine, for such Time, in such Manner, and with such Numbers of Watchmen at every Place, as the said Justices, by their said Order, shall direct and appoint: And such Watchmen are hereby required not to permit or suffer any such Person, Ships, Goods, or Merchandizes, to depart, or be conveyed out of such Town or Place infected, or such Lines or Trenches made, as aforesaid, or such House, Lazaret, or other Place for Performing of Quarentine, over which they shall be appointed to watch respectively, unless in such Cases, and by such proper Licence, as are or shall be directed or permitted by such Order or Orders, made or to be made and notified, as aforesaid: And in case any Inhabitant of any Parish, Township, Will, or Extraparochial Place, shall neglect or refuse to keep such Watch, or to procure some able and sufficient Person to keep such Watch in his stead, according to such Order or Orders as shall be made by any Two Justices of the Peace in pursuance of this Act, and shall be thereof lawfully convicted upon his or her Appearance or Default, upon the Oath or Oaths of One or more credible Witness or Witnesses, by One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace of the County, Division, or Liberty, where such Offence shall be committed, or the Offender shall be found (which Oath such Justice or Justices of the Peace are hereby impowered and required to administer) the Person so convicted shall forfeit any Sum not exceeding One hundred Pounds, nor less than Ten Pounds, at the Discretion of such Justice or Justices; one Moiety thereof to the Informer, and the other Moiety to the Poor of the Parish where such Offence shall be committed; the same to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offenders Goods, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals of such Justice or Justices before whom such Offender shall be convicted, as aforesaid; and every such Offender shall also by such Justice or Justices be committed to Prison, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize during the Space of Two Months, and from that time until Payment of the Sum of Money so adjudged by such Justice or Justices, as aforesaid: And in case any Person or Persons appointed or retained to serve as a Watchman or Watchmen for the Purposes aforesaid, or any of them, shall be guilty of any Breach or Neglect of his or their Duty in that behalf, and shall be thereof convicted upon the Oath or Oaths of One or more credible Witness or Witnesses, by One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace of the County, Division, or Liberty, where such Offence shall be committed, or the Offender shall be found (which Oath such Justice or Justices of the Peace are hereby impowered and required to administer) the Person so convicted shall, for every such Offence, forfeit any Sum not exceeding One hundred Pounds, nor less than Ten Pounds, at the Discretion of such Justice or Justices; one

Watch not to suffer any to depart out of the Lines.

Any Inhabitant refusing, or neglecting to keep or provide a Watch.

Penalty not more than 100*l.* or less than 10*l.* ½ to the Informer, ½ to the Poor of the Parish,

and Offender to be imprisoned for two Months, and till the Fine be paid.

Watchman guilty of Neglect of Duty forfeits not exceeding 100*l.* nor less than 10*l.*

Moiety thereof to the Informer, and the other Moiety to the Poor of the Parish where such Offence shall be committed; the same to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offenders Goods, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals of such Justice or Justices before whom such Offender shall be convicted, as aforesaid; and shall also for every such Offence by such Justice or Justices be committed to Prison, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize by the Space of Two Months, and from that time until Payment of the Sum of Money so adjudged by such Justice or Justices, as aforesaid.

½ to Informer, ½ to the Poor of the Parish;

And to be imprisoned for two Months, and until the Penalty be paid.

XI. And it is hereby further Enacted, That if any Officer or Officers of his Majesties Customs, or any other Officer or Officers, Person or Persons whatsoever, to whom it doth or shall appertain to execute any Order or Orders made or to be made concerning Quarentine, and the Prevention of Infection, and notified, as aforesaid, or to see the same put in Execution, shall be guilty of any wilful Breach or Neglect of his or their Duty in that Behalf, every such Officer and Person so offending shall forfeit his Office or Employment in the Customs, or other Office or Employment, and shall become from thenceforth uncapable to hold and enjoy the same, or to take a new Grant thereof, and shall also forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; one Moiety thereof to the King, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them, who shall or will sue for the same, by Action, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, Edinburgh, or Dublin, or in the proper Courts of the Isles of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man respectively.

Officers of the Customs, &c. guilty of Neglect of Duty, forfeit their Office, and incapacitated, and forfeit 100 *l.*

½ to the King, ½ to the Informer.

XII. And whereas Cotton, Skins, and Human Hair, and certain other Species of Goods and Merchandizes, are more especially liable to retain Infection, and may be brought from Places infected into other Countries, and from thence imported into his Majesties Dominions in Ships not obliged to perform Quarentine; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That during the present Infection, and in all future Times, when any Foreign Country or Place shall be infected with the Plague, all such Goods and Merchandizes as are or shall be particularly specified for that purpose, in any Order or Orders made or to be made concerning Quarentine, and the Prevention of Infection, and notified, as aforesaid, imported into any part of his Majesties Dominions from any Foreign Country or Place in any Ship or Vessel whatsoever, shall be subject and liable to such Order or Orders made or to be made concerning Quarentine, and the Prevention of Infection, and notified, as aforesaid.

All Goods particularly specified in any Order concerning Quarentine, imported, liable to such Order.

XIII. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if it shall appear to his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, that during the Time of such Infection, as aforesaid, any Ship or Vessel shall come into any Port or Place within any of his Majesties Dominions from any Place infected with the Plague, or being laden with any Goods or Cargo taken on board such Ship or Vessel at any Place so infected, or from on board any Ship or Vessel so infected, as aforesaid, or that there shall be any Person or Persons on board such Ship or Vessel actually infected with the Plague, or that any Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes are actually infected with the Plague, then, and in any of the said Cases, It shall and may be lawful for his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by Order in Council, to direct, authorize, and impower any Person or Persons that shall be thought proper, to burn or destroy, or cause to be burnt or destroyed, such Ship or Vessel, with the Tackle, Apparel, and Furniture thereof, and such Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes infected, as aforesaid, or so much thereof as shall be necessary for preventing the Spreading of the Infection.

His Majesty, by Order in Council, may cause any Ship, &c. coming into any Port from any Place infected, to be burnt, or destroyed.

XIV. And it is hereby further Enacted, That after Quarentine shall have been duly performed by any Ship or Vessel, Person or Persons, obliged to perform Quarentine, according to such Order or Orders made and notified, as aforesaid, and this Act, and upon Proof to be made by the Oaths of the Master, or other Person

How Ships and Persons shall be discharged after Quarentine performed.

son having Charge of such Ship or Vessel, and of Two of the Persons belonging to such Ship or Vessel, or upon Proof to be made by the Oaths of Two Credible Witnesses before the Customer, Comptroller, or Collector of the Port where such Quarentine shall be performed, or the next Port thereunto, or before any of their Deputies, or any One Justice of the Peace living near to such Port or (where such Quarentine shall have been performed in any Inland Place) before any Two Justices of the Peace living near thereunto, or where such Quarentine shall have been performed within any of the said Isles of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, and Man, before any Two Justices or Magistrates of any of the said Isles respectively (which Persons are hereby authorized and required to administer such Oath) that such Ship or Vessel, and all and every such Person and Persons respectively, have duly performed Quarentine, as aforesaid, and that the Ship or Vessel, and all and every such Person and Persons, are free from Infection, then, and in the said respective Cases, such Customer, Comptroller, or Collector, or any of their Deputies, together with the said Justice of the Peace, or such Two Justices of the Peace, or such Jurats or Magistrates, as aforesaid, respectively, are hereby required to give a Certificate thereof; and thereupon such Ship or Vessel, and all and every such Person and Persons so having performed Quarentine, shall be liable to no further Restraint or Detention upon the same Account for which such Ship or Vessel, Person or Persons shall have performed Quarentine, as aforesaid.

Fee for Certificate, Oath, &c 1 s. each.

XV. And it is hereby further Enacted, That the Officer before whom such Oath shall be made, and by whom such Certificate shall be given, shall, for such respective Oath and Certificate, demand no more than One Shilling for each, over and above the Stamp-Duties.

After Quarentine performed, all Goods to be aired.

XVI. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby Enacted, That all Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes, shall, after Quarentine performed, be opened, and aired, in such Place or Places, and for such Time, and in such Manner, as hath been or shall be directed by his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors by such Order or Orders,

Proof to be made thereof by Oath,

made or to be made and notified, as aforesaid; and after such Orders shall have been duly complied with, and Proof shall be made thereof by the Oaths of Two or more Credible Witnesses before the Customer, Comptroller, or Collector of the Port, lying next to such Place or Places where such Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes, shall have been opened and aired, as aforesaid, or any of their Deputies, and any One Justice of the Peace living near the same, or before any Two Jurats or Magistrates of the said Isles of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man respectively (who are

which is to be certified,

hereby authorized and required to administer such Oath) upon Certificate and Return of such Proof by such Customer, Comptroller, or Collector, or any of their Deputies, or such Two Jurats or Magistrates, as aforesaid, (who are hereby respectively required to make such Certificate and Return to the Commissioners appointed for the Management of the Customs in Great Britain, or Ireland, or to the Governor or Commander in Chief, being upon the Place, in the Isles of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man

and thereby, Order to be discharged.

respectively,) such Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes, shall be forthwith discharged from any Restraint or Detention on the same Account, by Order of the said Commissioners, or any Two of them, or of the said Governor or Commander in Chief of any of the

Fee for Certificate, Oath, &c. 1 s.

said Isles, as aforesaid, respectively; for every of which Oath, Certificate, and Order, no more shall be demanded or taken than the Sum of One Shilling.

Fee for Certificate, &c. 1 s. Officer demanding more, forfeits, 100 l.

XVII. Provided always, and be it Enacted, That if any Officer or other Person shall demand or take any greater Sum than is hereby allowed and limited for any such Oath, Order, or Certificate, to be administred or made in pursuance of this Act, every Person so offending shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds;

1/2 to the King,

one Moiety thereof to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and

the other Moiety to him or them, who will sue for the same by Action, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, Edinburgh, or Dublin, or in the proper Courts of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man respectively; in which Cases Costs shall be allowed to either Party as in other Cases. ½ to the Informer.

XVIII. And whereas it is Notorious, that notwithstanding the many good Laws made to prevent the clandestine Importation of customable and prohibited Goods and Merchandizes, a Pernitious Trade of that kind is still carried on, for the most part, in open Boats, and Vessels of small Burthen, which privately, and in the Night, put into Creeks and secret Places on the Coast, thereby escaping the Observation of the Officers of the Customs; which Practices may prove highly Detrimental to the Safety of these Kingdoms, during a Time of Infection: For Prevention thereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That during the present Infection, and in all future Times, when any part of Great Britain, Ireland, or the Isles of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, and Man, or France, Spain, Portugal, or the Low Countries, shall be infected with the Plague, It shall and may be lawful to and for his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by his or their Proclamation, to prohibit and restrain all small Boats and Vessels, under the Burthen of Twenty Tuns, from sailing or passing out of any Port or Place of Great Britain, or Ireland, or the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, and Man, or any of them, until Security be first given by the Master of every such Boat or Vessel respectively, to the Satisfaction of the Principal Officer of the Customs, or the Chief Magistrate of the Port or Place from whence such Boat or Vessel shall sail, by Bond taken to the King, his Heirs or Successors, with sufficient Sureties, in the Penalty of Five hundred Pounds, with Condition, That if such Boat or Vessel shall not go to, or touch at any Country, Port, or Place to be mentioned for that purpose in such Proclamation, and if the Master or other Person having Charge of such Boat or Vessel, and all and every Mariner and Mariners, Passenger and Passengers going in such Boat or Vessel, shall, during the Time aforesaid, not go on board any other Ship or Vessel at Sea, and if such Master or other Person having Charge of such Boat or Vessel, shall not permit or suffer any Person or Persons to come on board such Boat or Vessel at Sea, from any other Ship or Vessel, and shall not, during the Time aforesaid, receive any Goods or Merchandizes whatsoever out of any other Ship or Vessel, then such Bond shall be void, or to such effect; for the making of which Bond no more shall be taken than the Sum of One Shilling over and above the Stamp-Duties; and in case any Boat or Vessel, for which such Security shall be required by such Proclamation, shall set sail or pass out of any Port or Place of Great Britain, or Ireland, or the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, and Man, or any of them respectively, before such Security shall be given, as aforesaid, every such Boat or Vessel, so sailing or passing out of any Port or Place contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, together with her Tackle, Apparel, and Furniture, shall be forfeited to the King, his Heirs and Successors, and shall and may be seized, sued for, and recovered in his Majesties Court of Exchequer at Westminster, Edinburgh, or Dublin, or in the proper Courts of the Isles of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man respectively, to the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; and the Master of, and every Mariner sailing in every such Boat or Vessel, being thereof lawfully convicted upon his or their Appearance or Default, upon the Oath or Oaths of one or more Credible Witnesses, by one or more Justice or Justices of the Peace where such Offender shall be found, which Oath such Justice or Justices of the Peace are hereby impowered and required to administer, shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds; one Moiety thereof to the Informer, and the other Moiety to the Poor of the Parish where such Offender shall be found; the same to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offenders

During any Infection his Majesty, by Proclamation may prohibit small Boats, &c. under 20 Tuns from passing out of any Port without Security in 500 *l.* Penalty, &c.

Any such Boat or Vessel going out of Port without such Security, forfeited, &c. to his Majesty.

and the Master, &c. to forfeit 50 *l.*

½ to the Informer, ½ to the Poor of the Parish,

ders Goods, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals of such Justice or Justices before whom such Offender shall be convicted, as aforesaid; and for want of sufficient Distress, every such Offender shall by such Justice or Justices be committed to Prison, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for the Space of Three Months; and in case such Offender shall be found in any of the said Isles of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, and shall be lawfully convicted of such Offence in any Action or Suit to be founded upon this Act, in the proper Court of any of the said Isles where he shall be so found, such Offender shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds; one Moiety thereof to the Informer, and the other Moiety to the Poor of the Parish or Place where such Offender shall be found, and shall suffer Imprisonment without Bail or Mainprize for the Space of Three Months.

Offender in the Isles of *Guernsey*, &c. forfeits 20*l.* to be divided as above,

and be imprisoned for 3 Months.

XIX. And forasmuch as the Persons using such clandestine Trade, are greatly encouraged to continue in the same, by reason great Numbers of Persons, for their private Lucre, receive and buy the Goods and Merchandizes so by them clandestinely imported contrary to Law: Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall receive or buy any Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes, so clandestinely run or imported, before the same shall have been legally condemned, knowing the same to be so clandestinely run or imported, and shall be thereof lawfully convicted upon his, her, or their Appearance or Default, upon the Oath or Oaths of One or more credible Witnesses, by One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace of the County, Division, or Liberty, where such Offence shall be committed, or the Offender shall be found (which Oath such Justice or Justices of the Peace are hereby required to administer) the Person so convicted shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds; one Moiety thereof to the Informer, and the other Moiety to the Poor of the Parish where such Offence shall be committed; the same to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offenders Goods, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals of such Justice or Justices before whom such Offender shall be convicted, as aforesaid; and for want of such Distress, every such Offender shall by such Justice or Justices be committed to Prison, there to remain, without Bail or Mainprize, for the Space of Three Months.

Persons receiving any Goods so clandestinely run, forfeit 10*l.*

½ to the Informer, ½ to the Poor of the Parish.

or to be committed for 3 Months.

XX. And to the End that all Persons may know how to demean themselves in the Premisses, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That when, and as often as his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall make any Order or Orders concerning Quarentine, and the Prevention of Infection, and notifie the same by Proclamation, as aforesaid, such Proclamation shall be publickly read upon the next Sunday after the Receipt of the same, and the First Sunday in every Month afterwards, during the time such Orders shall continue in Force, immediately after the Prayers and the Sermon, in all Parish Churches and other Places set apart for Divine Worship within such Counties and Places as shall be specified for that purpose in such Proclamation.

Proclamation concerning Quarentine, to be read on the next Sunday after Receipt, and first Sunday in every Month after, in all Parish-Churches, &c. in the Places specified in the Proclamation.

XXI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any Thing done in pursuance of this present Act, that the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Tryal to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by Authority of the said Act; and if it shall appear so to have been done, then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and if the Plaintiff shall be nonsuited, or discontinue his Action after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if Judgment shall be given upon any Verdict or Demurrer against the Plaintiff, the Defendant or Defendants shall and may recover treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same, as the Defendant or Defendants hath or have in other Cases by Law.

General Issue.

XXII. And it is hereby Enacted, That this Act, and the several Clauses and Provisions therein contained, shall commence and take Effect from and after the Tenth Day of February, in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred, and twenty, and shall continue in Force for the Space of Three Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament; and from and after the said Tenth Day of February, One thousand seven hundred and twenty, the aforesaid Act, made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of her late Majesty Queen Anne, Intituled, An Act to oblige Ships coming from Places infected, more effectually to perform Quarentine (as to all Matters and Things to arise or be done, from and after the said Tenth Day of February, One thousand seven hundred and twenty) shall be and stand absolutely repealed.

Act to take Effect from and after 10 *Feb.* 1720. and to continue for 3 Years, *&c.* and the Act 9 *Annæ, cap.* 2. repealed from this day.

XXIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Watches by this Act before directed to be kept, shall be maintained at the Charges of the County or Riding wherein such Watches shall be respectively kept; and that the Justices of the Peace in their General Quarter-Sessions shall have Power, and are hereby required to raise Monies upon the respective Counties or Ridings, in which they are impowered to act by their Commissions, in such Manner, and by such Ways and Means, as they are respectively impowered to raise Money for County Goals and Bridges, to satisfie the Charges and Expences of such Watches as shall have been kept in pursuance of this Act; and the Monies so raised, shall be paid to the Chief Constable of each Division, to be by him paid and distributed according to the Order of such Justices, to the Persons who shall be respectively entitled to receive the same on Account of keeping such Watches, as aforesaid.

Watches to be maintained by the County, *&c.*

The Monies to be paid to the Chief Constable.

XXIV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Officer, or other Person appointed to see Quarentine duly performed, or any Person placed or appointed as a Watchman upon any Town or Place infected with the Plague, or upon any Line or Lines, Trench or Trenches made, as aforesaid, or any House, Lazaret, Ship, or other Place for Performance of Quarentine in pursuance of this Act, shall knowingly and willingly permit or suffer any Person, Ship, Goods, or Merchandizes, to depart, or be conveyed out of such Town or Place infected, or such Line or Lines, Trench or Trenches made, as aforesaid, or such House, Lazaret, Ship, or other Place respectively appointed for Performance of Quarentine, unless in such Cases, and by such proper Licence, as are or shall be directed or permitted by some Order or Orders, made or to be made and notified by Proclamation, as aforesaid, then and in any of the said Cases, every such Officer and Person so offending, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as in Cases of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

Officer or Watchman permitting any Person, Ship, *&c.* to depart without Licence, guilty of Felony.

XXV. Provided always, and be it Enacted, That in case any Person shall think himself agrieved by any Judgment of any Justice or Justices of the Peace given for any Offence against this Act, It shall and may be lawful for such Person to appeal against such Judgment to the Justices of the Peace in the General Quarter-Sessions of the Peace, which shall be held for the same County, Riding, Division, or Liberty, next after Notice of such Judgment of the said Justice or Justices; and the Justices of the Peace in the said General Quarter-Sessions are hereby impowered to summon Witnesses, and examine the same upon Oath, and to hear, and finally determine the Matter of the said Appeal; and in case the Justices in such General Quarter-Sessions shall give Judgment against such Appellant, then the same Justices shall award and order to the Party on whose Behalf such Appeal shall be determined, such reasonable Costs and Charges to be paid by such Appellant, as to the same Justices shall seem meet.

Persons grieved, may appeal to the Quarter-Sessions, *&c.*

XXVI. Provided always, and be it hereby Enacted, That no Attainder of Felony by virtue of this Act, shall extend to work any Corruption of Blood, or Forfeiture of any Goods, Chattels, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments.

No Attainder to extend to Corruption of Blood.

Anno 7 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. V.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act to enable the *South-Sea* Company to ingraft part of their Capital Stock and Fund into the Stock and Fund of the Bank of *England*, and another part thereof into the Stock and Fund of the *Eaſt-India* Company; and for giving further Time for Payments to be made by the ſaid *South-Sea* Company, to the Uſe of the Publick.

How the Duties chargeable with theſe Annuities, ſhall be raiſed.

VII. AND for the better Securing to the ſaid South Sea Company, and their Succeſſors, as alſo to the ſaid Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and the ſaid Eaſt-India Company, and their Succeſſors reſpectively, all the Payments intended by this Act to be reſerved or made to them ſeverally; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every the Duties and Revenues whatſoever, which by the ſaid Act of the Sixth Year of his Majeſties Reign, were charged, or intended to be charged, to or with the Payment of the Annuities or Yearly Funds of the ſaid South Sea Company, or any Additions which were to be made thereunto, or to or with the Payment of any Monies for Charges of Management, ſhall, from time to time, be raiſed, levied, and collected, and all the Monies ariſing thereby (except the neceſſary Charges of raiſing, collecting, levying, and paying the ſame into the Exchequer in England) ſhall, from time to time, be brought and paid into the ſame Exchequer for the Purpoſes in and by this Act preſcribed and expreſſed, by and according to the Methods, Rules, and Directions, and with ſuch Drawbacks, Repayments, and Allowances, and under ſuch Penalties, Forfeitures, and Diſabilities, as by any former Act or Acts of Parliament are preſcribed or referred to in that behalf; and that all the Monies, which ſhall be ſo brought into the ſaid Receipt, from time to time, of or for the ſaid Duties and Revenues reſpectively, ſhall be fairly and diſtinctly entred and regiſtred in One or more Book or Books, to be kept in the Offices of the Auditor of the ſaid Receipt, and Clerk of the Pells ſeverally for that purpoſe, to which all Perſons concerned, at all ſeaſonable Times, ſhall have free Acceſs without Fee or Charge. 6 Geo. *cap.* 4.

The Monies ariſing by the Duties to be entred in a Book diſtinctly.

One other Book to be kept for entring ſuch Proportions of the Monies as ſhall be iſſuable to the *South-Sea* Company.

Another Book for the Bank.

Another for the *Eaſt-India* Company.

VIII. And it is hereby alſo Enacted, That the ſaid Auditor of the Receipt, and Clerk of the Pells for the time being, ſhall ſeverally keep one other Book, in which ſhall be entred diſtinctly and ſeparately, ſo much or ſuch Proportions of the ſaid Monies ſo coming, from time to time, into the ſaid Receipt of the Exchequer, as, by the Tenor and true Meaning of this Act, ſhall be iſſuable to the ſaid South-Sea Company for their Annuities, and for their Proportions of the ſaid Charges of Management; and one other Book, in which ſhall be entred diſtinctly and ſeparately, ſo much or ſuch Proportions of the ſaid Monies ſo coming, from time to time, into the ſaid Receipt, as, by the Tenor and true Meaning of this Act, ſhall be iſſuable to the ſaid Governor and Company of the Bank of England (after an Aſſignment or Transfer made to them, as aforeſaid) for their Annuity or Annuities, and for their Proportion of the ſaid Charges of Management; and one other Book, in which ſhall be entred diſtinctly and ſeparately, ſo much or ſuch Proportions of the ſaid Monies, ſo coming, from time to time, into the ſaid Receipt, as, by the Tenor and true Meaning of this Act, ſhall be iſſuable to the ſaid United Company of Merchants of England trading to the Eaſt-Indies, (after an Aſſignment or Transfer made to them, as aforeſaid) for their Annuity or Annuities, and for their Proportion of the ſaid Charges of Management; and that all the Proportions of Money, ſo, from time to time, coming into the ſaid Receipt, for the ſeveral Purpoſes before mentioned, ſhall

shall be separated and kept apart from all other Monies whatsoever, payable into the same Receipt.

All the Monies so set apart, to be accordingly appropriated.

IX. And it is hereby also Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Monies, which shall or ought to be so separated and kept apart for the said Purposes in this Act expressed, shall be and are hereby appropriated, and shall, from time to time, be issued and applied to and for the Payment and Satisfaction of such Sum and Sums of Money, as, according to the Tenor and true Meaning of this Act, shall, from time to time, be due or payable to the said South-Sea Company, and (after such Assignment or Assignments, Transfer or Transfers) to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and to the said East-India Company respectively (subject nevertheless to such Reduction and Redemption as are in and by this Act prescribed touching the same) and to no other Use, Intent or Purpose whatsoever: And that the respective Officers in the Exchequer, who shall make any wilful Delay in issuing or paying the same, or shall be guilty of diverting or misapplying any of the said Monies contrary to this Act, for any such Offence, shall be forejudged of their respective Offices or Places, and be rendred incapable to serve his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, in any Office or Imployment of Trust or Profit whatsoever, and shall also be liable to pay double the Value of any Sum or Sums of Money so wilfully delayed to be paid, or so diverted or misapplied, as aforesaid, to the said respective Corporations or Bodies Politick, or such of them as shall be injured thereby, to be recovered by Action of Debt, or on the Case, Bill, Suit, or Information, in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance shall be granted or allowed.

Penalty on Officers of the Exchequer delaying or diverting the Money.

Annuities payable Quarterly at 5 *l. per Cent.* till 24 *June*, 1727. and afterwards at 4 *l. per Cent.*

X. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Annuities or Yearly Funds payable to the said Corporations, or any of them, according to the Tenor and true Meaning of this Act, shall, at the respective Rates aforesaid, grow, and be accounted due Quarterly, at the Four most usual Feasts in the Year by equal Portions, until and for the Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, and from thenceforth after the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, until Redemption by Parliament pursuant to this Act: It being intended, and hereby Declared and Enacted, That from and after the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, such of the same Annuities, as in the mean time are to be payable after the said Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, shall be certainly and actually reduced to the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, until such Redemption; which Payments so growing due Quarterly, shall and may nevertheless be satisfied by Weekly or other Payments, as is hereinafter directed. And for the better and more regular Payment of all the Monies intended by this Act to be paid to the said several and respective Corporations or any of them, (subject nevertheless to such Reduction and Redemption as are by this Act provided concerning the same) an Order or Orders shall, from time to time, be made forth and signed by the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or by the High Treasurer for the time being; and after signing thereof, the same shall be good, firm, valid, and effectual in the Law, according to the Purport and true Meaning thereof, and of this Act, and shall not be determinable by or upon the Death or Removal of any Commissioner or Commissioners of the Treasury, or the High Treasurer for the time being, or by or upon the Death or Determination of the Power, Office or Offices of them, or any of them; nor shall any Commissioners of the Treasury, High Treasurer, or Under Treasurer for the time being, have Power to revoke, countermand, or make void such Order or Orders so made forth and signed, as aforesaid.

The Monies to be iſſued Weekly, &c.

XI. And for the more ſpeedy Payment of the Monies which ſhall be due and payable to the ſame Corporations, or any of them, thereupon; It is hereby further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That Weekly, or otherwiſe, as the Monies appointed or intended by this Act to be applied for or towards the ſaid Payments to grow due to them, as aforeſaid, ſhall, from time to time, be brought into the Receipt of the Exchequer, and ſhall or ought to be ſet apart for that purpoſe, as aforeſaid, ſuch Monies ſhall and may, from time to time, be iſſued upon ſuch Order or Orders, for or towards diſcharging the ſaid ſeveral Annuities or Yearly Funds of the ſame Corporations reſpectively, and the ſaid Allowances for Charges of Management to grow due at the End of that Quarter of a Year, in which ſuch Iſſues or Payments ſhall be made, ſo as ſuch Weekly or other Payments do not exceed the Sums which ſhall grow due for or at the End of ſuch Quarter reſpectively.

The Deficiency of one Quarter to be ſupplied out of the Overplus of the ſubſequent Quarter.

XII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if, at any time or times, the Monies, which ſhall be brought into the Exchequer, and be ſet apart, as aforeſaid, for making the Payments by this Act appointed and intended to be made to the ſaid Corporations and their Succeſſors, or any of them (which Monies are by this Act appropriated for or towards that Uſe and Purpoſe) ſhall not be ſufficient to pay and diſcharge, or complete the Payment at the End of any Quarter of a Year of all the Monies which ſhall be then due for or upon their ſaid Annuities or Yearly Funds, and for or upon their ſaid Allowances for Charges of Management, then and ſo often, and in every ſuch Caſe, the Deficiency of any ſuch Quarter ſhall and may be ſupplied out of the Overplus of the like Monies to ariſe, and to be ſet apart, as aforeſaid, in any ſubſequent Quarter.

All Abilities, Capacities, &c. for Securing their Poſſeſſion, Trade, &c. continued to the Three Companies.

XXI. And it is hereby Enacted and Declared, That all and every the Abilities, Capacities, Powers and Authorities, and all Penalties, Forfeitures, and Diſabilities, and all other Matters and Things whatſoever, which, by any former Act or Acts of Parliament, or any Clauſe or Clauſes therein contained, or by any Charter or Charters founded upon them, or any of them, are enacted, granted, or eſtabliſhed, to, for, touching or concerning the ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Corporations or Bodies Politick, called the South-Sea Company, the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and the ſaid Eaſt-India Company, or any of them, or the Members of the ſame, or any of them, or any Perſon or Perſons imployed, or to be imployed under them, or any of them (being now in Force, and not by this Act altered, or intended to be altered) ſhall, according to the Tenor and true Meaning thereof, continue, and be practiſed, and put in Execution, for ſecuring their ſeveral and reſpective Poſſeſſions, Trade, and other Effects, and for governing their Affairs and Buſineſs reſpectively, in all reſpects, as fully and effectually as if the ſame Abilities, Capacities, Powers, Authorities, Penalties, Forfeitures, and Diſabilities, and other Matters and Things, were ſeverally repeated, and at large reenacted in the Body of this preſent Act.

Not to hinder the Payment of 700000 *l. per Annum* to his Majeſty;

or the Annuities to his Royal Highneſs;

or the 4000 *l. per Annum* for Sheriffs.

XXII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall obſtruct or hinder, or be conſtrued to obſtruct or hinder the Payment of any part of the Yearly Sum of Seven hundred thouſand Pounds, ſettled during his Majeſties Life (which God long preſerve) for Support of his Majeſties Houſhold, and of the Honour and Dignity of his Crown; or any part of the Annuities granted by his Majeſty to his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales, or his Truſtees, out of the ſame, purſuant to Acts of Parliament in that behalf; or to obſtruct or hinder the Payment of the Yearly Sum of Four thouſand Pounds, payable by any Act or Acts of Parliament out of part of the Duties and Revenues above mentioned, to Sheriffs of England, and Wales, for defraying the Charges of taking forth their Letters Patents for their reſpective Offices, and paſſing their ſeveral Accounts, and obtaining

ing their Quietusses; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

After 24 *June*, 1727. on Repayment to the *South-Sea* Company of their Capital Stock, &c. their Annuities to cease.

XXIII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That at any time after the Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, upon Repayment by Parliament, to the said Corporation, commonly called the South-Sea Company, of the Sum of the Capital Stock, or of that part of the Capital Stock, which shall then belong to that Corporation, according to this Act, without any Deduction, Defalcation or Abatement whatsoever, to be made out of the same Sum, or any part thereof; and upon Payment of all Arrears, which shall be then due at the respective Rates aforesaid, or either of them, for or upon their then Annuities or Yearly Funds, payable in respect thereof; and upon Payment of all Arrears of the said Yearly Sums, or of such Proportions thereof, as shall be payable to them for Charges of Management; all which Arrears (if any such be) shall be computed and paid to the Quarterly Feast Day then next preceding, and from thence shall be computed and paid by the Day, till the time of such full Payment of their Capital Sum; then the same Annuities or Yearly Funds, and the Yearly Sums to be allowed to them for Charges of Management, as aforesaid, and every of them shall, from thenceforth cease and determine; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

After 24 *June*, 1727. on Repayment to the Bank of the whole Sum transferred from the *South-Sea* Company, &c. the Yearly Funds, &c. to cease.

XXIV. Provided also, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That at any time after the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John the Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, upon Repayment by Parliament to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England of the whole Capital Sum which shall be assigned or transferred, or then belong to them from the said South-Sea Company, pursuant to this Act, as aforesaid, without any Deduction, Defalcation, or Abatement whatsoever to be made out of the same, or any part thereof; and upon Payment of all Arrears which shall be then due for or upon the then Annuities or Yearly Funds of the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, payable in respect thereof; and upon Payment of all Arrears for their part of the said Allowances for Charges of Management; all which Arrears (if any such be) shall be computed and paid to the Quarterly Feast-day then next preceding, and from thence shall be computed and paid by the Day till the time of such Payment of their part of the said Capital Stock; then the said Annuity or Annuities, Yearly Fund or Yearly Funds, and the said Yearly Sums for Charges of Management, so payable to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and every of them, shall from thenceforth cease and determine; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

The same Clause for the *East-India* Company.

XXV. Provided also, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That at any time after the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, upon Repayment by Parliament to the said East-India Company of the whole Capital Sum which shall be assigned or transferred, or then belong to them from the said South-Sea Company, pursuant to this Act, without any Deduction, Defalcation, or Abatement whatsoever to be made out of the same, or any part thereof; and upon Payment of all Arrears which shall be then due for or upon the Annuities or Yearly Funds of the said East-India Company in respect thereof; and upon Payment of all Arrears of their part of the said Allowances for Charges of Management; all which Arrears (if any such be) shall be computed and paid to the Quarterly Feast-day then next preceding, and from thence shall be computed and paid by the Day till the time of such full Payment of their Capital Sum; then the same Annuity and Annuities, Yearly Fund and Yearly Funds, and the said Yearly Sums for Charges of Management, so payable to the said East-India Company, and every of them, shall from thenceforth cease and determine; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXVI. And

After 24 *June*, 1727. on Repayment to the *South-Sea* Company of any Sum, not less than 500000 *l.* at a time, a proportional part of their Annuities shall cease.

XXVI. And in regard it is intended, that at any time or times after the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, the Principal or Sum Total of the Capital Stock, or so much thereof as shall then belong to the said South-Sea Company, may be satisfied to them by any Payments (not being less than Five hundred thousand Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain at a time) and that as the same Principal Monies shall be paid off, the Annuities or Yearly Funds of the said South-Sea Company, payable in respect thereof, shall, from time to time, proportionably sink and be abated; Be it therefore further Provided and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That at any time or times, after the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, upon Repayment by Parliament to the said South-Sea Company, of any Sum or Sums of Money (not being less than Five hundred thousand Pounds at a time) in part of the Principal Monies of the said Capital Stock which shall then belong to the said South-Sea Company; and upon Payment of all Arrears then due to them at the respective Rates aforesaid, for or upon their said Annuities or Yearly Funds, or so much of those Arrears as shall bear a Proportion to their Principal Sums, from time to time, remaining unsatisfied, being computed by the Day, until the time of every such Payment of part of the Principal respectively; and upon Payment of all Arrears then due, for or upon the said Yearly Sums, or their part of the said Yearly Sums for Charges of Management; then from and after every such Payment so made to the said South-Sea Company, so much of their said Annuities or Yearly Funds as shall bear Proportion to the Monies so paid in part of the said Principal, shall cease, determine, and be abated; any thing in this or any former Act or Acts of Parliament contained, or other Matter or Thing whatsoever, to the contrary notwithstanding.

And on Repayment to the Bank of any Sum not less than 250000 *l.* at a time, a proportional part of their Annuities to cease.

XXVII. And in regard it is also intended, that at any time or times after the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, the Principal or Sum Total of the Capital Stock, which shall be assigned or transferred, or then belong to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, pursuant to this Act, may be satisfied to them by any Payments (not being less than Two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain at a time) and that as the same Principal Money shall be paid off, the Annuities or Yearly Funds of the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, payable in respect thereof, shall, from time to time, proportionably sink and be abated: Be it therefore further Provided and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That at any time or times after the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, upon the Repayment by Parliament to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England of any Sum or Sums of Money (not being less than Two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds at a time) in part of the Principal Monies of the said Capital Stock, which shall be assigned or transferred, or then belong to them from the said South-Sea Company, as aforesaid; and upon Payment of all Arrearages then due to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, for or upon the said Annuities or Yearly Funds in respect thereof, or so much of those Arrears as shall bear a Proportion to their Principal Sums, from time to time, remaining unsatisfied, being computed by the Day, until the Time of every such Payment of part of the Principal respectively; and upon Payment of all Arrears then due for their part of the said Allowances for Charges of Management; then from and after every such Payment so made to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, so much of their said Annuities or Yearly Funds as shall bear Proportion to the Money so paid in part of the said Principal, shall cease, determine, and be abated; any thing in this or any former Act or Acts of Parliament contained, or other Matter or Thing whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXVIII. And in regard it is likewise intended, that at any time or times after the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, the Principal or Sum Total of the Capital Stock, which shall be assigned or transferred, or then belong to the said East-India Company, pursuant to this Act, may be satisfied to them by any Payments (not being less than Two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain at a time) and that as the same Principal Monies shall be paid off, the Annuities or Yearly Funds of the said East-India Company, payable in respect thereof, shall, from time to time, proportionably sink and be abated: Be it therefore further Provided and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That at any time or times after the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, upon Repayment by Parliament to the said East-India Company of any Sum or Sums of Money (not being less than Two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds at a time) in part of the Principal Monies of the said Capital Stock, which shall be assigned or transferred, or then belong to them from the said South-Sea Company, as aforesaid; and upon Payment of all Arrearages then due to the said East-India Company, for or upon the said Annuities or Yearly Funds in respect thereof, or so much of those Arrears as shall bear a Proportion to their Principal Sums, from time to time, remaining unsatisfied, being computed by the Day, until the Time of every such Payment of part of the Principal respectively; and upon Payment of all Arrears then due for their part of the said Allowances for Charges of Management; then, from and after every such Payment so made to the said East-India Company, so much of their said Annuities or Yearly Funds as shall bear Proportion to the Monies so paid in part of the said Principal, shall cease, determine, and be abated; any thing in this or any former Act or Acts of Parliament contained, or other Matter or Thing whatsoever, to the contrary notwithstanding. The like Clause for the *East-India* Company.

XXIX. Provided also, and it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, from and after the Redemption of the said Annuities or Yearly Sums of the said several Corporations, or any of them, and of the said Yearly Sums for Charges of Management, or any of them, according to the several and respective Provisoes, and Conditions of Redemption in this Act contained for or concerning the same, then, and not till then, so much of the several Duties and Revenues abovementioned, as were by this Act applicable thereunto, during the Continuance thereof, shall be understood to be redeemed by Parliament, and shall not be issued, paid, or applied to any Use, Intent, or Purpose whatsoever, without Authority of Parliament. After such Redemption the Duties applicable thereto shall be understood to be redeemed by Parliament.

XXX. And it is hereby Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and their Successors, shall continue a Corporation, with all the Powers, Privileges and Advantages thereunto belonging, until all their Share or Shares of Capital Stock, which shall be assigned or transferred, or then belong to them, from the South-Sea Company pursuant to this Act, and all their Annuity or Annuities to attend the same, and such Proportion for Charges of Management, as by this Act is intended to be allowed to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, shall be actually redeemed, according to the several and respective Provisoes or Conditions of Redemption in this Act contained for that purpose, notwithstanding the Redemption of their other Funds by which they are established, or any of them; any thing in this or any other Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding. Bank to continue a Corporation till all the Shares transferred to them by the *South-Sea* Company be redeemed.

XXXVII. And it is hereby Enacted, That upon every such Payment, or reserving such Money in the Exchequer to make such Payment to the said South-Sea Company, and to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and the said East-India Company, every or any of them respectively, a proportional part of the Annuities or Yearly Funds then belonging to them, and On every such Payment a proportional part of the Annuities to cease.

every or any of them respectively, for which the said Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum is payable, as aforesaid, and for which so much of their Capital Stock shall be paid off, or for which Money shall be so reserved from time to time, shall cease and determine; any thing in this or any former Act or Acts of Parliament contained, or other Matter or Thing whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

Anno 7 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. VII.

An Act to preserve and encourage the Woollen and Silk Manufactures of this Kingdom; and for more effectual imploying the Poor, by prohibiting the Use and Wear of all printed, painted, stained, or dyed Callicoes, in Apparel, Houshold-Stuff, Furniture, or otherwise, after the Twenty fifth Day of *December*, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two (except as therein is excepted.)

Preamble.

Whereas it is most evident, that the wearing and using of printed, painted, stained, and dyed Callicoes, in Apparel, Houshold Stuff, Furniture, and otherwise, does manifestly tend to the great Detriment of the Woollen and Silk Manufactures of this Kingdom, and to the excessive Encrease of the Poor, and if not effectually prevented, may be the utter Ruin and Destruction of the said Manufactures, and of many Thousands of your Majesties Subjects and their Families, whose Livelyhoods do intirely depend thereupon: For Remedy thereof, may it please your most Excellent Majesty that it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Twenty fifth Day of December, which shall be in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, It shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons whatsoever to use or wear in Great Britain, in any Garment or Apparel whatsoever, any printed, painted, stained, or dyed Callico, under the Penalty of forfeiting to the Informer the Sum of Five Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, for every such Offence, being lawfully convicted thereof by the Oath or Oaths of One or more credible Witness or Witnesses, before any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace; which Justice or Justices is and are hereby respectively authorized and strictly enjoyned and required, upon any Complaint or Information upon Oath exhibited or brought of any such Offence committed, contrary to this Act, within Six Days after Commitment thereof, to summon the Party accused; and, upon his or her Appearance or Contempt, to proceed to Examination of the Matter of Fact; and upon due Proof made thereof, either by voluntery Confession of the Party, or by the Oath or Oaths of One or more credible Witness or Witnesses (which Oath or Oaths the said Justice or Justices is and are hereby respectively impowered and required to administer) to hear and determine the same, and upon such Conviction to cause the said Penalty, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals respectively, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offenders Goods and Chattels, rendring to the Party the Overplus (the Charge of such Distress and Sale being first deducted;) nevertheless it shall be lawful for any Party agrieved to appeal to the Justices of the Peace at the next General Quarter-Sessions to be holden for the County, City, Riding, or Place, where the said Offence or Offences shall have been committed, giving Six Days Notice at the least of such Appeal to the Prosecutor or Prosecutors; which

After 25 *Dec.* 1722. None to wear in any Apparel any painted Callico, on Penalty of 5 *l.* on Conviction before a Justice of Peace.

Penalty to be levied by Distress.

Appeal to the next Quarter-Sessions, giving 6 Days Notice to the Prosecutor.

which Justices, at such General Quarter-Sessions, are hereby authorized and impowered to hear and determine the same, and their Judgment therein shall be final.

No Mercer, &c. to sell any painted Callico, or any Furniture made therewith, unless for Exportation, on Penalty of 20 *l.*

II. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Mercer, Draper, Upholder, or any other Person or Persons, or Corporation whatsoever, shall, at any time or times after the said Twenty fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, sell, utter or expose to Sale any printed, painted, stained, or dyed Callico, or any Bed, Chair, Cushion, Window-Curtain, or other Houshold-Stuff, or Furniture whatsoever, made up of, or mixed with any printed, painted, stained, or dyed Callico, unless for Exportation thereof, and unless the same shall be cleared outwards accordingly, as is usual in case of Sale for Exportation, every such Person or Corporation so offending, shall, for every such Offence, being lawfully convicted thereof, forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, to be recovered as is herein after directed; and every Steward, or other Officer of such Corporation, or his Deputy, offending herein, and being lawfully convicted of such Offence, shall, over and besides the Forfeiture or Penalty aforesaid, forfeit and lose his Office and Employment, and be incapable to hold the same.

Penalty on Steward, &c. offending.

None to use in any Bed, &c. painted Callico on Penalty of 20 *l.*

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, It shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons to use or wear in Great Britain, in or about any Bed, Chair, Cushion, Window-Curtain, or any other sort of Houshold-Stuff, or Furniture, any printed, painted, stained, or dyed Callico (except as hereinafter is excepted) under the Penalty of forfeiting (being thereof lawfully convicted) the Sum of Twenty Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, to be recovered as hereinafter is directed.

Exception.

How the several Penalties shall be recovered, and disposed of.

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That one Moiety of all Pecuniary Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act, where the same shall exceed Five Pounds, shall be to the Informer or Prosecutor, and the other Moiety to the Poor of the Parish or Place where the Offence shall be committed; and such Penalties as are not herein directed to be otherwise recovered, shall be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, for Offences committed in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, or in his Majesties Court of Session, Court of Justiciary, or Court of Exchequer in Scotland, for Offences committed in that part of Great Britain, together with full Costs of Suit, by any Person or Persons who shall sue for the same, within Six Calendar Months next after the Offence committed; and that in any such Action or Suit, no Essoign, Protection, Privilege, or Wager of Law, shall be allowed, nor any more than one Imparlance.

Persons protected or residing in any Privilege Place to be taken out from thence by Warrant of any Judge, &c. and committed to the County Goal till Payment.

V. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if it shall appear, that any Person convicted of any Offence against this Act, shall be sheltered or protected, or doth, or shall reside or inhabit in any pretended Privilege Place whatsoever, every such Offender shall and may be taken from thence by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any of his Majesties Justices of the Court of Kings-Bench, Common-Pleas, or Barons of the Exchequer in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, or by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any of the Lords of Session, Judges of the Court of Justiciary, or Barons of the Exchequer in Scotland; and shall be, by any such Justice, Lord of Session, Judge, or Baron, committed to the Common Goal of the County or Place where the Offence was committed, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, till Payment and Satisfaction of all Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act, with full Costs.

VI. Provided always, and it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act, or any thing therein contained, shall not extend, or be construed to extend, in any wise to any

Not to extend to Callicoes made up into Furniture before 25 *Dec.* 1722.

Callicoes which have already been, or which before the said Twenty fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, shall be made up or used in any Bed, Chair, Cushion, Window-Curtain, or other sort of Houshold-Stuff or Furniture: Provided the same be continued to be worn and used in such Houshold-Stuff or Furniture, and not otherwise.

Nor to Callicoes printed, &c. in Foreign Parts.

VII. Provided also, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to repeal, make void, or alter any Law now in Force for prohibiting Callicoes printed, painted, dyed, or stained in Foreign Parts, or for prohibiting any other Goods or Manufactures whatsoever.

Callicoes exported before 25 *Dec.* 1722. to have the same Allowances on Exportation as if exported within 12 Months after Importation.

VIII. Provided also, and be it Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That all Persons and Bodies Corporate, who shall on or before the said Twenty fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, export any Callicoes, shall be entitled to, and have such and the same Allowances and Advantages upon the Exportation thereof, as fully as if the same had been exported within Twelve Months after the Importation thereof; any Law, Usage, or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

General Issue.

IX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall be sued or prosecuted for any thing done or to be done in pursuance of this Act, such Person or Persons may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence; and if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, Prosecutor or Prosecutors, shall become Nonsuit or forbear Prosecution, or suffer Discontinuance, or if a Verdict pass against him, her, or them, the Defendant or Defendants shall have treble Costs, and shall have the like Remedy for the same, as in any Case where Costs are by Law given to Defendants.

The Prohibition to extend to any Stuff made of Cotton, or mixt therewith, printed with any Colour, and Callico chequered, &c. in Foreign Parts.

X. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Prohibition of Callicoes intended by this Act, and the Penalties thereby inflicted for wearing or using printed, painted, stained, or dyed Callico in Apparel, Houshold-Stuff, or Furniture, after the Twenty fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, contrary to this Act, shall respectively extend to prohibit, and shall be levied and recovered for wearing or using in Apparel, Houshold-Stuff, or Furniture, after the said Twenty fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, any Stuff made of Cotton, or mixt therewith, which shall be printed or painted with any Colour or Colours, or any Callico chequered or striped, or any Callico stitched or flowered in Foreign Parts with any Colour or Colours, or with coloured Flowers made there (Dullins, Neckcloths, and Fustians excepted) in such Manner as the Penalties inflicted by this Act for wearing or using printed, painted, stained, or dyed Callico, in Apparel, Houshold-Stuff, or Furniture, after the said Twenty fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, contrary to this Act, are to be levied or recovered; but under such Limitations, and with such Liberties, Privileges, and Advantages as are mentioned and expressed in this Act, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in Force relating thereto, or relating to printed, painted, stained, or dyed Callicoes.

Exception.

Callicoes dyed all Blue excepted.

XI. Provided, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend to such Callicoes as shall be dyed all Blue.

Anno

Anno 7 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XIX.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for continuing the Duties on Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, to raiſe Money by way of a Lottery, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred twenty one; and for transferring the Deficiency of a late Malt-Act to the Land-Tax for the ſaid Year; and for diſpoſing certain Overplus Money to proper Objects of Charity; and for giving further Time to Clerks and Apprentices to pay Duties omitted to be paid for their Indentures and Contracts; and touching ſmall Quantities of Cyder exported; and for Relief of Captain *John Perry* concerning *Dagenham Breach*; and touching loſt Bills, Tickets, or Orders; and to enable the Undertakers for raiſing *Thames* Water in *York-Buildings* to ſell Annuities by way of a Lottery; and for ſatisfying a Debt, which was charged on the late Duty on Hops; and for appropriating the Monies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament.

Preamble.

MAy it pleaſe your moſt Excellent Majeſty, we your Majeſties moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament aſſembled, towards raiſing ſuch Supplies, as are neceſſary to defray your Majeſties Publick Expences, have freely and unanimouſly given and granted unto your Majeſty, the Rates, Duties, and Impoſitions herein after mentioned; and do moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty, that it may be Enacted; And be it Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That within and throughout the whole Kingdom of Great Britain, the ſeveral and reſpective Rates, Duties, and Impoſitions, for and upon all Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, which, in and by one Act of Parliament made and paſſed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen Anne, of Bleſſed Memory, [Intituled, An Act for granting to her Majeſty Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and thirteen; and for making forth Duplicates of Lottery Tickets, loſt, burnt, or deſtroyed; and for enlarging the time for adjuſting Claims in ſeveral Lottery Acts; and to puniſh the counterfeiting or forging of Lottery Orders; and for explaining a late Act in relation to Stamp-Duties on Cuſtomary Eſtates, which paſs by Deed and Copy] were granted to her Majeſty; or chargeable in manner therein mentioned, until the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen; and which, by an Act of Parliament made and paſſed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of her ſaid late Majeſty, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifteen; and which, by one Act made and paſſed in the Firſt Year of his Majeſties Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen; and which, by another Act made and paſſed in the Firſt Year of his Majeſties Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventeen; and which, by another Act made and paſſed in the Third Year of his Majeſties Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighteen; and which, by another Act made and paſſed in the Fourth Year of his Majeſties Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth

Malt Acts 12 *Annæ*, and 1,3,4,5,&6 *Geo.* further Continued to 24 *June*, 1722.

Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen; and which, by another Act made and passed in the Fifth Year of his Majesties Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty; and which, by another Act made and passed in the Sixth Year of his Majesties Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty one, shall be further continued in like manner, and shall be, and are by this Act charged for and upon all Malt, which shall be made, and all Mum, which shall be made and imported, and all Cyder and Perry, which shall be made for Sale within the Kingdom of Great Britain, from and after the Twenty third Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty one, and before the Twenty fourth Day of June, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two; and shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, during the Term or Time aforesaid, by the same Ways, Means, and Methods, and by such Rules and Directions, and with such Allowances and Repayments, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and with such Power of Mitigation, and other Powers, and in such Manner and Form, in all respects, as are prescribed, mentioned, and expressed in the said former Acts, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament thereby referred unto, or any of them, for or concerning the said Duties, or any of them; and that the same Acts formerly made and passed, and the said other Acts thereby referred unto, as to, for, and concerning the said Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, and every Article, Rule, Clause, Matter, and Thing, in them, and every or any of them contained, or thereby referred to, and now being in Force, shall be of full Force and Effect, to all Intents and Purposes, for raising, levying, collecting, securing, and accounting for the same Rates, Duties, and Impositions, hereby granted or continued, and for levying and recovering the Penalties and Forfeitures, and making any Mitigations and Allowances, and all other Matters and Things, during the Continuance of this Act, as fully as if the same were particularly and at large repeated in the Body of this present Act.

Duties to be raised as by the former Acts.

Clause for Relief of Persons exporting small Parcels of Cyder and Perry.

XXXI. And whereas by an Act passed in the Fourth Year of his present Majesties Reign, for continuing the Duties on Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, a Duty of Four Shillings per Hogshead is laid on all Cyder and Perry made for Sale in Great Britain; and in case such Cyder or Perry should be exported to Places beyond the Seas, a Drawback of Four Shillings per Hogshead is by the said Act allowed to the Exporters thereof: And whereas Cyder and Perry is often exported in small Parcels according to the Demand of the Markets beyond the Seas, and the manner prescribed by the said Act for obtaining Drawbacks for such Cyder or Perry as shall be so exported, is not only difficult, but a great Discouragement to the Exporters: For the Incouragement of the Exporters of Cyder and Perry, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Drawbacks for any Quantity of Cyder or Perry, exported from and after the Four and twentieth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty one, shall be allowed and made to the Exporters thereof, in such Manner, and under such Directions and Restrictions, as are mentioned and prescribed in and by an Act of Parliament passed in the First Year of the Reign of their late Majesties King William and Queen Mary, Intituled, An Act for the Exportation of Beer, Ale, Cyder, and Mum; Any thing in the said Act passed in the Fourth Year of his present Majesties Reign to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding. 4 Geo. cap. 3. 1 W. & M. c. 22.

Anno

Anno 7 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XX.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the further preventing his Majeſties Subjects from trading to the *Eaſt-Indies* under Foreign Commiſſions; and for encouraging and further ſecuring the lawful Trade thereto; and for further regulating the Pilots of *Dover*, *Deal*, and the Iſle of *Thanet*.

Preamble.

Whereas it is of Importance to the Welfare of this Kingdom, that the Trade to and from the East-Indies, as the ſame is now regulated, be carried on in ſuch manner, as that the Britiſh Nation may have and enjoy the full Fruits and Advantages thereof: And whereas by virtue of ſeveral Acts of Parliament and Letters Patents, the whole Trade to and from the East-Indies, and other Places beyond the Cape of Good Hope, in the ſaid Acts and Letters Patents mentioned, is now ſolely veſted in the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East-Indies; notwithſtanding which, and notwithſtanding the Prohibitions, Injunctions, and Penalties contained in ſuch Acts and Letters Patents, for ſecuring the ſaid Trade to the ſaid Company, ſeveral evil-minded Perſons, Subjects of his Majeſty, preferring their own private Gain to the Good of their Country, have not only clandeſtinely, and without any Authority from the ſaid Company, trafficked and traded to and from the East-Indies, but have alſo, by Colour or upon Pretence of Commiſſions obtained from Foreign Governments, openly and publickly, in Defiance of the ſaid Laws, and in Contempt of his Majeſties Authority, fitted out, manned, and loaded great and defenſible Ships, and have ſent out the ſame, or ſailed therewith, to the East-Indies, and Parts aforeſaid, and have prevailed upon ſeveral Britiſh Seamen, and other Subjects of his Majeſty, to ſerve on board the ſaid Ships, and to engage in the ſame Undertaking, to the Diminution of his Majeſties Revenue, and of the Naval Force and Commerce of this Kingdom: Now to the Intent that ſuch wicked, miſchievous, and deſtructive Practices may be prevented for the future; and that the Trade aforeſaid may be more effectually guarded, and ſucceſsfully carried on; Be it Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That if at any time, from and after the Four and twentieth Day of June, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty one, any of his Majeſties Subjects ſhall ſail, go, or repair to, or ſhall trade, traffick, or adventure in, to, or from the East-Indies, or Parts aforeſaid, contrary to the Laws now in being, or contrary to the Tenor of this Act, in every ſuch Caſe it ſhall and may be lawful, either for his Majeſties Attorney General for the time being, or for the ſaid United Company, at any time within the Space of Six Years, to file or exhibit in any one of his Majeſties Courts of Record at Weſtminſter, one or more Information or Informations againſt ſuch Offender or Offenders for the Offence by him or them committed; and if the Party or Parties, Defendant or Defendants, to ſuch Information or Informations, ſhall, by due Courſe of Law, appear or be found to be guilty thereof, in the Court where ſuch Information or Informations ſhall be ſo filed or exhibited, ſhall forthwith proceed to give Judgment againſt the Defendant and Defendants, by ſuch Fine and Impriſonment, or either of them, as the ſaid Court ſhall think fit; and ſhall alſo award the Proſecutor or Proſecutors his and their full Coſts of Suit; but in caſe the Defendant or Defendants ſhall be, upon any Information exhibited by the ſaid Company, acquitted or found not guilty, in ſuch Caſe the ſaid Company

After 24 *June* 1721. if any Subject ſhall go to or trade in the *Eaſt-Indies* contrary to Law, the Attorney General, or the *Eaſt-India* Company, within Six Years, may file an Information againſt him.

If found guilty, Court may fine and impriſon him, and award Coſts.

If not found guilty, Company to pay Coſts.

pany shall pay such Defendant or Defendants his or their full Costs.

Subjects repairing thither accounted Traders, and their Goods forfeited, and double the Value.

III. And it is hereby further Enacted and Declared, That every Person and Persons, Subject and Subjects of his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, who shall at any time or times from and after the said Four and twentieth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty one, sail, go, or repair to the said East-Indies, or Places aforesaid, contrary to the Laws now in being, shall be deemed and accounted to be a Trader, and to have traded and trafficked there; and all the Goods and Merchandizes that shall be there bartered or trafficked for, or be purchased by any such Offender or Offenders, or shall be found in his Custody, or in the Custody of any other Person or Persons, by his or their Order or Procurement, shall be forfeited, together with double the Value thereof.

Goods shipt for the *East-Indies*,

(Except, &c.)

IV. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the Goods, Merchandize, Treasure, and Effects, that shall, at any time or times from and after the said Four and twentieth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty one, be shipped, or put on board any Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels, bound to the East-Indies, or Parts aforesaid (other than and except the Goods, Merchandize, Treasure, and Effects of the said Company, or such as are licensed by them, or the Naval Stores, Provisions and Necessaries for such Ship or Ships performing their Voyage) and all and every the Goods, Merchandize, Treasure, and Effects (except as before is excepted) that

and Goods taken out of Ships homeward bound, forfeited, and double the Value,

shall, from and after the time aforesaid, be taken out of any such Ship or Vessel, in her Voyage homeward from the East-Indies, or Parts aforesaid, to England, before her Arrival there, the same, and every of them, shall be forfeited, together with double the

and Master to forfeit 1000 *l.* and Wages.

Value thereof; and the Master or Commander, or other Officers of such Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels, for the time being, knowingly permitting or suffering any such Goods, Merchandize, Treasure, or Effects, to be shipped, or put on board any such Ship or Ships so bound to the East-Indies, or to be taken out of any such Ship or Ships bound from the East-Indies, or Parts aforesaid, to England, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of One thousand Pounds, and moreover shall not be entitled to have, demand, or receive any Wages whatsoever; nor shall the said Company be obliged, or compelled or compellable to pay any Wages to, or to the Use, or upon the Account, of any such Master, Commander, or Officer, for or in respect of the Voyage so made, or to be made, by such Master, Commander, or Officer, but shall have an Allowance or Deduction in respect thereof out of the Monies payable by them on Account of the Ship to which such Master or Officers belong.

The Attorney General, at the Relation of the Company, or by his own Authority, may exhibit a Bill against any Person Trading to, or from the *East-Indies*,

V. But forasmuch as it happens many times, that the abovementioned illegal Trade is carried on and managed so artfully and covertly, that the said United Company cannot come to the Knowledge and Proof of the same, and at most cannot ascertain the Quantities, Qualities, and Values of the Goods, Merchandize, Treasure, and Effects, so traded for, nor therefore obtain any Satisfaction or Compensation for the Damages by them sustained, to their great Loss and Detriment, and to the great and apparent Lessening of his Majesties Revenue: Therefore it is Provided and further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for his Majesties Attorney General for the time being, at the Relation of the said Company, or by his own Authority, to exhibit a Bill or Bills of Complaint in his Majesties Court of Exchequer against any Person or Persons Trading, Dealing, Trafficking, or Adventuring, at any time from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty one, in, to, or from the East-Indies, or Places aforesaid, contrary to Law, or against any Person or Persons concerned as Agent, Factor, or Copartner with such illegal Traders, for Discovery of such their Trading, Dealing, Trafficking,

and Adventuring, and for Recovery of such Duties and Damages as are herein after mentioned, waiving or disclaiming in every such Bill all the Penalties and Forfeitures incurred by such Person or Persons for the Matters in such Bill contained; and that such Person or Persons shall answer the said Bill or Bills, and not plead or demur to the Discovery thereby sought, and pay to his Majesty the Customs and Duties of the Goods and Merchandize arising, produced, or purchased by the said unlawful Trade, Traffick, or Adventuring; and shall answer and pay to the said Company for the same Thirty Pounds per Centum according to the Value thereof in England; and if such Offender or Offenders pay the said Duties and Customs, or the Amount of the same, into his Majesties Exchequer for the Use of his Majesty, and Damages to the said Company, he or they shall not be prosecuted upon any other Branch or Article in this Act, or upon any other Law or Statute whatsoever, for the same Offence; and if such Bill or Bills (if exhibited at the Relation of the said Company) be dismissed by the Court where the same shall be exhibited, the said United Company shall pay every such Defendant and Defendants his and their Costs of Suit; and in case there be a Decree obtained against the Defendant or Defendants, such Defendant or Defendants shall pay Costs to his Majesty and the Relator respectively.

waiving the Penalties.

Defendant must answer, and not demur, and pay Customs,

and to the Company 30 *l. per Cent.*

and not liable to further Prosecution.

If the Bill be dismissed Company to pay Costs; otherwise the Defendant.

VI. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the Forfeitures and Penalties herein before appointed and enacted, or which are appointed or enacted in and by one Act made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King William, Intituled, An Act for raising a Sum not exceeding Two millions upon a Fund for Payment of Annuities after the Rate of Eight Pounds *per Centum per Annum*; and for settling the Trade to the *East-Indies*; or in and by one other Act made in the Sixth Year of the Reign of her late Majesty Queen Anne, Intituled, An Act for better securing the Duties of *East-India* Goods; or in and by one other Act made in the Fifth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, Intituled, An Act for the better securing the lawful Trade of his Majesties Subjects to and from the *East-Indies*; and for the more effectual preventing all his Majesties Subjects trading thither under Foreign Commissions, shall, from and after the said Four and twentieth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty one, be sued for, recovered, and recoverable, in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, by Bill, Plaint, or Information, at the Suit or Prosecution of his Majesties Attorney General for the time being, or of the said United Company, or of any Officer or Officers of the Customs, such Officer or Officers of the Customs first taking such Consent and Directions as is or are contained in the Proviso for that Purpose hereafter; and that one Third part of all such Forfeitures and Penalties shall be to the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; one other Third part thereof to the Use of the said United Company; and the remaining Third part thereof to the Use of such Officer or Officers of the Customs as shall inform, and so, as aforesaid, sue for the same; in which Suits or Prosecutions no Essoign, Wager of Law, or Protection shall be allowed, or any more than one Imparlance.

9 W. 3. *cap.* 44.

6 *Anne, cap.* 3.

5 Geo. *cap.* 21.

Forfeitures and Penalties, how to be sued for,

by whom,

and how divided.

VII. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby further Enacted and Declared, That before any Suit or Prosecution shall be commenced for the Recovery of all or any the Penalties or Forfeitures aforesaid, by any such Officer or Officers of the Customs, such Officer or Officers shall first repair and go to the Court of Directors of the said United Company for the time being, and make known to them the Offence committed, and his or their Intentions to sue or prosecute for the same; and if the said Court of Directors shall elect to have the Suit or Prosecution brought or commenced by Bill or Bills of Complaint, to be filed or exhibited in the Court of Exchequer, with such Waiver and Disclaimer of the Penalties and Forfeitures, as aforesaid, then and in such Case, such Bill or Bills of Complaint shall be filed, and exhibited,

Officers of the Customs, not to proceed in the Prosecution, without the Consent of the Court of Directors.

If the Court shall Waive the Penalties, the Officers to have ¼ of the Recovery the Company bearing the Charges of Prosecution; but if to prosecute by Action of Debt, the Officers shall not discontinue, but with Consent of the Company.

ed, and prosecuted accordingly, in the Name of the Attorney General, as aforesaid, and then and thereupon there shall be yielded and paid by the said Company to such Officer or Officers, one Quarter part of the Monies that shall be recovered upon such Suit, for the Benefit of the said Company; and the said united Company shall moreover bear the Charges of the said Suit or Prosecution; but if the said Court of Directors shall elect to have the Suit or Prosecution commenced for the Penalties or Forfeitures by Informations or Actions of Debt at Law, then the said Officer or Officers shall accordingly sue and prosecute for the same at Law; and the said Informations or Actions shall be proceeded upon, and shall not be discontinued or determined, but by and with the Consent of the said United Company or their Court of Directors.

Not to extend to the *Levant* Company.

VIII. Provided always, That this Act or any thing herein contained, shall not extend, or be construed, deemed, or taken to extend, to subject the Governor and Company of Merchants of England trading into the Levant Seas, or any Member thereof, to answer any such Bill, or subject him or them to any other the Penalties and Forfeitures hereby Enacted, for and in respect of his or their trading into the Levant Seas; Any thing herein contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

No Commodity of the Growth of the *East-Indies* to be imported into *Ireland*, *Jersey*, *Guernsey*, *&c.* or the Plantations,

but such as shall be shipt in *Great Britain*,

on Forfeiture of the Goods and Ship, *&c.*

Where to be prosecuted.

Penalty, how to be divided.

IX. And it is further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Four and twentieth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty one, no Commodity of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of the East-Indies, or other the Places aforesaid, shall be imported or carried into the Kingdom of Ireland, the Islands of Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, or into any Land, Island, Plantation, Colony, Territory, or Place, to his Majesty, or to the Crown of Great Britain belonging, or which shall hereafter belong to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in Africa or America, but such only as shall be bona fide, and without Fraud loaden and shipt in Great Britain in Ships navigated according to the several and respective Laws now in being, as to the several Places to which the said Goods shall be imported or carried, under the Penalty of forfeiting all such Goods, or the Value thereof, together with the Ship or Vessel in which they shall be imported, with all her Guns, Tackle, Furniture, Ammunition, and Apparel; and such Ship and Goods shall and may be seized, and the same or the Value thereof, shall and may be seized, and the same or the Value thereof, shall and may be prosecuted in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, or in Dublin, or in any of his Majesties Courts in such Land, Island, Colony, Territory, or Place where the Offence shall be committed, or in the Royal Courts of Jersey and Guernsey respectively, by Bill, Plaint, or Information, wherein no Essoign, Protection, or Wager of Law shall be allowed, nor any more than one Imparlance; one Moiety of which Forfeiture shall be to the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall seize or sue for the same; except such Offence shall be committed in any of his Majesties Plantations in Africa or America, in which case one Third part of the said Forfeiture shall be to the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, one other Third part to the Governor of such Land, Island, Colony, or Place, where the Offence shall be committed, and the other Third part to the Informer or Prosecutor; any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding: And if any Officer or Officers of the Customs, in the said Kingdom of Ireland, or in the Lands, Islands, Colonies, Plantations, Territories, or Places aforesaid, shall willingly or knowingly connive at the fraudulent Importation of any such Commodities as is before mentioned, contrary to the true meaning hereof, or if any such Officer or Officers shall take upon him or them to seize any of the said Commodities, and shall, by Fraud or Collusion, desist or delay the Prosecution thereof to Condemnation, he, or they, so conniving, desisting, or delaying, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, to be sued for and recovered in manner aforesaid;

Custom-House Officer conniving, or delaying Prosecution forfeits 500 *l.* and incapacitated.

one Moiety of which Forfeiture to be to the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety thereof to him or them who will inform and sue for the same; and such Officer or Officers shall also for the future be incapable of holding any Office or Imployment under his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors.

4 W. & M. cap. 5.

X. And whereas by an Act passed in the Fourth Year of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary, for granting to their Majesties certain Additional Impositions upon several Goods and Merchandizes, for the Prosecuting the War against France, the several Duties charged by that Act upon Amber Beads, Amber Rough, Coral Beads, and polished Coral, and upon Cowries, are to be repaid to the Merchants exporting the same, if exported within Three Years from the Importation thereof; which Act is now in force: And whereas by several other Acts of Parliament now in force, the Time for Exportation of some Foreign Goods by British Merchants is limited to the Space of Twelve Months, and of other Foreign Goods to the Space of Eighteen Months, or thereabouts, from the Times of the Importation thereof: And whereas the Time for Exportation of some Foreign Goods, by Aliens, or Merchant Strangers, is limited to the Space of Nine Months and of others to the Space of Fifteen Months, or thereabouts, from the Times of importing the same; but forasmuch as it hath been found by Experience, that the said respective Times of Nine Months, Twelve Months, Fifteen Months, and Eighteen Months, afore mentioned, are too short, and very inconvenient to Traders; and for as much also as it will be for the Benefit of the Trade of this Kingdom, if the Time given for repaying or drawing back the Duties upon the Exportation of all Goods and Merchandizes of his Majesties Plantations, and all other Foreign Goods and Merchandizes whatsoever, be enlarged; Be it therefore further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the respective Times for Exportation of all Goods and Merchandizes of his Majesties Plantations, and all other Foreign Goods and Merchandizes, as the same are now limited by any Law or Laws in being, shall, from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty one, be extended and enlarged, so that in all Cases where Repayments, Allowances, or Drawbacks are made upon the Exportation of any Goods and Merchandizes of his Majesties Plantations, and all other Foreign Goods and Merchandizes imported, and afterwards exported by virtue of any Law now in Force, all Merchants and Traders, Bodies Politick, and Corporations, shall, from thenceforth have, and be allowed Three Years Time, from the Importation of such Goods, to export the same, accounting such Importation from the Masters Report of the Ship; and all and every such Merchant and Merchants, Trader and Traders, Bodies Politick, and Corporations, shall have the like Repayments, Allowances, and Drawbacks, by and for such Exportation, as if the same had been exported within the respective Times before mentioned, or any other Times limited by any Law now in being for that purpose; such Law, or any other Law, Rule, Custom, or Usage to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding: Provided nevertheless, That Certificates and Oaths be made, and all other Requisites performed according to the Laws now in being relating to the Importation or Exportation of such Goods.

All Merchants allowed Three Years Time from the Importation, to Drawback the Duties on Exportation.

XI. And whereas by the several Acts which granted the Duties of Fifteen per Centum upon Muslins and White Callicoes imported (which Acts are now in Force) the Importers, before the Landing thereof, are to give Security by Bond for Payment of the said Duties, as soon as the same shall be sold, and for exposing the said Goods to Sale openly and fairly by way of Auction or Inch of Candle, within the City of London, within the Time of Twelve Months after the Importation thereof; and in case the said Goods shall, within the Time limited, be fairly sold, as aforesaid, and in case the Importers shall pay down the said Duties in Ready

Money, within Twenty Days after such Sale, they are to have an Allowance after the Rate of Five Pounds for every One hundred Pounds of Duties so paid: And whereas by several Acts of Parliament now in Force for granting, continuing, and better securing the Duties payable ad valorem upon unrated East-India Goods, and for ascertaining the Values according to which such Duties shall be paid, the Importer or Importers thereof are, in like manner, to give Security by Bond for Payment of the said Duties according to the real Values of the said Goods, to be ascertained according to the respective Acts of Parliament in that behalf made (except Coffee) as soon as the said Goods shall be sold, and also for exposing the said Goods to Sale openly and fairly by way of Auction, or by Inch of Candle, within the City of London, within the Time of Twelve Months after the Importation thereof; and for as much as the restraining the said Muslins, White Callicoes, and unrated East-India Goods to be sold within Twelve Months from the Importation thereof, may some times be detrimental to the Revenue; and that the enlarging the said Time of Sale will be for the Benefit of the Trade of this Kingdom: Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for such of the said Goods as are at present imported and unsold, or shall, from and after the said Four and twentieth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty one, be imported, the Importer or Importers thereof may, at any time within the Space of Three Years from the Importation of such respective Goods, expose the same to Sale, and after such Sale, there shall be allowed the like Discounts on Payments of the respective Duties on such Goods, as if the same had been exposed to Sale within the Time of Twelve Months, as before mentioned, or any other Time heretofore limited by Law; and from and after the said Four and twentieth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty one, The Condition of the Bond or Bonds to be given by the Importers for Payment of the said Duties on the Goods before mentioned, shall be to expose the same to Sale within the Space of Three Years from the Importation thereof; and the Importer or Importers of the said Goods shall be entitled to the same Discounts, Allowances, and Payment of the Duties upon the said Goods, as if the same had been sold within the said Time of Twelve Months; any Law, Usage, or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Importers of Muslins, White Callicoes, and unrated *East-India* Goods, to have 3 Years from the Importation, to expose them to Sale, and to have the like Discount as if exposed to Sale in 12 Months,

and the Condition of the Bond to be accordingly.

XII. And whereas by an Act passed in the Third Year of the Reign of her late Majesty Queen Anne, for continuing Duties upon Low-Wines, and upon Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Spices, and Pictures, and upon Hawkers, Pedlars, and Petty Chapmen, and upon Muslins, and for granting New Duties upon several of the said Commodities, and also upon Callico, China Ware, and Drugs; It is Enacted, That any Person or Persons may import into this Kingdom Tea, subject to the several Duties payable for the same, from any Parts beyond the Seas, in British Ships, navigated as therein mentioned, so as Notice be first given to the Commissioners of her Majesties Customs of the Quantity and Quality of the said Tea so intended to be imported, and the Place in which they intend to import the same, and taking a Licence under the Hands of the said Commissioners for the time being, or any Three of them, for the landing and importing thereof, as aforesaid; which Act hath been since continued, and is now in Force: And whereas the Method of granting those Licences, by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, Intituled, An Act for preventing Frauds and Abuses in the Publick Revenues of Excise, Customs, Stamp-Duties, Post-Office, and House-Money, is altered and explained: And whereas under the Colour of such Licences great Frauds are committed, to the Prejudice of his Majesties Revenue; and forasmuch as it hath been found by Experience, That the allowing the Importation of Tea, by virtue of such Licences or Certificates, from Ostend, and other Places, not being the Place of its Growth, tends to promote the illegal Trade carried on by his Majesties Subjects

3 A. *cap.* 4

6 Geo. *cap.* 21.

to the East-Indies under Foreign Commissions, and in Conjunction with Foreigners, and is very prejudicial to the Trade and Navigation of this Kingdom: For the preventing thereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Four and twentieth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty one, so much of the said Act of the Third Year of her said late Majesty, and of the several Acts continuing the same, and so much of the said Act of his present Majesty which past the last Sessions of Parliament, and every other Act which relates to or allows of the importing Tea by Licence or Certificate, as aforesaid, shall be, and the same are hereby repealed, annulled, and made void, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever. Acts allowing Importation of Tea by Licence repealed.

XIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said United Company, shall for the future be allowed to ship out Stores, Provisions, Utensils of War, and Necessaries for maintaining their Garrisons and Settlements, free of all Duties, so as such Duties if they had been to be paid, would not have exceeded or do not exceed in any One Year the Sum of Three hundred Pounds. Company may ship out Stores, &c. Duty-free, so as the Duties do not exceed 300 *l.* in One Year.

Anno 7 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XXVII.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for raising a Sum not exceeding Five hundred thousand Pounds, by charging Annuities at the Rate of Five Pounds *per Centum per Annum* upon the Civil List Revenues till redeemed by the Crown; and for enabling his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, (by causing such a Deduction to be made as therein is mentioned) to make good to the Civil List the Payments which shall have been made upon the said Annuities; and for borrowing Money upon certain Lottery Tickets; and for discharging the Corporations for Assurances of part of the Money which they were obliged to pay to his Majesty; and for making good a Deficiency to the *East-India* Company.

MOST Gracious Sovereign, Whereas by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the First Year of your Majesties Reign [Intituled, An Act for the better Support of his Majesties Household, and of the Honour and Dignity of the Crown of *Great Britain*] several Rates and Duties of Excise, and a further Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Duties or Revenues, were granted or continued during your Majesties Life (which God long preserve) and the same, with several Hereditary Duties and Revenues therein particularly specified (except as therein is excepted) were thereby Enacted and Declared to be for the Support of your Majesties Household, and the Honour and Dignity of your Crown, subject to such Incumbrances and Savings as in the said Act are expressed: And in and by another Act of the said First Year of your Majesties Reign (made among other things) for enlarging the Fund of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, relating to Exchequer Bills, and for settling an Additional Revenue of One hundred and twenty thousand Pounds per Annum upon your Majesty during your Life, Provision was made for Payment of the said Yearly Sum of One hundred and twenty thousand Pounds, for the Service of your Majesties Household and Family, and other your necessary Expences and Occasions, during your Majesties Natural Life, out of the Monies of the Fund commonly called the Aggregate Fund therein mentioned and described, in the Course and Manner thereby prescribed: And in and by the Act last mentioned, It is Provided and Enacted, Preamble.

1 Geo. *cap.* 1.

1 Geo. *Sess.* 1. *cap.* 12.

That if the Revenues ſettled or appointed for the Service of your Majeſties Houſhold, and of the Honour and Dignity of your Crown, by the Act firſt above recited, together with the ſaid Additional Revenue of One hundred and twenty thouſand Pounds per Annum, ſhould, from the Feaſt of St. Michael the Archangel, which was in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifteen, at any time during your Majeſties Life, produce in clear Money more than the Yearly Sum of Seven hundred thouſand Pounds, then the Overplus of ſuch Produce ſhould go and be applied to ſuch Publick Uſes as in and by the Act laſt before recited are preſcribed, as in and by the ſaid ſeveral Acts (Relation being thereunto reſpectively had) may more fully appear: And whereas by reaſon of ſeveral extraordinary Expences ariſen ſince the making the ſaid recited Acts, divers Arrears of Salaries, Wages, Diet Monies, and other Allowances, and ſundry Debts for Emptions, Proviſions, and other Cauſes, have incurred and grown due to your Majeſties Servants, Tradeſmen, and others, and do now remain unſatisfied, amounting to a very conſiderable Sum in the whole: Now we your Majeſties moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament aſſembled, being deſirous that your Majeſty, in the Adminiſtration of your Civil Government, may not remain under any Difficulties in reſpect of the Arrears and Debts contracted, as aforeſaid; and that therefore a Sum not exceeding Five hundred thouſand Pounds may be raiſed to enable your Majeſty to diſcharge Debts and Arrears by Sale of Annuities, to be charged and ſecured upon a Yearly Fund to be anſwered and paid out of the ſaid Revenues, but to be redeemable by ſuch Ways and Means, and in ſuch Manner and Form, as hereafter by this Act are preſcribed, do moſt humbly pray your Majeſty that it may be Enacted; And be it Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That Yearly and every Year, from and after the Feaſt of the Nativity of St. John Baptiſt, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty one, a certain Yearly Fund to be computed after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, for and upon all the Annuities to be purchaſed on this Act, is and ſhall, by force and virtue of this Act, be ſettled and eſtabliſhed, and be payable in the Manner and Form hereinafter expreſſed and declared, for ſatisfying and diſcharging the ſame Annuities, from time to time, until the ſame ſhall be redeemed by his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this preſent Act; Nevertheleſs the ſaid Yearly Fund ſhall be ſubject to a proportionable Reducement or Abatement, upon Redemption of part of the ſaid Annuities, according to the Proviſo or Power of Redemption herein after contained in that behalf.

From 24 *July*, 1721. a certain Yearly Fund to be computed at 5 *l. per Cent.* to be ſettled for all the Annuities to be purchaſed on this Act, till redeemed.

II. And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Yearly Fund, after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, (ſubject nevertheleſs to ſuch proportionable Reducement or Abatement upon Redemption of part of the ſaid Annuities as is provided by this Act) is and ſhall, by virtue of this Act, be charged and chargeable upon, and be payable out of all the Revenues, Additional Revenues, Duties, and Branches whatſoever, ſettled or appointed for the Support of his Majeſties Houſhold, and the Honour and Dignity of the Crown, as aforeſaid, as well thoſe which are Hereditary in the Crown, as thoſe which were granted during his Majeſties Life, and every of them, for and during the whole Time and Term of his Majeſties Natural Life (which God long preſerve) unleſs all the ſaid Annuities ſhall ſooner be completely redeemed according to the Proviſo and Power of Redemption hereinafter contained in that behalf; and that the Sum and Sums of Money, which, from time to time, during his Majeſties Life, ſhall be iſſued or paid for or upon the ſaid Yearly Fund, after the ſaid Rate of Five Pounds per Centum

The Fund to be charged on all the Civil Liſt Revenues, Hereditary and Temporary, during his Majeſties Life,

unleſs ſooner redeemed.

tum per Annum, shall be and be deemed and reckoned to be part of the Yearly Sum of Seven hundred thousand Pounds abovementioned.

In case of his Majesties Demise, the Fund to be charged on the said Hereditary Revenues.

III. And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case of his Majesties Demise, before the compleat Redemption of all the said Annuities, then the said Yearly Fund after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, (subject nevertheless to such proportional Reducement or Abatement, as aforesaid) is and shall, by virtue of this Act, be charged and chargeable upon, and be paid and payable out of the Hereditary Revenues, Duties, and Branches before mentioned, and every of them, until the compleat Redemption of all the said Annuities to be purchased upon this Act; and that all the Payments for or upon the said Yearly Fund, shall be made with Preference to all other Payments whatsoever, which shall or may hereafter be charged upon the said Revenues, Duties, or Branches, or any of them.

Not to prejudice any former Dispositions, &c.

IV. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act, or any thing therein contained, shall not extend, or be construed to make void, alter, or prejudice any Disposition, Appropriation, Appointment, Matter, or Thing whatsoever, contained, saved, excepted, or allowed in any former Act or Acts of Parliament, of or concerning any the Revenues, Duties, or Branches aforesaid, or in any Manner to prejudice any Pensions or Annuities charged and to be paid out of the said Hereditary Revenues, or any of them, by or in pursuance of any Act or Acts of Parliament, or by virtue of any Grants or Letters Patents made or granted by any of his Majesties Royal Predecessors, Kings or Queens of this Realm; but that the same Dispositions, Appropriations, Appointments, Matters, and Things, shall continue and be in Force, and shall take Effect, and be observed, as if this Act had not been made; and the said last mentioned Pensions and Annuities shall remain due, and shall be paid, but shall not be deemed or reckoned to be part of the said Yearly Sum of Seven hundred thousand Pounds, during his Majesties Life.

So much of the Civil List Revenues to be set apart Weekly as shall be sufficient to discharge the Annuities Quarterly.

IX. And to the End that all the Annuities that shall be purchased on this Act may, from time to time, be fully satisfied, according to the Purport and true Meaning thereof; It is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Commissioners of his Majesties Treasury now being, and the High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for the time being, shall, and they are hereby enjoyned and required (without any further or other Warrant or Authority in this behalf, to be sued for, had, or obtained) to cause so much of the Monies, from time to time, arising at the Receipt of the Exchequer, of or for the Revenues, Duties, or Branches of Revenue hereby charged with the said Yearly Fund, as aforesaid, to be separated and set apart Weekly, or otherwise, as shall be sufficient, at or before the End of every Quarter of a Year, to answer and pay so much as shall be due at the End of every such Quarter of a Year, or within Six Days after, upon every such Annuity; which Monies so set apart are hereby appropriated for the Payment thereof; and shall issue, or cause to be issued, the same, from time to time, to the said Chief Cashire of the Bank of England for the time being, by way of Imprest, and upon Account, for the Payment of the said Annuities; and that no Fee, Reward, or Gratuity, shall be demanded or taken, directly or indirectly, by any Officers in the Exchequer, or by the said Cashire, or others, for the Issuing or Payment thereof, or for any Transfer, or other Matter or Thing hereby required to be done concerning the same, other than such Allowance as his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall be pleased, at his or their own Charge, to make, for their Pains and Service therein; and in case any such Officers or Persons shall take or demand any such Fee, Reward, or Gratuity, other than, as aforesaid, or shall, contrary to the true Meaning of this Act, divert or misapply any of the Monies which ought

The Monies so set apart, appropriated for Payment of the Annuities.

No Fee to be taken, &c. or Money misapplied.

ought to be paid into the said Receipt, and issued thence on Account of the said Yearly Fund for Payment of the said Annuities to be purchased on this Act, every such Officer or Person shall be incapable of holding any Office or Place of Trust or Profit under his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, and shall also forfeit treble Damages to the Party grieved, to be recovered with full Costs of Suit, by Action, Bill, Suit, or Information, in any his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Privilege, Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance, shall be granted or allowed.

Officers guilty thereof, to forfeit treble the Value, and incapacitated.

XVII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful, to and for the Kings Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, at any time upon One Quarter of a Years Notice to be given under his or their Royal Sign Manual, and affixed upon the Royal Exchange in London, at any of the Quarterly Days of Payment of the said Annuities, to redeem the said Annuities and every of them, by paying to the then Proprietors of the same Annuities the Consideration or Purchase-Money which was originally paid for the same, (without Deduction of the Allowance for Prompt Payment) and all Arrearages of the said Annuities which shall be incurred till the time of such Payment, to be made at the then next ensuing Quarterly Feast-Day; and that from and after such Payment made, or reserving Money in the Exchequer, ready to make such Payment on Demand, and not till then, the same Annuities and every of them, shall from thenceforth cease and determine, and the said Revenues shall be discharged of, from, and against the same.

On a Quarters Notice, and repaying the Purchase-Money, &c. Annuities to cease.

XVIII. Provided also, and it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors (if he or they shall so think fit) upon One Quarter of a Years Notice to be given and published, as aforesaid, at any of the said Quarterly Days of Payment, to redeem one Moiety or Half-part, or any other greater and certain Proportion of all the said Annuities, by paying to the then Proprietors of the same, one Moiety or such greater Proportion of the Consideration or Purchase-Money which was originally paid for the same (without any Deduction of the Allowance for Prompt Payment) and all Arrearages of the same Annuities which shall be incurred till the time of such Payment, to be made at the End of the then next ensuing Quarterly Feast-Day; and that from and after such Payment made, or reserving Money in the Exchequer ready to make such Payment, a Proportional Part of such Annuities, for which such Proportional Part of the Consideration or Purchase-Money shall be so paid or reserved, shall from thenceforth cease and determine, and the said Revenues shall be discharged of, from, and against a Proportional Part of all the said Annuities so redeemed; and it shall and may be lawful to and for his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, at any time afterwards, upon the like Notice, as aforesaid, to redeem the remaining Parts of all and every the said Annuities, by paying to the then Proprietors thereof, the Residue of the Consideration or Purchase-Money which was paid for the same, and all Arrearages of the said Annuities, which shall be due till the time of such Payment to be made at the then next ensuing Quarterly Feast-Day after the Notice last mentioned shall be given; and that from and after Payment made of such Residue of the said Purchase-Money, or reserving Money in the Exchequer ready to make such Payment, the remaining Parts of the said Annuities shall from thenceforth intirely cease and determine, and the said Revenues shall be intirely discharged of, from, and against the same; this present Act, or any Clause, Matter, or Thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

On repaying a Half-part of the Purchase-Money, a proportional part of the Annuities to cease:

And his Majesty may at any time afterwards redeem the Remainder.

XIX. And to the end his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, may be enabled to reimburse himself or themselves such Sum and Sums of Money as in pursuance of this Act shall have been issued or furnished out of his Majesties Civil List Revenues, during his

Life (which God long preſerve) or out of the ſaid Hereditary Revenues after his Majeſties Demiſe, for or towards the Payment of the ſaid Annuities, or for or towards the Redemption of the ſame; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, by any Warrant under the Great Seal of Great Britain, Privy-Seal, or Royal Sign Manual, to cauſe a Deduction to be made, not exceeding Six Pence in the Pound, out of all Monies which, from and after the Firſt Day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty one, ſhall be paid for or upon all Penſions and Annuities charged upon any of the ſaid Hereditary or Temporary Duties, and for and upon all Salaries, Fees and Wages, payable for or in reſpect of Offices of Profit, granted by or derived from the Crown, and for and upon all other Payments from the Crown whatſoever, or for or upon any Arrearages of them, or any of them, incurred or to be incurred; the Pay of Commiſſion and Non-Commiſſion Officers and Private Men, ſerving in the Navy or Army only and always excepted; the ſame Deductions to be made for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for the Benefit of his or their Civil Government, ſo long as the ſaid Annuities ſhall, by virtue of this Act, be payable out of the Revenues charged therewith, as aforeſaid, and until the ſame Annuities ſhall be redeemed purſuant to this Act; any former Law, Statute or Proviſion whatſoever to the contrary notwithſtanding.

His Majeſty may cauſe a Deduction of 6 *d.* in the Pound out of all Salaries, *&c.* from 1 *Aug.* 1721.

Except Commiſſion Officers, *&c.* ſerving in the Navy or Army.

XX. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted, That this Act, or any thing herein contained, ſhall not extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to charge, or to enable his Majeſty to charge the Annuities or Yearly Sums, amounting to One hundred thouſand Pounds, granted to his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales, or his Truſtees, during the joint Lives of his Majeſty and the ſaid Prince; or the Annuities or Yearly Sums, amounting to Fifty thouſand Pounds, granted to her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs of Wales, or to any Perſon or Perſons in Truſt for her, to commence and take Effect immediately after the Deceaſe of the ſaid Prince, or any of the ſame Annuities or Yearly Sums, ſo granted, with the above mentioned Deduction or Payment of Six Pence in the Pound, or any Part thereof; but that the ſame Annuities or Yearly Sums, and their Royal Highneſſes reſpectively, and their reſpective Truſtees, Treaſurers, and Receivers General for the time being, in reſpect of the ſame, ſhall be free and clear of and from the ſaid Deduction or Payment of Six Pence in the Pound; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Not to extend to the Annuities of the Prince and Princeſs of *Wales*.

XXI. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to prejudice, delay, or interrupt the Payment of the ſaid Annuity or Annuities, amounting to Fifty thouſand Pounds, granted to her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs of Wales, or to any Perſon or Perſons in Truſt for her, to commence and take Effect immediately after the Deceaſe of His Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Not to prejudice the Annuity of 50,000 *l.* to the Princeſs after his Royal Highneſs's Death.

Anno

Anno 7 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XXVIII.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for raiſing Money upon the Eſtates of the late Sub-Governor, Deputy-Governor, Directors, Caſhire, Deputy-Caſhire, and Accountant of the *South-Sea* Company, and of *John Aiſlabie*, Eſquire; and likewiſe of *James Craggs* ſenior, Eſquire, deceaſed, towards making good the great Loſs and Damage ſuſtained by the ſaid Company; and for diſabling ſuch of the ſaid Perſons as are living, to hold any Office or Place of Truſt under the Crown, or to ſit or vote in Parliament for the future; and for other Purpoſes in the ſaid Act expreſſed.

All ſuch Money as ſhall be due to his Majeſty for Publick Revenues, &c. ſhall be paid out of ſuch Monies as ſhall ariſe out of the late Directors Eſtates.

XXIX. PRovided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all ſuch Monies as are or ſhall grow due or be payable to his Majeſty for Publick Revenues, or otherwiſe, from any of them the ſaid late Sub-Governor, Deputy-Governor, Directors, Caſhire, Deputy-Caſhire, and Accountant, and the ſaid John Aiſlabie, or ſo much of the ſaid Monies as do or ſhall remain due and unſatisfied on the Five and twentieth Day of April, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty one; and ſuch Monies as were due to his Majeſty from the Eſtate of the ſaid James Craggs at his Death, and do remain unpaid, ſhall and may be paid and ſatisfied by or out of ſuch Monies as ſhall ariſe out of or from their reſpective Eſtates, and ſhall at any time or times be in the Hands of the ſaid Caſhire for the time being; which Payments ſhall and may be made by the Order and Direction of the ſaid Truſtees, or any Three or more of them, upon Certificates thereof from the reſpective Commiſſioners, or other Officers, who have or ſhall have the Management or Care of thoſe Revenues, Publick or other Monies, or before whom they are or ſhall be in Charge; and in Default of ſuch Payment, the Lord Chief Baron, and other the ſaid Barons of his Majeſties Court of Exchequer, or any Two or more of them, ſhall and may enquire and inform themſelves by Examination of Witneſſes upon Oath, or otherwiſe, as to them ſhall ſeem meet and neceſſary, of the Sum or Sums of Money ſo due or payable to his Majeſty, and being ſatisfied of the Truth thereof, ſhall and may give Order to the ſaid Caſhire of the ſaid Company for the time being, to pay the Money which they ſhall find to be due to his Majeſties Uſe out of ſuch Monies as ſhall ariſe out of or from their reſpective Eſtates, and which at any time or times ſhall be in the Hands of the ſaid Caſhire, as aforeſaid; which Orders ſhall be made and obeyed without any Fee or Charge to be demanded or taken for the ſame; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Not to invalidate any Aſſignments of Stock, &c. before 10 *July*, 1721. by any of the late Directors, &c. for ſecuring any Debt to his Majeſty, &c.

LI. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act, or any thing herein contained, ſhall not extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to vacate, annul, or any ways invalidate any Aſſignments, Tranſfers, or Alienations of any Stocks, Subſcriptions, or other things made before the Tenth Day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty one, by any of the ſaid late Sub-Governor, Deputy-Governor, Directors, Caſhire, Deputy-Caſhire, or Accountant, or any of their Truſtees, for Securing any Debt or Debts bona fide due to his Majeſty, or to avoid or defeat any Extent, Seizures, or Sale, made before the ſaid Tenth Day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty one, of any of their Eſtates, Real or Perſonal, for any Debt or Debts due to his Majeſty, or to free or diſcharge the ſaid Eſtates, or any of them, from any Extent or other Proceſs whatſoever, iſſued or to be iſſued out for or in reſpect of any Debt or

Debts due or owing by or from them, or any of them, to his Majesty before the said Tenth Day of July, One thousand seven hundred twenty one, or in any wise prejudice, bar, or hinder the levying, raising and paying all and every or any the same Debt and Debts, so incurred; but that the Estates, Real and Personal, of the said late Sub-Governor, Deputy-Governor, and Directors, Cashire, Deputy-Cashire, and Accountant, shall remain and continue subject and liable to be extended, seized, and sold, for the Payment of the same Debts respectively, so incurred before the said Tenth Day of July, One thousand seven hundred and twenty one, in the same manner as if this Act had never been made; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Anno 7 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XXIX.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the Kings most Gracious, General, and Free Pardon.

GEORGE R.

THE Kings most Excellent Majesty taking into his Consideration, that great Numbers of his Subjects have exposed themselves to great Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted upon several Crimes and Offences by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm, and out of his merciful Disposition, being graciously inclined for the establishing the Peace and Quiet of this Kingdom, and the Happiness of all his Subjects, to free them from the Apprehensions they may justly lie under from a severe Execution of Justice, has resolved and determined to grant them his General and Free Pardon in a large and beneficial manner, not doubting but that all his Subjects, by this Act of Clemency and Grace, will be induced henceforth more carefully to observe the Laws, and live in a Loyal and Dutiful Obedience to his Majesty; and therefore his Majesty is well pleased and contented that it be Enacted by the Authority of this present Parliament; And be it Enacted by the Authority of the same, in Manner and Form following, (that is to say) That all and every his Majesties Subjects, as well Spiritual as Temporal, of this his Majesties Realm of Great Britain, their Heirs, Successors, Executors, and Administrators, and every of them, and all and singular Bodies Politick and Corporate, and their Successors, and all Cities, Boroughs, Shires, Stewartries, Ridings, Hundreds, Lathes, Rapes, Wapentakes, Towns, Villages, Hamlets, and Tythings, and every of them, shall be, by the Authority of this present Parliament, acquitted, pardoned, released, and discharged against the Kings Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and every of them, of and from all and all manner of Treasons, Misprisions of Treasons, Felonies, Treasonable and Seditious Words or Libels, Leasing-making, Misprisions of Felony, Seditious and Unlawful Meetings and Conventicles, and all Offences whereby any Person may be charged with the Danger and Penalty of Præmunire; and also of and from all Riots, Routs, Offences, Contemps, Trespasses, Entries, Wrongs, Deceipts, Misdemeanors, Forfeitures, Penalties, and Sums of Money, Pains of Death, Pains Corporal, and Pains Pecuniary; and generally of and from all other Things, Causes, Quarrels, Suits, Judgments, and Executions, in this present Act hereafter not excepted or foreprized, which may be or can be by his Majesty in any wise or by any means pardoned, and have been had, made, done, committed, omitted, perpetrated, incurred, or forfeited, before and unto the Twenty fourth Day of July, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty one.

Preamble.

The Offences pardoned by this Act, which were committed before 24 *July* 1721.

Not hereafter excepted or foreprized.

The Pardon to be as good as if the Offences were particularly named.

II. And also the Kings most Excellent Majesty is contented that it be Enacted by the Authority of this present Parliament; and be it Enacted by the Authority of the same, That this his Majesties Free Pardon shall be as good and effectual in Law to every of his said Subjects, Bodies Corporate, and others before rehearsed, in, for, and against all things aforesaid, and not hereafter in this present Act excepted and foreprized, as the same Pardon would have been if all such Offences, Contempts, Forfeitures, Causes, Matters, Suits, Quarrels, Judgments, Executions, Penalties, and other Things not hereafter in this Act particularly excepted and foreprized, had been particularly, singularly, specially and plainly named, rehearsed, and specified, and also pardoned by proper and express Words and Names; and that his said Subjects, or any of them, the Heirs, Executors, or Administrators of any of them, or the said Bodies Corporate, and others before named and rehearsed, or any of them, be not, nor shall be sued, vexed, or unquieted in their Bodies, Goods, Chattels, Lands, or Tenements, for any Matter, Cause, Contempt, Misdemeanor, Forfeiture, Trespass, Offence, or any other Thing, suffered, done, or committed, or omitted before the said Twenty fourth Day of July, One thousand seven hundred and twenty one, against his Majesty, his Crown, Dignity, Prerogative, or the Laws or Statutes of this Realm,

Exception.

but only for such Causes, Matters, and Offences, as be rehearsed or mentioned in the Exceptions of this present Act to be excepted and foreprized, and for none other; any Statute or Statutes, Laws or Customs, heretofore had, made, or used, to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Fines, Issues, &c. pardoned.

III. And the Kings Majesty, of his bounteous Liberality, and by the Authority of this present Parliament, doth grant and freely give to every of his Subjects, every of the said Bodies Corporate, and others before rehearsed, and every of them, all Goods, Chattels, Debts, Fines, Issues, Profits, Amerciaments, Forfeitures, and Sums of Money, by any of them forfeited, which to his Majesty do or shall appertain, by reason of any Offence, Contempt, Trespass, Entry, Misdemeanor, Matter, Cause, or Quarrel, suffered, done, or committed by them, or any of them, before the said Twenty fourth Day of July, One thousand seven hundred and

Exception.

twenty one, not hereafter in this present Act foreprized and excepted.

Grants made by Persons which have forfeited, void.

IV. Provided nevertheless, and be it Enacted, That all Grants thereof, or of any part thereof, made by any such as have to forfeited the same, and are hereby vested, as aforesaid, and all Executions thereof, or of any part thereof, had against any such, after such Forfeiture thereof committed or made, shall be of such Force and Effect as if no such Forfeiture had been had or made, and of no other; the same Forfeiture, or any thing in this Act before to the contrary notwithstanding.

Any Person may plead this Act.

V. And be it further Enacted, That all and every of his Majesties Subjects, and all and singular Bodies Corporate, and others before rehearsed, may, by him or themselves, or by his or their Deputy or Deputies, or by his or their Attorney or Attornies, according to the Laws of this Realm, plead and minister this Act of Free Pardon for his or their Discharge, or for any thing that is, by virtue of this Act, pardoned, discharged, given, or granted, without any Fee or any other thing paying to any Person or Persons for the Writing or Entring of the Judgments or other Cause concerning such Plea, Writing, or Entry, but only Sixteen Pence to the Clerk or Officer that shall enter such Plea or Matter for Judgment or the Parties Discharge in that behalf; any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Pardon to be taken most beneficially for the Subject.

VI. And further the Kings Majesty is contented and pleased that it be Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this his Majesties Free Pardon, by the General Words, Clauses, and Sentences before rehearsed, shall be reputed, deemed, adjudged, expounded, allowed, and taken, in all manner of Courts of his Majesty, and elsewhere, most beneficial and available to all and singular the said

Subjects, Bodies Corporate, and others before rehearsed, and to every of them, in all things not in this present Act excepted and foreprized, without any Ambiguity, Question, or other Delay whatsoever, to be made, pleaded, objected, or alledged by the Kings Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or by his or any of their General Attorney or Attornies, Advocate or Advocates, or by any Person or Persons for his Majesty, or any of his Heirs or Successors.

Perjury and Subornation, &c. excepted.

XVIII. And also excepted all Offences of Perjury and Subornation of Witnesses, and Endeavouring or Conspiring to bribe or corrupt any Person to give false Testimony, and the Offences of Forging or Counterfeiting, and Solicitation of Forging and Counterfeiting any Fines, or other Records, Deeds, Wills, Escrips, or Writings whatsoever, or Publishing, or making Use in Evidence of any such, knowing the same to be forged.

Excepted all Offences for which before *Michaelmas* Term 1721. a Verdict hath been obtained.

XXIV. And also excepted all Offences, Contempts, and Misdemeanors, had, committed, or done, contrary to any Act of Parliament (other than using, or causing to be used, any Craft, Mystery, or Occupation, by any Person or Persons not brought up therein Seven Years as an Apprentice) or contrary to the Laws of this Realm, for which any Person hath been or shall be so far prosecuted, that on or before the First Day of Michaelmas Term, One thousand seven hundred and twenty one, any Verdict hath been or shall be obtained upon such Prosecution, or any Outlawry, Conviction, Judgment by Default, or other Judgment, Sentence, or Decree, had, given, or entred in any of his Majesties Courts, or before any Commissioners of his Majesty within this Realm of Great Britain, or by his Majesties Commissioners for the Management of his Receipt of Excise, or other Duties under their Management, or by his said Majesties Justices of the Peace.

All Conditions and Covenants to his Majesty, excepted.

XXIX. And also excepted all Conditions and Covenants, and all Penalties, Titles, and Forfeitures of Conditions or Covenants, accrued or grown to his Majesty by reason of the Breach of the Non-Performance of any Covenant or Condition whatsoever.

Offences of Officers of the Exchequer or Revenue, excepted.

XXX. And also excepted out of this Act of Pardon all Offences, Misbehaviors, Misdemeanors, or Omissions, committed, suffered, or done by any Officer of the Exchequer or Revenue, in or concerning the Execution of his Office, or by Colour thereof, and all Forfeitures, Disabilities, Incapacities, and Penalties whatsoever, to which any such Officer is or may be liable by reason of such Offences, Misbehaviors, Misdemeanors, or Omissions, and all Suits, Proceedings, and Prosecutions, had or to be had for or by reason thereof.

Offences of Assessors or Collectors of Taxes, excepted.

XXXI. And also excepted out of this Act of Pardon all willful Offences, Misbehaviors, or Misdemeanors, or Omissions, committed, suffered, or done by any Assessor or Assessors, Collector or Collectors of any Aids or Taxes granted by any Act or Acts of Parliament, in or concerning the Execution of their Offices, or by Colour thereof, and all Suits, Proceedings, and Prosecutions, had or to be had for or by reason thereof.

All Taxes and Duties not paid, or concealed, excepted.

XXXV. And also excepted out of this Pardon all and every the Sums of Money and Duties accruing or arising by or from any Customs or Subsidies, Excise, Imposition upon Wine, or other Liquors, or Commodities, Duties upon Malt, Hops, Candles, Soap, Paper, Duties on printing, painting, staining, or dying Silks, Callicoes, Linens, and Stuffs, Duties on Starch, Duties upon Gilt and Silver Wire, Duties on Salt, Duties upon Tonnage of Ships, Duties upon Parchment, Vellum and Paper, Arrears of any Land-Tax, Poll-Money, all Arrears of Rent, and all other Sums of Money due or owing from any licensed or Hackney or Stage-Coachmen, Duties arising by Wine-Licences, or the Post Office, or by or from any other Tax, Assessment, Duty, Imposition, Debt, or Sum of Money whatsoever to the Kings Majesty given or belonging, or leviable by any Act of Parliament, or otherwise due or belonging to the Kings Majesty, and all Arrears there-

thereof reſpectively, and all Concealments, and wrongful Detainment thereof reſpectively, and all Penalties, Forfeitures, and Diſabilities ariſing thereby, or for the Non-Payment, Concealment, or Detaining thereof, and all Corruptions and Miſdemeanors of any Officer or Miniſter of, in, or concerning the ſame, and all Accounts and Suits whatſoever now depending, or to be had, made, or proſecuted, for the ſame, and all Concealments, Frauds, and Offences, by which his Majeſty, or the late Queen, hath or have been deceived, and not truly anſwered for the ſame, or any of them.

And all Corruptions of Officers.

Offences againſt the Acts 5 *Geo. cap.* 11. and 6 *Geo. c.* 21. againſt Running Goods, *&c.* excepted.

XXXVI. And alſo excepted out of this Act all Offences committed contrary to an Act of Parliament made in the Fifth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty, Intituled, An Act againſt Clandeſtine Running of uncuſtomed Goods, and for the more effectual preventing of Frauds relating to the Cuſtoms; or contrary to an Act of Parliament made in the Sixth Year of his Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for preventing Frauds and Abuſes in the Publick Revenues of Exciſe, Cuſtoms, Stamp-Duties, Poſt-Office, and Houſe-Money, and all Forfeitures and Penalties which any Perſon or Perſons is, are, or may be liable to by reaſon of any Offences committed againſt either of the ſaid Acts.

Offences of the Acts 5 *Geo. cap.* 21. and 7 *Geo. c.* 21. relating to the *Eaſt-India* Trade.

XXXVII. And alſo excepted out of this Act all Offences committed or done contrary to an Act of Parliament made in the Fifth Year of his Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for the better Securing the lawful Trade of his Majeſties Subjects to and from the *Eaſt-Indies*, and for the more effectual preventing all his Majeſties Subjects trading thither under Foreign Commiſſions; or contrary to an Act of Parliament made in this preſent Seſſions of Parliament, Intituled, An Act for the further preventing his Majeſties Subjects from trading to the *Eaſt-Indies* under Foreign Commiſſions, and for encouraging and further ſecuring the lawful Trade thereto; and for further regulating the Pilots of *Dover*, *Deal*, and the Iſle of *Thanet*, and all Forfeitures and Penalties which any Perſon or Perſons is, are, or may be liable to by reaſon of any of the Offences committed againſt either of the ſaid Acts.

Offences relating to Wooll or Brandy, or other Goods unlawfully imported, excepted.

XXXVIII. And alſo excepted all Offences, Penalties, and Forfeitures, relating to the Exportation of any Wooll, or the Importation of Brandy from Foreign Parts beyond the Seas in any Veſſel or Cask which ſhall not contain Sixty Gallons at the leaſt, or relating to the Importation of any other Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes, contrary to or againſt any Act of Parliament for ſuch purpoſe made or provided, and all Proſecutions for the ſame.

Collectors and other Officers Accounts, excepted.

XLI. And alſo excepted all and ſingular Accounts of all and every Collector and Collectors, Commiſſioners, Treaſurers, Receivers, or other Officers, or other Accountant whatſoever, who have received or collected, or are any other way accountable to his Majeſty for any the Cuſtoms, Subſidies, Impoſitions, Exciſes, Duties, Land-Taxes, Poll-Money, Rents, or other Matters before mentioned, or for Prize-Goods, or for any other Tax, Aſſeſſment, Duty, Impoſition, Debt, Sum of Money, or other Things whatſoever, given to the Kings Majeſty, or leviable by Act of Parliament, or otherwiſe belonging to his Majeſty; and all Accounts of every other Perſon whatſoever, that ought to be Accountant to the Kings Majeſty, for or in reſpect of any Receipt or other Charge, and the Heirs, Executors, Adminiſtrators, and Sureties of any Perſon that ought to account, for all Things touching only the ſame Accounts, and all and ſingular Arrearages of Accounts, and all Impetitions, Charges, Seizures, Suits, Demands, and Executions, which may or can be had of or for any ſuch Account or Accounts, or any Arrearages of the ſame.

And except all Recognizances, *&c.* of Receivers, to account.

XLII. And alſo excepted all Recognizances, Obligations, and other Securities, given or entred into by any Receiver of any Land-Tax or other Duties or Impoſitions, or any other Sums of Money whatſoever, due or payable to his Majeſty by Act of Parliament, or otherwiſe, or by any Reeve, Bailiff, Collector, or other Accountant in either of the Courts of Exchequer in England or Scotland,

land, or given or entred into by any Person or Persons impowered or permitted by any such Receiver, Reeve, Bailiff, Collector, or other Accountant, to have or receive any Sum or Sums of Money arising from the Land-Tax, or other Duties or Impositions, or any other Sums of Money whatsoever due or payable to his Majesty by Act of Parliament, or otherwise, and their Sureties and their Accounts respectively, and all other Recognizances and Obligations whatsoever, with or upon Condition to account, or for Payment of Money, and all Obligations or other Securities given or entred into by any Officer or Officers of any his Majesties Revenues, or their Sureties, for the true Discharge of his or their Trusts.

XLIII. And it is hereby Declared and Enacted, That this Act shall not extend, or be construed to pardon or discharge any Recognizance or Obligation not yet forfeited; nor to pardon or discharge any forfeited Recognizance or Obligation, or any other Forfeiture or Penalty, whereof any Person or Persons, who are or have been Farmers or Tacksmen of any part of the Publick Revenue, ought to receive any Benefit or Advantage; nor to pardon or discharge any Debt due by any Recognizance or Obligation, or otherwise, to any Person or Persons indebted to the Crown, which hath been duly seized in Aid of the Crowns Debt; nor to pardon or discharge any Debt due by Recognizance, Obligations, Condemnation, or otherwise, whereupon any Estalment or Seizure has been at any time heretofore made, upon which Estalment or Seizure any Thing is, or at any time since the Nineteenth Day of April, One thousand seven hundred and nine, hath been answered and paid; nor to pardon or discharge any Penalties, Forfeitures, or Sums of Money due or accrued to his Majesty by reason of any Act, Statute or Statutes, which Forfeitures, Penalties, and Sums of Money, since the said Nineteenth Day of April, One thousand seven hundred and nine, be converted into the Nature of any Debt, by Judgment, Order, or Decree, or by the Agreement of the Offender or Offenders, or have been estalled, or any Seizure made for the same, and upon such Seizure or Estalment any thing answered or paid since the said Nineteenth Day of April, One thousand seven hundred and nine; nor to extend, or be construed to pardon or discharge any Recognizance which hath been entred into and forfeited for or on Account of any Crimes or other Matters which by this Act are excepted or foreprized out of this Pardon. Also excepted all forfeited Recognizances, &c.

L. And also excepted all such Persons who being in actual Custody, have desired to be transported into any of his Majesties Plantations, or other Parts beyond the Seas. Persons who have desired Transportation, excepted.

LIX. And it is further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Person or Persons hereby pardoned, may plead the General Issue without special pleading of this Pardon, and give this Act of Pardon in Evidence for his Discharge; and that the same shall be thereupon allowed, and Advantage thereof had, as fully, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same had been fully and well pleaded. Persons pardoned may plead the General Issue.

LX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this present Pardon shall be of as good Force and Effect to pardon and discharge all and singular the Premisses above mentioned and intended to be pardoned and discharged, as well against such Person or Persons, Bodies Politick and Corporate, as do or shall claim the same by or under any Letters Patents, or Lease or Grant by the Kings Majesty, or any his Predecessors, as against the Kings Majesty himself. Pardon as good against Patentee, as against the King.

Anno

Anno 7 GEORGII *Regis. Seſſ.* 7.

CAP. I.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for making ſeveral Proviſions to reſtore the Publick Credit, which ſuffers by the Frauds and Miſmanagements of the late Directors of the *South-Sea* Company, and others.

Preamble reciting the *South-Sea* Acts of the Sixth and Seventh of the King.

Whereas in and by an Act of Parliament of the Sixth Year of his Majeſties Reign [Intituled, An Act for enabling the *South-Sea* Company to increaſe their preſent Capital Stock and Fund, by Redeeming ſuch Publick Debts and Incumbrances as are therein mentioned; and for Raiſing Money to be applied for Leſſening ſeveral of the Publick Debts and Incumbrances; and for Calling in the preſent Exchequer Bills remaining uncancelled; and for making forth new Bills in lieu thereof, to be circulated and exchanged upon Demand at or near the Exchequer] It was Enacted, That the ſaid Company ſhould pay into the Receipt of his Majeſties Exchequer the Sum of Four millions one hundred fifty ſix thouſand three hundred and ſix Pounds, Four Shillings, and Eleven Pence, by ſuch Proportions, and at ſuch Times, as were thereby appointed for the Payment thereof; and ſuch further Sums to be computed after the Rate of Four Years and an Halfs Purchaſe, and ſuch further Sums to be computed after the Rate of One Years Purchaſe, as are therein mentioned, by Quarterly Payments, at ſuch Feaſt-Days as were thereby limited for Payment of the ſame; and in and by an Act of Parliament of the Seventh Year of his Majeſties Reign [Intituled, An Act to enable the *South-Sea* Company to ingraft part of their Capital Stock and Fund into the Stock and Fund of the Bank of *England*, and another part thereof into the Stock and Fund of the *Eaſt-India* Company; and for giving further Time for Payments to be made by the *South-Sea* Company, to the Uſe of the Publick] It is Provided, Declared, and Enacted, That the ſaid Company ſhall pay, and be obliged, by force and virtue of that Act, to pay into the Receipt of his Majeſties Exchequer the ſaid Sum of Four millions one hundred fifty ſix thouſand three hundred and ſix Pounds, Four Shillings, and Eleven Pence; and the ſaid ſeveral Sums after the Rate of Four Years and an Halfs Purchaſe, and One Years Purchaſe; and that the ſame ſhall be payable by ſuch Proportions, and at or by ſuch reſpective Days or Times of Payment, as are therein limited and appointed, and herein after mentioned, for the Payment thereof, and not otherwiſe; That is to ſay, One full and equal Fourth Part of the reſpective Sums, ſo payable, ſhall be paid on or before the Feaſt of the Annunciation of the Bleſſed Virgin Mary, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty two; One other full and equal Fourth part thereof, on or before the Feaſt of the Nativity of Saint John Baptiſt, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty two; One other full and equal Fourth part thereof, on or before the Feaſt of Saint Michael the Archangel, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty two; and the remaining full and equal Fourth part of the ſaid reſpective Sums, ſo payable, on or before the Feaſt of the Birth of Our Lord Chriſt, which ſhall be in the ſaid Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty two; and that the ſaid South-Sea Company, and their Stock and Funds, (except as therein is excepted) are and ſhall be ſubject and liable to the Payment of the ſaid ſeveral Sums at or before the ſaid reſpective Days and Times by the laſt mentioned Act appointed for the Payment thereof, without any Deduction, Defalcation, or Abatement whatſoever: And it is thereby further Enacted, That in caſe Default ſhall be made by the ſaid South-Sea

6 Com-

6 Geo. *cap.* 4.

7 Geo. *cap.* 5.

Company in the Payment of all or any Part or Parcel, Parts or Parcels, of the said several Sums of Four millions one hundred fifty six thousand three hundred and six Pounds, Four Shillings, and Eleven Pence, and of the said Sums to be paid after the Rate of Four Years and an halfs Purchase, and One Years Purchase, or any of them, at the respective Days or Times by that Act limited for the Payment thereof, then the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, or the Officers of the Exchequer for the time being, shall, and they respectively are thereby authorized, injoyned, and required, to cause the Money, whereof such Default in Payment shall be made, with Interest for the same, after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, (to be computed as is therein mentioned) to be stopt out of the Monies which, Weekly or otherwise, shall be payable to the said Company at the Exchequer, for or upon their Annuities or Yearly Funds (except as therein is excepted) and to cause the Principal and Interest so stopt, to be applied as is therein after directed in that behalf, as by the said several Acts of Parliament, Relation being thereunto respectively had, may more fully appear: And whereas by the many Frauds, Abuses, and Breaches of Trust, which were committed by the late Sub-Governor, Deputy-Governor, and Directors of the said Company, and others in Confederacy with them, or some of them, the said Company has suffered an immense Loss and Damage, and the Publick Credit (as well as the Credit of the said Company) hath been extremely reduced and disordered, contrary to the Purport and true Meaning of the Act of Parliament first above in part recited, whereby the said Company is become unable to comply with all the Payments required to be made by the Act of Parliament last in part before recited; and if their Capital Stock, and the Annuities and Yearly Funds payable in respect thereof, should continue subject and liable to all the said Payments, and to such Stoppages as are directed by the said Act last mentioned, the Credit of the said Company would be utterly impaired, and the Sufferings of the Members would be extremely increased: And whereas in regard to the Inability of the said Company, under the bad Circumstances to which the same is reduced; and to the Intent that the said Company may be obliged and better enabled to give some further Relief (as this Act directs) to the several Proprietors and Persons concerned in Interest in or with the said Company, in order to the Ascertaining and Settling their respective Properties and Interests, and the Re-establishing of the Publick Credit, and thereby Quieting the Minds of his Majesties Subjects; It is thought meet, that the said Sum of Four millions one hundred fifty six thousand three hundred and six Pounds, Four Shillings, and Eleven Pence, and the said several and respective Sums, which were intended to be computed after the said respective Rates of Four Years and an Halfs Purchase, and One Years Purchase, be remitted and discharged, so as from and after the Feast of the Nativity of Saint John Baptist, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, the Sum of Two millions Sterling, part of the Capital Stock which shall then belong to the said Company, be reduced and annihilated, and so as a proportionable part of their Annuities or Yearly Funds, in respect of the said Two millions, do from that time cease and determine for the Benefit of the Publick; Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Sum of Four millions one hundred fifty six thousand three hundred and six Pounds, Four Shillings, and Eleven Pence, and the said several and respective Sums, which were intended to be computed and paid after the said several and respective Rates of Four Years and an Halfs Purchase, and One Years Purchase, and all Actions, Suits, Executions, Demands, Stoppages,

From 24 *June*, 1722. the Sum of 4,156,306 *l.* 4 *s.* 11 *d.* and the Sums arising from the Four Years and an Half Purchase, and from the One Years Purchase, and all Actions, *&c.* released and discharged.

pages; Detentions, and other Remedies for recovering or obtaining the same, or any part thereof, are and shall, by force and virtue of this present Act, be and be deemed and adjudged to be remised, released, and for ever discharged.

After 24 June, 1722. Two millions of the S. S. Companies Capital Stock to be reduced and annihilated,

II. Provided always nevertheless, and it is hereby Enacted, That from and after the said Feast of the Nativity of Saint John Baptist, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, the full Sum of Two millions of Pounds Sterling, part of the Capital Stock which shall then belong to the said Company, shall, by force and virtue of this Act, be and be deemed and adjudged to be reduced, sunk, and annihilated for ever; and that a proportional part of their Annuities or Yearly Funds, payable at the Exchequer in respect of Two millions, shall, by force and virtue of this Act, from and after the said Feast of the Nativity of Saint John Baptist, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, be no longer payable, but shall from thenceforth for ever cease and determine for the Benefit of the Publick; any thing in the said recited Acts, or either of them, or any other Law, Statute, or Provision whatsoever, to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

and a proportional part of their Annuities, payable at the Exchequer, to cease for the Benefit of the Publick.

AN

Anno 8 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. II.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for continuing the Duties on Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, to raiſe Money by way of a Lottery, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred twenty two; and for transferring the Deficiencies of a late Malt-Act to the Land-Tax for the ſaid Year; and for giving Time for inſerting the Money given with Apprentices in their Indentures; and touching loſt Bills, Tickets, or Orders; and for exchanging the Tickets in the Exchequer for Certificates; and for ſuppreſſing Lotteries, Denominated Sales, and other Private Lotteries; and for enlarging the Time for the Accountant General of the Bank of *England* to return Duplicates of Annuities into the Exchequer.

Preamble.

MAy it pleaſe your moſt Excellent Majeſty, we your Majeſties moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament aſſembled, towards raiſing ſuch Supplies, as are neceſſary to defray your Majeſties Publick Expences, have freely and unanimouſly given and granted unto your Majeſty, the Rates, Duties, and Impoſitions herein after mentioned; and do moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty, that it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That within and throughout the whole Kingdom of Great Britain, the ſeveral and reſpective Rates, Duties, and Impoſitions, for and upon all Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, which, in and by one Act of Parliament made and paſſed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen Anne, of Bleſſed Memory, [Intituled, An Act for granting to her Majeſty Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and thirteen; and for making forth Duplicates of Lottery Tickets, loſt, burnt, or deſtroyed; and for enlarging the Time for adjuſting Claims in ſeveral Lottery Acts; and to puniſh the counterfeiting or forging of Lottery Orders; and for explaining a late Act in relation to Stamp-Duties on Cuſtomary Eſtates, which paſs by Deed and Copy] were granted to her Majeſty, or chargeable in manner therein mentioned, until the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen; and which, by an Act of Parliament made and paſſed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of her ſaid late Majeſty, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifteen; and which, by one Act made and paſſed in the First Year of his Majeſties Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen; and which, by another Act made and paſſed in the First Year of his Majeſties Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventeen; and which, by another Act made and paſſed in the Third Year of his Majeſties Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighteen; and which, by another Act made and paſſed in the Fourth Year of his Majeſties Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen; and which, by another Act made and paſſed in the Fifth Year of his Majeſties Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty; and which, by another Act made

Duties on Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry further continued to the 24 *June*, 1723.

12 A. *cap.* 2.

12 A. *cap.* 3.

1 Geo. *cap.* 2.

1 Geo. *cap.* 36.

3 Geo. *cap.* 4.

4 Geo. *cap.* 3.

5 Geo. *cap.* 2.

and paſſed in the Sixth Year of his Majeſties Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty one; and which, by another Act made and paſſed in the Seventh Year of his Majeſties Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty two, ſhall be further continued in like manner, and ſhall be, and are by this Act charged for and upon all Malt which ſhall be made, and all Rum which ſhall be made and imported, and all Cyder and Perry which ſhall be made for Sale within the Kingdom of Great Britain, from and after the Twenty third Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty two, and before the Twenty fourth Day of June, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty three; and ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected and paid unto his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, during the Term or Time aforeſaid, by the ſame Ways, Means, and Methods, and by ſuch Rules and Directions, and with ſuch Allowances and Repayments, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and with ſuch Power of Mitigation, and other Powers, and in ſuch Manner and Form, in all reſpects, as are preſcribed, mentioned, and expreſſed in the ſaid former Acts, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament thereby referred unto, or any of them, for or concerning the ſaid Duties, or any of them; and that the ſame Acts formerly made and paſſed, and the ſaid other Acts thereby referred unto, as to, for, and concerning the ſaid Duties upon Malt, Rum, Cyder, and Perry, and every Article, Rule, Clauſe, Matter, and Thing, in them, and every or any of them contained, or thereby referred to, and now being in Force, ſhall be of full Force and Effect, to all Intents and Purpoſes, for raiſing, levying, collecting, ſecuring, and accounting for the ſame Rates, Duties, and Impoſitions, hereby granted or continued, and for levying and recovering the Penalties and Forfeitures, and making any Mitigations and Allowances, and all other Matters and Things, during the Continuance of this Act, as fully as if the ſame were particularly and at large repeated in the Body of this preſent Act. 6 Geo. cap. 2. 7 Geo. cap. 21.

Duties to be raiſed as by the former Acts.

This Act to relate to the ſame Day and Time as the firſt mentioned Act.

II. And it is hereby Declared and Enacted, That in all Caſes where the ſaid firſt mentioned Act of the Twelfth Year of her ſaid late Majeſties Reign, did relate to any Day or Time within the Year, which commenced from the Twenty third Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and thirteen, this preſent Act doth and ſhall relate to the like Day or Time within the ſaid Year, commencing from the ſaid Twenty third Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty two.

Anno 8 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. IV.

An Act for taking off the Duty upon all Salt uſed in the Curing of Red Herrings, and laying a proportionable Duty upon all Red Herrings conſumed at Home only; and for aſcertaining the Cuſtoms and Exciſe payable for the Sugar-Houſes in *Scotland*; and for making an Allowance for Salt loſt in any Harbour or River of this Realm; and for the better ſecuring the Duties on Salt delivered in *Scotland*.

Preamble.

Whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Fifth Year of his preſent Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for recovering the Credit of the *Britiſh* Fiſhery in Foreign Parts; and for better ſecuring the Duties on Salt; It is Enacted, That all Curers of Fiſh ſhall be allowed to Import Foreign Salt, or take from any Salt-Works, or Salt-Pits, any ſuch Quantity of Britiſh Salt, where 5 Geo. cap. 18.

the ſame is allowed by Law, for Curing of Fiſh for Exportation, as they ſhall think proper for Curing of Fiſh for Foreign Markets, without paying any Duty to his Majeſty for the ſame, except the Cuſtoms payable upon the Importation thereof; in Conſequence whereof all Red Herrings ſpent within this Realm, are or ſhould be cured with Salt that has paid the Duties; but in regard the ſame are cured promiſcuouſly, it is difficult to diſtinguiſh them from ſuch as are intended to be Exported, whereby his Majeſty may be defrauded in his Revenue, without a proper Remedy for preventing the ſame; Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That at the Beginning of every Fiſhing Seaſon for Herrings, the Proprietor or Proprietors of the Salt, delivered Duty Free for the Curing of Herrings for Exportation, purſuant to the ſaid Act, or his or their Agent or Agents, ſhall, inſtead of the Oath required by the ſaid Act, make Oath in Writing before the Officer for the Duty on Salt, at the Office neareſt to the Place where the ſaid Salt is lodged (who is hereby impowered to adminiſter the ſame) declaring the Quantity of the Foreign or Britiſh Salt reſpectively lodged for Curing of Fiſh; and that all the ſaid Salt is intended for the Curing of Fiſh for Exportation only, and ſhall not by his or their Order, Conſent, or Connivance, directly or indirectly, be ſold, given away, or any way delivered, but for the Purpoſe aforeſaid; Except ſo much thereof as ſhall be uſed for Curing ſuch Red Herrings, as ſhall be entred with the Officer of the Place for Home Conſumption, and charged with the Duties by this Act chargeable thereupon.

At every Fiſhing Seaſon for Herrings, Proprietor, *&c.* inſtead of the Oath required by the Act 5 *Geo.* to make Oath of the Quantity of Salt intended for Curing Fiſh for Exportation.

Except *Salt* uſed for Curing Red Herrings for Home Conſumption.

II. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Maker or Curer of Red Herrings, from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty two, before he remove any Red Herrings (except for Exportation) from the Office or Place where the ſame ſhall be cured, ſhall, from time to time, make Entry thereof at the next Salt-Office, and ſhall pay to his Majeſty, his Heirs, and Succeſſors, a Duty of One Shilling and Eight Pence for every Thouſand of Red Herrings ſo to be removed, and ſo in Proportion for a greater or leſſer Quantity: And that in caſe ſuch Red Herrings ſhall be packed or put up in Casks, then the Number of Herrings in each Cask ſhall be marked on the Head thereof; and upon Entry, and Payment of the Duty, and Marking each Cask, as aforeſaid, a Permit ſhall be given gratis by the Salt-Officer, expreſſing the Number of Red Herrings, for which the Duties ſhall be paid, as aforeſaid, and the Marks and Numbers of ſuch Casks, and for what Place the ſame are intended, and whether to be ſent by Land or Water Carriage, on Pain of Forfeiting all the Red Herrings that ſhall be removed or carried away before Entry be made, and the Duty paid, and without the Casks being marked, and Permit obtained, as aforeſaid, and of the Cask or Veſſel in which ſuch Herrings ſhall be found, and alſo the Sum of Forty Shillings for every Thouſand of Red Herrings ſo removed, and ſo in Proportion for a greater or leſſer Quantity, to be recovered from the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall ſo remove or carry away the ſame; One Moiety thereof to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to the Officer or Officers, who ſhall ſeize, ſue, or inform for the ſame, to be ſued for, recovered, and levied, in ſuch Manner and Form, and with ſuch Power of Mitigation, as any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture, may be ſued for, recovered, levied, and mitigated, by any Law of Exciſe, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſties Courts of Record at Weſtminſter, and all and every Officer and Officers of his Majeſties Cuſtoms, Exciſe, or Duties upon Salt, are hereby authorized and impowered to ſeize all ſuch Red Herrings, ſo removed or carried before Entry and Payment of Duty, and all other things performed, as aforeſaid, and the ſaid Cask or Veſſels wherein they ſhall be found.

Curer of Red Herrings, after 25 *March*, 1722. before he remove them (except for Exportation) to make Entry, and pay 1 *s.* 8 *d.* for every Thouſand.

Casks to be marked.

Upon Entry, *&c.* Permit to be given *gratis*.

Penalty on Removal before Entry, *&c.*

Moiety to the King, Moiety to the Officer informing.

Officer to ſeize Red Herrings removed before Entry, *&c.*

Proprietor of Salt, &c. to express the Quantity of Red Herrings entred for Home Consumption.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Proprietor or Proprietors of the Salt delivered Duty Free, for Curing Red Herrings for Exportation, his or their Agent or Agents, shall, in the Account which after the End of every Fishing Season they are to deliver in Writing into the Salt-Office, containing the Quantity of Fish exported or entred, and shipped to be exported, on which the Salt taken away after its Delivery into the sole Custody of the said Proprietor or Proprietors, his or their Agent or Agents, has been used or consumed, as by the former Law is directed (and under the Penalties thereby prescribed) express also the Quantity of Red Herrings entred for Home Consumption, on which such Salt has been used or consumed.

IV. And whereas by the aforesaid Act in the Fifth Year of his Majesties Reign, the Proprietor or Proprietors of Salt delivered Duty Free, for the Curing of Fish for Exportation, are required at the End of every Fishing Season, to deliver an Account in Writing into the Salt-Office, containing the Quantity of Fish exported or entred, and shipped to be exported, on which the Salt taken away after its Delivery into the sole Custody of the said Proprietor or Proprietors, his or their Agent or Agents, has been used or consumed, together with a Certificate or Certificates by the proper Officers of the several Ports, where the said Fish were shipped for Exportation, verifying the said Account: And whereas it may happen that such Fish may never be exported, for want of an Opportunity to ship them while they are Good and Merchantable, so that the Proprietors of the Salt can have no such Certificate as is by the said Act required; Be it therefore Enacted, That in such Case, the Owner of the Fish may cause them to be destroyed in the Presence of an Officer of the Salt-Duties; and the Officers Certificate that such Fish were destroyed in his Presence, shall be admitted to verifie the Account of the Proprietor of the Salt used in Curing them, instead of the Officers Certificate that they were shipped for Exportation, required by the said Act.

Owner of Fish may cause them to be destroyed in Presence of Officer, whose Certificate shall be admitted instead of Certificate of Exportation, required by the Act 5 Geo. cap. 4.

V. Provided always, and it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case the Duties of Excise on Salt (which now amount to Three Shillings and Four Pence per Bushel on home made Salt, and Six Shillings and Eight Pence per Bushel on Foreign Salt) or any of them, shall cease, determine, or be redeemed by Parliament, then the Rate or Duty of One Shilling and Eight Pence per Thousand hereby imposed upon Red Herrings, shall cease to be lessened, in Proportion to the Duties on Salt that shall so cease, determine, or be redeemed; Any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Duty of 1 s. 8 d. per Thousand upon Red Herrings shall cease to be lessened, in Proportion to Duties on Salt.

VI. And whereas by Act of Parliament made in the First Year of his present Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for raising Nine hundred and ten thousand Pounds for Publick Services, by Sale of Annuities, after the Rate of Five Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, redeemable by Parliament; and to authorize a Treaty concerning Private Rights claimed by the Proprietors of the Sugar-Houses in *Scotland*, It was (inter alia) Enacted, That the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer for the time being, should be, and they were thereby impowered to treat with the Proprietors of the Sugar-Houses in Scotland, for such Sum or Sums of Money as might be a reasonable Satisfaction for such Private Rights of Exemption from Custom and Excise, to which the said Proprietors were entitled: And whereas the said Proprietors of the Four Sugar-Houses in Scotland, commonly called the Easter, Wester, and South Sugar-houses of Glasgow, and the Sugar-House of Leith, in pursuance of the said Act of Parliament, and in Consideration of their being released and discharged of and from all Claim and Demand which the Crown might have upon them for Custom or Excise pretended to be due by them, have proposed to surrender and disclaim all Right, Title, and Privilege, which they either had, or pretend to have, to any Exemption from Custom or Excise; which Proposition appearing to be just and reasonable, and tending to settle the Trade upon the same Foot in

1 Geo. cap. 19.

Scotland, as it is in England; Therefore be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, the said Proprietors shall be subject and liable to pay for their Sugars, and other Commodities, the same and such like Duties of Custom and Excise, as any other of his Majesties Subjects are liable to pay by the Acts of Parliament now in Force; Any Right or pretended Right in the said Proprietors to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Proprietors of Sugars in *Scotland* to pay the like Duties as other Subjects.

VII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Conditional Bonds, or other Securities whatsoever, which, on or before the said Five and twentieth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, have been entred into by the said Proprietors, or either of them, for Payment or Security of any Duties of Custom or Excise, pretended to be due or payable by the said Proprietors, or either of them, as Proprietors of the said Sugar-houses, for which they claimed Exemptions, and for which such Bonds or Securities were given, as aforesaid, be, and the same are hereby declared to be void, and of no Force or Effect; and the proper Officer, in whose Power or Custody such Bond or Security is or shall be, is hereby authorized and required to deliver up the same to be cancelled.

Conditional Bonds for Payment of Duties before 25 *March* 1722. void.

VIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Proprietors, their Executors and Administrators, and every of them, shall be and are hereby discharged, released, and indemnified from the Payment of any Duty of Custom and Excise due, or pretended to be due, from them, as Proprietors of the said Sugar-Houses, and for which they claimed such Exemption, as aforesaid, before the said Five and twentieth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two.

Proprietors discharged.

IX. And whereas by an Act passed in the Fifth Year of his Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for recovering the Credit of the *British* Fishery in Foreign Parts; and for the better securing the Duties on Salt, Directions are given, that at the End of every Fishing Season, the Officers for the Duty on Salt shall take a particular Account of the Quantity of Foreign and British Salt respectively remaining in Hand, which remaining Salt shall be immediately locked up in the Joint Custody of the said Officer, and Proprietor or Proprietors, his or their Agent or Agents; and the Proprietor or Proprietors, his or their Agent or Agents, of the said Salt, using the said Salt, as aforesaid, shall, as soon as possible, after the End of every Fishing Season, deliver an Account in Writing into the Office for the Duty on Salt, containing the Quantity of Fish exported or entred, and shipped to be exported, on which the Salt taken away after its Delivery into the sole Custody of the said Proprietor or Proprietors, his or their Agent or Agents, has been used and consumed, together with a Certificate or Certificates by the proper Officer of the several Ports where the said Fish were shipped for Exportation; which said Account delivered into the said Office, as aforesaid, shall be affirmed by the Oath of the said Proprietor or Proprietors, using the said Salt, as aforesaid, or his or their Agent or Agents, who have used the same; and such Proprietor or Proprietors, or other Persons concerned, who shall for the space of Six Months after the End of every Fishing Season, neglect or refuse to deliver such Account attested upon Oath, as aforesaid, such Proprietor or Proprietors, and such other Person or Persons, as aforesaid, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit Forty Pounds: And whereas some Doubts have arisen touching the Periods of the several Fishing Seasons, and that for the Want of ascertaining the Time when the Accounts aforesaid were to be delivered to the proper Officers, the Merchants Exporters of Fish have in many Places neglected to account for the Salt received by them Duty Free, under Pretence that the Fishing Seasons have no End: For Remedy whereof, and for the better Securing of his Majesties Revenues, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all such Quantities of Foreign or British Salt, as have been deli-

Recital of part of the Act 5 *Geo.* cap. 18.

Times of Delivering Accounts to Officers ascertained.

delivered Duty Free, into the ſole Cuſtody of any Perſon whatſoever, for the Curing of Fiſh for Foreign Markets, ſince the Four and twentieth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen, and before the Five and twentieth Day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty two, and which ſhall not be accounted for as the ſaid Act directs, on or before the Five and twentieth Day of March, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty two, ſhall be accounted for as the ſaid Act directs, on or before the Four and twentieth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty two, under the Penalty of Ten Shillings per Buſhel, to be recovered of the Proprietor or Proprietors, Perſon or Perſons, to whom, or for whoſe Uſe or Account the ſaid Salt was delivered, for every Buſhel ſo delivered to, or received by them Duty Free, for the Curing of Fiſh for Foreign Markets.

Penalty.

Salt delivered Duty Free, to be accounted for Yearly after 25 *March*, 1722. &c.

X. And for the more regular Accounting for ſuch Salt as ſhall be delivered Duty Free, for the Curing of Fiſh for Foreign Markets, after the Five and twentieth Day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty two, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all ſuch Quantities of Foreign or Britiſh Salt, as ſhall be ſo delivered after the ſaid Five and twentieth Day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty two, ſhall be accounted for Yearly, as the aforeſaid Act directs, within Three Months after the Expiration of each Year; and every Perſon or Perſons, who ſhall receive into his or their ſole Cuſtody any Quantity of Foreign or Britiſh Salt Duty Free, for Curing of Fiſh for Foreign Markets, that ſhall neglect or refuſe to weigh over to the proper Officer what of that Salt ſhall remain in his or their Hands, or ſhall neglect or refuſe to deliver to the proper Officers Yearly, within Three Months after the Expiration of each reſpective Year, ſuch Accounts of the Salt received, as aforeſaid, and of the Fiſh cured therewith, and exported as the Act directs, together with a Certificate or Certificates by the proper Officers of the ſeveral Ports where the ſaid Fiſh was ſhipped for Exportation, verifying the ſaid Account (which Certificates the ſaid Officers are hereby required to give gratis, and without Delay) ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and loſe Ten Shillings per Buſhel, to be recovered of the Proprietor or Proprietors, Perſon or Perſons, to whom, or for whoſe Uſe or Account the ſaid Salt was delivered, for every Buſhel ſo delivered to, or received by them; One Moiety of all which Penalties aforeſaid to be to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to the Officer or Officers who ſhall ſue or inform for the ſame, to be ſued for, recovered, and levied, in ſuch Manner and Form, and with ſuch Power of Mitigation, as any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture may be ſued for, recovered, levied, and mitigated, by any Law of Exciſe, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſties Courts of Record at Weſtminſter, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection, or Wager of Law, ſhall be allowed.

Penalty on Neglect of Delivery of Accounts of Salt received, &c. of Fiſh cured, and exported.

XI. And whereas by Storms and Violent Rages of the Tides from Sea, into ſeveral Ports and Harbours of this Realm of England, divers Ships, Barges, and Lighter-Boats, laden with Salt, for which the Duty and Exciſe charged thereon were duly paid, have been ſtranded, overſet, ſunk, and caſt away, within the Bounds and Limits of the ſame Ports and Harbours, before the ſame Salt, or any Part thereof, have been landed or delivered on Shore, whereby the ſaid Salt hath periſhed and been wholly loſt, and many of his Majeſties good Subjects, Owners of ſuch Salt, have ſuſtained great and heavy Damages thereby, for which no Relief or Redreſs in reſpect to the ſaid Duty and Exciſe have hitherto been provided: And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Second Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen Anne, Intituled, An Act for the better ſecuring and regulating the Duties of Salt; It is, among other things, Provided and Enacted, That in ſuch Caſes, where any Salt, for which the

2 A. *cap.* 14

ſaid Duty hath been paid, ſhall by Violent or Stormy Weather be loſt at Sea, any Merchants, or other Perſons, Owners of the ſaid Salt, being Subjects of this Realm, ſhall, upon due Proof made thereof before ſuch Juſtices at ſuch times, and in ſuch manner, and with ſuch Reſtrictions as in the ſame Act are ſet forth, ſhall receive Certificate of ſuch Proof as is therein directed, upon producing thereof to any the Officers appointed to collect the Duties on Salt, the ſaid Officer or Officers ſhall let ſuch Perſons buy the like Quantity of Salt, as is expreſſed in ſuch Certificate to be loſt, without paying any Duty or Exciſe for the ſame, as in and by the ſaid Act is expreſſed; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every ſuch Merchants, and others, as aforeſaid, who ſhall be Owners of any Salt, which after due Payment of the ſaid Duty, ſhall periſh or be loſt in any of the Ports or Harbours, or Rivers of this Realm, by Storms or Rages of the Tides from Sea, or otherwiſe, as aforeſaid, ſhall, upon ſuch Proofs to be made thereof, in all Points, and in manner as by the ſaid recited Act is directed, ſhall be entitled to ſuch Certificate, and thereupon to ſuch Right and Privilege in all Reſpects, as any Owners of the like Salt loſt at Sea in the like Caſe, are entitled to by virtue of the ſaid Act; Any former Law or Statute to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Relief for Salt periſhed, or loſt by Storms, in any Harbour or River of this Realm.

Anno 8 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. VI.

An Act for granting the People called *Quakers*, ſuch Forms of Affirmation or Declaration, as may remove the Difficulties which many of them lie under.

Whereas, for giving ſome Eaſe to Scrupulous Conſciences, an Act was made in the Firſt Year of the Reign of their late Majeſties King William and Queen Mary, Intituled, An Act for Exempting their Majeſties Proteſtant Subjects, Diſſenting from the Church of *England*, from the Penalties of certain Laws, whereby (among other things) a Declaration of Fidelity in the Form therein expreſſed, is appointed to be made and ſubſcribed by certain Perſons, Diſſenters from the Church of England, who ſcruple the taking of any Oath: And whereas an Act was made in the Seventh and Eighth Years of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty King William the Third, Intituled, An Act that the Solemn Affirmation and Declaration of the People called *Quakers*, ſhall be accepted inſtead of an Oath in the uſual Form, under the Proviſoes therein mentioned; which Act being at firſt Temporary, was afterwards farther continued by an Act made in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty; and the ſame Act is made Perpetual by an Act made in the Firſt Year of his preſent Majeſties Reign; by which laſt mentioned Act a Form, importing the Effect of the Abjuration Oath, is preſcribed to be taken by the ſaid People called Quakers: And whereas the Inconveniencies to the ſaid People called Quakers, and their Families, and to others requiring their Teſtimony, in many Caſes are not ſufficiently avoided by reaſon of Difficulties among the ſaid Quakers, relating to the Forms of the Declaration, Affirmation, and Abjuration before mentioned, as the ſame are now preſcribed: And whereas it is evident, that the ſaid People called Quakers, have not abuſed the Liberty and Indulgence allowed to them by Law; and they have given Teſtimony of their Fidelity and Affection to his Majeſty, and the Settlement of the Crown in the Proteſtant Line; and it is reaſonable to give them farther Eaſe and Relief: May it therefore pleaſe your moſt Excellent Majeſty, That it may be Enacted, and be it Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Ad-

1 W. & M. cap. 18.

7 & 8 W. 3. cap. 34.

Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That in all Caſes where by the Law any Quaker is or ſhall be required or permitted to make and ſubſcribe the Declaration of Fidelity in the Form preſcribed by the ſaid firſt mentioned Act, or to make the Solemn Affirmation or Declaration in the Form preſcribed by the ſaid Act of the Seventh and Eighth Years of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty King William the Third, or to take the Effect of the Abjuration Oath in the Form preſcribed by the ſaid Act of the Firſt Year of his preſent Majeſties Reign, every ſuch Quaker ſhall, inſtead of ſuch firſt mentioned Declaration of Fidelity, make and ſubſcribe a Declaration of Fidelity in the following Words, viz.

Form of the Declaration of Fidelity altered.

I *A. B.* do ſolemnly and ſincerely Promiſe and Declare, That I will be True and Faithful to King *George*; and do ſolemnly, ſincerely, and truly Profeſs, Teſtifie, and Declare, that I do from my Heart Abhor, Deteſt, and Renounce, as Impious and Heretical, that wicked Doctrine and Poſition, That Princes Excommunicated or Deprived by the Pope, or any Authority of the See of *Rome*, may be Depoſed or Murthered by their Subjects, or any other whatſoever. And I do Declare, that no Foreign Prince, Perſon, Prelate, State, or Potentate, hath, or ought to have, any Power, Juriſdiction, Superiority, Preheminence, or Authority, Eccleſiaſtical or Spiritual, within this Realm.

The Form of the Affirmation altered.

II. And inſtead of the Solemn Affirmation or Declaration in the Form preſcribed by the ſaid Act of the Seventh and Eighth Years of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty King William the Third, every ſuch Quaker ſhall make the Solemn Declaration or Affirmation following, viz.

I *A. B.* do ſolemnly, ſincerely, and truly Declare and Affirm.

The Form for the Effect of the Abjuration Oath altered.

III. And inſtead of the Form preſcribed by the ſaid Act of the Firſt Year of his preſent Majeſties Reign, for the Effect of the Abjuration Oath, every ſuch Quaker ſhall take the Effect thereof in the following Words, viz.

I *A. B.* do ſolemnly, ſincerely, and truly Acknowledge, Profeſs, Teſtifie, and Declare, That King *George* is Lawful and Rightful King of this Realm, and of all other his Dominions and Countries thereunto belonging. And I do ſolemnly and ſincerely Declare, That I do believe the Perſon pretended to be the Prince of *Wales*, during the Life of the late King *James*, and ſince his Deceaſe, pretending to be, and taking upon himſelf the Stile and Title of King of *England*, by the Name of *James* the Third, or of *Scotland*, by the Name of *James* the Eighth, or the Stile and Title of King of *Great Britain*, hath not any Right or Title whatſoever to the Crown of this Realm, nor any other the Dominions thereunto belonging; and I do Renounce and Refuſe any Allegiance or Obedience to him. And I do ſolemnly Promiſe, That I will be True and Faithful, and bear true Allegiance to King *George*, and to him will be Faithful againſt all Traiterous Conſpiracies and Attempts whatſoever, which ſhall be made againſt his Perſon, Crown, or Dignity. And I will do my beſt Endeavour to Diſcloſe and make Known to King *George*, and his Succeſſors, all Treaſons and Traiterous Conſpiracies which I ſhall know to be made againſt Him, or any of Them. And I will be True and Faithful to the Succeſſion of the Crown againſt him the ſaid *James*, and all other Perſons whatſoever, as the ſame is and ſtands Settled by an Act, Intituled, *An Act Declaring the Rights and Liberties of the Subject, and Settling the Succeſſion of the Crown*, to the late Queen *Anne*, and the Heirs of her Body, being Proteſtants; and as the ſame, by one other Act, Intituled, *An Act for the further Limitation of the Crown, and better Securing the Rights and Liberties of the Subject*, is and ſtands Settled and Intailed, after the Deceaſe of the ſaid late Queen, and for Default of Iſſue of the ſaid late Queen, to the late Princeſs *Sophia*, Electoreſs and Dutcheſs Dowager of *Hanover*, and the Heirs of her Body, being Proteſtants.

And all theſe things I do plainly and ſincerely Acknowledge, Promiſe, and Declare, according to theſe expreſs Words by me ſpoken, and according to the plain and common Senſe and Underſtanding of the ſame Words, without any Equivocation, Mental Evaſion, or Secret Reſervation whatſoever. And I do make this Recognition, Acknowledgment, Renunciation, and Promiſe, heartily, willingly, and truly.

IV. And all Perſons authoꝛized oꝛ required to adminiſter oꝛ tender either the ſaid foꝛmer Declaration of Fidelity, oꝛ the ſaid foꝛmer Solemn Affirmation oꝛ Declaration, oꝛ the foꝛmer Effect of the Abjuration Oath afoꝛeſaid, ſhall be and are hereby authoꝛized and required to adminiſter and tender the ſame reſpectively to the ſaid People called Quakers, in the Woꝛds by this Act reſpectively appointed. Who ſhall adminiſter the ſame.

V. And be it further Enacted by the Authoꝛity afoꝛeſaid, That the Declaration of Fidelity, and Solemn Affirmation oꝛ Declaration, and the Effect of the Abjuration Oath, appointed by this Act foꝛ the ſaid People called Quakers, inſtead of the reſpective Foꝛms preſcribed foꝛ the ſame by the ſaid recited Acts, ſhall reſpectively be adjudged and taken to be of ſuch and the ſame Foꝛce and Effect, and no other, to all Intents and Purpoſes, in all Courts of Juſtice and elſewhere, as if ſuch Quaker had made and ſubſcribed the Declaration of Fidelity, oꝛ had made the Solemn Affirmation oꝛ Declaration, oꝛ had taken the Effect of the Abjuration Oath, in the reſpective Foꝛms appointed by the ſaid recited Acts: And if any Perſon making ſuch Affirmation oꝛ Declaration, as is appointed by this Act to be made, inſtead of the Affirmation oꝛ Declaration in the Foꝛm preſcribed by the befoꝛe mentioned Act of the Seventh and Eighth Years of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty King William the Third, ſhall be lawfully convicted of Wilful, Falſe, and Coꝛrupt Affirming oꝛ Declaring any Matter oꝛ Thing, which, if ſwoꝛn in the common oꝛ uſual Foꝛm, would have amounted to Wilful and Coꝛrupt Perjury, every ſuch Perſon ſo offending, ſhall incur and ſuffer ſuch and the ſame Pains, Penalties, and Foꝛfeitures, as are inflicted oꝛ enacted by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm againſt Perſons convicted of Wilful and Coꝛrupt Perjury. The Declaration, &c. by this Act to be of the ſame Force as the former. Perſons guilty of Corrupt Affirming, &c. to ſuffer as if guilty of Corrupt Perjury. 7 & 8 W. 3. cap. 34.

VI. Provided always, That all Clauſes, Proviſoes, and Exceptions, contained in the ſaid recited Acts, oꝛ any of them, not hereby expreſly altered oꝛ repealed, ſhall be of ſuch and the ſame Foꝛce and Effect, as they were befoꝛe the making of this Act. All Clauſes in the former Act to be in Force if not Repealed by this.

Anno 8 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. VIII.

An Act to enable his Majeſty effectually to prohibit Commerce (for the ſpace of One Year) with any Country that is or ſhall be infected with the Plague; and for ſhoꝛtning the Continuance of an Act paſſed in the Seventh Year of his Majeſties Reign, Intituled, *An Act for repealing an Act made in the Ninth Year of her late Majeſty Queen* Anne, Intituled, *An Act to oblige Ships coming from Places infected, more effectually to perform their Quarentine; and for the better preventing the Plague being brought from Foreign Parts into* Great Britain *oꝛ* Ireland, *oꝛ Iſles of* Guernſey, Alderney, Sark, *oꝛ* Man; *and to hinder the ſpreading of Infection.*

Whereas ſeveral Places in Foꝛeign Parts, having foꝛ ſome time paſt been, and ſtill continuing to be viſited with the Plague, it may be judged neceſſary by his Majeſty, foꝛ ſecuring his Kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland, and the Dominions Preamble.

thereunto belonging, from so dreadful a Calamity, to prohibit or restrain the Commerce between his Majesties Subjects and those of any other Country or Place, which is or shall be infected with the Plague: And whereas it will be requisite to enforce such Prohibition or Restraint by severe Penalties; Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Kings Majesty (in whose great Wisdom and Care for the Preservation of his People, they do, under the Divine Protection, confide) by One or more Proclamation or Proclamations to be issued at any time or times before the Twelfth Day of December, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, under the Great Seal of Great Britain, to prohibit or forbid all and every Person and Persons to visit, go to, or frequent any Kingdom, Country, or Place, which is or shall be infected with the Plague; and also to prohibit or forbid all and every Person and Persons, Bodies Politick and Corporate whatsoever, to ship, export, carry, or send, or cause or procure to be shipped, exported, carried, or sent, directly or indirectly, from or out of the Kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland, and any the Dominions thereunto belonging, unto any Kingdom, Country, or Place, which is or shall be infected with the Plague, to be specified in such Proclamation or Proclamations, any Goods, Wares, Commodities, or Merchandizes whatsoever, for and during such time and times, before or until the Five and twentieth Day of March, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty three, as shall be specified in such Proclamation or Proclamations, under the Penalties herein after mentioned, and in such Manner and Form, and under such Regulations, as in and by such Proclamation and Proclamations respectively, shall be prescribed.

The King by Proclamation before 12 *Dec.* 1722. may forbid all Persons to go to Places infected,

or to export any Goods to such Places,

for any time till 25 *March*, 1723.

II. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Kings Majesty, by the same, or any other Proclamation or Proclamations, to be issued at any time or times before the said Twelfth Day of December, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, under the said Great Seal, to prohibit or forbid all and every Person and Persons whatsoever, to come or pass from any Kingdom, Country, or Place, which is or shall be infected with the Plague, to be specified in such Proclamation or Proclamations, into the Kingdoms of Great Britain or Ireland, or the Dominions thereunto belonging, or any of them; and also to prohibit or forbid all and every Person and Persons, Bodies Politick and Corporate whatsoever, to import or bring, or cause or procure to be imported or brought, directly or indirectly, into Great Britain or Ireland, or any the Dominions thereunto belonging, any Goods, Wares, Commodities, or Merchandizes whatsoever, from any Kingdom, Country, or Place, that is or shall be infected with the Plague, to be specified in such Proclamation or Proclamations, for and during such time and times, before or until the said Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred twenty three, as shall be specified in such Proclamation or Proclamations, under the Penalties herein after mentioned, and in such Manner and Form, and under such Regulations, as in and by such Proclamation or Proclamations respectively, shall be prescribed.

The King may by Proclamation, also forbid all Persons to come from Places infected,

or to import any Goods from such Places,

for any time till 25 *March*, 1723.

III. And be it further Enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every the Goods, Wares, Commodities, and Merchandizes, which shall be exported, or shipped for Exportation, contrary to the Tenor and true Meaning of such Proclamation or Proclamations, and of this Act, and the Ships or Vessels upon which they shall be so exported, or shipped for Exportation, and all the Tackle, Furniture, and Apparel thereof, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized wheresoever they can be found; and such Seizures shall and may be sued for, prosecuted, and recovered, by the same Ways and Means, and by such Rules and Remedies, and

All Goods exported contrary to such Proclamation, and this Act, and the Ships, Tackle, &c. forfeited,

and may be sued for as Goods, for unlawful Importation, &c.

in such Manner, as any Goods seized for unlawful Importation or Exportation, shall and may be sued for and recovered: And moreover, that all and every such Person and Persons, who shall have exported, or shipped for Exportation, or caused to be exported, or shipped for Exportation, any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes, contrary to the Tenor and true Meaning of any such Proclamation, and of this Act, shall forfeit double the Value thereof, to be ascertained and recovered as the Value of any uncustomed or prohibited Goods is by Law to be ascertained and recovered.

Exporter also to forfeit Double the Value.

IV. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if at any time or times, after the issuing and publishing such Proclamation or Proclamations respectively, as aforesaid, any Person or Persons shall visit, go to, or frequent any Kingdom, Country, or Place, which is or shall be infected with the Plague, contrary to the Tenor and true Meaning of such Proclamation or Proclamations, and of this Act; then and in every such case the Person or Persons so offending, shall incur and suffer such Pains, Penalties, and Forfeitures, as were ordained and provided by the Statute of Provision and Præmunire, made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of King Richard the Second; And that if at any time or times aforesaid, any Ship or Vessel, Person or Persons, coming from any Kingdom, Country, or Place, which is or shall be infected with the Plague, shall attempt to enter any Port or Place within the Kingdom of Great Britain or Ireland, or any of the Dominions thereunto belonging, contrary to the Tenor and true Meaning of such Proclamation or Proclamations, and of this Act; It shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons whatsoever, and they are hereby required to resist and oppose the Entrance of such Ship or Vessel, Person or Persons, into such Port or Place, and the Landing of any Goods or Merchandizes out of such Ship or Vessel, or to oblige such Ship or Vessel, Person or Persons, to depart out of the same, and to use all necessary Means for the Purposes aforesaid, be it by Firing of Guns upon such Ship or Vessel, Person or Persons, or any other kind of Force whatsoever: And in case any such Ship or Vessel, Person or Persons, coming from any Kingdom, Country, or Place infected, as aforesaid, to be specified in such Proclamation or Proclamations, or any Goods or Merchandizes brought on board the same, shall actually enter or be landed in any such Port or Place, as aforesaid, contrary to the Tenor and true Meaning of such Proclamation or Proclamations, and of this Act, every such Person so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and suffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy; and such Ship or Vessel, Goods or Merchandizes, so actually entring into, or being landed in any such Port or Place, contrary to the Tenor and true Meaning of any such Proclamation, and of this Act, shall be forfeited; and also it shall and may be lawful for his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by his or their Order in Council, to direct, authorize, and impower any Person or Persons whatsoever, to burn or destroy, or cause to be burnt or destroyed, such Ship or Vessel, and the Tackle, Apparel, and Furniture thereof, and Cargo on board the same, and also such Goods and Merchandizes so landed, as aforesaid: And moreover, that all and every Person and Persons, who shall have caused and procured any such Goods or Merchandizes to be imported contrary to the Tenor and true Meaning of any such Proclamation, and of this Act, shall forfeit treble the Value thereof, to be ascertained and recovered, as the Value of any uncustomed or prohibited Goods is by Law to be ascertained and recovered.

After such Proclamation, Persons going to or to Places infected, incur a *Præmunire*.

16 Rich. 2. cap. 5.

Ship or Person coming from such Places, and attempting to enter any of our Ports, any Persons may oppose their Entrance, or landing of Goods, or oblige them to depart, by any kind of Force.

Ship, Goods, or Persons, coming from such Places, entring any Port, or landing Goods, the Offender to suffer Death as a Felon,

and the Ship and Cargo forfeited,

and may by His Majesty's Order be burnt,

Importer to forfeit Treble the Value.

V. And it is hereby Enacted, That Two third Parts of all and every the said Penalties and Forfeitures to be sued for and recovered by virtue of this Act, shall be to the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the Charges of Prosecution and Recovery being born by his Majesty, and the other Third Part to the Use of him or them, who shall seize, inform, or sue for the same.

⅔ of the Penalties to go to the King, he bearing the Charge of Prosecution, the other to the Informer.

The Act 7 Geo. cap. 3. to continue no longer than till 25 March, 1723.

VI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That an Act passed in the Seventh Year of his present Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for repealing an Act made in the Ninth Year of her late Majesty Queen *Anne*, Intituled, *An Act to oblige Ships coming from Places infected, more effectually to perform their Quarentine*; And for the better preventing the Plague being brought from Foreign Parts into *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, or Isles of *Guernsey*, *Jersey*, *Alderney*, *Sark*, or *Man*; and to hinder the spreading of Infection, or any thing therein contained, shall not continue in Force any longer than until the said Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred twenty three; Any thing in the said Act contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Anno 8 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. X.

An Act for Repealing such Clauses in the Act passed in the Seventh Year of his Majesties Reign (relating to Quarentine and the Plague) as give Power to remove Persons from their Habitations, or to make Lines about Places infected.

Preamble reciting several Clauses in the Act 7 Geo. cap. 3. relating to Quarentine.

Whereas by an Act passed in the Seventh Year of the Reign of his present Majesty [Intituled, An Act for Repealing an Act made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of her late Majesty Queen *Anne*, Intituled, *An Act to oblige Ships coming from Places infected, more effectually to perform their Quarentine*; and for the better preventing the Plague being brought from Foreign Parts into *Great Britain*, or *Ireland*, or the Isles of *Guernsey*, *Jersey*, *Alderney*, *Sark*, or *Man*; and to hinder the spreading of Infection] It is, amongst other things, Enacted, That if any Person infected with the Plague, or obliged to perform Quarentine, shall wilfully refuse or neglect to repair within convenient Time, after due Notice for that Purpose given to him, her, or them, by the proper Officer, to the Ship, House, Lazaret, or other Place, duly appointed for him, her, or them, or having been placed in such Ship, House, Lazaret, or other Place, shall escape, or attempt to escape out of the same, whilst he, she, or they shall continue infected, or before Quarentine fully performed respectively, It shall and may be lawful to and for the Watchmen, and other Persons appointed to see Quarentine performed, by any kind of Violence that the Case shall require, to compel every such Person so refusing or neglecting, as aforesaid; and every such Person so escaping, or attempting to escape, as aforesaid, to repair or return unto such Ship, House, Lazaret, or other Place so appointed for him or her, as aforesaid; and every such Person so refusing or neglecting to repair within convenient Time, after such Notice, as aforesaid, into such Ship, House, Lazaret, or other Place appointed for him or her, as aforesaid, and also every Person actually escaping, as aforesaid, shall be adjudged Guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy: And it is by the said recited Act also further Enacted, That if at any time or times hereafter, any City, Town, or Place within Great Britain, or Ireland, shall be infected with the Plague, It shall and may be lawful to and for his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to cause One or more Line or Lines, Trench or Trenches, to be cast up or made about such infected City, Town, or Place, at a convenient Distance from the same, in order to cut off the Communication between such infected City, Town, or Place, and the rest of the Country; and to prohibit all Persons, Goods, and Merchandizes whatsoever, to enter, pass, or be carried over such Lines or Trenches, unless in such Cases, and by such proper Licence, and subject to such Regulations and Restrictions for Performance of Quarentine, as shall be directed or permitted by any Order or Orders made, or to be made by his Majesty, his Heirs or

Succeſſors, in Council, and notified by Proclamation; and in caſe any Perſon or Perſons, being within ſuch Lines or Trenches, or any of them, ſhall, during the time of ſuch Infection, preſume or attempt to come out of the ſame, unleſs in ſuch Caſes, and by ſuch proper Licence, and ſubject to ſuch Regulations and Reſtrictions for Performance of Quarentine, as ſhall be directed or permitted by ſuch Order or Orders made or to be made, and notified, as aforeſaid, It ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Watchmen, or Perſons appointed to guard or ſecure ſuch Lines or Trenches, or any of them, by any kind of Violence that the Caſe ſhall require, to compel all and every ſuch Perſon and Perſons to return back within ſuch Lines or Trenches; and in caſe any Perſon ſhall actually come out of ſuch Lines or Trenches, or any of them (unleſs in ſuch Caſes, and by ſuch proper Licence, and ſubject to ſuch Regulations and Reſtrictions, as aforeſaid) every ſuch Perſon ſhall be adjudged Guilty of Felony, and ſuffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy: And whereas the Execution of the Powers, and Authorities mentioned in the ſaid recited Clauſes might be very grievous to the Subjects of this Kingdom; Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid recited Clauſes, and the Powers therein mentioned, and all other Powers in the ſaid Act, to compel any Perſon or Perſons to remove from his, her, or their Habitations to any Ship, Lazaret, or other Place, ſhall be, and are hereby Repealed and made Void from and after the Five and twentieth Day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty two.

The before recited Clauſes, &c. repeal'd after 25 *March* 1722.

II. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained, ſhall be conſtrued to repeal or make void any of the Powers or Penalties in the ſaid recited Act mentioned, relating to Perſons who ſhall be on Board any Ship obliged to perform Quarentine, or ſhall come on Shore, or go on Board any other Ship from any Ship obliged to perform Quarentine, but that ſuch Powers and Penalties ſhall be and remain in as full Force, as if this Act had not been made.

Not to repeal the Powers relating to Perſons in Ships obliged to perform Quarentine, or coming on Shore, or going on Board other Ships, from Ships performing Quarentine.

Anno 8 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XII.

An Act giving further Encouragement for the Importation of Naval Stores; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

3 & 4 A. cap. 10. 12 A. cap. 9.

Whereas in the Third and Fourth Years of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen Anne, a good Law was made for Encouraging the Importation of Naval Stores from her Majeſties Plantations in America, by an Act which commenced the Firſt Day of January, One thouſand ſeven hundred and five, and continued from thence forward for the Space of Nine Years; and by an Act made in the Twelfth Year of her ſaid late Majeſties Reign, the aforeſaid Act is continued from the time of the Expiration of the ſame, for the further Term of Eleven Years, and from thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament; and by the Act laſt mentioned, Encouragement is given for the Importation of Naval Stores from that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, to that Part of Great Britain called England, during the Remainder of the time limited for granting Premiums to the Importers of Naval Stores from America, by the ſaid Acts: And whereas in Conſequence of the ſaid Encouragement, it is found by Experience that great Quantities of Good and Merchantable Pitch and Tar (part of the Naval Stores mentioned in the ſaid Acts) have been imported into this Kingdom from the ſaid Plantations in America, which Pitch and

Preamble.

and Tar have been found useful for the Service of his Majesties Navy, and it is necessary to give further Encouragement therein: And whereas it is probable that the Owners of large Tracts of Land in the said Plantations, and in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, lying near the Sea, and upon Navigable Rivers, would be induced to sow the same with Hemp, if further Encouragement were given for that Purpose: May it therefore please your most Excellent Majesty, That it may be Enacted, and be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Premium or Reward of Six Pounds given by the said Acts for every Ton of Hemp water-rotted, bright and clean, each Ton containing Twenty Gross Hundreds and Six Pounds, shall be continued from the Expiration of the said Act of the Twelfth Year of her said late Majesties Reign, for and during the Term of Sixteen Years, and from thence to the End of the next Session of Parliament; and shall be paid and payable in the same Manner, and under the same Rules, Methods, and Restrictions, as are prescribed in and by the said former Acts, or either of them, touching the same; and all such Hemp, being lawfully imported into this Kingdom after the Four and twentieth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, shall be free and clear of and from all Duties, Customs, and Impositions whatsoever, payable to his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors; Any Law, Custom, or other Matter or Thing to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Premium for Hemp water-rotted, &c. continued from Expiration of the Act 12 *Anne*, for 16 Years, &c.

such Hemp imported after 24 *June*, 1722. to be free of Duty to his Majesty.

II. And whereas great Quantities of Wood and Timber, and of the Goods commonly called Lumber, herein after particularly enumerated (That is to say) Deals of several Sorts, Timber Balks of several Sizes, Barrel-Boards, Clap-Boards, Pipe-Boards, or Pipe-Holt, White-Boards for Shoemakers, Boom and Cant-Spars, Bow-Staves, Capravens, Clap-Holt, Ebony-Wood, Headings for Pipes, and for Hogsheads and Barrels, Hoops for Coopers, Oars, Pipe and Hogshead-Staves, Barrel-Staves, Firkin-Staves, Trunnels, Speckled-Wood, Sweet-Wood, Small Spars, Oak-Plank, and Wainscot, or some of them, have usually been imported into this Kingdom from Foreign Countries at excessive Rates or Prices, especially in time of War, and Foreigners have thereby found Opportunities to export the Coined Monies of this Realm; and it is well known that the said Commodities, being of the Growth and Product of his Majesties Plantations in America, may be furnished from thence, if due Encouragement was given in that behalf; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Person and Persons, who, within the Term of One and twenty Years, to be reckoned from the Four and twentieth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, shall import, or cause to be imported into Great Britain, directly from any of his Majesties British Plantations or Colonies in America, in any Ship or Vessel, Ships or Vessels, which may lawfully trade to or from his Majesties said Plantations or Colonies, and which shall be navigated according to Law, any sort of Wood, Plank, or Timber whatsoever, Wrought or Unwrought, or any of the Goods called Lumber, before in this Act enumerated, such Wood, Plank, Timber, and Lumber, being of the Growth and Product of the said Plantations or Colonies, or some of them (except Masts, Yards, and Bowsprights, touching which Duties and Premiums are ascertained by former Acts in that behalf) shall and may import the same free from all Customs and Impositions whatsoever, granted to his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors.

Wood, Lumber, &c. (except Masts, &c.) imported from *America*, for 21 Years after 24 *June*, 1722. Duty-free.

III. And to the End his Majesties Royal Navy may, from time to time, have the Benefit of so much of such Hemp, as shall be requisite for the Service thereof; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That upon the Importation of any Hemp, for which any Bounty or Premium is by this or any former Act given,

Preemption of Hemp imported, to be tendred to Commissioners, &c. of the Navy.

the Preemption or Refusal of such Hemp shall be offered and tendred to the Commissioners of his Majesties Navy, or some of their Agents for the time being, upon landing the same; and if within the space of Twenty Days after such Tender, the said Commissioners shall not contract or bargain for the same, it shall be lawful for the Importer or Importers, Owner or Owners of such Hemp, otherwise to dispose thereof, as by Law they may, for his, her, or their best Profit and Advantage.

Such Hemp not contracted for by them within 20 Days, to be otherwise disposed of.

3 & 4 A. cap. 10.

IV. And whereas in and by the said Act made in the Third and Fourth Years of her said late Majesty Queen Anne, Intituled, An Act for Encouraging the Importation of Naval Stores from Her Majesties Plantations in *America*, a Reward or Premium was given for Tar brought into this Kingdom, directly from her Majesties Plantations in America, after the Rate of Four Pounds for every Tun of Good and Merchantable Tar, under such Rules, Regulations, and Provisoes, as are therein mentioned; which Act was continued by one other Act made in the Twelfth Year of the same Reign, Intituled, An Act for continuing an Act made in the Third and Fourth Years of the Reign of her present Majesty, Intituled, *An Act for Encouraging the Importation of Naval Stores from her Majesties Plantations in* America; and for Encouraging the Importation of Naval Stores from that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, to that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, and is still in Force; and by the said last mentioned Act the like Reward or Premium of Four Pounds per Tun, was extended to and given for Tar brought from that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, to that Part of Great Britain called England, under the like Rules, Regulations, and Provisoes, as in the Case of Plantation Tar: And whereas by one other Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, Intituled, An Act against Clandestine Running of uncustomed Goods, and for the more effectual preventing of Frauds relating to the Customs, the said Reward or Premium is to be allowed for such Tar only as should be clean, good, merchantable, and well conditioned, and fit for making Cordage; and nevertheless, the Tar imported from the said Plantations has hitherto been found to retain an hot and thick Quality, whereby it is not so fit for making Cordage, as the East Country Tar: Wherefore for Remedy thereof for the future, and to the End his Majesties Navy may have the Benefits intended by the said Acts, in being supplied with Plantation Tar fit for making Cordage; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty ninth Day of September, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, no Certificate be made out by any Officer of his Majesties Customs in any Port of this Kingdom, for any Tar which shall be imported into this Kingdom, from any of his Majesties Colonies or Plantations in America, nor any Bill made out by the Commissioners or Principal Officers of his Majesties Navy, whereby to entitle the Importer of such Tar to any Reward or Premium, unless the Certificate of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Collector of the Customs, and Naval Officer, or any Two of them (which Certificate is by the said Act of the Third and Fourth Years of the Reign of her said late Majesty Queen Anne, directed to be by them made out in such Terms, Manner, and Form, and for such Intents and Purposes, as are therein mentioned) do express that it has appeared to them (the Persons so certifying) by the Oath of the Owner or Maker of the Tar, for which such Certificate shall be granted (such Oath to be made before any Justice of the Peace within the Colony or Plantation where such Tar shall be made, who is hereby authorized to administer the same) that the Tar therein mentioned was made from Green Trees prepared for that Purpose, after the following manner; That is to say, That when such Trees were fit to bark, the Bark thereof was stript Eight Foot, or thereabouts, up from the Root of each Tree, a Slip of the Bark of about Four Inches in Breadth having been left on one side of each Tree; and that each Tree, after having been so barkt, had stood during one Year at the least, and was not

5 Geo. cap. 11.

3 & 4 A. cap. 10.

After 29 *Sept.* 1724. No Certificate to be made by Officer of the Customs for Tar imported, &c.

nor Bill granted by Commissioners of Navy to entitle Importer to a Premium, unless the Certificate from Governor, &c. do express that such Tar was made from Green Trees in manner hereby prescribed.

The manner

not before cut down for the making of Tar; Any thing herein, or in any former Law to the contrary notwithstanding.

No White Pine-Trees, &c. in *America* to be cut or felled after 21 *Sept.* 1722.

V. And whereas the Laws already made, and still in Force, for the Preservation of White Pine-Trees in his Majesties Colonies of New Hampshire, the Massachusets Bay, and Province of Main, Rhode-Island, and Providence Plantation, the Narraganset Country, or Kings Province, and Connecticut in New England, and New York, and New Jersey, in America, for the Masting the Royal Navy, have been found insufficient for that Purpose, so that a further Provision is necessary to be made therein: And forasmuch as there are great Numbers of White Pine-Trees, fit for Masting the Royal Navy, growing in his Majesties Province of Nova Scotia in America; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty first Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, no Person or Persons within the said Colonies or Plantations of Nova Scotia, New Hampshire, the Massachusets Bay, and Province of Main, Rhode-Island, and Providence Plantation, the Narraganset Country, or Kings Province, and Connecticut in New England, and New York, and New Jersey, in America, or within any of them, do or shall presume to cut, fell, or destroy any White Pine-Trees, not growing within any Township, or the Bounds, Lines, or Limits thereof, in any of the said Colonies or Plantations, without his Majesties Royal Licence for so doing first had and obtained, on Pain that every Person so cutting, felling, and destroying such Pine-Trees, or who shall be aiding or assisting therein, or in drawing away the said Pine-Trees, after the same shall have been so cut, felled, or destroyed, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the several and respective Sums following; That is to say, For every White Pine-Tree, of the Growth of Twelve Inches Diameter and under, at Three Foot from the Earth, the Sum of Five Pounds; for every such Tree, from Twelve Inches to Eighteen Inches Diameter, the Sum of Ten Pounds; for every such Tree, from Eighteen Inches to Four and twenty Inches Diameter, the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and for every such Tree, from Four and twenty Inches Diameter and upwards, the Sum of Fifty Pounds; which several Penalties and Forfeitures shall and may be sued for within Six Months after the Offence committed, by Plaint or Information, upon the Oath of One or more Credible Witness or Witnesses, before the Judge of the Admiralty, or his Deputy, within the Colony or Plantation where such Pine-Tree shall be cut, felled, or destroyed; one Moiety of such Penalties and Forfeitures to be to his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, the other Moiety to the Informer who shall sue for the same; and in case any Dispute shall arise whether such Tree, when cut, felled, or destroyed, was growing within any Township, or the Bounds, Lines, or Limits thereof, as aforesaid, the Proof shall lie upon the Owner; and on Conviction of such Offender for such Offence, as aforesaid, if he shall refuse or neglect to pay the Penalty and Forfeiture thereby incurred by the Space of Twenty Days after such Conviction, that then such Judge, or his Deputy, shall and may, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, cause the same to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods of the Offender, rendring the Overplus, if any be, to the Owner; and when no sufficient Distress can be found, such Judge or Deputy shall commit the Offender to Prison, within the Colony or Plantation where such Offence shall be committed, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, during such time as such Judge or Deputy shall appoint, not exceeding Twelve Months, nor less than Three Months, or until such Offender shall pay the Penalty or Sum of Money so recovered; and after such Payment made, shall likewise find sufficient Security for his good Behaviour, during the Space of Three Years, to be accounted from the time of such his Conviction: And it is hereby Declared, That all White Pine-Trees, Masts, or Logs made from such Trees, which from and after the said One and twentieth Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, shall be

Penalties on Offenders.

How to be recovered.

White Pine-Trees, Masts, &c. felled without Licence, forfeited to the King.

found cut or felled without such Licence, as aforesaid, in any of his Majesties said Colonies or Plantations, shall be forfeited and seized for the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; Any former Law, Usage, or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

9 A. cap. 17. VI. And whereas by one other Act made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of her late Majesty Queen Anne, Intituled, An Act for the Preservation of White and other Pine-Trees growing in Her Majesties Colonies of *New Hampshire*, the *Massachusets Bay*, and Province of *Main*, and *Rhode Island*, and *Providence Plantation*, the *Narraganset* Country, or *Kings Province*, *Connecticut*, in *New England*, and *New York*, and *New Jersey*, in *America*, for the Masting her Majesties Navy; It was, amongst other things, Enacted, That no Person or Persons within the said Colonies and Plantations, should cut, fell, or destroy any White Pine-Tree fit for Mast (not being the Property of any private Person) such Tree being of the Growth of Four and twenty Inches Diameter and upwards, at Twelve Inches from the Earth, without her Majesties Licence, on the Penalty of One hundred Pounds Sterling, to be recovered, levied, and distributed, as therein is mentioned; Be it hereby further Enacted, That so much of the said Act, as relates to the cutting, felling, or destroying such White Pine-Trees, and the Penalties to be incurred thereby, shall, from and after the One and twentieth Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, be, and stand absolutely Repealed.

Repeal of part of the Act 9 *Anne* for Preservation of White and other Pine-Trees, &c.

Anno 8 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XIV.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for making the River *Eden* Navigable to *Bank End* in the County of *Cumberland.*

XIV. AND whereas when the said River Eden is deepned, cleansed, and cleared, and made more Navigable, a Doubt may arise, whether Coals, Culm, or Cynders, carried from Ellen Foot to Bank End in the County of Cumberland, or from any Creek or Place to any other Creek or Place between Ellen Foot and Bank End in the County aforesaid, are liable to any Duty or Duties, as if they were Coals waterborn or carried to Sea; It is hereby Provided, Enacted, and Declared, That all Coals carried from Ellen Foot to Bank End in the said County, or from any Creek or Place, to any other Creek or Place between Ellen Foot and Bank End aforesaid, are not, or shall not in respect of such Carriage be liable to any Duty or Duties, or shall not be taken, construed, or deemed liable to any Duty, otherwise than by this present Act imposed; Any thing in this or any other Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Coals carried from *Ellen Foot* to *Bank End* to pay no other Duty than imposed by this Act.

XV. Provided always, That the Owner or Master of every Boat or Vessel carrying such Coals, do first enter into Bond with sufficient Sureties, at least once a Year, in a Penalty not exceeding Three hundred Pounds, with a General Condition that all such Coals, as he or they shall take or put on board his or their Boat or Vessel, by virtue of a Sufferance from the proper Officer, shall be landed in some Place in the Bay or Firth of the River Eden in the County of Cumberland, lying to the Northward of Ellen Foot; and he or they shall bring, or cause to be brought, a Return signed by the proper Officer, that such Coals were there duly landed, the Persons respectively concerned paying for each Bond the Sum of One Shilling, and no more, besides the Stamp-Duties, and to the Officers granting the Sufferance and Return for each Boat or Vessel, the Sum of Four Pence, to be distribued in such manner, as the Commissioners of the Customs now, and for the time being, shall think proper.

Bond to be given for the Landing the said Coals.

1 *s.* to be paid for each Bond, and 4 *d.* for the Return and Sufferance.

Officers not to take Fees for Loading, &c. of Limestone.

XVI. And it is hereby further Provided and Declared, That no Master or Masters, or Owner or Boat or Boats, Vessel or Vessels, shall be liable or obliged to have or take any Certificate, Sufferance, or other Testimonial, from the Officers of his Majesties Customs, at or for the Removing, Loading, Shipping, and Conveying, any Lime or Limestone from any Creek or Places whatsoever, to any other Creek or Place between Ellen Foot and Bank End, or to pay any Fee or Fees to any Officer or Officers whatsoever; Any Law or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Anno 8 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XV.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Encouragement of the Silk Manufactures of this Kingdom; and for taking off several Duties on Merchandizes Exported; and for reducing the Duties upon Beaver Skins, Pepper, Mace, Cloves, and Nutmegs Imported; and for Importation of all Furs of the Product of the *British* Plantations, into this Kingdom only; and that the Two Corporations of Assurance, on any Suits brought on their Policies, shall be liable only to single Damages and Costs of Suit.

Preamble.

MAy it please your most Excellent Majesty, Whereas the Wealth and Prosperity of this Kingdom doth very much depend upon the Improvement of its Manufactures, and the profitable Trade carried on by the Exportation of the same, which Trade ought, by all proper Means, to be Encouraged, for the more comfortable Support and Maintenance of great Numbers of your Majesties Subjects employed in the Making or Working of such Goods, and for the Enlargement of the Commerce of Great Britain: And whereas the Manufacture of Silk-Stuffs, and of Stuffs mixed with Silk, which is one of the most considerable Branches of the Manufacture of this Kingdom, has, of late Years, been greatly improved in this Kingdom, and there is reason to believe, that the Exportation of them into Foreign Parts would considerably increase, were it not obstructed and hindred by reason of the high Duties payable upon the Importation of Raw and Thrown Silk, without any Allowance being made upon the said Silks, when wrought up and exported; and in regard the said Raw and Thrown Silk, when exported unmanufactured, do draw back great part of the Duties paid Inwards; and it seems just and reasonable that the said Silks, when made up, should also enjoy the same Benefit and Allowance upon the Exportation of them; and for that there is a Waste of the Raw and Thrown Silk used in the Manufacture: Therefore we your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament assembled, do humbly pray your Majesty, That it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That the several and respective Allowances, or Sums of Money hereafter in this Act expressed, shall be paid to any Person or Persons, who, at any time or times, within or during the Term of Three Years, to be reckoned from the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, or at any time or times before the End of the then next Session of Parliament, shall really and truly export out of this Kingdom, by way of Merchandize, any of the Goods or Commodities of the Manufacture of Great Britain, herein after particulary specified, and in Proportion for any greater Quantity; That is to say,

Allowances to Exporters of Commodities manufactured in *Great Britain*, viz.

For

For all Ribbons and Stuffs made in Great Britain of Silk only, and exported, as aforesaid, the Sum of Three Shillings for every Pound Weight Averdupois. Ribbons, &c. of Silk only, 3 s. per lb.

For all Silks and Ribbons made in Great Britain of Silk mixed with Gold or Silver, and exported, as aforesaid, the Sum of Four Shillings for every Pound Weight Averdupois. Silk, &c. mixed with Gold or Silver, 4 s. per lb.

For all Silk Stockings, Silk Gloves, Silk Fringes, Silk Laces, Stitching or Sewing Silk, made in Great Britain, and exported, as aforesaid, the Sum of One Shilling and Three Pence for every Pound Weight Averdupois. Silk Stockings, &c. 1 s. 3 d. per lb.

For all Stuffs of Silk and Grogram Yarn made in Great Britain, and exported, as aforesaid, the Sum of Eight Pence for every Pound Weight Averdupois. Stuffs of Silk and Grogram Yarn, 8 d. per lb.

For all Stuffs made in Great Britain of Silk mixed with Incle or Cotton, and exported, as aforesaid, the Sum of One Shilling for every Pound Weight Averdupois. Silk mixed with Incle or Cotton, 1 s. per lb.

For all Stuffs made in Great Britain of Silk and Worsted, and exported, as aforesaid, the Sum of Six Pence for every Pound Weight Averdupois. Stuffs of Silk and Worsted, 6 d. per lb.

Which several and respective Allowances, or Sums of Money for each Species before mentioned, shall be paid and answered by the Customer or Collector of the Customs, with the Privity of the Comptroller of the Port, from whence the same shall be exported, on a Debenture to be made forth by the Customer or Collector, according to the Entry of the Goods, and the Shipping thereof verified by the Searcher, and Oath made by the Exporter on the Entry or Debenture, before the Customer or Collector, or Comptroller of such Port, that the said Goods are of British Manufacture, and exported or intended to be exported to Parts beyond the Seas, and not relanded or intended to be relanded in any Part of Great Britain, the Exporter, with One or more Person or Persons, first giving sufficient Security to the said Customer or Collector of the Port, in a Penalty of the Value of the Goods (which Security they are hereby impowered to take in the Name and to the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors) that such Silk-Stuffs, or other Manufactures before mentioned, so shipped, or intended to be shipped, or any part thereof, shall not be relanded, or brought on Shore again, in any Port or Part of Great Britain; and such Securities shall be discharged in the manner hereafter mentioned, That is to say, For such of the said Goods as shall be entred for, or landed in the Kingdom of Ireland, the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, the Condition of the Bond shall be to bring a Certificate in Discharge thereof, within Six Months from the Date of the Bond, and within Eighteen Months for such of the said Goods as shall be entred for, or landed in any of his Majesties Plantations in America; which respective Certificates for such Silk-Stuffs, or other Manufactures aforesaid, as shall be landed in any Port or Place, where any Officer or Officers of his Majesties Customs shall be resident, shall be signed by the proper Officer or Officers of his Majesties Customs there, importing that such Goods were there landed, testifying the Landing thereof; and for such Silk-Stuffs, and other Manufactures aforesaid, as shall be entred for the Islands of Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, or Sark, shall be signed by the proper Officer or Officers of his Majesties Customs, if any such Officer or Officers shall be residing in those Islands respectively; and for want of such Officer residing there, then by the Governor of those Islands, or the Deputy-Governor thereof respectively; and for such Silk-Stuffs, or other Manufactures aforesaid, as shall be so entred for any other Foreign Port or Place, to bring a Certificate under the Common Seal of the Chief Magistrate in such Port or Place, or under the Hands and Seals of Two known British Merchants then being at such Port or Place, that such Silks, or other Manufactures, were there landed, or such Bond or Bonds shall be discharged upon Proof in either of the said Cases, that such Goods were taken by Enemies, or perished in the Seas, the Examination and Proof thereof being

To be paid by the Collector of the Customs on a Debenture, the Exporter making Oath the Goods are *British* Manufacture, and Exported or intended to be Exported, and giving Security that such Silk-Stuffs, &c. shall not be relanded.

Security how discharged.

ſing left to the Judgment of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in England or Scotland reſpectively, for the time being.

Searcher, &c. after Entry, and before or after Shipping, to examine Bales, &c.

II. And for the better preventing Frauds in the Entring any of the ſaid Goods under a wrong Denomination, to the Prejudice of the Revenue, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Searcher, or other proper Officer of the Cuſtoms, after the Entry of any of the ſaid Goods, and before or after the Shipping thereof, to open and ſtrictly examine any Bale, Truſs, Cheſt, or other Package, as now by Law they may do, to ſee if the Goods are right entred; and if on ſuch Examination the ſame ſhall be found to be right entred, the Officer ſhall at his own Charge cauſe the ſame to be repacked, to the Satisfaction of the Exporter, which Charge ſhall be allowed to the ſaid Officer by the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, if they think it reaſonable; but in caſe ſuch Officer ſhall find the ſaid Goods, or any part thereof, to have been entred under a wrong Denomination, whereby his Majeſty would have been defrauded in the Allowance to be paid on the Exportation of ſuch Goods, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, all ſuch Goods ſo wrong entred, ſhall and may be ſeized, and the ſame, as likewiſe the Value thereof, ſhall be forfeited and loſt, and ſhall and may be proſecuted and divided as herein after mentioned.

Goods wrong entred, forfeited, and the Value.

No Allowances for Manufactures mixed with Gold or Silver on the Edges, &c. only.

III. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid reſpective Allowances ſhall not be demanded or made for ſuch of the ſaid Manufactures mixed with Gold or Silver, when they are only ſo mixed at the Edges and the Ends of the Pieces, or for ſuch of the ſaid Manufactures mixed with Silk, when they are only ſo mixed at the Edges or Ends of the Piece: And if any Diſpute ſhall ariſe concerning any of the ſaid Manufactures, that is to ſay, whether the ſame were made in Great Britain, or touching the Quality of the Goods, the Onus Probandi ſhall lie on the Exporter, Claimer, or Owner thereof, and not on the Officer.

Onus Probandi to lie on the Exporter, &c.

Manufactures relanded without Licence, &c. or in caſe of Diſtreſs, forfeited, and Treble Value beſides the Penalty of the Bond.

IV. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any of the ſaid Silk-Stuffs, or other Manufactures aforeſaid, ſhipped to be exported, for which Allowance is hereby made, ſhall be relanded or unſhipped in any Port or Place in Great Britain, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, without the Licence of One or more of the Principal Officers of ſuch Port or Place, firſt had and obtained, or unleſs it be in caſe of Diſtreſs to ſave the ſaid Goods from Periſhing, which ſhall be forthwith made known to One of the ſaid Officers, the Goods (over and above the Penalty of the Bond to be levied and recovered to his Majeſties Uſe, as aforeſaid) and Treble the Value of ſuch Goods, ſhall be forfeited and loſt, and ſhall and may be proſecuted and divided in the manner herein after mentioned.

Allowances to be paid out of any Duties upon Goods Imported.

V. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Allowances ſhall and may be paid by the reſpective Cuſtomer or Collector, out of any Money in his hands, ariſing from Cuſtoms or other Duties upon Goods imported from Parts beyond the Seas, and the Money ſo paid ſhall be accepted of in his or their Account, as ſo much paid to his Majeſty, and he and they is, are, and ſhall be diſcharged thereof accordingly.

Allowances to be abated in Proportion to Cuſtoms on Thrown or Raw Silk, if redeemed, &c.

VI. Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any of the Cuſtoms or other Duties now payable on the Importation of Foreign Thrown or Raw Silk, ſhall, during the Continuance of this Act, be redeemed, or otherwiſe ceaſe to be payable, ſo much of the Allowance or Allowances to be made on the Exportation of the Silk-Stuffs, or other Manufactures before mentioned, ſhall be abated, as ſhall bear a Proportion to the Cuſtoms or Duties ſo redeemed, or that ſhall ceaſe to be payable on the Importation of Thrown or Raw Silk; Any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

VII. And for the further Incouragement of the Britiſh Manufactures, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thouſand ſeven

seven hundred and twenty two, the several and respective Subsidies and other Duties whatsoever, payable to his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, by any Law now in Force, upon the Exportation of any Goods and Merchandizes of the Product or Manufacture of Great Britain, shall cease, determine, and be no longer due or payable for so much of the said Goods or Merchandizes, as shall from thenceforth be exported; except such Goods and Merchandizes, touching which a special Provision is herein after made.

After 25 *March*, 1722. Duties on Goods of *British* Product or Manufacture exported, to cease.

VIII. And it is hereby Provided and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act, or any thing herein contained, shall not extend, or be construed to extend, to determine, alter, or lessen the several or respective Subsidies of Poundage, or other Duties, payable upon the Exportation of Allom, Lead, Lead-Ore, Tin, Leather tanned, Copparas, Coals, Wooll-Cards, White Woollen Cloths, Lapis Calaminaris, Skins of all sorts, Glew, Coney hair or Wooll, Hares Wooll, Hair of all sorts, Horses, and Litharge of Lead; Any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Duties on Allom, Lead, *&c.* exported, to continue.

IX. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons, after the said Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, to export out of any Port of this Kingdom, in which there is a Customer or Collector, all such Goods and Merchandizes of the Produce or Manufacture of Great Britain, as may now be lawfully exported, and that without paying any Subsidy, or other Duty whatsoever (other than for the Goods or Merchandizes, touching which an Exception or Special Provision is before made in this Act) so as a due Entry be first made of the said Goods or Merchandizes in such Custom-house respectively, where the same shall be exported, in the same Manner and Form, expressing the Quantities and Qualities of the respective Goods, as was used and practised before the making of this Act, and so as the same be shipped by the proper Officer for that Purpose; on Failure whereof the said Goods to be liable to the Payment of the Duties, as if this Act had never been made; Any Law, Statute, Provision, or Usage, to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

On Entry, *&c.* all Goods of *British* roduce, *&c.* as may lawfully be exported, to be Custom-free.

Exception.

X. And for the further Encouragement of the Manufactures of this Kingdom, by the Promoting the Importation of Drugs, and other Goods used for Dying; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, It shall and may be lawful to import into this Kingdom, all sorts of Drugs and other Goods, herein after particularly enumerated, which are used for Dying; that is to say, Agarick, Annotto, Antimonium Crudum, Aquafortis, Argoll, Arsenick, Bayberries, Brazil Wood, Braziletto Wood, Cochineal, Cream of Tartar, Fustick, Galls, Gum Arabick, or Gum Seneca, Indico of all sorts, Isinglass, Litmus, Logwood, Madder of all sorts, Madder Roots, Nicaragua Wood, Orchal, Orchelia, Pomegranate Peels, Red Wood, Saflower, Sal-Armoniack, Sal-gem, Sappan Wood, Red Saunders, Shoemack, Sticklack, Turnsole, Valonia, and Verdegrease, without paying any Subsidy, Custom, Imposition, or other Duty whatsoever for the same (Salt Petre always excepted) so as a due Entry be first made thereof in the Custom-house belonging to the Port into which such Drugs, or other Dying Goods, shall be imported, in the same Manner and Form, expressing the Quantities and Qualities of the respective Goods, as was used and practised before the making of this Act, and so as the same be landed in the Presence of the proper Officer appointed for that Purpose, and so as such Importation be according to the Rules prescribed and enjoyned by an Act of Parliament passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for the Incouraging and Increasing of Shipping and Navigation; and on Failure of the said Conditions or Directions herein last mentioned, such Drugs, or Dying Goods, shall be liable to the Payment of the respective Duties, as if this Act had never been made; Any Law, Statute, Provision, or Usage, to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

12 Car. 2. cap. 18.

On Entry Dying Drugs, *&c.* Imported, Duty-free.

XI. And

XI. And to the End the Encouragement given to the Manufactures of this Kingdom, in allowing the before mentioned Foreign Drugs, or other Goods used in Dying, to be imported Duty-free, according to the true Meaning of this Act, may in no wise tend to the Benefit of Manufactures made in Foreign Parts, as it may do, should such Drugs, or other Goods used in Dying, be again carried out of this Kingdom, without paying any Duty for the same, whereby they may be sold in Foreign Markets so much cheaper: We your Majesties said Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament assembled, do give and grant to your Majesty, and do humbly beseech your Majesty, That it may be Enacted, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for and upon all Foreign Goods, Commodities, or Materials used in Dying, which shall be imported into this Kingdom free of Duty by virtue of this present Act, and which, from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, shall be again exported thereout, there shall be paid and answered to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, a Subsidy of Poundage upon the Value of Twenty Shillings, according to the several Rates and Values hereafter mentioned, the Sum of Six Pence, and so after that Rate for greater or lesser Quantities; That is to say,

Foreign Goods, &c. used in Dying, Imported, Duty-free, and after 25 *March*, 1722. Exported, to pay 6 *d.* upon every 20 *s.* Value, *viz.*

Agarick trimmed. Agarick trimmed or pared, the Pound Weight, Six Shillings and Eight Pence.

Agarick rough. Agarick rough and untrimmed, the Pound Weight, One Shilling and Eight Pence.

Annotto. Annotto the Pound Weight, One Shilling.

Antimonium crudum. Antimonium Crudum, the Hundred Weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, Six Shillings and Eight Pence.

Aquafortis. Aquafortis the Bottle, containing Four Gallons, Two Pounds, Five Shillings, and after that Rate for a greater or lesser Quantity.

Argoll. Argoll the Hundred Weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, One Pound, Three Shillings, and Four Pence.

Arsenick. Arsenick the Pound Weight, One Peny, and One third part of a Peny.

Bayberries. Bayberries the Hundred Weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, Four Shillings, Five Pence, and One third part of a Peny.

Brazil. Brazil or Fernamback Wood the Hundred Weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, One Pound, Fifteen Shillings.

Braziletto. Braziletto or Jamaica Wood the Hundred Weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, One Pound, One Shilling, and Eight Pence.

Cochineal. Cochineal the Pound Weight, Six Shillings, and Eight Pence.

Cream of Tartar. Cream of Tartar the Hundred Weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, Forty Shillings.

Fustick. Fustick the Hundred Weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, Five Shillings.

Galls. Galls the Hundred Weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, Forty Shillings.

Gum Arabick or Gum Seneca. Gum Arabick or Gum Seneca the Hundred Weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, Ten Shillings.

Indico. Indico of all sorts the Pound Weight, Three Shillings, and Four Pence.

Isinglass. Isinglass the Hundred Weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, One Pound, Thirteen Shillings, and Four Pence.

Litmus. Litmus the Hundred Weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, Twenty Shillings.

Logwood. Logwood the Hundred Weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, Forty Shillings.

Madder. Madder of all sorts the Hundred Weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, One Pound, Ten Shillings.

Madder Roots. Madder Roots the Pound Weight, Four Pence.

Nicaragua Wood. Nicaragua Wood the Tun Weight, Eight Pounds.

Orchal the Hundred Weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, Forty Shillings. Orchal.

Orchelia the Hundred Weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, Twenty Shillings. Orchelia.

Pomegranate Peels the Hundred Weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, Thirteen Shillings, and Four Pence. Pomegranate Peels.

Red Wood or Guinea Wood, the Hundred Weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, One Pound, Ten Shillings. Red Wood.

Saflower the Pound Weight, One Shilling. Saflower.

Sal-Armoniack the Pound Weight, Six Pence, and Two third parts of a Peny. Sal-Armoniac.

Sal-gem the Pound Weight, Two Pence, and Two third parts of a Peny. Sal-gem.

Sapan Wood the Hundred Weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, Ten Shillings. Sapan Wood.

Red Saunders the Hundred Weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, One Pound, Six Shillings, and Eight Pence. Red Saunders.

Shoemack the Hundred Weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, Thirteen Shillings, and Four Pence. Shoemack.

Sticklack the Pound Weight, Four Pence. Sticklack.

Turnsole the Pound Weight, Two Pence, and Two third parts of a Peny. Turnsole.

Valonia the Tun Weight, Seven Pounds. Valonia.

Verdegrease the Pound Weight, Six Pence, and Two third parts of a Peny. Verdegrease.

Which Subsidy of Six Pence upon the said Goods, Commodities, or Materials used in Dying, and exported according to the several and respective Rates and Values thereof, set down in this Act, as aforesaid, shall have such or the like respective Continuances, and shall and may, from time to time, be raised, received, levied, and recovered; by such Ways and Means, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and with such Allowances for Goods lost or taken at Sea, and in such Manner and Form, as the Subsidy of Poundage on Goods or Merchandizes exported, may be raised, received, levied, or recovered, by any Law of the Customs now in Force. Subsidy of 6 d. in the Pound on Goods, &c. used for Dying, to be recovered as Subsidy of Poundage on Goods exported.

XII. And it is hereby Enacted, That the Produce of the said Subsidy by this Act granted for and upon the said Dying Goods and Commodities exported (the necessary Charges of Management excepted) are and shall be appropriated and applied to and for the same respective Uses, and in such Proportions, Manner, and Form, and subject to such respective Powers of Redemption, as the Subsidy of Poundage on other Goods and Commodities exported (not herein before exempted from the Payment thereof) is by any Laws now in Force appropriated and applicable; and that all the Powers, Directions, Penalties, and Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters, and Things contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament now in Force for appropriating and applying the said Subsidy on Goods exported, not herein before exempted, shall be practised and put in Execution for appropriating and applying the said Subsidy hereby granted accordingly, as fully and effectually, as if the same were again repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this present Act; Any Law or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding. How to be applied.

XIII. And whereas Beaver Skins imported are valued in the Book of Rates at Six Shillings and Eight Pence per Skin, according to which Value the Duties now payable upon every Beaver Skin imported, do amount as follows, That is to say, For the Old Subsidy, Four Pence; for the further Subsidy, Four Pence; for the One third Subsidy, One Peny, and One third part of a Peny; for the Two third Subsidy, Two Pence, and Two third parts of a Peny, and for the Additional Impost, Four Pence; amounting in the whole to Sixteen Pence per Skin, as by several Acts of Parliament now in Force doth appear; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, the Duties upon Beaver Skins lessened, and how to be computed and paid.

the Duties upon Beaver Skins from thenceforth to be imported, shall be computed and paid, as if they had been valued in the said Book of Rates at Two Shillings and Six Pence per Skin, according to which Value, there shall be paid for every Beaver Skin so imported, Six Pence, and no more; which shall be applied to the said several Subsidies and Additional Impost, in such Proportions as Sixteen Pence bears to Six Pence; Any former Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

Drawback on Beaver Skins, to be Half the Duties paid Inward.

XIV. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted, That from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, upon the Exportation of any of the said Beaver Skins within the time allowed by Law, for which the Duties chargeable by this Act shall have been first paid or secured, there shall be allowed a Drawback of a Moiety of the said respective Duties so paid or secured, and no more; which Drawback shall be made or allowed, according to such Rules and Methods, as Drawbacks are allowed by any Law now in Force relating to the Customs.

Duty on Pepper for Home Consumption to be reduced to 4 d. per lb. Weight,

XV. And whereas Pepper imported directly from the Place of its Growth, in English Built Shipping, is valued in the Book of Rates at One Shilling and Eight Pence per Pound Weight, according to which Value it now pays, or is liable to pay, several Subsidies, after the Rate of Twelve Pence in the Pound; and there is also charged thereupon an Impost of Three Pence, and a New Duty of Eighteen Pence per Pound Weight, which Subsidies, and other Duties, amount in the whole to One Shilling and Eleven Pence Half-peny per Pound Weight (over and above One Half-peny per Pound Weight chargeable for the Half-Subsidy upon the Importation thereof) and the said Duties amounting to One Shilling and Eleven Pence Half-peny per Pound Weight, are, or ought to be, applied in manner following; That is to say, For Half the said Old Subsidy, One Half-peny; for the said further Subsidy, One Peny; for the One third Subsidy, One third part of a Peny; for the Two third Subsidy, Two third parts of a Peny; for the Old Impost, Three Pence; and for the New Duty, One Shilling and Six Pence, as by several Acts of Parliament now in Force doth appear; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, the said Duties amounting to One Shilling and Eleven Pence Half-peny per Pound Weight, upon such Pepper, as aforesaid, which thenceforth shall be delivered from the proper Ware Houses for Home Consumption (without altering the Half Subsidy now payable upon the Importation thereof) shall be lessened and reduced to pay Four Pence per Pound Weight, and no more.

besides the Half-Subsidy paid at Importation.

Value of Pepper how to be esteemed and divided.

XVI. And for better making a Distribution thereof to and amongst the said several Subsidies and Duties respectively, It is hereby Declared and Enacted, That the Value of the said Pepper shall be esteemed at Six Shillings and Eight Pence per Pound Weight, upon which Value Twelve Pence in the Pound doth amount to the said Sum of Four Pence per Pound Weight; and the said esteemed Value of Six Shillings and Eight Pence per Pound Weight, shall be divided as follows, in order to compute the several Duties hereafter to be paid thereupon; to wit,

To the Old Subsidy, Three Pence, and One third part of a Peny.

To the further Subsidy, Three Pence, and One third part of a Peny.

To the One third Subsidy, and Two third Subsidy, Three Pence, and One third part of a Peny.

To the said Impost, Ten Pence.

And to the said New Duty, Five Shillings.

Four Pence *per* Pound, how to be applied.

XVII. And the said Sum of Four Pence in the Pound shall be apportioned and applied to the said several Subsidies, and other Duties accordingly; Any former Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVIII. And

XVIII. And whereas Mace, Cloves, and Nutmegs imported, are valued in the Book of Rates at the respective Values following, That is to say, Mace the Pound Weight, Twenty Shillings, Cloves the Pound Weight, Ten Shillings, Nutmegs the Pound Weight, Eight Shillings; according to which several Values the Duties now payable upon Mace, Cloves, and Nutmegs imported, do amount as follows, That is to say, For the said Old Subsidy, for every Twenty Shillings Value, according to the said respective Values, One Shilling; for the said further Subsidy, for every Twenty Shillings Value, according to the said respective Values, One Shilling; for the said One third Subsidy, for every Twenty Shillings Value, according to the respective Values, Four Pence; for the said Two third Subsidy, for every Twenty Shillings Value, according to the said respective Values, Eight Pence; for the New Duty, for every Twenty Shillings Value, according to the said respective Values, One Shilling; for the New Additional Duty, for every Twenty Shillings Value, according to the said respective Values, One Shilling; and for the further New Duty, for every Twenty Shillings Value, according to the said respective Values, Five Shillings; amounting in the whole to Ten Shillings for every Pound Weight of Mace, to Five Shillings for every Pound Weight of Cloves, and to Four Shillings for every Pound Weight of Nutmegs, as by several Acts of Parliament thereto relating, and now in Force, doth appear; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, the Duties upon Mace, Cloves, and Nutmegs, from thenceforth to be imported, shall be computed and paid, as if they had been valued in the said Book of Rates, at the Values following, That is to say, Mace the Pound Weight, Six Shillings, Cloves the Pound Weight, Four Shillings, Nutmegs the Pound Weight, Three Shillings; according to which respective Values there shall be paid,

Duties upon Mace, Cloves, and Nutmegs, reduced, and how to be computed and paid, *viz.*

For every Pound Weight of Mace so imported, Three Shillings, and no more. Mace, 3 *s.*

For every Pound Weight of Cloves so imported, Two Shillings, and no more. Cloves, 2 *s.*

For every Pound Weight of Nutmegs, One Shilling and Six Pence, and no more. Nutmegs, 1 *s.* 6 *d.*

Which several Sums shall be applied to the said several Subsidies and other Duties, in such Proportions as Ten Shillings bear to Three Shillings for Mace, as Five Shillings bear to Two Shillings for Cloves, and as Four Shillings bear to One Shilling and Six Pence for Nutmegs; Any former Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding. Application of the several Sums.

XIX. And it is hereby Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That the Importation of Mace, Cloves, and Nutmegs, every or any of them, shall be subject to the same Rules in taking forth the Licences and other Rules and Restrictions, whereunto the same were subject before the making of this Act; Any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding. Mace, &c. Imported, subject to the same Licences, Rules, &c. as formerly.

XX. And be it further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That all the several and respective Sum and Sums of Money, which shall arise by virtue of this Act, for the said reduced Duties upon Beaver Skins imported, and for such Pepper delivered out of the Warehouses for Home Consumption, and for the said reduced Duties upon Mace, Cloves, and Nutmegs imported, shall have such or the like respective Continuances, and shall and may, from time to time, be raised, received, levied, secured, and recovered, by such Ways and Means, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and subject to such Discounts and Allowances, and in such Manner and Form, as the present Duties upon Beaver Skins, Pepper, Mace, Cloves, and Nutmegs, before the making of this Act, might be raised, received, levied, secured, or recovered, by any Law or Laws of the Customs now in Force. Monies arising by reduced Duties on Beaver Skins, Pepper, Mace, &c. imported, to have like Continuance, as Duies upon Beaver Skins, Pepper, Mace, &c. before this Act.

Monies how appropriated.

XXI. And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several and respective Sum and Sums of Money, as shall arise by virtue of this Act, for the said reduced Duties upon Beaver Skins imported, and for such Pepper delivered out of the Warehouses for Home Consumption, and for the said reduced Duties upon Mace, Cloves, and Nutmegs imported (the necessary Charges of Management excepted) are and shall be appropriated and applied to and for the same respective Uses, and in such or the like Proportions, Manner, and Form, and subject to such respective Powers of Redemption, as the present Duties upon Beaver Skins, Pepper, Mace, Cloves, and Nutmegs, at or before the making of this Act, were by any Act or Acts of Parliament in Force respectively appropriated and applicable; and

Subject to Redemption.

Continuance of the Powers in former Acts for appropriating Duties.

that all the Powers, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters, and Things, contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament for appropriating and applying the said present Duties upon Beaver Skins, Pepper, Mace, Cloves, and Nutmegs, every or any of them, shall be continued, practised, and put in Execution, for appropriating and applying the Monies to arise by virtue of this Act, for and upon the said reduced Duties upon Beaver Skins, Pepper, Mace, Cloves, and Nutmegs, according to this Act, as fully and effectually as if the same were again repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this present Act; Any Law or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Drawbacks upon Exportation of Mace, &c. to be in Proportion to the former Drawbacks.

XXII. Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, upon Exportation of any of the said Mace, Cloves, or Nutmegs, or any of them, within the Time allowed by Law, for which the Duties chargeable by this Act shall have been first paid or secured, there shall be allowed certain Drawbacks, as shall bear such or the like Proportion to the Sums charged by this Act upon Mace, Cloves, and Nutmegs respectively, as the former Drawbacks allowable on Mace, Cloves, and Nutmegs exported respectively did bear to the Duties thereupon, before the making of this Act, and no more; which proportional Drawbacks shall be made and allowed, according to such Rules and Methods as Drawbacks are allowed by any Laws now in Force relating to the Customs.

Penalties how to be prosecuted.

XXIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Penalties and Forfeitures in this Act mentioned, shall and may be prosecuted and determined by Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer at Edingburgh respectively, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Privilege, Wager of Law, or more than One Imparlance shall be allowed; and One Moiety of the said Penealties and Forfeitures shall be to the Use of the Kings Majesty, and the other Moiety to such Person or Persons as will sue for, or prosecute the same.

Moiety to the King, Moiety to Prosecutor.

General Issue.

XXIV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in Pursuance of this Act, the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and give this Act, and the Special Matter in Evidence, at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in Pursuance and by Authority of the said Act; and if it shall appear so to have been done, the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants, and if the Plaintiff shall be Nonsuited, or discontinue his Action, after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if Judgment shall be given upon any Verdict or Demurrer against the Plaintiff, the Defendant or Defendants shall and may recover Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same, as the Defendant or Defendants hath or have in other Cases by Law.

XXV. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Beaver Skins, and other Furs of the Product of any of the British Plantations in America, Asia, or Africa, shall, from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, be imported directly from thence into Great Britain, and laid on Shore there, and not elsewhere, under the Penalties and Forfeitures contained in an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of the late King Charles the Second [Intituled, An Act for the Incouraging and Increasing of Shipping and Navigation] in relation to Sugars, Tobacco, and other enumerated Goods, of the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of any of the English Plantations therein mentioned, to be recovered and distributed in such manner, as the Penalties and Forfeitures relating to the said enumerated Goods are, by the said recited Act, to be recovered and distributed.

12 Car. 2. c. 18.

Beaver Skins, and other Furs, after 25 *March*, 1722. to be Imported directly from *British* Plantations, under Forfeiture, &c. as in the Case of Sugar, and other enumerated Goods.

Anno 8 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XVI.

An Act for taking off the Duty upon all Salt used in the Curing and Making of White Herrings, and instead thereof laying a proportionable Duty upon all White Herrings consumed at Home only; and for making an Allowance for Tobacco Exported from *Scotland* in the Time therein mentioned; and for giving farther Relief to the Refiners of Rock Salk.

Preamble.

5 Geo. cap. 18.

Whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Fifth Year of his present Majesties Reign [Intituled, An Act for recovering the Credit of the *British* Fishery in Foreign Parts; and for better securing the Duties on Salt;] It is Enacted, That all Curers of Fish shall be allowed to Import Foreign Salt, or take from any Salt-Works, or Salt-Pits, any such Quantity of British Salt, where the same is allowed by Law, for Curing of Fish for Exportation, as they shall think proper for Curing Fish for Foreign Markets, without paying any Duty to his Majesty for the same, except the Customs payable upon the Importation thereof; in Consequence whereof all White Herrings spent within this Realm, are or should be cured with Salt that has paid the Duties; but in regard the same are cured promiscuously, it is difficult to distinguish them from such as are intended to be Exported, whereby his Majesty may be defrauded in his Revenue, without a proper Remedy for preventing the same; Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That at the Beginning of every Fishing Season for Herrings, the Proprietor or Proprietors of the Salt, delivered Duty Free for the Curing of Herrings for Exportation, in that Part of Great Britain called England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, pursuant to the said Act, or his or their Agent or Agents, shall, instead of the Oath required by the said Act, make Oath in Writing before the Officer for the Duty on Salt, at the Office nearest to the Place where the said Salt is lodged (who is hereby impowered to administer the same) declaring the Quantity of the Foreign or British Salt respectively lodged for Curing of Fish; and that all the said Salt is intended for the Curing of Fish for Exportation only, and shall not by his or their Order, Consent, or Connivance, directly or indirectly, be sold, given away, or any way delivered, but for the Purpose aforesaid; Except so much thereof as shall be used for Curing such White Herrings, as shall be entred with the Officer of the Place for Home Consumption, and charged with the Duties by this Act chargeable thereupon.

At Beginning of Fishing Season for Herrings, Proprietor, &c. in *England*, &c. instead of the Oath required by the Act 5 *Geo. cap.* 18. to make Oath of the Quantity of Salt intended for Curing Fish for Exportation, &c.

Except Salt used for Curing White Herrings for Home Consumption, &

Curer of White Herrings, after 25 *March*, 1722, before he remove them (except for Exportation) to make Entry, and pay 3 *s.* 4 *d.* *per* Barrel, *&c.*

II. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Maker or Curer of White Herrings, in that Part of Great Britain called England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, from and after the Five and twentieth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, before he remove any White Herrings (except for Exportation) from the Office or Place where the same shall be cured, shall, from time to time, make Entry thereof at the next Salt-Office, and shall pay to his Majesty, his Heirs, and Successors, a Duty of Three Shillings and Four Pence for every Barrel, containing Thirty two Gallons, and so in Proportion for a greater or lesser Quantity: And that every Cask or Vessel in which such White Herrings shall be packed or put up, shall have a Mark or Marks on the Head thereof, shewing the Contents or Quantity of every such Cask or Vessel; and upon Entry and Payment of the Duty (each Cask or Vessel being marked, as aforesaid) a Permit shall be given gratis by the Salt-Officer, expressing the Quantity of White Herrings, for which the Duties shall be paid, as aforesaid, and the Marks and Numbers of such Casks or Vessels, and for what Place the same are intended, and whether to be sent by Land or Water Carriage, on Pain of Forfeiting the White Herrings that shall be removed or carried away before Entry be made, and the Duty paid, and without the Casks or Vessels being marked, and Permit obtained, as aforesaid, and of the Casks or Vessels, in which such Herrings shall be found, and also the Sum of Forty Shillings for every Cask or Vessel so removed, to be recovered from the Person or Persons who shall so remove or carry away the same; One Moiety thereof to the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to the Officer or Officers, who shall seize, sue, or inform for the same, to be sued for, recovered, and levied, in such Manner, and with such Power of Mitigation, as any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture, may be sued for, recovered, levied, and mitigated, by any Law of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Privilege, or Wager of Law, shall be granted or allowed, nor any more than One Imparlance; and all Officers of his Majesties Customs, Excise, or Duties upon Salt, are hereby authorized and impowered to seize all such White Herrings, so removed or carried away before Entry, and Payment of Duty, and all other things performed, as aforesaid, and the said Casks or Vessels wherein such White Herrings shall be found.

Quantity to be marked on Casks.

Upon Entry, *&c.* Permit to be given *gratis*.

Penalty on Removal before Entry, *&c.*

Moiety to King, Moiety to Officer seizing, *&c.*

Officer to seize White Herrings removed before Entry, *&c.*

Proprietor of Salt Duty Free, to express Quantity of White Herrings.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Proprietor or Proprietors of the Salt delivered Duty Free, for Curing White Herrings for Exportation, in that Part of Great Britain called England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, his or their Agent or Agents, shall, in the Account which after the End of every Fishing Season, they are to deliver in Writing into the Salt-Office, containing the Quantity of Fish exported or entred, and Shipt to be exported, on which the Salt taken away after its Delivery into the sole Custody of the said Proprietor or Proprietors, his or their Agent or Agents, has been used or consumed, as by the former Law is directed (and under the Penalties thereby prescribed) express also the Quantity of White Herrings entred for Home Consumption, on which such Salt has been used or consumed.

Duty upon White Herrings shall cease to be lessened proportionably to Duties on Salt.

IV. Provided always, and it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case the Duties of Excise on Salt (which now amount to Three Shillings and Four Pence per Bushel on Home made Salt, and Six Shillings and Eight Pence per Bushel on Foreign Salt) or any of them, shall cease, determine, or be redeemed by Parliament, then the Rate or Duty by this Act imposed upon White Herrings, shall cease to be lessened, in Proportion to the Duties on Salt that shall so cease, determine, or be redeemed; Any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

8 A. cap. 13. V. And whereas an Act passed in the Eighth Year of her late Majesties Reign, for Continuing several Impositions, Additional Impositions, and Duties upon Goods Imported, to raise Money by way of Loan, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ten; and for better preventing Frauds on Drawbacks upon Certificate Goods; and for other Purposes therein mentioned, in which Act there were several Regulations Enacted to be complied with, in order to entitle the Exporters of Tobaccoes to their Debentures, which New Regulation being made to commence from the Seven and twentieth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and ten, by which time the same could not be known in Scotland, several Parcels of Tobaccoes through Ignorance were Exported from thence, without Regard to the Regulation laid down in the said Act, the Debentures of which Tobaccoes have been refused to be made forth and allowed to the Merchants upon that Account only; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for all Tobaccoes Exported from Scotland after the Seven and twentieth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and ten, and before the Seventh Day of May next following, the Barons of Exchequer in Scotland shall cause the Debentures to be made forth and allowed to the Merchants, according to the Law then in Force, before the Seven and twentieth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and ten; Any thing in the aforesaid Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Debentures allowed on Tobacco exported from *Scotland*, since 27 *March*, 1710. and before 7 *May* next.

5 Geo. cap. 18. VI. And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Fifth Year of his present Majesties Reign [Intituled, An Act for recovering the Credit of the *British* Fishery in Foreign Parts; and for better securing the Duties on Salt;] It is Enacted, That the Curers of Fish shall be allowed to Import Foreign Salt, or take from any Salt-Works, or Salt-Pits, any such Quantity of British Salt, where the same is allowed by Law, for Curing Fish for Exportation, as they shall think proper for Curing Fish for Foreign Markets, without paying any Duty to his Majesty for the same, except the Customs payable upon the Importation thereof: And whereas the Refiners of Salt from Rock Salt, cannot have equal Benefit of the said Act with the Proprietors of other Salt, the said Refiners being obliged to pay, or give Security to pay the Duty before the Rock Salt be removed from the Pits, and cannot draw it back, there being no Provision made in what Manner the said Duty shall be drawn back; For Remedy whereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Five and twentieth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, it shall and may be lawful for any Refiner of Rock Salt, to deliver, in the Presence of an Officer of the Salt-Duties, to any Curer or Curers of Fish, any such Quantity of Refined Salt, where the same is allowed by Law for Curing Fish for Exportation, as they shall think proper for Curing Fish for Foreign Markets; and the Collector of the Salt-Duties shall give a Certificate under his Hand, expressing the true Quantity delivered, and to whom, and whither to be carried; and the Officer of the Place whither the same shall be carried for the Curing of Fish for Foreign Markets, shall give a Certificate of the true Quantity brought thither, and lodged in a Warehouse under the Lock and Key of the said Officer, as well as the Proprietor of the said Salt; and if it shall appear to be the full Quantity that was first delivered (making reasonable Allowance for Waste) such Certificate shall be accepted by the Collector of the Duties on Salt at the Rock Pits, towards Discharging the Security given for the Duty on the Rock Salt made use of in making the said Refined Salt; and that upon the Warehousing any such Refined Salt, or any other Salt delivered Duty Free, for the Curing Fish for Foreign Markets, that has been brought by Sea in any Ship or Vessel whatsoever, the Master or his Mate, or the Boatswain of such Ship or Vessel, shall make Oath before the Officer of the Salt-Duties (who is hereby impowered to administer the same) that all the Salt he took in or loaded at the Place of Loading (mentioning the Quantity) is truly delivered to be lodged

Relief given to Refiners of Rock Salt.

in

in a Warehouse under the Lock and Key of the Officer, and that there was no Salt added to it, or taken from it at such Place of Loading, or since he came from it, to the best of his Knowledge and Belief, under the Penalty of Forfeiting double the Value of the Salt that shall be otherwise delivered, and Ten Shillings per Bushel; and if it shall happen that the Vessel on which such Refined Salt, as aforesaid, is shipped, shall either perish at Sea, or be taken by Enemies, with such Salt on board her, That in such Case any Merchant or Person, Owner of the said Salt, shall, upon Proof made before the Justices of the Peace at the Quarter-Sessions held for the County, Riding, Division, or Town, wherein he doth inhabit, of the Loss of such Salt so shipped, receive from the said Sessions a Certificate that such Proof was made before them; and upon Producing the said Certificate to the Collector of the Salt-Duties at the Rock Pits, such Certificate shall be accepted by such Collector, towards Discharging the Security given for the Duty on the Rock Salt made use of in making such Refined Salt.

Relief for Rock Salt perished, or taken by Enemies.

Anno 8 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XVIII.

An Act to prevent the Clandestine Running of Goods, and the Danger of Infection thereby; and to prevent Ships breaking their Quarentine; and to subject Copper Ore, of the Production of the *British* Plantations, to such Regulations, as other Enumerated Commodities of the like Production are subject.

Preamble.

FOrasmuch as the Laws already made to prevent the secret Landing of Prohibited and Uncustomed Goods, have been found insufficient for that Purpose, it being Notorious that such Infamous and Pernicious Practices are still continued, in open Defiance of the Laws, to the great Diminution of the Publick Revenues, the Discouragement of Honest Traders, and, during the Time of Infection Abroad, to the Endangering the Health and Lives of many Thousands of his Majesties Innocent Subjects, by bringing into this Kingdom, from Infected Places, Goods apt to retain Infection: And whereas by an Act passed in the Fifth Year of his present Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act against Clandestine Running of Uncustomed Goods; and for the more effectual Preventing of Frauds relating to the Customs, It was Enacted, That any Ship, Vessel, or Boat, of the Burthen of Fifteen Tuns, or under, wherein any Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Strong Waters, or Spirits of any Kind whatsoever, should be imported or brought into Great Britain, or into any Port, Harbour, Haven, or Creek thereof (except as therein is excepted) such Ship, Vessel, or Boat, with all her Tackle, Furniture, and Apparel, or the Value thereof, should be forfeited and lost, and should and might be seized, recovered, broke up, and sold, as therein mentioned; which Forfeiture is, by an Act passed in the Sixth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, Intituled, An Act for preventing Frauds and Abuses in the Publick Revenues of Excise Customs, Stamp-Duties, Post-Office, and House-Money, extended to Vessels of Thirty Tuns: And whereas to elude the Intent of the said Laws, many Persons do now carry on a Clandestine Trade by Importing those Goods in Ships and Vessels above the Burthen of Thirty Tuns; For the Prevention thereof, Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Foreign Brandy, Arrack, Strong Waters, or Spirits of any Kind whatsoever, shall, from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, be imported or brought into Great Britain, or

5 Geo. cap. 11.

6 Geo. cap. 21.

After 25 *March*, 1722. no Brandy, &c. to be imported in any Vessel less than 40 Tuns.

or into any Port, Harbour, Haven, or Creek thereof, in any Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, of the Burthen of Forty Tuns, or under, according to the Admeaſurement preſcribed in the laſt mentioned Act (except only for the Uſe of the Seamen then belonging to and on Board ſuch Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, not exceeding Two Gallons for each ſuch Seaman) every ſuch Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, with all her Tackle, Furniture, and Apparel, as alſo all ſuch Brandy, Arrack, Strong Waters, or Spirits, or the Value thereof, ſhall be forfeited, and ſhall and may be ſeized by any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms, and ſhall and may be proſecuted and divided in ſuch Manner and Form as is preſcribed in the ſaid Acts concerning Ships, Veſſels, and Boats of Fifteen or Thirty Tuns, as aforeſaid; Any Law or Cuſtom to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Exception, not exceeding Two Gallons for each Seaman.

Brandy and Veſſel, &c. forfeited.

II. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That after the Seizure and Condemnation of ſuch Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, the Principal Officers of his Majeſties Cuſtoms, in the Port or Place where the ſame ſhall be at the time of ſuch Condemnation, are hereby directed to cauſe the Hull of ſuch Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, to be burnt and wholly deſtroyed, and the Tackle, Furniture, and Apparel thereunto belonging, to be publickly ſold to the beſt Advantage, and the Produce thereof to be divided, as herein after mentioned, the reaſonable Charges of Proſecuting, Selling, and Burning, as aforeſaid, being firſt deducted.

After Seizure and Condemnation, Hull of the Ship to be burnt, and the Tackle, &c. ſold.

Produce to be divided, but Charges to be firſt deducted.

III. And whereas many Frauds are committed, to the Prejudice of the Revenue, in the Clandeſtine Running of Goods Imported, and in Relanding Certificate Goods, as well as in Exporting Wool, and the Coin of this Kingdom, by Watermen and others in Boats, Wherries, Pinnaces, Barges, or Gallies, which are ſometimes rowed with Six, Eight, or Twelve Oars, built on purpoſe for the Smuggling Trade, and in caſe they are purſued by the Officers, do make their Eſcape, which may be alſo a Means of bringing in the Infection; For the Preventing whereof, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Twenty fifth Day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty two, if any Boat, Wherry, Pinnace, Barge, or Galley, rowing, or made or built to row, with more than Four Oars, ſhall be found upon the Water, or in any Bargehouſe, Workhouſe, Shed, or other Place, within any of the Counties of Middleſex, Surrey, Kent, or Eſſex, or in the River of Thames, either above or below London Bridge, or within the Limits of the Ports of London, Sandwich, or Ipſwich, or the Members or Creeks to them, or either of them reſpectively belonging, ſuch Boat, Wherry, Pinnace, Barge, or Galley, with all her Tackle and Furniture, or the Value thereof, ſhall be forfeited, and ſhall and may be ſeized by any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms; and the Owner or Owners thereof, or any Perſon uſing, or rowing in ſuch Boat, Wherry, Pinnace, Barge, or Galley, ſhall alſo forfeit and loſe the Sum of Forty Pounds; and ſuch Seizure and Forfeiture ſhall and may be proſecuted in the manner herein after mentioned; and after the Seizure and Condemnation of ſuch Boat, Wherry, Pinnace, Barge, or Galley, the Principal Officers of his Majeſties Cuſtoms, in the Port or Place where the ſame ſhall be at the time of ſuch Condemnation, are hereby directed to cauſe ſuch Boat, Wherry, Pinnace, Barge, or Galley, to be burnt, and wholly deſtroyed, and the Tackle, Furniture, and Apparel thereunto belonging, to be publickly Sold to the beſt Advantage, the Produce whereof to be divided as herein after mentioned; the reaſonable Charges of Proſecuting, Selling, and Burning, as aforeſaid, being firſt deducted.

Boats, &c. rowing with more than 4 Oars, above or below London Bridge, &c. forfeited.

Owners or Perſons rowing, &c. to forfeit 40 *l.*

Boat, &c. after Condemnation, to be burnt.

Tackle and Furniture to be ſold, and Produce divided after Charges deducted.

IV. Provided always, That this Act ſhall not extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to any Barge or Galley belonging to, or to be long to his Majeſty, or the Royal Family, or any of them, or to any Long Boat, Yaul, or Pinnace, belonging to, and uſed in the Service of any Merchant Ship, or Veſſel, or to ſuch Boat, Wherry, Pinnace, Barge, or Galley, as ſhall be licenſed by the Lord High Admiral, or Commiſſioners for Executing the Office of Lord High

To what Barges, &c. this Act ſhall not extend.

High Admiral, or the major part of the same Commissioners, for the time being; which Licences shall be in Writing, signed by the said Lord High Admiral, or Commissioners for Executing the Office of Lord High Admiral, or the major part of such Commissioners, for the time being, and shall be granted without any Fee or Charge whatsoever.

Licences to be granted by the Admiralty, without Fee.

V. Provided always, That no such Licence shall be granted, but upon sufficient Security to be given to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by the Owner or Owners of such Boat, Wherry, Pinnace, Barge, or Galley, by Bond, in such Penalty as the Lord High Admiral, or Commissioners for Executing the Office of Lord High Admiral, for the time being, shall find to be reasonable, with Condition that the same shall not be made use of in the Clandestine Running of Uncustomed and Prohibited Goods; which Security the said Lord High Admiral, or the Commissioners for Executing the Office of Lord High Admiral, who shall grant such Licence, are hereby impowered and required to take for the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors.

Security to be given, that such Boat, &c. shall not be used in Running of Uncustomed or Prohibited Goods, &c.

VI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, all and every Person and Persons, who shall be found passing (knowingly and wittingly) with any Foreign Goods or Commodities, landed from any Ship or Vessel, without the due Entry and Payment of the Duties by Law charged thereon, in his, her, or their Custody, from any of the Coasts of this Kingdom, or within the Space of Twenty Miles of any of the said Coasts, and shall be more than Five Persons in Company, or shall carry any Offensive Arms or Weapons, or wear any Vizard, Mask, or other Disguise, when passing with such Goods or Commodities, as aforesaid, or shall forcibly hinder or resist any of the Officers of the Customs or Excise, in the Seizing or Securing any sorts or kinds of Run Goods or Commodities, shall be deemed and taken to be Runners of Foreign Goods and Commodities, within the Meaning of this present Act, and (being convicted of or for any of the said Offences, for which he, she, or they so convicted, are by this present Act declared to be deemed and taken to be Runners of Foreign Goods and Commodities) shall be adjudged Guilty of Felony, and shall, for such his, her, or their Offence, be Transported as a Felon, to some or one of his Majesties Colonies or Plantations in America, there to remain for the Space of Seven Years, in the same manner as Felons are appointed to be Transported, by an Act made in the Fourth Year of his Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for the further Preventing of Robbery, Burglary, and other Felonies; and for the more effectual Transportation of Felons, and unlawful Exporters of Wooll; and for Declaring the Law in some Points against Piracies; and by another Act made in the Sixth Year of his Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for the further Preventing Robbery and Burglary, and other Felonies; and for the more effectual Transportation of Felons; and if any such Offender or Offenders shall return into Great Britain or Ireland, before the Expiration of the said Seven Years, he, she, or they so returning, shall suffer as Felons, and have Execution awarded against him, her, or them, as Persons attainted of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

Persons passing knowingly with Foreign Goods landed without Entry, within Twenty Miles of the Coast, and being more than Five, and resisting Officer, &c.

deemed to be Runners of Goods, and after Conviction adjudged Guilty of Felony, and to be transported.

4 Geo. cap. 11.

6 Geo. cap. 23.

Returning into *Great Britain* or *Ireland* Felony without Clergy.

VII. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Runner of Foreign Goods or Commodities, as aforesaid, shall, within Two Months after such his Offence, and before his Conviction, discover Two or more of his Accomplices therein, to the Commissioners of the Customs or Excise in England or Scotland respectively, so as they, or Two of them at least, be convicted of such Offence, the Offender or Offenders so discovering, shall have and receive the Sum of Forty Pounds for every such Offender so discovered and convicted, as a Reward for such his Discovery, so as the Value of the Goods recovered for the Use of his Majesty on such Discovery, shall exceed the Sum of Fifty Pounds; and such Person so Discover-

Offender, before Conviction, discovering Two or more Accomplices within Two Months, to have 40 *l.* for each, and acquitted, &c. so as the Value of the Goods exceed 50 *l.* for his Majesty's Use.

ing, shall be clearly acquitted and discharged of such his or her Offence.

Other Persons discovering in Three Months, to have 40 *l.* over and above any other Reward.

VIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, if any other Person or Persons shall, within Three Months after such Offence shall have been committed, discover to the said Commissioners respectively, any Person or Persons who shall have been Guilty of such Offence, so as such Offender or Offenders be convicted thereof, such Discoverer or Discoverers shall have and receive the like Reward of Forty Pounds for every such Offender so discovered and convicted, over and above any other Reward or Recompence, which he or they may be entitled unto, on Account of the Goods so carried or conveyed away, which shall be recovered by Means of such his or their Discovery, or on Account of the Penalties which shall be recovered for the Running the said Goods, so as the Value of the Goods recovered for the Use of his Majesty on such Discovery, shall exceed the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

So as the Value of the Goods for his Majesty's Use exceed 50 *l.*

Reward by whom to be paid.

IX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Commissioners of the Customs and Excise in England and Scotland respectively, shall cause the several Rewards of Forty Pounds for the Discovery of the Offenders before mentioned, to be paid by the respective Receiver General or Cashire of the Customs and Excise, for the time being, out of any Publick Money in his or their Hands, under the Management of the said Commissioners, in Proportion to the Duties payable on the Goods so Clandestinely run, for which such Person or Persons shall be convicted, upon producing to them a Certificate or Certificates under the Hand of the Judge or Justice of the Court, before whom such Offender or Offenders shall be tried, certifying the Conviction of the Offender or Offenders; and the Money paid by any Receiver General or Cashire, as aforesaid, shall be accepted of and allowed in his Accounts as so much Money paid to his Majesty, and such Receiver General or Cashire is and shall be hereby discharged thereof accordingly; Any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Persons knowingly receiving or buying Goods, &c. Clandestinely run, &c. to forfeit 20 *l.*

X. And forasmuch as the Persons using such Clandestine Trade, are greatly encouraged to continue in the same, by reason great Numbers of Persons, for their Private Lucre, receive and buy the Goods and Merchandizes, so by them Clandestinely imported contrary to Law, which may be a Means of Bringing in the Infection; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall receive or buy any Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes so Clandestinely run or imported, before the same shall have legally been condemned, knowing the same to be so Clandestinely run or imported, and shall be thereof lawfully convicted upon his, her, or their Appearance or Default, upon the Oath or Oaths of One or more Credible Witness or Witnesses, or by the Confession of the Party, by One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace of the County, Division, or Liberty, where such Offence shall be committed, or the Offender shall be found (which Oath such Justice or Justices of the Peace are hereby required to administer) the Persons so convicted shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, One Moiety thereof to the Informer, and the other Moiety to the Poor of the Parish where such Offence shall be committed, the same to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offenders Goods, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, of such Justice or Justices, before whom such Offender shall be convicted, as aforesaid; and for want of such Distress, every such Offender shall by such Justice or Justices be committed to Prison, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for the Space of Three Months.

To be levied by Distress,

or offender to be committed to Prison for 3 Months.

XI. And whereas several considerable Dealers in Foreign Brandy, Spirits, or Strong Waters, have and keep very large Stocks or Quantities of Foreign Brandy, Spirits, or Strong Waters, for Sale, many whereof live upon or near the Coasts of this King-

dom, and thereby have or may have Opportunities of Furnishing themselves with the said Brandy, Spirits, or Strong Waters, either by Running the same themselves, or Procuring it from others, who have or shall run it: And whereas many of the said Dealers are gotten into a Practice of Receiving into their Custody great Quantities of Spirits made in this Kingdom, which for the most part are brought to them from London, with Permit or Certificate that the Duties of the same have been paid, which Spirits are either drawn so low, or by mixing the same with Water, made of so mean a Quality, that of themselves they are of little or no Value; and by having those Spirits in their Custody, the said Dealers have Opportunities of Increasing their Stocks of Foreign Brandy, Spirits, or Strong Waters, which they either run themselves, or procure others to do it for them; and when such Increase is discovered by the Officers of the Excise, the same is pretended to have been made by a Mixture of the said mean British Spirits with their Foreign Brandy, Spirits, or Strong Waters, whereas in Truth they really destroy the said British Spirits, and do not mix the same with their Foreign Goods, whereby the Practice of Running the same is become difficult to be found out and discovered, and the Pernicious Trade of Running the said Foreign Brandy, Spirits, or Strong Waters, successfully carried on: For Remedy whereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, all Dealers in Foreign Brandy, Spirits, or Strong Waters, who shall then have, or from thenceforth receive into their Custody, any British Spirits, shall keep the same separate and apart, and in separate Cellars, Vaults, or other Places, from their Foreign Brandy, Spirits, or Strong Waters, upon Pain of forfeiting the Sum of Ten Shillings for every Gallon of British Spirits, which shall be found in any Vault, Cellar, or other Place, where any Dealer in Foreign Brandy, Spirits, or Strong Waters, shall have or keep any Foreign Brandy, Spirits, or Strong Waters, together with the Casks and other Vessels wherein the same British Spirits shall be so found.

All Dealers in Foreign Brandy, &c. to keep them separate from *British* Spirits, on Penalty of 10 s. for every Gallon *British*, and Forfeiture of Casks, &c.

XII. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any Officer of the Excise shall find any Increase of Foreign Brandy, Spirits, or Strong Waters, in the Hands of any such Dealer, over and above the Quantity which such Officer found in such Dealers Custody at the time of such Officers last preceding Survey upon such Dealer, such Increase shall be deemed and taken to be made by Foreign Brandy, Spirits, or Strong Waters, for which no Duties were paid, and which had been privately brought by such Dealer into the Place where such Increase shall be found, without any Permit or Certificate of the Payment of the Duty thereof, or any previous Entry or Notice to any Officer of Excise of bringing the same; and so much of the said Foreign Brandy, Spirits, or Strong Waters, as shall be found so increased, shall, together with the Cask or other Vessel, wherein the same shall be so contained, be forfeited and lost, and shall and may be seized and secured by such Officer and Officers of Excise, who shall so find and discover the same, unless the Owner thereof shall make it appear, that such Increase was made either by Mixing some of his Stock of British Spirits whereof the Officer of Excise had taken an Account, with his Foreign Brandy, Spirits, or Strong Waters, in the Presence of the Officer of Excise of the Division where the said Increase shall be found, or by Foreign Brandy, Spirits, or Strong Waters, brought into the Place where such Increase shall be found, with a Permit or Certificate of the Payment of the Duties thereof, or that the same had been formerly condemned, or was part of some Persons Stock in Hand on the First Day of August, One thousand seven hundred and twenty, and that due Notice was given to the Officer of Excise at the said Division, of the bringing in the same, before the same was so brought in.

Increase of Foreign Brandy, &c. found by Officer after former Survey, to be deemed as Brandy without Permit, &c.

Such Brandy, &c. with Cask forfeited.

Exception.

XIII. And whereas many Retailers of Foreign Brandy, Spirits, or Strong Waters, are furnished with the Brandy, Spirits, or Strong Waters, which they retail, by Persons who run the same, or their Accomplices, in small Quantities (viz.) Less than One Gallon at a time; and when the Officers of Excise find such small Quantities in the Hands of such Retailers, they refuse to produce any Permit or Certificate for the same, alledging, that no such Permit or Certificate are required by Law for any Quantity of such Brandy, Spirits, or Strong Waters, under the Quantity of One Gallon, whereby the Runners thereof find Means to dispose of great Quantities of such Run Brandy, Spirits, or Strong Waters: For Remedy whereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, no Foreign Brandy, Spirits, or Strong Waters, although the same be under the Quantity of One Gallon, shall be received or taken into the Custody or Possession of any such Retailer, or any Person or Persons, for the Use of any such Retailer, without a Permit or Certificate, signed by some Officer of the Customs or Excise, signifying that the Duties thereof were paid, or secured to be paid, or that the same had been Condemned as Forfeited, or was Part of some Persons Stock in Hand on the First Day of August, One thousand seven hundred and twenty, upon Pain of Forfeiting all such Foreign Brandy, Spirits, or Strong Waters, as shall be so found in the Custody of such Retailer, or any other Person or Persons, for the Use of any such Retailer, without a Permit or Certificate, together with the Cask, Bottle, or other Vessel, wherein the same shall be so found; Any Law, Statute, or Provision, to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Retailers having Foreign Brandy, though less than One Gallon, without Permit, &c. the Brandy, &c. forfeited, with the Cask, &c.

XIV. And whereas by virtue of an Act passed in the Session of Parliament, holden in the Sixth Year of his Majesties Reign, obliging all such Ships, Persons, and Goods, coming from Places that are or shall be mentioned in his Majesties Proclamation, to perform Quarentine, It is Enacted, That in case any Commander, Master, or other Person, taking Charge of any Ship liable to perform Quarentine, shall not, within convenient Time, after due Notice given for that Purpose by the proper Officer, cause such Ship or Vessel, and the Lading thereof, to perform Quarentine respectively, then such Ship or Vessel is forfeited, and the Commander, Master, or other Person, as aforesaid, forfeits Two hundred Pounds: And whereas the Commanders, Masters, or other Persons, taking Charge of such Ships or Vessels, do pretend, after they are put into the Place or Places to perform Quarentine, to be bound to Parts beyond Seas, or some other Port or Place of this Kingdom, and do frequently depart from such Places without the Licence of the proper Officer appointed to see the Quarentine duly performed, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of the said Act; For Remedy whereof, Be it Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That if the Commander, Master, or other Person, taking Charge of any Ship or Vessel liable to perform Quarentine, shall depart with, or permit or suffer such Ship or Vessel to depart from the Place or Places appointed for the Performance of Quarentine, without Leave or Licence of the proper Officer or Officers appointed to see the same performed, such Ship or Vessel, with her Tackle, Furniture, and Apparel, shall be forfeited to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the Commander, Master, or other Person, as aforesaid, shall also forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, One Moiety thereof to the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety thereof to the Informer or Prosecutor.

Ships departing without Licence from Places appointed for Quarentine, forfeited,

and Commanders, &c. to forfeit 200 *l.*

XV. And whereas several Persons, Guilty of the Clandestine Running of Brandy, or other Customable and Prohibited Goods, or of receiving such Goods, knowing the same to have been so run, do frequently remove from their usual Places of Abode into some other County, and are there called by other than their true Names, to avoid their being prosecuted with Effect for such their

Persons Running Brandy, &c. or receiving, knowing the Goods to be run, &c. may be prosecuted;

Notorious Offences; Be it therefore further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall, after the said Five and twentieth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, be Guilty of any Offence or Offences, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this or any other Act of Parliament, made for the Preventing Clandestine Running of Brandy, or other Customable or Prohibited Goods, or of receiving such Goods into his or their House, Shop or Warehouse, Custody or Possession, knowing the same to be so Run, such Person and Persons shall and may be prosecuted for any of the Offences or Matters aforesaid, by Action, Bill, Plaint, or Information, and thereupon a Capias in the first Process, specifying the Sum of the Penalty sued for, shall and may issue; and such Person or Persons shall be obliged to give sufficient Bail or Security, by Natural Born Subjects, or Denizens, to the Person or Persons to whom such Capias shall be directed, to appear in the Court out of which such Capias shall issue, at the Day of Return of such Writ, to answer such Suit and Prosecution, and shall likewise, at the time of such Appearing, give sufficient Bail or Security, by such Persons, as aforesaid, in the said Court, to answer and pay all the Forfeitures and Penalties incurred for such Offence or Offences, in case he or they shall be convicted thereof, or to yield his or their Body or Bodies to Prison.

and thereupon a *Capias* in the first Process may issue, and the Offender shall be obliged to give Security to appear and answer the Prosecution.

XVI. And whereas by Two several Acts passed in the Eighth Year of the Reign of her late Majesty Queen Anne, the One Intituled, An Act for Granting to Her Majesty New Duties of Excise, and upon several Imported Commodities, and for other Purposes therein mentioned; the other Intituled, An Act for Continuing several Impositions, Additional Impositions, and Duties upon Goods Imported, to raise Money by way of Loan, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ten; and for taking off the Over-Sea Duty on Coals Exported in *British* Bottoms; and for better Preventing Frauds in Drawbacks upon Certificate Goods, and other Purposes therein mentioned; It is thereby respectively Enacted, That if any sort of Goods whatsoever, liable to the Payment of Duties, be unshipped with Intention to be laid on Land (Customs and other Duties not being first Paid or Secured) or if any Prohibited Goods whatsoever be Imported into any Port of Great Britain, or in case any Tobacco, or other Foreign Goods, contained or specified in any Certificate, whereupon any Drawback is to be made, or whereupon any Debenture is to be made forth for such Drawback, shall, when shipped for Exportation, be landed again in any Part of Great Britain (except as therein is excepted) the Vessels and Boats, and all the Horses, and other Cattle, and Carriages whatsoever, used in the Landing, Relanding, Removing, Carriage, or Conveyance, of the aforesaid Goods, shall be forfeited and lost, and may be sued for, recovered, and distributed in such manner, as by the said Act is Provided and Directed; which Laws have not had the good Effects thereby proposed, in regard that the Keeping or Maintaining the Horses so seized, from the time of Seizure to the time of Condemnation in his Majesties Court of Exchequer, is very Chargeable, and for that the Charge of Condemning such Vessels, Boats, and Horses, as aforesaid, is very Great, whereby Officers are Discouraged from making such Seizures, and the Smuglers Encouraged in their illegal Practices; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Seizures of Vessels or Boats of the Burthen of Fifteen Tuns or under, which shall be made after the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, by virtue of the said Acts, or either of them, or of any other Act relating to the Revenue of Customs, for carrying or conveying Uncustomed or Prohibited Goods from Ships Inwards, or for Relanding Certificate or Debenture Goods from Ships Outwards; and that all Seizures of Horses, or other Cattle, or Carriages whatsoever, which shall be made after the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, for being used in the Removing, Carriage, or Conveyance of such Goods, contrary to the said Acts, or

8 A. *cap.* 7.

8 A. *cap.* 13.

Seizures of Vessels, &c. of 15 Tuns or under, and Seizures of Horses, or other Cattle or Carriages used in Running Goods, may be proceeded upon, heard, adjudged, and determined, by two or more Justices of Peace.

or any of them, shall and may be Examined into, Proceeded upon, Heard, Adjudged, and Determined, by and before Two or more of his Majesties Justices of the Peace, residing near the Place where such Seizure shall be made, in such Manner, and after such Summons, or Publick Notice given, as by an Act passed in the 6 Geo. *cap.* 21. Sixth Year of his present Majesty, Intituled, An Act for Preventing Frauds and Abuses in the Publick Revenues of Excise, Customs, Stamp-Duties, Post-Office, and House-Money, Seizures of Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, or Strong Waters, (except as therein is excepted) may be Examined into, Proceeded upon, Heard, Adjudged, and Determined, before Two or more of his Majesties Justices of the Peace; and such their respective Judgments shall be, and are hereby Declared to be taken and adjudged to be good, valid, and effectual in the Law, and final to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, and not liable to any Appeal, or any Writ or Writs of Certiorari; Any Law, Statute, or Provision, to the contrary notwithstanding. No *Certiorari*.

XVII. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That any Two or more Justices of the Peace of the Cities of London and Westminster, shall have the like Power and Authority in the Summoning, Examining, Proceeding, Hearing, Adjudging, and Determining, such Seizures, as are or shall be made within the Cities of London or Westminster respectively, as any Two Justices of the Peace of any other County or Place have; Any Law or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding. Justices of *London, &c.* to have like Power as other Justices.

XVIII. And whereas Foreign Goods are frequently taken in at Sea by Masters of Coasting Vessels, who privately land the same, to the Prejudice of the Revenue, and the Encouragement of the Foul Traders; For the Prevention whereof, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Goods brought or coming into any Port within the Kingdom of Great Britain, from any other Port within the said Kingdom, by Coast-Cocquet, Transire, Let-Pass, or Certificate, in any Ship or Vessel, shall, from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, be unshipped to be landed or put on shore before such Cocquet, Transire, Let-Pass, or Certificate, shall be delivered to the Customer, or Collector, and Comptroller, of the Port or Place of her Arrival, and Warrant or Sufferance made and given from such Customer, Collector, and Comptroller, for the Landing or Discharging thereof, the Master, Purser, Boatswain, or other Mariner, taking Charge of such Ship or Vessel, out of which the Goods shall be landed or put on shore, knowing and consenting thereunto, shall forfeit the Value of the Goods so unshipped; and if any Goods of Foreign Growth, Production, or Manufacture, coming Coastwise, as aforesaid, shall be landed without the Presence of an Officer of the Customs, such Foreign Goods, or the Value thereof, shall be forfeited and lost; Any Law, Custom, or Usage, to the contrary notwithstanding. Any Goods brought from one Port into another in *Great Britain, &c.* unshipped before Cocquet, *&c.* delivered to Customer, *&c.* and Sufferance for Landing, *&c.* Master, *&c.* to forfeit the Value of the Goods. Foreign Goods landed without the Presence of Officer, forfeited.

XIX. And whereas by an Act made in the Sixth Year of the 6 Geo. *cap.* 12. Reign of his present Majesty, Intituled, An Act for Preventing of Frauds and Abuses on Damaged Wines, and for Lengthning the Time for the Drawbacks on the Exportation of Wines, It is Enacted, That in case any Merchant or other Person Importing Wines, shall find the same, or any part thereof, so damaged, corrupt, or unmerchantable, that he shall refuse to pay or secure the Duties of such Wines, and shall thereupon stave, spill, or otherwise destroy the same, as by the said Act he is allowed to do, in the Manner therein mentioned, such Merchant or other Person, shall, as a Compensation for the Freight and other Charges, have the Sum of Four Pounds for every Tun of Wine, containing Two hundred and fifty two Gallons, of the Growth of Germany, or Wines which pay Duties as such, and of the Growth of France, so staved, spilt, or otherwise destroyed, and the Sum of Eight Pounds per Tun for every Tun of Wine of the Growth of Spain, Portugal, or elsewhere, and so in Proportion for a greater or lesser Quantity, to be paid in the Manner thereby directed; which several and respective

reſpective Allowances were made with Regard to the Diſtances of the Places from whence the ſaid ſeveral Sorts of Wine are uſually Imported: And whereas ſince the making of the ſaid Act, great Quantities of Mean and Corrupt Wines have been Imported from the Iſle of Man, the Freight whereof was inconſiderable, and ſaved for the Benefit of the above mentioned Allowances for Freight and Charges, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of the ſaid Act; which Fraudulent Practice may not only, from the Encouragement before mentioned, be continued from the ſaid Iſlands, but alſo be carried on by Ill-diſpoſed Perſons from Ireland, and the Iſlands of Jerſey and Guernſey, or other Places in Parts beyond the Seas, to the leſſening of his Majeſties Revenues, and Prejudice of Fair Traders; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Allowance ſhall be made by virtue of the ſaid Act, for the Freight or Charges of any Wine, which ſhall be Imported after the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty two, unleſs ſuch Wine be Imported in Caſks on board ſome Merchant Ship or Veſſel, directly from the Country or Place of the Growth of ſuch Wine, or the uſual Port or Place of its firſt Shipping; Any thing in the ſaid Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

After 25 *March*, 1722. No Allowances for Freight of Wine, unleſs imported directly from the Place of its Growth.

XX. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any Ship or Veſſel having Wines on board, ſhall, by Streſs of Weather, or any other Accident, be ſtranded, then and in ſuch Caſe, the Wines on board ſuch Ship or Veſſel, which ſhall be ſaved, may be put on board any other Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, and be carried to any of the Lawful Ports or Places for Landing of Goods in this Kingdom, and be entitled to the ſame Allowances for ſuch of them, as ſhall be ſtaved, ſpilt, or deſtroyed, as if they came in the Ship or Veſſel in which they were firſt loaded; Any thing in this or any other Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Allowances for Wines in Ships ſtranded.

XXI. And whereas by an Act paſſed in the Sixth Year of his Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for Preventing Frauds and Abuſes in the Publick Revenues or Exciſe, Cuſtoms, Stamp-Duties, Poſt-Office, and Houſe-Money, It is Enacted, That every Licence taken out for the Importation of Nutmegs, Cloves, Mace, or Cinnamon, in the Manner therein directed, ſhall be delivered to the Merchant demanding the ſame, to be produced and delivered up by the Maſter, Purſer, or other Perſon taking Charge of the Ship, to the Collector and Comptroller of the Port at the time of entring the Ship, which Act is evaded for want of Penalty to enforce the ſame, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning thereof; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe the Maſter, Purſer, or other Perſon taking Charge of any Ship, Importing any of the ſaid Spices from any Place or Places beyond the Seas, other than directly from the Eaſt-Indies, ſhall not deliver up ſuch Licence to the Collector and Comptroller of the Port, into which the ſaid Spices ſhall be Imported, at the time of his or their Entring the ſaid Ship, regularly Endorſed, as in and by the ſaid Act is directed, and alſo anner ſuch Licence to the Entry or Report of the Ship; and in caſe each Caſk of Nutmegs, Cloves, or Mace, ſo Imported, ſhall not contain Neat Three hundred Pound Weight, and each Bale of Cinnamon Neat Seventy Pound Weight, as by the ſaid Act is directed, then and in any of the ſaid Caſes, ſuch Nutmegs, Cloves, Mace, or Cinnamon, ſhall be forfeited, and deemed to be Imported without a Licence, granted or to be granted by virtue of the ſaid Act, or any former Law; and ſuch Spice ſhall and may be proſecuted, as alſo the Ship Importing the ſame, by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in Force relating to the Cuſtoms, as if ſuch Spice had been Imported without Licence; Any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

If Licence for Importation of Nutmegs, *&c.* be not delivered to Collector of the Port, by the Maſter, *&c.* where the Spices ſhall be imported, *&c.*

And if each Caſk of Nutmegs, Cloves, or Mace, ſhall not contain Neat 300 *lb.* and each Bale of Cinnamon 70 *lb.* Goods Forfeited, as alſo the Ship.

XXII. And whereas by the Acts made in the Twelfth and Twenty fifth Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King Charles the Second, the former Intituled, An Act for the Incouraging and Increaſing

6 Geo. *cap.* 21.

12 Car. 2. *cap.* 18.

25 Car. 2. cap. 7. sing of Shipping and Navigation; and the latter Intituled, An Act for the Incouragement of the *Greenland* and *Eastland* Trade, and for the better Securing the Plantation Trade; and by One other Act made in the Third and Fourth Years of the Reign of her late Majesty

3 & 4 A. cap. 5. Queen Anne, Intituled, An Act for Granting to her Majesty a further Subsidy on Wines and Merchandizes Imported, certain Commodities therein respectively enumerated, of the Growth, Production, or Manufacture, of any of the British Plantations in America, Asia, or Africa, are, for the Reasons therein mentioned, restrained to be Imported into this Kingdom, or to some other of the said Plantations, under the Securities and Penalties in the said Two first recited Acts, or either of them, particularly mentioned; since the making of which Laws, Copper Ore (which is not in any of the said Acts particularly enumerated) is produced in the said Plantations, and carried to Foreign Markets in Europe, without being first brought into this Kingdom, to the Prejudice of the Trade, and the lessening the Correspondence and Relation between this Kingdom and the aforesaid Plantations; For Prevention whereof for the future, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty ninth Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, all Copper Ore shall be, under the like Securities and Penalties, restrained to be Imported into this Kingdom, as by the fore-recited Acts, or any of them, is provided for the Goods therein particularly enumerated; Any Law, Custom, or Usage, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Copper Ore of the Produce of *British* Plantations, subjected to such Regulations as other enumerated Commodities, &c. Imported from thence.

XXIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Penalties and Forfeitures in this Act mentioned, shall and may be Prosecuted and Determined by Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer at Edinburgh respectively (except where it is in this Act otherwise directed) wherein no Essoign, Protection, or Wager of Law, shall be allowed; and One Moiety of the said several Penalties and Forfeitures shall be to the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to such Person or Persons as will sue for or prosecute the same.

Penalty how to be prosecuted, &c.

XXIV. And whereas Doubts have arisen and been made of and concerning the Seizing of such Brandy, Arack, Rum, Spirits, and Strong Waters, as well Foreign as British, and also of such Foreign Excisеable Liquors, as by Act or Acts relating thereto now in Force, are in several and respective Cases Enacted and Declared to be forfeited; Now to clear all Doubt and Question therein, or relating thereto, Be it Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That the Liquors aforesaid, every or any of them, which have been, are, is, or hereafter shall be forfeited by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in Force, or hereafter to be made, together with the Casks, Bottles, Vessels, or other Package, containing the same, ought to be, and from time to time, shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise respectively, or by such Person or Persons, who are or shall be deputed or authorized thereto, by Warrant from the Lord Treasurer or Under Treasurer, or by Special Commission from his Majesty under the Great Seal or Privy Seal, but by none other or others whatsoever.

Seizures of Brandy, Arack, Rum, &c. *British* or Foreign, may be made by Officers of the Customs or Excise, or by other Persons authorized.

XXV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if, from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven seven hundred and twenty two, any Person or Persons whatsoever, shall assault, resist, oppose, molest, obstruct, or hinder any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise, in the due Seizing or Securing any Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, or Strong Waters, either Foreign or British, or any Foreign Excisеable Liquors, which by any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise, shall or may be seized by Virtue or in Pursuance of this or any other Act or Acts now in Force, or hereafter to be made, or shall, by Force or Violence, rescue, or shall cause or procure to be rescued, any Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, or Strong Waters, British or Foreign, or any Foreign Excisеable Liquors, after the same shall have been seized by

Persons Resisting any Officer, &c. making such Seizures, or who shall after Seizure stave, break, &c. any Cask, Bottles, &c. Brandy, &c. forfeit 40 *l.*

by such Officer or Officers, as aforesaid, or shall attempt or endeavour so to do, or shall, at or after such Seizure, stave, break, or otherwise destroy or damage any Cask, Vessel, or Bottle, containing such Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, or Strong Waters, British or Foreign, or such Foreign Exciseable Liquor, the Party or Parties so offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Forty Pounds.

General Issue.

XXVI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in Pursuance of this Act, that the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit, may plead the General Issue, and give this Act, and the Special Matter in Evidence, at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in Pursuance and by Authority of the said Act; and if it shall appear so to have been done, then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and if the Plaintiff shall be Nonsuited, or Discontinue his Action, after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if Judgment shall be given upon any Verdict or Demurrer against the Plaintiff, the Defendant or Defendants shall and may recover Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same, as the Defendant or Defendants hath or have in other Cases by Law.

This Act to continue for 2 Years after 25 *March*, 1722. and to the End of the next Session.

XXVII. Provided always, and it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this present Act shall Continue and be in Force for the Space of Two Years, commencing from the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, and no longer.

Anno 8 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XX.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Paying off and Cancelling One Million of Exchequer Bills, and to give Ease to the *South-Sea* Company, in respect of its present Obligation, to circulate or contribute towards Circulating Exchequer Bills; and to give further Time to that Company for Repayment of One Million, which was lent to them; and for Issuing a further Sum in New Exchequer Bills, towards his Majesties Supply, to be Discharged and Cancelled, when the said Company shall repay the Million owing by them; and that the Exchequer Bills, which are to Continue, may be Circulated at easie and moderate Rates; and for Appropriating the Supplies granted to his Majesty in this Session of Parliament; and for Relief of the Sufferers at *Nevis* and Saint *Christophers*, by an Invasion of the *French* in the late War; and for laying a further Duty on Apples Imported; and for Ascertaining the Duties on Pictures Imported.

In One Year after 25 *March*, 1722. New Exchequer Bills for One Million, &c. may be made out.

IX. AND to the End a certain Sum of Money, not exceeding One Million of Pounds Sterling, may effectually be raised towards Answering the Supply granted to his Majesty in this Session of Parliament; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, and they respectively are hereby authorized and impowered, at any time or times within One Year, to be reckoned from the said Feast of the Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, by such Proportions at a time, as they respectively shall find to be most

moſt for the Advantage of the Publick, to prepare and make, or cauſe to be prepared and made, at the ſaid Receipt of the Exchequer, in ſuch Method and Form, as they ſhall think moſt convenient, any Number of New Exchequer Bills, ſo as all the Principal Sums to be contained in the Bills ſo to be made by virtue of this Act, do not in the whole exceed One Million of Pounds (over and above the Exchequer Bills made forth by former Acts, which ſhall remain undiſcharged;) and that the ſaid New Bills ſo to be prepared and made in Purſuance of this Act, ſhall bear an Intereſt not exceeding the Rate of Two Pence per Centum per Diem, and proportionably for any greater or leſſer Sum to be contained therein, and to be payable to the Bearers thereof reſpectively; Nevertheleſs the ſaid Intereſt ſhall be abated and ſaved upon ſuch of the ſaid Bills to be made forth by this Act, as ſhall at any time or times be in the Receipt of the Exchequer, or in the Hands or Power of any Receivers or Collectors of any Taxes, Aids, or Revenues whatſoever, payable to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, during ſuch Time and Times reſpectively, as ſuch Bills ſhall be or remain in the ſaid Receipt, or in ſuch Hands or Power, as aforeſaid; and the ſaid Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or any Three or more of them, and the ſaid High Treaſurer for the time being, are hereby reſpectively authorized and impowered to cauſe ſuch New Bills, as ſhall be prepared by virtue of this Act, to be placed as ſo much Caſh in the reſpective Offices of the Tellers at the ſaid Receipt of Exchequer, each and every of which Tellers ſhall be ſeverally charged with the Proportions of the ſaid Bills, which ſhall be ſo placed in his Office reſpectively.

Intereſt at 2 *d.* *per Cent. per Diem.*

Upon what Bills Intereſt ſhall be abated.

Treaſury to cauſe New Bills, *&c.* to be placed as Caſh in the Office of the Teller, *&c.*

X. And to the End the ſaid Bills, which ſhall be made forth by virtue of this Act, and the Bills made forth by the ſaid former Acts, which ſhall from time to time remain undiſcharged, may the better obtain a Currency for ſuch reſpective Time and Times, as they are intended to be current according to this Act; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Monies, which ſhall from time to time ariſe of or for the ſaid Surpluſſes, Exceſſes, and Overpluſſes, commonly called the Sinking Fund, ſhall be and are hereby Declared and Enacted to be a Fund or Security (over and above the Intereſt Monies, after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, to be anſwered by the South-Sea Company, as is herein after mentioned) for furniſhing ſuch Monies as ſhall be neceſſary to be furniſhed at ſuch certain Rates, as are herein after expreſſed, or otherwiſe, for or towards Exchanging and Circulating the ſame, or any of them, according to the Purport and true Meaning of this Act; Any former Law or Statute to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Sinking Fund to be a Security for furniſhing Monies for Exchanging and Circulating Bills, *&c.*

XI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That as well all and every the ſaid Exchequer Bills, to be made forth by virtue of this Act, until the Diſcharging and Cancelling the ſame, purſuant to the Proviſo herein after contained in that behalf, as alſo all and every of the Exchequer Bills made forth by virtue of any former Act or Acts of Parliament, and remaining from time to time undiſcharged, until the Diſcharging or Cancelling the ſame, ſhall and may jointly or ſeverally be received and taken by, and ſhall paſs and be current to all and every the Receivers and Collectors in Great Britain, of the Cuſtoms, Exciſe, or any Revenue, Supply, Aid, or Tax whatſoever, already granted, due or payable, or which ſhall or may hereafter be granted, due or payable to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, and alſo at the Receipt of the Exchequer from the ſaid Receivers or Collectors, or from any other Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate whatſoever, making any Payments or Loans there, to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, for or upon any Account, Cauſe, or Occaſion whatſoever, according to the Purport and true Meaning of this Act; and that ſuch of the ſame Bills, as ſhall be received at the Exchequer, ſhall and may be locked up and ſecured as Caſh, according to the Courſe of the Exchequer, ſettled and eſtabliſhed by Law, for Locking up and Securing Money in Specie received there; and that all and every the

Bills made forth, and remaining undiſcharged, to be taken by Receivers, *&c.* as current, till diſcharged,

and ſecured as Caſh in the Exchequer.

Receivers to pay Monies (if required) for such Bills.

Receivers and Collectors in Great Britain, of the Customs, Excise, or any Revenue, Aid, Tax, or Supply whatsoever, already granted, due or payable, or which shall or may hereafter be granted, due or payable to his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall, and they are hereby directed and required, out of any Current Coined Money as shall then be in his or their Hands, of such Revenue, Aid, Tax, or Supply, to pay such of the same Bills as shall be brought to them respectively, by any Person or Persons desiring to have Money for the same; and in case any such Receiver or Collector shall refuse or neglect to exchange such Bill or Bills for Ready Money, by the Space of Twenty four Hours, then the Person or Persons demanding the same, shall or may bring an Action of Debt, or on the Case, for the Principal and Interest Monies due upon such Bill or Bills, against such Receiver or Collector, having Money in his Hands, as aforesaid, in which Action the Plaintiff shall or may declare that such Receiver or Collector is indebted to such Plaintiff in the Money demanded upon every such Bill, according to the Form of the Statute, and hath not paid the same, which shall be sufficient; and the Plaintiff in every such Action shall recover against

On Refusal Plaintiff may revover, with full Costs of Suit.

the Receiver or Collector, not only the Monies so refused or neglected to be paid, but also his full Costs of Suit, and such Receiver or Collector shall be subject and liable thereunto, and in such Action no Essoign, Protection, Privilege, or Wager of Law, shall be allowed, or more than One Imparlance, and upon Payment of the Monies so to be recovered, the Plaintiff, his Executors or Assigns, shall deliver up such Bills to the Defendant, his Executors or Assigns.

Upon Payment or Loan of Bills into the Exchequer, Tallies to be delivered, &c.

XII. And be it further Enacted, That as any of the said Bills shall, at any time or times hereafter, within the respective times during which they shall be jointly or severally Current, pursuant to this or any former Act, be paid or lent into the Exchequer by any of his Majesties Receivers, or other Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, making any Payments or Loans at that Receipt, the Officers there shall cause Tallies to be levied and delivered to the Payers or Lenders, as amply and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if they had made such Payments or Loans in Specie.

Interest to be allowed till Payment, &c.

XIII. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Interest, which shall from time to time be due upon any of the Bills so to be Current, as aforesaid, shall be allowed to all Persons, Bodies Politick and Corporate, paying the same to any Receiver or Collector, Receivers or Collectors of any his Majesties Revenues, Aids, Taxes, or Supplies, or by way of Exchange, as aforesaid, or paying or lending the same into the Exchequer, as aforesaid, to the respective Days whereupon such Bill or Bills shall be

When to cease.

so paid, exchanged, or lent; Provided always, That no Interest shall run or be paid upon or for any such Bill or Bills during the Time that any such Bill or Bills so paid, exchanged, or lent, shall remain in the Hands of any the said Receivers or Collectors, or in the Hands of any Teller or Tellers of the Exchequer, but for such Time the Interest on every such Bill shall cease.

Persons, &c. to subscribe their Names, and write on the Bills the Time of Loan or Payment.

XIV. And to the End it may be known for what Time such Bills bearing Interest shall, from time to time, remain in the Hands of such Receivers or Collectors, or in the Exchequer aforesaid; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Person or Persons, who shall pay any such Bill or Bills bearing Interest to any Receiver or Collector of any of his Majesties Revenues, Aids, Taxes, or Supplies, by way of Exchange, or otherwise, or shall pay or lend such Bill or Bills, so bearing Interest, into the Exchequer, as aforesaid, shall, at the time of making such Payment, Exchange, or Loan, on each Bill bearing Interest, and so paid, exchanged, or lent, put his or their Name or Names, and write thereupon in Words at length, the Day of the Month and Year, in which he, she, or they so paid, lent, or exchanged such Bill or Bills bearing Interest; all which the said Receivers and Collectors respectively, and also the respective Tellers in the Exchequer, shall take

take Care to see done and performed accordingly; to which respective Days the said Receivers and Collectors shall be allowed again the Interest, which he, she, or they, shall have allowed or paid upon such respective Bill or Bills, upon his or their Paying the same into the Receipt of Exchequer, as aforesaid.

Receivers, &c. to be allowed Interest by them paid, &c.

XV. Provided also, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Bills, or any of them, may be reissued and paid again out of his Majesties Exchequer; and when the same shall be reissued or paid again out of his Majesties Exchequer, the respective Teller there, from whose Office such Bill or Bills bearing Interest, shall be so reissued, or again paid out, shall endorse on the same Bill and Bills so reissued, in Words at length, the Day of the Month and Year, in which the same were so reissued or repaid out of the Exchequr, and also on what Account the same were last received into the Receipt of the Exchequer, and sign the same; from which Time the Interest of such Bill or Bills, so reissued or paid again, shall revive, and such Bill or Bills shall again run and pass at Interest, as the same did before they were paid unto, or received by the said Receivers or Collectors, or before the same were paid or lent into the Exchequer, as aforesaid.

Bills may be reissued, &c.

Tellers to endorse the Day, &c. when reissued, and on what Account received.

Interest when to revive.

XVI. And it is hereby Enacted, That the same Bills to be reissued, from time to time, or at any time, at the Exchequer, as aforesaid, shall be so reissued for the Principal Money to be contained therein, and for so much Interest as was due thereon, and allowed by the Teller at the respective Time and Times when such Bill and Bills were last paid into the Exchequer.

Bills reissued at Exchequer, shall be so reissued for Principal and Interest due, &

XVII. And be it Enacted, That every Receiver General of any the Revenues, Aids, Tares, or Supplies, belonging or to belong to his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall keep a fair Book or Books of Accounts in Writing, of all the Monies by him received, in which he, or his Deputy or Deputies, shall truly enter all the Sums, which shall have been received by him or them for every such Revenue, Aid, Tar, or Supply, together with the Names of the several Collectors from whom the same, or any part thereof, was received, the Days when, and the Sums paid, how much thereof in Money, and how much thereof in such Exchequer Bills, and what Exchequer Bills shall have been exchanged by every such Receiver General, pursuant to this Act; to which Accounts every Person concerned shall have free Access, at all seasonable Times, without Fee or Charge; and the said Accounts shall constantly lie open at One certain Place, within the Limits of his Receipt, for that Purpose; and if such Receiver shall neglect to keep such Book or Book, or to enter therein any Sum or Sums of Money by him receceived and paid, as aforesaid, by the Space of Three Days after his Receipt or Payment of the same, or shall refuse any Person or Persons concerned to inspect such Book or Books without Fee or Reward, as aforesaid, every such Receiver, for every such Offence, shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to any Person or Persons who shall sue for the same, to be recovered by Action of Debt, or upon the Case, Bill, Suit, or Information, in any his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Privilege, or Wager of Law, shall be allowed, or more than One Imparlance.

Receivers to keep a Fair Book of Accounts of Monies received, &c.

Persons concerned, to have free Access to such Accounts without Fee, &c.

Penalty on Receiver neglecting or refusing, &c.

XVIII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any of the Exchequer Bills, which shall be Current, as aforesaid, shall be filled up by Writing or Endorsements made thereon, as aforesaid, or shall by any Accident be defaced, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, and he and they are hereby authorized and impowered, by their or his Discretion, from time to time, to cause New Bills to be made forth at the Receipt of Exchequer, in lieu of such Bills which shall be so filled up or defaced; which Bills so filled up or defaced, shall be cancelled at the Receipt of Exchequer, and kept there on a File or Files for that Purpose; and such Bills so to be made forth in lieu thereof, shall have a like Currency, and shall in

New Bills to be made forth in lieu of Bills filled up or defaced, and to have like Currency, &c.

all Respects be subject to the same Rules, Methods, and Continuance, as the Bills to filled up were intended to have been by this or any other Act, and shall bear the same Numbers, Dates, and Principal Sums, and carry the like Interest, as were born and carried by the Bills so cancelled respectively.

Treasury may cause Exchequer Bills, for any Sum not exceeding 5000 *l.* each, to be made forth in lieu of Principal for Bills of less Value in the Exchequer, &c.

XIX. And it is hereby Enacted, That, for the greater Ease and Dispatch of Publick Business at the Exchequer, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, and he or they are hereby authorized and enabled, in case he or they shall so think fit, to cause Exchequer Bills, for any large Sums not exceeding Five thousand Pounds each, to be made forth at the Receipt of Exchequer, and to be placed as Cash in the said Receipt, in lieu of the like Value of the Principal contained in the said Exchequer Bills made forth for lesser Sums, which at the time of making such large Bills shall happen to be in the said Receipt, which shall be at the same time cancelled and discharged, and be kept there on a File for that Purpose; and such New Bills for such large Sums shall or may be issued at the said Receipt, and have the same Currency, and be in all Respects subject to the same Rules, Methods, Continuance, and carry the like Interest, and have the same Security, Benefits, and Advantages; and the same Pains of Death, and other Pains, Penalties, and Forfeitures, for any Crime or Offence relating thereunto, shall be inflicted, incurred, and put in Execution, as if they had been Originally issued by virtue of this or any other Act for the said lesser Bills; Any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Such New Bills to have like Currency, &c. as if originally issued.

Forging such Bills, &c. Felony.

XX. And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall forge or counterfeit any Exchequer Bill, made forth by virtue of this or any other Act of Parliament, before the same shall be paid off and cancelled, or any Exchequer Bill to be renewed or made forth in Pursuance of this Act, or any Endorsement or Writing thereupon or therein, or tender in Payment any such Forged or Counterfeit Bill, or any Exchequer Bill with such Counterfeit Endorsement or Writing thereon, or shall demand to have such Counterfeit Bill, or any such Exchequer Bill, with such Counterfeit Endorsement or Writing thereupon or therein, exchanged for Ready Money by any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, who shall be obliged or required to exchange the same, or by any other Person or Persons whatsoever, knowing the Bill so tendred in Payment, or demanded to be exchanged, or the Endorsement or Writing thereupon or therein, to be Forged or Counterfeit, and with Intent to defraud his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or the Persons to be appointed to circulate or exchange the same, or any of them, or any other Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, then every such Person or Persons so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged a Felon, and shall suffer as in Cases of Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

If Provision be made by Parliament of Money for discharging the Bills made forth by *6 Geo.* then the Bills paid off, shall be cancelled.

XXVIII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if, at any time or times hereafter, Provision shall be made by Authority of Parliament, in the Lawful Coins of this Realm, placed in the Exchequer, for Paying off and Discharging the said Exchequer Bills, which are made forth by the said Act of the Sixth Year of his Majesties Reign (in lieu of Old Exchequer Bills which were cancelled in Pursuance thereof) computed to amount to the said Sum of Nine hundred nineteen thousand nine hundred twelve Pounds, and Ten Shillings, or thereabouts, then the Bills themselves, so computed to amount to Nine hundred nineteen thousand nine hundred twelve Pounds, and Ten Shillings, or thereabouts, which shall be so paid off, or for which such Coined Money shall be reserved in the Exchequer to discharge the same, shall be discharged and cancelled; and if before the Seventh Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty three, Coined Money shall not be raised and brought into the Receipt of Exchequer, for Discharging the Bills last mentioned, then all the

Monies

Monies which shall then remain or afterwards come into the Exchequer, of or for the said Surplusses, Excesses, and Overplusses, commonly called the Sinking Fund, shall be applied for or towards Paying off, Discharging and Cancelling the said Exchequer Bills, not exceeding Nine hundred nineteen thousand nine hundred twelve Pounds, and Ten Shillings, or thereabouts, till they shall be all compietely paid off and cancelled, in such or the like Manner and Form, as are by this Act prescribed for Cancelling and Discharging the said Bills not exceeding One Million, to be made forth by virtue of this Act; This present Act or any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

If Monies be not raised before 7 *June*, 1723, then the Monies coming in of the Sinking Fund, to be applied to cancelling Bills, &c.

XXIX. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Monies arisen or to arise into the Exchequer by the said Surplusses, Excesses, and Overplusses, commonly called the Sinking Fund (except so much as at Lady-day, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, or afterwards, is to be applied to discharge the said Exchequer Bills not exceeding One Million, which were Originally created to be lent to the said Company, as aforesaid, and except so much of the said Sinking Fund, as will pay off and discharge the said Bills, not exceeding Nine hundred nineteen thousand nine hundred twelve Pounds, and Ten Shillings, or thereabouts, in such Case, as aforesaid, and except such Monies as are by this or any other Act of this Session of Parliament, or by any Act or Acts of any former Session of Parliament, specially charged upon the said Sinking Fund, or to be paid out of the same, or out of any Monies composing the said Sinking Fund) shall be appropriated, reserved, and employed, to and for Discharging the Principal and Interest of such National Debts and Incumbrances, as were incurred before the Twenty fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and are declared to be such National Debts, as may be redeemed and are provided for by Act of Parliament, in such Manner and Form, as shall be directed and appointed by any future Act or Acts of Parliament, to be discharged therewith or out of the same, and to and for none other Use, Intent, or Purpose whatsoever.

Monies to arise by Sinking Fund (except as herein excepted) to be appropriated for Discharging Principal and Interest of National Debts incurred before 25 *Dec.* 1716.

XXX. And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Fee, Reward, or Gratuity, shall be demanded or taken, directly or indirectly, by any his Majesties Officers in the Exchequer, or or by any of their Clerks or Substitutes, from any of his Majesties Subjects, for any Matter or Thing to be done by the said Officers, Clerks, and Substitutes, or any of them respectively, in Pursuance of this Act; and that no such Officer, Clerk, or Substitute, shall divert or misapply, or cause or procure to be diverted or misapplied, any of the Monies by this Act intended for the Exchanging, Circulating, or Paying off the said Bills, or any of them, under such Penalties, Forfeitures, and Disabilities, to be incurred by, and inflicted on them respectively, as by One Act of this Session of Parliament for granting an Aid to his Majesty by a Land-Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, are prescribed or enacted for Diverting and Misapplying any the Monies thereby granted, or for taking or demanding any Fee, Reward, or Gratuity, concerning the same.

No Fee to be taken for any thing done in Pursuance of this Act.

Penalty on Officer, &c. misapplying Monies, &c.

XXXI. Provided always nevertheless, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, shall have Power, and he or they are hereby enabled, to pay and allow, or cause to be paid and allowed, out of the Monies to arise of or for the said Surplusses, Excesses, and Overplus Monies, called the Sinking Fund, from time to time, the necessary Charges of Cancelling such Exchequer Bills as are hereby directed to be cancelled, and of making forth the New Exchequer Bills hereby authorized to be made forth, and such other Charges as shall be necessarily incident in or for the Execution of this Act, or any Part thereof; Any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Treasury, out of Sinking Fund, to defray the Charges of Executing this Act.

XLVI. And

An Additional Duty of 2 s. per Bushel to be paid on Apples Imported after 25 *March*, 1722. for 3 Years, &c.

XLVI. And moreover, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That there shall be raised, levied, answered and paid, unto and for the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Apples, which, at any time or times after the Feast Day of the Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, during the Term of Three Years from thence next ensuing, or before the End of the Session of Parliament next following the said Term of Three Years, shall be imported or brought into the Kingdom of Great Britain (other than and above all Customs, Subsidies, and Duties, already imposed thereupon) One Additional Duty, to be reckoned after the Rate of Two Shillings for every Bushel, and proportionally for a greater or lesser Quantity, to be paid down in Ready Money by the Importers, from time to time, before the Landing of the same respectively.

How, and under what Penalties, to be paid.

XLVII. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Additional Duty upon Apples Imported, shall be raised, levied, recovered, and paid, and be brought into his Majesties Exchequer, by such Rules, Ways, Means, and Methods, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and in such Manner and Form, as the other Duties upon Apples Imported, or any of them, are, by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in Force, prescribed or appointed to be raised, levied, recovered, answered, and paid.

To what Use applied.

XLVIII. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Additional Duty upon Apples Imported (except the necessary Charges of Management thereof) is and shall be applied for or towards making good the Services for which his Majesties Supply, granted in this Session of Parliament, is by this Act appropriated or applicable.

Duties payable on Pictures Imported after 25 *March*, 1722.

XLIX. And whereas by several Acts of Parliament now in Force, several Duties are payable upon the Importation of Pictures, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Duties for all Pictures, which shall be Imported from and after the Feast Day of the Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, shall cease and determine; and in lieu thereof there shall be paid and payable to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for all Pictures, that from and after the said Feast Day of the Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, shall be Imported into Great Britain, the certain Duties following, according to the respective Dimensions of such Pictures, That is to say,

For Pictures of Four Feet Square, 3 *l.*

For every Picture of Four Feet Square or upwards, or of any Dimensions, which being reduced will produce a Square of Four Feet or upwards, the Sum of Three Pounds, of Lawful Money of Great Britain.

Two Feet Square, 40 *s.*

For every Picture of Two Feet Square, and under Four Feet Square, or of any Dimensions, which being reduced will produce a Square of Two Feet, and under Four Feet, the Sum of Forty Shillings, of like Money.

Less than Two Feet, 20 *s.*

And for every Picture under Two Feet Square, or of any Dimensions, which being reduced will produce a Square less than Two Feet, the Sum of Twenty Shillings, of like Money.

To be paid in Ready Money before Landing.

Which Duties shall be paid down in Ready Money by the respective Importers of such Pictures, from time to time, before the Landing of the same respectively.

How, and under what Penalties, to be paid.

L. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Duties upon Pictures Imported, shall be raised, levied, recovered, and paid, and be brought into the Exchequer, by such Rules, Ways, Means, and Methods, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and in such Manner and Form, as the Duties upon Pictures hereby taken away, or any of them, might have been raised, levied, recovered, and paid, if the same or any of them had continued.

How appropriated.

LI. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Duties to arise upon the Importation of Pictures, pursuant to this Act (the necessary Charges of Management excepted) shall be appropriated and applied, as near as may be, to the same Uses and Purposes, to which the former Duties upon

upon Pictures by this Act taken away, were applicable or ought to have been applied if this Act had not been made.

How redeemable.

LII. Provided also, and it is hereby Enacted, That the Duties by this Act charged upon Pictures Imported, or any part thereof, shall be redeemable by Parliament, in the same Manner as the said former Duties on Pictures hereby taken away, or any of them, were redeemable; and in all Cases where any of the said former Duties on Pictures were to cease or determine, a proportional Part of the Duties on Pictures hereby charged, shall likewise cease and determine.

Anno 8 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XXI.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act to enable the *South-Sea* Company to dispose of the Effects in their Hands by way of Lottery or Subscription, or to sell Part of their Fund or Annuity payable at the Exchequer, in order to pay the Debts of the said Company; and for Relief of such, who were intended to have the Benefit of a late Act touching Payment of Ten *per Centum* therein mentioned.

Preamble.

Whereas the Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain Trading to the South-Seas, and other Parts of America, and for Encouraging the Fishery, commonly called the South-Sea Company, are possessed of divers Shares of the Capital Stock of the said South-Sea Company, transferred and pledged to the said South-Sea Company, or their Agents for their Use, for divers Sums of Money lent by the said South-Sea Company, and are likewise possessed of or entitled unto other Shares of the same Capital Stock, allowed by the said Company for, or arising from or by Means of Receipts given for the Payments made on Subscriptions for Money taken by the said South-Sea Company, commonly called Subscription Receipts, pledged to them, or their Agents, for Monies lent by the said South-Sea Company thereupon; which said Shares of the said Capital Stock amount together in the whole to Three Millions and upwards: And whereas the said South-Sea Company stands indebted for Exchequer Bills, and also by their Bonds and Dividend Warrants, in a larger Sum of Money than can be paid in such reasonable Time as may be expected, without the Sale or Disposal of some part of their Stock: And whereas the said several Shares of Stock, so pledged and allowed for, or arising from or by Means of the said Subscription Receipts, pledged as aforesaid, may be deemed, or supposed to be liable to Redemption, though in no wise likely to be redeemed: And forasmuch as to enable the said South-Sea Company speedily to pay their said Debts, will tend to promote the Publick Credit; Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said South-Sea Company, and they are hereby enabled, from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, to sell, or otherwise dispose of to any Person or Persons, Natives or Foreigners, Bodies Politick or Corporate, all or any part of the said several Shares of the said Stock, as well that pledged to the said Company, as aforesaid, as that which was allowed by the said Company for, or arising from or by Means of the said Subscription Receipts, so pledged as aforesaid, or any part of the Fund or Annuity issuing and payable at the Exchequer to the said Company, not exceeding Two hundred thousands Pounds a Year, by way of Lottery, Subscription, or otherwise, at such Time or Times, and in such Manner, as by the General Court of the said South-Sea Company shall, from time to time, be thought fit and expedient.

After 25 *March*, 1722. *South-Sea* Company may sell Shares of their Stock (not exceeding 200,000 *l. per Annum*) by Lottery, &c.

X. And

Purchaſers of Annuities may raiſe Money by taking in Subſcriptions for Sale of Capital tal Stock, &c.

X. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, who ſhall have purchaſed or agreed for any Part or Parts of the ſaid Annuities of the ſaid South-Sea Company, as aforeſaid, for better Enabling themſelves to pay for the ſame (if they ſhall ſee Cauſe) to raiſe Money, by Opening Books for taking in Subſcriptions from any Perſon or Perſons (as well their own Members as others) for the Sale of their Capital Stock, created as aforeſaid, or any Part thereof, and the proportional Part of the purchaſed Annuities to attend the ſame, or by making any Call or Calls of Money from the reſpective Member or Members of ſuch Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, proportionably to the Shares which ſuch Members ſhall then have in the Capital Stock or Stocks of the ſame, and by ſtopping and diſpoſing the Shares and Dividends of ſuch Members, as ſhall make Default in anſwering ſuch Call or Calls, and applying the Money ſo ſtopped or raiſed for the Purpoſe aforeſaid, or by borrowing Money upon Bonds, Bills or Obligations, under the Common Seal or Seals of ſuch Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, or otherwiſe, as to them ſhall ſeem moſt meet and convenient; and every ſuch Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, is and are hereby enjoyned and required to apply, or cauſe to be applied the Monies ſo raiſed, for or towards paying or completing the Payment of the Purchaſe Money to the ſaid South-Sea Company, for ſuch Part or Parts of their ſaid Annuities which ſhall be ſo purchaſed, as aforeſaid.

After Redemption of Annuities the ſeveral Duties hereby applied, &c. are redeemed by Parliament, &c.

XVI. Provided alſo, and it is hereby further Enacted, That from and after the Redemption of the Annuities, which ſhall have been purchaſed, as aforeſaid, according to the ſeveral and reſpective Proviſoes, or Conditions of Redemption in this Act contained, then, and not till then, ſo much of the ſeveral Duties, Revenues and Incomes, as are by this Act applicable thereunto during the Continuance thereof, ſhall be underſtood to be redeemed by Parliament, and ſhall not be iſſued, paid, or applied to any Uſe, Intent, or Purpoſe whatſoever, without Authority of Parliament.

Anno 8 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XXIII.

A Clauſe in an Act, Intituled, An Act for prolonging the Times for hearing and determining Claims before the Truſtees, in whom the Eſtates of the late *South-Sea* Directors, and of *John Aiſlabie* Eſq; and likewiſe of *James Craggs* Eſq; deceaſed, are veſted; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

Truſtees may take Bonds, &c. of the ſaid Company in Payment at Par, and Stock from Purchaſer, &c. at ſuch Price as ſhall be agreed upon between them, &c.

V. AND be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Truſtees, or any Three or more of them, if they think fit, to take the Bonds and Dividend Warrants of the ſaid Company in Payment at Par, and to take the Stock of the ſaid Company in Payment from any Purchaſer or Purchaſers of all or any the Real or Perſonal Eſtates of the late Sub-Governor, Deputy-Governor, Directors, Caſhire, Deputy-Caſhire, and Accountant of the South-Sea Company, veſted in the ſaid Truſtees by the ſaid firſt recited Act, at ſuch Price as ſhall be agreed on between the ſaid Truſtees and ſuch Purchaſer or Purchaſers; Provided ſuch Stock ſo taken in Payment, be transferred, or cauſed to be transferred, by ſuch Purchaſer or Purchaſers, to the Caſhire of the South-Sea Company for the time being; and ſuch Stock, or the Produce thereof, ſhall be applied to and for the Uſes, Intents, and Purpoſes in the ſaid firſt recited Act mentioned and expreſſed, at ſuch Times, and in ſuch Proportion, as the Conſideration Money for the Purchaſe of the ſaid Eſtates is thereby appointed to be made, and ſo as by ſuch Acceptance of Stock, Bond, or Dividend Warrants, his Majeſty or any Claimant ſhall not be diſappointed of their Juſt Satisfaction in Money, according to the former Act in that behalf; Any thing in the ſaid firſt recited Act to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Stock how applicable.

Anno 9 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. III.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for continuing the Duties on Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, to raiſe Money by way of a Lottery, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred twenty three.

MAy it pleaſe Your moſt Excellent Majeſty, We Your Majeſty's moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament aſſembled, have freely and unanimouſly given and granted unto Your Majeſty, the Rates, Duties, and Impoſitions herein after mentioned; and do moſt humbly beſeech Your Majeſty, that it may be Enacted; And be it Enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That within and throughout the whole Kingdom of Great Britain, the ſeveral and reſpective Rates, Duties, and Impoſitions, for and upon all Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, which, in and by one Act of Parliament made and paſſed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen Anne, of Bleſſed Memory, [Intituled, An Act for granting to her Majeſty Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and thirteen; and for making forth Duplicates of Lottery Tickets, loſt, burnt, or deſtroyed; and for enlarging the Time for adjuſting Claims in ſeveral Lottery Acts; and to puniſh the counterfeiting or forging of Lottery Orders; and for explaining a late Act in relation to Stamp-Duties on Cuſtomary Eſtates, which paſs by Deed and Copy] were granted to her Majeſty, or chargeable in Manner therein mentioned, until the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen; and which, by an Act of Parliament made and paſſed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of her ſaid late Majeſty, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifteen; and which, by one Act made and paſſed in the Firſt Year of his Majeſty's Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen; and which, by another Act made and paſſed in the Firſt Year of his Majeſty's Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventeen; and which, by another Act made and paſſed in the Third Year of his Majeſty's Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighteen; and which, by another Act made and paſſed in the Fourth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen; and which, by another Act made and paſſed in the Fifth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty; and which, by another Act made and paſſed in the Sixth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty one; and which, by another Act made and paſſed in the Seventh Year of his Majeſty's Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty two; and which, by another Act made and paſſed in the Eighth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty three, ſhall be further continued in like Manner; and ſhall be, and are by this Act charged for

Preamble.

The Duty on Malt, Mum, &c. paſſed the 12 *Anne*, cap. 2.

12 Annæ, *cap.* 3.

1 Geo. *cap.* 2.

1 Geo. *cap.* 36.

3 Geo. *cap.* 3.

4 Geo. *cap.* 3.

5 Geo. *cap.* 2.

6 Geo. *cap.* 2.

7 Geo. *cap.* 20.

8 Geo. *cap.* 2.

Further continued,

for and upon all Malt which shall be made, and all Mum which shall be made and imported, and all Cyder and Perry which shall be made for Sale within the Kingdom of Great Britain, from and after the Twenty third Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty three, and before the Twenty fourth Day of June, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four; and shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid, unto his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, during the Term or Time aforesaid, by the same Ways, Means, and Methods, and by such Rules and Directions, and with such Allowances and Repayments, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and with such Power of Mitigation, and other Powers, and such Manner and Form, in all Respects, as are prescribed, mentioned, and expressed in the said former Acts, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament thereby referred unto, or any of them, for or concerning the said Duties, or any of them; and that the same Acts formerly made and passed, and the said other Acts thereby referred unto, as to, for, and concerning the said Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, and every Article, Rule, Clause, Matter, and Thing, in them, and every or any of them contained, or thereby referred to, and now being in Force, shall be of full Force and Effect, to all Intents and Purposes, for raising, levying, collecting, securing, and accounting for the same Rates, Duties, and Impositions, hereby granted or continued, and for levying and recovering the Penalties and Forfeitures, and making any Mitigations and Allowances, and all other Matters and Things, during the Continuance of this Act, as fully as if the same were particularly and at large repeated in the Body of this present Act.

to the 24 *June*, 1724.

The Duties to be raised as by the former Acts.

This Act to relate to the same Day and Time as the first mentioned Act 12 *Annæ* did.

II. And it is hereby Declared and Enacted, That in all Cases where the said first mentioned Act of the Twelfth Year of her said late Majesty's Reign, did relate to any Day or Time within the Year, which commenced from the Twenty third Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and thirteen, this present Act doth and shall relate to the like Day or Time within the said Year, commencing from the said Twenty third Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty three.

The Duties on Malt, &c. appropriated for Payment of Monies due on Lottery Certificates, &c.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, by this Act granted, which shall be brought and paid into the Receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer, from time to time, are and shall be appropriated, and shall be issued and applied to and for the Payment and Satisfaction of such Monies, as shall be due or payable upon the Lottery Certificates herein after mentioned, and such other Uses and Purposes as are herein after prescribed concerning the same, and to none other Use, Intent, or Purpose whatsoever: And in case the said Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, by this Act granted, shall appear to be so deficient or low in the Produce of the same, as that the Money thereby arising and brought into the Exchequer before the Twenty ninth Day of September, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, shall not amount to Seven hundred fifty three thousand three hundred and fifty Pounds, then the Deficiency thereof, or so much thereof as will make up the said Sum of Seven hundred fifty three thousand three hundred and fifty Pounds, shall be supplied and made good out of the first Aid to be granted in Parliament, after the said Twenty ninth Day of September, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, and shall be transferred thereunto as soon as the same shall be granted.

Deficiency to be made good out of the first Aid to be granted in Parliament.

Anno 9 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. V.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for redeeming certain Annuities, now payable by the Caſhier of the Bank of *England*, at the Rate of Five Pounds *per Centum per Annum.*

IV. AND to the End and Intent that ſufficient Monies may be raiſed to make up the ſaid Principal Sum of One Million two hundred and four thouſand ſeven hundred eighty ſix Pounds, Three Shillings, and Four Pence Three Farthings, and to complete the Redemption of the ſaid Annuities amounting to Sixty thouſand two hundred thirty nine Pounds, Six Shillings, and Two Pence per Annum; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury, or any Three or more of them now being, or the High Treaſurer, or any Three or more of the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury for the time being, and they reſpectively are hereby authorized and impowered to prepare and make, or cauſe to be prepared or made at the Exchequer, in ſuch Method and Form, as they or he ſhall think moſt ſafe and convenient, any Number of New Exchequer Bills containing One common Sum or different Sums in the Principal Monies, ſo as all the Principal Sums to be contained in ſuch Bills to be made forth by this Act, do amount to One Million of Pounds Sterling, and no more.

Treaſury to iſſue out Exchequer Bills not exceeding 1000000 *l.*

V. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Bills ſo to be prepared and made in purſuance of this Act, ſhall bear an Intereſt, not exceeding the Rate of Two Pence per Centum per Diem, and proportionably for any greater or leſſer Sum to be contained therein, and to be payable to the Bearers thereof reſpectively; Nevertheleſs the ſaid Intereſt ſhall be abated and ſaved upon ſuch of the ſaid Bills to be made forth by this Act, as ſhall at any Time or Times be in the Receipt of the Exchequer, or in the Hands or Power of any Receivers or Collectors of any Taxes, Aids, or Revenues whatſoever payable to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, during ſuch Time and Times reſpectively, as ſuch Bills ſhall be or remain in the ſaid Receipt, or in ſuch Hands or Power, as aforeſaid.

which Bills are to bear an Intereſt of 2 *d. per Centum per Diem*, &c.

IX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every the ſaid Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, or ſo many of them, as ſhall from time to time remain undiſcharged and uncancelled, until the Diſcharging and Cancelling the ſame purſuant to this Act, ſhall and may be received and taken, and ſhall paſs and be current to all and every the Receivers and Collectors in Great Britain, of the Cuſtoms, Exciſe, or any Revenue, Supply, Aid, or Tax whatſoever, already granted, due or payable, or which ſhall or may hereafter be granted, due or payable to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, and alſo at the Receipt of the Exchequer from the ſaid Receivers or Collectors, or from any other Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate whatſoever, making any Payments or Loans there to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, for or upon any Account, Cauſe, or Occaſion whatſoever, according to the Purport and true Meaning of this Act; and that ſuch of the ſaid Bills, as ſhall be received at the Exchequer, ſhall and may be locked up and ſecured as Caſh, according to the Courſe of the Exchequer, ſettled and eſtabliſhed by Law, for locking up and ſecuring Money in Specie received there; and that all and every the Receivers and Collectors in Great Britain, of the Cuſtoms, Exciſe, or any Revenue, Aid, Tax, or Supply whatſoever, already granted, due or payable, or which ſhall or may hereafter be granted due or payable, to his

Uncancelled Bills, &c. to paſs as current Money in Payment to and from Collectors, &c.

Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall, and they are hereby directed and required out of any Current Coined Money, as shall then be in his or their Hands, of such Revenue, Aid, Tax, or Supply, to pay such of the same Bills, as shall be brought to them respectively, by any Person or Persons desiring to have Money for the same; and in case any such Receiver or Collector shall refuse or neglect to exchange such Bill or Bills for Ready Money, by the space of Twenty four Hours, then the Person or Persons demanding the same, shall and may bring an Action of Debt, or on the Case, for the Principal or Interest Monies due upon each Bill or Bills, against such Receiver or Collector having Money in his Hands, as aforesaid, in which Action the Plaintiff shall or may declare, that such Receiver or Collector is indebted to the Plaintiff in the Money demanded upon every such Bill, according to the Form of the Statute, and hath not paid the same, which shall be sufficient; and the Plaintiff in every such Action shall recover against the Receiver or Collector, not only the Monies so neglected or refused to be paid, but also his full Costs of Suit; and such Receiver or Collector shall be subject and liable thereunto; and in such Action no Essoign, Protection, Privilege, or Wager of Law shall be allowed, or more than One Imparlance; and upon Payment of the Monies so to be recovered, the Plaintiff, his Executors or Assigns, shall deliver up such Bill or Bills to the Defendant, his Executors or Assigns.

Receiver, &c. refusing to exchange such Bills for Current Money, &c. liable to Action, &c.

X. And be it further Enacted, That as any of the said Bills shall, at any time or times hereafter, within the respective times, during which they shall be current pursuant to this Act, be paid or lent into the Exchequer by any of his Majesty's Receivers, or other Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, making any Payments or Loans at that Receipt, the Officers there shall cause Tallies to be levied and delivered to the Payers or Lenders, as amply and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if they had made such Payments or Loans in Specie.

Tallies to be delivered for Payment or Loan of Bills, &c.

XI. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Interest, which shall, from time to time, be due upon any of the Bills so to be current, as aforesaid, shall be allowed to all Persons, Bodies Politick and Corporate, paying the same to any Receiver or Collector, Receivers or Collectors of any his Majesty's Revenues, Aids, Taxes, or Supplies, or by way of Exchange, as aforesaid, to the respective Days whereupon such Bill or Bills shall be so paid, exchanged, or lent.

Interest upon such Bills, &c.

XII. Provided always, That no Interest shall run or be paid upon or for any such Bill or Bills during the time that any such Bill or Bills, so paid, exchanged, or lent, shall remain in the Hands of any the said Receivers or Collectors, or in the Hands of any Teller or Tellers of the Exchequer, but for such time the Interest on every such Bill shall cease.

Interest to cease while the Bills are in the Hands of Receivers, &c.

XIII. And to the End it may be known for what Time such Bills bearing Interest, shall, from time to time, remain in the Hands of such Receivers or Collectors, or in the Exchequer, as aforesaid; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Person or Persons who shall pay any such Bill or Bills, bearing Interest, to any Receivers or Collectors of any his Majesty's Revenues, Aids, Taxes, or Supplies, by way of Exchange, or otherwise, or shall pay or lend such Bill or Bills, so bearing Interest, into the Exchequer, as aforesaid, shall, at the Time of making such Payment, Exchange, or Loan, on each Bill bearing Interest, and so paid, exchanged, or lent, put his or their Name or Names, and write thereupon in Words at length the Day of the Month, and Year, in which he, she, or they so paid, lent, or exchanged such Bill or Bills bearing Interest; all which the said Receivers and Collectors respectively, and also the respective Tellers in the Exchequer, shall take Care to see done and performed accordingly; to which respective Days the said Receivers and Collectors shall be allowed again the Interest which he, she, or they

Bills to be dated when paid to Receivers, &c.

shall have allowed or paid upon such respective Bill or Bills, upon his or their paying the same into the Receipt of Exchequer, as aforesaid.

XIV. Provided also, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Bills, or any of them, may be reissued and paid again out of his Majesty's Exchequer; and when the same shall be reissued and paid again out of his Majesty's Exchequer, the respective Teller there, from whose Office such Bill or Bills bearing Interest shall be so reissued, or again paid out, shall Endorse on the same Bill or Bills so reissued, in Words at length, the Day of the Month, and Year, in which the same were so reissued or repaid out of the Exchequer, and also on what Account the same were last received into the Exchequer, and sign the same, from which Time the Interest of such Bill or Bills so reissued or paid again shall Revive, and such Bill or Bills shall Revive, Run, and Pass at Interest, as the same did before they were paid unto, or received by the said Receivers or Collectors, or before the same were paid or lent into the Exchequer, as aforesaid. Bills reissuable out of the Exchequer, &c. and Interest to Revive.

XV. And it is hereby further Enacted, That the same Bills, to be reissued from time to time, or at any time at the Exchequer, as aforesaid, shall be so reissued for the Principal Money to be contained therein, and for so much Interest as was due thereon, and allowed by the Teller, at the respective Time and Times when such Bill and Bills were last paid into the Exchequer.

XVI. And be it Enacted, That every Receiver General, of any the Revenues, Aids, Tares or Supplies belonging or to belong to his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall keep a fair Book or Books of Account in Writing, of all the Monies by him received, in which he or his Deputy or Deputies shall truly enter all the Sums which shall have been received by him or them for every such Revenue, Aid, Tax, or Supply, together with the Names of the several Collectors, from whom the same, or any part thereof, was received, the Days when, and the Sums paid, how much thereof in Money, and how much thereof in such Exchequer Bills, and what Exchequer Bills shall have been exchanged by every such Receiver General, pursuant to this Act; to which Account every Person concerned shall have free Access at all reasonable Times, without Fee or Charge; and the said Account shall constantly lie open at one certain Place within the Limits of his Receipt for that Purpose; And if such Receiver shall neglect to keep such Book or Books, or Enter therein any Sum or Sums of Money by him received and paid, as aforesaid, by the space of Three Days after his Receipt or Payment of the same, or shall refuse any Person or Persons concerned to inspect such Book or Books, without Fee or Reward, as aforesaid, every such Receiver for every such Offence shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds to any Person or Persons, who will sue for the same, to be recovered by Action of Debt, or upon the Case, Bill, Suit, or Information, in any his Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Privilege, or Wager of Law shall be allowed, or more than One Imparlance. Receivers General, &c. to keep Books of Account of Monies received, &c. Penalty.

XVII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any of the Exchequer Bills, which shall be current, as aforesaid, shall be filled up by Writing or Endorsements made thereon, as aforesaid, or shall by any Accident be defaced, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, and he and they are hereby authorized and impowered, by their or his Direction, from time to time, to cause New Bills to be made forth at the Receipt of Exchequer, in lieu of such Bills, which shall be so filled up or defaced, which Bills so filled up or defaced, shall be cancelled at the Receipt of Exchequer, and kept there on a File or Files for that Purpose; and such Bills, so to be made forth in lieu thereof, shall have a like Currency, and shall New Bills to be made forth in lieu of Bills filled up or defaced, &c.

in

in all reſpects be ſubject to the ſame Rules, Methods, and Continuance, as the Bills ſo filled up were intended to have been by this Act, and ſhall bear the ſame Numbers, Dates, and Principal Sums, and carry the like Intereſt, as were born and carried by the Bill ſo cancelled reſpectively.

Forging or Counterfeiting Exchequer Bills, &c. Felony.

XIX. And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall forge or counterfeit any Exchequer Bill, which ſhall have been made forth by virtue of this Act, before the ſame ſhall be paid off and cancelled, or any Exchequer Bill to be renewed, or made forth in purſuance of this Act, or any Endorſement, or Writing thereupon, or therein, or tender in Payment any ſuch Forged or Counterfeit Bill, or any Exchequer Bill, with ſuch Counterfeit Endorſement, or Writing thereon, or ſhall demand to have ſuch Counterfeit Bill, or any ſuch Exchequer Bill, with ſuch Counterfeit Endorſement, or Writing thereupon, or therein, exchanged for Ready Money, by any Perſon or Perſons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, who ſhall be obliged or required to exchange the ſame, or by any other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, knowing the Bill tendred in Payment, or demanded to be exchanged, or the Endorſement or Writing thereupon, or therein, to be Forged, or Counterfeit, and with Intent to defraud his Majeſty, his Heirs, or Succeſſors, or the Perſons to be appointed to pay off the ſame, or any of them, or to pay any Intereſt thereupon, or the Perſon or Perſons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, who will contract to circulate or exchange the ſame, or any of them, or any other Perſon or Perſons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate; then every ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, ſhall be adjudged a Felon, and ſhall ſuffer Death, and other Forfeitures, as in Caſes of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

XX. And whereas the ſeveral Surpluſſes, Exceſſes, and Overplus Monies, commonly called the ſaid Sinking Fund (which in and by the ſaid Act, made in the Third Year of his Majeſty's Reign, were appropriated to and for Diſcharging the Principal and Intereſt of ſuch National Debts, and Incumbrances, as were incurred before the Twenty fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen, and were declared to be National Debts, and were provided for by Act of Parliament, in ſuch Manner and Form, as ſhould be directed, or appointed by any future Act or Acts of Parliament, to be diſcharged therewith, or out of the ſame) have uſually been computed at or about the Feaſt of Saint Michael the Archangel, in every Year, and the laſt Computation of the clear Produce thereof, now lying before the Honourable Houſe of Commons, did terminate at or about the Feaſt of Saint Michael the Archangel, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty two: Now to the End, Intent, and Purpoſe, that all the Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, not exceeding, as aforeſaid, may be paid off and diſcharged in ſuch Courſe and Order, as are hereafter in and by this Act appointed in that Behalf; and to the End the ſame Bills, or ſo many of them, as ſhall, from time to time, remain undiſcharged, may the better obtain a Currency for ſuch time as they, or any of them, are hereby intended to be current, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or any Three or more of them now being, and the High Treaſurer, or any Three or more of the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury for the time being, ſhall from henceforth cauſe the clear Produce of the ſaid ſeveral Surpluſſes, Exceſſes, and Overplus Monies, commonly called the Sinking Fund, to be computed and ſtated Half-yearly (to wit) at the Feaſt of the Annunciation of the Bleſſed Virgin Mary, and the Feaſt of Saint Michael the Archangel, in every Year, until all the Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, ſhall be fully paid off and diſcharged, or Money ſufficient ſhall be reſerved for completely paying off and diſcharging the ſame: The Firſt of which Accounts ſo to be ſtated of the ſaid Surpluſſes, Exceſſes, and Overplus Monies, ſhall terminate at the Feaſt of the Annunciation

3 Geo. cap. 3.

Produce of Sinking Fund to be ſtated Half-yearly, &c.

ciation

ciation of the Bleſſed Virgin Mary, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty three, and the ſubſequent Accounts thereof ſhall be made up and adjuſted at every of the ſaid half-yearly Feaſt Days, or aſſoon after as the Accounts of the Publick Revenues, whereupon ſuch ſtated Accounts are to be formed, can be collected for that Purpoſe.

How the Sinking Fund ſhall be applied.

XXI. And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the Monies of the ſaid Surpluſſes, Exceſſes, and Overplus Monies, called the Sinking Fund, which were produced at or before the ſaid Feaſt of Saint Michael the Archangel, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty two, which ſhall remain over and above the ſaid Sum of Two hundred and four thouſand ſeven hundred eighty ſix Pounds, Three Shillings, and Four Pence Three Farthings, to be iſſued out of the ſame, as aforeſaid, (if any ſuch be) and all the Monies from time to time ariſing of or for the ſaid Surpluſſes, Exceſſes, and Overplus Monies, called the Sinking Fund, which hereafter ſhall or ought to appear upon the making up and adjuſting every half-yearly Account or State of the Produce of the ſame, as aforeſaid (except ſuch Monies of the ſaid Sinking Fund, as are appropriated to any particular Uſe or Uſes by any other or former Act or Acts of Parliament in that Behalf, and ſhall be payable or demandable before the End of every ſuch Half-year reſpectively) ſhall, from time to time, as the ſame ſhall ariſe at the ſaid Receipt of Exchequer, be iſſued to ſuch Paymaſter as is herein after mentioned, by way of Impreſt, and upon Account, for and towards the paying off and diſcharging the ſaid Exchequer Bills, which ſhall have been made forth by virtue of this Act, in their due Courſe and Order, as they ſhall be numbred and ſtand in the ſaid Regiſter, and for or towards the Charge of exchanging and circulating the ſaid Bills, or any of them, and for or towards ſuch other Payments, as are in and by this Act directed or allowed to be made or diſcharged out of the ſame, and for no other Uſe, Intent, or Purpoſe whatſoever, until all the ſaid Bills ſhall be paid off, diſcharged, and cancelled, and the ſaid other Payments ſhall be ſatisfied, or Money ſufficient ſhall be reſerved for thoſe Purpoſes.

Exception.

Surplus, &c. applied to the Diſcharge of Exchequer Bills, &c.

XXIII. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or any Three or more of them now being, and the High Treaſurer, or any Three of the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury for the time being, ſhall, without any further or other Warrant or Authority to be ſued for, had or obtained in this Behalf, cauſe not only ſo much of the Money of the ſaid Surpluſſes, Exceſſes, and Overpluſſes produced, at or before the ſaid Feaſt of Saint Michael the Archangel, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty two, as aforeſaid, as ſhall remain over and above the Sum of Two hundred and four thouſand ſeven hundred eighty ſix Pounds, Three Shillings, and Four Pence Three Farthings before mentioned (if any ſuch be) but alſo all the clear Monies of the ſaid Surpluſſes, Exceſſes, and Overpluſſes, which ſhall or ought to ariſe upon ſuch Half-yearly States or Accounts, as aforeſaid, and every of them, as they ſhall ariſe, from time to time, to be iſſued at the Exchequer to the ſaid Paymaſter for the time being, to be conſtituted, as aforeſaid, by way of Impreſt, and upon Account, for or towards paying off and diſcharging the ſaid Exchequer Bills in ſuch Courſe, as aforeſaid, and ſuch other Payments relating to the ſaid Exchequer Bills, as are to be made by ſuch Paymaſter, as aforeſaid, and that ſuch Paymaſter ſhall, from time to time, apply all the Monies by him ſo to be received, as he ſhall receive the ſame, from time to time, towards diſcharging the ſaid Bills in Courſe, and other Payments hereby directed or allowed, according to the Purport and true Meaning of this preſent Act, and not otherwiſe.

XXX. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted, That as often as any Intereſt upon any Exchequer Bill or Bills to be made forth by this Act, ſhall be demanded to be paid, the ſaid Con-

Intereſt upon Bills not to be paid to any Sum leſs than a Peny, &c.

Contractors or Paymaſters ſhall not be obliged to pay for ſuch Intereſt to any leſſer Sum than One Peny upon ſuch Bill, in caſe a ſingle Bill be produced, or for the Total of the Intereſt of ſuch Bills, where Two or more ſhall be offered at One Time by the ſame Perſon; Any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Monies due upon Bills loſt, burnt, or deſtroyed, to be ſatisfied upon Oath, &c.

XXXII. Provided alſo, and it is hereby Enacted, That in caſe Proof ſhall be made upon Oath of one or more Credible Witneſſes, before the Lord Chief Baron, and other the Barons of the Coif of his Majeſty's Court of Exchequer, or any of them, that any of the Bills, which ſhall have been made forth by this Act, were by Caſualty, or Miſchance, loſt, burnt, or otherwiſe deſtroyed, before the coming thereof in Courſe of Payment; and if by the Parties Oaths, the Numbers and Sums of ſuch Bill or Bills ſhall be aſcertained; and if thereupon the ſaid Chief Baron, and other the ſaid Barons, or any of them, before whom ſuch Oaths were made, ſhall certifie that he or they are ſatisfied in ſuch Proof; Then and in every ſuch Caſe the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or any Three or more of them now being, or the High Treaſurer, or any Three or more of the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury for the time being, are hereby authorized to cauſe the Money due upon ſuch Bill or Bills ſo loſt, burnt, or deſtroyed, to be ſatisfied by the ſaid Paymaſter or Paymaſters, as if the Original Bill or Bills were brought in to be paid off: Provided the Perſon or Perſons ſo receiving the Money, do give Security to the King, to the good liking of the Perſon or Perſons, who ſhall be appointed, as aforeſaid, to pay off and take in the ſaid Bills, to pay into the Exchequer, for the Uſe of the Publick, ſo much Money as ſhall be paid upon ſuch Certificate or Certificates, if the Bill or Bills ſo certified to be loſt, burnt, or deſtroyed, be hereafter produced.

Security to be given, &c.

Bills paid off to be cancelled, &c.

XXXIII. Provided alſo, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every the Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, which ſhall from time to time be diſcharged and paid off, ſhall be taken in and filed, and ſhall be cancelled, and made void, according to ſuch Rules and Directions, as the Comiſſioners of the Treaſury, or any Three or more of them now being, or the High Treaſurer, or any Three or more of the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury for the time being, ſhall, by any Warrant or Warrants under their Hands, direct and appoint.

Monies ariſing from Sinking Fund, except what is ſpecially charged thereon by this or former Acts, to diſcharge ſuch National Debts as were incurred before 25 *Dec.* 1716.

XXXIV. Provided always, and it is hereby likewiſe Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the Monies ariſen, or to ariſe into the Exchequer of or for the ſaid Surpluſſes, Exceſſes, and Overplus Monies, commonly called the Sinking Fund (except ſuch Monies thereof, as are by this or any Act or Acts of this or any former Seſſion or Seſſions of Parliament, ſpecially charged upon the ſaid Sinking Fund, or to be paid out of the ſame, or out of any Revenues or Branches compoſing the ſaid Sinking Fund) ſhall be appropriated, reſerved, and employed, to and for diſcharging the Principal and Intereſt of ſuch National Debts, and Incumbrances, as were incurred before the Twenty fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen, and are declared to be ſuch National Debts, as may be redeemed, and are provided for by Act of Parliament, in ſuch Manner and Form, as ſhall be directed and appointed by any future Act or Acts of Parliament to be diſcharged therewith, or out of the ſame, and to none other Uſe, Intent, or Purpoſe whatſoever; Any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Anno

Anno 9 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. VI.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Reviving and Adding Two Millions to the Capital Stock of the *South-Sea* Company, and for Reviving a proportional Part of the Yearly Fund payable at the Exchequer, and for Dividing their whole Capital (after ſuch Diviſion made) into Two equal Parts or Moieties, and for Converting One of the ſaid Moieties into certain Annuities for the Benefit of the Members, and for Settling the remaining Moiety in the ſaid Company; and for Continuing, for One Year longer, the Proviſion formerly made againſt requiring Special Bail in Actions or Suits upon ſuch Contracts, as are therein mentioned.

IV. AND be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That One Moiety or Half-part of the ſaid Capital Stock ſo divided and ſeparated, which Moiety or Half-part will by Computation amount to Sixteen Millions nine hundred and one thouſand two hundred forty one Pounds, Seventeen Shillings, and a Farthing, ſhall, from and after the ſaid Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty three, be, and the ſame from thenceforth are hereby converted into a Joint Stock, attended with certain Annuities, payable out of the Funds of the ſaid South-Sea Company in lieu of all the Dividends, Profits, and Advantages ſuch Moiety is now entitled to, that is to ſay, with Annuities, after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, from the ſaid Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty three, until and for the ſaid Feaſt of the Nativity of Saint John Baptiſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty ſeven; and from thenceforth with Annuities out of the ſame Funds, after the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum only, and no more, until Redemption thereof by Parliament, according to the Purport and true Meaning of this Act; and that the ſame Moiety, ſo converted into ſuch Joint Stock, ſhall from thenceforth be called the Joint Stock of South-Sea Annuities; and that the other Moiety or Half-part of the ſaid whole Capital Stock, amounting to the like Sum of Sixteen Millions nine hundred and one thouſand two hundred forty one Pounds, Seventeen Shillings, and a Farthing, ſhall remain, continue, and be in the ſaid Company, called the South-Sea Company, as a Joint Stock in their own Right, attended with the Reſidue of the ſaid Annuities or Yearly Funds payable in the Exchequer, for their ſaid whole Capital, as aforeſaid, until the Redemption thereof by Parliament, according to the Purport and true Meaning of this Act, and alſo attended with the ſaid ſeveral Sums already ſettled and allowed, and to be ſo ſettled and allowed for Charges of Management, and with all the other Benefits, Profits of Trade, Privileges, and Advantages now belonging to the ſaid South-Sea Company: And whereas the preſent Annuities or Yearly Fund, now payable at the Exchequer to the ſaid South-Sea Company, for or in reſpect of their whole Capital, excluſive of the ſaid Sums ſettled and allowed, or to be ſettled and allowed for Charges of Management, as aforeſaid, doth and will, until the ſaid Feaſt of the Nativity of Saint John Baptiſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty ſeven, amount to the Sum of One Million ſix hundred fifty one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty Pounds, Ten Shillings, and Ten Pence Half-peny, as is before mentioned; and the Annuity or Intereſt of that Moiety which is hereby Enacted to be converted into a Joint Stock of the South-Sea Annuities, being computed after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, doth amount unto the Yearly Sum of Eight hundred forty five thouſand ſixty two

One Moiety of the *South-Sea* Stock converted into *South-Sea* Annuities, the other Moiety to remain as *South-Sea* Stock.

Pounds, One Shilling, and Ten Pence Farthing, which being deducted out of the said Yearly Sum of One Million six hundred fifty one thousand seven hundred and thirty Pounds, Ten Shillings, and Ten Pence half peny, the Residue thereof, which will be attending on the other Moiety hereby Enacted, to remain and be the Capital Stock of the said South-Sea Company, as aforesaid, will be the Yearly Sum of Eight hundred and six thousand six hundred sixty eight Pounds, Nine Shillings, and a Peny Farthing; and the said whole Annuity or Yearly Fund, which, from and after the said Feast of the Nativity of Saint John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, will be payable for both the said Moieties of the Capital Stock so separated, as aforesaid, until Redemption thereof by Parliament, according to the Purport and true Meaning of this Act, will, as the same is computed after the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, amount to the Sum of One Million three hundred fifty two thousand ninety nine Pounds, Six Shillings, and Eleven Pence half-peny, and is from thenceforth to be divided between the said Joint Stock of South-Sea Annuities, and the said Capital Stock remaining to South-Sea Company, as aforesaid, in equal Moieties over and besides the said Sums settled and allowed, and to be settled and allowed for Charges of Management, as aforesaid, which Allowances are to attend the said remaining Stock of the said South-Sea Company: Now as to, for and concerning the One Moiety or half Part of the said whole Capital Stock of the said Company, commonly called the South-Sea Company, so, as aforesaid, converted into a Joint Stock of South-Sea Annuities; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the Members or Proprietors, having any Share or Interest, on the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty three, of or in the last mentioned Moiety or Half-part of the said Capital Stock, amounting to the said Sum of Sixteen Millions nine hundred and one thousand two hundred forty one Pounds, Seventeen Shillings, and a Farthing, his, her, or their Executors, Administrators, Successors, and Assigns respectively (in lieu and recompence of and for such his and their Share or Shares therein, and of the Proportional Annuities or Yearly Funds, Dividends, Profits, and Advantages, which belonged to every such Share or Shares, before the making of this Act) shall have, receive, and enjoy, and be entitled by force and virtue of this Act, to have, receive and enjoy, One or more certain Annuity or Annuities, to be computed, after the said Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, on the last mentioned Sum of Sixteen Millions nine hundred and one thousand two hundred forty one Pounds, Seventeen Shillings, and a Farthing, from the said Feast of the Nativity of Saint John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and twenty three, until, and for the said Feast of the Nativity of Saint John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and twenty seven; and from thenceforth, at the said Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, until such Redemption by Parliament, and Proportional Annuities for any greater or lesser Sums, that such Shares, in such Joint Stock of South-Sea Annuities shall amount to, until Redemption thereof by Parliament, as aforesaid; And the said Company, called the South-Sea Company, shall, from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty three, have and receive, and be entitled by virtue of this Act, to have and receive at the Exchequer, out of the Duties, Revenues, and Incomes, charged with their whole Annuities or Yearly Funds payable there, the said Yearly Sum of Eight hundred forty five thousand sixty two Pounds, One Shilling, and Ten Pence Farthing, as the Annuity, to attend the said Moiety or Half-part, so, as aforesaid, converted into the said Joint Stock of South-Sea Annuities, from the said Feast of the Nativity of Saint John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and twenty three, until, and for the said Feast of the Nativity of Saint John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, and from thence-

for the Benefit of the Members, &c.

Until Redemption by Parliament.

South-Sea Company to receive their Monies arising by the Duties at the Exchequer,

forth

forth so much Yearly, as the Interest of the same Moiety shall amount unto, at the said Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, until Redemption by Parliament, as aforesaid, by Weekly or other Payments, as the whole Yearly Funds or Annuities of the same Company are payable to them, before the making such Division and Separation, as aforesaid: Nevertheless, in Trust and for the Benefit of the said Proprietors or Members, who shall be entitled to the said South-Sea Annuities, according to their respective Interests therein; and the said Company, called the South-Sea Company, from time to time, shall have and be entitled to the like Remedies, Ways, and Means, for receiving and recovering the said Monies, hereby intended for the Payment of the said South-Sea Annuities at the respective Rates aforesaid, during the Continuance thereof, as they might have had or used for receiving or recovering their whole Annuities or Yearly Funds at the Exchequer, if no such Division and Separation were made: Nevertheless, in Trust, as aforesaid, and all and every the Powers, Authorities, Privileges, Freedoms, Immunities, Exemptions, and other Advantages, and all Pains of Death, Penalties, Forfeitures, and Disabilities, and all Restrictions, Rules and Directions, and all Clauses, Matters and Things, which were enacted or provided by any former Act or Acts of Parliament, Laws or Statutes, which were in Force at or until the Time of making this Act, for better securing the whole Capital Stock, and Payment of the Yearly Funds of the said South-Sea Company, for the Sole Use of the said Company, or preventing, or punishing the Forging or Counterfeiting Transfers or Assignments, or Dividend Warrants, or any Powers relating thereto, shall be revived, continued, and be practised, and put in Execution, for better securing the said Joint Stock of South-Sea Annuities, and the said Yearly Funds hereby enacted to attend the same, in Trust, and for the Benefit of the said Annuitants, and for preventing or punishing the Forging or Counterfeiting any Transfers or Assignments of the said South-Sea Annuities, or any Dividend Warrants made for the same, or any Powers relating thereto, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if all and every the said Powers, Authorities, Privileges, Freedoms, Immunities, Exemptions, and other Advantages, Pains of Death, and other Penalties, Forfeitures, and Disabilities, Restrictions, Rules and Directions, were again repeated, and particularly re-enacted in the Body of this present Act.

by Weekly Payments.

V. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Joint Stock of Annuities, to be called the South-Sea Annuities, or by whatsoever other Name or Names they, or any of them, shall be called or known, shall become due and payable, and be accounted to be due and payable from the Feast of the Nativity of Saint John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and twenty three, until, and for the Feast of Saint Michael the Archangel, then next following Quarterly, and from thenceforth half-yearly, Videlicet, on the Feast of the Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, and the Feast of Saint Michael the Archangel, in every Year, by even and equal Portions, and at the respective Rates before mentioned, until the Redemption thereof by Parliament, according to the Provisoes and Powers of Redemption hereafter in this Act contained in that Behalf.

South-Sea Annuities when to be paid.

VI. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if at any time or times hereafter, any Deficiency or Deficiencies shall happen in the Produce of all or any of the several Duties, Revenues, and Incomes, charged with the Joint Stock of the said South-Sea Annuities, as aforesaid, and Attendant on the said remaining Stock, and the said Allowances for Charges of Management, to be continued to the said South-Sea Company, in their own Right, as aforesaid, then and in every such Case so happening, the said Joint Stock of South-Sea Annuities, in respect of their said Yearly Fund, shall, from time to time, bear One Moiety or Half-part of every such Deficiency, until the same

If the Duties are Deficient, the *South-Sea* Annuities to bear One Moiety thereof, till provided for by Parliament.

ſame ſhall be provided for and made good by Authority of Parliament, and no more; Any thing in this Act, or any former Law, Statute, or Provision whatſoever, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

XII. And as for and concerning the other Moiety or Half-part of the ſaid whole Capital Stock of the ſaid Company, commonly called the South-Sea Company, ſo remaining and continued to the ſaid South-Sea Company as their Capital Stock, and all Sums ſettled and allowed, or to be ſettled and allowed for Management, as aforeſaid, with all the other Benefits, Profits of Trade, Privileges, and Advantages whatſoever belonging to the ſaid Company before the making of this Act; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid South-Sea Company ſhall, from and after the ſaid Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty three, continue to have, receive, and enjoy, and be entitled to have, receive, and enjoy, at the Exchequer, in their own Right, the Reſidue of the ſaid Annuities or Yearly Funds, computed in the whole to One Million ſix hundred fifty one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty Pounds, Ten Shillings, and Ten Pence Half-peny per Annum, till the ſaid Feaſt of the Nativity of Saint John Baptiſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty ſeven, and to amount afterwards to One Million three hundred fifty two thouſand ninety nine Pounds, Six Shillings, and Eleven Pence Half-peny per Annum, till Redemption by Parliament, as aforeſaid; which ſaid Reſidue, till the ſaid Feaſt of the Nativity of Saint John Baptiſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty ſeven, is computed at Eight hundred and ſix thouſand ſix hundred ſixty eight Pounds, Nine Shillings, and a Peny Farthing, as is before mentioned, and afterwards is to be computed after the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, till Redemption, as aforeſaid, as the Annuity or Yearly Fund to attend the ſaid remaining Moiety or Half-part of the ſaid Capital Stock, hereby intended to be continued in the ſaid South-Sea Company, as aforeſaid, till the Redemption thereof by Parliament, as aforeſaid; and ſhall alſo have, receive, and enjoy, and be entitled by virtue of this Act, to have, receive, and enjoy, the ſaid whole Sums of Eight thouſand Pounds per Annum, and One thouſand three hundred ninety ſeven Pounds, Nine Shillings, and Six Pence per Annum, already ſettled for Charges of Management, and all other Sums to be allowed for Charges of Management, as aforeſaid, during the Continuance thereof; and ſhall be alſo entitled to hold, exerciſe, and enjoy all the Profits of Trade, and other Previleges and Advantages belonging to the ſaid Company, before the making of this Act; and that all and every the Members and Proprietors, having any Share or Shares, on the ſaid Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty three, in the ſaid remaining Moiety or Half-part of the ſaid Capital Stock, to be continued in the ſaid South-Sea Company, as aforeſaid, his, her and their Executors, Adminiſtrators, Succeſſors, and Aſſigns reſpectivey, ſhall have and be entitled to Proportional Shares of and in the ſaid Annuities or Yearly Funds attending the ſame, and alſo all Benefits of Trade and other Benefits, and all Dividends, Profits, and Advantages whatſoever, belonging and remaining in the ſaid South-Sea Company, and the ſaid Allowances made, and to be made for Charges of Management.

South-Sea Company, after 24 June, 1723. to receive the Reſidue of their Stock at the Exchequer, till 24 June, 1727.

XIV. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if, at any Time or Times hereafter, any Deficiency or Deficiencies ſhall happen in the Produce of all or any the ſeveral Duties, Revenues, and Incomes, charged with the ſaid Joint Stock of the South-Sea Annuities, and attendant on the ſaid remaining Stock, and the ſaid Allowances for Charges of Management, to be continued to the ſaid South-Sea Company, in their own Right, as aforeſaid, then, and in every ſuch Caſe ſo happening, the ſaid South-Sea Company, upon Account and in reſpect of the remaining Stock, and the Allowances to be continued to them in their own Right, as aforeſaid, ſhall, from time to time, bear

South-Sea Stock to bear a Moiety of all Deficiencies, &c.

bear One Moiety or Half-part of every such Deficiency, until the same shall be provided for and made good by Authority of Parliament, and no more; Any thing in this Act, or any former Law, Statute, or Provision whatsoever, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Upon Repayment by Parliament of the Capital Sum of 33802483 *l.* 14 *s.* 0 *d* ½ after 24 *June*, 1727. to the Company, &c. Annuities out of the Exchequer to cease, &c.

XVI. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That at any time after the said Feast of the Nativity of Saint John Baptist, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, upon Repayment by Parliament to the said Company, commonly called the South-Sea Company, of the said whole Principal or Capital Sum of Thirty three Millions eight hundred two thousand four hundred eighty three Pounds, Fourteen Shillings, and One Half-peny, that is to say, The Sum of Sixteen Millions nine hundred and one thousand two hundred forty one Pounds, Seventeen Shillings, One Farthing, being One Moiety or Half-part of the said whole Principal or Capital Sum, for the Use of such Person and Persons, Body and Bodies Politick and Corporate, as shall then be Proprietors of the said Joint Stock of South-Sea Annuities to be founded on this Act, according to the Shares and Interests which they respectively shall then have therein; and the remaining Sixteen Millions nine hundred one thousand two hundred forty one Pounds, Seventeen Shillings, and One Farthing, being the other Moiety or Half-part thereof, for the Use and Account of the said Capital Stock, remaining and to be continued to the Company in their own Right, as aforesaid, and upon Payment of all Arrears, which shall then be due for or upon the said Annuities or Yearly Funds payable at the Exchequer attending the same respectively, as aforesaid, and upon Payment of all Arrears of the said Yearly Sums, allowed or to be allowed to the said Company for their own Use, for Charges of Management, as aforesaid; (all which Arrears, if any such be, shall be computed and paid to the Quarterly Feast Day then next preceding, and from thence shall be computed and paid by the Day, till the Time of such full Payment made) then the said Yearly Annuities or Funds, payable at the Exchequer to the said Company in Trust for the said South-Sea Annuitants, and in their own Right respectively, as aforesaid, as also the said Yearly Sums to be allowed for Charges of Management, as aforesaid, and every of them, shall from thenceforth cease and determine.

How Annuities, &c. payable at the Exchequer, &c. as shall bear Proportion to Monies paid in Part of Principal, shall cease.

XVII. And in regard it is intended, that at any time or times after the said Feast of the Nativity of Saint John Baptist, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, the Principal or Sum Total of the said Capital, amounting to Thirty three Millions eight hundred two thousand four hundred eighty three Pounds, Fourteen Shillings, and One Half-peny, shall be satisfied to the said Company, called the South-Sea Company, by any Payments, not being less than Five hundred thousand Pounds at a time; and that as the same Principal Money shall be so paid off, such lesser Payments shall, from time to time, be applied, either towards discharging the said Principal Sums which shall belong to the said South-Sea Company in their own Right, or towards Discharging the said Principal Sums of the said South-Sea Annuities, or towards discharging, as well the said Principal Sums of the said Company, as also of the said South-Sea Annuities, in such Proportions, Manner, and Form, as shall be prescribed by the respective Act or Acts of Parliament for Furnishing such lesser Sums; and that, as the said Principal Monies shall be paid off, the respective Annuities or Yearly Funds, payable to the said South-Sea Company at the Exchequer, in their own Right, or in Trust, as aforesaid, shall, from time to time, proportionally sink and be abated; Be it therefore further Provided and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That at any Time or Times, after the said Feast of the Nativity of Saint John Baptist, One thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, on Repayment by Parliament to the said South-Sea Company, of any Sum or Sums of Money,

not

not being leſs than Five hundred thouſand Pounds at a time, in Part of the Principal Monies of the ſaid Capital Stock of Thirty three Millions eight hundred two thouſand four hundred eighty three Pounds, Fourteen Shillings, and One half peny, to be applied according to ſuch future Act or Acts of Parliament, as aforeſaid, and upon Payment of all Arrears, which ſhall then be due, for or upon the ſame Yearly Annuities or Funds, payable at the Exchequer, as aforeſaid, or upon any Part thereof, or ſo much of the ſaid Arrears as ſhall bear a Proportion to the Principal Sums then remaining unſatisfied to the ſaid Annuitants and the ſaid Company in their own Right reſpectively, and upon Payment of all Arrears, then due of the ſaid Yearly Allowances for Management, for the Sole Uſe and Account of the ſaid Company (all which ſaid Arrears, if any ſuch be, ſhall be computed and paid to the Quarterly Feaſt-Day then next preceding, and from thence ſhall be computed and paid by the Day, till the time of ſuch Payment made in Part, as aforeſaid,) then from and after every ſuch Payment ſo made, ſo much of the ſaid Annuities or Yearly Funds payable at the Exchequer, as ſhall bear Proportion to the Monies ſo paid in Part of the Principal, ſhall ceaſe, determine, and be abated; Any thing in this or any former Act or Acts of Parliament contained, or other Matter or Thing whatſoever, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

After Redemption of Capital, &c. the Revenues applicable thereto ſhall be underſtood to be redeemed by Parliament, &c.

XVIII. Provided alſo, and it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Redemption of the ſaid Capital or Principal Sums, amounting to Thirty three Millions eight hundred two thouſand four hundred eighty three Pounds, Fourteen Shillings, and One half-peny, and the ſaid ſeveral Yearly Funds or Sums payable at the Exchequer, according to the ſeveral and reſpective Proviſoes and Conditions of Redemption in this Act contained for that Purpoſe, then, and not till then, ſo much of the ſeveral Duties, Revenues, and Incomes, as are by this Act applicable thereunto, during the Continuance thereof, ſhall be underſtood to be redeemed by Parliament, and ſhall not be iſſued or applied to any Uſe or Purpoſe, without Authority of Parliament.

Anno 9 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. VIII.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Continuing ſome Laws, and Reviving others therein mentioned, for Exempting Apothecaries from ſerving Pariſh and Ward Offices, and upon Juries, and relating to Jurors; and to the Payment of Seamens Wages, and the Preſervation of Naval Stores, and Stores of War; and concerning the Militia, and Trophy-Money; and againſt Clandeſtine Running of Uncuſtomed Goods, and for more effectual preventing Frauds relating to the Cuſtoms, and Frauds in Mixing Silk with Stuffs to be Exported.

VIII. AND whereas, by an Act made in the Fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign [Intituled, An Act againſt Clandeſtine Running of Uncuſtomed Goods, and for the more effectual preventing of Frauds relating to the Cuſtoms] ſeveral Clauſes therein mentioned, were to have Continuance for the Term of Three Years, from the ſeveral Times of Commencement thereof, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament reſpectively, which are near Expiring, and it hath been found by Experience, that ſeveral of the ſaid Clauſes are neceſſary to be continued, to prevent Frauds, which might otherwiſe be practiſed to the Prejudice of the Revenue and Fair Trade: Be it Enacted by the Au-

thority aforesaid, That so much of the said Act, as relates to such Foreign Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes, as shall be taken in at Sea out of any Ship or Vessel, in order to be landed or put into any other Ship, Vessel, or Boat; and so much of the said Act, as relates to Goods not reported and found after clearing Ships; and so much of the said Act, as provides further Remedies against Relanding Goods prohibited to be worn in this Kingdom, and Foreign Goods Shipt out for Parts beyond the Seas; and so much of the said Act, as relates to the opening or altering the Package of Goods on Board Ships Outward Bound; and so much of the said Act, as relates to Hovering Ships or Vessels of the Burthen of Fifty Tuns, or under; and so much of the said Act, as concerns the Bales or Package in which Coffee shall be Exported, as was to continue in Force for Three Years, from the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and to the End of the then next Session of Parliament; and so much of the said Act, as relates to Rum Imported in Casks or Vessels, not containing Twenty Gallons at the least, which was to continue in Force for Three Years, from the Twenty ninth Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and to the End of the then next Session of Parliament; and so much of the said Act, as relates to Certificate Goods entred in order to be exported to Ireland, which was to continue in Force for Three Years, from the First Day of May, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, shall be continued and be in Force, and put in Practice for the Purposes therein mentioned, from and after the Expiration of the several and respective Terms before mentioned, for and during the Space of Five Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

So much of the Act, 5 *Geo.* cap. 11. as relates to Foreign Goods taken out of Ships at Sea,
to Goods found after clearing Ships,
to Relanding Goods,
to opening or altering Package on Ships Outwards,
to Ships Hovering,
to Bales of Coffee exported,
to Rum in small Casks,
to Certificate Goods to *Ireland*,
further continued for 5 Years, and to the End of the then next Session.

IX. And whereas, in and by an Act of Parliament made in the Eighth Year of his present Majesty (for Encouragement of the Silk Manufactures of this Kingdom, and for other Purposes therein mentiond) certain Allowances or Sums of Money are to be paid to the Exporters of Stuffs made in Great Britain, of Silks and Grogram Yarn, and also of Silk Stuffs made in Great Britain, mixed with Incle, Cotton, or Worsted, as in the said Act expressed: And whereas it is by the said Act provided, that no Allowance shall be demanded or made for such of the said Manufactures mixed with Silk, when they are only mixed at the Edges, or Ends of the Piece, which is found by Experience, not sufficient to prevent Frauds and Abuses in making those Manufactures, by mixing Silk, not with any design to advantage the Sale of the Goods, but with an intention to obtain the Bounty or Allowance on the Exportation, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of the said Act: To Remedy which Abuses, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Act, or any thing therein contained, shall not extend or be construed to extend to the making any Allowance on the Exportation of any the Manufactures aforesaid, Mixt with Silk, except such, wherein at least Two third Parts of the Ends or Threads of the Warp (by which is meant the Length of the Piece) be either all Silk, or else mixed or twisted with Silk in the Warp; Any thing in the said Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

8 Geo. cap. 15.

British Manufactures Mixt with Silk, not to have any Allowance on the Exportation, except $\frac{2}{3}$ds of the Warp be Silk.

X. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall be found to enter or ship any of the Goods aforementioned, which are not mixed with the Quantity of Silk as is beforementioned, such Person or Persons shall not only Forfeit the Goods so Entred or Shipped, but shall likewise be prosecuted for Double the Value thereof; such Seizure and Penalty to be prosecuted, determined, and divided in such Manner, as other Seizures or Penalties are in and by the said Act directed and appointed.

Any Persons Shipping any of the Goods not so mixed, Forfeits the Goods and Double the Value.

Anno 9 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XIX.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act to continue the Duties for Incouragement of the Coinage of Monies; And for Relief of *William* late Lord *Widdrinton*; And to prevent Foreign Lotteries being carried on in this Kingdom; And for aſcertaining the Duties on Bound Books Imported; And for iſſuing Certificates and Debentures for Arrears due to Five Regiments, to be ſatisfied by Annuities therein mentioned; And for Diſcharging the Duties of Rock-Salt loſt on the Rivers *Weaver* and *Mercy*; And for limiting the Times of Continuance of Commiſſioners for Forfeited Eſtates in *England* and *Scotland* reſpectively; And for appropriating the Supplies granted to his Majeſty in this Seſſion of Parliament; And to rectifie Miſnomers and Omiſſions of Commiſſioners for the Land-Tax in the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty three.

Preamble.

MAY it pleaſe Your moſt Excellent Majeſty, Whereas great Benefit and Advantage did accrue to England by one Act of Parliament, paſſed in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King Charles the Second [Intituled, An Act for Incouraging of Coinage] and continued by another Act made in the Twenty fifth Year of the Reign of his ſaid Majeſty King Charles [Intituled, An Act for continuing a former Act concerning Coinage;] both which ſaid Acts were revived by an Act made in the Firſt Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King James the Second; and were continued by an Act made in the Fourth Year of King William and Queen Mary, of Bleſſed Memory; and were further continued by an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of the ſaid late King William; and were further continued by an Act made in the Seventh Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen Anne, of Bleſſed Memory, and then extended to Scotland; and were further continued by an Act made in the Firſt Year of Your Majeſty's Reign; to be in Force for Seven Years, from the Firſt Day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifteen, and until the End of the Firſt Seſſion of Parliament then next following, and no longer; ſo that unleſs the ſaid Acts be revived and continued the Incourgement given thereby will ceaſe, and this Kingdom be deprived for the future of ſo great a Good, as it hath for many Years laſt paſt enjoyed: Now we Your Majeſty's moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament aſſembled, do give and grant unto Your Majeſty the Rates, Duties, and Impoſitions, herein after mentioned, for and during the Term and Time herein after expreſſed, and do humbly pray, that it may be Enacted; And be it Enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That ſuch and the like Rates, Duties, and Impoſitions, as, by the ſaid Act of Parliament of the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, were granted, and by the ſaid ſubſequent Acts were continued for and upon the Importation of Wines, Vinegar, Cyder, Beer, Brandy, and Strong Waters Imported during the reſpective Terms or Times therein mentioned, ſhall be further continued, and be paid and payable to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all Wines, Vinegar, Cyder, Beer, Brandy, and Strong Waters, which ſhall be imported or brought into Great Britain within or during the Space of Seven Years, to com-

18 Car. 2. *cap.* 5.

25 Car. 2. *cap.* 8.

1 Jac. 2. *cap.* 7.

4 W. & M. *cap.* 15.

12 W. 3. *cap.* 11.

7 Annæ, *cap.* 2.

1 Geo. *cap.* 43.

The Acts for Encouraging the Coinage further continued for Seven Years from 1 *March*, 1723. and to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

commence from the First Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty three, and until the End of the First Session of Parliament then next following, and no longer; and that all the said former Acts, and all other Acts of Parliament concerning Coinage, and every of them, and every Clause, Article, and Sentence in them, or any of them, contained, now being in Force, shall be and are, by virtue of this Act, revived and continued, and shall be in Force, and be duly put in Execution, for and during all such Term and Time, as are before mentioned, as fully and effectually, as if the same were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this present Act; Any former Law, Statute, Provision, Matter, or Thing whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And to the End the Importers of Gold and Silver into the Mints of England and Scotland respectively, may not be discouraged by any Deficiency of the Revenue by this Act settled, for defraying the Coinage thereof, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or the Lord High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, out of the Monies arising by this Act, or out of any other the Publick Supplies granted or to be granted by Parliament, to cause so much Money to be applied, as shall be necessary for defraying the Expences of the said Mints of England and Scotland respectively, by way of Imprest and upon Account for that Service, so as the same, together with the Coinage Duties arising by this Act, do not exceed in any one Year the Sum of Fifteen thousand Pounds, and so as the said Monies be issued out of the Exchequer of Great Britain to the Master of the Mint in England, and the Master of the Mint in Scotland respectively, for the said Purposes.

15000 *l.* for defraying the Expences of the Mints of *England* and *Scotland* Yearly.

VI. And whereas by several Acts of Parliament, several Duties are payable upon the Importation of Books Bound, which Duties being payable ad Valorem, have been found Inconvenient; For Remedy whereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Duties payable ad Valorem, for all Books Bound, which shall be Imported from and after the Twenty fourth Day of June, which shall be in the Year of Our Lord One thousand seven hundred and twenty three, shall cease and determine, and instead thereof there shall be payable and paid to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for all Bound Books which shall be Imported into Great Britain, from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred twenty three, the Sum of Fourteen Shillings, of lawful Money of Great Britain, for every Hundred Weight, and so in Proportion for any greater or lesser Weight, which Duty shall be paid down in Ready Money by the respective Importers of such Bound Books, from time to time, before the Landing of the same respectively.

Books Bound Imported to pay 14 *s.* *per* Hundred Weight.

VII. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Duty upon Bound Books Imported, shall be raised, levied, recovered and paid, and be brought into the Exchequer, by such Rules, Ways, Means, and Methods, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and in such Manner and Form, as the Duties upon Bound Books hereby taken away, or any of them, might or ought to have been raised, levied, recovered, or paid, before the making of this Act.

How to be raised,

VIII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Duty to arise upon the Importation of Books Bound pursuant to this Act (the necessary Charges of Management deducted) shall be appropriated and applied, as near as may be, to the same Uses and Purposes to which the former Duties upon Bound Books, by this Act taken away, were applicable or ought to have been applied, if this Act had not been made.

and appropriated.

Redeemable by Parliament.

IX. Provided alſo, and it is hereby Enacted, That the Duty by this Act charged upon Bound Books Imported, or any Part thereof, ſhall be redeemable by Parliament, in the ſame Manner as the ſaid former Duties on Bound Books hereby taken away, or any of them, were redeemable; and in all Caſes, where the ſaid former Duties on Bound Books, or any of them, were to ceaſe or determine, the Duty hereby granted, or a proportional Part thereof, ſhall ceaſe and determine.

Anno 9 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XXI.

An Act for Enabling his Majeſty to put the Cuſtoms of *Great Britain* under the Management of One or more Commiſſions, and for better ſecuring and aſcertaining the Duties on Tobacco, and to prevent Frauds in Exporting Tobacco, and other Goods and Merchandizes, or carrying the ſame Coaſtwiſe.

Preamble.

Whereas by the Sixth Article of the Act of Parliament for Uniting the Two Kingdoms of England and Scotland, paſſed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of Her late Majeſty Queen Anne, all Parts of the United Kingdom were for ever, from and after the Union, to be liable to the ſame Cuſtoms and Duties on Import and Export, and to be under the ſame Reſtrictions and Regulations of Trade: And whereas the Cuſtoms and Duties ariſing by the Exportation and Importation of Goods and Merchandize, were put under the Direction of Two diſtinct Commiſſions, One of which to have the Care and Management of the Cuſtoms and Duties ariſing in England, the other in Scotland, but each veſted with the like Powers and Authorities; Be it Enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by Authority of the ſame,

After 1 *June*, 1723.

That from and after the Firſt Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty three, the Cuſtoms and other Duties, now under the Management of the ſeveral and reſpective Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms of England and Scotland, ſhall and may be put under the Management of One Commiſſion of the Cuſtoms for the whole United Kingdom, or under the Management of ſeveral Commiſſions of the Cuſtoms for England and Scotland reſpectively, from time to time, as his Majeſty ſhall judge to be moſt for the Advantage of Trade, and Security of his Revenues; Any Law, Statute, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

The Cuſtoms of *Great Britain* may be under One or more Commiſſions.

The Number of Commiſſioners may be encreaſed.

II. Provided always, and be it Enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, by his Commiſſion or Commiſſions under the Great Seal of Great Britain, to increaſe the Number of Commiſſioners for the managing, and cauſing to be levied and collected, his Cuſtoms and Duties, as ſhall be thought proper for the carrying on the ſaid Service, and in ſuch Commiſſion or Commiſſions to make Proviſion for putting in Execution the ſeveral Laws relating to the Cuſtoms; Any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

A Recital of the Duties on Tobacco of the *Britiſh* Plantations.

III. And whereas by the Act of Tunnage and Poundage, made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, and by the Book of Rates thereto annexed, a Duty of One Peny per Pound (commonly called the Old Subſidy) was laid upon all Tobacco of the Britiſh Plantations Imported; and by the ſame Act and Book of Rates, an Additional Duty of One Peny per Pound was laid on the ſame Tobacco Imported; and by another Act made in the Firſt Year of the Reign of the late

12 Car. 2. cap. 4.

1 Jac. 2. cap. 4. 9 W. 3. cap. 23. 2 A. cap. 9.

King James the Second, a Duty or Impoſt of Three Pence per Pound was laid on the ſame Tobacco Imported; and by another Act made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King William the Third, a further Subſidy of One Peny per Pound was laid on the ſame Tobacco Imported; and by another Act made in the Second Year of her late Majeſty Queen Anne, a Duty or Subſidy of One third Part of a Peny per Pound was laid on the ſame Tobacco Imported; all which Duties, on Tobacco Imported, as before mentioned, amounting in the whole to Six Pence, and One third Part of a Peny per Pound Weight, are by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts ſince continued, and are now in Force: And whereas certain Abatements, Diſcounts, and Allowances, for Waſte and Damage, and other Allowances, are made to the Importer of ſuch Tobacco out of the ſaid Duties, which by Experience have been found prejudicial to Trade, and a Loſs to the Revenue; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid ſeveral Duties upon Tobacco Imported after the ſaid Firſt Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty three, ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid, during the Continuance thereof reſpectively, in the Manner following; that is to ſay, The Importer of Tobacco of the Britiſh Plantations, ſhall on the Importation thereof, pay down the ſaid Old Subſidy of One Peny per Pound, with an Allowance of Twenty five per Centum, inſtead of the former Allowance of Five per Centum; and that all the other Duties aforementioned on ſuch Tobacco Imported, amounting together to Five Pence, and One third of a Peny per Pound, ſhall be paid down, or the Importer thereof ſhall become Bound to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, with One or more ſufficient Sureties, to be approved of by the Collector of the Port where the Tobacco ſhall be Imported, with the Conſent of the Comptroller of ſuch Port, in One or more Bond or Bonds, at the Election of the Importer, for Payment of the reſpective Duties within Eighteen Months, to commence at the End of Thirty Days after the Maſter's Report of the Ship, or to commence from the Merchant's Entry of the Goods within thoſe Thirty Days, which ſhall firſt happen; and that in lieu of all former Encouragements, Allowances for Waſte or Damage, or other Allowances and Diſcounts for Prompt Payment (all which Encouragements, Allowances, and Diſcounts, are intended to be repealed and abrogated, and are, by force and virtue of this Act, repealed and abrogated accordingly) One Allowance of Twenty Five per Centum of the ſaid laſt recited Duties, amounting to Five Pence and One third of a Peny per Pound, as aforeſaid, ſhall be deducted and allowed upon the Entry of the Importer, paying down the ſaid Duties; and every Importer not paying down the ſaid Duties, ſhall have an Allowance only of Fifteen per Centum; Any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Importer of Tobacco to pay the Old Subſidy with an Allowance of 25 *per Cent.*

All the other Duties to be paid down, *or* ſecured to be paid, in 18 Months,

in lieu of all former Allowances, the Importer to have an Allowance of 25 *per Cent.* for Prompt Payment,

otherwiſe 15 *per Cent.* only.

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Firſt Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty three, no Allowance ſhall be made to the Importer for or in Conſideration of any damaged or mean Tobacco, either at the Scale or otherwiſe; but in caſe any Merchant or other Perſon ſhall refuſe to enter and pay, or ſecure the Duties aforeſaid, for ſuch Tobacco, then he or they ſhall have Liberty to refuſe the ſame, or to ſeparate ſuch damaged Tobacco, by cutting off from the Hogſhead or other Package ſo much thereof, as he or they ſhall refuſe to pay Cuſtom for, and the Principal Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, or any Three or more of them, ſhall cauſe all ſuch Tobacco to be burnt and deſtroyed, without making any Allowances to ſuch Importer for Freight or other Charges, other than the Allowances hereafter in this Act provided for; Any Law or Cuſtom to the contrary notwithſtanding.

No Allowance to be made for damaged Tobacco:

But the Merchant may refuſe the ſame, or cut off ſo much thereof as he refuſes to pay Cuſtom for, to be deſtroyed, *&c.*

Not to separate the Stalk from the Leaf.

V. Provided always, and it is not hereby intended, That any Merchant, or other Person, shall have Liberty to separate the Stalk from the Leaf, on Pretence that the same is damaged or mean Tobacco.

Tobacco Exported to draw back the whole Duty, and no more.

VI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any of the said Tobacco, which shall have been entred, and the Duties thereof paid or secured, in Manner aforesaid by this Act directed and appointed, shall, from and after the said First Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty three, be Exported into any Foreign Parts, the Exporter shall, upon the Exportation thereof within the Time limited by Law, on a proper Debenture to be made forth for that Purpose, be paid or allowed to draw back the whole Duty, or the Security vacated on the Bond or Bonds given on the Importation, and no more, as to what shall be so Exported, Care being taken, that the several Allowances and Deductions made at the Importation, be again deducted on the Debenture; Any Law or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Allowances on Importation be deducted on Exportation.

VII. And whereas, notwithstanding the many Laws to prevent Fraudulent Drawbacks upon Tobacco, and other Goods and Merchandize Exported, yet the same still Continue, but if some further Encouragement were given to such as would be willing to discover such Frauds, the same might in some Measure be prevented; Be it therefore Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person (other than the Exporter) shall discover to the Commissioners, or any Officer of the Customs, any Frauds committed, either by the Exporter of the Tobacco, or other Goods or Merchandize, or by any other Person or Persons in Aid or Assistance of the Exporter, whereby his Majesty has been or shall be defrauded by the Exportation of such Tobacco, or other Goods or Merchandize, such Person or Persons (except as aforesaid) shall, as an Encouragement, have and receive One half of the Officer's or Prosecutor's Share of what shall be recovered and paid by such Discovery, the Charges of Prosecution being first deducted; and the Commissioners of the Customs for the time being, are to cause such Charges to be paid equally by the Crown, and the Officer or Prosecutor; and in case such Person or Persons, who were aiding or assisting to the Exporter in such Fraud, so discovering, he or she shall, in Consideration of such his or her Discovery, be clearly acquitted and discharged of such his or her Offence; Any Law, Custom, or Usage, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Persons discovering Frauds in Drawbacks to have One Half of the Officer's Share, after Charges deducted.

Commissioners are to cause the same to be paid.

Person discovering acquitted of the Offence.

VIII. And whereas Frauds are many times committed under Pretence of carrying Tobacco, or other Foreign Goods or Merchandizes, from one Port to another in Great Britain Coastwise, by Masters of Coasting Vessels, who take in such Goods in Ports beyond the Sea, or out of Ships or Vessels at Sea, or in any Place, other than the Port from whence it was certified, and privately land the same in Great Britain, to the Prejudice of the Revenue, and the Encouragement of the Foul Traders: For the Prevention whereof, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Tobacco, or other Foreign Goods or Merchandizes, shall be taken on Board any Coasting Vessel in Parts beyond the Seas, or out of any Ship or Vessel at Sea, or at any Port or Place of this Kingdom, other than the Port or Place from whence such Goods shall be certified, that then the said Goods, and Double the Value thereof, shall be forfeited and lost; and the Master of the said Coasting Ship, wherein the said Goods were Imported, shall forfeit the Value of the said Tobacco, or other Goods.

Tobacco or Foreign Goods carried Coastwise from any other Port than the Place from whence certified, forfeited, and Double the Value.

Master to forfeit the Value.

IX. And be it Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person (other than the Owner or Claimer of the Tobacco, or other Goods or Merchandize, so shipped Coastwise, or pretended to be shipped Coastwise) shall discover to the Commissioners, or any Officer of the Customs, any Frauds committed either by the Owner or Claimer of the Tobacco, or other Goods

Discoverer to have one Half of the Officer's Share, after Charges deducted.

or

or Merchandize so shipped, or pretended to be shipped Coastwise, or by any other Person or Persons, in Aid or Assistance of the Owner or Claimer of such Tobacco, or other Goods or Merchandize, whereby his Majesty has been or shall be defrauded in his Duties, such Person or Persons (except as aforesaid) shall, as an Encouragement, have and receive One half of the Officer's or Prosecutor's Share of what shall be recovered and paid by such Discovery, the Charges of Prosecution being first deducted; and the Commissioners of the Customs for the time being, are to cause such Charges to be paid equally by the Crown, and the Officer or Prosecutor: And in case such Person or Persons, who are aiding or assisting to the Owner or Claimer of the Tobacco, or other Goods or Merchandize so shipped, or pretended to be shipped Coastwise, in such Frauds, he or she, shall, in Consideration of such his or her Discovery, be clearly acquitted and discharged of such his or her Offence; Any Law, Custom, or Usage, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Commissioners to cause the same to be paid.

Aider discovering acquitted.

X. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Penalties and Forfeitures in this Act mentioned, shall and may be prosecuted and determined by Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer at Edinburgh respectively, wherein no Essoign, Protection, or Wager of Law shall be allowed; and one Moiety of the said Penalties and Forfeitures shall be to the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to such Persons as will sue for or prosecute the same.

Penalties and Forfeitures how to be sued for,

and divided.

XI. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall be sued, molested, or prosecuted, for any thing done, by virtue or in pursuance of this Act, or any of the Clauses therein contained, such Person or Persons shall or may plead the General Issue, and give this Act, and the Special Matter in Evidence, for his, her, or their Defence; and if afterwards a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall discontinue his or their Action, or be Nonsuited, or Judgment shall be given against him or them upon Demurrer or otherwise, then such Defendant or Defendants shall have full Costs to him or them awarded against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

General Issue.

XII. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Importer or Proprietor of Tobacco, that hath given Security, as aforesaid, for the Payment of the said Duties in Eighteen Months, shall be desirous to discharge his Bond or Bonds, or any Part thereof, in Ready Money, sooner than the Expiration of the said Eighteen Months, he shall be abated upon such Bond or Bonds so much as the Discount, at the Rate of Seven per Centum per Annum, shall amount to in Proportion to the Time unexpired.

Importer discharging his Bond within the 18 Months to have a Discount of 7 *per Cent.* for the Time unexpired.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any Tobacco shall happen to receive Damage on Board any Ship or Vessel, by Streets of Weather at Sea, or any Damage by any Ship or Vessels being forced on Shore in any Part of Great Britain, or if any unforeseen Accidents should happen after the Arrival of any Ship or Vessel in Port, by the Ships Bulging on an Anchor, or by the Lighter into which the Tobacco is put, in order to be laid on Land, or by any such like Accidents, whereby such Tobacco shall receive Damage, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners or Collectors, or other Chief Officers of his Majesty's Customs, to allow and pay to the Importer at the Rate of One Half-peny for every Pound of such Tobacco, for which the Importer shall refuse to pay or secure the full Duties, and which shall be cut off or separated from the sound, in order to be burnt, or otherwise publickly destroyed by the Officers of his Majesty's Customs, so as such Allowance shall not exceed Thirty Shillings for all the Tobacco damaged in any one single Hogshead Imported; Any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Allowance of One Half-peny *per* lb. for Tobacco damaged on Board or in Port.

To be separated and burnt, *&c.*

Such Allowance not to exceed 30 *s.* for any Hogshead.

XIV. Pro-

No Drawback for Tobacco in Package but in Cask of Three Hundred or more, except any Tobacco cut or rolled.

XIV. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Drawback shall be allowed on any Tobacco Exported in any Package, but only in Casks, containing Three hundred Weight, or more, in each Cask, except such Tobacco as shall be Cut or Rolled; Any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

8 lb. upon every Hogshead qt. 350 lb. or more for Draft allowed at Scale, but not to be deducted on Exportation.

XV. And whereas the Allowances at the Scale for Draft upon every Hogshead of Tobacco Imported have been uncertain, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty three, there shall be allowed only at the Scale Eight Pounds upon every Hogshead that shall contain Three hundred and fifty Pounds of Tobacco, or more, which Allowance shall not be deducted upon Exportation.

Tobacco arriving after 1 *May*, 1723. and Unentred before 2 *June*, to be reckoned to be Imported from 1 *June*. 1723.

XVI. And whereas divers Quantities of Tobacco of the British Plantations may happen to arrive before the First Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty three, and it being reasonable that the Tobacco Trade should be on an equal Foot, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Time of Importation of all such Tobacco, as shall arrive after the First Day of May, One thousand seven hundred and twenty three, and on or before the Second Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty three, and then remain unentred, shall be reckoned to be from and after the First Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty three, in like Manner, as if the Masters of such Ships or Vessels had made Report of their several Ladings on the said Second Day of June; and the Importers or Proprietors of such Tobacco shall pay or secure the Duties, and have and enjoy the several Allowances and Discounts, and be entitled to draw back the Duties, as fully and in like Manner, as if the said Tobacco had been Imported, and the Masters of the Ships had made the respective Reports of their Ladings on the said Second Day of June; Any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

After 24 *June*, 1724. Tobacco Imported stript from the Stalk or Stem.

Forfeited.

XVII. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First Day of June, in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, no Tobacco shall be Imported into Great Britain stript from the Stalk or Stem; and in case any Tobacco Stript from the Stalk or Stem, shall be so Imported after the said First Day of June, the same shall be seized, and shall be liable to be searched for and forfeited by any Officer of the Customs, in the same Manner as any other Prohibited Goods may, by the Laws now in being, be searched for or seized; and all and every such Penalties and Forfeitures shall and may be recovered by Information in the Court of Exchequer of England or Scotland respectively; One Moiety thereof to the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety thereof to the Use of the Person or Persons who shall seize and sue for the same.

Officer not to search for Stript Tobacco after weighed.

20 lb. Stript Tobacco may be Imported in a Hogshead.

XVIII. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby Declared, That nothing herein contained shall authorize or impower any Officer of the Customs, or other Person, to search for any Stript Tobacco Imported, after the same shall have been weighed by the proper Officer, for the Payment of the Duties payable for the same; and where it shall happen there shall not be more than Twenty Pounds Weight of Stript Tobacco in any One Hogshead, the same shall not be subject or liable to be seized or forfeited by virtue of this Act.

These Duties how appropriated.

XIX. Provided always, and it is hereby Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Monies to arise of or for the Duties of Tobacco, under the Regulation by this Act prescribed (the necessary Charges of Management excepted) are and shall be appropriated and applied to such Uses and Purposes, and in such or the like Proportions, and in such Manner, as the Duties on such Tobacco were appropriated and would have been applicable, if this Act had not been made, under such Penalties and Forfeitures for diverting or misapplying any of the said Monies, as in the like Case or Cases might have been inflicted by any former Act or Acts

of

of Parliament, for diverting or misapplying any Money arising by the Duties on Tobacco therein mentioned; Any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XX. And be it Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Drawback shall be allowed for any Tobacco Stalks or Stems Exported by themselves, when they have been or shall be separated from the rest of the Leaf; Any Law to the contrary notwithstanding. No Drawback allowed for Tobacco-Stalks exported.

Anno 9 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XXVI.

An Act to prevent his Majesty's Subjects from Subscribing or being concerned in Encouraging or Promoting any Subscription for an *East-India* Company in the *Austrian Netherlands*; And for the better Securing the Lawful Trade of his Majesty's Subjects to and from the *East-Indies*.

Whereas several Acts and Statutes have been heretofore made and provided by Parliament, for the securing to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, the sole Trade to and from the East-Indies, and other Places beyond the Cape of Good Hope, in the said Acts, some or one of them particularly mentioned and described, to the Intent that the British Nation might thereby have and enjoy the full Fruits and Advantages of so beneficial a Trade; notwithstanding which Acts, the Prohibitions, Injunctions, and Penalties contained therein, several evil minded Persons (Subjects of his Majesty) preferring their own Lucre to the Good of their Native Country, have not only in their private Capacities secretly and illegally traded to and from the East-Indies, and with the Pirates infesting those Seas, but have also openly, and in Defiance of the Laws of this Kingdom, under Foreign Commissions, fitted out and loaded many great and defensible Ships for Voyages to the East-Indies, and have corrupted several British Sailors to serve on board such Ships for such Voyages, and of late, with Design totally to elude the good and wholsom Laws made to prevent such Practices, as aforesaid, have subscribed, contributed to, or promoted the raising, establishing and carrying on a Foreign Company, under a Foreign Charter, for carrying on an East-India Trade from the Austrian Netherlands, taking and providing for themselves Shares and Proportions in the Stock or Capital of such Company, with Design to engage others of his Majesty's Subjects, as well as themselves, to be concerned in the same Undertaking, by which perfidious and unwarrantable Practices the Trade of this Kingdom is diverted, the Revenue diminished, and the Treasure thereof exhausted: To prevent therefore such wicked Practices, and more effectually to secure the said East-India Trade to his Majesty's Subjects for the future, according to the Laws now in being; Be it Enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if at any Time or Times from and after the Four and twentieth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty three, any Person or Persons whatsoever, Subject or Subjects of his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall contribute or subscribe to, or encourage or promote the raising, establishing, or carrying on any Foreign Company, Society, or Corporation, trading, trafficking, or adventuring, or hereafter to trade, traffick, or adventure, from any Part or Parts of or in the Austrian Netherlands, in, to, or from the East-dies, or Places aforesaid, Preamble.

After 24 *June*, 1723. none of his Majesty's Subjects shal subscribe to, or be concerned in promoting an *East-India* Company in the *Austrian Netherlands*,

aforesaid, or shall be interested or concerned in his, her, or their Name or Names, or in the Name or Names of any other Person or Persons whatsoever, or otherwise howsoever, in any Part or Share of or in the Capital, Principal Stock or Actions of any such Foreign Company, Society, or Corporation, as aforesaid, or shall make any Payments in Money, or by Bills of Exchange, Remittances, or otherwise, to, for, or towards the raising, supporting, sustaining, encouraging, or promoting such Foreign Company, Society, or Corporation, or the Trade or Traffick thereof, or shall subscribe, contribute to, encourage, or promote the raising, establishing, or carrying on any other Foreign Company or Companies hereafter to be raised, formed, or erected, for trading or dealing to the East-Indies, or Parts aforesaid, or shall become interested in or entitled unto any Share in the Stock or Capital of such last mentioned Company or Companies, every such Person and Persons, so offending, shall forfeit all his, her, and their Interest, Share, Proportion, and Concern in the Capital Principal Stock or Actions of any such Foreign Company, Society, or Corporation, as aforesaid, together with Treble the Value thereof; One third Part thereof to the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the remaining Two third Parts thereof to the Use of the said United Company, if they shall inform, sue, or prosecute for the same; or otherwise, One third Part of such Two thirds shall be to the Use of such Person or Persons, as shall inform or sue for the same, such Informer or Prosecutor first taking such Directions and Consent, as hereafter is mentioned for that Purpose; and the said Penalties shall and may be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Wager of Law, or Protection, shall be allowed, nor any more than One Imparlance.

or any other Foreign Company,

on Forfeiture of their Stock in such Foreign Society, and Treble Value.

Forfeiture how to be divided, and where prosecuted.

II. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for his Majesty's Attorney General for the time being, of his own Authority, or at the Relation of the said United Company, and to and for the said United Company, to file or exhibit a Bill or Bills of Complaint in his Majesty's High Court of Chancery, or Court of Exchequer, against any Person or Persons, who shall have subscribed, contributed to, encouraged or promoted, or any Ways become interested or concerned in the raising, establishing, or carrying on any such Foreign Company, Society, or Corporation, as aforesaid, or the Stock, Capital Trade, or Traffick thereof, for the Discovery of such his and their Offence, remitting or waving in every such Bill, the said Forfeiture of the Treble Value of the Offender's Stock, Interest, Share, Proportion, and Concern in the Principal Stock or Actions of any such Foreign Company, Society, or Corporation, and insisting only on the Single Value thereof, and thereupon such Person and Persons shall answer the said Bill or Bills, and not plead or demur to the Discovery thereby sought, and in such Case the Single Value only of such Interest, Share, Proportion, and Concern, shall be decreed to be paid by such Offender or Offenders, One third Part thereof shall be yielded and paid to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the remaining Two third Parts thereof to the Use of the said United Company.

Attorney General may prosecute by Bill, &c.

III. Provided also nevertheless, and it is hereby further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That if before any Suit or Prosecution shall be commenced for the Recovery of the Penalties aforesaid, either by his Majesty's Attorney General, or the said United Company, any common Informer or Informers shall go to the Court of Directors of the said United Company, and make known to them the Offence committed, and his or their Intentions to sue or prosecute for the same at Law; and if instead thereof the the said Court of Directors shall elect to have the Suit or Prosecution brought or commenced by Bill or Bills of Complaint, to be filed or exhibited in his Majesty's said Courts of Chancery or Exche-

Common Informers how to prosecute, &c.

Exchequer, then and in every such Case there shall be yielded and paid to such common Informer or Informers, One third Part of the remaining Two third Parts of the Single Value of the said Interest and Concern, when recovered; but if the said Court of Directors shall elect to have the Suit or Prosecution commenced for the Penalties or Forfeitures by Information or Action of Debt at Law, then the said Informer or Informers shall and may accordingly sue and prosecute for the same at Law, and the said Information or Action shall be proceeded upon, and shall not be discontinued or determined, but by and with the Consent of the said United Company, or their Court of Directors.

Subjects accepting such Shares, &c. in Trust; not discovering in Six Months, forfeit Treble Value, or imprisoned for a Year.

IV. And for the more effectual Discovery of the Interest, Share, Proportion, or Concern of any of his Majesty's Subjects, of or in the Capital, Principal, or Stock of any such Foreign Company, Society, or Corporation, as aforesaid, It is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons, Subject or Subjects of his Majesty whatsoever, shall have accepted of any Trust or Trusts, or shall know of any Interest, Share, Part, Proportion, or Concern, which any of his Majesty's Subjects shall have or be entitled to in any such Foreign Company, Society, or Corporation, as aforesaid, and shall not within Six Months next after his, her, or their accepting such Trust, or coming to the Knowledge of such Interest, Share, Proportion, or Concern, as aforesaid, truly discover and disclose in Writing the same to the said United Company, or their Court of Directors for the time being, every Person so Offending shall forfeit Treble the Value of the Interest, Share, Proportion, or Concern, so accepted in Trust, or so known, and not discovered, as aforesaid; One Moiety thereof to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety thereof to him or them, who shall sue for the same, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection, or Wager of Law, shall be allowed, nor any more than One Imparlance; or otherwise, such Offender and Offenders shall, at the Discretion of the Court, where the Prosecution is commenced, suffer Imprisonment by the Space of One whole Year, without Bail or Mainprize.

Persons within the Time limited Discovering, to have Moiety of the Forfeitures.

V. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Person, who shall, within the Time above limited for that Purpose, voluntarily come to the Court of Directors of the said United Company, and make a true Discovery in Writing of the Interest, Share, Part, Proportion, or Concern, of any of his Majesty's Subjects in the Capital, Principal, or Stock, of any such Foreign Company, Society, or Corporation, as aforesaid, then every such Person, making such Discovery, shall have and receive, out of the Forfeitures arising or to arise upon or by virtue of this Act, by, from, and out of the Estate or Estates of such Person and Persons, so interested or concerned in any such Foreign Company, Society, or Corporation, as aforesaid, One Moiety or Half-part of the Clear Amount of such Forfeitures; and the Court, in which the Prosecution against such Offender or Offenders shall be commenced, shall have full Power and Authority, and are hereby directed to award to the Person making such Discovery, such Reward, as aforesaid.

After 24 *June*, 1724. Subjects (except lawfully authorized) going to the *East-Indies*, guilty of a Misdemeanor.

VI. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons, Subject or Subjects of his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors (other than such as are lawfully authorized thereunto) shall at any Time or Times, from and after the Four and twentieth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, go, sail, or repair to, or be, or be found in or at the East-Indies, or any the Places aforesaid, every Person and Persons so Offending, are, and are hereby declared to be guilty of a High Crime and Misdemeanor, and shall and may be prosecuted for the same in any of his Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Wa-

Penalty.

ger of Law, or Protection, shall be allowed, nor any more than One Imparlance: And such Person and Persons so Offending being convicted thereof, shall be liable to such Corporal Punishment or Imprisonment, or to such Fine, as the Court, where such Prosecution shall be commenced, shall think fit; One Moiety of such Fine to be to the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety thereof to him or them that shall inform and sue for the same.

Offenders may be seized and brought to *England*.

VII. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Person and Persons so Offending, shall and may be seized and brought to England; and it shall and may be lawful to and for any One or more of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace, and they are hereby authorized and required to commit all and every such Person and Persons to the next County Goal, there to remain until sufficient Security be given by Natural-born Subjects or Denizens, to appear in the Court where such Suit or Prosecution shall be commenced or depending, to answer the same, and not to go or depart out of Court, or out of this Kingdom, without the Leave of the said Court.

and committed till Security, &c.

VIII. And to the Intent that this Act, and the Laws heretofore made for encouraging, settling, and securing, or for better securing the lawful Trade of his Majesty's Subjects to and from the East-Indies, and Parts aforesaid, may more effectually be put in Execution; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That a Capias in the first Process shall and may issue upon any Bill, Plaint, Indictment, or Information, commenced, found, filed, or prosecuted, for, upon, or by reason of any the Offences mentioned in this Act, or in any other Act or Acts made for the encouraging, settling, securing, or better securing the lawful Trade of his Majesty's Subjects to and from the East-Indies, and Parts aforesaid, or for preventing all or any unlawful Trade thereto or therefrom; which Capias shall specifie the Sum of the Penalty sued for: And such Offender and Offenders shall be obliged to give sufficient Bail or Security by Natural-born Subjects or Denizens, to the Person or Persons to whom such Capias shall be directed, to appear in the Court, out of which such Capias shall issue at the Day of Return of such Writ, to answer such Suit or Prosecution; and shall likewise, at the Time of such Appearing, give sufficient Bail or Security by such Persons, as aforesaid, in the said Court, to answer and pay all the Forfeitures and Penalties incurred for such Offence and Offences, in case he, she, or they shall be convicted thereof, or to yield his, her, or their Body or Bodies to Prison.

A *Capias* in the first Process may issue for any these Offences.

Offenders to give Bail by Natural-born Subjects.

IX. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the Offence and Offences committed or done against this Act, or against one Act made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King William [Intituled, An Act for raising a Sum, not exceeding Two Millions, upon a Fund for Payment of Annuities after the Rate of Eight Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, and for settling the Trade to the *East-Indies*] or against one other Act made in the Fifth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty [Intituled, An Act for the better securing the Lawful Trade of his Majesty's Subjects to and from the *East-Indies*; and for the more effectual preventing all his Majesty's Subjects Trading thither under Foreign Commissions] or against one other Act made in the Seventh Year of the Reign of his present Majesty [Intituled, An Act for the further preventing his Majesty's Subjects from trading to the *East-Indies* under Foreign Commissions; and for encouraging and further securing the Lawful Trade thereto; and for further regulating the Pilots of *Dover*, *Deal*, and the Isle of *Thanet*] shall and may, from and after the Fourteenth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty three, be laid or alledged to be in the City of London, or County of Middlesex, at the Pleasure of the Informer or Prosecutor.

9 W. 3. *cap.* 44

5 Geo. *cap.* 21.

7 Geo. *cap.* 21.

Offences against this Act, and the other Acts here enumerated, may be laid in *London* or *Middlesex*, after 14 *June*, 1723.

X. And

X. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act, and also the said Acts made in the Fifth and Seventh Years of His said present Majesty's Reign, in all and every the Clauses, Articles, and Parts thereof, shall be and be deemed, construed, and adjudged to be Publick Acts, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever: And furthermore, that the said Act made in the Fifth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, shall stand, continue, and be in full Force and Virtue for Seven Years, to be computed from the Five and twentieth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty three, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, and no longer; Any thing therein to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

This Act and the Acts 5 and 7 *Geo.* Publick Acts.

Act 5 *Geo* continued for Seven Years, &c.

XI. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case the said United Company shall first inform, sue, or prosecute for any the Offences committed contrary to all or any the Laws or Statutes made for encouraging, settling, or securing to the said Company the Lawful Trade to and from the East-Indies, or for preventing any unlawful Trade thereto or therefrom, that then the Part, Share, and Proportion of the Penalties and Forfeitures otherwise given or appointed, in and by any of the said Acts, to any other Person or Persons that should sue or inform for the same, shall devolve upon, and be to the Use of the said United Company, although such Information, Suit, or Prosecution be commenced by the said Company after the Time limited by Law for the Suit, Prosecution, or Information of the common Informer is elapsed.

If the Company first inform, the Part of the Forfeitures shall devolve upon them.

XII. Provided always, That if any Suit or Prosecution shall be commenced upon or by virtue of any the aforesaid former Act or Acts, then and in such Case the Offender or Offenders shall not be sued or prosecuted upon this Act, or any Branch or Article thereof, except such Suit or Prosecution be by Bill or Bills of Complaint in the said Courts of Chancery or Exchequer.

If Suit be commenced on the former Acts, Offenders not to be sued on this Act, except by Bill of Complaint.

Anno 10 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. II.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for continuing the Duties on Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, to raise Money by way of a Lottery, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred twenty four; And touching lost Bills, Tickets, Certificates, or Orders; And for giving further Time for Payment of the Duties on Money given with Apprentices; And for Appropriating the Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament.

MAY it please Your most Excellent Majesty, We Your Majesty's most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament assembled, have freely and unanimously given and granted unto Your Majesty, the Rates, Duties, and Impositions herein after mentioned; and do most humbly beseech Your Majesty, that it may be Enacted; And be it Enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That within and throughout the whole Kingdom of Great Britain, the several and respective Rates, Duties, and Impositions, for and upon all Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, which, in and by one Act of Parliament, made and passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen

Preamble.

Malt Acts 12 *Annæ*, and 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, & 9 *Geo.* further Continued to 24 *June*, 1726.

Queen Anne, of Bleſſed Memory, [Intituled, An Act for granting to Her Majeſty Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and thirteen; and for making forth Duplicates of Lottery Tickets, loſt, burnt, or deſtroyed; and for enlarging the Time for adjuſting Claims in ſeveral Lottery Acts; and to puniſh the counterfeiting or forging of Lottery Orders; and for explaining a late Act in relation to Stamp Duties on Cuſtomary Eſtates, which paſs by Deed and Copy] were granted to Her Majeſty, or chargeable in Manner therein mentioned, until the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen; and which, by an Act of Parliament made and paſſed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of Her ſaid late Majeſty, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifteen; and which, by one Act made and paſſed in the Firſt Year of His Majeſty's Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen; and which, by another Act made and paſſed in the Firſt Year of His Majeſty's Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventeen; and which, by another Act made and paſſed in the Third Year of His Majeſty's Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighteen; and which, by another Act made and paſſed in the Fourth Year of His Majeſty's Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen; and which, by another Act made and paſſed in the Fifth Year of His Majeſty's Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty; and which, by another Act made and paſſed in the Sixth Year of His Majeſty's Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty one; and which, by another Act made and paſſed in the Seventh Year of His Majeſty's Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty two; and which, by another Act made and paſſed in the Eighth Year of His Majeſty's Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty three; and which, by another Act made and paſſed in the Ninth Year of His Majeſty's Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty four, ſhall be further continued in like Manner; and ſhall be, and are by this Act charged for and upon all Malt which ſhall be made, and all Mum which ſhall be made and imported, and all Cyder and Perry which ſhall be made for Sale within the Kingdom of Great Britain, from and after the Twenty third Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty four, and before the Twenty fourth Day of June, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty five; and ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid, unto His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, during the Term of Time aforeſaid, by the ſame Ways, Means, and Methods, and by ſuch Rules and Directions, and with ſuch Allowances and Repayments, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and with ſuch Power of Mitigation, and other Powers, and in ſuch Manner and Form, in all Reſpects, as are preſcribed, mentioned, and expreſſed in the ſaid former Acts, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament thereby referred unto, or any of them, for or concerning the ſaid Duties, or any of them; and that the ſame Acts formerly made and paſſed, and the ſaid other Acts thereby referred unto, as to, for, and concerning the ſaid Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry, and every Article, Rule, Clauſe, Matter, and Thing, in them, and every or any of them contained, or thereby referred to, and now being

11 A. 1 Geo. 1 Geo. 3 Geo. 4 Geo. 5 Geo. 6 Geo. 7 Geo. 8 Geo. 9 Geo.

Duties to be raiſed as by the former Acts.

in Force, shall be of full Force and Effect, to all Intents and Purposes, for raising, levying, collecting, securing, and accounting for the same Rates, Duties, and Impositions, hereby granted or continued, and for levying and recovering the Penalties and Forfeitures, and making any Mitigations and Allowances, and all other Matters and Things, during the Continuance of this Act, as fully as if the same were particularly and at large repeated in the Body of this present Act.

This Act to relate to the same Day and Time as the first mentioned Act 12 *Annæ* did.

II. And it is hereby Declared and Enacted, That in all Cases, where the said first mentioned Act of the Twelfth Year of Her said late Majesty's Reign, did relate to any Day or Time within the Year, which commenced from the Twenty third Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and thirteen, this present Act doth and shall relate to the like Day or Time within the said Year, commencing from the said Twenty third Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four.

Anno 10 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. X.

Several Clauses in An Act, Intituled, An Act for Repealing certain Duties therein mentioned, payable upon Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, Chocolate, and Cocoa Paste imported; and for granting certain Inland Duties in lieu thereof; and for Prohibiting the Importation of Chocolate ready made, and Cocoa Paste; and for better ascertaining the Duties payable upon Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa Nuts imported; and for granting Relief to *Robert Dalzell,* late Earl of *Carnwath.*

Recital of granting several Additional Duties for Terms, and of making them Perpetual, but subject to Redemption.

MAY it please Your most Excellent Majesty, Whereas by an Act of Parliament, made in the Sixth Year of the Reign of
6 W. 3. *cap.* 7. His late Majesty King William (of Glorious Memory) Intituled, (An Act for Granting to His Majesty several Additional Duties upon Coffee, Tea, Chocolate and Spices, towards Satisfaction of the Debts due for Transport-Service for the Reduction of *Ireland*) several Additional and other Duties and Impositions herein after mentioned, were granted to His Majesty for and upon Coffee, Cocoa Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa Paste, and Tea, which should be imported into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, at any Time after the First Day of May, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred and ninety five, and before the Second Day of May, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred and ninety eight, over and above all Duties before that Time payable for the same at the Custom-House; That is to say, For every Hundred Weight of Coffee imported, as aforesaid, accounting One hundred and twelve Pounds to the Hundred, Fifty six Shillings of lawful English Money: For every Hundred Weight of Cocoa Nuts imported, and containing, as aforesaid, from any the Plantations belonging to the Crown of England, fifty six Shillings: For every Hundred Weight of Cocoa Nuts imported, and containing, as aforesaid, from any other Country or Place, from whence they may by Law be imported, Four Pounds and Four Shillings of like lawful English Money: For every Pound of Chocolate ready made, imported as aforesaid, One Shilling: For every Pound of Cocoa Paste imported, as aforesaid, Two Shillings: For every Pound of Tea regularly imported, as aforesaid from whence the same might have been lawfully imported before the making that Act, One Shilling: For every Pound of Tea imported, as aforesaid, from Holland, or any other Country, not the Place of its Growth or usual Shipping, Two Shillings and Six Pence

Pence per Pound Weight, and ſo proportionably for any greater or leſſer Quantity of any of the Commodities imported, as aforeſaid, reſpectively: And whereas by an Act of Parliament, made in the Third Year of the Reign of Her late Majeſty Queen Anne, Intituled, (An Act for Continuing Duties upon Low-Wines, and upon Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Spices, and Pictures, and upon Hawkers, Pedlars, and Petty Chapmen, and upon Muſlins; and for granting New Duties upon ſeveral of the ſaid Commodities, and alſo upon Callicoes, *China*-Ware and Drugs) ſeveral New and Additional Rates and Sums of Money herein after mentioned, were granted to Her ſaid Majeſty, Her Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all and all manner of Coffee, Cocoa Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa Paſte, and Tea, which ſhould be imported into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, at any Time or Times after the Firſt Day of Feburary, One thouſand ſeven hundred and four, and before the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, over and above all Duties and Additional Duties before that Time payable for the ſame, or any of them, by any other Law then in Force, and over and above the Duties herein before mentioned, the New and Additional Rates and Sums of money following; That is to ſay, For every Hundred Weight of Coffee imported as aforeſaid, accounting One hundred and twelve Pounds to the Hundred, Fifty ſix Shillings of lawful Engliſh Money: For every Hundred Weight of Cocoa Nuts imported, and containing, as aforeſaid, from any the Plantations belonging to the Crown of England, fifty ſix Shillings: For every hundred Weight of Cocoa Nuts imported, and containing, as aforeſaid, from any other Country or Place, from whence they may by Law be imported, Four Pounds and Four Shillings of like lawful Engliſh Money: For every Pound of Chocolate ready made and imported, as aforeſaid, One Shilling: For every Pound of Cocoa Paſte imported as aforeſaid, Two Shillings: For every Pound of Tea regularly imported, as aforeſaid, from whence the ſame might lawfully have been imported before the making of the ſaid Act of the Sixth Year of His ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, One Shilling: For every Pound of Tea imported as aforeſaid, from Holland, or any other Country, not the Place of its Growth or uſual Shipping, Two Shillings and Six Pence, and ſo proportionably for any greater or leſſer Quantity of any the Commodities imported, as aforeſaid, reſpectively: Which ſaid ſeveral Rates and Duties herein before particularly mentioned, were, by ſeveral Acts of Parliament, continued and made payable to Her ſaid Majeſty, Her Heirs and Succeſſors, to the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen: And whereas by an Act of Parliament, made in the Seventh Year of the Reign of Her ſaid late Majeſty Queen Anne, (Intituled, An Act for Enlarging the Capital Stock of the Bank of *England*, and for raiſing a further Supply to Her Majeſty for the Service of the Year, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nine) all the ſaid ſeveral Rates and Duties upon Coffee, Cocoa Nuts, Chocolate, Cocoa Paſte, and Tea, herein before particularly mentioned, which ſhould be imported or brought into Great Britain, from and after the Twenty third Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen, ſhould be paid and payable to Her ſaid Majeſty, Her Heirs and Succeſſors for ever, for the Purpoſes in the ſaid laſt mentioned Act expreſſed, ſubject nevertheleſs to the Proviſo or Condition of Redemption in the ſame Act contained relating thereto: And whereas by an Act made in the Tenth Year of the Reign of Her ſaid late Majeſty Queen Anne, amongſt other things for laying Additional Duties upon Hides and Skins, Vellom and Parchment, and New Duties on Starch, Coffee, Tea, Drugs, Gilt and Silver Wire, ſeveral New Rates and Duties upon all Coffee, and Tea, which ſhould be imported or brought into Great Britain, at any Time or Times within or during the Term of Thirty two Years, to be reckoned from the Seventeenth Day of

3 A. cap. 4.

6 W. 3. cap. 7.

7 A. cap. 7.

10 A. cap. 26.

June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, over and above all other Cuſtoms, Subſidies, and Duties impoſed upon, or payable for the ſame; (That is to ſay) For all Coffee imported, as aforeſaid, Twelve Pence for every Pound Weight Averdupois, and proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity: For all Kinds of Tea imported from any Place or Places, within the Limits of the Charter granted to the Eaſt-India Company, Two Shillings for every ſuch Pound Weight; and for all Kinds of Tea imported from any other Place or Places, Five Shillings for every ſuch Pound Weight, and proportionably for greater or leſſer Quantities of Tea: And whereas by an Act made in the Third Year of Your Majeſty's Reign, amongſt other things, for Redeeming the Duties and Revenues, which were ſettled to pay off Principal and Intereſt on the Orders made forth on Four Lottery Acts, paſſed in the Ninth and Tenth Years of Her ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, the ſaid laſt mentioned Rates and Duties upon Coffee and Tea are continued and made Payable to Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors for ever, for the Purpoſes in the ſame Act preſcribed and directed, ſubject to ſuch Proviſoes and Powers of Redemption, as are in and by the ſame Act contained and preſcribed of and concerning the ſame, as by the ſaid ſeveral Acts, Relation being had to them reſpectively, more at large may appear: And whereas the Duties now ſubſiſting upon Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, Chocolate, and Cocoa Paſte, are or may be very much leſſened, not only by the clandeſtine Importation thereof from Parts beyond the Seas, but alſo by the fraudulent Relanding of the ſame, after the ſame have been exported from this Kingdom for Foreign Parts, and the Duties thereupon drawn back, without paying any Duties for the ſame, contrary to the true intent and Meaning of the ſeveral Acts relating to the ſaid Duties, and to the Ruin of the fair Traders in the ſaid Commodities: For Remedy whereof, and for the more effectual ſecuring a Revenue to Your Majeſty, to ariſe by the ſaid Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, Chocolate, and Cocoa Paſte, We Your Majeſty's moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament aſſembled, do moſt humbly beſeech Your Majeſty, that it may be Enacted; And be it Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty four, the ſeveral Duties upon Coffee and Tea granted (by the ſaid Act of Parliament made in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His ſaid late Majeſty King William the Third, and by the ſaid Act of Parliament made in the Third Year of the Reign of Her ſaid late Majeſty Queen Anne, and by the ſaid Act of Parliament made in the Tenth Year of the Reign of Her ſaid late Majeſty Queen Anne) for ſeveral Terms of Years in the ſaid reſpective Acts mentioned, and which have been ſince continued by ſeveral Acts of Parliament, and made Perpetual (ſubject to Redemption by Parliament, as aforeſaid;) and the ſeveral Duties upon Cocoa Nuts, granted (by the ſaid Act of the Sixth Year of the Reign of His ſaid late Majeſty King William, and by the ſaid Act of the Third Year of the Reign of Her ſaid late Majeſty Queen Anne) for ſeveral Terms of Years in the ſame reſpective Acts mentioned, and which have been ſince continued by ſeveral Acts of Parliament, and made Perpetual, (ſubject to Redemption by Parliament, as aforeſaid) ſhall ceaſe, determine, and be no longer paid or payable; Any thing in the before mentioned Acts to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

3 Geo. 1. cap. 7.
9 & 10 A.
6 W. cap. 7.
3 A. cap. 4.
10 A. cap. 26.
6 W. 3. cap. 7.
3 A. cap. 4.

Reaſons for Repealing the ſaid Additional Duties, and for granting Inland Duties inſtead thereof.

From the 24th of *June*, 1724 the ſaid former Additional Duties to ceaſe, &c.

II. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the ſaid Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty four, no Chocolate, ready made, or Cocoa Paſte, ſhall be imported or brought into Great Britain from any Part or Parts beyond the Seas, and upon Pain of forfeiting all

After 24 *June*, 1724. Chocolate ready made, or Cocoa Paſte, imported, forfeited and double the Value.

all such Chocolate ready made, and Cocoa Paste, which shall be so brought in contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, together with Double Value thereof, and the Bags, Casks, Boxes, and other Package, wherein the same shall be contained.

After 24 *June*, 1724. New Inland Duties Granted on Coffee and Tea sold, and upon Chocolate made and sold in *Great Britain*, viz.

III. And to the Intent that no Failure or Deficiency may accrue or happen in the respective Funds, to which the Duties upon Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, Chocolate, and Cocoa Paste, by this Act determined, were appropriated and applicable by the Determination of the aforesaid Duties, and by the Prohibition of the Importation of Chocolate ready made, and Cocoa Paste; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, from and after the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, in lieu thereof, the respective Inland Duties herein after mentioned, be by this Act charged and imposed upon all Coffee and Tea from thenceforth to be sold in Great Britain, and upon all Chocolate from thenceforth, to be made or sold in Great Britain, to be paid in Manner herein after mentioned; That is to say,

On Coffee, 2 *s. per* Pound.

IV. Upon all Coffee so to be sold in Great Britain, a Duty after the Rate of Two Shillings per Pound Weight Averdupois, and in that Proportion for a greater or lesser Quantity, over and above all Customs, Subsidies, and Duties, which shall then remain payable to His Majesty for the same upon the Importation thereof:

Upon Tea 4 *s. per* Pound.

V. Upon all Tea so to be sold in Great Britain, a Duty after the Rate of Four Shillings per Pound Weight Averdupois, and in that Proportion for a greater or lesser Quantity, over and above all Customs, Subsidies, and Duties which shall then remain payable to His Majesty for the same upon the Importation thereof.

Upon Chocolate, 1 *s.* 6 *d. per* Pound.

VI. And upon all Chocolate so to be made or sold in Great Britain, a Duty after the Rate of One Shilling and Six Pence per Pound Weight Averdupois, and in that Proportion for a greater or lesser Quantity, to be paid by the respective Makers or Sellers thereof.

The King or Treasury to appoint Commissioners for these Inland Duties.

VII. And for the better Ascertaining, Charging, Collecting, Levying, Raising, and Securing the several Rates and Duties by this Act imposed upon all Coffee and Tea, which shall be sold to be consumed in Great Britain, and upon all Chocolate, which shall be made or sold in Great Britain, from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, and for preventing Frauds concerning the same; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That such Commissioners or Persons, as His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or the High Treasurer of Great Britain for the time being, shall, from time to time, by one or more Commission or Commissions for that Purpose appoint, shall be His Majesty's Commissioners for the Receipt and Management of the said Inland Duties by this Act set and imposed upon Coffee, Tea, and Chocolate, as aforesaid, within Great Britain; which said last mentioned Commissioners, or the major Part of them respectively, shall, and have hereby Power, by Commission or Commissions under their respective Hands and Seals, to substitute and appoint under them such Receivers General, Collectors, Comptrollers, Surveyors, and other Officers, as shall be requisite and necessary for the Purposes aforesaid; and that the said Commissioners and Officers, so to be appointed for the said Inland Duties upon Coffee, Tea, and Chocolate hereby granted, shall have out of the same such Salaries and Rewards for their respective Services in relation to the same Duties, as the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, shall, from time to time, think reasonable to establish or allow in that Behalf; and that the respective Commissioners for the said Inland Duties hereby imposed upon Coffee, Tea, and Chocolate, shall,

Such Commissioners to appoint Officers.

from time to time, cauſe all the Monies, to ariſe by or for the ſame Duties (the neceſſary Charges of Raiſing, Levying, and Accounting for the ſame excepted) to be paid into the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer diſtinctly and apart from all other Branches of the Publick Revenues, for the Purpoſes in this Act expreſſed, under the like Penalties, Forfeitures, and Diſabilities, as are herein after inflicted for Diverting or Miſapplying any Money by this Act appropriated.

The Money ariſing by the Inland Duties, (deducting the Charges) to be paid into the Exchequer.

VIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every the Powers, Authorities, Directions, Rules, Methods, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauſes, Matters, and Things, which, in and by an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, Intituled (An Act for taking away the Court of Wards and Liveries, and Tenures *in Capite*, and by Knights Service and Purveyance, and for ſettling a Revenue upon His Majeſty in lieu thereof) or by any other Law now in Force relating to his Majeſty's Revenue of Exciſe upon Beer, Ale, or other Liquors, are provided, ſettled, or eſtabliſhed, for Managing, Raiſing, Levying, Collecting, Mitigating, or Recovering, Adjudging, or Aſcertaining the Duties thereby granted, or any of them, (other than in ſuch Caſes, for which other Penalties or Proviſions are preſcribed by this Act) ſhall be exerciſed, practiſed, applied, uſed, and put in Execution, in and for the Managing, Raiſing, Levying, Collecting, Mitigating, Adjudging, Aſcertaining, Recovering, and Paying the Inland Duties upon Coffee, Tea, and Chocolate hereby granted, during the Continuance of this Act: as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if all and every the ſaid Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Methods, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauſes, Matters, and Things, were particularly repeated and again enacted in the Body of this preſent Act.

The Powers, &c. in the Exciſe Laws to be exerciſed, &c. for the managing the Inland Duties granted by this Act.

Exception.

IX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That on or before the ſaid Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty four, all and every Druggeſt, Grocer, Chandler, Coffee-houſe-keeper, Chocolate-houſe-keeper, and all and every other Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politick and Corporate, who ſhall then be a Seller of, or a Dealer in Coffee, Tea, or Cocoa Nuts, or any or either of them, or ſhall be a Maker or Seller of Chocolate either by Wholeſale or Retail, ſhall make a true and particular Entry in Writing, of all Ware-houſes, Store houſes, Rooms, Shops, Cellars, Vaults, and other Places by him, her, or them reſpectively made uſe of for the keeping of Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, or Chocolate, or making of Chocolate, at the Office to be appointed for the ſaid Inland Duties thereby ſet and impoſed, within the Compaſs or Limits whereof ſuch reſpective Ware-houſes, Store-houſes, Rooms, Shops, Cellars, Vaults, and other Places ſhall be ſituated; and alſo of all Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, and Chocolate, which, at the Time of making ſuch reſpective Entries, ſhall be in ſuch Ware-houſes, Store-houſes, Rooms, Shops, Cellars, Vaults and other Places, and every of them reſpectively, upon Pain of forfeiting the Sum of Two hundred Pounds for every ſuch Ware-houſe, Store-houſe, Room, Shop, Cellar, Vault, or other Place, which, from and after the ſaid Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty four, ſhall be ſo made uſe of by any ſuch Druggiſt, Grocer, Chandler, Coffee-houſe-keeper, Chocolate-houſe-keeper, or any other Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate reſpectively, without making ſuch Entry thereof, as aforeſaid, together with the Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, and Chocolate, which ſhall be found therein, and alſo the Canifters, Bags, Jars, Tubs, Boxes, Casks, and other Veſſels or Package whatſoever containing the ſame.

On or before 24 *June*, 1724. every Druggiſt, &c. to enter at the next Office for the Inland Duties, every Ware-houſe, &c. uſed for keeping Coffee, &c and all Coffee, &c. therein, on Pain of forfeiting,

200 *l.* for every Ware-houſe, &c. not ſo entred, and all the Coffee &c. found therein,

and alſo the Canifters, &c.

X. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Druggiſt, Grocer, Chandler, Coffee-houſe-keeper, Chocolate-houſe-keeper, and all and every other Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politick and Corporate whatſoever, who, after the ſaid Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and

All who, after 24 *June*, 1724. ſhall become Sellers of, or Dealers in Coffee, & to make freſh Entries under the Penalties of

twenty four, shall become a Seller or Sellers, Dealer or Dealers, in Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, or Chocolate, either by Wholesale or Retail, or Maker of Chocolate, shall, before he, she, or they shall take any such Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, or Chocolate, into his, her, or their Custody or Possession, make the like particular Entry in Writing, of the several and respective Warehouses, Store-houses, Rooms, Shops, Cellars, Vaults, and other Places, intended by him, her, or them respectively to be made use of for the keeping of Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, or Chocolate, or for the making of Chocolate, on Pain of forfeiting the Sum of Two hundred Pounds for every Ware-house, Store-house, Room, Shop, Cellar, Vault, or other Place so made use of by such last mentioned Druggist, Grocer, Chandler, Coffee-house-keeper, Chocholate-house-keeper, or any other Person or Persons, Body Politick or Corporate respectively, without making such Entry, as aforesaid; and the Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, and Chocolate, which shall be found therein, and also the Canisters, Bags, Jars, Tubs, Boxes, Casks, and other Vessels or Package whatsoever containing the same.

200 *l.* for every Ware-house not so entred, and all the Coffee, &c. found therein.

XI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, no Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, or Chocolate, shall be brought into any such before mentioned Ware-house, Store-house, Room, Shop, Cellar, Vault, or other Place, made use of by such Druggist, Grocer, Chandler, Coffee-house-keeper, Chocolate-house-keeper, or such other Person or Persons, Body Politick or Corporate, without his, her, or their first giving Notice thereof to the Officer for the said Inland Duties, hereby set and imposed, of the Division or Place in which such Ware-house, Store-house, Room, Shop, Cellar, Vault, or other Place, in which such Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, or Chocolate are intended to be lodged, and producing to the said Officer, and leaving with him an Authentick Certificate, signed by the Officer for the said Inland Duties, hereby set and imposed, of the Division from whence such Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, or Chocolate, shall be brought, that in case of Coffee, Tea, or Chocolate, the Inland Duties, charged or chargeable by this Act upon the said Coffee, Tea, or Chocolate, so intended to be brought in, as aforesaid, have been actually paid, or that the same hath been condemned as forfeited, or was Part of the Stock in hand of some Druggist, Grocer, Chandler, Coffee-house-keeper, or Chocolate-house-keeper, or other Person or Persons, Body Politick or Corporate, selling or dealing in Coffee, Tea, or Chocolate, or making of Chocolate, and in case of bringing in Cocoa Nuts, that the same have been duly entred with the Officer or Officers of his Majesty's Customs, or that they were condemned as forfeited, or were Part of the Stock in hand of some Druggist or other Person selling or dealing therein, upon or before the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, of which an Account of such Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, and Chocolate, had been taken on or before the said twenty Fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty Four, and expressing the Quantity and Quality thereof, and at what Place the said Inland Duties were so paid for the said Coffee, Tea, or Chocolate, or at what Port or Place the Customs and Duties were so paid for such Cocoa Nuts, or the said Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, or Chocolate, were condemned, or of whose Stock in hand the same was Part on Pain of forfeiting the Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, or Chocolate so brought in without such Notice and Certificate, as aforesaid, and Treble the Value thereof, together with the Canisters, Bags, Jars, Tubs, Boxes, Casks and other Vessels or Package whatsoever containing the same.

After 24 *June*, 1724. no Coffee, &c. to be brought into such entred Places, without Notice and Certificate, on Forfeiture and the treble Value.

XII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, it shall and may be lawful for the Officers for the said Inland Duties hereby set or imposed,

Officers in the Day time may enter into all Ware-houses, &c. used for keeping Coffee, &c. and take Accounts.

ſed, or any of them, from time to time, and at all times by Day, to enter into all and every the Ware-houſes, Stoze-houſes, Rooms, Shops, Cellars, Vaults, and other Places made uſe of for keeping or making any Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, or Chocolate, by any Druggiſt, Grocer, Chandler, Coffee-houſe-keeper, Chocolate-houſe-keeper, or other Perſon or Perſons, Body Politick or Corporate, ſelling or dealing in Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, or Chocolate, by Wholeſale or Retail, or making Chocolate, and by weighing, gaging, or otherwiſe to take an Account of the Quantity and Sorts of the ſaid Commodities, which ſhall at any time be in their or any of their Cuſtody, in the weighing whereof the Owners of any of the ſaid Commodities, or ſome on their Behalf, ſhall be aiding and aſſiſting to the ſaid Officers, and keep ſufficient juſt Weights and Scales to be made uſe of by the ſaid Officers for that Purpoſe: And if any ſuch Druggiſt, Grocer, Chandler, Coffee-houſe-keeper, or Chocolate-houſe-keeper, or other Perſon or Perſons, Body Polotick or Corporate, ſelling or dealing in Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, or Chocolate, by Wholeſale or Retail, or making Chocolate, ſhall hinder or refuſe the ſaid Officers, or any of them, to enter into ſuch his, her, or their Ware-houſes, Stoze-houſes, Rooms, Shops, Cellars, Vaults, or other Places, or to take ſuch Account, as aforeſaid, or ſhall neglect to keep ſufficient juſt Weights and Scales to be made uſe of by the ſaid Officers for the Purpoſe aforeſaid, or ſhall keep any falſe Weights or Scales, or ſhall neglect or refuſe to aſſiſt the ſaid Officers in the weighing, as aforeſaid, or ſhall let, hinder, or obſtruct any of the ſaid Officers in the Execution of the Powers and Authorities given to him or them by this Act, the Perſon or Perſons offending therein, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and loſe Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Owners of Coffee, &c. to aſſiſt Officers in weighing, and to keep ſufficient Scales and Weights.

Hindring, &c. Officer or not keeping ſufficient Scales, &c. or keeping falſe Weights, Penalty 100 *l.*

XIII. Provided always, and it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any Officer or Officers for the ſaid Duties by this Act granted, ſhall have cauſe to ſuſpect that any Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, or Cocoa Nuts, ſhall be fraudulently hid or concealed in any Place whatſoever, either entred for the keeping of the ſame, as aforeſaid, or not entred with an Intent to defraud his Majeſty of his Duties thereon, then and in ſuch caſe, if ſuch Place ſhall be within the Cities of London or Weſtminſter, or within the Limits of the Weekly Bills of Mortality, upon Oath made by ſuch Officer or Officers before the Commiſſioners for the Duties by this Act granted, or any Two or more of them, or in Caſe the ſame ſhall be in any other Part of Great Britain, upon Oath made by ſuch Officer or Officers before One or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace of the County, Riding, Diviſion, or Place where ſuch Officer or Officers ſhall ſuſpect the ſame to be ſo hid or concealed, ſetting forth the Ground of ſuch his or their Suſpicion, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Commiſſioners for the ſaid Duties, or Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace reſpectively, before whom ſuch Affidavit or Affidavits ſhall be made, if he or they ſhall judge it reaſonable, by Special Warrant or Warrants under his or their reſpective Hands and Seals, to authoriſe and impower ſuch Officer or Officers by Day or by Night, but if in the Night-time, then in the Preſence of a Conſtable, or other lawful Officer of the Peace, to enter into all and every ſuch Place or Places where he or they ſhall ſo ſuſpect ſuch Coffee, Tea, Chocolate or Cocoa Nuts, ſhall be ſo fraudulently hid or concealed, and ſeize and carry away all ſuch Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, and Cocoa Nuts, which he or they ſhall then and there find ſo fraudulently hid and concealed, as forfeited for his Majeſty's Uſe, together with all and every the Bags, Canifters, Boxes, Casks, and other Package or Things wherein the ſame ſhall be contained: And if any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall let, obſtruct, or hinder any of the Officers for the ſaid Duties by this Act granted, from entring ſuch Places, where he or they ſhall ſuſpect ſuch Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, or Cocoa Nuts, ſhall be ſo fraudulently hid or concealed, as aforeſaid, or in Seizing

Officers for the Inland Duties on Suſpicion of Coffee, &c. concealed, and on Oath made before Commiſſioners, or a Juſtice of Peace, they reſpectively may impower any Officer in the Day-time, but in the Night-time with a Conſtable, to enter all ſuſpected Places, and to take and carry away all Coffee, &c. concealed.

Every Perſon obſtructing, &c. Officer, &c. therein, forfeits 100 *l.*

and carrying away such Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, and Cocoa Nuts, which shall be so hid or concealed, together with the Bags, Canisters, Boxes, Casks, or other Package or Things where the same shall be contained, the Person or Persons offending therein, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be recovered as aforesaid.

No Coffee, &c. to be sold, or exposed to Sale, but when in Places entred, on Pain of forfeiting all such Coffee, &c. and the treble Value.

XIV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, no Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, or Chocolate, shall be sold, uttered or exposed to Sale, either by Wholesale or Retail, but when the same shall be in some or one of the said Ware-houses, Store-houses, Rooms, Shops, Cellars, Vaults, or other Places so entred, as aforesaid, or in some or one of the Ware-houses to be approved of by the Commissioners of his Majesty's Customs for the keeping of Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa Nuts, in pursuance of this Act, upon Pain of forfeiting all such Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, and Chocolate, which shall be so sold, uttered, or exposed to Sale, when the same shall be in any other Place or Places than those entred or approved, as aforesaid, and Treble the Value thereof, together with the Canisters, Bags, Jarrs, Tubs, Boxes, Casks, and other Vessels or Package whatsoever containing the same.

For Coffee, &c. exceeding the Weight of 6 Pounds sold in such entred Places, Officer to give a Certificate *gratis*.

XV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, where any such Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, or Chocolate, shall be sold in any of the said entred Places, in any Quantity above the Weight of Six Pounds, the Officer or Officers for the Inland Duties hereby set and imposed, of the respective Divisions or Places where the same shall be so sold, shall be obliged, and are hereby required, from time to time, upon Request of the Seller or Sellers thereof, without Fee or Reward, to give to the respective Buyer or Buyers thereof Certificates in Writing, signed by the respective Officer or Officers, expressing the Quantities so sold, and the Name and Names of the respective Buyers and Sellers thereof; and that the Duties by this Act granted on such Coffee, Tea, or Chocolate so sold, have been paid, or that such Cocoa Nuts have been duly entred with the Officer or Officers of his Majesty's Customs, or that the same have been condemned, as forfeited, or were part of such Stock in Hand, as aforesaid; which Certificate shall be left with the Officer or Officers for the said Duties of the respective Divisions, to which the same is or are intended to be carried, to satisfie the said Officers, that no Duties are to be answered for the same, that the Seizing thereof may be prevented.

Any Quantity, exceeding the Weight of 6 Pounds carrying without such Permit or Certificate, is forfeited.

XVI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, no Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, or Chocolate, exceeding the Quantity of Six Pounds Weight, shall be removed or carried from any Part of this Kingdom by Land or by Water without a Permit or Certificate, signed by One or more of the Officers for the said Inland Duties hereby set and imposed, signifying and certifying the Names and Places of Abode of the Buyer and Seller, and expressing the Quantity and Species of the Commodity so permitted or certified for; and that his Majesty's Inland Duties, chargeable by this Act upon Coffee, Tea, and Chocolate, have been duly paid and satisfied, or that the Cocoa Nuts have been duly entred, as aforesaid, or that the same have been condemned, as forfeited, or were part of such Stock in Hand, as aforesaid, upon Pain of forfeiting the Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, or Chocolate, which shall be found carrying from one Place to another without such Permit or Certificate, together with the Canisters, Bags, Jarrs, Tubs, Boxes, Casks, and other Vessels or Package whatsoever containing the same; Which Permit or Certificate shall be left with the Officer of the Division to which the same shall be carried, to prevent the Seizure thereof; in which Permits or Cer-

The Time to be limited by the Officer for such Permit or Certificate to be in Force.

tificates the Officers, who grant the same, shall express and limit the Time for which the same shall continue in Force.

Chocolate.

XVII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, all and every Person and Persons whatsoever, who shall be a Maker of Chocolate, or the respective Person or Persons, for whose Use he, she, or they shall make any Chocolate, in case the same be made in London or Westminster, or in any Parts within the Limits of the Weekly Bills of Mortality, shall Weekly and every Week, and in case the same shall be made in any other Part of Great Britain, shall once in every Six Weeks, make a true and particular Entry in Writing at the next Office for the said Inland Duties hereby set and imposed, of all Chocolate, which shall be made by or for him, her, or them, within such Week or Six Weeks respectively; which said Entries shall contain the Weight of all Chocolate by or for him, her, or them respectively made, within the Time to which the same respectively relates, on Pain of forfeiting for every Neglect of Entry, the Sum of Fifty Pounds; which Entry shall be made upon Oath by the said Makers or Proprietors respectively, or by his, her, or their Chief Workman or Servant imployed therein, according to the best of their Knowledge and Belief, unless such Maker or Proprietor, or their respective Workmen or Servants, making such Entry or Entries, as aforesaid, be a known Quaker, in which Case the Solemn Affirmation of such Maker or Proprietor, or his, her, or their Workman or Servant, making such Entry, shall and may be taken instead of such Oath; and the said Entries, Oaths, and Affirmations to verifie the same shall, for such Chocolate, as shall be made within the Limits of the Weekly Bills of Mortality, be made with and administred by such Officer or Officers, as shall be appointed by the respective Commissioners for the said Inland Duties, or the major part of them, for the time being, who shall attend at the General Office for that Purpose in London or Westminster (who have hereby Power to administer the same) and for all Chocolate, which shall be made in other Parts of Great Britain, with and by the Collectors and Supervisors of the District or Division within which the respective Makers or Proprietors shall inhabit (who have hereby Power to administer the same) without any Fee or Charge whatsoever to be demanded or taken for the same: Provided always, That no such Maker or Proprietor shall be obliged to go or send further than the Market-Town where such Chocolate shall be respectively made, or the next Market-Town to the Place where his, her, or their Chocolate shall be respectively made, for the making of such Entries, as aforesaid.

Limitation of Times for making Entries of Chocolate made.

Every Week, if made within the Bills of Mortality.

Every Six Weeks, if made in other Parts.

50 *l.* for every Neglect of such Entry.

Such Entry to be upon Oath.

Before whom such Oaths shall be made.

For such Entry the Maker not to go further than next Market Town.

XVIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every such Maker or Proprietor of such Chocolate, in case the same shall be made in London or Westminster, or within the Limits of the said Weekly Bills of Mortality, shall, within One Week, and in case the same shall be made in any other Part of Great Britain, shall, within Six Weeks next after he, she, or they shall so make or ought to have made such Entry, as aforesaid, pay and clear off all the said Duties by this Act set and imposed on such Chocolate, which shall be due from him, her, or them respectively; and that all and every such Makers and Proprietors of Chocolate, who shall refuse or neglect to make such Payment, as aforesaid, shall forfeit and lose, for every such Offence, the Sum of Fifty Pounds, over and above the said Duty, whereof the Payment shall be so refused or neglected; and that no such Maker or Proprietor of such Chocolate, after such Default in Payment of the said Duties, as aforesaid, shall sell, deliver, or carry out any Chocolate, until he, she, or they have or hath paid and cleared off his, her, or their Duties, as aforesaid, on Pain of forfeiting Treble the Value of all such Chocolate so sold, delivered, or carried out.

Limitation of Times for paying Duty for Chocolate made. Every Week within the Weekly Bills: Every Six Weeks in other Parts.

50 *l.* for every Neglect of paying.

Proprietor not to sell any Chocolate till he has paid the Duties, on forfeiture of Treble Value.

XIX. And for the more effectual Prevention of the unlawful Importation of Chocolate ready made from Parts beyond the Seas, and likewise the clandestine Making thereof in Great Britain; Be it further

All Chocolate to be inclosed in Stampt Papers, each containing one Pound.

further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Chocolate which, from and after the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, shall be made in Great Britain, shall be packed up, and a Stamp or Mark put upon the same, in the Manner herein after mentioned; That is to say, All such Makers or Proprietors of Chocolate, which shall be made in Great Britain, shall, from time to time, and at the respective Times and Places where they are by this Act directed and required to make such Entries of the Chocolate by or for them respectively made, as aforesaid, produce all the Chocolate contained in such Entry, or which ought to be contained in such Entry, at the respective Offices, where such Entries are or ought to be made to the respective Officers, who, in Pursuance of this Act, shall be appointed for the receiving of such Entries; which Chocolate shall be inclosed and tied up with Thread in several Papers, containing One Pound Weight of Chocolate each, and not more or less, each of which Papers so tied up, shall, by an Officer, to be appointed by the respective Commissioners for the said Duties for that Purpose, or the major Part of them respectively, have such a Mark, Stamp, Impression, or Device affixed thereon, as shall be by the said respective Commissioners, from time to time, devised or appointed for that Purpose; which said Mark, Stamp, Impression, or Device, shall or may be varied or altered, from time to time, in such Manner, as the said Commissioners shall judge to be most proper for the Purposes aforesaid.

Commissioners for these Duties to appoint a Stamp, and from time to time alter it.

Chocolate Stock in hand to be brought to Offices to be stamped, *viz.* All within the Weekly Bills in 14 Days after 24 *June*, 1724.

XX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all such Chocolate, as shall or ought to be entred upon or before the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, within the Limits of the Weekly Bills of Mortality, shall, within Fourteen Days after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, and all such Chocolate, as shall or ought to be entred upon or before the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, in any other Part of Great Britain, shall, within Six Weeks next after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, be brought to the respective Offices where the same Entries shall or ought to be made, inclosed and tied up in like manner as is before directed, and shall then have such Mark, Stamp, Impression, or Device affixed thereon, as aforesaid.

Chocolate in other Parts in 6 Weeks after.

All Chocolate, after the End of the said 6 Weeks, found unstamped, and in Custody of any Seller or Dealer, forfeited.

Every Maker and Seller of Chocolate to forfeit 20 *s.* for every Pound of Chocolate not stamped.

After the said 6 Weeks, all Chocolate found removing without a Stamp, forfeited.

XXI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, from and after the End of the said last mentioned Six Weeks, all such Chocolate, as shall be found in the Possession or Custody of any Maker or Seller of Chocolate (other than and except such Chocolate, for which the Duties granted by this Act shall not have been become due or payable) without such Mark, Stamp, Impression, or Device thereon, shall be forfeited, and such Maker or Seller of Chocolate shall further forfeit and pay Twenty Shillings for every Pound Weight of such Chocolate so found in his or her Custody or Possession without such Mark, Stamp, Impression, or Device, as aforesaid; and all such Chocolate as, from and after the End of the last mentioned Six Weeks, shall be found removing from one Place to another without such Mark, Stamp, Impression, or Device, as aforesaid, shall be forfeited, and may be seized for his Majesty's Use, together with the Package containing the same.

For counterfeiting such Stamp, or Selling Chocolate with a counterfeit Stamp, the Party forfeits 500 *l.* and is to suffer 12 Months Imprisonment.

XXII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall at any time counterfeit or forge, or cause to be counterfeited or forged, any such Mark, Stamp, Impression, or Device, which shall be provided and made use of in Pursuance of this Act, or shall utter, vend, or sell any Chocolate with such counterfeit Mark, Stamp, Impression, or Device thereon, knowing the same to be counterfeit, then every such Person or Persons, so offending therein, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, and also shall be committed to the next County Goal, there to remain for Twelve Months without Bail or Mainprize.

XXIII. And whereas many of his Majesty's Subjects have been accustomed, or may be disposed, to make or cause Chocolate to be made not for Sale, or to make any Profit thereof, but to be consumed in their own Private Families; For the better Accommodation of such Persons, It is hereby Provided and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, in case any such Person or Persons shall be minded to make any Quantity of such Chocolate at his, her, or their own private House, or any other Place, and shall give Notice in Writing, under his, her, or their Hand or Hands, of such his, her, or their Intention to make such Chocolate, to the Officer for the said Duties hereby set and imposed, of the Division or Place in which such Chocolate for private Use is intended to be made, by the Space of Three Days at the least, before his, her, or their beginning to work or make, or causing to be worked or made, such Chocolate, in which Notice shall be particularly specified the Weight or Quantity of Cocoa Nuts designed to be so made into Chocolate, the Name or Names of the Person or Persons to be employed in the Making or Working thereof, and the House or Place where the same Chocolate is to be so made, then, and in every such Case, such Officer or Officers shall sign or give a Permission in Writing, under his or their respective Hand or Hands, without Fee Reward, for the making or Working such Quantity of Chocolate by such Person or Persons, and at such Place or Places, as shall be so notified, as aforesaid; and such House or Place shall not, in respect of the making such Chocolate there, be subject or liable to be surveyed, visited, or inspected by such Officers, as aforesaid; Any thing in this Act before contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Chocolate made in private Families.

Upon Three Days Notice Officer may give private Persons Permissions to make Chocolate for private Use only.

XXIV. Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in every such Case the Chocolate so made, as aforesaid, for private Use, the Person or Persons, who shall work or make the same, or for whose Use the same shall be worked or made, do and shall, within Three Days after the finishing the Working or Making the Quantity of Chocolate, so permitted to be made for private Use, make, or cause to be made, an Entry on Oath with the proper Officer before directed to take Entries of Coffee, Tea, and Chocolate, in the Division, District, or Place, where such Chocolate shall be made, as aforesaid, of the whole Quantity of Chocolate then made by Virtue of such Permit, and shall bring or produce, or cause to be brought or produced, all such Chocolate so made ready, wrapt up, or inclosed, as before is directed, to have such Mark, Stamp, Impression or Device affixed thereon, and at the same time shall pay, or cause to be paid, the Duty hereby imposed for the same Chocolate; and that in Default of such Entry, Marking, or Stamping, and Payment of such Duties, as aforesaid, all such Chocolate, as shall not be entred, marked, or stamped, or for which such Duties, shall not be paid, as aforesaid, shall be forfeited, and the Person or Persons for whom the same shall be made, shall forfeit to his Majesty Treble the Value thereof.

But if within Three Days after finishing such Chocolate, it is not entred, brought to be stamped, and the Duty paid, the Party forfeits the Chocolate, and treble the Value.

XXV. Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person or Persons shall be permitted to work, or make into Chocolate, for his, her, or their own private Use, any Quantity of Cocoa Nuts less than half one hundred Weight of Cocoa Nuts at a time; Any thing in this Act before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Less than half an hundred Weight of Cocoa Nuts at each time not to be made into Chocolate for private Use.

XXVI. And for the better securing the Inland Duties by this Act granted upon Coffee and Tea sold to be consumed in this Kingdom, and upon Chocolate, which shall be made and sold in Great Britain, by Wholesale or Retail, and to the Intent that the same may not be too burthensome on the Importers of such Coffee and Tea, as shall be exported to Parts beyond the Seas; It is hereby Provided and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Four and twentieth Day of June, One thou-

sand

After 24 *June*, 1724. Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa Nuts imported, to be entred at the Cuſtom-houſe, and put into a Ware-houſe provided by the Importer, and approved by the Commiſſioners of Cuſtoms.

ſand ſeven hundred and twenty four, all ſuch Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa Nuts, as ſhall be imported into the Kingdom of Great Britain from any Foreign Parts, upon the Entry thereof at the Cuſtom-houſe, and paying or ſecuring the ſeveral Subſidies and Additional Impoſts, which ſhall then remain due thereon, ſhall be forthwith carried or put into ſuch Ware houſe, or Ware-houſes as ſhall be for that Purpoſe provided, at the Charge of the reſpective Importer or Importers of ſuch Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa Nuts, and ſhall be approved of by the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, or the Major Part of them, for the time being; and the ſaid Importer or Importers thereof ſhall have Power to garble and ſeparate in ſuch Ware-houſes ſuch Coffee and Cocoa Nuts, as hath been uſual to make it merchantable, and the ſaid Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa Nuts ſo brought into ſuch Ware-houſe or Ware-houſes, ſhall not be taken or carried out thence upon any Account whatſoever, other than as is herein after mentioned; That is to ſay,

Coffee and Tea ſold to be conſumed, in *Great Britain*.

Such of the ſaid Coffee and Tea, as ſhall be ſold to be conſumed in Great Britain, ſhall be delivered out of ſuch Ware-houſe or Ware-houſes, upon Payment of his Majeſty's Duties payable by this Act for the ſame Coffee and Tea in Manner following; That is to ſay, The Importer or Proprietor, or ſuch Perſon or Perſons, as ſhall be appointed by him or her, ſhall, for ſuch Coffee and Tea, which ſhall remain in ſuch Ware-houſe or Ware-houſes within the Cities of London or Weſtminſter, or the Weekly Bills of Mortality, make an Entry with the Receiver or Collector of the ſaid Inland Duties within the Cities of London or Weſtminſter, who ſhall be appointed to receive the ſame, of ſo much Coffee or Tea, as he or ſhe intends to take out of ſuch Ware-houſe, and pay down in ready Money to ſuch Receiver or Collector the reſpective Inland Duties by this Act granted, amounting in the whole to Two Shillings for every Pound Weight of Coffee, and Four Shillings for every Pound weight of Tea: And in all other Places of Great Britain the Importer or Proprietor, or ſuch Perſon or Perſons, as ſhall be appointed by him or her, ſhall make ſuch Entries at the Office for the ſaid Inland Duties, as ſhall be appointed for that Purpoſe, which ſhall be neareſt to ſuch Ware-houſe or Ware-houſes appointed, as aforeſaid, and pay down the ſaid Inland Duties, to the Collector appointed to receive the ſame; and upon producing a Warrant or Warrants, Certificate or Certificates, ſigned by ſuch reſpective Collector or Receiver (certifying, That he has received the ſaid Inland Duties by this Act granted) to the reſpective Ware-houſe-keeper or Ware-houſe-keepers, ſuch Ware-houſe-keeper or Ware-houſe-keepers ſhall deliver out of ſuch Ware-houſe or Ware-houſes ſo much Coffee or Tea, intended for Home Conſumption, as ſhall be mentioned or expreſſed in ſuch Warrant or Warrants, Certificate or Certificates reſpectively, to have paid the ſaid Inland Duties; and the reſpective Ware-houſe-keeper and Ware-houſe-keepers are thereupon to give to ſuch Importers or Proprietors a Permit or Certificate to accompany ſuch Coffee or Tea ſo delivered out, which Permit or Certificate ſhall be alſo ſigned by an Officer attending the ſaid Ware-houſe or Ware-houſes, who ſhall be appointed by the ſaid Commiſſioners for the ſaid Inland Duties, or the major part of them, to prevent the ſeizing thereof; And as to ſuch Cocoa Nuts, as ſhall remain in ſuch Ware-houſe or Ware-houſes, and ſhall be intended to be taken out of the ſame, in order to be made into Chocolate in this Kingdom, an Entry thereof ſhall be firſt made by the Importer or Proprietor, or ſuch Perſon or Perſons as he or ſhe ſhall appoint, with the reſpective Receiver or Collector appointed to receive or collect the ſaid Inland Duties as a Charge upon ſuch Importer or Proprietor, and alſo on the Buyer of the ſame; which ſaid Receiver or Collector reſpectively, ſhall certifie ſuch Entry to the reſpective Ware-houſe-keeper or Ware-houſe-keepers; and upon ſuch Certificate, the Quantity of Cocoa Nuts mentioned therein, ſhall be delivered out of ſuch Ware-houſe or Ware-houſes accordingly, with a Permit or Certificate, ſigned by the Officer for the ſaid

An Entry to be made.

The Inland Duties to be paid down.

On producing to the Ware-houſe-keeper a Warrant or Certificate of having received the Inland Duties, ſuch Ware-houſe-keeper to deliver out ſo much; And to give a Permit for ſo much.

Cocoa Nuts intended to be made into Chocolate in this Kingdom, are to be firſt Entred with the Collector for the Inland Duties before taken out of the Ware-houſe.

Inland Duties at such Ware-house, to be delivered to the Officer of the said Inland Duties by this Act granted, of the Division of Place to which such Cocoa Nuts are intended to be carried, to the Intent that the same Officer may take the same into Stock; and as to such Part of the said Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa Nuts, as shall be intended for Exportation to Parts beyond the Seas, the same shall be delivered out of such Ware-house or Ware-houses unto the Importers, or such Buyers or other Persons as such Importers shall appoint in that Behalf, upon sufficient Security to be first given to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; which Security the Commissioners of the Customs for the time being, or such Officer or Officers of the Customs, as they, or the major part of them, shall, from time to time appoint, are hereby required and impowered to take, that the same, and every part thereof, shall be exported, and not relanded in Great Britain; which said Securities shall be discharged without Fee or Reward, upon Certificate returned or produced to the Commissioners of the Customs, or such Officer or Officers, as aforesaid, under the Common Seal of the Chief Magistrate in any Place or Places beyond the Seas, or under the Hands and Seals of Two known British Merchants, then being at such Place or Places, that such Coffee, Tea, or Cocoa Nuts were there landed, or upon Proof by Credible Persons, that such Coffee, Tea, or Cocoa Nuts were taken by Enemies, or perished in the Seas; the Examination and Proof thereof being left to the Judgment of the said Commissioners of the Customs for the time being.

Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa Nuts in such Ware-houses, intended to be exported, to be delivered out upon sufficient Security to export, and not reland the same.

Securities to be discharged upon Certificate,

or on Proof the Goods were taken or perished in the Seas.

XXVII. And for preventing all Clandestine importing or bringing of Coffee, Tea, or Cocoa Nuts into this Kingdom of Great Britain, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, from and after the said Four and twentieth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, shall import or bring any Coffee, Tea, or Cocoa Nuts (which ought to be secured in such Ware-house, as aforesaid) into Great Britain, and shall not make due Entries thereof, and bring the same into the said Ware-house, or Ware-houses, as aforesaid, the same shall be, and is hereby adjudged to be clandestinely run, and unlawfully imported, and the same shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs, or for the said Inland Duties hereby granted; and such Person or Persons, or Bodies Politick or Corporate, offending therein, shall forfeit and lose all the Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa Nuts so clandestinely run, or unlawfully imported, together with the Caniskets, Bags, Casks or other Vessels or Things containing the same, and the Horses, Carts and other Carriages made use of in the carrying of the same.

Coffee, Tea, or Cocoa Nuts, imported, not so entred and brought to such Ware-house, and the Package thereof, and Horses imployed brought in carrying thereof, may be seized.

XXVIII. Provided always, and it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Dispute shall arise whether the Customs or Inland Duties payable for any Coffee or Tea, or the Customs for any Cocoa Nuts, which shall be seized in Pursuance of this Act, have been duly paid, or that the same or any Part thereof have been condemned as forfeited, the Proof thereof shall lie on the Owner or Claimer thereof, or the Person or Persons on whom the same shall be found, and not on the Officer.

Upon any Disputes, the Proof to lie on the Claimer.

XXIX. And for preventing the clandestine carrying the said Coffee, Tea, or Cocoa Nuts out of the said Ware-houses, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Keeper or Keepers of the said Ware-house and Ware-houses, who shall be appointed by the Commissioners of his Majesty's Customs, and the Person or Persons, who shall be appointed by the Commissioners of the said Inland Duties granted by this Act to attend the said respective Ware-houses, shall each of them keep One or more Book or Books, wherein they shall respectively and separately fairly enter in Writing all exact, particular, and true Account of all Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa Nuts, which from time to time shall be brought into

Every Ware-house-keeper, &c. to keep a Book or Books for entring all Coffee, &c. brought in, and carried out, and to transmit Accounts, to the respective Commissioners.

and carried out of the respective Ware-house or Ware-houses, to which he or they shall respectively belong, and the Days and Times when the same shall be so brought in and carried out, and how much thereof was delivered out to be consumed and spent in Great Britain, and how much for Exportation, and the Names of the respective Person or Persons, to whom or for whose Use the same was delivered out; and shall, at the End of every Six Months, or oftner, if required, transmit in Writing an Account thereof upon Oath to the respective Commissioners of the Customs, and for the said Inland Duties hereby granted for the time being, under whom they respectively serve, together with an exact Account of how much shall be remaining in the respective Ware-house or Ware-houses to which they respectively belong: And the said Commissioners of the Customs, and the Commissioners for the said Inland Duties, severally and respectively are hereby required and enjoyned, within One Month after the same shall be respectively transmitted to them, as aforesaid, to appoint One or more Person or Persons to inspect the said respective Book or Books, Ware-house or Ware-houses, and to examine the same Accounts; and if upon Examination it shall appear that any of the said Coffee, Tea, or Cocoa Nuts, were delivered out otherwise than as aforesaid, or before Payment of his Majesty's Inland Duties for such of the said Coffee, and Tea, as shall have been sold to be consumed in Great Britain, or giving such Security, as aforesaid, for such of the said Coffee, or Tea, which shall be delivered out for Exportation, as aforesaid, then the Ware-house-keeper or Ware-house-keepers, and Officer or Officers respectively offending therein, shall not only be disabled to hold or enjoy any Publick Office or Imployment, but shall also forfeit and lose, for every such Offence, the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

At the End of every Six Months, or oftner, if required.

If, upon examining such Accounts, it shall appear, that any Coffee, &c. has been unduly delivered out, Ware-house-keeper, &c. to be incapable of any Office, and to forfeit 100 *l.*

XXX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Proprietor or Proprietors of of the said Coffee, Tea, or Cocoa Nuts, so to be lodged in any such Ware-house or Ware-houses, as aforesaid, to affix One Lock to every such Ware-house, the Key of which shall remain in the Custody of such Proprietor or Proprietors, and to and for the Officer or Officers to be appointed by the said Commissioners for the said Inland Duties, to attend such Ware-house or Ware-houses, to affix One other Lock upon every such Ware-house or Ware-houses, the Key whereof to remain in the Custody of the said Officer for the said Inland Duties; and the said Proprietor and Proprietors shall and may, in the Presence of the said Ware-house-keeper or Ware-house-keepers, and Officer or Officers appointed for the said Inland Duties (who are hereby obliged to attend at all reasonable times for that Purpose) view, sort and receive out of the said Ware-house or Ware-houses, the said Coffee, Tea, or Cocoa Nuts, or any Part thereof in manner following; That is to say, Such of the said Coffee or Tea, which shall be sold to be consumed in Great Britain, upon paying the Inland Duties hereby charged thereon, to the Persons and in the Manner herein before prescribed; and such of the said Cocoa Nuts, as are intended to be made into Chocolate in Great Britain, upon making an Entry thereof in the Manner before prescribed, and giving Permits and Certificates, as is before directed; and such of the said Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa Nuts, as shall be sold for Exportation, upon giving such Security as is before in that behalf expressed.

Proprietor of such Coffee, &c. and such Ware-house-keeper, &c. each to have a Lock and Key.

Ware-house-keepers, and Officers for Inland Duties to attend at reasonable times.

XXXI. And for the more effectual securing the said Inland Duties upon Coffee by this Act imposed, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners for the said Inland Duties for the time being, or the major part of them, if they shall think it convenient and necessary, from time to time, to provide such and so many Houses, as they shall judge expedient, and at such Places as they shall think most proper, for the Roasting of all such Coffee Berries as shall be brought to them respectively for that Purpose,

Commissioners for the Inland Duties may provide Roasting-houses, and Officers to attend.

Purpose, and shall constitute and appoint such Officers, as they shall think necessary, for attending the same, and One or more Person or Persons at each House, well skilled in the Roasting of Coffee, who are constantly to attend at such Roasting House for that Purpose, and also proper Materials for the Roasting thereof; to which all Importers, Sellers, and Dealers in Coffee, either by Wholesale or Retail, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, may resort to have their Coffee Berries roasted, bringing a Certificate from some or one of the Officers for the said Inland Duties, that the Duty of such Coffee Berries, so brought to be roasted, hath been paid, or that the same was Part of the Stock in Hand of some Dealer in Coffee on the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, or that the same had been condemned as forfeited; for the Roasting of which Coffee no more shall be paid than Eight Shillings for every One hundred Weight Averdupois thereof, and in that Proportion for a greater or lesser Quantity.

8 s. per Hundred Weight, to be paid for roasting Coffee.

XXXII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for all Sellers and Dealers in Coffee, either by Wholesale or Retail, to appoint such Person or Persons, as he or they shall respectively think proper for the Roasting of their Coffee Berries in such Houses to be provided, as aforesaid, who shall be permitted to roast the same therein accordingly, paying only Three Shillings for every Hundred Weight thereof, and in that Proportion for a greater or lesser Quantity.

Sellers and Dealers may send their own Roaster, Paying 3 s. per Hundred Weight only.

XXXIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, from and after the providing of such Roasting-houses, and during the Continuance of the same for the Purposes aforesaid, no Coffee Berries shall be roasted, burnt, or dried in Great Britain, in order to make the same fit for Sale, but in some One of those Houses to be provided, as aforesaid, upon Pain of forfeiting the Coffee which shall be so roasted, burnt, or dried in any Place, other than in some One of those Houses to be provided, as aforesaid, and the Sum of Five Shillings for every Pound Weight of Coffee Berries, which shall be so roasted, burnt, or dried in any other Place than in some One of the said Houses to be provided, as aforesaid, and in that Proportion for a greater or lesser Quantity.

During the continuing such Houses, no Coffee for Sale to be roasted elsewhere, on forfeiting the Coffee and 5 £ per Pound.

XXXIV. Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Officer or Officers, Roaster or Roasters of Coffee, who shall be appointed by the Commissioners for the said Inland Duties hereby granted, to attend such Roasting-houses, as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to give due Attendance at such Roasting-houses, for the Roasting of such Coffee, as shall be brought thither for that Purpose, such Officer or Officers so neglecting or refusing shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Ten Pounds for such his or their first Offence therein; and in case such Officer or Officers shall afterwards offend in the same nature a second time, such Officer or Officers, for such second Offence, shall respectively forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, and also from thenceforth be incapable of holding any Office or Employment in any Branch of his Majesty's Revenues: Provided always, That no Seller or Dealer in Coffee, Tea, or Cocoa Nuts, shall receive out of any of the publick Ware-houses aforesaid, any less Quantity of Coffee, Tea, or Cocoa Nuts, than One hundred Weight of each Sort at one time, except in such particular Cases where the Importation and Delivering into such Ware-houses shall be in less Quantities or Parcels, or where the said Goods shall be publikly sold by any Lot or Lots, Parcel or Parcels, in less Quantities than One hundred Weight of each Sort.

Officer or Roaster not attending, forfeits for first Offence 10 *l.* for second 20 *l.* and to be incapable, &c.

No Dealer, &c. to receive out of such Warehouse less than 100 Weight of Coffee, Tea, or Cocoa Nuts at one time: Except where the Importation or Sale is in less Quantities.

XXXV. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for the better ascertaining the Quantities of all Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, and Chocolate, which shall, from time to time, be sold, all Sellers and Dealers therein, or in any of them,

All Sellers of, &c. and Keepers of Coffee and Chocolate-houſes, to keep Accounts of Quantities leſs than 6 Pounds of Coffee, Tea, and Chocolate daily ſold or conſumed, and the Totals to be every Night ſet down in a Book.

and all Makers of Chocolate, and all Coffee-houſe-keepers and Chocolate-houſe-keepers, who ſhall ſell or conſume the ſame, or any of them, in ſmall Quantities under the Weight of Six Pounds, ſhall and are hereby obliged and directed, from time to time, after the ſaid Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty four, to keep an Account of all ſuch Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, and Cocoa Nuts, which they, or any of them, reſpectively ſhall ſo ſell or conſume in ſmall Quantities in each Day, and ſhall every Night enter in a Book, to be kept for that Purpoſe, an Account of the Groſs Quantities of the ſaid ſeveral Commodities, which have been by him, her, or them reſpectively ſo retailed or conſumed in that Day in ſmall Quantities under the ſaid Weight of Six Pounds; and the ſaid Sellers or Dealers in Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, and Chocolate, and Coffee-houſe-keepers and Chocolate-houſe-keepers ſhall alſo keep One other Book, wherein they ſhall reſpectively enter each Parcel of Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, or Chocolate, above the Weight of Six Pounds, which they ſhall reſpectively ſell in each Day; which ſaid Parcels of Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, or Chocolate, above the Weight of Six Pounds, ſhall not be removed out of the reſpective Seller's Cuſtody, without a Permit or Certificate ſigned by ſome Officer for the ſaid Duties, expreſſing the Quantity and Quality of the Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, or Chocolate ſo ſold, and the Name of the Perſons ſo ſelling, and the Perſons ſo buying the ſame, and the Place to which the ſame is intended to be carried, and that the Duties by this Act charged on the Coffee, Tea, and Chocolate, where paid, or that the Cocoa Nuts were entred, or that the ſame were condemned as forfeited, or were Part of the Stock in hand of ſome Perſon or Perſons, expreſſing their Names, of which an Account had been taken on or before the ſaid Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty four; which ſaid Books ſhall be, and are hereby directed to be prepared for the making ſuch Entry, as aforeſaid, and delivered upon Demand unto the reſpective Sellers and Dealers in Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, and Chocolate, by the Commiſſioners, for the ſaid Inland Duties, or ſuch Perſon or Perſons, as they the ſame Commiſſioners for the ſaid Inland Duties ſhall for that Purpoſe direct and appoint: Provided always, That no ſuch Seller or Dealer, as aforeſaid, ſhall have in his, her, or their Cuſtody, more than One ſuch Book of each Sort at a time; and when the ſaid Books in their Cuſtody ſhall be filled up, the ſame are hereby directed, from time to time, to be returned to the reſpective Officer or Officers for the ſaid Inland Duties, from whom the ſame were reſpectively received, upon the Oath, or in Caſe of a Quaker, upon the Solemn Affirmation of ſuch Sellers or Dealers, as aforeſaid, or his, her, or their Servant or Servants, who kept the ſame, and made the Entries therein, of the Truth of ſuch Entries, according to the beſt of his, her, or their Knowledge and Belief; and One or more new Book or Books ſhall thereupon be delivered to ſuch reſpective Sellers or Dealers, in the Room of ſuch Book or Books ſo returned, and ſo toties quoties, as often as ſuch Book or Books ſhall be filled up with ſuch Entries; which ſaid Books ſo kept by ſuch reſpective Sellers or Dealers ſhall, from time to time, lie open, to be peruſed by the Officers for the ſaid Inland Duties hereby granted, the better to enable them to make their Charges of ſuch Duties, and keep their Stocks of the Increaſe and Decreaſe of the reſpective Commodities charged therewith: Provided always, That if any ſuch Seller or Dealer in Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, or Chocolate, ſhall neglect or refuſe to keep ſuch Books, and make ſuch Entries therein, or to permit the ſaid Officers for the ſaid Duties to inſpect them, or not return the ſaid Books according to the Direction of this Act, or ſhall make any falſe Entry in ſuch Book or Books, he, ſhe, or they ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and loſe the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

The like Sellers, &c. in one other Book to ſet down each Parcel ſold, &c. being above 6 Pounds.

Such Parcels above 6 Pounds not to be removed without Permit from the Officer for the Inland Duties.

Such Books to be prepared by the Commiſſioners for the Inland Duties.

No Seller to have at the ſame time above one Book of each ſort.

Such Books, when filled up, to be delivered back upon Oath.

Books ſo kept to lie open to be peruſed by Officers for the Inland Duties.

Refuſers to keep ſuch Books, make ſuch Entries, or to permit Officers to inſpect them, or not delivering them back, or for making falſe Entries, forfeit 100 l.

XXXVI. And whereas several Quantities of Coffee and Tea have been or may be imported, and upon Importation thereof, the Duties, which by Law remain to the Crown on Exportation only, have been paid or secured, Part of which Coffee or Tea may, upon the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, be in some One or more of the Ware-house or Ware-houses appointed in Pursuance of the said Act of the Tenth Year of the Reign of her said late Majesty Queen Anne, under the Care and Custody of the respective Proprietors thereof, and the respective Ware-house-keepers appointed by the Commissioners of his Majesty's Customs for that Purpose; all the Duties of which said Coffee and Tea, which are, in Pursuance of this Act, to cease and determine on the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, not having been paid for the same; It is therefore Provided, Enacted, and Declared, by the Authority aforesaid, That, from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, so much only of the several and respective Inland Duties by this Act set and imposed upon Coffee and Tea, as have not been paid for the Duties hereby determined, shall be and are hereby set, imposed, and chargeable upon all the said Coffee and Tea respectively, which shall be so found in such Ware-house or Ware-houses upon or after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four.

Coffee and Tea in Ware-houses on the 24 *June*, 1724. having paid only such Duties as belong to the Crown after the Exportation.

Charged with the remainder of the Inland Duties.

XXXVII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the respective Importer or Importers, Proprietor or Proprietors of such Coffee and Tea so found in such Ware-house or Ware-houses, shall, within One Month next after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, or upon Delivery thereof out of the said Ware-houses, before the Expiration of the said Month, make an Entry at the Custom-house of all such Coffee and Tea so found, and shall pay or secure the remaining Customs or Duties due thereon, which, notwithstanding this Act, are still to be paid or secured at the Custom-house at the Importation thereof, that is to say, the Old Subsidy, the New Subsidy, the One Third Subsidy, and the Two Thirds Subsidy, and the Additional Impost, and on Failure thereof, all such Coffee and Tea shall be forfeited and lost; and in case the said Coffee and Tea, or any Part thereof, shall be exported within the Time allowed by Law for that Purpose from the Importation thereof, the Exporter or Exporters thereof shall, on a proper Debenture, be entitled to draw back all the Duties that shall have been paid on such Importation, or the Security for the same shall be vacated, as to so much thereof as shall be exported (except Half of the Old Subsidy so paid or secured, as aforesaid, which is to remain to the Crown) and upon Payment of the Inland Duty for so much of the said Coffee and Tea, as shall remain unexported, the Securities given in respect of the same Coffee and Tea, shall also be vacated; Any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Importer to Enter them at the Custom-house within a Month after 24 *June*, 1724. or upon delivery thereof, if delivered out sooner.

And if the Old Duties thereof are not paid or secured in that time, the Coffee and Tea forfeited.

If such Coffee and Tea is exported in time, to Drawback the Duties, or the Security vacated.

On paying the Inland Duties for what is not exported, the Securities to be vacated.

XXXVIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Officers of the said Duties granted by this Act, from and after the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, from time to time, to enter into all and every such last mentioned Ware-house or Ware-houses, wherein such Coffee and Tea, or any of them, shall be kept, and to weigh and take an Account of the respective Quantities thereof, and the respective Proprietors of the same, and to and for the Commissioners for the said Inland Duties, or the major part of them, to appoint One or more Ware-house-keeper or Ware-house-keepers, of such Ware-house or Ware-houses of such Coffee and Tea; which said Ware-house-keeper or Ware-house-keepers so appointed for the same Ware-house or Ware-houses last mentioned respectively, shall and may affix One Lock upon every such Ware-house or Ware-houses, the Key whereof shall remain in the Custody of such Ware-house-keeper or Ware-house-keepers

Officers for the inland Duties to enter such last mentioned Ware-houses, and to take Account of Coffee and Tea.

Commissioners for the Inland Duties to appoint Ware-house-keepers.

Such Coffee and Tea not to be taken out of such Ware-houſes without paying the Inland Duties.

keepers reſpectively; which ſaid Coffee or Tea, ſo remaining in ſuch Ware-houſe or Ware-houſes, ſhall not be taken from or out of the ſame, without firſt paying the reſpective Duties impoſed thereon by this Act: And the ſaid laſt mentioned Ware-houſe-keeper and Ware-houſe-keepers, ſhall keep ſuch and the like Books, and make ſuch and the like Entries therein, and tranſmit ſuch and the like Accounts in Writing upon Oath to the Commiſſioners for the ſaid Inland Duties hereby granted, and do and perform all ſuch other Matters and Things, with reſpect to the Coffee and Tea, which ſhall be ſo under their Care and Inſpection, as are preſcribed, directed and required to be done and performed by the Ware-houſe-keepers, who ſhall be appointed, in purſuance of this Act, for the Ware-houſes, in which all Coffee and Tea, which ſhall be imported into Great Britain, from and after the ſaid Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty four, are directed to be kept, under the like Penalties, Forfeitures and Diſabilities, as the ſaid firſt mentioned Ware-houſe-keeper and Ware-houſe-keepers are ſubjected and liable unto by Virtue of this Act for any Offence or Neglect by them committed againſt this Act.

Such Ware-houſe-keepers liable to the Penalties, Forfeitures, and Diſabilities, as before.

Such Ware-houſe-keepers to keep Books, and tranſmit Accounts to the Commiſſioners for the Inland Duties.

XXXIX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Seller or Dealer in Coffee, Tea, or Cocoa Nuts, or any Maker or Seller of Chocolate, ſhall hide or conceal any Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, or Chocolate, from the Sight or View of the Officers of the ſaid Inland Duties by this Act granted, with an Intent to defraud his Majeſty of the ſame, the Perſon or Perſons offending therein, ſhall forfeit and loſe all ſuch Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, and Chocolate, which ſhall be found ſo concealed, and Treble the Value thereof, and alſo all Canniſters, Bags, Boxes, Jars, Tubs, and other Veſſels, and Package, containing the ſame.

Coffee, Tea, &c. concealed, &c. by any Seller or Dealer.

And the Treble Value forfeited.

XL. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if, from and after the ſaid Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty four, any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, ſhall aſſault, reſiſt, oppoſe, moleſt, obſtruct, or hinder any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms, or for the Duties by this Act granted, in the due ſeizing or ſecuring of any Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, or Chocolate, which by any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms, or for the Duties hereby granted, ſhall or may be ſeized by Virtue or in Purſuance of this or any other Act or Acts now in Force, or hereafter to be made, or ſhall by Force or Violence reſcue, or ſhall cauſe to be reſcued, any of the ſaid Commodities, after the ſame ſhall have been ſeized by ſuch Officer or Officers, as aforeſaid, or ſhall attempt or endeavour ſo to do, or after ſuch Seizure ſhall ſtave, break, or otherwiſe deſtroy or damage any Veſſels or Package, wherein the ſame ſhall be contained, all and every the Party or Parties ſo offending, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and loſe the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

For aſſaulting &c. Officer, &c. or for reſcuing, deſtroying, or damaging Coffee, &c. ſeized.

Penalty 50 *l.*

XLI. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Fines and Penalties, and all Forfeitures, as well Specifick as Pecuniary, relating to the Inland Duties by this Act impoſed, or to the Commodities hereby prohibited to be imported, or to any Seizures made in purſuance of this Act, ſhall be ſued for, levied, and recovered, or mitigated, by ſuch Ways, Means, and Methods, as any Fine, Penalty, and Forfeiture is or may be recovered or mitigated by any Law or Laws relating to his Majeſty's Revenues of Exciſe, or any of them, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at Weſtminſter, for any thing done in that Part of Great Britain called England, or the Court of Exchequer at Edinburgh, for any thing done in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland; and that One Moiety of every ſuch Fine, Penalty, and Forfeiture, ſhall be to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety thereof to him or them that ſhall ſeize, inform, and ſue for the ſame.

All Penalties and Forfeitures, as well Specifick as Pecuniary, to be ſued for, &c. as by the Laws of Exciſe,

or by Action, &c. in *Weſtminſter* or *Edinburgh*.

One Moiety to the King, the other to the Informer.

XLII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That such Persons, as shall, for the time being, be in pursuance of this Act, appointed Commissioners for the Duties on Coffee, Tea, and Chocolate, arising or to arise in England, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or the major part of them, shall have and exercise the same or like Jurisdiction, Power, and Authority, and may judge, determine, mitigate, or order, in all Cases and Matters relating to the Duties arising within the Limits aforesaid, as the Commissioners of Excise upon Beer and Ale, and other Liquors, may or lawfully can or ought to exercise, adjudge, determine, mitigate, or order in like Cases or Matters in relation to the said Duties on Excise; and that the Judgments, which shall be so given in pursuance of this Act by the said Commissioners and Justices of the Peace respectively, shall be, and are hereby declared to be final, and not liable to be removed by Certiorari into any of the Courts at Westminster; Any Law, Statute, or Provision to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Commissioners for the Duties granted by this Act to have the like Powers, &c. as the Commissioners of Excise.

Judgments given by the Commissioners or Justices, pursuant to this Act not to be removed by *Certiorari*.

XLIII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Person, who shall be appointed a Commissioner for the Duties by this Act granted, and every subordinate Officer under such Commissioners, who shall receive any Salary or Allowance in respect of his or their Office, shall, before he or they shall act in their respective Trusts, take an Oath for his and their due and faithful Execution of the same, according to this Act; which Oath shall and may be administred to any Commissioner by any other Person, who shall be appointed a Commissioner, as aforesaid, and to the said Officers respectively, by any One of the said Commissioners, or by One Justice of the Peace, who shall give to such Officer a Certificate thereof gratis.

All Commissioners and Officers to be sworn faithfully to execute this Act.

XLIV. And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall be sued, molested, or prosecuted for any thing done by virtue or in pursuance of this Act, such Person or Persons shall and may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence in his Defence; and if afterwards a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff shall discontinue his Action, or be nonsuited, or Judgment shall be given against him upon Demurrer, or otherwise, then such Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs to him or them awarded against such Plaintiff.

General Issue may be pleaded.

Defendant to have Treble Costs.

XLV. And to the End all the Rates and Duties upon Coffee, Tea, and Chocolate, consumed in Great Britain by this Act granted, may be duly and certainly raised, and the same (except the necessary Charges of Executing this Act) may be justly and duly brought into the said Receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer, according to the true Meaning hereof, It is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from time to time there shall be appointed such and so many Commissioners and Officers as shall be proper and necessary for Managing, Raising, Collecting, and Paying the said several Rates and Duties herein before granted, and for keeping and rendring the Accounts of the same; and that the respective Commissioners and Officers concerned therein, shall perform their several Duties in relation to the Premisses, as to them respectively shall appertain, under such and the like Penalties, Forfeitures, and Disabilities for any Offence or Neglect therein, or for Detaining, Diverting, or Misapplying any Part of the Monies arising by the same Rates and Duties, as are prescribed and to be inflicted by virtue of an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the Ninth Year of his late Majesty King William the Third, Intituled (An Act for raising a Sum not exceeding Two Millions, upon a Fund for Payment of Annuities after the Rate of Eight Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, and for settling the Trade to the *East-Indies*) for the like Offence or Neglect relating to the Duties thereby granted or referred unto, or for Detaining, Diverting, or Misapplying any Part of the Monies, which were granted or appropriated by the Act of Parliament last mentioned.

Commissioners and Officers for these Duties subject to the like Penalties as in 9 *W.* 3.

9 W. 3. cap. 44.

How the Money arising by the Inland Duties is to be applied.

XLVI. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Moiety of the Monies, arising by the said Inland Duties by this Act charged and imposed upon all Coffee and Tea, and all the Money arising by the said Inland Duty by this Act charged upon all Chocolate, shall be appropriated, issued, and applied, and the same are hereby appropriated and made payable to the same Uses, Intents, and Purposes, as the Duties upon Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Cocoa Nuts, and Cocoa Paste, continued and made Perpetual by the said Act of the Seventh Year of the Reign of her said late Majesty Queen Anne, were appropriated and applicable before the making of this present Act, and shall be also subject and liable to the same Redemption by Parliament, as the said Duties upon Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Cocoa Nuts, and Cocoa Paste, continued and made Perpetual by the last mentioned Act, were by the same Act subjected and liable unto; and the remaining Moiety of the Monies arising by the said Inland Duties by this Act charged and imposed upon all Coffee and Tea, as aforesaid, shall be appropriated, issued, and applied, and the same is hereby appropriated to the same Uses, Intents, and Purposes, as the Duties upon Coffee and Tea, continued and made Perpetual by the said Act of the Third Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George, were and stood appropriated and applicable before the making of this present Act; and shall also be subject and liable to the same Redemption by Parliament, as the said Duties upon Coffee and Tea, continued and made Perpetual by that Act were, by the said last mentioned Act, subjected and liable unto. 7 A. cap. 7. 3 Geo. cap. 7.

The Old Subsidy on imported Tea to be according to the reduced Value, and the other Subsidies and Additional Impost proportionably.

XLVII. And whereas by Law the several Subsidies and Additional Impost, payable upon Tea imported from any Place within the Limits of the East-India Company's Charter, are to be computed according to the Gross Price, at which such Tea is publickly sold by Auction or Inch of Candle, after the Deduction of the Customs, and other Duties payable thereon to his Majesty at Importation, and other Deductions; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Tea, imported, or to be imported, as aforesaid, shall from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, pay the Old Subsidy of Twelve Pence in the Pound, granted by an Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King Charles the Second, according to the reduced Value thereof, after the Deductions before mentioned, and the several other Subsidies and Additional Impost upon Tea, are to be paid on the Importation thereof, according to such reduced Value proportionably; Any thing herein contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding. 12 Car. 2. cap. 4.

Coffee rated at 7 l. per hundred Weight, Cocoa Nuts at 50 s. per hundred Weight. Imported after the 24 June, 1724.

XLVIII. And whereas the several Subsidies and Additional Impost upon Coffee and Cocoa Nuts imported, are by Law charged according to the Value, at which such Coffee and Cocoa Nuts are sworn by the Importers, which by Experience has been found to be very unequal, some Persons valuing the same at far lower Prices than others, to the Detriment of the Revenue, and the Discouragement of fair Traders: For Remedy thereof for the future, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, all Coffee imported shall be Rated at Seven Pounds for every hundred Weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, and all Coca Nuts imported shall be Rated at Fifty Shillings for every hundred Weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds; and the Subsidy of Twelve Pence in the Pound, by the said Act of the Twelfth Year of the Reign of his said late Majesty King Charles the Second, shall be paid according to such respective Rates of Seven Pounds and Fifty Shillings, and the further Subsidy, The One Third and Two Third Subsidies, and Additional Impost, shall be paid according to such Rates respectively, and not according to the Value sworn; 12 Car. 2. cap. 4.

ſwoꝛn; any Law, Cuſtom oꝛ Uſage to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

The Cuſtoms on Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa Nuts imported,

XLIX. And whereas over and above the Inland Duties by this Act charged upon Coffee and Tea impoꝛted, and upon Chocolate made in this Kingdom, the ſeveral Duties hereafter mentioned are by Law ſtill payable at the Cuſtom-houſe upon and foꝛ Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa Nuts impoꝛted, that is to ſay, the Old Subſidy, the New Subſidy, the One Third and the Two Third Subſidies, and the Additional Impoſt; Be it Enacted by the Authoꝛity afoꝛeſaid, That the ſaid ſeveral Subſidies, and Additional Impoſt, ſhall be paid oꝛ ſecured, and ſhall be raiſed, levied, and collected, in ſuch Manner and Foꝛm, and by ſuch Ways and Means, and under ſuch Penalties and Foꝛfeitures, with ſuch Diſcounts, Allowances, and Dꝛawbacks, as are mentioned and expꝛeſſed in the ſeveral Acts of Parliament, which granted oꝛ continued the ſaid reſpective Subſidies, and Additional Impoſt; and all Powers, Penalties, Pꝛoviſions, Articles and Clauſes therein contained, ſhall continue and be of full Foꝛce and Effect, and ſhall be applied, pꝛactiſed, and executed, foꝛ the Raiſing, Levying, Collecting, Securing, Anſwering, and Paying the ſaid reſpective Duties, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purpoſes, as the ſame might and ought to have been in caſe this Act had never been made; Any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

to be paid, &c. according to the former Acts

This Act not to give any new Powers to import Tea.

L. Pꝛovided neverthelеſs, and it is hereby further Enacted and Declared by the Authoꝛity afoꝛeſaid, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall give oꝛ grant, oꝛ extend, oꝛ be contrued to give oꝛ grant any Power, Authoꝛity, oꝛ Licence, to any Perſon oꝛ Perſons whatſoever, to impoꝛt any Tea into any of his Majeſty's Dominions, but ſuch only as could by Law impoꝛt the ſame, and in ſuch Manner as the ſame could be lawfully impoꝛted beꝛoꝛe the making of this Act; Any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Cocoa Nuts lawfully imported before 29 *Sept.* 1723. may be exported before 25 *June*, 1725. and drawback the Duties on Security.

LI. Pꝛovided alſo, and be it Enacted and Declared by the Authoꝛity afoꝛeſaid, That in all Caſes, where it ſhall appear to the Satisfaction of the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, oꝛ any Three oꝛ moꝛe of them (who are hereby impowered and requiꝛed to examine the Matter upon Oath) that any Cocoa Nuts have been lawfully impoꝛted into this Kingdom beꝛoꝛe the Twenty ninth Day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundꝛed and twenty three, and that the Duties then payable by Law upon the Impoꝛtation thereof have been paid, oꝛ ſecured to be paid, it ſhall and may be lawful foꝛ the Owners oꝛ Impoꝛters thereof, to Expoꝛt the ſame at any time oꝛ times beꝛoꝛe the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundꝛed and twenty five (Security againſt fraudulently Relanding the ſame being firſt given, as is uſual in Caſes of Expoꝛtation;) and upon ſuch Expoꝛtation ſuch and the ſame Dꝛawbacks, Allowances and Advantages ſhall be had and allowed to ſuch Impoꝛters oꝛ Pꝛopꝛietoꝛs reſpectively, as if the ſame had been expoꝛted within the reſpective Time oꝛ Times allowed by Law foꝛ the Expoꝛtation thereof: Pꝛovided ſuch Cocoa Nuts ſhall, on oꝛ beꝛoꝛe the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundꝛed and twenty four, be bꝛought into ſome oꝛ one of the Ware-houſes to be appointed purſuant to this Act, oꝛ the Key oꝛ Keys of the Ware-houſe oꝛ Ware-houſes, where the ſame are oꝛ ſhall be then kept, be, on oꝛ beꝛoꝛe the ſaid Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundꝛed and twenty four, delivered to ſome oꝛ one of the Officers to be appointed foꝛ the ſaid Inland Duties, to pꝛevent Frauds in relation thereto; Any Law, Uſage oꝛ Cuſtom, oꝛ any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Provided ſuch Cocoa Nuts be brought into ſuch Ware-houſe, &c. or the Key delivered to the Officer for the Inland Duties before 24 *June*, 1724.

Anno 10 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XVI.

An Act for encouraging the *Greenland* Fishery.

Preamble.

WHereas by an Act of Parliament, made in the Fourth and Fifth Years of the Reign of their late Majesties King William and Queen Mary, for encouraging the Greenland Fishery, a Company was incorporated, exclusive of the rest of their then Majesties Subjects, and by the said Act it was Enacted, That it should be lawful for the said Company, and for all and every the Ships and Vessels belonging thereto, or employed by the said Company, truly belonging to England, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and whereof the Masters should be Englishmen, and inhabiting within the Places aforesaid, and for no other Ship or Vessel whatsoever, from and after the First Day of May, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred and ninety three, until the First Day of October, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and seven, employed for catching of Whales in the Greenland Seas, during such their Voyages to be navigated with One third of the Mariners, English at the least, and yet to pay no farther or other Custom for the Oyl, Blubber, or Fins, caught and imported in such Ships or Vessels, than if such Ships or Vessels had been navigated with Three fourths of the Mariners English: And whereas by an Act of Parliament, made in the Ninth and Tenth Years of the Reign of his said late Majesty King William the Third, [Intituled, An Act for taking away half the Duties imposed on Glass Wares, and the whole Duties laid on Stone and Earthen Wares, and Tobacco Pipes, and for granting (in lieu thereof) new Duties upon Whale Fins and *Scotch* Linen] It is amongst other Things Enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of July, One thousand six hundred and ninety eight, there should be answered and paid to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Whale Fins, that should be taken, caught, and imported, in and by any Ships or Vessels whatsoever, of or belonging to the Company established for the Greenland Trade, the Sum of Three Pence, for every Pound Weight thereof, and after that Rate for a greater or lesser Quantity; and for all Whale Fins, which are or shall be taken, caught, or imported by Foreigners, or by any Ships or Vessels not belonging to the said Company, the Sum of Six Pence for every Pound Weight thereof, and after that Rate for a greater or lesser Quantity: And whereas by an Act made in the First Year of her late Majesty Queen Anne, of Glorious Memory, [Intituled, An Act for Enlarging and Encouraging the *Greenland* Trade] It is amongst other Things Enacted, That from and after the First Day of May, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and two, it should and might be lawful for any of her Majesty's Subjects whatsoever, that would adventure to Greenland for Fishing of Whales, to have and enjoy all the Privileges that were granted to the said Company by the aforesaid Act of Parliament, and should not pay any further or other Duty, than if they had been of the said Greenland Company; and that no Harpineer or other Foreigners that were permitted by the said Act for carrying on the said Fishery, should be impressed for her Majesty's Service: And whereas by one other Act of Parliament, made in the said First Year of her said late Majesty Queen Anne, the said Duty of Three Pence per Pound on Whale Fins caught, as aforesaid, is continued and since made payable to her said Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for ever, for the Purposes in the same Act prescribed and directed, subject to such Provisoes and Powers of Redemption, as are in and by the said Act contained and prescribed, of and concerning the same, as by the said several Acts, Relation being had to them respectively, more at large may appear:

4 Pear:

4 & 5 W. & M. cap. 17.

9 & 10 W. 3. cap. 45.

1 A. cap. 15

1 A. cap. 16

pear: And whereas, notwithstanding the great Privileges granted by the several Acts of Parliament aforesaid, the Fishing in the Greenland Seas hath been intirely neglected by his Majesty's Subjects, and is like to continue so, as long as the Duty aforesaid is payable upon Whale Fins taken and caught in the said Seas, by Ships belonging to his Majesty's Subjects; and in regard that the permitting his Majesty's Subjects to import Oyl, Blubber, and Whale Fins, taken and caught in the said Seas, without paying any Duties for the same for a competent time, may very much contribute to the regaining the said Greenland Trade, and will encourage the Navigation, and promote the Consumption of the Manufactures of this Kingdom: Wherefore may it please Your Majesty, that it may be Enacted; And be it Enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Twenty fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, it shall and may be lawful for any of his Majesty's British Subjects, for and during the Space of Seven Years, to import Whale Fins, Oyl, and Blubber of Whale, taken and caught in the said Greenland Seas, in British Ships navigated according to Law, without paying any Custom, Subsidy, or other Duties for the same, any Law or Statute to the contrary thereof notwithstanding: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to give Liberty of importing Whale Fins, Oyl, or Blubber, Duty free, unless the Captain, Master, or other Commanding Officer of the Ship or Vessel importing the same, shall first make Oath before some or One of the Commissioners or Principal Officer of the Customs in the Port or Place of Importation (who is and are hereby authorized and required to administer such Oath) that all the Whale Fins, Oyl, and Blubber imported in such Ship or Vessel, was really, and bona fide, the Fins, Oyl, or Blubber of Whales, caught and taken in the said Greenland Seas, by the Crew of such Ships and Vessels only, whereof the Captain or Master, and One third Part at the least of the Mariners, were British Subjects.

After 25 *Dec.* 1724. *British* Subjects may import Whale Fins, Oyl, and Blubber, Custom-free, for 7 Years.

Master to swear that the Whale Fins, *&c.* were caught in the *Greenland* Seas by the Crew of the Ship, whereof the Master and One Third of the Mariners, were *British*.

Anno 10 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XI.

An Act to prevent Multiplicity of Prosecutions upon an Act made in the Eleventh and Twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King *William* the Third (Intituled, *An Act for the more effectual employing the Poor, by encouraging the Manufactures of this Kingdom.*)

11 & 12 W. 3. cap. 10.

Whereas by an Act made in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of the Reign of his late Majesty King William the Third of Glorious Memory, Intituled, [An Act for the more effectual employing the Poor, by encouraging the Manufactures of this Kingdom] It is, amongst other things Enacted, That all Wrought Silks, Bengals, and Stuffs mixed with Silk or Herba of the Manufacture of Persia, China, or East-India, and all Callicoes, painted, dyed, printed, or stained there, whether the same shall be mixed, sewed, or made up together for Sale, with any other Goods or Materials, or otherwise, which, from and after the Twenty ninth Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and one, shall be found in any House, Shop, or Ware-house, or other Place whatsoever (other than in such Ware-houses, as shall be approved of by the Commissioners of his Majesty's Customs) shall be forfeited, and subject and liable to be searched for and seized; in which said Act it is provided, that

Preamble.

the Powers therein ſhall not extend to any ſuch Silks, Bengals, Stuffs, or Callicoes, which ſhall have been made up and uſed in any ſort of Apparel or Furniture before the ſaid Twenty ninth Day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and one: And whereas ſeveral Perſons have, ſince the ſaid Twenty ninth Day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and one, inadvertently made up and uſed the ſaid Prohibited Goods in Furniture and Houſhold Stuff, believing the ſaid Act extended to Apparel only, and thereby have ſubjected themſelves to the Penalties of the ſaid Act: For Remedy whereof, and preventing the numberleſs Proſecutions that might happen from ſuch Inadvertency, Be it Enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid recited Act, or any thing therein contained, ſhall not extend to any Silks, Bengals, or Stuffs, mixed with Silk or Herba, or Painted, Dyed, Printed, or Stained Callicoes, manufactured in Perſia, China, or Eaſt-India, which were made up, or uſed in Furniture or Houſhold Stuff, before the Twenty fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty two; Any thing in the ſaid recited Act, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Act 11 & 12 *W.* 3. not to extend to *Eaſt-India* Silks, &c. made up in Furniture before 25 *Dec.* 1722.

Anno 10 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XVII.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for continuing Acts for preventing Theft and Rapine upon the Northern Borders of *England*; And for better regulating of Pilots; And for regulating the Price and Aſſize of Bread; And for better Encouragement of making of Sail Cloth in *Great Britain.*

Act 8 *A.* to regulate the Price of Bread, further continued for 7 Years, &c.

III. AND be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act paſſed in the Eighth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen Anne, [Intituled, An Act to regulate the Price and Aſſize of Bread] together with ſuch Alterations, as were made in and by an Act paſſed in the Firſt Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, [Intituled, An Act for continuing ſeveral Laws therein mentioned relating to Coals, Hemp, and Flax, *Iriſh* and *Scotch* Linen, and the Aſſize of Bread; And for giving Power to adjourn the Quarter-Seſſions for the County of *Angleſea*, for the Purpoſes therein mentioned] which, by an Act made in the Fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, [Intituled, An Act for continuing the Act made in the Eighth Year of the Reign of the late Queen *Anne*, to regulate the Price and Aſſize of Bread; And for continuing the Act made in the Twelfth Year of her ſaid late Majeſties Reign, for the better Encouragement of the making of Sail-Cloth in *Great Britain*] was continued, and is now near expiring, ſhall be further continued, from the Expiration thereof, for Seven Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament. 8 A. *cap.* 18. 1 Geo. *cap* 26. 5 Geo. *cap.* 25.

Act 12 *A.* for encouraging of Sail-Cloth, further continued for 7 Years, &c.

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Act, made in the Twelfth Year of her ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, for the better Encouragement of the making of Sail-Cloth in Great Britain, which, by the ſaid laſt recited Act of the Fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, was continued for the Term of Seven Years, and from thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament, be further continued, and ſhall remain in full Force for for the Term of Seven Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament. 12 A. *cap.* 16.

AN

AN ABRIDGMENT Of Several STATUTES Now in FORCE and USE,

Relating to

His MAJESTY's CUSTOMS, which were made before the ACT of Tunnage and Poundage, 12 *Car.* II. *cap.* 4.

CONCERNING Wrecks of the Sea, it is agreed, that where a Man, a Dog, or a Cat, eſcape quick out of the Ship, that ſuch Ship nor Barge, nor any thing within them ſhall be adjudged Wreck, but the Goods ſhall be ſaved and kept by View of the Sheriff, Coroner, or the King's Bailiff, and delivered into the Hands of ſuch as are of the Town where the Goods were found, ſo that if any ſue for thoſe Goods, and after prove that they were his, or periſhed in his keeping within a Year and a Day, they ſhall be reſtored to him without delay, and if not, they ſhall remain to the King and be ſeized by the Sheriffs, Coroners, and Bailiffs, and ſhall be delivered to them of the Town, which ſhall anſwer before the Juſtices of the Wreck belonging to the King, and where Wreck belongeth to another than to the King, he ſhall have it in like Manner, and he that otherwiſe doth and thereof be Attainted, ſhall be awarded to Priſon, and make fine at the King's will and ſhall yield Damages alſo, and if a Bailiff do it, and it be diſallowed by the Lord, and the Lord will not pretend any Title thereunto, the Bailiff ſhall anſwer (if he have whereof) and if he have not whereof, the Lord ſhall deliver his Bailiffs Body to the King, 3 *Edw.* 1. *cap.* 4. *Wrecks.*

An *Engliſh* Peny which is called the *Sterling* ſhall weigh 32 Grains of Wheat well dried and gathered out of the middle of the Ear, and 20 Pence make an Ounce, and 12 Ounces make a Pound, and 8 Pounds make a Gallon of Wine, and 8 Gallons of Wine make a Buſhel of *London*, which is the Eighth part of a Quarter, 31 *Edw.* 1. 11 *Hen.* 7. *cap.* 4. 12 *Hen.* 7. *cap.* 5. *Weights and Meaſures.*

Alſo the King ſhall have Wreck of the Sea throughout the Realm, *Wales*, and great Sturgeons taken in the Sea or elſewhere within the Realm, except in certain Places priviledged by the King, 17 *Edw.* 2. *cap.* 11. *Wreck.*

No Cloths made beyond the Sea, ſhall be brought into the King's Dominions under Forfeiture, 11 *Edw.* 3. *cap.* 3. 4 *Edw.* 4. *cap.* 1. *Cloths not to be Imported.*

Goods Robbed on the Sea and not Wrecked.

If any Merchant, privy or Stranger, be robbed of his Goods upon the Sea, and the Goods ſo robbed come into any Parts within our Realm and Lands, and he will ſue for to Recover the ſaid Goods, he ſhall be received to prove the ſaid Goods to be his own by his Marks, or by his Chart or Cocquet, or by good and lawful Merchants privy or Strangers, and by ſuch Proofs, the ſame Goods ſhall be delivered to the Merchant without making other Suit at the Common Law, and in Caſe that any Ships going out of the ſaid Realm and lands or coming to the ſame, by Tempeſt or other Misfortune break upon the Sea Banks and the Goods come to the Land, which may not be ſaid Wreck, they ſhall be preſently without Fraud or Evil device delivered to the Merchants to whom the Goods be, or to their Servants by ſuch Proof, as before is ſaid, paying to them that have ſaved and kept the ſame Convenient for their Travel, That is to ſay, by the Diſcretion of the Sheriffs and Bailiffs, or other our Miniſters in Places Guildable, where other Lords have no Franchiſe, and by the advice and aſſent of Four or Six of the beſt or moſt ſufficient diſcreet Men of the country, and if that be within the Franchiſe of other Lords, then it ſhall be done by the Stewards and Bailiff, or Wardens of the ſame Franchiſe, and by the advice of Four or Six diſcreet Men of the country, as afore is ſaid, without any delay, 27 *Edw.* 3. *cap.* 13.

Iron not to be Exported.

No Iron made in *Great Britain* nor Iron brought into *Great Britain*, and there ſold, and ſhall be carried forth of the Realm of *Great Britain*, upon Forfeiture of the Money to the King, 28 *Edw.* 3. *cap.* 5. *Repealed as to Iron of* Engliſh-*ore, by* 5 *&* 6 W. *&* M. *cap.* 17. Britiſh *Subjects may Export unwrought Iron to* Spain, *notwithſtanding the Act of the* 4 Annæ.

Exception.

Ships not to be loſt for a ſmall Thing.

No Owner ſhall loſe his Ship for a ſmall Thing put within the Ship not Cuſtomed without his knowledge, 38 *Edw.* 3. *cap.* 8.

Gold and Silver not to be Tranſported.

No Man ſhall Tranſport Gold or Silver without the King's Lycence, upon Pain to forfeit the ſame to the King, the Searchers ſuffering the ſame willingly to forfeit his Office and all his Goods and to be Impriſoned a Year, any Perſon proving it to have half, 5 *Rich.* 2. *cap.* 2. 2 *Hen.* 4. *cap.* 5.

Cuſtomer, &c. not to be Owners of Ships,

No Cuſtomer nor Comptroller ſhall have any Ships of their own, nor meddle with the Freight of Ships, and that to eſchew as well the Damage of our Lord the King of his Cuſtoms, as the Loſs of the Merchants repairing to the Port as well Aliens as Denizens; and that no Cuſtomer,

not to have Office for Life.

Comptroller, Searcher, Weigher, or Finder, have any ſuch Office for Term of Life, but only as long as ſhall pleaſe the King, notwithſtanding any Patent or Grant made to any to the contrary, and if ſuch Patent or Grant for Term of Life be made to any of any ſuch Office in time paſt, the King will that it be utterly Repealed and Void, and of no Force nor Value, 14 *Rich.* 2. *cap.* 10. 20 *Hen.* 6. *cap.* 5.

Ships may Enter part of their Lading, and depart with the reſt.

Whereas it is contained in a Statute of the late King *Edward* Grandfather to the King that now is, the 28 Year of his Reign, that no manner of Ship which is Freighted toward *Great Britain* or elſewhere, ſhall be compelled to come into any Port of *Great Britain* nor there to tarry againſt the Agreement of the Maſters and Mariners of the ſame, or of the Merchants to whom the Goods be; and if ſuch Ships come of their own good Will, or be driven by Tempeſt, Caſualty or other Misfortune to any Port of *Great Britain*, and the Maſters or Mariners, or Merchants of the ſame Ships, will ſell or deliver Part of their Merchandizes with their good Will, it ſhall be lawful to every Perſon to buy ſuch Merchandizes freely without Impeachment in the Port where ſuch Ship ſhall come, albeit the Merchandizes be not put to Sale to the Land, and that the Maſters, Mariners, and Merchants, after that they have ſo Sold, ſo much as pleaſeth them of their ſaid Goods, and the Cuſtoms thereof Paid, may freely depart and go with their Ships, and all the Remnant of their Goods where it ſhall pleaſe them without paying thereof Cuſtom; our ſaid Lord the King for the quietneſs and eaſe of his People, willeth that the ſaid Statute ſhall be holden and kept in all Points and duly Executed; notwithſtanding any ordinance or uſage to the contrary, 20 *Rich.* 2. *cap.* 4.

Cuſtomer, &c. not to have his Office for Life or Years.

No Cuſtomer or Comptroller, Searchers, *&c.* ſhall have his Office for Life or Years, but that the ſame remain in the King's Hands under the Treaſurer for the time being; and Cuſtomer, Comptroller, Searcher, *&c.* ſhall be reſident upon their Office to be ſworn to the ſame, on Impriſonment, and to pay 100 *l.* $\frac{1}{2}$ to the King $\frac{1}{2}$ to the Informer, 1 *Hen.* 4. *cap.* 13. 4 *Hen.* 4. *cap.* 20. 17 *Rich.* 2. *cap.* 5.

Every

Every Cuſtomer ſhall be ſworn to his Account in the Exchequer, 4 *Hen.* 4. *cap.* 20. *Cuſtomer to ſwear to his Account.*

No Man which holdeth a Common Hoſtry ſhall be Cuſtomer, Comptroller, Finder, nor Searcher, 11 *Hen.* 4. *cap.* 2. 20 *Hen.* 6. *cap.* 5. *Cuſtomer, &c. not to keep an Hoſtry.*

Cuſtomers, Comptrollers, Guagers of Wine, and Searchers, to be continually reſident and abiding upon their Offices eſpecially at the time of the Charge and Diſcharge of Ships, not be abſent by 3 Weeks at the moſt upon Pain to loſe his Office unleſs otherwiſe in the Kings Service, 13 *Hen.* 4. *cap.* 5. *Cuſtomers to reſide upon their Offices.*

Any Cuſtomer, Collector, or Comptroller of the Cuſtoms of Cocquets of Cloth, of Subſidies of Tunnage or Poundage, duly attainted or convict of falſe Concealing the Cuſtoms or Subſidy duly Entred and Paid by any Merchant, ſhall forfeit the Treble Value of the Merchandize to the King, and make Fine and Ranſom $\frac{1}{2}$ to the Informer, 3 *Hen.* 6. *cap.* 3. 18 *Eliz. cap.* 9. §. 5. *Cuſtomer, &c. concealing Cuſtoms.* *Penalty.*

No Thrums or Woollen Yarn, under the colour of Thrums, ſhall be carried out of the Realm upon Pain to forfeit the Double Value of the ſame, 8 *Hen.* 6. *cap.* 23. *Thrums or Yarn not to be Exported.*

No Cuſtomer, Comptroller, Clerks, Deputies, Miniſters nor their Servants, Factors, nor Searchers, Comptrolers, or Surveyor of Searchers nor their Clerk, Deputies, Miniſters, or Factors, ſhall have any Ships of their own, nor Freight Ships, have or occupy Wharfs or Keys, hold any Hoſtry or Tavern, or be Factor or Attorney for any Merchant, Denizen or Alien, on Pain of 40*l.* $\frac{1}{2}$ to the King, $\frac{1}{2}$ to the Informer, 20 *Hen.* 6. *cap.* 5. *Cuſtomer, &c. not to have Ships or Wharffs, Hoſtry, &c.*

No Perſon ſhall bring, ſend nor convey, nor cauſe to be brought, ſent or conveyed into this Realm, to be uttered and ſold within the Realm, any of the Chaffers, Wares or Things hereafter mentioned, upon Pain to forfeit the ſame as often as they may be found in the Hands of any Perſon to be ſold, $\frac{1}{2}$ to the King, $\frac{1}{2}$ to the Seizor, *Viz.* *Goods prohibited to be Imported, to be uttered or ſold.*

Woollen Caps,
Woollen Cloths,
Laces,
Corſes,
Ribbans,
Fringes of Silk and Thread,
Laces of Thread,
Silk twined,
Silk in any wiſe Imbroidered,
Laces of Gold, of Silk or Gold,
Saddles,
Stirrops, or any Harneſs pertaining to Saddles,
Spurs,
Boſſes for Bridles,
Andirons,
Gridirons,
Any manner of Locks,
Hammers,
Pinſons,
Firetongs,
Dripping-pans,
Dice,
Tennis-balls,
Points,
Purſes,
Gloves,
Girdles,
Harneſs for Girdles of Iron, Lattin, Steel, Tin, or Alkmine,
Any thing wrought of any tawed Leather,
Any tawed Furs,
Buskins,
Shoes,
Galoches or Corks,
Knives,
Daggers,
Wood-knives,
Bodkins,
Sheers for Taylors,
Sciſſors,
Razors,
Cheſs-men,
Playing-Cards,
Combs,
Pattens,
Pack needles,
Any painted Ware,
Forcers,
Caskets,
Rings of Copper, or of Lattin gilt,
Chafing Diſhes,
Hanging-Candleſticks,
Chafing-Balls,
Sacring-Bells,
Rings for Curtains,
Ladles,
Scummers,
Counterfeit Baſons,
Ewers,
Hats,
Bruſhes,
Cards for Wooll,
† Black Iron thread, commonly called and named White Wire.

† *Altered by* 2 W. & M. *cap.* 4.

Proviſo,

Except, Prizes] or Wrecks.

Proviſo, That this Act ſhall not extend to any of the ſaid Wares taken upon the Sea without Fraud or Colluſion, nor to Wreckt Goods, nor to Wares made and wrought in *Ireland*, 3 *Edw.* 4. *cap.* 4.

Goods prohibited, to be Imported by Merchant Stranger, to be ſold.

No Merchant Stranger ſhall bring into this Realm to be ſold any of the following Wares, upon Pain to forfeit all the ſaid Wares or the Value, in whoſe Hands they ſhall be found, *Viz.*

Any manner of Girdles, nor Harneſs wrought for Girdles,
Points,
Leather-Laces,
Purſes,
Pouches,
Pins,
Gloves,
Knives,
Hangers,
Taylors-Sheers,
Sciſſors,
Andirons,
Cupboards,
Tongs,
Fire-Forks,
Gridirons,
Stock-Locks,
Keys,
Hinges and Garnets,
Spurs,
Painted Glaſſes,
Painted Papers,
Painted Forcers,
Painted Images,
Painted Cloths,
Beaten Gold, or beaten Silver, wrought in Papers for Painters,
Saddles,
Saddle-Trees,
Horſe-Harneſs,
Boots,
Bitts,
Stirrups,
Buckles,
Chains,
Lattin Nails with Iron Shanks,
Turnets,
Hanging-Candleſticks,
Holy-Water-Stops,
Chafing-Diſhes,
Hanging-Lavers,
Curtain-Rings,
Cards for Wooll,
Roan Cards (except Claſps for Garments)
Sheers,
Buckles for Shoes,
Broches or Spits,
Bells,
Hawks-Bells,
Tin and Leaden Spoons,
Wire of Lattin and Iron,
Iron Candleſticks,
Grates,
Horns for Lanthorns,

Or any of the ſaid Wares made and wrought pertaining to the following Crafts, *Viz.* Girdlers, Pointmakers, Pinners, Purſers, Glovers, Joyners, Painters, Cardmakers, Wiremongers, Weavers, Horners, Bottlemakers or Copperſmiths; One half of ſuch Fine and Forfeiture to be to the King, the other to them that ſhall ſeize or purſue for the ſame, by Action of Debt, by Writ or Bill at the Common Law, or by Bill or Plaint after the Cuſtom of the City or Town where any ſuch Fines, Forfeitures ſhall happen to be or fall; that the Defendant be not admitted to wage Law, nor any Protection or Eſſoin of the Kings to be allowd him, 1 *Rich.* 3. *cap.* 12.

Denizens to pay Aliens Duty.

Aliens made Denizens, ſhall pay ſuch Cuſtoms as they did before they were made Denizens, 1 *Hen.* 7. *cap.* 2. 11 *Hen.* 7. *cap.* 14. 22 *Hen.* 8. *cap.* 8.

Goods carried from one Port to another without a Certificate, Forfeited.

Every Merchant which ſhall bring any Goods into any Port of this Realm, and there Enter the ſame in the Books of the Cuſtomers of the ſaid Port where the Goods ſhall firſt come to, and the King's Duty thereof the ſaid Cuſtomers contented or therefore with him agreed, and after that done, will convey or carry the ſame Goods from thence in any other Port within the Realm, the Owner of the ſaid Goods his Factor or Attorney, ſhall bring from the Cuſtomers of the Port where the Goods be ſo Entred, a Certificate under the ſame Cuſtomers Seals directed to the Cuſtomers of the Port whereto the ſaid Goods ſhall be conveyed or carried, making mention therein as well of the Natural Colour, Length, and Value, of all manner of Merchandize ſo Entred, uſed to be meaſured with Ell or Yard, as the natural Weight, Content, or Value of all manner other Merchandize uſed to be weighed or valued, the ſaid Certificate to be delivered to the Cuſtomers before the Goods be diſcharged, ſo that they may ſee whether the Nature, Colour, or Length, Value, Content, or Weight, of the ſame do agree with the Certificate ſo that the King be not deceived of his Cuſtoms and Subſidies thereof due, and if any Certificate be made by any Cuſtomer of any Port whereto any ſuch Goods ſhall be Firſt brought and there in their Books Entred not making mention, as aforeſaid, the ſaid Cuſtomer,

Cuſtomer, or Cuſtomers, for their misbehaving ſhall loſe their Office, and make Fine with the King at his Pleaſure; and if any ſuch Goods or any Parcel thereof be diſcharged, unpacked or put to Sale in any Port than within the ſame where they ſhall be Firſt Entred before the ſaid Certificate ſhall be delivered, and the ſame Goods ſeen as above expreſſed, that then all the ſaid Goods be forfeited, ½ to the King, and ½ to him which ſhall prove any ſuch Goods ſo Forfeited; for the ſight of ſuch Goods, no Fee to be taken; That no Perſon take upon him to be a Cuſtomer, Comptroller, or Searcher in any Port, in any City, Borough or Town where he is a Common Officer, nor no Deputy to any ſuch Common Officer, upon Pain of Forfeiture for every Half Year he occupieth the ſaid Common Office and Office of Cuſtomer, Comptroller, or Seacher, 40 *l.* ½ to the King, ½ to the Informer, 3 *Hen.* 7. *cap.* 7.

Penalty.

No Fee to be taken for the ſight of the Goods.

No Common Officer in a City, &c. to be Cuſtomer, &c.

Penalty.

No Perſon ſhall bring or cauſe to be brought into this Realm to be ſold, any manner of Silk wrought by it ſelf or with any other Stuff, in Ribbans, Laces, Girdles, Corſes, Cauls, Corſes of Tiſſues, or Points, on Forfeiture, or the Value thereof, ½ to the King, ½ to the Seizer, all manner of Silks as well Wrought as Raw, lawful to be brought in and ſold, 19 *Hen.* 7. *cap.* 21.

Ribbands, &c. prohibited to be Imported.

Penalty.

Exception.

Any *Britiſh*-man may Cuſtom in his own Name the Goods of another *Britiſh*-man; ſo may one Merchant Stranger Enter the Goods of another Merchant Stranger: But, he that ſo Enters the Goods, that the King loſes his Duty, forfeits the Goods to the King, and the Value thereof to the Party grieved.

One may Enter Goods in the Name of another the King not loſing his Duty.

None Free of Prizage or Butlerage ſhall Cuſtom any Wines of another, not being Free of any Prizage, on Pain to forfeit to his Majeſty double the Value of the Prizage.

Penalty for colouring Prizage.

If any Perſon do Enter the Goods of other Perſons, whereby the King loſeth his Cuſtom or Prizage, the Perſon ſo offending, ſhall loſe and forfeit all his own Goods and Chattels Perſonal for ever, ½ to the King, and ½ to the Informer, the Proſecution to be had in Three Years after the Offence committed, 1 *Hen.* 8. *cap.* 5. §. 5, 6, 7. 2 & 3 *Edw.* 6. *cap.* 22. §. 4, 5. 1 *Eliz. cap.* 11. §. 6.

Penalty where the King loſes his Cuſtom or Prizage.

Proſecution to be had in Three Years.

A *Britiſh* Man ſworn to be Subject to a Foreign Prince, and Lords, ſhall pay ſuch Strangers Cuſtoms as thoſe other Subjects belonging to the ſaid Prince, and Lords, do, as well Inwards as Outwards, but in caſe he or they Return into *Great Britain* and there inhabit and abide, then to pay but *Britiſh* Duties, and to have a Writ out of Chancery for the ſame, 14 & 15 *Hen.* 8. *cap.* 4.

Britiſh Men ſworn to be Subject to Foreign Princes, &c. to pay Strangers Cuſtoms.

No Perſon or Perſons within the Realm, ſhall buy or otherwiſe take by Exchange for other Wares, any manner of Wares made, or hereafter to be made out of this Realm, of Tin or mixt with Tin as Platters, Diſhes, Saucers, Potts, Baſons, Ewers, Flagons, Goblets, Salts, Saltſellers, Spoons, or any other Thing made of Tin or Pewter, upon Forfeiture of the ſaid Wares in whoſe Hands ſoever found or taken, or the full Value thereof, ½ to the King, the other ½ to the Finders, 25 *Hen.* 8. *cap.* 9. *made Perpetual*, 33 *Hen.* 8. *cap.* 4.

Tin or Pewter manufactured prohibited to be Imported.

None ſhall convey out of this Realm Braſs, Copper, Latten, Bell-metal, Pan-metal, Gun-metal, Shruff-metal, clean or mixed (Tin and Lead only excepted) on Forfeiture of double the Value, ½ to the King, and ½ to the Informer.

Braſs, Copper, &c. prohibited to be Exported.

None ſhall ſhip or carry any of the ſaid Metals from one Port to another unleſs ſuch Perſon before Shipping, do declare to the Cuſtomer the true Weight, and alſo become bound to the King's uſe in double the Value, with Condition, that the ſame be diſcharged at ſome other Port or Creek within this Realm, on Forfeiture thereof, and in 8 Months to produce a Certificate from the Cuſtomer of the Port where diſcharged, teſtifying the ſame.

Carried from Port to Port Security to be given before Shipping.

Any Cuſtomer or his Deputy making a falſe Certificate, ſhall loſe his Office and the Value of the Goods concealed out of the Certificate.

Penalty for making a falſe Certificate.

A Proviſo, If any of the ſaid Metal be loſt at Sea, or taken by Enemies or Pirates, 33 *Hen.* 8. *cap.* 7. §. 2, 4, 5, 6.

A Proviſo if Goods loſt at Sea.

And by 2 & 3 *Edw.* 6. *cap.* 37. A Penalty of 10 *l.* for every Thouſand Weight of Metal Tranſported is added to the Forfeiture aforeſaid, and the like Sum of 10 *l.* for every Thouſand Weight carried from one Port to another, is to be added to the Penalty of the Bond.

Further Penalties.

By the ſame Act, if any Cuſtomer, Comptroller, or their Deputies ſhall take any Bond without Date, he ſhall forfeit his Office, and the Value of the Metal ſo Shipped.

Penalty on an Officer taking Bond without Date.

Penalty on the Maſter, &c.

Penalty on an Officer neglecting to ſeize Braſs, &c.

If any Maſter, Owner, Purſer, or Boatſwain, ſhall ſuffer any of the ſaid Metals to be Shipt contrary to this Act, and not diſcloſe the ſame in 3 Days to the Cuſtomer or Comptroller where Shipped, to forfeit double the Value; and if any Cuſtomer or Searcher, do willingly ſuffer any of the ſaid Metals to be Shipt contrary to the ſaid Act, as having knowledge thereof, do not Seize the ſame, he ſhall loſe his Office, and the Value thereof.

Not to be Shipt but where there is a Cuſtomer.

No Perſon ſhall lade ſuch Metal in any Port or Creek, where the Cuſtomer or his Depury are not Reſident, on Forfeiture thereof, and 10*l.* for every Thouſand Weight.

Forfeitures how to be divided.

The Moiety of all which Forfeitures to be to the Uſe of his Majeſty, the other to the Informer, to be Proſecuted in any of the Kings Courts; 2 & 3 *Edw.* 6. *cap.* 37. §. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6. *Repealed as to Metal made of* Britiſh *Ore, by* 5 & 6 W. & M. *cap.* 17.

Repealed as to Metal of Britiſh *Ore.*

Obligations and Specialties to the King how to be made.

All Obligations, and Specialties which ſhall be made for any Cauſe or Cauſes touching or concerning the Kings moſt Royal Majeſty, or his Heirs, or to his Heirs, or their Uſe commodity or behoof, ſhall be made to his Highneſs, and to his Heirs, King's, in his or their Name or Names, by theſe words *Domino Regi*, and to none other Perſon or Perſons, to his Uſe, and to be paid to his Highneſs by theſe words *ſolvend. eidem Domino Regi, hæred. vel excutoribus ſuis*, with other words uſed and accuſtomed in common Obligations: And ſuch Obligations and Specialties ſo to be made, ſhall be good and effectual in the Law to all purpoſes and intents, and ſhall be in the ſame nature, kind, quality, force, and effect, to all intents and purpoſes as the Writings Obligatory, taken and knowledged according to the Statute of the Staple at *Weſtminſter*, hath at any time before the making of this preſent Act, been taken, uſed, exerciſed, and executed againſt any lay Perſon or Perſons.

To be in the nature of a Statute Staple.

Not paid in the Life of the King to remain to his Heirs.

All ſuch Obligations and Specialties, the Debt whereof being not paid nor contented in the Life of the King, ſhall come, remain and be to the Heirs or Executors of the King, at the free Liberty and Appointment of the ſame King to whom they ſhall be made; and if any Perſon ſhall make or take any Obligation to the Uſe of his Majeſty, or of his Heirs, King's, otherwiſe than is before expreſſed, then ſuch Perſon only that ſhall ſo offend, ſhall ſuffer ſuch Impriſonment as ſhall be aſſeſſed and adjudged by the King or his Honourable Council, daily attendant upon his Highneſs moſt Royal Perſon.

Penalty on the Perſon taking the Bond otherwiſe.

Debts due to the King where to be ſued for.

All and every Suit which ſhall be had, made or taken, of, for or upon any Debts or Duties, which ſhall grow or be due to the King in the ſeveral Offices and Courts of his Exchequer, Dutchy of *Lancaſter*, Augmentations of the Revenues of his Crown, Surveyors-General of his Manors, Lands and Tenements, Maſter of the Wards, and Liveries, and Court of the firſt Fruits and Tenths, or in any of them, or by Reaſon or Authority of any of them, ſhall be ſeverally ſued in ſuch One of the ſaid Courts and Offices, in the which Court and Office the ſame Debt or Duty did firſt grow or become due, or hereafter ſhall grow or become due, or in the which Office or Court the Recogniſance, Obligation or Specialty, is or ſhall be or remain, and every ſuch ſeveral Suit or Suits ſhall be made in every of the ſaid ſeveral Offices and Courts, under the ſeveral Seals of the ſaid ſeveral Courts, by *Capias*, *Extendi facias*, *Subpœna*, Attachments and Proclamations of Allegiance, if need ſhall require, or any of them or otherwiſe, as unto the ſaid ſeveral Courts ſhall be thought by their Diſcretions, expedient for the ſpeedy Recovery of the King's Debts. 33 *Hen.* 8. *cap.* 39. §. 2, 3, 7.

The Suits to be made under the Seals of the ſeveral Courts by Capias, *&c.*

While Aſhes prohibited to be Exported.

No Perſon ſhall ſhip, lade, carry, or convey, any White-aſhes towards the Parts beyond the Seas, on Pain of Forfeiture of 6*s.* 8*d.* for every Buſhel ſo to be ſhipt or laded, to be carried or conveyed into the Parts beyond the Seas, ½ to the King, and ½ to the Informer, 2 & 3 *Edw.* 6. *cap.* 26.

Offices or Deputations, &c. bought or ſold forfeited.

None ſhall bargain or ſell any Office or Deputation, or any Part thereof, nor receive or take any Money, Fee or Reward, or other Profit directly or indirectly for any Office in any of the King's Cuſtoms, or any Adminiſtration or Attendance in any Cuſtom-Houſe, *&c.* on Pain that the Perſon who ſhall bargain or ſell ſuch Office, *&c.* ſhall forfeit the ſame, and the Perſon, who ſhall give or pay any Money, or give any Promiſe, Bond, or Agreement, for ſuch Office, *&c.* ſhall be adjudged a diſabled Perſon in the Law, to have, occupy, or enjoy the ſaid Office, *&c.* and all ſuch Bargains, Sales, Bonds, Promiſes, Agreements, *&c.* ſhall be void, 5 & 6 *Edw.* 6. *cap.* 16.

Cuſtomers

Cuſtomers and Collectors of Cuſtoms, ſhall by themſelves or Deputies, within 10 Days Notice given them by the King, or 6 of his Privy Council, in Writing, Signed with their Hands, declare what Money then due to the King is in their Hands, and make ready and full Payments of the ſame, on Forfeiture of their Offices, 7 *Edw.* 6. *cap.* 1. §. 13. *Cuſtomers and Collectors to give an Account of Money due and pay the ſame.*

It ſhall not be lawful to or for any Perſon or Perſons to lade or put, or cauſe to be laden or put off from any Wharf, Key, or other Place on the Land, into any Ship, Veſſel, Crayer, Lighter or Bottom, any Goods, Wares or Merchandizes whatſoever (Fiſh taken by your Highneſs Subjects only excepted) to be Tranſported into any Place of the Parts beyond the Seas, † *or into the Realm of* Scotland, or to take up, diſcharge and lay on Land, or cauſe or procure to be taken up or diſcharged out of any Lighter, Ship, Crayer, Veſſel or Bottom, being not in a Leak or Wreck, and laid on Land, any Goods, Wares or Merchandizes whatſoever (Fiſh taken by any of your Highneſs Subjects, and Salt only excepted) to be brought from any of the Parts beyond the Seas, † *or the Realm of* Scotland by way of Merchandize, but only in the Day light, that is to ſay, from the Firſt of *March*, until the Laſt of *September*, betwixt the Sun riſing and Sun ſetting, and from the Laſt of *September* to the 1*ſt.* of *March*, between the Hours of Seven in the Morning and Four in the Afternoon, and in and upon ſome ſuch open Place, Key or Wharf, Places, Keys or Wharfs, as your Highneſs, your Heirs or Succeſſors ſhall aſſign and appoint, by virtue of your Highneſs Commiſſion or Commiſſions within your Graces Ports of *London*, *Southampton*, *Briſtol*, *Weſtcheſter*, *Newcaſtle* and the Suburbs of the ſame, and every of them, and in ſome open Place, Key, Wharf, Places, Keys or Wharfs, in all other Ports, Creeks, Havens or Roads, (*Hull* only excepted) where a Cuſtomer, Comptroller, and Searcher of ſuch Ports, Havens, Creeks or Roads, and every of them, or the Servants of any of them, have by the Space of Ten Years laſt paſt been accuſtomably Reſident, or hereafter ſhall be Reſident, upon Pain of Forfeiture of ſuch Goods, Wares or Merchandizies ſo laden or diſcharged, contrary to the true meaning of this Act, or the Value thereof. *No Goods to be laden or diſcharged but in the Day-light and in open Place.*

† *Altered by the Act of Union.* 5 A. *cap.* 8.

Exception.

† *Altered* ut ſupra.

Hull *excepted.*

Forfeiture.

No manner of Perſon or Perſons, ſhall receive or take into any Ship, Crayer or other Veſſel, any Goods, Wares or Merchandize (except before excepted) to be Tranſported into any Place beyond the Seas, † or into of the Realm of *Scotland*, by way of Merchandize, nor ſhall diſcharge nor lay on Land out of any Ship, Crayer or other Veſſel any Goods, Wares or Merchandize (except before excepted) being brought from any Place beyond the Seas, † or out of the Realm of *Scotland*, by way of Merchandize, in any other Place or Places, or at any other Hours or Times than is before limited and appointed, upon Pain that the Owner and Owners, Maſter and Maſters, or other Perſon or Perſons which ſhall take charge or guiding of any ſuch Ship, Crayer or Veſſel, or of the Merchants Goods during and for that Voyage, ſhall forfeit and loſe for every ſuch Offence, an Hundred Pound of lawful Money of *Great Britain*. *Penalty on the Maſter, &c.*

† *Altered* ut ſupra.

† *Altered* ut ſupra.

No Maſter, Shipper, or Purſer, or other Perſon or Perſons, taking Charge of the Voyage or of the Merchants Goods, ſhall receive or take into any Ship, Crayer or other Veſſel, any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize (except before excepted) to be carried or tranſported into any of the Parts beyond the Seas, † or into the Realm of *Scotland*, before he ſhall have ſignified to the Cuſtomer of the Port where he ladeth, and other Officers there in the open Cuſtom-Houſe, if any ſuch be there, or elſe where the ſaid Officers their Deputies or Servants, or any of them be, or ſhall be uſually Reſident, that he intendeth to lade, and to what Place he intended to paſs, nor ſhall after his or their full lading, depart out of the Port, Creeks or Stream where he ſhall ſo lade, before he do in like manner ſignifie unto the Cuſtomer and other Officers, as is aforeſaid, of his lading, and what Merchant and other Perſons ſhall have laden with him or in his Ship, Crayer, Veſſel or Bottom, and further truly do anſwer to ſuch Queſtions as ſhall be miniſtred to him or them by the Cuſtomer or other Officer, concerning ſuch Wares and Merchandizes as he ſhall have laden, being Examined upon his or their Oath or otherwiſe, in the open Cuſtom-Houſe or otherwiſe, as is aforeſaid, upon Pain to forfeit for every ſuch Default not truly Advertiſing nor Anſwering, as aforeſaid, an 100 *l.* *Maſter, &c. to give Notice before he takes in any Goods.*

When laden to give Notice before he departs and anſwer upon Oath.

Penalty.

No Owner, Maſter, Purſer, or other Perſon, taking Charge of any Ship, Crayer, Veſſel or Bottom, wherein any Goods, Wares or Merchandize (except

before excepted) ſhall be laden and brought from any the Parts beyond the Sea, † or the Realm of *Scotland*, ſhall diſcharge into any Lighter or Bottom, and lay on Land, or procure, cauſe or willingly ſuffer to be diſcharged into any Lighter or Bottom, and to be laid on Land out of ſuch Ship, Crayer, Veſſel or Bottom, any Goods, Wares or Merchandize whatſoever, before ſuch Owner, Maſter, Purſer, or other Perſon or Perſons taking Charge of the Ship, Crayer, Bottom or Veſſel, or the Merchants Goods for that Voyage, ſhall have ſignified and declared to the Cuſtomer or other Officer of the Port, Haven or Creek where he arriveth, the Names of every of the Merchants or Laders, and ſhall have truly anſwered to ſuch Queſtions and Interrogatories touching or concerning ſuch Goods, Wares or Merchandize, as ſhall be then laden in any Ship, Veſſel or Bottom, as ſhall be to him Miniſtered by ſuch Cuſtomer or other Officer openly in the Cuſtom-Houſe, or in ſuch other Places, as is aforeſaid, upon his or their Oath, if need ſo require, upon Pain that every Maſter, Purſer, or other Perſon or Perſons taking Charge of ſuch Ship, Crayer or other Veſſel for that Voyage, ſhall forfeit and loſe for every ſuch Default not Advertiſing nor Anſwering, as is aforeſaid, 100 *l.*

† *Altered by the Act of Union,* 5 A. *cap.* 8.

Maſter, &c. not to diſcharge any Goods before he gives an Account of his Lading on Oath.

Penalty.

No Perſon, Denizen nor Stranger, ſhall take upon him to enter or do, or cauſe to be entred into the Books of any Cuſtomer, or any other Officer and Officers of any Port or Haven within this Realm, or his or their Deputy or Deputies, Servant or Servants, any manner of Goods, Wares or Merchandize whatſoever, coming or brought into your Highneſs Realm, from any the Parts beyond the Sea, † or from the Realm of *Scotland*, or going to be tranſported out of the ſame your Highneſs Realm, into any the Parts beyond the Sea, † or into the Realm of *Scotland*, in the Name or Names of any other Perſon or Perſons than the very Owner or Owners of the ſame Goods, Wares or Merchandizes, being not ſold, bargained or contracted for, to or with any Perſon or Perſons before ſuch Entry, or before the Arrival of ſuch Goods, Wares or Merchandize, in the Parts beyond the Sea, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the Value of the Goods ſo Entred.

No Man ſhall Enter Goods but in the Owners Name.

† *Altered* ut ſupra.

† *Altered* ut ſupra.

Penalty.

If any Wharfinger, Crane-keeper, Searcher, Lighterman, Waiter, or other Officer pertaining to the Subſidy, Cuſtom or Cuſtom-Houſe, do at any time hereafter, conſent or know any Offence or Thing to be committed or done contrary to the true Meaning hereof, and do not within One Month next after knowledge thereof had, diſcloſe the ſame to the Chief Cuſtomer, or other Officer of the Port where or wherein whoſe Office or Charge any ſuch Offence ſhall be committed or done, or elſe to the Lord Treaſurer, Chancellor, Under Treaſurer, or One of the Barons of the Exchequer, or the Attorney General for the time being, ſhall for every ſuch Concealment, or not diſcloſing ſuch Offence, as is aforeſaid, forfeit and loſe a 100 *l.* of good and lawful Money of *Great Britain.*

Wharfingers, Searchers, or other Officers or Lighterman concealing an Offence.

Penalty.

The Cuſtomer of *Hull*, ſhall have a Servant or Deputy continually Reſident at the City of *York*, and every other Cuſtomer, Comptroller and Searcher of every Port, ſhall aſſign and appoint to and in every of the Places above mentioned, and in all and every Port, Creek or Road where the Servant or any of them have been continually Reſident by the Space of 10 Years, or hereafter ſhall be, as is aforeſaid, One able and ſufficient Deputy or Servant at the leaſt; and as well all and every of the Cuſtomers, Comptrollers and Searchers, as all and every his or their Deputy or Deputies, Servant and Servants, ſhall from time to time, do his and their diligent Attendance, at the Hours, Times and Places afore appointed, as well in the Cuſtom-Houſe as elſewhere, as it ſhall be moſt expedient and convenient for the Speedy diſpatch of the Merchant, and his Goods, Wares and Merchandize, and for the due Execution hereof, in ſuch Things as to him or them ſhall appertain, without Concealment, or Conſenting to any Thing or Things which may be to the Hurt or Damage of the Crown, upon Pain that every ſuch Cuſtomer, Comptroller, and Searcher, ſhall forfeit and loſe for every Offence by him or them committed or done, his or their ſeveral Office or Offices, and 100 *l.* of lawful Money of *Great Britain* other Moiety to them that will ſue for the ſame.

Where the Cuſtomer, Comptroller and Searcher, and their Deputies ſhall Reſide and Attend for the diſpatch of Merchants.

Penalty.

Nothing to be prejudicial or hurtful to the Iſle of *Angleſey*, the Shires of *Caernarvon* and *Flint* in North *Wales*; but the Inhabitants thereof, and every of them, may receive, lade, and diſcharge, according to their Old Ancient Uſes, Cuſtoms or Liberties granted to them or any of their Pre-

Proviſo, for Angleſey, Caernarvenſhire *and* Flintſhire.

 deceſſors,

deceſſors, by King *Henry* the Eighth, or any of his progenitors, ſo that they and every of them, pay the Cuſtoms and Subſidies that ſhall be due, and diſcharge and load within the Times and Hours before mentioned, 1 *Eliz. cap.* 11. §. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12.

Girdles, &c. prohibited to be Imported for Sale.

No Perſon ſhall bring or cauſe to be brought into this Realm, any Girdles, Harneſs for Girdles, Rapiers, Daggers, Knives, Hilts, Pummels, Lockets, Chapes, Dagger Blades, Handles, Scabbards, and Sheaths for Knives, Saddles, Horſe-Harneſs, Stirrups, Bits, Gloves, Points, Leather-Laces, or Pins ready made or wrought in any Parts beyond the Seas, to be ſold, bartered, or exchanged, on Forfeiture, or the Value thereof, $\frac{1}{2}$ to the King, $\frac{1}{2}$ to the Informer, 5 *Eliz. cap.* 7. §. 3. 3 *Car.* 1. *cap.* 4. §. 11. 16 *Car.* 1. *cap.* 4. §. 2.

Penalty.

Sheep alive prohibited to be Exported.

Rams, Lambs, or Sheep alive, prohibited to be carried or conveyed out of the Realm, or out of any of the Queens Dominions, on Pain that every Perſon or Perſons their Aiders, Abettors, Procurers, and Comforters, ſhall for their Firſt Offence loſe all his Goods for ever, $\frac{1}{2}$ to the Queen, $\frac{1}{2}$ to the Informer, every ſuch Offender ſhall alſo ſuffer One Years Impriſonment, and at the Years end, ſhall in open Market have his left Hand cut off and there nailed up, and every Perſon eftſoons Offending, ſhall be adjudged a Felon, and ſhall ſuffer Death as in Caſes of Felony.

Penalty.

Where to be proſecuted.

The Juſtices of Oyer and Terminer, Juſtices of Goal Delivery, and Juſtices of Peace, have power to hear and determine the Offences, 8 *Eliz. cap.* 3.

Things called Agnus Dei, *&c. prohibited to be Imported.*

If any Perſon ſhall bring into this Realm, any things called by the Name of *Agnus Dei*, or any Croſſes, Pictures, Beads, or ſuch ſuperſtitious Things from the Biſhop of *Rome*, or pretending the ſame to be hallowed by him, or any Perſon authorized by him, and if the ſame Perſon ſo bringing in ſuch *Agnus Dei* and other like things, as aforeſaid, ſhall deliver or cauſe to be delivered the ſame to any Subject of this Realm, then ſuch Perſon ſhall incur a *Præmunire*, 13 *Eliz. cap.* 2. §. 7.

Penalty.

Treaſurers, Receivers, and other Accomptants Lands ſhall be liable for the Payment of the Queens Debts by them not paid.

For the better Security of the Queens Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, againſt ſuch as ſhall have the Receipt and Charge of the Money and Treaſure of her Highneſs, her Heirs and Succeſſors; Be it declared and enacted by the Queens Majeſty, with the aſſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the authority of the ſame, That all Lands, Tenements, Profits, Commodities and Hereditaments, which any Treaſurer or Receiver in or belonging to any of the Queens Majeſties Courts of the Exchequer, Wards and Liveries, or Dutchy of *Lancaſter*, Treaſurer of the Chamber, Cofferer of the Houſhold to the Queens Majeſty, her Heirs or Succeſſors, Treaſurer for the Wars, Treaſurer of any Fort, Town or Caſtle where any Garriſon is or ſhall be kept, Treaſurer of the Admiralty or Navy, Treaſurer or other Perſon accomptable to the Queens Majeſty, her Heirs or Succeſſors, for any Office or Charge of or within the Mint, Treaſurer or the Receiver of any Sums of Money in preſt or otherwiſe, for the uſe of the Queens Majeſty, her Heirs or Succeſſors, or for Proviſions of Victual, for the Fortifications, Buildings or Works, or for any other Proviſions to be uſed in any the Offices of the Queens Majeſties Ordnance and Artillery, Armory, Wardrobe, Tents and Pavilions or Revels, Cuſtomer, Collector, Farmer of Cuſtoms, Subſidies, Impoſts, or other Duties within any Port of the Realm, Collector of the Tenths of the Clergy, Collector of any Subſidy or Fifteen, Receiver General of the Revenues of any County or Countys, anſwerable in the Receipt of the Exchequer, or in the Court of Wards and Liveries, or the Dutchy of *Lancaſter*, Clerk of the Hamper, now hath, or at time hereafter ſhall have, within the time whilſt he or they, or any of them ſhall remain accomptable, ſhall for the Payment and Satisfaction unto the Queens Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, of his or their Arrearages, at any time hereafter to be lawfully, according to the Laws of this Realm, adjudged and determined, upon his or their Accompt (all his due and reaſonable Petitions being allowed) be liable to the Payment thereof, and be put and had in Execution, for the Payment of ſuch Arrearages or Debts to be ſo adjudged and determined upon any ſuch Treaſurer, Receiver, Teller, Cuſtomer, Collector, Farmer, Officer or Accomptant, as is before named, in like and in as large and beneficial Manner to all intents and purpoſes, as if the ſame Treaſurer, Receiver, Teller, Cuſtomer, Farmer or Collector, upon whom any ſuch Arrearages or Debts ſhall be ſo adjuged or determined,

had

had the day he became first Officer or Accomptant, stood bound by Writing obligatory having the effect of a Statute of the Staple, to her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors for the true Answering and Payment of the same Arrearages or Debts.

Certain cases wherein the Accomptants Lands may be sold.

And forasmuch as many Times it may come to pass, that the Queens Highness, her Heirs or Successors, shall not or may not be conveniently satisfied of the Debt to be determined or due upon any Accompt or Farm as is aforesaid, by way of Extent, for that the Yearly Value of the Lands extended will not satisfie her Highness, her Heirs or Successors, within the compass of many Years, so as thereby great Loss might ensue to her Highness, her Heirs and Successors; for remedy thereof, be it further enacted, That if any Treasurer, Receiver, Collector, Farmer, Customer, Teller, Collector of Custom, Subsidy or Impost, or other Person Accomptant before mentioned, which shall, from and after the Feast of St. *Michael* the Archangel now next coming, receive or be chargeable with Money or Treasure of our said Sovereign Lady the Queen, her Heirs or Successors, and shall, upon the determining of his or their Accompt (all his and their due Petitions to them upon the same Accompt being allowed) or by reason of any Farm, as aforesaid, be found in Arrearages, to owe unto our said Sovereign Lady the Queen, her Heirs or Successors, any Sum or Sums of Money, and shall not within the Space of Six Months next after his or their Accompts finished, or Debt known, (having Allowance of his or their due and reasonable Petitions as is aforesaid) truly satisfie and pay all such Arrearages and Sums of Money as he or they shall owe, upon Determination of his or their Accompt, or upon his or their Debt known, as is aforesaid, that then it shall and may be lawful to the Queens Highness, her Heirs and Successors, at any Time, and from time to time, after the said Six Months ended, to make Sale by her or their Letters Patents under the Great Seal of *Great Britain*, of so much of the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments of every such Accomptant or Debtor so being found in Arrearages, or in Debt, as is above mentioned, as may suffice our said Sovereign Lady the Queen, her Heirs or Successors, for the Satisfaction of his or their Debt or Arrearages, to be determined or adjudged upon his or their Accompt or Farm, as is aforesaid, (all due Petitions being allowed, as is aforesaid) until her Majesty, her Heirs or Successors, be by such Sale fully satisfied and paid, of such Arrearages and Debt to be found upon Accompt or Farm, as is aforesaid.

The Sale good against the Crown and Accomptant.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the said Sales to be made by the Queens Majesty, her Heirs or Successors, as is aforesaid, shall be good and available in Law against the Party accomptant indebted, as is aforesaid, and his Heirs claiming as Heirs, and against the Queens Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, notwithstanding any former Charge or Incumbrance to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, by the Person or Persons for whose Debt or Duty the same shall fortune to be sold.

Lands purchased by Accomptants tho' in other Persons Names liable to the Crowns Debt.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons accomptant or indebted, as is aforesaid, shall at any Time after he or they shall become accomptant or chargeable, as is aforesaid, purchase and buy, or cause to be purchased and bought, any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, and cause the Assurance thereof to be made in the Name of any other Person or Persons, where the same is indeed meant or intended to the use, profit or behoof of such Person accomptant or indebted, or of any other Person or Persons, and that the same manner of Purchasing, and secret Uses, Profits or Behoof, shall be found by Office or Inquisition, That then all and every Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments so to be bought or purchased, or caused to be purchased (as is before mentioned in this last Proviso) shall by virtue of this Act, be taken, deemed, and used for the Satisfaction of the Arrearages and Debt of every such Accomptant or Debtor, as is above mentioned, to all intents and purposes, as though the Person or Persons indebted, upon his or their Accompt or Farm, were thereof actually seized of such Estate that was conveyed to any Person or Persons, by any such Accomptant or Debtor, or by his Means, as is aforesaid; and that all Sales to be thereof made by the Queens Majesty her Heirs and Successors, for Satisfaction of such Debt or Arrearages as shall be found, as is aforesaid, to be due and owing to our said Sovereign Lady the Queen, her Heirs and Successors, shall be of the like effect, and be used and done in such like Manner and Form, as is before expressed.

Provided always, That if the Lands and Tenements ſo to be ſeized, taken or ſold by her Majeſty, her Heirs or Succeſſors, as is laſt above mentioned, do ſurmount after the Rate and Value aforeſaid, the Debt and Arrearages to be ſet, determined and adjudged upon the Accompt of any Treaſurer, Receiver, Teller, Cuſtomer, Collector or Accomptant before named, that then her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, ſhall take and ſeize only ſo much as ſhall amount after the Rate and Value aforeſaid, to the juſt Payment and Satisfaction of ſuch Debt and Arrearages, as hath been or ſhall be ſet, determined or adjudged upon his or their Accompt, as is aforeſaid.

Only ſo much Land to be ſeized as will ſatisfie the Debt.

And be it further Provided and Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act or any thing therein contained, ſhall not in any wiſe extend to charge any Treaſurer, Receiver, Teller, Cuſtomer, Collector or Accomptant aforeſaid, having any Yearly Receipt, nor any their Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, whoſe Yearly Receipt, Collection and Charge, or whoſe whole Receipt from the beginning of his Charge, is not or hath not been, or hereafter ſhall not be above the Sum of 300 *l.* otherwiſe, or in any other Manner and Form than he or they might lawfully have been charged before the making of this Act; Any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof notwithſtanding.

This Act not to extend to Accomptants whoſe Receipt exceedeth not 300 l.

Provided alſo, That this Act, as touching only the Sale of any Lands or Tenements, ſhall not extend to any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, which any Perſon or Perſons now have or enjoy, and have purchaſed or obtained *Bona fide*, and not being privy or conſenting unto any ſuch Intent to defraud the Queens Majeſty, as is aboveſaid; and that it ſhall be lawful to every Perſon and Perſons, whoſe Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, ſhall by any Office or Inquiſition, be found to be fraudulently conveyed or aſſured, as is aboveſaid, to have his or their lawful Traverſe to every ſuch Office or Inquiſition; and if it be found with the Party that tendereth the Traverſe, that then he ſhall have the ſaid Lands out of the Princes Hands without any Petition, Livery, or *Ouſtre le maine*, or any other Suit to be had, made or uſed; and the ſame being found for ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo traverſing the ſame Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, ſhall be adjudged as not liable, chargeable, nor to be ſold by force of this Statute.

Nor to Lands purchaſed Bona fide.

Any Party grieved may have the Traverſe.

Provided alſo, and be it Enacted, That if the Queens Majeſty, her Heirs or Succeſſors, ſhall by any Sale of Lands by force of this Statute, be fully ſatisfied of the Debt or Arrearages of any ſuch Accomptant or Debtor, or any Part thereof, then the Sureties of ſuch Accomptant or Debtor ſhall be diſcharged of ſo much of the Debt, Forfeiture and Arrearages, as ſo ſhall be ſatisfied, and ſo for the Reſidue only, ſhall be ratably according to their Abilities charged; Any thing in this or any other Statute to the contrary notwithſtanding, 13 *Eliz. cap.* 4. §. 1, 2, 4, 5, 8, 10, 14, 15.

Upon Sale of the Accomptants Lands, his Sureties ſhall be diſcharged for ſo much.

For Redreſſing of divers Diſorders in common Informers, and for better Execution of Penal Laws, be it Enacted, That every Informer upon any Penal Statute ſhall exhibit his Suit in proper Perſon, and purſue the ſame only by himſelf, or by his Atturney in Court; and that none ſhall be admitted or received to purſue againſt any Perſon or Perſons upon any Penal Statute, but by way of Information, or Original Action, and not otherwiſe, nor ſhall have ne uſe any Deputy or Deputies at all; and that upon every ſuch Information which ſhall be exhibited, a ſpecial Note be made of the very Day, Month and Year of the Exhibiting thereof into any Office, or to any Officer, which lawfully may receive the ſame, without any manner of *Antedate* thereof to be made, and that the ſame Information be accompted and taken to be of Record from that time forward, and not before: And be it likewiſe Enacted for the Conſideration aforeſaid, That no Proceſs be ſued out upon ſuch Information, until the Information be exhibited in Form aforeſaid, and that upon every ſuch Proceſs ſhall be indorſed as well the Parties Name that purſueth the ſame Proceſs, as alſo the Statute upon which the Information in that behalf made, is grounded; and that every Clerk making out Proceſs contrary to the Tenor and Proviſion of this Act, ſhall forfeit and loſe Forty Shillings for every ſuch Offence, the One half to be to the Queens Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other half to the Party againſt whom any ſuch defective Proceſs ſhall be awarded, to be recovered in any Court of Record, by Action of Debt or Information, in which no Eſſoin, Protection, Injunction or Wager of Law, ſhall be permitted or allowed.

Informer how to proſecute a Suit upon a Penal Statute.

A Note to be made of the Day, Month, and Year of the exhibiting of an Information.

No Proceſs to iſſue till Information be exhibited in Form and Indorſement made upon ſuch Proceſs.

Penalty.

And

Where the Trial of an Iſſue ſhall be in a Suit upon a Penal Statute.

And be it further Enacted, That no Jury ſhall be compelled to appear in any of the Queens Majeſties Courts of *Weſtminſter*, for the Trial of any Iſſue in any ſuch Suit upon any Penal Law, for any Offence committed above Thirty Miles from the City of *Weſtminſter*, except in caſe where the Atturney General for the time being, for ſome reaſonable Cauſe in that behalf to be ſhewed, ſhall require the ſame to be tried at the Bar, in any of the Courts of the Queens Majeſty, her Heirs or Succeſſors at *Weſtminſter* aforeſaid; which requeſt ſhall be noted on the backſide of the Writ of *Diſtringas* thereupon awarded, to the End the Sheriff or his Bailiff may and ſhall ſignifie the ſame to the Jury that are in ſuch Caſe impannelled.

No Informer ſhall compound with the Defendant, but by Conſent of the Court.

And be it further Enacted, That no ſuch Informer or Plaintiff, ſhall or may compound or agree with any Perſon or Perſons that ſhall offend, or ſhall be ſurmiſed to offend againſt any Penal Statute, for ſuch Offence committed, or pretended to be committed, but after Anſwer made in Court unto the Information or Suit in that behalf exhibited or proſecuted; nor after anſwer, but by the Order or Conſent of the Court in which the ſame Information or Suit ſhall be depending, upon Pains and Penalties hereafter in this preſent Act ſet down and declared; and that if any ſuch Informer or Plaintiff, as aforeſaid, ſhall willingly delay his Suit, or ſhall diſcontinue, or be non-ſuit in the ſame, or ſhall have the Trial or Matter paſt againſt him therein by Verdict or Judgment of Law, that then in every ſuch Caſe the ſame Informer or Plaintiff ſhall yield, ſatisfie and pay unto the Party Defendant, his Coſts, Charges and Damages, to be aſſigned by the Court in which the ſame Suit ſhall be attempted; for the Recovery and Execution whereof, every ſuch Defendant ſhall immediately upon the ſame Coſts, Charges and Damages aſſigned, have his *Capias ad ſatisfac. Fieri fecit*, or *Elegit*, to be awarded unto him out of the ſame Court in which the ſame ſhall be ſo aſſigned, as is aforeſaid, as in other Caſes of Execution.

Informer delaying or diſcontinuing his Suit, or being Non-ſuit, &c.

To pay Coſts, &c.

Informer misbehaving himſelf in the Proſecution of his Suit, Compounding without Order, &c.

And be it alſo Enacted, that if any Perſon or Perſons (except the Clerks of the Court only, for making out of Proceſs otherwiſe than is above appointed) ſhall offend in ſuing out of Proceſs, making of Compoſition, or other Miſdemeanour, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this Statute, or ſhall by colour or pretence of Proceſs, or without Proceſs, upon colour or pretence of any Matter of Offence againſt any Penal Law, make any Compoſition, or take any Money, Reward or Promiſe of Reward, for himſelf, or to the Uſe of any other, without Order or Conſent of ſome of her Majeſties Courts at *Weſtminſter*, that then he or they ſo offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, ſhall ſtand on the Pillory in ſome Market Town next adjoyning where the ſame Offence ſhall be committed, in the open Market time, and therein remain by the Space of Two Hours; and ſhall from and after ſuch Conviction, for ever be diſabled to purſue, or be Plaintiff or Informer in any Suit or Information upon any Statute Popular or Penal; and ſhall alſo for every ſuch Offence forfeit and loſe Ten Pounds of lawful *Britiſh* Money, the One half thereof to the Queens Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other half to the Party grieved thereby, to be recovered in any Court of Record, by Action of Debt or Information; in which no Eſſoin, Protection, Injunction or Wager of Law, ſhall be permitted or allowed: And that Juſtices of *Oyer* and *Terminer*, Juſtices of Aſſiſe in their Circuits, and Juſtices of Peace in their Quarter Seſſions, ſhall have full Power and Authority to hear and determine all Offences to be committed or done contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this preſent Act, 18 *Eliz. cap.* 5. §. 1, 2, 3, 4. *made Perpetual, by* 27 *Eliz. cap.* 10.

To ſtand in the Pillory, &c.

Juſtices may hear and determine theſe Offences.

Tallow and Raw Hides prohibited to be Exported.

Penalty.

Tallow and Raw Hides Shipt with Intent to be Exported, forfeit the Goods and Treble the Value, the Owner of the Ship knowing thereof, forfeits his Ship, the Maſter or Marriners knowing thereof, forfeit their Goods and Chattels, and to ſuffer One Years Impriſonment, $\frac{1}{2}$ to the Queen, $\frac{1}{2}$ to the Informer, 18 *Eliz. cap.* 9.

Where in the Parliament holden at *Weſtminſter* the Second Day of *April* in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lady Queen *Elizabeth*, there was amongſt other things an Act made, Entituled, An Act to make Lands, Tenements, Goods and Chattels of Tellers, Receivers, *&c.* liable to pay their Debts; upon which Act ſome Doubt and Queſtion hath been moved, whether the Queens Highneſs, her Heirs and Succeſſors, might for the Satisfaction of her and their Debts and Farms, by her or their Letters Patents under the Great Seal of *Great Britain*, make Sale of all the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments whereof her Highneſs, her Heirs and Succeſſors,

13 Eliz. *cap.* 4.

ceſſors, have Power or Authority to make Sale by virtue of the ſame Act, after the Death of ſuch Accomptant or Debtor, as is mentioned in the ſaid Act, or where the Accompt of ſuch Accomptant or Debtor was not or is not made, or his or their Debt known in the Life-time of the ſame Accomptant or Debtor:

Sale to be of the Accomptants Lands as well after his Death, as before.

For Declaration and Explaining whereof, Be it Ordained and Enacted by the Authority of this preſent Parliament, That the ſaid Act, in every Part thereof, touching the Power given by that recited Act unto her Highneſs, her Heirs and Succeſſors, to make Sale of any the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments by the ſame Act limited to be ſold, is, ſhall, and ought to be expounded and intended, as well in caſe where the Sale is to be made after the Death of ſuch Accomptant or Debtor, as where it is to be made in his or their Life-time; and alſo as well in caſe where the Accompt is made, or the Debt known within Eight Years after the Death of ſuch Accomptant or Debtor, as where the ſame Accompt is made, or the Debt known in the Life-time of the ſame Accomptant or Debtor; any Ambiguity or Queſtion that hath riſen or grown, or may ariſe, grow or be conceived upon the Letter of the ſame Act to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Proceſs is to go againſt the Accomptants Heir before the Sale of his Lands.

Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That after the Death of ſuch Accomptant and Debtor as is mentioned in the ſaid recited Act, and before ſuch Time as any the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments deſcended unto the Heir of ſuch Accomptant or Debtor, as Heir unto the ſame Accomptant or Debtor, ſhall be ſold, as aforeſaid, a *Scire facias* ſhall be awarded out of her Majeſties Court of Exchequer, unto the Sheriff of the County where any ſuch Lands do lie, to garniſh the ſame Heir, to ſhew Cauſe why the ſame Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments ſo to him deſcended, as aforeſaid, ſhould not be put to ſale for Satisfaction of the ſaid Debts or Farms in the ſame Act mentioned, according to the Tenour of the ſaid Act; whereupon if the Heir do not within a convenient Time upon a Garniſhment or Two *Nichils* returned, ſhew and prove unto the ſaid Court, that the Executors or Adminiſtrators of ſuch Accomptant or Debtor have ſufficient which ought to anſwer or be liable for the ſame Debt or Farm, and whereby the ſaid Debt or Farm ſhall and may be duly and fully ſatisfied, That then after Ten Months next after ſuch Two *Nichils*, or Garniſhment returned, the ſame Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments ſhall be ſold by her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, and the Money hereof coming, diſpoſed according to the true Intent and Meaning of ſaid former recited Act.

To what Accomptants this Statute ſhall extend.

Provided always, and be it Enacted, That this Act of Explanation ſhall extend only unto ſuch as have been, or ſhall be Tellers, Receivers, Treaſurers, Cuſtomers, Cofferers of the Houſholds, Farmers of Impoſt, Collectors, Bailiffs, Victuallers, and other Officers of Receipts and Accompts unto our Sovereign Lady the Queens Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, and to every of them, their Heirs, Executors and Adminiſtrators, and to no other.

No Sale of the Heirs Lands during his minority.

Provided alſo, and be it likewiſe Enacted, That if the Heir of any Accomptant or Debtor before mentioned, ſhall happen to be within the Age of One and twenty Years when any ſuch Proceſs ſhall fortune to be awarded, that then during the time of his or her Nonage, this Act, or any thing therein contained, ſhall not in any wiſe be extended, executed or put in ure as touching or concerning only the ſelling of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments of any ſuch Heir; any thing in the ſame Act contained to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding: And yet nevertheleſs, after ſuch Time as any ſuch Heir ſhall accompliſh the full Age of Twenty one Years, all and ſingular the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments deſcended unto the ſame Heir from any ſuch Debtor or Accomptant, as aforeſaid, ſhall at all times during the Space of Eight Years then next enſuing, be ſubject and liable to be ſold for the Payment and Satisfaction of her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Intent and true Meaning of this Act, in ſuch Manner and Form, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſame Heir had been of full Age at the time of the Death of ſuch Debtor or Accomptant, 27 *Eliz. cap.* 3. §. 1, 2, 3, 5, 7.

The Heirs Lands liable to ſale Eight Years after he ſhall accompliſh his full Age.

In any Declaration or Information, the County ſhall be expreſſed where the Offence was done.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in any Declaration or Information at any time after Twenty Days after the End of this Seſſion of Parliament to be had, brought, ſued or exhibited, the Offence againſt any Penal Statute ſhall not be laid to be done in any other County but where the Contract, or other Matter alledged to be the Offence, was in truth done: And that every Defendant, in ſuch Action or Information, ſhall and lawfully may traverſe and alledge, that the Offenee ſuppoſed by the ſame Suit to be committed, was not committed in the County where ſuch Offence is alledged, which being tried for the Defendant, or if the Plaintiff be thereupon Nonſuit in his Information or Suit, that then the Plaintiff ſhall be barred in that Action or Information; Any Law or Uſe to the contraray notwithſtanding.

Officers of Record ſhall not be bound by this Act.

Provided always, That this Act nor any thing herein contained, ſhall in any wiſe extend to any ſuch Officers of Record, as have in reſpect of their Offices heretofore lawfully uſed to exhibit Informations, or ſue upon Penal Laws; but that they and every of them may inform and purſue in that Behalf as they might have done before the making of this Act; Any thing in this Act to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Certain Offences whereof Information may be given in any County.

And provided alſo, That this Act nor any thing herein contained, ſhall extend to the Laying or Alledging of any Offence in any Declaration or Information, for or concerning any Champerty, buying of Titles, or Extortion, or any Offence committed, or to be committed againſt the Statute made in the Firſt Year of the Queens Majeſties Reign, Entituled, An Act limiting the Times for laying on Land Merchandize from beyond the Seas, and touching Cuſtoms of Sweet Wines; And one other Act made in the ſaid Firſt Year of her Majeſties Reign, Entituled, An Act of a Subſidy of Tunnage and Poundage, or any thing in any of them contained, or for the Concealing or Defrauding the Queens Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, of any Cuſtom, Tunnage, Poundage, Subſidy, Impoſt, or Prizage, or for any matter of corrupt Uſury, or for any Offence compriſed in any Statute made againſt Engroſſing, Regrating or Foreſtalling, where the Penalty or Forfeiture ſhall appear to be to the Value of Twenty Pounds or above; but that every ſuch Offence ſhall or may be laid in any County, at the Pleaſure of any ſuch Informer; Any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithſtanding. 1 Eliz. *cap.* 11. 1 Eliz. *cap.* 20.

Within what times Suits upon Penal Statutes ſhall be purſued.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Actions, Suits, Bills, Indictments or Informations which after Twenty Days next after the End of this Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be had, brought, ſued, or exhibited for any Forfeiture upon any Statute Penal, made or to be made, whereby the Forfeitures is or ſhall be limited to the Queen, her Heirs or Succeſſors only, ſhall be had, brought, ſued or exhibited within Two Years after the Offence committed or to be committed againſt ſuch Act Penal, and not after two Years: And that all Actions, Suits, Bills, or Informations which after the ſaid Twenty Days ſhall be had, brought, ſued or commenced for any Forfeiture upon any Penal Statute made or to be made, except the Statutes of Tillage, the Benefit and Suit whereof is or ſhall be by the ſaid Statute limited to the Queen, her Heirs or Succeſſors, and to any other which ſhall proſecute in that Behalf, ſhall be had, brought, ſued or commenced by any Perſon that may lawfully purſue for the ſame, as aforeſaid, within One Year next after the Offence committed, or to be committed, againſt the ſaid Statute; and in Default of ſuch Purſuit, that then the ſame ſhall be had, ſued, exhibited or brought for the Queens Majeſty, her Heirs or Succeſſors, at any time within Two Years after that Year ended: And if any Action, Suit, Bill, Indictment or Information for any Offence againſt any Penal Statute made or to be made, except the Statute of Tillage, ſhall be brought after the Time in thar Behalf before limited, That then the ſame ſhall be Void and of none Effect; Any Act or Statute made to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Actions, Informations, &c. limited by ſome Statutes to be ſued within a ſhorter Time.

Provided always, That where any Action, Information, Indictment, or other Suit, is or ſhall be limited by any Statute Penal, to be had, ſued, commenced or brought within ſhorter Time than is afore rehearſed, That in every ſuch Caſe, the Action, Information, Indictment, or other Suit ſhall be brought within the Time limited by ſuch Statute, 31 *Eliz. cap.* 5. §. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6.

Any Perſon bringing in or that ſhall cauſe to be brought into this Realm any Hops being deceitfully or corruptly unclean, corrupt or mixt with any Powder, Duſt, Droſs, Sand or Soil, ſhall forfeit the ſame, 1 *Jac.* 1. *cap.* 18. 3 *Car.* 1. *cap.* 4. §. 22. 16 *Car.* 1. *cap.* 4. §. 2.

Unclean Hops imported forfeited.

Cuſtomers and Comptrollers of every Port have power to take Bond, and to give Oaths to all Perſons going over Sea to ſerve other Princes, they may take 6*d.* for ſuch Bond, and ſhall regiſter and certifie ſuch Bonds and Oath into the Exchequer Yearly, Penalty 5 *l.* for every Bond and 20*s.* for every Oath not certified, 3 *Jac.* 1. *cap.* 4. §. 19, 20, 21.

Perſons going over Sea to ſerve other Princes to give Bond.

No Perſon ſhall bring from beyond Sea, nor ſhall print, ſell or buy any Popiſh Primers, Ladies Pſalters, Manuals, Roſaries, Popiſh Catechiſms, Miſſals, Breviaries, Portals, Legends and Lives of Saints, containing Superſtitious matter, printed or written in any Language whatſoever, nor any other Superſtitious Books printed or written in the *Britiſh* Tongue, upon Forfeiture of 40*s.* for every ſuch Book, $\frac{1}{3}$ to the King, $\frac{1}{3}$ to him that will ſue, and $\frac{1}{3}$ to the Poor of the Pariſh where ſuch Book or Books ſhall be found, to be recovered by Action, Debt, *&c.* in any Court of Record, and the Books to be burned, 3 *Jac.* 1. *cap.* 5. §. 25.

Popiſh Primers, &c. prohibited to be imported.

Penalty.

Books to be burned.

No Perſon ſhall ſell any *Britiſh* Horns unwrought to any Srranger, nor ſend any *Britiſh* Horns unwrought Overſea, upon Pain of Forfeiture and double the Value, $\frac{1}{2}$ to the King, $\frac{1}{2}$ to the Informer, 7 *Jac.* 1. *cap.* 14.

Unwrought Horns prohibited to be exported.

Whereas the Offences againſt divers and ſundry Penal Laws and Statutes of this Realm may better and with more Eaſe, and leſs Charge to the Subject, be commenced, ſued, informed againſt, proſecuted and tried in the Counties where ſuch Offences ſhall be committed: And whereas the poor Commons of this Realm are grievouſly charged, troubled, vexed, moleſted and diſturbed by divers Troubleſome Perſons, commonly called Relators, Informers and Promoters, by proſecuting and inforcing them to appear in his Majeſty's Courts at *Weſtminſter*, and to anſwer Offences ſuppoſed by them to be committed againſt the ſaid Penal Laws and Statutes, or elſe to compound with them for the ſame: For Remedy whereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority of this preſent Parliament, That all Offences hereafter to be committed againſt any Penal Statute, for which any Common Informer or Promoter may lawfully ground any Popular Action, Bill, Plaint, Suit or Information before Juſtices of Aſſiſe, Juſtices of *Niſi prius* or Goal-delivery, Juſtices of *Oyer* and *Terminer*, or Juſtices of Peace in their General or Quarter Seſſions, ſhall after the End of this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, be commenced, ſued, proſecuted, tried, recovered and determined, by way of Action, Plaint, Bill, Information or Indictment before the Juſtices of Aſſiſe, Juſtices of *Niſi prius*, Juſtices of *Oyer* and *Terminer*, and Juſtices of Goal-delivery, or before the Juſtices of Peace of every County, City, Borough or Town-corporate, and Liberty, having Power to enquire of, hear and determine the ſame within this Realm, of *Great Britain*, wherein ſuch Offences ſhall be committed in any of the Courts, Places of Judicature, or Liberties aforeſaid, reſpectively, only at the Choice of the Parties which ſhall or will commence Suit, or proſecute for the ſame, and not elſewhere, ſave only in the ſaid Counties, or Places uſual for thoſe Counties, or any of them: And that the like Proceſs in every Popular Action, Bill, Plaint, Information or Suit to be commenced, or ſued, or proſecuted after the End of this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, by Force of, or according to the Purport of this Act, be had and awarded, to all intents and purpoſes, as in an Action of Treſpaſs, *Vi & Armis*, at the Common Law; and that all, and all manner of Informations, Actions, Bills, Plaints and Suits whatſoever hereafter to be commenced, ſued, proſecuted or awarded, either by the Attorney General of his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors for the time being, or by any Officer or Officers whatſoever for the time being, or by any Common Informer, or other Perſon whatſoever, in any of his Majeſty's Courts at *Weſtminſter*, for, or concerning any the Offences, Penalties or Forfeitures aforeſaid, ſhall be void and of none effect; Any Law, Cuſtom or Uſage to the contrary thereof notwithſtanding.

Informations upon Penal Statutes ſhall be proſecuted in the Counties where the Offences were committed.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in all Informations to be exhibited, and in all Bills, Counts, Plaints and Declarations, in any Action or Suit to be commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons, either by, or on the Behalf of the King, or any other, for or concerning any Offence committed, or to be committed againſt any Penal Statute, the

Upon Default of proving that the Offence was committed in the ſame County,

Offence ſhall be laid and alledged to have been committed in the ſaid County where ſuch Offence was in truth committed, and not elſewhere: And if the Defendant to any ſuch Information, Action or Suit, pleadeth that he oweth nothing, or that he is not guilty, and the Plaintiff or Informer in ſuch Information, Action or Suit, upon Evidence to the Jury that ſhall try ſuch Iſſue, ſhall not both prove the Offence laid in the ſaid Information, Action or Suit, and that the ſame Offence was committed in that County, then the Defendant and Defendants ſhall be found not guilty.

The Deſcendant ſhall be found not guilty.

The Informer ſhall make Oath that the Offence was committed in the ſame County where the Suit is commenced.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Officer or Miniſter in any Court of Record, ſhall receive, file or enter of Record any Information, Bill or Plaint, Count or Declaration, grounded upon the ſaid Penal Statutes, or any of them, which before by this Act are appointed to be heard and determined in their Proper Counties, until the Informer or Relator hath firſt taken a Corporal Oath before ſome of the Judges of that Court, that the Offence or Offences laid in ſuch Information, Action, Suit or Plaint, was, or were not committed in any other County than where by the ſaid Information, Bill, Plaint, Count or Declaration, the ſame is, or are ſuppoſed to have been committed, and that he believeth in his Conſcience, the Offence was committed within a Year before the Information or Suit, within the ſame County where the ſaid Information or Suit was commenced; the ſame Oath to be there entred of Record.

The Defendant in an Information upon a Penal Statute, may plead the General Iſſue.

And be it alſo Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Information, Suit or Action ſhall be brought, or exhibited againſt any Perſon or Perſons, for any Offence committed or to be committed againſt the Form of any Penal Law, either by, or on the Behalf of the King, or by any other, or on the Behalf of the King, and any other, it ſhall be lawful for ſuch Defendants to plead the General Iſſue, that they are not guilty, or that they owe nothing, and to give ſuch Special Matter in Evidence to the Jury that ſhall try the ſame; which Matter being pleaded, had been good and ſufficient Matter in Law to have diſcharged the ſaid Defendant or Defendants againſt the Information, Suit or Action, and the ſaid Matters ſhall be then as available to him or them, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if he or they had ſufficiently pleaded, ſet forth, or alledged the ſame Matter in Bar, or Diſcharge of ſuch Information, Suit or Action.

Certain Offences excepted.

Provided always, That this Act, or any Clauſe contained therein, ſhall not extend to any Information, Suit or Action grounded upon any Law or Statute made againſt Popiſh Recuſants, or for, or concerning Popiſh Recuſancy, or againſt thoſe that ſhall not frequent the Church, and hear Divine Service, nor to any Information, Suit, or Action, for Maintenance, Champerty, or buying of Titles, nor to any Suit or Information grounded upon the Statute made in the Firſt Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord the King, of a Subſidy granted to the King, of Tunnage, Poundage, Wooll, *&c.* Nor for or concerning the Concealing or Defrauding the King, his Heirs or Succeſſors, of any Cuſtom, Tunnage, Poundage, Subſidy, Impoſt or Priſage, or for tranſporting of Gold, Silver, Ordnance, Powder, Shot, Munition of all ſorts, Wooll, Wooll-Fells or Leather, but that ſuch Offence may be laid or alledged to be in any County, at the Pleaſure of any Informer; Any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithſtanding, 21 *Jac.* 1. *cap.* 4. §. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. 1 Jac. *cap.* 33

Divers Statutes continued.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Paſſing of this preſent Act, or any other Act or Acts, or his Majeſty's Royal Aſſent to them or any of them in this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall not be any Determination of the ſaid Seſſion; and that all Statutes and Acts of Parliament which have their Continuance, or were by an Act of Parliament made in the Third Year of the Reign of his Majeſty that now is, Intituled, *An Act for the Continuance and Repeal of divers Statutes continued until the End of the Firſt Seſſion of the then next Parliament*, ſhall by virtue of this Act be adjudged ever ſince the Seſſion of Parliament in the ſaid Third Year, to have been of ſuch Force and Effect, as the ſame were the Laſt Day of that Seſſion, and from thenceforth until ſome other Act of Parliament be made touching the Continuance or Diſcontinuance of the ſaid Statutes and Acts in the ſaid Act of the Third Year of his Majeſty's Reign continued, as aforeſaid, 16 *Car.* 1. *cap.* 4. §. 2. 3 Car. 1. *cap.* 1

Several ACTS, and Parts of ACTS, relating to the DUTIES upon SALT, which are omitted in their Proper Places, *Viz.*

Anno 12 *CAROLI* II. Regis.

CAP. XXIV.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for taking away the Court of Wards and Liveries, and Tenures in* Capite, *and by Knights-Service, and Purveyance, and for ſettling a Revenue upon his Majeſty in lieu thereof.*

XLV. AND be it further Enacted and Ordained by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Forfeitures and Offences made, done and committed againſt this Act, or any Clauſe or Article therein contained, ſhall be heard, adjudged and determined by ſuch Perſon or Perſons, and in ſuch Manner and Form as hereafter in and by this Act is directed and appointed; that is to ſay, all ſuch Forfeitures and Offences made and committed within the immediate Limits of the Chief Office in *London*, ſhall be heard, adjudged and determined by the ſaid Chief Commiſſioners and Governors of Exciſe (appointed by his Majeſty,) or the major Part of them, or by the Commiſſioners for Appeals, and regulating of this Duty, or the major Part of them, in caſe of Appeal, and not otherwiſe: And all ſuch Forfeitures and Offences made and committed within all or any other the Counties, Cities, Towns or Places, within this Kingdom, or Dominions thereof, ſhall be heard and determined by any Two or more of the Juſtices of the Peace reſiding near to the Place where ſuch Forfeitures ſhall be made, or Offence committed: And in caſe of neglect or refuſal of ſuch Juſtices of the Peace, by the Space of Fourteen Days next after Complaint made, and Notice thereof given to the Offender, then the Sub-Commiſſioners, or the major Part of them appointed for any ſuch City, County, Town or Place, ſhall, and are hereby Impowered to hear and determine the ſame; and if the Party find himſelf agrieved by the Judgment given by the ſaid Sub-Commiſſioners, he ſhall and may appeal to the Juſtices of the Peace at the next Quarter-Seſſions, who are hereby Impowered and Authorized to hear and determine the ſame, whoſe Judgment therein ſhall be final; which ſaid Commiſſioners for Appeals, and Regulating of this Duty, and the Chief Commiſſioners for Exciſe, and all Juſtices of Peace, and Sub-Commiſſioners aforeſaid reſpectively, are hereby authorized and ſtrictly enjoyned and required upon any Complaint or Information exhibited and brought of any ſuch Forfeiture made or Offence committed contrary to this Act, to ſummon the Party accuſed, and upon his appearance or contempt to proceed to the Examination of the Matter of Fact, and upon due proof made thereof, either by the voluntary Confeſſion of the Party, or by the Oath of One or more credible Witneſſes (which Oath they or any Two or more of them have hereby Power to adminiſter) to give Judgment or Sentence, according as in and by this Act is before ordained and directed; and to award and iſſue out Warrants under their Hands, for the Levying of ſuch Forfeitures, Penalties and Fines as by this Act is impoſed for any ſuch Offence committed, upon the Goods and Chattels of the Offender, and to cauſe Sale to be made of the ſaid Goods and Chattels, if they ſhall not be redeemed within Fourteen Days, rendring to the Party the Overplus, if any be, and for want of ſufficient Diſtreſs, to Impriſon the Party offending till Satisfaction be made.

Forfeitures and Offences within this Act, how to be determined.

In London.

In the other Counties, Cities, &c.

Forfeitures how to be levied.

XLVI. Provided nevertheleſs, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid reſpective Juſtices of Peace, Commiſſioners for Exciſe, or any Two of them, or their Sub-Commiſſioners reſpectively, from time to time,

time, where they ſhall ſee cauſe, to mitigate, compound or leſſen ſuch Forfeiture, Penalty or Fine, as in their Diſcretion they ſhall think fit; And that every ſuch Mitigation and Payment thereupon accordingly made, ſhall be a ſufficient diſcharge of the ſaid Penalties and Forfeitures to the Perſons ſo offending, ſo as by ſuch Mitigation the ſame be not made leſs than double the Value of the Duty of Exciſe, which ſhould or ought to have been paid, beſides the reaſonable Coſts and Charges of ſuch Officer or Officers, or others as were imployed therein, to be to them allowed by the ſaid Juſtices; Any thing in this Act to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding: And it is hereby further Enacted and Ordained, That all Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties mentioned in this Act, all neceſſary Charges for the Recovery thereof being firſt deducted, ſhall be imployed, Three fourth Parts thereof to and for the Uſe of the King's Majeſty, and the other Fourth Part to the Diſcoverer or Informer of the ſame. And for the better Managing, Collecting, Securing, Levying and Recovering of all and every the ſaid Rates and Charges of Exciſe hereby impoſed, and ſet upon all or any of the Commodities before mentioned, to the End the ſame may be paid and diſpoſed of according to the Intent of this preſent Act, Be it further Enacted and Ordained by the Authority aforeſaid, and it is hereby Enacted, That One principal Head-Office ſhall be erected and continued in the City of *London*, or within Ten Miles thereof, from time to time, as long as his Majeſty ſhall think fit, for this Duty, unto which all other Offices for the ſame within *England* and *Wales*, and the Town and Port of *Berwick*, ſhall be ſubordinate and accomptable; Which ſaid Office ſhall be managed by ſuch Officers as ſhall be appointed by the King's Majeſty, as aforeſaid, who, or any Two of them, are hereby appointed and conſtituted Commiſſioners and Governors for the Management of his Majeſty's Receipt of the Exciſe, and to ſit in ſome convenient Place in the City of *London*, or within Ten Miles thereof, from time to time, as long as his Majeſty ſhall think fit, for the Ends aforeſaid.

Power to mitigate the Forfeitures.

How the Fines and Forfeitures ſhall be imployed.

One pricipal Office of Exciſe erected in London.

XLIX. Provided always, and be it Enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall at any Time be ſued or proſecuted for any Thing by him or them done or executed in Purſuance of this Act, he or they ſhall and may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act in Evidence for his Defence; and if upon the Trial a Verdict ſhall paſs for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs be Nonſuit, then ſuch Defendant or Defendants ſhall have double Coſts to him or them awarded againſt ſuch Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

The General Iſſue pleadable in any Action upon this Statute.

L. Provided alſo, And be it Enacted, That no Writ or Writs of *Certiorari* ſhall ſuperſede Execution, or other Proceedings upon any Order or Orders made by the Juſtices aforeſaid in Purſuance of this Act, but that Execution and other Proceedings ſhall and may be had and made thereupon, any ſuch Writ or Writs, or Allowance thereof notwithſtanding.

Writs of Certiorari *no ſuperſedeas.*

Anno 1 *Gulielmi & Mariæ* Regis & Reginæ.

CAP. XXIV.

A Clauſe in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for an Additional Duty of Exciſe upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors.*

XVI. PRovided alſo, That no Information ſhall be brought, laid or proſecuted againſt any Common Brewer or Brewers or Alehouſe-keeper, for any Falſe or Miſentry, or Offence made or committed from and after the Four and twentieth Day of *July*, One thouſand ſix hundred eighty and nine, unleſs the ſame Information or Informations be laid and entred before ſuch Perſons appointed to determine the ſame, within Three Months next after every ſuch Offence committed; and that Notice thereof be given to ſuch Perſon or Perſons (againſt whom ſuch Information ſhall be laid) in Writing, or left at their Dwelling Houſes, within one Week after the laying and entring ſuch Information, to the End a timely Proviſion may be had and made in Defending the ſame; Any thing in this Act, or other Law to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Information of Brewer, &c. to be within Three Months after Offence, and Notice within a Week after Information.

Anno

Anno 5 & 6 *Gulielmi* & *Mariæ* Regis & Reginæ.

CAP. VII.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for granting to their Majeſties certain Rates and Duties upon Salt, and upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors; for ſecuring certain Recompences and Advantages in the ſaid Act mentioned, to ſuch Perſons as ſhall voluntarily advance the Sum of Ten hundred thouſand Pounds towards carrying on the War againſt* France.

Preamble.

WE your Majeſties moſt loyal and dutiful Subjects, the Commons in Parliament aſſembled, being ſenſible of the great and neceſſary Expence in which your Majeſties are engaged for carrying on the preſent War againſt the *French* King, and being deſirous to ſupply the ſame in ſuch Manner as may be leaſt Grievous to your Majeſties Subjects: Therefore for the Incouragement of ſuch Perſons who ſhall voluntarily contribute to the advancing and paying into your Majeſties Exchequer, towards carrying on the ſaid War, any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding the Sum of Ten hundred thouſand Pounds, upon the reſpective Terms and Recompences hereafter mentioned, we your Majeſties ſaid loyal and dutiful Subjects, the Commons in Parliament aſſembled, have given and granted, and do hereby give and grant unto your Majeſties, the ſeveral Rates and Duties herein after mentioned, for and during the ſeveral Terms herein after expreſſed; And do beſeech your Majeſties that it may be enacted.

Rates upon Salt for Three Years.

II. And be it Enacted by the King and Queens moſt excellent Majeſties, by the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in Parliament aſſembled, and by Authority of the ſame, That from and after the Five and twentieth Day of *March*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety four, there ſhall be throughout the Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, and Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, raiſed, levied, collected and paid unto their Majeſties, their Heirs and Succeſſors, until the Seventeenth Day of *May*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety ſeven, and no longer, for Salt, the Rates and Duties following; (That is to ſay)

Foreign Salt to pay 3 d. per Gallon.

III. For every Gallon of Salt not being of the Product or Manufacture of the Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales* or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, imported or to be imported from and after the ſaid Five and twentieth Day of *March*, into the ſaid Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, and Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, the Sum of Three Pence of lawful Money of *England*, to be paid by the Importer thereof, over and above the preſent Duties now payable for Salt imported, and after that Rate for a greater or leſſer Quantity. And for every Gallon of Salt and Rock-Salt, made at the Salt-Works, or taken out of any Pits within the ſaid Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales* or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, the Sum of One Peny Half-peny, and after that Rate for a greater or leſſer Quantity.

Home Salt, One Peny Half-peny per Gallon.

Duty upon Foreign Salt when to be paid.

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Duty hereby ſet on all Foreign and imported Salt ſhall be, from time to time, ſatisfied and paid by the Merchant or Merchants, Importer or Importers of the ſame in Ready Money, upon his or their Entry or Entries made, and before the Landing thereof, and that in caſe any Foreign or imported Salt ſhall be landed or put on Shore out of any Ship or Veſſel from beyond the Seas, before due Entry be made thereof with the Collector or Officer appointed or to be appointed for the ſaid Duty on Salt, in the Port or Place where the ſame ſhall be imported, or before the Duty hereby impoſed be fully ſatisfied and paid, or without a Warrant for the Landing or Delivering of ſuch imported Salt firſt ſigned by the Hand of the ſaid Collector, or Officer for the ſaid Duty on Salt in the ſaid Port and Place reſpectively, That all ſuch imported Salt, as ſhall be landed, put on ſhore, or delivered contrary to the true Intent and Meaning hereof, or the Value thereof, ſhall be forfeited and loſt, and ſhall be recovered of the Importer or Proprietor thereof in manner as is herein after provided: Nevertheleſs, That all and every Perſon Importing any Salt into this Kingdom, for which the aforeſaid Duty is payable by this Act, ſhall have Six Months time for the Pay-

Payment thereof from the Time of the Importation, giving Security to the Perſon appointed to collect the ſame; and in caſe ſuch Importer ſhall pay Ready Money, he ſhall have after the Rate of Ten *per Centum per Annum* out of the ſaid Duty abated him.

Diſcount.

Managers of his Duty.

V. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Duties on Salt ſhall, from time to time, be within the Receipt, Management and Government of the Chief Commiſſioners and Governors of the Receipt of Exeiſe for the time being, and that all Collectors and other Officers neceſſary for the aſcertaining, collecting or receiving of the ſaid Duty upon Salt, ſhall be conſtituted and appointed under the Hands and Seals of the ſaid Commiſſioners and Governors of the Receipt of Exciſe for the time being, or the major Part of them, and that all Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act impoſed, ſhall be ſued for, recovered, levied and received or mitigated by the ſame Means, Rules, Ways and Methods, as any Penalty or Forfeiture is to be ſued for or recoverable, or is mentioned, expreſſed or directed to be recovered in and by one Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of the late King *Charles* the Second, Intituled, *An Act for Taking away the Court of Wards and Liveries, and Tenures in* Capite, *and by Knights Service and Purveyance, and Settling a Revenue on his Majeſty in lieu thereof*, or by any other Law or Statute now in Force relating to the Revenue of Exciſe; and that as fully and amply to all Intents, as if the ſeveral Clauſes in the ſaid Acts, or any of them contained, were herein Re-enacted or Repeated.

Penalties and Forfeitures how to be recovered or mitigated.

12 Car. 2. *cap.* 24

Proprietors of Salt and Rock-Salt to make Entries of the Quantities.

VI. And be it Enacted, That all Makers and Proprietors of Salt, and Rock-Salt within the Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, and Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed* ſhall, from time to time, make true Entries with the ſaid Officers ſo to be appointed, as aforeſaid, ſome or one of them, of the Quantities of Salt ſo by them made, or taken out of any Pit or Pits, and delivered or imported, as aforeſaid, and ſhall likewiſe have a Warrant or Ticket under the Hand and Seal of ſome one of the ſaid Officers, Impowering ſuch Maker or Proprietor of Salt, to carry away the ſame, before ſuch Time as the ſaid Salt made or taken out of any Pit or Pits, within any the Places aforeſaid, or any Part thereof, ſhall be removed or carried from the reſpective Salt-works or Pits, under the ſeveral Penalties and Forfeitures herein after mentioned, which ſaid Warrant the ſaid Officers are hereby required to give *gratis* unto the ſaid Makers or Proprietors of ſuch Salt, upon Payment, or giving Security for the Payment of the Duties hereby granted, within Six Months after ſuch Entry made; which Security the ſaid Commiſſioners and Officers are hereby authorized and required to accept upon ſuch Entry, as aforeſaid. Provided always, That if any Perſon or Perſons, at the time of the Entry and Delivery of his or their Salt, ſhall pay down the Duty hereby impoſed, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall be allowed at the Rate of Ten Pounds *per Cent. per Annum* for the ſame.

Officers Warrant to remove.

Diſcount if pay down the Duty.

Penalty for conveying without Warrant.

VII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Officers ſo appointed, to ſeize all ſuch Salt which ſhall, from and after the ſaid Five and twentieth Day of *March*, be conveying, or conveyed by Day or by Night, either by Land or by Water, before due Entry be made of ſuch Salt, without Warrant, Ticket or Licence obtained from the Commiſſiorers of the Duties granted by this Act, their Collectors or Officers, or ſome or one of them, as aforeſaid, for the Conveying or Carrying the ſaid Salt: And the Salt that ſhall be ſo ſeized, ſhall be brought to the Office appointed for theſe Duties, next adjoyning to the Place where ſuch Salt ſhall be ſo ſeized, there to be detained and kept; And in caſe the Salt ſo ſeized ſhall not be claimed by the true and lawful Owner thereof, or by one deputed under his or their Hand, within Ten Days after Seizure, the ſaid Salt ſhall be abſolutely forfeited to their Majeſties, and ſhall be ſold the next General Day of Sale to be appointed by the Commiſſioners, or their Officers reſpectively, after the ſaid Days are expired, the One Moiety or Half Part of the Proceed thereof (all neceſſary Charges being firſt deducted out of the whole) to be paid to the Uſe of their Majeſties, and the other Moiety or Half Part to be paid to the Party or Parties who ſeized the ſame; And in caſe ſuch Salt ſo ſeized ſhall be claimed within Ten Days, by the true and lawful Owner thereof, or by one deputed thereunto under his Hand; and if the ſaid Owner or Claimer ſhall nevertheleſs neglect, or refuſe to make it appear before the next Juſtice of Peace of the County where ſuch Seizure ſhall be made, by the Oath of One

or more Credible Witneſſes, (which Oath the ſaid Juſtice is hereby Impowered to adminiſter) that the ſaid Salt ſo ſeized was, or had been duly Entred, and a Warrant, Ticket, or Licence obtained, for the Carrying and Conveying the ſame, as aforeſaid, That then the ſaid Salt ſhall likewiſe be forfeited to their Majeſties, to be ſold and diſpoſed of, as aforeſaid; and every Perſon who ſhall carry or convey, or cauſe any Salt to be carried and conveyed before due Entry made, and Warrant or Licence obtained, as aforeſaid, ſhall likewiſe forfeit to their Majeſties double the Value of ſuch Salt ſo carried or conveyed. *Penalty.*

VIII. And be it further Enacted, That no Retailer nor Shopkeeper ſhall be permitted to Ship any Salt to be ſent to any Port within this Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, and Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, before he hath made it appear by Oath, or otherwiſe, before the Commiſſioners for Collecting of the ſaid Duties granted by this Act, or their Officers, or ſome or one of them, that the Duty of ſuch Salt is paid, or ſecured to be paid, or that it was bought of ſome other Retailer or Shopkeeper that hath paid the Duty. *Retailer not to convey Salt from one Port to another, till the Duty be paid or ſecured.*

IX. And be it further Enacted, That all and every Maſter and Commander of any Ship or Veſſel whatſoever, that from and after the ſaid Five and twentieth Day of *March*, ſhall Tranſport or Carry any Salt, or Rock-Salt, from one Port to another, within this Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, and Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, ſhall, (before he or they have any Warrant for the Landing or Delivering of ſuch Salt (by him tranſported and carried) on Shore in any Port) deliver to the Officers for Collecting the ſaid Duties granted by this Act, in the ſaid Port, appointed to receive the ſame, a true Particular of the Quantity ſo tranſported and carried, as aforeſaid, Signed by the Officers for Collecting the ſaid Duties granted by this Act, and by the Officers of the Cuſtoms of the Port from whence the ſaid Ship or Veſſel came; and that then the Maſter or his Mate, or the Boatſwain of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſhall make Oath before the Commiſſioners for Collecting the ſaid Duties granted by this Act, or their Officers, ſome, or one of them, That to his knowledge there hath not been laid on Board, or taken into the ſaid Ship or Veſſel, any Salt, ſince he or they came from ſuch Port, as aforeſaid; And in caſe ſuch Ship or Veſſel be to deliver one Part of her Salt at one Port, and another Part at another Port or Ports, That then the Officers for Collecting the ſaid Duties, and Officers of the Cuſtoms, when ſuch Part of the ſaid Salt ſhall be delive ed, ſhall certifie on the backſide of the Cocket, *Tranſire*, or other Warrant, or elſe by Certificate alone, under the Hands and Seals of the Officers, how much, and what Quantity of the Salt mentioned in the Cocket, Tranſire, or other Warrant, from the Port from whence ſuch Ship or Veſſel came, hath been there landed and delivered, upon the Penalty of forfeiting double the Value of the Salt that ſhall be otherwiſe delivered. And be it further Enacted, That no Fee or Reward be had or taken, for making, iſſuing or granting any of the Tickets, Warrants or Licences herein before mentioned, but that the ſame be made, iſſued and granted *gratis*. *How Maſters of Veſſel, muſt act, carrying Salt from one Port to another.* *Penalty.* *Ticket, &c. to be granted gratis.*

X. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for all ſuch Fiſh, hereafter mentioned, as ſhall be exported, during the Continuance of the Duty upon Salt by this Act impoſed, from any Port or Place in this Kingdom, Dominion of *Wales* or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, into Parts beyond the Seas, by any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, the Rates or Sums of Money hereafter expreſſed (That is to ſay,) For every Cask or Veſſel of Pilchards or Scads, containing Fifty Gallons, Twelve Shillings, and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity: For every Barrel of White Herring, Two Shillings and Six Pence: For every Barrel of Red Herrings, Two Shillings: For every Barrel of Salmon, Five Shillings: For every Hundred of Cod-Fiſh, Ling, Conger or Hake, Fifteen Shillings, and ſo proportionably for a greater or ſmaller Number or Quantity, ſhall be paid by the Officer appointed to collect the Duties upon Salt, payable by this Act, in the ſame Port from whence any ſuch Fiſh ſhall be exported, within Thirty Days after Demand thereof, on a Debenture, to be prepared by the Collector of the Cuſtoms in the Port where ſuch Fiſh ſhall be Entred out for Exportation, and verified by the Perſon executing the Office of Searcher in ſuch Port, as to the Quan- *Bounty to Exporter of certain Fiſh,* *On a Debenture prepared by the Collector of the Cuſtoms, and certified by the Searcher.*

And Oath made by the Exporter or Agent, that the Fiſh was Engliſh *taken and really exported.*

Quantity of Fiſh actually Shipped; and that the Oath of the Exporter or Agent be firſt taken before the Principal Officers of the ſaid Port, before the Debenture be allowed, who are hereby required and impowered to give the ſaid Oath, That the Fiſh, in ſuch Debenture mentioned, were *Engliſh* taken, and really Exported to Parts beyond the Seas, and not intended to be relanded in *England*, *Wales* or *Berwick*; for which Debenture, no Fee or Reward ſhall be taken. And in caſe the Officer hereby directed to pay ſuch Debenture, ſhall not have ſufficient Money in his Hands to pay the ſame, then upon Certificate thereof by him made (which Certificate he is hereby required to give the Party *gratis*) the Principal Commiſſioners for Managing their Majeſties Revenue of Exciſe for the time being, ſhall be chargeable with the ſaid Payment, to be made in courſe out of the Firſt Money in their Hands ariſing out of the ſaid Duties upon Salt; And any Officer neglecting or refuſing to pay the ſaid Money, or to give ſuch Certificate, as is here directed, ſhall forfeit double the Sum ſo to be paid to the Party grieved, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, wherein no Eſſoin, Protection or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed.

If the Officer has not Money, Debenture to be paid by the Commiſſioners on a Certificate.

Penalty.

Duty repaid upon Exportation of Salt.

XI. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall export beyond the Seas any Salt, as well Foreign as *Engliſh*, or any Rock Salt, the Officer of the Place where the ſaid Salt was made, taken out of Pits, or imported, and the Duty thereof paid or ſecured to be paid, ſhall upon demand deliver *gratis* a Certificate under his Hand and Seal, That the Duty impoſed by this Act, on ſuch Salt, hath been duly paid or ſecured to be paid, and then the Officer of the Place where the Salt is exported upon producing the ſaid Certificate, and Oath made of Shipping off the ſaid Salt, and of its not being relanded in *England* or *Wales*, ſhall give a Debenture under his Hand for Repayment of the ſaid Duty, which being produced to the Officer of the Place where the Duty on the ſaid Salt ſhall have been paid, or ſecured to be paid, ſuch Security ſhall be diſcharged; And all and every Sum and Sums of Money paid for the Duty of the ſaid Salt, ſhall be repaid upon demand by the ſaid Officer without Fee or Reward.

Juſtices ſhall ſet the Rate of Salt.

XII. And be it further Enacted, That the Juſtices of the Peace not concerned in making or ſelling Salt, in every County, Riding or Diviſion of *England*, ſhall and are hereby Authorized and Impowered at every *Eaſter* and *Michaelmas* Quarter Seſſions, to ſet the Prices of all Salt and Rock-Salt, to be ſold by the Maker or Firſt Seller thereof in the ſaid County for the Half Year next enſuing, and that no Perſon or Perſons that ſhall be the Maker or Firſt Seller of any Salt, ſhall ſell the ſame for more than the Prices ſo ſet by the ſaid Juſtices, as aforeſaid, over and above the Duty payable by virtue of this Act, upon Pain of forfeiting for every ſuch Offence Five Pounds, and double the Value of the Salt ſo ſold, to be levied by diſtreſs and ſale of the Offenders Goods, the One Moiety thereof to be paid to their Majeſties, their Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety thereof to the Informer.

Penalty for ſelling above the Rate.

Salt imported deemed Foreign Salt, unleſs of Engliſh *Product.*

XIII. And be it Enacted and Declared, That all Salt imported or brought by Sea or Land into the Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales* or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, and not of the Product of any of the ſaid Places, ſhall be adjudged and deemed to be Foreign Salt imported, and ſhall be charged as ſuch with the Duty of Three Pence *per* Gallon by this Act granted, and that all *Scotch* Salt brought into *England* by Land, ſhall be entred at *Carliſle* or *Berwick*, with the Officer or Officers for that purpoſe there to be appointed, under the Penalty of the Forfeiture of double the Value of ſuch Salt ſo brought in.

Oaths taken by the Commiſſioners.

XIV. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon or Perſons ſhall be capable of acting as Chief Commiſſioner for Collecting the ſaid Duties granted by this Act, until he or they ſhall, before One of the Barons of the Exchequer, take the Oaths appointed by an Act of Parliament made in the Firſt Year of their Majeſties Reign, Intituled, *An Act for the Abrogating the Oaths of Supremacy and Allegiance*, and appointing other Oaths, and the Oath following; 1 W. & M. cap. 8. Seſſ. 1.

YOU ſhall ſwear to execute your Office truly and faithfully without Favour or Affection, and ſhall, from time to time, true Accompt make and deliver to ſuch Perſon and Perſons as their Majeſties ſhall appoint to receive the ſame,

ſame, and ſhall take no Fee or Reward for the Execution of the ſaid Office from any other Perſon than from their Majeſties, or thoſe whom their Majeſties ſhall appoint on that Behalf;

So help you God, *&c.*

XV. And be it likewiſe Enacted, That no Perſon or Perſons ſhall be capable of intermeddling with any Office or Imployment relating to the ſaid Duties granted by this Act, other than that of Chief Commiſſioner, until he or they ſhall (before two or more of the Chief Commiſſioners for Collecting the Duties granted by this Act, or before two or more of the Juſtices of the Peace of the County or Place where they ſhall be appointed Officers for Execution of this Act) take the aforeſaid Oaths appointed by the ſaid Act, and the ſaid other laſt mentioned Oath *mutatis mutandis*; And the ſaid Barons of the Exchequer, and Chief Commiſſioners for Collecting the ſaid Duties granted by this Act, the ſaid Juſtices are hereby Impowered, and Required to adminiſter the ſaid Oaths. *Perſons not to act 'till they ſhall have taken the Oaths.*

XVI. Provided always, and be it Enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons, ſhall at any Time be ſued or proſecuted for any Thing by him or them done, or executed in purſuance of this Act, he or they ſhall or may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act in Evidence for his Defence; and if upon a Trial a verdict ſhall paſs for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs be Nonſuit, diſcontinue or forbear proſecuting the ſaid Actions, then ſuch Defendant or Defendants, ſhall have double Coſts, to him or them awarded againſt ſuch Plaintiff or Plaintiffs; for which Coſts he ſhall have ſuch Remedy as in other Caſes where Coſts are by Law given to Defendants. *General Iſſue.*

XVII. Provided alſo, and be it Enacted, That no Writ or Writs of *Certiorari* ſhall ſuperſede Execution or other Proceedings upon any Order or Orders made by the ſaid Chief Commiſſioners or Juſtices of Peace, in purſuance of this Act; but that Execution and other Proceedings ſhall and may be had and made thereupon; Any ſuch Writ or Writs, or Allowance thereof notwithſtanding. *No Certiorari upon Orders made by the Commiſſioners or Juſtices.*

XVIII. Provided always, and be it further Enacted, For the Aſcertaining of all Meaſures where the ſaid Duties are to be paid, That all Salt be meaſured by a Buſhel of Eight Gallons *Wincheſter* Meaſure, and by fit Meaſurers living upon the Place where the Salt is made, to be ſworn and admitted by ſome Juſtice of Peace near adjoyning, without Charge or Fee, upon Forfeiture of double the Value of the Salt that ſhall not be ſo meaſured. *Salt to be meaſured by the Wincheſter Buſhel.* *Penalty.*

XIX. And be it Enacted, That no Salt ſhall be delivered from any Salt-Works or Pits, without Notice firſt given to the Officer appointed for that purpoſe, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the Salt ſo delivered; and upon Pain of Twenty Pounds to be forfeited by the Owner or Owners of the Salt-Works or Pits where ſuch Salt ſhall be ſo delivered; the Moiety of which Forfeitures to be to the Uſe of the Proſecutor, and the other Moiety to the Uſe of their Majeſties. *Penalty for Removing Salt from the Pits without Notice.*

XX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that if any of the Salt for which the Duty ſhall have been repaid and diſcharged upon the Exportation thereof, as is herein before directed, ſhall (by fraud or otherwiſe) be landed in *England*, Dominion of *Wales* or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, before the Duty be again paid, and ſuch Entry, and all other Things performed, as are herein before required, in caſe where any Foreign Salt is imported, every Perſon ſo Offending ſhall forfeit double the Value of ſuch Salt ſo landed, and ſuch other Penalties and Forfeitures as are herein inflicted upon any Perſon who ſhall land any Foreign Salt, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act. *Penalty for Relanding Salt.*

XXI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Merchant or other Perſon, being a Subject of this Realm of *England*, ſhall, during the Continuance of this Act, Ship any Salt or Rock-Salt, that hath paid the Duty to their Majeſties by this Act impoſed, to convey it by Sea to any Part of *England*, and the Veſſel, on which ſuch Salt, as aforeſaid, is Shipt, ſhall either periſh at Sea, or be taken by Enemies with ſuch Salt on Board her, that in ſuch Caſe any Merchant or Perſon, Owner of the ſaid Salt, ſhall, upon Proof made before the Juſtices of the Peace at the Quarter Seſſions held for the County, Riding, Diviſion or Town wherein he doth inhabit, of the Loſs of ſuch Salt ſo *Salt or Rock-Salt loſt at Sea, Proof to be made at the Quarter Seſſions, and then the Perſons may buy the like Quantity without paying any Duty.*

ſhipt, receive from the ſaid Seſſions a Certificate that ſuch Proof was made before them, and, upon producing the ſaid Certificate to any of their Majeſties Officers appointed to collect the Duty by this Act impoſed, the ſaid Officer or Officers are hereby required to let ſuch Perſons buy the like Quantity of Salt, as is expreſſed in the Certificate to be loſt, without paying to their Majeſties any Duty or Exciſe for the ſame; Any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Owner not to pay Exciſe till the Rock-Salt be ſold and delivered.

XXII. Provided alſo, and be it Enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Owners and proprietors of any Salt-Rock or Rock-Salt, to remove and carry out of and from the Pits or Warehouſes adjoyning to or belonging to ſuch Pits, into his or their other Warehouſes, or other Places for Storing thereof, for Conveniency of Selling or Shipping off the ſame, any of the ſaid Salt-Rock or Rock Salt, after due Entry made thereof, and a Warrant or Ticket taken for the ſame, from the Officer next to ſuch Salt-Pits, which Warrant or Ticket the ſaid Officer is hereby Required, upon Demand, to give without Fee or Reward, as aforeſaid; And that the ſaid Owners or Proprietors ſhall not be obliged to pay or ſecure the Payment of the ſaid Duty, until ſuch Time as the ſaid Salt-Rock or Rock-Salt ſhall be ſold and delivered, as aforeſaid.

Contracts heretofore made how charged.

XXIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall be obliged by virtue of any Contract made, at any time before the Firſt Day of *December*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety three, to deliver any Salt or Rock-Salt, unleſs the Perſon who is to receive the ſame, ſhall before or at the Time for Delivery of the ſame, by ſuch Contract pay to the Seller thereof ſuch Sum or Sums, as he ſhall have paid or ſecured to pay for the Duty for the ſame by virtue of this Act.

Salt made in County of Cheſter *to be entred by weight,*

XXIV. And whereas Salt made at the preſent Salt-Works in the County Palatine of *Cheſter*, when taken from the Pans is put into Walms, Baskets or Veſſels, and muſt be carried by the Maker ſome Miles diſtant from the Works before he can deliver the ſame to the Merchant or firſt Buyer, ſo that to break and meaſure the Salt at the ſaid Salt-Works, would be great Loſs to the Makers thereof, Be it therefore Enacted, That all Salt made at the ſaid Salt-Works in the ſaid County, ſhall be entred by weight only, and that Fifty ſix Pounds weight thereof ſhall be deemed and taken to be a *Winchester* Buſhel of Eight Gallons *Winchester* Meaſure, and ſhall be entred, rated and taxed accordingly.

at 56 lb. to the Buſhel.

And Salt-Rock to be ſold by weight, at 120 lb. to the Buſhel.

XXV. And whereas Salt-Rock or Rock-Salt taken out of the Pits is in ſuch great Lumps that it cannot be meaſured without breaking the ſame to Powder, which would be great Loſs to the Proprietors thereof, Be it therefore Enacted, That all Salt-Rock or Rock Salt taken out of Pits, ſhall be entred by weight only, and that Sixſcore Pounds weight thereof ſhall be deemed and taken to be a *Winchester* Buſhel of Eight Gallons *Winchester* Meaſure, and ſhall be entred, rated and taxed accordingly.

Allowance to Refiner of Rock-Salt.

XXVI. And to the Intent that Salt made by melting and refining of Rock-Salt may not, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, be charged more than other *Engliſh* Salt, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that where any ſuch Rock-Salt ſhall be melted and refined, which had before paid the Duty impoſed by this Act, according to the Direction of the ſame, the Perſon who ſhall make ſuch Salt by Renning, ſhall receive an Allowance and Abatement of Duty on the Salt by him ſo made, after the Rate and Proportion of Twelve Pence for every Buſhel of ſuch Rock-Salt ſo melted and refined, which had paid the Duty, as aforeſaid, Oath being firſt made before ſome Juſtice of the Peace near adjoyning to ſuch Salt-Works of the Particular Quantities of the ſaid Rock-Salt ſo by him employed in making the ſaid Salt by refining; which Oath the ſaid Juſtice of the Peace is hereby Impowered to adminiſter, and upon due Proof by Oath or otherwiſe made of the Payment of the Duty impoſed by this Act.

Money to be kept apart.

XXIX. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Commiſſioners and Governors for Management and Receipt of the Exciſe, at the Head Office in *London* for the time being, ſhall ſeparate and keep apart all and every the Monies raiſed by the Rates and Duties of Exciſe and other Duties upon Salt hereby granted, as the ſame ſhall, from time to time, ariſe, or be paid into the ſaid Office of Exciſe by the Receivers or Collectors of the ſame, or by any other Perſon whatſoever: And the ſaid Commiſſioners and Governors of Exciſe for the time being, are hereby required, and ſtrictly enjoyned,

from time to time, to pay Weekly, (*videlicet*) on *Wedneſday* in every Week, if it be not a Holiday, and if it be, then the next Day after that is not a Holiday, all and every the Monies ariſing by the Rates and Duties of Exciſe, and other Duties hereby granted, into the Receipt of their Majeſties Exchequer, diſtinct, and apart from the other Monies, which the ſaid Commiſſioners and Governors of Exciſe ſhall receive for the Uſe of their Majeſties, their Heirs and Succeſſors: And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That there ſhall be provided and kept in their Majeſties Exchequer (That is to ſay,) in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipts, One Book, in which all the ſaid Weekly Monies, which ſhall be paid into the Exchequer, as aforeſaid, ſhall be entred apart and diſtinct from all other Monies paid or payable to their Majeſties, their Heirs and Succeſſors, upon any Account whatſoever.

To be paid in Weekly.

A ſeparate Account to be kept of the Payments.

XXX. And be it further Enacted, That if the ſaid Commiſſioners and Governors of Exciſe for the time being, ſhall refuſe or neglect to pay into the Exchequer all or any the ſaid Weekly Sums appointed to be paid, as aforeſaid, in ſuch Manner as they are before by this Act required to do, or ſhall divert or miſapply any of the ſame, then they for every ſuch Offence ſhall forfeit their Offices of Commiſſioners and Governors for the Management and Receipt of the Exciſe, and be incapable of any Office or Place of Truſt whatſoever, and ſhall be liable to pay the full Value of any Sum or Sums, ſo diverted or miſapplied, to any Perſon or Perſons, who will ſue for the ſame, by any Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of their Majeſties Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, Wager of Law, Priviledge of Parliament, or other Priviledge, or more than one Imparlance ſhall be granted or allowed.

Penalty upon the Commiſſioners neglecting to pay the Money Weekly.

Part of the XXXI. Provided always and be it Enacted, that it ſhall and may be lawful to and for their Majeſties, their Heirs and Succeſſors, out of the ſaid Duties ariſing upon Salt, to cauſe ſuch Sum and Sums of Money to be expended and paid, from time to time, for Salaries or other incident Charges, as ſhall be neceſſary in and for the Receiving, Collecting, Levying or Managing of the ſame Duties upon Salt, during the ſaid Term therein by this Act granted; Any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Salaries and incidents to be paid.

XXXII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Head Office of Exciſe which is now Eſtabliſhed within the City of *London*, ſhall be continued and be within the ſaid City, or Ten Miles thereof, and a ſufficient Number of Commiſſioners therein, from time to time, ſhall be continued or appointed by their Majeſties, their Heirs and Succeſſors, to govern and manage the Receipt of Exciſe, and to perform and execute the ſeveral Matters and Things hereby enjoyned to be done and executed by ſuch Commiſſioners, until the ſame ſhall be fully Performed and Complied with, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; And that in like Manner there ſhall be continued, and be within the ſaid City, or Ten Miles thereof, by the Appointment of their Majeſties, their Heirs and Succeſſors, a Comptroller of Exciſe, until ſuch Time as all Matters and Things, which by this Act ſuch Comptroller is enjoyned to do and perform ſhall be fully Performed and Accompliſhed; which ſaid Comptroller for the time being, is hereby alſo Required and Commanded to keep a perfect and diſtinct Account in Books fairly Written of all the Monies which ſhall ariſe by the ſaid Duties upon Salt, and the ſaid Duties of Exciſe by this Act granted, as the ſame reſpectively ſhall, from time to time, ariſe, come or be brought into the ſaid Office of Exciſe; To which Books all Perſons concerned ſhall have free Acceſs at all ſeaſonable Times, without Fee or Charge; and that the ſaid Commiſſioners and Comptroller ſhall execute their reſpective Offices, in the Performance of all Things enjoyned by this Act, without any other Salary, Fee or Reward than what they now have or enjoy.

Exciſe Office, &c. continued.

Accounts of Salt, and Exciſe to be kept apart.

LVII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſuch Receiver or Receivers General, or other Perſon or Perſons, who is, or ſhall be employed in the Receiving, Collecting or Paying the ſeveral Duties upon Salt by this Act granted, ſhall, and are hereby required, between the Five and twentieth Day of *March*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety five, and the Nine and twentieth Day of *September* following, and ſo from Year to Year Yearly, at thoſe Times, during the Continuance of this Act, to deliver in their reſpective Accounts thereof to their Majeſties Auditors of the Impreſt

Receivers to give an Annual Account to the Auditors of the Impreſt to be declared before the Treaſurer, &c.

Impreſt for the time being, or One of them, who ſhall, and are hereby, from time to time, reſpectively Authorized to examine upon Oath the ſaid Receiver or Receivers General, or other Perſon or Perſons, Accomptants, which are or ſhall be employed, in Raiſing, Receiving and Collecting the ſaid Duties, of what Sum or Sums of Money was, or were by them, or any of them reſpectively raiſed, collected or received within the Time of ſuch their Accompts, and likewiſe what Part thereof was by them, or any of them, paid into their Majeſties Receipt of Exchequer, or by virtue of any Warrant of Privy Seal, or Warrant of the Lord High Treaſurer, or Commiſſioners of their Majeſties Treaſury for the time being, otherwiſe paid, and to whom, and for what Service or Services; And in making the ſaid Accompts, to, and before the ſaid Auditors, or One of them, they are to produce Proper Vouchers for every Sum or Sums of Money ſo by them, or any of them raiſed, received and paid according to the Ancient Methods of the Exchequer. And to the End it may appear upon Record, what the ſame amounted to in the Year, for which ſuch Accompt or Accompts ſhall be made, and what thereof was paid, and to whom, and for what Uſe and Service, Uſes and Services, as aforeſaid, and what Remains unpaid, and reſts *inſuper* upon each reſpective Receiver and Collector, and ſuch Accompt or Accompts ſo to be taken by the ſaid Auditor, is, and are to be declared before the Lord Treaſurer, or Lords Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, and Chancellor of the Exchequer now, and for the time being, according to the Courſe of the Exchequer in ſuch Caſes.

Anno 7 & 8 *GULIELMI* III. Regis.

CAP. XXX.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Laying ſeveral Duties upon Low Wines or Spirits of the Firſt Extraction, and for Preventing the Frauds and Abuſes of Brewers, Diſtillers, and other Perſons chargeable with the Duties of Exciſe.*

Commiſſioners of Exciſe, &c. may ſummon Perſons before them for Offence committed.

XXIV. AND be it further Enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Commiſſioners of Exciſe, and Juſtices of the Peace reſpectively, upon any Information exhibited before them, for any Offence committed againſt the Laws of Exciſe, to ſumnon any Perſon or Perſons (other than the Party accuſed) to appear before them at a certain Day, Time and Place, to be inſerted in ſuch Summons, and to give Evidence for the Diſcovery of the Truth of the Matter in Controverſie before them; And in caſe of Neglect or Refuſal to appear, or if upon Appearance ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall refuſe to give Evidence, when he ſhall be thereunto required, every ſuch Perſon ſo making Default, ſhall forfeit and loſe the Sum of Ten Pounds, to be impoſed, recovered, levied and diſpoſed, in manner as herein is directed.

Penalty for not Appearing or not giving Evidence.

Fines, Penalties, &c. how to be recovered, and divided.

XXIX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act impoſed, ſhall be ſued for, recovered and levied by ſuch Ways, and Means and Methods, as any Fine, Penalty and Forfeiture is or may be recovered by any Law or Laws of Exciſe, or by any Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, and that One Moiety of every ſuch Fine, Penalty and Forfeiture ſhall be to his Majeſty or his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him or them that ſhall diſcover, inform or ſue for the ſame.

XXX. And whereas his Majeſty's inferior Officers, whether they be Subcommiſſioners, Collectors, Superviſors, Gaugers, or others, employed in levying the Rates, Impoſitions and Duties upon Beer, Ale, and other Exciſeable Liquors, and upon Salt, are, by virtue of his Majeſty's Commiſſion, appointed, authorized and conſtituted by the Chief Commiſſioners and Governors of and for the Receipt of Exciſe, and Rates and Duties upon Salt, or any Five of them: And whereas if by the Death of any one of the ſaid Chief Commiſſioners, who joyned in the Appointing, Authorizing, Conſtituting any ſuch inferior Officer, or by the Alteration or other Determina-

tion of the Commiſſion to the ſaid Chief Commiſſioners, the Authority given to ſuch inferior Officer or Officers ſhould be determined, it would prove very Prejudicial to his Majeſty, and render it impoſſible on ſuch Occaſions to collect and levy the ſaid Rates and Duties juſtly and duly, as the ſame ought to be collected and levied: For Prevention whereof, and of all Doubts and Queſtions, which have been or may ariſe thereupon, Be it Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all ſuch Inferior Officers, who are, have been, or ſhall be duly and legally Authorized and Conſtituted in purſuance of any Commiſſion under the Great Seal of *Great Britain*, ſince his Majeſty's happy Acceſſion to the Crown, or any ſuch Commiſſion which ſhall hereafter be granted to the Chief Commiſſioners and Governors of and for the Receipt of Exciſe, and Rates and Duties upon Salt, do and ſhall Remain and Continue in their reſpective Offices and Imployments, notwithſtanding the Death or Removal of any Chief Commiſſioner or Commiſſioners, by whom they were ſo Authorized and Conſtituted, or any Alteration, Change or other Determination of the Commiſſion of ſuch Chief Commiſſioners and Governors, until the Authority and Conſtitution of ſuch Inferior Officers reſpectively, be, by the Chief Commiſſioners and Governors of and for the Receipt of the Exciſe, and Rates and Duties upon Salt for the time being, revoked or annulled.

Inferior Officers of Exciſe, &c. to continue in their Offices, notwithſtanding the Death or Removal of any the Chief Commiſſioners, &c.

Until revoked or annulled.

Anno 7 & 8 *GULIELMI* III. Regis.

CAP. XXXI.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Continuing to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Salt, Glaſs Wares, Stone and Earthen Wares, and for Granting ſeveral Duties upon Tobacco Pipes, and other Earthen Wares, for Carrying on the War againſt* France, *and for Eſtabliſhing a National Land Bank, and for Taking off the Duties upon Tunnage of Ships and upon Coals.*

6 W. & M. cap. 7. WHEREAS by an Act made at the Parliament held in the Fifth and Sixth Years of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, and the late Queen *Mary* of Bleſſed Memory, Intituled, *An Act for Granting to their Majeſties certain Rates and Duties upon Salt, and upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors, for Securing certain Recompences and Advantages in the ſaid Act mentioned, to ſuch Perſons as ſhall voluntarily Advance the Sum of Ten hundred thouſand Pounds towards carrying on the War againſt* France, It was Enacted, That from and after the Five and twentieth Day of *March*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety four, there ſhould be throughout the Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, and Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, raiſed, levied, collected and paid unto their Majeſties, their Heirs and Succeſſors, until the Seventeenth Day of *May*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety ſeven, and no longer, for Salt, the ſeveral Rates and Duties therein mentioned: We your Majeſty's moſt Loyal and Dutiful Subjects, the Commons in Parliament aſſembled, being ſenſible of the great and neceſſary Expence in which your Majeſty is engaged, for Carrying on the preſent War againſt the *French* King, and being deſirous to ſupply the ſame, in ſuch Manner as may be leaſt Grievous to your Majeſty's Subjects, therefore, for the Encouragement of ſuch Perſons, who ſhall voluntarily contribute to the Advancing and Paying into your Majeſty's Exchequer, towards Carrying on the ſaid War, any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding the Sum of Five and twenty hundred and ſixty four thouſand Pounds, upon the reſpective Terms and Recompences herein after mentioned, We your Majeſty's ſaid Loyal and Dutiful Subjects, the Commons in Parliament aſſembled, have given and granted, and do hereby give and grant unto your Majeſty, your Heirs and Succeſſors, Kings and Queens of *England*, the ſeveral Rates and Duties herein after mentioned.

Preamble.

Salt.

2,564,000 l.

II. And

Duties on Salt granted for ever, as directed by 5 & 6 W. & M.

II. And be it Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That all and every the Rates and Duties upon Salt granted by the ſaid recited Act, ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, anſwered and paid unto your Majeſty, your Heirs and Succeſſors, Kings and Queens of *England*, for ever, in the ſame Manner and Form, and by ſuch Rules, Ways and Means, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, as are mentioned in the ſaid Act for Raiſing, Levying, Collecting, Anſwering and Paying the ſame, for the Term granted in the ſaid Act; and that the ſaid recited Act, and every Article, Rule and Clauſe therein mentioned, as for and concerning the Rates, Duties and Impoſitions upon Salt, ſhall Continue and be in full Force for ever, as fully and amply, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſame were particularly Recited, Expreſſed and Enacted in the Body of this Act.

Commiſſioners of Exciſe to keep apart the Monies ariſing by the Duties hereby granted, and pay the ſame Weekly into the Exchequer, diſtinct from other Money.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Commiſſioners and Governors for Management and Receipt of the Exciſe, at the Head Office in *London* for the time being, ſhall ſeparate and keep apart all and every the Monies ariſing by the Rates and Duties hereby granted and continued, as the ſame ſhall, from time to time, ariſe, or be paid into the ſaid Office of Exciſe, by the Receivers or Collectors of the ſame, or by any other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever; And the ſaid Commiſſioners and Governors of Exciſe for the time being, are hereby required, and ſtrictly enjoyned, from time to time, for ever, to pay Weekly, (*viz.*) on *Wedneſday* in every Week, if it be not an Holyday, and if it be, then the next Day after that is not an Holyday, all and every the Monies ariſing by the Rates and Duties hereby granted and continued, into the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer, diſtinct and apart from the other Monies which the ſaid Commiſſioners and Governors reſpectively ſhall receive for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors.

A Book to be kept in the Exchequer for entring the ſaid Monies.

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That there ſhall be, from time to time, for ever provided and kept in his Majeſty's Exchequer (that is to ſay) in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipts, one Book, in which all the ſaid Weekly Monies which ſhall be paid into the Exchequer, as aforeſaid, ſhall be entred apart and diſtinct from all other Monies paid or payable to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, upon any Account whatſoever.

Penalty on Commiſſioners neglecting or miſapplying the Monies.

V. And be it further Enacted, That if the ſaid Commiſſioners and Governors for the time being ſhall refuſe or neglect to pay into the Exchequer all or any the ſaid Weekly Sums appointed to be paid, as aforeſaid, in ſuch Manner as they are before by this Act required to do, or ſhall divert or miſapply any Part of the ſame, then they, for every ſuch Offence, ſhall forfeit their Office of Commiſſioners and Governors for the Management and Receipt of the Exciſe, and be incapable of any Office or Place of Truſt whatſoever, and ſhall be liable to pay the full Value of any Sum or Sums ſo diverted or miſapplied, to any Perſon intituled thereunto by virtue of this Act, who will ſue for the ſame, by any Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, Wager of Law, Priviledge, or any more than one Imparlance, ſhall be granted or allowed.

Weekly Sums to be the Fund.

VI. And be it further Enacted, That all the Sums appointed by virtue of this Act to be paid Weekly into the Receipt of Exchequer, ſhall be the Fund for the ſeveral and reſpective Intents and Purpoſes herein after mentioned and expreſſed.

Salaries, &c. to be paid out of the Duties.

VII. Provided always, and be it Enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, out of the ſaid Duties granted and continued by this Act, to cauſe ſuch Sum and Sums of Money to be expended and paid, from time to time, for Salaries, or other incident Charges as ſhall be neceſſary, in and for the Receiving, Collecting, Levying or Managing of the ſame Duties; Any thing in this Act contained to the contrary no withſtanding.

XLIII. And whereas in and by an Act of Parliament made in the Fifth and Sixth Years of the Reign of his Majeſty, and the late Queen *Mary* of Bleſſed Memory, Intituled, *An Act for granting to their Majeſties certain Rates and Duties upon Salt, and upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors, for ſecuring certain Recompences and Advantages in the ſaid Act mentioned, to ſuch Perſons as ſhall voluntarily advance the Sum of Ten hundred thouſand Pounds towards carrying* 5 & 6 W. & M. cap. 7.

rying on the War againſt France, it is Provided and Enacted, That there ſhould be raiſed, levied, collected and paid to their Majeſties, their Heirs and Succeſſors, until the Seventeenth of *May*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety and ſeven, for every Gallon of Salt, and Rock-Salt made at the Salt-Works, or taken out of any Pits within the Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, One Peny Half-peny, and after that Rate for a greater or leſſer Quantity: And whereas ſome diſpute hath ſince ariſen, whether Salt refined, or Salt made from Salt, either Imported or made in *England*, and hath paid the Duties by the ſaid Act impoſed, and is ſince melted down, either in Sea-water or other Water, and made into Salt again, ſhall be charged with the Duty of One Peny Half-peny: For the Settling whereof it is hereby Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Salt made from Rock-Salt (allowing the Drawback for the ſame, as in the ſaid Act is mentioned) and all refined Salt, or Salt made from Salt, either imported or made in *England*, was and is intended to be charged and chargeable with the ſaid Duty of One Peny Half-peny *per* Gallon; Any thing in the ſaid Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Salt and Rock-Salt.

Salt refined.

Salt made from Rock-Salt, and refined Salt, to pay One Peny Half-peny per Gallon.

XLIV. And whereas the Meaſures for making the *Wincheſter* Buſhel, at Eight Gallons to the Buſhel, appointed by the ſaid Act for meaſuring of Salt, for Payment of the ſaid Duties, are various and unequal, and have proved Inconvenient, not only to the Duties, but to the Makers and Traders in Salt in general: For the Prevention whereof, and the Payment of the ſaid Duties more equally, it is hereby Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Salt at all Salt-Works and Salt-Pits (Rock-Salt excepted) ſhall be aſcertained, as to the Payment of the ſaid Duties, at the Rate of Fifty ſix Pounds Weight to the Buſhel, and no more; Any thing in the ſaid Act to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

All Salt, except Rock-Salt, to be aſcertained at 56 l. to the Buſhel.

XLV. And be it further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Salt, whether brought from *Scotland* by Land, and alſo all imported Salt, whether the ſame be of the Product or Manufacture of this Kingdom, or of the Dominion of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, brought in, landed or put on ſhoar, before due Entry made with the Officer appointed to receive the ſame, and Payment of Duties by the ſaid Act impoſed, ſhall be forfeited, One Moiety to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety thereof to him or them that ſhall or will ſeize, inform or ſue for the ſame; Any thing in the ſaid Act to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Salt brought from Scotland by Land, or imported and landed before Duty paid, to be forfeited.

XLVI. And for the better aſcertaining the ſaid Duties on Salt, according to the Buſhel of Fifty ſix Pound Weight herein before declared, in all Parts and Places where any Salt-Work or Salt-Pit is or ſhall be, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Collector or Officer appointed to receive and collect the ſaid Duties, ſhall from and after the ſaid Seventeenth Day of *May*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety and ſix, provide at every ſuch Salt-Work or Salt-Pit a ſufficient Beam, Scale and Weights, or Stileard, and ſhall have liberty to fix the ſame in ſome convenient Place in or about ſuch Salt-Work or Salt-Pit, for the Weighing all Salt that ſhall be delivered from ſuch Salt-Work or Salt-Pit; And that One or more Perſon or Perſons (as Occaſion ſhall require) living on or near ſuch Salt-Work or Salt-Pit, ſhall be admitted and ſworn to the due and true Weighing all Salt, from thence to be delivered, before One or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace near adjoyning (which Oath he or they are hereby Impowered to adminiſter) without Fee or Reward: And ſuch Weigher and Weighers ſhall be ſatisfied and paid for their Pains for Weighing ſuch Salt, by the ſaid Collector or Officer for the ſaid Duties; Any thing herein, or in the ſaid former Act to the contrary hereof notwithſtanding.

Collectors at every Salt-Pit to provide a Beam, &c. for weighing of Salt.

Weighers to be ſworn, and paid by the Collectors.

XLVII. And whereas the Carriers of Salt do frequently load ſeveral Horſes with Salt at One Salt-Work, and at One Time, for which they have had but One Warrant, or Permit, and are often obliged, for convenient Carriage of the ſaid Salt to ſeveral Places, to ſeparate the ſaid Horſes, and to drive them ſeveral Roads, by which means ſome of the ſaid Salt has been liable to ſeizure: For Prevention therefore of ſuch Inconveniencies to the ſaid Carriers, it is hereby Enacted, and the ſaid Officers are hereby ſtrictly charged and required to deliver *gratis*, and without Delay, ſuch and ſo many ſeveral Warrants or Permits to each Carrier of Salt, as he

Carriers of Salt to have Permits gratis for ſo many Loads as are loaded at One Time.

ſhall demand, for ſuch ſeveral Horſe-Loads of Salt as he ſhall load at One Time, and at One Salt-Work; Any thing heretofore to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Rates paid for Fiſh (except Conger) exported.

XLVIII. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every the Rates and Sums of Money directed to be paid by an Act made in the Fifth and Sixth Years of the Reign of his Majeſty and the late Queen *Mary*, and herein Firſt recited, for the ſeveral Sorts of Fiſh (except Conger) therein mentioned to be exported, ſhall be allowed and paid, during the Continuance of this Act, in ſuch Manner as by the ſaid Firſt recited Act is directed and appointed; Any thing herein to the contrary notwithſtanding. 5 & 6 W. & M. cap. 7.

Salt (except Foreign) to be ſold at 56 l. to the Buſhel, and not otherwiſe.

XLIX. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Perſons ſelling Salt (except Foreign Salt) made for Uſe, ſhall from and after the Seventeenth Day of *May*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety and ſix, ſell the ſame after the Rate of Fifty ſix Pound Weight to the Buſhel, and not otherwiſe, and ſo in Proportion for a greater or leſſer Quantity; and that

Penalty.

every Perſon offending therein ſhall for every ſuch Offence forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds to the Informer, to be ſued for and recovered in ſuch Manner as other Forfeitures by this Act are to be ſued for and recovered.

Lord Mayor and Aldermen of London to aſcertain the Price of Salt within the City of London.

XCII. And for the Preventing of Exactions upon Sale of Salt in this Kingdom, and to have the Rates and Prices thereof aſcertained, Be it further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Lord Mayor and Court of Aldermen of the City of *London* ſhall and may, and are hereby required in the Coutt of Aldermen within the City of *London*, upon or before the Firſt Day of *May*, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety and ſix, to ſet, aſcertain, and publiſh in Writing certain reaſonable Rates and Prices upon all Salt to be ſold, or expoſed to ſale, after the ſaid Firſt Day of *May*, in the City of *London* and Precincts thereof, and the Bills of Mortality;

And Juſtices of Peace the like at their General Seſſions.

and that the reſpective Juſtices of Peace for the reſpective Counties, Cities and Places, within the Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, and Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, ſhall and may, and are hereby required, upon or before the Firſt Day of *Auguſt*, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred and ninety ſix, at the ſeveral and reſpective General Seſſions of the Peace for the ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Counties, Cities and Places wherein they are or ſhall be Juſtices of the Peace, ſet, aſcertain and duly publiſh in Writing certain reaſonable Rates and Prices upon all Salt to be ſold or expoſed to ſale, after the ſaid Firſt Day of *Auguſt*, within the ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Counties, Cities and Places wherein they are or ſhall be Juſtices of the Peace; and that the Lord Mayor of *London*, and the ſaid Court of Aldermen in the Court of Aldermen, and that the ſaid reſpective Juſtices of the Peace of the ſeveral and reſpective Counties, Cities and Places aforeſaid, as aforeſaid, at the ſeveral and reſpective General Seſſions of the Peace for the ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Counties, Cities and Places wherein they are or ſhall be Juſtices of the Peace, ſhall and may, and are

And may alter the Rates.

hereby required, from time to time, (if neceſſary) at the ſeveral and reſpective General Seſſions of the Peace for the ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Counties, Cities and Places, from and after the ſaid Firſt Day of *Auguſt*, by Writing duly made and publiſhed, to alter and correct the Rates and Prices of all Salt to be ſold and expoſed to ſale in the ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Places; which Rates and Prices which ſhall be ſo ſet, aſcertained,

Prices aſcertained to be obſerved.

altered and corrected, are hereby enacted and required to be obſerved, accepted, received and taken by all and every Perſon and Perſons ſelling or expoſing to ſale any Salt within the Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*; And if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall ſell any Salt at any higher Price or Rate, or refuſe to ſell any Salt at the Prices and Rates aforeſaid, ſuch Perſon and Perſons ſo offending ſhall for

Penalty for ſelling at a higher Rate.

every ſuch Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds, to be levied out of the Goods and Chattels of ſuch Offender or Offenders, by Diſtreſs and Sale thereof, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of the Lord Mayor of the City of *London*, or of any Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace for the Place or Places wherein ſuch Offence ſhall be committed, or Diſtreſs ſhall be to be made; and in default of ſufficient Diſtreſs for the ſame, it ſhall and may be lawful by Warrant under the Hand and Seal from the Lord Mayor of the City of *London*, or from any ſuch Juſtice of the Peace, as

aforeſaid, to impriſon the ſaid Offender or Offenders, until ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhall pay the ſaid Sum of Five Pounds; One Moiety of which Sum of Five Pounds is hereby enacted to be paid to the Uſe of our Sovereign Lord the King, and the other Moiety thereof to be paid to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall inform and proſecute for the ſame, before the ſaid Lord Mayor of *London*, or the ſaid reſpective Juſtices of the Peace, as aforeſaid.

In default of Diſtreſs, to impriſon the Offender.

XCIII. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall be taken or conſtrued to the Prejudice of any Judgment given in any of his Majeſty's Courts at *Weſtminſter*, or any Suit now depending there, in relation to the melting or refining of Salt.

Act not to prejudice Judgment in Weſtminſter-Hall, *&c.*

Anno 9 & 10 *GULIELMI* III. Regis.

CAP. VI.

An Act that all Retailers of Salt ſhall ſell by Weight.

7 & 8 W. 3. cap. 3.

WHereas by an Act made at the Parliament, held in the Seventh and Eighth Years of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, Intituled, *An Act for continuing to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Salt, Glaſs Wares, Stone and Earthen Wares, and for granting ſeveral Duties upon Tobacco Pipes and other Earthen Wares, for carrying on the War againſt* France, *and for Eſtabliſhing a National Land-Bank, and for taking off the Duties upon Tunnage of Ships and upon Coals*, It was enacted amongſt other things, That all Perſons ſelling Salt (except Foreign Salt) made for Uſe, ſhould after the Time therein limited, ſell the ſame after the Rate of Six and fifty Pound Weight to the Buſhel, and not otherwiſe, and ſo in Proportion for a greater or leſſer Quantity; and that every Perſon offending therein, ſhall forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds to the Informer, to be recovered in ſuch Manner as is therein expreſt: And whereas ſeveral Doubts and Difficulties are made, and have ariſen upon the Interpretation of the ſaid Clauſe, and other preceding Clauſes in the ſaid Act, touching the Meaſure of Salt, whereby the Badgers and Retailers of Salt have made great Advantages and Gain to themſelves, and uſed great Deceit and Wrong to the Buyers, contrary to the true Meaning of the ſaid Act. For explaining and clearing of the ſaid Doubts, and for remedy and prevention of any Deceipt by Retailers of Salt for the future, Be it Declared and Enacted by the King's moſt excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That no Badger, Retailer or other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, making or dealing in Salt, or buying Salt to ſell again, ſhall from and after the Five and twentieth Day of *March*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety eight, ſell or put to ſale, exchange or otherwiſe diſpoſe of any Salt to any Perſon or Perſons, or in any County, City or Place whatſoever, within the Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, and the Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, otherwiſe than by Weight, after the Rate of Six and fifty Pound Weight to the Buſhel, and not by Meaſure, or in any other Manner, and ſo in Proportion for a greater or leſſer Quantity, and that every Perſon offending therein, ſhall for every ſuch Offence forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds to the Informer, who ſhall proſecute for the ſame.

Preamble.

No Badger, Retailer, &c. of Salt, ſhall ſell Salt otherwiſe than by Weight.

After the Rate of 56 l. Weight to the Buſhel.

Penalty on Offender.

II. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Forfeitures and Offences made and committed againſt this Act, or any thing therein contained, ſhall be heard, adjudged and determined by any Two or more Juſtices of the Peace reſiding near ro the Place where ſuch Forfeiture ſhall be made or Offence committed, who are hereby required to hear, adjudge and determine the ſame; and if the Party finds him or her ſelf agrieved by the Judgment given by the ſaid Juſtices, the ſaid Party ſhall and may appeal to the Juſtices of Peace at the next General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held for the County, City or Borough, within which the ſaid Forfeiture was made and the Offence committed; who are hereby alſo Impowered and Authorized to hear and determine the ſame, whoſe

Juſtices of Peace to hear and determine Offences.

Party agrieved may appeal, &c.

Juſtices Judgment to be final.

Judgment therein ſhall be final; And all Juſtices of the Peace are hereby authorized and required, upon Complaint or Information, exhibited or brought to them or any of them, of any Forfeiture made or Offence committed contrary to this Act, to ſummon the Party accuſed; and upon his or her Appearance or Contempt, to proceed to the Examination of the Matter of Fact; and upon due Proof made thereof, by the Oath of Two or more credible Witneſſes (which Oath any Two or more Juſtices of the Peace have hereby Power to adminiſter) or by the voluntary Confeſſion of the Party, to give Judgment or Sentence, according as in and by this Act is directed, and to award and iſſue out Warrants under their Hands and Seals for the Levying of ſuch Forfeitures, as by this Act is impoſed, upon the Goods and Chattels of the Offender; and to cauſe Sale to be made of the ſaid Goods and Chattels, if the ſame ſhall not be redeemed within Six Days, rendring to the Party the Overplus (if any be;) and for want of ſufficient Diſtreſs to impriſon the Party offending until Satisfaction be made for the Forfeitures.

Forfeitures to be levied on Offenders Goods.

And ſold if not redeemed in Six Days.

For want of Diſtreſs, Offender to be imprioned.

III. And for the preventing of Delays, which may happen through the Neglect or Default of any the Officers appointed for the collecting the ſaid Duty, to the great Loſs and Damage of ſuch Perſons as ſhall ſhip off or carry by Land any Salt: Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That when-ever any Salt ſhall be entred to be put on board any Boat, Ship or Veſſel, or carried by Land, and the Duty paid or ſecured to be paid, together with all Monies, then or before that time due and payable, by Bond or otherwiſe, upon Account of Salt, before that time delivered, the Officer with whom ſuch Salt ſhall be entred, and the Duty paid, or ſecured to be paid, as aforeſaid, ſhall, upon due Notice by himſelf or a ſufficient Deputy, in the Day time, between Sun riſing and Sun ſetting, attend the Weighing out ſuch Salt, without any Loſs or Hindrance of time, to the Perſon or Perſons that ſhall ſhip off or carry the ſame; and in caſe he ſhall neglect or refuſe ſo to do, he ſhall for every ſuch Neglect or Default, forfeit the Sum of Forty Shillings, to be ſued for, recovered, levied and received, or mitigated by the ſame Means, Rules, Ways and Methods, as the other Penalties and Forfeitures in this Act mentioned and contained are directed to be recovered.

Salt entred to be ſhipt, and Duty paid, &c.

Officer to attend the Weighing out ſuch Salt.

Penalty on Officer neglecting.

Anno 9 & 10 *GULIELMI* III. Regis.

CAP. XLIV.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for raiſing a Sum not exceeding Two Millions, upon a Fund for Payment of Annuities, after the Rate of Eight Pounds* per Centum per Annum, *and for Settling the Trade to the* East-Indies.

Preamble.

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons in Parliament aſſembled, conſidering your Majeſty's extraordinary Occaſions, and being deſirous to ſupply the ſame, in ſuch Manner, as may be leaſt Grievous to your Majeſty's Subjects, do humbly preſent your Majeſty with the further Gift of the Impoſitions, Rates and Duties herein after mentioned; and do beſeech your Majeſty, that it may be enacted: And be it Enacted by the King's moſt excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by Authority of the ſame, That there ſhall be throughout the Kingdom of *England*, Dominions of *Wales*, and Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, raiſed, levied, collected and paid unto his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors for Salt, the ſeveral Additional Rates and Duties herein after mentioned (over and above all other Duties already payable for the ſame by any Act or Acts of Parliament before this time made and now in force) that is to ſay,

An Additional Duty of 5 d. per *Gallon on Salt imported, from* 1 July 1698. *to* 25 December 1699.

II. For every Gallon of Salt, that from and after the Firſt Day of *July*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety eight, and before the Five and twentieth Day of *December*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety nine, ſhall be imported into the Kingdom of *England*,

Dominion of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, the Sum of Five Pence of lawful *Engliſh* Money, to be paid by the Importer and Importers thereof, and after that Rate for a greater or leſſer Quantity.

And 7 d. per Gallon from 24 December 1699. for ever.

III. And for every Gallon of Salt, that from and after the Four and twentieth Day of *December*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety and nine, and in all times coming from thenceforth for ever, ſhall be imported, as aforeſaid, there ſhall be paid to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, as a perpetual Duty, the Sum of Seven Pence of like Money, to be paid by the Importer and Importers thereof, and after that Rate for a greater or leſſer Quantity.

On home made Salt, from 1 July 1698. to 25 December 1699. 2 d. Half-peny per Gallon.

IV. And for every Gallon of Salt and Rock-Salt, that from and after the ſaid Firſt Day of *July*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety eight, and before the Five and twentieth Day of *December*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety nine, ſhall be made at the Salt-Works, or taken out of any Salt-Pit or Pits within the ſaid Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, and Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, or ſold or delivered from the ſame, there ſhall be paid to his Majeſty the Sum of Two Pence Half-peny of like Money, and after that Rate for a greater or leſſer Quantity.

And from 24 December 1699. 3 d. Half-peny per Gallon for ever.

V. And for every Gallon of Salt and Rock-Salt, that from and after the Four and twentieth Day of *December*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety nine, and in all Times coming from thenceforth for ever, ſhall be made at the Sal-Works, or be taken out of any Pit or Pits within the Kingdom, Dominion, or Town aforeſaid, there ſhall be paid to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, as a perpetual Duty, the Sum of Three Pence Half-peny of like Money, and after that Rate for a greater or leſſer Quantity; which ſaid Duties upon Salt hereby granted, ſhall nevertheleſs be ſubject to ſuch Condition and Power of Redemption as are hereafter in this Act contained.

Subject nevertheleſs to Redemption.

Duty on Foreign Salt to be paid by Importer.

VI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Duties hereby ſet on all Foreign and imported Salt, ſhall be, from time to time, ſatisfied and paid by the Merchant or Merchants, Importer or Importers of the ſame in Ready Money, upon his or their Entry or Entries made, and before the Landing thereof; and that in caſe any Foreign or imported Salt, ſhall be landed or put on ſhore out of any Ship or Veſſel from beyond the Seas, before due Entry be made thereof, with the Collector or Officer, appointed or to be appointed for the ſaid Duties on Salt, in the Port or Place where the ſame ſhall be imported, or before the Duties hereby impoſed, be fully ſatisfied and paid, or without a Warrant for the landing or delivering of ſuch imported Salt, firſt ſigned by the Hand of the ſaid Collector or Officer for the ſaid Duty on Salt, in the ſaid Port and Place reſpectively, That all ſuch imported Salt, as ſhall be landed, put on ſhore and delivered, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning hereof, or the Value thereof, and alſo Ten Shillings for every Buſhel of ſuch Salt ſo landed, put on ſhore or delivered, and ſo in Proportion for any greater or leſſer Quantity, ſhall be forfeited and loſt; Nevertheleſs, that all and every Perſon and Perſons importing any Salt into this Kingdom, for which the aforeſaid Duties are payable by this Act, ſhall have Six Months time for the Payment thereof, from the time of the Importation, giving Security to the Perſon appointed to collect the ſame; and in caſe ſuch Importer ſhall pay Ready Money, he ſhall have after the Rate of Ten Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, out of the ſaid Duties abated him.

Imported Salt landed before Entry, &c. forfeited, and alſo 10 s. per Buſhel.

Importer to have 6 Months for Payment.

Or 10 l. per Cent. *for Ready Money.*

Duties to be managed by Commiſſioners of Exciſe.

VII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the ſaid Duties on Salt, ſhall, from time to time, for ever, be within the Receipt, Management and Government of the Chief Commiſſioners and Governors of the Receipt of Exciſe for the time being; and that all Collectors and other Officers, neceſſary for the aſcertaining, collecting or receiving of the ſaid Duties upon Salt, ſhall be conſtituted and appointed under the Hands and Seals of the ſaid Commiſſioners and Governors of the Receipt of Exciſe for the time being, or the major Part of them; and that all Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act impoſed, concerning the ſaid Duties upon Salt, ſhall be ſued for, recovered, levied and received, or mitigated by the ſame Means, Rules, Ways and Methods, as any Penalty or Forfeiture is to be ſued for, or recoverable, as is mentioned, expreſſed or directed to be recovered in and by one Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of the late King *Charles* the Second, Intituled,

12 Car. 2. cap. 24.

An

An Act for taking away the Court of Wards and Liveries, and Tenures in Capite, *and by Knights-Service and Purveyance, and ſettling a Revenue on his Majeſty in lieu thereof*, or by any other Law or Statute now in Force relating to the Revenue of Exciſe, and that as fully and amply to all Intents, as if the ſeveral Clauſes in the ſaid Acts or any of them contained, were herein Re-enacted or Repeated.

Makers and Proprietors of Salt, to make true Entries with Officers.

VIII. And be it Enacted, That all Makers and Proprietors of Salt, and Rock-Salt, within the Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, and Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, ſhall, from time to time, make true Entries with the ſaid Officers ſo to be appointed, as aforeſaid, ſome or one of them, of the Quantities of Salt ſo by them made or taken out of any Pit or Pits, and delivered or imported, as aforeſaid; and ſhall likewiſe have a Warrant or Ticket under the Hand and Seal of ſome one of the ſaid Officers, impowering ſuch Maker or Proprietor of Salt, to carry away the ſame before ſuch Time as the ſaid Salt, made or taken out of any Pit or Pits, within any the Places aforeſaid, or any Part thereof, ſhall be removed or carried from the reſpective Salt-Works or Pits, under the ſeveral Penalties and Forfeitures herein after mentioned; which ſaid Warrant the ſaid Officers are hereby required to give *gratis*, and without Delay, unto the ſaid Makers or Proprietors of ſuch Salt, upon Payment or giving Security for the Payment of the Duties hereby granted, within Six Months after ſuch Entry made; which Security the ſaid Commiſſioners and Officers are hereby authorized and required to accept, upon ſuch Entry, as aforeſaid.

And have Six Months for Payment.

10 per Cent. per Ann. for Ready Money.

IX. Provided always, That if any Perſon or Perſons, at the time of the Entry and Delivery of his or their Salt, ſhall pay down the Duty hereby impoſed, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall be allowed at the Rate of Ten Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, for the ſame.

Officers may ſeize Salt conveying away before Entry made.

X. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Officers ſo appointed to ſeize all ſuch Salt, which ſhall, from and after the ſaid Firſt Day of *July*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety eight, be conveying or conveyed by Day or by Night, either by Land or by Water, before due Entry be made of ſuch Salt, without Warrant, Ticket or Licence obtained from the Commiſſioners of the ſaid Duties upon Salt granted by this Act, their Collectors or Officers, or ſome or one of them, as aforeſaid, for the conveying or carrying the ſaid Salt; and the Salt that ſhall be ſo ſeized, ſhall be brought to the Office appointed for the ſame Duties, next adjoyning to the Place where ſuch Salt ſhall be ſo ſeized, there to be detained and kept; and in caſe the Salt ſo ſeized ſhall not be claimed by the true and lawful Owner thereof, or by one deputed under his or their Hand, within Ten Days after Seizure, the ſaid Salt ſhall be abſolutely forfeited to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and ſhall be ſold the next General Day of Sale to be appointed by the Commiſſioners, or their Officers reſpectively, after the ſaid Days are expired, the One Moiety or Half Part of the Proceed thereof (all neceſſary Charges being firſt deducted out of the whole) to be paid to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety or Half Part to be paid to the Party or Parties who ſeized the ſame; and in caſe ſuch Salt ſo ſeized ſhall be claimed within Ten Days, by the true and lawful Owner thereof, or by one deputed thereunto under his Hand, and if the ſaid Owner or Claimer ſhall nevertheleſs neglect or refuſe to make it appear before the next Juſtice of the Peace of the County where ſuch Seizure ſhall be made, by the Oath of One or more credible Witneſſes (which Oath the ſaid Juſtices are hereby impowered to adminiſter) that the ſaid Salt ſo ſeized was or had been duly entred, and a Warrant, Ticket or Licence obtained for the Carrying or Conveying the ſame, as aforeſaid, that then the ſaid Salt ſhall likewiſe be forfeited to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors: And every Perſon, who ſhall carry or convey, or cauſe any Salt to be carried and conveyed, before due Entry made, and Warrant or Licence obtained, as aforeſaid, ſhall likewiſe forfeit to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, double the Value, and alſo Ten Shillings *per* Buſhel, and after that Rate of and for ſuch Salt ſo carried and conveyed.

And if not claimed in Ten Days, to be forfeited and ſold.

And if claimed without Proof on Oath, that the ſame was duly entred, to be forfeited.

Penalty on Perſons carrying away Salt before Entry made.

Oath to be made, that Duty is paid or ſecured before Salt be ſhipped.

XI. And be it further Enacted, That no Retailer or Shop-keeper ſhall be permitted to ſhip any Salt, to be ſent to any Port or Place within this Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, and Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, before he hath made it appear by Oath, or otherwiſe, before the Commiſſioners for collecting of the ſaid Duties granted by this Act, or their Officers,

or ſome or one of them (which Oath they have hereby Power to adminiſter) that the Duty of ſuch Salt is paid or Secured to be paid, or that it was bought of ſome other Retailer or Shop-keeper that hath paid the Duty.

Maſters of Ship to deliver particular to Collector on Oath.

XII. And be it further Enacted, That all and every Maſter or Commander of any Ship or Veſſel whatſoever, that from and after the ſaid Firſt Day of *July*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety eight, ſhall tranſport or carry any Salt, or Rock-Salt, from one Port to another within this Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, and Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, ſhall, before he or they have any Warrant for the landing or delivering of ſuch Salt (by him tranſported and carried on ſhore in any Port) deliver to the Officers for collecting the ſaid Duties granted by this Act, in the ſaid Port appointed to receive the ſame, a true Particular of the Quantity ſo tranſported and carried, as aforeſaid, ſigned by the Officers for collecting the ſaid Duties granted by this Act, and by the Officers of the Cuſtoms of the Port from whence the ſaid Ship or Veſſel came; and then the Maſter or his Mate, or the Boatſwain of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſhall make Oath before the Commiſſioners for collecting the ſaid Duties granted by this Act, or their Officers, ſome or one of them (who are hereby impowered to adminiſter the ſame) that to his knowledge there hath not been laid on board, or taken into the ſaid Ship or Veſſel, any Salt ſince he or they came from ſuch Port, as aforeſaid: And in caſe ſuch Ship or Veſſel be to deliver one Part of her Salt at one Port, and another Part at another Port or Ports, that then the Officers for collecting the ſaid Duties, and Officers of the Cuſtoms, when ſuch Part of the ſaid Salt ſhall be delivered, ſhall certifie on the Backſide of the Cocquet, *Tranſire*, or other Warrant, or elſe by Certificate alone, under the Hands and Seals of the Officers, how much, and what quantity of the Salt mentioned in the Cocquet, *Tranſire*, or other Warrant, from the Port from whence ſuch Ship and Veſſel came, hath been there landed and delivered, upon the Penalty of forfeiting double the Value of the Salt that ſhall be otherwiſe delivered, and likewiſe Ten Shillings *per* Buſhel, and after that Rate, as aforeſaid.

Salt delivered Part in one Port and Part in another, to be indorſed on the back of the Coquet, &c.

Penalty.

No Fee to be taken for Debentures, &c.

XIII. And be it further Enacted, That no Fee or Reward be had or taken for making, iſſuing or granting any Debentures, Tickets, Warrants, or Licences, concerning the Duties upon Salt, but that the ſame be made, iſſued and granted *gratis*, and without Delay.

Allowances to be made for Fiſh exported, viz.

XIV. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for all ſuch Fiſh hereafter mentioned, as ſhall be exported from any Port or Place in this Kingdom, Dominion of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, into Parts beyond the Seas, by any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, the Rates or Sums of Money hereafter expreſſed, ſhall by virtue of this Act be allowed and paid (over and above the Allowances for Fiſh by any former Acts now in being) That is to ſay,

For Pilchards or Scads.

XV. For every Cask or Veſſel of Pilchards or Scads, containing Fifty Gallons, which ſhall be ſo exported after the ſaid Firſt Day of *July*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety eight, and before the Five and twentieth Day of *December*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety nine, the Sum of Twenty Shillings. And for every ſuch Cask or Veſſel of Pilchards or Scads, which ſhall be ſo exported, after the Four and twentieth Day of *December*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety nine, at any Time or Times whatſoever, the Sum of Eight and twenty Shillings, and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity.

For White Herring.

XVI. For ever Barrel of White Herring, which ſhall be exported after the ſaid Firſt Day of *July*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety eight, and before the Five and twentieth Day of *December*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety nine, the Sum of Four Shillings and Two Pence. And for every ſuch Barrel of White Herring, which ſhall be ſo exported at any Time or Times, after the Four and twentieth Day of *December*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety nine, the Sum of Five Shillings and Ten Pence, and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity of White Herrings.

For Red Herring.

XVII. For every Barrel of Red Herring, which ſhall be exported after the ſaid Firſt Day of *July*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety eight, and before the Five and twentieth Day of *December*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety and nine, the Sum of Three Shillings and Four Pence. And for every Barrel of Red Herring, which ſhall be exported at any Time or Times, after the Four and twentieth Day of *December*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety nine,

nine, the Sum of Four Shillings and Eight Pence, and ſo proportionably for any greater or leſſer Quantity of Red Herrings.

For Salmon.

XVIII. For every Barrel of Salmon, which ſhall be exported after the ſaid Firſt Day of *July*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety eight, and before the Five and twentieth Day of *December*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety and nine, the Sum of Eight Shillings and Four Pence. And for every Barrel of Salmon, which ſhall be exported at any Time or Times, after the Four and twentieth Day of *December*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety and nine, the Sum of Eleven Shillings and Eight Pence, and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity of Salmon.

For Codfiſh, Ling or Hake.

XIX. And for every Hundred of Codfiſh, Ling or Hake, which ſhall be exported after the ſaid Firſt Day of *July*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety eight, and before the Five and twentieth Day of *December*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety nine, the Sum of Five and twenty Shillings. And for every Hundred of Codfiſh, Ling or Hake, which ſhall be exported at any Time or Times, after the Four and twentieth Day of *December*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety nine, the Sum of Five and thirty Shillings, and ſo proportionably for a greater or ſmaller Number or Quantity.

For dried Red Sprats.

XX. For every Laſt of dried Red Sprats, which ſhall be exported after the ſaid Firſt Day of *July*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety eight, the Sum of Six Shillings and Eight Pence, and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity.

To be paid in the Port from whence exported.

XXI. Which Allowances by this Act ſhall be paid by the Officer appointed to collect the Duties upon Salt payable by this Act, in the ſame Port from whence any ſuch Fiſh ſhall be exported, within Thirty Days after demand thereof, on a Debenture to be prepared by the Collector of the Cuſtoms, in the Port where ſuch Fiſh ſhall be entred out for Exportation, and verified by the Perſon executing the Office of Searcher in ſuch Port, as to the Quantity of Fiſh actually ſhipped; and that the Oath of the Exporter or Agent be firſt taken before the Principal Officers of the ſaid Port, before the Debenture be allowed, who are hereby required and impowered to give the ſaid Oath, That the Fiſh in ſuch Debenture mentioned were *Engliſh* taken, and really exported to Parts beyond the Seas, and not intended to be relanded in *England*, *Wales* or *Berwick*; for which Debenture no Fee or Reward ſhall be taken: And in caſe the Officer hereby directed to pay ſuch Debentures, ſhall not have ſufficient Money in his Hands to pay the ſame, Then upon Certificate thereof by him made (which Certificate he is hereby required to give the Party *gratis*, and without Delay) the Principal Commiſſioners for managing the Revenue of Exciſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors for the time being, ſhall be chargeable with the ſaid Payment, to be made in Courſe out of the firſt Mony in their Hands ariſing out of the ſaid Duties upon Salt; and any Officer neglecting or refuſing to pay the ſaid Money, or to give ſuch Certificate, as is here directed, ſhall forfeit double the Sum ſo to be paid to the Party grieved, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed.

Or by the Commiſſioners upon a Certificate.

Penalty.

Officers to deliver Certificates, &c. gratis.

XXII. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall export beyond the Seas, any Salt, as well Foreign as *Engliſh*, or any Rock-Salt, the Officer of the Place where the ſaid Salt was made, taken out of Pits, or imported, and the Duty thereof paid or ſecured to be paid, ſhall, upon Demand, deliver *gratis*, and without Delay, a Certificate under his Hand and Seal, that the Duty impoſed by this Act on ſuch Salt, hath been duly paid or ſecured to be paid; and then the Officer of the Place where the Salt is exported, upon producing the ſaid Certificate, and Oath made of ſhipping off the ſaid Salt, and of its not being relanded in *England* or *Wales*, ſhall give a Debenture under his Hand, without Delay, Fee or Reward, for Repayment of the ſaid Duty; which being produced to the Officer of the Place where the Duty on the ſaid Salt ſhall have been paid or ſecured to be paid, ſuch Security ſhall be diſcharged, and all and every Sum and Sums of Money, paid for the Duty of the ſaid Salt by this Act, ſhall be repaid, upon Demand, by the ſaid Officer without Fee or Reward.

Salt not made in England, Wales, *or* Berwick, *to pay as Foreign.*

XXIII. And be it Enacted and Declared, That all Salt imported or brought by Sea or Land, into the Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, and not of the Product of any of the ſaid Places, ſhall be adjudged and deemed to be Foreign Salt imported, and ſhall

be charged, as ſuch, with the higher Duties by this Act charged upon Salt imported; and that all *Scotch* Salt brought into *England* by Land, ſhall be entred at *Carliſle* or *Berwick*, with the Officer or Officers, for that purpoſe there to be appointed, under the Penalty of Forfeiture of double the Value of, and after the Rate of Ten Shillings *per* Buſhel for ſuch Salt ſo brought in.

Scotch Salt to be entred at Carliſle *or* Berwick.

XXIV. Provided always, and be it Enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall at any Time be ſued or proſecuted, for any Thing by him or them done or executed in purſuance of this Act, he or they ſhall or may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act in Evidence for his Defence; and if upon a Trial a Verdict ſhall paſs for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs be Nonſuit, diſcontinue, or forbear proſecuting the ſaid Actions, then ſuch Defendant or Defendants ſhall have double Coſts to him or them awarded againſt ſuch Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, for which Coſts he ſhall have ſuch Remedy, as in other Caſes where Coſts are by Law given to Defendants.

Perſons ſued on this Act, may plead the General Iſſue, &c.

XXV. Provided alſo, and be it Enacted, That no Writ or Writs of *Certiorari* ſhall ſuperſede Execution, or other Proceedings upon any Order or Orders made by the ſaid Chief Commiſſioners or Juſtices of the Peace, concerning the ſaid Duties upon Salt, in Purſuance of this Act, but that Execution and other Proceedings ſhall and may be had and made thereupon; Any ſuch Writ or Writs, or Allowance thereof notwithſtanding.

No Writ of Certiorari *to ſuperſede the Orders of the Commiſſioners,* &c.

XXVI. And be it Enacted, That no Salt ſhall be delivered from any Salt-Works or Pits, without Notice firſt given to the Officer appointed for that purpoſe, upon Pain of Forfeiting of the Salt ſo delivered, and after the Rate of Ten Shillings *per* Buſhel for the ſame, to be recovered from the Owner or Owners of the Salt-Works or Pits where ſuch Salt ſhall be ſo delivered; the One Moiety or Half-part of which Forfeitures to be to the Uſe of the Proſecutor, and the other Moiety or Half-part to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors.

No Salt to be delivered from the Works or Pits without Notice given to Officer, &c.

Penalty.

XXVII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any of the Salt for which the Duty ſhall have been repaid or diſcharged upon the Exportation thereof, as is herein before directed, ſhall (by fraud or otherwiſe) be landed in *England*, Dominion of *Wales* or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, before the Duty be again paid, and ſuch Entry, and all other Things performed, as are herein before required, in caſe where any Foreign Salt is imported, every Perſon ſo offending ſhall forfeit double the Value (and after the Rate of Ten Shillings *per* Buſhel) of ſuch Salt ſo landed, and ſuch other Penalties and Forfeitures as are herein inflicted upon any Perſon, who ſhall land any Foreign Salt, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act.

Penalty on Perſon landing Salt after Duty has been repaid, before the Duty be again paid.

XXVIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Merchant or other Perſon, being a Subject of this Realm of *England*, ſhall ſhip any Salt or Rock-Salt, that ſhall have paid the Duty to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, by this Act impoſed, to convey it by Sea to any Part of *England*, and the Veſſel, on which ſuch Salt, as aforeſaid, is ſhipt, ſhall either periſh at Sea, or be taken by Enemies with ſuch Salt on Board her, that in ſuch Caſe any Merchant or Perſon, Owner of the ſaid Salt, ſhall, upon Proof made before the Juſtices of the Peace, at the Quarter Seſſions held for the County, Riding, Diviſion or Town wherein he doth inhabit, of the Loſs of ſuch Salt ſo ſhipped, receive from the ſaid Seſſions a Certificate that ſuch Proof was made before them, and upon producing the ſaid Certificate to any of the Officers appointed to collect the Duty by this Act impoſed, the ſaid Officer or Officers are hereby required to let ſuch Perſons buy the like Quantity of Salt, as is expreſſed in the Certificate to be loſt, without paying to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors any Duty or Exciſe for the ſame; Any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Allowance to Subjects of England *exporting Salt which periſhes at Sea,* &c.

may on Proof buy the like Quantity expreſt in the Certificate, to be loſt without Payment of Duty.

XXIX. Provided alſo, and be it Enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Owners and Proprietors of any Salt-Rock or Rock-Salt, to remove and carry out of and from the Pits or Warehouſes adjoyning to, or belonging to ſuch Pits, into his or their own Warehouſes, or other Places for ſtoring thereof, for Conveniency of ſelling or ſhipping off the ſame, any of the ſaid Salt-Rock or Rock Salt, after due Entry made thereof, and a Warrant or Ticket taken for the ſame, from the Officer next to ſuch Salt-Pits, which Warrant or Ticket the ſaid Officer is hereby required upon Demand, to

Rock-Salt after Entry may be removed to convenient Warehouſes.

give without Fee or Reward, as aforeſaid; And that the ſaid Owners or Proprietors ſhall not be obliged to pay or ſecure the Payment of the ſaid Duty, until ſuch Time as the ſaid Salt-Rock or Rock-Salt ſhall be ſold and delivered, as aforeſaid.

Contracts heretofore made how charged.

XXX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, ſhall be obliged by virtue of any Contract made, at any time before the Five and twentieth Day of *December*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety eight, to deliver any Salt or Rock-Salt, unleſs the Perſon who is to receive the ſame, ſhall, before or at the Time of Delivery of the ſame by ſuch Contract, pay to the Seller thereof ſuch Sum or Sums, as he ſhall have paid or ſecured to pay for ſo much of the Duties thereupon as are impoſed by virtue of this Act. And whereas Salt-Rock or Rock-Salt taken out of Pits in ſuch great Lumps that it cannot be meaſured without breaking the ſame to Powder, would be great Loſs to the Proprietors thereof, Be it therefore Enacted, That all Salt-Rock or Rock-Salt, taken out of Pits, ſhall be entred by Weight only; and that One hundred and twenty Pounds Weight thereof ſhall be deemed and taken to be a *Wincheſter* Buſhel of Eight Gallons *Wincheſter* Meaſure, and ſhall be entred, rated and taxed accordingly.

And Salt-Rock to be ſold by weight, at 120 lb. *to the Buſhel.*

Allowance to Refiner of Rock-Salt which has paid the Duty.

XXXI. And to the Intent that Salt made by melting and refining of Rock-Salt, may not, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, be charged more than other *Engliſh* Salt; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that where any ſuch Rock-Salt ſhall be melted and refined, which had before paid the Duty impoſed by this Act, according to the Direction of the ſame, the Perſon who ſhall make ſuch Salt by refining, ſhall (over and above his Allowance by any former Act) receive, by virtue of this Act an Allowance and Abatement of the Duty on the Salt by him ſo made, after the Rate and Proportion of Two Shillings and Four Pence, for every Buſhel of ſuch Rock-Salt, ſo melted and refined, which had paid the Duty, as aforeſaid, and being weighed in the Preſence of the Officer before melted down, and Oath being firſt made before ſome Juſtice of the Peace, near adjoyning to ſuch Salt-Works, of the particular Quantities of the ſaid Rock-Salt ſo by him employed in making the ſaid Salt by refining; which Oath the ſaid Juſtice of the Peace is hereby Impowered to adminiſter, and upon due Proof by Oath or otherwiſe made of the Payment of the Duty impoſed by this Act.

Salaries and incidents to be paid.

XXXII. Provided always, and be it Enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, or to or for the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or any Three or more of them, or the Treaſurer of the Exchequer for the time being, out of the ſaid Duties ariſing upon Salt by this Act, to cauſe ſuch Sum and Sums of Money to be expended and paid, from time to time, for Salaries or other incident Charges, as ſhall be neceſſary in and for the Receiving, Collecting, Levying or Managing of the ſame Duties upon Salt; Any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

What Salt is intended to be charged.

XXXIII. And it is hereby Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Salt made from Rock-Salt (allowing the Draw-back for the ſame, as in this Act is mentioned) and all refined Salt, or Salt made from Salt, either imported or made in *England*, is, and is intended to be charged and chargeable with the ſaid Duties by this Act granted; Any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

All Salt (except Rock-Salt) to be aſcertained, at 56 lb. *Weight to the Buſhel.*

XXXIV. And to the End the ſaid Duties upon Salt may be equally paid, It is hereby Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Salt at all Salt-Works and Salt-Pits (Rock-Salt excepted) ſhall be aſcertained as to the Payment of the ſaid Duty by this Act, at the Rate of Fifty ſix Pounds Weight to the Buſhel, and no more.

Scotch *Salt and all imported Salt, landed before due Entry, forfeited, &c.*

XXXV. And be it further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Salt, whether brought from *Scotland* by Land, and alſo all imported Salt, whether the ſame be of the Product or Manufacture of this Kingdom, or of the Dominion of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, brought in, landed or put on ſhore, before due Entry made with the Officers appointed to receive the ſame, and Payment of the Duties by this Act impoſed, ſhall be forfeited, and after the Rate of Ten Shillings *per* Buſhel for ſuch Salt, to be recovered from the Offender (to wit) One Moiety thereof to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety

Moiety thereof to him or them that ſhall or will ſeize, inform or ſue for the ſame; Any thing in this Act to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

XXXVI. And for the better aſcertaining the ſaid Duties on Salt, according to the Buſhel of Fifty ſix Pounds Weight herein before declared, in all Parts and Places where any Salt-Work or Salt-Pit is or ſhall be, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Collector or Officer appointed to receive and collect the ſaid Duties upon Salt, ſhall provide at every ſuch Salt-Work or Salt-Pit, a ſufficient Beam, Scale and Weights, or Stileard, and ſhall have liberty to fix the ſame in ſome convenient Place in or about ſuch Salt-Work or Salt-Pit, for the Weighing all Salt that ſhall be delivered from ſuch Salt-Work or Salt-Pit; and that One or more Perſon or Perſons (as Occaſion ſhall require) living in or near ſuch Salt-Work or Salt-Pit, ſhall be admitted and ſworn to the due and true Weighing all Salt, from thence to be delivered, before One or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace near adjoyning (which Oath he or they are hereby impowered to adminiſter) without Fee or Reward; and ſuch Weigher and Weighers ſhall be ſatisfied and paid for their Pains in Weighing ſuch Salt, by the ſaid Collector or Officer for the ſaid Duties.

Collectors at every Salt-Pit to provide a Beam, &c. for weighing of Salt.

Weighers to be ſworn, and paid by the Collectors.

XXXVII. And whereas the Carriers of Salt do frequently load ſeveral Horſes with Salt at one Salt-Work, and at one Time, for which they have had but one Warrant, or Permit, and are often obliged, for convenient Carriage of the ſaid Salt to ſeveral Places, to ſeparate the ſaid Horſes, and to drive them ſeveral Roads, by which means ſome of the ſaid Salt may be liable to Seizure: For Prevention therefore of ſuch Inconveniencies to the ſaid Carriers, It is hereby Enacted, and the ſaid Officers are hereby ſtrictly charged and required to deliver *gratis*, and without Delay, ſuch and ſo many ſeveral Warrants or Permits to each Carrier of Salt, as he ſhall demand, for ſuch ſeveral Horſe-loads of Salt, as he ſhall load at one Time, and at one Salt-Work.

Carriers of Salt to have Permits gratis for ſo many Loads as are loaded at one Time.

XXXVIII. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Perſons ſelling Salt made for Uſe (except Foreign Salt) ſhall ſell the ſame after the Rate of Fifty ſix Pound Weight to the Buſhel, and not otherwiſe, and ſo in Proportion for a greater or leſſer Quantity; and that every Perſon offending therein, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds to the Informer, to be ſued for and recovered in ſuch Manner as other Forfeitures by this Act are to be ſued for and recovered.

Salt (except Foreign) to be ſold at 56 l. to the Buſhel, and not otherwiſe.

Penalty.

XXXIX. And for the Preventing of Exactions upon Sale of Salt in this Kingdom, and to have the Rates and Prices thereof aſcertained, Be it further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Lord Mayor and Court of Aldermen of the City of *London* ſhall and may (and are hereby required in the Court of Aldermen within the City of *London*, upon or before the Tenth Day of *July*, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety eight) ſet, aſcertain, and publiſh in Writing, certain reaſonable Rates and Prices upon all Salt to be ſold, or expoſed to ſale, after the ſaid Tenth Day of *July*, in the City of *London* and Precincts thereof, and the Bills of Mortality; and that the reſpective Juſtices of the Peace for the reſpective Counties, Ridings, Diviſions, Cities and Places, within the Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, and Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, ſhall and may (and are hereby required, upon or before the Firſt Day of *Auguſt*, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety eight, at the ſeveral and reſpective General Seſſions of the Peace for the ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Counties, Ridings, Diviſions, Cities and Places wherein they are or ſhall be Juſtices of the Peace) ſet, aſcertain and duly publiſh in Writing certain reaſonable Rates and Prices upon all Salt to be ſold or expoſed to ſale, after the ſaid Firſt Day of *Auguſt*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety eight, within the ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Counties, Ridings, Diviſions, Cities and Places wherein they are or ſhall be Juſtices of the Peace; and that the Lord Mayor of *London*, and the ſaid Court of Aldermen in the Court of Aldermen, and that the ſaid reſpective Juſtices of the Peace of the ſeveral and reſpective Counties, Ridings, Diviſions, Cities and Places aforeſaid, as aforeſaid, at the ſeveral and reſpective General Seſſions of the Peace for the ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Counties, Ridings, Diviſions, Cities and Places, wherein they are or ſhall be Juſtices of the Peace, ſhall and may, and are hereby required, from time to time, (if neceſſary) at the ſeveral and reſpective

Lord Mayor and Aldermen of London *to aſcertain the Price of Salt within the City of* London.

And Juſtices of Peace the like at their General Seſſions.

And may alter the Rates.

General Seſſions of the Peace for the ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Counties, Ridings, Diviſions, Cities and Places, from and after the ſaid Firſt Day of *Auguſt*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety eight, by Writing duly made and publiſhed, alter and correct the Rates and Prices of all Salt to be ſold and expoſed to ſale in the ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Places; which Rates and Prices which ſhall be ſo ſet, aſcertained, altered and corrected, are hereby enacted and required to be obſerved, accepted, received and taken by all and every Perſon and Perſons ſelling or expoſing to ſale any Salt, within the Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*; and if any Perſon or Perſons, ſhall ſell any Salt at any higher Price or Rate, or refuſe to ſell any Salt at the Prices and Rates aforeſaid, ſuch Perſon and Perſons ſo offending, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds, to be levied out of the Goods and Chattels of ſuch Offender or Offenders, by Diſtreſs and Sale thereof, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of the Lord Mayor of the City of *London*, or of any Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace for the Place or Places wherein ſuch Offence ſhall be committed, or Diſtreſs ſhall be to be made: And in default of ſufficient Diſtreſs for the ſame, it ſhall and may be lawful by Warrant under the Hand and Seal, from the Lord Mayor of the City of *London*, or from any ſuch Juſtice of the Peace, as aforeſaid, to impriſon the ſaid Offender or Offenders, until ſuch Offender or Offenders, ſhall pay the ſaid Sum of Five Pounds, one Moiety of which Sum of Five Pounds, is hereby enacted to be paid to the Uſe of our Sovereign Lord the King, and the other Moiety thereof to be paid to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall inform and proſecute for the ſame, before the ſaid Lord Mayor of *London*, or the ſaid reſpective Juſtices, as aforeſaid.

Prices aſcertained to be obſerved.

Penalty for ſelling at a higher Rate.

In default of Diſtreſs, to impriſon the Offender.

Part of the XL. And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Commiſſioners and Governors of the Revenue or Receipt of Exciſe for the time being, at the Head Office in *London*, from time to time, ſhall ſeparate and keep apart all and every the Sum and Sums of Money ariſing by the ſeveral Rates and Duties for or upon Salt, and Rock-Salt, by this Act granted, as the ſame ſhall, from time to time ariſe, or be paid into the ſaid Office of Exciſe by the Receivers or Collectors of the ſame, or by any other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever; and that the Chief Commiſſioners for marking and ſtamping of Velum, Parchment and Paper, or for managing the Duties thereupon for the time being, ſhall at their Head Office cauſe to be ſeparated and kept apart in like Manner, all and every the Monies ariſing by the reſpective Rates and Duties granted by the Act before mentioned, for and upon Velum, Parchment and Paper, as the ſame ſhall, from time to time ariſe, or be paid into their Office: And as well the ſaid Commiſſioners and Governors of Exciſe, as the ſaid Commſſioners for the ſaid Duties upon Velum, Parchment and Paper reſpectively for the time being, are hereby required and ſtrictly enjoyned, from time to time, for ever, to pay Weekly, to wit, on *Wedneſday* in every Week, if it be not an Holiday, and if it be, then the next Day after, that is not an Holiday, all and every the Monies ariſing, as well by the ſeveral and reſpective Rates and Duties hereby granted for or upon Salt and Rock-Salt, as the ſaid ſeveral Duties granted or payable by the Act herein before mentioned, for and upon Stampt Velum, Parchment and Paper reſpectively, into the Receipt of the Exchequer of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, diſtinct and apart from all other Monies, which the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall ſeverally receive for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors.

The Duties on Salt by this Act granted, are to be kept apart and paid Weekly into the Exchequer.

XLII. And be it further Enacted, That if the ſaid Commiſſioners of Exciſe, or the ſaid Commiſſioners for the Duties on Velum, Parchment and Paper for the time being reſpectively, ſhall refuſe or neglect to pay, or cauſe to be paid into the Exchequer, all or any the Sums appointed to be paid by them ſeverally, as aforeſaid, in ſuch Manner as they are reſpectively Required by this Act, or ſhall divert or miſapply any Part of the ſame, then they and every of them, ſo offending, ſhall forfeit their ſeveral Offices and Places, and ſhall be incapable to ſerve his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, in any Office or Place of Profit or Truſt whatſoever, and ſhall be liable to pay double the Value of all and every Sum and Sums of Money ſo diverted or miſapplied, to any Perſon or Perſons, Body Politick or Corporate, who ſhall be intituled to any Annuity or Payment out of the Fund by this Act ſettled, and will ſue for ſuch Forfeiture by Action of Debt or of the Caſe, Bill, Suit or Information founded upon this Act, in any Court of Record of his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, wherein no Eſ-

Penalty on Commiſſioners not paying duly into the Exchequer, &c.

ſoign, Protection, Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance ſhall be granted or allowed.

Exciſe and Stamp Office to be for ever continued with Commiſſioners and Comptrollers of the ſaid Duties.

XLIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Head Office of Exciſe, and the Chief Office for the ſaid Duties upon Velum, Parchment and Paper, ſhall for ever be continued, with a ſufficient Number of Commiſſioners, and a Comptroller in either of them, for performing and executing ſuch Matters and Things as are by this Act injoyned to be done or performed by ſuch Commiſſioners and Comptrollers reſpectively, according to the true Meaning hereof.

Comptrollers to keep diſtinct Accounts.

XLIV. And be it Enacted, That the reſpective Comptrollers in the ſaid Offices for the time being, ſhall keep perfect and diſtinct Accounts in Books fairly Written, of all the Monies which ſhall ariſe of or for the ſaid Duties upon Salt, and of or for the ſaid Duties upon Velum, Parchment and Paper reſpectively, as the ſame ſhall, from time to time, ariſe or be raiſed; to which Books, all Perſons concerned ſhall have free Acceſs at all ſeaſonable Times without Fee or Charge; and if any ſuch Comptroller, as aforeſaid, ſhall neglect his Duty therein, then he or they, for ſuch Offence, ſhall forfeit his Office or Place, and be rendred incapable, as aforeſaid, and ſhall alſo forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds to any Perſon or Perſons, Body Politick or Corporate, Intituled to any Annuity or Payment by this Act, and that will ſue for the ſame, as aforeſaid.

Penalty.

Penalties on Collectors detaining Money, &c.

XLV. And be it further Enacted, That if any Collector or Receiver of any the Duties by this Act granted upon Salt, or Rock-Salt, or of any the further Duties granted by the Act before mentioned, for or upon Velum, Parchment and Paper, ſhall detain all or any part of the Monies by him collected or received contrary to his Duty, then he or they for any ſuch Offence ſhall be diſmiſſed from his Imployment, and be charged with Intereſt for the ſame, after the Rate of twelve Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, and be liable to anſwer treble Damages, to all and every Perſon and Perſons, Bodies Politick and Corporate, that ſhall be grieved by ſuch Detention; and

And for miſapplying any Part thereof.

if any Collector or Receiver of any the ſaid Duties upon Salt, Rock-Salt, Velum, Parchment and Paper, ſhall divert or miſapply all or any part of the Monies by him collected or received, contrary to the true Meaning of this Act, then he or they for every or any ſuch Offence ſhall be diſmiſſed from his Imployment, and rendred incapable to ſerve his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, as aforeſaid, and ſhall moreover forfeit double the Sum or Sums ſo by him or them diverted or miſapplied, to any Perſon or Perſons, Body Politick or Corporate, who ſhall be intituled to any Annuity or Payment out of the Fund by this Act ſettled, and will ſue for the ſame, as aforeſaid.

Anno 10 & 11 *GULIELMI* III. Regis.

CAP. XXII.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the more full and effectual Charging of the Duties upon Rock-Salt.*

Preamble.

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of *England* in Parliament aſſembled, taking Notice that by divers Acts of Parliament now in Force, ſeveral Duties, whereof ſome are for Terms of Years yet unexpired, and others in Perpetuity, are impoſed upon all Salt and Rock-Salt, made within the Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, and Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, or taken out of any Pit or Pits within the ſame, to be raiſed, diſpoſed and applied, to and for the ſeveral Uſes and Purpoſes in the ſame, or by ſome other Act or Acts of Parliament in that Behalf expreſſed and declared, and being ſenſible that Rock-Salt, which in and by the ſaid Acts, or ſome of them, is chargeable with the ſaid Duties, after the Rate of One hundred and twenty Pound Weight to the Buſhel, may be, and is uſed in kind for Curing Fiſh, Fleſh, and other Purpoſes, without being refined into White Salt, and all White Salt made from Brine, or otherwiſe, being chargeable with the

the ſaid Duties, after the Rate of Fifty ſix Pound Weight to the Buſhel, and that One hundred and twenty Pounds Weight of Rock-Salt, uſed in kind, will ſerve the Uſe of almoſt Two Buſhels of White Salt, reckoned at Fifty ſix Pounds Weight, as aforeſaid, whereby the Makers of Salt from Brine, have been and are extreamly diſcouraged, and his Majeſty's Duties intended by the ſaid Acts, have been and are very much impaired, have therefore reſolved to increaſe your Majeſty's Duties upon all Rock-Salt and Salt-Rock, by reducing the Buſhel, according to which the Duties thereof ſhall be paid for the future, in the Manner hereafter mentioned.

II. And be it Enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by Authority of the ſame, that from and after the Fifteenth Day of *May*, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety nine, every Seventy five Pounds Weight of Rock-Salt, or Salt-Rock, taken out of any Pit or Pits, within the Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, ſhall be deemed and taken to be a *Winchester* Buſhel of Eight Gallons *Winchester* Meaſure, and ſhall be entred, rated and taxed accordingly, to and for the ſeveral Duties upon Salt-Rock and Rock-Salt, by the ſaid ſeveral Acts of Parliament charged or made payable, inſtead of the Buſhel of One hundred and twenty Pounds Weight in the ſaid Acts, or any of them mentioned, and greater or leſſer Quantities of the ſaid Salt-Rock, or Rock-Salt, ſhall be reckoned proportionably; Any thing in the ſaid former Acts, or any other Law or Statute whatſoever to the contrary notwithſtanding.

75 lb Weight of Rock-Salt deemed a Winchester Buſhel, and rated accordingly.

III. And whereas by the ſaid former Acts, or ſome of them, it is provided, that all Makers and Proprietors of Rock-Salt ſhould make true Entries with his Majeſty's Officers, of the Quantities of Salt by them taken out of any Pit or Pits, and ſhould have a Warrant or Ticket from ſome one of the Officers, to carry away the ſame, before the ſaid Salt made or taken out of any Pit or Pits, ſhould be removed or carried from the reſpective Pits, and that ſuch Warrant ſhould be given *gratis* unto ſuch Maker or Proprietor, upon paying or giving Security for Payment of his Majeſty's Duties, within Six Months after ſuch Entry made; Nevertheleſs the Owners or Proprietors of Rock-Salt, having by the ſaid Acts, or ſome of them, Liberty to remove their Rock-Salt, into his or their own Warehouſes, or other Places for ſecuring thereof, for Conveniency of ſelling or ſhipping off the ſame, after due Entry made, and a Warrant or Ticket taken for the ſame, from the Officer next to ſuch Salt-Pits, and to pay and ſecure the Duty when the ſaid Rock-Salt ſhall be ſold and delivered, it is found by Experience, that there is not a ſufficient Charge made and kept upon the ſaid Owners or Proprietors, for all the Rock-Salt or Salt-Rock taken out of his or their Pit or Pits, but between the Pits and the ſaid Storehouſes (which are in many Places contrived ſo as to be remote from the Pits) or elſe before the ſelling and delivery of the ſaid Rock-Salt, great Quantities thereof are run and imbezled, and never charged, to his Majeſty's great Damage, and the Injury of ſuch Workers as juſtly pay his Majeſty's Dues: For Remedy whereof, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Owner or Proprietor of any ſuch Rock-Pit or Pits, who after the ſaid Fifteenth Day of *May*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety nine, ſhall take any Rock-Salt or Salt-Rock, out of any ſuch Pit, ſhall, before the Removal thereof, cauſe the ſame to be weighed in the Preſence of the Officer appointed for the Duties on Salt; which Officer is hereby authorized and required to attend at ſuch Salt-Pits, at all reaſonable Hours in the Day time, to ſee and take Account of all ſuch Rock-Salt and Salt-Rock ſo weighed, and thereof to make Return, or Report in Writing under his Hand, to the Commiſſioners of Exciſe, or to ſuch Perſon as they ſhall appoint to receive the ſame, leaving a true Copy of ſuch Return in Writing under his Hand, with ſuch Proprietor, and ſuch Report or Return ſhall be a Charge upon ſuch Proprietor reſpectively; and if any ſuch Proprietor ſhall refuſe to weigh any ſuch Rock-Salt and Salt-Rock, in the Preſence of the Officer, when taken out of any Pit, as aforeſaid, or ſhall remove or convey, or ſuffer to be conveyed from ſuch Pit, any ſuch Rock-Salt and Salt-Rock, before the ſame ſhall have been weighed, as aforeſaid, every ſuch Proprietor ſhall forfeit and loſe for every

Owner of Rock-Pit ſhall before Removal, cauſe Rock-Salt to be weighed, in Preſence of Officer.

Who is to make Return to Commiſſioners.

Owners to have a Copy thereof.

Penalty.

ſuch

ſuch Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds, and alſo double the Value of the Rock-Salt and Salt-Rock ſo removed, as aforeſaid.

Duties to be cleared off in Two Days after Charge made or Security given.

IV. And be it further Enacted, That every Proprietor of ſuch Rock-Pits, ſhall pay and clear off the Duties of all Rock-Salt and Salt-Rock ſo charged, as aforeſaid, within two Days after ſuch Charge was made, or ſhall within the ſaid Two Days, give Security to pay the ſame within Nine Months; and every ſuch Proprietor who ſhall not pay and clear off, nor give Security to pay, as aforeſaid, ſhall forfeit double the Value of the ſaid Duties.

Penalty.

Allowance for Prompt-Payment.

V. Provided always, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall within the ſaid Two Days after ſuch Charges, as aforeſaid, pay down the Duty charged by this Act, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall be allowed after the Rate of Ten Pounds *per Cent*, *per Ann.* for the ſaid time of Nine Months.

Allowance for Rock-Salt refined into White Salt.

VI. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That where any ſuch Rock-Salt or Salt-Rock for which his Majeſty's Duties, after the Rate of Seventy five Pounds Weight to the Buſhel, ſhall have been firſt duly charged and paid or ſecured, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, ſhall be melted and refined, the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall refine the ſame into White Salt (which White Salt is charged by the ſaid Acts with New Duties, after the Rate of Fifty ſix Pounds to the Buſhel) ſhall have an Allowance or Abatement out of the Duties of the ſaid White Salt, of ſo much as was charged on the ſaid Rock ſo melted and refined, after the Rate of Seventy five Pounds to the Buſhel, and not after the Rate of One hundred twenty Pounds to the Buſhel, as by the ſaid former Acts was preſcribed, ſo as the Rock ſo refined was before the melting thereof weighed in the Preſence of the Officer, and ſo as Oath be firſt made before ſome Juſtice of Peace, near adjoyning to ſuch Salt-Works, of the particular Quantities of ſuch Rock-Salt or Salt-Rock ſo by ſuch Refiner imployed in making the ſaid White Salt, and that he or any other Perſon or Perſons, by his Privity or Knowledge, did not increaſe the ſaid Rock-Salt or Salt-Rock, by mixing or other undue Practice, and that no former Allowance or Abatement for the ſaid Rock-Salt or Salt-Rock had been made or obtained to his Uſe or Benefit (which Oath the ſaid Juſtice of the Peace is hereby impowered to adminiſter) and ſo as due Proof be made upon Oath or otherwiſe, that the Duties for the ſaid Rock-Salt or Salt-Rock ſo refined were duly charged and paid, or ſecured to be paid, after the Rate of Seventy five Pounds to the Buſhel, according to this Act, and not otherwiſe; Any thing in the ſaid former Acts to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Oath firſt made,

And Duties paid or ſecured.

Rock-Salt, &c. exported, Duties to be repaid,

VII. And to the end that Rock-Salt or Salt-Rock in kind, and Salt refined and made from Rock-Salt or Salt-Rock may be exported, and the Duties charged thereon be repaid, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for all ſuch Rock-Salt, Salt-Rock, and refined Salt made from Rock-Salt or Salt-Rock, as ſhall be exported from any Port or Place in this Kingdom, Dominion of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, into Parts beyond the Seas, by any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, there ſhall be allowed and paid for every Buſhel of ſuch Rock-Salt or Salt-Rock, whereof the Duties ſhall have been charged and paid, as aforeſaid, after the Rate of Seventy five Pounds Weight to the Buſhel, and for every Buſhel of ſuch refined Salt made from Rock-Salt or Salt-Rock, whereof the Duties ſhall have been charged and paid or allowed, after the Rate of Fifty ſix Pounds to the Buſhel, the Duties which ſhall have been ſo paid for every ſuch Buſhel of Rock-Salt, Salt-Rock or refined Salt, ſo exported, to the Perſon or Perſons exporting the ſame, by the Officer or Officers appointed to collect the Duties on Salt in the ſame Port from whence any ſuch refined Salt ſhall be exported, within Two Days after Demand thereof, on a Debenture to be prepared by the Collector of the Cuſtoms in the Port where ſuch Rock-Salt, Salt-Rock or refined Salt ſhall be entred out for Exportation, and verified by the Perſon executing the Office of Searcher in ſuch Port, as to the Quantity of ſuch Rock-Salt, Salt-Rock or refined Salt actually ſhipped; and that the Oath of the Exporter, or his Agent, be firſt taken before the Principal Officers of the ſaid Port, before the Debenture be allowed, who are hereby required and impowered to give the ſaid Oath, That the Duties, as aforeſaid, for the Rock-Salt, Salt-Rock or refined Salt, in ſuch Debenture mentioned, were firſt actually paid, and that ſuch Rock-Salt, Salt-Rock or refined Salt, is really exported, or ſhipped

in Two Days after Demand upon a Debenture.

And Oath of Exporter or his Agent.

And not to be re-landed in England, &c.

ped to be exported to Parts beyond the Seas, and not intended to be relanded in *England*, *Wales* or *Berwick*; for which Debenture no Fee or Reward ſhall be given; and in caſe the Officer hereby directed to pay ſuch Debenture, ſhall not have ſufficient Money in his Hands to pay the ſame, then upon Certificate thereof by him made (which Certificate he is hereby required to give the Party *gratis*, and without Delay) the Principal Commiſſioners for managing the Revenue of Exciſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors for the time being, ſhall be chargeable with the ſaid Payment, to be made out of the firſt Money in their Hands ariſing out of the Duties upon Salt, and any Officer neglecting or refuſing to pay the ſaid Money, or to give ſuch Certificate as is hereby directed, ſhall forfeit

Penalty.

double the Sums ſo to be paid to the Party grieved, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed.

Duties how to be raiſed, &c.

VIII. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Duties upon Rock-Salt and Salt-Rock, which ſhall be charged in purſuance of this Act, ſhall be raiſed, levied and recovered, by ſuch Ways and Means, and in ſuch Manner and Form, in all Caſes (unleſs in ſuch where other Methods or Directions are hereby preſcribed) as the Duties upon Salt or Rock-Salt, chargeable by the ſaid former Acts, or any of them, were thereby appointed to be raiſed, levied and recovered: And that all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act impoſed, ſhall and may be ſued for, levied and recovered, in ſuch Manner and Form, and with ſuch Power of Mitigation, as any Fine, Forfeiture or Penalty is or may be recovered, by any Law or Laws of Exciſe, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*; and that one Moiety of every ſuch Fine, Forfeiture or Penalty, ſhall be to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him or them that ſhall inform or ſue for the ſame; and that all the Duties which ſhall be charged by virtue of this Act, as aforeſaid, ſhall be brought in, applied, iſſued and diſpoſed of, to the ſame Uſes and Purpoſes, and in the ſame Proportions as the Duties upon Salt and Rock-Salt, charged by the ſaid former Acts reſpectively, are appointed to be brought in, iſſued and applied, and under the ſame Penalties for delaying, diverting or miſapplying any Part of the Monies ariſing for the ſaid Duties to be charged by this Act, as in and by the ſaid former Acts, or any of them, in the like Caſe and Caſes are preſcribed; Any thing in this or the ſaid former Acts contained to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

And Fines, Penalties, &c. recovered.

Duties how to be applied.

IX. And for the greater Equality, in determining Differences touching the Duties upon all Salt whatſoever, and the Penalties and Forfeitures concerning the ſame, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Fifteenth Day of *May*, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety nine, if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall find him, her or themſelves agrieved by any Order or Judgment of any Two Juſtices of the Peace, relating to the Duties upon Salt, or to any Forfeiture or Offence concerning the ſame, That then it ſhall and may be lawful, to and for ſuch Perſon or Perſons to appeal to the Juſtices at the next Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be holden for that County, Liberty, Riding, Diviſion or Place, where the ſaid Order or Judgment ſhall be made or given, and the ſaid Juſtices at ſuch Quarter Seſſions, are hereby Impowered and Authorized, to hear and determine the ſame, whoſe Judgment therein ſhall be final; Any thing in this or any former Act or Acts to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Perſons agrieved may appeal to the Quarter Seſſions.

All Salt whatſoever to be weighed, at the Place where ſhipped.

X. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Fifteenth Day of *May*, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety and nine, all Rock-Salt, and Salt-Rock, and White Salt whatſoever, that ſhall be ſhipped or taken on board any Ship, Boat or Veſſel, whatſoever, to be delivered as a Commodity, either to be exported to *Ireland*, or any other Place beyond the Seas, or to be unladen, in any Port, Creek, Haven or other Place, on the Coaſts of *England*, or elſewhere, ſhall be weighed at the Place or Creek where the ſaid Salt is to be taken on board, by ſuch Officer or Officers, as the Commiſſioners of the Exciſe, or the major Part of them for the time being, ſhall, from time to time, direct and appoint; and that no ſuch Salt ſhall be carried on board any Ship, Boat or Veſſel whatſoever, till the ſame ſhall be ſo weighed or tendred to be weighed, and a Permit or Certificate, containing the Quantity of ſuch

And not put on board till weighed, and Permit obtained.

Salt ſo weighed or tendred to be weighed, as aforeſaid, be firſt had and obtained, under the Penalty of forfeiting the ſaid Salt, not ſo weighed or tendred tobe weighed, and over and above Ten Shillings *per* Buſhel, for the ſame, and after that Rate for a greater or leſſer Quantity, to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, ſo carried on board any Ship, Boat or Veſſel, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning hereof; which ſaid Permit or Certificate ſuch Officer ſhall give to the Party requiring the ſame *gratis*, on the Penalty of Five Pounds to the Party grieved.

Penalty.

Officer to give Permit gratis.

Penalty.

XI. Provided always, That if the ſaid Officer or Officers ſhall refuſe to weigh ſuch Salt ſo to be taken on board, as aforeſaid, or ſhall not attend to weigh the ſame at ſuch Place where the ſame is to be taken on board, as aforeſaid, or after the weighing the ſame, ſhall refuſe to give ſuch Permit or Certificate, that then, and in every ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Owner or Poſſeſſor of the Salt, to carry the ſaid Salt on board any Ship, Boat or Veſſel, without incurring any Penalty for ſo doing; Any thing herein contained to the contrary hereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Officer refuſing to weigh ſuch Salt.

Owner may ſhip the ſame.

XII. And be it likewiſe Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful, to and for the Officer and Officers, ſo to be appointed, as aforeſaid, at every unlading Port or Creek of ſuch Ship, Boat or Veſſel, to go on board the ſame before the Delivery thereof, and to demand a ſight of ſuch Permit or Certificate, ſo to be given, as aforeſaid, and to weigh the ſaid Salt upon the unlading the ſame; and if the Salt on the weighing of the ſame, ſhall be found to be more in Weight than what is contained in the ſaid Permit or Certificate, that then the Surpluſage that ſhall exceed the Quantity contained in the ſaid Permit or Cetificate ſhall be forfeited, the one Moiety thereof to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety thereof to the Perſon that ſhall inform or ſue for the ſame: And if the Maſter of ſuch Ship, Boat or Veſſel, ſhall refuſe to ſhew unto ſuch Officer the ſaid Permit or Certificate, upon due Requeſt made, to the End he may ſee whether the Salt ſo unlading, be the ſame Quantity with that contained in the Permit or Certificate, that then, and in ſuch Caſe it ſhall be lawful for the ſaid Officer to ſeize the ſaid Salt, and detain the ſame, until the ſaid Permit or Certificate be produced.

If Salt on unlading be found more in Weight than contained in Permit, Surpluſage, forfeited.

Maſter refuſing to ſhew Permit,

Officer may ſeize the Salt.

XIII. Provided always, That if the ſaid Permit or Certificate, having been given, as aforeſaid, be not ſhewn to ſuch Officer, within Four Days after the Seizure thereof, that then, and in ſuch Caſe, the Salt ſo ſeized ſhall be forfeited.

Permit not ſhewn in Four Days, Salt forfeited.

Anno primo *ANNÆ* Reginæ.

CAP. XXI.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for preventing Frauds in the Duties upon Salt, and for the better Payment of the Debentures at the Cuſtom-Houſe.*

FOR Prevention of Evil Practices frequently made uſe of in defrauding her Majeſty of her Duties on Salt, Be it Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That all and every Perſon and Perſons, being a Maker of Salt, or a Refiner of Rock-Salt, or being a Proprietor of any Salt-Works or Salt-Pits, ſhall, on or before the Four and twentieth Day of *June*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and two, make a true and particular Entry in Writing under his and their reſpective Hands, at the next Salt-Office to their reſpective Pits, Works or Places of Habitation, of the Number and Situation of his and their reſpective Salt-Pits and Salt-Works, and of the Number of Pans in each Salt-Work, and of the Number and Situation of every Storehouſe, Warehouſe, and other Place, by him or them made uſe of, for the making, refining or keeping of Salt or Rock-Salt, on Pain of forfeiting the Sum of Forty Pounds; and all and every Maker

Makers, &c. of Salt ſhall enter the Number, &c. of their Salt-Pits and Pans, &c.

Penalty.

of Salt, Refiner of Rock-Salt, and Proprietor of any Salt-Works or Salt-Pits, who after the ſaid Four and twentieth Day of *June*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and two, ſhall erect, ſet up, or make uſe of any Salt-Work, Salt-Pit, Salt-Pan, Storehouſe, Warehouſe, or other Place, for the making, laying, refining or keeping of Salt or Rock-Salt, without giving Notice thereof at the next Salt-Office, ſhall forfeit and loſe for every Salt-Work, Salt-Pit, Salt-Pan, Storehouſe, Warehouſe, or other Place, ſo erected, ſet up, or made uſe of, without ſuch Notice, as aforeſaid, the Sum of Forty Pounds.

Salt-Work, &c. erected without Notice given.

Penalty.

II. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſeveral Officers for the ſaid Duties, to enter into all and every the Works, Warehouſes, Storehouſes, and other Places made uſe of by any Maker, Refiner or Importer of Salt, or Proprietor of Rock-Salt, for the better looking after the ſaid Duties, and preventing Frauds therein; and if any Salt-maker, Importer of Salt, or any Refiner or Proprietor of Rock-Salt, after the ſaid Four and twentieth Day of *June*, ſhall, upon due requeſt or demand made by the Officers for the ſaid Duties, in the Day-time, or in the Night in the Preſence of a Conſtable or other lawful Officer of the Peace, refuſe to permit ſuch Officer to enter and come into his or their Works, Warehouſes, Storehouſes, or other Place by him or them made uſe of for making, laying, refining or keeping of Salt, ſuch Maker and Importer of Salt, and the Refiner or Proprietor of Rock-Salt reſpectively, ſhall forfeit and loſe, for every ſuch Offence, the Sum of Forty Pounds.

Officer may Enter into Salt-Work, &c.

Penalty on Refuſal.

III. And whereas great Quantities of Salt are frequently found in the Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion of ſeveral Perſons who live near the Salt-Works or Sea-Coaſts, which Salt is not duly Entred, nor any Duties paid for the ſame, and if diſcovered by the Officers for the ſaid Duties, the Perſons in whoſe Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion the ſame is found, pretend that the ſame doth not belong to them, ſo that the Penalties by Law impoſed on the Perſons that landed ſuch Salt, or removed the ſame from the Salt-Work, without Entry or Payment of Duties, cannot be inflicted on ſuch Offenders: For Remedy whereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Perſon in whoſe Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion any Salt ſhall be ſo found, which hath not been duly Entred, and the Duties thereof paid, or ſecured to be paid, ſhall, in caſe the ſame be Foreign Salt, be liable to the ſame Penalties and Forfeitures, as if ſuch Perſon had landed the ſame without Entry or Payment of Duties, or giving Security for the ſame; or in caſe the ſame ſhall be *Engliſh* Salt, then to be liable to ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, as if ſuch Perſon had removed ſuch Salt from the Salt-Works, without Entry, or Paying or Securing the Duties thereof, and without any Ticket or Licence obtained for removing the ſame, unleſs the Perſon or Perſons, in whoſe Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion ſuch Salt ſhall be found, ſhall make it appear upon the Trial, or hearing of the Information for ſuch Offence, that he bought ſuch Foreign or *Engliſh* Salt of a Maker, Retailer or Importer of Salt, and of whom he ſo bought the ſame.

Salt found and not Entred, and Duty paid.

Penalties.

IV. And whereas ſeveral Perſons, eſpecially Salt-Carriers, do frequently carry Salt from the Salt-Works and Storehouſes of Makers of Salt, without Entry or Payment of Duties, or giving Security for the ſame; and when they find themſelves purſued by the Officers for the ſaid Duties, with force obſtruct and hinder the Officers from making Seizures thereof, and frequently Beat and Abuſe them, whereby they are very much diſcouraged in performance of their Duties; and ſometimes the ſaid Perſons ſcatter the ſaid Salt on the Ground, or caſt the ſame into Water, to prevent the Seizure thereof; and the ſaid Offenders, being for the moſt part very Poor, are not able to pay the Penalties by Law impoſed on them for ſuch Offences, and ſometimes before ſuch Penalties can be adjudged againſt them, make their Eſcapes to remote Parts, and cannot be found: For Remedy thereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Salt-Carrier, or other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, ſhall from and after the ſaid Four and twentieth Day of *June*, remove or convey any Salt from any Salt-Works, or Place thereunto belonging, without due Entry of the ſame, and Payment of the Duties thereof, or giving Security for ſuch Duties, or without Warrant, Ticket or Licence for carrying or removing the ſame, that then, and in every ſuch Caſe, It ſhall be lawful for the Officers for the ſaid Duties, not only to ſeize the Salt ſo removed, but alſo to ap-

Salt Carriers removing Salt before Entry, &c.

Officer may ſeize the ſame, &c.

prehend the ſaid Offender or Offenders, and carry him, her, and them before one of her Majeſties Juſtices of the Peace of the County or Place where the Offence ſhall be committed: And in caſe the ſaid Offence ſhall be proved before the ſaid Juſtice of the Peace, and the Offender or Offenders ſhall not forthwith pay down the Penalties by the Laws relating to the ſaid Duties impoſed on ſuch Offender or Offenders, for the Offence ſo proved on ſuch Offender or Offenders, and no ſufficient Diſtreſs can be found, whereupon to levy the ſame, It ſhall be lawful for the ſaid Juſtice of the Peace to commit ſuch Offender or Offenders to the Houſe of Correction, there to be whipt, and kept to hard Labour, for any time not exceeding One Month: And if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall obſtruct or hinder any Officer or Officers for the ſaid Duties, in the Execution of his or their Offices, or the Powers given them by this Act, or any other Law relating to the ſaid Duties, or ſhall beat or abuſe the ſaid Officers, or any of them, in the Execution of his or their Offices, ſuch Perſon and Perſons ſhall for every ſuch Offence forfeit and loſe the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and for Non-payment thereof, and in default of Diſtreſs whereby to levy the ſame, it ſhall and may be lawful for any of her Majeſties Juſtices of the Peace, upon due Proof of ſuch Offence, to commit ſuch Offender or Offenders to the Houſe of Correction, there to be whipt, and kept to hard Labour, for any time not exceeding One Month.

and apprehend the Offenders.

On Non-payment of the Penalties, &c. Offender to be committed to the Houſe of Correction.

Penalty on Perſon hindring or abuſing a Salt Officer,

no Diſtreſs Offender to be committed to the Houſe of Correction and whipt, &c.

V. And whereas ſeveral Perſons do make uſe of Brine taken out of Brine-Pits or Brine-Pans, for curing or Pickling of Fleſh and Fiſh, or for preſerving of other Proviſions, without Boiling the ſame into Salt, and alſo of Rock-Salt or Salt-Rock, without refining the ſame into White-Salt, whereby her Majeſties Duties on Salt are much prejudiced: For Prevention thereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Four and twentieth Day of *June*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and two, no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall make uſe of any ſuch Brine before the ſame is boiled into Salt, or of any Rock-Salt or Salt-Rock, before the ſame is refined into White-Salt, for the pickling or curing of Fleſh or Fiſh, or for preſerving of any Proviſions, upon Pain of forfeiting the Sum of Forty Shillings for every Gallon of ſuch Brine, or Pound of Rock-Salt or Salt-Rock ſo made uſe of, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, and ſo in Proportion for a greater or leſſer Quantity.

No Brine or Rock-Salt to be uſed for Curing and Pickling of Fleſh or Fiſh, &c.

Penalty.

VI. And whereas her Majeſty is very much defrauded of her Duties upon Foreign Salt, by the different and uncertain Meaſuring of the ſame, upon the Importation and Exportation thereof: For Remedy thereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Four and twentieth Day of *June*, Eighty four Pounds Weight of Foreign Salt ſhall be deemed and taken to be a Buſhel of Foreign Salt, both upon the Importation and Exportation thereof; Any thing herein, or in any former Law, to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

84 Pound the Content of a Buſhel of Foreign Salt.

VII. And whereas the Importers of Foreign Salt, do bring the ſame in Veſſels on the ſeveral Coaſts of this Kingdom, and Dominion of *Wales*, and lie hovering off the ſaid Coaſts, and will not bring the ſame into Port, or land the ſaid Salt, until they can get an Opportunity of Running ſuch Salt, without Entry or Payment of Duties; and in many caſes where they do bring the ſame into Port, yet continue ſuch Salt in Port on board their Veſſels, and refuſe to enter or land the ſame, and in the Night-time, or Abſence of the Officers from on board ſuch Veſſels, privately Run the ſaid Salt on ſhore, without Entry or Payment of Duties, or giving Security for the ſame: For Prevention thereof, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Four and twentieth Day of *June*, where any Ship or Veſſel laden with Salt ſhall be found hovering on the Coaſts of *England* or *Wales*, not directly proceeding on her Voyage to ſome Port, It ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Officers of the Cuſtoms, or the Officers for the ſaid Duty on Salt, to go on board ſuch Veſſels, and compel the ſame to come into Port, and to continue on board ſuch Ships or Veſſels until the Salt ſhall be unladen, or the ſaid Ship or Veſſel ſhall depart from the ſaid Port, on her intended Voyage to ſome other Place; and if the Perſons on board ſuch Ship or Veſſel, or any other Ship or Veſſel importing Salt, ſhall neglect or refuſe to enter or unlade ſuch Salt, for the Space of Twenty Days after the ſame is come into Port, or within that time to depart and proceed regularly on their Voyage to

Ships laden with Salt, hovering on the Coaſt,

may be compelled by ſuch Officers to come into Port.

Salt not entred or Ship not departing in 20 Days.

Unleſs permitted to ſtay,

Salt, forfeited, and double the Value.

ſome other Place, unleſs permitted by the Chief Officer of the Cuſtoms for that Port to make a longer Stay, then and in ſuch Caſe, all the Salt on board ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſhall be forfeited, and double the Value thereof, to be recovered of the Maſter of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, or the Perſon commanding the ſame in that Voyage.

Salt imported in Ships leſs than 20 Tun, Forfeited, and double the Value.

VIII. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Four and twentieth Day of *June*, no Foreign Salt ſhall be imported from Parts beyond the Seas, in any Ship or Veſſel of leſs Burthen than Twenty Tuns, and in Bulk only (except for the Neceſſary Proviſions of the Ships) upon Paid of forfeiting the ſaid Salt, and double the Value thereof, to be recovered of the Perſon Importing the ſame.

65 lb. to be deemed a Buſhel of Rock-Salt.

IX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Four and twentieth Day of *June*, Sixty five Pounds Weight of Rock-Salt ſhall be deemed and taken to be a Buſhel of Rock-Salt, Any thing in the ſaid former Acts contained to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

No Rock-Salt to be refined, but within Ten Miles of the Pit whence taken, &c.

X. And it is hereby alſo Enacted, That from and after the ſaid Four and twentieth Day of *June*, no Rock-Salt whatſoever ſhall be refined or made into White-Salt in any Place or Places whatſoever, within the Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, (except ſuch Places as are or ſhall be within Ten Miles diſtance of the reſpective Pit or Pits from whence ſuch Rock-Salt ſhall be taken, or at ſuch Places as upon or before the Tenth Day of *May*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and two, ſhall have been uſed for the refining of Rock Salt,) under the Pain of Forty Shillings for every Buſhel of Rock-Salt that ſhall be melted or refined in any Houſe, Place or Places, not by this Act allowed for that Purpoſe, and ſo in Proportion for a greater or leſſer Quantity.

Penalty.

XI. And whereas by the ſeveral Acts for laying Duties upon Salt, any Perſon, exporting Salt to Parts beyond the Seas, is Intituled to a Drawback of the whole Duty of the Salt ſo exported; and it is found by Experience, that many Exporters of Salt and Rock Salt, after they have obtained the ſaid Drawback, or a Debenture for the ſame, do privately Reland ſuch Salt or Rock-Salt in *England* or *Wales*, without paying the Duties thereof upon ſuch Relanding: for Prevention thereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Four and twentieth Day of *June*, no Debenture ſhall be made or granted, or Drawback allowed to be paid, for or upon account of Exportation of any Salt or Rock-Salt for *Ireland*, until the Exporter of the ſaid Salt or Rock-Salt, ſhall produce to the Officer appointed to make ſuch Debenture, a Certificate under the Hand of the Collector of the Cuſtoms of the Port in *Ireland*, where ſuch Salt or Rock-Salt ſhall be landed, or the Perſon executing his Office, of the particular Quantity of Salt or Rock-Salt actually landed, to be computed after the Rate of Fifty ſix Pounds Weight to the Buſhel, in caſe the ſame ſhall be *Engliſh* White-Salt, and after the Rate of Sixty five Pounds to the Buſhel, in caſe the ſame ſhall be *Engliſh* Rock-Salt, and after the Rate of Eighty four Pounds to the Buſhel, in caſe the ſame ſhall be Foreign Salt; which Salt and Rock-Salt is hereby directed and required to be weighed by the ſaid Collectors or Perſons executing their reſpective Offices, and the ſaid Certificate to be made *gratis*, and without Delay. And it is hereby Enacted, That no Drawback ſhall be allowed or paid for more Salt or Rock-Salt, of the Quantity exported in ſuch Veſſel, than what ſhall appear by ſuch Certificate to have been actually landed in *Ireland*.

No Drawback to be allowed for Salt exported for Ireland, *till a Certificate is produced from thence.*

Proviſo for Salt-Ships drove into Port by ſtreſs of Weather, &c.

XII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Ship or Veſſel laden with Salt exported, to be carried to Parts beyond the Seas, ſhall, from and after the ſaid Four and twentieth Day of *June*, by ſtreſs of Weather or otherwiſe, be drove or come into any Port, Creek, Harbour, or other Place within the Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, It ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Officer of Exciſe on Salt for ſuch Place, appointed or to be appointed for that purpoſe by the Commiſſioners of Exciſe, to enter or come on board ſuch Ship or Veſſel, and there to continue and be, till the ſaid Ship or Veſſel ſhall unlade her Cargo, or return to Sea to go her intended Voyage, under the Penalty of Twenty Pounds, to be recovered of the Maſter of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, who ſhall refuſe ſuch Officer ſo to come and continue

tinue on board, as aforeſaid. And if the ſaid Maſter, or any other Perſon, ſhall unlade or put on ſhore any Part of the ſaid Salt, before due Entry or Repayment of the Duty, as by the Statutes in that Behalf made is provided, That then, and in every ſuch Caſe, not only the ſaid Salt ſo unladen, but alſo the whole Cargo of Salt in ſuch Ship or Veſſel remaining, ſhall be forfeited and loſt.

Salt landed before Entry, or Repayment of the Duty, the whole Cargo forfeited.

XIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That where any Salt, as well Foreign as *Engliſh*, ſhall be laid on board any Ship or Veſſel, either to be tranſported to Parts beyond the Seas, or carried Coaſtwiſe, to be relanded in *England*, *Wales*, or *Berwick*, the Officer of the Cuſtoms of the Port where the ſaid Salt ſhall be laden on board any ſuch or Veſſel, ſhall in the Cocquets made out and delivered for ſuch Ship or Veſſel (which Cocquet ſhall be alſo ſigned by the Officer in the ſaid Port appointed by the Commiſſioners of Exciſe for the Duty on Salt, and given without Fee or Delay) expreſs the particular Quantity of Salt ſo laden on board: And in caſe ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall come in o any Port, Creek, Harbour or Place in *England*, *Wales*, or *Berwick*, It ſhall be lawful for the Officers of the Cuſtoms, or other Officers for the ſaid Duties, to go on board any ſuch Ship or Veſſel, and demand a ſight of ſuch Cocquet, and in caſe he or they ſhall have juſt Cauſe to ſuſpect that there is not ſo much Salt on board as the Quantity expreſſed in ſuch Cocquet, and ſhall make Affidavit thereof before the Collector or Cuſtomer of the ſaid Port, or Perſon executing their or either of their Offices, to weigh all the Salt remaining on board; and in caſe upon ſuch Weighing, there ſhall appear not to be ſo much Salt on board, as the Quantity expreſſed in ſuch Cocquet, making reaſonable Allowance for the Waſte of the ſaid Salt ſince its Exportation, and making alſo Allowance (for Salt going Coaſt-wiſe) of Salt delivered at another Port, and endorſed in the Salt Permit, going with the ſaid Veſſel, as delivered at ſuch Port, then and in ſuch caſe, the ſaid Salt ſo remaining on board, ſhall be forfeited and loſt.

Salt exported or carried Coaſtwiſe,

Quantity to be expreſt in the Cocquet.

Officer finding leſs on board than expreſſed, in the Cocquet Salt forfeited.

XIV. And for Prevention of Frauds frequently Practiſed in curing Fiſh at Sea with Salt, which hath not, or ſhall not have been entred, nor the Duties thereof paid, or ſecured to be paid, according to the Directions of the former Laws, or with Salt exported from *England* or *Wales*, the Duties whereof ſhall have been repaid upon ſuch Exportation, or Debentures obtained, in order to the drawing back of the ſame: Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Nine and twentieth Day of *September*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and two, no Fiſh, for which Allowances are by Law given upon Exportation, ſhall be imported, brought in, or landed within the Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, unleſs the Owner or Proprietor of ſuch Fiſh, or the Maſter of the Veſſel, ſhall make Oath before the Officer for the ſaid Duties, in the Port or Place where ſuch Fiſh ſhall be imported, brought in, or landed, (who ſhall adminiſter the ſame without Fee or Charge) That all the Salt, wherewith the ſaid Fiſh was cured, was laden or put on board from ſome Part of *England*, *Wales* or *Berwick*, and that no Drawback, or Allowance, or Debenture for the ſame, hath, to his Knowledge or Belief, been had or obtained, or is intended to be had or obtained, upon the Exportation or Carrying out of the ſaid Salt, or any Part thereof, upon Pain of forfeiting ſuch Fiſh that ſhall be imported, brought in, or landed, contrary to the Intent and Meaning hereof, and double the Value thereof, to be recovered of the Importer or Proprietor thereof.

No Fiſh for which Allowances are given upon Exportation, ſhall be Imported, unleſs Oath be made,

That all the Salt which cured the Fiſh was carried from England without Drawback.

Forfeiture.

XV. And whereas the Officers appointed by the Commiſſioners of Exciſe, to take Care of the Duties on imported Salt, and to prevent Frauds in the undue obtaining Debentures for Drawbacks and Allowances out of the ſaid Duties, are not by any of the Laws relating to the ſaid Duties, ſufficiently Impowered to go on board Ships and Veſſels for that purpoſe, although the Duties on Salt are under the Management of the ſaid Commiſſioners and their Officers: Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from henceforth it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Officers appointed by the Commiſſioners of Exciſe for the ſaid Duties on Salt, from time to time, to go on board all Ships importing or exporting any Salt or Fiſh, and to continue on board ſuch Ships, to take an Account of ſuch Salt and Fiſh, and ſee the ſame weighed, landed or exported: and if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall obſtruct or hinder any of the ſaid Officers in Performance of their Duties aforeſaid, then, and in every

Power given to the Officers of Salt-Duties to go on board Ships.

ſuch Caſe, the Perſon offending therein, ſhall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XVI. And whereas her Majeſties Duties on Salt are much leſſened by the Exportation of great Quantities of Fiſh, in regard the Exporters thereof, after the ſame are carried out of Port, and Allowances, or Debentures for Allowances out of the Duties on Salt, had or obtained on ſuch Exportation, do frequenly bring back ſuch Fiſh into Port, and Re-export the ſame, and obtain a Second or more Allowances for the very ſame Fiſh: For Remedy thereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Four and twentieth Day of *June*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and two, It ſhall and may be lawful for the Officers for the ſaid Duties on Salt, in the ſeveral and reſpective Parts of the Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, and Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, upon the Exportation of any Codfiſh, Ling or Hake, and before the ſame ſhall be laid on board for Exportation, to cut off part of the Tail of every ſuch Codfiſh, Ling or Hake, before the ſame ſhall be ſo exported, to the Intent it may be known that ſuch Codfiſh, Ling or Hake hath been ſo exported, and Allowances obtained on Exportation thereof, in caſe the ſame ſhall be re-landed or re-imported; And alſo, That it ſhall be lawful upon the Exportation of any Pilchards, Scads, White-Herrings, Red Herrings, Salmon, or dried Red-Sprats, and before the ſame ſhall be laid on board for Exportation, to mark any Cask, Barrel or other Veſſel, wherein any ſuch Pilchards, Scads, White-Herrings, Red-Herrings, Salmon, or dried Red-Sprats, ſhall be exported, to the Intent it may be known that ſuch Pilchards, Scads, White-Herrings, Red-Herrings, Salmon, or dried Red Sprats, have been exported, and Allowances obtained on Exportation of the ſame, in caſe the ſame or any of them, ſhall be re-landed or re-imported.

Officer to cut off part of the Tail upon Exportation of Codfiſh, Ling or Hake,

and to mark Casks of Pilchards, &c.

XVII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any Codfiiſh, Ling or Hake, or any Pilchards, Scads, White-Herrings, Red-Herrings, Salmon, or dried Red-Sprats, ſhall, after the ſame ſhall be exported, be fraudulently Re-landed in *England*, or *Wales*, or the Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, or Re-imported, all the ſaid Fiſh ſo re-landed or re-imported, ſhall be forfeited and loſt, and double the Value thereof, to be recovered of the Importer or Proprietor thereof.

Fiſh fraudulently Re-landed,

forfeited, and double the Value.

XVIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Salt-Maker or Dealer in Salt, ſhall act as a Juſtice of the Peace in any Matter or Thing relating to the Duties on Salt, or any Offence committed againſt the Laws relating to the ſame; and in caſe there ſhall not be a ſufficient Number of Juſtices of the Peace in any Corporation (that are not Makers or Dealers in Salt) ſufficient to hear and determine the Offences relating to the ſaid Duties, then, and in ſuch Caſe, the Juſtices of the Peace of the County next adjoyning to ſuch Corporation, ſhall have hereby Power and Authority, from time to time, to hear and determine all Offences, Matters and Things relating to the ſaid Duties on Salt, in the ſame Manner as if they were Juſtices of the Peace for ſuch Corporation reſpectively; Any Law, Statute or Proviſion to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Salt-Maker not to act as Juſtice of the Peace, relating to the Duties on Salt, &c.

XIX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Penalties and Forfeitures hereby given and impoſed, ſhall be recovered and levied by the ſame Ways, Means and Methods, as any Penalties and Forfeitures can or may be recovered and levied by any of the Laws of Exciſe, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of her Majeſties Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection, or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed, nor any more than one Imparlance: And that the ſaid Penalties and Forfeitures ſhall be diſtributed in manner following, (*viz.*) one Moiety thereof to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him or them that will ſue or inform for the ſame.

Penalties, how to be recovered,

and diſtributed.

XX. And whereas the Allowances given by the ſeveral Acts relating to the Duties on Salt, upon the Exportation of Codfiſh, Ling and Hake, therein mentioned, do much exceed the Duty of the Salt uſually imployed in the Curing the ſame, ſo that many Perſons, for the ſake of the ſaid Allowances only, do export ſuch Fiſh not duly Cured, and Fiſh of very ſmall Size, not having a due Quantity of Salt made uſe of in Curing the ſame, which is not only a Prejudice to her Majeſty in her ſaid Duties on Salt, but alſo a great Diſparagement to the Trade of *Engliſh* Fiſh in Foreign

Makers: Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in lieu of the ſeveral Allowances given out of the ſaid Duties on Salt, by the Acts relating to the ſame, upon the Exportation of any Codfiſh, Ling or Hake, there ſhall be allowed and paid the ſeveral and reſpective Sums herein after mentioned, for the ſeveral and reſpective Sorts of Codfiſh, Ling or Hake, herein after mentioned, which ſhall be exported from any Port or Place in *England*, *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, from and after the ſaid Four and twentieth Day of *June*; That is to ſay:

In lieu of the ſeveral Allowances out of the Salt-Duty for Fiſh exported, the Sums hereafter mentioned to be allowed.

XXI. For every Hundred of Codfiſh, Ling and Hake (other than and except dried Cod, Ling or Hake, commonly called Haberdines) which ſhall contain in Length Four and twenty Inches, and upwards, from the Bone in the Fin to the Third Joint in the Tale of ſuch Fiſh, the Sum of Fifty Shillings, and ſo in Proportion for a greater or leſſer Quantity.

Codfiſh, Ling and Hake (except Haberdines) of 24 Inches, for every 100 Fiſh 50 s.

XXII. For every Hundred of Codfiſh, Ling or Hake (other than and except dried Cod, Ling or Hake, commonly called Haberdines) which ſhall be of the Length of Eighteen Inches, or more, and under the Size of Four and twenty Inches, from the Bone in the Fin to the Third Joint in the Tail of ſuch Fiſh, the Sum of Five and twenty Shillings, and ſo in Proportion for a greater or leſſer Quantity.

Codfiſh, &c. of 18 Inches, 25 s. per Hundred.

XXIII. For every Hundred of dried Codfiſh, Ling or Hake, commonly called Haberdines, one Moiety of the Allowance given by this Act for other Codfiſh, Ling and Hake of the ſame Dimenſions; upon Debentures, to be prepared according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts relating to the ſaid Duties, and doing and performing ſuch other Matters and Things, as by the ſaid former Acts, and this preſent Act, are required and preſcribed, in order to the obtaining ſuch Allowances.

Codfiſh, &c. called Haberdines, one half of the Duties.

XXIV. Provided always, and it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any of the ſaid Duties on Salt ſhall ceaſe, determine, or be redeemed by Parliament, then, and in any of the ſaid Caſes, the ſaid Allowances upon Exportation of Codfiſh, Ling or Hake, hereby ſettled, ſhall be leſſened in Proportion to the Duties on Salt that ſhall ſo ceaſe, determine or be redeemed.

In caſe Salt-Duties ceaſe, Allowances to be leſſened, &c.

XXV. And it is hereby Declared and Enacted, That no Allowance ſhall be paid out of the ſaid Duties on Salt, for or on Account of the Exportation of any Fiſh, that are or ſhall not be well Cured, or ſhall be Unmerchantable, nor for any Conger.

No Allowance for Fiſh not well cured, nor for Conger.

XXVI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful, to and for her Majeſty (if ſhe pleaſes) from time to time, to conſtitute and appoint particular Commiſſioners, ſeparate and apart from the Commiſſioners and Governors of the Receipt of Exciſe, for the Receipt, Management and Government of the ſaid Duties on Salt, during her Majeſties Pleaſure; and upon her Majeſties conſtituting and appointing ſuch particular Commiſſioners for the ſaid Duties on Salt, and during ſuch Time only as her Majeſty ſhall, from time to time, think fit to continue the ſame under the Receipt and Management of ſuch particular Commiſſioners, all and every the Powers and Authorities given by this Act, and by the ſeveral Acts relating to the ſaid Duties on Salt, or any of them, to the Commiſſioners and Governors of the Receipt of Exciſe, and the Collectors and other Officers for the ſaid Duties under them, ſhall be, and are hereby veſted and transferred to ſuch particular Commiſſioners as her Majeſty ſhall ſo, from time to time, conſtitute and appoint, for the Receipt, Government and Management of the ſaid Duties on Salt; and the Collectors and Officers to be, from time to time, appointed by ſuch particular Commiſſioners, or the major Part of them reſpectively, and all and every the Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Methods, Clauſes, Matters and Things, which in and by the ſaid Acts, relating to the ſaid Duties upon Salt, are directed to be exerciſed, practiſed, applied, uſed and put in Execution by the ſaid Commiſſioners and Governors of the Receipt of Exciſe, and their Officers under them reſpectively, with relation to the ſaid Duties on Salt, or any Penalties, Forfeitures, Frauds or Offences, againſt the ſaid Acts, or any of them, relating to the ſame, ſhall, during ſuch Time as her Majeſty ſhall pleaſe to continue the ſaid Duties on Salt, under the Receipt and Management of ſuch particular Commiſſioners, be exerciſed, practiſed, applied, uſed and put in Execution by ſuch particular Commiſſioners, and the Officers under them reſpectively for the time being.

Particular Commiſſioners may be appointed for the Duties on Salt, in whom ſhall be veſted all the Powers, &c.

XXVII. Pro-

Salt, &c. Entred beyond Sea, Officer to take Security. &c.

XXVII. Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That where any Salt or Rock-Salt ſhall be entred, according to the former Laws relating to the ſaid Duties on Salt, and the ſame ſhall be intended to be exported to Parts beyond the Seas, then, and in ſuch Caſe the Officers for the ſaid Duties on Salt ſhall be, and are hereby Authorized and Impowered to take ſufficient Security from the Merchant or Merchants that intend to export ſuch Salt or Rock-Salt, for the due Payment of the Duties thereof, without inſiſting, that the Original Proprietor of ſuch Salt or Rock-Salt be bound in ſuch Security.

No Perſon to buy Salt but by Weight. Penalty.

XXVIII. And whereas notwithſtanding the Act of Parliament for obliging all Perſons to ſell Salt by Weight, the ſame is not obſerved, by reaſon the Perſons that buy the ſame refuſe to buy the ſame of the Proprietors otherwiſe than by Meaſure, to the great Prejudice of the ſaid Proprietors: For Remedy whereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Four and twentieth Day of *June*, no Perſon ſhall buy any Salt otherwiſe than by Weight, and not by Meaſure, under the Penalty of Ten Shillings for every Buſhel of Salt which ſhall be bought contrary to the true Meaning hereof, and ſo in Proportion for a greater or leſſer Quantity, to be paid by the Perſon or Perſons ſo buying the ſame, to be recovered and diſtributed, as any the Penalties by this Act inflicted are hereby directed to be recovered and diſtributed.

XXIX. And whereas the Salt-Proprietors having a Liberty to pay the Duty in Ready Money, or give Security to pay the ſame, in Nine Months for the Rock, and in Six Months for other Salt, tends only to the Benefit of the Richer ſort of Proprietors, but is deſtructive to the Salt-Trade in general, through the Difficulties attending ſuch as have not Ready Money, thereby cauſing ſeveral Bonds to be ſued, when by a due Encouragement to ſuch, as well as other Proprietors, it might in a great meaſure be prevented, and the Duty ſooner paid: Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Perſon and Perſons, who ſhall give ſuch Security, as aforeſaid, ſhall have Liberty, at any time within Twenty eight Days after giving the ſame, to pay the Duty thereby ſecured, and on Payment thereof, ſhall have and receive a Diſcount after the Rate of Ten Pounds *per Cent. per Annum*, for the remainder of the Time for which ſuch Security ſhall be given.

Perſons paying Duty in 28 Days after Security given, to have a Diſcount, &c.

XXX. And whereas ſeveral Fiſhermen, who uſed the *North-Sea* Fiſhery, did in the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred, Ship ſeveral Quantities of Salt at *North* and *South-Shields* near *Newcaſtle* upon *Tine*, giving Bonds for the Duties thereof, and then exported the ſaid Salt to the *North-Seas*, where they ſpent it in curing and ſalting of Fiſh caught in thoſe Seas, believing that upon Affidavit of Shipping off the ſaid Salt, and its not being Relanded in *England* or *Wales*, they might be Intituled to a Drawback of the Duties, which ſome other Fiſhermen in the like Caſe had obtained, as if ſuch Salt had been actually Exported to Parts beyond the Seas; and upon bringing Home their ſaid Fiſh, ſold the ſame to ſeveral Retailers at Home-Markets, at a low Price accordingly. Now foraſmuch as ſuch Fiſhermen might be ignorant that they were liable to pay the ſaid Duties, notwithſtanding ſuch Salt was ſpent in curing of Fiſh, and they not being enabled by the Price thereof to pay the ſame, a Proſecution upon ſuch their Bonds would ruin them and their Familes: For Prevention whereof, upon due Proof to be made before the Commiſſioners for the Exciſe or Salt-Duties, that ſuch Salt ſo ſhipped off was by them ſpent in curing and ſalting of Fiſh caught in the *North-Seas*, that the ſaid Fiſh was afterwards ſold to Retailers at Home-Markets, at a low Price, and that no Drawback or Allowance has been already made or paid by the ſaid Commiſſioners for the Exciſe or Salt-Duties: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all ſuch Bonds as were ſo given at *North* and *South-Shields* near *Newcaſtle*, for the Duties of ſuch Salt ſo expended, as aforeſaid, and for which no Drawback or Allowance has already been made upon Exportation thereof, ſhall be, and the ſame are hereby made and declared Void, and of none Effect: And the Commiſſioners for the Exciſe or Salt-Duties for the time being, are hereby Impowered and Directed to cancel or deliver up the ſame to the reſpective Perſons therein concerned, who ſhall deſire ſuch Bonds, or any of them; and that all Proſecutions at Law upon the ſaid Bonds do ceaſe and determine.

Bonds given by Fiſhermen who uſed the North-Sea *Fiſhery*, An. 1700, *&c. made void.*

Commiſſioners to cancel the ſame, and Proſecutions to ceaſe.

XXXI. And

XXXI. And whereas divers Frauds have been committed in curing and packing of Pilchards, by which means a great Diſrepute is brought on the ſaid Commodity beyond the Seas, which tends as well to the great Diſhonour of the *Engliſh* Nation, as to the Deſtruction of that Trade: For Remedy whereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Four and twentieth Day of *June*, no Perſon or Perſons do preſume to cure or pack Pilchards for Sale, unleſs he or they be Owner or Owners, or Part-Owners, of ſome Seyn or Seyns, or of Drift-net or Drift-nets, or have the Conſent of ſuch Owners in Writing, and that on each Cask or Hogſhead of Pilchards the Word Seyn or Drift (according to the manner of their being taken) ſhall be burnt with an Iron in ſome viſible Part thereof, together with the Name and Sirname of the Owner or Owners of the ſame, as alſo the Number of Pilchards contained in each Cask or Hogſhead, under the Penalty of the Forfeiture of double the Value of the ſaid Fiſh for every ſuch Offence, to be recovered and and diſpoſed as other Penalties by this Act are to be recovered and diſpoſed.

Pilchards not to be cured or packed for Sale but by Owners of Nets, &c.

Cask to be markt with the Owners Name, &c.

under forfeiture of double the Value.

Anno 2 & 3 *ANNÆ* Reginæ.

CAP. XIV.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the better Securing and Regulating the Duties upon Salt.*

WHereas great Sums of Money are paid out of her Majeſties Duties upon Salt, on account of Debentures for Salt ſhipped to be exported to Foreign Parts; and it is found by Experience, That great Part of the Salt, for which ſuch Debentures have been paid, hath been fraudulently Landed on the Coaſts of *England* and *Wales*, and not Exported to any Foreign Parts, or having been actually Landed in *Ireland*, or other Places out of *England* and *Wales*, have been ſhipped off again from thence, and fraudulently brought into *England* or *Wales*; by which evil Practices her Majeſties ſaid Duties are very much leſſened in the Produce thereof, and the Salt-Makers, who pay their full Duties, are very much prejudiced and diſcouraged in their Trade, by reaſon they cannot ſell their Salt in Places which are ſupplied with Salt Run, as aforeſaid: For Remedy whereof, Be it Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by Authority of the ſame, That no Salt whatſoever, being of the Produce or Manufacture of *England*, *Wales*, *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, *Scotland* or *Ireland*, nor any other Salt coming from *Ireland*, *Scotland*, or the Iſle of *Man*, ſhall, after the Firſt Day of *June*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and four, be imported or brought into any Port or Place within *England*, *Wales*, or *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, nor be taken out of any Ship or Veſſel, nor put on ſhore within any of the ſaid Ports or Places, upon Pain that all the Salt ſo imported or brought in, taken out of any Ship or Veſſel, or landed, or put on ſhore, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, ſhall be forfeited and loſt; and that the Ship or Veſſel in which any ſuch Salt ſhall be ſo imported or brought in, or out of which any ſuch Salt ſhall be taken or put on ſhore, together with all her Tackle and Apparel, ſhall alſo be forfeited and loſt; and every Perſon that ſhall take any ſuch Salt out of any ſuch Ship or Veſſel, or carry the ſame on ſhore, or convey the ſame from the ſhore when Landed, or be aiding or aſſiſting therein, ſhall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every ſuch Offence, or ſuffer Six Months Impriſonment.

Preamble.

Salt imported from Ireland, Scotland, *or the Iſle of* Man.

Forfeited as alſo the Ship, &c.

Perſon un-ſhipping or landing the Salt, &c. forfeit 20 l. or ſuffer 6 Months Impriſonment.

II. And be it further Enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful, to and for any of the Officers for the ſaid Duties upon Salt, at any time within Two Months after the Importation or Landing any ſuch Salt, and not afterwards, to ſeize the Salt ſo imported or taken out of any Ship or Veſſel, or landed or put on ſhore, or conveying from the Shore; and alſo the Ship or Veſſel in which ſuch Salt was imported, together with all her Tackle

Salt ſo imported or landed may in Two Months after be ſeized,

alſo the Ship, &c.

And if not claimed in Twenty Days, may be ſold.

and Apparel: And in caſe the Owner of ſuch Salt or Ship ſhall not within Twenty Days after ſuch Seizure, claim the Salt and Ship ſo ſeized, and alſo give ſufficient Security to anſwer the Value thereof; then and in every ſuch Caſe, the Salt and Ship, with all her Tackle and Apparel, ſhall be ſold to the beſt Advantage.

Salt carried Coaſtwiſe excepted.

III. Provided nevertheleſs, That nothing in this Act ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend to any Salt which ſhall be ſhipped, to be carried Coaſtwiſe by Certificate from one Port to another in *England*, *Wales*, or *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, according to the Directions of the former Acts relating to the ſaid Duties.

Salt forced into any Port by ſtreſs of Weather, &c. may be re-landed on Entry and re-payment of the Duty.

IV. Provided alſo, That in caſe where any Salt ſhall have been entred and ſhipped to be exported to Foreign Parts, according to the Directions of the former Acts in that Behalf, and the Ship or Veſſel, laden with ſuch Salt, ſhall by ſtreſs of Weather, Enemies, or other unavoidable Neceſſities, be forced into any Port or Place within *England*, *Wales*, or *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Owner of ſuch Salt, or Maſter of ſuch Ship, within Twenty Days after her coming into ſuch Port to re-land the ſaid Salt, ſo as due Entry be made, and the Duties again paid down for the whole Quantity of Salt that was entred to be exported, before any part thereof ſhall be re-landed, and not otherwiſe; Any thing in this Act, or any other Law or Statute, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Fiſhermen may Land Salt taken on board for ſalting of Fiſh, on Oath made, &c. where it was taken in.

V. Provided alſo, That in caſe where any Fiſherman ſhall have taken any Salt on board his Boat or Veſſel from any Part of *England*, *Wales*, or *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, for the ſalting of Fiſh at Sea, it ſhall and may be lawful for any ſuch Fiſherman to bring in and land any ſuch Salt ſo taken on board, ſo as Oath be made before the landing thereof, (which Oath the Officer for the ſaid Duties hath hereby Power, and is hereby Directed to adminiſter, without Fee or Charge) That the particular Quantity of Salt ſo to be landed, was taken on board from ſome Part of *England*, *Wales*, or *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, and at what Place it was taken on board, and that no Part thereof was taken out of any Ship or Veſſel at Sea; Any thing in this Act, or any other Statute, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Salt for Ships Proviſion, or for curing Fiſh, may alſo be landed ſo as Entry be made in Ten Days.

VI. Provided alſo, That in caſe where any Ship or Veſſel ſhall come into any Port of *England*, *Wales*, or *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, from *Ireland*, or any other Foreign Part, having on board any Quantity of Salt, which was taken in only for the neceſſary Proviſions of the Ship for ſuch Voyage, or for curing of Fiſh, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Maſter of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, to land the ſaid Salt ſo as Entry be made thereof within Ten Days after his firſt coming into ſuch Port, and the Duties paid down, or ſecured for the ſame, before the ſame, or any Part thereof, ſhall be landed or taken out of any ſuch Ship or Veſſel, in the ſame manner as the Duties of Foreign Salt imported are to be paid or ſecured; Any thing in this Act, or any other Statute, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

No Salt to be brought out of Scotland *by Land into,* England.

VII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Firſt Day of *June*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and four, no Salt ſhall be brought out of *Scotland* by land, into any Part of *England*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, or Precincts thereof, on Pain of forfeiting the Salt ſo brought into any of the ſaid Places, and Twenty Shillings a Buſhel, and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity; and that it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any of the Officers for the Duties upon Salt, to ſeize any Salt ſo brought into any of the ſaid Places, and to apprehend the Perſon and Perſons who ſhall bring in the ſame, and to carry him, her, or them, before any of her Majeſties Juſtices of the Peace, near the Place where ſuch Seizure ſhall be made; and if upon full Proof of the Fact, ſuch Offender ſhall not pay down the ſaid Penalties by this Act impoſed, ſuch Juſtice ſhall commit ſuch Offender to the next Goal, there to remain for the Space of Six Months without Bail or Mainprize.

Penalty.

Salt-Officers to ſeize ſuch Salt, and the Perſons who are to be committed for 6 Months if they do not pay the Penalty.

VIII. And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Fifth Year of the Reign of the late King *William* and Queen *Mary*, Intituled, *An Act for Granting to their Majeſties certain Rates and Duties upon Salt, and upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, for ſecuring certain Recompences and Advantages in the ſaid Act mentioned, to ſuch Perſons as ſhall voluntarily advance the Sum of Ten hundred thouſand Pounds towards carrying on the War againſt* France; it is amongſt other things Enacted, That no Salt ſhall be delivered 5 & 6 W. & M. cap. 7.

vered from any Salt-Works, or Pits, without Notice firſt given to the Officer appointed for that purpoſe, upon Pain of Forfeiture of the Salt ſo delivered, and upon Pain of Twenty Pounds to be forfeited by the Owner or Owners of the Salt-Works, or Pits, where ſuch Salt ſhall be delivered: And whereas ſeveral Salt-Makers have been, and others may be ſubjected to the ſaid Penalties of Twenty Pounds, by the Evil Practices of Salt-Carriers, and others, who convey Salt from the Salt-Works without a Warrant, or Permit for conveying the ſame; For preventing whereof, be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Firſt Day of *June*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and four, as well the Carrier, or Perſon who ſhall carry or convey any Salt without a Warrant, or Permit for carrying the ſame, as the Proprietor of the Salt-Works, who ſhall deliver Salt without Notice firſt given, ſhall forfeit the ſaid Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Penalty on Salt-Carrier, carrying Salt without a Permit.

Par. IX. *Vide Page* 211 *in this Book.*

X. Provided always, and it is further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That where any Salt or Rock-Salt, (the Duties whereof ſhall have been paid or ſecured to be paid, according to the Direction of the former Laws, relating to the ſaid Duties on Salt) ſhall from and after the Firſt Day of *June*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and four, be ſhipped or laid on board any Ship or Veſſel, in any Port, River or Place within this Kingdom of *England*, or the Dominion of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, in order to be exported to Parts beyond the Seas, or be carried Coaſtwiſe; and the ſaid Salt, or Rock-Salt, ſo ſhipped or laid on board, ſhall happen to periſh by the Sinking of the Ship or Veſſel, on which the ſame ſhall be ſhipped or laid on board, before the ſaid Ship or Veſſel ſhall go out of ſuch Port or Place, and before the Exporter of ſuch Salt ſhall be intituled to a Drawback or Allowance of the Duties thereof, then and in ſuch Caſe the Exporter, or Proprietor of the ſaid Salt, or Rock-Salt ſo periſhed, ſhall upon Proof made before the Juſtices of the Peace, at the next General Quarter-Seſſions of the Peace, to be held for the County, City, Riding, Diviſion, or Place next to the Place where the ſaid Salt, or Rock-Salt, ſhall ſo periſh, of the Loſs of the Salt, or Rock-Salt ſo ſhipped, receive from the ſaid Seſſions a Certificate, that ſuch Proof was made before them, and upon producing the ſaid Certificate to any of her Majeſties Collectors, or Officers appointed to collect the ſaid Duties on Salt, the ſaid Collectors and Officers are hereby required to let the ſaid Exporter or Proprietor, buy the like Quantity of Salt, or Rock-Salt, as is expreſſed in the ſaid Certificate to be ſo periſhed, without paying to her Majeſty any Duty of Exciſe for the ſame, in the ſame Manner as if ſuch Salt, or Rock-Salt had ſo periſhed, going Coaſtwiſe from one Port in *England* to another.

Salt ſhipped for Exportation and periſhing in Port, by the Sinking of the Ship, &c.

on Proof made at the Quarter-Seſſions.

Proprietor to buy the like Quantity, Duty Free.

XI. Provided always, and be it further Enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons, ſhall at any time be ſued or proſecuted for any thing by him or them done, or executed in Purſuance of this Act, he or they ſhall or may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act in Evidence for his Defence; and if upon a Trial a Verdict ſhall paſs for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs be non-ſuit, diſcontinue, or forbare proſecuting the ſaid Actions, then ſuch Defendant or Defendants, ſhall have double Coſts to him or them awarded, againſt ſuch Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, for which Coſts he ſhall have ſuch Remedy, as in other Caſes where Coſts are by Law given to Defendants.

Perſons ſued may plead the General Iſſue.

Defendant to have Double Coſts.

XII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Penalties and Forfeitures hereby given and impoſed, ſhall be recovered and levied by the ſame Ways, Means and Methods, as any Penalties and Forfeitures can or may be recovered and levied by any of the Laws of Exciſe, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of her Majeſties Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection or Wager of Law, nor any more than one Imparlance ſhall be allowed; and that the ſaid Penalties and Forfeitures ſhall be diſtributed in manner following, (to wit) one Moiety thereof to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him or them that will ſue or inform for the ſame.

Penalties and Forfeitures, how recovered,

and divided.

Par. XIII. *Vide Page* 212 *in this Book.*

XIV. Provided, That nothing in this Act ſhall extend to prohibit the Importing and Landing any Codfiſh, Ling or Hake, which have been caught

Newfoundland, or Iſeland-Fiſh excepted,

and cured at *Newfoundland*, or *Iſeland*, ſo as Oath be firſt made before the landing thereof by the Owner or Proprietor of ſuch Fiſh, or the Maſter of the Veſſel, before the Officer for the ſaid Duties, in the Port or Place where ſuch Fiſh ſhall be imported, brought in, or landed, (who ſhall adminiſter the ſame without Fee or Charge) that all the Fiſh ſo imported came from *Newfoundland*, or *Iſeland*, and were caught and cured there, and ſo as the ſaid Fiſh be, at the landing thereof, and before the ſame be removed from the Shore, tendred to the Officer of the Port for the ſaid Duties, to have part of the Tail of every ſuch Codfiſh, Ling or Hake cut off, that no Allowance for ſuch Fiſh be obtained upon Exportation; and the ſaid Officer is hereby impowered and required to cut off part of the Tail of all ſuch Fiſh on the Importation thereof: And in caſe any ſuch Fiſh ſhall be landed before the ſame ſhall be tendred to the Officer, to have part of the Tail cut, as aforeſaid, all the Fiſh ſo imported and landed, ſhall be forfeited, and double the Value thereof, to be recovered of the Importer or Proprietor thereof; to wit, one Moiety thereof to the Queen, the other Moiety thereof to him or them who ſhall proſecute or ſue for the ſame.

but Part of the Tail of ſuch Fiſh to be cut off.

Penalty on landing the ſame before tender thereof made.

Where Salt or Rock-Salt is entred and Security given for the Duties, no ſuch Salt ſhall afterwards be entred for Exportation by any Perſon not bound in the firſt Security, until Exporter give ſufficient Security for the Duties.

XV. And whereas the Proprietors who have given Securities at their Works or Pits for the Duty of Salt or Rock-Salt bought of them, do often ſuffer Damage by Frauds committed in the Exportation without their Privity: For Remedy whereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That where any Salt or Rock-Salt ſhall after the Firſt Day of *June*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and four, be entred, and Security ſhall be given for the Duties, and certified to the Officer, according to the former Laws relating to the Duties on Salt, no ſuch Salt or Rock-Salt ſhall afterwards be entred for Exportation by any Perſon or Perſons not bound in the Security firſt given, as aforeſaid, until ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo exporting ſuch Salt or Rock-Salt, ſhall give or find ſufficient Security for the Duties thereof, (which the Officer for the ſaid Duties at the Port where the ſame is ſo entred for Exportation is hereby required to take) and the ſame Officer ſhall deliver *gratis*, and without Delay, a Certificate of ſuch New Security taken, and upon producing ſuch Certificate to the Officer of the Place where the Duty of the ſaid Salt was firſt ſecured to be paid, ſuch firſt Security ſhall be diſcharged.

Officers to deliver gratis *a Certificate of ſuch New Security; on which, firſt Security diſcharged.*

Tenants paying their Rent in Salt, to be allowed ſo much as the Duty comes to.

XVI. And whereas by ſeveral Leaſes, Grants or Contracts made before the Sixth Day of *November*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety three, certain Rents payable in Salt were reſerved, granted, or agreed to be paid out of, or for divers Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments; and it is evident that the impoſing the preſent Duties on Salt, ſince the making the ſaid Leaſes, Grants, or Contracts, doth in effect Increaſe the ſaid Rents, and make them more Burthenſome to the Perſons liable thereunto; it is therefore Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That when the Owners, Proprietors and Tenants of ſuch Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments ſo charged by any Leaſes, Grants or Contracts made before the time aforeſaid, do from and after the Five and twentieth Day of *December*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and three, pay or deliver any ſuch Rent in Salt, the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall Receive the ſame, ſhall be obliged by this Act to pay to him or them, who ſhall make ſuch Payments of Salt in kind, ſo much Money as the Duty and Duties paid or payable to her Majeſty for the ſame Salt, by any Act or Acts of Parliament made ſince the ſaid Sixth Day of *November*, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety three, do amount unto.

Guernſey *Bay-Salt may be imported during the War, not exceeding* 4000 *Buſhels* per Annum.

XVII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful, during the preſent War, to bring in Bay-Salt of the Produce of the Iſland of *Guernſey*, upon paying the ſame, and no higher or other Duty than what is or ſhall be laid upon Salt made in *England*, and ſo as the ſame Salt ſo to be imported ſhall be imported in the Ports of *Yarmouth* in *Norfolk*, *Portſmouth*, *Plymouth* and *Falmouth*, or any of them, and ſhall not exceed in the whole Four thouſand Buſhels in any one Year, ſo as due Entry (according to Law) be made of the ſame, for which Salt no Drawback ſhall be allowed upon the Exportation thereof; Any thing in this preſent Act, or any other Act, contained to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

No Drawback allowed.

XVIII. And whereas divers Merchants, and other Perſons, being Subjects of this Realm of *England*, do ſhip Salt that hath paid the Duty to her Majeſty, to convey it to ſome Part of *England*, and the ſame or part thereof

of may be loſt at Sea, by violent or ſtormy Weather, or by being thrown Over-board for preſerving Mens Lives, or the Veſſel in which ſuch Salt is ſhipped, as aforeſaid; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Firſt Day of *June*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and four, in ſuch Caſe any Merchant or Perſon, Owner of the ſaid Salt, ſhall upon Proof made (by the Oaths of Two or more Credible Witneſſes, whereof the Maſter or Mate of the Veſſel to be One, before the Juſtices of the Peace at the Quarter Seſſions, held for the County, Riding, Diviſion, or Town, wherein he doth inhabit, in open Court) of the Loſs of ſuch Salt ſo ſhipped, and that the ſame was not occaſioned by any Leakage of the Ship or Veſſel, or by any Negligence or Default of the Maſter or Mariners, receive from the ſaid Seſſions a Certificate that ſuch Proof was made before them, and upon producing the ſaid Certificate to any of the Officers appointed to collect the Duties on Salt, the ſaid Officer or Officers are hereby required to let ſuch Perſons buy the like Quantity of Salt, as is expreſſed in the Certificate to be loſt, without paying to her Majeſty, her Heirs or Succeſſors, any Duty or Exciſe for the ſame; Any thing in this or any other Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Salt loſt at Sea by ſtormy Weather, &c.

on Proof at the Quarter Seſſions.

Owner to buy the ſame Quantities ſo loſt, without paying Duty.

XIX. And whereas in the late Violent Storms, which happened in the Months of *November* and *December*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and three, Two Veſſels laden with Salt from *Newcaſtle* to the *Humber*, where by ſtreſs of Weather blown into *Holland*, and the Maſters did there unlade and ſell the ſaid Salt; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That upon Proof made thereof, upon the Oath of Two Credible Witneſſes, the Proprietor or Proprietors of the ſaid Salt, ſhall be Intituled to the Drawback upon the ſame, as if the ſaid Salt had been entred for Exportation into Parts beyond the Seas; Any thing in this or any former Law to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Two Ships with Salt drove into Holland *by ſtreſs of Weather, and the Salt there ſold.*

Proprietors intituled to the Drawback.

1 Annæ, *cap.* 21. XX And whereas by an Act made in the Firſt Year of the Reign of her preſent Majeſty, it is Enacted, That no Rock-Silt whatſoever ſhall be refined or made into White-Salt in any Place or Places whatſoever, within the Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, except in ſuch Places as are, or ſhall be within Ten Miles diſtance of the reſpective Pit or Pits, from whence ſuch Rock-Salt ſhall be taken, or at ſuch Places as on or before the Tenth Day of *May*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and two, ſhall have been uſed for the refining Rock-Salt, under a Penalty therein expreſſed; and whereas *Lawn Marſh* in the County of *Carmarthen*, hath been an Ancient Place uſed for making Salt from Sea-Water; and upon ſeveral Occaſions Rock-Salt is very uſeful to ſtrengthen the Brine in the ſaid Work, when weakened by Freſh-Water, or other Accidents; but the proper Uſe of the ſaid Salt-Work not being for the refining Rock-Salt, it hath been doubted whether Rock-Salt might be there uſed: For preventing ſuch Doubts for the future, Be it Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That Rock-Salt may be ſo uſed in the making Salt from Sea Water in the Salt-Works at *Lawn-Marſh* aforeſaid; Any thing in the ſaid Act, or in any other Law or Statute, to the contrary notwithſtanding; ſo as her Majeſties Duties for all the Salt proceeding as well from the ſaid Rock-Salt, as from the Sea-Water, be duly charged, anſwered and paid to her Majeſties Uſe.

Rock-Salt may be uſed in making Salt at Lawn-Marſh, *ſo as the Duties be paid.*

Anno

Anno 4 & 5 *ANNÆ* Reginæ.

CAP. XII.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for Laying further Duties on Low-Wines, and for Preventing the Damage to her Majeſties Revenue by Importation of Foreign Cut Whale-bone, and for Making ſome Proviſions as to the Stamp-Duties, and the Duties on Births, Burials, and Marriages, and the Salt-Duties, and and touching Million Lottery-Tickets, and for Enabling her Majeſty to Diſpoſe the Effects of* William Kidd, *a Notorious Pirate, to the Uſe of* Greenwich *Hoſpital, and for Appropriating the Publick Monies Granted in this Seſſion of Parliament.*

XI. AND whereas by an Act made in the Firſt Year of her preſent Majeſties Reign, Intituled, *An Act for preventing Frauds in the Duties upon Salt, and for the better Payment of Debentures at the Cuſtom-Houſe,* It is Enacted, That no Debenture ſhall be made or granted, or Drawback allowed to be paid for or upon the account of the Exportation of any Salt or Rock-Salt for *Ireland*, unleſs the Exporter of the ſaid Salt or Rock-Salt ſhall produce to the Officer appointed to make ſuch Debenture, a Certificate under the Hand of the Collector of the Cuſtoms of the Port in *Ireland*, where ſuch Salt or Rock-Salt ſhall be landed, or the Perſon executing his Office, of the particular Quantity of Salt or Rock-Salt, actually landed: And whereas 'tis equally reaſonable, That for Salt and Rock-Salt ſhipt, in order for Exportation for *Ireland*, though the ſame periſh by ſinking of the Ship, or be taken by the Enemies, there ſhould be made and allowed a Drawback as in the Caſe where Salt and Rock-Salt is exported and landed; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That where any Salt or Rock-Salt hath been or ſhall be ſhipped in order for Exportation to *Ireland*, and the ſame hath periſhed or ſhall periſh by ſinking of the Ship or Veſſel on which the ſame was or ſhall be ſhipped, and laid on board, or is or ſhall be taken by the Enemies, Then and in ſuch Caſe the Exporter or Proprietor of ſuch Salt or Rock-Salt ſo periſhing or loſt, ſhall upon Proof made before the Juſtices of the Peace, at the General Quarter-Seſſions of the Peace, to be held for the County, City, Riding, Diviſion or Place from whence the ſame was ſo exported, of the Loſs of ſuch Salt ſo ſhipped, or to be ſhipped, receive from the ſaid Seſſions a Certificate, that ſuch Proof was made before them, and upon producing the ſaid Certificate to the Officer of the Place where the Duty on ſuch Salt ſhall have been paid or ſecured to be paid, ſuch Security ſhall be diſcharged, and ſo much Money as was actually paid for the Duty of the ſaid Salt, ſhall be repaid upon Demand by the ſaid Officer, without Fee or Reward. Provided ſuch Proof to be made, as aforeſaid, as to all Salt loſt or taken, before the Twentieth Day of *February*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and five, ſhall be made by Two Credible Witneſſes upon Oath, before the Twentieth Day of *July*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix; and as to all Salt which ſhall be loſt after the ſaid Twentieth Day of *February*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and five, the like Proof ſhall be made within Six Months after ſuch Loſs or Taking, as aforeſaid.

1 Annæ, cap 21.

Salt ſhipt for Ireland *Drawbacks &c. allowed where Salt is loſt, or taken by the Enemy, on Proof made at the Quarter-Seſſions.*

Proof of Salt loſt, &c. before 20 Feb. 1705. *to be made before* 20 July, 1706.

after 20 Feb. 1705. *within* 6 *Months after ſuch Loſs.*

XII. And whereas in and by One Act of Parliament made in the Second and Third Year of the Reign of her preſent Majeſty, Intituled, *An Act for the better Securing and Regulating the Duties upon Salt*, It is amongſt other things, provided, That nothing therein contained ſhould extend to prohibit the Importing and Landing any Codfiſh, Ling or Hake, which had been caught and cured at *Newfoundland* or *Iſeland*, upon making ſuch Oath before the Landing, of the Catching and Curing the ſame, and upon tender thereof upon landing, and before the ſame be removed from the ſhore, and under ſuch Penalties for not tendring the ſame, to have part of the Tail cut off, as in and by the ſaid Act is directed and appointed: And whereas *North-Sea* Codfiſh, Ling and Hake are omitted in the ſaid Act; Be

2 & 3 Annæ, cap. 14.

Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing therein contained ſhall extend to prohibit the Importing and Landing any Codfiſh, Ling or Hake, which have been or ſhall be caught and cured at or in the *North Sea*, upon making the like Oath, and being ſubject to and under the ſame Reſtrictions and Penalties, as by the above recited Act is directed and appointed for Codfiſh, Ling and Hake, caught and cured at *Newfoundland* or *Iſeland*, and that no Allowance be granted, had or obtained upon Exportation thereof; Any thing therein contained to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Codfiſh, Ling & Hake, caught at or in the North Sea, *to be ſubject to the like Regulation as if caught at* Newfoundland

---

Anno 5 *ANNÆ* Reginæ.

CAP. XXIX.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the Eaſe of her Majeſties Subjects in Relation to the Duties upon Salt, and for making the like Allowances upon the Exportation of White-Herrings, Fleſh, Oatmeal, and Grain called Beer* alias *Bigg, as are to be made upon Exportation of the like from* Scotland.

WHereas by the Articles of Union between the Kingdoms of *England* and *Scotland*, which are Agreed upon and Confirmed by an Act of this preſent Parliament, there are certain Conceſſions made for the Advantage of her Majeſties Subjects of that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, in Matters relating to the Duties upon Salt, and other Goods and Merchandizes, as are herein after mentioned, whereby her Majeſties Subjects in *England*, Trading in Salt and other the Commodities herein after particularly expreſſed, will be liable to great Diſadvantages, unleſs Proviſion be likewiſe made for their Eaſe in the ſaid Trade: We your Majeſties moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects the Commons in Parliament aſſembled, being deſirous that there may be as great an Equality of Trade as is poſſible among all your Majeſties Subjects, do beſeech your Majeſty that it may be Enacted; and be it Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That all Foreign Salt that ſhall be imported into the Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, from and after the Firſt Day of *May*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeven, ſhall, upon the landing thereof, be weighed, cellared, and locked up in the Preſence of an Officer for the Duties on Salt, under the Cuſtody of the Merchant or Importer (who is to be at the Charge of the Cellarage or Storehouſe) and ſuch Officer as the Commiſſioners for the Duties on Salt for the time being, ſhall appoint, in the Port or Place where the ſame ſhall be ſo imported and landed; and that it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Merchant or Importer of the ſaid Salt, from time to time, in the Preſence of an Officer for the Duties on Salt, and by Warrant or Permit, under ſuch Officers Hand and Seal, to have what Quantity thereof his Occaſions may require, not under a Weigh or Forty Buſhels at a time, giving Security for the Duty of what Quantity he receives, payable in Six Months time after the Delivery of any ſuch Salt; and in caſe ſuch Merchant or Importer ſhall pay Ready Money upon the Delivery of the Salt, he ſhall have after the Rate of Ten Pounds *per Centum per Annum* out the ſaid Duties abated him.

Foreign Salt to be weighed, cellared, and lockt up in the Preſence of the Salt Officer.

Importer to have, from time to time, what Quantity he will not under 40 *Buſhels with a Permit on Security to pay the Duties in* 6 *Months, if in Ready Money to be allowed* 10 per Cent. per Ann.

II. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if ſuch Foreign Salt imported, ſhall not, upon the Landing thereof, be Secured, as aforeſaid, the ſame ſhall be liable to Payment of Duties, and to ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, for not paying or ſecuring ſuch Duties, as if this Act had not been made; and that no Salt ſo cellared and locked up, as aforeſaid, ſhall be removed from any ſuch Cellar or Place, without Notice firſt given to the Officer appointed for that Purpoſe, and without a Warrant or Permit for conveying the ſame, as aforeſaid, upon Pain of forfeiting

Such Salt not ſo ſecured on landing, liable to the Payment of Duties and Forfeiture.

Salt removed without Permit, forfeited and 10 s. per Buſhel, and 20 l. for every ſuch Offence.

feiting ſuch Salt, and alſo upon Pain of forfeiting Ten Shillings *per* Buſhel, and alſo the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every ſuch Offence, to be recovered from the Perſon or Perſons who imported the ſame; and that every Carrier, or Perſon, who ſhall carry, convey or remove any ſuch Salt, without Notice firſt given to the Officer, and without a Warrant or Permit for conveying the ſame, ſhall be liable to the like Forfeitures of Ten Shillings *per* Buſhel, and alſo Twenty Pounds for every ſuch Offence.

Quantity of Salt under 40 Buſhels not to be Cellard, &c.

III. Provided nevertheleſs, That where the whole Quantity of Foreign Salt, liable to Duty, imported in any Ship or Veſſel, does not amount to Forty Buſhels, the Duties ſhall be paid and ſecured, according to the Proviſions made by former Laws; Any thing herein to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Allowances to be made for Waſte of Engliſh *Salt and Rock-Salt carried Coaſtwiſe, viz. 3 Buſhels for every 40 Buſhels of White-Salt and a Buſhel and Half for every 40 Buſhels of Rock-Salt.*

IV. And whereas Salt carried Coaſtwiſe is or may be liable to Waſte, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That any Merchant or Perſon who, from and after the ſaid Firſt Day of *May*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeven, ſhall ſhip any *Engliſh* Salt, or Rock-Salt, to be carried Coaſtwiſe (*viz.*) from any Port of *England*, or *Wales*, or the Port of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, to any Port of *England*, or *Wales*, or *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, the Duties having been paid or ſecured to be paid, according to former Laws, ſhall have an Allowance made to him, after the Rate of Three Buſhels for every Forty Buſhels of *Engliſh* White-Salt, and after the Rate of One Buſhel and an Half for every Forty Buſhels of *Engliſh* Rock-Salt ſo ſhipped to be carried Coaſtwiſe, and proportionably for a greater or leſs Quantity, in Conſideration of the Ordinary Waſte in the Carriage thereof, which Allowance ſhall be made but once for the ſame Salt, altho' ſuch Salt be carried from ſeveral Ports Coaſtwiſe, as aforeſaid; and the proper Officer of the Port, where ſuch Salt or Rock Salt ſhall be firſt ſhipped to be carried Coaſtwiſe, ſhall not only expreſs the ſaid Allowance on the Coaſt-Cocquet or Tranſire for the ſame, but alſo give *gratis* to the ſaid Merchant, or other Perſon there ſhipping the ſame, a Certificate under Hand and Seal, of the Number of Buſhels of Salt ſo ſhipped, and how much the Allowance hereby directed to be made at the Rates aforeſaid doth amount to, which Certificate being produced to the Officer who firſt received the Duties of the ſaid Salt, or took Security for the ſame, the Officer laſt mentioned ſhall re-pay ſo much Money as he received for the Duties of the ſaid Salt, or Rock-Salt, as is to be allowed for Waſte, as aforeſaid; and if the Duties thereof ſhall not then have been paid in Money, then the ſaid Officer ſhall diſcount the ſaid Allowance for Waſte on the ſaid Security.

Times of Payment of the Duties on Salt extended to 9 & 12 Months.

V. And it is hereby Enacted, That in all Caſes where, by the former Laws relating to the Duties on Salt, the Time for Payment of the Duties on Rock-Salt is appointed to be Nine Months, there ſhall be Twelve Months time allowed, in ſtead of the ſaid Nine Months; and where the Time for Payment of the Duties on other *Engliſh* Salt is by the ſaid former Laws appointed to Six Months, there ſhall be Nine Months time allowed in ſtead of the ſaid Six Months; and the Securities and Diſcounts for Prompt Payment after the ſaid Firſt Day of *May* next, ſhall be regulated accordingly.

Par. VI. VII. VIII. IX. XI. XII. XIII. XIV. XVI. XVII. *Vide Pages* 256. 257. 258. 259. *in this Book.*

Anno 6 *ANNÆ* Reginæ.

CAP. XII.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, *An Act to explain the Act of the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, for the Eaſe of her Majeſties Subjects in relation to Allowances out of the Duties upon Salt carried Coaſtwiſe, and alſo an Act of the Firſt Year of her Majeſties Reign, in relation to certain Salt-Works near the Sea-ſide and Bay of* Holyhead *in the County of* Angleſea.

WHereas by an Act paſſed the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, Intituled, *An Act for the Eaſe of her Majeſties Subjects in relation to the Duties upon Salt, and for making the like Allowance upon the Exportation of White-Herrings, Fleſh, Oatmeal and Grain called Beer* alias *Bigg, as are to be made upon Exportation of the like from* Scotland, It was Provided and Enacted, That any Perſon, that ſhall ſhip any *Engliſh* White-Salt or Rock Salt to be carried Coaſtwiſe, after the Firſt Day of *May*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeven, from one Port of *England* or *Wales*, or the Port of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, to any Port of *England*, or *Wales*, or *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, the Duties having been paid or ſecured to be paid according to former Laws, ſhall have an Allowance made to him, after the Rate of Three Buſhels for every Forty Buſhels of *Engliſh* White-Salt, and after the Rate of One Buſhel and an Half for every Forty Buſhels of *Engliſh* Rock-Salt ſo ſhipped to be carried Coaſtwiſe, and proportionably for a greater or leſs Quantity, in Conſideration of the Ordinary Waſte in the Carriage thereof; which Allowance ſhall be but once made for the ſame Salt, although ſuch Salt ſhall be carried from ſeveral Ports Coaſtwiſe, as aforeſaid: And whereas there has been ſome Doubt in relation to the Allowance for the Ordinary Waſte of Salt, where the ſaid Salt has been ſhipped to be carried to a Member of the ſame Port, though at a conſiderable Diſtance from the ſame; Be it Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That all Perſons that ſhall (from after the Firſt Day of *March*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeven) ſhip Salt to be carried Coaſtwiſe by Cocket or Tranſire, Twenty Miles by Sea or more, or from the Port of *Great Yarmouth* in the County of *Norfolk* to *Loweſtoff*, or *Southwold Bay* in the County of *Suffolk*, although unto a Member or Creek of the Port from whence it was firſt ſhipped off, ſhall have an Allowance after the Rate of Three Buſhels for every Forty Buſhels of *Engliſh* White Salt, and after the Rate of One Buſhel and an Half for every Forty Buſhels of *Engliſh* Rock-Salt ſo ſhipped to be carried Coaſtwiſe, and proportionably for a greater or leſs Quantity, in Conſideration of the Ordinary Waſte in the Carriage thereof, the Duties having been firſt paid, or ſecured to be paid according to former Laws; which Allowance ſhall be but once made for the ſame Salt, although ſuch Salt ſhall be carried Coaſtwiſe from ſeveral Ports, as aforeſaid, or Members or Creeks of Ports.

Allowances to be made for Waſte of Salt carried 20 Miles by Sea or more, or from Yarmouth *to* Loweſtoff, *or* Southwold Bay

but ſuch Allowances to be but once made.

1 Annæ, *cap.* 21. II. And whereas by an Act made in the Firſt Year of the Reign of her preſent Majeſty, It is Enacted, That no Rock-Salt whatſoever ſhall be refined or made into White-Salt, in any Place or Places whatſoever, within the Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, except in ſuch Places as are or ſhall be within Ten Miles diſtance of the reſpective Pit or Pits from whence ſuch Rock-Salt ſhall be taken, or at ſuch Places as, on or before the Tenth Day of *May*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and two, ſhall have been uſed for the refining of Rock-Salt, under a Penalty therein expreſſed: And whereas certain Salt-Works have been with great Charges erected near the Sea ſide, and Bay of *Holyhead* in the County of *Angleſea* in *North-Wales*, for the making of White-Salt from Sea-Water: And upon ſeveral Occaſions Rock-Salt is very uſeful to ſtrengthen the Brine in the ſaid Works, when weakned by Freſh-Water, or other Accidents: But the proper uſe of the ſaid Salt-Works not being for the refining

Rock Salt may be uſed in making Salt from Sea-Water, ſo as the Duties of the Salt be paid or ſecured.

Rock-Salt, it hath been doubted whether Rock-Salt might be there uſed; for preventing ſuch Doubts for the future, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That Rock-Salt may be ſo uſed in the making Salt from Sea-Water in the ſaid Salt-Works near *Holyhead* aforeſaid; Any thing in the ſaid Act, or in any other Law or Statute to the contrary notwithſtanding, ſo as her Majeſties Duties for all the Salt proceeding as well from the ſaid Rock-Salt, as from the Sea-Water, be duly charged, anſwered and paid to her Majeſties Uſe.

Par. III. *Vide Page* 267. *in this Book.*

Anno 12 *ANNÆ* Reginæ.

CAP. II.

An Act for Allowing a Drawback upon the Exportation of Salt, to be made uſe of for the Curing of Fiſh taken at North-Seas, or at Iſleland.

Preamble.

WHereas the Fiſhing for Cod in the North Seas, and at *Iſleland*, gives great Employment to the Navigation of this Kingdom, and breeds up great Numbers of hardy and induſtrious Mariners for Defence of the Realm, and Improvement of Commerce; and whereas the ſaid Fiſhing Trade cannot be ſo effectually carried on, unleſs Salt for curing Cod taken there, may be had Free of Exciſe: For the Preſervation therefore, and Encouragement of the ſaid Trade, Be it Enacted by the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the Maſter of any Boat or Veſſel, bound on a Fiſhing Voyage to the North Seas, or *Iſleland*, may take on board his ſaid Boat or Veſſel, in any Port of *Great Britain*, ſuch Quantities of *Britiſh* Salt as he ſhall judge proper and neceſſary for his ſaid Voyage, ſuch Maſter paying or giving Security to pay the Duties due and payable for the ſame; which Money ſhall be re-paid, or Security ſhall be diſcharged, in ſuch Manner as is herein after mentioned.

Maſters of Fiſhing Boats going to the North Seas or Iſleland, *may take Salt on board on paying or ſecuring the Duty.*

Officers to give a Certificate of the Quantity ſhipt.

II. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Officer of the Place where the ſaid Salt was made, and the Duties thereof paid or ſecured to be paid, ſhall, upon Demand, deliver *gratis*, to ſuch Maſter of the Veſſel, a Certificate, under his Hand and Seal, of the particular Quantity of Salt ſhipped on board his Veſſel for the North-Seas, or *Iſleland*, and that the Duties on ſuch Salt have been paid, or ſecured to be paid.

Cod, Ling, or Hake, caught in the North-Seas or Iſleland, *may be imported, on Oath made the Fiſh was caught and cured there, the Tail of the Fiſh being cut off by the Salt Officer.*

III. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That Codfiſh, Ling, or Hake, which have been caught and cured, at the North-Seas, or at *Iſleland*, may be imported and landed, ſo as Oath be firſt made, before the landing thereof, by the Owner or Proprietor of ſuch Fiſh, or the Maſter of the Veſſel, before the Officer for the ſaid Duties in the Port or Place where ſuch Fiſh ſhall be imported, brought in, or landed, (who is hereby impowered and required to adminiſter the ſame, without Fee or Charge) That all the Fiſh ſo imported came from the North-Seas, or *Iſleland*, and were caught and cured there; and ſo as the ſaid Fiſh be, at the landing thereof, and before the ſame be removed from the ſhore, tendered to the Officer of the Port for the ſaid Duties, to have part of the Tail of every ſuch Codfiſh, Ling, or Hake, cut off, that no Allowance for ſuch Fiſh be obtained upon Exportation; and the ſaid Officer is hereby impowered and required to cut off part of the Tail of all ſuch Fiſh on the Importation thereof; and in caſe any ſuch Fiſh ſhall be landed before the ſame ſhall be tendred to the Officer, to have part of the Tail cut off, as aforeſaid, all the Fiſh ſo landed ſhall be forfeited, and double the Value thereof, to be recovered of the Importer or Proprietor thereof.

Foul Salt remaining to be deſtroyed.

IV. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any of the Salt, ſo made uſe of in curing of Fiſh, ſhall remain, ſuch foul Salt ſhall be thrown over board, and deſtroyed, in the Preſence of the Officer for the Salt-Duties for ſuch Port, before the Collector ſhall ſign his Certificate.

V. And

If any of the Salt ſhall not be uſed, to be landed on Entry in 10 Days, otherwiſe forfeited and double the Value,

V. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if it ſhall happen, that any of the Salt ſo taken on board for curing of Fiſh, ſhall not have been uſed for that Purpoſe, It ſhall and may be lawful, to and for the Maſter of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, to land the ſaid Salt, ſo as an Entry be made thereof within Ten Days after his coming into any Port in *Great Britain*, that he ſhall firſt arrive at, and the Duties paid down for the ſame, before ſuch Salt, or any part thereof, ſhall be landed or taken out of any ſuch Ship or Veſſel: And if ſuch Maſter ſhall Neglect or Refuſe to enter ſuch Salt, in ſuch Port where he ſhall firſt arrive, and pay down the Duties for the ſame within the ſaid Ten Days (except in caſe of his being driven into any Port, or detained there by ſtreſs of Weather, or contrary Winds, or other unavoidable Neceſſities) then and in ſuch Caſe all the Salt on board ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall be forfeited, and double the Value thereof, to be recovered of the Owner or Proprietor of ſuch Fiſh, or the Maſter of the Veſſel, or the Perſon Commanding the ſame in that Voyage.

except in caſe of Diſtreſs.

Maſter producing a Certificate of the Salt uſed and Duty paid or ſecured and on Oath thereof,

VI. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Maſter of ſuch Boat or Veſſel, upon producing to the Collector of the Salt-Duties for the Port where he imports his Fiſh, ſuch Certificate of the Quantity of Salt taken on board, and that the Duties of it were paid, or ſecured to be paid, and making Oath before the ſaid Collector, of the particular Quantity of the Salt in ſuch Certificate mentioned, that was made uſe of in curing of Codfiſh, Ling, or Hake, caught and cured at the North-Sea, or at *Iſleland*, and that the ſaid Fiſh have been all marked, as aforeſaid, that there may be no Allowance obtained for the ſame upon Exportation (which Oath the ſaid Collector is hereby impowered and required to adminiſter, without Fee or Charge) ſhall receive *gratis* from the ſaid Collector a Certificate of the ſame, which, together with a Certificate of Payment of the Duty of the Remainder of the Salt taken in for that Voyage, if there ſhall be any Remainder, (which Certificate he ſhall alſo receive *gratis*) being produced to the Collector of the Salt-Duties for the Place where the Duties on the ſaid Salt were paid, or ſecured to be paid, ſuch Security ſhall be diſcharged, and all and every Sum and Sums of Money paid for the Duty of the ſaid Salt, ſhall be re-paid upon Demand by the ſaid Collector, without Fee or Reward.

Duties to be repaid or Security vacated.

Salt in ſuch Veſſel, periſhing at Sea or taken by the Enemy, the Duty thereof to be repaid or Security vacated.

VII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if the Maſter of any ſuch Boat or Veſſel ſhall have taken in any Quantity of *Britiſh* Salt, for the curing of Fiſh in the North-Seas, or at *Iſleland*, as aforeſaid, the Duties of the Salt having been paid or ſecured to be paid, and the Veſſel on which ſuch Salt, as aforeſaid, is ſhipped, ſhall either periſh at Sea, or be taken by Enemies with ſuch Salt on board her, that in ſuch Caſe, any Merchant or Perſon, Owner of the ſaid Salt, ſhall, upon Proof made before the Juſtices of the Peace at the Quarter-Seſſions held for the County, Riding, Diviſion, or Town wherein he doth Inhabit, of the Loſs of ſuch Salt ſo ſhipped, receive from the ſaid Seſſions a Certificate that ſuch Proof was made before them; and upon producing the ſaid Certificate to the Officer of the Place where the Duty on ſuch Salt ſhall have been paid or ſecured to be paid, ſuch Security ſhall be diſcharged; and ſo much Money as was actually paid for the Duty of the ſaid Salt, ſhall be re-paid upon Demand by the ſaid Officer, without Fee or Reward; provided ſuch Proof be made within Nine Months after ſuch loſs or taking, as aforeſaid.

Penalties and Forfeitures by this or any other Law relating to the Duties on Salt, how to be proſecuted and divided.

VIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Penalties and Forfeitures given by this, or any former Law, relating to the Duties of Exciſe upon Salt, ſhall be diſtributed in Manner following, (That is to ſay) one Moiety thereof to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to the Officer or Officers who ſhall ſeize, ſue, or inform for the ſame, to be ſued for, recovered, and levied, in ſuch Manner and Form, and with ſuch Power of Mitigation, as any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture may be ſued for, recovered, levied, and mitigated by any Law of Exciſe, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of her Majeſties Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*; and all and every Officer and Officers for the ſaid Duties on Salt, are hereby Authorized and Impowered to ſeize all Salt, and other Things which by this, or any former Act, or Law relating to the Duties on Salt, are declared to be forfeited.

Perſons ſued may plead the General Iſſue.

IX. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall at any Time be ſued, or proſecuted for any Thing by him or them done or executed in purſuance of this, or any other of the Statutes relating to the Duties of Exciſe upon Salt, or the Powers thereby given, he or they ſhall or may Plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence, for his Defence; and if upon a Trial, a Verdict ſhall paſs for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs become Non-ſuit, diſcontinue, or forbear proſecuting the ſaid Actions, then ſuch Defendant and Defendants ſhall have double Coſts to him or them awarded, againſt ſuch Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, for which Coſts he ſhall have Remedy, as in other Caſes where Coſts are by Law given to Defendants.

The PORTS *of* ENGLAND *and* WALES, *with their Diviſions into* MEMBERS *and* CREEKS.

PORTS.	MEMBERS.	CREEKS.
London		*Graveſend.*
Ipſwich	*Malden*	*Leigh.*
		Burnham.
		Weſt Merſey.
	Colcheſter	*Eaſt Merſey.*
		Brickleſey.
		Wivenhoe.
		Maintree.
		Harwich.
Yarmouth	*Woodbridge*	
	Aleborough	*Orford.*
		Dunwich.
	Southwold	*Walderſwick.*
		Leſtoff.
	Blackney and *Cley.*	
Linn	*Wells*	*Burnham.*
		Hitcham.
		Croſs Keys.
		Wisbich.
Boſton		*Spalding.*
		Foſdick.
		Wainfleet.
		Numby Chappel.
		Thetlethorp.
		Saltfleet.
Hull	*Grimsby*	*Gainthrop.*
	Bridlington	
	Scarborough	
Newcaſtle	*Whitby*	
	Stockton	*Middlesborough.*
	Hartlepoole	
	Sunderland	
	Shields	
		Seaton de-la-val.
		Blithenooke.
Berwick		*Aylmouth.*
		Warnwater.
		Holy Iſland.
		Eaſt Marſhes, containing the Coaſt of *Northumberland*, bordering upon *Scotland.*
Carliſle		*Weſt Marſhes*, containing the Coaſt of *Cumberland*, bordering upon *Scotland.*
	Whitehaven	*Workington.*
		Ravinglas.
		Milthorp.

Ports.	Members.	Creeks.
	Lancaſter	*Pile of Fowdrey.* *Graunge.*
	Poulton	*Wyrewater.* *Preſton* and *Riblewater.*
	Liverpoole	*Sankey-bridge.* *Fradiſham.* *South Shore* of the River *Merſey*, from the Red Stones.
Cheſter		*Hilbree.* *Daw-poole.* *Neſton.* *Burtonhead.* *Baghill.* *Moſtin.*
	Aberconway	
	Bewmoris	*Holyhead.* *Amlogh.*
	Carnarvon	*Pulholly.* *Barmouth.*
	Aberdovy	*Aberuſtab.*
	Cardigan	*Newport.* *Fiſcard.*
Milford		
	Pembroke	*Haverford Weſt.* *Tenby.* *Carmarthen.* *Lanelthy.* *North Burrys.*
	Swanſey	*South Burrys.* *Neath* or *Britton ferry.* *Newton.*
Cardiff		*Aberthaw.* *Penarth.* *Newport.* *Chepſtow.*
Gloceſter		River *Severn* from *Bridgnorth* to *Kingroad.*
Briſtol		*Pill.* *Uphill.*
Bridgwater	*Minhead*	
	Padſtow	
	St. Ives	
	Penſance	
	Helford	
Plymouth	*Falmouth*	*Penrin.* *St. Mawres.* *Truro*
	Fowey	
	Looe	
		Saltaſh. *Stonehouſe.* *Cowſland.*
	Ilfracomb	
	Barnſtable	*Clovelly.* *Appledore.* *Biddiford.*
Exeter		*Tincomb.* *Starcroſs.* *Beare* and *Seaton.* *Topſham.* *Pouldram.* *Sydmouth.*

PORTS.	MEMBERS.	CREEKS.
Exeter		Lympſon.
		Exmouth.
		Aylmouth.
	Dartmouth	Saltcomb.
		Brixham.
		Torbay.
		Totnes.
Pool	Lyme	Bridport.
		Charmouth.
	Weymouth	Portland.
		Lulworth.
		Swanidge.
		Wareham.
Southampton		Chriſt Church.
		Limington.
	Cows	Tarmouth.
		Newport.
	Portſmouth	Emſworth.
Chicheſter	Arundel	Pagham Point.
		Selſey.
	Shoreham	Brighthemſton.
	Lewis	Newhaven.
		Seaford.
	Pemſey	
	Haſtings	
Sandwich	Rye	Winchelſea.
		Lyd.
		Rumney.
	Hythe	Folſton.
	Dover	
		Deal.
		Rameſgate.
		Margate.
		Whitſtable.
	Feverſham	
	Milton	
	Rocheſter	Quinborough.

The

The Names of the Lawful KEYS, WHARFS, &c. *for Shipping and Landing of Goods in the* PORT *of* LONDON.

IN purſuance of an Act of Parliament it is Ordained, That the Keys, Wharfs, and Places hereafter named, and no others, be Aſſigned, Appointed, and Allowed by his Majeſty to be lawful Keys, Wharfs, or Places for the Shipping, Lading, or Landing of Goods: That is to ſay,

Brewers-Key. *Cheſters-Key.* *Galley-Key.* *Wooll-Dock.*

Cuſtom-Houſe-Key. Stone-ſtairs on the Weſt-ſide thereof, is declared not to be a Place for Shipping or Landing of Goods or Merchandize.

Porters-Key. *Bear-Key.*

Sabs Dock, Excluding the Stairs there, which are declared no lawful Place for Shipping or Landing of Goods or Merchandize.

Wiggans-Key. *Youngs-Key.* *Ralphs-Key.*

Dice-Key. The Stairs there declared unlawful for Shipping or Landing of Goods or Merchandize.

Smarts-Key.

Somers-Key. The Stairs there declared no lawful Place for Shipping or Landing of Goods or Merchandize.

Lyon-Key. *Buttolph-Wharf.* *Hammons-Key.*

Gaunts-Key. The Stairs on the Eaſt-ſide are declared unlawful for Shipping, Lading or Landing of Goods or Merchandize.

Cocks-Key.

One other Place betwixt *Cocks-Key* and *Freſh-wharf*, called part of *Freſh-wharf*, the Stairs are declared unlawful for Shipping or Landing of Goods or Merchandize.

Freſh-wharf.

Billingſgate to be a Common open Place for the Landing or Bringing in of Fiſh, Salt, Victual, or Fuel of all ſorts, and all Native Materials for Building, and for Fruit (all manner of Grocery excepted) and for carrying out the ſame, and for no other Wares or Merchandize.

Brige-houſe in *Southwark* may be allowed as a Place convenient for the Landing of any kind of Corn, brought or provided for the Proviſion or Victualling of the City, and not upon any private or particular Perſons account, and for no other Goods or Merchandize.

It may be lawful for any Perſon to Ship or Lade into any Ship or Veſſel on the River of *Thames* bound over Sea, and lying between *London* and *Woolwich*, any of the Goods or Merchandize hereaftermentioned; *viz.* Horſes, Coals, Beer, ordinary Stones for Building, Fiſh taken by any of his Majeſty's Subjects, Corn or Grain: Provided that the Cuſtom and Duties of ſuch Goods be duly Paid, and Cocquets or other lawful Warrants paſſed for the ſame.

It may be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons to unſhip and lay on Land Deal-boards, Balks, and all ſorts of Maſts and great Timber, at any Place of the River of *Thames*, betwixt *Weſtminſter* and *Limehouſe-Dock:* Provided the Owner of ſuch Goods do firſt pay or compound for the Cuſtom and other Duties, and declare the Place at which they will Land them, before they unſhip any of the Goods, to the Officers or Farmers of the Cuſtoms thereof for the time being, and receive ſufferance or permiſſion from them ſo to do; and that they unſhip none of the ſaid Goods, but in the Preſence of a Waiter or Officer appointed thereunto; otherwiſe the ſaid Goods to be liable to Forfeiture according to Law.

Extent of the Port of London.

To prevent all future Differences and Diſputes touching the Extent and Limits of the Port of *London*, the ſaid Port is declared to extend and be accounted from the Promontory or Point called the *North-foreland* in the Iſle of *Thanet*, and from thence Northward in a ſuppoſed right Line to the oppoſite Promontory or Point called the *Naes*, beyond the *Gunfleet*, upon the Coaſt of *Eſſex*, and ſo continued Weſtward through the River of *Thames*,

and the ſeveral Chanels, Streams and Rivers falling into it, to *London-Bridge*. Saving the uſual and known Right, Liberty and Privilege to the Ports of *Sandwich* and *Ipſwich*, and either of them, and the known Members thereof, and of the Cuſtomers, Comptrollers, Searchers, and their Deputies, of and within the ſaid Ports of *Sandwich* and *Ipſwich*, and the ſeveral Creeks, Harbours, and Havens to them or either of them reſpectively belonging, within the Counties of *Kent* or *Eſſex*. *In Rotulo Scaccharii*, 19 Car. 2.

The PORTS *of* NORTH BRITAIN *with their Diviſions into* MEMBERS *and* CREEKS *as ſettled by Commiſſions out of the Court of* EXCHEQUER.

PORTS.	MEMBERS.	CREEKS.
Dunbar		*Eymouth.*
		Coldingham.
		Cockburns Path.
		Sketraw.
		Tywingham.
Preſtonpans		*North Berwick.*
		Aberlady.
		Port Seaton.
		Muſſelburgh.
		Friggatburn.
Leith		*Newhaven.*
		Royſton.
		Muirhouſe Haven.
		Cramond.
Borrowſtonneſs		*Queensferry.*
		Blackneſs.
	Alloa	*Aven Water.*
		Mouth of Carron.
		New-mill-burn.
		Airth.
		Elphinſton Pow.
		Stirling.
		Clackmanna Pow.
		Kincardin.
		Culroſs.
		Torryburn.
		Limekilns.
		North Ferry.
		Innerkeithing.
		Donny Point.
Kircaldy		*Aberdour.*
		Burnt Iſland.
		Kinghorne.
		Dyſert.
		Weſter Weemys.
		Eaſter Weemys.
		Buck Haven.
		Methill.
		Leven.
		Largo.
Anſtruther		*Ely.*
		St. Minants.
		Pitten Weemys.
		Crail.
		Fife Neſs.
		Bindorſon.
		Kingkill.
		St. Andrews.
		Eden's Mouth.

Ports.	Members.	Creeks.
Dundee		Ferry of Portincraig.
		Wood Haven.
		Balmerino.
		Pow Lindores.
		Pow Gary.
		North Ferry or Brughtie.
		Mony Fouth.
		Button Neſs.
		Inder Gowry.
Perth		Mouth of Ern.
		Inch Sherry.
		Pow of Errol.
		Pow Cavy.
Montroſs		Mants Haven.
		Aberbrothick.
		Auch muty.
		Lunan Water.
		Uſan.
		Ferry Den.
		Mather.
		Johns Haven.
		Gurdon.
		Berrie.
		Tod Head.
Aberdeen		Dunnotyr.
		Cartallan.
		Cratoun.
		Stone Hive or Haven.
		Sketraw.
		Finin or Port Lethim.
		Coves.
		Don or old Town.
		Newburgh.
		The Slains.
		Bottom.
		Peter Head.
		Rattero.
		Cairn Bulg.
		Frazersburgh.
		Roſarty.
		Auchmedden.
		Banff.
		Port Soy.
		Cullen Harbour.
Inverneſs		Crooked Haven.
		Garmouth.
		Loſſymouth or Newport Elgin.
		Findorn.
		Brough Head.
		Nairn.
		Dalneſs.
		Chanmerie.
		Cromerty.
		Port Mahomack.
		Tain and Ferry.
		Dornock.
		Ferry Ends.
		Dunrobin.
		Helmſdale.

Dumfries

PORTS.	MEMBERS.	CREEKS.
Dumfries		*Water* of *Sark.*
		Annan.
		Cumber Trees.
		Ridwath.
		Keltonn Thorn.
		Cars Thorn.
		Burhanry Bay.
	Kirkubright	*Eaſt-ſide River Orr.*
		Balcary Bay.
		Balmangan Bay.
		Cat-craig on *Fleet.*
		Burn of *Carſloth.*
Wigtoun		*Entry* of *Fleet.*
		Ferry Toun.
		Cars Know.
		Newtoun Stewart.
		Inverwall.
		So Bay Poul-toun.
		Iſle of *Whiteborn.*
		Burn of *Monreith.*
		Burn of *Gilleſſey.*
Stranraer	*Port Patrich*	*Glen Luce.*
		Drummore.
		Portneſſoch.
		Flott.
		Garvillan.
		Wick of *Scarr.*
		Bay of *Cairn.*
		Bay of *Finnard.*
Air		*Ballantree.*
		Sand Houſe.
		Girvan.
		Turenberry.
		Dunnure Caſtle.
Irving		*Turn Point.*
		Salt Coats.
		Port in *Croſs.*
		Largs.
Port Glaſgow	*Greenoch*	*Skelminly.*
		Inverkip.
		Cleugh Stone.
		Gouroch.
		Erskine.
		Renfrew.
		Partich.
		Scots Town.
		Kilpatrich.
		Dunbarton.
		Hill of *Ardmore.*
		Roſeneath.
		Holy Lock.
		Dunnine.
		Point of *Toward.*
Campbel Toun		*Kyles Bute.*
		Tarbet of *Kintyre.*
		Skipneſs Point.
		Cruſage Bay.
		Carradale Bay.
		Sorrall.
		Dunnaverty Bay.
		Mule of *Kintyre.*

Part of the CHARTER of the City of LONDON, that grants the Duties of PACKAGE, SCAVAGE, &c. which was confirmed and made a Publick Law, by the Act, Intituled, *An Act for Reverſing the Judgment in a* Quo Warranto *againſt the City of* London, *and for Reſtoring the City of* London *to its Ancient Rights and Privileges*, 2 W. & M. cap. 8.

CHARLES, by the Grace of God, of England, Scotland, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, &c. To all to whom theſe preſent Letters ſhall come, greeting: WHEREAS Our Well-beloved the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, and their Predeceſſors, within the Port of London, within the Liberties and our City of London and Suburbs thereof, have had, exerciſed and enjoyed, or claimed to have, exerciſe and enjoy, the Office of Package of all Cloths, Woolls, Woollfells, Calves-skins, Goat-skins, Bales of Tin, and of all other Merchandizes whatſoever, to be packed, casked, piped, barrelled, or otherwiſe veſſelled, out of the ſaid Port, to be tranſported to any the Parts beyond the Seas, of the Goods and Merchandizes as well of Aliens and Perſons born under any Foreign Allegiance, in any Parts beyond the Seas, whereſoever they ſhould be Cuſtomed; and alſo the Office as well for Surveying or Scavage of all Goods or Wares of any Merchant, either Alien or Denizen, whoſe Father was or ſhould be an Alien born without our Allegiance, and from the Parts beyond the Seas, to be brought to the ſaid Port by way of Merchandize; as alſo for the ſurveying, delivering, or baillage of all Goods and Wares of any ſuch Merchants aforeſaid, to be exported from the ſaid Port into the Parts beyond the Seas, or otherwiſe, on the account of Merchandizes upon and through the River Thames, within the ſaid Port, in any Ship, Boat, Barge or Veſſel whatſoever, floating, laden, remaining, or being off of any Shore of the ſaid River of Thames, and upon any Wharf or Shore of the ſame River, which ſhould happen there to remain, and be delivered or unladen, as well by Water as by Land, within the Port aforeſaid, within the Franchiſes and Liberties of the ſaid City and Suburbs thereof; all which they have enjoyed time out of mind, and by virtue of ſeveral Charters or Letters Patents of Edward the Fourth, late King of England, in the Firſt and Eighteenth Years of his Reign, to them granted; and alſo by virtue of a certain other Charter or Letters Patents of Henry the Eighth, late King of England, to the ſaid Mayor, and Commonalty, and Citizens aforeſaid, granted in the Third Year of his Reign, by whatſoever Name or Names the ſame are called in the ſaid Letters Patents, by Authority of Parliament confirmed, or by colour of the ſame Letters Patents, or any of them, or by the Preſcription aforeſaid, with divers Fees and Rewards to the ſaid Offices belonging and appertaining. AND WHEREAS divers Queſtions and Differences have of late ariſen about and concerning the Offices aforeſaid, and the Execu-

Franchiſes &c. had, exerciſed and enjoyed, or claimed to have, exerciſe and

Package of Cloths, &c.

Baillage of Goods.

Execution thereof within the Port aforesaid, within the Liberties and Franchises of the City aforesaid, and Suburbs thereof, whereby the said Mayor, and Commonalty, and Citizens of the City of London aforesaid, have been hindred and disturbed in the Offices aforesaid, and in the Exercise of them. KNOW YE, That We, for the removing and utter taking away all Doubts and Questions about the said Offices, and likewise for the corroborating, amplifying, increasing, declaring and establishing the Liberties and Privileges of the said City, of our special Grace, certain Knowledge, and meer Motion, and also for and in Consideration of Four thousand and two hundred Pounds of lawful Money of England, to the Hands of our Ancient and Faithful Servant George Kirge, Gentleman of our Robes, and one of the Grooms of our Bed-chamber, by a Warrant under our Privy-Seal, heretofore paid or assigned to be paid, whereof we do acknowledge Our Self to be fully satisfied and paid, and them the said Mayor, and Commonalty, and Citizens of the City of London aforesaid, and their Successors, to be thereof acquitted and discharged for ever by these Presents; and for divers other good Causes and Considerations, us hereunto especially moving, have for us, our Heirs and Successors, created, ordained, and constituted, and by these Presents do create, ordain, and constitute, That from henceforth, for ever hereafter, there shall be within the said Port of London, and the Limits and Bounds thereof, within the Liberties and Franchises of the said City and Suburbs thereof, an Office and Offices, Imployment and Imployments of Package of all Woollen-Cloths, Wooll-Fells, Calve-skins, Goat-skins, Bales of Tin, and of all other Merchandizes whatsoever, to be packed, casked, piped, barrelled or any ways vesselled, with a Survey of the Measure, Number and Weight of the said Merchandizes, and also the Survey of all Customable Merchandizes, to the said Port, within the Liberties and Franchises of the said City and Suburbs thereof coming, and out of the same Port going, as well by Land as by Water, within the Liberties and Franchises of the City aforesaid, and Suburbs thereof, as well of the Goods of any Denizen, whose Father is or shall be an Alien, as of the Goods of Aliens wheresoever the same shall be Customed: As also an Office or Imployment of Carriage and Portage of all Woolls, Wooll-Fells, Bales of Tin, and of all other Merchandizes whatsoever, as well of any Denizen, whose Father is or shall be an Alien, born without the Allegiance of us, our Heirs or Successors, as of Aliens born without the Allegiance of us, our Heirs or Successors, and under any Foreign Allegiance in any the Parts beyond the Seas, which shall be carried into London, from the River of Thames, to the House or Warehouse of such Alien, and from thence to the said River: Together with the Fees, Sums of Money, Profits, and Emoluments of the said Office or Imployments, and other the Premisses, in Two Tables or Schedules hereunto annexed, mentioned, and respectively limited and appointed. All and singular which Fees, Sums of Money, Profits and Emoluments in the said Tables or Schedules, expressed as due and lawful Fees to the said several Offices of Package and Portage annexed and belonging, and in the Execution of the same Offices, and either of them respectively, to be had and taken, we do for us, our Heirs and Successors, ratifie, establish and confirm, by these Presents, and the same Fees, Sums of Money, Profits and Emoluments in the said Tables or Schedules before mentioned, We do for us, our Heirs and Successors, grant unto the said Mayor, Commonalty and Citizens of the City aforesaid, and their Successors for ever by these Presents. AND FURTHERMORE, of our special Grace, certain Knowledge, and meer Motion, for the Consideration aforesaid, We do for us, our Heirs and Successors, give and grant to the said Mayor, Commonalty and Citizens of the City aforesaid, and their Successors, the said Office or Employment of Package of all and all manner of Woollen-Cloths, Wooll-Fells, Calves-skins, Goat skins, Bales of Tin, and all other Merchan-

The Consideration of the Grant, 4200 *l.*

Office of Package created.

Office of Portage or Balliage created.

Package granted to the City.

dizes whatsoever, to be packed, casked, piped, barrelled, or any ways vessselled; with the Survey of the Measure, Number and Weight of the said Merchandizes, together with the Fees, Sums of Money, Profits and Emoluments aforesaid; and also the Office or Imployment of Carriage and Portage of all Woolls, Wooll-Fells, Bales of Tin, and all other Merchandizes whatsoever, as well of any Denizen, whose Father is or shall be an Alien born, without the Allegiance of us, our Predecessors, Heirs or Successors, as of any Alien born without the Allegiance of us, our Predecessors, Heirs or Successors, and under any Foreign Allegiance, in Parts beyond the Seas, which shall be carried into London, from the River of Thames to the House of such Alien, and from thence to the said River, together with the Fees, Sums of Money, Profits and Emoluments aforesaid, To hold and exercise the Offices and Imployments aforesaid, and either of them, with their Appurtenances, and the Dispositions, Orderings, Surveyings and Correctons thereof, and of either of them; together with all Fees, Sums of Money, Profits and Emoluments whatsoever, to the said Offices or Imployments, or either of them, in the said Two Tables or Schedules to these Presents annered, mentioned and respectively appointed, to the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the said City, and their Successors, for ever: And also to exercise and occupy the said Offices or Imployments, and every and either of them, by themselves, or by their sufficient Minister or Ministers, Deputy or Deputies, without any Account or other thing, to be therefore rendred or made to us, our Heirs and Successors (besides the Rent hereafter in these Presents mentioned to be reserved and paid to us, our Heirs and Successors) and without incurring any Penalty or Forfeiture of the Offices aforesaid, or either of them, or of any Parcel thereof, although they or their Deputies, Officers or Servants, do not pack the said Goods or Merchandizes, when they are ready, and upon reasonable Request and Notice thereof given for the performing the said Services. And that no other Porter or Carrier, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, shall presume to intermit or intrude him or themselves, to carry or lade any of the said Goods or Merchandizes from any Wharf or Shore within the Limits aforesaid, into any Ship or Vessel, or to unlade any Goods or Merchandizes from any Ship or Vessel, upon any Wharf, Shore, or Lane within the Limits aforesaid, without the special Appointment or Licence of the said Mayor, Commonalty and Citizens of the City aforesaid, or of their Officers or Deputies for that purpose, first had or obtained. And that the Porter or Carrier appointed, and from time to time, to be appointed, by the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, and their Successors, or by their sufficient Officers or Deputies for the time being, shall have, take or receive of or from the said Merchants, as well Aliens born without the Allegiance of us, our Predecessors, Heirs or Successors, and under any Foreign Allegiance in Parts beyond the Seas, as of the said Denizens born, or to be born within the Power or Allegiance of us, our Predecessors, Heirs or Successors, whose Father is, or shall be an Alien born without the Allegiance of us, our Predecessors, Heirs or Successors, for the Carriage or Portage of the said Goods and Merchandizes, such Sums of Money for their Labour aforesaid, as in a certain Schedule to these Presents annexed are mentioned and appointed, without any Account or other thing to be therefore rendred or made to us, our Heirs or Successors (besides the Rents hereafter in these Presents mentioned, to be paid to us, our Heirs or Successors.) AND FURTHER, Of our more abundant Grace, certain Knowledge, and meer Motion, and for the Consideration aforesaid, We do for us, our Heirs and Successors, give and grant to the said Mayor, and Commonalty, and Citizens of the City aforesaid, and their Successors, the Office or Imployment of the Scavage and Surveying, and also the Scavage of all the Goods and Wares customable whatsoever, of any Merchants, as well Aliens as Denizens, whose Father is or shall be an Alien born or to be born without the Allegiance of us, our Predecessors, Heirs, or Successors, and to

Scavage granted to the City.

be brought from any Parts beyond the Seas, within the Liberties and Franchiſes of the ſaid City and Suburbs thereof, on account of Merchandizing; and alſo the Surveying, Delivering, or Balliage of all the Goods and Wares of any of the ſaid Merchants, within the Liberties and Franchiſes of the ſaid City, which ſhall be carried out into Parts beyond the Seas, by way of Merchandize, through and upon the River Thames, within the Limits aforeſaid, in any Ship, Boat, Barge or Veſſel whatſoever, floating, laden, remaining or being off of any Shore of the ſaid River of Thames, and which upon any Bank, Wharf or Shore of the ſaid River, ſhall happen to remain and be delivered or unladen within the Liberties and Franchiſes of the ſaid City and Suburbs thereof; together with the Fees, Sums of Money, Profits and Emoluments in a certain Table or Schedule to theſe Preſents annexed, mentioned, and reſpectively limited and appointed, according to the form of the Statute made and publiſhed in the Two and twentieth Year of Henry the Eighth, late King of England. All and ſingular which ſaid Fees, Sums of Money, Profits and Emoluments, in the ſaid Table or Schedule laſt mentioned and expreſſed, as due and lawful Fees to the ſaid ſeveral Offices of Scavage and Balliage aforeſaid, annexed and belonging, and in the Execution of the ſame Offices, and either of them reſpectively hereafter to be had and taken: We do for us, our Heirs and Succeſſors, ratifie, eſtabliſh, and confirm, by theſe Preſents; and the ſame Fees, Sums of Money, Profits and Emoluments in the ſaid laſt mentioned Table or Schedule, We do, for us, our Heirs and Succeſſors, grant to the ſaid Mayor, and Commonalty, and Citizens of the City aforeſaid, and their Succeſſors, for ever, by theſe Preſents. TO HAVE and exerciſe the ſaid Offices and Imployments laſt mentioned, and either of them, with the Appurtenances, and the diſpoſings, orderings, ſuperviſings and corrections of the ſame, and either of them, together with all the Fees, Sums of Money, Profits and Emoluments to the ſaid Offices or Imployments, and either of them, in the ſaid Table or Schedule to theſe Preſents annexed, mentioned and reſpectively appointed, unto the ſaid Mayor, and Commonalty, and Citizens of the ſaid City, and their Succeſſors, for ever; and alſo to exercise and occupy the ſaid Offices or Imployments, by themſelves, or by their ſufficient Miniſter or Miniſters, Deputy or Deputies, without any Account or other Matter to be rendred or made to us, our Heirs or Succeſſors, for the ſame (beſides the Rents hereafter in theſe Preſents mentioned to be reſerved and paid to us, our Heirs and Succeſſors) and without incurring any Penalty of the ſaid Offices or Imployments, or either of them, or any Parcel thereof, although they or their Deputies, Officers or Servants, ſhall not ſurvey or deliver the Goods and Merchandizes aforeſaid, when they ſhall be ready, upon reaſonable Requeſt or Notice thereof given, for the performing the ſaid Works or Services. WILLING, and by theſe Preſents, for us, our Heirs and Succeſſors, enjoyning and commanding all and ſingular ſuch Aliens and Denizens aforeſaid, that they, from time to time, do make and deliver, or cauſe to be made and delivered, unto the ſaid Mayor, and Commonalty, and Citizens, and their Succeſſors, or their Servants, Deputies or Collectors of the Scavage aforeſaid for the time being, true and perfect Bills of Entry of all and every their Goods, Merchandizes and Wares, which ſhall be, from time to time, brought within the Liberties and Franchiſes of the ſaid City and Suburbs thereof, under Pain of our Royal Indignation, and of being further puniſhed for their Contempt of our Command in this Behalf. YIELDING therefore Yearly to us, our Heirs and Succeſſors, into the Receipt of our Exchequer at Weſtminſter, Three Pounds Six Shillings and Eight Pence of lawful Money of England, at the Feaſt of St. Michael the Archangel, and the Annunciation of the Bleſſed Virgin Mary, by equal Portions every Year to be paid. AND WHEREAS We are informed, that, with intent to defraud and deceive the ſaid Mayor, and Commonalty, and Citizens of the City aforeſaid, of the Fees and Profits to the ſaid ſeveral Offices belonging and appertaining, ſeveral Goods and

Denizens and Aliens to make perfect Entries of their Goods.

and Merchandizes have been fraudulently laden and unladen, by divers Persons, at certain Wharfs or Places, commonly called, St. Katherines, Tower-Wharf, Southwark, Dick-shore, Wapping, Rotherhith, Deptford, Greenwich and Blackwall, and other Places between Blackwall and London-bridge, on both sides of the River Thames aforesaid, supposing the same Places to be without the Port of London aforesaid, and the Liberties, Franchises and Suburbs thereof; WE WILL, and by these Presents, for us, our Heirs and Successors, do Ordain and Declare, That for ever hereafter, all and singular Merchant-Strangers, born without our Allegiance, in Parts beyond the Seas, and under Foreign Obedience, and also the Sons of such Merchant-Strangers, who henceforth shall lade or unlade any Goods or Merchandizes Customable in the Port of the City of London aforesaid, or in any of the said Places or Wharfs above-mentioned, shall, from time to time, render and pay, or make and cause to be rendred and paid, unto the said Mayor, Commonalty, and Citizens of the City aforesaid, and their Successors, or their Officers, Deputies and Servants, such Wages and Fees as are in the said Tables or Schedules mentioned and expressed. AND FURTHER, Because We are given to understand, that divers Goods and Merchandizes of Merchants, as well Aliens born without our Allegiance, under Foreign Obedience, in Parts beyond the Seas, as also such Denizen, whose Father is or shall be an Alien, and born under Foreign Allegiance, in Parts beyond the Seas, which are carried out of the Port of the said City, and brought into the said Port from Foreign Parts, and beyond the Seas, are very often subtilly concealed and coloured under the Names of other Persons, to defraud us of our Customs, and other Things to us belonging, for such Goods and Merchandizes, to the Prejudice and Loss of us, our Heirs and Successors, and also of the said Mayor and Commonalty, and Citizens of the said City, of the Fees and Sums of Money, so as aforesaid respectively limited, appointed and ordained, by reason of the Exercise of the Offices aforesaid, or any of them; We therefore being willing to look after our Indempnity in this Behalf, and also to the intent that the said Mayor, and Commonalty, and Citizens, may the better detect the Frauds, Covins and Deceits of all Persons concealing and withdrawing the said Goods and Merchandizes, and the Fees aforesaid, We do for us, our Heirs and Successors, give, and by these Presents grant, to the said Mayor and Commonalty, and Citizens, and their Successors, That the Mayor of the City aforesaid, for the time being, and the sufficient Deputies, Servants or Officers of the said Mayor, Commonalty, and Citizens of the City aforesaid, in that Behalf, from time to time, duly assigned, shall and may have full Power and Authority to give and administer the Oath upon the Holy Evangelists, from time to time, to all such Persons suspected, or to be suspected, of the said Withdrawings, Concealments, Colourings, Frauds, Covins. And that it shall and may be lawful to the said Mayor, his Minister and Deputy, or Officer for the time being, by all lawful Ways and Means, to compel all such Persons suspected, or to be suspected, as shall refuse or deny to take the said Oath, to take the same Oath. Although express Mention of the true Yearly Value, or of the certainty of the Premisses, or any of them, or of any other Gifts or Grants by us, or by any of out Progenitors or Predecessors, to the said Mayor and Commonalty, and Citizens of the City aforesaid, or any of them heretofore made, is not made in these Presents; or any Statute, Act, Ordinance, Provision, Proclamation, or Restraint to the contrary thereof, heretofore had, made, published, ordained or provided, or any other Thing, Cause or Matter whatsoever, in any wise notwithstanding. IN WITNESS whereof, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patents: WITNESS Our Self, at Westminster, the Fifth Day of September, in the Sixteenth Year of Our Reign.

Power to the Mayor, &c. to administer the Oath to discover concealed Goods.

THE SCAVAGE TABLE OF Rates Inwards.

	S.	D.
A.		
Allom, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	02
Annotto, the hundred weight, containing 5 score	00	04
Apples and Pears, the little barrel	00	1¼
Aqua Vitæ, the Hogshead	00	06
Argol white or red, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	1½
B.		
Babies Heads, the dozen	00	0½
Bacon, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	03
Bandstrings, the dozen knots	00	0¼
Balks: great, the hundred, containing 6 score	01	06
Balks: middle, the hundred, containiug 6 score	00	09
Balks: small, the hundred, containing 6 score	00	04
Barlings, the hundred, containing 6 score	00	04
Barley, the quarter, containing 8 bushels	00	0½
Barillia, or Safora, the barrel, containing 200 weight	00	04
Basket-rods, the dozen bundles	00	04
Bast-rope, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb	00	0½
Battery, Bashrones, or Kettles, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	06
Beef, the barrel	00	01
Bell-metal, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	02
Beans, the quarter	00	0½
Blacking, or Lamp-black, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	03
Bottles of all sorts, the dozen	00	0½
Boards: Barrel-boards, the thousand	00	04
Boards: Clap-boards, the hundred, containing 6 score	00	01
Boards: Pipe-boards, the hundred, containing 6 score	00	01
Boratoes or Bombafines: narrow, the single piece, not above 15 yards	00	02
Boratoes or Bombafines: broad, the single piece, not above 15 yards	00	03
Books unbound, the basket or maund	00	08
Bow-staves, the hundred, containing 6 score	00	02
Brass Andirons, Laver Cocks, Chaffindishes, and all other Brass or Lattin wrought, the hundred pound, containing 5 score	00	03
Brimstone, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	0½
Bristles, the dozen pounds	00	0½
Buckrams: of *Germany*, the dozen pieces	00	03
Buckrams: of *France*, the dozen pieces	00	02
Buffins, Liles, or Mocadoes: narrow, the single piece, not above 15 yards	00	01
Buffins, Liles, or Mocadoes: broad, the single piece, not above 15 yards	00	02
Bulrushes, the load	00	01
Burs for Millstones, the hundred, containing 5 score	00	03
Butter, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	01

		S.	D.

C.

Cable-ropes for Cordage, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		00	01
Cabinets	great, the piece	00	02
	small, the piece	00	01
Caddas, or Cruel Ribband, the dozen pieces, each piece, containing 36 yards		00	01
Candlewick, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		00	01
Candles of Tallow, the dozen pound		00	0 1/2
Capers, the hundred pound, containing 5 score		00	02
Capravens, the hundred, containing 6 score		00	03
Cards	Playing Cards, the small groce, containing 12 dozen pair	00	02
	Wooll Cards, the dozen pair	00	0 1/4
Carpets	*Turkey*, *Persia*, *East-India*, and *Venice*, long, the piece	00	06
	of the same or like sort, short, the piece	00	04
	Carpets of all other sorts, the piece	00	0 1/2
Cases	for Looking Glasses gilt, from N° 3, to N° 10, the dozen	00	1 1/2
	for Looking Glasses ungilt, the dozen	00	0 1/2
Chamlits, Mohair and *Turkey* Grograms, each 15 yards		00	1 1/2
Cheese, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		00	01
Cherries, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		00	1 1/2
Cloth	*French* Woollen, each 20 yards	00	08
	Scarlet, the yard	00	01
Cocheneal	*Silvester*, or *Campechea*, the pound	00	0 1/2
	of all other sorts, the pound	00	01
Combs of Box or Light Wood, the groce containing 12 dozen		00	0 1/2
Copper Bricks, or Plates, round or square, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		00	04
Copperas, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		00	01
Coral, rough or polisht, the mast, containing 2 lb. 1/2		00	02
Cork, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		00	01
Cork, the dozen pieces for Shoemakers		00	0 1/4

D.

Deal boards of all sorts, the hundred, containing 6 score		01	00
Dogs of Earth, the small groce, containing 12 dozen		00	1 1/2
Durance, or Duretties	with Thread, each 15 yards	00	1 1/2
	with Silk, each 15 yards	00	02
Drugs	Ambergreese, the ounce	00	1 1/2
	Aloes Cicotrina, the pound	00	0 1/2
	Barley hul'd, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	01
	Carraway and Cummin Seeds, the hundred weight	00	1 1/2
	China Roots, the hundred pound, containing 5 score	01	06
	Civit, the ounce	00	01
	Gum-Armoniack, the hundred, containing 5 score	00	06
	Musk — the ounce	00	01
	Musk — Cods, the dozen	00	01
	Sanders, white or red, the hundred, containing 5 score	00	06
	Treacle common, the hundred, containing 5 score	00	02
	Turpentine common, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	01

F.

Feathers for Beds, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		00	02
Fish	Cod-fish, the hundred, containing 6 score	00	04
	Cole fish, the hundred, containing 6 score	00	01
	Eels, the barrel	00	01
	Eels quick, the Ships lading	10	00
	Herrings, white or red, the last	00	06

		S.	D.
Fiſh	Lings, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	00	06
	Lob-fiſh, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	00	02
	Croplings, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	00	01
	Titling, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	00	0½
	Sturgeon, the firkin	00	01
	Sturgeon, the keg	00	0½
	Salmon, the barrel	00	1½
Flax	Undreſt, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	1½
	Dreſt or wrought, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	04
Flocks, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		00	02
Frankincenſe, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		00	1½
Fuſtian	Barmillions, the piece, or two half pieces, containing 15 yards each half piece	00	02
	Naples Fuſtian, Tripe or Velure, the piece, containing 15 yards	00	02
Furs	Bever-skins, the piece	00	0½
	Bever-bellies or wombs, the dozen	00	04
	Budge, tawed or untawed, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	02
	Fox-skins, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	04
	Foyns without Tails, the dozen	00	1½

G.

	Galley-diſhes, each 12 dozen	00	01
	Gauls, the hundred, containing 112 lb.	00	02
Glaſs for Windows, the cheſt or caſe		00	03
Glaſs, *vocat. Venice* drinking Glaſſes, the dozen		00	0½
Looking-glaſſes	Half-peny Ware, the groce, containing 12 dozen	00	0½
	Peny Ware, the groce, containing 12 dozen	00	0½
	of Steel ſmall, the dozen	00	0½
	of Steel large, the dozen	00	01
	of Chryſtal ſmall, the dozen, under N° 6	00	01
	of Chryſtal, the dozen, N° 7, 8, 9, 10	00	04
	of Chryſtal middle ſort, the dozen, N° 6	00	02
	of Chryſtal, the dozen, N° 11, 12	01	06
Glaſs Stone-plates for Spectacles rough, the dozen		00	0⅛
Glaſs-plates, or ſights for Looking-glaſſes unfoyled.	of Chryſtal ſmall, under N° 6, the dozen	00	0½
	of Chryſtal, N° 6, the dozen	00	01
	of Chryſtal, N° 7, 8, 9, 10, the dozen	00	02
	of Chryſtal, N° 11, 12, the dozen	01	00
Gloves of *Spaniſh* Leather, the dozen pair		00	01
Grain for Dyers	of Scarlet Powder, the pound	00	0½
	of Sevil in Berries, and grains of *Portugal*, or *Rotta*, the pound	00	0¼
Grocery	Almonds, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	03
	Anniſeeds, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb	00	02
	Cloves, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	01	06
	Corrants, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	02
	Dates, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	04
	Figs, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	01
	Fuſſes of Cloves, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	08
	Ginger, the hundred pound, containing 5 ſcore	01	00
	Liquorice, the hundred, containing 112 lb.	00	1⅓
	Mace, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	02	00
	Nutmegs, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	01	06
	Pepper, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	06
	Prunes, the hundred, containing 112 lb.	00	01
	Raiſins great, or Malaga, the hundred, containing 112 lb.	00	01
	Raiſins of the Sun, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb	00	02
	Cinnamon, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	01	00
Sugar	Refined, the hundred, containing 112 lb.	00	10
	Candy brown or white, the hundred weight	00	08
	Muſcovadoes, and white, the hundred weight	00	04
	Saint Thome, and Pannelis, the hundred weight	00	02

		S.	D.
Goats hair, the hundred pound, containing 5 ſcore		00	06
Gunpowder, the barrel, containing 112 ℔.		00	03
Gum-Arabick, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔.		00	02

H.

HAwks of all ſorts, the Hawk		00	02
Hats	Baſt, or ſtraw Hats knotted, the dozen	00	0¼
	Baſt, or ſtraw Hats plain, the groce, containing 12 dozen	00	1½
	Woollfelts, the dozen	00	01
	Demi-caſtors, the piece	00	0½
	Beaver Hats, the piece	00	02
Headings for Pipes, Hogſheads or Barrels, the thouſand		00	02
Heath for Bruſhes, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔.		00	01
Hemp undreſt, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔.		00	01
Hemp dreſt, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔.		00	02
Hides	Buff-hides, the piece	00	0½
	Cow-hides, or Horſe-hides, the dozen Hides	00	03
Honey, the barrel		00	1½
Horſes and Mares, each Horſe or Mare		00	06
Hops, the hundred weight		00	02

I.

INdico, the hundred pound, containing 5 ſcore		02	00
Indico-duſt, the hundred pound, containing 5 ſcore		00	08
Incle	wrought, the dozen pound	00	1½
	roules, the dozen pieces, containing 36 yards each piece	00	01
	unwrought, the hundred pound, containing 5 ſcore	00	04
Iron wrought, the hundred, containing 112 ℔.		00	01
Iron unwrought, the tun		00	06
Iron Pots, the dozen		00	1½

L.

LAttin	ſhaven Lattin, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔.	00	06
	black Lattin, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔.	00	03
Lace	Bone lace of thread, the dozen yards	00	0½
	Silk bone lace, the pound, containing 16 ounces	00	02
	Silk lace of all other ſorts, the pound, containing 16 ounces	00	01
Lemons	the thouſand	00	01
	Juice of Lemons, the pipe	00	06
	Pickled Lemons, the pipe	00	03
Linſeed, the quarter		00	01
Leaves of Gold, the hundred leaves, containing 5 ſcore		00	0½
Lewers for Hawkes, the dozen		00	0½
Leather	Baſil leather, the dozen skins	00	0¼
	Hangings gilt, the piece.	00	03
	Leather for Masks, the dozen pound	00	02
Lutes, the dozen		00	04
Lute-ſtrings, *vocat.*	Catlings, the great groce, containing 12 ſmall groce of knots	00	01
	Minikins, the groce, containing 12 dozen knots	00	0½
Linen *Brabant*, *Flemiſh* Embden	*Britiſh* Cloth, the hundred ells, containing 5 ſcore	00	02
	Freeze Cloth, Gentiſh Holland, Iſinghams, Overiſil Cloth, Rouſe-Linen, Cowsfield, or Plats Cloth each 30 ells	00	02
	Callicoes or Dutties, the piece	00	0½
	Cambricks the whole piece, containing 13 ells	00	02
	Damask for Tabling of *Holland* making, the dozen yards	00	04
	Damask for Tabling of *Sletia* making, the dozen yards	00	02
	Damask for Towelling and Napkening of *Holland* making, the dozen yards	00	02
	Damask for Towelling and Napkening of *Sletia* making, the dozen yards	00	01

		£.	s.	d.
Linen	Diaper for Tabling of *Holland* making, the dozen yards		00	02
	Diaper for Tabling of *Sletia* making, the dozen yards		00	01
	Diaper for Towelling and Napkening of *Holland* making, the dozen yards		00	01
	Diaper for Towelling and Napkening of *Sletia* making, the dozen yards		00	0½
	French or *Normandy* Canvas, and Line narrow, *Vandales* or *Vitry* Canvas, *Dutch* Barras and *Heſſens* Canvas, the hundred ells, containing 6 ſcore		00	02
	Gutting, and *Spruce* Canvas, Drillings, Pack-Duck, Hinderlins, Middle-good, Headlake, Muſco, Line-narrow, *Hambro* Cloth narrow, *Iriſh* Cloth, the hundred ells, containing 6 ſcore		00	01
	Hambro and *Sletia* Cloth broad, the hundred ells, containing 6 ſcore		00	03
Brabant, *Flemiſh*	Poledavies, the bolt		00	01
Embden	*French* Canvas and Line, ell and half quarter broad or upwards, 6 ſcore ells		00	03
	Lawns the whole piece, containing 13 ells		00	02
	Lawns Callico Lawns, the piece		00	0½
	Lawns *French* Lawns, the piece		00	0½
	Lockrams, the piece of all ſorts, containing 106 ells		00	1½
	Soultwich, the hundred ells, containing 6 ſcore		00	1½
	Strasbrough Linen, each 30 ells		00	01
	Stript or tufted Canvas with thread, the piece, containing 15 yards		00	01
	Stript, tufted or quilted Canvas with ſilk, the piece, containing 15 yards		00	01
Litmus, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.			00	01

M.

Malt, the quarter			00	0½
Magnus, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.			00	01
Masks of Velvet or Sattin, the dozen			00	01
Masts	great, the maſt		00	02
Masts	middle, the maſt		00	01
Masts	ſmall, the maſt		00	1½
Maps printed, the ream			00	01
Madder	Crop Madder, and all other bale Madder, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		00	02
Madder	Fat Madder, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		00	0½
Madder	Mull Madder, the hundred weight containing 112 lb.		00	0½
Meal, the laſt, containing 12 barrels			00	04
Mocadoe ends, the dozen pound			00	1½

O.

Oars, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore			00	04
Oats, the quarter			00	0½
Oyls	*Sivil* Oyl, *Majorca* Oyl, *Minorca* Oyl, *Province*, *Portugal* Oyl, and Salla Oyl, the tun	02	08	
Oyls	Rape and Linſeed Oyl, the tun	02	06	
Oyls	Train Oyl of *Greenland* or *New-found-land*, the tun	01	04	
Olives, the hogſhead			00	04
Onions	the hundred bunches		00	01
Onions	Seed, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		00	03
Oranges, the thouſand			00	01
Orchal, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.			00	1½

P.

Packthread, the hundred pound, containing 5 ſcore			00	1½
Pans, *vocat.*	Dripping or Frying Pans, the hundred, containing 112 lb.		00	1½
Pans, *vocat.*	Warming-pans, the dozen		00	1½

Paper

		S.	D.
Paper	brown, the hundred bundles	00	06
	of all other ſorts, each 5 ſcore reams	01	08
Peaſe, the quarter		00	0½
Pitch or Tar, the laſt		00	03
Plates	ſingle, white or black, the hundred plates	00	01
	double, white or black, the hundred plates	00	02
Pomegranates, the thouſand		00	02
Pork, the barrel		00	1½
Pots	of Earth or Stone covered, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	01
	of Earth or Stone uncovered, the hundred, caſt, containing a gallon to every caſt, whether in one Pot or more	00	02

Q.

Quails, the dozen		00	0¼
Quickſilver, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore		00	10
Quinces, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore		00	0½

R.

Rapeſeed, the quarter		00	01
Roſen, the tun		00	08
Rice, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		00	01
Rye, the quarter		00	0½
Ryms for Sives, the groce, containing 12 dozen		00	0½

S.

Safforn, the pound		00	0½
Saflower, the hundred pound, containing 5 ſcore		00	04
Salt, the wey		00	02
Salt-petre, the hundred, containing 112 lb.		00	1½
Says	double Says, or *Flanders* Serges, the piece	00	03
	Hounſcot and mill'd Says, the piece	00	02
Shumack, the hundred, containing 112 lb.		00	1½
Silk	*Bridges*, *Granadoes*, *Naples*, *Orgazine*, *Pole* and *Spaniſh* Satten Silk, Sleave Silk fine, and thrown Silk, the pound containing 16 ounces	00	01
	Raw *China* Silk, the pound, containing 24 ounces	00	01
	Ferret or Floret Silk, Fillozel, Sleave Silk courſe, the pound, containing 16 ounces	00	0½
	Raw long Silk, the pound, containing 24 ounces	00	0½
	Raw ſhort Silk, and Raw Morea Silk, the pound, containing 24 ounces	00	0½
Silk Stockings, the pair		00	0½
Silks wrought	Boratoes of Silk, Catalopher, *China* Damask, Silk Chamlet, *China* Grograms, Tabby, Grograms, Philoſelloes, narrow Tabbies of Silk, Towers Taffaty, the dozen yards	00	02
	Silk Grograms narrow, Silk Say, Calimancoes, and Philoſelloes broad, the dozen yards	00	03
	Silk Grograms broad, Caffa or Damask, the dozen yards	00	04
	Sattens of *Bolonia*, *Lukes*, *Jeans*, and others of like making, the dozen yards	00	06
	Sattens *Bridges*, *China*, and *Turkey* Sattens, the dozen yards	00	01
	Sarcenets of *Bolonia* or *Florence*, the dozen ells	00	1½
	Sarcenets of *China*, the dozen ells	00	01
	Sypers of Silk broad, the dozen yards	00	0½
	Sypers of Silk narrow, each 24 yards	00	0¼
	Tafety ell broad, each dozen yards	00	02
	Tafety *China* and *Levant*, each dozen yards	00	0½
	Velvets *China* Velvets, each dozen yards	00	01
	Velvets all other Velvets or Pluſhes, each dozen yards	00	06

		S.	D.
Skins	Cordivant Skins, the dozen	00	02
	Goats Skins in the hair, the dozen	00	01
	Kid Skins of all ſorts, the hundred containing 5 ſcore	00	02
Smalts, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore		00	04
Spars	Bomſpars, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	00	03
	Cantſpars, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	00	02
	Small Spars, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	00	01
Stones	Dog Stones, the laſt	00	06
	Marble Stones, the tun	00	08
	Milſtones, the piece	00	06
	Quern Stones, the laſt	00	03
Sword blades, the dozen		00	01
Staves	Pipe or Hogſhead-ſtaves, the thouſand	00	06
	Barrel-ſtaves, the thouſand	00	03
	Firkin-ſtaves, the thouſand	00	1½
Steel	Long Steel, Wiſp Steel, and ſuch like, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	02
	Gad Steel, the half barrel	00	04
Succad wet or dry, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore		00	10
Sider, the tun		00	04

T.

Tallow, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		00	01
Tapiſtry	with Hair, the hundred *Flemiſh* ells, containing 5 ſcore	00	04
	with Wooll, the hundred *Flemiſh* ells, containing 5 ſcore	00	06
	with Caddas, the hundred *Flemiſh* ells, containing 5 ſcore	01	00
	with Silk, the dozen *Flemiſh* ells	00	02
Tarras, the barrel		00	0¼
Teazels, the thouſand		00	0¼
Tykes of all ſorts, the tyke		00	1½
Thread	*Bridges*-thread, the dozen pound	00	01
	Outnal-thread, the dozen pound	00	01
	Whited brown or piecing Thread, the dozen pound	00	1½
	Siſters Thread, the pound	00	0½
	Lyons or *Paris* Thread, the bale, containing an hundred bolts	00	08
Tobacco	*Spaniſh*, *Verinus*, *Brazeil* Tobacco, the hundred containing 5 ſcore	02	00
	St. *Chryſtophers* Tobacco or the like, the hundred pound, containing 5 ſcore	00	06
Tow, the hundred, containing 112 lb.		00	0½
Tiles, *vocat.* Pan Tiles or *Flanders* Tiles, the thouſand		00	02

W.

Wax, the hundred, containing 112 lb.		00	04
Wainſcots, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore		00	06
Whale-fins, the dozen fins		00	01
Wheat, the quarter, containing 8 buſhels		00	01
Woad	Iſland Woad, the tun	01	00
	Tholoſe Woad, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	01
Wood	Box Wood, the thouſand pieces	00	02
	Brazeil or *Fernambuck*-wood, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	03
	Brazeletto or *Jamaica* Wood, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	01
	Fuſtick, the hundred, containing 112 lb.	00	0½
	Red or *Guiney* Wood, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	02
	Sweet Wood of *Weſt-India*, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb	00	01

		S.	D.
Wooll	Beaver Wooll, the pound	00	01
	Cotten Wooll, the hundred pound, containing 5 ſcore	00	03
	Iriſh Combed, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	04
	Iriſh Uncombed, the hundred, containing 112 lb.	00	02
	Eſtridge Wooll, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	02
	Polonia Wooll, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	03
	French Wooll, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	02
	Lambs Wooll, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	03
	Spaniſh Wooll, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	04
	Red Wooll, the pound	00	0¼
Wire, *vocat.* Lattin Wire, and all other Wire, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		00	04
Wine eager, the tun		00	06
Gaſcoin, *French* Wine and all other Wines of the Growth of the *French* King's Dominion, the tun		02	00
Rheniſh Wine, the awme		00	06
Muskadel, and all other Wines of the Growth of the *Levant*, the butt		01	00
Sacks, Canaries, Malagaes, Maderaes, Romneys, Baſtards, Tents and Alicants, the butt or pipe		01	00

Y.

		S.	D.
Yarn	Cable Yarn, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	01
	Camel, Grogram, or Mohair yarn, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	01	06
	Cotten Yarn, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	04
	Iriſh Yarn, the pack, containing 4 hundred weight, at 6 ſcore pound to the hundred	00	06
	Raw Linen yarn *Dutch* or *French*, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	04
	Spruce or *Muſcovia* yarn, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	02

All other Goods not mentioned in this Table, ſhall pay for Scavage Duties Inwards, after the Rate of One Peny in the Pound, according as they are expreſſed or valued in his Majeſty's late Book of Rates, and all other not expreſſed therein ſhall pay the ſame Rates according to the true Value.

Guil. London. *H. Manchester.*

Jo. Bramſton. *Edw. Littleton.*

THE

THE PACKAGE TABLE OF Rates Outwards.

		S.	D.
A.			
	Annotto, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore ℔	00	03
	Aqua Vitæ, the hogſhead	00	04
	Argol white or red, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔.	00	1½
Aſhes	Pot Aſhes, the barrel, containing 2 hundred weight	00	02
	Sope Aſhes, the laſt	01	00
	Awl-blades for Shoemakers, the thouſand	00	0½
B.			
	Barillia or Saffora, the barrel, containing 2 hundred weight	00	04
	Beer, the tun	00	06
	Birding Shotlead, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔.	00	02
	Books, the maund	01	00
	Bottles of Glaſs, covered with Leather, the dozen	00	01
	Brimſtone, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔.	00	01
	Bruſhes, the dozen	00	0½
	Broken Glaſs, the barrel	00	0¼
Buttons, *vocat.*	Braſs, Steel, Copper or Lattin Buttons, the great groce, containing 12 ſmall groce	00	01
	Hair Buttons, the great groce	00	01
	Silk Buttons, the great groce	00	0½
	Thread Buttons, the great groce	00	0¼
	Buckweed, the quarter	00	01
	Buckrams of all ſorts, the dozen pieces	00	02
C.			
	Caps for Saylers, Monmouth and others, the dozen	00	01
	Canary ſeed, the buſhel	00	0½
	Cloaks old, the piece	00	0½
	Copperas, the hundred weight, containing 112 ℔	00	01
Cocheneal	Silveſter or Campechia, the pound	00	0½
	of all other ſorts, the pound	00	01
	Cobweb Lawns, each 12 yards	00	01
D.			
Drugs *vocat.*	Aſſafœtida, Gum-Armoniack, Gum-lack, Olibanum and Saſſafras wood, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore pound	00	06
	Caſſia fiſtula, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore pound	00	08

		S.	D.
Drugs, *vocat.*	Caſſia Lignea, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	08
	Cubebs, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	06
	Rhubarb, the pound	00	01
	Scammony, the pound	00	01

E.

	Elephants Teeth, the 100, containing 5 ſcore pound	00	04
	Eſtridge Feathers undreſt, the pound	00	0½

F.

	Filling of Iron called Swarf, the barrel	00	02
	Flasks of Horn, the dozen	00	01
Flax	dreſt, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	04
	undreſt, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb	00	02
	Frankincenſe, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	1½
Fiſh	Herrings full or ſhotten, the laſt	00	06
	Stockfiſh of all ſorts, the laſt	00	06
Fuſtians	*Engliſh* Millain, the piece, containing two half pieces of 15 yards the piece	00	01
	Venetian, *Engliſh*-make, each 15 yards	00	01

G.

	Gauls, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	02
	Glew the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	01
	Glovers clippings, the maund or basket	00	1½
Grains	Scarletpowder, and of *Sevil* in Berries, and grain of *Portugal*, or *Rotta*, the hundred pound	02	06
	Grain *French*, or *Guiney*, the hundred pound	00	04
Garble	of Cloves, the hundred pound, containing 5 ſcore	00	04
	of Almonds, the huudred wtight, containing 112 lb.	00	01
	of Ginger, the hundred pound, containing 5 ſcore	00	01
	of Mace, the hundred pound, containing 5 ſcore	00	09
	of Pepper, the hundred pound, containing 5 ſcore	00	03
Gloves	Bucks Leather, the dozen pair	00	01
	Gloves with Silk Fringe and faced with Taffaty, the dozen pair	00	01
	Gloves lined with Cony, or Lamb-skin, or plain, the dozen pair	00	0½
Grocery, *vocat.*	Almonds, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	02
	Anniſeeds, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	02
	Cloves, the hundred pound, containing 5 ſcore	01	00
	Corrants, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	03
	Dates, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	04
	Figs, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	0½
	Ginger, the hundred pound, containing 5 ſcorce	00	09
	Liquorice, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	1½
	Mace, the hundred pound, containing 5 ſcore	01	06
	Nutmegs, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	01	00
	Pepper, the hundred, containing 5 ſcoree	00	06
	Prunes, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	0½
	Raiſins great, and Malaga, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	01
	Raiſins of the Sun, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	02
	Sugar Candy, the hundred, containing 112 lb.	00	08
	Sugar of S. *Thome*, and Pannelles, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	03
	Sugar of all ſorts, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	06
	Cinnamon, the hundred pound, containing 5 ſcore	01	00

		S.	D.

H.

HEmp, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb		00	1½
Hats	Beaver Hats, the piece	00	02
	Demy Caſtors, the piece	00	01
	Felt Hats plain, the dozen	00	1½
	Felt Hats lined or faced, the dozen	00	02
Hair	Cony Hair, the hundred pound, containing 5 ſcore	00	04
	of Goats or Kids, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	04
	Ox or Cowtail Hair, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	0½
Horns	Inkhorns, the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen	00	0½
	Horns of Lanthorns, the thouſand leaves	00	02
	Tips of Horns, the thouſand	00	01
Hops, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		00	02

I.

INdico of all ſorts, the hundred pound, containing 5 ſcore		01	00
Indico duſt, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore		00	06
India Hides, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore		01	06
Iriſh Rugs, the piece		00	01
Iron, the tun, unwrought		00	06
Iron wrought, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		00	01
Iron Spurs, the dozen pair		00	01
Ivory Combs, the dozen pound		00	02

K.

KNives, *vocat.*	*London* Knives ordinary, the ſmall groce	00	03
	Sheffield Knives, the ſmall groce	00	1½
	Shoemakers pairing Knives, the ſmall groce	00	0½

L.

LAce	Bone-lace of Thread, the dozen yards	00	0½
	Silk-lace, the pound, containing 16 ounces	00	1½
Lamperns, the thouſand		00	1½
Lead, the fodder		00	08
Lemons pickled, the pipe		00	03
Lemon Juice, the pipe		00	06
Linſeed, the quarter		00	01
Linen, *vocat.*	Callico, the piece	00	0½
	Cambricks, two half-pieces, containing 13 ells	00	1½
	Damask for Tabling of all ſorts, the dozen yards	00	02
	Damask for Towelling and Napkening of all ſorts, the dozen yards	00	01
	Diaper for Tabling of all ſorts, the dozen yards	00	01
	Diaper for Towelling and Napkening of all other ſorts, the dozen yards	00	0½
	Lawns, the piece, containing 13 ells	00	1½
	Linen Cloth, called *Brabant*, *Embden*, *Flemiſh*, *Freeze*, *Gentiſh*, *Holland*, *Iſinghams*, *Overiſils*, and *Rouſe* Cloth, each 30 ells	00	02
	French or *Normandy* Canvas, the hundred ells, containing 6 ſcore	00	03
	Dutch Barras, *Heſſens*, *Vitery* Canvas, the hundred ells, containing 6 ſcore	00	03
	Canvas tufted or quilted with Copper, Silk or Thread, or ſuch like, the piece, containing 15 yards	00	01
	Linen ſhreds, the maund	00	02

	S.	D.

M.

Madder, all but mull Madder, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	02
Mellaſſes, the hogſhead	00	04
Muſtard ſeed, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	0½

N.

Nails — Chair Nails, Braſs or Copper, the thouſand	00	0½
Nails — Copper Nails, Roſe-nails, and Sadlers Nails, the ſum containing 10000	00	0½

O.

Oker red or yallow, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	01
Onion-ſeed, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	04
Orchal, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	01
Ox-bones, the thouſand	00	01
Ox-guts, the barrel	00	02
Oyl — *Sevil*, *Majorca*, *Minorca*-oyl, *Provence*, *Portugal*, Linſeed or Rape-oyl, the tun	01	04
Oyl — Train or Whale-oyl, the tun	00	08

P.

Paper, Printing and Copy-paper, the hundred Reams, containing 5 ſcore	01	06
Pewter, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	04

R.

Rapeſeed, the quarter	00	01
Rape Cakes, the thouſand	00	0½
Red-lead, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	01
Red-earth, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	0¼
Rice, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	01
Rozen, the tun	00	06

S.

Saffron, the pound	00	01
Salt, the wey	00	02
Salt-petre, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	02
Sea-horſe Teeth, the hundred pound, containing 5 ſcore	00	10
Sea-coals, the chalder	00	04
Stockings — Childrens Stockings, the dozen pair	00	0½
Stockings — Kerſie or Leather, the dozen pair	00	01
Stockings — Silk Stockings, the pair	00	0½
Stockings — Worſted Stockings, the dozen pair	00	02
Stockings — Woollen knit Stockings, the dozen pair	00	1½
Shoemack, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	02
Skins and Furs — Badgers-skins, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	06
Skins and Furs — Bever-skins, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	02	06
Skins and Furs — Cat-skins, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	04
Skins and Furs — Calve-skins, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	08
Skins and Furs — Coney-skins gray, tawed, ſeaſoned, or ſtage, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	00	02
Skins and Furs — Coney-skins black, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	00	2½
Skins and Furs — Elk-skins, the piece	00	0½
Skins and Furs — Fitches, the timber	00	01
Skins and Furs — Fox-skins, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	08
Skins and Furs — Jennet-skins black, ſeaſoned or raw, the skin	00	0½
Skins and Furs — Kid-skins, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	02
Skins and Furs — Lamb-skins tawed, or in oyl, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	00	06

		S.	D.
Skins and Furs	Morkins tawed or raw, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	00	04
	Otter-skins, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	08
	Rabbet-skins, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	01
	Sheep-skins, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	00	06
	Sheep-pelts, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	03
	Squirel-skins, the thouſand	00	03
Silk	raw of all ſorts, the pound, containing 16 ounces	00	01
	Nubs or Husks of Silk, the hundred containing 21 ounces to the pound	00	04
	Engliſh thrown, the pound, containing 16 ounces	00	01
Silver, *vocat.* Quickſilver, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore		00	08
Slip, the barrel		00	01
Stuffs, *vocat.*	Buffins the piece broad, containing 14 yards	00	02
	Buffins the piece narrow, containing 14 yards	00	01
	Bridgwaters the piece	00	02
	Carrels the piece	00	01
	Camelians the piece, containing 25 yards	00	02
	Chamlets or Grograms the piece, containing about 14 or 15 yards	00	02
	Dimmoſelloes, or Damaſins the piece	00	02
	Durance the piece	00	01
	Dimity each thirty yards	00	01
	Floramedoes the piece	00	01
	Figurettoes the piece	00	02
	Hangings of *Briſtol*, or Stript Stuff the piece	00	04
	Linſey-Woollſey the piece	00	1½
	Liles the piece, broad or narrow, not above 15 yards	00	02
	Mocadoes ſingle or tufted, the piece containing 14 yards	00	01
	Mocadoes double the piece, containing 28 yards	00	02
	Mohairs the piece, containing about 15 yards	00	1½
	Meſcelauney the piece, containing 30 yards	00	01
	Perpetuana's yard broad, the piece	00	02
	Perpetuana's the piece, ell broad	00	2½
	Paragon or Parapus, the piece	00	02
	Piramides or Marimuff the narrow piece	00	01
	Piramides or Marimuff the broad piece	00	02
	Raſhes of all ſorts the piece, about 24 yards	00	04
	Sayes called Hounſcot Sayes, or mill'd the piece	00	03
	Sayes of all other ſorts, the piece	00	2½
	Serges the ſingle piece, yard broad, containing 12 yards	00	02
	Serges double the piece, yard broad, containing 24 yards	00	03
Sope	hard Caſtle, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb	00	02
	the barrel	00	03
Succad wet or dry, the hundred pound, containing 5 ſcore		00	08
Spectacles without Caſes, the 12 dozen		00	0½

T.

TAllow, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.		00	01
Tapiſtry	with Hair, the hundred *Flemiſh* ells, containing 5 ſcore	00	04
	with Wooll, the hundred *Flemiſh* ells, containing 5 ſcore	00	06
	with Caddas, the hundred *Flemiſh* ells, containing 5 ſcore	01	00
	with Silk, the dozen *Flemiſh* ells	00	02
Taffaty	ell broad, the dozen yards	00	02
	Silk Tuff Taffaty broad, the dozen yards	00	04
	Silk Tuff Taffaty narrow, the dozen yards	00	02
Thread whited brown or coloured, the dozen pound		00	01
Tiffany, each dozen yards		00	01
Tobacco	*Spaniſh*, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	02	00
	of all other ſorts the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	06
Tin	wrought, the hundred, containing 112 lb.	00	04
	unwrought, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	3½
Thread Points, the great groce		00	0½

		S.	D.
V.			
Velures	*Engliſh* the piece ſingle	00	01
	Engliſh the double piece	00	02
Vinegar of Wine, the tun		00	2 1/2
W.			
Wax	*Engliſh* Wax, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	04
	Engliſh hard Wax, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	08
Woollen Drapery, *vocat.*	Bays the ſingle piece	00	02
	Bays the double piece	00	04
	Minikin Bays the piece	00	06
	Broad Cloth the ſhort piece, containing 24 yards	00	06
	Broad Cloth the long piece, containing 32 yards	00	08
	Cottons of all ſorts, the hundred goads	00	06
	Devonſhire dozens the piece	00	01
	Frizadoes the piece	00	03
	Kerſies of all ſorts, the piece	00	02
	Liſts of Cloth, the thouſand yards	00	06
	Northern dozens ſingle, the piece	00	03
	Northern dozens double, the piece	00	06
	Spaniſh Cloth, *Engliſh* making, each 20 yards	00	06
	Peniſtones the piece	00	02
Waſtcoats	of Kerſey or Flannel, the dozen	00	02
	of Woollen knit, the dozen	00	04
	of Worſted knit, the piece	00	0 1/2
	wrought with Cruel, the piece	00	0 1/4
	wrought with Silk, the piece	00	01
Wooll	Cotton Wooll, the hundred pound, containing 5 ſcore	00	03
	Eſtridge Wooll, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	02
	French Wooll, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	02
	Spaniſh Wooll, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	04
Wormſeed, the hundred pound containing 5 ſcore		00	06
Wood	Box Wood, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	0 1/2
	Brazeil Wood, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	04
	Ebony Wood, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	1 1/2
	Fuſtick Wood, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	0 1/2
	Redwood, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	1 1/2
Wine	*French* Wines of all ſorts, the tun	00	08
	Muskadel and Wines of the *Levant*, the butt	00	06
	Sacks, Canaries, Maderaes, Romneys and Hullocks, the butt or pipe	00	06
Y.			
Yarn, *voc.*	Cotton Yarn, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	04
	Grogram, or Mohair Yarn, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	01	06
	Raw Linen Yarn of all ſorts, the hundred pound	00	04

All other Goods not mentioned in this Table, ſhall pay for Package Duties, after the Rate of One Peny in the Pound, according as they are expreſſed, or valued in his Majeſty's late Book of Rates; and all other not expreſſed therein, ſhall pay the ſame Rate according to their true Value.

For every Entry in the Packers Book for writing Bills to each Entry Outward, as uſually they have done, 12 *d.*

The Strangers ſhall pay the labouring Porters for making up their Goods, at their own Charge, as always they have done.

The Strangers ſhall pay the Water-ſide Porters belonging to the Package-Office, ſuch Fees and Duties, for Landing and Shipping their Goods, as they have uſually paid within theſe Ten Years laſt paſt.

Wolſely.

THE BALLIAGE DUTIES

Outwards.

		S.	D.
	BEER, the tun	00	04
	Canvas, the hundred ells, containing ſix ſcore	00	02
	Coals, the chalder	00	01
Drapery of Woollen or Worſted	Broad Cloth, the piece	00	1½
	Kerſies of all ſorts, the piece	00	0½
	Perpetuanoes, the piece	00	0½
	Stuffs, Woollen or Worſted, the ſingle piece	00	0½
	Stuffs, Woollen or Worſted, the double piece	00	01
Dying Commodities	Cocheneal, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore pound	01	00
	Indico, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	04
	Wood of all ſorts for Dyers, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	01
	Fuſtians *Engliſh* making, each 15 yards	00	0½
	Flax or Hemp, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	01
Grocery	Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs, or Cinnamon, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	06
	Pepper or Ginger, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	02
	Raiſins, the piece or frail	00	0½
	Raiſins Solis, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	01
Iron	the tun unwrought	00	06
	wrought the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	01
	Lamperns, the thouſand	00	0½
	Lead, the fodder	00	06
	Saffron, the pound	00	0½
	Salt, the wey	00	02
	Salt-petre, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	01
	Silk raw, or thrown Silk, the pound, containing 16 ounces	00	0¼
Skins and Furs	Beaver Skins, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	01	06
	Badgers Skins, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	06
	Cony Skins black, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	00	02
	Cat Skins, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	02
	Calves Skins, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	02
	Fox Skins, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	06
	Fitches, the timber	00	01
	Morkins, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	00	02
	Otter Skins, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	06
	Sheep or Lambs Skins, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	00	02
	Squirrel Skins, the thouſand	00	01
	Tin or Pewter, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	02
	Wax, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	02
	Wooll of all ſorts, the hundred, containing 112 lb.	00	02

Other

Other Merchandizes Liquid or Dry, that are not particularly Rated in this TABLE, *ſhall pay* BALLIAGE DUTIES *Outwards by their Bulk, as followeth*; Viz.

	S.	D.
A Great Packet or Fardle, containing betwixt fifteen or twenty Cloths, or other Goods to that proportion	01	06
An ordinary Pack, Truſs or Fardle, containing in bigneſs about ten or twelve Cloths, twelve or fourteen Bays, or to the like proportion in Freezes, Cottons, or other Goods	01	00
A Bale, containing three or four Cloths, four or five Bays, or the like proportion in other Goods	00	06
For a great Maund, or great Basket	00	08
For a ſmall Maund or Basket, weighing three hundred weight, or under	0	04
For a Hamper or Coffer, weighing two hundred weight, or under	00	03
For a Butt or Pipe	00	08
For a Hogſhead or Puncheon	00	04
For a Barrel	00	02
For a Firkin	00	01
For a Dry Fat	00	08
For a Drum-fat	00	04
For a Bale	00	06
For a great Cheſt or great Caſe	00	08
For a ſmall Cheſt or Caſe, containing three hundred weght, or under	00	04
For a ſmall Box	00	02
For a great Trunk	00	06
For a ſmall Trunk, not above two hundred weight	00	03
For a Bag or Sack	00	04
For a Sern	00	03

Wolſeley.

The

The Packers Water-ſide Porters TABLE *of* DUTIES, *for Landing* STRANGERS *Goods, and of the like* DUTIES *or* RATES *to be paid unto them for Shipping out their Goods.*

	S.	D.
FOR a But of Currants	01	04
For a Carateel of Currants	00	08
For a Quarterol of Currants	00	04
For a Bag of Currants	00	04
For pieces of Raiſins, the tun	01	08
For a Barrel of Raiſins	00	04
For all ſorts of Puncheons	00	06
For a Barrel of Figs	00	02
For Topnets and Frails of Figs, *per* tun	01	08
For Braziel, or other Wood for Dying, *per* tun	01	08
For Iron, the tun	01	02
For Copperas, the tun	01	02
For Oyl, Wine or Vinegar, *per* tun	01	02
For Hemp and Flax, the Laſt	01	08
For looſe Flax and Tow, the hundred weight	00	02
For a great Bag of Tow	00	08
For a ſmall Bag of Tow	00	04
For a great Bag of Hops	00	08
For a Packet, or little Bag of Hops	00	04
For Packs, Truſſes, Fats or Maunds, *per* piece	00	08
For a great Cheſt	00	08
For a ſmall Cheſt	00	04
For all Caſes, Barrels or Bales, *per* piece	00	04
For a Bale of Madder	00	08
For a Bale of Ginger, or Shumack, containing 400 weight	00	08
For a Faggot of Steel	00	01
For any Serns, the piece	00	04
For a Fatt of Pot-aſhes	00	08
For a Laſt of Sope-aſhes	01	00
Fot a Laſt of Pitch or Tar	01	00
For a Laſt of Fiſh	01	00
For Wainſcots, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	05	00
For Clap-boards, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	00	06
For Deal-boards, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	01	04
For a great Maſt	05	00
For a middle Maſt	02	06
For a ſmall Maſt	01	03
For great Balks, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	05	00
For middle Balks, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	02	06
For ſmall Balks, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	01	03
For a Mill-ſtone	05	00
For a Dog-ſtone	02	06
For a Wolf-ſtore	02	00
For a Yard-ſtone	00	03
For a Grindle-ſtone	01	00
For a Step-ſtone or Grave-ſtone	00	08
For Quern-ſtones, the Laſt	01	00
For Emery-ſtones, the tun	01	02
For ten hundred weight *Holland* Cheeſe	01	00
For Rozen, the tun	01	02
For Woad, the tun	01	02
For a Cheſt of Sugar	00	06
For half Wainſcots, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	02	06

	S.	D.
For Raw Hides, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	05	00
For Bomſpars, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	00	06
For ſmall Spars, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	00	04
For ends of Bomſpars, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	00	09
For a Horſe, Gelding or Mare	02	06
For Allom, the tun	01	08
For Heath for Bruſhes, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.	00	01
For Iron Pots, the dozen	00	03
For Rings of Wyre, looſe, the ring	00	0½
For Pipe-ſtaves, the thouſand	02	06
For *Rheniſh* Wine, the awm	00	06
For Bur-ſtones, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	02	06
For half Packs of Teazles, the piece	00	04
For Wicker Bottles, the dozen	00	0½
For Stone Pots, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	00	01
For looſe Fiſh, the hundred, landing	00	03
For a Barrel of Salmon	00	02
For a Barrel of Stub Eels	00	02
For a bundle of Basket Rods	00	0½
For a tun of Cork	01	08
For a thouſand of Ox Bones	01	00
For a thouſand Tips of Horns	00	06
For a thouſand Shank bones	01	00
For Brimſtone, the tun, looſe	01	03
For a Fodder of Lead	01	02
For Ryms for Sives, the load	01	00
For a Load of Fanns	01	00
For a Load of Bulruſhes	00	08
For a hundred Reams of Paper, looſe	01	00
For a Barrel of Tarras	00	02
For a Barrel of Lings	00	02
For a Keg of Sturgeon	00	0½
For Iron Backs for Chimneys, the piece	00	01
For One hundred weight of Elephants Teeth	00	01
For Copper and Iron Plates *per* piece	00	0½
For a hundred ſmall Barrels of Blacking	01	00
For a dozen of Scales	00	01
For a hundred of Oars	02	06
For every twenty Sugar Flags	00	04
For a Barrel of Shot	00	04
For a bundle of Canes	00	01
For a Cage of Quails	00	04
For a Cage of Pheaſants	00	04
For a Cage of Hawks	00	04
For a Winch of Cable-yarn	00	04
For a Firkin of Shot	00	02

All other Goods not mentioned in this *TABLE*, ſhall pay Portage DUTIES, as other Goods do of like Bulk or Condition herein expreſſed.

Wolſeley.

A TA-

A TABLE *of the uſual Tares and Allowances now in Practice in the Port of* LONDON.

A.

ALLOM in Casks, Tare 12 pound *per Cent.*
Aſhes called Pot-aſhes, 10 pound *per Cent.*
Argol in Casks, 14 pound *per Cent.*

B.

BAcks for Chimneys of half a hundred weight and downward, to be accounted Small, and all above that weight Large.
Basket Rods the bundle, 3 Foot about at the Band.
Barillia in ſingle Serns, 3 hundred, 14 pound.
Barillia in double Serns, about 3 hundred weight, Tare 28 pound.
Battery in Fatts, Tare 8 pound *per Cent.*
Books unbound, 8 hundred make a Maund.
Brimſtone in Casks, Tare 8 pound *per Cent.*
Briſtles in Fatts, about 5 hundred weight, Tare 84 pound.
Bulruſhes the Load, 60 bundles.

C.

CApers, for Tare one third part.

Cheſts of Iron { large 1 yard ¼ long. / middle 1 yard long. / ſmall ¾ of a yard.

Cocheneal in Cheſts covered with Skin, about an hundred and an half, Tare 50 pound.
In Barrels, about an hundred and an half, 36 pound.
Copper in Fats, 8 pound *per Cent.* for Tare.
Copperas in Casks, Tare 10 pound *per Cent.*

D.

DRugs {
Aloes-Cicotrina in Cheſts, about three hundred and an half, Tare 80 pound.
—Epatica in gunny, about an hundred, 8 pound; about two hundred weight, and three hundred, 14 pound.
Antimony in Casks, Tare 6 pound *per Cent.*
Argentum ſublimatum, or Quick-ſilver, in Boxes, Barrels, and Leather, about an hundred and a quarter, or an hundred and an half, for Tare 36 pound.
—In Barrels the ſame weight, 14 pound.
Aſſa fœtida in Baskets, about a quarter of an hundred, for Tare 3 pound *per* Basket.
Benjamin in Cheſts, about three hundred and an half, 90 pound; in gunny, about an hundred weight, 8 pound; about two hundred weight, and three hundred, 14 pound.
Bole in Cask, for Tare 8 pound *per Cent.*

Camphire in Tubs, about half or three quarters of an hundred, for Tare 18 pound.
Caraway-ſeeds in Canvas Bales, about three hundred weight, Tare 10 pound.
Cardamoms in Bails, about two hundred weight, 14 pounds.
Cinabrium, or Vermilion in Tubs, about three hundred and an half, Tare 36 pound.
Coloquintida in Cheſts, Tare $\frac{1}{5}$
Cubebs in Bags, Tare 4 pound.
Green Ginger in Jars, about an hundred wt. for Tare 28 pound.
Iſonglaſs in Fats, about three hundred and an half, or four hundred weight, for Tare 84 pound.
Jujubes in Fats, Tare 16 pound *per Cent.*
Lack, gum and ſeed in gunny, about an hundred, 7 pound; two hundred or three hundred, 14 pound.
Drugs — Myrrh in Cheſts, from three hundred and an half to four hundred weight, for Tare 92 pounds.
Olibanum in gunny, two hundred or three hundred weight, for Tare 14 pound; one hundred weight, Tare 8 pound.
Pitch called *Burgundy* Pitch in Stands, about two hundred and three quarters, 56 pound.
Prunelloes in Boxes, about 14 pound wt. for Tare 3 pound *per* Box.
Tinckul in duppers, about an hundred, or an hundred and a quarter, for Tare 16 pound; about an hundred and a half, Tare 20 pound.
Turmerick in gunny, about an hundred and a half, 14 pound Tare; about an hundred, for Tare 10 pound.
Verdigreeſe in Leather, about one quarter of a hundred and 14 pound, for Tare 3 pound.
Vitriolum Romanum in duppers, about an hundred wt. 14 pound.
Flax, the Laſt to contain 17 hundred weight.
Feathers, for Tare 4 pound *per Cent.*
Fruit in Baskets, Tare 4 pound *per* Basket.

G.

GAuls in double bags from *Aleppo* and *Smirna*, for Tare 7 lb. *per* double bag.
—In ſingle bags, 4 pound *per* bag.

Almonds in casks, Tare 14 pound *per Cent.*
—in bags, Tare 4 pound *per* bag.
—in ſerns and bags, about 200 weight, for Tare 18 pound, and ſo proportionably.
Anniſeeds in ſerns and bags, about 300 and 3 qrs. for Tare 18 lb.
—from *Smirna* with Felts, about 300 and a $\frac{1}{2}$ for Tare 20 pound.
—without Felts the ſame weight, 14 pound.
Cinnamon in gunny, about three quarters or an hundred, for Tare 12 lb. in skins the ſame wt. 14 lb. in skins and bags, 16 lb.
Cloves in Caroteels, about 400 and a half, for Tare 70 pound.
Currants in Butts and Caroteels, for Tare 16 pound *per Cent.* in Quarteroll, 20 pound *per Cent.* in bags, about 400 weight, 10 pound *per* bag.
Grocery — Figs in barrels, Tare 14 pound *per Cent.*
Mace in Caroteels, about 300 weight, for Tare 70 pound.
Nutmegs in Caroteels, about 6 or 700 weight, for Tare 70 pound.
Pepper in bags, for Tare 4 pound *per* bag, about 300.
Prunes in Puncheons, or uncertain Casks, 14 pound *per Cent.*
Raiſins in Frails, Tare 6 pound *per* Frail.
—of Lippora in barrels, about an hundred wt. 14 pound Tare.
—Solis in cask, Tare 12 pound *per Cent.*
Sugar in bales from *India*, 36 pound Tare.
in cheſts, for Tare $\frac{1}{5}$ part.
in casks, $\frac{1}{6}$ part.
in cask S. Thome, $\frac{1}{5}$ part.
Loaf Sugar in cask, with Paper, Thread and Straw, for Tare 16 pound *per Cent.*
Sugar in caneſters, for Tare $\frac{1}{7}$

Harneſs-

H.

HArneſs-plates or breſts, to be accounted for Iron doubles.
Hemp, called Steel-hemp in ſats, for Tare 14 pound *per Cent.*
Hair, called Goats-hair in canvas, for Tare 4 pound *per Cent.* in Hair cloth, 7 pound *per Cent.*
Hops in bags, for Tare 4 pound *per Cent.*

I.

INdico { in cheſts covered with skins, about an 100 and three quarters, for Tare 48 pound.
in bales with skins, about an 100 and an half, 16 pound.

K.

KEttle Fats, for Tare 8 pound *per Cent.*

L.

LAttin, or round Bottoms in ſats, for Tare 8 pound *per Cent.*
Linen, *Flemiſh* and *Dutch* meaſure, to be allowed 2 *per Cent.* Except Gentiſh meaſure brown, to which add 5 *per Cent.*
Lockrams to be allowed 2 *per Cent.*

M.

MAdder in bales great and ſmall, ſingle and double bags, for Tare 28 pound.
—In ſats, for Tare 10 pound *per Cent.*

O.

OYls { in certain cask, 1 in 20 allowed for leakage, under 10 none.
in Candy barrels, Tare 29 *per* barrel.
in uncertain cask, Tare 18 *per Cent.*
7 Pound and half make a Gallon.
252 Gallons make a Tun.

S.

SAfflower in bales, about 600 weight, for Tare 84 pound.
—in bags, from 200 to 300, 16 pound *per* bag.
Salt-petre in casks, Tare 12 pound *per Cent.* In gunny, about an hundred and a quarter, Tare 16 pound.
Shumack in bags, about 300 and a half, 10 pound; from 200 to 300, for Tare 8 pound; about 700 weight, 14 pound.

Silk thrown or orgazine {
in ſhort bales of *Bologna* with Searcloth and Cotton-wooll, about 200 weight, for Tare 28 pound.
in long bales with Searcloth and Cotton-wooll, the ſame weight, 30 pound.
in *Naples* bales with Searcloth, about 200 weight, 18 pound.
Fangots of *Naples*, about 100 and a half with Searcloth, Tare 14 pound; and ſo downwards proportionably.
in *Meſſina* bales double Canvas thrown and raw, about two hundred weight, 10 pound; with Searcloth and Cotton-wooll, the ſame weight, 22 pound.

Silk raw {
in long bales of *Aleppo* with Cotton-wooll, about 300 and a quarter, and downwards to 200 and 3 qrs. for Tare 32 pound.
in Fangots of *Aleppo*, about 200 and a quarter, or 200 and a half, with Cotton-wooll, 24 pound.
in Fangots of *Aleppo*, about 100 and 3 qrs. or 200, Tare 20 pound; about an 100 and a quarter, or an 100 and an half, 18 pound.
Ardas Silk of *Aleppo* in ſhort bales with Cotton-wooll, from 300 and a quarter, to 200 and 3 quarters, for Tare 30 pound.
of *Smirna* and *Cyprus*, about 300 weight and upwards, for Tare 16 pound.
—downwards to 200 weight, 14 pound.
—from 200 weight downwards, 12 pound.
in bales of *Perſia*, an 100 and a quarter, 20 pound.

Smalts,

Smalts, or Powder blew in casks, for Tare 10 pound *per Cent.*

Sope
- called Caſtile Sope in double Serns, about 300 weight, for Tare 30 pound.
- —in ſingle Serns the ſame weight, 16 pound.
- —in cheſts, about 200 and a half, or 300 weight, 40 pound.

Succads in cheſts, about an 100 and a half, 40 pound.

T.

TAllow from *Ruſſia* and *Ireland*, in casks, for Tare 12 pound *per Cent.*

Tazels, the half-pack contains ten thouſand.

Siſters Thred to have no allowance.

Thred called whited brown, Outnal, and black and brown, or *Bridges*, to have allowance of *6 per Cent.* for want of weight.

Tobacco
- *Spaniſh* in barrels, about 200 and a quarter, for Tare 28 pound.
- —in half barrels, about an 100 and a quarter, 18 pound.
- —in Potaccoes without canvas, 14 pound.
- —in Potaccoes covered with canvas, 16 pound.
- —in Potaccoes covered with skins, 26 pound.
- *Virginia* in Hogſheads, weighing under 300 weight, for Tare 70 pound.
- —from three hundred to four hundred, 80 pound.
- —from four hundred to five hundred, 90 pound.
- —five hundred weight and upwards, 100 pound.
- *Barbadoes* in rolls upon ſticks, about a quarter of an hundred, 6 pound *per* ſtick.
- *Bermudaes* in cheſts, 20 pound *per Cent.*
- —in casks, about 300 weight, Tare 60 pound; about 200 and a half, downwards to 200, or 100 and three quarters, 50 pound.

Turpentine in casks, Tare a fifth part.

W.

WIre of Lattin and Iron in casks, for Tare 6 pound *per Cent.*

Wooll
- called Beaver-Wooll, in hogſheads and brizles, for Tare 75 pound.
- —in Crobies, Tare the cover, which is one third of the whole.
- Cotton-wooll, for Tare 4 pound *per Cent.*
- *Spaniſh* in bales for Cloth, about 200, for Tare 28 pound.
- *Spaniſh* in bales for Felts, about 200 and a quarter, for Tare 14 pound.
- Sigovia *Spaniſh* for Felts, about 200, for Tare 15 pound.
- Lambs, *Eſtridge*, *Poliſh*, for Tare 4 pound *per Cent.*

Wormſeeds in bales with Felts from *Smirna*, about 300 and three quarters, Tare 24 pound.

—from *Aleppo* with Cotton-wooll, 24 pound.

Y.

YArn
- Yarn called Cable-yarn in winch from *Ruſſia*, for Tare 28 pound.
- Cotton-yarn in bales from *India*, about 300 and a half, for Tare 43 pound.
- —in bags from *Turkey*, for Tare 5 pound *per Cent.*
- Grogram and Mohair-yarn in bales from *Aleppo* with Cotton-wooll, 28 pound Tare, and ſo downwards proportionably.
- from *Smirna* with Felts, about 400 weight, 28 pound.
- —without Felts, about the ſame weight, for Tare 18 pound.
- —in fangots without Felts, about 100 and three quarters, or 200, for Tare 14 pound.
- with Felts, Skins and Cottons, 16 pound.
- —without Felts, about a 100 and a half, 12 pound.
- Linen-yarn in Fats, Tare 12 pound *per Cent.*

TABLE
OF
Allowances for Draughts.

FOR all Goods weighing under One C. Weight, One Pound to be allowed for Draught.

Goods weighing from 1 C. to 2 C. Two Pounds Draught.
from 2 to 3. Three Pounds Draught.
from 3 to 10 Four Pounds Draught.
from 10 to 18. Seven Pounds Draught.
from 18 to 30. or upwards, Nine Pounds Draught.

The above Table of Allowances being look'd upon to be a full Satisfaction to all fair Merchants for the Turn of the Scale, and all other Pretences, the Landwaiters and Weighers are not, upon any Pretence whatsoever, to conſent to any other Allowances than thoſe above ſpecified, unleſs they ſhall have the particular Direction of the Board for ſo doing.

Note, For Tobacco there is by Law an Allowance of 8 lb. Draught on every Hogſhead that ſhall contain 350 lb. or more, which is not to be deducted upon Exportation, *vide*, 9 *Geo. cap.* 21. §. 15. *Page* 734

The moſt regular Method of making theſe Allowances for Draughts, is for the Weighers to call the true Groſs Weight in the Scale to the Landwaiter, who is to enter ſuch true Groſs Weight in his Book, and againſt each Draught to enter the Allowance for ſuch Draught, according to the above ſettled Table, in order to deduct the ſaid Allowance at the Foot of the Account.

An ABSTRACT of the ſeveral Duties upon SALT, under the Management of the Commiſſioners of the Duties upon SALT in *England*, and of the Commiſſioners of the CUSTOMS in *Scotland*.

Foreign Salt Imported into Great Britain,

	l.	s.	d.
By the 5 & 6 *W. & M. cap.* 7. pays for every gallon	00	00	03
By the 9 & 10 *W.* 3. *cap.* 44. pays for every gallon	00	00	07
	00	00	10

The Salt upon Importation is to be landed, weighed and lockt up in Cellars and Storehouſes, and upon Delivery thereof out of the Cellars or Storehouſes, the Duties are to be bonded Payable in Six Months, but if paid in Ready Money, the Merchant or Importer is to be allowed a Diſcount of 10 *l. per Cent. per Annum*, vide 5 *A. cap.* 29. and the Act of Union 5 *A. cap.* 8. Art. 8. Upon Exportation, the Duties are to be repaid or the Security vacated, on a Debenture properly certified.

Salt made in England, Wales, *or* Berwick, *or Rock-Salt taken out of any Pits there*,

By the 5 & 6 *W. & M. cap.* 7. pays for every gallon	00	00	01½
By the 9 & 10 *W.* 3. *cap.* 44. pays for every gallon	00	00	03½
	00	00	05

Upon Exportation, the ſame is Drawn back or the Security vacated, on a Debenture properly certified.

Salt made in Scotland,

By the Act of Union, 5 *A. cap.* 8. Art. 8. there was a Duty payable in *Scotland* (only) and under the Management of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms there, for ſo much *Scots* Salt as is uſed in curing Fleſh exported from thence to Foreign Parts or to *England*, and likewiſe for Proviſions uſed by Ships trading thence either to Foreign Parts, to *England*, or from Port to Port in *Scotland*, according to the Exciſe payable in *England*, till 1 *May* 1714. which was 3 *s.* 4 *d. per* buſhel, but thence forward after the Rate of 2 *s.* 4 *d.* only, becauſe from that time all *Scots* Salt becomes chargeable with 12 *d. per* buſhel.

By an Act paſt 8 *Geo. cap.* 4. every Maker or Curer of Red Herrings in *Great Britain* (except for Exportation) is to pay before Removal for every 1000	00	01	08
By an Act paſt 8 *Geo. cap.* 16. every Maker or Curer of White Herrings in *South Britain* (except for Exportation) is to pay before Removal for every barrel, containing 32 gallons	00	03	04

Bounty on Fleſh and Fiſh Exported,
vide 5 A. cap. 8. and 5 Geo. cap. 18.

Fleſh cured with any Salt in *England* which has paid the Duty, but in *Scotland* only with Foreign Salt which has paid the Duty there, is to be allowed for every barrel of Beef or Pork	00	05	00
Fiſh, *viz.*			
Pilchards or Scads, the cask, containing 50 gallons	00	07	00
Codfiſh, Ling, or Hake, 14 inches long, the 120, except dried called Haberdines	00	05	00
Ditto, wet, the barrel, containing 32 gallons	00	02	00
Ditto, dried called Haberdines, the hundred wt.	00	03	00
Salmon, the barrel, containing 42 gallons	00	04	06
White Herrings, the barrel, containing 32 gallons	00	02	08
Full red Herrings, the barrel, containing 32 gallons	00	01	09
Clean ſhotten red Herrings, the barrel, containing 32 gallons	00	01	00
Dried Sprats, the Laſt	00	01	00

Exciſe on LIQUORS Imported.

This DUTY *both in* England *and* Scotland *is under the Management of the Commiſſioners of* EXCISE *reſpectively, who Generally Impower the Collectors of the* CUSTOMS, *at the ſeveral Ports, to levy it for them, and is payable on the following Sorts of* LIQUORS, *without any Diſcount.*

	From Foreign Parts.												From *Guernſey* and *Jerſey.*								
	Ale or Beer, the Barrel.			Brandy Single, the Gallon.			Spirits Double, the Gallon.			Mum, the Barrel.			Cyder & Perry, the Tun.			Brandy or Spirits, the Gallon.			Vinegar, the Barrel.			Cyder or Perry, the hhd.		
When Granted	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.
11 Car. 2. c. 23.	—	3	—	—	—	4	—	—	4	—	3	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ditto, 24.	—	3	—	—	—	4	—	—	4	—	3	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2 W. & M. c. 9.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	8	9	—	10	8
4, 5 W. & M. c. 3.	—	3	—	—	—	6	—	1	—	—	3	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5, 6 W. & M. c. 7.	—	3	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	—	3	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ditto, 20	—	3	—	—	—	6	—	1	—	—	3	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1 Geo. *cap.* 2.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	15	—	—	3	8	—	6	8	1	5	—	12	10	—	—	8	—	—	8	9	—	10	8

The Inland Duties upon COFFEE *and* TEA *Conſumed here, and upon* CHOCOLATE *made here, by an Act paſſed* 10 Geo. *cap.* 10. *are,* viz.

Coffee *per* lb. 2 *s.* Tea *per* lb. 4 *s.* Chocolate *per* lb. 18 *d.*

N. B. *Theſe Duties are under the Management of a particular Commiſſion, annext to the Commiſſion of Exciſe.*

Several DRAWBACKS *paid out of the Revenue of* EXCISE, *upon the Exportation of Exciſeable Goods.*

BY an Act paſt 1 *W.* & *M. cap.* 2. Strong Ale, Strong Beer, Cyder and Mum made here and exported as Merchandize to be ſpent beyond the Seas, and ſhipt in the Preſence of an Officer of Exciſe, who is to certifie the ſame, Drawback the Exciſe deducting 3 *d. per* Tun; if the ſaid Goods ſhall be landed or put into any other Ship in Port, to be forfeited and 50 *l.* for every Cask ſo landed or unſhipt. *Strong Ale or Beer, Cyder or Mum.*

By an Act paſt 7 & 8 *W.* 3. *cap.* 30. and 12 & 13 *W.* 3. *cap.* 11. and by 8 *Annæ, cap.* 7. Spirits or Brandy made or drawn from malted Corn unmixt Exported, are allowed 4 *d. per* Gallon, on Proof made the Duties of Exciſe are paid, and that the ſame are Exported for Merchandize to be ſpent beyond the Seas, and the ſhipping thereof certified by the Officers of Exciſe of the Port or Place where ſhipt. *Spirits or Brandy drawn from malted Corn.*

Candles. By an Act paſt 8 *Annæ, cap.* 9. Wax Candles made here, Drawback 4 *d. per* Pound, and Candles of Tallow, or other Candles (except Wax) Drawback one Half-peny *per* Pound, exported to Foreign Parts by way of Merchandize, Security being given to the Cuſtomer or Collector of the Port for the Exportation, and a Debenture certified by the Searcher, and Oath made that the Duties are paid and the Goods exported.

Candles relanded, forfeited, or the Value thereof, beſides the Penalty of the Bond.

Candles, further Drawback. By an Act paſt 9 *Annæ, cap.* 6. Candles of Wax or Tallow are allowed a further Drawback of the like Duties, on the ſame Conditions as are contained in the aforeſaid Act of 8 *Annæ, cap.* 9.

Hides, &c. By an Act paſt 9 *Annæ, cap.* 11. any Hides or Calves-skins tanned, tawed, or dreſſed, which ſhall have been duly marked, or any Boots, Shoes, Gloves, or other Manufactures made of any kind of Leather chargeable by the ſaid Act, to pay a Duty by Weight, ſhall on Exportation, be allowed, on giving Security to the Cuſtomer or Collector of the Cuſtoms upon a Certificate or Debenture, Two thirds of the Duties charged for ſuch Hides or Calve-skins, and of the Leather of which ſuch Manufactures were made.

Hides, &c. relanded, forfeited, and Treble the Value.

Wares made of Hides or Skins, being only curried or dreſſed by the Currier, not to be allowed a Drawback.

Altered by 10 Annæ, *cap.* 26. *as to Hides and Calve-skins dreſſed or curried, which are allowed* 1 *d. per Pound weight Drawback on Exportation.*

And by the Act paſt 12 Annæ, *cap.* 9. *all Sheep skins and Lamb-skins tanned, tawed or dreſſed, are to be allowed a Drawback of Two thirds of the Duty they paid.*

Soap. By an Act paſt 10 *Annæ, cap.* 19. all Soap made in *Great Britain* Exported, to be allowed 1 *d. per* Pound for the Drawback, on Security not to be relanded, to be taken by the Cuſtomer or Collector of the Port, and on Oath that the Duty was paid or ſecured, and on a Debenture from the Cuſtomer certified by the Searcher of the Port.

Soap relanded, forfeited, or the Value, beſides the Penalty of the Bond.

Paper, &c. By the ſame Act all Paper, Paſtboards, Mill-boards or Scale-boards made in *Great Britain*, and exported, Drawback the Duties of Exciſe which were paid or ſecured for the ſame Goods, on the like Cautions, Conditions and Penalties as for Soap, as aforeſaid.

Silk, Callicoes, &c. printed, &c. By the ſame Act, Silks, Callicoes, Linens and Stuffs printed, ſtained, painted or dyed in *Great Britain* and exported (except Callicoes, Linens and Fuſtians as ſhall be dyed of one Colour, and Woollen-ſtuffs or the moſt part Woollen) Drawback the Duties paid or ſecured for the ſame Goods, on the like Cautions, Conditions and Penalties as for Soap.

Hides, &c. further Drawback. By another Act paſt the 10 *Annæ, cap.* 26. a further Drawback of Two thirds of the Duties paid or ſecured, is allowed on the Exportation of Hides and Skins, or made Wares, on the like Securities, Conditions and Penalties as are preſcribed by the foreſaid Act of the 9 *Annæ, cap.* 11. and on a Debenture certified by the Searcher.

Hides or Calves skins dreſſed or curried, to be allowed 1 *d. per* Pound Drawback on Exportation.

By an Act paſt 12 Annæ, *cap.* 9. *inſtead of the Drawback or Allowance of* $\frac{1}{3}$ *ds. of the Duty on the Exportation of tanned Leather made into Wares, by the Acts paſſed the* 9th. *and the* 10th. Annæ, *there is allowed One Peny Half-peny* per *Pound weight, to be paid out of thoſe reſpective Duties.*

Starch. By the ſame Act paſt 10 *Annæ, cap.* 26. all Starch made in *Great Britain*, and exported, to be allowed 1 *d. per* Pound on the like Cautions, Conditions and Penalties as preſcribed for the Drawback on Soap by the Act of this Seſſion aforeſaid, *cap.* 19.

Gold and Silver Thread, &c. By the ſame Act, any Gold or Silver Thread or Lace, or Fringe made of Plate Wire ſpun upon Silk exported by way of Merchandize, on Security given before ſhipping, and Oath made before the Cuſtomer or Collector

of

of the Port, to be allowed the following Drawbacks, on a Debenture to be certified by the Searcher, *Viz.*

Silver Thread, Lace, or Fringe ——— 5 *s.* ——— the Pound weight,
Gold Lace, Thread, or Fringe ——— 6 *s.* & 8 *d.* the Pound weight,
Out of the Monies arising by the Duties on Gilt and Silver Wire granted by that Act.

Sope, further Drawback.

By an Act past 12 *Annæ, cap.* 9. Sope made in *Great Britain* and exported, is allowed a further Drawback of 1 *d. per* Pound.

Paper, &c. further Drawback.

By the same Act, Paper, Past-boards, Mill-boards and Scale-boards made in *Great Britain*, are allowed a further Drawback of the Duties, on Exportation of the same Goods, by this Act paid or secured.

Silks, Callicoes, &c. printed, &c. further Drawback.

By the same Act, Silks, Callicoes, Linens and Stuffs printed, stained, painted or dyed in *Great Britain*, are allowed a further Drawback upon Exportation, of the Duties paid or secured by this Act (such Callicoes, Linens and Fustians as shall be dyed throughout of one Colour only, and Stuffs made of Woollen or the greater part Woollen excepted.)

Starch, further Drawback.

By the same Act, Starch made in *Great Britain* is allowed a further Drawback of 1 *d. per* Pound upon Exportation.

The Drawbacks on Soap, Paper, *&c.* Silks, Callicoes, *&c.* printed, *&c.* are to be allowed on the like Cautions, Conditions and Penalties as are prescribed for the Drawbacks on the like Goods, by an Act past 10 *Annæ, cap.* 19. and the Drawback on Starch, is to be allowed on the like Cautions, Conditions and Penalties as are prescribed by another Act past 10 *Annæ, cap.* 26. except in such Case, where other Directions are given by the said Act past 12 *Annæ, cap.* 9.

Plate wrought.

By an Act passed 6 *Geo. cap.* 11. all Plate wrought in *Great Britain* after the 1 *June* 1720. and that shall appear to be markt, that shall be exported, is to be allowed 6 *d. per* Ounce for the Drawback, on Security given to the Customer or Collector of the Port for the Exportation thereof, and Proof that the said Duty was paid, on a Debenture certified by the Searcher.

Hops to Ireland, Drawback taken off.

By the same Act, the Drawback on *British* Hops exported to *Ireland* is taken off.

Malt Drawback.

By an Act past 9 *Geo. cap.* 3. *British* Malt exported is allowed a Drawback of 6 *d. per* Bushel on Security, and a Certificate or Debenture; if relanded the same is forfeited, besides the Penalty of the Bond.

DRAWBACK *on Refined* SUGAR *Exported.*

	l.	s.	d.
BY an Act past 1 *Geo. cap.* 1. Sugar refined in *Great Britain*, on Oath made that it was produced from Brown and *Muscovado* Sugar of the *British* Plantations which paid Duty at Importation, is allowed for every hundred weight, containing 112 lb. out of the further Subsidy	00	03	00
And out of the $\frac{1}{3}$ Subsidy, by an Act past 2 & 3 *Annæ, cap.* 9. for every hundred weight	00	01	00

BOUNTY *on* British *made Sail* CLOTH *Exported.*

	l.	s.	d.
BY an Act 5 *Geo. cap.* 5. *British* made Sail Cloth, whether it be exported in the Piece or Bolt, or in ready made Sails for Merchandize, is allowed for every Ell out of the New Duty laid upon Foreign made Sail Cloth by the same Act	00	00	01

ALLOWANCES *or* BOUNTY *on* Britiſh *Manufactures of* SILK *Exported by an Act paſt* 8 Geo. *cap.* 15.

	l.	s.	d.
Ribbons and Stuffs made of Silk only, the pound weight	00	03	00
Silk-ſtuffs and Ribbons mixed with Gold or Silver, the pound weight	00	04	00
Silk-ſtockings, Silk-gloves, Silk-fringes, Silk-laces, Stiching or Sewing-ſilk, the pound weight	00	01	03
Stuffs of Silk and Grograin-yarn, the pound weight	00	00	08
Stuffs of Silk mixed with Incle or Cotton, the pound weight	00	01	00
Stuffs of Silk and Worſted, the pound weight	00	00	06

But no Allowance is to be made for ſuch Manufactures as are mixed with Gold, Silver or Silk, only at the ends and edges of the Piece.

By an Act paſſed 9 *Geo. cap.* 8. §. 9, 10. Silk-ſtuffs mixed with Grograin-yarn, Incle, Cotton or Worſted, are not to have the Allowance or Bounty, except at leaſt Two third Parts of the ends or threads of the Warp in the Length of the Piece, be all Silk or mixed or twiſted with Silk in the Warp.

ALLOWANCES *or* BOUNTY *paid for* CORN *Exported.*

		When the Corn does not exceed the Prices following, *per* Quarter.			The Bounty to be paid, *per* Quarter.		
		l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.
1 *W. & M.* cap. 12.	Barley, ground or unground	01	04	00	00	02	06
	Malt, ground or unground	01	04	00	00	02	06
	Rye, ground or unground	01	12	00	00	03	06
	Wheat, ground or unground	02	08	00	00	05	00
5 *Anne,* cap. 8 *and* 9.	Beer, *alias* Bigg, ground or unground	01	04	00	00	02	06
	Malt made of Wheat, ground or unground	02	8	00	00	05	00
	Oatmeal, when Oats exceed not *per* Quarter	00	15	00	00	02	06

PRÆMIUM *or* BOUNTY *on Naval* STORES *Imported from the* Britiſh *Plantations in* America, *or from* Scotland *into* England, *paid by the Commiſſioners of the* NAVY, *on a Certificate from the Chief Officers of the* CUSTOMS *of the Port where Imported,* vide *the Acts paſſed* 3 Annæ, *cap.* 10. 12 Annæ, *cap.* 19. §. 1, 2. 5 Geo. *cap.* 11. §. 16, 17, 18. 8 Geo. *cap.* 12. §. 14. *Viz.*

	l.	s.	d.
FOR clean, good, merchantable Tarr, well conditioned, clear of Droſs or Water, and fit for making Cordage, *per* Tun, containing 8 Barrels, each Barrel to gage 31 Gallons and ½	04	00	00

For

	l.	s.	d.
For good and merchantable Pitch, not mixed with Dirt or Droſs, *per* Tun, each Tun, containing 20 groſs hundreds (net Pitch) to be brought in 8 Barrels	04	00	00
For good and merchantable Rozen or Turpentine *per* Tun, each Tun containing 20 groſs hundreds (net Rozen or Turpentine) to be brought in 8 Barrels	03	00	00
For Hemp, water rotted, bright and clean, *per* Tun, each Tun containing 20 groſs hundreds	06	00	00
For all Maſts, Yards and Bowſprights *per* Tun, allowing 40 Foot to each Tun, Girt-meaſure, according to the Cuſtomary way of meaſuring round bodies	01	00	00

Note, The Præmium or Bounty for Hemp, which was firſt given by the Act of the 3*d.* of Queen *Anne*, for 9 Years, from the 1*ſt. January* 1705. and continued by the 12 *Annæ*, for 11 Years, and to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament, is by the 8 *Geo. cap.* 12. further continued from the Expiration of the ſaid Act of the 12 *Annæ*, during the Term of 16 Years, and from thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

Bounty on Hemp, from the 1*ſt. January* — 1705
for — 9 Years,
to the 1*ſt. January* — 1714
for — 11 Years,
to the 1*ſt. January* — 1725 and to the End of the next Seſſion, and 16 Years beyond that time.

And the Præmiums or Bounties for the other Naval Stores aforementioned, which were Firſt given by the ſaid Act paſſed 3 *Annæ*, for 9 Years from the 1*ſt. January* 1725. for ſuch as ſhould be Imported from the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America*, were by the ſaid Act paſſed 12 *Annæ* continued for 11 Years, and from thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament, and for ſuch as ſhould be Imported from *Scotland* into *England*, during the ſame time, from the 1*ſt. September* 1713.

Bounty on other Naval Stores, from the 1*ſt. January* — 1705
for — 9 Years,
to the 1*ſt. January* — 1714
for — 11 Years,
to the 1*ſt. January* — 1725 and to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

An ABSTRACT *of the Duties upon* COALS, CULM, *and* CYNDERS *carried Coaſtwiſe, under the Management of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms.*

BY an Act paſſed 8 *Annæ*, *cap.* 4. the following Duties are payable on Coals, Culm, and Cynders.

	l.	s.	d.
For all Coals carried by Sea, from one Port of *Great Britain* to another (being ſuch as are uſually ſold by the Chalder or by any other Meaſure reducible to the Chalder) for every Chalder, containing 36 buſhels *Wincheſter* Meaſure	00	03	00
For all Coals ſo carried, being ſuch as are uſually ſold by weight, the tun, containing 20 C. wt.	00	02	00
For all Culm ſo carried, the chalder	00	00	$7\frac{2}{10}$
For all Cynders made of Pit-coals, the chalder	00	03	00

By an Act paſſed 9 *Annæ*, *cap.* 6. the following Additional Duties are payable on Coals, Culm, and Cynders.

For all Coals carried by Sea ſold by Meaſure, the chalder, as aforeſaid	00	02	00
For all Coals ſold by weight, the tun	00	01	04
For all Culm, the chalder	00	00	$4\frac{8}{10}$
For all Cynders, the chalder	00	02	00

Note, By 8 *Annæ*, *cap.* 4. there is an Exception for Coals, Culm, and Cynders carried from the Bridge of *Sterling* to the Town of *Dunbar*, or to any Parts betwixt them; And by 9 *Annæ*. *cap.* 6. there is an Exception for Coals, Culm, and Cynders carried from the Bridge of *Sterling* to the Town of *Dunbar*, or to *Redhead*, or to any Part betwixt them.

By another Act paſſed 1 *Geo. cap.* 23. the following Duties are payable upon Coals and Culm Imported or Brought into the Port of the City of *London*, or the River of *Thames*, within the Liberty of the ſaid City, upon the ſame River, after 27 *September* 1724. and before the 28 *September* 1725.

For all ſuch Coals or Culm, the chalder, cont. 36 buſhels *Wincheſter*, or the tun, containing 20 C. wt. the Sum of—	00	03	00

Note, There is an Exception for 100 Chalder of Coals brought Yearly from *Newcaſtle upon Tyne*, or any other Place, for the only Uſe and Service of the Royal Hoſpital at *Chelſea*.

By an Act paſſed 5 *Geo. cap.* 9. the ſaid Duty is continued to the 25 *March* 1751. and 21000 *l. per Ann.* Appropriated for Building Churches, *&c.* and by an Act paſſed 6 *Geo. cap.* 4. the ſaid Duty is further continued for ever, ſubject to Redemption.

All the ſaid Duties may be ſecured by Bond payable in Three Months, or if paid in Ready Money, there is allowed a Diſcount of 2 and $\frac{1}{2}$ *per Cent.* and all the ſaid Duties are drawn back on Exportation, except the laſt mentioned 3 *s. per* Chalder or Tun, granted by 1 *Geo. cap.* 23.

Beſides the aforeſaid Duties, there are Two Duties paid at Newcaſtle, *viz.* 1 s. per *Chalder, and* 6 d. per *Chalder for Coals carried Coaſtways.*

And Coal or Culm Imported into the Port of London, *pay by virtue of the Act paſt* 5 & 6 W. & M. *cap.* 10. *for Relief of the Orphans*, viz.

For Metage, the Chalder, for ever	00	00	04
And the Tun or Chalder to Michaelmas 1750.	00	00	06

APPEN-

APPENDIX.

Anno 11 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. VII.

An Act for rating ſuch unrated Goods and Merchandizes, as are uſually imported into this Kingdom, and pay Duty *ad Valorem*, upon the Oath of the Importer; and for aſcertaining the Value of all Goods and Merchandizes not inſerted in the former or preſent Book of Rates; and for Repealing certain Duties upon Drugs and Rags; and for Continuing the Duty upon Apples; and for aſcertaining the Method of Admeaſuring Pictures imported.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign;

11 Car. 2. cap. 4.

WHEREAS by the Act of Tonnage and Poundage, made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, a Subſidy called Poundage was laid upon all manner of Goods and Merchandizes of every Merchant, natural born Subject, Denizen, and Alien to be brought into this Realm, or any the Dominions to the ſame belonging, by way of Merchandize, of the Value of every Twenty Shillings of the ſame Goods and Merchandizes, according to the ſeveral and particular Rates and Values of the ſame Goods and Merchandizes, as the ſame are particularly and reſpectively rated and valued in the Book of Rates, therein mentioned and referred unto (ſubſcribed with the Hand of Sir Harbottle Grimſtone, Baronet, then Speaker of the Houſe of Commons) Twelve Pence, and ſo after that Rate, in which Book of Rates it is provided, That if there ſhould happen to be brought into this Realm any Goods, liable to the Payment of Cuſtom and Subſidy, which either were omitted in the ſaid Book, or were not then uſed to be brought in, or by reaſon of the great Diverſity of the Value of ſome Goods could not be rated; That in ſuch Caſe, every Cuſtomer or Collector, for the Time being, ſhould levy the ſaid Cuſtom and Subſidy of Poundage, according to the Value and Price of ſuch Goods, to be affirmed upon the Oath of the Merchant, in the Preſence of the Cuſtomer, Collector, Comptroller, and Surveyor, or any two of them: And whereas a further Subſidy

Preamble.

ſidy of Poundage, of Twelve Pence in the Pound, was granted to his late Majeſty King William the Third (of Glorious Memory) for his Life, by an Act made in the Ninth Year of his Reign, upon all Goods and Merchandizes imported (except ſuch as are therein excepted) which further Subſidy was again granted to her late Majeſty Queen Anne, for her Life, by an Act made in the Firſt Year of her Reign; and the ſaid further Subſidy was again granted to his preſent Majeſty for his Life, (which God long preſerve) by an Act made in the Firſt Year of his Majeſty's Reign, with the like Proviſion, with reſpect to any Goods imported that were not rated in the ſaid Book of Rates, as was made touching the like Goods liable to the firſt mentioned Subſidy of Twelve Pence in the Pound, granted by the ſaid Act, made in the Twelfth Year of King Charles the Second: And whereas, by an Act made in the Second Year of her ſaid late Majeſty, another Subſidy of Poundage was granted upon all Goods and Merchandizes imported (except as therein is excepted) commonly called the One Third Subſidy; and by an Act paſſed in the Third Year of her ſaid late Majeſty, another Subſidy of Poundage was granted upon all Goods and Merchadizes imported (except as therein is excepted) commonly called the Two Thirds Subſidy; which ſaid ſeveral Subſidies of One Third and Two Thirds are by the reſpective Acts, which granted and continued the ſame, to be paid in Proportion to the ſaid further Subſidy granted by the ſaid Act of the Ninth Year of the Reign of King William the Third, and ſince continued during his preſent Majeſty's Life, as aforeſaid: And whereas by an Act made in the Second Year of the Reign of their late Majeſties King William and Queen Mary, an Impoſition (commonly called the Old Impoſt) was laid on ſeveral Goods and Merchandizes therein mentioned, and it is provided that where any Duties upon Goods and Merchandize therein granted are to be levied, according to the Value of the ſame, where ſuch Goods or Merchandizes are particulary Rated in the ſaid Book of Rates, the Value ſhall be underſtood and taken according to ſuch Rate, and where they are not particularly rated, the Value ſhall be taken by and according to the Oath of the Importer, and not otherwiſe (the Duties impoſed by the ſaid Act not to be reckoned into the Value of the ſame:) And whereas, by an Act made in the Fourth Year of the Reign of their ſaid late Majeſties, an Additional Impoſt was laid upon ſeveral Goods and Merchandizes therein mentioned, according as the ſame ſtood rated in the ſaid Book of Rates, and alſo upon all Goods and Merchandizes imported, not particularly rated in the ſaid Book of Rates, paying Duty at Value, Five Pounds for every One hundred Pounds Value thereof, to be affirmed upon the Oath of the Importer, according to the Direction of the ſaid Book of Rates (except Rum, and ſuch Goods and Merchandizes, as were particularly charged by the ſaid Act of the Fourth Year of their ſaid late Majeſties, or by the ſaid Act of the Second Year of their ſaid late Majeſties Reign:) And whereas by an Act made in the Seventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King William the Third, an Additional Duty of Twenty five Pounds per Centum ad Valorem was laid upon all Goods of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of France, imported (other than thoſe particularly rated) to be raiſed, levied, collected and paid by ſuch Rules, Means, and Ways, as are mentioned in the ſaid Act of Tunnage and Poundage, made in the Twelfth Year of his ſaid late Majeſty King Charles the Second: And whereas by an Act made in the Third Year of the Reign of her ſaid late Majeſty Queen Anne, a further Duty was granted, after the Rate of Four Pounds for every One hundred Pounds Value, for and upon all unrated Drugs (Dying Drugs excepted) that ſhould be imported from any Parts or Places (other than the Eaſt-Indies, Perſia, China, and other Parts within the Limits of the Charters granted to the Eaſt-India Company) and that the Values of ſuch unrated Drugs ſhould be affirmed by the Oaths of the Importers of ſuch

9 W. 3. cap. 23.

1 Anne, cap. 7.

1 Geo. cap. 1.

2 Anne, cap. 9.

3 Anne, cap. 5.

9 W. 3. cap. 23.

2 W. & M. cap. 4.

4 W. & M. cap. 5.

7 W. 3. cap. 20.

3 Anne, cap. 4

Drugs

Drugs respectively; all which Acts, which granted the said several Subsidies, commonly called the Old Subsidy, the One Third Subsidy, and Two Thirds Subsidy (except the said further Subsidy, which is granted to his Majesty during his Life) as also the said Impositions, Additional Duty on French Goods, and the further Duty upon unrated Drugs, are by several subsequent Acts of Parliament continued for ever, subject to Redemption by Parliament: And whereas it has been found by Experience, that the Values of the several sorts of Goods, usually imported, and not rated in the said Book of Rates, which are sworn to or affirmed by the Importers, according to which the said Subsidies, and other Duties, are to be paid, have been very unequal, some Persons greatly undervaluing the same, to the Detriment of the Revenue, and Discouragement of the Fair Traders: Now (for remedying the Abuses aforesaid, and for putting Trade on a more equal Foot) We your faithful Commons in Parliament assembled, do beseech your Majesty, that it may be Enacted; And be it Enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the several Provisions and Clauses contained in the said recited Acts, and Book of Rates before mentioned, for ascertaining the Value of Goods or Merchandizes imported, according to the Oaths or Affirmations of the Importers, so far as the same relate to the particular Goods and Merchandizes mentioned and expressed in a certain Book of Rates herein after mentioned and referred unto, shall, from and after the Five and twentieth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty five, be and are hereby repealed and made void.

Provisions for rating Goods *ad Valorem* repealed after 25 *March*, 1725.

II. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in lieu of the said former Rates and Duties ad Valorem, repealed by this Act, there shall, from and after the said Five and twentieth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty five, be payable and paid for the said Old Subsidy, the several Rates and Duties mentioned and expressed in One Book of Rates, Intituled, An Additional Book of Rates of Goods and Merchandizes usually imported, and not particularly rated in the Book of Rates referred to in the Act of Tonnage and Poundage, made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, with Rules, Orders, and Regulations, signed by the Right Honourable Spencer Compton, *Esq*; Speaker of the Honourable House of Commons. The said Rates and Duties to be paid upon Importation of the said Goods and Merchandizes respectively, into any Port or Place within this Kingdom, and so in proportion for any greater or lesser Quantity; which said last mentioned Book of Rates, composed and agreed on by your Majesty's said Commons, and every Article, Rule and Clause therein contained, shall be and remain, during the Continuance of the said first recited Act of Tonnage and Poundage, of full Force, and shall be put in Execution, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same were particularly inserted in the Body of this present Act.

In lieu thereof, the Old Subsidy to be paid according to the Additional Book of Rates signed by *Spencer Compton*, Esq; Speaker.

III. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all Cases, where any of the said Goods or Merchandizes mentioned in the said Book of Rates, are by Law subject or liable to the Payment of the said further Subsidy, the One Third Subsidy, the Two Thirds Subsidy, the Old Impost, the Additional Impost, the Additional Duty on French Goods, and the further Duty on Unrated Drugs, or any of them, according to the respective Values set thereon, for the said Old Subsidy, or in proportion thereto, the same shall, from and after the said Five and twentieth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty five, be paid proportionably, according to the particular Value set thereon in the said Book of Rates last mentioned for the Old Subsidy aforesaid, and not according

Goods liable to the further Subsidy, &c. to pay according to the Values in the said Book of Rates.

to the Oath or Affirmation of the Importer; Any thing in the respective Acts which granted the said Duties, or in any other Act, to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And whereas by an Act, made in the Tenth Year of the Reign of her said late Majesty Queen Anne, (for laying several Duties upon all Sope and Paper made in Great Britain, or imported into the same, and for other Purposes therein mentioned) a New Duty, after the Rate of Twenty Pounds for every One hundred Pounds of the true and real Value, was laid upon all Paper, White or Brown, or of any other Colour or Kind whatsoever, which should be imported or brought into this Kingdom, (not being particularly charged in that Act) and by another Act, made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of her said late Majesty, a further New Duty, after the Rate of Ten Pounds for every One hundred Pounds of the true and real Value, was laid on the like Sorts of Unrated Paper imported, the said Values of such Paper in the Two Acts last mentioned, to be taken to be so much as such imported Kinds are really worth, to be sold at the Port of Importation, without any Abatement for the Duties charged by the said Acts, or any former Acts, the said New Duties, so payable ad Valorem, to be received and levied upon the Oath or Affirmation of the Merchant or Importer; which said Acts are by subsequent Acts continued for ever, subject to Redemption by Parliament; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Five and twentieth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty five, the said several Acts of Parliament, made in the Tenth and Twelfth Years of the Reign of her said late Majesty, so far as they relate to the levying the said respective New Duties of Twenty Pounds per Centum, and Ten Pounds per Centum, on all Paper, White or Brown, or of any other Colour, imported, not particularly charged in the said Acts, according to such Valuations thereof, upon the Oath or Affirmation of the Merchant or Importer, shall be and are hereby repealed, and instead thereof, the said New Duties of Twenty Pounds per Centum, and Ten Pounds per Centum, so payable ad Valorem, shall be answered, levied, and paid to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, over and above the Subsidies and other Duties on Unrated Paper, for and towards the Funds granted by the said Acts of the Tenth and Twelfth Years of her said late Majesty, and during the Continuance thereof, according to the respective Rates and Values for and upon the several Kinds and Sorts of Unrated Paper, mentioned and expressed in a certain Book of Rates before mentioned, signed by the Right Honourable Spencer Compton Esq; Speaker of the Honourable House of Commons, and so in Proportion for any greater or lesser Quantity, as fully and effectually as if the said Rates and Values, and the Clauses and Rules relating thereunto were inserted in the Body of this present Act; any thing in the said Acts of the Tenth and Twelfth Years of her said late Majesty, or in any other Acts, to the contrary notwithstanding.

10 *Anne*, cap. 19.

12 *Anne*, cap. 9.

Acts 10 & 12 *Anne*, relating to unrated Paper, repealed,

and such Paper to pay according to the Values in the said Additional Book of Rates, for the New Duties of 20 *l.* and 10 *l. per Cent.*

V. And for the more equal Payment of the said several Duties upon Unrated Paper, Imported or Brought into this Kingdom, from and after the Five and twentieth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty five; Be it Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That if any New Fabrick, or Sorts, or Kinds of Paper shall be Imported, which are not particularly Valued or Rated in the said respective Books of Rates, or in any Act or Acts of Parliament, such Paper or Papers shall pay the several and respective Duties that are Charged thereon, according to the Values and Rates of those Sorts or Kinds of Papers, which are nearest above in Size and Goodness to the several Sorts or Kinds of Papers, Valued or Rated in the said respective Books of Rates, or by this, or any former Act or Acts of Parliament, without any Distinctions of Country or Place from whence the same shall be Imported; any Law, Custom, or Usage, to the contrary notwithstanding.

New Sorts of Paper imported, to pay according to the Values of those nearest above in Size and Goodness.

VI. And be it Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Subsidies, Impositions, Duties, New Duties, and further New Duties upon the said several Sorts of Unrated Goods, shall be Paid or Secured, and shall be Raised, Levied, and Collected, in such Manner and Form, and by such Ways and Means, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and with such Discounts, Allowances, and Drawbacks, as are mentioned and expressed in the several Acts of Parliament, which Granted or Continued the same respectively; and all Powers, Penalties, Provisions, Articles and Clauses therein contained, (except in such Cases where any Alteration is by this Act made) shall continue in full Force and Effect, during the Continuance of the said respective Subsidies, Impositions, and other Duties, and New Duties, and shall be Applied, Practised, and Executed, for the Raising, Levying, Collecting, Securing, Answering, Paying, and Appropriating the said respective Subsidies, Impositions, and other Duties, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this present Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if the said Clauses, Matters, and Things, (except, as aforesaid) had been again repeated in the Body of this present Act; Any Law, Custom, or Usage, to the contrary notwithstanding.

How the several Subsidies on unrated Goods are to be raised, &c.

VII. And whereas it may happen that several Goods and Merchandizes may be Imported, which are omitted to be Rated in either of the said Books of Rates; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in such Case, the Value and Price of such Goods and Merchandizes shall be Ascertained by the Oath or Affirmation of the Merchant, in the Presence of the Customer, Collector, Comptroller, and Surveyor, or any Two of them, and the Old Subsidy, and other Duties, which are payable in Proportion to the said Old Subsidy, are to be Paid according to such Value and Price.

How the Value of Goods not rated in the Books of Rates are to be ascertained.

VIII. And the better to prevent Frauds to the Revenue, and that all Merchants may be upon a more equal Foot in Trade, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Collector and Comptroller, or other proper Officers of the Customs, to Open, View, and Examine such Goods and Merchandizes, paying Duty ad Valorem, and compare the same with the Value and Price thereof, so Sworn to or Affirmed; and if upon such View and Examination, it shall appear that such Goods or Merchandizes are not Valued by such Oath or Affirmation, according to the true Value and Price thereof, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, that then, and in such Case, the Importer, or Proprietor, shall, on Demand made in Writing by the Customer, or Collector, and Comptroller of the Port, where such Goods or Merchandizes are Entred, deliver, or cause to be delivered, all such Goods and Merchandizes into his Majesty's Ware-house, at the Port of Importation, for the Use and Benefit of the Crown; and upon such Delivery, the Customer or Collector of such Port, with the Privity of the Comptroller, shall, out of any Money in his hands, arising by Customs or other Duties belonging to the Crown, Pay to such Importer or Proprietor the Value of such Goods and Merchandizes so sworn to, or affirmed for the said Old Subsidy, as aforesaid, together with an Addition of the Customs and other Duties paid for such Goods, and of Ten Pounds per Centum over and above the Value thereof, taking a Receipt for the same from such Importer or Proprietor in full Satisfaction for the said Goods, as if they had been regularly sold; and the respective Commissioners of the Customs shall cause the said Goods to be fairly and publickly sold for the best Advantage; and out of the Produce thereof the Money so paid or advanced, as aforesaid, shall be repaid to such Collector, to be replaced to such Funds from whence he borrowed the same, and the Overplus (if any) shall be paid into his Majesty's Exchequer towards the sinking Fund; Any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Proper Officer of the Customs may examine Goods paying *ad Valorem*, and if not valued to the true Price,

may Warehouse the Goods for the Use of the Crown,

and pay to the Importer the Value sworn to, with the Customs paid, and 10 *l. per Cent.* over.

The Goods to be publickly sold, and out of the Produce the Collector to be repaid, and the Overplus, paid towards the Sinking Fund.

IX. And whereas, by an Act made in the Tenth Year of her said late Majesty Queen Anne, (for laying additional Duties on Hides and Skins, Vellom and Parchment, and new Duties on Starch, Coffee, Tea, and Drugs, and for other Purposes therein mentioned) a Duty was granted after the Rate of Twenty Pounds for every One hundred Pounds of the true and real Value of all kinds of Drugs imported (Dying Drugs imported from Foreign Parts, and Turpentine imported from the British Plantations excepted) over and above all other Customs, Subsidies, and Duties imposed upon, or payable for the same; And whereas it has been found by Experience, that the laying the said Additional Duty of Twenty Pounds per Centum on the said Drugs, has not answered the Intention thereof, the said Duty being so excessive high, that the fair Merchant cannot import the said Drugs, which gives Opportunity to run the same clandestinely, to the Prejudice of the Revenue; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Additional Duty of Twenty Pounds per Centum upon Drugs, payable by Virtue of the said last mentioned Act, shall, from and after the Five and twentieth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty five, cease, determine, and be no longer payable; Any thing in the said Act, or in any other Acts to the contrary notwithstanding. 10 *Anne*, c. 26

The Additional Duty 10 *Annæ*, on Drugs to cease after 25 *March*, 1725.

X. And for the Encouragement of the making of Paper in this Kingdom, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Five and twentieth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty five, it shall and may be lawful to import into this Kingdom any Old Rags, Old Ropes, or Junks, or Old Fishing-Nets, fit only for the making of Paper or Pasteboard, without paying any Subsidy, Custom, Imposition, or other Duty for the same, so as a due Entry be first made thereof in the Custom-House belonging to the Port into which the same shall be imported, in the same Manner and Form, expressing the Quantities and Qualities of the said Goods, as was used and practised before the making of this Act, and so as the same be landed in the Presence of the proper Officer or Officers appointed for that Purpose; and on Failure of such Conditions such Goods shall be liable to Forfeiture, and shall and may be seized and prosecuted, and the Value thereof divided, as if this Act had never been made; Any Law, Statute, Usage, or Provision to the contrary notwithstanding.

Duty on old Rags imported repealed, and after the 25 *March*, 1725. to be imported Free.

XI. And whereas by an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the Eighth Year of his present Majesty's Reign (for paying off and cancelling One Million of Exchequer Bills, and for other Purposes therein mentioned) an Additional Duty of Two Shillings for every Bushel, was laid upon all Apples imported after the Feast Day of the Annunciation of the blessed Virgin Mary, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, to continue during the Term of Three Years, and until the End of the next Session of Parliament next following the said Term of Three Years; which Term being near expired, and it being found necessary to continue the same for a further Term of Years, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Additional Duty of Two Shillings for every Bushel of Apples imported shall be further continued, from and after the Expiration of the Term and Time aforesaid, for and during the Term of Seven Years; and the said Act so made in the Eighth Year of his present Majesty, and all Powers, Provisions, Penalties, Articles, and Clauses therein contained (for or concerning the said Additional Duty on Apples imported) shall continue and be in Force, and be applied, practised, and executed for the raising, levying, collecting, answering, and paying the said Additional Duty upon Apples Imported, as fully, to all Intents and Purposes, as if all and every the Clauses, Matters, and Things in the said Act, so far as the same relates to the Additional Duty on Apples imported, had been again repeated and enacted in the Body of this present Act; Any thing in the said Act, or in any other Act, to the contrary notwithstanding. 8 *Geo.* cap. 20. 8 *Geo.* cap. 20.

Additional Duty on Apples, 8 *Geo.* imported, further continued for Seven Years.

XII. And

8 Geo. cap. 20.

Clause for ascertaining the Method of admeasuring Pictures imported.

XII. And whereas by an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the Eighth Year of his Majesty's Reign, it is (amongst other Things) Enacted, That from and after the Feast Day of the Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, there shall be paid and payable to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for all Pictures, which shall be imported into Great Britain, the certain Duties following, according to the respective Dimensions of such Pictures; that is to say, for every Picture of Four Feet square, or upwards, or of any Dimensions, which being reduced will produce a Square of Four Feet, or upwards, the Sum of Three Pounds; for every Picture of Two Feet square, and under Four Feet square, the Sum of Forty Shillings; and for every Picture under Two Feet square, the Sum of Twenty Shillings: And whereas some Doubts have arisen, as to the reducing Pictures to the said several Squares of Four Feet, and Two Feet, for Obviating and Preventing such Doubts for the future, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Pictures, which from and after the Five and twentieth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty five, shall be Imported into Great Britain, shall be Measured and Reduced to Superficial Measure, that is to say, every Picture, which being reduced will produce a Square of Four Feet, or upwards, shall be a Picture that shall contain Sixteen Superficial Feet, or upwards, and shall pay the said Sum of Three Pounds; every Picture of Two Feet Square, and under Four Feet Square, shall, when reduced, produce Four Superficial Feet, or upwards, and under Sixteen Superficial Feet, and shall Pay the said Sum of Forty Shillings; and every Picture under Two Feet Square, shall be a Picture, which, when reduced, shall produce less than Four Superficial Feet, and shall Pay the Sum of Twenty Shillings; Any Thing in the said Act of the Eighth Year of his Majesty's Reign, or any other Law, Usage, or Custom, to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

An

878

An ADDITIONAL BOOK of RATES OF Goods and Merchandizes, &c.

A.

Archelia, or *Spaniſh* Weed (for Dyers Uſe) the C. wt. containing 112 lb.

Aſhes called Weed Aſhes, the C. wt. containing 112 lb.

And for every Laſt

B.

Babies Jointed, the dozen

Bags called Runnet Bags, the dozen

Balls for Children, the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen, 1 *l.*

Bark of Oak, the C. wt. containing 112 lb.

Beades { of Jet, the pound / of Horn, the ſmall groſs, containing 12 dozen

Beer, called Spruce Beer, the barrel, containing 42 gallons

And for the Coinage Duty as by 18 Car. 2. 1 *s.* 8 *d.*

Binding for Brooms, the C. wt. containing 112 lb.

Birds, *vocat.* { Singing Birds, the dozen / Birds of all other Sorts, not rated in the Book of Rates, the dozen

Bladders, the dozen

Botargo, the pound

Bowles, or Buckets of Wood, the dozen

Boxes, *vocat.* { Money Boxes of Wood, the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen / Pill Boxes, or Boxes entred as ſuch, of Wood, the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen Neſts, each Neſt containing 4 Boxes / Snuff Boxes of Wood, plain the dozen / Snuff Boxes of Horn, plain, the dozen / Snuff Boxes of Ivory or Tortoiſe-ſhell, the dozen

Braſs wrought, not rated in the Book of Rates, the pound

Bread or Bisket, the C. wt. containing 112 lb.

Brooms, called Flag Brooms, or Whisk Brooms, the dozen

Old Subsidy by the Act of Tunnage & Poundage. 12 *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 4.			A further Subsidy for His Majesties Life. 1 *Geo.* *Cap.* 1.			$\frac{1}{4}$ Subsidy from the 8th of *March*, 1703. 2 *Annæ*, *Cap.* 9.			$\frac{2}{5}$ Subsidy from the 8th of *March*, 1704. 3 *Annæ*, *Cap.* 5.			Impositions on *East-India* Goods, &c. after the 25th of *December*, 1690. 2 *W. & M.* *Cap.* 4.			Additional Impositions on several Goods, &c. after the 1st of *March*, $169\frac{1}{3}$. 4 *W. & M.* *Cap.* 5.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
18	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	18	4	—	1	8	15	—	1	3	11	
10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	5	2	—	1	2	5	}
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	5	7	10	—	5	7	10	}
2	—	—	2	—	—	13	4	1	6	8	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	7	6	18	—	6	7	10	
4	—	—	4	—	—	1	4	—	2	8	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	9	2	—	—	7	19	
1	6	8	1	6	8	—	8	$10\frac{2}{3}$	—	17	$9\frac{1}{3}$	—	—	—	1	—	—	4	8	17	—	4	1	5	
10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	1	10	15	—	1	7	18	
5	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	11	7	—	—	9	19	
5	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	11	7	—	—	9	19	
2	10	—	2	10	—	16	8	1	13	4	—	—	—	—	2	10	—	—	9	5	12	—	8	3	8	
																		—	1	8	—	—	1	8	—	
16	8	—	16	8	—	5	$7\frac{1}{3}$	—	11	$2\frac{2}{3}$	—	—	—	—	16	8	—	—	3	1	17	—	2	9	2	
9	—	—	9	—	—	3	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	1	8	9	—	1	5	17	
12	—	—	12	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	12	—	—	—	2	3	5	—	1	11	17	
—	4	—	—	4	—	—	$1\frac{1}{3}$	—	—	$2\frac{2}{3}$	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	15	—	—	—	13	
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	2	5	—	—	1	19	
3	4	—	3	4	—	1	$1\frac{1}{3}$	—	2	$2\frac{2}{3}$	—	—	—	—	3	4	—	—	—	7	11	—	—	6	12	
15	—	—	15	—	—	5	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	15	—	—	—	2	10	2	—	2	5	17	
5	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	11	7	—	—	9	18	
10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	1	10	14	—	1	7	17	
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	3	9	9	—	3	2	15	
2	—	—	2	—	—	13	4	1	6	8	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	7	6	18	—	6	7	10	
1	4	—	1	4	—	—	$5\frac{1}{3}$	—	—	$10\frac{2}{3}$	—	—	—	—	1	4	—	—	3	—	—	—	2	13		
6	8	—	6	8	—	2	$2\frac{2}{3}$	—	4	$5\frac{1}{3}$	—	—	—	—	6	8	—	1	3	3	—	1	1	5	
—	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	$1\frac{1}{3}$	—	—	$2\frac{2}{3}$	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	15	—	—	—	12	

Old

C.

CAbinets of Amber, the piece
Calpins for Fans, the dozen
And for the New Duties on wrought Leather, vide *Leather*, *Fol.* lx.
Calves Velves to make Rennet, the C. wt. containing 112 lb.
Candles of Wax { Green, the pound
White or Yellow, the pound
And for the New Duty on Candles 8 Annæ, *cap.* 9. *for every pound weight*, 4 *d.*
And for the further New Duty on Candles 9 Annæ, *cap.* 5. *for every pound weight*, 4 *d.*
Canns of Wood, the dozen
Caps of Cotton or Thread, the dozen
Caſes { For Bottles, the piece, not exceeding 12 Bottles
For Bottles, if above 12 Bottles
Cask empty, the Tun
Chairs matted, the dozen
Coker Nuts for Cane-heads or Cups, the thouſand
Copper Oar, the C. wt. containing 112 lb.
Copper part wrought, as Bars, Rods, or Ingots hammered or raiſed, the C. wt. containing 112 lb
Copper of all ſorts fully wrought, not particularly rated in the Book of Rates, the C. wt. containing 112 lb.
Corks ready made, the groce, containing 12 dozen
Cucumbers pickled, the gallon

D.

DOwn, the pound

Drugs, *vocat.* {
Adeps Urſi, the pound
Ambra liquida, the pound
Aqua fortis (for Dyers Uſe) the Bottle, containing 4 gallons
Auriculæ Judæ, the pound
Baccæ Alkakengi, the pound
Balſamum Copaiva, the pound
Barbadoes Tar, the pound
Bitumen Judaicum, the pound
Capita Papaverum, the thouſand
Chamæpitys, the pound
Chelæ Cancrorum, the pound
Cinnabaris Nativa, not of the *Eaſt-Indies*, the pound
Colophonia, the C. wt. containing 112 lb.
Cornu Cervi Calcinatum, the pound
Cornu Unicornu, each
Cortex Elatheriæ, the C. wt. containing 112 lb.
Cortex Limonum vel Aurantiorum, the pound
Cortex Cariophyllorum, the pound
Cortex Peruvianus, or Jeſuits Bark, the pound
Cranium Humanum, each
Cowitch, the pound
Cream of Tartar (for Dyers Uſe) the C. wt. containing 112 lb.
Dens Apri, the pound
Dens Equi Marini, the pound
Eboris Raſuræ, the pound
Eſſence of Lemons, the pound
Fechia Brugiata, the C. wt. containing 112 lb.
Flores Chamæmeli, the pound
Flores Meliloti, the pound
Granadilla Peruviana, the pound
Gummi Copal, the pound

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅓.			The Nett Duties							
																		Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts	l.	s.	d.	26th Parts.
3	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	11	4	7	—	9	11	5
—	7	6	—	7	6	—	2	6	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	7	6	—	1	5	1	—	1	2	18
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	3	9	9	—	3	3	15
—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	5	—	—	2	—
—	1	6	—	1	6	—	—	6	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	6	—	—	3	8	—	—	3	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	8	—
—	3	4	—	3	4	—	1	1⅓	—	2	2⅔	—	—	—	—	3	4	—	—	7	11	—	—	6	12
—	6	8	—	6	8	—	2	2⅔	—	4	5⅓	—	—	—	—	6	8	—	1	3	3	—	1	1	5
—	3	4	—	3	4	—	1	1⅓	—	2	2⅔	—	—	—	—	3	4	—	—	7	11	—	—	6	12
—	5	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	11	7	—	—	10	—
1	10	—	1	10	—	—	10	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	10	—	—	5	8	4	—	4	11	13
2	10	—	2	10	—	—	16	8	1	13	4	—	—	—	2	10	—	—	9	5	13	—	8	3	8
—	10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	1	10	14	—	1	7	17
—	2	6	—	2	6	—	—	10	—	1	8	—	—	—	—	2	6	—	—	5	13	—	—	4	19
6	—	—	6	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	12	10	—	1	8	9	17	1	5	11	13
9	6	8	9	6	8	3	2	2⅖	6	4	5⅕	—	—	—	17	10	—	2	3	—	2	1	18	6	18
—	1	8	—	1	8	—	—	6⅖	—	1	1⅓	—	—	—	—	1	8	—	—	3	15	—	—	3	6
—	2	6	—	2	6	—	—	10	—	1	8	—	—	—	—	2	6	—	—	5	13	—	—	4	19
—	1	6	—	1	6	—	—	6	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	6	—	—	3	8	—	—	2	—
—	2	—	—	2	—	—	—	8	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	5	10	—	—	4	18
—	8	—	—	8	—	—	2	8	—	5	4	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	1	10	—	—	1	7	15
2	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	2	5	—	—	4	3	—	—	3	2	4
—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	15	—	—	2	9
—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	15	—	—	2	9
—	2	6	—	2	6	—	—	10	—	1	8	—	—	—	—	2	6	—	—	6	17	—	—	6	3
—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	12
—	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	1	7	—	—	1	4
—	5	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	1	1	15	—	1	—	6
—	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	1	7	—	—	1	4
—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	12
—	10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	2	3	10	—	2	—	13
—	10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	2	3	10	—	2	—	13
—	—	8	—	—	8	—	—	2⅔	—	—	5⅓	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	1	18	—	—	1	13
—	10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	2	3	10	—	2	—	13
1	10	—	1	10	—	—	10	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	10	—	—	6	10	12	—	6	2	1
—	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	1	7	—	—	1	4
—	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	1	7	—	—	1	4
—	2	6	—	2	6	—	—	10	—	1	8	—	—	—	—	2	6	—	—	6	17	—	—	6	3
—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	15	—	—	2	9
—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	15	—	—	2	9
2	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	10	—	—	4	8	12	—	3	6	8
—	2	—	—	2	—	—	—	8	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	5	10	—	—	4	18
—	2	—	—	2	—	—	—	8	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	5	10	—	—	4	18
—	—	2	—	—	2	—	—	⅔	—	—	1⅓	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	8
—	6	8	—	6	8	—	2	2⅔	—	4	5⅓	—	—	—	—	6	8	—	1	6	7/20	—	1	4	9
—	10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	2	3	10	—	2	—	13
—	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	1	7	—	—	1	4
—	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	1	7	—	—	1	4
—	4	—	—	4	—	—	1	4	—	2	8	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	9	16
—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	2½	—	—	6⅔	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	2	6	—	—	2	1

Drugs, *vocat.*

Lapis Hibernicus, the C. wt. containing 112 lb.
Lapis Hyacinthi, the pound
Lapis Magnetis, the pound
Lapis Nephriticus, the pound
Lapis Oſtiocolla, the pound
Lapis Rubinus, the pound
Lapis Sapphirus, the pound
Lapis Smaragdus, the pound
Lapis Spongiæ, the pound
Lapis Topazæ, the pound
Mother of Pearl Shells, not of the *Eaſt Indies*, the pound
Oleum Anifi, the pound
Oleum Cariophyllorum, the pound
Oleum Carui, the pound
Oleum Cinamomi, the ounce Troy
Oleum Cimyni, the pound
Oleum Juniperi, the pound
Oleum Nucis Muſcatæ liquidum, the pound
Oleum Origani, the pound
Oleum Palmæ, the C. wt. containing 112 lb
Oleum Rhodii, the pound
Oleum Saſſafræ, the pound
Oleum Thymæ, the pound
Oleum Vitrioli, the pound
Orange, Jeſſamine, or other perfum'd Oils, not otherwiſe rated, the pound
Chymical Oils not otherwiſe rated, the pound
Pompholix, the pound
Rhine Hunſt, the C wt. containing 112 lb.
Radix Biſtortæ, the C. wt. containing 112 lb.
Radix Caſſumuniar, not of the *Eaſt Indies*, the pound
Radix Enulæ Campanæ, the C wt. containing 112 lb.
Radix Eringii, the pound
Radix Hypocacuanæ, the pound
Radix Mei Athamantici, the pound
Radix Phu, the pound
Radix Serpentariæ, the pound
Radix Tormentillæ, the C. wt. containing 112 lb.
Rezina Jalapii, the pound
Rezina Scamonii, the pound
Salop, not of the *Eaſt-Indies*, the pound
Sal Prunellæ, the pound
Sal Succini, the pound
Sal Tamariſci, the pound
Sal Tartari, the pound
Sal Vitrioli, the pound
Sal Volatile Armoniaci, the pound
Sal Volatile Cornu Cervi, the pound
Saccharum Saturni, the pound
Sevum Cervinum, the pound
Spiritus Cornu Cervi, the pound
Spiritus Vitrioli, the pound
Sulphur Vivum, the C. wt. containing 112 lb.
Tartarum Vitriolatum, the pound
Turpentine of *Germany*, or from any other Place, not otherwiſe rated, the C. wt. containing 112 lb.
Ungulæ Alcis, the hundred Hoofs

All the Drugs aforementioned (except ſuch as are uſed in Dying) beſides the particular Duties, pay 4 l. per Cent. *by the* 3 & 4 Annæ, *cap* 4. *fol.* 217 *according to the ſeveral Values ſet thereon for the Old Subſidy, which is included in the Total Net Duties and Drawback.*

If

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Aditional Impositions, 169⅔.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				The Nett Duties To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	7	—	—	4	1	6
—	4	—	—	4	—	—	1	4	—	2	8	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	9	16
—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	15	—	—	2	9
—	5	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	1	1	15	—	1	—	6
—	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	1	7	—	—	1	4
—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	15	—	—	2	9
—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	15	—	—	2	9
—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	15	—	—	2	9
—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	15	—	—	2	9
—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	15	—	—	2	9
—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	15	—	—	2	9
—	5	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	1	1	15	—	1	—	6
—	10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	2	3	10	—	2	—	13
—	5	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	1	1	15	—	1	—	6
—	5	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	1	1	15	—	1	—	6
—	4	—	—	4	—	—	1	4	—	2	8	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	9	16
—	2	—	—	2	—	—	—	8	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	5	10	—	—	4	18
—	6	8	—	6	8	—	2	2⅔	—	4	5⅓	—	—	—	—	6	8	—	1	6	7	—	1	4	9
—	5	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	1	1	15	—	1	—	6
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	7	—	—	4	1	6
2	10	—	2	10	—	—	16	8	1	13	4	—	—	—	2	10	—	—	11	5	13	—	10	3	8
—	4	—	—	4	—	—	1	4	—	2	8	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	9	16
—	5	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	1	1	15	—	1	—	6
—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	15	—	—	2	9
—	5	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	1	1	15	—	1	—	6
—	2	—	—	2	—	—	—	8	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	5	10	—	—	4	18
—	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	1⅓	—	—	2⅔	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	18	—	—	—	16
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	7	—	—	4	1	6
10	—	—	10	—	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	2	3	10	—	2	—	13
5	—	—	5	—	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	1	1	15	—	1	—	6
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	7	—	—	4	1	6
—	6	—	—	6	—	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	1	7	—	—	1	4
6	8	—	6	8	—	2	2⅔	—	4	5⅓	—	—	—	—	6	8	—	1	6	7	—	1	4	9
—	6	—	—	6	—	—	2⅔	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	1	7	—	—	1	4
—	6	—	—	6	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	1	7	—	—	1	4
2	6	—	2	6	—	—	10	—	1	8	—	—	—	—	2	6	—	—	6	17	—	—	6	3	—
10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	2	3	10	—	2	—	13	—
10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	2	3	10	—	2	—	13	—
10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	2	3	10	—	2	—	13	—
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	15	—	—	2	9	—
—	6	—	—	6	—	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	1	7	—	—	1	4	—
4	—	—	4	—	—	1	4	—	2	8	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	9	16	—
5	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	1	1	15	—	1	—	6	—
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	15	—	—	2	9	—
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	15	—	—	2	9	—
2	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	8	—	1	4	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	5	10	—	—	4	18	—
2	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	8	—	1	4	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	5	10	—	—	4	18	—
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	15	—	—	2	9	—
—	6	—	—	6	—	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	1	7	—	—	1	4	—
2	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	8	—	1	4	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	5	10	—	—	4	18	—
—	6	—	—	6	—	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	1	7	—	—	1	4	—
10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	2	2	10	—	2	—	3	—
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	15	—	—	2	9	—
2	—	—	2	—	—	13	4	1	6	8	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	9	2	2	—	8	2	14
10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	2	3	10	—	2	—	13	—

If any of the ſaid Drugs are French, *inſtead of the* 5 l. per Cent. *Additional Impoſt, they pay by the ſame Act* 25 l. per Cent. *and* 2 d. 25 l. per Cent. *by* 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20.

E.

EArthen Ware of all Sorts (except *India* or *China*, not to be Uttered or Sold, and not otherwiſe rated) the pound wt. broken or whole, 10 *d.*
Edging for Hats of Caddas, the dozen
Enamel, the pound 4 *s.*

F.

FOils for Fencers, the dozen
If Steel, for every hundred weight of wrought Steel
If Iron, for every hundred weight of wrought Iron

G.

GRocery, *vocat.*
- Pimento of and from the *Britiſh* Plantations, the pound
- Liquoriſh in Powder, the C. wt. containing 112 lb.
- Plumbs dried, the pound
- Raiſins of *Alicant*, *Denia*, and other Raiſins, not otherwiſe rated, the C. wt. containing 112 lb.
  And 5 s. *the hundred weight, by* 8 Annæ, *cap.* 7.
- Raiſins of *Lipra*, or *Belvadera*, the C. wt. containing 112 lb.
  And 5 s. *the hundred weight, by* 8 Annæ, *cap.* 7.

Perſpective Glaſſes
- large, the Piece not exceeding Three Feet in length, 1 *l.*
- large, the Piece exceeding Three Feet in length, 2 *l.*
- ſmall, the dozen 1 *l.*

Glaſs broken, the C. wt. containing 112 lb. 2 *s.* 6 *d*
Glovers Clippings, the C. wt. containing 112 lb.
And for the New Duties on Leather, vide *Leather in* Folio lx
Graves for Dogs, the C. wt. containing 112 lb.

H.

HAy the load, containing 36 truſſes, each truſs being 56 pounds
Horns of Cows or Oxen, the hundred containing 5 ſcore
Horn Tips, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore

Hair, *vocat.*
- Cow or Ox Hair, the C. wt. containing 112 lb.
- Horſe Hair, the pound
- Humane Hair for Perukes, the pound

Hoans, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore

I.

IRon of *Ireland* unwrought not otherwiſe rated, the tun, containing Twenty C. wt. each hundred containing 112 lb.
Iron unwrought of all other Places, not otherwiſe rated, the tun, containing Twenty C. wt. each hundred containing 112 lb. *imported in* Britiſh-*built ſhipping, and whereof the Maſter and Three fourths of the Mariners at leaſt are* Britiſh
Ditto, *Imported in any other Ship or Veſſel, than ſuch as are* Britiſh-*built, and whereof the Maſter and Three fourths of the Mariners at leaſt are* Britiſh, *the tun*

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				The Nett Duties To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.

Iron Oar the Tun, containing 20 C. wt. each hundred containing 112 lb.
Old Buſhel, broken, and old catt Iron, the tun
Iron ſlit or hammered into Rods, called Rod Iron, and Iron drawn or hammered leſs than $\frac{3}{4}$ of an Inch ſquare, the C. wt. containing 112 lb. *of and from* Ireland
Ditto, *Imported from any other Place*, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.
And for every hundred weight
Iron, called Pig Iron, from the *Britiſh* Plantations, the tun, containing Twenty C. wt. each hundred containing 112 lb.
Iron Wares manufactured, not otherwiſe rated, or not prohibited by Law to be imported, the C. wt. containing 112 lb.
Juice of Limes, the gallon

K.

KElp, the tun, containing Twenty C. wt. each hundred containing 112 lb.

L.

LArd, the pound

Linen, *vocat,*
Alexandria or *Turkey* Linen, the ell
Borelaps, the ell
Damask and Diaper Napkening and Towelling, of the Manufacture of *Ruſſia*, not exceeding half an *Engliſh* ell in breadth, the yard
Damask or Diaper Tabling or Napkening, and Towelling of any Place (except *Ireland* and *Ruſſia*) not exceeding half an *Engliſh* Ell in breadth not otherwiſe rated, to be rated at the ſeveral Rates of Damask or Diaper of *Sileſia* making, in the Book of Rates.
Neckcloths *of the* Spaniſh *Netherlands, or the United Provinces*, the dozen
Neckcloths of *Sileſia*, or any other Country (except *India*, or the *Spaniſh* Netherlands, or United Provinces) the dozen
Oylcloth, *of* Holland *or* Flanders, *under an ell and* $\frac{1}{3}$th wide, the ell
Oylcloth, of any other Country, the ell
Beſides the two 15 l. per Cent. *by the Acts paſt* 10 Annæ, *cap.* 19. *and* 12 & 13 Annæ, *cap.* 9. *being for* 20 s. *value*
Sailcloth, commonly called Sail Duck or *Holland* Duck, *of* Holland *or* Flanders, the C. containing 120 ells
Sailcloth, or Sail Duck, of all *other* Places (except *India* or *France*) the C. containing 120 ells
Beſides the Duty of 1 d. per *Ell, by the Act paſt* 12 Annæ, *cap.* 16.
Sheets Old, the piece
Spaniſh or *Portugal* Linen, the ell
Trillets, *of* Holland *or* Flanders, *under Ell* $\frac{1}{3}$th, the ell
Trillets, of any other Country, the ell
Beſides the two 15 l. per Cent. *by the Acts paſt* 10 Annæ, *cap.* 19 *and* 12 & 13 Annæ, *cap.* 9. *for every* 20 s. *value*

M.

MAps in Frames, the map and frame

Matting
of *Barbary* or *Portugal*, the yard
of *Holland*, the yard
Leaf Metal (except of Leaf Gold) the packet, containing 250 Leaves
Metal prepared for Battery, the C. wt. containing 112 lb.
Morels, the pound
Mum, the barrel, containing 42 gallons
And for the Coinage Duty, as by 18 Car. 2. 1 s. 8 d.

Nuts,

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			¼ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Aditional Impositions, 169½.			The Nett Duties						
																		Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20ot Parts.	l.	s	d	20th Parts.
	10	—		10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	1	10	14	—	1	7	17
2	10	—	2	10	—	—	16	8	1	13	4	—	—	—	2	10	—	—	9	5	13	—	8	3	8
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	10	4	—	2	4	10
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	10	4	—	2	4	10
												5	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	8	5	—	4	8	5
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	3	9	9	—	3	3	15
2	—	—	2	—	—	—	13	4	1	6	8	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	4	13	—	9	5	5
		6			6	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	1	17
3	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	11	4	7	—	9	11	5
		3			3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	9
	1	6	—	1	6	—	—	6	—	1	—	—	1	1½	—	—	—	—	—	3	11	—	—	3	3
		10	—	—	10	—	—	3⅓	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	1	16	—	—	1	11
		4	—	—	4	—	—	1⅓	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	11
	9	—	—	9	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	1	7	7	—	1	4	19
	9	—	—	9	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	6	9	—	—	—	—	1	6	1	—	1	3	10
	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	3	—	—	1	17
	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	1	14
												—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	6	—	—
5	—	—	5	—	—	1	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	17	10	18	—	15	6	8
5	—	—	5	—	—	1	13	4	—	—	—	3	15	—	—	—	—	—	16	8	17	—	14	4	7
												—	—	—	—	—	—	—		1	—	—	—	—	—
	1	6	—	1	6	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	6	—	—	3	5	—	—	2	16
	1	4	—	1	4	—	—	5⅓	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	14	—	—	2	6
	1	8	—	1	8	—	—	6⅔	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	8	—	—	3	12	—	—	2	2
	1	8	—	1	8	—	—	6⅔	—	—	—	—	1	3	—	—	—	—	—	3	7	—	—	2	17
												—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	6	—	—
	5	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	11	7	—	—	9	18
	1	6	—	1	6	—	—	6	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	6	—	—	3	8	—	—	2	19
		6	—	—	6	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	1	2	—	—	—	19
		6	—	—	6	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	1	2	—	—	—	19
6	—	—	6	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	1	1	9	9	—	18	11	5
	4	—	—	4	—	—	1	4	—	2	8	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	9	2	—	—	7	19
2	10	—	2	10	—	—	16	8	1	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	1	10	—	5	11	5
												—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	8	—	—	1	8	—

N.

NUts, called Cheſnuts, the buſhel ——————————

O.

OYl of Hempſeed, the tun, containing 252 gallons ——————————
Oyl, called Ordinary Oyl of Olives, from any Place, not otherwiſe rated, the tun, containing 252 gallons ——————————

P.

PAils of Wood, or Kits of Wood, the dozen ——————————
Painters Colours of all ſorts, not otherwiſe rated the pound ——————————

			Rates for the Old Subſidy, inſtead of the Oath of the Importer. l.	s.	d.
Paper, *vocat.*	Atlas Ordinary, Genoa Royal Fine, Genoa Medium Fine, Fine Holland Royal, Medium Paper	each Ream	00	14	00
	Second Genoa Royal, Second Genoa Medium, Second Fine Holland Royal, Fine Large Poſt, weighing 15 pounds *per* Ream and upwards	each Ream	00	10	00
	Cartridge Paper, Ordinary Elephant, Fine Large Poſt, weighing under 15 pounds *per* Ream	each Ream	00	07	06
	Chancery Double, Ordinary Royal	each Ream	00	05	00

And the ſeveral ſorts of unrated Paper hereafter mentioned are to pay the New Duties of Twenty *per Cent.* and Ten *per Cent.* granted by the Acts made in the Tenth and Twelfth Years of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, according to the following Rates, and not according to the Oath of the Importer, *viz.*

		RATES. l.	s.	d.
	Second Writing Imperial, the Ream	02	15	00
	Second Writing Super Royal, the Ream	02	00	00
	Second Writing Royal, the Ream	01	07	06
	Second Writing Medium, the Ream	01	00	00
	Second Fine Holland Royal, the Ream	00	10	00
	Blue Paper for Sugar Bakers, the ſingle Ream	00	05	10
Paper, *vocat.*	Ordinary Royal, Fine Printing Crown, Fine Printing Fools Cap, Brown Cap — each Ream	00	05	00
	Second Ordinary Printing Crown, Second Ordinary Printing Fools Cap, Ordinary Pot, Fine Genoa Pot, Second Genoa Pot — each Ream	00	03	09
	Brown Paper the Bundle, containing 40 Quire	00	03	04
	Small Poſt, the Ream	00	07	06

The

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅓.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				The Nett Duties To be Repaid on Exportation in Time			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20ti Parts	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
	5			5			1	8		3	4					5				11	7			9	18
20			20			6	13	4	13	6	8	160						10	7			9	17	6	
32			32			10	13	4	21	6	8							4	11	2	8	3	16		
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓					6	8		1	3	3		1	1	5
		6			6			2			4						6			1	2				19

The Act paſt 11 Geo. *cap.* 7. *and the Additional Book of Rates having made divers Alterations in the New as well as the Old Duties upon ſeveral Sorts of Paper, it is thought Proper to give an Entire Scheme for the more ready finding the Denominations of the Reſpective Sorts and Kinds of Paper Imported, as the ſame are or ought to be Entred with the Reſpective Duties thereon, together with the Total Duties and Drawbacks of Each Sort,* viz.

To be Entred for the New Duties, By 10 A. *cap.* 19. *and* By 12 A. *cap.* 9. *as*	To pay for the New Duties, l.	s.	d.	To be Entred for the Old Duties, as
1. *Atlas fine, the ream*	10 A. 00	16	00	*Royal paper, the ream*
	12 A. 00	08	00	
2. *Atlas ordinary, the ream*	10 A. 00	08	00	*Atlas ordinary paper, the ream,* 11 Geo. *cap.* 7.
	12 A. 00	04	00	
3. *Imperial fine, the ream*	10 A. 00	16	00	*Royal paper, the ream*
	12 A. 00	08	00	
4. *Second writing Imperial, the ream*	11 G. 00	11	00	*Royal paper, the ream*
	11 G. 00	05	06	
5. *Super Royal fine, the Ream*	10 A. 00	12	00	*Royal paper, the ream*
	12 A. 00	06	00	
6. *Second writing ſuper Royal, the ream*	11 G. 00	08	00	*Royal paper, the ream*
	11 G. 00	04	00	
7. *Royal fine, the ream*	10 A. 00	08	00	*Royal paper, the ream*
	12 A. 00	04	00	
8. *Second writing Royal, the ream*	11 G. 00	05	06	*Royal paper, the ream*
	11 G. 00	02	09	
9. *Medium fine, the ream*	10 A. 00	06	00	*Medium paper, the ream,* 11 Geo. *cap.* 7.
	12 A. 00	03	00	
10. *Second writing Medium, the ream*	11 G. 00	04	00	*Medium paper, the ream,* 11 Geo. *cap.* 7.
	11 G. 00	02	00	
11. *Demy fine, the ream*	10 A. 00	04	00	*Demy paper, the ream*
	12 A. 00	02	00	
12. *Demy ſecond, the ream*	10 A. 00	02	06	*Demy paper, the ream*
	12 A. 00	01	03	
13. *Demy printing, the ream*	10 A. 00	01	08	*Ordinary paper, the ream*
	12 A. 00	00	10	
14. *Fine Holland Royal, the ream*	10 A. 00	03	03	*Fine Holland Royal paper, the ream* 11 Geo. *cap.* 7.
	12 A. 00	01	07½	
15. *Second fine Holland Royal, the ream*	10 A. 00	02	00	*Second fine Holland Royal paper, the ream,* 11 Geo. *cap* 7.
	12 A. 00	01	00	
16. *Ordinary Royal, the ream*	11 G 00	01	00	*Ordinary Royal paper, the ream,* 11 Geo. *cap.* 7.
	12 G. 00	00	06	
17. *Blue Royal, the ream, deep or sky*	10 A. 00	02	00	*Blue paper, the ream*
	12 A. 00	01	00	
18. *Painted paper, the ream*	10 A. 00	08	00	*Painted paper, the ream*
	12 A. 00	04	00	
19. *Cartridge paper, the ream*	10 A. 00	01	06	*Cartridge paper, the ream,* 11 Geo. *cap.* 7.
	12 A. 00	00	09	
20. *Elephant fine, the ream*	10 A. 00	08	00	*Royal paper, the ream*
	12 A. 00	04	00	
21. *Ordinary Elephant, the ream*	10 A. 00	03	03	*Ordinary Elephant paper, the ream,* 11 Geo *cap.* 7.
	12 A. 00	01	07½	
22. *Fine large Poſt, the ream weighing* 15 lb. *and upwards, the ream*	11 G. 00	02	06	*Fine large Poſt paper weighing* 15 lb. *and upwards, the ream,* 11 G *c.* 7.
	11 G. 00	01	03	
23. *Fine large Poſt, weighing under* 15 lb. *the ream*	11 G. 00	02	06	*Fine large Poſt paper weighing under* 15 lb. *the ream,* 11 G. *c.* 7.
	12 G. 00	01	03	
24. *Small Poſt, the ream*	11 G. 00	01	06	*Ordinary paper, the ream*
	11 G. 00	00	09	

25. *Fool*

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			¼ Subsidy.			⅕ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Aditional Impositions, 169⅔.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				The Nett Duties To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	1	8	8	14	1	8	3	—
—	14	—	—	14	—	—	4	8	—	9	4	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	14	7	16	—	14	3	16
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	1	8	8	14	1	8	3	—
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	2	14	1	—	9	—
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	8	14	1	2	3	—
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	16	8	14	—	16	3	—
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	16	8	14	—	16	3	—
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	12	11	14	—	12	6	—
—	14	—	—	14	—	—	4	8	—	9	4	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	11	7	16	—	11	3	16
—	14	—	—	14	—	—	4	8	—	9	4	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	8	7	16	—	8	3	16
—	12	—	—	12	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	1	10	—	—	—	—	—	9	1	8	—	8	10	—
—	12	—	—	12	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	1	10	—	—	—	—	—	6	10	8	—	6	7	—
—	4	6	—	4	6	—	1	6	—	3	—	—	4	6	—	—	—	—	3	4	5	—	3	2	19
—	14	—	—	14	—	—	4	8	—	9	4	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	7	6	6	—	7	2	6
—	10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	4	10	14	—	4	7	17
—	5	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	2	5	8	—	2	4	—
—	10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	1	10	—	—	—	—	—	5	10	—	—	5	7	3
—	13	4	—	13	4	—	4	5⅓	—	8	10⅔	1	10	—	—	—	—	—	15	3	14	—	14	11	18
—	7	6	—	7	6	—	2	6	—	5	—	—	7	6	—	—	—	—	3	8	1	—	3	5	18
1	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	16	8	14	—	16	3	—
—	7	6	—	7	6	—	2	6	—	5	—	—	7	6	—	—	—	—	6	3	11	—	6	1	9
—	10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	5	7	14	—	5	4	17
—	7	6	—	7	6	—	2	6	—	5	—	—	7	6	—	—	—	—	5	2	1	—	4	11	18
—	4	6	—	4	6	—	1	6	—	3	—	—	4	6	—	—	—	—	3	1	5	—	2	11	19

To be Entred for the New Duties, By 10 A. *cap.* 19. *and* By 12 A. *cap.* 9. *as*	To pay for the New Duties, I.	S.	D.	To be Entred for the Old Duties, as
25. *Fools Cap fine, the ream*	10 A.	00	02 06	*Ordinary paper, the ream*
	12 A.	00	01 03	
26. *Second Fools Cap, the ream*	10 A.	00	02 00	*Ordinary paper, the ream*
	12 A.	00	01 00	
27. *Baſtard or double Coppy, the ream*	10 A.	00	02 00	*Ordinary paper, the ream*
	12 A.	00	01 00	
28. *Chancery double, the ream*	10 A.	00	02 00	*Chancery double, the ream,* 11 Geo. *cap.* 7.
	12 A.	00	01 00	
29. *Super fine Pot, the ream*	10 A.	00	02 00	*Ordinary paper, the ream*
	12 A.	00	01 00	
30. *Second fine Pot, the ream*	10 A.	00	01 06	*Ordinary paper, the ream*
	12 A.	00	00 09	
31. *Ordinary Pot, the ream*	11 G.	00	00 09	*Ordinary paper, the ream*
	11 G.	00	00 04½	
32. *Genoa Royal, the ream*	10 A.	00	03 03	*Genoa Royal fine, the ream,* 11 Geo. *cap.* 7.
	12 A.	00	01 07½	
33. *Genoa Royal, the ream*	10 A.	00	03 03	*Second Genoa Royal, the ream,* 11 Geo *cap* 7.
	12 A.	00	01 07½	
34. *Genoa Medium, the ream*	10 A.	00	02 06	*Genoa Medium fine, the ream,* 11 Geo. *cap.* 7.
	12 A.	00	01 03	
35. *Genoa Medium, the ream*	10 A.	00	02 06	*Second Genoa Medium, the ream,* 11 Geo. *cap.* 7.
	12 A.	00	01 02	
36. *Genoa Demy fine, the ream*	10 A.	00	02 00	*Ordinary paper, the ream*
	12 A.	00	01 00	
37. *Genoa Demy ſecond, the ream*	10 A.	00	01 06	*Ordinary paper, the ream*
	12 A.	00	00 09	
38. *Genoa Crown fine, the ream*	10 A.	00	01 06	*Ordinary paper, the ream*
	12 A.	00	00 09	
39. *Genoa Crown ſecond, the ream*	10 A.	00	01 00	*Ordinary paper, the ream*
	12 A.	00	00 06	
40. *Genoa Fools Cap fine, the ream*	10 A.	00	01 06	*Ordinary paper, the ream*
	12 A.	00	00 09	
41. *Genoa Fools Cap ſecond, the ream*	10 A.	00	01 00	*Ordinary paper, the ream*
	12 A.	00	00 06	
42. *Fine Genoa Pot, the ream*	11 G.	00	00 09	*Ordinary paper, the ream*
	12 G.	00	00 04½	
43. *Second Genoa Pot, the ream*	11 G.	00	00 09	*Ordinary paper, the ream*
	12 G.	00	00 04½	
44. *Fine printing Crown, the ream*	11 G.	00	01 00	*Ordinary paper, the ream*
	11 G.	00	00 06	
45. *Second ordinary printing Crown the ream*	11 G.	00	00 09	*Ordinary paper, the ream*
	11 G.	00	00 04½	
46. *Fine printing Fools Cap, the ream*	11 G.	00	01 00	*Ordinary paper, the ream*
	11 G.	00	00 06	
47. *Second ordinary printing Fools Cap, the ream*	11 G.	00	00 09	*Ordinary paper, the ream*
	11 G.	00	00 04½	
48. *Brown Cap, the ream*	10 A.	00	01 00	*Cap paper, the ream*
	12 A.	00	00 06	
49. *Blue paper for Sugar Bakers the ſingle ream*	11 A.	00	01 02	*Blue paper, the ream*
	12 A.	00	00 07	
50. *German Demy, the ream*	10 A.	00	01 06	*Ordinary paper, the ream*
	12 A.	00	00 09	
51. *German Crown, the ream*	10 A.	00	01 00	*Ordinary paper, the ream*
	12 A.	00	00 06	

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			¼ Subsidy.			¾ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169¾.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	10th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	10th Parts.
—	4	6	—	4	6	—	1	6	—	3	—	—	4	6	—	—	—	—	4	7	5	—	4	5	19
—	4	6	—	4	6	—	1	6	—	3	—	—	4	6	—	—	—	—	3	10	5	—	3	8	19
—	4	6	—	4	6	—	1	6	—	3	—	—	4	6	—	—	—	—	3	10	5	—	3	8	19
—	5	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	3	11	7	—	3	9	18
—	4	6	—	4	6	—	1	6	—	3	—	—	4	6	—	—	—	—	3	10	5	—	3	8	19
—	4	6	—	4	6	—	1	6	—	3	—	—	4	6	—	—	—	—	3	1	5	—	2	11	19
—	4	6	—	4	6	—	1	6	—	3	—	—	4	6	—	—	—	—	1	11	15	—	1	10	10
—	14	—	—	14	—	—	4	8	—	9	4	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	7	6	6	—	7	2	6
—	10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	6	9	4	—	6	6	7
—	14	—	—	14	—	—	4	8	—	9	4	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	6	4	16	—	6	—	16
—	10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	5	7	14	—	5	4	17
—	4	6	—	4	6	—	1	6	—	3	—	—	4	6	—	—	—	—	3	10	5	—	3	8	19
—	4	6	—	4	6	—	1	6	—	3	—	—	4	6	—	—	—	—	3	1	5	—	2	11	19
—	4	6	—	4	6	—	1	6	—	3	—	—	4	6	—	—	—	—	3	1	5	—	2	11	19
—	4	6	—	4	6	—	1	6	—	3	—	—	4	6	—	—	—	—	2	4	5	—	2	2	19
—	4	6	—	4	6	—	1	6	—	3	—	—	4	6	—	—	—	—	3	1	5	—	2	11	19
—	4	6	—	4	6	—	1	6	—	3	—	—	4	6	—	—	—	—	2	4	5	—	2	2	19
—	4	6	—	4	6	—	1	6	—	3	—	—	4	6	—	—	—	—	1	11	15	—	1	10	10
—	4	6	—	4	6	—	1	6	—	3	—	—	4	6	—	—	—	—	1	11	15	—	1	10	10
—	4	6	—	4	6	—	1	6	—	3	—	—	4	6	—	—	—	—	2	4	5	—	2	2	19
—	4	6	—	4	6	—	1	6	—	3	—	—	4	6	—	—	—	—	1	11	15	—	1	10	10
—	4	6	—	4	6	—	1	6	—	3	—	—	4	6	—	—	—	—	2	4	5	—	2	2	19
—	4	6	—	4	6	—	1	6	—	3	—	—	4	6	—	—	—	—	1	11	15	—	1	10	10
—	7	6	—	7	6	—	2	6	—	5	—	—	7	6	—	—	—	—	2	11	1	—	2	8	18
—	10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	3	7	14	—	3	4	17
—	4	6	—	4	6	—	1	6	—	3	—	—	4	6	—	—	—	—	3	1	5	—	2	11	19
—	4	6	—	4	6	—	1	6	—	3	—	—	4	6	—	—	—	—	2	4	5	—	2	2	19

To be Entred for the New Duties, By 10 A. *cap.* 19. *and* By 12 A. *cap.* 9. *as*	To pay for the New Duties, l.	s.	d.	To be Entred for the Old Duties, as
52. *German Fools Cap, the ream*	10 A. 00	01	00	*Ordinary paper, the ream*
	12 A. 00	00	06	
53. *Brown paper, the bundle, containing* 40 *quire*	10 A. 00	00	08	*Brown paper, the bundle*
	12 A. 00	00	04	
54. *German Lombard, the ream*	10 A. 00	01	00	*Ordinary paper, the ream*
	12 A. 00	00	06	

N. B. *By the ſaid Act paſt* 11 Geo. *cap.* 7. *It is Enacted, that if any New Fabrick, or Sorts or Kinds of Paper ſhall be Imported, which are not particularly Valued or Rated in the reſpective Books of Rates, or in any Act or Acts of Parliament, ſuch Paper or Papers ſhall pay the ſeveral and reſpective Duties that are charged thereon, according to the Values and Rates of thoſe Sorts or Kinds of Papers which are neareſt above in Size and Goodneſs to the ſeveral Sorts or Kinds of Papers Valued or Rated in the ſaid reſpective Books of Rates, or any former Act or Acts of Parliament, without any Diſtinction of Country or Place from whence the ſame ſhall be Imported.*

N. B. *If any of the Papers aforeſaid are of the Manufacture of* France, *inſtead of the Impoſt* 1690. *they pay for the Additional Impoſt* $16\frac{9}{3}$. 25 l. per Cent. *upon the Old Subſidy, and* 25 l. per Cent. *more for the* French *Duty, by* 7 *&* 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20.

Pears, the Buſhel
Pencils of all ſorts, the groce, containing 12 dozen
Pewter Old, the C. wt. containing 112 lb.
Pickles of all ſorts, not otherwiſe rated, the gallon

By the Act paſt 11 Geo. *cap.* 7. *all Pictures Imported after the* 25 March, 1725. *ſhall be meaſured and reduced to ſuperficial Meaſure, that is to ſay, Every* Picture *which being reduced, will produce a ſquare of Four Feet or upward, ſhall be a* Picture *that ſhall contain Sixteen ſuperficial Feet or upwards, and ſhall pay to his Majeſty agreeable to the Act paſt in the* 8th *Year of his Reign, the Sum of Three Pounds; and every Picture of Two Feet ſquare, and under Four Feet ſquare, ſhall when reduced produce Four ſuperficial Feet, and ſhall pay the Sum of Forty Shillings; and every* Picture *under Two Feet ſquare, ſhall be a Picture which when reduced ſhall produce leſs than Four ſuperficial Feet, and ſhall pay the Sum of Twenty Shillings.*

Plat, called *Bermudas* Plat for Hats, the pound
Plate wrought of Gold, the ounce
Platters of Wood, the Shock, containing ſixty
Powder of Braſs for Japanning, the ounce
Prints of Paper (except of *India* or *China*) the piece

Q.

Quilting of all ſorts, whether of Linen, Callico, or Cotton (not of *India* or *China*) the yard
If made of Callico or Cotton, to pay 15 l. per Cent. *according to the Groſs price at the Candle, by* 3 *&* 4 Annæ, *cap.* 4. *being for every* 20 s. *value*

R.

Racket Hoops, the dozen
Rennet, the gallon
Rags, Ropes, Junks, or fiſhing Nets Old, fit only to make Paper or Paſtboard, Free, 12 Geo. *cap.* 7.

Sauſages

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			¼ Subsidy.			⅕ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Aditional Impositions, 169⅔.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				The Nett Duties To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
	4	6		4	6		1	6		3			4	6					2	4	5		2	2	19
	3			3			1			2			3	4					1	7			1	6	3
	4	6		4	6		1	6		3			4	6					2	4	5		2	2	19
	5			5			1	8		3	4					5			11	7			9	19
	10			10			3	4		6	8					10			1	10	14		1	7	17
2	10		2	10			16	8	1	13	4				2	10			9	5	12		8	3	8
	2	6		2	6			10		1	8					2	6			5	13			4	19
		6			6			2			4						6			1	2				19
4			4				1	6	8	2	13	4				4			15	1	16		13	3	
	10			10			3	4		6	8					10			1	10	15		1	7	18
		6			6			2			4						6			1	2				19
		6			6			2			4						6			1	2				19
	5			5			1	8		3	4					5			11	7			9	19
																			2	10	4		2	10	4
	1	6		1	6			6		1						1	6			3	8			2	19
		8			8			$2\frac{2}{3}$			$5\frac{1}{3}$						8			1	10			1	6

Old

S.

Sauſages or Puddings of *Bolonia*, or any other Place, the pound
Scale-Boards, the C. w^t. containing 112 ℔.
And for every hundred weight 5 s. *by* 10 Annæ, *and* 2 s. 6 d. *by* 12 Annæ
Scoops of Wood, the dozen
Seed, *vocat.*
- Clover Seed, the C. w^t. containing 112 ℔.
- Cole Seed, the quarter, containing 8 buſhels
- Hempſeed, the Laſt, containing ten quarters, each quarter, containing 8 buſhels
- Lucern Seed, the C. w^t. containing 112 ℔.
- Maw Seed, the pound
- Millet Seed, the C. w^t. containing 112 ℔.

Shavings for Hats, the C. w^t. containing 112 ℔.
Sheeps Guts dried, to make Whips, the groce, containing 12 dozen
Silk wrought, flowered, or mixed with Gold or Silver (except of *India*, *Perſia*, or *China*) the pound weight, containing 16 ounces
Skins, *vocat.*
- Coney skins, the dozen
- Deer skins, *Indian* half dreſt, the pound weight
- Dogs skins undreſt, the piece
- Elk skins dreſt or undreſt, the skin
- Fiſher skins, the piece
- Goats skins in the Hair, not otherwiſe rated, the dozen
- Hare skins, the dozen
- Lamb skins dreſt in Allom, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore
- Lamb skins dreſt in Oyl, the hundred containing 5 ſcore
- Lamb skins ſlink dreſt, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore
- Lamb skins ſlink undreſt in the Wooll, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore
- Lambs skins undreſt in the Wooll, the hundred containing 6 ſcore
- Lion skins, the piece
- Mooſe skins, the piece
- Muſquaſh, the skin
- Panther skins, the piece
- Pelts of all ſorts (except Goat Pelts) the hundred containing 5 ſcore
- Pelts of Goats dreſt, the dozen
- Pelts of Goats undreſt, the dozen
- Rackoons, the skin
- Shagreen skins, the skin
- Sheep skins dreſt, the dozen
- Swan skins, the piece
- Tails or Tips of Sable, the piece
- Tyger skins, the piece
- Vizer skins, the piece
- Wood ſhocks, the skin

And for the New Duties of any the Skins before mentioned by the Acts paſt the 9 *&* 10 Annæ, vide *the Old Book of Rates from* Page lxxxiv *to page* lxxxix

Shovels of Wood unſhod, the dozen
Shuttles for Weavers, the dozen
Skates of Wood for ſliding, ſhod the dozen
And for every C. w^t. *of wrought Iron*
Slays for Weavers, the dozen
Snowting, the C. w^t. containing 112 ℔.
Soap
- Hard of all Sorts, not otherwiſe rated, the C. w^t. containing 112 ℔
  And for the New Duties on Soap, for every pound by 10 —— Annæ, 2 d. / 12 *&* 13 Annæ, 1 d.
- Soft of all Sorts, not otherwiſe rated, the C. w^t. containing 112 ℔.
  And for the New Duties on Soap, for every pound by 10 —— Annæ, 2 d. / 12 *&* 13 Annæ, 1 d.

Soapers waſte, the tun, containing Twenty C. w^t. each C. containing 112 ℔.

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔.			The Nett Duties						
																		Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts
	1			1				4			8					1				2	5			2	
	3	4		3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔		6	8						9	9			8	10
																			7	6			7	6
	3	4		3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔					3	4			7	12			6	12
	10			10			3	4		6	8					10			1	10	15		1	7	18
1			1				6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15
1			1				6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15
	10			10			3	4		6	8					10			1	10	15		1	7	18
		6			6			2			4						6			1	2				19
	16			16			5	4		10	8					16			3		7		2	7	16
1	5		1	5			8	4		16	8				1	5			4	8	16		4	1	14
	1	8		1	8			6⅔		1	1⅓					1	8			3	16			3	6
3	10		3	10		1	3	4	2	6	8	7							18		8		16	4	9
	1			1				4			8					1				2	5			2	
	1	3		1	3			5			10					1	3			2	17			2	10
		8			8			2⅔			5⅓						8			1	10			1	6
	6			6			2			4						6			1	1	12		1		
	5			5			1	8		3	4					5				11	7			9	19
1			1				6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15
		4			4			1⅓			2⅔						4				15				13
1			1				6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		2	3	15
4			4			1	6	8	2	13	4				4				15	1	16		13	3	
	10			10			3	4		6	8					10			1	10	15		1	7	18
	5			5			1	8		3	4					5				11	7			9	19
	10			10			3	4		6	8					10			1	10	15		1	7	18
	10			10			3	4		6	8					10			1	10	15		1	7	18
	10			10			3	4		6	8					10			1	10	15		1	7	18
		6			6			2			4						6			1	2				19
1			1				6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15
1	10		1	10			10		1						1	10			5	8	4		4	11	13
	10			10			3	4		6	8					10			1	10	15		1	7	18
	5			5			1	8		3	4					5				11	7			9	19
		6			6			2			4						6			1	2				19
	1	8		1	8			6⅔		1	1⅓					1	8			2	16			2	6
	5			5			1	8		3	4					5				11	7			9	19
	3	4		3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔					3	4			7	12			6	12
	2			2				8		1	4					2				4	11			4	
	10			10			3	4		6	8					10			1	10	15		1	7	8
	5			5			1	8		3	4					5				11	7			9	19
	5			5			1	8		3	4					5				11	7			9	19
	10			10			3	4		6	8					10			1	10	15		1	7	18
	10			10			3	4		6	8					10			1	10	15		1	7	18
	1	3		1	3			5			10					1	3			2	17			2	10
												5							4	8	5		4	8	5
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓					6	8		1	3	3		1	1	5
1			1				6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15
3			3			1			2										8	6	12		7	1	10
																				3				3	
1	10		1	10			10		1										4	3	6		3	6	15
																				3				2	
	10			10			3	4		6	8					10			1	10	15		1	7	18

Old

Socks of Thread or Cotton, the dozen pair
Spelter of *Germany*, the C. weight, containing 112 lb.

Spirits, *vocat.*
- Brandy of *France*, the tun, containing 252 gallons
  And for the French *Duty by* 7 & 8 W. 3. *for ſingle Brandy*
  And for the Coinage Duty, as by 18 Car. 2. *cap.* 5.
- Brandy of *Spain*, *Portugal*, or *Italy*, the tun containing 252 gallons
  And for the Coinage Duty, as by 18 Car. 2. *cap.* 5.
- Brandy of all other Countries, not otherwiſe rated, the tun, containing 252 gallons
  And for the Coinage Duty, as by 18 Car. 2. *cap.* 5.
- Citron water, the gallon
- Geneva, the gallon
- Hungary water, the gallon
- Rackee of *Turkey*, the gallon
- Roſa ſolis, and all other Cordial waters, not otherwiſe rated, the gallon
- Rum, the gallon
- Viſney from *Turkey*, the gallon
- Uſquebaugh, the gallon
  And for the Coinage Duty, as by 18 Car. 2. *cap.* 5. *for every tun*

Stockings of Thread or Cotton, the dozen pair

Stones, *vocat.*
- Grave ſtones of Marble, unpoliſhed, the Foot ſquare, ſuperficial meaſure
- Grave ſtones of Marble, poliſhed, the Foot ſquare ſuperficial meaſure
- Grave ſtones of other ſtone, poliſhed or unpoliſhed, the Foot ſquare
- Marble Baſons, Tables, Mortars, and all other poliſhed Marble (except Grave ſtones and Paving ſtones) poliſhed, the Foot ſquare
- Marble Blocks, the ſolid Foot
- Marble paving ſtones rough, the foot, ſuperficial meaſure
- Marble paving ſtones, poliſhed, the Foot ſquare, ſuperficial meaſure
- Paving ſtones not of Marble, the Foot ſquare
- Pible ſtones, the tun
- Slates in frames, the dozen
- Tables of Slate, in frames, the piece
- Tables of Slate, without frames, the piece

Spinal fine, to make Gawze, the pound
Spokes for Cart-wheels, long, the thouſand
Spokes for Cart-wheels, ſhort, the thouſand
Swingles, the groce, containing 12 dozen

T.

TAils of Cows, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore
Tape open, the dozen pieces

Tea-Tables
- Lackered with or without Feet (except of *India* or *China*) the piece
- Unlackered (except of *India* or *China*) the piece

Ticking of *Germany* or any other Country, not otherwiſe rated, the piece, containing 36 yards
Tortoiſe ſhell, the pound
Truffles, the pound

V.

VAlonia (for Dyers Uſe) the C. wt. containing 112 lb.
If Imported and Entred, as by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. Free.
Vermachelli paſte, the pound
Vinelloes, the pound

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔.			The Nett Duties							
																		Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓					6	8		1	3	3		1	1	5
2	10		2	10			16	8	1	13	4				2	10			9	5	13		8	3	8
30			30			10			20									4	5		6	3	11	3	
																		30							
																		1				1			
15			15			5			10									2	2		9	1	15	7	10
																		1				1			
20			20			6	13	4	13	6	8							2	17			2	7	6	
																		1				1			
1			1				6	8		13	4								2	10	4		2	4	10
	1			1				4			8									1	14			1	8
	10			10			3	4		6	8								1	5	2		1	2	5
	5			5			1	8		3	4									8	11			7	2
	10			10			3	4		6	8								1	5	2		1	2	5
	1	8		1	8			6⅔		1	1⅓									2	17			2	7
	10			10			3	4		6	8								1	5	2		1	2	5
	10			10			3	4		6	8								1	5	2		1	2	5
																		1				1			
1	15		1	15			11	8	1	3	4				1	15			6	7	11		5	9	11
		4			4			1⅓			2⅔						4				15				13
		8			8			2⅔			5⅓						8			1	10			1	6
		1			1			⅓			⅔						1				4				3
	1			1				4			8					1				2	5			2	
	4			4			1	4		2	8					4				9	2			7	19
		4			4			1⅓			2⅔						4				15				13
		8			8			2⅔			5⅓						8			1	10			1	6
		1			1			⅓			⅔						1				4				3
1			1				6	8		13	4				1				3	9	9		3	3	15
	3	4		3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔					3	4			7	12			6	12
	5			5			1	8		3	4					5				11	7			9	19
	1	8		1	8			6⅔		1	1⅓					1	8			3	16			3	6
	10			10			3	4		6	8					10			1	10	15		1	7	18
6			6			2			4			12						1	8	4	4	1	5	6	
3			3			1			2			6							14	2	2		12	9	
3			3			1			2						3				11	4	7		9	11	5
10			10			3	4		6	8						10			1	10	15		1	7	18
2	6		2	6			10		1	8						2	6			5	14			5	
10			10			3	4		6	8						10			1	10	15		1	7	18
2	6		2	6			10		1	8						2	6			5	14			5	
1	10		1	10			10		1						1	10			5	8	4		4	11	13
4	6		4	6		1	6		3							4	6			10	5			9	
8			8			2	8		5	4						8			1	6	3		1	3	18
7																7				7	19			5	19
	6			6				2			4						6			1	2				19
1	10		1	10			10		1						1	10			5	8	4		4	11	13

Old

W.

WAfers, the pound

Water, *vocat.*
- Pyrmont water, and all other Mineral or Natural waters, not otherwiſe rated, the dozen Bottles or Flasks, each Bottle or Flask not exceeding 3 pints
- Pyrmont water, and all other Mineral or Natural waters, not otherwiſe rated, the doz. Bottles or Flasks, each Bottle or Flask exceeding 3 pints
- Spaw water, the basket, cont. 150 Flasks, not exceeding 3 pints each Flask

Bay or Myrtle wax, the pound

Weld (for Dyers Uſe) the C. wt. containing 112 lb

Wheels for ſpinning, the piece

Wood, *vocat.*
- Anchor-ſtocks, the piece
- Battens 6 inches and an half wide, or under, the hundred, containing 120
- Beach boards, 2 inches thick, or under, the hundred, containing 120
- Beach Plank above 2 inches thick, the load, containing 50 foot
- Beach quarters under 5 inches ſquare, the hundred, containing 120
- Beach quarters 5 inches ſquare and under 8 inches, the hundred, cont. 120
- Box wood, the tun, containing 20 C. wt. each C. containing 112 lb.
- Deals from *Ruſſia*, and all other Countries, not particularly rated, exceeding 20 foot in length, the hundred, containing 120
- Deals from *Sweden*, or any other Country, of 20 foot in length or under, not otherwiſe rated, the hundred, containing 120
- Fire wood, the fathom
- Fir quarters under 5 inches ſquare, the C. containing 120
- Fir quarters 5 inches ſquare, and under 8 inches, the C. containing 120
- Handſcoops, the dozen
- Handſpikes, the hundred, containing 120
- Kilderkin ſtaves, the hundred, containing 120
- Knees of Oak,
  - For ſhipping 8 inches ſquare and under, the 100, cont. 120
  - For ſhipping above 8 inches ſquare, to pay as Timber, the load
  - Small for Wherries, the hundred, containing 120
- Lathwood, the fathom
- Mohogany timber or plank, the tun, cont. 20 C. wt. each cont. 112 lb.
- Oak
  - Boards under 2 inches thick, and under 15 foot long, the hundred, containing 120
  - Plank the load, containing 50 foot ſolid
  - Timber, the load
- Olive wood, the tun, containing 20 C. wt. each C. containing 112 lb.
- Pailing boards, the hundred, containing 120
- Round wood, the hundred, containing 120
- Wainſcot boards of all ſorts, the inch or foot, cont. 12 feet in length, and 1 inch in thickneſs, and ſo in proportion in any greater or leſſer length or thickneſs
- Wooden Tubs, the dozen
- Uſers
  - Single under 24 foot in length, the C. containing 120
  - Double of 24 foot in length and upwards, the C. containing 120

If any of the ſaid Wood be of the Growth or Manufacture of the Britiſh *Plantations and Imported as directed, by the* 8 Geo. *cap.* 12. Free.

Wood for Dying, *voc.*
- Nicarago wood, the C. wt. containing 112 lb.
  If Imported as directed, as by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. Free.
- Of all other ſorts not otherwiſe rated, the C. wt. containing 112 lb.

Coney wooll, the pound

Eſtridge wooll imported in Foreign-built Ships, the C. wt. containing 112 lb

Hare's wooll, the pound

Sheeps wooll from any other place than mentioned in the Book of Rates, the pound

Wire of Braſs or Copper, not otherwiſe rated, the C. wt. containing 112 lb.

Y.

WIck yarn, the dozen pound

Worſted yarn, being two or more threads twiſted or thrown, the pound

Yoakes for Oxen, the pair

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔.			The Nett Duties						
																		Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
	1	8		1	8			6⅔		1	1⅓					1	8			3	16			2	6
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓					6	8		1	3	3		1	1	5
	9			9			3			6						9			1	8	9		1	5	18
4			4			1	6	8	2	13	4				4				15	1	16		13	3	
	6			6				2			4						6			1	2				19
	5															5				5	13			4	4
	1	6		1	6			6		1						1	6			3	9			3	
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓		13	4					1	6	18		1	5	
1	5		1	5			8	4		16	8	2	10						5	10	18		5	3	15
4			4			1	6	8	2	13	4	8							18	10	16		17		
2			2				13	4	1	6	8	4							9	5	8		8	6	
2			2				13	4	1	6	8	4							9	5	8		8	6	
5			5			1	13	4	3	6	8	10						1	3	7	10	1	1	3	
8			8			2	13	4	5	6	8	16						1	17	9	12	1	14		
15			15			5			10			30						3	10	10	10	3	3	9	
5			5			1	13	4	3	6	8	10						1	3	7	10	1	1	3	
	8			8			2	8		5	4		16						1	10	13		1	8	8
2			2				13	4	1	6	8	4							9	5	8		8	6	
5			5			1	13	4	3	6	8	10						1	3	7	10	1	1	3	
	2			2				8		1	4					2				4	11			4	
1			1				6	8		13	4	2							4	8	14		4	3	
	2	6		2	6			10		1	8		5							7	2			6	8
5			5			1	13	4	3	6	8	10						1	3	7	10	1	1	3	
1	10		1	10			10		1			3								7	1	1		6	4	10
	10			10			3	4		6	8	1								2	4	7		2	1	10
2			2				13	4	1	6	8	4								9	5	8		8	6	
8			8			2	13	4	5	6	8				8				1	10	3	12	1	6	6	
8			8			2	13	4	5	6	8	16							1	17	9	12	1	14		
3			3			1			2			6								14	2	2		12	9	
1	10		1	10			10		1			3								7	1	1		6	4	10
10			10			3	6	8	6	13	4	20							2	7	3		2	2	6
	6	8		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓		13	4						1	6	18		1	5	
2			2				13	4	1	6	8	4								9	5	8		8	6	
	1	6		1	6			6		1			3								4	5			3	16
	1	6		1	6			6		1						1	6			3	9			3	
2			2				13	4	1	6	8	4								9	5	8		8	6	
5			5			1	13	4	3	6	8	10						1	3	7	10	1	1	3	
	8															8				9	1			6	16
	10															10				11	7			8	10
		6			6			2			4						6			1	3			1	
1	8		1	8			9	4		18	8				1	8			5	3	12		4	7	13
		3			3			1			2						3				11				10
		3			3			1			2						3				11				10
6	10		6	10		2	3	4	4	6	8	15			6	10		1	18	8	3	1	15	7	3
	9			9			3			6						9			1	8	9		1	5	17
	3			3			1			2						3				6	16			6	
	1			1				4			8					1				2	5			2	

Rules, Orders, and Regulations.

The Additional Book of Rates is not to alter the Method of aſcertaining the Value of unrated East-India *Goods,*

ANY of the Rates aforeſaid, or any thing contained in this *Additional Book of Rates*, is not to extend to alter the Method preſcribed by Law for aſcertaining the Values upon ſuch unrated Goods, Wares and Merchandizes imported, as are of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of the *Eaſt-Indies*, *China*, or other the Parts within the Limits of the Charters granted to the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt-Indies*,

Or,

or to charge any Duty on Lumber, or Wood, which are to be imported Free by 8 Geo. *cap.* 12.

To the charging any Duty upon ſuch ſort of Wood, Plank or Timber wrought or unwrought, or any of the Goods called Lumber, which are to be imported Duty free, by virtue of the Act made in the Eighth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, on the Conditions therein mentioned, during the Continuance of the ſaid Act,

Or,

or to charge any Duty upon Dying Goods, which are to be imported Duty Free by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15.

To the charging any Duty upon ſuch Drugs, or other Goods uſed in Dying, which are to be imported Duty free, by virtue of another Act made in the Eighth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, on the Conditions therein mentioned.

And whereas it may happen, that ſeveral Goods and Merchandizes may be imported, which are omitted to be rated in the Book of Rates made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, or in this Additional Book of Rates, or in ſome particular Act of Parliament, in ſuch Caſe, the Value and Price of ſuch Goods and Merchandizes for the Old Subſidy (other than of thoſe of *India*, *Perſia*, or *China*) ſhall be aſcertained by the Oath or Affirmation of the Merchant, in the preſence of the Cuſtomer, Collector, Comptroller, and Surveyor, or any Two of them; and the better to prevent Frauds, and that all Merchants may be upon an equal Foot in Trade, the Collector and Comptroller, or other proper Officers of the Cuſtoms, may open, view, and examine ſuch Goods and Merchandizes, paying Duty *ad Valorem*, and compare the ſame with the Value and Price thereof ſo ſworn to, or affirmed; and if upon ſuch View and Examination it ſhall appear, that ſuch Goods or Merchandizes are not valued by ſuch Oath or Affirmation, according to the true Value and Price thereof, according to the true Intent and Meaning hereof, that then and in ſuch Caſe the Importer or Proprietor ſhall on Demand made in Writing by the Cuſtomer or Collector and Comptroller of the Port, where ſuch Goods or Merchandizes are entred, deliver, or cauſe to be delivered, all ſuch Goods and Merchandizes into his Majeſty's Warehouſe at the Port of Importation, for the Uſe and Benefit of the Crown; and upon ſuch Delivery, the Cuſtomer or Collector of ſuch Port, with the Privity of the Comptroller, ſhall, out of any Money in the Hands of ſuch Cuſtomer or Collector, ariſing by Cuſtoms or other Duties belonging to the Crown, pay to ſuch Importer or Proprietor, the Value of ſuch Goods and Merchandizes ſo ſworn to or affirmed, for the ſaid Old Subſidy, as aforeſaid, together with an Addition of the Cuſtoms and other Duties paid for ſuch Goods, and of Ten Pounds *per Centum*, to ſuch Value, taking a Receipt for the ſame from ſuch Importer or Proprietor, in full Satisfaction for the ſaid Goods, as if they had been regularly ſold; and the reſpective Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms ſhall cauſe the ſaid Goods to be fairly and publickly ſold for the beſt Advantage, and out of the Produce thereof, the Money ſo paid or advanced, as aforeſaid, ſhall be repaid to ſuch Cuſtomer or Collector, with the Privity of the Comptroller, to be replaced to ſuch Funds from whence the ſame was borrowed, and the Overplus (if any) ſhall be paid into his Majeſty's Exchequer, towards the Sinking Fund, by the Title of *Unrated Goods Imported Undervalued.*

Proper Officer may examine Goods paying ad Valorem, *and if not valued to the true Price,*

may Warehouſe the Goods for the Uſe of the Crown,

and pay to the Importer the Value ſworn to, with the Cuſtoms paid and 10 l. per Cent. *over.*

The Goods to be publickly ſold, and the Overplus to be paid into the Exchequer towards the Sinking Fund.

Sp. COMPTON,
Speaker of the Houſe of Commons.

THE

THE *foremention'd* ACT *paſt the* 11 GEO. *cap.* 7. *having Repealed the Duty of* 20 l. per Cent. *laid upon* Rated DRUGS, *by the* 10 A. *cap.* 26. *which Act paſt ſince the Printing the former Part of this Book, it was thought proper to* Compute *the* DUTIES *on thoſe* DRUGS de novo, *Excluſive of the ſaid* 20 l. per Cent. *and therefore the following* Computation *of the* DUTIES *on the* Rated DRUGS *is to be uſed inſtead of that in the former* BOOK *of* RATES, *from* Page xxiv *to* p. xxxviii

DUTIES

DUTIES *upon* Rated DRUGS *Imported after the* 24th June, 1725.

DRugs, *vocat.*

Acacia, the pound
Acorus, the pound
Adianthum album, the pound
Adianthum nigrum, the pound
Agaricus or Agarick trim'd or par'd, the pound (*for Dyers uſe*)
If Imported and Entred as directed by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. § 10. Free.
Agaricus untrim'd or rough, the pound (*for Dyers uſe*)
If Imported and Entred as directed by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. § 10. Free.
Agnus Caſtus ſeeds, the pound
Alkanet roots, the pound
Alchernes { Syrup, the pound / Confectio, the ounce
Aloes cicotrina, the pound
Aloes epatica, the pound
Allum Rhoniſh or Roch, the hundred wt. containing 112 lb. (*for Dyers uſe*)
Ambergreece black or grey, the ounce *Troy*
Ameos ſeeds, the pound
Amomi ſeeds, the pound
Anacardium, the pound
Angelica, the pound
Antimonium crudum, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb. (*for Dyers uſe*)
If Imported and Entred as directed by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. Free.
Antimonium perparatum or Stibium, the pound
Aquafortis (*for Dyers uſe*) for every 20 *s.* value
If Imported and Entred as directed by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. Free.
Argentum ſublime or limum, the pound, or Quickſilver
Ariſtolochia longa and rotunda, the pound
Arſnick white or yellow, or Roſalgar, the pound (*for Dyers uſe*)
If Imported and Entred as directed by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. Free.
Aſarum roots, the pound
Aſpalathus, the pound
Aſſa fœtida, the pound
Almonds bitter, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.
Alumen plume, the pound (*for Dyers uſe*)
Balauſtium, the pound
Balſamum artificial, the pound
Balſamum natural, the pound
Bayberries, the 112 lb. (*for Dyers uſe*)
If Imported and Entred as directed by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. Free.
Barley hull'd, not *French*, the 112 lb. by 22 *Car.* 2. cap. 13. 5 *l.*
Barley hull'd, *French*, the 112 lb. by 22 *Car.* 2. cap. 13. 5 *l.*
And for the French *Duty*, 7 & 8 W. 3.

Note, *That* 5 per Cent. *is not to be allowed out of the Duty, by* 22 Car. 2. *cap.* 13.

Bdellium, the pound
Benalbum or Rubrum, the pound
Benjamin of all ſorts, the pound
Bezoar-ſtone of the *Eaſt-India*, the ounce *Troy*
Bezoar-ſtone of the *Weſt-India*, the ounce *Troy*
Black Lead, the 112 lb.
Blatta Bizantia, the pound
Bolus communis, or Armoniacus, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.

Duties upon Rated Drugs Imported, &c.

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy			⅔ Subsidy			Impositions 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅓.			The Nett Duties						
																		Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
	12			4			1	4		2	8		8						1	8	14		1	5	5
	3			1				4			8		2							5	8			4	6
	2				8			$2\frac{2}{3}$			$5\frac{1}{3}$		1	4						3	9			2	17
	1	6			6			2			4		1							2	12			2	3
1												2							2	9	18		2	4	4
	5												10							8	10			7	1
	3			1				4			8		2							5	3			4	6
	3			1				4			8		2							5	3			4	6
1				6	8		2	$2\frac{2}{3}$		4	$5\frac{1}{3}$		13	4					2	10	10		2	4	16
	12			4			1	4		2	8		8						1	8	14		1	5	5
	15			5			1	8		3	4		10						2	1	17		1	9	12
	6			2				8		1	4		4							10	7			8	12
1												2							2	9	18		2	4	4
9			3			1			2			6						1	5	10	10	1	1	7	4
	2				8			$2\frac{2}{3}$			$5\frac{1}{3}$		1	4						3	9			2	17
	2				8			$2\frac{2}{3}$			$5\frac{1}{3}$		1	4						3	9			2	17
	10			3	4		1	$1\frac{1}{3}$		2	$2\frac{2}{3}$		6	8					1	5	5		1	2	8
	3			1				4			8		2							5	3			4	6
1												2							2	9	18		2	4	4
	2				8			$2\frac{2}{3}$			$5\frac{1}{3}$		1	4						3	9			2	17
1															1				1	10	13		1	4	19
	9			3			1			2			6						1	3	10		1		19
	4			1	4			$5\frac{1}{3}$			$10\frac{2}{3}$		2	8						6	18			5	15
		4												8							11				9
	3			1				4			8		2							5	3			4	6
	4	6		1	6			6		1			3							7	15			6	9
	3	6		1	2			$4\frac{2}{3}$			$9\frac{1}{2}$		2	4						6	1			5	1
6			2				12	4	1	6	8	4							17	3			14	4	16
	1												2							1	14			1	8
	7	6		2	6			10		1	8		5							1	19			10	16
	10			3	4		1	$1\frac{1}{3}$		2	$2\frac{2}{3}$		6	8						1	5	5		1	2	8
1	10			10			3	4		6	8	1							4	3	15		3	7	4
	13	4										1	6	8					1	10	12		1	6	16
5			1				6	8		13	4	2							10	9	6		8	3	6
5			1				6	8		13	4				5				13	7	1		11	1	1
																			5						
	7	6		2	6			10		1	8		5							1	19			10	16
	6			2				8		1	4		4								10	7			8	12
	15			5			1	8		3	4		10							2	1	17		1	9	12
9			3			1			2			6						1	5	10	10	1	1	7	4
1	10			10			3	4		6	8	1							4	3	15		3	7	4
4	10		1	10			10		1			3							12	11	5		10	9	12
	6			2				8		1	4		4								10	7			8	12
1				6	8		2	$2\frac{2}{3}$		4	$5\frac{1}{3}$		12	4						2	10	10		2	4	16

Drugs, *vocat.*

Bolus verus, the pound, or fine Bole
Borax in paſte, or unrefined, commonly called Tinckul, the pound
Borax refined, the pound
Bunkins, Holliwortles or Piſtolochia, the pound
Callamus, the pound
Camphire refined, the pound
Camphire unrefined, the pound
Caneri oculus, the pound
Cantharides, the pound
Carraway ſeeds, the 112 pound
Cardamoms, the pound
Carpo Balſami, the pound
Carrabe or Succinum, the pound
Carthamus ſeeds, the pound
Caſſia Fiſtula, the pound, of all ſorts
Caſſia Lignea, the pound
Caſtoreum or Bever Cods, the pound
Ceruſſa, the 112 pound
China roots, the pound
Ciceres white and red, the pound
Ciperus longus & rotundus, the 112 pound
Ciperus nuts, the pound
Civet, the ounce *Troy*
Coculus Indiæ, the pound
Coloquintida, the pound
Coral red or white in Fragments for Phyſical uſe, the pound
Coral whole, the pound, *unpoliſhed*
Coral whole, the pound, *poliſhed*
Coriander ſeeds, the 112 pound
Cortex guaci, the 112 pound
Cortex caperum, the pound
Cortex Tamariſci, the pound
Cortex Mandragoræ, the pound
Coſcus dulcis & amarus, the pound
Cubebs, the pound
Cummin ſeed, the 112 pound
Cuſcuta, the pound
Cyclamen or Panis porcinus, the pound
Citrago, the pound
Cetrach, the pound
Cinabrium or Vermilion, the pound
Copperas { white, the 112 pound (*for Dyers uſe*)
Copperas { blue of *Danske* or *Hungary*, the 112 pound (*for Dyers uſe*)
Cambogium or Gutta Gambæ, the pound
Chryſtal in broken pieces for Phyſick uſes, the pound
Carlina, the pound
Carolina, the pound
Cortex Winteranus, the pound
Daucus Creticus, the pound
Diagredium or Scammony, the pound
Diptamus { Leaves, the pound
Diptamus { Roots, the pound
Doronicum, the pound
Eleborus albus & niger, the pound
Epithemum, the pound
Æs uſtum, the pound
Euphorbium, the pound
Fennel ſeeds, the pound
Fenugreek, the 112 pound
Flory, the pound

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔.			The Nett Duties Payable at Importation.				The Nett Duties To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
—	2	—	—	—	8	—	—	2⅔	—	—	5⅓	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	3	9	—	—	2	17
—	10	—	—	3	4	—	1	1⅓	—	2	2⅔	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	1	5	5	—	1	2	8
2	—	—	—	13	4	—	4	5⅓	—	8	10⅔	1	6	8	—	—	—	—	5	9	—	—	4	9	12
—	7	6	—	2	6	—	—	10	—	1	3⅓	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	19	—	—	10	16
—	2	—	—	—	8	—	—	2⅔	—	—	5⅓	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	3	9	—	—	2	17
—	15	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	17	—	1	9	12
—	7	6	—	2	6	—	—	10	—	1	3⅓	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	19	—	—	10	16
—	12	—	—	4	—	—	1	4	—	2	8	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	1	8	14	—	1	5	5
—	15	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	17	—	1	9	12
3	12	—	1	4	—	—	8	—	—	16	—	2	8	—	—	—	—	—	10	4	4	—	8	7	13
—	9	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	1	3	10	—	1	—	19
—	12	—	—	4	—	—	1	4	—	2	8	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	1	8	14	—	1	5	5
—	3	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	3	—	—	4	6
—	2	—	—	—	8	—	—	2⅔	—	—	5⅓	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	3	9	—	—	2	17
—	4	6	—	1	6	—	—	6	—	1	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	15	—	—	6	9
—	5	—	—	1	8	—	—	6⅔	—	1	1⅓	—	3	4	—	—	—	—	—	8	12	—	—	7	4
1	10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	3	15	—	3	7	4
4	10	—	1	10	—	—	10	—	1	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	12	11	5	—	10	9	12
1	—	—	—	6	8	—	2	2⅔	—	4	5⅓	—	13	4	—	—	—	—	2	10	10	—	2	4	16
—	1	6	—	—	6	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	12	—	—	2	3
5	—	—	1	13	4	—	11	1⅓	1	2	2⅔	3	6	8	—	—	—	—	14	4	10	—	12	—	—
—	2	—	—	—	8	—	—	2⅔	—	—	5⅓	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	3	9	—	—	2	17
6	—	—	2	—	—	—	13	4	1	6	8	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	17	3	—	—	14	4	16
—	6	—	—	2	—	—	—	8	—	1	4	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	7	—	—	8	12
—	6	—	—	2	—	—	—	8	—	1	4	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	7	—	—	8	12
—	10	—	—	3	4	—	1	1⅓	—	2	2⅔	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	1	5	5	—	1	2	8
2	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	7	10	—	7	2	8
3	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	2	—	—	4	—	—	—	12	4	10	—	10	11	8
3	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	7	10	—	7	2	8
9	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	1	5	10	10	1	1	7	4
—	3	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	3	—	—	4	6
—	2	—	—	—	8	—	—	2⅔	—	—	5⅓	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	3	9	—	—	2	17
—	6	—	—	2	—	—	—	8	—	1	4	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	7	—	—	8	12
—	5	—	—	1	8	—	—	6⅔	—	1	1⅓	—	3	4	—	—	—	—	—	8	12	—	—	7	4
—	4	—	—	1	4	—	—	5⅓	—	—	10⅔	—	2	8	—	—	—	—	—	6	18	—	—	5	15
5	—	—	1	13	4	—	11	1⅓	1	2	2⅔	3	6	8	—	—	—	—	14	4	10	—	12	—	—
—	3	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	3	—	—	4	6
—	6	—	—	2	—	—	—	8	—	1	4	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	7	—	—	8	12
—	3	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	3	—	—	4	6
—	3	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	3	—	—	4	6
—	7	6	—	2	6	—	—	10	—	1	8	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	19	—	—	10	16
2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	7	16	—	4	8	4
—	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	1	8	7	—	1	4	18
—	10	—	—	3	4	—	1	1⅓	—	2	2⅔	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	1	5	5	—	1	2	8
—	10	—	—	3	4	—	1	1⅓	—	2	2⅔	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	1	5	5	—	1	2	8
—	3	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	3	—	—	4	6
—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	1⅓	—	—	2⅔	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	1	14	—	—	1	8
—	2	—	—	—	8	—	—	2⅔	—	—	5⅓	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	3	9	—	—	2	17
—	12	—	—	4	—	—	1	4	—	2	8	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	1	8	14	—	1	5	5
2	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	7	10	—	7	2	8
—	3	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	3	—	—	4	6
—	4	6	—	1	6	—	—	6	—	1	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	15	—	—	6	9
—	7	6	—	2	6	—	—	10	—	1	8	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	19	—	—	10	16
—	2	—	—	—	8	—	—	2⅔	—	—	5⅓	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	3	9	—	—	2	17
—	3	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	3	—	—	4	6
—	4	—	—	1	4	—	—	5⅓	—	—	10⅔	—	2	8	—	—	—	—	—	6	18	—	—	5	15
—	2	—	—	—	8	—	—	2⅔	—	—	5⅓	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	3	9	—	—	2	17
—	1	6	—	—	6	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	12	—	—	2	3
2	5	—	—	15	—	—	5	—	—	10	—	1	10	—	—	—	—	—	6	5	12	—	5	4	16
—	6	—	—	2	—	—	—	8	—	1	4	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	7	—	—	8	12

Old

Drugs, *vocat.*

Folium Indiæ, the pound
Fox-lungs, the pound
Frankincenſe of *France* or Parroſin, 112 pound
If of France, (vide *at the end of the Drugs.*)
Galbanum, the pound
Galanga, the pound
General, the pound
Gentiana, the pound
Guinea Pepper, the pound
Grana Pinæ, the pound
Green Ginger, the pound
Gum Animi, the pound
Gum Armoniack, the pound
Gum Carrannæ, the pound
Gum Tragagant, the pound
Gum Elemni, the pound
Gum Hederæ, the pound
Gum-lack, { Cake or Stick-lack (*for Dyers uſe*) the pound
If Stick-lack be Imported and Entred as directed, by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. Free.
vocat. { Gum-lack, *of all other ſorts, the pound*
Gum Opopanax, the pound
Gum Sarcocol, the pound
Gum Serapinum or Sagapenum, the pound
Gum Taccamahaccæ, the pound
Grana Tinctorum, the pound
Grains of Guinea or French Grains, the 112 pound
Gum Arabick or Gum Seneca, the 112 pound (*for Dyers uſe*)
If Imported and Entred as directed, by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. Free.
Gum Sandrake or Gum Juniperi, the 112 pound
Gum Guiaci, the pound
Gum Caramen, the pound
Hermodactilus, the pound
Hypociſtis, the pound
Horns of Harts or Stags, the hundred
Incenſe or Olibanum, the 112 pound
Ireos, the 112 pound
Iſonglaſs, the 112 pound (*for Dyers uſe*)
If Imported and Entred as directed, by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. Free.
Jujubes, the pound
Jolop, the pound
Juniper berries, the 112 pound
Labdanum or Lapadonum, the pound
Lapis Calaminaris, the 112 pound
Lapis Hematitis, the 112 pound
Lapis Judaicus, the pound
Lapis Lazuli, the pound
Lapis Tutiæ, the pound
Leaves { of Roſes, the pound
Leaves { of Violet or Flowers, the pound
Lyntiſcus or Xylobalſamum, the pound
Lignum Aloes, the pound
Lignum Aſphaltum, the pound
Lignum Rhodium, the 112 pound
Lignum vitæ, the 112 pound
Litharge of Gold, the 112 pound (*for Dyers uſe*)
Litharge of Silver, the 112 (*for Dyers uſe*)
Locuſt, the pound
Lupins, the 112 pound
Lentiles, the pound

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅔.			The Nett Duties						
																		Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts
	15	—		5	—		1	8		3	4		10	—					2	1	17		1	9	12
	9	—		3	—		1	—		2	—		6	—					1	3	10		1	—	19
1	16	—		12	—		4	—		8	—	1	4	—					6	10	7		6	—	1
	4	6		1	6			6		1	—		3	—						7	15			6	9
	4	6		1	6			6		1	—		3	—						7	15			6	9
	4	—		1	4			5⅓			10⅔		2	8						6	18			5	15
	1	6			6			2			4		1	—						2	12			2	3
	3	—		1	—			4			8		2	—						5	3			4	6
	3	—		1	—			4			8		2	—						5	3			4	6
	6	—		2	—			8		1	4		4	—						10	7			8	12
	3	—		1	—			4			8		2	—						5	3			4	6
	3	—		1	—			4			8		2	—						5	3			4	6
	12	—		4	—		1	4		2	8		8	—					1	8	14		1	5	5
	3	—		1	—			4			8		2	—						5	3			4	6
	2	6			10			3⅓			6⅔		1	8						4	6			2	12
	12	—		4	—		1	4		2	8		8	—					1	8	14		1	5	5
	1	—			—			—			—		2	—						1	14			1	8
	3	—		1	—			4			8		2	—						5	3			4	6
1	—	—		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓		13	4					2	10	10		2	4	16
	4	6		1	6			6		1	—		3	—						7	15			6	9
	4	6		1	6			6		1	—		3	—						7	15			6	9
	12	—		4	—		1	4		2	8		8	—					1	8	14		1	5	5
	7	6		2	6			10		1	8		5	—					1	—	19			10	16
4	10	—	1	10	—		10	—	1	—	—		3	—				1	4	7	18		15	—	5
1	10	—			—			—			—		3	—						4	2	17		3	6	6
4	4	—	1	8	—		9	4		18	8	2	16	—					12	—	18		10	—	19
	12	—		4	—		1	4		2	8		8	—					1	8	14		1	5	5
	1	6			6			2			4		1	—						2	12			2	3
	6	—		2	—			8		1	4		4	—						10	7			8	12
	6	—		2	—			8		1	4		4	—						10	7			8	12
4	10	—	1	10	—		10	—	1	—	—		3	—					12	11	5		10	9	12
15	—	—		5	—	1	13	4		3	6	8	10	—				2	2	1	10	1	16	—	—
7	10	—		2	10		16	8	1	13	4		5	—				1	1	6	15		18	—	—
5	—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		10	—					14	1	10		11	9	—
	3	—		1	—			4			8		2	—						5	3			4	6
	12	—		4	—		1	4		2	8		8	—					1	8	14		1	5	5
3	—	—	1	—	—		6	8		13	4	2	—	—					8	7	10		7	2	8
	3	—		1	—			4			8		2	—						5	3			4	6
2	10	—		16	8		5	6⅔		11	1⅓	1	13	4					7	2	5		6	—	—
	3	—		1	—			4			8		2	—						5	3			4	6
	3	—		1	—			4			8		2	—						5	3			4	6
1	10	—		10	—		3	4		6	8	1	—	—					4	2	15		3	7	4
	3	—		1	—			4			8		2	—						5	3			4	6
	3	—		1	—			4			8		2	—						5	3			4	6
	2	—			8			2⅔			5⅓		1	4						2	9			2	17
	5	—		1	6			6⅔		1	1⅓		3	4						8	12			7	4
1	10	—		10	—		3	4		6	8	1	—	—					4	3	15		3	7	4
	3	—		1	—			4			8		2	—						5	3			4	6
1	10	—		10	—		3	4		6	8	1	—	—					4	3	15		3	7	4
1	10	—		10	—		3	4		6	8	1	—	—					4	3	15		3	7	4
	12	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		1	4					1	8	7		1	4	18
	10	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		1	—					1	4	19		1	2	2
	4	—		1	4		—	5⅓		—	10⅔		2	8						6	18			5	15
1	10	—		10	—		3	4		6	8	1	—	—					4	3	15		3	7	4
	9	—		3	—			1			2		—	6						1	6			1	1

Drugs, *vocat.*

Lapis Contrayerva, the ounce
Lignum Nephreticum, the pound
Madder-roots, or Rubea Tinctorum, the pound (*for Dyers uſe*)
If Imported and Entred as directed, by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. Free.
Manna, the pound
Marmalade, the pound
Maſtick white, the pound
Maſtick red, the pound
Mechoacan, the pound
Mercury ſublimat. the pound
Mercury præcipitat. the pound
Methridate Venetiæ, the pound
Millium Solis, the pound
Mirabolanes dry, the pound
Miraholanes condited, the pound
Myrtle berries, the pound
Mummia, the pound
Musk, the ounce *Troy*
Musk-cods, the dozen
Myrrha, the pound
Nygella, the pound
Nytrum, the pound
Nutmegs condited, the pound
Nux de Benne, the pound
Nux Cupreſſi, the pound
Nux Indica, the pound
Nux Vomica, the pound
Nardus Celtica, or Spica Romana, the 112 pound
Nux pini or Grana pini, the pound
Olibanum or Incence, the 112 pound
Opium, the pound
Oſipium Huirredum, the pound
Orcant or Almier, the pound
Orange-Flower { Oyntment, the pound / Water, the gallon
Origanum, the pound
Oſſa de corde cervi, the pound
Oyl of Amber, the pound
Oyl of Roſemary, the pound
Oyl de Bay, the 112 pound
Oyl of Mace or Nutmegs, the pound
Oyl de Ben, the pound
Oyl of Spike, the pound
Oyl of Almonds, the pound
Oyl de Scorpions, the pound
Oleum Petroleum, the pound
Oleum Turpentine, the pound
Orabus, the pound
Orpment, or Auripigmentum, the 112 pound
Panther, the pound
Panis Porcinus (*vide* Cyclamen)
Pearl beaten, the ounce *Troy*
Pellitorie, the pound
Pepper long, the pound
Perroſin (*vide* Frankincenſe)
Piony ſeeds, the pound
Piſtachias, or Nux Piſtachiæ, the pound
Pix Burgundiæ, the 112 pounds of *France*
And for French *Duty by* 7 & 8 W. 3.
Polium montanum, the pound

Polipodium,

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			¼ Subsidy			⅓ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅓.			The Nett Duties							
																		Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
	15	—		5	—		1	8		2	4		10	—					2	1	17		1	9	12
	12	—		4	—		1	4		2	8		8	—					1	8	14		1	5	5
	1	—											2	—						1	14			1	8
	7	6		2	6			10		1	8		5	—					1	—	19			10	16
	3	—		1	—			4			8		2	—						5	3			4	6
	10	—		3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔		6	8					1	5	5		1	2	8
	3	—		1	—			4			8		2	—						5	3			4	6
	7	6		2	6			10		1	8		5	—					1	—	19			10	16
	9	—		3	—		1	—		2	—		6	—					1	3	10		1	—	19
1	—	—		6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓		13	4					2	10	10		2	4	16
1	10	—		10	—		3	4		6	8	1	—	—					4	3	15		3	7	4
	3	—		1	—			4			8		2	—						5	3			4	6
	3	—		1	—			4			8		2	—						5	3			4	6
	5	—		1	8			6⅔		1	1⅓		3	4						8	12			7	4
	3	—		1	—			4			8		2	—						5	3			4	6
	3	—		1	—			4			8		2	—						5	3			4	6
6	—	—		2	—		13	4	1	6	8		4	—					17	3	—		14	4	16
6	—	—		2	—		13	4	1	6	8		4	—					17	3	—		14	4	16
	9	—		3	—		1	—		2	—		6	—					1	3	10		1	—	19
	2	—			8			2⅔			5⅓		1	4						3	9			2	17
	6	—		2	—			8		1	4		4	—						10	7			8	12
	12	—		4	—		1	4		2	8		8	—					1	8	14		1	5	5
	3	—		1	—			4			8		2	—						5	3			4	6
	2	—			8			2⅔			5⅓		1	4						3	9			2	17
	1	6			6			2			4		1	—						2	12			2	3
	2	—			8			2⅔			5⅓		1	4						3	9			2	17
16	16	—		5	12		1	17		3	14	8	11	4					2	8	3	12		3	16
	3	—		1	—			4			8		2	—							5	3			4	6
15	—	—		5	—		1	13	4	3	6	8	10	—					2	3	1	10	1	16	—	—
1	10	—		10	—			3	4		6	8	1	—						4	3	15		3	7	4
	1	6			6				2			4		1	—						2	12			2	3
	3	—		1	—				4			8		2	—						5	3			4	6
	7	6		2	6				10		1	8		5	—					1	—	19			10	16
	15	—		5	—			1	8		3	4		10	—					2	1	17		1	9	12
	2	—			8				2⅔			5⅓		1	4						3	9			2	17
6	—	—		2	—		13	4	1	6	8	4	—	—					17	3	—		14	4	16
1	10	—		10	—			3	4		6	8	1	—						5	3	—		4	6	9
1	4	—		8	—			2	8		5	4		16						3	5	8		2	10	11
6	—	—		2	—		13	4	1	6	8	4	—	—					17	3	—		14	4	16
	18	—		6	—			2	—		4	—		12						2	7	1		2	1	18
1	—	—		6	8			2	2⅔		4	5⅓		13	4					2	10	10		2	4	16
	5	—		1	8				6⅔		1	1⅓		3	4						8	12			7	4
	3	—		1	—				4			8		2	—						5	3			4	6
	8	—		2	8				10⅔		1	9⅓		5	4					1	1	16			11	10
	5	—		1	8				6⅔		1	1⅓		3	4						8	12			7	4
	1	6			6				2			4		1	—						2	12			2	3
	1	6			6				2			4		1	—						2	12			2	3
6	—	—		2	—		13	4	1	6	8	4	—	—					17	3	—		14	4	16
12	—	—		4	—		1	6	8	2	13	4	8	—					1	14	6		1	8	9	12
	10	—		3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔		6	8					1	5	5		1	2	8
	1	6			6			2			4		1	—						2	12			2	3
	3	—		1	—			4			8		2	—						5	3			4	6
	2	—			8			2⅔			5⅓		1	4						3	9			2	17
	3	—		1	—			4			8		2	—						5	3			4	6
2	5	—		15	—		5	—		10	—		—	—		3	15	—		8	6	19		7	6	2
													—	—						3	9	—				
	2	—			8			2⅔			5⅓		1	4						2	9			2	17

Old

Drugs *vocat,*

Polipodium, the pound
Pomegranate peels, the 112 pound (*for Dyers uſe*)
If Imported and Entred as directed by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. Free.
Poppy ſeeds, the pound
Præcipitate (*vide* Mercury Præcipitate)
Pſyllium, the pound
Prunelloes or Prunes of Brunolia, the pound
Quickſilver (*vide* Argentum Vivum)
Rhapontikum, the pound
Radix Eſule, the pound
Red Lead, the 112 pound
Rhabarbarum or Rhubarb, the pound
Roſalger, the pound (*vide* Arſnick)
Roſſet, the pound
Radix Contrayerva, the pound
Radix Scorcionera, the pound
Radix Peonæ, the pound
Sal Alkali, the pound
Sal Armoniacum, the pound (*for Dyers uſe*)
If Imported and Entred as directed by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. Free.
Sal Gem, the pound (*for Dyers uſe*)
If Imported and Entred as directed by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. Free.
Sal Niter, the pound
Sandracha, or Gum Sandracha, or Gum Juniperi, the 112 pound
Sandiver, the 112 pound
Sanguis Draconis, the pound
Sarſaparilla, the pound
Saſafras wood or roots, the 112 pound
Saunders white, the pound
Saunders yellow, the pound
Saunders rêd, *alias* Stock, the 112 pound (*for Dyers uſe*)
If Imported and Entred as directed by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. Free.
Scamony (*vide* Diagredium)
Scincus Marinus, the piece
Scordium, the pound
Scorpions, the piece
Sebeſtines, the pound
Seeds for Gardens of all ſorts, the pound
Seler Montanus, the pound
Semen Cucumeris, Cucurb, Citrul, Melon, the pound
Sena, the pound
Soldonella, the pound
Sperma Cæti fine, the pound
Sperma Cæti courſe, oily, the 112 pound
Spica Celtica (*vide* Nardus Celtica, or Spica Romana)
Sanguis hirci, the pound
Spicknard, the pound
Spodium, the pound
Spunges, the pound
Squilla, the 112 pound
Squinanthum, the pound
Stechados, the pound
Staphiſager, the 112 pound
Stibium (*vide* Antimonium præparatum)
Storax Calamita, the pound
Storax Liquida, the pound
Succus Liquoritiæ, the pound
Sulphur Vivum, the pound
Tamarinds, the pound
Terra Lemnia, the pound

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			½ Subsidy.			⅔ Subsidy.			Impositions, 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169½.			The Nett Duties							
																		Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
	1	—			4			1⅓			2⅔			8						1	14			1	8
2												4							5	7	16		4	8	8
	2				8			2⅔			5⅓		1	4						3	9			2	17
	2				8			2⅔			5⅓		1	4						3	9			2	17
	3			1				4			8		2							5	3			4	6
2				13	4		4	5⅓		8	10⅔	1	6	8					5	9			4	9	12
	3			1				4			8		2							5	3			4	6
2	10			16	8		5	6⅔		11	1⅓	1	13	4					7	2	5		6		
3			1				6	8		13	4	2							8	7	10		7	2	8
	1	6			6			2			4		1							2	12			2	3
	10			3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔		6	8					1	5	5		1	2	8
	10			3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔		6	8					1	5	5		1	2	8
	2				8			2⅔			5⅓		1	4						3	9			2	17
	12			4			1	4		2	8		8						1	8	14		1	5	5
	1	8											3	4						2	17			2	7
		8											1	4						1	3				19
	4	6		1	6			6		1			3							7	15			6	9
4	4		1	8			9	4		18	8	2	16						12		18		10		19
1	10			10			3	4		6	8	1							4	3	15		3	7	4
	10			3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔		6	8					1	5	5		1	2	8
	10			3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔		6	8					1	5	5		1	2	8
3			1				6	8		13	4	2							8	7	10		7	2	8
	3			1				4			8		2							5	3			4	6
	6			2				8		1	4		4						1	10	7			8	12
4												8							11	3	12		9	4	16
	1	—			4			1⅓			2⅔			8						1	14			1	8
	1	6			6			2			4		1							2	12			2	3
		9			3			1			2			6						1	6			1	1
	3			1				4			8		2							5	3			4	6
	2			8				2⅔			5⅓		1	4						3	9			2	17
	2			8				2⅔			5⅓		1	4						3	9			2	17
	2			8				2⅔			5⅓		1	4						3	9			2	17
	7	6		2	6			10		1	8		5						1		19			10	16
	2				8			2⅔			5⅓		1	4						3	9			2	17
	15			5			1	8		3	4		10						2	1	17		1	9	12
12			4			1	6	8	2	13	4	8						1	14	6		1	8	9	12
	3			1				4			8		2							5	3			4	6
1				6	8		2	2⅔		4	5⅓		13	4					2	10	10		2	4	16
	4	6		1	6			6		1			3							7	15			6	9
	10			3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔		6	8					1	5	5		1	2	8
3	15		1	5			8	4		16	8	2	10						10	9	8		9		
	10			3	4		1	1⅓		2	2⅔		6	8					1	5	5		1	2	8
	2	6			10			3⅓			6⅔		1	8						4	6			3	12
6			2				13	4	1	6	8	4							17	3			14	4	16
	15			5			1	8		3	4		10						2	1	17		1	9	12
	3			1				4			8		2							5	3			4	6
	3			1				4			8	1							1	3	6		1	2	9
	2				8			2⅔			5⅓		1	4						3	9			2	17
	2	6			10			3⅓			6⅔		1	8						4	6			3	12
15				5			1	8		3	4		10						2	1	17		1	9	12

Drugs, *vocat.*

Terra Sigillata, the pound
Thlaſpii ſemen, the pound
Tornſal, the pound (*for Dyers uſe*)
If Imported and Entred as directed by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. Free.
Troſciſci de Vipera, the ounce *Troy*
Treacle common, the pound
Treacle of *Venice*, the pound
Turbith, the pound
Turbith Thapſiæ, the pound
Turmerick, the pound
Turpentine of *Venice*, Scio, or Cyprus, the pound
Turpentine common, the 112 pounds
Talke white, the pound
Talke green, the pound
Verdigreece, the pound (*for Dyers uſe*)
If Imported and Entred as directed by 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. Free.
Verniſh, the 112 pounds
Vermillion (*vide* Cinabrium)
Vitriolum Romanum, the pound
Umber, the hundred weight, containing 112 lb.

Unrated Drugs (*except thoſe mentioned in the Additional Book of Rates, and except* French *or* Eaſt-India, *or uſed in Dying*) *pay for every* 100 l. *Value*
And by the Act 3 & 4 Annæ, *cap.* 4. § 8. Fol. 217 *a New Duty of* 4 l. per Cent.
But if ſuch Unrated Drugs are uſed in Dying, then only
And if any ſuch Unrated Drugs are French (*except for Dying*) *inſtead of* 5 l. per Cent. *Additional Impoſt, they pay by the ſame Act* 25 l. per Cent. *and then ſuch Drugs for every* 100 l. *Value pay*
And the 2d, 25 l. per Cent. *by* 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20.
And alſo the New Duty of 4 l. per Cent.
And if any Unrated Drugs are of the Growth or Produce of the Eaſt-Indies, Perſia, *or* China *and are not manufactured, they pay for every* 100 l. *reduced Value* (*except Dying Drugs*)
And the New Duty of 4 l. per Cent.
But if uſed in Dying, then for every 100 l. *reduced Value only*
If any Unrated Drugs are of the Manufacture of India *or* China, *inſtead of* 5 l. per Cent. *Additional Impoſt, they pay* 20 l. per Cent. *Impoſt,* 1690. *and then ſuch Drugs* (*except for Dying*) *for* 100 l. *reduced Value pay*
And the New Duty of 4 l. per Cent.
But if uſed in Dying, then for every 100 l. *reduced Value only*

Viſcus quercinus, the pound
White Lead, the 112 pounds
Wormſeeds, the pound
Zedoaria, the pound
Xylobalſamum (*vide* Lentiſcus)

All Drugs (*Dying Drugs excepted*) *which are rated in the Book of Rates, pay a New Duty of* 10 l. per Cent. *by* 3 & 4 Annæ, *cap.* 4. Folio 217 *according to the ſeveral Values charged thereon in the ſaid Book of Rates, which are the ſame as inſerted in the Column for the further Subſidy.*

Memorandum, *The aforeſaid New Duty of* 10 l. per Cent. *on Rated Drugs, is included in the Two Columns containing the Nett Duties payable at Importation, and to be repaid on Exportation.*

French

Old Subsidy.			A further Subsidy.			⅓ Subsidy			⅔ Subsidy			Impositions 1690.			Additional Impositions, 169⅓.			The Nett Duties						
																		Payable at Importation.				To be Repaid on Exportation in Time.			
l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.	l.	s.	d.	20th Parts.
—	9	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	1	3	10	—	1	—	19
—	3	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	3	—	—	4	6
—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	1	3	—	—	—	19
—	15	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	17	—	1	9	12
—	6	—	—	2	—	—	—	8	—	1	4	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	7	—	—	8	12
1	10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	3	15	—	3	7	4
—	15	—	—	5	—	—	1	8	—	3	4	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	17	—	1	9	12
—	6	—	—	2	—	—	—	8	—	1	4	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	7	—	—	8	12
—	3	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	3	—	—	4	6
—	5	—	—	1	8	—	—	$6\frac{2}{3}$	—	1	$1\frac{1}{3}$	—	3	4	—	—	—	—	—	8	12	—	—	7	4
1	10	—	—	10	—	—	3	4	—	6	8	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	3	15	—	3	7	4
—	1	6	—	—	6	—	—	2	—	—	4	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	12	—	—	2	3
—	6	—	—	2	—	—	—	8	—	1	4	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	7	—	—	8	12
—	1	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	4	—	—	—	—	—	2	17	—	—	2	8
6	—	—	2	—	—	—	12	4	1	6	8	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	17	3	—	—	14	4	16
—	3	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	3	—	—	4	6
3	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	7	10	—	7	2	8
5	—	—	5	—	—	1	13	4	3	6	8	—	—	—	5	—	—	18	18	9	—	16	11	3	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	4	—	—	—
5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	9	8	9	—	7	1	3	—
5	—	—	5	—	—	1	13	4	3	6	8	—	—	—	25	—	—	37	13	9	—	35	6	3	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	4	—	—	—
5	—	—	5	—	—	1	13	4	3	6	8	—	—	—	5	—	—	18	18	9	—	16	11	3	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	4	—	—	—
5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	9	8	9	—	7	1	3	—
5	—	—	5	—	—	1	13	4	3	6	8	20	—	—	—	—	—	33	—	—	—	30	12	6	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	4	—	—	—
5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	20	—	—	—	—	—	23	10	—	—	21	2	6	—
12	—	—	4	—	—	1	4	—	2	8	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	8	14	—	1	5	5
3	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	8	—	13	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	7	10	—	7	2	8
10	—	—	3	4	—	1	$1\frac{1}{3}$	—	2	$2\frac{2}{3}$	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	1	5	5	—	1	2	8	
10	—	—	3	4	—	1	$1\frac{1}{3}$	—	2	$2\frac{2}{3}$	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	1	5	5	—	1	2	8	

French *Drugs rated (not uſed in Dying) are to pay the Old Subſidy, and the further Subſidy, as of other Foreign Parts; but inſtead of the Impoſt*, 1690. *they pay* 25 l. per Cent. *after the Rate of the further Subſidy, for the Additional Impoſt*, $16\frac{9}{3}$. Folio 85 *and alſo the* 2d. 25 per Cent. *by* 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. Folio 106 *according to the ſame Rate.*

French *Drugs rated (which are uſed in Dying) pay only the Old Subſidy, the* 25 per Cent. *Additional Impoſt, and the* 2d. 25 per Cent. *by* 7 & 8 W. 3. *cap.* 20. *both according to the Rate of the Old Subſidy.*

Rated Drugs of the Manufacture of India *or* China, *are, inſtead of the* 10 per Cent. *by the Impoſt Act*, 1690. *to pay* 20 per Cent. *by the ſaid Act.*

All Drugs (uſed in Dying) and which are enumerated among other Dying Goods in 3 & 4 Annæ, *cap.* 4. §. 8. Folio 217 *are exempted from Payment of the following Duties*, viz.

The advanced Duty on the Old Subſidy by 8 & 9 W. 3. *cap.* 20.
The further Subſidy by 1 Georgii, *cap.* 1.
The $\frac{1}{3}$ *Subſidy by* 2 & 3 Annæ, *cap.* 9.
The $\frac{2}{3}$ *Subſidy by* 3 & 4 Annæ, *cap.* 5.
The New Duty by 3 & 4 Annæ, *cap.* 4.

Note, *The following enumerated Drugs (which are uſed in Dying) may by* 8 Geo. *cap.* 15. §. 10. Folio 685 *be Imported without paying any Cuſtom, or other Duty, ſo as due Entry be made thereof, and ſo as the ſame be landed in the Preſence of the proper Officer, and that ſuch Importation be according to the Rules preſcribed in the Act of Navigation*, 12 Car. 2. *cap.* 18. viz.

Agarick.
Antimonium Crudum.
Aquafortis.
Arſenick.
Bayberries.
Cream of *Tartar.*
Gum Arabick, or *Gum Seneca.*
Iſinglaſs.
Madder Roots.
Pomegranate Peels.
Sal-Armoniack.
Sal-gem.
Red Saunders.
Sticklack.
Turnſole.
Verdegreece.

All Drugs Imported directly from the Place of their Growth in *Britiſh*-built Shipping, to be Rated, One third Part of the *ſeveral* Duties *before mentioned*, and no more: *Except the Old Subſidy of* 5 s. per *Hundred weight on* French *or hulled Barley, the Impoſt*, 1690. *on Succus Liquoritiæ, or Unrated Drugs.*

All Drugs of the Growth of America, *Imported directly from the* Britiſh *Plantations, are to pay Duty as if they were of the Growth of the ſaid Plantations.* Vide 7 Annæ, *cap.* 8. §. 12. Folio 310

Anno 11 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. VIII.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Continuing the Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*; And for Granting to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, for the Service of the Year, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty five; And for Transferring the Deficiency of a late Malt Act to this Act; And for Explaining a late Act in relation to Stamp-Duties on News Papers; And for Appropriating the Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament; And for Diſpoſing certain Overplus Money to proper Objects of Charity; And for Making forth Duplicates of Exchequer Bills, Lottery Tickets, and Orders, loſt, burnt, or otherwiſe deſtroyed; And for giving further time to Clerks, and Apprentices, to pay Duties omitted to be paid for their Indentures and Contracts.

MAY it pleaſe your moſt Excellent Majeſty, We your Majeſty's moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament aſſembled, have freely and unanimouſly given and granted unto your Majeſty, the Rates, Duties, and Impoſitions herein after mentioned; and do moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty, that it may be Enacted; And be it Enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That within and throughout that Part of Great Britain called England, Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, the ſeveral and reſpective Rates, Duties, and Impoſitions, for and upon all Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry, which, in and by one Act of Parliament, made and paſſed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen Anne, of Bleſſed Memory, (Intituled, An Act for granting to her Majeſty Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year, One thouſand ſeven hundred and thirteen; and for making forth Duplicates of Lottery Tickets, loſt, burnt, or deſtroyed; and for enlarging the time for adjuſting Claims in ſeveral Lottery Acts, and to puniſh the counterfeiting or forging of Lottery-Orders; and for explaining a late Act in relation to Stamp-Duties on Cuſtomary Eſtates, which paſs by Deed and Copy,) were granted to her Majeſty, or chargeable in Manner therein mentioned, until the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen; and which, by an Act of Parliament made and paſſed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of her ſaid late Majeſty, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifteen; and which, by one Act made and paſſed in the Firſt Year of his Majeſty's Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen; and which, by another Act made and paſſed in the Firſt Year of his Majeſty's Reign, were continued until the

Preamble.

Malt Act 12 *Anne*, and 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, & 10 *Geo.* further continued to 24 *June*, 1726. for Malt, Cyder and Perry made for Sale in *England*, &c. and Mum made and imported.

12 *Anne*, cap. 2.

1 *Geo.* cap. 3.

2 *Geo.* cap. 2.

3 *Geo.* cap. 36.

Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and seventeen; and which, by another Act made and passed in the Third Year of his Majesty's Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and eighteen; and which, by another Act made and passed in the Fourth Year of his Majesty's Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen; and which, by another Act made and passed in the Fifth Year of his Majesty's Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty; and which, by another Act made and passed in the Sixth Year of his Majesty's Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty one; and which, by another Act made and passed in the Seventh Year of his Majesty's Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two; and which by another Act made and passed in the Eighth Year of his Majesty's Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty three; and which, by another Act made and passed in the Ninth Year of his Majesty's Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four; and which, by another Act made and passed in the Tenth Year of his Majesty's Reign, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty five, shall be further continued in like Manner, and shall be, and are by this Act, charged for and upon all Malt which shall be made, and all Mum which shall be made and imported, and all Cyder and Perry which shall be made for Sale, within that Part of Great Britain called England, Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, from and after the Twenty third Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty five, and before the Twenty fourth Day of June, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty six. 3 Geo. cap. 4. 4 Geo. cap. 3. 5 Geo. cap. 1. 6 Geo. cap. 1. 7 Geo. cap. 1. 8 Geo. cap. 1. 9 Geo. cap. 3. 10 Geo. cap. 3.

II. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That within and throughout that Part of the Kingdom of Great Britain called Scotland, there shall be raised, levied, collected, paid, and satisfied, unto and for the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, the several and respective Rates, Duties, and Impositions hereinafter mentioned; That is to say, for and upon every Bushel of Malt made of Barley, or any other Corn or Grain whatsoever, which any Person or Persons within that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall be possessed of or interested in, upon the Twenty third Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty five, the Sum of Three Pence for every Bushel, and so in proportion for every greater or lesser Quantity, to be paid by such Person and Persons respectively; and for and upon every Bushel of Malt, which at any Time or Times, from and after the Twenty third Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty five, and before the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty six, shall be made of Barley, or any other Corn or Grain, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, by any Person or Persons whatsoever (whether the same shall be or not be for Sale) the Sum of Three pence, and so proportionally for a greater or lesser Quantity, to be paid by the Maker or Makers thereof respectively; for every Barrel of Mum, which at any time or times, from and after the said Twenty third Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty five, and before the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty six, shall be made or imported within that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, the Sum of Ten Shillings, over and above all Duties payable for the same; for all Cyder and Perry, which at

Malt in Hand in *Scotland* on 23 *June*, 1725. to pay 3 *d. per* Bushel.

Malt made after 23 *June*, to pay 3 *d. per* Bushel.

Mum 10 *s. per* Barrel made in *Scotland*, or imported thither.

at any Time or Times, from and after the said Twenty third Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty five, and before the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty six, shall be made for Sale within that Part of Great Britain called Scotland (over and above all other Duties payable for Cyder and Perry, made and sold by Retail) the Sum of Four Shillings for every Hogshead, and so in proportion for a greater or lesser Quantity, to be paid by the respective First Buyers or Retailers thereof; which said several and respective Duties, by this Act Granted and Continued respectively, shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, during the Term or Time aforesaid, by the same Ways, Means, and Methods, and by such Rules and Directions, and with such and the like Allowances and Repayments proportionally, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and with such Power of Mitigation, and other Powers, in all respects not otherwise directed by this Act, as are prescribed, mentioned, and expressed in the said former Acts, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament, thereby referred unto, or any of them, for and concerning the Duties by them, or any of them, Granted and Continued; and that the same Acts formerly Made and Passed, and the said other Acts thereby referred unto, as for and concerning the said Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry, and every Article, Rule, Clause, Matter, and Thing in them, and every or any of them contained, or thereby referred unto, and now being in Force, not otherwise altered by this Act, shall be and continue in full Force and Effect, to all Intents and Purposes, for raising, levying, collecting, securing, and Accounting for the Rates, Duties, and Impositions, hereby Granted and Continued respectively, and for levying and recovering the Penalties and Forfeitures, and making any Mitigations and Proportional Allowances, and all other Matters and Things, during the Continuance of this Act, as fully, as if the same were particularly, and at large, repeated in the Body of this present Act.

Cyder and Perry made for Sale 4 s. per Hogshead.

How these Duties are to be raised, &c.

VI. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Malt made in Scotland, not to be consumed there, which, at any time or times between the Twenty third Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty five, and the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty six, shall be brought into England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, shall, in case the same be brought by Sea, be entred with the Officer for the said Duties of the Port where the same shall be so brought into England, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed aforesaid; and the Sum of Six Pence per Bushel for the Duties thereof shall be paid to such Officer before landing thereof, unless a Certificate from the proper Officer be produced, that it hath paid the said Duty of Three Pence per Bushel in Scotland; and if such Certificate be produced, there shall only be paid Three Pence per Bushel for such Malt so brought into England; and in case the same shall be brought by Land, such Malt shall pass and be carried by and through the Towns of Berwick or Carlisle, and there entred with the Officer for the said Duties in such of the said Towns, by or through which such Malt shall be so carried, and the like Duty of Six Pence per Bushel for the same shall be paid down in ready Money, unless such Certificate be produced, as aforesaid; but upon producing thereof, then only Three Pence per Bushel shall be paid to such Officer, on Pain of forfeiting all such Malt, or the Value thereof, as shall be landed or put on Shore, or brought into England without such Entry or Payment of Duties, as aforesaid; and in case any Malt made in Scotland shall, during the said Term, be found coming out of Scotland, or brought from thence by Land by or beyond the Towns before mentioned, without Entry or Payment of the Duties thereof, then all such Malt, or the Value thereof, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise for his Majesty's Use; one Moiety of the aforesaid Forfeitures to be and go to the King's Majesty, the other Moiety thereof to

Malt brought from *Scotland* by Sea to be entred at *Berwick*, and brought by Land, to be entred at *Berwick* or *Carlisle*.

Not so entred, forfeited or the Value, to be seized by the Officers of Excise, ½ to the King, ½ to the Informer,

how to be recovered.

such Person or Persons as will Inform, Seize, or Sue for the same, or the Value thereof, and to be recovered and levied by such Ways, Means, and Methods, as any Penalties or Forfeitures are by this or any the said former Acts relating to the Malt-Duties to be recovered and levied, or by Action of Debt, or upon the Case, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, in which no Essoign, Protection, Privilege, Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance shall be allowed.

No Drawback above 3 *d. per* Bushel for such Malt exported.

VII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That no Drawback shall be allowed or paid out of the Duties by this Act charged upon Malt, to be made in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, for any Malt, to be made there, and exported to Parts beyond the Seas, over and above the Sum of Three Pence per Bushel for every Bushel of such Malt as shall be so exported, as aforesaid; Any thing in this Act, or in the Acts herein before recited or referred unto, or in any of them, to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Anno 11 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XVI.

A Clause in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Rebuilding the Pier and Harbour of *Parton,* in the County of *Cumberland.*

The Duties for all Goods coming Coastwise landed at *Parton,*

IV. AND be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That there shall be paid, for all Goods and Merchandize herein after mentioned, which shall be landed or discharged out of any Ship or Vessel in the said Harbour coming Coastwise from any Port in this Kingdom, from and after the said First Day of May, One thousand seven hundred and twenty five, for and during the Term of Fifteen Years aforesaid, the several Rates and Duties following, viz, For every Hogshead of Tobacco, Three Pence; For every Hogshead of Sugar, Six Pence; For every Tun of Wine, Brandy, or other Excisable Liquors, Two Shillings; For every Tun of Hemp or Flax, Eighteen Pence; For every Hundred of Deals, Eight Pence; For every Last of Pitch or Tar, Eight Pence; For every Tun of Iron, One Shilling; For every Tun of Raft or other Timber, Four Pence; For every Barrel of Herrings, One Peny; For every Pack of Linen, containing Two hundred Weight, computing One hundred and twelve Pounds to the Hundred, One Shilling, and proportionably for any greater or lesser Quantity of the said Goods and Merchandizes respectively; all which Duties shall be paid by the Merchant, or other Person, into whose Custody or Possession, or by whose Order the said Goods and Merchandize brought Coastwise, as aforesaid, shall be delivered.

to be paid by the Merchant.

Anno

Anno 11 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XVII.

An Act for Redeeming the Annuities of Twenty five thouſand Pounds *per Annum*, charged on the Civil Liſt Revenues, by an Act of the Seventh Year of his Majeſty's Reign; and for diſcharging the Debts and Arrears due from his Majeſty to his Servants, Tradeſmen, and others.

MOST Gracious Sovereign, Whereas by an Act of Parliament made and paſſed in the Seventh Year of your Majeſty's Reign, (Intituled, An Act for raiſing a Sum not exceeding Five hundred thouſand Pounds, by charging Annuities, at the Rate of Five Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, upon the Civil Liſt Revenues till redeemed by the Crown; and for enabling his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, (by cauſing ſuch a Deduction to be made, as therein is mentioned) to make good to the Civil Liſt the Payments, which ſhall have been made upon the ſaid Annuities; and for borrowing Money upon certain Lottery Tickets; and for diſcharging the Corporations for Aſſurances of part of the Money they were obliged to pay to his Majeſty; and for making good a Deficiency to the *Eaſt-India* Company) It was Enacted, That Yearly, and every Year, from and after the Feaſt of the Nativity of St. John Baptiſt, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty one, a certain Yearly Fund, to be computed after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum, per Annum, for and upon all the Annuities to be purchaſed on the ſaid Act, was and ſhould by force and virtue of the ſaid Act, be ſettled and eſtabliſhed, and be payable in the Manner and Form therein expreſſed and declared, for ſatisfying and diſcharging the ſame Annuities, from time to time, until the ſame ſhould be redeemed by Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the true Intent and Meaning of the ſaid Act; and that the ſaid Yearly Fund was and ſhould be charged, and chargeable upon, and be payable out of all the Revenues, Additional Revenues, Duties, and Branches whatſoever, ſettled or appointed for the Support of Your Majeſty's Houſhold, and the Honour and Dignity of the Crown, as well thoſe, which are Hereditary, as thoſe, which were granted during Your Majeſty's Life, and every of them, for and during the whole Term of Your Majeſty's Life, unleſs all the ſaid Annuities ſhould ſooner be compleatly redeemed, according to the Proviſo and Power of Redemption therein contained in that Behalf; and in caſe of your Majeſty's Demiſe before the compleat Redemption of all the ſaid Annuities, then the ſaid Yearly Fund was thereby charged upon the ſaid Hereditary Revenues, Duties, and Branches, and every of them, until the compleat Redemption of all the ſaid Annuities: And by the ſaid Act it was Enacted, That any Perſon or Perſons might contribute, advance, and pay to the Perſon, and in the manner therein mentioned, any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Five hundred thouſand Pounds, for the Purchaſe of any Annuity or Annuities, to commence from the ſaid Feaſt of the Nativity of St. John Baptiſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty one, to be paid and payable to ſuch Contributor or Contributors, his, her, or their Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns reſpectively, until the ſame ſhould be redeemed according to the Proviſoes, and Power of Redemption therein after contained; which Annuities ſhould be computed after the Rate of Five Pounds per Annum for every One hundred Pounds, and proportionably for any greater Sum ſo to be advanced or paid, and the ſame ſhould be payable Quarterly, in manner as therein is mentioned; and by the ſaid Act, amongſt divers other Clauſes and Things therein contained, it was Enacted, That all the Mo-

Preamble, reciting the Civil Liſt Act 7 Geo. cap.

nies

nies to be contributed on the ſaid Act, ſhould be deemed, reputed, and taken to be One Joynt Stock, on which the ſaid Annuities ſhould be attending, and that the ſame ſhould be Transferrable at the Bank of England: And it was thereby provided, That it ſhould be lawful for your Majeſty, your Heirs and Succeſſors, at any Time, upon one Quarter of a Years Notice, to be given in manner as by the ſaid Act is directed, to redeem the ſaid Annuities, and every of them, by paying to the then Proprietors of the ſame Annuities the Conſideration or Purchaſe-Money, which was originally paid for the ſame; and all Arrearages of the ſaid Annuities, which ſhall be incurred till the Time of ſuch Payment, to be made at the then next enſuing Quarterly Feaſt-day; and that from and after ſuch Payment made, or reſerving Money in the Exchequer to make ſuch Payment on demand, then, and not till then, the ſame Annuities, and every of them, ſhould from thenceforth ceaſe and determine, and the ſaid Revenues ſhould be diſcharged of, from, and againſt the ſame: And to the End your Majeſty, your Heirs and Succeſſors, might be enabled to reimburſe your Self, or themſelves, ſuch Sum and Sums of Money, as in purſuance of the ſaid Act ſhould be iſſued out of the Civil Liſt Revenues, for or towards Payment of the ſaid Annuities, or for or towards the Redemption thereof, it was thereby further Enacted, That it ſhould and might be lawful for your Majeſty, your Heirs and Succeſſors, to cauſe a Deduction to be made, not exceeding Six Pence in the Pound, out of all Monies which, from and after the Firſt Day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty one, ſhould be paid for or upon all Penſions and Annuities, charged upon any of the ſaid Hereditary or Temporary Duties, and for and upon all Salaries, Fees and Wages, payable for or in reſpect of Offices of Profit, granted by, or derived from the Crown, and for and upon all other Payments from the Crown whatſoever, or for or upon any Arrearages of them, or any of them, incurred or to be incurred, (the Pay of Commiſſion and Non-Commiſſion Officers, and private Men ſerving in the Navy or Army, only and always excepted) the ſame Deductions to be made for the Uſe of your Majeſty, your Heirs and Succeſſors, for the Benefit of your or their Civil Government, ſo long as the ſaid Annuities ſhould, by virtue of the ſaid Act, be payable out of the Revenues charged therewith, as aforeſaid, and until the ſame Annuities ſhould be redeemed, purſuant to the ſaid Act, as by the ſaid Act, (amongſt divers other Clauſes and Proviſoes therein contained) relation being thereto had, more fully and at large it doth and may appear: And whereas in purſuance of the ſaid Act, the ſaid whole Sum of Five hundred thouſand Pounds hath been advanced or contributed, and the Annuities attending thereon, and charged on the ſaid Civil Liſt Revenues, amount to the Yearly Sum of Twenty five thouſand Pounds; and whereas the ſaid Sum of Five hundred thouſand Pounds, ſo contributed on the Credit of the ſaid Act, was not ſufficient for anſwering the Purpoſes intended by the ſaid Act, by diſcharging all the Arrears then due to your Majeſty's Servants, Tradeſmen, and others, by means whereof, and of ſeveral extraordinary Expences ariſen ſince the making of the ſaid Act, divers Arrears of Salaries, Wages, Diet-Monies, and other Allowances, and ſundry Debts for Emptions, Proviſions, and other Cauſes, ſtill remain due to your Majeſty's Servants, Tradeſmen, and others, amounting to a very conſiderable Sum in the whole: Now your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament aſſembled, being deeply ſenſible of the Bleſſings they enjoy under your Majeſty's Wiſe and happy Government, and being deſirous, not only that your Majeſty may partake of the Benefit of the preſent happy State of the Publick Credit, but alſo that your Majeſty, in the Adminiſtration of your Civil Government, may not remain under any Difficulties in reſpect of the Arrears or Debts contracted, as aforeſaid, and being therefore deſirous that a Sum, not exceeding One Million of Pounds Sterling, may be raiſed, to enable

your Majesty, as well to redeem the said Annuities of Twenty five thousand Pounds per Annum, as to discharge the said Debts and Arrears, do for that End and Purpose most humbly pray your Majesty, that it may be Enacted; And be it Enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, at any Time or Times, on or before the Four and twentieth Day of December, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and twenty five, by such Proportions at a time, as they respectively shall find to be most for his Majesty's Advantage, to prepare or make, or cause to be prepared and made, at the Receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer, in such Method and Form, as they shall think most convenient, any Number of New Exchequer Bills, so as all the Principal Sums, to be contained in such New Exchequer Bills, do not in the whole exceed the Sum of One Million of Pounds Sterling; and that such New Bills shall bear an Interest not exceeding Two Pence per Cent. per Diem, and proportionably for any greater or lesser Sum to be contained therein, and to be payable to the Bearers thereof respectively: Nevertheless, the said Interest shall be abated and saved upon such of the said Bills to be made forth by this Act, as shall at any Time or Times be in the Receipt of the Exchequer, or in the Hands or Power of any Receivers or Collectors of any Taxes, Aids, or Revenues whatsoever, payable to his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, during such Time and Times respectively, as such Bills shall be or remain in such Receipt, or in such Hands or Power, as aforesaid: And the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, and the said High Treasurer for the time being, are hereby respectively authorized and impowered to cause such New Bills, as shall be prepared by virtue of this Act, to be placed as so much Cash in the respective Offices of the Tellers, at the said Receipt of Exchequer; each and every of which Tellers shall be severally charged with the Proportions of the said Bills, which shall be so placed in his Office respectively.

Treasury may issue new Exchequer Bills, not exceeding 1,000,000 *l.*

at 2 *d per Diem* Interest.

Note, *Par.* 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12. of this Act are omitted to be Reprinted here, in regard the like Paragraphs which relate to Exchequer Bills are before Printed in this Book. *Vide* 9 *Geo.* cap. 5. *Par.* 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 22. Folio 715, 716, 717, 718, 720.

XIII. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Undertakers for circulating the Exchequer Bills to be made forth in pursuance of this Act, shall, from time to time, have the Use and Custody of One Part of all the Cheques, Indents, or Counterfoils of all such Exchequer Bills to be circulated or exchanged by them, from which the said Bills are or shall be cut, in order to prevent their being imposed upon by Counterfeit or Forged Bills; and that such Parts of the said Cheques, Indents, or Counterfoils shall be delivered back into the Exchequer, when the same Bills are to be cancelled and discharged.

Contractors to have one Part of the Cheques, Indents, or Counterfoils, to prevent Counterfeits:

XIV. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted, That, as often as any Interest upon the said Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, shall be demanded to be paid, by any Undertakers for circulating or exchanging the same, for the time being, they shall not be obliged to pay for such Interest to any lesser Sum than One Peny upon such Bill, in case a single Bill be produced for Payment, or for the Total of the Interest of such Bills, where Two or more shall be offered at one Time by the same Person; Any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Not obliged to pay Interest to a lesser Sum than a Peny.

XV. And

Treasury to contract with Persons to circulate these Bills,

XV. And for the better supporting the Currency of the said Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, and to the End a sufficient Provision may be made for circulating and exchanging for ready Money, from time to time, the said Bills, or such of them as shall, from time to time, remain undischarged, during such Time as they or any of them are to be current, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or the high Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, on his Majesty's Behalf, shall or may, from time to time, enter into any Contract or Contracts, for obliging any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, who will voluntarily undertake this Service, at his or their own Costs and Charges, to circulate and exchange, at some Publick Office in London or Westminster, for ready Money, from time to time, all such of the said Bills, which shall have been made forth by virtue of this Act, as shall be demanded at such Publick Office during the Time or respective Times of such Contract or Contracts, by paying, in ready Money, at their own Costs and Charges, upon every such Demand, or within Twenty four Hours after all the Principal Monies contained in every such Bill to be demanded, and the Interest which shall then be due thereupon, and so toties quoties, as often as any such Bill shall be demanded, the said Contractors or Undertakers, from time to time, upon exchanging every such Bill, taking in the Bill so exchanged for their own Use, and being allowed a Rate, or several Rates, not exceeding Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, as well for paying the said Interest at their own Costs, as also in Reward for their Service upon all the said Bills so undertaken to be circulated; which said Contract or Contracts shall be made in Writing, and registred in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer, and shall be made to endure for such Time and Times respectively, as shall be agreed by the Contractors.

at 3 *l. per Cent. per Ann.*

Contractors, after 24 *June*, 1725. may direct these Bills to carry a lower or higher Rate than 2 *d. per Diem*, by consent of the Treasury.

XVI. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That such Contractors (with the Consent and Approbation of the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the high Treasurer for the time being, and not otherwise) may, at any Time or Times after the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty five, by Writing, to be affixed upon the Exchange of London, and by Publication in the London Gazette, declare and direct, if they shall so see Cause and think fit, the said Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, or any Number or Part of them, to carry a lower or higher Rate of Interest, than the said Rate of Two Pence per Centum per Diem, for such Time or Times, as shall be mentioned in such Writing and Publication, as aforesaid. And for the greater Accommodation and Ease of paying the Bills, to be made forth by virtue of this Act, or any of them, to the Receivers and Collectors of the Publick Revenues, and into the Receipt of the Exchequer, the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the high Treasurer for the time being, have hereby Power, at the Request of such Contractors, to make forth, or cause to be made forth any of the said Exchequer Bills, without bearing any Interest, yet nevertheless, those Bills so made forth without bearing any Interest may, from time to time, be made to carry such Interest, as the said Contractors shall, by Writing, to be affixed upon the Exchange of London, and published in the London Gazette, signifie and declare in that Behalf.

Contractors not disabled from being Parliament Men, &c.

XVII. And it is hereby Enacted, That such Contractors, or any of them, shall not, for that Cause only, be disabled from being a Member or Members of Parliament, or be adjudged liable to be a Bankrupt or Bankrupts, within the Intent or Meaning of all or any the Statutes made against or concerning Bankrupts; Any Law, Statute, or Provision to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVIII. And

XVIII. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any Body Politick or Corporate shall become the Contractors or Undertakers for the circulating or exchanging such Exchequer Bills to be made forth, as aforesaid, such Body Politick or Corporate, shall continue and remain to be a Body Politick and Corporate during the Continuance of such their Contract or Undertaking; Any former Law or Provision to the contrary notwithstanding.

Body Corporate not disabled by reason of circulating these Bills.

XIX. And to the End the said Exchequer Bills, so to be made forth by virtue of this Act, may the better obtain a Currency during so long Time, as they or any of them shall be standing out uncancelled or undischarged, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that, for and during all the Time that the same Exchequer Bills, or any of them, shall be standing out uncancelled or undischarged, it shall and may be lawful to and for his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to continue the same Deduction of Six Pence in the Pound, to be made out of the several Payments, which in and by the afore recited Act were made liable to the same, in the same Manner, and subject to the same Provisoes and Savings, as by the same recited Act is directed concerning the same Deductions; and that all and every the same Exchequer Bills, to be made forth in pursuance of this Act, and the Principal, Interest, Premium, or Rate to grow due thereon, shall be, and are hereby charged and chargeable upon the Monies arisen, or to arise into the Exchequer, by or from the said Deductions, and also upon such Monies, as at any Time or Times, from and after the making forth of such Exchequer Bills, shall be or remain in the Receipt of Exchequer, arisen or to arise from all or any the Duties, Revenues, or Branches granted to his Majesty for the Support of his Houshold, and the Honour and Dignity of the Crown, as well those, which are hereditary, as those, which were granted during his Majesty's Life, and every of them, for and during the whole Term of his Majesty's Life (which God long preserve;) and from and after his Majesty's Demise, then upon all such Monies as from thenceforth shall grow due, and come into the Receipt of Exchequer, from the Hereditary Revenues, Duties, and Branches before mentioned (except such Part both of the Temporary and Hereditary Revenues, Duties, and Branches before mentioned, as are appropriated to any other particular Use or Uses, or granted or saved to any particular Person or Persons by any former Act or Acts of Parliament) and such Monies shall and may be issued for or towards taking in, circulating, discharging, or cancelling such Exchequer Bills, or any Interest, Premium, or Rate for the same, or any Charges or Expences in or about the same, as the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, shall from time to time direct or appoint.

So long as these Bills remain uncancelled, the Deduction of 6 d. *per* l. to continue.

These Exchequer Bills charged thereon, and on the Civil List.

XX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That whatever Sum or Sums of Money shall, from time to time, during his Majesty's Life, be issued or paid out of any the Revenues, Duties, or Branches granted to his Majesty for the Support of his Civil Government, for the Purposes before directed by this Act, in, about, or concerning the said Exchequer Bills, shall be deemed or reckoned to be Part of the Yearly Sum of Seven hundred thousand Pounds, payable out of the same to his Majesty, during his Majesty's Life.

The Sums issued out of the Civil List Revenue, about these Bills, to be deemed Part of the Yearly Sum of 700,000 l.

XXI. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the before recited Clause, or Power of deducting Six Pence in the Pound, shall not extend, or be construed to extend, to charge, or to enable his Majesty to charge the Annuities or Yearly Sums amounting to One hundred thousand Pounds per Annum, granted to his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, or his Trustees, during the joynt Lives of his Majesty and the said Prince, or the Annuities or Yearly Sums, amounting to Fifty thousand Pounds per Annum, granted to her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales, or to any Person or Persons in Trust for her,

Salvo for his Royal Highness, and his Princess.

to commence and take Effect immediately after the Decease of the said Prince, or any of the said Annuities or Yearly Sums so granted, with the above mentioned Deduction or Payment of Six Pence in the Pound, or any Part thereof; but that the same Annuities or Yearly Sums, and their Royal Highnesses respectively, and their respective Trustees, Treasurers, and Receivers General for the time being, in respect of the same, shall be free and clear of and from the said Deduction and Payment of Six Pence in the Pound; Any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

And for the Payments on Account of circulating these Bills.

XXII. Provided also, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to make any Payments out of the said Civil List Revenues, for or on Account of circulating, exchanging, or discharging the said Exchequer Bills, or any Interest, Premium, or Rate thereon, liable to the said Deduction of Six Pence in the Pound; but all such Payments shall be for ever absolutely discharged from the said Deduction, and from all other Fees to Officers, Taxes, or Impositions whatsoever.

500,000 *l.* to be applied for Redemption of the Annuities of 25,000 *l.* *per Ann.*

XXIII. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Sum of Five hundred thousand Pounds, Part of the said Sum not exceeding One Million, appointed to be raised by this Act, shall, assoon as conveniently may be consistent with the Provisoes or Powers of Redemption, contained in the said herein recited Act of Parliament, be issued and applied for or towards Redemption of the said Annuities of Twenty five thousand Pounds per Annum, and that from and after the Payment thereof, to or for the Use of the Proprietors of the said Annuities, such Annuities, or so much thereof, as shall be thereby redeemed, shall from thenceforth cease, determine, and be no longer payable; and that the Remainder of the said Sum, not exceeding One Million, which shall be raised by virtue of this Act, over and beyond what will be sufficient to redeem the said Annuities of Twenty five thousand Pounds per Annum, shall and may be issued and applied for or towards satisfying the said Debts and Arrears, and other Uses of his Majesty's Civil Government.

At *Michaelmas* Yearly, Exchequer to take an Account of all the Monies received of the Deductions of 6 *d. per l.*, &c.

XXIV. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That Yearly and every Year, during the Continuance of the said Exchequer Bills, or any of them, the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or the High Treasurer, or Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, shall, on the Feast Day of St. Michael the Archangel, in every Year, or within Ten Days after, cause a true and perfect Account in Writing, to be taken and attested by the proper Officers of all the Monies which shall in the preceding Year have been paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer, for or on Account of the said Deductions of Six Pence in the Pound, and how much thereof hath been applied, or will be necessary to be applied, for or towards the Interest, Premium or Rate on the said Exchequer Bills, or other necessary Charges in, about, or for circulating or exchanging the same; and in case it shall appear that on any such Feast Day, there shall be or remain in the Exchequer any Surplus arisen from the said Deductions, over and beyond what will satisfie such Interest, Premium, or Rate and Charges to that Time, such Surplusses shall be and are hereby appropriated, and shall be, from time to time, forthwith issued and applied, as far as the same will extend, for or towards the paying off the Principal Sums contained in such Exchequer Bills, and cancelling and discharging the same in a Numerical Course, beginning with Number (One,) and so on progressively, until all the said Bills shall be discharged.

XXV. And to the Intent that no Failure may happen in raising the said Sum of One Million, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in Case his Majesty shall think fitting not to make out any of the said Exchequer Bills, but to raise the said whole Sum of One Million by some other Method, or to make out Exchequer Bills only for a Part of the said Sum of One Million, and to raise the Remainder thereof by some other Method, then, and

in either of the said Cases, it shall and may be lawful for his Majesty, by Letters Patent to be made and passed at any Time or Times, on this Side or before the Twenty fourth Day of December, in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and twenty five, under the Great Seal of Great Britain, to limit, appoint, set apart, and appropriate, such Yearly Sum or Sums, as, computing the same after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum, per Annum, shall amount to an Annuity after that Rate for so much of the said Sum of One Million, as shall not be raised by Exchequer Bills, as aforesaid, to be issued and paid in such Manner and Form, and from such certain Day or Days, as in the said Letters Patents shall be expressed, declared, or directed, from time to time, until the same shall be redeemed by his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors; and that the said Yearly Sum or Sums so to be limited, set apart, and appropriated, is, are, and shall by virtue of this Act be charged and chargeable upon, and be payable out of all the said Revenues, Additional Revenues, Duties and Branches whatsoever, settled or appointed for the Support of his Majesty's Household, and the Honour and Dignity of the Crown, as well those which are Hereditary in the Crown, as those which were granted during his Majesty's Life, and every of them, for and during the whole Term of his Majesty's Life (which God long preserve) unless all the said Yearly Sum or Sums shall sooner be compleatly redeemed; and that the Sum and Sums of Money, which, from Time to Time, during his Majesty's Life, shall be issued or paid, for or upon the said Yearly Sum or Sums to be set apart, as aforesaid, shall be, and be deemed and reckoned Part of the Yearly Sum of Seven hundred thousand Pounds, granted to his Majesty for the Support of his Majesty's Household, and of the Honour and Dignity of the Crown: And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in Case of his Majesty's Demise before the compleat Redemption of all the said Yearly Sum or Sums to be set apart, as aforesaid, then the same Yearly Sum or Sums is, are, and shall by virtue of this Act be charged and chargeable upon, and be paid and payable out of the Hereditary Revenues, Duties, and Branches before mentioned, and every of them, until the compleat Redemption thereof; and that all the Payments for or upon the same Yearly Sum or Sums shall be made with Preference to all other Payments, which by this Act are, or which hereafter shall or may be charged upon the said Revenues, Duties, or Branches, or any of them.

His Majesty by Letters Patent made before 24 *Dec.* 1725. may appoint a Yearly Sum for an Annuity at 3 *l. per Cent.* till redeemed.

XXVI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for his Majesty by such Letters Patent, as aforesaid, to direct and appoint any Sum or Sums of Money to be raised upon the Credit of the said Yearly Sum or Sums to be set apart, as aforesaid, so as the Principal Sum or Sums so to be raised, do not, together with the Principal Sum to be contained in all the Exchequer Bills to be made forth, as aforesaid, exceed in the whole the Sum of One Million; and also to direct and appoint upon what Terms, by what Methods, and in what Manner and Form the same shall and may be raised and paid, and to authorize, permit, and impower any Person or Persons, Natives or Foreigners, Bodies Politick or Corporate (who are or shall be willing) to advance or contribute the same, or any Part thereof, and to direct and appoint how and in what Manner the said Yearly Sum or Sums to be set apart, as aforesaid, or any Shares or Proportions thereof, or the Payments out of the same shall be disposed, settled, alienated, or applied for the Satisfaction of the Persons, who shall advance or contribute any Sum or Sums on the Credit thereof, as aforesaid; and likewise to direct where, how, and in what Manner the Monies, which shall be payable to any Person or Persons out of the said Yearly Sum or Sums to be set apart, as aforesaid, or the Principal Sums to be repaid on the Redemption thereof, shall and may be, from time to time, transferred or assigned without Power of Revocation, with such further Powers, Directions, and Clauses to be inserted in the said Letters

His Majesty may direct the Sum to be raised on that Credit, &c.

ters Patent, as may best conduce to the effectual Settlement of the said Yearly Sum or Sums so to be set apart, as aforesaid, and the Satisfaction of the Contributors thereupon; and such Letters Patents so to be made and passed, and such Powers, Directions, and Clauses so to be contained therein, shall be firm, valid, and effectual in Law, according to the true Intent and Meaning thereof, and of this present Act; Any Law for Suppressing of Lotteries, or any Restriction in any other Act or Acts of Parliament, or any other Law, Statute, Matter, or Thing to the contrary notwithstanding.

These Yearly Sums how to be redeemed.

XXVII. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend to enable his Majesty to grant, aliene, or dispose of the said Yearly Sum or Sums to be set apart, as aforesaid, for any further or longer Time than until the same shall be redeemed by his Majesty, his Heirs, or Successors; but that it shall and may be lawful for his Majesty, in and by such Letters Patent, to direct and appoint in what Manner and Proportions, and upon what Notice the same, or any Part thereof, shall or may be redeemed by his Majesty, his Heirs, or Successors, so as the Principal Sum or Sums of Money to be paid or payable for the Redemption thereof, do not, in the whole, exceed the Principal or Original Sum or Sums, which shall be advanced or contributed on the Credit of such Letters Patent, according to the true Intent and Meaning hereof.

Officers not to take any Fee.

XXVIII. And be it hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the respective Officers or Persons in the said Receipt of Exchequer, who are, from time to time, to make any Payments out of the said Yearly Sum or Sums so to be set apart, pursuant to the Directions of such Letters Patents, as aforesaid, shall perform their respective Duty therein, without demanding or receiving, directly or indirectly, any Fee, Reward, or Gratuity for so doing, from the Party who is to receive such Money; and in case any such Officers or Persons shall take or demand such Fee, Reward, or Gratuity, or shall, contrary to the Directions to be contained in such Letters Patent, and the true Meaning of this Act, divert or misapply any of the Monies, which ought to be issued from the Receipt of the Exchequer, upon Account of the said Yearly Sum or Sums so to be set apart, as aforesaid, every such Officer or Person so offending shall be incapable of holding any Office or Place of Trust or Profit under his Majesty, his Heirs, or Successors, and shall also forfeit Treble Damages to the Party grieved, to be recovered with full Costs of Suit, by Action, Bill, Suit, or Information in any of his Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Privilege, Wager of Law, or more than One Imparlance shall be allowed.

Penalty.

The Money advanced on this Act to be Tax-free.

XXIX. And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That any Money to be advanced or contributed, or that shall be payable to any Person or Persons, or to any Corporation whatsoever, by virtue of such Letters Patents to be made and passed, as aforesaid, shall not be charged or chargeable with any Rates, Taxes, Duties, or Impositions whatsoever.

The Money arising from the Deductions to be issued, to reimburse the Yearly Sum set apart.

XXX. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That so much of the Money to arise or come into the Exchequer, by or from the said Deductions of Six Pence in the Pound, as shall be wanting or necessary to replace or reimburse such Sum or Sums of Money, as shall, from time to time, be issued or paid out of the said Receipt of Exchequer, for or on Account of such Yearly Sum or Sums so to be set apart, in or by such Letters Patent, as aforesaid, shall be, from time to time, issued or applied to replace and reimburse the same accordingly; Any Thing herein before contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Anno

Anno 11 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XXI.

A Clauſe in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors.

XXVI. PRovided always, That this Act ſhall not extend to diſcharge any Perſon out of Priſon, who ſhall ſtand charged with any Debt to his Majeſty, or charged and indebted to any One Perſon in the Sum of One hundred Pounds, beſides Intereſt and Coſts, unleſs by the Conſent of every ſuch Creditor, at whoſe Suit he ſhall ſtand charged in ſuch Sum, as aforeſaid. Debts to the Crown, and 100 *l.* to any one Perſon, not diſcharged.

Anno 11 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XXIX.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act to continue ſeveral Acts therein mentioned for preventing Frauds committed by Bankrupts; for Encouraging the Silk Manufactures of this Kingdom; for preventing the Clandeſtine Running of Goods; for making Copper Ore of the *Britiſh* Plantations an Enumerated Commodity; and for Explaining and Amending a late Act for more effectual Puniſhment of ſuch, as ſhall wilfully Burn or Deſtroy Ships.

II. AND be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Clauſes for Encouragement of the Silk Manufactures of this Kingdom, and for taking off ſeveral Duties on Merchandizes exported, contained in an Act made in the Eighth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, for Encouragement of the Silk Manufactures of this Kingdom, and for taking off ſeveral Duties on Merchandizes exported, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned, which ſaid Clauſes were to have Continuance for Three Years from the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty two, and to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be and are hereby continued from the Expiration thereof for and during the Space of Three Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament. Act 8 *Geo.* for encouraging Silk Manufactures, continued for 3 Years, *&c.*

III. And be it Enacted, That the Two laſt Clauſes (for the more effectual preventing Frauds and Abuſes in the ſaid Manufactures) contained in an Act made in the Ninth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, for Continuing ſome Laws, and Reviving others, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned, ſhall be of full Force, and ſhall be put in Execution accordingly. Two laſt Clauſes in Act 9 *Geo.* to be in Force.

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act, made in the Eighth Year of his Majeſty's Reign (Intituled, An Act to prevent the Clandeſtine Running of Goods, and the Danger of Infection thereby, and to prevent Ships breaking their Quarentine, and to ſubject Copper Ore of the Production of the *Britiſh* Plantations to ſuch Regulations, as other Enumerated Commodities of the like Production are ſubject) which Act was to Continue in Force for Two Years, from the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty two, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be and is hereby continued, from the Expiration thereof, for and during the Space of Three Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, except ſo much of the ſame Act, as relates to Ships or Veſſels performing Quarentine. Act 8 *Geo.* to prevent running of Goods, continued for 3 Years, *&c.* Exception.

Anno

Anno 11 GEORGII *Regis.*

CAP. XXX.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for more effectual preventing Frauds and Abuſes in the Publick Revenues; for preventing Frauds in the Salt Duties, and for giving Relief for Salt uſed in the Curing of Salmon and Codfiſh, in the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen, exported from that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*; for enabling the Inſurance Companies to plead the General Iſſue in Actions brought againſt them; and for Securing the Stamp Duties upon Policies of Inſurance.

Preamble.

Whereas, notwithſtanding the many good Laws, which have been made and paſſed for preventing of Frauds and Abuſes in his Majeſty's Duties of Exciſe, and other his Majeſty's Duties, which have been put under the Receipt and Management of the reſpective Commiſſioners of Exciſe in Great Britain, the ſeveral and reſpective Revenues, ariſing by and from the ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Duties, are very much leſſened by the Clandeſtine and Colluſive Importation of Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, and Strong Waters, Coffee, Tea, Cocoa-Nuts, and Chocolate, into this Kingdom of Great Britain, from Parts beyond the Seas, without Payment of any of the Duties by Law chargeable on the ſame, and the fair Dealers in the ſaid Commodities much prejudiced in their Trade therein: For Remedy whereof be it Enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty five, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Officers of his Majeſty's Revenue of Exciſe, or any of them, to go on board and enter into any Ship or Veſſel whatſoever, which ſhall be within the Limits of any of the Ports of this Kingdom, and to continue on board the ſame, and to Rummage and Search in like Manner, as the Officers of the Cuſtoms may now legally do, for all ſuch Arrack, Rum, Brandy, Spirits, or Strong Waters, or other Exciſeable Liquors whatſoever, and for all Coffee, Tea, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate and Cocoa-Paſte, and to Seize, for his Majeſty's Uſe, as well all ſuch of the ſaid Commodities, as ſhall be there found, as by the Laws thereunto reſpectively relating ſhall be forfeited, together with the Caſks, Bores, Cheſts, Bags, or other Package containing the ſame, and in like Manner to ſeize ſuch of the Commodities aforeſaid, every or any of them, as before due Entry thereof with the proper Officer or Officers, and without paying or ſecuring the Duties on the Importation thereof, ſhall be found unſhipping or unſhipped out of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, to be laid on Land, without Entry and Payment of the Duties due for the ſame reſpectively, together with the Caſks, Cheſts, Bores, Bags, or other Package whatſoever containing the ſame.

After 24 *June*, 1725. Officers of Exciſe may go on board Ships to ſearch for Brandy, &c. as Cuſtom Officers legally may, and if forfeited, may Seize,

and if ſuch Goods be found unſhipping or unſhipped before due Entry.

II. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any Officer or Officers for the ſaid Duty of Exciſe, ſhall have cauſe to ſuſpect that any Foreign Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, or Strong Waters, ſhall be fraudulently hid or concealed in any Place whatſoever, either entred for keeping the ſame, as aforeſaid, or not entred, with an Intent to Defraud his Majeſty of the Duties thereon, then and in ſuch caſe, if ſuch Place ſhall be within the Cities of London or Weſtminſter, or within the Limits of the Weekly Bills of Mortality, upon Oath made by ſuch Officer or Officers before the Commiſſioners of Exciſe for the time being,

Officer by Special Warrant may ſearch for Brandy, &c. fraudulently hid.

or

or any Two or more of them, or in case the same shall be in any other Part of Great Britain, upon Oath made by such Officer or Officers before One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County, Riding, Division, or Place, where such Officer or Officers shall suspect the same to be hid or concealed, setting forth the Ground of his or their Suspicion, It shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, or Justice or Justices of the Peace respectively, before whom such Affidavit or Affidavits shall be made, if he or they shall judge it reasonable, by Special Warrant or Warrants under his and their respective Hands and Seals, to authorize and impower such Officer or Officers by Day or by Night, but if in the Night-time, in the Presence of a Constable, or other lawful Officer of the Peace, to enter into all and every such Place or Places, where he or they shall so suspect such Foreign Brandy, Arrack Rum, Spirits, or Strong Waters shall be so fraudulently hid or concealed, and seize and carry away all such Foreign Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, or Strong Waters, which he or they shall then and there find so fraudulently hid and concealed, as forfeited, together with all the Casks or other Vessels and Things, wherein the same shall be contained; and if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall obstruct, oppose, molest, let or hinder any Officer or Officers of or for the said Duties, or any of them, in the doing, performing, or executing any of the Powers or Authorities by this Act given to such Officer or Officers, every such Person or Persons offending therein shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Obstructing such Officer forfeits 100 *l.*

III. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty five, no Arrack, Brandy, Rum, Spirits, or Strong Waters, whether British or Foreign, shall be sold, uttered, or exposed to Sale, either by Wholesale or Retail, but when the same shall be in some or One of the Warehouses, Storehouses, Rooms, Shops, Cellars, Vaults, or other Places, entered or to be entered in pursuance of an Act of Parliament made in the Sixth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, Intituled, An Act for preventing Frauds and Abuses in the Publick Revenues of Excise and Customs, Stamp Duty and House Money, on Pain of forfeiting all such Arrack, Rum, Spirits, and Strong Waters, which shall be so sold, uttered, or exposed to Sale, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, together with the Casks, Bottles, or other Vessels containing the same, over and above the Penalty of Forty Shillings per Gallon imposed for the said Offence by the said Act of the Sixth Year of his Majesty's Reign.

No Brandy, &c. to be exposed to Sale but in an entred Place.

IV. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty five, all and every Person and Persons whatsoever, who shall keep a Publick House, Shop, Cellar, or Warehouse, for selling of Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, or Strong Waters, and shall have in his, her, or their Custody, or in the Custody of any other Person or Persons, for his, her, or their Use, any Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, or Cocoa-Nuts, exceeding the Quantity of Six Pounds of any of the said Commodities, shall be deemed and taken to be Sellers and Dealers in the said Commodities within the Meaning of this and the said former Act for charging Inland Duties upon Coffee, Tea and Chocolate.

Sellers of Brandy, &c. having more than 6 lb. of Coffee, &c. to be deemed Dealers,

V. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty five, no Dealer in Tea, or Manufacturer or Dyer thereof, or pretending so to be, shall counterfeit or adulterate Tea, or cause or procure the same to be counterfeited or adulterated, or shall alter, fabricate, or manufacture Tea with Terra Japanica, or with any Drug or Drugs whatsoever, nor shall mix or cause or procure to be mixed with Tea any Leaves, other than Leaves of Tea, or other Ingredients whatsoever, on Pain of forfeiting and losing the Tea so counterfeited, adulterated, altered,

Adulterating Tea forfeits it, and 100 *l.*

tered, fabricated, manufactured, or mixed, and other Thing or Things whatsoever added thereto, or mixed or used therewith, and also the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Preamble.

VI. And whereas, by an Act passed in the Tenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, for repealing certain Duties therein mentioned, payable upon Coffee, Tea, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, and Cocoa-Paste, and for granting Inland Duties in lieu thereof, and for other Purposes therein mentioned, it was Enacted, that the Importer or Importers, Proprietor or Proprietors, of such Coffee and Tea, as were found in the Warehouses appointed by the Commissioners of the Customs for the Reception thereof, should, in One Month next after the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, or upon Delivery thereof out of the said Warehouses, before the Expiration of the said Month, make an Entry at the Custom-House of all such Coffee and Tea so found, and pay or secure the remaining Customs or Duties due thereon, or, on Failure thereof, that all such Coffee and Tea should be forfeited and lost, and in case such Coffee and Tea, or any Part thereof, should be exported within the Time allowed by Law for that Purpose, from the Importation thereof, the Exporter or Exporters should, on a proper Debenture, be entitled to draw back all the Duties paid on such Importation, or the Security for the same should be vacated (except Half of the Old Subsidy.) And whereas a considerable Quantity of Coffee and Tea was found in the said Warehouses, which had been there upwards of Three Years, and for which the remaining Duties were paid or secured according to the Directions of the said Act, Part of which Coffee and Tea hath been exported to Parts beyond the Sea, and some Doubts have arisen upon the making out of the Debentures for drawing back the Duties of such Coffee and Tea so exported, the Exportation of which Coffee and Tea not being by Law restrained to any particular Time; for obviating of which Doubts Be it Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That the Exporters of all such Tea and Coffee, as have been exported since the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, or shall be exported before the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty six, are and shall be entitled to draw back the respective Duties so paid or secured for the same (except Half of the Old Subsidy;) any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Warehoused Coffee, &c. exported since 24 *June*, 1724. or to be exported before 25 *March*, 1726. draws back all the Duties, except Half of the Old Subsidy.

VII. And whereas great Quantities of Tea, imported into Flanders, Holland, and other Parts beyond the Seas, directly from the East-Indies, by Foreigners, are from thence imported into this Kingdom, on Pretence that such Tea was formerly exported from hence, to the great Prejudice of the Trade and Navigation of this Kingdom, and to the great Discouragement and Loss of the fair Importers of the said Commodity from the Place of its Growth, Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty five, no Tea whatsoever shall be imported into this Kingdom from any Place whatsoever, other than from the Place of its Growth, although the same may have been formerly exported from hence, or upon any other Pretence whatsoever, on Pain of Forfeiture of all such Tea; One Moiety whereof shall be to the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs, and Successors, and the other Moiety to the Use of such Person and Persons, as shall seize and sue for the same; any Law, Statute, Custom, or Usage to the contrary whatsoever notwithstanding.

Tea imported but from the Place of its Growth, on any pretence, forfeited, $\frac{1}{2}$ to the King $\frac{1}{2}$ to the Seizor.

IX. And whereas, in Order to increase the Weight of roasted Coffee, whereby to defraud and impose upon such as buy the same, divers evil disposed Persons, at the Time or Times of Roasting such Coffee, or soon after, or before the Selling thereof, do use or mix, or cause to be used or mixed therewith, or do add or cause to be added thereto Butter, Lard, Grease, Water, or other Materials, whereby such Coffee is rendred less wholsome, to the Prejudice of

of the Health of his Majesty's Subjects, and to the Loss and Injury of all honest and fair Dealers therein; For Preventing whereof be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty five, no Person or Persons whatsoever, either in Roasting, or soon after the Roasting, or before Selling thereof, shall, in Order to increase the Weight of such Coffee, use or add thereto, or mix therewith, any Butter, Lard, Grease, Water, or other Materials whatsoever, on Pain of Forfeiting, for every such Offence, the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if any Trader or Dealer in Coffee shall knowingly buy or sell any Coffee so mixed, or to which such Addition shall be made, every such Trader or Dealer shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Penalty on Roasters of Coffee, mixing Butter, &c. therewith, 100*l.*

X. And whereas several Dealers in Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, and Strong Waters, Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa-Nuts, in Order to secure Quantities of the said Commodities, which have been clandestinely imported without paying any of the Duties by Law charged thereupon, from being seized, as forfeited for such clandestine Importation thereof, do frequently take out Permits from the Officer or Officers for the said Duties upon Coffee, Tea, and Chocolate, Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, and Strong Waters, for the Removing of the said Commodities from one Place to another, but in reality do not remove the Commodities from the respective Places they are authorized by such Permit, to remove the same to the respective Places they are by such Permit authorized to carry the said Commodities unto, but make Use of such Permits for securing the like Quantity of Commodities mentioned in such Permits, which have been clandestinely imported, from being seized, as forfeited for such clandestine Importation; For Remedy whereof, be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty five, if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall take out any Permit or Permits from the Officers employed in the said Duties, or any of them, for Removing of any of the said Commodities from one Place to another, and if, within the Times limited in such Permit or Permits respectively, the Party or Parties, by or for whom such Permit or Permits shall be so taken out, shall not either actually and really send away all the Commodities by such Permit or Permits authorized thereby to be sent away, pursuant to the true Intent and Meaning thereof, or, in Default of so sending away such Commodities, shall not, before the Expiration of the Time limited in and by such Permit and Permits, respectively, return such Permit and Permits to the Officer or Officers, from whom the same was had, then, and in every such respective Case and Cases, the Person or Persons taking out such Permit or Permits, or for whose Use such Permit or Permits shall be taken out, shall, for every Gallon of Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, and Strong Waters, and for every Pound Weight of Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa-Nuts, mentioned in such Permit or Permits, and not removed according to the Purport thereof, forfeit and lose Treble the Value thereof, to be estimated according to the highest Rate of the like Commodities, at the Time when such Forfeiture shall be incurred; and if such Permit or Permits are not so returned, as aforesaid, and in Case, upon taking an Account by any of the Officers for the said Duties upon Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, and Strong Waters, and for the said Inland Duties of the Stock of the Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa-Nuts remaining in the Hands or Custody of the Person or Persons, from or out of whose Stock the Commodities, mentioned in such Permit or Permits, as aforesaid, are thereby authorized to be removed, there shall not appear a sufficient Decrease to answer the Removal of the Commodities mentioned in such Permit or Permits, as aforesaid, respectively, then, and in such Case, the respective Person or Persons, from or out of whose Stock the said Commodities mentioned in the said Permit or Permits shall be

Penalty for taking out Permits, and not sending away the Commodities in the Time limited,

or not returning the Permits, Treble the Value.

If there does not appear a sufficient Decrease to answer the Removal, Officer to seize a like Quantity of the Brandy, &c.

authorized to be removed, shall forfeit and lose the like Quantities of the respective Commodities, so permitted to be removed, and not removed according to such Permission, to be seized and taken by the Officers for the said respective Duties, for his Majesty's Use, out of the like Commodities then in the Possession of the Person or Persons forfeiting the same: Provided always, that no Person or Persons whatsoever shall demand, take, or receive, any Permit or Permits from any Officer or Officers for the said respective Duties, for the Removal of any of the said Commodities from one Place to another, without the special Direction, in Writing, of the Person or Persons, or the known Servant or Servants of the Person or Persons, from or out of whose Stock the said Commodities are to be removed, upon Pain of forfeiting for every such Offence therein the Sum of Fifty Pounds, or, in default of the Payment thereof, shall suffer Imprisonment for and during the Space of Three Months, without Bail or Mainprize.

No Permit for Removal, but by Direction of him, from whose Stock Commodities are to be removed.

Penalty 50 *l.* or Imprisonment.

XI. And whereas by the Act, whereby the said Inland Duties on Coffee, Tea, and Chocolate are granted, several Oaths and Affirmations are appointed to be administred to the Sellers of and Dealers in the said Commodities, relating to their Trade therein, and the Entries by them made with the Officers for the same Duties, for better securing the same; and whereas it hath been observed, that in some Instances, where such Oaths and Affirmations by the said Act are to be taken and made by such Sellers and Dealers, yet many of them neglect or refuse to take the same, insisting, that by the said Act no Persons are expressly authorized to administer the same unto them; For Remedy whereof be it further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for such Person or Persons, as the Commissioners for the said Inland Duties for the time being, or the major Part of them in that behalf shall appoint, from time to time, to administer the said Oaths and Affirmations to the Sellers and Dealers, who do or shall reside within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, and to and for the Collectors and Supervisors of Excise in all other Parts of Great Britain, to administer the said Oaths, and to take Affirmations from the respective Sellers and Dealers in any of the said Commodities, within their respective Collections and Districts.

Commissioners to appoint Persons to administer the Oaths to Dealers in these Commodities.

XII. Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the said Inland Duties, or any Two or more of them for the time being, within the respective Jurisdiction of the said Commissioners, or Justice or Justices of the Peace, upon any Officer or Officers for the said Inland Duties making Complaint, upon Oath, to such Commissioners, or Justice or Justices of the Peace respectively, that he or they do suspect any Dealers in the said Commodities not to have made true and just Entries in the Books, which he, she, or they, are obliged, in pursuance of the said Act, to keep for that Purpose, of such of the said Commodities, as he, she, or they, from time to time, sell or deliver out or consume, in which Oath shall be set forth the Causes of such Suspicion to summon such suspected Person or Persons to appear before the said Commissioners, or Justice or Justices of the Peace respectively, with their respective Entry-Books, aforesaid, to the Intent that such Commissioners, or Justice or Justices of the Peace respectively, may examine such suspected Person or Persons, or such as keep the said Book or Books, upon his, her, or their Oaths or Affirmations, touching the Truth of the Entries made in their said Books; and any such Dealer in Coffee, Tea, or Chocolate, who shall neglect or refuse to make such Oaths or Affirmations, as are by the said last mentioned Act required, and by this present Act appointed to be administred, as aforesaid, being thereunto required by the respective Person or Persons, who by this Act is and are authorized to administer the same, or shall neglect or refuse to attend such Summons, as aforesaid, with his, her, or their respective Entry-Books, and be examined upon Oath, as aforesaid, touching the

On Officers Complaint, Commissioners or Justices to summon suspected Persons to produce their Books of Entry, on Oath.

Refusing so to do forfeits, 20 *l.*

the

the Truth of the Entries made in their reſpective Entry-Books, then, and in every ſuch Caſe or Caſes, the Perſon or Perſons offending therein, or either of them, ſhall, for each and every of ſuch Offence, forfeit and loſe the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XIII. And whereas in and by the ſaid Act of Parliament, whereby the ſaid Inland Duties on Coffee, Tea, and Chocolate are granted, it is Enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhould at any time Counterfeit or Forge, or cauſe to be Counterfeited or Forged, the Mark, Stamp, Impreſſion, or Device, which by the ſaid Act of Parliament is directed to be provided and made uſe of on the Paper incloſing each Pound of Chocolate, in purſuance of that Act, or ſhould vend or ſell ſuch Chocolate with ſuch counterfeit Mark, Stamp, Impreſſion, or Device thereon, knowing the ſame to be Counterfeit, then every ſuch Perſon or Perſons offending therein, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and loſe the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, and alſo ſhould be committed to the next County Goal, there to remain for the Space of Twelve Months without Bail or Mainprize: And whereas the Commiſſioners for the ſaid Inland Duties having, purſuant to the ſaid Act, provided ſuch Marks, Stamps, Impreſſions, and Devices, for the ſtamping and marking Papers incloſing ſuch Chocolate; And whereas ſuch Chocolate, as, purſuant to the ſaid Act, has been duly entred with the proper Officer, and for which the ſaid Inland Duties have been charged or paid, has, from time to time, been incloſed in ſuch Paper and Papers, having on it and them the Impreſſion of ſuch Marks or Stamps ſo provided, as aforeſaid; And whereas, after ſuch Papers, having on them the Impreſſion of ſuch Marks or Stamps, have been taken from ſuch Chocolate, as has been ſo duly entred, and for which the ſaid Duties have been duly charged or paid, the ſame Paper or Papers, having on it or them the Impreſſion of ſuch Mark or Marks, Stamp or Stamps, have been fixed unto, placed upon, and made uſe of to incloſe other Chocolate, which has not been duly entred, and for which the ſaid Inland Duties have not been duly charged or paid, whereby his Majeſty has been and is as much and as effectually Defrauded of and in his ſaid Inland Duties on ſuch Chocolate, as if the Actors in ſuch Fraud had counterfeited and forged a Stamp or Stamps, Mark or Marks, to reſemble ſuch Marks or Stamps ſo as aforeſaid provided by the ſaid Commiſſioners: For Remedy whereof, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if and in caſe, from and after the ſaid Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty five, any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall, upon any Chocolate, which has not been duly entred with the proper Officer, and for which the ſaid Inland Duties have not been duly charged or paid, fix or place ſuch Paper or Papers, having on it or them the Impreſſion of ſuch Mark or Marks, Stamp or Stamps, or ſhall in ſuch Paper or Papers incloſe ſuch Chocolate, as hath not been duly entred with the proper Officer, and for which the ſaid Inland Duties have not been duly charged or paid, with Intent to Defraud his Majeſty of the ſaid Inland Duties, for and in reſpect of ſuch Chocolate, that then, and in every ſuch Caſe, every Offender therein ſhall be ſubject and liable to the Penalties and Forfeitures, which by the ſaid Act, made in the Tenth Year of his ſaid Majeſty's Reign, are ſet and impoſed upon Perſons for counterfeiting or forging the Stamp or Stamps, Mark or Marks provided, or which ſhall hereafter be provided by the Commiſſioners for the ſaid Inland Duties for the time being, and as if ſuch Offender or Offenders had actually forged or counterfeited ſuch Stamp or Stamps, Mark or Marks.

Fixing Papers with the Stamps on Chocolate, that has not paid Duty, is 500 *l.* Penalty, and Impriſonment.

XIV. And whereas it often happens, that after Chocolate is made up for Sale, and duly ſtamped, as the Law directs, it receives Damage by lying by, or otherwiſe becomes unfit for Sale, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Owner of ſuch ſtamped Chocolate, in the Preſence of an Officer of Excile for the Diviſion, or Place where ſuch Chocolate ſhall be, to open the ſaid Chocolate ſo made and ſtamped, as aforeſaid, and to deliver the ſaid Stamps to the ſaid Officer, and to work

Damaged Chocolate to be reſtamped.

the ſame Chocolate over again with freſh Cocoa-Nuts, and that ſuch Owner ſhall be allowed to have the Chocolate reſtamped, paying the Inland Duty for ſo much Chocolate, as ſhall be added and uſed in the New working the ſame, and no more.

On reworking Chocolate Proof to be made that the Duties have been paid, &c.

XV. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Perſons whatever, who ſhall work their Chocolate over again, ſhall make Proof before the Commiſſioners of the Inland Duties, or the major Part of them, in caſe the ſame ſhall be worked over again within the Limits of the Bills of Mortality, or in caſe the ſame ſhall be worked over again out of the ſaid Limits, before any Two or more of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the County, Diviſion, Town or Place, where ſuch Chocolate ſhall be ſo worked, that all and every of his Majeſty's Duties for the Cocoa-Nuts, wherewith ſuch Chocolate was made, and for what Cocoa-Nuts ſhall be added thereunto in the reworking thereof, have been duly and fully paid, and that all the ſaid Chocolate ſo to be reworked and reſtamped had been duly entred with the proper Officers appointed for that Purpoſe; and, upon Failure of ſuch Proof to be made, it ſhall in no wiſe be lawful to rework and reſtamp the ſame.

Harbouring, keeping, or concealing Goods prohibited, Run or liable to Duties, forfeits the Goods and Treble Value.

XVI. And for the more effectual diſcovering and deteſting the running of any Goods, Merchandizes, and Commodities whatſoever, which are either prohibited to be imported, or which are liable to any Duty or Duties of Cuſtoms and Exciſe, and Inland Duty or Duties, or to any or either of them, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe, from and after the ſaid Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty five, any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall knowingly harbour, keep, or conceal, or ſhall knowingly permit or ſuffer to be harboured, kept, or concealed, ſuch prohibited Goods, or run Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, or Commodities whatſoever, liable to any Duty or Duties of Cuſtoms, Exciſe, and Inland Duties, or to any or either of them, the Party or Parties offending therein, whether he, ſhe, or they, have or have not, or do or do not claim or pretend to have any Property or Intereſt in ſuch Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, or Commodities ſo harboured, kept, or concealed, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and loſe all ſuch Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, and Commodities whatſoever, ſo harboured, kept, and concealed, and Treble the Value thereof.

The Value of Goods forfeited to be taken at the beſt Rate, the like Goods ſell for in *London*.

XVII. And it is hereby further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Single Value and Worth of ſuch Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, and Commodities whatſoever ſo forfeited, ſhall, from time to time, be deemed and taken to be, according to and at the Rate and Rates, Price and Prices, as the beſt Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, and Commodities of the like Sorts, Kinds, and Denominations do or ſhall, at ſuch reſpective time or times, bear and ſell for in London.

Prohibited or run Goods offered to Sale may be ſeized, by the Party to whom offered, or by any Officer of Cuſtom, or Exciſe.

XVIII. And for the better detecting and diſcovering the ſelling or expoſing to Sale any Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, or Commodities, which are or ſhall be prohibited, or which have been or hereafter ſhall be run, or ſhall be pretended ſo to have been, or to be, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe, from and after the ſaid Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty five, any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall offer or expoſe to Sale any Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, or Commodities whatſoever, which are or ſhall be prohibited, or which actually have been, or ſhall be, or ſhall, by the Party or Parties ſo offering or expoſing the ſame to Sale, be pretended to have been run, all ſuch Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, and other Commodities whatſoever, together with the Package whatſoever including and containing the ſame, ſhall be forfeited, and ſhall and may be ſeized by the Party or Parties, to whom the ſame ſhall be ſo offered or expoſed to Sale, or by any Officer or Officers of Cuſtoms or Exciſe; Provided, that within the reſpective Times next after ſuch Seizure herein after mentioned, that is to ſay, if ſuch Seizure ſhall be made in any Place or Places within the Limits of the

Weekly Bills of Mortality, then and in such Case, within the Space of Twenty four Hours, and if such Seizure shall be made in any other Place or Places out of the Limits of the Weekly Bills of Mortality, that then and in such Case, within the Space of Forty eight Hours next after such Seizure, such Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, and Commodities so seized, shall, from Time to Time, be put into, and be placed, lodged, and secured in Manner herein after mentioned, that is to say, If such Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, and Commodities are prohibited, or liable unto, or chargeable with only Duties of Customs, or Import Duties, and are not liable unto, or chargeable with any Excise, or Inland Duty or Duties, that then the same be put into, and be placed, lodged, and secured in some Warehouse or Warehouses belonging to his Majesty, under the Care and Management of some of the Officers of his Custom or Import Duties, near to the Place where the same shall be seized; and in case such Seizure be made at a Place too remote from any such Warehouse, the same shall be lodged in some Excise-Office near to the Place of such Seizure; but if such Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, or other Commodities be liable to any Excise, or Inland Duty or Duties, that then, and in such Case, the same, within the respective Times aforesaid, be put into, and be placed, lodged, and secured in some Office or Offices of Excise, or for the said Inland Duties, or other safe Place, under the Custody of some Officer or Officers of Excise, or for the said Inland Duties, near to the Place where the same shall be so seized, as aforesaid.

In what Warehouses such seized Goods shall be lodged, and in what Time.

XIX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Person and Persons whatsoever, so offering or exposing to Sale such Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, and Commodities, as aforesaid, over and besides the forfeiting such Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, and other Commodities, shall also forfeit and lose the Treble Value thereof, to be estimated in Manner as aforesaid.

Beside the Goods, the Person forfeits Treble Value.

XX. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the like prohibited or run Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes whatsoever, so, or as such, bought by any Person or Persons whatsoever, together with the Package containing the same, shall in like manner be forfeited, and shall and may be seized, and taken from such Buyer or Buyers thereof, either by the Seller or Sellers thereof, or by any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise; Provided that within the like respective Times, as are herein before limited and appointed, of and concerning Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, and Commodities to be seized from the Person or Persons exposing or offering thereof to Sale, such Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, and Commodities, so to be seized from such Buyer or Buyers thereof, be placed, lodged, and secured in the like Places respectively, and in the like Manner, and in the Custody of the like Persons respectively, as is before directed and appointed, of and concerning Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, and Commodities, seized or to be seized from the Person or Persons offering or exposing thereof to Sale.

Prohibited or Run Goods may be seized from the Buyer, by the Seller, or by any Officer of Customs, or Excise.

XXI. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in every Case, where any Person or Persons whatsoever shall buy any such prohibited or run Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, or Commodities whatsoever, or which, by the Seller, at the Time of selling, thereof, shall be pretended so to be either prohibited or run, he, she, or they so buying, over and besides the Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, and Commodities so bought, as aforesaid, shall also forfeit and lose Treble the Value thereof, to be computed and estimated in Manner, as aforesaid: Provided always, and it is hereby declared, That it is not meant or intended by this Act that, as well the Party or Parties buying, as also the Party or Parties selling, or offering, or exposing to Sale such Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, or Commodities, as aforesaid, shall, in any Case or Cases, both and each of them respectively forfeit or be prosecuted for the Treble Value of One and the same identical Parcel or Parcels

Buyer also forfeits Treble Value, besides the Goods.

Both Buyer and Seller not to be prosecuted for the same Goods.

Parcels of such Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, or Commodities, as aforesaid, but that the Party or Parties, whether Buyer or Seller of, or offering or exposing to Sale such Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, or Commodities, who with Effect shall first prosecute the other of the said Parties for such the Treble Value of such Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, or Commodities, shall, in every such Case and Cases, be and is hereby declared discharged, and acquitted of and from the like Forfeiting, or being prosecuted for or on Account of the Treble Value of every such respective Parcel and Parcels of Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes, or Commodities, for and on Account whereof the other Party or Parties shall be prosecuted with Effect: Provided always, that if, within One Month next after making such Seizure, as aforesaid, either by the Seller or Buyer, or by the Party or Parties, to whom such Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, or Commodities are or shall be offered or exposed to Sale, a Prosecution or Prosecutions is not commenced, and afterwards carried on, for the Adjudging and Determining of and concerning the Forfeiting or not Forfeiting of such Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, or Commodities, by the Party or Parties, as shall so seize the same, That then and in every such Case and Cases, the Warehouse Keeper, or Keeper of the Office of Excise or Inland Duties, or other Person or Persons, in whose Custody such Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, and other Commodities shall be lodged and secured, shall and may prosecute for the Forfeiture of such Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, and Commodities, as, after having been so lodged and secured, as aforesaid, shall not, within such Month next after such Seizure, be prosecuted for by the Party or Parties, who shall have seized the same.

If Prosecution be not commenced within One Month, Warehouse-keeper, &c. may prosecute the Goods.

XXII. And whereas, before and at the Time of the commencement of the Inland Duties upon Chocolate, granted by an Act made in the Tenth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, (Intituled, An Act for Repealing certain Duties therein mentioned, payable upon Coffee, Tea, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, and Cocoa-Paste imported, and for Granting certain Inland Duties in lieu thereof, and for Prohibiting the Importation of Chocolate ready made, and Cocoa-Paste, and for better Ascertaining the Duties payable upon Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa-Nuts, imported) there were, in his Majesty's Warehouses, under the Care and Custody of his Officers of Customs, several Quantities of Cocoa-Paste, and of Chocolate imported ready made, which had been seized for having been imported and landed without making due Entries and paying the Duties thereof; And whereas several other Quantities of Cocoa-Paste and Chocolate imported, and landed, and seized, since the Commencement of the aforesaid Act, and contrary thereto, already are and hereafter may be in such or the like Warehouses; And whereas One Moiety of the appraised Value of such Cocoa-Paste and imported Chocolate, when condemned in his Majesty's Courts of Exchequer, either at Westminster or in Scotland, or of the Rate and Price for which the same hath been or shall be bought at, in his said Majesty's said Courts respectively, doth and will belong to his Majesty, his Heirs, and Successors, and the other Moiety to the Party or Parties, who seized or hath bought the same, as aforesaid, but neither of the said Moieties can be raised, unless the same be sold and disposed of, which cannot be done without being liable to be seized a second Time, unless the same be inclosed in Paper, stamped or marked with the Stamp or Mark already provided, in Pursuance of the aforesaid Act; For Remedy whereof, Be it Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That, as for and concerning such Chocolate or Cocoa-Paste, as, in the Manner before mentioned, actually and really was in such Warehouse or Warehouses before the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, in case the respective Seizers or Buyers thereof do or shall respectively, on or before the Twenty fourth Day of July now next ensuing, enter the same with the respective Receiver or Collector of the Inland Duties of the Place and Places, where such respective Warehouse or Ware-

10 Geo. cap. 10.

Chocolate, &c. Warehoused before 24 *June*, 1724. and before 24 *July*, 1725. entred with the Inland Collector,

Gen. cap.

Warehouſes ſhall happen to be, and ſhall give to ſuch Receiver or Collector Satisfaction, that ſuch Chocolate or Cocoa-Paſte was actually and really in ſuch reſpective Warehouſe or Warehouſes on or before the ſaid Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty four, That then and in ſuch Caſe it ſhall and may be lawful to and for ſuch Receiver and Collector, and he and they reſpectively are hereby authorized and required, gratis, to give to ſuch Proprietor or Proprietors, under the Hand of ſuch Receiver or Collector, a Certificate and Certificates in Writting, ſpecifying and expreſſing the reſpective Quantities of ſuch Chocolate or Cocoa-Paſte, and the Time when, and the Warehouſe or Warehouſes from whence the ſame is intended to be taken, to the Intent, that by virtue of ſuch Certificate or Certificates, the reſpective Seizers or Buyers of ſuch Chocolate or Cocoa-Paſte may either carry the ſame to the next Office for the ſaid Inland Duties, there to be incloſed in Papers, ſtamped with the Stamp or Mark, purſuant to the ſaid Act appointed, provided, and uſed for Chocolate Stock in Hand, which it is hereby declared may, in ſuch Caſe, lawfully be done without Fee or Reward, or to have ſuch Chocolate or Cocoa-Paſte ſo to be delivered out, to be made up into Chocolate, after the Manner of making Chocolate in Great Britain, and that after the ſame ſhall be ſo made up, as aforeſaid, that then the ſame ſhall and may be incloſed in Papers, ſtamped with the like Stamp and Mark, purſuant to the aforeſaid Act, appointed and provided, and uſed for Chocolate Stock in Hand, which it is hereby further Declared, ſhall and may, in ſuch Caſe, be likewiſe lawfully done, without Fee or Reward, and without being charged with, or paying the Inland Duty for ſuch Chocolate or Cocoa Paſte, ſo to be delivered out by Virtue or Means of ſuch Certificate or Certificates, as aforeſaid; and as for and concerning ſuch other ſeized Chocolate or Cocoa-Paſte, which, ſince the ſaid Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty four, has been, or hereafter ſhall be brought into ſuch Warehouſe or Warehouſes, as aforeſaid, the Seizers or Buyers thereof reſpectively, upon his, her, or their entring the ſame with the Receiver or Collector of the ſaid Inland Duties of the Place and Places, where ſuch Warehouſe or Warehouſes ſhall happen to be, and his, her, or their paying, or cauſing to be paid, to ſuch Receiver or Collector, the ſaid Inland Duties for the ſame, at and after the Rate of One Shilling and Six Pence per Pound, and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity of ſuch Chocolate and Cocoa-Paſte, ſuch Receiver or Collector of the ſaid Inland Duties ſhall and is hereby authorized and required, gratis, to give to ſuch Seizers or Buyers a Certificate or Certificates in Writting under his Hand, ſpecifying and expreſſing therein the Quantity and Quantities of ſuch Chocolate and Cocoa-Paſte, and of the Time when, and the reſpective Warehouſe and Warehouſes from whence ſuch Chocolate or Cocoa-Paſte is to be taken, to the Intent that the ſame may be either incloſed in Papers ſtamped with the Mark or Stamp, purſuant to the ſaid Act appointed and provided, to denote the charging and paying of the ſaid Inland Duties, either before or after the ſame ſhall again be made up into Chocolate in the manner now uſed in Great Britain.

he is to give a Certificate of the Quantity, &c.

that it may be ſtamped, &c.

Chocolate warehouſed ſince 24 *June*, 1724. entred with Inland Collector, and Duty paid,

on Certificate,

may be ſtamped.

XXXII. And whereas, notwithſtanding the Act made in the Sixth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, Intituled, (An Act for Preventing Frauds and Abuſes in the publick Revenues of Exciſe, Cuſtoms, Stamp-Duties, Poſt-Office, and Houſe-Money) great Difficulties have frequently ariſen upon the Tryal of divers Actions, and other Proſecutions, concerning his Majeſty's Revenue, or for Reſiſting or Obſtructing the Officers thereof in the Execution of their Offices, by requiring ſtrict Proof of the Commiſſions, Deputations, or other Authorities of ſuch Officers; For Remedy thereof be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty five, if, upon the Tryal of any Information,

6 Geo. cap. 21.

If on Tryal of an Information relating to the Customs, Excise, &c. any Question arise whether the Person be an Officer of the Duties,

formation, Action, or Suit whatsoever, relating to his Majesty's Customs or Excise, or the Duties upon Salt, or to any other Duties whatsoever, or to any Seizure or Seizures, Penalty or Penalties, Forfeiture or Forfeitures, touching or concerning the said Duties, or any of them, or the Collection thereof; or, if upon the Tryal of any Indictment, Action, Suit, or Prosecution whatsoever, against any Person or Persons, for any Thing done by Virtue or in Pursuance of any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the said Duties, or any of them; or, if upon the Tryal of any Information or Indictment for Assaulting, Resisting, or Obstructing any Officer or Officers of the Customs, Excise, or Duties upon Salt, or other Duties due and payable to his Majesty, in the Execution of his or their respective Office or Offices, or for Rescuing any Goods or Merchandizes, seized or to be seized by any such Officer or Officers, any Question shall arise, whether any Person be an Officer of his Majesty, his Heirs, or Successors, of or for any of the said Duties, in every of the said Cases, Proof shall and may be made and admitted, that such Person was reputed to be, and had acted in, and in fact exercised such Office, and at the respective Time and Times, when the Matter or Matters in Controversy upon such Tryal or Tryals shall happen to have been done or committed, or omitted to have been done or performed, without producing or proving the particular Commission, Deputation, or other Authority, whereby such Officer was constituted and appointed, and that in every such Case such Proof shall be deemed and taken by the Judges or Justices, before whom any such Tryal shall be had, to be good and legal Evidence, unless by other Evidence the contrary shall be made to appear; Any Law or Usage to the contrary hereof notwithstanding.

Proof shall be admitted that he was reputed to be such Officer, without producing or proving the Commission, &c.

Exception.

How these Penalties shall be sued for, and divided.

XXXIX. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, by this Act before imposed, of and concerning the suing for, recovering, and dividing whereof other Directions are not herein given, shall be sued for, recovered, levied, or mitigated by such Ways, Means and Methods, as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture is or may be sued for, recovered, levied, or mitigated by any Law or Laws relating to his Majesty's Revenues of Excise, or any of them, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any of his Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, for or on account of any thing done or omitted to be done contrary to this Act, in the Part and Parts of Great Britain called England, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, for or on account of any thing done or omitted to be done contrary to this Act, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland; and that one Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty, and Forfeiture, shall be to the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety thereof to him or them that shall sue or inform for the same.

Recital of the Act 5 *Geo.* relating to the *British* Fishery.

XLI. And whereas, by an Act made and passed in the Fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign (Intituled, An Act for recovering the Credit of the *British* Fishery in Foreign Parts, and for better securing the Duties on Salt) it is, among other Things, Enacted, That, at the End of every Fishing Season the Officer for the Duty on Salt shall take a particular Account of the Quantities of Foreign and British Salt respectively remaining in hand, which remaining Salt shall be immediately locked up in the joint Custody of the Officer and Proprietor or Proprietors, his or their Agent or Agents, and the said Proprietor or Proprietors, his or their Agent or Agents of the said Salt, using the said Salt, shall as soon as possible after the End of every Fishing Season, deliver an Account in Writing into the said Office for the Duty on Salt, containing the Quantity of Fish exported and entred, or shipped to be exported, on which the Salt taken away after its Delivery into the sole Custody of the said Proprietor or Proprietors, his or their Agent or Agents, has been used or consumed, together with a Certificate or Certificates, by the proper Officers of the several Ports, where the

the ſaid Fiſh were ſhipped for Exportation, verifying the ſaid Account, which Certificates the ſaid Officers are thereby directed to give, gratis; which ſaid Account delivered into the ſaid Office, as aforeſaid, ſhall be affirmed by the Oath of the ſaid Proprietor or Proprietors uſing the ſaid Salt, as aforeſaid, or his or their Agent or Agents, who have uſed the ſame, and ſhall remain in the ſaid Office, to the End that the Quantity of Fiſh Cured for Exportation, and the Quantity of Salt uſed in Curing the ſaid Fiſh, may, from time to time, appear upon Oath, and be compared together; and in caſe any of the ſaid Salt ſhall be delivered over to any other Perſons, and uſed by them in Curing of Fiſh, the ſeveral Quantities of Salt ſo delivered over ſhall be expreſſed in the ſaid Account, and each Perſon, to whom ſuch Salt ſhall be ſo delivered, or his Agent, ſhall likewiſe upon Oath make another Account of the particular Quantity of ſuch Salt uſed by each of them in the Curing of Fiſh ſo exported or ſhipped for Exportation, as aforeſaid, which ſaid Account, together with proper Certificates, as aforeſaid, ſhall likewiſe be tranſmitted into the Office aforeſaid, there to remain for the Purpoſes above mentioned; but if ſuch Proprietor or Proprietors, his or their Agent or Agents, or any other Perſon or Perſons, to whom any Quantity of Salt ſhould be by them delivered over, as aforeſaid, ſhould, for the Space of Six Months after the End of every reſpective Fiſhing Seaſon, neglect or refuſe to deliver ſuch Account atteſted upon Oath, as aforeſaid, ſuch Proprietor or Proprietors, and ſuch other Perſon or Perſons, as aforeſaid, ſhould, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit Forty Pounds: And whereas, ſince the making of the ſaid Act, ſeveral Frauds and Abuſes, and many Inconveniencies have been diſcovered, whereby his Majeſty's Revenue, ariſing out of the ſaid Salt, has been very much leſſened, and the certain Quantity of Salt uſed in the Curing of Fiſh not any ways aſcertained, they, the ſaid Proprietors, at their Pleaſure, during the Fiſhing Seaſon, convert and diſpoſe of, for their own private Advantage, but in a ſecret Manner, great Quantities of Salt to Perſons unknown, who ſell the ſame, without paying any Duty for the ſame, or giving any Account thereof, as by the ſaid Act is required, by which Means the fair Trader alſo is underſold; Now, for Preventing for the Future, any Frauds, Imbezilments, or Miſapplications of any Salt, whether Britiſh or Foreign, and for avoiding all Diſputes and Controverſies, that may hereafter happen or ariſe between the Owners of Salt Works, Proprietors of Salt for Curing of Fiſh, and the Officers for the Duty on Salt, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty five, if any Proprietor or Proprietors of Salt, his or their Agent or Agents, ſhall deliver over to any Perſon or Perſons any Quantity of Salt, which he ſhall have received from the proper Officer or Officers, as aforeſaid, ſuch Proprietor or Proprietors, his or their Agent or Agents, ſhall, by Oath or otherwiſe, make it appear to the Satisfaction of the proper Officer or Officers, that ſuch Salt ſo parted with, or delivered over to any Perſon or Perſons, as aforeſaid, was by him or them uſed in Curing of Fiſh, according to the Intent and Meaning of the ſaid Act; and in Default thereof, every Proprietor or Proprietors, his or their Agent or Agents, ſhall be adjudged guilty of Imbezilment and Miſapplication of ſuch Salt, and ſhall for every ſuch Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds Sterling.

Proprietors delivering over any Salt to any Perſon, received from the Officer, to ſwear that it was uſed in Curing Fiſh.

Forfeiture 50 *l.*

XLII. And whereas by the ſaid recited Act it is further Enacted, that the preſent Allowances given by the Laws relating to the Duties on Salt, upon the Exportation of Fiſh cured with Foreign Salt, ſhould be no longer paid upon Fiſh Exported, from and after the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen, but that the Curers of Fiſh, from and after the ſaid Twenty fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen, ſhould and might Cure their Fiſh with Britiſh or Foreign Salt, without paying any Duty for the ſame, except the Cuſtoms

payable upon the Importation of Foreign Salt, and be intitled to have and receive upon the Exportation thereof such and no other Allowances, than are therein mentioned and appointed: And whereas the Time limited by the said Act for the Exportation of Fish cured with Foreign Salt, so as to be intitled to the Allowances then given, was too short, in respect that being the prime Season of the Salmon-Fishing, considerable Quantities of Salmon and Codfish were then in the Hands of several Curers of Fish in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, which they were under a Necessity to Cure with Foreign Salt, the Duties whereof were either paid, or secured to be paid; and whereas it may be just and reasonable, that the Curers and Proprietors of all such Fish, actually and really in hand on the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, legally and duly Cured with Foreign Salt, according to the several Acts of Parliament in that behalf, the Duties of which Salt were either paid, or secured to be paid, should be paid the same Allowances, and in the same manner, as if Exported on or before the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, Be it Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That the Barons of his Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Scotland, upon receiving a satisfactory Proof of what Quantities of Salmon and Codfish were actually and really in hand on the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, duly Cured with Foreign Salt, and legally exported, the Duties whereof have been either paid, or are secured to be paid, shall and may order and direct the proper Officers to make out Debentures to the Proprietors or Curers of such Fish, certifying the Allowances for the Fish contained in such Debentures to be the same as were payable before the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and to be paid in the same Manner.

Relief for Foreign Salt used in curing Salmon and Codfish in *Scotland* in 1719, and legally exported.

A LIST *of several* GOODS *not inserted* ALPHABETICALLY, *with* Directions, *where to find them*;

Old BOOK of Rates Inwards.

		Folio
Apples dried	*vide* Pears	lxxiv
Armillions	*vide* Fustians	xlvi
Bashrones	Battery	viii
Bellows for Children	Whistles	lxxxxiv
Birds of Stone	Whilstles	ibid
Blubber	Oil	lxviii
Bottoms for Sives	Hair Bottoms	liv
Bottom Thread	Pack Thread	lxx
Brass Old	Shruff	lxxxii
Brickstone	Earthen Ware	xxxviii
Callico Buckrams	*vide* Buggasine	xiv
Callico Cubbard Cloths	Pintadoes	lxxvi
Callivers	Guns	lii
Canary-seed	Alpisti	vi
Carmenia Wooll	Hair	liv
Catlins	Harpstrings	ibid
Catlins	Lutes-strings	lxvi
Chapes for Daggers	Lockers	ibid
Checks	Barbers Aprons	viii

China

		Folio
China Ware	*vide* Earthen Ware	xxxvii
Clapholt	Clapboard	xviii
Cocks	Whiſtles	lxxxiv
Copperas white or blue	Drugs	xxviii
Corn Powder	Gun Powder	lii
Corſlets	Harneſs	liv
Counters	Cabinets	xiv
Creepers of Latin	Andirons	vi
Cruel Ribband	Caddas	xiv
Curats	Harneſs	liv
ALmiet in Drugs	*vide* Orcant	xxxii
Auripigmentum	Orpment	ibid
French Grains	Grains of *Guinea*	xxx
Grana Pini	Nux Pini	xxxii
Gum Juniperi	Gumſandrake	xxx
Gum Seneca	Gum-Arabick	ibid
Gutta Gambæ	Cambogium	xxviii
Holiwortles	Bunkins	xxvi
Lapadonum	Labdanum	xxx
Limum	Argent Sublime	xxvi
Oil of Nutmegs	Oil of Mace	xxxii
Parroſin	Frankinſence	xxviii
Piſtolochia	Bumkins	xxvi
Prune of Brunolia	Prunello	xxxii
Rubea Tinctorum	Madder roots	xxx
Rubrum	Benaldum	xxvi
Stock	Saunders red	xxxiv
Succinum	Carabe	xxvi
Tinkull	Borax	ibid
Vermilion	Cinabrium	xxviii
EBony Wood	*vide* in E. and W.	xl & lxxxxvi
Emralds	Diamonds	xxiv
F*Landers* Tile	*vide* Earthen Ware	xxxviii
GAlly Tile	*vide* Earthen Ware	ibid
Gravers for Goldſmiths	Punſons	lxxviii
HAtchets	*vide* Axes	vi
Hogſheads Staves	Pipeſtaves	lxxviii
Hookends	Caphooks	xvi
JEwels	*vide* Diamonds	xxiv
Iron Doubles	Plates	lxxviii
KEttles	*vide* Battery	viii
LAmpblack	*vide* Blacking	x
Lamps	Braſs	xii
Laver Cocks	Braſs	ibid
Lemons	Oranges	lxx
Lile Grograins	Buffins	xiv
Lumber	Balks	viii
MAles	*vide* Andle's	vi
Mares	Horſes	lvi
Minikins	Luteſtrings	lxvi
Mocadoes	Buffins	xiv
Mohairs	Chamlets	xviii
Morians or Headpieces	Harneſs	liv
Muskets	Guns	lii
NEcklaces	*vide* Bracelets	xii

			Folio
Pantiles	*vide*	Earthen Ware	xxxviii
Paris Mantles		Blankets	x
Paving Tiles		Earthen Ware	xxxviii
Pearles		Diamonds	xxiv
Peſtles of Braſs		Mortars	lxviii
Pile weights		Braſs	xii
Pipe Holt		Boards	x
Pliers		Pincers	lxxvi
Puppets for Children		Babies	viii
Rattans	*vide*	Canes	xvi
Reeds		Canes	ibid
Ropes		Cordage	xxi
Rubies		Diamonds	xxiv
Serpentine	*vide*	Gunpowder	lii
Silver		Plate	lxxviii
Snaphances		Dags with Firelocks	xxiv
Spirits		Brandy	xiv
Sports		Baskets	viii
Stays for Books		Desks	xxiv
Straw Hats		Baſt	viii
Tenter-hooks	*vide*	Nails	lxviii
Timber of *Ireland*		Wood	lxxxxvi
Timber		Balks	viii
Toys for Children		Babies	ibid
Trumpets		Braſs	xii
Wallers of Braſs or Lattin	*vide*	Candle Plates	xvi
Whiſtles		Stone Birds	lxxxviii

The Additional BOOK *of* RATES.

			Folio
Buckets	*vide*	Bowls	876
Bisket		Bread	ibid
Gold		Plate	894
Trillets		Linen	886
Kits of Wood		Pails	888
Puddings		Sauſages	896
Anchorſtocks	*vide*	Wood	900
Deals			
Handſcoops			
Handſpikes			
Tub			
Ufers			
Cheſtnuts	*vide*	Nuts	888
Spaniſh Weed		Archelia	878

AN

AN

Alphabetical INDEX.

A.

Accomptants or **Debtors**, Lands, Tenements, *&c.* liable to the Payment of the King's Debt, to be ſold, and the Sale to be good againſt the Heir *Page* 773, 774

—may be ſold after the Death of the Accomptants, if the Debt be known in 8 Years after his Death, or after the Heir is of Age *p.* 777

—though purchaſed in the Names of other Perſons, are liable to King's Debt *p.* 774

Accounts of Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa Nutts imported and brought into Warehouſes, *&c.* to be delivered to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms and Inland Duties, by the reſpective Warehouſe-keepers upon Oath every Six Months *p.* 754

—of *Eaſt-India* wrought Silks, *&c.* prohibited to be worn in this Kingdom, to be delivered by the Warehouſe-keepers on Oath every Six Months to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, who are within the Firſt Week in every Seſſion, to lay the ſame before the Parliament *p.* 175

—of Naval Stores imported from *Ruſſia*, to be delivered to the Parliament every Seſſion *p.* 160

—of Pepper imported and brought into Warehouſes, to be delivered to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms upon Oath, every Six Months *p.* 319

—of the Duties on Salt, to be delivered to the Auditors of Impreſt, yearly upon Oath and Declared *p.* 789, 790

Action of **Treſpaſs** may be brought againſt falſe Informers *p.* 7

Actions, Suits or **Informations**, vide **Informations.**

Admirals, and other **Commanders** of his Majeſty's Ships, required to ſeize as Prize, Ships and Goods imported into, and exported out of his Majeſty's Plantations that are not of *Britiſh* property, and to deliver them to the Court of Admiralty, and when condemned, one Half to be divided according to the Rules and Orders of the Sea, the other to his Majeſty *p.* 1, 2

Admiralty, are to appoint Cruizers between the *Northforeland* and the *Iſle of Wight*, with Orders to Seize all Ships, Veſſels, and Boats exporting Wooll, or that ſhall bring any prohibited Goods or ſuſpected Perſons, *p.* 118

—are to appoint Cruizers on the Coaſt of *England* and *Ireland*, to prevent the Exportation of Wooll, and to ſend a Liſt of the Cruizers and Copy of the Inſtructions to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms *p.* 164

Affirmation or **Declaration**, to be taken by *Quakers*, inſtead of an **Oath** *p.* 118

Agreement to be made for the Cuſtoms, in the Cuſtom-Houſe, before landing or ſhipping the Goods, with the Collector, Comptroller, or Surveyor, on Forfeiture of the Rate *Page* ii, 7

Alamodes and **Luſtrings** bought, ſold, or exported, without being ſealed or marked with a Counterfeit Seal knowingly, forfeited, and 100 *l.* *p.* 100, 101, 130, 150

—Buyer diſcovering the Seller of Alamodes or Luſtrings not ſealed in 12 Months, to be diſcharged of the Penalties, and to have Half the Forfeitures laid on the Seller *p.* 101

—Claimers to give Good Security, to anſwer and pay Penalties and Coſts, and in Default, the Goods to be forfeited *p.* 152

altered, and the Claimer is to give Good Security, to pay full Coſts only *p.* 250

—Commanders of Men of War, importing Alamodes and Luſtrings, beſides the other Penalties, Incapacitated *p.* 149

—counterfeiting or miſapplying the Seal or Mark, the Offender, forfeits 500 *l.* and to ſtand in the Pillory Two Hours *p.* 95, 150

—fraudulently imported by any Perſon, or delivering or receiving them knowingly, the Offender to be proſecuted by a *Capias*, and held to Bail, or go to Priſon *p.* 129, 151

—imported and afterwards exported, not to be allowed a Drawback *p.* 130

—imported, the Duties thereon increaſed *p.* 144

—imported to be Stampt at the Cuſtom-Houſe, otherwiſe forfeited, and further Penalties on the Imporer or Seller *p.* 95

—Informations for any Offence relating to them, may be brought by any Informer in Two Years *p.* 152

—Juſtices of Peace may grant Warrants to any Credible Perſon, to ſeize them on Oath made, they have reaſon to ſuſpect a Fraud, and ſuch Perſon authorized by a Writ of Aſſiſtance and a Conſtable, *&c.* may Search for and ſeize them, if fraudulently imported, and not ſealed, or if markt with a Counterfeit Seal, *p.* 150

—may be imported by a Licence from the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms into *London* only, otherwiſe forfeited *p.* 88, 148

—not ſealed and regiſtred at the Cuſtom-Houſe, forfeited *p.* 95

—Officers of the Cuſtoms knowingly Conniving at the fraudulent Importation, or ſhall deſiſt or delay Proſecution of Alamodes and Luſtrings ſeized, forfeits 500 *l.* and Incapacitated *p.* 151

—Officers of the Cuſtoms, Sheriffs, Mayors, Conſtables, *&c.* to be Aiding and Aſſiſting in putting the Act

An Alphabetical INDEX.

rélating to Alamodes and Luſtrings in Execution, *Page* 150

—on Seizure thereof, to be carried to *London*, and if forfeited, to be there ſold for Exportation, *p.* 130, 149

—*Onus Probandi* lies on the Owner or Claimer of Alamodes and Luſtrings ſeized, and not on the Seizor, *p.* 150

—Penalties and Forfeitures relating to Alamodes and Luſtrings, to be divided $\frac{1}{3}$ to the King and $\frac{2}{3}$ to the Proſecutor, clear of Charges *p.* 151

—Perſons convicted of any Offence relating to them, and offending again, ſhall for every time pay Double the Penalty *ibid.*

—Perſons importing or cauſing Alamodes or Luſtrings to be imported, or knowingly receive them, or ſhall ſell, barter, or cauſe them to be ſold or bartered, they their Aiders or Abettors, forfeits 500*l.* *p.* 149

—Perſons for putting the Act in Execution may plead the General Iſſue *p.* 152

—Seaman diſcovering any Fraud relating thereto, ſhall beſides the Share of the Forfeitures, be diſcharged from the Ship, if he deſires it *p.* 149, 150

—ſeized and forfeited are not to be uſed here, but exported on Security *p.* 130

—the Seal or Mark altered, counterfeited, or miſapplied, the Offender to forfeit 100*l.* *p.* 101

—to be ſeized by none but Officers of the Cuſtoms within the Bills of Mortality *p.* 250

Aliens and their Sons are to pay to the City of *London* the Duties of Package, Scavage, *&c.* *p.* cxxvii

—Children under 21 Years of Age not permitted to be Traders *p.* 20

—Duties upon Goods of the Growth, *&c.* of *Great Britain* exported, Repealed (except for Coals) *p.* 54

—made Denizens, are to pay Aliens Cuſtoms *p.* 768

—not Naturalized or made Denizens, not to Trade or be Factor in the *Britiſh* Plantations, under Forfeiture of their Goods and Chattels *p.* 2

—to make perfect Entry of their Goods upon Oath, *p.* 839, 840

—to pay 3*d.* in the Pound for all Goods imported, rated to pay Subſidy of Poundage *p.* cxxvi

Allowances and Encouragements to be the ſame after the Union, in all Parts of the United Kingdom, as in *England* *p.* 239

—and Repayments which are due to any Perſon, to be made by Officers, and upon Neglect or Refuſal, to be liable to double Coſts and Damages *p.* 26

—for Damages or Diſcounts made at Importation, to be deducted upon the Debenture *p.* 20, 732

—for Draft, to be only 8 lb. upon every Hogſhead of Tobacco, containing 350 lb. or more, not to be deducted upon Exportation *p.* 734

—of 8*l.* *per Cent.* to be made out of the Impoſt Duty on Wine for Sale *p.* 62

—not to be made for Freight and other Charges of Tobacco, refuſed to be entred in Order to be Burnt, except $\frac{1}{2}$ *d.* *per* Pound, ſo as ſuch Allowance does not exceed 30*s.* for every Hogſhead *p.* 731, 733

—to be made for the Freight and other Charges of Wine ſtaved, but not to be made unleſs imported in Casks on board a Merchant Ship, and from the Place of its Growth or uſual Place of Firſt ſhipping *p.* 610, 701, 702

—to be made for waſte on Salt and Rock-Salt carried Coaſtwiſe *p.* 824

—to be made for waſte on Tobacco exported to *Ireland*, not exceeding 2 *per Cent.* *p.* 622

—to be made on Wine imported, in lieu of Damages, by the 10th Rule, which is Repealed *p.* 609

—to be made the Exporters of *Britiſh* Silk, Stuff, or mixt with Gold, Silver, Grograin, Yarn, Incle, Cotton, or Worſted, out of any of the Duties on Goods imported, but to be abated in Proportion to the Cuſtoms on Thrown or Raw Silk redeemed, or that ſhall ceaſe to be Payable, but ſuch Allowances are not to be made, except $\frac{3}{4}$ths of the Warp be all Silk, or mixt with Silk *p.* 683, 684, 727

Ammunition, Arms, or Gunpowder may be prohibited to be tranſported by his Majeſty's Proclamation *p.* iv

Anchovies may be imported *Page* 169, 463

Anchovies the little Barrel, is not to exceed 16 lb. of Fiſh *p.* 81

Appeals may be made to the Quarter Seſſions, from the Judgment given by Two Juſtices, relating to the Duties on Salt *p.* 781, 808

Apprentice Boys, Chargeable to any Pariſh above 10 Years of Age, may be bound to Sea by Two Juſtices, *&c.* and their Indentures to be ſent to the Collector of the Port whereunto the Maſter or Owners of the Ships belongs, who is to Regiſter and Indorſe the ſame, and tranſmit a Certificate thereof to the Admiralty, under the Penalty of 5*l.* *p.* 205

—Collector is to inſert at the Bottom of the Cocquet, the Number of Men and Boys on board each Ship, deſcribing the Apprentices by their Names, Ages, and Dates of their Indentures *p.* 206

—Collector is to tranſmit an Account of ſuch Apprentices to the Quarter Seſſions (when required) on Forfeiture of 5*l.* *ibid.*

—Maſters of Ships from 30 to 50 Tun, are to take One ſuch Apprentice, from 50 to 100 Tun Two, and One more for every 100 Tun above that burthen, and on Refuſal, to forfeit 10*l.* and on their Arrival to give an Account to the Collector of the Number remaining on board *ibid.*

—Penalties and Forfeitures to be levied by Diſtreſs, by Warrant of Two Juſtices of the City, County, *&c.* for the uſe of the Poor where ſuch was bound, *p.* 205, 206, 207

—ſuch Boys not to be impreſted or liſted, till they arrive at the Age of 18. *p.* 205

—ſuch Perſon or Perſons binding themſelves voluntarily, are not to be impreſted for 3 Years, and Protections are to be given them accordingly *p.* 206

Artificers of, or in Wooll, Iron, Steel, *&c.* of *Great Britain*, are not to go out of his Majeſty's Dominions to uſe, exerciſe, or teach the ſame to Foreigners, under ſeveral Fines and Impriſoment *p.* 576

Aſhes vocat. **Pearl Aſhes** of *Germany*, may be imported from thence, paying the Duty as Potaſhes pay, *p.* 168

Aſſiſtance to be given to the Managers and Officers of the Cuſtoms, in the due Execution of their Duty, by all Officers belonging to the Admiralty, Commanders of Ships, Forts, Caſtles, Juſtices of Peace, Mayors, Sheriffs, Bayliffs, Conſtables Headboroughs, and all his Majeſty's Officers, Miniſters, and Subjects, and all ſuch who ſhall be Aiding and Aſſiſting, to be defended and ſaved Harmleſs *p.* 25

B.

Bacon may be imported *Page* 93

Barges or Barkes, vide **Boats**.

Beef or Pork exported by Debenture, relanded, forfeited, and 40*s.* a Barrel *p.* 257

Beſtial imported, excepted out of the Old Subſidy, *p.* 11

—excepted out of the New Subſidy *p.* 139

Beſtials may be ſhipt or landed at any Place *p.* 21

Bills at Sight by whom to be perfected, and when the Officer neglecting, forfeits 100*l.* *p.* 23

Bills of Entry Inwards and Outwards, to be ſubſcribed by the Merchant or his known Servant with Marks, Numbers, and Contents, without which the Officers are not to ſuffer the Entry to paſs *p.* 19, 20

Bills of Exchange Inland, Two Acts relating thereto, *p.* 135, 224

Bills vocat. **Exchequer Bills** are to be taken by all Receivers or Collectors of the Cuſtoms, *&c.* *p.* 302, 520, 521, 589, 595, 705, 715, 923

—counterfeited, made Felony, without Benefit of Clergy, *p.* 304, 522, 591, 599, 708, 718, 923

—how to be endorſed *p.* 303, 521, 522, 590, 597, 706, 716, 923

—Intereſt to be allowed on the Bills *p.* 303, 521, 589, 597, 706, 716, 923

—Intereſt to ceaſe, while in the Hand of any Receiver or Collector *ibid.*

—Receivers

An Alphabetical INDEX.

—Receiver General of any Revenue, to keep a Book of all Bills and Money he Receives *Page* 304, 522, 589, 598, 707, 717, 923
—to be exchanged for ready Money *p.* 302, 521, 589, 596, 706, 716, 923
Boards of Deal of the Growth of *Germany*, may be imported from thence in *British*-built Ships *p.* 612
Boats, Barks, Hoys, Lighters, Barges, or Wherries taking in Goods to put on board Ships for Exportation, or out of Ships Inward bound, without a Warrant or Preſence of an Officer, forfeited *p.* 18, 322
Boats or Veſſels made uſe of in relanding Certificate Goods, forfeited *p.* 332
—of 15 Tun or under importing Brandy, Arack, Rum, Strong-waters or Spirits, forfeited (if more than a Gallon to each Seaman) and when condemned, be entirely broke up, and the Materials ſold *p.* 533
—extended to Boats, Ships, or Veſſels of 30 Tuns or under *p.* 616
—extended to Boats, Ships, or Veſſels of 40 Tuns or under (if more than 2 Gallons to each Seaman) and when condemned, the Hull to be burnt and wholly deſtroyed, and the Tackle, *&c.* to be ſold and divided between the King and the Seizor, after Charges deducted *p.* 694, 695
—of 15 Tun or under, ſeized for running or relanding Goods, may be proſecuted before Two Juſtices of the Peace, whoſe Judgment is Final *p.* 700, 701
Boats, Wherries, Pinnaces, Barges, or Galleys rowing or made to row with more than 4 Oars in the River of *Thames*, or the Counties of *Middleſex*, *Surrey*, *Kent*, or *Eſſex*, forfeited, or the Value, and 40 *l.* and after Condemnation, the Boat, *&c.* to be burnt, and the Furniture publickly ſold, except any Barge or Galley belonging to his Majeſty or the Royal Family, or any Long Boat, Yaul, or Pinnace belonging to any Merchant Ship, or to any Boat, *&c.* licenced by the Admiralty, on Security not to be imployed in running Goods *p.* 695, 696
Boatſwain, vide **Maſter.**
Bond given by any Corporation for Duties or Cuſtoms, not to be diſcharged of the Intereſt *p.* 235
—by the Proprietors of the 4 Sugar-houſes in *Scotland*, for the Duties of their Sugar, declared Void *p.* 669
—for carrying Goods from One Port to another, to be endorſed by the Officers, before they are tranſmitted into the Exchequer *p.* 199
—for Coffee, Tea, and other Certificate Goods to *Ireland*, not to be diſcharged, till a Certificate be produced, that the Goods are landed, which is to be in 6 Months, or to be put in Suit *p.* 535
—for Cuſtoms, Additional Duties, Impoſitions, *&c.* not paid when due, to pay 6 *l. per Cent.* Intereſt, beſides Coſts of Suit, unleſs the Treaſury, on a Repreſentation of the Caſe, ſhall think fit to remit the ſame *p.* 234, 235
—for the Duties on Salt, if paid in 28 Days, to be allowed a Diſcount in Proportion to the Time remaining *p.* 816
—for the Exportation of wrought Silks, and other *Eaſt-India* Goods prohibited to be worn here, or Plantation Bonds, if not proſecuted in 3 Years, and Judgment obtain in 2 Years after, Void, and to be delivered up on Demand, without Fee *p.* 334, 335
—in the Plantations for landing enumerated Goods in *Great Britain* or the Plantations, the Condition to be, to produce a Certificate in 18 Months of having landed them *p.* 112
—in the Year 1700. by the Fiſhermen who uſed the North-Sea Fiſhery, to be cancelled, on Proof the Salt was there expended, and no Drawback allowed, *p.* 816
Bond may be given for **Securing** the
—Additional Duty on Linen, to be paid in 12 Months, *p.* lxvi
—on Silk, to be paid in 12 Months *p.* lxxxiv
—on Tobacco, to be paid in 18 Months *p.* xcii, 731
—on Wine, to be paid in 9 Months *p.* v
—Additional Impoſt 1692. to be paid in $\frac{4}{5}$ Months *p.* 86
—Bondable Duties of Goods imported by the *South-Sea* Company, and for other Matters, for which Security is to be given to the Crown, under the Common Seal of the ſaid Company *Page* 369
—Cuſtoms and Duties on Goods imported by the *Eaſt-India* Company, and where Bonds have been uſually given under their Common Seal *p.* 270, 271
—Further Subſidy on Tobacco, to be paid in 18 Months, *p.* xcii, 731
—Impoſt on Tobacco, to be paid in 18 Months *ibid.*
—Impoſt on Wine and Vinegar, to be paid in $\frac{4}{5}$ Months, *p.* 61
—New Duty, and New Additional Duty on Coals Culm, and Cynders, to be paid in 3 Months *p.* 134, 167
—New Duty on *Engliſh* Salt, Rock-Salt, or Foreign Salt, to be paid in 6 Months *p.* 783, 784 *altered, and the New Duty on Rock-Salt extended to 12 Months, and other* Engliſh *Salt to 9 Months p.* 824
—New Duty on Pepper, Raiſons, Snuff, *&c.* to be paid in 12 Months *p.* 320
—New Duty on Whalefins, to be paid in $\frac{4}{5}$ Months, *p.* 158
—Old Impoſt 1690. to be paid in $\frac{4}{5}$ Months, except Pepper *p.* 79
—One third Subſidy on Tobacco, to be paid in Eighteen Months *p.* xcii, 731
—Two thirds of the Old Impoſt 1690. on Pepper, to be paid in 12 Months *p.* 76
Bond not to be cancelled in the Plantations, if the Certificate of having diſcharged the ſame be falſe, *p.* 111
—to be required from Maſters of Hoys and other Veſſels carrying Corn, Grain, *&c.* between *London*, and the Ports of *Kent*, and *Eſſex* *p.* 198, 199
Bond to be given before landing the Goods for Payment of 5 *l. per Cent.* of the *Eaſt-India* Goods imported, as ſoon as ſold *p.* 156
—before ſhipping Braſs, Copper, Latten, Bell-metal, Pan-metal, Gun-metal, Shruff-metal Coaſtwiſe, in double the Value, and 10 *l.* for every 1000 Wt. that the ſame ſhall be landed in ſome Port of *Great Britain*, on Forfeiture, and to produce a Certificate in 8 Months that the ſame is landed *p.* 769, 770
—by Maſters of coaſting Ships, to deliver the Goods in ſome Port of *Great Britain*, and bring a Certificate thereof in 6 Months, under the Forfeiture of the Penalty *p.* 19
—by Naval Officers in the Plantations *p.* 109
—by Perſons before they remove Wooll within 15 Miles of the Sea, in *Kent* and *Suſſex* *p.* 146
—by Perſons trading to the *Eaſt-Indies*, to bring all the Goods they lade, to ſome Port of *England* or *Wales* *p.* 155
—by the Maſters carrying *Britiſh* Salt to the North Seas, or to *Iſleland*, in order to Drawback the Duties for the Salt uſed in curing Codfiſh, Ling, or Hake, there *p.* 826, 827
—for expoſing to Sale Muſlins, White Callicoes, and unrated *Eaſt-India* Goods (except Coffee) in Three Years from the Importation, and for Payment of the reſpective Duties, as ſoon as ſold *p.* 650
—for paying 15 *per Cent.* on Muſlins, as ſoon as ſold, and for ſelling them in 3 Years *p.* 172, 649, 650
—for Plantation Ships to bring enumerated Goods to *Great Britain*, *Ireland*, or ſome of the *Britiſh* Plantations *p.* 6, 7, 110, 111 *The Word* [Ireland] *to be left out of thoſe Bonds*, *p.* 48, 49
—for Ships hovering upon the Coaſt, and how to be diſcharged *p.* 536
—for Wooll and Woollen Manufactures in *Ireland*, to bring the ſame to *England* *p.* 162
—in the Plantations, on Suſpicion the Certificate of having given Bond in *Great Britain*, is falſe *p.* 111
—on Claims entred to Seizures of uncuſtomed or prohibited Goods, and in Default, the Goods to be forfeited *p.* 324
—on the Exportation of Alamodes and Luſtrings, ſeized and forfeited, and how to be diſcharged *p.* 130
—of *Britiſh* Hops to *Ireland* *p.* 357 *Repealed* *p.* 606, 607
—of Candles *p.* 326

—on the Exportation of Coals ſhipped for the Plantations or the *Iſle of Man* *Page* 343
—of Corn whereon a Bounty is to be allowed, and how to be diſcharged *p.* 68, 257
—of Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa-Nuts *p.* 753
—of Cyder and Perry *p.* 504
Repealed *p.* 644
—of *Eaſt-India* wrought Silks, *&c.* prohibited to be worn here, and how to be diſcharged *p.* 174
—of Hides, Calve-skins, or Manufactures of Leather, *p.* 353, 429
—of Linen chequered, ſtriped, painted, or died, in Foreign Parts *p.* 388
—of Malt before ſhipping, and if relanded, forfeited, *p.* 183, 184
—of Paper, Paſtboard, *&c.* *p.* 387
—of Pepper, and how to be diſcharged *p.* 319
—of Silk, Callicoe, Linen, or Stuffs printed, painted, *&c.* in *Great Britain* *p.* 388
—of Silk Manufactures of *Great Britain*, in order to obtain the Bounty, and how to be diſcharged, *p.* 683
—of Soap *p.* 382
—of Starch *p.* 397
—of wrought Plate *p.* 603
—of Wire gilt, or Silver Lace, *&c.* *p.* 402
—to carry Coals from *Ellenfoot* to *Bank-end* in the County of *Cumberland* *p.* 681

Bonds and **Specialties** to the King, to be in his Name by theſe Words *Domino Regi*, and to no other Perſon, for his Uſe, and to be paid to his Highneſs by theſe Words *Solvend. eidem Domino Regi, hæred. vel Executoribus ſuis*, with other accuſtomed Words, and if any Perſon ſhall make or take any Obligation otherwiſe, ſuch Perſon ſhall ſuffer ſuch Impriſonment, as his Majeſty, or his Council ſhall adjudge *p.* 770

Bond to be taken from, and **Oath** to be given to all Perſons going Over-Sea to ſerve other Princes *p.* 779

Books imported printed beyond Sea, the Right of the Printing whereof is in ſome Perſon here, forfeited to the Proprietors of the Copy, who ſhall Damask them into waſte Paper (except in Greek, Latin or other Foreign Language) *p.* 336. 337
—*Printed in the Latin, Greek, Oriental, or Northern Languages, in the Univerſities of* Oxford, Cambridge, *or* Scotland, *Drawback the New Duty on Paper by* 10 Annæ, *cap.* 19.

Botargo may be imported *p.* 169, 463

Bounty or Allowance on *Britiſh* Manufactures of Silk, or part Silk exported *p.* 683, 868, 919
—on Corn, exported *p.* 68, 240, 241, 257, 259, 868
—on Fiſh, exported *p.* 241, 256, 547, 548, 785, 794, 864
—on Fleſh, exported *p.* 241, 256, 864
—on Sail Cloth, exported *p.* 867

Bounty or Premium on Naval Stores imported from the *Britiſh* Plantations, or *Scotland* *p.* 227, 411, 868, 869

Brandy, Aquavitæ, and other Spirits, may be imported, *p.* 92

Brandy, Arack, Rum, and other **Spirits** (exceeding a Gallon) are not to be removed by Land or Water from one Place to another, without a Permit or Certificate from the Officers of the Cuſtoms or Exciſe, under Forfeiture *p.* 613
—Foreign (though under a Gallon) taken into the Poſſeſſion of a Retailer, without a Permit or Certificate, forfeited *p.* 699
—Foreign, to be kept Separate from the *Britiſh* by the Dealers, on Forfeiture of Ten Shillings *per* Gallon *p.* 698
—imported in any Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, of under 15 Tun (except One Gallon for each Seaman) forfeited, and the Veſſel, which is to be broke up, and ſold *p.* 182, 533
—imported in any Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, of 30 Tuns or under (except One Gallon to each Seaman) forfeited, and the Veſſel, which is to be broke up, and ſold *p* 616
—imported in any Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, of 40 Tuns or under (except Two Gallons for each Seaman) forfeited, the Hull of which Veſſel is to be burnt or deſtroyed, and the Tackle, *&c.* ſold *Page* 694, 695
—imported in Casks leſs than 60 Gallons, forfeited, or the Value *p.* 87
—ſeized by any Officer of the Cuſtoms or Exciſe (except where the Seizure ſhall be made for unlawful Importation, and the Quantity doth exceed 63 Gallons) ſhall in a Summary way be proceeded upon, and determined by the Commiſſioners of Exciſe, or Two Juſtices of the Peace *p.* 613, 614, 615
—ſold in any Place not Entred with the Officers of Exciſe, forfeited, beſides 40*s.* *per* Gallon *p.* 931

Brandy *French* imported, landed, or delivered without Payment of Duty, or without Licence from the and Proper Officer, or Concealed when landed, forfeited, Double the Value, ½ to the King after Charges of Suit are deducted, and Half to the Informer, *p.* 203

Bribe, Recompenſe, or Reward not to be taken by the Managers or Officers of the Cuſtoms, to Connive at any Falſe Entry, under Forfeiture of 100 *l.* and made Incapable, and the Perſon paying ſuch Bribe, *&c.* forfeits 50 *l.* but if Revealed in Two Months, the Offender to be pardoned *p.* 22, 23

Brine, Rock-Salt, or Salt-Rock not to be made uſe of in pickling, curing, or preſerving of Fiſh or Proviſions, on Forfeiture of 40*s.* for every Gallon of Brine or Pound of Salt *p.* 811

Britiſh Subjects Sworn to Foreign Princes, to pay Strangers Cuſtoms, but if they Return and Inhabit here, to have a Writ out of the Chancery, and then to pay only *Britiſh* Duties *p.* 769
—to have full Freedom and Intercourſe of Trade within the Kingdom, and the Dominions, and Plantations thereunto belonging, Art. 4. *p.* 239

Bullion or Coin of Gold and Silver Foreign, may be exported on Entry, without Duty or Fee *p.* 35
—if ſeized, the Proof that it is Foreign, to lie on the Owner, Claimer, or Exporter *p.* 100, 105
—may be landed Inwards, without Warrant or Fee, *p.* cxxxiii
—or Molten Silver not to be ſhipt, till Oath made and a Certificate from the Lord Mayor be produced to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, that it is Foreign, and a Cocquet granted by them, under Forfeiture, and Double the Value, ½ to the King, ½ to the Informer *p.* 104, 105
—not entred or ſhipt for Exportation in the Name of the Owner or Importer, forfeited, or the Value, ½ to the King, ½ to the Informer *p.* 100
—not within the Act of Navigation *p.* 5

Buſhel called the *Winchester* Buſhel, to be round, with a plain and even Bottom, 18 Inches and ½ wide throughout, and 8 Inches deep *p.* 184
—for Sea Coal and Culm, *Winchester* Meaſure, to be made round with a plain, even Bottom, and to be 19 Inches and ½ from Outſide to Outſide, to contain One *Winchester* Buſhel and a Quart of Water, a Braſs Standard whereof to be kept in the Exchequer *p.* 430, 431
—of *Britiſh* Salt, to contain 56 Pounds *p.* 168, 195, 812
—of Foreign Salt, to be 84 Pounds *p.* 194, 811
—of Rock-Salt, to contain 65 Pounds *p.* 194, 195, 812

Butlerage of Wines, continued *p.* cxxviii

Buyers of Alamodes or Luſtrings not Sealed, diſcovering the Seller in 12 Months, to be diſcharged of the Penalties, and to have Half the Forfeiture *p.* 10[illegible]
—of prohibited or run Goods, may ſeize them from the Seller, and Proſecute *p.* 93[illegible]

C.

Callico chequered, ſtriped, ſtitched, or flowered, [illegible] Foreign Parts, not to be worn or uſed here after the 25 *December*, 1722. under the reſpective Penalties of 5 *l.* and 20 *l.* except ſuch Callico, *&c.* as was made up in Furniture before that Time *Page* 640, 64[illegible]
—exported before 25 *December*, 1722. to have the ſame Allowances, as if exported in 12 Months *p.* 6[illegible]
—painted

—painted, died, printed, or ſtained in the *Eaſt-Indies*, prohibited to be worn or uſed here, under Forfeiture, and 200 *l.* *Page* 173, 182, 642, 764
—printed, painted, ſtained, or died in *Great Britain*, found without a Stamp to denote the Payment of the Duty, forfeited, and the Perſon in whoſe Cuſtody found, forfeits 50 *l.* *p.* 539
—printed, painted, died, or ſtained, not to be worn or uſed here (except Blue) after the 25 *December*, 1722. under the Penalty of 5 *l.* and 20 *l.* except ſuch as was made in Furniture before that Time, *p.* 640, 642
—Silk or Linen printed, *&c.* in *Great Britain*, intended for Exportation, the Exporter to give Notice, that the Stamps may be taken off *p.* 428
—what ſhall be eſteemed a Piece *p.* 87, 390
Candles of Tallow imported, to be allowed to Drawback Half the Duties only, on Exportation *p.* 173
Capias in the Firſt Proceſs ſhall and may be iſſued againſt any Perſon guilty of Offences, againſt the Acts relating to Alamodes and Luſtrings *p.* 129, 151
—againſt Perſons guilty of any Offence, contrary to the Laws made, to prevent the Clandeſtine running of Brandy, or other cuſtomable or prohibited Goods, *p.* 699, 700
—againſt Perſons guilty of exporting Wooll, *&c.* vide Wooll.
—againſt Perſons offending againſt the Laws relating to the *Eaſt-India* Trade *p.* 738
Captains, Commanders, Maſters, Purſers, or other Perſons taking Charge of Men of War *Britiſh* or Foreign, bringing in or carrying out, Merchants are to deliver an Account thereof upon Oath to the Managers, Cuſtomer, or Collector, and Comptroller, under Forfeiture of 100 *l.* and all ſuch Ships are liable to all Searches and Rules, which Merchant Ships are liable unto (Victualling Bills and Entring, excepted) *p.* 15, 16
—refuſing to make ſuch Entries, the Officers may go on board, and bring to his Majeſty's Storehouſe, all Goods prohibited or uncuſtomed *p.* 16
—importing Alamodes or Luſtrings, or cauſing them to be imported, beſides other Penalties, made Incapable of ſerving his Majeſty *p.* 149
—knowingly permitting Molten Silver or Bullion, to be ſhipt without Entry or Coquet, forfeit 200 *l.* and made Incapable *p.* 105
—not to ſuffer any Tobacco to be uſed on board, except from the *Britiſh* Plantations, and Manufactured in *Great Britain* *p.* 281
—to Aid and Aſſiſt the Officers of the Cuſtoms, in the due Execution of their Duty *p.* 25
—to ſeize Ships trading in the Plantations, contrary to the Act of Navigation *p.* 1, 2
Cards and Dice imported, a Duty thereon *p.* 374
Repealed, and ſtand prohibited *p.* 392
Carman, Porter, Waterman, or other Perſon aſſiſting in taking up, ſhipping, or carrying away any prohibited or uncuſtomed Goods, to be apprehended and fined *p.* 18
Carriages, Horſes, and other Cattle made uſe of in the landing or removing uncuſtomed, prohibited, or certificate Goods, forfeited *p.* 322, 332, 753
—may be proſecuted in the Exchequer, or before Two Juſtices of the Peace *p.* 322, 332, 700, 701, 758
Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Beef, Pork, Mutton, Lamb, and Butter; or Cheeſe imported from Ireland, after Seizure, to be delivered to any of the Pariſh Officers, and divided, Half to the Poor, and the other Half to the Seizor *p.* 38, 39, 59
—Churchwardens, Overſeers, or Seizers, failing in their Duty, to forfeit for every Great Cattle, 40 *s.* and every Sheep or Swine, 10 *s.* Half to the Poor, Half to the Informer, to be levied by Diſtreſs, and for want, the Offender to be committed to Goal for 3 Months *p.* 59
—declared a Common Nuſance, and may be ſeized, not only by Conſtables and other Pariſh Officers, but by any Perſon *p.* 38, 42, 43, 58, 59, 60
—Exception, for the Uſe of the Ship *p.* 38, 39, 41
—if no Seizure ſhall be made by the Officers or Inhabitants of the Pariſh where firſt imported, the Pariſh, *&c.* to forfeit 100 *l.* to the Uſe of the Houſe of Correction *Page* 42, 58
—in 6 Days after Conviction and Forfeiture, to be killed, the Hides and Tallow to belong to the Seizor, and the Remainder to be diſtributed among the Poor by the Churchwardens and Overſeers, upon Notice *p.* 59
—made uſe of in landing or removing uncuſtomed or prohibited Goods, or relanding certificate Goods, forfeited, and may be proſecuted in the Exchequer, or before Two Juſtices of Peace *p.* 322, 332, 700, 701, 753, 758
—may be ſeized *toties quoties*, and if *Iriſh* mixt with *Britiſh*, to be eſteemed *Iriſh* *p.* 60
—Perſons eluding the Acts againſt importing Cattle, *&c.* guilty of a *Premunire* *p.* 44
—Perſons proſecuted, may plead the General Iſſue, and the Trial to be in the County where the Action is laid *p.* 43
—Ship importing Cattle, Swine, Sheep, Beef, or Pork, and out of which they ſhall be put on Shore, forfeited, and any Perſon may ſeize ſuch Ship within a Year, and make Sale thereof, Half to the Poor where ſeized, the other Half to the Seizor, the Maſter, and Seamen of ſuch Ship, and other Perſons acting in the landing, driving, or taking Care of ſuch Cattle, *&c.* to be apprehended by a Warrant from a Juſtice of Peace, and committed to Goal for Three Months *p.* 42, 43
—Six hundred Head of Cattle may be imported from the *Iſle of Man* into *Cheſter*, *Leverpoole*, or *Wirewater* *p.* 37, 39, 44
Cavear may be imported *p.* 169, 463
Certificate counterfeited, razed, or falſified, invalid, and the Offender to forfeit 100 *l.* *p.* 19
—counterfeited, razed, or falſified, or knowingly made uſe of, with reſpect to the Plantations, Offender to forfeit 500 *l.* and the Certificate invalid *p.* 111
—for drawing back Duties, to be Stampt *p.* 372, 373
—not to be made out for the Bounty of Pitch and Tar, till the Goods are examined, if free from Dirt and Droſs *p.* 540
—not to be made out for the *Premium* on Plantation Tar, till a Certificate be produced, that the Tar was made from Green Trees prepared *p.* 679
—of having diſcharged the Plantation lading in *Great Britain*, ſuſpected to be falſe, the Bond not to be cancelled, till the Governor or Officers ſhall be informed from the Commiſſioners, that the ſame is true *p.* 111
—of having given Bond in *Great Britain*, for Plantation Ships, ſuſpected to be falſe, the Governors or Officers to take freſh Security *ibid.*
—of having landed Plantation enumerated Goods, to be produced in 18 Months, or the Bond forfeited *p.* 112
—of landing any Goods falſe, the Officer to loſe his Imployment, forfeit 50 *l.* to be Impriſoned for One Year, and made Incapable of ſerving in the Cuſtoms *p.* 19
—of the Comptroller General, allowed by the Commiſſioners, to be a *Quietus* to any Collector of the Coinage Duty *p.* 57
—or Permit, to be granted for the Removal of Brandy, Spirits, or Strongwaters *p.* 613, 699
—or Permit, to be granted for the Removal of Coffee, Tea, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, or Cocoa-Paſte, exceeding Six Pounds Weight *p.* 748, 751
—or Return, to be produced in Six Months of having landed Coaſt Goods, or the Bond to be forfeited *p.* 19
—produced, that Coals which were ſhipt Coaſtwiſe, have paid the Over-ſea Duty, Coaſt Bond to be diſcharged *p.* 378
—to be delivered into Court, that the Officer has received the Holy Sacrament *p.* 51
—to be given by the Collectors of the Out Ports, to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, that they have not Money in their Hands to pay the Bounty on Corn *p.* 180

—to be given by the Salt Officer to the Commissioners, that he has not Money in his Hands to pay the Bounty on Fish *Page* 786, 800
—to be given by the Salt Officer to the Commissioners, that he has not Money in his Hands to pay Debentures for Salt, Rock-Salt, or Salt-Rock, exported, *p.* 808
—to be granted without Fee, for the Allowance for Tobacco burnt or destroyed *p.* 733
—to be granted without Fee, for the Charges of Freight, *&c.* of Wines staved *p.* 610
—to be made by the Officers of the Customs, for the *Premium*, or Bounty, for Naval Stores, without Fee, *p.* 227, 411, 540
—to be produced by the Person importing Naval Stores from the *British* Plantations or North *Britain*, that such Goods are of the Produce thereof, respectively, *p.* 227, 411
—to be produced for discharging Bond given for Alamodes and Lustrings, exported *p.* 130
——for Corn, exported *p.* 68
——for Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa-Nuts, exported *p.* 753
——for prohibited *East-India* Goods, exported *p.* 174, 535
——for Pepper exported *p.* 319, 535
——for Salt or Rock-Salt, exported to *Ireland*, before the Debenture be made out *p.* 195, 812
——that Tobacco, and other Certificate Goods, are landed in *Ireland*, before the Drawback be allowed *p.* 333, 535
——to the Officer in the Plantations, that the Ship is *British*, before any Goods are delivered, *p.* 34
—to be returned in 8 Months, of the landing Brass, Copper, and other Metal carried Coastwise *p.* 769
—Warrant, Ticket, Permit, or Licence, to be granted for the removal of Salt *p.* 784, 785, 793, 801, 803, 809

Children of Natural born Subjects born on board any *South-Sea* Ship, or in any Place belonging to the *South-Sea* Company, to be deemed Natural born Subjects of his Majesty *p.* 369
—born out of the Allegiance of his Majesty, deemed Natural born Subjects of this Kingdom *p.* 293

Chocolate or Cocoa-Paste, damaged, may be workt again and restampt *p.* 935, 936
—made in *Great Britain* to be stamped, otherwise forfeited *p.* 750
—Makers to Enter all Chocolate or Coco-Paste, with the Officers for the Inland Duty *p.* 749
—may be made in Private Families, giving due Notice to the Officer for the Inland Duty, and paying the same, but not less than ½ C. wt of Cocoa-Nuts to be so made *p.* 751
—in Warehouses before the 24th *June*, 1724. Entred before 24th *July*, 1725. to be Stampt without paying the Inland Duty *p.* 938, 939
—seized and brought into Warehouses, since 24 *June*, 1724. to pay the Inland Duty of 18*d.* *per* Pound, and be Stampt *p.* 939
—Stampt, that has not paid the Inland Duty, Offenders to forfeit 500 *l.* and 12 Months Imprisonment, *p.* 935

Civil List Revenue, his Majesty may by his Royal Sign Manual, cause a Deduction not exceeding 6*d.* in the Pound, to be made out of all Payments made by the Crown (except the pay of Officers, and Men in the Navy, or Army) *p.* 654, 655

Claims Entred in any Court, to the Seizure of any Goods, the Person to give Security in 30 *l.* to answer and pay Costs, in Default whereof, the Goods to be recovered *p.* 324

Coal, vocat. **Sea Coal**, Abstract of the several Duties *p.* 870
—Bushel, a Standard to be kept in the Exchequer, *p.* 431
—Bushel, the Contents thereof *p.* 430
—carried from *Ellenfoot* to *Bank End* in the County of *Cumberland*, not liable to any Duty to the King, *p.* 681
—carried from the Bridge of *Sterling* to the Town of *Dunbar* in the *Fryth* of *Forth*, or to *Red Head*, or to any Part betwixt them, not liable to Duty, *Page* 317, 345
—Culm or Cinders unshipt, before the Duties are paid or secured, forfeited, and 10*s.* *per* Chaldron, and the Ship *p.* 132, 133, 167
—exported from the West of *Scotland* to *Ireland*, to pay the same Duty as from the West of *England*, *p.* 378
—exported, the Coast Duty to be repaid, or an Allowance out of the Over-sea Duty *p.* 134
—exported without Payment of the Duty, the Owners, *&c.* to forfeit Double the Custom *p.* 19
—Fitters, laying them on board, before the Keels are measured or gauged, forfeit 10 *l.* *p.* 379
—may be exported to *Ireland*, the *Isle of Man*, or the Plantations, on paying the Duty, and giving Security, otherwise forfeited *p.* 35, 343
—may be shipt at any Place *p.* 21
—One hundred Chalders for the Use of *Chelsea* Hospital *per Annum*, not to pay Duty *p.* 372, 470, 528
—Persons prosecuted for any thing done relating to the Coal Acts, may plead the General Issue *p.* 134
—shipt Coastwise, and afterwards paying the Over-sea Duty, may be exported, and the Bond discharged, *p.* 378
—used in melting Copper or Tin Oar, in *Cornwal* and *Devon*, to Drawback the Duties *p.* 349

Coasting Ships to be owned by *British*, the Master, and ¾ths of the Mariners to be *British*, under Forfeiture, as also the Goods laden thereon *p.* 3

Cochineal may be imported from any Port of *Spain*, by any Person residing in his Majesty's Dominions, or in any Ships belonging to any Place in Amity with his Majesty *p.* 416

Cocoa-Nuts imported before 29th *September*, 1723. may be exported before 24th *June*, 1725. and Drawback the Duties *p.* 761
—to be made into Chocolate, must be First entred with the Officer for the Inland Duties, before delivery out of the Warehouse *p.* 752

Coffee not to be exported but only in the Original Bale or Package, or in some Package not less than 4 C. wt. with the same Marks and No (except to the Plantations or *Ireland*) *p.* 537
—roasted with Water, Grease, Butter, *&c.* the Offender or any Trader knowingly, buying such Coffee, forfeits 20 *l.* *p.* 543, by another Act, the Offender or any Trader knowingly, buying or selling such Coffee, forfeits 100 *l.* *p.* 933

Coffee, Tea, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, or Cocoa-Paste, exceeding Six Pounds, removed without a Permit or Certificate, signed by the Officer for the Inland Duties, forfeited *p.* 748, 749
—fraudulently hid or concealed from the Officers, by any Seller or Dealer, forfeited *p.* 758
—not to be brought into any entred Place without Notice, and a Certificate from the Officer of the Inland Duties, that the Customs and Inland Duties were paid, or that they were condemned, or were the Stock of some Dealer, on Forfeiture with the Package, and Treble the Value *p.* 74
—not to be sold in an unentred Place, on Forfeiture *p.* 74

Coffee and Tea in Warehouses on the 24 *June*, 172 to be charged only with the Remainder of the Duties *p.* 7
—in Warehouses on the 24 *June*, 1724. to be entred the Custom-House in One Month, and pay or cure the remaining Customs, on Forfeiture, a on Exportation in Time, to be allowed a Dra back *p.* 757, 9
—to be consumed here, are to pay the Inland Duti before Delivery out of the Warehouse *p.* 7

Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa-Nuts, intended for Expor tion, not to be delivered out of the Warehouse, Security be given to the Commissioners or Offic of the Customs, that the same shall be export *p.* 7

An Alphabetical INDEX.

—not duly entred and put into proper Warehouſes, adjudged to be clandeſtinely run and forfeited, and may be ſeized by any Officer of the Cuſtoms or Inland Duty, and the Horſes, Carts, and Carriages, made uſe of in carrying the ſame *Page* 753

Coin Foreign at what Rate to be taken in the *Britiſh* Plantations *p.* 290, 291

—vide **Bullion.**

Collectors or Receivers detaining in their Hands, any of the Duties or Impoſitions granted by the 9 *Annæ, cap.* 21. §. 14. to be diſmiſt and charged with Intereſt, after the Rate of 12 *l. per Cent. per Annum*, *p.* 364

Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms and Officers, may go on board any Ship Outward or Inward, and bring on Shore Goods prohibited or uncuſtomed, and they may remain on board till the Ship is diſcharged, *p.* 16

—and principal Officers to adminiſter Oaths to all Deputies, Clerks, and Servants, imployed in the Cuſtoms *p.* 25, 95

—Cuſtomer, Collector, and Comptroller, to grant Licences for importing Nutmegs, Cinamon, Cloves, Mace, and Tea, in *Engliſh* Ships *p.* 97, 321, 621
Repealed as to Tea *p.* 650, 651

—Cuſtomer, or Collector, and Comptroller Outwards, to keep a Book, wherein the Captain, *&c.* of any Man of War Outward Bound, ſhall enter the Name of the Ship, before ſhe takes in any Goods *p.* 15

—Death or Removal, not to annul or make void any Deputation granted by them *p.* 422

—Farmers or Collectors are to approve the Security given for the Impoſt on Wine *p.* 60

—in *England*, to take Security of the Naval Officers in the Plantations *p.* 109

—in *London*, to keep a General Regiſter of Ships Trading to and from the Plantations *p.* 114

—may allow Ships apparently hindred, to be above Three Days coming from *Graveſend* *p.* 15

—may cauſe the Stone, Dirt, and other Traſh found among Pepper and Coffee, to be deſtroyed, and the Warehouſe-keepers to be diſcharged of ſo much in their Books *p.* 401

—may examine Perſons upon Oath, relating to the Importation of Cocoa-Nuts, before 29 *September*, 1723. in caſe the Exporter deſires the Drawback, *p.* 761

—nor Officers, are to influence Perſons to Vote for any Member, on Forfeiture of 100 *l.* Half to the Informer, and Half to the Poor, and made incapable of ſerving his Majeſty *p.* 179, 180, 356, 392

—not to grant a Coquet for Molten Silver or Bullion, before a Certificate from the Lord Mayor be produced, and an Entry made in a Book, on Forfeiture of 200 *l.* and made Incapable *p.* 104, 105

—or Officers, not capable of being a Member of the Houſe of Commons *p.* 179

—the Number of them may be increaſed as his Majeſty ſhall think proper *p.* 730

—to appoint Collectors, Meters, Weighers, and Meaſurers of Coals *p.* 133, 527

—to appoint Officers, to take off the Stamp or Mark of Silks, Callicoes, and Linens, to be exported, *p.* 428

—to appoint Perſons to inſpect the Books and Warehouſes for the Reception of Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa-Nuts *p.* 754

—of *Eaſt-India* wrought Silks, *&c.* *p.* 175

—of Pepper *p.* 319, 320

—to appoint Warehouſe-keepers for the Reception of Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa-Nuts *p.* 753, 757

—to approve Warehouſes for the Reception of Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa-Nuts *p.* 752

—*Eaſt-India* wrought Silks, *&c.* prohibited to be worn here *p.* 174

—of Pepper *p.* 318

—of Tobacco *p.* 419

—to Authorize Perſons to ſearch for and ſeize Leaves, Herbs, *&c.* cut in Imitation of Tobacco, and all Engines, Utenſils, *&c.* imployed therein *p.* 475

—to cauſe Alamodes and Luſtrings imported, to be ſealed *Page* 94, 95

—to cauſe Goods brought into Warehouſes for Security of the Cuſtoms and other Duties, to be ſold in 12 Months *p.* 421

—to cauſe the Bounty Money on Corn exported from the Out Ports, to be paid by the Receiver General in Three Months after Demand *p.* 180

—to cauſe the Charges of Proſecution of Perſons guilty of Frauds, in exporting Tobacco and other Foreign Goods, or carrying the ſame Coaſtwiſe, to be paid by the Crown, and the Officer, or Proſecutor, *p.* 732, 733

—to cauſe the Reward of 40 *l.* to be paid by the Receiver General, to Perſons diſcovering Offenders, after Conviction, being Eight or more in Number, guilty of hindring, wounding, or beating Officers of the Cuſtoms, in the due Execution of their Office, *p.* 618

—to cauſe unrated Goods to be publickly ſold, that have been undervalued and bought *p.* 873, 902

—to give an Account of Naval Stores imported from *Ruſſia*, to the Parliament, every Seſſion *p.* 160

—to grant Licences for importing Alamodes and Luſtrings *p.* 88, 148

—to lay an Account of *Eaſt-India* wrought Silks, *&c.* prohibited to be worn here, before the Parliament, within the Firſt Week of every Seſſion *p.* 175

—to manage the Additional Impoſt, 1692. *p.* 86

—the Coinage Duty on Wines, Brandy, *&c.* *p.* 57

—the Duty of 5 *l. per Cent.* on *Eaſt-India* Goods, *p.* 157

—the Duty on Leather exported *p.* 346

—the Duty on Whale Fins *p.* 159

—the Duties ariſing by Old Cuſtoms *p.* 265, 272

—the 15 *per Cent.* on Muſlin *p.* 172, 214

—the 15 *l. per Cent.* on White Callicoes, and New Duties on *China* Ware, and Drugs *p.* 217, 218

—the Further Subſidy *p.* 139, 438

—the Impoſt on Tobacco *p.* 102

—the Impoſt on Wines and Vinegar *p.* 61

—the *Mediterranean* Duty of 1 *per Cent.* *p.* 347

—the New Duty on Apples *p.* 710

—the New Duty on Coals exported *p.* 426

—the New Duty on Coals, Culm, and Cinders, *p.* 132, 527

—the New Duty on Gold and Silver Wire *p.* 402

—the New Duty on Sail Cloth *p.* 415

—the New Duty on Starch *p.* 396, 427

—the New Duty on White Woollen Cloth exported *p.* 347

—the New Duty on wrought Plate, imported, *p.* 603, 604

—the New Duties on Candles imported *p.* 326, 346

—the New Duties on Hides and Skins imported, *p.* 355

—the New Duties on Hops imported *p.* 359

—the New Duties on Linen chequered, printed, ſtriped, *&c.* imported *p.* 388, 416

—the New Duties on Paper, *&c.* imported *p.* 386, 426

—the New Duties on Raiſons, Snuff, Pepper, and other Spices *p.* 322, 323

—the New Duties on Soap imported *p.* 382, 389, 416

—the New Duties on Spice and Pictures *p.* 97, 214, 215, 216

—the Old Impoſt, 1690. *p.* 79

—the ⅓ Subſidy *p.* 208

—the Plantation Duties *p.* 56

—the 2d 25 *l. per Cent.* on *French* Goods *p.* 106

—the Subſidy Outwards *p.* 342

—the ⅓ Subſidy *p.* 221

—to order Rewards to be paid to Perſons diſcovering Runners of Goods *p.* 697

—to provide a proper Mark or Stamp, for marking Silks, Callicoes, or Stuffs printed, painted, ſtained, or died, in *Great Britain*, and ſeized, for being found without a Stamp or Seal *p.* 539

—to provide Marks or Stamps, for marking Hides and Skins imported *p.* 354

—to

An Alphabetical INDEX.

—to provide Seals or Stamps, for marking Linen chequered, ſtriped, printed, painted, ſtained, and died, imported, and to alter them as Occaſion ſhall require *Page* 389, 427, 428
—to take Security, for the Exportation of Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa-Nuts, before they are delivered out of the Warehouſes *p.* 753, 761
—for the Exportation of *Eaſt-India* wrought Silks, *&c.* prohibited to be worn here *p.* 174
—for the Exportation of Pepper *p.* 319
—to take the Oath of Office, at their Admiſſion, on Neglect or Refuſal, forfeit their Office *p.* 95, 96

Commiſſioners and Governors of Exciſe.

—Juſtices of Peace or Sub-Commiſſioners of Exciſe, have Power to mitigate, compound, or leſſen the Forfeiture, Penalty, or Fine, relating to the Exciſe, ſo as the ſame be not leſs than Double the Duty, *p.* 781, 782
—or Commiſſioners of Appeals to hear, adjudge, and determine all Forfeitures and Offences againſt the Laws of Exciſe, within the Limits of the Chief Office in *London*, and to grant Warrants of Diſtreſs, and for want thereof, to Impriſon the Offender till Satisfaction be made *p.* 781
—or Salt being dead or removed, not to annul the Authority or Conſtitution of any Inferior Officer, *p.* 790, 791
—to keep a Separate Account of the Duties on Salt, and pay the Money into the Exchequer *p.* 789, 792, 804, 805
—to order Rewards to be paid to Perſons diſcovering Runners of Goods *p.* 697
—to pay Debentures for Fiſh exported *p.* 786, 800
—or Salt, to pay Debentures for Rock-Salt, or Salt-Rock, or Salt refined from thence, on a Certificate from the Salt Officer *p.* 808
—to receive and manage the Duties upon Salt *p.* 784, 797
altered, and the Duties on Salt may be managed by diſtinct Commiſſioners, but veſted with the ſame Power as the Commiſſioners of Exciſe *p.* 815
—upon Informations for Offences againſt the Laws of Exciſe, may Summon Perſons (other than the Party accuſed) to appear and give Evidence, Perſons refuſing to appear, forfeit 10*l.* *p.* 790

Commiſſioners of the Inland Duties and Officers, to be ſworn *p.* 759
—Collectors and Superviſors to adminiſter Oaths to Sellers and Dealers therein *p.* 934
—ſubject to the Penalties, for miſapplying the Duties as preſcribed by 9 *W.* 3. *cap.* 44. *p.* 759
—to appoint Warehouſe-keepers *p.* 753, 757, 758
—on Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, and Cocoa-Paſte, to be appointed by his Majeſty, or the Treaſury, and ſuch Commiſſioners are to appoint Officers under them *p.* 744
—to hear and determine Cauſes relating to theſe Duties, as the Commiſſioners of Exciſe do, and their Judgment final *p.* 759
—to prepare Books, to be delivered to the Sellers and Dealers in Coffee, Tea, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, and Cocoa-Paſte *p.* 756
—to provide Marks or Stamps for Chocolate, which may be altered by them, from time to time *p.* 750

Commiſſioners of the Navy to have the Preemption or Refuſal of Naval Stores imported from the Plantations or *Scotland*, for which there is a *Premium* *p.* 412
—to pay the *Premium* or Bounty, for Naval Stores imported *p.* 227, 411

Commiſſions may be granted out of the Chancery to Defendants, to examine Witneſſes beyond Sea, in caſe of Seizures, on the Act of Navigation *p.* 25
—to be iſſued out of the Exchequer, for aſſigning further Ports and Places of landing and ſhipping of Goods *p.* 21, 289

Compoſitions made for leſs than $\frac{1}{3}$ of the appraiſed Value, the Officer to loſe his Office *p.* 22

Comptroller, vide **Cuſtomer.**

Conſtables to be aiding and aſſiſting, in ſeizing Run Goods *p.* 7, 17, 25

Copper Bars Foreign, may be exported, but not to be allowed a Drawback, except of *Barbary* or the *Eaſt-Indies* *Page* 416
—may be exported, if made of *Engliſh* Oar *p.* 94
—Oar of the *Britiſh* Plantations, made an enumerated Commodity *p.* 702, 703

Coquets to be taken out for Goods, to be carried Coaſtwiſe *p.* 19
—Certificate, Return, *&c.* counterfeited, razed, or falſified, the Offender to forfeit 100*l.* and the Coquet, *&c.* Invalid *p.* 19, 111
—for Molten Silver or Bullion, not to be granted, till a Certificate produced from the Lord Mayor, *p.* 104
—not to be taken for Corn, *&c.* to and from *London*, and the Ports of *Kent*, and *Eſſex*, but a *Tranſire* only *p.* 198, 199
—the Names of the Pariſh Boys, bound Apprentice to Maſters of Ships, to be inſerted at the Bottom thereof *p.* 206
—to be delivered to the Merchant *p.* cxxviii

Cordage or **Cable Yarn** exported, not allowed a Drawback *p.* 275

Corn or **Grain** exported, *viz.* Wheat, Malt, Barley, Bear, *alias* Bigg, Rye, Oatmeal, Wheat-Malt, a Bounty payable thereon, if the ſame do not exceed certain Prices *p.* 68, 240, 257, 259, 868
—imported, the Juſtices of Peace to aſcertain the Prices Half yearly, in order to adjuſt the Duties, *p.* 65, 66
—*vocat.* Malt or Barley unmalted, mixt with Malt for Exportation, the Perſon concerned to forfeit 5 *s.* *per* Buſhel *p.* 613

Court of Exchequer erected, conſtituted, and eſtabliſhed in *Scotland*, with its Juriſdiction and Authority, *p.* 282, 283, 284, 289
—in what Caſes to grant writs of Delivery, on good Security *p.* 25
—to grant Commiſſions, for aſſigning further Ports and Places, of landing and ſhipping Goods *p.* 21, 289

Creeks, vide **Ports.**

Cruizers to be appointed by the Admiralty *p.* 118, 164

Cuſtomers and Comptrollers of every Port, to take Bond, and give Oaths to all Perſons going Over-Sea to ſerve other Princes *p.* 779
—and Searchers of the Head Ports by themſelves or Deputies, to reſide at Members and Creeks *p.* 21, 772
—or their Deputies, ſhall give due Attendance at Times and Places required by Law, as ſhall be moſt Expedient for the Diſpatch of Merchants, without concealing or conſenting to the Damage of the Crown, on Forfeiture of their Office, and 100*l.* *p.* 772
—Clerks, Deputies, Miniſters, or their Servants, Factors, Searchers, Comptrollers, or Surveyors of Searchers, nor their Clerks, ſhall own or freight Ships, have or occupy Wharfs or Keys, hold any Hoſtry or Tavern, or be Factor or Attorney for any Merchant, on the Penalty of 40*l.* *p.* 767
—concealing the Cuſtoms, forfeit Treble the Value of the Merchandize, and to be fined *ibid.*
—making a falſe Certificate of the landing Braſs, Copper, and other Metal, or taking Bond without Date, forfeit their Office, and the Value of the Metal, *p.* 769
—not to own or freight Ships *p.* 766
—of *Hull*, is to have a Servant or Deputy reſident at *York* *p.* 772
—of *Southampton*, to keep an Account of what Wooll is tranſported yearly to *Jerſey*, *Guernſey*, &c. *p.* 11, 73
—or Collectors, to declare what Money of the Kings is in their Hands, and pay the ſame in Ten Days after Notice *p.* 771
—or Searchers, ſuffering Foreign Braſs, Copper, Lattin, Bell-metal, Pan-metal, Gun-metal, or Shruff-metal, to be ſhipt contrary to Law, and knowing thereof do not ſeize the ſame, forfeits his Office, and the Value of the Goods *p.* 770

—to

An Alphabetical INDEX.

—to be ſworn to their Accounts in the Exchequer, *Page* 767
—to forfeit 40 *l.* for every Half Year he occupieth that, and a Common Office in the Port, City, Burrough, or Town, or Deputy to ſuch *p.* 769
—to grant Certificates for Foreign Goods, carried from One Port to another *p.* 763
—Collectors and Comptrollers, to permit Foreign Goods to be landed by Bills at ſight, and appoint when to be landed and examined *p.* 23
Cuſtomers, Comptrollers, Gaugers of Wine, and Searchers, to be reſident on their Offices, and not to be abſent by Three Weeks at moſt, on Pain to forfeit their Office, unleſs otherwiſe in the Kings Service *p.* 767
—Searchers or Finders, are not to keep a Common Hoſtry *ibid.*
—Weigher or Finder, not to have his Office for Life, but only during the Kings Pleaſure *p.* 766
—ſhall be reſident on their Office, to be ſworn to the ſame, on Impriſonment, and to pay 100 *l.* Half to the King, Half to the Informer *ibid.*

D.

DAmages allowed on Goods imported, to be abated on the Debentures when the Goods are exported, *Page* 20
—and Coſts againſt falſe Informers *p.* 7
—not to be allowed on Tobacco *p.* 731
—not to be allowed on Wines *p.* 609, 701, 702
Deals of the Growth of *Germany*, may be imported from thence in *Britiſh* ſhipping *p.* 612
Debentures for Corn exported from the Out-Ports (if the Collector has not Money in his Hands) are to be paid by the Receiver General, Three Months after producing a Certificate thereof to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms *p.* 180
—for drawing back any Duty, to be Stampt *p.* 372, 373
—for Fiſh exported, to be paid by the Commiſſioners of the Duties on Salt, on a Certificate from the Salt Officer, that he has not Money in his Hands *p.* 786, 800
—for Foreign Good re-exported, to be ſworn to by the Exporter only, or if by Commiſſion, by the Perſon who has the Direction of the Voyage, *p.* cxxiv, 90
—for the Drawback on Tobacco, to be on One or more Parchments, and the Oath to be printed thereon, *p.* 103
—for Tobacco, and other Certificate Goods to *Ireland*, not to be paid till a Certificate be produced, that the Tobacco is there landed *p.* 332, 333, 535
—not to be made forth, nor Drawback allowed for Tobacco exported in a Veſſel under 20 Tun, *p.* 333
—the Allowances for Damage or Diſcounts Inwards, to be deducted thereon *p.* 20
—to be ſworn to by the Exporter, in order to drawback $\frac{1}{3}$ds of the Duty called the Tranſport Duty, according to the Form there mentioned *p.* 98
—to be made by Order of the Barons of the Exchequer in *Scotland*, for Salmon and Codfiſh cured with Foreign Salt in Hand on the 24 *June*, 1719. and legally exported *p.* 942
—to be made for drawing back the Duties on Salt *p.* 786, 807
—to be made out by the Officers of the Cuſtoms for the Bounty on Fiſh, Beef, and Pork exported, out of the Duties on Salt *p.* 126, 154, 257, 785, 786, 800
—to be prepared by the Officers of the Cuſtoms for the Exciſe on Malt exported *p.* 184
Debts due to his Majeſty, for Publick Revenues from the Late Sub-Governor, Deputy Governor, Directors, &c. of the *South-Sea* Company, to be paid out of their reſpective Eſtates *p.* 656, 657, 712
—or Duties which ſhall grow due to his Majeſty, to be ſued in the Court they firſt became due, or where the Recognizance or Specialty is or ſhall be, or remain under the Seal of the Court by *Capias Extendi facias Subpœna*, Attachment, or otherwiſe as the Court ſhall think expedient *Page* 770
Defendants may have a Commiſſion out of Chancery, to examine Witneſſes beyond Sea concerning Seizures on the Act of Navigation *p.* 25
Demiſe of the Crown not to determine or ſuperſeed any Patent or Grant of any Office, till 6 Months after ſuch Demiſe, unleſs otherwiſe ſuperſeeded in the mean Time *p.* 187
—not to determine any writ, plea, proceſs, or proceeding, upon any Indictment, Information of any Offence or Miſdemeanor, or for any Debt or Account then depending *p.* 187
Denizens to pay Aliens Cuſtoms *p.* 768
Deputation of any Officer of the Cuſtoms to remain in Force, notwithſtanding the Death or Removal of any of the Commiſſioners who granted the ſame, *p.* 422
—not to be bought or ſold *p.* 770
—upon any Trial or Information, need not be produced or proved *p.* 940
Debenerunt in what Caſe it may be brought *p.* 22
Dice and Cards a Duty thereon *p.* 374
Repealed and to ſtand prohibited *p.* 392
Diſcount after the Rate of 7 *l. per Cent.* to be abated on the Bond of the Importer of Tobacco, on his paying Ready Money ſooner than 18 Months *p.* 733
—of 10 *l. per Cent.* for $\frac{4}{3}$ Months to be allowed, on paying the Additional Impoſt, 1692. *p.* 87
—of 10 *l. per Cent. per Annum* for 6 Months to be allowed, on paying the Duty on Salt or Rock-Salt *p.* 783, 784, 797, 798
altered as to Rock-Salt, and extended to 9 Months, if the Duties be paid in 2 Days after the Charge is made *p.* 807
further altered as to Rock-Salt, and extended to 12 Months, and for other Engliſh *Salt to 9 Months* *p.* 824
—of 10 *l. per Cent.* for $\frac{1}{3}$ Months to be allowed, on paying the Impoſt on Wine and Vinegar, beſides 8 *per Cent.* for Waſte *p.* 61
—of 10 *l. per Cent.* for 3 Months to be allowed, on paying the Duties on Coal, Culm, and Cynders *p.* 134
—of 10 *l. per Cent.* for $\frac{4}{3}$ Months to be allowed, on paying the Old Impoſt, 1690. *p.* 79
—the New Duty on Whale-Fins *p.* 158
—of 5 *l. per Cent.* to be allowed out of the 15 *per Cent.* on Muſlins, if paid within 20 Days after the Sale *p.* 173
—of 10 *l. per Cent.* on paying the New Duty on Raiſons, Nutmegs, Snuff, &c. *p.* 320
—or Allowance of 5 in the hundred, to be made out of the Old Subſidy on all Goods imported (except Tobacco or Wine) *p.* cxxvi
—or Allowance of 25 *l. per Cent.* to be made out of the Old Subſidy on Tobacco of the *Britiſh* Plantations, and the like Allowance out of the other Duties if paid down, otherwiſe, only 15 *l. per Cent.* *p.* 731
—out of the Additional Duty on Linen, is 10 *l. per Cent. per Annum* *p.* lxvi
—on Silk, is 10 *per Cent. per Annum* *p.* lxxxiv
—on Wine, is 10 *per Cent.* for 9 Months *p.* v
—out of the Impoſt, 1690. on Pepper *p.* 76
Diſcounts allowed to Merchants Inwards, to be deducted upon the Debentures *p.* 20. 732
Drawback not to be allowed for Certificate Goods exported to *Ireland*, till a Certificate be produced the Goods were there landed *p.* 332, 333, 535
—for *Engliſh* Hops exported to *Ireland* *p.* 606, 607, 867
—for Foreign Mum exported *p.* 70
—for Foreign Hops exported to *Ireland* *p.* 358
—for Goods relanded without the Preſence of an Officer, unleſs in caſe of Diſtreſs *p.* 29
—for Goods ſhipt out by Certificate, leſs in Quantity and Value than is expreſſed therein *ibid.*
—for Manufactures of Iron or Steel in Foreign Parts, and exported to the Plantations in *America* *p.* 210, 211, 340

—for Salt exported to *Ireland*, till a Certificate be produced from the Officers of the Cuſtoms, that the Salt was landed there *Page* 195, 811
—for Tobacco exported in any Package but Casks only, containing 3 C. wt or more (except cut or rolled Tobacco) *p.* 734
—for Tobacco Stalks or Stems exported by themſelves, *p.* 735
—on the Exportation of Foreign Alamodes and Lutſtrings *p.* 130
—of Foreign Cordage or Cable Yarn *p.* 275
—of Pepper *p.* 320
Drawback to be allowed for Coffee and Tea that were in Warehouſes on the 24 *June*, 1714. and exported before 25 *March*, 1716. *p.* 932
—for refined Sugar exported *p.* 209, 867
—for Salt exported to *Ireland*, on Proof in 6 Months it was loſt in the Voyage *p.* 237
—if Foreign Goods are exported in 3 Years from the Importation *p.* 649
—for Salt exported to the *Iſles* of *Man*, *Jerſey*, or *Guernſey* *p.* 211, 212
—for ſeveral Sorts of Fiſh out of the Duties upon Salt *p.* 126, 153, 154, 799, 806
—of half the Duties on Beaver-skins exported *p.* 688
—of half the Duties only for Tallow Candles, firſt imported and afterwards exported *p.* 173
—of half the Old Subſidy *p.* cxxiv.
—of 1 *d.* ½ *per* Pound inſtead of $\frac{3}{5}$ds of the New Duties of tanned Leather made into Goods and Wares, to be paid out of the reſpective Duties *p.* 429
—of the Additional Duty on Linen *p.* lxvi
—Silk *p.* lxxxiv
—Tobacco *p.* xcii
—Wines *p.* v
—Coinage Duty *p.* 40
—of the Duties on Coals or Culm exported, or an Allowance made the Exporter out of the Over-Sea Duty *p.* 134
—of the Duties on Coals uſed in melting Copper and Tin Ore in *Cornwall* and *Devon* *p.* 349
—of the Duties on Salt carried for the Uſe of the Fiſhery at the *North* Seas or *Iſeland* *p.* 826, 827
—of the 15 *per Cent.* on Muſlins, to be paid by the Receiver General of the Cuſtoms *p.* 172
—of the further Subſidy *p.* 139, 140, 141
—of the New Additional Duty on Spice and Pictures, *p.* 216
—Duty on Candles *p.* 326, 346
—Duty on *China* Ware *p.* 218
—Duty on Drugs *ibid.*
—Duties on Hides, Skins, and Leather Manufactures, though the Mark or Stamp do not appear on the made Wares *p.* 354, 395
—Duties on Hides or Calve-skins dreſſed or curried. *p.* 396
—Duties on Linens chequered, ſtriped, &c. *p.* 388, 389, 427
—Duties on Paper, Milboard, and Scaleboard *p.* 387, 427
—of the New Duties on Raiſons, Spice (except Pepper) or Snuff *p.* 321
—Duties on Soap *p.* 382, 427
—Duties on Starch *p.* 397, 427
—Duties on Whale-Fins *p.* 158, 159
—Duty on white Callicoes *p.* 218
—of the New Duty on wrought Plate *p.* 603
—of the Old Impoſt 1690. *p.* 79
—of the $\frac{1}{3}$ Subſidy *p.* 208
—of the $\frac{2}{3}$ Subſidy *p.* 220, 221
—of the whole Duties on Tobacco and no more *p.* 732
—of $\frac{2}{3}$ds of the New Duties on Sheep or Lamb-skins tanned, tawed, or dreſſed *p.* 430
—of $\frac{2}{3}$ds of the Old Impoſt on Wines *p.* 610
—of $\frac{2}{3}$ds of the Tranſport Duty on Spice and Pictures, *p.* 98, 690
—on *Britiſh* Sail Cloth exported *p.* 867
—on the Exportation of Copper of *Eaſt-India* or *Barbary* only *p.* 416
—out of the Additional Impoſt 169$\frac{3}{4}$. *p.* 87
—out of the Old Subſidy on Currants *p.* cxxv
—on Foreign wrought Silk *p.* lxxxiv
—on Logwood *p.* 24
—on Vinegar, Perry, Rape, Cyder, and Cyder Eager *Page* 24
—on Wines *p.* cxxv
—the Exporters of Salt, or Rock-Salt *p.* 126, 155, 168, 786, 800, 807, 864
—to be the ſame in all Parts of the United Kingdom after the Union, as in *England* *p.* 239
Drawback to be allowed out of the Exciſe on the Exportation of Candles *p.* 866
—of Cyder and Perry *p.* 504, 644
—of Gold and Silver Thread and Wire *p.* 866, 867
—of Hides or Skins *p.* 866
—of Malt *p.* 867, 910
—of Paper, &c. *p.* 866, 867
—of Plate wrought *p.* 867
—on the Exportation of Silks, Linens, and Stuffs printed, ſtained, or dyed in *Great Britain* *p.* 866, 867
—of Soap *ibid.*
—of Spirits drawn from malted Corn, that are unmixt *p.* 865
—of Starch *p.* 866, 867
—of Strong Ale, Beer, Cyder, or Mum *p.* 865
Drugs imported after the 24 *June*, 1725. not liable to pay the New Duty of 20 *l. per Cent.* by the Act paſt 10 *Annæ*, *cap.* 26. *p.* 876
—of the Growth and Product of *America*, may be imported from the *Britiſh* Plantations, and pay the ſame Duty as if imported directly from the Place of their Growth *p.* 310
—Rated the ſeveral Duties thereon imported after the 24 *June*, 1725. from *p.* 904, to *p.* 916
—Unrated what are ſo meant *p.* 217, 880, 881
—*vocat.* Senna declared not to be uſed in dying, and is to pay the ſeveral Duties accordingly *p.* 473
Duties of Exciſe an Abſtract thereof *p.* 865
—on Salt an Abſtract thereof *ibid.*
—*vocat.* Inland Duties on Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, and Cocoa-Paſte, an Abſtract *ibid.*
Dying Goods, vide Goods.

E.

EAſt-India a *Capias* in the firſt Proceſs may iſſue upon any Bill, Plaint, or Information, for Offences againſt the Acts made for encouraging, ſettling, or ſecuring the Lawful Trade of his Majeſty's Subjects to and from the *Eaſt-Indies*, and the Offenders ſhall give Bail to appear in Court, and at the time of appearing, ſhall give Bail or Security to pay the Forfeitures or Penalties incurred on Conviction, or yield their Bodies to Priſon. *Page* 738
—Callicoes, painted, dyed, and ſtained, are Meant not only after the Weaving, but in the Yarn or other Materials before the making *p.* 182
—China or Perſia Goods Unrated (except Coffee) imported, are to be Entred and Security to be given before landing, for paying the Duties according to the real Value, to be aſcertained by the Sale, and for expoſing them to Sale within 12 Months in *London* *p.* 209
the Time of Sale extended to 3 *Years* *p.* 649, 650
—the Value of thoſe *Unrated* Goods, to be according to the groſs Price at the Candle, allowing out of the ſame ſo much as the Nett Duties payable to the Crown amount to (except the 5 *l. per Cent.* for the Uſe of the Company) the Allowance made to the Buyers for Prompt Payment, and 6 *l. per Cent.* for Charges in keeping the Goods *p.* 210
—landed without Entry, Security, or Warrant, forfeited $\frac{2}{3}$ds to the King, who is to pay the Charges of Proſecution, and $\frac{1}{3}$ to the Informer *ibid.*
—the Duties thereon, to be applied to the ſame Uſes as by former Acts, and to have the like Drawbacks or Allowances *ibid.*
—Coffee imported after the 24 *June*, 1724. to be rated at 7 *l. per* C. wt, and to pay the ſeveral Subſidies and Additional Impoſt accordingly *p.* 76
—Coffee and Tea imported, and found in the proper Warehouſes on the 24 *June*, 1724. the Officers

for the Inland Duties may take an Account thereof, and fix a Lock on each Warehouſe *Page* 758
—imported after the 24 *June*, 1724. are to pay the ſeveral Subſidies and Additional Impoſt at the Cuſtom-Houſe, and thoſe Duties are to be raiſed, levied, and collected, by ſuch Ways and Means, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, with ſuch Diſcounts, Allowances, and Drawbacks, as are expreſſed in the ſeveral Acts, which granted or continued the ſame *p.* 761
—are not to be carried out of the proper Warehouſes if ſold to be conſumed here, till an Entry be made with the Officer for the Inland Duty, and paying the ſame to him who is to grant a Certificate thereof to the Warehouſe-keeper *p.* 752
—exceeding 6 lb. removed from one Place to another by Land or Water without a Permit or Certificate, ſigned by One of the Officers for the Inland Duty, to be given *gratis*, forfeited, *p.* 748
—imported, brought into and carried out of the proper Warehouſes, the reſpective Warehouſe-keepers appointed by the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, and the Commiſſioners for the Inland Duties are to keep proper Books to enter an exact Account thereof, and every 6 Months or oftner, if required, to tranſmit an exact Account on Oath, to the reſpective Commiſſioners, with an Account how much is then remaining, and the ſaid Commiſſioners are within One Month, to appoint One or more Perſons to inſpect thoſe Books and Warehouſes, and examine the Accounts, and if it ſhall appear that any of the Goods ſhall have been delivered before Payment of the Inland Duty, or giving Security for Exportation, the Warehouſe-keeper offending, forfeits 100 *l.* and Incapacitated *p.* 754
—imported, delivered out of the proper Warehouſe for home Conſumption, the Warehouſe-keeper is to give the Proprietor a Permit or Certificate, to be ſigned alſo by the Officer for the Inland Duty, to prevent the ſeizing thereof *p.* 752
—imported after the 24 *June*, 1724. on Entry thereof at the Cuſtom-Houſe, and paying or ſecuring the Subſidies and Additional Impoſt then due, are to be put into proper Warehouſes provided at the Charge of the Importer, and approved by the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, where the Coffee may be Garbled, as uſual *p.* 752
—imported after the 24 *June*, 1724. which were ſubject to ſeveral Duties by the 6 *W.* 3. *cap.* 7. 3 *A. cap.* 4. and the 10 *A. cap.* 26. are to pay Inland Duties, inſtead thereof, *viz.* Coffee 2 *s. per* lb. Tea 4 *s. per* lb. *p.* 743, 744
—imported, which ought to be ſecured in proper Warehouſes, not duly entred and brought into ſuch Warehouſes, adjudged to be clandeſtinely Run, and may be ſeized by any Officer of the Cuſtoms, or for the Inland Duties as forfeited, together with the Caniſters, Bags, Casks, or other Veſſels, or Things containing the ſame, and the Horſes, Carts, and other Carriages made uſe of in carrying the ſame *p.* 753
—in proper Warehouſes the Proprietors thereof, may have a Lock on ſuch Warehouſes, and the Officers are to attend at all reaſonable Times *p.* 754
—in publick Warehouſes, not to be delivered out to any Seller or Dealer in leſs Quantities than 1 C. wt. of each Sort at one Time, except where the Goods ſhall be publickly ſold by any Lott, in leſs Quantities *p.* 755
—intended for Exportation, to be delivered out of the proper Warehouſes to the Importers, or Buyers, or ſuch as they ſhall appoint, upon ſufficient Security to his Majeſty, to be taken by the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, or ſuch Officers as they ſhall appoint, that the ſame ſhall be exported, which Security ſhall be diſcharged without Fee, upon a proper Certificate from beyond Sea, that the Goods were there landed, or on Proof they were taken by Enemies or periſhed in the Seas *p.* 753
—lodged in the proper Warehouſes by virtue of the Act 10 *A. cap.* 26. and found there, on or after the 24 *June*, 1724. to be charged with the Remainder of the Inland Duties, and the Importers in One Month after the 24 *June*, 1724. or on Delivery thereof ſooner, are to make an Entry at the Cuſtom-Houſe, and pay or ſecure the remaining Cuſtoms due thereon, and if exported in Time, to drawback the Duties (except the Half Subſidy) or vacate the Security, and for ſuch Coffee and Tea as ſhall remain unexported, the Security to be vacated on Payment of the Inland Duties, *Page* 757
altered, and if exported before the 25 March, 1726. *to drawback the Duties* *p.* 932
—not to be ſold, uttered, or expoſed to Sale, but when the ſame ſhall be in ſome Place entred, with the Officers for the Inland Duty, or in ſome Warehouſe approved of by the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, on Forfeiture, and Treble the Value *p.* 748
—ſeized, and if any Diſpute ariſeth, whether the Cuſtoms or Inland Duties are paid, or that they were condemned, the Proof thereof is to lie on the Owner or Claimer, or the Perſon on whom found, and not on the Officer *p.* 753
—Commodities may be imported in *Britiſh* built Ships, duly navigated from the uſual Places of lading in in any Part to the *Southward* and *Eaſtward* of *Cabo bona Speranza*, though the Ports be not the very Places of their Growth *p.* 5
—Company after the 25 *March*, 1726. upon Three Years Notice, and Repayment of 3,200,000 *l.* and the Arrears, the Corporation to ceaſe *p.* 270
Repealed, and the Company to continue without Limitation *p.* 406
—Company allowed to Ship out Stores, Proviſions, Utenſils of War, and neceſſaries for their Garriſons, and Settlements, Free of Duty, not exceeding 300 *l.* *per Annum* *p.* 651
—Firſt informing or proſecuting for any Offence againſt the Acts for encouraging, &c. the Lawful Trade to the *Eaſt-Indies*, ſhall have the Part of the Penalties or Forfeitures given to any other Perſon that ſhould ſue or inform *p.* 739
—Company may enter the Goods imported by them by Bills at ſight or ſufferance, and give Security under their Common Seal, for Payment of the Cuſtoms and other Duties on Goods rated, and Coffee at $\frac{12}{3}$ Months after the Ships Report, and to have ſuch Allowances and Deductions as are made to other Merchants, except ſuch Duties as are to be aſcertained by the Price at the Candle *p.* 407, 408
—to give Security to his Majeſty by their Common Seal, for every Ship bound to the *Eaſt-Indies*, after the Rate of 2500 *l.* for every 100 Tun the Ship ſhall be let for, on Condition, that the Goods laden thereon by or for the Company, be brought to ſome Port of *Great Britain* without breaking bulk, beſides ſuch Security, if any Goods ſhall be landed in any other Place (except at St. *Hellena*) forfeited or the Value, Half to the King, Half to the Proſecutor *p.* 260, 261
—to give Security under the Common Seal for Cuſtoms, and other Matters where Bonds have been uſually taken *p.* 270, 271
—Copper exported, to be allowed a Drawback *p.* 416
—Forfeitures and Penalties in and by the Acts of 9 *W.* 3. *cap.* 44. 6 *A. cap.* 3. 5 *Geo. cap.* 21. 7 *Geo. cap.* 21. relating to the Trade to and from the *Eaſt-Indies*, may be ſued for in any of his Majeſty's Courts at *Weſtminſter*, at the Suit of the Attorney General, or the Company, or any Officer of the Cuſtoms, ſuch Officer, Firſt taking the Conſent of the Company, $\frac{1}{3}$ to the King, $\frac{1}{3}$ to the Company, and $\frac{1}{3}$ to ſuch Officer *p.* 647
—Goods allowed 3 Years for the Exportation from the Maſters Report of the Ship, and be allowed to drawback the Duties *p.* 649

—Imported from thence beyond the *Cape of Good Hope*, to pay 5 *l. per Cent.* to his Majesty, for the Use of the General Society or Company, to Maintain Ambassadors, &c. *Page* 156
Repealed as to Goods imported, by and belonging to the English *Comany of Merchants, Trading thither* *p.* 270
—Imported into *Ireland* or his Majesty's Plantations, and the Officers of the Customs willingly or knowingly conniving at such fraudulent Importation, or shall seize, and by Fraud or Collusion delay the Prosecution, shall forfeit 500 *l.* ½ to the King, ½ to the Informer, and such Officer shall be incapable to serve his Majesty *p.* 648, 649
—imported, to be openly and publickly Sold by Inch of Candle, on Forfeiture or the Value, ½ to the King, ½ to the Informer *p* 155
—liable to the New Duty of 5 *l. per Cent.* to be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs *p.* 157
—not to be imported into *Ireland*, other than from *Great Britain*, under Forfeiture of Ship and Goods, with a Penalty on the Officer conniving or delaying the Prosecution *p.* 537, 538
—not to be imported or carried into *Ireland*, *Jersey*, *Guernsey*, *Alderney*, *Sark*, or *Man*, or any *British* Plantation in *Africa*, or *America*, but what shall be shipt from *Great Britain* in Ships duly navigated, under Forfeiture of Ship and Goods to be seized, and the same or the Value, to be prosecuted at *Westminster*, *Dublin*, or in any of his Majesty's Courts in such *Island* or Plantation, ½ to the King, ½ to the Seizor (except the Offence be committed in *Africa* or *America*, in which Case, ½ to the King, ½ to the Governor, ½ to the Informer *p.* 648
—not to be traded in by the *South-Sea* Company, unless exported from *Great Britain* *p.* 369, 370
—Treasure or Effects shipped for the *East-Indies* (except the Companies, or Licenced by them, or Stores, &c. for the Ship) or taken out of such Ship in her Voyage homeward, forfeited, and Double the Value, and the Commander or other Officers knowingly, permitting the same, forfeits 1000 *l.* and their Wages *p.* 646
—japanned and lacquered Goods, the Duties to be ascertained by the Price at the Candle *p.* 182
—Mullins an Explanation, what are so called *ibid.*
—imported, to pay a Duty of 15 *l. per Cent.* according to the Gross Price, Security to be given before landing for Payment thereof as soon as Sold, and for selling them openly and fairly in *London* in 12 Months after the Importation, by Auction or inch of Candle, on Forfeiture or the Value, $\frac{2}{3}^{ds}$ to the King, and ½ to the Seizor or Prosecutor *p.* 171, 172
The time of Sale extended to 3 *Years p.* 649, 650
—the Duty of 15 *l. per Cent.* to be paid in 20 Days after the Sale, and in such Case, the Importer to be allowed 5 *l. per Cent.* *p.* 173
—to be drawnback, if the Goods are exported in 12 Months, the same to be paid by the Receiver General, or the Security vacated *p.* 172
The time of Exportation enlarged to 3 *Years p.* 649
—to be managed by the Commissioners of the Customs, and to be paid by the Receiver General into the Exchequer *p.* 172
—no Company or particular Person allowed to Trade thither, till Security to the Commissioners of the Customs, to bring all the Goods home without breaking bulk that shall be there loaded, and if any Difficulty about the Security, the same to be determined by some of the Barons of the Exchequer *p.* 155
—Offences against the Acts for securing the Trade to and from the *East-Indies*, excepted out of the General Pardon *p.* 660
—against the Acts for settling or securing the Trade to the *East-Indies*, shall and may after 24 *June*, 1723. be laid or alledged to be in *London* or *Middlesex* *p.* 738
—Pepper imported, brought into Warehouses, not to be delivered out but for home Consumption, on paying the remainder of the Duties or for Exportation, on giving Security to the Commissioners of the Customs, for his Majesty's Use *p.* 318, 319
—Duties thereon lessened to 4 *d.* ½ *per* lb. *p.* 688
—exported, on Security, how the Bond shall be discharged *p.* 319, 534, 535
—exported, to be allowed no Drawback *p.* 320
—imported into any Port but *London* or into *London*, and a due Entry not made thereof, and brought into proper Warehouses, forfeited, and the Offenders to forfeit 100 *l.* One half to the King, the other to the Informer *p.* 319
—may be sifted and garbled by the Importer *p.* 318
—Proprietors thereof, may fix Locks on the Warehouses, and in the Presence of the Warehouse-keeper view, sort, and deliver out the Pepper for home Consumption or Exportation *p.* 320
—shall on Entry, be put into Warehouses provided at the Charge of the Importer, and approved by the Commissioners of the Customs, paying the Half Subsidy *p.* 318, 320
—the Dirt or other Trash found among it may be destroyed, and the Warehouse-keeper to be discharged of so much Pepper in his Books *p.* 401
—Warehouse-keeper (who is to be provided at the Charge of the Importer) is to keep proper Books, and deliver an Account to the Commissioners every 6 Months of the Pepper brought in and carried out, who are to appoint proper Persons to examine the Books and Warehouse, and if the Keeper be found guilty of Imbezlement, to forfeit the Value of the Pepper, and 100 *l.* and disabled from having any publick Imployment *p.* 319, 320
—Pepper long, not liable to the New Duty *p.* 349
—Persia or China wrought Silks, Bengalls, and Stuffs mixt with Silk or Herba, and all Callicoes painted, dyed, printed, or stained there brought by any Person into any Port but *London*, or there without due Entry, forfeited, and the Persons to forfeit 500 *l.* ½ to the King, $\frac{1}{3}^{ds}$ to the Prosecutor *p.* 174, 175
—Persons seizing and prosecuting such Goods if sued, may plead the General Issue, and if the Plaintiff be nonsuited or discontinue his Action, or if a Verdict pass against him, the Defendant to have Treble Costs *p.* 175
—prohibited to be worn or used here *p.* 173
—such Goods liable to pay only the Half Subsidy, which is to remain after Exportation *p.* 176
—such Goods made up and used in any sort of Apparel or Furniture before 29th *September*, 1701. are not forfeited *p.* 175
—such Goods made up or used in Furniture or Houshold stuff before 25 *December*, 1722. not within the Penalties of the Act past 10 & 11 *W.* 3. *cap.* 10. *p.* 764
—such Goods whether mixed, sewed, or made up for Sale with any other Goods, or otherwise found in any other Place than the proper Warehouse, forfeited, and may be searched for and seized in like Manner, as prohibited and uncustomed Goods are by the Act of Frauds *p.* 173, 174
—the Person in whose Custody the Goods are found, knowing thereof, or that shall sell the same, forfeits 100 *l.* ½ to the King, $\frac{2}{3}^{ds}$ to the Prosecutor *p.* 173
—the Proof where manufactured, to lie on the Owner and not the Prosecutor *p.* 174
—the Proprietors of such Goods lodged in any Warehouse, may fix a Lock to such Warehouse, and the Warehouse-keeper to attend at all seasonable Times, that the Proprietor in his Presence, may view, sort, or deliver the Goods, in order for Exportation *p.* 175, 176
—upon Seizure, to be carried to the next Custom-House, and after Condemnation, to be publickly sold for Exportation on Security, ½ of the Sale for

An Alphabetical INDEX.

for his Majesty, and $\frac{2}{3}^{ds}$ for the Seizor or Prosecutor *Page* 174

—upon Importation, and after Entry to be put into such Warehouses as shall be approved by the Commissioners of the Customs, and not to be taken thence but in order for Exportation, Security being First given that the same shall be exported, which Security shall be discharged without Fee on a Certificate under the Common Seal of the Chief Magistrate, or under the Hands and Seals of Two known *British* Merchants, when the Goods were landed, or on Proof before the Commissioners they were taken or perished at Sea *p.* 173, 174

—Warehouse-keeper to keep proper Books, wherein to enter an Account of such Goods brought in or carried out, and the Time when, and every 6 Months to transmit an exact Account upon Oath to the Commissioners of the Customs, with an exact Account how much shall be remaining in the Warehouse, and in 1 Month after the Account shall be transmitted, the Commissioners are to appoint One or more Persons to inspect the Books and Warehouse, and examine the Account, and to lay a true Account of the same before the Parliament, within the First Week of every Session and if any of the Goods appear to be carried out of the Warehouse unless for Exportation, the Warehouse keeper to forfeit the Value of the Goods and 500 *l.* $\frac{1}{3}$ to the King, and $\frac{1}{3}^{ds}$ to the Prosecutor, and also disabled from having any publick Imployment *p.* 175

—Persons discovering to the Court of Directors in writing, what Share or Intereft his Majesty's Subjects have in any Foreign *East-India* Company, are intituled to One Moiety of the clear Amount of the Forfeitures out of the Estates of such Person so Interested *p.* 737

—Subjects of *Great Britain* who shall sail, go, or repair to, or be in the *East-Indies*, or Parts within the *East-India* Companies Charter, contrary to Law, liable to such Punishment as by Law may be inflicted for such Offence, and the Company may seize such Person and send him to *England* to answer the Offence, and if any such Person shall procure or act under any Foreign Commission, or shall pass to, sail, go, or Trade in those Limits, he forfeits 500 *l.* to be recovered in any of his Majesty's Courts at *Westminster*, Half to the King, and Half to the Informer *p.* 573, 574

—Subjects of his Majesty accepting of any Trust, or who shall know of any Interest, Share, Part, or Concern, which any Subject has in such Foreign Company, and not discover the same in Six Months, forfeits Treble the Value, Half to the King, and Half to the Prosecutor, to be by Action of Debt, *&c.* in any Court of Record at *Westminster*, or the Offender to be Imprisoned for a Year *p.* 737

—concerned, or encouraging any Foreign Company Trading in, to or from the *East-Indies*, or Places within the Charter granted to the *English* Company, forfeit their Interest, Share, or Concern, in the Capital Stock of such Foreign Company, and Treble the Value, $\frac{1}{3}^{d}$ to the King, and $\frac{2}{3}^{ds}$ to the said *English* Company, if they inform, otherwise, $\frac{1}{3}^{d}$ of such $\frac{2}{3}^{ds}$ to the Informer, the Prosecutions may be by Bill of Complaint, in the Name of the Attorney General, or the United *East-India* Company, or by Common Informers, with the Consent of the Company, by Bill of Complaint, Information, or Action of Debt *p.* 735, 736, 737

—other than such as are lawfully Authorized, guilty of a High Crime and Misdemeanor, if after the 24 *June*, 1724. they shall go, sail, or repair to, or be, or be found in, or at the *East-Indies*, within the Companies Charter, and may be prosecuted for the same at *Westminster*, and the Offenders on Conviction, are liable to such Corporal Punishment, Imprisonment, or Fine, as the Court shall think Fit, Half the Fine to his Majesty, and Half to the Informer, such Offenders may be seized and brought to *England*, and committed to Goal by One or more Justices of the Peace, till Security be given to appear in the Court where the Suit be commenced or depending *Page* 737, 738

—who shall go, or repair to, or shall Trade, Traffick, or Adventure in, to or from the Parts within the Companies Charter contrary to Law, the Attorney General or the Company, may at any Time in Six Years, file or exhibit an Information in any of his Majesty's Courts at *Westminster* against the Offender, and if he shall be found guilty, Judgment is to be given by Fine, or Imprisonment, and full Costs of Suit to the Prosecutor; but in case the Defendant be acquitted, the Company is to pay his full Costs of Suit, and all the Goods there Bartered or Trafficked for, or purchased by such Offender, shall be forfeited and Double the Value *p.* 645, 646

—such Persons or Corporations, as by the 9 & 10 *W.* 3. have a Right to Trade thither, shall have the whole and sole Trade to and from thence and the *East-Indies*, shall not be visited and haunted by another of his Majesty's Subjects, under Forfeiture of the Ships and Goods, and the Proceed, and Effects of the same, and Double the Value, $\frac{1}{4}^{th}$ to the Seizor or Prosecutor, and $\frac{3}{4}^{ths}$ to the Company or General Society, they paying the Charges *p.* 157, 158

—Suits or Prosecution for any Penalty or Forfeiture, against the Acts relating to the Trade to and from the *East Indies*, are not to be commenced by any Officer of the Customs, till he shall have acquainted the Court of Directors with his Intention, and if they elect to prosecute by Bill of Complaint with Waiver of Penalties and Forfeitures, such Bill shall be filed in the Name of the Attorney General, and the Company shall pay $\frac{1}{4}^{th}$ part of the Money recovered to such Officer, the Company paying the Charges of Prosecutions; but if the Directors elect to prosecute by Information or Action of Debt, at Law, such Officer shall prosecute accordingly, and not discontinue the same, but by Consent of the Company or the Directors *p.* 647, 648

—Tea, Dealers therein, Manufacturers or Dyers thereof, or pretending so to be, shall not alter, counterfeit, or adulterate the same, or mix any leaves therewith, other than leaves of Tea, on Forfeiture thereof and 100 *l.* *p.* 931, 932

—imported after the 24 *June*, 1724. is to pay the Old Subsidy according to the reduced Value, and other Subsidies and Additional Impost in the Proportion *p.* 760

—imported by Licence from any Place not being the Place of its Growth, the Acts allowing the same, *Repealed* *p.* 650, 651

—is not to be imported by any Person, but only such as could by Law import the same *p.* 761 *Altered, and is prohibited to be imported from any Place, but the Place of its Growth* *p.* 932

—the Attorney General at the Relation of the Company, or by his own Authority, may exhibit a Bill of Complaint in the Exchequer, to discover illegal Trading into, or from those Parts, and for recovery of the Duties and Damages after mentioned, waiving all Penalties and Forfeitures, the Defendant to answer the Bill, and pay the Customs to his Majesty, and 30 *l. per Cent.* to the Company, and to be liable to no further Prosecution; if such Bill (if exhibited by the Company) be dismissed the Company is to pay the Defendant Costs of Suit, but if a Decree be obtained against the Defendant, he is to pay Costs of Suit *p.* 646, 647

—upon the Importation of Goods from thence, an Entry to be made, and Security given to pay the Duty of 5 *l. per Cent.* as soon as sold, but if landed before Entry, and Security given, the Goods are forfeited or the Value, Half to the King, Half to the Prosecutor *p.* 156

An Alphabetical INDEX.

—upon 3 Years Notice to the Company, after the 25th *March*, 1733. and Repayment of 3,200,000 *l.* and all Arrears of 160,000 *l. per Annum*, the Duties on Salt, ſtampt Vellom, &c. and the ſaid 160,000 *l. per Annum*, to ceaſe *Page* 406, 407

—white Callicoes, *China*, or Japan Ware made of Earth, and Drugs, further Duties thereon, *viz.*
15 *per Cent.* on white Callico.
12 *per Cent.* on *China*, or Japan Ware.
10 *per Cent.* on Drugs Rated.
4 *per Cent.* on Drugs Unrated.
how thoſe Duties ſhall be aſcertained and levied *p.* 217, 218

—if exported in Time the Duties to be drawnback *p.* 218

—landed without Entry, and the Duties paid or ſecured, forfeited or the Value, ½ to his Majeſty who is to bear the Charges of Proſecution, and ½ to the Seizor or Informer *ibid.*

Eels alive, may be imported *p.* 59

Embargo not to extend to Ships belonging to the *South-Sea* Company, unleſs they be particularly mentioned in the Order *p.* 369

Entries or Agreement to be made for the Cuſtom of all Goods before landing *p.* 7

—to be made at the Cuſtom-Houſe of all Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa-Nutts *p.* 752

—to be made at the next Salt Office of all Salt-Works, Salt-Pits, Salt-Pans, Storehouſes, Warehouſes, or other Places for the making, laying, refining, or keeping of Salt or Rock Salt *p.* 810

—to be made by Chocolate Makers on Oath, under Penalty of 50*l.* *p.* 749

—to be made by every Maſter, Purſer, or other Perſon taking Charge of the Ship Outward bound, before any Goods be taken in, and before the Ship departs, to give an Account of the Goods, and by whom Laden on Oath, on the Penalty of 100*l.* *p.* 15, 771

—to be made by Sellers and Dealers in Coffee, Tea, Cocoa-Nutts, or Chocolate, of all Warehouſes, Storehouſes, &c. under Forfeiture of 200*l.* and alſo the Goods and Package *p.* 745, 746

—to be made of Chocolate to be made up in Private Families, with the Officer for the Inland Duty, under Forfeiture and Treble Value *p.* 751

—to be made of Dying Goods imported, Free of Duty, or to be ſubject to Duty *p.* 685

—to be made of Goods of the Product or Manufacture of *Great Britain* exported, Free of Duty, otherwiſe, to be ſubject to Duty *ibid.*

—to be made of Ship and Coals before the Coals are unſhipt, on Forfeiture of the Coals and Ship *p.* 132, 133

—to be made on Oath by every Maſter, Purſer, or other Perſon taking Charge of the Ship Inward bound before breaking Bulk, on the Penalty of 100*l.* *p.* 15, 771, 772

—to be made with the Collector of the Duties on Salt, of all Salt before landing, on Forfeiture *p.* 783, 789

—to be made with the Officer for the Inland Duty before the Coffee, Tea, or Cocoa-Nutts, are taken out of the Warehouſe for home Conſumption *p.* 752

—to be made with the Salt Officer of Salt, or Rock-Salt, made or dug out of any Pit, on Forfeiture *p.* 784

—to be ſubſcribed both Inwards and Outwards by the Merchant or his known Servant, to prevent colouring of Strangers Goods, without which, the Officers are not to ſuffer the Entry to paſs *p.* 19, 20

Exchequer in *England*, may grant Commiſſions for aſſigning ſuch further Places, Members and Creeks (except the Town of *Hull*) as ſhall be lawful for landing or ſhipping any Goods in *England*, *Wales*, or *Berwick* *p.* 21

—in *Scotland*, may do the like for *Scotland* *p.* 289

Exciſe on Liquors imported *p.* 865

—Drawnback for ſeveral Goods exported *p.* 865, 866, 867

Exporters to ſwear to their Debentures *Page* cxxix, 90, 103

—to ſwear to the Value of their Goods to be exported, that are Unrated *p.* cxxii

F.

Farmers or Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, not to be Members of Parliament *Page* 179

Fees and Allowances continued *p.* 189, 335, 336

—due to ſeveral Officers in the Port of *London*, contained in a Table *p.* cxxxi, cxxxii, cxxxiii, cxxxiv, cxxxv

—Legal, if not paid the Diſpatches, may be ſtopt *p.* cxxx

—of a Coquet or Certificate Outwards, to be paid to the Officer in One Sum *p.* cxxviii

—to be paid for Licences for Wooll exported from the Port of *Southampton* to the Iſlands of *Jerſey*, &c. *p.* 11

—to be paid for the Bond, Sufferance, and Return, on carrying Coals from *Ellenfoot* to *Bank-end* *p.* 681

—to Cuſtomers and other Officers *p.* iii, iv

—to Officers for Corn, Proviſions, and Hops, within the Port of *London*, paſſing by *Tranſire* *p.* 199

Fees not to be taken by any Officer of the Cuſtoms for examining Naval Stores with reſpect to the Bounty, or for making or ſigning any Certificate in order to the Receiving the *Premium* for the ſame *p.* 540

—exacted by Officers, on Forfeiture of Office and Incapacity *p.* cxxix, 26, 88, 209, 221

—for any Debenture, except the Half Subſidy *p.* 88

—for any Debenture, Ticket, Warrant, or Licence, concerning the Duty on Salt *p.* 153, 155, 785, 799, 800

—for any Entry, Warrant, Debenture, Certificate, Coquets, &c. on account of the ½d and ⅓ds Subſidy, under the Penalty of 40*l.* ½d to the King, and the reſt to the Party grieved, beſides Coſts of Suit *p.* 209, 221

—for any Oath adminiſtred on the Additional Impoſt Act *p.* 88

—for Debentures for Corn exported *p.* 68, 180

—for Debentures for Fiſh and Fleſh exported *p.* 256, 257, 311

—for Lime and Lime-ſtones carried between *Ellenfoot* and *Bank-end* *p.* 682

—for the ſight of Foreign Goods, carried from One Port to another with a Certificate *p.* 76

Felony for exporting Wooll repealed *p.* 11

—for Perſons tranſported, for obſtructing beating, or wounding Officers of the Cuſtoms, if they Return before the Time limited be expired *p.* 617, 61

—to counterfeit Exchequer Bills *p.* 5

—the Mark or Stamp for marking Hides, Skins, or Leather *p.* 3

—the Mark or Stamp for marking Linens chequered, ſtriped, &c. *p.* 3

—to export, Rams, Lambs, or Sheep, alive, a Second Time *p.* 7

—without Benefit of Clergy for Perſons tranſported to the Plantations, for exporting Wooll, &c. if they Return before the Expiration of Seven Years *p.* 5

Fiſh *Britiſh* taken and brought by *Britiſh*-bottoms, all freſh Fiſh imported, excepted out of the Subſidy of Poundage *p.*

—and out of the Further ſubſidy *p.*

—*Britiſh* taken, may be landed or ſhipt at any Port *p.*

—Codfiſh, &c. for which an Allowance is made on Importation, fraudulently relanded, forfeited Double the Value *p.* 197, 548,

—exported, a Drawback to be allowed out of the Duties on Salt *p.* 126, 153, 154, 197, 241, 256, 547, 548, 785, 794, 799, 800, 801,

—exported from *Scotland*, the Bounty thereon to be paid out of the Duties on Salt, or out of the Cuſtoms or Exciſe *p.* 310,

An Alphabetical INDEX.

—loſt or ſpoiled before the Ship proceeds on her Voyage, to be allowed the Bounty or Drawback *Page* 549
—not well cured no allowance to be made on the Exportation *p.* 298, 543, 815
—Stock-fiſh and live Eels may be imported *p.* 59, 169
—*vocat.* Cod-fiſh, Ling, or Hake, caught and cured at *Newfoundland*, *Iſeland*, or in the *North-Seas*, may be imported, Oath being made they were caught and cured there, and the Tail of ſuch Fiſh cut off by the Salt Officer at the landing thereof, otherwiſe, forfeited and Double the Value *p.* 810, 822, 823, 826
—*vocat.* Herrings or Salmon, if exported in barrels or Half barrels of a different Size or Content than hereafter mentioned, not to be allowed the Bounty, *viz* the Herring barrel 32 Gallons, the Salmon 42 Gallons, and the Half barrels in Proportion *p.* 551
—*vocat.* Herrings, White-fiſh, and Salmon, how to be pined, cured, and packed in *Scotland* *p.* 241
—*vocat.* Pilchards not to be cured or Packt for Sale, but by the Owners of ſome ſeyn or drift Nett or by their Conſent in writing, and the word Seyn or Drift marked on the Cask with the Name of the Owner and Number of Pilchards therein, under the Penalty of Double the Value *p.* 817
—*vocat.* Red and White Herrings, the Oath concerning the Duty on Salt altered *p.* 667, 691
—*vocat.* Red Herrings or Sprats, if burnt or conſumed by Fire during the time of drying or curing, to be taken and accepted as if exported *p.* 549, 550
—*vocat.* Red Herrings to pay 20*d. per* barrel, and White Herrings to pay 3*s.* 4*d. per* barrel before Removal and Entry (except for Exportation) on Forfeiture, Half to the King, Half to the Informer *p.* 667, 692
—*vocat.* White Herrings to be allowed a Drawback on Oath made by the Exporter or his Agent that the Herrings were cured with Salt for which the Duty had been paid, to the beſt of his Knowledge and Belief *p.* 268
—upon Exportation for which a Drawback is to be allowed, to have the Tail cut off or the Cask marked *p.* 196, 197, 814
Fleſh exported, a Bounty thereon *p.* 241, 256, 864
—exported from *Scotland*, the Bounty to be paid out of the Duties on Salt or out of the Cuſtoms or Exciſe there *p.* 310, 311
Forfeitures and Offences made, done, and committed, againſt the Act for granting Duties of Exciſe, within the immediate Limits of the Chief Office in *London*, to be heard, adjudged, and determined, before the Commiſſioners and Governors of Exciſe, or the Commiſſioners for Appeals, in caſe of Appeal *p.* 781
—in any County, City, Town, or Place (except *London*) to be heard and determined by any Two Juſtices of Peace reſiding near where the Forfeitures ſhall be made or Offence committed, and in caſe of their Neglect or Refuſal, for 14 Days after Complaint made and Notice given to the Offender, then by the Sub-Commiſſioners, from whence the Party may appeal to the Juſtices at their next Quarter Seſſions, who are authorized to hear and determine the ſame, and their Judgment to be final *p.* 781
—Penalties and Fines impoſed by the Act laying the Duty of Exciſe, may be mitigated by the reſpective Juſtices of Peace, Commiſſioners for Exciſe or any Two of them or their Sub-Commiſſioners, ſo as by ſuch Mitigation, the ſame be not made leſs than Double the Value the Duty of Exciſe, which ſhould have been paid, beſides the reaſonable Coſts and Charges of the Officers, to be allowed by the Juſtices *p.* 782
—Penalties and Fines impoſed by the Act laying the Duty of Exciſe, to be levied by Warrant of the Commiſſioners of Exciſe, Commiſſioners for Appeals, Juſtices of Peace, or Sub-Commiſſioners upon the Goods and Chattels of the Offender, and the ſame to be ſold if not redeemed in 14 Days, and for want of Diſtreſs, the Party to be impriſoned till Satisfaction be made *Page* 781
—Penalties and Fines on the Act 11 *Geo. cap.* 30. for preventing Frauds in the Publick Revenues, ſhall be ſued for, recovered, levied, or mitigated, by any Laws of Exciſe, or by Action of Debt, *&c.* in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland* *p.* 940
—and Penalties relating to the Duties on Salt, may be ſued for, recovered, and levied, or mitigated, by any the Laws of Exciſe, or in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or in the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland* *p.* 258, 670, 692, 784, 797, 793, 808, 814, 819, 827
—Penalties and Fines relating to the Inland Duties upon Coffee, Tea, or Chocolate, ſhall be ſued for, and recovered, or mitigated, by any Laws of Exciſe, or by Action, *&c.* in any Court of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or in the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*, and the Judgments of the Commiſſioners of Exciſe, or Juſtices of Peace in *England*, to be final, and not removed by *Certiorari* *p.* 758, 759

G.

Galleys, vide Boats.
Gallon, the Dimenſions thereof to meaſure Wine *Page* 255
Germany, what Goods may not be brought from thence *p.* 23
Goods and Chattels diſtrained for Offences againſt the Laws of Exciſe, to be ſold if not redeemed in 14 Days, rendring to the Party the Overplus, if any be *p.* 781
—brought from beyond Sea, taken up or diſcharged out of any Lighter, Ship, Veſſel, *&c.* and laid on Land (Fiſh *Britiſh* taken, and Salt excepted) at illegal Hours, or any unlawful Wharf, or Key (*Hull* excepted) or where a Cuſtomer, Comptroller, and Searcher, or their Deputies, have not been Reſident for 10 Years paſt, forfeited or the Value, and the Maſter, *&c.* to forfeit 100*l.* *p.* 771
—brought into his Majeſty's Warehouſe for ſecurity of the Duties, and ſhall remain there 12 Months, to be publickly ſold, the Produce thereof, to be applied towards Payment of the Freights, Primage, Charges, and Cuſtoms, or other Duties, and the Overplus rendred to the Proprietor *p.* 421
—brought or coming into any Port of *Great Britain* from any other Port, within the ſame by Coaſt-Cocquet, *Tranſire*, Let-paſs, or Certificate, unſhipt, to be landed before ſuch Coaſt Cocquet, *&c.* ſhall be delivered to the Cuſtomer, Collector, and Comptroller, and Warrant or Sufferance made for landing the ſame, the Maſter, Purſer, Boatſwain, or other Mariner taking Charge of the Ship, knowing or conſenting thereunto, ſhall forfeit the Value of the ſaid Goods, Half to the King, Half to the Informer *p.* 701
—carried Coaſtwiſe in Foreign Ships, forfeited *p.* 3
—clandeſtinely run or imported, any Perſon receiving or buying the ſame knowingly, and ſhall be convicted before any Juſtice of the Peace, to forfeit 20*l.* Half to the Informer, Half to the Poor of the Pariſh where the Offence is committed, to be levied by Diſtreſs, and for want thereof, the Offender to be committed to Priſon for Three Months *p.* 697
—entered by any Merchant *Britiſh* or Stranger, whereby the King loſes his Duty, forfeited to the King, and the Value to the Party grieved *p.* 769
—entered by any Perſon, whereby the King loſeth his Cuſtoms or Prizage, the Perſon offending, forfeits all his Goods and Chattels, Perſonal for ever, Half to the King, Half to the Informer, the Proſecution to be in Three Years *p.* 769
—enumerated in the Act of Navigation, imported in any other Ship than which doth belong to *Great Britain*, and navigated with the Mariners thereof, as aforeſaid, and all Currants and *Turky* Commodities

modities imported in any other t an *Britiſh* built ſhipping and navigated, as aforeſaid, ſhall be deemed Aliens Goods, and pay all Duties accordingly to his Majeſty and to the Town or Port into which they ſhall be imported *Page* 4
—enumerated in the Act of Navigation, not to be brought from the *Netherlands* or *Germany* on any Pretence, under Forfeiture of Ship and Goods, *viz.* Wines other than Rheniſh, Spicery, Grocery, Tobacco, Pot-aſhes, Pitch, Tar, Salt, Rozen, Deal-Boards, Fir-Timber, Olive-Oil *p.* 23
Repealed as to Fir-Timber, Fir-Planks, Maſts, and Deal-boards of Germany *p.* 62
—exported to *Ireland* on Security, or entituled to a Drawback, the Bond ſhall not be delivered up nor Drawback allowed, till a Certificate be produced that the Goods were there landed, and if no Certificate be produced in Six Months, the Bond to be forfeited *p.* 534, 535
—Foreign, entituled to a Drawback, contained in any Certificate or Debenture not ſhipt, and exported, or landed again in *Great Britain* (unleſs in caſe of Diſtreſs) to be immediately made known to the proper Officers are forfeited, and the Perſon being the Exporter or any others concerned in the bringing back or relanding, or to whoſe Hands the Goods ſhall knowingly come or be relanded, forfeits Double the Drawback, together with the Veſſels, and Boats, and all the Horſes, or other Cattle, or Carriages, made uſe of in the landing, removing, carriage, or conveyance of the ſame, Half to the King, and Half to the Seizor, or Informer, the Proſecution to be at any Time within Five Years after the Offence committed *p.* 332
—Foreign exported by Certificates, the Allowances and Diſcounts made the Merchant at Importation, to be deducted on the Debenture *p.* 20
—Foreign not to be carried from One Port to another without a Certificate under the Cuſtomers Seal, directed to the Cuſtomer whereto the Goods ſhall be carried, mentioning therein the Natural Colour, Length, and Value, Weight, and Contents of the Goods, ſuch Certificate to be delivered to the Cuſtomer before the Goods are diſcharged, to ſee they agree therewith, and the Cuſtoms be duly paid, and if the Goods be unpacked or put to Sale in any Port than where Firſt entred, and the Goods ſeen as above, forfeited, Half to the King, Half to the Proſecutor, for the Sight of which Goods no Fee to be taken *p.* 768
—found on board any Man of War or Merchant Ship Outward bound prohibited or uncuſtomed, may be brought on ſhoar, except Jewels *p.* 16
—found on board any Ship Inward bound, to be brought to the Kings Storehouſe, *viz.* all ſmall Parcels of Fine Goods, or other Goods found in Cabbins, Cheſts, Trunks, or other ſmall Package in any ſecret Place, which may Occaſion Suſpicion they were intended to be fraudulently conveyed away *ibid.*
—found on board any Ships for which the Duties were not paid or compounded for, within 20 Days after the Entry of the Ship, to be put and remain in the Storehouſes until the Duties be ſatisfied, unleſs the Managers or Officers of the Cuſtoms ſhall ſee Cauſe to allow a longer Time *ibid.*
—found on board Men of War *Britiſh* or Foreign that are prohibited or uncuſtomed, to be brought to the Kings Storehouſe, in caſe the Captain, *&c.* refuſe to make Entry of the Ship as well Outward as Inward *ibid.*
—found on board Packet Boats without a Licence, forfeited, and the Maſter forfeits 100 *l.* and his Place *p.* 23
—from the *Britiſh* Plantations, *viz.* Sugar, Tobacco *&c.* enumerated in the Act of Trade, to be unladen and landed here before exported *p.* 35
—imported and afterwards exported in Three Years, to be allowed the Drawback as if exported within the Time before preſcribed *p.* 649
—imported and not rated in either Book of Rates to be aſcertained by the Oath or Affirmation of the Merchant, in the Preſence of the Cuſtomer, Collector, Comptroller, and Surveyor, or any Two of them *Page* 875
—imported into or exported out of the *Britiſh* Plantations in *Aſia*, *Africa*, or *America*, in any other than *Britiſh* Ships, the Maſter and $\frac{3}{4}^{ths}$ of the Mariners *Britiſh*, forfeited, as alſo the Ship with her Guns, Furniture, Tackle, Ammunition, and Apparel, $\frac{1}{3}^{d}$ to his Majeſty, $\frac{1}{3}^{d}$ to the Governor of the Plantation where the Default ſhall be committed, in caſe the Seizure be made there, otherwiſe, that $\frac{1}{3}^{d}$ alſo to his Majeſty, and the other to the Seizor or Informer, to be proſecuted in any Court of Record *p.* 1
—imported liable to Exciſe or Inland Duties, that ſhall be found unſhipping or unſhipped to be laid on Land without Entry, forfeited *p.* 930
—imported liable to the Impoſt, 1690 to be levied according to the Values in the Book of Rates, or by the Oath of the Importer, but the ſaid Duty is not to be reckoned into the Value of the ſame *p.* 79
—imported liable to the Payment of Duties, unſhipped with Intention to be laid on Land, Cuſtoms and Duties not paid or ſecured, or if any prohibited Goods ſhall be imported, the Goods ſhall be forfeited, and the Perſons aſſiſting or concerned in the unſhipping thereof, or to whoſe Hands the ſame ſhall knowingly come, ſhall forfeit Treble the Value, as alſo the Veſſels, and Boats, and all the Horſes, and other Cattle, and Carriages, made uſe of in the landing, removing, carriage, or conveyance, Half to the King, Half to the Informer *p.* 321, 322
—imported or exported, entered in any other than the Names of the true Owner, forfeits the Value of the Goods *p.* 772
—imported unrated, may be examined and computed by the proper Officer, with the Value ſworn to or affirmed, and if not valued at the true Price, to be put into the Warehouſe for the Uſe of the Crown, the Collector paying the Merchant the Value as ſworn to or affirmed, with the Cuſtoms, and 10 *l. per Cent.* above the Value, taking a Receipt for the ſame as if the Goods were ſold, and then the Goods to be ſold, and out of the Produce, the Collector to be repaid, and the Overplus paid towards the Sinking Fund *p.* 875, 902
—laden or put off from any Key, Wharf, or Place, to be tranſported (except Fiſh, Sea-Coal, Stone, and Beſtials) or landed out of any Ship, *&c.* (Fiſh, Beſtials, and Salt, excepted) Inwards, but only on ſuch open Place, Key, or Wharf, as is appointed by Commiſſion out of the Exchequer, without Sufferance from the Commiſſioners and Officers, forfeited *p.* 21
—laden or put off from any Wharf, Key, into any Ship, *&c.* for Tranſportation (except Fiſh *Britiſh* taken) at illegal Hours, or from any Wharf, not ſet out by Commiſſion (except *Hull*) and where a Cuſtomer, Comptroller, and Searcher, or their Deputies, have not been Reſident for Ten Years paſt, forfeited or the Value, and the Maſter to forfeit 100 *l.* *p.* 772
—laden or taken in from the Shoar into any Bark, Hoy, Lighter, Barge, Wherry, or Boat, to be carried on board any Ship Outward bound, or taken in, from, or out of any Ship coming without a Warrant, and Preſence of an Officer of the Cuſtoms, ſuch Bark, Hoy, Barge, Boat, or Wherry, ſhall be loſt, and the Maſter, Purſer, Boatſwain, or other Mariner of any Ship Inward bound, conſenting thereto, forfeits the Value of the Goods ſo unſhipt *p.* 1
—landed and conveyed away without due Entry or Oath, made before the Lord Treaſurer, Barons of the Exchequer, or Chief Magiſtrate of the Place, they may grant a Warrant with the Aſſiſtance of the Sheriff, Juſtice of Peace, or Conſtable, to enter any Houſe in the Day Time, and in caſe of Reſiſtance, to break it open and ſeize

An Alphabetical INDEX.

ſeize the Goods, provided it be in One Month after the Offence *Page* 7

—landed by Bills at ſight, how and where to be examined, and by whom, and when the Entry is to be perfected *p.* 23

—liable to Duties, ſecretly conveyed beyond Sea without Payment thereof, the Owner, *&c.* to forfeit Double the Value of the Goods, as they are rated in the Book of Rates (except Coals) *p.* 19

—liable to pay the Tranſport Duty 6 & 7 *W.* 3. landed without Payment of Duty, or lawfully tendred to the Collector, forfeited, Half to the King, Half to the Informer, without Compoſition *p.* 98

—liable to the enumerated Duties in the Plantations, not to be ſhipt there till Security be given to carry the ſame to *Great Britain*, or ſome other Plantation, notwithſtanding the Duties are paid, under Forfeiture of Ship and Goods *p.* 110, 111

—lodged in any Warehouſe or in the Cuſtody of any Officer, imbezelled, the Officer to forfeit Double the Value, with full Coſts *p.* 336

—not reported, found on board any Ship after clearing, forfeited, Half to the King, Half to the Seizor *p.* 534

—not to be illegally detained *p.* 26

—not inſerted in the Old or Additional Book of Rates, how to find them *p.* 942, 943, 944

—not to be entered in the Names of Aliens Children under the Age of 21 Years *p.* 20

—not to be ſhipt for Exportation, till the Ship is entered *p.* 15

—of Foreign Growth, Production, or Manufacture, coming Coaſtwiſe, landed without the Preſence of an Officer of the Cuſtoms, forfeited or the Value thereof, Half to the King, Half to the Informer *p.* 701

—of *France*, taken Prize, not liable to pay the Additional Duty on *French* Goods, unleſs taken by Colluſion *p.* 127, 128

—of the Growth or Product of the *Britiſh* Plantations, not to be landed in *Ireland*, unleſs Firſt landed in *Great Britain*, under Forfeiture of Ship and Goods *p.* 113

—of the Growth, Produce, and Manufacture, of the Iſlands of *Jerſey*, *Guernſey*, *Alderney*, and *Sark*, to be imported Free of Cuſtoms on proper Certificates from thence, but not to extend to Goods of Foreign Growth, Production, or Manufacture, or ſuch Foreign Goods as are in part or fully Manufactured in the ſaid Iſlands *p.* 477

—of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture, of the *Eaſt-Indies*, not to be imported or carried into *Ireland*, the Iſlands of *Jerſey*, *Guernſey*, *Alderney*, *Sark*, or *Man*, or any *Britiſh* Plantation in *Africa*, or *America*, but what ſhall be ſhipt in *Great Britain* in Ships duly navigated, under Forfeiture of Ship and Goods, and the ſame ſhall be ſeized, and the ſame or the Value thereof, may be proſecuted at *Weſtminſter*, *Dublin*, or in his Majeſty's Courts in ſuch Iſland or Plantation, Half to the King, Half to the Seizor, except the Offence be committed in *Africa*, or *America*, in which Caſe, $\frac{1}{3}^{d}$ of the Forfeiture to go to his Majeſty, $\frac{1}{3}^{d}$ to the Governor, $\frac{1}{3}^{d}$ to the Informer *p.* 537, 648

—of the Product or Manufacture of *Great Britain*, exported after 25 *March*, 1722. (except Allom, Lead, Lead-ore, Tin, Leather-tanned, Copperas, Coals, Wooll-cards, white Woollen-cloaths, *Lapis Calaminaris*, Skins of all ſorts, Glew, Coney-hair or Wooll, Hares wooll, Hair of all ſorts, Horſes, and Litharge of Lead) to pay no Subſidy or Duty to his Majeſty, provided the ſame be duly entered and regularly ſhipped *p.* 684, 685

—or Merchandizes imported, to be allowed Three Years for the Exportation, to be accounted from the Maſters report of the Ship, and the Merchant ſhall have the like Drawbacks as if the Goods had been exported within the reſpective Times limited by Law, the proper Requiſits being performed *p.* 649

—Permitted to be exported, paying the Duties *Page* iv

VIZ.

Iron armour.
Bandeliers.
Bridle-bits.
Halbert-heads and ſharps.
Holſters.
Muskets.
Carbines.
Fowling pieces.
Piſtols.
Pike-heads.
Sword or Rapier-blades.
Saddles.
Snaffles.
Stirrops.
Calve-skins dreſſed or undreſſed.
Geldings.
Oxen.
Sheep-skins dreſſed without the Wooll.
All ſorts of Manufactures made of Leather.

—Permitted to be exported, when they exceed not certain Prices at the Place of Exportation *p.* iv

VIZ	l.	s.	d.
Gunpowder, the barrel	05	00	00
Wheat, the Quarter	02	00	00
Rye, Beans, and Peaſe	01	04	00
Barley, and Malt	01	00	00
Oats	00	16	00
Beef, the barrel	05	00	00
Pork, the barrel	06	10	00
Bacon, the pound	00	00	06
Butter, the barrel	04	10	00
Cheeſe, the hundred	01	10	00
Candles, the dozen pound	00	05	00

—periſhed or taken at Sea on due Proof made thereof, ſo as the ſame be recorded and allowed of in the Court of Exchequer, the ſame Merchant or his Executors may newly Ship in the ſame Port, ſo much other Goods as ſhall Amount to the ſame Cuſtoms, as were paid for the Goods that were loſt *p.* iii

—prohibited or run, or as ſuch bought by any Perſon, to be forfeited and Treble the Value, and may be ſeized by the Seller, or any Officer of Cuſtoms, or Exciſe, but the Buyer and Seller are not to be proſecuted for the ſame Goods, but in caſe a Proſecution be not commenced in One Month after Seizure, and afterwards carried on to effect by the Buyer or Seller, the Perſon in whoſe Cuſtody the Goods are lodged, ſhall and may proſecute for the Forfeiture of the Goods *p.* 937, 938

—prohibited or run or pretended ſo to be by the Party offering or expoſing them to ſale, forfeited and Treble the Value, and may be ſeized by the Party to whom offered, or by any Officer of Cuſtoms, and Exciſe *p.* 936

—prohibited or uncuſtomed Inſured to be imported and delivered, Perſons concerned forfeit 500*l.* beſides the other Penalties *p.* 90, 91

—prohibited or uncuſtomed, found by any Officer of the Cuſtoms on the Water, or coming directly from the Water-ſide, or upon the Information of One or more creditable Witneſſes, in any Houſe, *&c.* ſuch Officer may ſtop the Goods, and put them into his Majeſty's Warehouſe in the Port where the Stop ſhall be made, till Proof be made by Oath, or otherwiſe, that the Duties were paid, or that the Goods had been compounded for or condemned, provided ſuch Proof be made in Ten Days, or on Failure, to be proſecuted *p.* 618, 619

—prohibited or uncuſtomed found and ſtopt, if the Claimer ſhall have the Goods delivered to him by order of the Commiſſioners, and the Goods ſhall have received any Damage by means of ſuch Stop, ſuch Claimer may bring his Action againſt the Officer for ſuch reaſonable Damages *p.* 620

—prohibited or uncuſtomed found and ſtopt, the Officer may proſecute the Goods, notwithſtanding any Order of the Commiſſioners for the Delivery, and in ſuch Caſe, the Officer ſhall be liable to Coſts and Damages, or if the Commiſſioners ſhall not order the Delivery of the Goods ſtopt, the Owner or Claimer may ſue for the recovery of the Goods, together with Coſts and Damages *ibid.*

—prohibited or uncuſtomed found and ſtopt, the Proof to lie on the Claimer, and if a Verdict ſhall paſs for ſuch Claimer, he ſhall beſides the Goods, have reaſonable Coſts of Suit as a full Satisfaction *Page* 619, 620

—prohibited or uncuſtomed, ſhipt off or landed by any Wharfinger or his Servants without the Preſence of an Officer, at Hours and Times not appointed by Law (except in the Port of *Hull*) or Goods paſſing by Certificates, Coaſt-Cocquet, or otherwiſe, without the Preſence or Notice given to an Officer, ſuch Wharfinger to forfeit 100 *l.* *p.* 18

—prohibited or uncuſtomed, to be ſeized by Perſons authorized by Writ of Aſſiſtants, taking a Conſtable, *&c.* who in caſe of Reſiſtance may break open Doors, Cheſts, Trunks, and other Package, and thence bring the Goods and ſecure them in the Kings Storehouſe at the Port next to the Place where the Seizure ſhall be made *p.* 17

Goods prohibited to be exported, placed in order of Time, as the Laws paſſed,

VIZ.

28 *Edw.* 3. *cap.* 5. Iron made in *Great Britain* or imported, not to be exported, on Forfeiture to the King *p.* 766
Repealed as to Iron of Engliſh-*Oar, or exported to* Spain *by* Britiſh *Subjects*, vide 5 & 6 *W.* & *M. cap.* 17. *p.* 94

5 *R.* 2. *c.* 2. } 2 *H.* 4. *c.* 5. } Gold or Silver without the Kings Licence, forfeited to the King *p.* 766

8 *Hen.* 6. *cap.* 23. Thrums or Woollen-yarn, on Forfeiture of Double the Value *p.* 767

33 *Hen.* 8. *cap.* 7. Braſs, Copper, Lattin, Bell-metal, Pan-metal, Gun-metal, Shruff-metal, on Forfeiture of Double the Value, and 10 *l.* for every 1000 wt. Half to the King, Half to the Informer *p.* 769
Repealed as to Metal of Britiſh-*Oar* *p.* 94
and as to Copper Bars, Foreign *p.* 416

2 & 3 *E.* 6. *cap.* 26. White Aſhes, on Forfeiture of 6 *s.* 8 *d.* for every Buſhel, Half to the King, Half to the Informer *p.* 770

8 *El. cap.* 2. Rams, Lambs, or Sheep alive, the Firſt Offence the Offender to loſe all his Goods for ever, Half to the King, Half to the Informer, and One Years Impriſonment, and at the Years End, in open Market to have his Left Hand cut off and there nailed up, the Second Offence to ſuffer Death, as in the Caſe of a Felon, to be heard and determined before the Juſtices of *Oyer* and *Terminer*, Juſtice of Goal Delivery, and Juſtices of Peace *p.* 733

18 *El. ca.* 9. Tallow and Raw-hides, forfeited and Treble the Value, the Owner of the Ship knowing thereof, forfeits the Ship, and the Maſter and Mariners, forfeit their Goods and to ſuffer One Years Impriſonment, Half to the King, Half to the Informer *p.* 776

7 *Jac.* 1. *cap.* 14. *Britiſh* Horns unwrought, forfeited and Double the Value, Half to the King, Half to the Informer *p.* 779

12 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 32. Sheep.
Woolls.
Wooll-Fells.
Mortlings.
Shorlings.
Yarn made of Wooll.
Wooll-Flocks.
Fullers Earth
Fulling Clay, forfeited, and 20 *s.* for each Sheep, and 3 *s. per* pound for the ſaid Goods, as alſo the Ship, if the Owner be an Alien, Half to the King, Half to the Informer, to be proſecuted in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record, or before the Juſtices of Aſſize, or in the General Quarter-Seſſions of the Peace; *proviſo*, for Flock-beds, and 3300 Tods of Wooll, ſhipt at *Southampton* yearly, for *Jerſey*, *Guernſey*, &c. *Page* 8, 9, 10, 11

14 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 7. The Skins or hides untanned of any Ox, Steer, Bull, Cow, or Calf (except for the Uſe of the Ship in the Voyage, on Forfeiture of 500 *l.* and the Offender diſabled to Trade in Leather, and declared a Common Nuſance, Half of the Forfeiture to the King, Half to the Informer *p.* 13, 14

14 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 11. Sect. 22. No Goods to be exported, in any Ship, *&c.* appointed and ordinarily imployed for the Carriage of Letters and Paquets unleſs by Licence from the Cuſtom-Houſe, under Forfeiture, and 100 *l.* to be paid by the Maſter, with the loſs of his Place, Half to the King, Half to the Informer, to be proſecuted at *Weſtminſter*, &c. *p.* 23

14 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 18. Sect. 7. Wooll and Yarn made of Wooll, preſt together into any Sack, Pack, Bag, Cheſt, or Caſe, or laid near the Shoar, or any Navigable River, or into any Houſe adjoyning, with Intent to export, forfeited or the Value *p.* 30

Sect. 8. Tobacco Pipe-Clay not to be exported, under Forfeiture of 3 *s.* for every pound.

Sect. 9. Wooll.
Wooll-Fells.
Mortlings.
Shorlings.
Yarn made of Wooll.
Wooll-Flocks.
Fullers-Earth.
Fulling Clay, or
Tobacco Pipe-Clay, not to be conveyed by Land but in the Day time, under Forfeiture, Half to the King, Half to the Informer, to be proſecuted in any Court of Record, Juſtice of Aſſize, or Goal Delivery, Juſtice of Peace, Mayors, Bayliffs, *&c.* *p.* 31, 32

Exporters of Wooll or Wooll-Fells, convicted, and not paying the Sum recovered, to be Tranſported for Seven Years, 4 Geo. *cap.* 11. *p.* 506

Sect. 11. adjudged a Common Nuiſance *p.* 31

1 *W.* & *M.* *cap.* 32. Sect. 14. Wooll uncombed, may be exported yearly from *Southampton*, for the Uſe of the Iſlands more than is allowed by the 12 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 32, *viz.* to

Guernſey	1000 Tods,
Jerſey	2000
Alderney	200
Sark	100

p. 73

6 & 7 *W.* 3. *cap.* 17. Sect. 5. Molten Silver not Stampt at Goldſmiths-Hall, Half to the King, Half to the Officer *p.* 99
Altered by 9 & 10 W. 3. *cap.* 28. *p.* 143 *and by* 6 Geo. *cap.* 11. *Sect.* 40. *p.* 607.

7 & 8 *W.* 3. *cap.* 19. Molten Silver or Bullion ſhipt, without Certificate, Oath and Entry forfeited, and the Maſter knowingly taking on Board, forfeits 200 *l.* Half to the King, and Half to the Informer *p.* 10

Farme

An Alphabetical INDEX.

7 & 8 *W.* 3. *cap.* 20. Sect. 8, 9. Frames or Engines, or any part thereof for making and knitting of Stockings, and other wearing Neceſſaries, forfeited, and 40 *l.* Half to the King, Half to the Informer, to be proſecuted in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record *Page* 106, 107

7 & 8 *W.* 3. *cap.* 28. Repeals ſo much of the Act 13 & 14 *Car.* 2. as made it Felony to export Wooll *p.* 115

9 & 10 *W.* 3. *cap.* 28. Outward or Inward Box, Caſe, or Dial-Plate, of Gold, Silver, Braſs, or other Metal for Clock or Watch without the Movement, forfeited and 20 *l.* Half to the King, Half to the Proſecutor, to be proſecuted in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record *p.* 143

9 & 10 *W.* 3. *cap.* 40. Sect. 2. Fullers-Earth and ſcouring Clay, the Exporter to forfeit 1 *s. per* lb. Half to the King, Half to the Informer *p.* 145, 146

Sect 9. Proſecutions for tranſporting Wooll, &c. may be commenced in Three Years. *p.* 147

5 *A.* c. 8. 6 Art. of Union. The ſame Prohibitions as in *England*, extended to *Scotland* after the Union *p.* 239

5 *Geo.* c. 11. Sect. 10. Coffee is not to be exported but in the Original Bale or Package, or in ſome Bale or Package containing not leſs than 4 C. wt. and the ſame Marks and Numbers thereon as at the Firſt Entry, except to the Plantations or *Ireland* *p.* 537

6 *Geo.* c. 21. Sect. 4. Oats or Barley unmalted, found mixed with Malt, ſhipping or ſhipped for Exportation, the Offender forfeits 5 *s.* for every Buſhel of Malt ſo mixed *p.* 613

9 *Geo.* c. 21. Sect. 49. Tobacco exported to Foreign Parts and landed in *Ireland*, forfeited, and Double the Drawback, Half to the King, Half to the Informer, to be proſecuted at *Weſtminſter*, *Edinburgh*, or *Dublin* *p.* 622

9 *Geo.* c. 8. Sect. 9, 10. Manufactures mixt with Silk, entered or ſhipped for Exportation, forfeited and Double the Value, if at leaſt $\frac{2d}{3}$ parts of the Ends or Threads of the Warp be not either all Silk, or elſe mixed or twiſted with Silk in the Warp, Half to the King, Half to the Informer, to be proſecuted at *Weſtminſter* or *Edinburgh* *p.* 727

Goods prohibited to be imported, placed in order of Time, as the Laws paſſed,

VIZ.

11 *E.* 3. c. 3. 4 *E.* 4. c. 1. Cloths made beyond Sea, under Forfeiture, and the Importers to be fined at the Kings Pleaſure *p.* 765

3 *Ed.* 4. c. 4. To be uttered or ſold, forfeited, *viz.*

- Woollen Caps.
- Woollen Cloths.
- Laces.
- Corſes.
- Ribons.
- Fringes of Silk or Thread.
- Laces of Thread.
- Silk twined.
- Silk in any wiſe embroidered.
- Laces of Gold of Silk or Gold.
- Saddles.
- Stirrops, or any Harneſs pertaining to Saddles.
- Spurs.
- Boſſes for Bridles.
- Andirons.
- Gridirons.
- any manner of Locks.
- Hammers.
- Pinſons.
- Firetongs.
- Dripping Pans.
- Dice.
- Tenis Balls.
- Points.
- Purſes.
- Gloves.
- Girdles.
- Harneſs for Girdles, of Iron, Lattin, Steel, Tin, or Alkmine.
- any thing wrought of any tawed Leather.
- any tawed Furs.
- Buskins.
- Shoes.
- Galoches or Corks.
- Daggers,
- Wood-knives.
- Bodkins.
- Sheers for Taylors.
- Sciſſors.
- Razers.
- Cheſs-Men.
- Playing Cards.
- Combs.
- Pattens.
- Pack Needles.
- any painted Ware.
- Forcers.
- Caskets.
- Rings of Copper, or of Lattin gilt.
- Chafing Diſhes.
- Hanging Candleſticks.
- Chafing Balls.
- Sacring Bells.
- Rings for Curtains.
- Ladles.
- Scummers.
- Counterfeit Baſons.
- Ewers.
- Hats.
- Bruſhes.
- Cards for Wooll.
- * Black Iron thread, commonly called and named White Wire.

* *altered by* 2 W. & M. c. 4.

Half to the King, Half to the Seizor (except wreckt Goods, or made in *Ireland*, or taken at Sea without Colluſion *Page* 767, 768

1 *Rich.* 3. *cap.* 12. By Merchant Strangers to be ſold, on Forfeiture or the Value, *Viz.*

- Any manner of Girdles, nor Harneſs wrought for Girdles.
- Points.
- Leather Laces.
- Purſes.
- Pouches.
- Pins.
- Gloves.
- Knives.
- Hangers.
- Taylors Sheers.
- Sciſſors.
- Andirons.
- Cupboards.
- Tongs.
- Fire Forks.
- Grid-Irons.
- Stock Locks.
- Keys.
- Hinges and Garnets.
- Spurs.
- Painted Glaſſes.
- Painted Papers.
- Painted Forcers.
- Painted Images.
- Painted Cloths.
- Beaten Gold, or beaten Silver wrought in Paper for Painters.
- Saddles.
- Saddle Trees.
- Horſe Harneſs.
- Boots.
- Bits.
- Stirrops.
- Buckles.
- Chains.
- Latten Nails with Iron Shanks.
- Turnets.
- Hanging Candleſticks.
- Holy water Stops.
- Chafing Diſhes.
- Hanging Lavers.
- Curtain Rings.
- Cards for Wooll.
- Roan Cards (except Claſps for Garments.)
- Sheers.
- Buckles for Shoes.
- Broches or Spits.
- Bells.
- Hawks Bells.
- Tin and Leaden Spoons.
- Wire of Lattin and Iron.
- Iron Candleſticks.
- Grates.
- Horns for Lanthorns.

Or any of the ſaid Wares made and wrought, pertaining to the following Crafts, *Viz.*

- Girdlers.
- Point-Makers.
- Pinners.
- Purſers.
- Glovers.
- Joyners.
- Painters.
- Card-Makers.
- Wiremongers.
- Weavers.
- Horners.
- Bottle Makers, or Copper Smiths.

to be proſecuted at Common Law, or by Bill or Plaint after the Cuſtom of the City or Town where the Forfeiture ſhall happen to be, Half to the King, Half to the Seizor *p.* 768

An Alphabetical INDEX.

19 *Hen.* 7. *cap.* 21. Silk wrought by it ſelf or with other Stuff in Ribbons, Laces, Girdles, Corſes, Cauls, Corſes of Tiſſues, or Points, forfeited or the Value, Half to the King, Half to the Seizor *Page* 769

25 *Hen.* 8. *cap.* 9. Wares made out of this Realm, of Tin or mixt with Tin, as

Platters.	Flaggons.
Diſhes.	Goblets.
Saucers.	Salts.
Pots.	Saltſellers.
Baſons.	Spoons.
Ewers.	

or any other thing made of Tin or Pewter, forfeited or the Value, Half to the King, Half to the Finder *p.* 769

5 *El. cap.* 7. To be ſold, bartered, or exchanged, if ready wrought, forfeited or the Value, *Viz.*

Girdles.	Scabbards and Sheaths for Knives.
Harneſs for Girdles.	Saddles.
Rapiers.	Horſe Harneſs.
Daggers.	Stirrups.
Knives.	Bits.
Hilts.	Gloves.
Pummels.	Points.
Lockets.	Leather Laces, or Pins.
Chapes.	
Dagger blades.	
Handles.	

Half to the King, Half to the Informer *p.* 773

13 *El. c.* 2. Things called by the Name of *Agnus Dei*, or any Croſſes, Pictures, Beads, or ſuch Superſtitious Things as are pretended to be Hallowed by the Biſhop of *Rome*, or any Perſon authorized by him, delivered to any Subject, the Offender incurs a Premunire *ibid.*

1 *Jac.* 1. *cap.* 18. Hops being deceitfully or corruptly unclean, corrupt, or mixt, with any Powder, Duſt, Droſs, Sand, or Soil, forfeited, Half to the King, Half to the Informer *p.* 779

3 *Jac.* 1. *cap.* 5. Popiſh Primers. Ladies Pſalters. Manuals. Roſaries. Popiſh Catechiſms. Miſſals. Brevaries. Portals. Legends, and Lives of Saints, containing Superſtitious matter, printed or written in any Language. Nor any Superſtitious Books in the *Britiſh* Tongue.

upon Forfeiture of 40*s.* for every Book, $\frac{1}{3}^{d}$ to the King, $\frac{1}{3}^{d}$ to the Poor of the Pariſh where found, $\frac{1}{3}^{d}$ to the Informer, and the Books to be burned *p.* 779

12 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 18. Sect. 2. Goods of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of *Aſia*, *Africa*, or *America*, in any other than *Britiſh* Ships duly Navigated, forfeited and the Ship with her Guns, &c and if imported into *Great Britain*, *Ireland*, or the Iſlands of *Guernſey* or *Jerſey*, Half to the King, and Half to the Informer, to be proſecuted in any Court of Record *p.* 2

Sect. 3. Goods of Foreign Growth, Product, or Manufactures, and which are to be imported into *Great Britain*, *Ireland*, *Guernſey*, or *Jerſey*, in *Britiſh* Ships duly Navigated, are not to be brought from any other Place or Country but only from thoſe of their Growth, Production, or Manufacture, or from thoſe Ports where the Goods can only, or are, or uſually have been ſhipped for Tranſportation, under Forfeiture of Ship and Goods, Half to the King, Half to the Informer, to be proſecuted in any Court of Record *Page* 2

12 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 18. Sect. 8. Goods enumerated in the Act of Navigation, *viz.* of the Growth, Production, or Manufacture, of any Country, &c. belonging to the Great Duke or Emperor of *Muſcovy* or *Ruſſia*, or any ſort of Maſts, Timber, or Boards, Foreign Salt, Pitch, Tar, Roſin, Hemp, or Flax, Raiſins, Figs, Prunes, Olive-Oils, Corn or Grain, Sugar, Potaſhes, Wines, Vinegar, or Spirits called *Aquavitæ* or Brandy Wine, imported into *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, in any other than *Britiſh* Ships duly Manned.

Or any Currants or Commodities of the *Ottoman* or *Turkiſh* Empire, imported into *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, in any other than *Britiſh* built Ships duly Navigated, are forfeited, as alſo the Ship, except ſuch Foreign Ships as are of the built of the Country or Place of which the ſaid Goods are the Growth, Production, or Manufacture, or where the Goods can only be, or are moſt uſually firſt ſhipped for Tranſportation, and the Maſter and $\frac{3}{4}^{ths}$ of the Mariners are of the ſaid Country or Place, Half to the King, Half to the Informer, to be proſecuted in any Court of Record *p.* 3, 4

Exceptions out of the General Clauſes in the Act of Navigation *p.* 5

Sect. 12. For Goods of the *Streights* or *Levant* Seas, in *Britiſh* built Ships duly Navigated.

Repealed as to Raw Silk, or Mohair, Yarn, of Aſia by 6 Geo. *cap.* 13. *p.* 611

Sect. 13. For Goods of the *Eaſt-Indies* in *Britiſh* built Ships, duly Navigated from the uſual Place of lading to the Southward of *Cabo Bona Speranza.*

Altered as to Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, and Mace, which may be imported in Britiſh *Ships by Licence from the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms* 6 W. 3. *cap.* 7. 8 A. *cap.* 7. 6 Geo. *cap.* 21. *p.* 97, 3[21] 62[illegible]

Sect. 14. For Goods of the Growth, Production or Manufacture, of the Plantations or Dominions of *Spain* or *Portugal*, imported by *Britiſh* in *Britiſh* Ships, duly Navigated from any the Ports of *Spain* or *Portugal*, *Azores*, *Madera*, or *Canary* Iſlands reſpectively.

Altered as to Cochineal, which may be imported from any Port of Spain, *by any Perſon reſiding in his Majeſty's Dominions, in any Ship belonging to any Place in Amity with his Majeſty* 12 A. *cap.* [illegible] *p.* 4[illegible]

Altered as to Drugs and ſuits Bark, of the Growth and Product of America, *which may be imported from* [illegible] *Majeſty*

An Alphabeitcal INDEX.

Majeſty's Plantations in Ships regularly manned and navigated 7 A. *cap.* 8. *Page* 310

14 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 11. Sect. 22. No Goods to be imported in any Ship, &c. appointed and imployed ordinarily for the Carriage of Letters and Paquets, except by Licence from the Cuſtom-Houſe under Forfeiture, and 100 *l.* to be paid by the Maſter, with the loſs of his Place, Half to the King, Half to the Informer, to be proſecuted at *Weſtminſter*, &c. *p.* 23

14 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 11. Sect. 23. No ſort of Wines (other than *Rheniſh*) no ſort of Spicery, Grocery, Tobacco, Pot-aſhes, Pitch, Tar, Salt, Rozin, Deal-boards, Fir-timber, or Olive-oil, ſhall be imported from the *Netherlands* or *Germany* upon any Pretence, on Forfeiture of Ship and Goods, Half to the King, and Half to the Informer, to be recovered in the Court of Exchequer, or any other his Majeſty's Courts of Record. *p.* 23

Repealed as to Wines of the Growth of Hungary *imported from* Hamborough *by* 1 A. *c.* 12. *p.* 188

Repealed as to Fir-timber, Fir-planks, Maſts, and Deal-boards, of the Growth of Germany *imported in* Britiſh *built Ships owned by* Britiſh, *and duly navigated from any Port in* Germany 6 Geo. *cap.* 15. *p.* 612

Repealed as to Pearl-aſhes of and from Germany *by* 10 & 11 W. 3. *cap.* 21. Sect. 30. *p.* 168

14 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 13. Bonelace.
Cutwork.
Fringe.
Embroidery.
Bandſtrings.
Buttons, or
Needlework made of Thread or Silk, forfeited, and 100 *l.* and the Seller, 50 *l.* Half to the King, Half to the Informer, in any of the Kings Courts of Record *p.* 28

Repealed as to Lace made of Thread, unleſs made in the Dominions of the French *King*, &c. *by* 5 A. *cap.* 17. *p.* 248

14 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 19. Foreign Wooll Cards.
Card Wire, or
Iron Wire for making Wooll Cards, forfeited, or the Value thereof, Half to the King, Half to the Informer, to be recovered in any of his Majeſty's Courts at *Weſtminſter*, or within the County, City, Borough, or Town Corporate, where the Offence is committed *p.* 32

15 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 7. Sect. 13. Great Cattle imported after the 1 *July*, and before 20 *December*, in any Year, to pay for every Head 20 *s.* to the King, 10 *s.* to the Informer, 10 *s.* to the Poor, to be recovered and levied by Bill, Plaint, or other Action *p.* 36

Sect. 14. Sheep imported in any Year after the 1 *Auguſt*, and before the 20 *December*, pay to his Majeſty for Each 10 *s.* to be recovered, &c. as above *ibid.*

Sect. 16. Freſh Herring,
Freſh Cod, or
Haddock,
Coal Fiſh, or Gull Fiſh, imported in any other then *Britiſh* Ships, and caught in ſuch Ships duly Navigated, forfeited, and the Ship, Half to the King, Half to the Informer, to be recovered by Bill, Plaint, or other Action *ibid.*

18 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 2. Sect. 1. The Importation of the Cattle after mentioned, lean or fat, dead or alive, adjudged a Common Nuſance,
Great Cattle,
Sheep, or
Swine,
Beef,
Pork, or Bacon,
Except for the Neceſſary Proviſion of the Ship and not expoſed to ſale, to be ſeized by any Conſtable, &c. who is to keep the ſame 48 Hours, and if in that time it ſhall not be made appear unto ſome Juſtice of the County where ſeized, by the Oath of Two Witneſſes, that the ſame were not imported from beyond Sea, to be forfeited, Half to be diſpoſed to the Poor of the Pariſh where found or ſeized, the other Half to the Seizors uſe *Page* 38, 39

Exception for 600 Head of Cattle yearly, from the *Iſle of Man*.

Repealed as to Bacon by 5 W. & M. *cap.* 2. *p.* 93

Sect. 2. Ling,
Herring,
Cod, or Pilchard,
or any Salmon,
Eels or Congers,
} freſh, ſalted, dried, or bloated.
Taken by Aliens and imported, uttered, ſold, or expoſed to ſale, in this Kingdom, any Perſon may ſeize the ſame, One half to be diſpoſed of to the Uſe of the Poor of the Pariſh where found or ſeized, the other half to the Uſe of the Seizor *p.* 38, 39

20 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 7. Sect. 3. Any Perſon may ſeize Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Beef, or Pork, imported, and deliver them to the Conſtable, &c. *p.* 42

Sect. 4. If no Seizure be made by the Officers, or Inhabitants of the Liberty, Pariſh, or Place, where ſuch Cattle or Goods ſhall be Firſt imported, ſuch Liberty, Pariſh, or Place, forfeits 100 *l.* for the Uſe of the Houſe of Correction. *ibid.*

Sect. 5. Every Ship bringing in ſuch Cattle or other Goods, forfeited, and may be ſeized by any Perſon at any time within a Year, and to make Sale thereof, Half of the Monies ariſing by the Sale, to be for the Uſe of the Poor of the Pariſh where ſeized, the other Half to the Seizor *p.* 42, 43

Sect. 6. The Maſter and Seamen of ſuch Ship, and every Perſon employed in the Landing, Driving, Attending on, or taking Care or Charge of ſuch Cattle and Goods, to be apprehended by a Warrant from any Juſtice of the County, or Chief Officer of the Port-town, and committed to Goal for Three Months *p.* 43

Sect. 10. Any Perſon eluding this Act, incurs a Premunire *p.* 44

32 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 2. Sect. 3. Revives and makes Perpetual the Act of the 18 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 2. and Enacts, That any Perſon may ſeize the

An Alphabetical INDEX.

Cattle and Goods imported, contrary to the ſaid Act, and have the Benefit and Advantage given by this Act to any Seizor *Page* 58

Sect. 5. To prevent fraudulent Seizures, Sales, or Compoſitions, the Seizors ſhall within Six Days after Conviction and Forfeiture, cauſe the Cattle, Sheep, and Swine to be killed, and keep the Hides and Tallow to their own Uſe, and the Remainder be forthwith diſtributed to the Poor by the Overſeers, upon Notice given them by the Seizors *p.* 59

Sect. 7. Stock-fiſh and live Eels, may be imported. *ibid.*

Sect 8. Mutton or Lamb prohibited, to be imported. *ibid.*

Sect. 9. Butter or Cheeſe prohibited, to be imported from *Ireland*, to be ſeized and divided as Beef, *&c. p.* 59, 60

Sect. 10. Cattle, Sheep, or Swine, found alive, liable to Seizure, *toties quoties p.* 60

Sect. 11. *Iriſh* Cattle mixt with *Britiſh*, to be deemed *Iriſh* *ibid.*

1 *Jac.* 2. *cap.* 8. Sect. 2. Gunpowder, Arms, Ammunition, or Utenſils of War, forfeited to the King, unleſs by Licence for his Majeſty's Stores, the Importer or in whoſe Care the Goods are found, forfeits Treble the Value, Half to the King, Half to the Informer, to be proſecuted in any Court of Record at *Weſtminſter*, &c. *p.* 64

2 *W.* & *M.* *cap.* 9. Thrown Silk of *Turky*, *Perſia*, *Eaſt-India*, *China*, or any other Country (except of the Growth or Production of *Italy*, *Sicily*, or *Naples*, and imported by Sea in Ships duly Navigated) forfeited, Half to the King, Half to the Informer, to be proſecuted at *Weſtminſter*, &c. *p.* 74

4&5 *W.* & *M.* *cap.* 5. Sect. 8. Brandy in Veſſel or Cask, q^t leſs than 60 Gallons, forfeited, or the Value, Half to the King, Half to the Informer, to be proſecuted at *Weſtminſter*, &c. *p.* 87

Sect. 14. Alamodes, and Luſtrings, forfeited, if imported without a Licence, Half to the King, Half to the Informer, to be proſecuted at *Weſtminſter*, &c. *p.* 88

4&5 *W.* & *M.* *cap.* 10. Buttons of Hair, or other Foreign Buttons, forfeited, Half to the King, Half to the Informer, beſides the Penalties by 13 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 13. to be proſecuted in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record *p.* 89

6&7 *W.* 3. *cap.* 7. Pictures, whether for private Uſe or Sale, may be imported *p.* 97

9&10 *W.* 3. *cap.* 23. Sect. 12. Foreign cut Whale-bone, forfeited, and Double the Value, and by the 4 & 5 *A. cap.* 12. *p.* 236 the Maſter forfeits 50 *l.* and the Perſon trading, or in whoſe Cuſtody found, 30 *l.* Half to the King, Half to the Seizor, to be proſecuted in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record *p.* 140

cap. 43. Sect. 1, 2, 3. Alamodes and Luſtrings, imported without Licence, or into any Port but *London*, forfeited, and 500 *l* $\frac{1}{3}^{ds}$ to his Majeſty, $\frac{1}{3}^{d}$ to the Seizor clear of Charges, and if imported by Captains of Men of War, beſides the Penalties, to be made Incapable, to be proſecuted at *Weſtminſter* in Two Years *Page* 148, 149

10&11 *W.* 3. *cap.* 21. Tobacco of the *Britiſh* Plantations, on the Continent of *America*, otherwiſe, than in Cask, Cheſt, or Caſe, each weighing 2 C. w^t of neat Tobacco at leaſt, forfeited, and 6*d.* for every pound, $\frac{2}{3}^{ds}$ for his Majeſty, $\frac{1}{3}^{d}$ to the Seizor, to be proſecuted at *Weſtminſter*, *&c. p.* 167

10&11 *W.* 3. *cap.* 24. Sect. 13. Fiſh taken by Foreigners imported in any Foreign Ship, and uttered, ſold, or expoſed to Sale, under Forfeiture, and the Ship, Half to the Uſe of the Poor of the Pariſh where found or ſeized, the other Half to the Seizors own Uſe, proviſo, for Anchovies, Sturgeon, Botargo, and Cavear *p.* 169

12&13 *W.* 3. *cap.* 11. Sect. 20. Brandy or Spirits in any Ship or Veſſel, under 15 Tuns, forfeited, exceeding a Gallon for each Seaman, Half to the King, Half to the Seizor, to be proſecuted at *Weſtminſter*, &c. *p.* 181

13&14 *W.* 3. *cap.* 5. Sect. 27. Malt, forfeited, Half to the King, Half to the Seizor, or Proſecutor, to be proſecuted at *Weſtminſter*, &c. *p.* 184

1 *A. cap.* 21. Sect. 8. Salt imported in any Ship or Veſſel under the burthen of Twenty Tun, and in Bulk only, forfeited, and Double the Value *p.* 194, 812

Sect. 14. Fiſh cured with Salt, for which Allowances are given on the Exportation, forfeited, unleſs Oath be made that no Drawback was, or is to be allowed for the Salt which cured the Fiſh, Half to the King, Half to the Informer, to be proſecuted by any the Laws of Exciſe, or at *Weſtminſter*, or *Edinburgh p.* 196, 813

1 *A. cap.* 14. Sect. 2. *French* Brandy clandeſtinely imported, landed, or delivered out of any Ship, *&c.* before Duty paid or ſecured, or without Licence from the proper Officer, forfeited, and Double the Value, One Moiety after Charges of Suit to his Majeſty, the other to the Informer; and if an Officer of Cuſtoms, or Exciſe, ſhall connive at, or be concerned in ſuch Clandeſtine Importation, or ſhall conceal the ſame, and not give an account thereof to the Commiſſioners of Cuſtoms or Exciſe, or ſhall compound without Licence, made incapable, and forfeits 500 *l.* Half to the King, Half to the Informer *p.* 203

2 & 3 *A. cap.* 1. Salt from *Ireland*, or the *Iſle of Man* forfeited, and the Ship, and every Perſon aſſiſting in the landing, &c. forfeits 20 *l.* or to ſuffer 6 Months Impriſonment, Half to the King, Half to the Informer, to be proſecuted by any the Laws of Exciſe, or at *Weſtminſter*, or *Edinburgh p.* 81

2 & 3 *A. cap.* 14. Sect. 13. Fiſh, *vocat.* Herrings, Pilchards, Scad, Cod-fiſh, Ling, Hake, Salmon, dried Sprats, forfeited unleſs Oath be made that the Salt with which the Fiſh was cured was laden from *England*, and no Drawback allowed on Exportation, and Double the Value *p.* 2

An Alphabetical INDEX.

1853 *A. cap.* 14. Sect. 1. Salt not to be imported from *Ireland*, *Scotland*, or the *Isle of Man*, forfeited, and the Ship, and the Perſons or their Aiders taking any Salt out of ſuch Ship, or carrying the ſame on ſhoar, or from the ſhoar when landed, forfeits 20 *l.* or ſuffer Six Months Impriſonment *Page* 817

Sect. 7. Salt not to be brought out of *Scotland* by Land, on Forfeiture, and 20 *s. per* Buſhel *p.* 818

5 *A. cap.* 8. Art. 6. Union. The ſame Prohibitions as in *England*, extended to *Scotland* after the Union *p.* 239

Victuals from *Ireland*, or any other Place beyond Sea into *Scotland* *p.* 239, 240

5 *A. cap.* 17. Sect. 2. Lace made in the *French* Kings Dominions, or of the Duke of *Anjou* *p.* 248

8 *A. cap.* 19. Sect. 1. Books by any other Bookſeller, or other Perſon, without the Conſent of the Proprietor of the Copy, ſold, publiſhed, or expoſed to Sale, forfeited to the Proprietor of the Copy, who is forthwith to Damask, and make waſte Paper of them, and the Offender forfeits One Peny for every Sheet, Half to the King, Half to the Proſecutor, to be proſecuted in Three Months in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or before the Court of Seſſion in *Scotland*, proviſo, for Books in *Greek*, *Latin*, or any other Foreign Language, printed beyond Sea *p.* 337

9 *A. cap.* 21. Sect. 58. Goods of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of the *Eaſt Indies*, *Perſia*, or *China*, or any Place within the Limits of the Charter, granted to the United *Eaſt-India* Company, forfeited, if Traded in by the *South-Sea* Company, or any Perſon licenſed by them, as alſo the Ship, $\frac{1}{2}$d to the King, $\frac{2}{3}$ds to the United *Eaſt-India* Company, to be recovered with full Coſts of Suit in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter* *p.* 369, 370

10 *A. c.* 23. Sect. 165. Cards and Dice, forfeited, as by the Act 3 *Edw* 4. *cap.* 4. *p.* 392

10 *A. c.* 16. Sect. 65. Gold or Silver thread, Lace, Fringe, or other work made thereof, forfeited, and 100 *l.* Half to the King, Half to the Seizor or Informer, beſides full Coſts of Suits, to be recovered in any of his Majeſty's Courts *p* 402

1 *Geo. c.* 18. No Herring, Cod, Pilchard, Salmon, or Ling, freſh or ſalted, dried or bloated, Grill Macherel, Whiting, Haddock, Sprats, Coal-fiſh, Gull-fiſh, Congers, nor any ſort of flat Fiſh, or any freſh Fiſh, ſhall be imported into, ſold, or expoſed to ſale in *England*, taken by, bought of, or received from any Foreigner, or out of any Strangers bottom in Exchange (except Proteſtant Strangers inhabiting here) and except Eels, Stock-fiſh, Anchovies, Sturgeon, Botargo, Cavear, Lobſters, and Turbets, every Maſter of any Smack, Boat, *&c.* offending, forfeits 20 *l.* to be levied by Warrant of Diſtreſs from One or more Juſtices, or ſuffer 12 Months Impriſonment, Proſecution to be in One Month, and an Appeal lies to the next General Quarter Seſſion *Page* 462

5 *Geo. c.* 11. Sect. 1. Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Strong-waters, or Spirits, in any Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, under the Burthen of 15 Tun, the Ship, *&c.* forfeited, and when condemned, to be entirely broke up and the Materials ſold, Half the Produce to the King, Half to the Informer. *p.* 533

Sect. 2. Rum imported in Cask under 20 Gallons, Half to the King, Half to the Informer. *p.* 534

Foreign Goods taken in at Sea, to be landed or put into any Ship, *&c.* within Port by any Collier, Fiſher-boat, or other Coaſting Veſſel, or Boat, forfeited, and Treble the Value, unleſs in caſe of Neceſſity, to be immediately made known to the Officer and the Maſter out of which the Goods are taken, forfeits, Treble the Value, Half to the King, Half to Informer, to be proſecuted in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or in the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland* *p.* 534

Altered as to Veſſels and Boats under 15 Tun, which may be proſecuted before 2 Juſtices of Peace 8 Geo. *cap.* 18. *p.* 700

6 *Geo. c.* 13. Raw Silks, and Mohair, Yarn, of the Product or Manufacture of *Aſia*, imported from any Ports or Places in the *Streights* or *Levant* Seas, which are not within the Dominions of the Grand Seignior, forfeited, and the Ship, by Repealing ſo much of the Seizing Clauſe in the Act of Navigation, which relates thereto, *vide* 12 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 18. Sect. 12. *p.* 611

6 *Geo. c.* 21. Sect. 18. Brandy, *&c.* in Ships, Veſſels, or Boats, of 30 Tun or under, the Ship, *&c.* when condemned to be broken and the Materials ſold, Half to the King, Half to the Informer, proſecuted at *Weſtminſter* or *Scotland* *p.* 616

extended to 40 *Tun (except Two Gallons to each Man) by* 8 Geo. *cap.* 18. Sect. 1. *p.* 694

6 *Geo. c.* 21. Sect. 47. Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, and Mace, in Bags or ſmall Parcels packt in Hogſheads, Casks, or Bales, Half to the King, Half to the Informer, to be proſecuted at *Weſtminſter* or *Edinburgh* *p.* 621

7 *Geo. c.* 21. Sect. 12. Repeals the Act which allowed Tea to be imported by Licence *p.* 651 and further confirmed by the 10 *Geo. cap.* 10. Sect. 50. *p.* 761

8 *Geo. c.* 18 Sect. 21. Nutmegs, Cloves, or Mace, imported though by Licence in any Cask containing leſs than 300 lb. or Cinnamon in any Bale leſs than 70 lb forfeited, as alſo the Ship, Half to the King, Half to the Informer, to be proſecuted at *Weſtminſter* or *Edinburgh* *p.* 702

9 *Geo. c.* 21. Sect. 8. Tobacco, or other Foreign Goods taken on board any Coaſting Veſſel beyond Sea, or out of any Ship at Sea, or from any Port other than the Port from whence ſuch Goods are certified, forfeited, and Double the Value, and the Maſter of the Coaſting Veſſel, forfeits the Value there-

thereof, Half to the King, Half to the Informer *Page* 732

Sect. 17, 18. Tobacco imported after 24 *June*, 1724. ſtript from the Stalk or Stem, exceeding 20 lb. in a Hoſhead, Half to the King, Half to the Informer, to be proſecuted at *Weſtminſter* or *Edinburgh* *p.* 734

10 *Geo. c* 10. Sect. 2. Chocolate ready made, or Cocoa Paſte, forfeited, and Double the Value with the Bags, Casks, Boxes, and other Package, Half to the King, Half to the Informer, to be proſecuted by the Laws of Exciſe, and the Judgment in ſuch Caſe to be final, or at *Weſtminſter* or *Edinburgh* *p* 743

11 *Geo. c.* 30. Tea from any Place but the Place of its Growth, on any Pretence whatſoever, forfeited, and the Ship, Half to the King, Half to the Seizor *p.* 932

—prohibited to be imported, or liable to Cuſtoms, Exciſe, or Inland Duties, knowingly harboured, kept, or concealed, or ſuffered ſo to be, the Party offending, whether he or ſhe have, or have not any Intereſt therein, forfeits, the Goods and Treble the Value, ſuch Value to be according to the Rates or Prices as the beſt Goods of the like Sorts at that time bear and ſell for in *London* *p.* 936

—prohibited to be worn here, and Foreign Goods ſhipt out for Parts beyond the Seas unſhipt or relanded (unleſs in caſe of Diſtreſs, or in the Preſence of an Officer of the Cuſtoms) forfeited, and the Maſter, *&c.* taking care of the Ship, permitting the ſame, to forfeit the Value of the Goods, and the Perſons to whoſe Hands the ſaid Goods come, knowing them to be unſhipt, forfeit Double the Value of the Goods, unleſs they make a Diſcovery to the Officers of the Cuſtoms in Six Days, provided there be no Prior Seizure or Information, and the Maſter, *&c.* permitting the Package of ſuch Goods to be opened or altered in Port without leave, forfeits 100 *l.* and if the Maſter, *&c.* ſuffer the ſaid Goods to be unſhipt or landed, or the Package altered without Leave, to ſuffer Six Months Impriſonment *p.* 535

—robbed on the Sea, and not wrecked, the Owner may have them proving them by his Marks, Cocquet, *&c.* to be his, paying Salvage *p.* 766

—ſeized for being uncuſtomed or prohibited, if claimed, the Claimer to give Security in 30 *l.* to pay Coſts, and in Default, the Goods to be recovered *p.* 324

—ſeized within the Bills of Mortality if prohibited, or liable to Cuſtoms only, to be carried in 24 Hours to the Kings Warehouſe belonging to the Cuſtoms, and if out of thoſe Limits, in 48 Hours, but if ſuch Seizure be made too remote from ſuch Warehouſe, to be lodged in ſome Exciſe Office near to the Place of Seizure, and ſuch Goods be liable to any Exciſe or Inland Duty, they are to be ſecured in ſome Office of Exciſe, or for Inland Duties, near to the Plaee of Seizure *p.* 937

—ſhipped or put into any Boat or Veſſel to be carried beyond Sea, or unſhipped to be laid on Land, the Subſidy or other Duty due, not paid or lawfully tendred to the Collector, with the Conſent of the Comptroller and Surveyor, or One of them, not agreed with for the ſame in the Cuſtom-Houſe, forfeited, One Moiety of the Rate to the King, the other Moiety to the Seizor or Proſecutor *p.* ii, 7

—ſhipped out by Certificate and landed again (unleſs in caſe of Diſtreſs) no Allowance to be demanded or made, and the Goods or the Value forfeited *p.* 20

—ſhipt to be carried forth to the open Sea from One Port to another, without a Sufferance or Warrant from the proper Officers, forfeited *Page* 18

—Shipt out leſs in Quantity or Value than is mentioned in the Certificate, the ſame or the Value thereof, forfeited, and the Owner to loſe the Benefit of the Drawback *p.* 20

—ſtranded, if not claimed in 12 Months, to be publickly ſold (if periſhable, to be forthwith ſold) and other Charges deducted, the reſidue, with a fair and juſt Account to be tranſmitted to the Exchequer, from whence the Owner upon an Order of One of the Barons of the Coiſe, ſhall receive the ſame *p.* 432, 433

The Act for ſecuring ſtranded Goods not to extend to Goods wreckt, or any Goods *Jetſan*, *Flotſan*, or *Lagan* *p.* 434

—ſtranded (not being wreckt Goods or *Jetſan*, *Flotſan*, or *Lagan*) liable to Cuſtoms and other Duties, after Charges of Salvage and other Charges paid, and to have the like Drawback and Allowances as other Goods regularly imported and exported *p.* 538

—ſtranded, to be ſecured by the Officers of the Cuſtoms, till the Salvage and Charges as ſhall be adjuſted be paid *p.* 432

—taken *bona fide* by way of Reprizal by *Britiſh* Ships, having a Commiſſion from his Majeſty, not within the Act of Navigation *p.* 5

—taken Prize, to be unladen in the Preſence of the Officers of the Cuſtoms, and delivered unto his Majeſty's Warehouſe, and when ſold, the Buyer is to pay the Duties *p.* 268, 269

—*Viz.* Tobacco or other Foreign Goods taken on board any Coaſting Veſſel in Parts beyond the Seas, or out of any Ship or Veſſel at Sea, or at any Place in this Kingdom, other than the Port from whence ſuch Goods ſhall be certified, the ſaid Goods, *&c.* Double the Value, forfeited, and the Maſter of the Coaſting Veſſel importing the ſaid Goods, forfeits the Value of the ſaid Goods, Half to the King, Half to the Officer *p.* 732

—*vocat.* enumerated Plantation Goods carried to any other Place than One of the *Britiſh* Plantations, or to *Great Britain*, or *Ireland*, forfeited, as alſo the Ship, *vide* Plantations *p.* 6

—*vocat.* enumerated Plantation Goods put on board before Bond given in *Great Britain*, *Ireland*, or in the *Britiſh* Plantations, forfeited, as alſo the Ship *p.* 7

—unrated, liable to the Old Subſidy, Further Subſidy $\frac{1}{2}$d and $\frac{2}{3}$ds Subſidy, Old Impoſt, Additional Impoſt, Additional Duty on *French* Goods, and Further Duty on unrated Drugs, are to pay the Duties proportionably, according to the Value ſet thereon in the Additional Book of Rates *p.* 873

—unrated, the Laws for aſcertaining the Value, by the Oath or Affirmation of the Importer. Repealed as to ſuch Goods as are mentioned in the Additional Book of Rates *p.* 873

—uſed in Dying, imported free of Duty on Exportation, to pay the Duty of 6*d.* in the Pound mentioned in the Act *p.* 686

—uſed in Dying mentioned in the Act, not liable to any Duty on Importation, ſo as a due Entry be made, and landed in the Preſence of the proper Officer, and the Ship importing the ſame duly navigated *p.* 685

—uſed in Dying, what are meant by them *p.* 217

—Wares and Merchandizes Foreign, taken in at Sea by any Collier, Fiſher-boat, or other Coaſting Veſſel, or Boat, or out of any Ship or Veſſel in order to be landed or put into any other Ship Veſſel, or Boat, within the Limits of a Port without Payment of Duty, forfeited, the Maſter to forfeit Treble the Value, unleſs in caſe of Neceſſity *p.* 534

An Alphabetical INDEX.

Governors of the British Plantations allowing Ships to pass as *British*, which are not so, forfeit their Government, *vide* Officers *Page* 5

—and Officers of the Customs to take Care, that the Acts against exporting Wooll be put in Execution *p.* 165

—or such as shall be appointed by them, suffering Foreign built Ships to load or unload within their Precincts, without Examination whether they be *British* owned and navigated, forfeit their Government *p.* 5

—shall take Bond before any Ship be permitted to load enumerated Goods, that the said Goods shall be carried to *Great Britain*, or to some other Plantation, except Bond shall have been before Given in *Great Britain* *p.* 7

—the Island of *Guernsey*, and *Jersey*, and the Chief Officer of his Majesty residing there, to administer the Oath to One or more Owners of Ships trading from or in those Plantations, in order to be Registred *p.* 113, 114

—to return Lists twice every Year to the Chief Officers of the Customs in *London*, or true Copies of all Bonds taken for enumerated Duties *p.* 7

—to return yearly a List of Ships, that shall lade enumerated Goods there *p.* 49

—to take an Oath to observe the Laws of Trade, under Penalty of the Loss of their Government, and if they shall after that offend, shall be incapable of being made a Governor again, and forfeit 1000 *l.* Half to the King, Half to the Informer *p* 2, 35, 110, 113

Gravesend Ships Inwards, not to be above Three Days coming from thence *p.* 15

—Ships Outward not to be detained there above Three Tides by the Searchers without just Cause *p.* cxxvii

Greenland, *British* Subjects may import Whale-fins, Oil, and Blubber caught there in *British* Ships duly navigated, Free of Duty for Seven Years *p.* 763

—lawful for any of his Majesty's Subjects to trade thither, paying the same Duties which the *Greenland* Company were liable to, and no Harponeers imployed in that Trade are to be impressed *p.* 193

Guineas or Half Guineas may be imported *p.* 121

Gunpowder may be prohibited to be exported by his Majesty's Proclamation *p.* 4

H.

Hides, Calve-skins, Boots, *&c.* shipped to be exported and relanded, forfeited, and Treble the Value, Half to the King, half to the Informer *Page* 354

—Calve-skins, or Manufactures made of Leather exported on Security, drawback $\frac{2}{3}$ds of the New Duty paid on Oath made they are Stampt *p.* 353, 354, 395

—or Calve-skins dressed or curried, to be allowed a Drawback *p.* 396

—raw, may be transported for the necessary Use and Provision of the Ships, not exceeding Six Hides, but not to be sold in Foreign Parts *p.* 14

—raw, packt or unpackt, intended for Exportation, may be searched for and seized by the Masters and Wardens of the Company of Cordwainers, Sadlers, Girdlers, and Curriers, of the City of *London* and their Deputies, and by all Justices of Peace, Mayors, and Chief Officers of Corporations, and by all Customers, Comptrollers, Farmers, Supervisors, Searchers, and other Officers of the Customs, other than Calve-skins, and Sheep-skins *ibid.*

—Sheep-skins, Calve-skins, and Leather imported, to be markt or stampt, to denote the Payment of Duty Inwards *p.* 352

Holland, what Goods may not be brought from thence *p.* 23

Hops *British* or Foreign exported to *Ireland*, not to be allowed a Drawback of the New Duty *Page* 358, 606

—Foreign prohibited to be imported into *Ireland*, other than from *Great Britain* *p.* 358

—Ships with Hops for *Ireland*, the Master to take a Duplicate of his Content, and upon Oath deliver it to the Officers of the Customs in *Ireland* before he lands the Hops, on Forfeiture of 10 *s. per* lb. wt. Half to the King, Half to the Seizor *p.* 447

Horses, or other Cattle, or Carriages, seized for being used in the removing run Goods or relanding Certificate Goods, forfeited, and may be prosecuted in the Exchequer, or before the Justices of Peace *p.* 322, 332, 700, 701, 753, 758

—to be carried to the Plantations from *Ireland* *p.* 34

Houses for roasting Coffee for Sale, to be appointed by the Commissioners for the Inland Duties *p.* 754, 755

Hoys, vide Boats

Hull the Town, not to be set out by Commission *p.* 21

Hungary Wines of the Growth thereof, may be imported from *Hamburgh* *p.* 188

I.

Japanned, or Laquered Goods imported, how the Duties shall be ascertained *Page* 182

Jewels, not to be brought on shoar out of Ships Outward bound *p.* 16

Indenture for binding Parish Boys Apprentices to Owners or Masters of Ships, to be registred and endorsed by the Collector of the Port, who is to transmit Certificates thereof to the Admiralty and the Quarter-Sessions, under the Penalty of 5 *l.* *p.* 205, 206

Informations, Actions, Suits, Bills, or Indictments upon Penal-Statutes, whereby the Forfeiture is limited to the King, may be brought in Two Years after the Offence committed, and not after that time *p.* 778

—Actions, *&c.* upon Penal Statutes (except the Statutes of Tillage) the Benefits whereof are divided between the King and the Informer, shall be had in One Year after the Offence committed, and in default of such Pursuit, the same may be brought by the King, at any time in Two Years after that Year ended, except by any Particular Statute, the same be limited to a shorter time *p.* 778

—in the Court of Exchequer, on the Act of Navigation, or other Acts concerning the Importation of Goods, the *Onus Probandi* shall lie on the Owner or Claimer *p.* 25

—not to be brought against any Common Brewer or Alehouse-keeper for any False or Misentry or Offence, unless the same be laid and entred within Three Months after the Offence committed, and Notice is to be given to the Party in One Week after the Information is laid in Writing or left at his House *p.* 782

—of Goods Run, whereupon a House is searched, proving False the Party injured, shall recover full Damages and Costs by Action of Trespass *p.* 7

—on the Act prohibiting the Importation of Bonelace, Cutwork, *&c.* 14 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 13. to be brought in 12 Months after the Discovery *p.* 28

—relating to Alamodes, to be brought in Two Years *p.* 152

—relating to the relanding Certificate Goods, to be brought in Five Years. *p.* 332

—upon Penal Statutes, to be laid in the County where the Offence was done, and the Defendant may traverse the same, which being tried for the Defendant or the Plaintiff be Nonsuit, the Plaintiff shall be barred in that Action or Information, against the Acts 1 *Eliz.* *cap.* 11. §. 20. or for defrauding or concealing of Customs or Prizage, transporting Gold, Silver, Ordnance, Wooll, and Leather, but such Offences may be laid in any County, at the Pleasure of the Informer *p.* 778, 779, 780

An Alphabetical INDEX.

Informers shall not compound Offences againſt Penal Statutes, but by order and conſent of the Court *Page* 776

—ſhall not compound under $\frac{1}{3}^{d}$ of the appraiſed Value *p.* 22

—upon Penal Statutes, offending in ſuing out Proceſs, making of Compoſition, taking Money, or other Reward, without order or conſent of the Court, being convicted, to ſtand in the Pillory for Two Hours, and be diſabled to be an Informer, upon any Statute Popular or Penal, and alſo, forfeit 10 *l.* Half to the King, Half to the Party grieved *p.* 776

—upon Penal Statutes, ſhall exhibit his Suit in proper Perſon, or by his Attorney in Court, and no Perſon is to be admitted to purſue upon a Penal Statute by way of Information or Original Action; upon every Information, a ſpecial Note to be taken of the Time when exhibited, till which no Proceſs is to Iſſue, and upon ſuch Proceſs is to be endorſed the Name of the Party, and the Statute on which the Information is grounded, or the Clerk forfeits 40 *s.* Half to the King, Half to the Party grieved *p.* 775

—willingly delaying his Suit, or diſcontinue, or be Nonſuit in the ſame, or ſhall have Judgment againſt him, to pay to the Defendant Coſt, Charges, and Damages, for recovery whereof when aſſigned, the Defendant ſhall have his *Capias ad Satisfactionem, Fieri fecit*, or *Elegit* *p.* 776

Inhabitants of the Iſle of *Angleſey* of the Shire of *Carnarvan* and *Flint in* North *Wales*, may lade and diſcharge Goods according to their Antient Cuſtom, provided they pay the Cuſtoms that ſhall be due, and diſcharge and load within the Time allowed 1 *Eliz. cap.* 11. *p.* 772, 773

Inſurers, or other Perſon concerned in the Inſuring, to import and deliver prohibited or uncuſtomed Goods, diſcovering the Fraud, to be rewarded with One Moiety of the Forfeiture, beſides the Inſurance Money, and himſelf diſcharged of the Offence *p.* 91

—how to be proſecuted *p.* 130

Inſuring prohibited, or uncuſtomed Goods to be imported and delivered, Perſons concerned forfeit 500 *l.* beſides other Penalties *p.* 90, 91

Intereſt after the Rate of 6 *per Cent.* to be paid for Bonds not ſatisfied when due *p.* 235

—after the Rate of 12 *per Cent. per Annum*, to be charged on Collectors or Receivers, detaining any Money in their Hands ariſing by the Duties and Impoſitions granted by 9 *A. cap.* 21. Sect. 14. *p.* 364

Ireland, *Britiſh* Hops exported thither, not to be allowed a Drawback of the New Duty *p.* 606, 607

—Goods of the Growth or Product of the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America*, not to be landed there, unleſs Firſt landed in *Great Britain*, and the Duties thereof paid there, under Forfeiture of Ship, and Goods $\frac{3}{4}^{ths}$ to his Majeſty without Compoſition, and $\frac{1}{4}^{th}$ to the Proſecutor *p.* 112, 113

—a Proviſo, for Ships ſtranded in *Ireland* *p.* 113

—Natives thereof, or of *Great Britain*, may import from thence Hemp, Flax, and the Production thereof, as Thread, Yarn, and Linen, of the Growth and Manufacture of *Ireland*, Free of all Cuſtoms and Duties, proper Certificates thereof being produced *p.* 120, 202

—Salt exported thither, not to be allowed a Drawback, till a Certificate be produced it was there landed *p.* 195

—the *Iſle of Man*, or the *Britiſh* Plantations, Coals ſhipt for Exportation thither, Security to be given for landing the Coals, under Forfeiture of Ship and Coals, Half to the King, Half to the Proſecutor *p.* 343

—the Moiety of Forfeitures and Penalties inflicted by the Act 10 & 11 *W.* 3. relating to the exporting Wooll and Woollen Goods, which was given to the Encouragement of the Linen Manufactures in *Ireland*, is after the 29 *September*, 1717. granted to his Majeſty, after a Moiety of the Charges *Page* 503, 504

—the Lord Lieutenant or Lords Juſtices, are to give Direction in Council, that the Act 10 & 11 *W.* 3. for preventing the Exportation of Wooll, &c. be given in Charge by the Judges at all the Aſſizes, to the End, the ſame may be duly put in Execution *p.* 166

—the Subjects and Ships thereof, accounted *Britiſh* *p.* 17

—Tobacco and other Certificate Goods exported thither, not to be allowed a Drawback, nor Bond delivered up till a Certificate be produced the Goods are there landed *p.* 332, 535

—Tobacco exported thither, to have an Allowance for Waſte, not exceeding 2 *per Cent.* *p.* 622

—Tobacco landed there, entered out for other Foreign Parts, forfeited, and Double the Drawback, beſides the Debenture *ibid.*

—to be added to the Oath on Debenture for Tobacco, except ſuch as ſhall be ſhipt for *Ireland* *p.* 622

—to be leſt out of Plantation Bonds *p.* 48, 49

Iron, may be exported *p.* 94

—of *Ireland*, diſcharged of the Additional Impoſt 4 & 5 *W.* & *M.* *p.* 103, 104

Iſle of Man, Cattle of the Growth thereof, may be imported thence, not exceeding 600 Head yearly into *Cheſter*, *Leverpool*, or *Wire Water* *p.* 37, 39

—Corn of the Growth of that Iſland, may be imported into *Great Britain* *p.* 37

Juries in the Plantations to be Natives of *Great Britain*, *Ireland*, or the Plantations *p.* 111, 112

—ſhall not be compelled to appear at *Weſtminſter* for the Trial of any Suit on Penal Law for any Offence committed above 30 Miles from thence, except where the Attorney General ſhall require the ſame to be tried at the Bar, to be noted on the Back of the *Diſtringas* *p.* 776

—upon any Actions, Suits, and Informations, concerning the Cuſtoms, to be only Natural and Free-born Subjects *p.* 10

Juſtices of the Peace at the Quarter Seſſions, to hear and determine Matters relating to the Duties on Salt, upon any appeal by Perſons grieved by the Judgment of Two Juſtices *p.* 808

—Commiſſioners for Exciſe or Sub-Commiſſioners, may where they ſee Cauſe mitigate, compound, or leſſen the Forfeiture, Penalty, or Fine, for Offences committed againſt the Act laying Duties of Exciſe, ſo as ſuch Mitigation be not leſs than Double the Value of the Duty of Exciſe *p.* 781

—in their reſpective Quarter Seſſions after *Michaelmas* and *Eaſter* yearly, to aſcertain the Market Prices of Corn or Grain imported *p.* 65

—may commit all Carriers or other Perſons to the Houſe of Correction for conveying Salt from Salt-works before Entry or without a Permit, for want of Diſtreſs to pay the Penalties, there to be whipt and kept to hard Labour for a Month *p.* 811

—may commit any Perſon who ſhall obſtruct or abuſe any Salt Officer in the Execution of his Duty, to the Houſe of Correction to be whipt and kept to hard Labour for a Month in caſe the Penalty of 20 *l.* be not paid *ibid.*

—may convict Perſons knowingly receiving or buying Goods clandeſtinely run or imported, and may by Warrant order a Diſtreſs, or for want thereof commit the Offender to Priſon for Three Months *p.* 697

—may determine Seizures of Coffee, Tea, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate, and Cocoa-Paſte *p.* 758, 759

—may grant a Warrant to deliver Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Beef, or Pork, on Proof it was not imported from *Ireland*, or any other Place beyond Sea *p.* 38, 39

—may on appearance or default of the Maſter of any Smack, or other Veſſel importing Freſh Fiſh, &c. taken by Foreigners, grant his Warrant for levying the Penalty of 20 *l.* and in default of Payment, commit the Offender to Goal for Twelve Months,

An Alphabetical INDEX.

Months, the Profecution to be in One Month *Page* 462

—may ſearch for and ſeize Raw Hides intended for Exportation *p.* 14

—not concerned in making or ſelling Salt, to ſettle the Price of Salt and Rock-Salt, every *Eaſter* and *Michaelmas* Quarter Seſſions *p.* 786

—not to act in any Matter relating to the Duties on Salt, in caſe he be a Maker or Dealer in Salt *p.* 814

—of *Oyer* and *Terminer*, Juſtices of Goal Delivery, to hear and determine the Offences of exporting Rams, Lambs, or Sheep alive *p.* 773

—on Complaint or Information brought of any Forfeiture made, or Offence committed contrary to the Act laying Duties of Exciſe, to ſummon the Party, and upon his Appearance or Contempt, may Examine the Matter of Fact, and on due Proof on both, or the Confeſſion of the Party, to give Judgment or Sentence *p* 781

—on Complaint or Information, to grant Warrants to Conſtables to ſearch for and ſeize Foreign Bone lace, Embroidery, Cutwork, Fringe, Bandſtrings Buttons, or Needle-work *p.* 28

—or any Two or more, may examine into, proceed upon, adjudge, and determine Seizures of Veſſels or Boats, under 15 Tun, for carrying uncuſtomed or prohibited Goods from Ships Inward, or for relanding Certificate or Debenture Goods from Ships Outward, and all Seizures of Horſes, or other Cattle, or Carriages, for being uſed in the removing ſuch Goods, and their Judgments declared to be final, and not liable to any Appeal *p.* 700, 701

—or other Magiſtrate to commit Perſons hindring, *&c.* Officers of the Cuſtoms in the Execution of their Offices, or their Deputies, or Aſſiſtants, the Offenders to remain in Priſon till next Quarter Seſſions, when the Juſtices are impowered to puniſh the Offender by Fine, not exceeding 100 *l.* who is to remain in Priſon till diſcharged by order of the Exchequer, or diſcover the Perſon that ſet him on work, to the End he may be legally proceeded againſt *p.* 17, 18

—or Three of them have power to adjuſt the Charges of Salving ſtranded Goods *p.* 432

—or Two of them reſiding near the Place to hear, adjudge, and determine, all Forfeitures and Offences committed againſt the Act laying Duties of Exciſe, and to grant Warrant of Diſtreſs (except within the Limits of the Chief Office of Exciſe in *London*) *p.* 781

—or Two of them, to adminiſter the Oaths to Officers of the Salt Duties *p.* 787

—their Orders relating to the Duties of Exciſe, not to be ſuperſeded by any Writ of *Certiorari* *p.* 782

—to appoint and ſwear meaſurers and weighers of Salt *p.* 787, 793

—to aſſiſt the Officers of the Cuſtoms *p.* 25

—to be aiding and aſſiſting in ſeizing Run Goods *p.* 7

—to commit a Perſon to Goal for Six Months without Bail, if he does not pay the Penalty of 20 *s.* *per* Buſhel for bringing Salt from *Scotland* *p.* 818

—to grant Warrants for apprehending the Maſters of any Ship importing Great Cattle, Swine, Sheep, Beef, or Pork, that ſhall be put on ſhoar, as alſo the Seamen, and for carrying them to Goal, there to remain Three Months *p.* 43

—to grant Warrants for ſeizing Foreign Buttons *p.* 90

—to grant Warrants of Diſtreſs againſt the Churchwardens, Over-ſeers of the Poor, or Seizors, not doing their Duty in not killing and diſtributing the Great Cattle, Sheep, and Swine imported, or for want of Diſtreſs, to commit the Offender to Goal for Three Months *p.* 59

—to hear and determine Offences relating to the ſelling Salt otherwiſe than by weight *p.* 795

—to iſſue Warrants for apprehending any Car-man, Porter, Water-man, or other Perſon who ſhall aſſiſt in the taking up, landing, ſhipping off, or carrying away any uncuſtomed or prohibited Goods, and to examine Witneſſes upon Oath, and on Proof by Two Witneſſes, to commit the Offender to the next Goal, *&c.* *Page* 18

—upon Information for Offences againſt the Laws of Exciſe to ſummon Perſons (other than the Party accuſed) to appear and give Evidence, Perſons refuſing to appear or give Evidence, forfeit 10 *l.* to be recovered by any Law of Exciſe, or by Action of Debt, Bill, *&c.* at *Weſtminſter*, Half to the King, Half to the Informer *p.* 790

K.

Keepers of Wharfs, Cranes, or Keys, or their Servants not to land or ſhip off, or knowingly ſuffer to be landed or ſhipped off at any of their Wharfs, *&c.* any Goods prohibited or uncuſtomed, without the Preſence of the Officers of the Cuſtoms, or at Times not allowed by Law (except in the Port of *Hull*) or Goods paſſing by Certificate, Waſte Coquet, or otherwiſe, without the Preſence or Notice given to One or more ſuch Officers, on Forfeiture of 100 *l.* *Page* 18

Keys lawful for ſhipping or landing Goods, to be appointed by Commiſſions out of the Exchequer. *p.* 20, 21, 289, 771

L.

Lace made of Thread, not made in any of the Dominions of the *French* King, or any Place, *&c.* belonging to the Duke of *Anjou*, may be imported. *Page* 248

—Needlework, Point, and Cutwork, may be imported, notwithſtanding the Act 9 & 10 *W.* 3. Three Months after the taking off the Prohibition of the *Engliſh* Woollen Manufacture. *p.* 176

Lands, Tenements, *&c.* belonging to any Accomptant to the Crown, liable to the Payment of the Kings Debt, and may be ſold for that Purpoſe *p.* 773, 774, 775

Laquered or Jappaned Goods imported, how the Duties ſhall be aſcertained *p.* 182

Laws made in the Plantations repugnant to the Laws of *Great Britain* void *p.* 111

Leather of all ſores, Sheep ſkins, or Calve-skins tanned, tawed, or dreſſed, may be exported *p.* 40, 342

—tanned made into Goods and Wares to be allowed a Drawback of 1 *d.* ½ *per* lb. on Exportation, and in Lieu of $\frac{2}{3}$ds of Duty *p.* 429

—vide Hides *p.* 13, 14

Leaves of Walnut-tree, Hop-leaves, Sycomore-leaves, or other Leaves cut, coloured, or cured, to reſemble Tobacco, or mixt therewith, or knowingly ſold, or offered to ſale as Tobacco, the Offender to forfeit 5 *s.* for every Pound, Half to the King, Half to the Informer, the Proſecution to be at the Crown's Charge *p.* 475

—after Condemnation to be openly burnt or deſtroyed at his Majeſty's Charges *p.* 475, 476

—exported in order to obtain a Drawback as for Tobacco, the Offender forfeits 5 *s.* *per* lb. *p.* 475

—Herbs, Utenſils, *&c.* to be ſeized by a ſpecial Warrant of Two Juſtices, and where to be lodged *ibid.*

—Servants and Labourers imployed in cutting colouring, *&c.* ſuch Leaves, or knowingly vending the ſame, convicted on the Oath of One or more Witneſs before Two Juſtices of the Peace, to be committed to the Goal or Houſe of Correction, and kept to hard Labour for Six Months *p.* 476

—the Cauſe of Seizure to be heard and determined at the Quarter Seſſions *p.* 475

—to be ſearched for and ſeized, and all Engines, Utenſils, and Tools made uſe of in Cutting, Colouring, or Manufacturing the ſame by Officers of the Cuſtoms, or Perſons authorized by the Treaſury, or the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms *ibid.*

Licence

An Alphabetical INDEX.

Licence for importing Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, and Mace, to expreſs the Quantity and Quality, and into what Port to be imported, and if any greater Quantity be imported than expreſſed in the Licence, to be deemed to be imported without a Licence, ſuch Licence to be ganted by the Commiſſioners, or by the Cuſtomer, Collector, and Comptroller, of the Port into which the Spices are to be imported, ſo as all Nutmegs to be imported by ſuch Licence, be not in any other Package than in Casks or Bales to contain, *viz.* each Cask of Nutmegs, Cloves, or Mace, 300 lb. wt. or upwards, and each Bale of Cinnamon, 70 lb. wt. or upwards *Page* 621

—for Spice to be delivered to the Merchant, which Licence ſhall be produced by the Maſter importing the ſame, with the Marks and Numbers, Quantity and Quality of the Spices endorſed on the Back, at the Time of reporting the Ship *ibid.*

—for the Importation of Nutmegs, Cloves, Mace, or Cinnamon, not delivered to the Collector and Comptroller by the Maſter, Purſer, or other Perſon taking charge of the Ship, at the time of entring the Ship, regularly endorſed and annext to the Report of the Ship, and if the Spice be not imported according to the Quantity directed by 6 *Geo. cap.* 21. the ſaid Spice, as alſo the Ship forfeited, Half to the King, Half to the Informer *p.* 702

—not to be granted for the importation of Tea *p.* 651

—to be granted by the Admiralty for Boats, *&c.* rowing with more than 4 Oars, on ſecurity not to run Goods *p.* 695, 696

—to be granted by the Commiſſioners for the importing Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, and Tea, in *Britiſh* Ships *p.* 97, 320, 321, 621

—to be granted by the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms for the importing of Alamodes and Luſtrings *p.* 88, 148

—to import Gun-powder, Arms, Ammunition, or Utenſils of War (except for His Majeſty's Stores) void, and the Perſons concerned incur a *Premunire*, and incapacitated *p.* 64, 65

Lighters, vide Boats..

Linen chequered and ſtriped, printed, painted, ſtained or dyed after the Manufacture, or in the Thread or Yarn before the Manufacture, imported, to be ſtampt or mark'd, to denote the payment of Duty *p.* 388, 428

—exported, the Piece to be eſteemed 40 Ells *p.* 349

—of *Ireland*, may be exported from hence to the Plantations free of Duty *p.* 503

—of *Ireland*, may be ſent directly thence to the *Britiſh* Plantations in *Britiſh* built Ships, ſo long as the Subjects of *Great Britain* are permitted to import into *Ireland Britiſh* Linen Cloth free of Duty *p.* 222, 503

—*vocat. Britiſh* made Sail-cloth, or Canvas fit for or made into Sails, exported without any intention to be relanded in *Great Britain*, to be paid a Reward of 1 *d. per* Ell on exportation *p.* 415

—relanded, forfeited, and 2 *s. per* Ell, Half to the King, and Half to the Seizor or Informer *ibid.*

—*vocat.* Lawns, ſtriped or chequered Linens, being all white Neckcloths, ſtriped at the end only, Barras, packing Canvas or Buckram, not liable to the 15 *per Cent.* on chequered or ſtriped Linen by the 10 *An. cap.* 19 *p.* 436

—*vocat.* Sail-cloth made in *Great Britain*, exported free of Cuſtom, and be allowed a Bounty *p.* 120

—*vocat.* Sails, Foreign made Sail-cloth, or Canvas entred as *Holland* Duck or *Vitry* Canvas, imported, to pay a New Duty of 1 *d. per* Ell *p.* 415

—how to be raiſed and levied *ibid.*

—Stamps or Marks to be provided by the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, and altered from time to time, as they ſhall think fit *p.* 389, 427, 428

Logwood may be imported *p.* 24

London, part of the Charter relating to the Duties of Package, Scavage, Balliage, or Portage *p.* 836, 837, 838, 839

—the extent of the Port *Page* 832, 833

—the Names of the lawful Keys and Wharfs for landing and ſhipping Goods *p.* 832

M.

Madder may be imported *Page* 38

Magiſtrate, *viz.* the Chief, to iſſue his Warrant to any Perſon, and ſeize Goods, on Oath made they were landed without Entry *p.* 7

Malt made in *Scotland*, and brought to *England* by Sea, to be entered at *Berwick* *p.* 919

—brought to *England* by Land, to be entered at *Berwick* or *Carliſle* *ibid.*

—not ſo entered, forfeited *ibid.*

—exported from thence, to Drawback 3 *d. per* Buſhel *p.* 920

—made of Wheat exported, to be allowed a Bounty *p.* 259

—prohibited to be imported *p.* 184

—relanded, forfeited, or the Value, beſides the Bond *p.* 184

—the Exciſe of 6 *d. per.* Buſhel, is not to be reckoned towards the Price of 24 *s. per* Quarter, limited by the Act for giving a Bounty on the Exportation *p.* 185

—whole or ground, exported, to Drawback the Exciſe, on Security and a Debenture *p.* 183, 184, 185

Managers of the Cuſtoms, and the Cuſtomer, Collector, and Comptroller, to permit Foreign Goods to be landed by Bills, aſſign and appoint where they ſhall be examined, and by whom *p.* 23

—of the Cuſtoms to make Seizures *p.* 21, 22

Marks or Stamps to be provided by the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, for Silks, Callicoes, Linens, and Stuffs, printed, painted, ſtained, or dyed in *Great Britain*, and ſeized for being found without a Stamp *p.* 599

—for Linen chequered, ſtriped, *&c.* imported *p.* 389, 427, 428

—or Stamps to be provided for Hides and Skins imported *p.* 354

—or Stamps to be taken off Silks, Callicoes, or Linens, for which a Drawback is allowed before Shipping *p.* 428

Mariners, the Number to be accounted according to what they ſhall have been during the whole Voyage *p.* 17

Maſters and Owners of Salt-Ships, with Salt on board not entred, *&c.* liable to Penalties and Forfeiture, as if the Salt had been landed without payment of Duties *p.* 553

—forfeit 100 *l.* if any Goods be found concealed after clearing the Ship *p.* 16, 17

—of Boats, Barges, *&c.* carrying Salt to be put on Board any Coaſting Ship, to make Oath to the Quantity taken in and delivered *p.* 554

—may come into Port with their Ships, deliver part of their Goods, paying Cuſtom, and depart with the reſt *p.* 766

—of Coaſting Ships carrying Salt, refuſing to produce his Coquet to the Salt Officer, the Salt forfeited *p.* 552, 553

—of Coaſting Ships carrying Salt, to deliver to the Salt Officer his Diſpatches, and make Oath thereof *p.* 552

—of Coaſting Veſſels importing Tobacco, or other Foreign Goods from beyond Sea, or that ſhall take ſuch Goods out of any Ship at Sea, or at any Port, other than the Port from whence ſuch Goods ſhall be certified, forfeit the Value thereof *p.* 732

—of Colliers, Fiſhing Boats, or other Coaſting Veſſels, or Boats taking in Goods at Sea, or out of any Ship, *&c.* in order to be landed, or put into any Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, without payment of Duty, forfeit treble the Value of the Goods, and the like Penalty on the Maſter or Perſon taking charge of the Ship out of which the Goods were taken, unleſs in Caſe of Neceſſity, to be immediately made known, Half to the King, Half to the Informer *p.* 534

—of

An Alphabetical INDEX.

—of every Ship carrying Certificate Goods to *Ireland*, is to take a Duplicate of his Content, under the Hand and Seal of the Collector and Comptroller, and deliver such Duplicate to the Officers of the Customs in *Ireland*, before he be permitted to land the Goods there *Page* 333

—of Fishing and By-boats going to *Newfoundland*, what Fresh Men to carry *p.* 170

—of Hoys, or other Vessels carrying *English* Corn, Grain, Meal, and other Goods which may be lawfully exported, and for which no Duties are payable to the Crown, not required to give Bond, or to take out Coquets, but only *Transire* or Let-passes, paying 3 *s.* 5 *d.* each; and when the Quantity of Corn or Hops brought to *London*, does not exceed 50 Quarter of Corn or Grain, or 50 Bags of Hops, to pay only 1 *s.* 8 *d.* $\frac{1}{2}$, with a Saving to the Rights of the Port of *Dover* and *Ipswich*, and Members, and the Tolls due to the City of *London* *p.* 198, 199

—of Men of War, *British* or Foreign, either outward or inward, *vide* Captains *p.* 15, 16

—of Ships, are not to take in *British* Goods for Exportation, before Entry of the Ship, under Penalty of 100 *l.* *p.* 15

—of Ships carrying Salt Coastwise, to make Oath to the Quantity, before they have a Warrant to deliver *p.* 153, 785

—of Ships importing Foreign cut Whale-bone knowingly, forfeits 50 *l.* *p.* 236

—of Ships importing Salt, which was taken in only for the necessary Provision of the Ships, or for curing Fish, refusing or neglecting to enter the same in 10 Days, the Salt forfeited, and Double the Value *p.* 552

—of Ships, or other Persons belonging to any Ship Assisting or Conniving in the fraudulent relanding Certificate Goods, is over and above other Penalties, to suffer Six Months Imprisonment *p.* 332

— of Ships of 50 Tun, or under, hovering on the Coast within the Limits of a Port, or other Person taking charge of such Ship, to give their own Bond to proceed on their Voyage; on refusal, or not departing, Wind, Weather, *&c.* permitting, the Customable Goods to be landed and entered, and the prohibited Goods to be prosecuted, as also the Ship, if liable to Forfeiture *p.* 536

—of Ships taking in Goods to be carried forth to open Sea, from one Port to another, shall before the Ship or Vessel be removed or carried out of the Port, where he shall take in his lading, take out a Cocquet or Cocquets, and become bound to the King in the Value of the Goods, to discharge the same in some other Port of the Kingdom, and return a Certificate thereof in Six Months *p.* 18, 19

—Or Pursers of any Ship ariving from beyond Sea, to make a true Entry on Oath of the Burthen, Contents, and Lading, with the Marks, Numbers, Qualities and Contents of every Parcel of Goods, and where taken in, on Forfeiture of 100 *l.* *p.* 15, 771, 772

—Owner or other Person taking charge of any Ship, shall not take into the Ship or Vessel any Goods for Transportation, nor discharge nor lay on Land, out of any Ship or Vessel, any Goods brought from beyond Sea at Times and Places not allowed by Law, on Forfeiture of 100 *l.* *p.* 771

—Owner, Purser, or Boatswain, suffering Brass, Copper, or other Metal, to be shipt contrary to Law, forfeit Double the Value *p.* 770

—Pursers, Boatswain, or other Mariner, knowing or consenting to the unshipping any Goods out of a Ship Inward bound, without a Warrant and Presence of an Officer, forfeits the Value of the Goods so unshipt *p* 18

—Purser, Boatswain, or other Person taking charge of any Ship Coastwise, knowing or consenting to the unshipping, landing, or putting the Goods on shoar, before the Coast Cocquet, *Transire*, Let-pass, or Certificate, shall be delivered to the Customer, Collector, and Comptroller, forfeit the Value of the Goods *Page* 701

—Purser, or Boatswain, or other Person taking charge of any Ship, or other Person whatsoever, suffering Truss, Bale, *&c.* to be opened on board any Ship, and the Goods to be embezelled or carried away, or put into any other Form of Package, after she comes into the Port of her Discharge, forfeits 100 *l.* *p.* 16

—Purser or other Person taking charge of any Ship importing Spice, is to deliver up the Licence to the Collector and Comptroller regularly endorsed, at the time of reporting the Ship, and annex the Licence to the Ship's Report *p.* 621, 702

—Purser or other Person taking charge of any Ship or Vessel of 50 Tun, or under, hovering on the Coast, suffering only Brandy, or other uncustomed or prohibited Goods to be put out of the said Ship or Vessel, into any Hoy, Lighter, Boat, or Bottom, to be laid on Land, or shall suffer any Wooll, Wooll-Fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Wooll-Flocks, Fullers-Earth, Fulling-Clay, or Tobacco-Pipe-Clay, to be laden to be carried to Parts beyond the Seas, besides the Penalties or Forfeitures to which they are liable, are to suffer Six Months Imprisonment without Bail or Mainprise *p.* 617

—Purser or other Person taking charge of any Ship, permitting Goods prohibited to be worn here, or Foreign Goods shipt out for beyond the Seas, to be unshipt or relanded, forfeits the Value of the Goods, or permitting the Package of such Goods to be altered without Leave, while the Ships remain in Port, forfeits 100 *l.* and to suffer Six Months Imprisonment *p.* 535

—Shippers, Pursers, or other Persons, taking charge of the Voyage or Goods, to signifie to the Customer and other Officers in the open Custom-House, that they intend to load, and to what Place they intend to pass, and before they depart, in the like Manner to signifie their lading, and the Persons who have lading in the Ship, and truly answer on Oath concerning the Goods, upon Forfeiture for every Default 100 *l.* *p.* 771, 772

Mayors are to assist the Officers of the Customs *p.* 28

Measures and Weights to be the same in the United Kingdom as in *England*, *vide* Weights *p.* 244

Measurers to be admitted and sworn by a Justice of Peace, for measuring Salt *p.* 787

Mediterranean, Goods exported thither, or imported from thence, in Ships under certain burthen, liable to One *per Cent.* except the Ship carried out Half her lading of Fish *p.* 26

Member of the House of Commons, or any in trust for him, not capable of being a Commissioner, Farmer, or Officer of the Customs *p.* 179

Members, *vide* Ports.

Merchant as well Denizens as Strangers, coming into the Realm, to be well and honestly entreated, and demeaned *p.* iii

—*British*, or Stranger, may enter Goods of another Merchant, but if the King loses his Duty, the Goods are forfeited to the King, and the Value to the Party grieved *p.* 769

—carrying Foreign Goods from One Port to another without a Certificate, forfeits the Goods *p.* 768, 769

—fraudulently shipping out less Goods in Quantity or Value, than expressed in the Certificate, forfeits the Goods or the Value, and also the Benefit of the Drawback *p.* 20

—Free of Prizage or Butlerage, not to Custom Wines of another, not Free, on Forfeiture of Double the Value of Prizage to his Majesty, and the Merchant or Person so offending, forfeits all his Goods and Chattles Personal for ever; Half to the King, Half to the Informer, and the Prosecution may be had in Three Years *p.* 769

—in Perſon, upon Oath by himſelf or his known Servant, ſhall demand and receive Monies due on Debentures for Foreign Goods exported *Page* 20
—may recompenſe the Officers of the Cuſtoms for extraordinary Service, not required by Law *p.* 99
—not to be put out of his Turn *p.* 26
—or his known Servant, Factor, or Agent, to ſubſcribe One of his Bills of Entry with the Marks, &c. otherwiſe the Officers are not to ſuffer the Entry to paſs *p.* 19, 20
—ſworn Subject to a Foreign Prince or Lord, to pay Strangers Cuſtoms *p.* 769
Metal, *vocat.* Pot-metal, Gun-metal, Shruff-metal, or any Old Metal, or any mixture therewith, or any Copper, or other Metal, may not be exported, if not made of *Britiſh* Oar only *p.* 94
Miniſters of Juſtice to be aiding and aſſiſting in ſeizing Goods landed without Entry *p.* 7
Mint, the Duty called Coinage to be applied to its Uſe *p.* 40
Money counterfeit or diminiſhed, may be cut by the Officers of the Exchequer, or any Receiver General of any Duties or Taxes *p* 137
Mundick Metal may be exported if made of *Britiſh* Oar *p.* 94
Muſlins, an Explanation what are ſo called *p* 182
—imported, a Duty of 15 *per Cent.* thereon *p.* 171
—landed without Warrant, or ſecuring the Duty, forfeited, or the Value; $\frac{2}{3}^{ds}$ to the King, $\frac{1}{3}^{d}$ to the Seizor *p.* 172

N.

Naturalizing Foreign Proteſtants *Page* 293
—Repealed (except the 3d Section) *p.* 380
Naval Stores fraudulently imported from North *Britain*, for which the *Præmium* ſhall be demanded, the Maſter or Owner to forfeit 100 *l.* as alſo the Ship to his Majeſty *p.* 412
—imported from North *Britain* into South, to be allowed a *Præmium* or Reward by the Commiſſioners of the Navy, on a Certificate from the Officers of the Cuſtoms, *viz.* Tar, Pitch, Rozen, or Turpentime, Maſts, Yards, or Bowſprights *p* 411
—imported from *Ruſſia*, an Account to be given by the Commiſſioners every Seſſion of Parliament *p.* 160
—of and from the *Britiſh* Plantations, to be allowed a *Præmium* or Reward by the Commiſſioners of the Navy, on a Certificate from the Officers of the Cuſtoms, *viz.* Tar, Pitch, Rozen, or Turpentine, Hemp, Maſts, Yards, and Bowſprights; but ſubject to the ſame Penalties as Sugar and other enumerated Goods *p.* 227, 410
—*Viz.* Pitch and Tar, no Certificate to be made out in order to allow the *Præmium* or Bounty, till the Pitch be freed from Dirt or Droſs; or for Tar not fit for the making Cordage, and that ſhall be freed from Droſs and Water; and unleſs ſuch Pitch and Tar be clean, good, merchantable, and well conditioned *p.* 539, 540
Netherlands an Explanation what Goods may not be brought from thence, on Forfeiture of Ship and Goods *p.* 23
Newfoundland, every Maſter of a By-boat to carry with him at leaſt Two Freſh-men in Six, and make Oath thereof before the Collector or other Principal Officers of the Port, who is to give a Certificate of the ſame, without Fee *p.* 170
Nuſance, to export Hides or Leather *p.* 14
—to export Wooll, &c. *p.* 31
—to import Cattle lean or fat, dead or alive *p.* 38

O.

Oath made that Naval Stores are of the Growth or Produce of North *Britain*, if Falſe or Counterfeit, the Offender to ſuffer as for wilful and corrupt Perjury, and alſo forfeit 100 *l.* Half to the King, Half to the Informer *Page* 412
—of Allegiance and Aſſurance, to be taken by all Officers in *Scotland*, in lieu of former Oaths *Page* 459, 401
—of Allegiance, Supremacy, and Abjuration, to be taken by all Officers in *England*, in lieu of former Oaths, in Three Months after Admiſſion *p.* 50, 51, 457, 458, 461
—of the Agent or Husband of any Company, and of the known Servant of any Merchant affirming the Truth of the Certificate of the Payment of the Duties Inwards, to be accepted *p.* 211
—on Debentures for Goods re-exported, to be taken only by the Exporter, or if by Commiſſion, by the Perſon concerned in the Voyage *p.* 91
—on Tobacco Debentures, to have the Word *Ireland* added, except ſuch as ſhall be Shipt for *Ireland* *p.* 612, 613
—or Affirmation to be adminiſtred by the Commiſſioners to ſellers and dealers in Coffee, Tea, &c. who reſide within the weekly Bills of Mortality, and by the Collectors and Supervifors in other Parts of *Great Britain* *p.* 934
—to be adminiſtred by the Mayor of *London* or his Depuy, for the diſcovery of Frauds in colouring Aliens Goods *p* 840
—to be adminiſtred to Maſters of Ships, &c. taking in Goods for Exportation, on Forfeiture of 100 *l.* *p* 771
—to be given to all Perſons going over Sea to ſerve other Princes *p.* 779
—to be made before the Principal Officers of the Port, by Exporters of Fiſh, that the ſame is *Britiſh* taken, and realy exported *p.* 786
—to be made by all Importers of Wine and Vinegar (not Vintners or Retailers) that the ſame is imported for Sale *p* 62
—to be made before the Collector, Cuſtomer, Comptroller, and Surveyor, or any Two of them in the Port of *London*, on the Importation of Thrown Silk imported *p.* 310
—to be made by every Maſter or Purſer, of the lading of Ships Inward bound, *vide* **Ships** *p.* 15
—to be made by Retailers or Shopkeepers, that Salt to be carried Coaſtwiſe, has paid or ſecured the Duties *p.* 153, 785, 798, 799
—to be made by the Exporter of Spice, in order to drawback $\frac{2}{3}^{ds}$ of the Duties *p.* 98
—to be made by the Exporter of Hides and Skins in Bales or Packs, that they are Stampt, the Drawback to be paid *p.* 395
—to be made by the Maſter, Mate, or Boatſwain of the Ship, of the particular Quantity of Salt brought Coaſtwiſe, before a Warrant be granted for delivery thereof *p.* 153 785, 799
—to be made, that Naval Stores, for which a *Præmium* is to be paid, are of the Growth and Produce of the *Britiſh* Plantations, or North *Britain* *p.* 227, 411
—to be printed on Debentures for Tobacco exported *p.* 103
—to be taken by all Deputies, Clerks, and Servants, employed in the Cuſtoms, to be adminiſtred by the Commiſſioners and Principal Officers *p.* 25
—to be taken by all Owners of Foreign built Ships, before the Chief Officer of the Cuſtoms, that they were bought for a valuable Conſideration, and that no Part belongs to Aliens; of which the Officers are to grant a Certificate, and keep a Regiſter *p.* 4, 5
—to be taken by Captains, Maſters, Purſers, or other Perſons, taking charge of Men of War *Britiſh* or Foreign, carrying Merchants Goods Outwards or Inwards, on Forfeiture of 100 *l.* *p.* 15, 16
—to be taken by Governors of any *Britiſh* Plantations, to obſerve the Laws of Trade *p.* 2, 34, 35, 109, 113, 127
—to be taken by Maſters of Salt Ships carried Coaſtwiſe, before landed *p.* 151
—to be taken by One or more of the Owners, as to the built and property of Ships trading to, from, or in the Plantations (except Fiſher-boats, Hoys, &c.) and

and after Regiſtred, to be delivered to the Maſter of the Ship, and a Duplicate thereof ſent to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in *London*, to be there entered in a general Regiſter *Page* 113, 114
—to be taken by the Commiſſioners and Officers for the Inland Duties, on Coffee, Tea, and Chocolate *p.* 759
—to be taken by the Commiſſioners of Exciſe, and Officers of the Duties on Salt *p* 786, 787
—to be taken by the Commiſſioners, Patent Officers, their Deputies, Clerks, or Servants, and all other Officers, at their Admiſſion, *viz.* in *London*, before any Two of the Commiſſioners, and in the Out Ports, before Two Juſtices of the Peace; on neglect or refuſal, the Office or Imployment forfeited, ſuch Oath to be certified to the Quarter Seſſions *p.* 95, 96
Obligations or Specialties to the King, *vide* **Bonds.**
Office, forfeited, the Perſon may have a New Grant if vacant *p.* 461
—of Cuſtomer, Comptroller, Searcher, Weigher, or Finder, not to be granted for Life *p.* 766
—of Cuſtomer, or Comptroller, Searcher, *&c.* not to be granted for Life or Years, but remain in the King's Hands under the Treaſurer for the time being *ibid.*
—of Exciſe, to be kept in *London*, or within Ten Miles thereof, to which all other Offices of Exciſe in *England*, *Wales*, and *Berwick*, ſhall be ſubordinate and accountable *p.* 789
—of Inheritance, not vacated, ſo as his Deputy qualifies himſelf *p.* 461
Officers, and Miniſters of Juſtice, to be aiding and aſſiſting in ſeizing Run Goods *p.* 7
—appointed by the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, are to take off the Mark or Stamp from every Piece of Silk, Calico or Linen, printed, painted, ſtained, or dyed, for which a Drawback is allowed before the ſhipping *p.* 428
—executing any Office after neglecting or refuſing to take and ſubſcribe the Oaths of Allegiance, being convicted, ſhall be diſabled to ſue or uſe any Action, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any Court of Law, or proſecute any Suit in any Court of Equity, or be Guardian to any Child, or be Executor or Adminiſtrator, or capable of any Legacy, Deed of Gift, or be in any Office within *Great Britain*, or vote at any Election for Members to ſerve in Parliament, and ſhall alſo forfeit 500 *l.* *p.* 460
—Fees continued, till altered by the Commons of *Great Britain* *p.* 122, 189, 335, 336
—Fees for Bond, ſufferance, and return for Coals carried from *Ellenfoot* to *Bankend* in the County of *Cumberland*, but the Officers are not to take Fees for Lime or Lime ſtone carried between *Ellenfoot* and *Bankend* *p.* 681, 682
—**for the Duty on Salt**, are to make Entries of Salt imported, and grant Warrants for the landing thereof *p.* 783, 789, 797
—impowered to ſeize Salt and other things relating to the Duties on Salt, which are declared forfeited *p.* 554, 827
—may go on board Ships laden with Salt Coaſtwiſe, before the Delivery, and demand a ſight of the Cocquet, and if the Salt in weighing be more than in the Cocquet, the Surpluſage is forfeited; Half to the King, Half to the Informer; on refuſal to produce the Cocquet, the Officer may ſeize the Salt until the Cocquet be produced, and if not ſhewn in Four Days after Seizure, the Salt to be forfeited; to be divided as before *p* 552, 553, 554
—may ſeize the Salt, if the Maſter refuſes on requeſt to ſhew the Permit or Certificate *p.* 809
—to attend the weighing all Salt to be ſhipt for beyond Sea or Coaſtwiſe, and to grant a Permit or Certificate *gratis*, of the Quantities ſhipt; on refuſal, to forfeit 5 *l.* *p.* 808, 809
—to attend the weighing Salt, entered to be ſhipt or carried by Land, on Forfeiture of 40 *s.* *Page* 796
—to attend the weighing Rock-Salt or Salt Rock, before the removal from the Pit, and make a Charge on the Owner, leaving with him a Copy thereof *p.* 806
—to deliver a Certificate *gratis*, that the Duties on Salt and Rock Salt are paid or ſecured, to be produced to the Officer of the Place where the Salt is exported, who ſhall give a Debenture for the ſame *p.* 786, 806
—to take the Oaths *p.* 787
—with a Peace Officer, may at any Time enter Cellars and Warehouſes of Curers of Fiſh, to view and inſpect; if obſtructed, the Offender to forfeit 20 *l.* *p.* 548, 549
—**For the Inland Duties** on Coffee, *&c.* appointed to attend the Houſes for roaſting Coffee, neglecting his Duty, for the Firſt Offence, forfeits 10 *l.* the Second Offence 20 *l.* and made incapable for the Future *p.* 754
—on Coffee, *&c.* making Complaint to the Commiſſioners or Juſtices of Peace, that they ſuſpect any Dealers therein, not to have made true Entries, and ſuch Dealers on a Summons, ſhall refuſe or neglect to attend to be examined, forfeit 20 *l.* *p.* 934 935
—on Coffee, *&c.* having cauſe to ſuſpect ſuch Goods are concealed, on Oath made thereof, if it ſhall be judged reaſonable, a Special Warrant ſhall be granted to impower ſuch Officer by Day or by Night (but if by Night, then in the Preſence of a Conſtable or other Officer of the Peace) to enter into ſuch ſuſpected Place, and there ſeize the Goods, and if any Perſons obſtruct ſuch Officer, to forfeit 100 *l.* *p.* 747, 748
—on Coffee and Tea, may enter Warehouſes, appointed in purſuance to the Act paſt 10 *A.* and take an Account of the Goods *p.* 757
—on Coffee, *&c.* may in the Day time enter into all Warehouſes, Shops, and other Places made uſe of for keeping ſuch Goods, and take an Account thereof, the Owners to aſſiſt the Officers, and keep juſt Weights and Scales *p.* 746, 747
—on Coffee, Tea, and Chocolate, to give a Certificate *gratis* in writing, to the Buyer of all Coffee, Tea, Cocoa-Nuts, or Chocolate, ſold in any entered Place, and to limit the Time how long to be in Force *p.* 748, 749
—making falſe Certificate for Naval Stores, ſubject to the like Penalties, as for making falſe Certificates by the Act of Frauds *p.* 412
—neglecting or refuſing to take the Sacrament and Oath of Allegiance, forfeit their Office, and made incapable of Suing or Proſecuting, of being a Guardian, Executor or Adminiſtrator of any Legacies or Gifts, and alſo forfeit 500 *l.* to the Proſecutor *p.* 51, 67
—neglecting to take and ſubſcribe the Oaths of Allegiance, *&c.* within Three Months after admittance, diſabled from executing the Office *p.* 460
—**Of Exciſe**, may go and continue on board Ships, to rumage for and ſeize Arrack, Rum, Brandy, Tea, and other exciſeable Goods *p.* 930
—may on Suſpition by Special Warrants, enter into any Place by Day or by Night, in the Preſence of a Peace Officer, to ſearch for and ſeize Foreign Brandy, *&c.* fraudulently concealed *p.* 930, 931
—obſtructed, and Perſons offending, forfeit 100 *l.* *p.* 931
—or Salt continued, notwithſtanding the Death or Removal of any Commiſſioner *p.* 791
—**Of the Cuſtoms, and Salt**, may go on board any Boat, Lighter or other Veſſel lying in any Port, or riding upon the Sea Coaſt, to ſee if there be any Salt on board, and to ſeize the ſame, if found in any other Veſſel, than that wherein

wherein the Salt was imported or bought, unleſs the Salt had been entered, or the Duties paid or ſecured; and ſuch Salt to be forfeited, or the Value to be recovered of the Maſter or Owner of the Boat or Veſſel, who alſo is liable to all other Penalties and Forfeitures, as if the Salt had been landed without Payment of Duty; and the Perſons hindering ſuch Officer, to forfeit 40 *l.* Half to the King, Half to the Informer *Page* 553, 554

—to certifie on the Back of the Cockquet, *Tranſire*, or Warrant, or by another Certificate, the Quantity of Salt brought Coaſtwiſe, when the reſt is bound to another Port *p.* 785, 798

—to take Entries of Salt or Rock-Salt, made or dug out of any Pit here, and grant Warrants or Tickets, under their Hand and Seal, to remove the ſame *gratis* *p.* 153, 784, 793

—**Of the Cuſtoms, Exciſe, Salt, or any other Duty**, upon any Trial relating to their Office, if any Queſtion ſhould ariſe, whether the Perſon was an Officer at the Time when the Fact was done, Proof ſhall be made, and admitted, that the Perſon was reputed ſo to be, without producing or proving the particular Commiſſion or Deputation of ſuch Officer *p.* 939, 940

—**Of the Cuſtoms or Exciſe**, aſſaulted, reſiſted, oppoſed, moleſted, obſtructed, or hindered by any Perſon in the due ſeizing or ſecuring Brandy, *&c.* or if ſuch Perſon ſhall by Force or Violence reſcue, or cauſe to be reſcued ſuch Brandy, *&c.* after Seizure, or ſhall attempt ſo to do, or ſhall at or after Seizure ſtave, break, deſtroy, or damage any Cask, Veſſel, or Bottle containing ſuch Brandy, *&c.* the Offender to forfeit 40 *l.* Half to the King, Half to the Informer *p.* 703, 704

—conniving at the clandeſtine Importation of *French* Brandy, or concealing the ſame, and not giving Notice thereof to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms or Exciſe, or compounding without Licence, incapable of Serving his Majeſty, and forfeits 500 *l.* Half to the King, and Half Informer *p.* 203

—Defendants in any Cauſe relating to their Duty or Office, on Proof that they kept ſuch Office, Sufficient, without proving the Names of the Commiſſioner to their Commiſſion *p.* 615

—may ſeize Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, and Strong-waters, as well *Britiſh* as Foreign, and alſo any other Foreign exciſeable Liquors, together with the Casks, Bottles, *&c.* containing the ſame *p.* 703

—may ſeize Low Wines or Spirits coming Coaſtwiſe, without a Certificate from the proper Offices of Exciſe, that the Duty was paid *p.* 478

—**Of the Cuſtoms or Inland Duties**, on Coffee, Tea, Cocoa-Nuts, or Chocolate, aſſaulted, reſiſted, oppoſed, moleſted, obſtructed, or hindered by any Perſon in the due ſeizing thoſe Goods, or who ſhall after Seizure reſcue by Force or Violence, or cauſe them to be reſcued, or after Seizure, deſtroy or damage the Package, the Party offending, forfeits 50 *l.* *p.* 758

—may ſeize as forfeited, Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa-Nuts imported, not duly entered and brought into the proper Warehouſes, the ſame being adjudged to be clandeſtinely Run, as alſo the Canniſters, Bags, *&c.* and the Horſes, Carts, and Carriages uſed in the carrying the ſame *p.* 753

—**Of the Cuſtoms**, appointed to examine Goods landed at Sight, to perfect the Entry, and the next Day make Report to the Managers, Collector, and Comptroller, or in Default, forfeit 100 *l.* *p.* 23

—are not after 29 *September*, 1724 to make out any Certificate for the *Præmium* on Tar from the Plantations, till a Certificate be produced from the proper Officer, that the Tar was made from Green Trees in the Manner there preſcribed *p.* 679

—are not to demand, take, or receive any Fee, Gratuity, or Reward, for examining, viewing, or delivering Pitch, Tar, or other Naval Stores, with reſpect to the *Præmium* or Reward, on the loſs of his Office, and being made incapable of Serving his Majeſty, and alſo forfeit 100 *l.* to the Perſon who will inform the ſame *Page* 540

—are not to exact Fees that are not due by Law, on Forfeiture of Office, and Incapacity *p.* cxxix, 26, 88, 209, 221

—are not to make out Certificates for the Bounty of Pitch and Tar, till they ſhall have examined whether the Pitch is good and merchantable, not mixt with Dirt or Droſs; and whether the Tar is clean and merchantable, well conditioned, clear of Droſs or Water, and fit for making Cordage *p.* 540

—are not to ſearch for Stript Tobacco, after the ſame ſhall have been weighed, for Payment of Duty *p.* 734

—are not to ſuffer any Entry to paſs Inward or Outward, unleſs One of the Bills be ſubſcribed by the Merchant or his known Servant, Factor, or Agent, *vide* **Bill of Entry** *p.* 19

—are to be aſſiſted in the Execution of their Duty by all Officers belonging to the Admiralty, Captains and Commanders of Ships, Forts, Caſtles, Blockhouſes, and by all other his Majeſty's Officers, Miniſters, and Subjects *p.* 25

—are to cauſe Boats, *&c.* under 15 Tun importing Brandy, to be broke up and ſold *p.* 533

—authorized by writ of Aſſiſtance, and a Peace Officer, have power to ſearch Houſes for Run Goods *p.* 17

—conniving or aſſiſting in any Fraud relating to Drawbacks, beſides other Penalties, forfeits his Office, and made incapable of Serving his Majeſty, and alſo to ſuffer Six Months Impriſonment *p.* 332

—forcibly hindred, wounded, or beaten, in the due Execution of their Duty, by any Perſons armed with Club, or any manner of Weapon tumultuouſly aſſembled in the Day or Night, to the Number of Eight or more, every of the Offenders convicted thereof, to be tranſported to the Plantations, for a term not exceeding Seven Years; and if they return within the Time limited, adjudged guilty of Felony; if any of the Offenders ſhall in Two Months, and before his Conviction, diſcover Two or more of his Accomplices to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, ſo as they or Two of them at leaſt be convicted, he ſhall receive 40 *l.* and be clearly acquitted; or if any other Perſon ſhall make ſuch a Diſcovery in Three Months, to have the like Reward, beſide any other Recompenſe on account of the Goods; to be paid by the Receiver General of the Cuſtoms by order of the Commiſſioners *p.* 617, 618

—if ſatisfied, that Rum in Casks, under 20 Gallons was imported without Fraud or Concealment, may admit the Rum to an Entry *p.* 534

—by Word, Meſſage, or Writing, or in any other manner perſuading any Elector to give, or diſſuading any Elector from giving his Vote for the chuſing any Perſon to be a Member of Parliament, forfeits 100 *l.* Half to the Poor, Half to the Proſecutor, and be made incapable of Serving his Majeſty *p.* 179, 180, 356, 392

—duly imployed on any extraordinary Service not required by Law, may take and receive ſuch Recompenſe from the Merchant, as the Commiſſioners in *London*, and the Collector, Cuſtomer, and Comptroller, or any Two of them (by whom the Sufferance is thought requiſite to be granted) ſhall determine *p.* 99

embezeling any Goods lodged in any Warehouſe, or in their Poſſeſſion, forfeit Double the Value, and full Coſts *p.* 336

An Alphabetical INDEX.

—in *Great Britain*, granting a Warrant for, or ſuffering Sugar, and other enumerated Goods, to be carried into any other Country, till unladen and landed in *Great Britain*, forfeit their Places, and the Value of the Goods; Half to the King, and Half to the Informer *Page* 35

—in *Great Britain* to take Bond, for all Ships bound for the Plantations, that all Sugar, and other enumerated Goods ſhipt on board there, be brought to *Great Britain* or *Ireland* *p.* 6

—in *Ireland* or the Plantations, conniving at the fraudulent Importation of *Eaſt-India* Goods, or delaying the Proſecution, forfeit 500 *l.* and made incapable *p.* 537, 648, 649

—in *Scotland*, to reſide and inhabit at Ports and Places, ſet out by Commiſſion from the Exchequer *p.* 289

—in the Plantations, to be conſtituted and appointed by the Treaſury and Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in *England* *p.* 111

—neglecting or abuſing the Truſt repoſed in them, concerning ſtranded Goods; to forfeit Treble the Value to the Party grieved, and made incapable of any Imployment relating to the Cuſtoms *p.* 434

—not proſecuting Seizures to effect, other Officers may ſeize or proſecute by *Devenerunt* *p.* 22

—not to be a Member of the Houſe of Commons *p.* 179

—of any Port, making a falſe Certificate of Goods, which ſhould have been landed, to loſe his Employment, forfeit 50 *l.* ſuffer One Years Impriſonment, and made incapable of any Place in the Cuſtoms *p.* 19

—only are to make Seizures *p.* 21, 22

—or their Deputies may freely ſtay and remain on board Ships, till the Goods are diſcharged *p.* 16

—or their Deputies, or ſuch as act in their Aid or Aſſiſtance forcibly hindred, affronted, abuſed, beaten, or wounded, on board Ship, or on the Land, or Water, in the due Execution of their Office, by any Perſon or Perſons armed with Club, or any manner of Weapon, the next Juſtice of Peace, or other Magiſtrate, ſhall commit the Offender to Priſon, to remain there till the next Quarter Seſſions *p.* 17, 18

—ſhall, and may feely go on board Men of War *Britiſh* or Foreign, and bring on ſhoar Goods Outward or Inward bound, that are prohibited or uncuſtomed, in caſe the Captains, *&c.* refuſe to enter their Ships *p.* 16

—ſuffering Ships which are Foreign built to paſs as Ships *Britiſh* built, without having a Certificate produced to them of their being duly qualified, or proof made before them on Oath, of the Ships being *Britiſh* built, and the Maſter and $\frac{3}{4}$ths of the Mariners *Britiſh*; ſhall forfeit his, or their Employment *p.* 5

—the Time of their Attendance in *London*, and the Out-Ports *p.* cxxvi, cxxvii

—to adminiſter an Oath, to every Owner of Foreign built Ships, that they were bought for a Valuable Conſideration, and that no Alien hath any Share therein; of which a Certificate is to be granted, under the Hands and Seals of ſuch Officers, who are to keep a Regiſter thereof *p.* 4, 5

—to endorſe Coaſt Bonds, before they tranſmit them into the Exchequer, under Forfeiture of Treble Damage, and Coſts of Suits *p.* 199

—to have the like Powers, to ſecure the Impoſt Duty on Wine and Vinegar, as they have for ſecuring the other Duties; and ſubject to the like Penalties for defrauding his Majeſty *p.* 63

—to inſert the Names of Pariſh Boys bound Apprentices to Maſters of Ships, at the Bottom of the Cocquet *p.* 206

—**Of the Revenue**, making Seizure by Colluſion, forfeits 500 *l.* and made incapable of Serving his Majeſty; and the Importer and Owner of the Goods, forfeit Treble the Value thereof *p.* 543

—in *Scotland*, ſubject to the Juriſdiction of the Exchequer there *Page* 287

—or Importer diſcovering the Offence of making Colluſive Seizures, in Two Months, to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, ſo as his Accomplices be convicted, to be clearly acquitted; but any other Perſon dicovering the ſame, in Three Months, ſo as the Offender be convicted; to have One half from his Majeſty, of what ſhall be recovered *p.* 543

—**Of Informers**, not to compound for leſs than $\frac{1}{2}$d of the appraiſed Value, upon loſs of his Office *p.* 22

—**Of Managers** of the Cuſtoms, taking a Bribe, Recompenſe, or Reward, to connive at any falſe Entry, whereby his Majeſty ſhall be defrauded; forfeit 100 *l.* and made incapable to ſerve his Majeſty; and the Perſon giving the Bribe, forfeits 50 *l.* the Perſon offending, diſcovering the ſame, in Two Months, to be acquitted for that Offence *p.* 22, 23

—to continue for Six Months after the *Demiſe* of the Crown, unleſs ſuperſeded in the mean Time *p.* 187

—to receive the Sacrament, and take the Oath of Allegiance or Supremacy, within Three Months after their Admiſſion, in any of the Courts of *Weſtminſter*, or at the Quarter Seſſions, where they reſide *p.* 50, 51, 66, 67

—*vacat.* Naval Officers in the Plantations, to give Security to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in *England* *p.* 109

Offices in Cuſtoms, or any Adminiſtration or Attendance in any Cuſtom Houſe ther of, not to be bargained for, bought, or ſold, on Forfeiture; and the Perſon who ſhall give any Money, Promiſe, Bond, or Agreement, for ſuch Office, ſhall be diſabled to enjoy the ſame; and ſuch Bargain, Sale, Bond, Promiſe, or Agreement, ſhall be void *p.* 770

One per Cent. on Goods on board Ships, to, and from the *Mediterranean*, to be under the Management of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms *p.* 347

Onus Probandi to lie on the Claimer of Wine ſeized, for Non-payment of the Impoſt Duty *p.* 63

—to lie on the Claimer, Exporter, or Owner, of Silk Stuffs, *&c.* of *Britiſh* Manufacture, as to the Quality, or where Made *p.* 684

—to lie on the Owner or Claimer of Goods, in Actions, Suits, and Informations, brought upon the Act of Tunnage and Poundage, or any other Act concerning the Importation of Goods *p.* 25

—to lie on the Owners or Claimers of Bullion, that it is Foreign *p.* 100, 105

—to lie on the Importer of Alamodes and Luſtrings *p.* 150

—to lie on the Owner or Claimer of Snuff imported, as to the Produce or Manufacture *p.* 322

Out Ports or Members, the Ships Inwards, to come directly to the Place of diſcharge *p.* 15

Owner, not to loſe his Ship for a ſmall Thing put therein, not cuſtomed without his Knowledge *p.* 765

—of Ships, not to take in Goods for Tranſportation, or diſcharge, or lay on Land Goods imported, but only at Times and Places not allowed by Law; on Forfeiture of 100 *l.* *p.* 771

—of Ships, ſhall not diſcharge, and lay on Land, or cauſe, or willingly ſuffer to be diſcharged, and laid on Land, any Goods laden and brought from beyond Sea, out of ſuch Ships, before ſuch Owner, Maſter, Purſer, or other Perſon taking charge of the Ship and Goods ſhall have ſignified to the Cuſtomer, or other Officer of the Port where he arriveth, the Names of the Merchants or Laders, and ſhall have anſwered ſuch Queſtions upon Oath, as ſhall be asked by the Cuſtomer, *&c.* on Forfeiture of 100 *l.* *p.* 771, 772

—or Claimers of Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa-Nuts, on any diſpute, are to prove the Duties paid *p.* 753

An Alphabetical INDEX.

Oil, or Blubber (which is accounted Oil) made of Fish, not caught and imported in Ships belonging to *Great Britain*, pays Double Aliens Customs *Page* 3

—*Altered by* 25 Car. 2. *cap.* 7. §. 1. *p.* 54, 55

—*vocat.* Seal Oil of *Russia* imported in *British* Ships, not liable to Aliens Duty *p.* 6

P.

Package of any Bale, Truss, Pack, Fardel, Cask, or other Package, opened on board any Ship after she comes into the Port of her discharge, and the Goods imbezled, carried away, or put into any other Form of Package, the Master, Purser, or Boatswain, or other Person, taking charge of the Ship, suffering the same; forfeits 100 *l.* *Page* 16

—of any Goods prohibited or shipt out by Certificate, altered during the Ships stay in Port, the Master, &c. forfeits 100 *l.* and to be imprisoned for Six Months *p.* 535

Paper imported of any new sort or kind, that is not valued in either Book of Rates, or any Law to pay the several Duties according to the Values and Rates of Papers, which are nearest above in Size and Goodness, without Distinction of Country or Place *p.* 874

—unrated, to pay the New Duties of 20 *l.* and 10 *l.* *per Cent.* according to the Values in the Additional Book of Rates *p.* 874

Pacquet Boats importing or exporting Goods, unless allowed of by the Managers or Officers of the Customs, the Master forfeits 100 *l.* and his Place, and the Goods found on board, forfeited or the Value *p.* 23

Pardon not to extend to any Issues, Fines, or Amerciaments, returned, assered, taxed, or entered, in any Court of Record in *Great Britain*, at any time since the Sixth of *May*, 1715. *p.* 502

—to Duties arising by Customs, or Subsidy, Impost on Wine, or any Duty, Imposition, or Debt, belonging to his Majesty; or any Arrears, or to Concealments, Wrongful Detainments, Penalties, and Forfeitures, or Disabilities, arising thereby; or the Non-payment, Concealment, or Detaining thereof; Corruptions, or Misdemeanours of any Officer or Minister of, in, or concerning the same; or to any Account, or Suits depending, or to be had; or to any Concealment, Frauds or Offences, by which his Majesty, or the late Queen, hath, or have been deceived *p.* 501, 659, 660

—to Offences, Penalties, or Forfeitures, relating to the Exportation of Wooll; or the Importation of Brandy in Casks, under 60 Gallons; or running of Goods, or Prosecutions for the same *p.* 501, 660

—to Recognizances, Obligations, or other Sureties given by any Collector, or other Officer *ibid.*

—to the Account of any Collector, Commissioner, Treasurer, Receiver, or other Officer, who have received any Customs, Subsidies, Impositions, or Duties; or to their Heirs, Executors, Administrators, or Sureties; or the Arrears of Accounts; or any Impositions, Charges, Seizures, Suits, Demands, or Executions, which may or can be had, of or for any such Account, or any Arrearages *ibid.*

Parton Harbour, a Duty for Goods brought thither Coastwise *p.* 920

Patent granted to a Customer, Comptroller, Searcher, Weigher, or Finder, for life, void *p.* 766

—or Grants of Offices, not to determine on the *Demise* of the Crown, but to continue Six Months after, unless superseded by the Successor *p.* 187

Penalties, Fines, and Forfeitures, relating to the Inland Duties, on Coffee, Tea, and Chocolate, by the Act 10 *Geo.* or to the Goods thereby prohibited to be imported; or any Seizures made in pursuance of that Act, shall be sued for, levied, and recovered, or mitigated, by any Law relating to the Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any Court of Record at *Westminster*, or the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*, Half to the King, and Half to the Seizor or Informer; and the Judgments given by the Commissioners for the Inland Duties, or the Justices of Peace, to be final; and not liable to be removed by *Certiorari* into any Court at *Westminster* *Page* 758, 759

—or Forfeitures relating to the Duties on Salt, to be recovered and levied by the Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any Court of Record at *Westminster* *p.* 819, 827

Pepper imported into any Port but *London*, or into the Port of *London*, and a due Entry not made thereof, and if the same be not brought unto the proper Warehouses, adjudged to be clandestine Running such Pepper; the Offender to lose the Pepper, and 100 *l.* Half to the King, Half to the Informer *p.* 319

—imported, to be put into Warehouses on Payment of the Half Subsidy *ibid.*

—Long, not liable to the New Duty *p.* 349

—sold for home Consumption in *Great Britain*, to pay the remainder of the Duties on delivery *p.* 319

—sold for Exportation, to be delivered out of the Warehouse on Security, and how to be discharged *ibid.*

—to pay only 4 *d.* *per* lb. when delivered out of the Warehouses for home Consumption, over and above the ½ *per* lb. payable at Importation *p.* 688

Permits for removing Salt, to be delivered to the Carriers, so many at one time as they shall demand *p.* 793, 794, 803

—not to be demanded, taken, or received, for the removal of any Brandy, Coffee, &c. without the Special Direction in writing, of the Person, or his known Servant, out of whose Stock the Goods are to be removed; on Forfeiture of 50 *l.* or Three Months Imprisonment, without Bail or Mainprize *p.* 934

—or Certificate to be granted for Salt shipt for Oversea or Coastwise *p.* 808, 809

—or Certificates to be granted *gratis*, for the removal of Coffee, Tea, Coca-Nuts, or Chocolate, from one Part of the Kingdom to another, either by Land or by Water, exceeding 6 lb. wt. and to be limited how long to continue *p.* 748, 749

—taken out by Dealers in Brandy, Coffee, Tea, &c. the Goods to be sent away therewith in the time limited, or the Permits returned to the Officers, under Penalty of Treble the Value of the Goods; and if the Permits be not so returned, and there shall not appear a sufficient decrease of the Stock, the Officers may seize the like Quantities of the respective Goods, then in the Possession of the Person forfeiting the same *p.* 933, 934

Persons aiding and assisting Officers of the Customs, in the due Execution of their Duty, to be defended, and saved harmless *p.* 25

—assaulting, resisting, opposing, molesting, obstructing, or hindering, Officers of the Customs or Excise, in the due seizing Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, or Strong Waters, Foreign or *British*, or any Foreign Exciseable Liquors; or by Force or Violence rescuing, or causing to be rescued, any Brandy, &c. after Seizure, or endeavouring so to do, at, or after Seizure, staving, breaking, destroying, or damaging, any Cask, &c. containing such Brandy, &c. forfeits 40 *l.* *p.* 703, 704

—authorized by Writ of Assistants, under the Seal of the Exchequer, taking a Constable, Headborough, or other Publick Officer, may in the Day-time, enter into any House, Shop, Cellar, Warehouse, or Room, or other Place, and in case of Resistance, to break open Doors, Chests, &c. and there seize and bring any Goods uncustomed or prohibited, and secure the same in his Majesty's Storehouse, in the Port next to the Place of Seizure *p.* 17

—deputed

An Alphabetical INDEX.

—deputed or authorized by Warrant from the Lord Treaſurer, or under Treaſurer, or by Special Commiſſion from his Majeſty, under the Great or Privy Seal, to make Seizures *Page* 21, 22

—diſcovering Frauds in carrying Goods Coaſtwiſe, to be rewarded *p.* 732, 733

—guilty of any Offence, contrary to any Act made, to prevent the Clandeſtine running of Goods, ſhall and may be proſecuted by Action, Bill, Plaint, or Information, and thereupon a *Capias* in the Firſt *Proceſs*, and ſpecifying the Sum ſued for, ſhall and may Iſſue *p.* 699, 700

—imployed about the Cuſtoms, taking any greater Sum than due by Law, putting any Merchant out of his Turn, unleſs by Order of the Managers, or Superior Officers, illegally detaining any Goods, neglectiug or refuſing to make Re-payment or Allowances, or after Notice given, not giving out, aud executing his Warrant, liable to Double Coſts and Damages *p.* 26

—Inſuring, or undertaking to Import or Deliver prohibited or uncuſtomed Goods, or receiving ſuch Goods, forfeit 500*l.* beſides all other Forfeitures and Penalties, to be recovered in the Exchequer; Half to the King, Half to the Informer *p.* 90, 91

—other than the Exporters diſcovering to the Commiſſioners or Officers, any Frauds committed by the Exporter of Tobacco or other Goods, either by the Exporter or other Perſon in his aid, ſuch Perſon ſhall have One half of the Officers or Proſecutors ſhare of what ſhall be recovered and paid by ſuch Diſcovery, the Charges of Proſecution being Firſt deducted, which are to be paid equally by the Crown and Officer; and ſuch Perſon ſhall be clearly acquitted of his Offence in Conſideration of his Diſcovery *p.* 732

—paſſing, knowingly or willingly with Foreign Goods landed without Payment of Duties, from any of the Coaſts of this Kingdom, or within 20 Miles, and ſhall be more than Five Perſons in Company, or ſhall carry any offenſive Arms, or wear any Vizard Mask or other Diſguiſe, when ſo paſſing, or ſhall forcibly hinder or reſiſt any Officer of the Cuſtoms or Exciſe, in ſeizing run Goods, ſhall be deemed Runners of Foreign Goods, and being convicted, ſhall be adjudged Guilty of Felony, and tranſported, and if they return before the End of Seven Years, to ſuffer as Felons, without benefit of Clergy *p* 696

—receiving or buying Goods clandeſtinely run or imported, forfeit 20*l.* Half to the Poor, Half to the Officer *p.* 697

Pictures imported, a Method ſettled to Meaſure them *p.* 877, 894

—imported, what Duties to pay, how to be raiſed and appropriated *p.* 710, 711

—whether for Private Uſe, or Sale may be imported *p.* 97

Plantations, Actions, Suits, and Informations, brought or entered there, upon any Law concerning his Majeſty's Duties, or Forfeitures of Ship and Goods the Juries to be Natives of *Great Britain*, *Ireland*, or the Plantations, and the Offences may be laid or alledged to be in any Colony, Province, *&c.* where ſuch Offences are alledged to be committed, at the Pleaſure of the Officer or Informer *p.* 111, 112

—Aliens, who are Merchants or Factors there, forfeit their Goods and Chattles *p.* 2

—belonging to his Majeſty, the Subjects thereof accounted *Britiſh* *p.* 17

—*Britiſh*, no Commodity of *Europe* to be imported thither, but what ſhall be ſhipt in *Great Britain*, on *Britiſh* ſhipping, under Forfeiture of Ship and Goods *p.* 33, 108

—Coals ſhipt for Exportation thither, Security to be given for landing them, on Forfeiture of Ship and Coals; Half to the King, Half to the Proſecutor *p.* 35, 343

—Copies of Bonds entered into there, to be ſent to *Englaud* every Six Months *p.* 7

—Copper Oar produced there, made an enumerated Commodity *Page* 702, 703

—enumerated Duties payable on Sugars, and other enumerated Goods ſhipt from One Plantation to another, unleſs Bond be given, to carry the ſame to *Great Britain* *p.* 56

—enumerated Duties to be paid in kind, if the Party has no Money *ibid.*

—enumerated Duties to be under the Management of the Cuſtoms in *England* *ibid.*

—enumerated Goods, *viz.* Sugar, Tobacco, Cotten, Wooll, Indico, Ginger, Fuſtick, or other dying Wood of the Growth, Production, or Manufacture, of any *Britiſh* Plantation in *America*, *Aſia*, or *Africa*, carried to any Place, other than any of his Majeſty's Plantations, or to *Great Britain*, and there laid on Shoar, are forfeited, or the full Value thereof, as alſo the Ship; Half to the King, and Half to the Informer, to be proſecuted in any Court of Record *p.* 6, 33, 110, 111

—Forfeitures and Penalties there, how, and where to be recovered, and divided; and if any Diſpute ſhall ariſe, as to the Importation or Exportation of any Goods, the Proof to lie on the Owner or Claimer *p.* 33, 34, 110

—Goods by Land or Sea, to be entered with the Governor or Officer by him appointed on their arrival; under Forfeiture *p.* 34

—Goods of the Product thereof, are not to be landed in *Ireland*, on Forfeiture of Ship and Goods *p.* 113

—Governors of Charter Government, to be approved by his Majeſty, and ſubject to the like Penalties as his Majeſty's Governors *ibid.*

—Governors or Officers, ſuſpecting a Certificate, of having given Bond in *Great Britain* to be falſe, to take ſufficient Security for diſcharging the lading there; or if they ſuſpect, that the Certificate of diſcharging the lading be falſe or counterfeit, the Security not to be vacated, till informed of the Truth, from the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms; and if any Perſon ſhall counterfeit, raze, or falſifie, any Cocquet, Certificate, Return, or Permit, or knowingly make uſe thereof, to forfeit 500*l.* *p.* 111

—Governors thereof, to take a Solemn Oath, to do their utmoſt, that the Act of Navigation concerning the Plantation Trade, be duly obſerved *p.* 2

—Governors thereof, who neglect their Duty, to be removed from their Government *ibid.*

—in *America*, at what Rates, Foreign Coin ſhall paſs there *p.* 290, 291

—in *America*, Hemp, Wood, Plank, or Lumber, imported directly from thence in Ships duly navigated, to be Free of Cuſtoms *p.* 678

—in *Aſia*, *Africa*, or *America*, no Goods to be exported out of them, but in Ships *Britiſh* built, or taken Prize, under Forfeiture of Ship and Goods; $\frac{1}{3}$d to his Majeſty, $\frac{1}{3}$d to the Governor, and $\frac{1}{3}$d to the Informer, to be recovered in any Court of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or in any Court in the Plantations *p.* 108

—Laws made there, repugnant to the Laws of *Great Britain*, void *p.* 111

—Linen of the Manufacture of *Ireland*, may be tranſported directly to the Plantations in *Britiſh* built Ships, ſo long as the Subjects of *Great Britain*, are permitted to import into *Ireland*, *Britiſh* Linen, Free of Duty *p.* 222, 503

—Maſters of Ships carrying *Iriſh* Linen, are not to break Bulk, till he ſhall have delivered to the Governor or his Deputy, an Invoice of his Lading, and a proper Certificate from *Ireland*, under Forfeiture of Ship and Goods; $\frac{1}{3}$d to the King, $\frac{1}{3}$d to the Governor if ſeized in the Plantations, otherwiſe $\frac{2}{3}$ds to the King, and $\frac{1}{3}$d to the Proſecutor, to be proſecuted in any of his Majeſty's Courts in the Plantations or *Weſtminſter* *p.* 222, 223

—Melaſſes and Rice, of and from the Plantations, made enumerated Commodities *p.* 222

Naval

—Naval Officers in the Plantations, to give Security to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in *England*, in default, to be diſabled; and till ſuch Security be given, the Governors anſwerable for the Offences, Neglects, &c. *Page* 109
—Naval Stores of the Plantations, made enumerated Commodities *p.* 227
—Officers of the Cuſtoms there, to be conſtituted and eſtabliſhed by the Treaſury, and Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in *England* *p.* 111
—Officers there, to have the ſame Power as the Officers of the Cuſtoms in *England*, and ſubject to the like Penalties *p.* 109, 110, 223
—Salt for the Fiſhery there, may be exported from any Part of *Europe* *p.* 34
—Servants, Horſes, and Victuals, may be ſent thither directly from *Ireland* *p.* 34
—Ships not qualified to trade to, from, or in them, till regiſtered upon Oath, as to the Built or Property *p.* 113, 114
—ſubject to the ſame Penalties, as Officers and Goods are, for Non-payment of the Cuſtoms in *Great Britain* *p.* 56
—Subjects of the United Kingdom, may Trade there *p.* 239
—the Sureties in Bonds given there for landing enumerated Goods in *Great Britain*, or in ſome of the *Britiſh* Plantations, to be Perſons of known Reſidence and Ability in the Plantation; and the Condition of ſuch Bonds, is to produce a Certificate of the landing, the ſaid Goods in 18 Months, otherwiſe the Bond or Copies thereof, ſhall be of Force in any Court in *Great Britain*, *Ireland*, or the Plantations *p.* 112
—the Word Ireland to be left out of all Bonds given for Ships trading there *p.* 48
—*vocat. Britiſh*, Ships trading there, that are not *Britiſh* and duly manned, forfeited, and the Goods *p.* 1
—Wares made of Iron or Steel in Foreign Parts exported thither, not to be allowed a Drawback *p.* 210, 211, 349
—Wines of the *Azores* or *Maderas*, may be ſhipt there for the Plantations *p.* 34
—Wooll and Woollen Manufactures of the Growth or Manufacture of the Plantations, not to be carried from One Plantation to another, or to any other Place, under Forfeiture of Goods, &c. *p* 165
Plate wrought, of what Fineſs to be made *p.* 607
Porter, vide Carman.
Ports, Members, and Creeks, and Places of landing and ſhipping Goods in *England*, to be aſſigned by Commiſſion out of the Exchequer there *p.* 21
—of *England* and *Wales*, with their Diviſions into Members and Creeks *p.* 829, 830, 831
—of North *Britain*, with their Diviſions into Members and Creeks, as ſettled by Commiſſions out of the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland* *p.* 833, 834, 835
Powder, *vocat.* Hair Powder made of Starch, or other Powder that will ſerve for the ſame Uſes as Starch, imported, liable to pay the ſame Duties as Foreign Starch *p.* 478
Premium or Reward to be allowed the Importer of Naval Stores of and from the *Britiſh* Plantations, but they are ſubject to the ſame Penalties, as Sugars and other enumerated Plantation Goods *p.* 227
Premunire, to conſederate and evade making Seizure of Cattle 20 *Car.* 2. *p.* 44
Prints and Books imported, not liable to the New Duties of 30 *per Cent.* *p.* 417
Private Rights in either Part of the United Kingdom, with reſpect to import and export from and after the Union, to remain ſafe and entire *p.* 239
Prizage and Butlerage on Wines not to be leſſened by any thing contained in the Act 6 *Geo.* *p.* 610, 611
—Maſter is to pay the Impoſt Duty on Wine *p.* 62
—Maſter to have a Compenſation in lieu of the Damages on Wines *p.* 609
—or Butlerage, any Perſon free thereof, ſhall not colour Wines of Perſons not Free, on Forfeiture of Double Prizage, and the Perſon offending, ſhall alſo loſe all his Goods and Chattles perſonal for ever; Half to the King, Half to the Informer *Page* 769
—Wines or Prize Wines, exempted from the Duty of Tunnage *p.* v
Prize Goods, not within the intent of the Act of Navigation *p.* 5
—of *France*, not liable to the Additional Duty of *French* Goods, unleſs taken by Colluſion *p.* 127, 128
—Ships and Goods, ſubject to the Payment of Duty *p.* 268, 269
Proceſs, is not to be iſſued out on Informations upon Penal Statutes, till the Information be exhibited in Form; and upon ſuch Proceſs, ſhall be endorſed the Name of the Party that purſueth the Proceſs, as alſo the Statute on which the Information is grounded *p.* 775
Proſecutions againſt Inſurers, to run prohibited and cuſtomable Goods, to be in 12 Months after the Fact committed *p.* 91
—againſt a Merchant or Perſon colouring Goods, ſo as the King loſes his Cuſtoms or Prizage, may be had in Three Years *p.* 769
Purſers of Men of War, *vide* Captains, and Ships.
—of Merchant Ships, *vide* Maſters, and Ships.
—of Ships, *vide* Maſters.

Q.

Quakers, to take an Affirmation or Declaration, inſtead of an Oath *Page* 119, 183, 442
—the Form altered *p.* 672
Quarantine, the ſeveral Acts relating thereto repealed *p.* 676, 677

R.

Rates of Merchandize ſigned by the Speakers of the Houſe of Commons, to be effectual, as if they were included in the reſpective Acts of Tunnage and Poundage, &c. *Page* iii, 873
Recompence may be taken by Officers for extraordinary Service, not required by Law *p.* 99
Regiſter to be kept of all Ships trading to, from, or in his Majeſty's Plantations in *America* *p.* 113, 114
—to be kept of Foreign built Ships, bought for a valuable Conſideration, and owned by *Britiſh* *p.* 5
—to be kept of Ships belonging to the Subjects of *Scotland*, at the Union *p.* 239
Repriſal, vide Goods *p.* 5
Retailer of Foreign Brandy, &c. not to receive any without a Permit *p.* 699
—or Shop-keeper, not to Ship Salt Coaſtwiſe before he prove the Duty paid or ſecured *p.* 785
Reward for the diſcovering Runners of Foreign Goods, to be paid by order of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms and Exciſe *p* 696, 697
—or Bounty, to be paid on the Exportation of *Britiſh* Manufactures of Silk *p.* 683, 868, 929
—of *Britiſh* Sail-cloth or Made-ſails *p.* 867, 415
—of Corn *p.* 868
—of Fiſh *p* 864
—of Fleſh *ibid.*
—of Oat-meal *p.* 868
—of Wheat-malt *ibid.*
—or *Præmium*, to be paid on the Importation of Naval Stores from the Plantations, or from North *Britain* *p.* 227, 411, 868, 869
—to be given the Perſon, diſcovering the inſuring prohibited, and uncuſtomed Goods *p.* 91
—to be paid to Perſons, diſcovering Offenders after Conviction, who beat Officers of the Cuſtoms *p* 618

An Alphabetical INDEX.

Roasters of Coffee, mixing Butter, Lard, *&c.* therewith, forfeit 100 *l.* *Page* 933

Roasting Houses for Coffee, may be provided by the Commissioners for the Inland Duties, at such Places as they think Proper, who are to appoint Officers to attend *p.* 754, 755

Rum imported in Casks under 20 Gallons, forfeited, except for the Use of the Seamen, unless it shall be made appear to the Principal Officers of the Port, that the same was imported without Fraud or Concealment, in which case the Rum may be entered *p.* 534

Runners of Foreign Goods, according as they are discribed in the Act, after Conviction, to be transported as Felons, and if they return before the End of Seven Years, to suffer as Felons without benefit of Clergy *p* 696

—of Foreign Goods discovered by other Persons in Three Months, such other Persons to be entituled to the Reward there mentioned *p.* 697

—of Foreign Goods discovering in Two Months, Two or more of his accomplices, so as they or Two of them be convicted, to receive 40 *l.* so as the Value of the Goods shall exceed 50 *l.* and such Discoverer shall be clearly acquitted *p.* 696, 697

S.

Salt an Abstract of the several Duties thereon, as well Foreign as *English*, or Rock-Salt and Salt made in *Scotland* *Page* 864

—*British*, may be shipt on board any Vessel bound on a Fishing Voyage to the North Seas or *Iseland*, the Master paying or securing the Duty, and taking a Certificate thereof from the Officer, if any of the Salt shall not have been made use of, to be landed, so as any Entry be made in Ten Days, and the Duties paid before landing (except in the case of Distress) otherwise forfeited, and double the Value; the Master producing a Certificate of the Salt used on Oath, and the Duties paid or secured to the Collector of the Salt Duty at the Port of Importation, or on due Proof made in Nine Months, that the Vessel with the Salt was lost at Sea, such Security shall be vacated, or the Duties repaid *p.* 826, 827

—brought by Land from *Scotland*, the Salt Officers to apprehend the Persons concerned, and if they do not pay down the Penalty of 20 *s per* Bushel, to be committed to Goal by a Justice of Peace for Six Months, without Bail or Mainprize *p.* 818

—brought by Land from *Scotland*, or imported, of the Product of *England*, *Wales*, or *Berwick*, brought in or landed, before Entry and Payment of Duties, forfeited; Half to the King, Half to the Informer *p.* 793, 802

—carried Coastwise, not to be landed till the Master, or Mate, *&c.* deliver a Particular thereof, signed by the Officers of the Duties of the Customs, and Salt, and make Oath, that no more Salt to his Knowledge has been taken on board *p.* 785, 799

—carried Coastwise, part delivered at one Port, and part at another, the Officers of the Customs, and Salt, are to certifie on the back of the Cocquet, *Transire*, or Warrant, or by Certificate alone, how much Salt was landed; on Forfeiture of double the Value *ibid.*

—conveyed before due Entry made, and Warrant, or Licence granted, forfeit Double the Value *p.* 785, 789

—delivered over to any other Person by the Proprietor, to be used in curing Fish for Exportation, to be accounted for; on neglect or refusal to deliver such Account, the Offender to forfeit 40 *l.* *p.* 545

—delivered from any Salt Works, or Pits, without giving Notice to the Salt Officer, forfeited, and 10 *s. per* Bushel, and the Owner of the Works or Pits, as also the Carrier, or Conveyor, forfeits 20 *l.* Half to the King, Half to the Prosecutor *Page* 787, 801, 819

—delivered in Payment of Rent, the Duties to be paid by the Persons who receive the Salt in kind *p.* 820

—delivered over to any Person, after the Proprietor shall have received it from the Officer, Proof is to be made, that it was used in curing of Fish, on Forfeiture of 50 *l.* *p.* 941

—Debentures, Tickets, Warrants, or Licences, concerning the Duties thereon, to be granted *gratis*, and without Delay *p.* 153, 799

—*English*, or Rock-Salt, carried 20 Miles by Sea, from One Port of *England*, or *Wales*, or *Berwick*, to any other Port thereof, or from *Yarmouth* to *Lowstaff*, or *Southwold Bay*, the Duties having been paid or secured, are to have the following Allowances for Waste, to be made but once for the same Salt, although carried from several Ports Coastwise, and the Officer of the Port where First shipt, shall express the Allowance on the Cocquet, or *Transire*, and also give a Certificate under Hand and Seal, of the Quantity shipt, and the Allowance, in order to the Re-payment of the Duty, or vacate the Security, *viz.* 3 Bushels for every 40 Bushels of *English* White Salt, 1 Bushel and ½ for every 40 Bushels of *English* Rock-Salt *p.* 824

—entered and shipt for Exportation, forced into any Port by stress of Weather, Enemies, *&c* may be landed in 20 Days, so as due Entry be made, and the Duties paid before any Part be relanded *p.* 818

—exported for *Ireland*, what Allowance shall be made for Waste *p.* 258

—exported or carried Coastwise, the Quantity to be expressed in the Cocquet, and in case the Ship shall come into any Port, and on Examination, there shall not be so much on board as mentioned in the Cocquet, making a reasonable Allowance for Waste, the Salt remaining on board is forfeited *p.* 195, 196, 813

—exported, not to drawback more Duty than was paid or secured for the same *p.* 259

—Foreign, carried from *Scotland* to *England*, or from One Port to another in *Great Britain*, not to be landed, till a particular Account be delivered to the Salt Officer, of the Quantity of of Salt, signed by the Officers of the Customs, and Salt Duties, of the Port from whence the Ship came, and Oath made by the Master, and in case the Ship delivers part of the Salt in One Port, and part in another, the Officers of the Customs, and Salt Duties, are to certifie on the back of the Cocquet, *Transire*, *&c.* or by Certificate only under their Hands and Seals, how much of the Salt mentioned in the Cocquet, *&c.* hath been there landed, on Forfeiture of double the Value of the Salt, and 10 *s. per* Bushel; Half to the King, Half to the Informer *p.* 552

—Foreign landed, before due Entry be made with the Salt Officer, forfeited, and the Offender to forfeit 100 *l.* Half to the King, Half to the Informer *p.* 554

—Foreign landed, without being cellared by the Merchant, and Salt Officer liable to the Payment of Duties and Penalties, or being cellared, shall be removed without Notice to the Salt Officer, and a Permit for conveying the same, forfeited, and 10 *s. per* Bushel, and 20 *l.* for every Offence, to be recovered from the Importer, and the like Penalties from the Carrier, or Person who shall convey such Salt without Notice or Permit *p.* 545, 823, 824

—Foreign, upon the landing to be weighed, cellared, and lockt up by the Salt Officer, and the Merchant, or Importer, who may have at any time 40 Bushels or more with a Permit, on Security for paying the Duties in Six Months, and if paid in ready Money, the Merchant to be allowed after the Rate of 10 *per Cent. per Annum p.* 240, 544, 823

An Alphabetical INDEX.

—found in any Place not entered, to be ſeized and proſecuted *Page* 810

—for which the Duty has been repaid on the Exportation, relanded before the Duty be again paid, *&c.* forfeited, and double the Value; and 10 *s. per* Buſhel *p.* 787, 801

—imported from *Ireland*, or any other Foreign Part, which was taken in only for the Proviſions of the Ship, or for curing Fiſh, the Duty thereof not paid or ſecured in 10 Days, forfeited, and double the Value *p.* 552

—imported from *Ireland*, *Scotland*, or the *Iſle of Man*, beſides the Forfeiture of the Salt and Ship, every Perſon taking the Salt out of the Ship, or carrying the ſame on ſhoar, or conveying the ſame from the ſhoar when landed, or be aiding or aſſiſting therein, forfeits 20 *l.* or to ſuffer Six Months Impriſonment, and Salt, and Ship ſo imported, may be ſeized in Two Months after the Importation, and if not claimed in 20 Days, and Security given to anſwer the Value, the Salt and Ship to be ſold *p.* 817, 818

—imported from the Iſland of *Jerſey*, *Guernſey*, *Alderney*, or *Sark*, liable to the ſame Duty as any other Foreign Salt *p.* 550

—imported in Ships leſs than 20 Tuns, and in Bulk only, forfeited, and double the Value, except for the neceſſary Proviſions of the Ship *p.* 194, 812

—imported into *Scotland* after the Union, the Duties payable thereon, and may be there cellared and lockt up *p.* 240

—imported, not amounting to 40 Buſhels not to be cellared *p.* 824

—imported, the Duty to be paid in Six Months, and if paid in ready Money, the Importer to be abated after the Rate of 10 *per Cent. per Annum* *p.* 784, 797

—imported, to be deemed Foreign, unleſs it be of the Product of *England*, &c. *p.* 786, 800

—imported, to be entered, and the Duty paid or ſecured before landing, on Forfeiture or the Value *p.* 783, 797

—Incidents and Salaries, relating to the collecting the Duties thereon, to be paid out of thoſe Duties *p.* 789, 792, 802

—landed in *Ireland*, not to be allowed a Drawback, unleſs entered for ſome Port in *Ireland* *p.* 258

—made from Rock-Salt, and refined Salt, or Salt made from Salt, either imported or made here, charged with 1½ *per* Gallon *p.* 793

—made in the County of *Cheſter*, to be entered by weight only, at 56 lb. to the Buſhel *p.* 788

—Makers, or Dealers in Salt, are not to act as Juſtices of Peace in any Matter relating to the Duties on Salt *p.* 814

—may be carried Coaſtwiſe by Certificate *p.* 818

—may be landed at any Place *p.* 21

—may be ſhipt, if tendered to be weighed to the Salt Officer and refuſed by him, without iucurring the Penalty *p.* 809

—not to be ſhipt Coaſtwiſe by a Retailer, or Shopkeeper, till Proof be made, the Duties are paid or ſecured *p.* 785, 789, 799

—Officers hindered, or abuſed in the Execution of their Duty, Offenders forfeit 20 *l.* and in default of Diſtreſs, any Juſtice of Peace may commit ſuch Offender to the Houſe of Correction, to be whipt, and kept to hard Labour for a Month *p.* 811

—Officers, Impowered to ſeize all Salt, and other things relating to the Duties on Salt, which are declared to be forfeited *p.* 827

—Officers, may enter into all Salt Works, Warehouſes, *&c.* upon refuſal or requeſt in the Day-time, or in the Night in the preſence of a Conſtable, Offender to forfeit 40 *l.* *p* 810

—Officers, on due Notice, to attend the weighing Salt, entered to be ſhipt or carried by Land, on Forfeiture of 40 *l.* *p.* 796

—of *Scotland*, brought by Land into *England*, to be entered with the Officers of *Berwick* or *Carliſle* *p.* 786, 801

—on board any Ship from Foreign Parts, which was for the neceſſary Proviſions of the Ship, or for curing of Fiſh, may be landed, ſo as the Maſter makes a due Entry thereof in 10 Days, and pay, or ſecure the Duties *Page* 818

—or Rock-Salt entered, and for which Security ſhall have been given for the Duties, ſhall not be entered for Exportation by any Perſon not bound in the Security Firſt given, till New Security be given to the Salt Officer at the Port of Exportation, on which the Firſt Security ſhall be diſcharged *p.* 810

—or Rock Salt entered for Exportation, the Officer to take ſufficient Security for the Exportation from the Merchant, for the Payment of the Salt Duties, without inſiſting that the Original Proprietor do become bound *p.* 816

—or Rock Salt made, or dug out of any Pit here, to be entered with the Salt Officer, and the Duty paid or ſecured before the Removal from the Salt Works or Pits, on Forfeiture *p.* 784

—or Rock Salt, or Fiſh put on board any Boat, Barge, Ship, or Veſſel, in order to be exported, ſhall not be taken out of the ſame, otherwiſe, than to put ſuch Fiſh into the Ship in which the ſame are to be exported, nor put on ſhoar, except in the Preſence of the Salt Officer, under the ſame Penalties, as in the Act 2 *A. cap.* 14. *p.* 553, 554

—or Rock-Salt ſhipt for *Ireland*, loſt at Sea, to be allowed the Drawback, ſo as due Proof thereof be made in Six Months *p.* 822

—Pits, Salt Works, the number of Pans, Storehouſe, Warehouſe, and other Places made uſe of for the making, refining, or keeping of Salt or Rock-Salt, to be entered at the next Salt Office by the Maker of Salt, or Refiner of Rock-Salt, or Proprietor of Salt Works, or Salt Pits, under the Penalty of 40 *l.* *p.* 809

—put into Cellars, the Importer to be anſwerable for the full Quantity delivered in *p.* 259

—relanded, after having drawn back the Duty, forfeit double the Value, beſides other Penalties *p* 155, 801

—remaining at the End of every fiſhing Seaſon, an Account thereof to be taken by the Salt-Officer, and lockt up by him and the Proprietor *p.* 545

—removed by Carriers and others, from Salt Works without Entry or Warrant, to be ſeized, and the Offender to be apprehended, and if the Offence be proved before a Juſtice of Peace, and no Diſtreſs to be had, the Offender to be committed to the Houſe of Correction, to be whipt, and kept to hard Labour for a Month *p.* 811

—reſhipt out of any Boat, Barge, Trow, Lighter, or other Veſſel, to be put on board any Coaſting Veſſel, the Maſter, Mate, *&c.* of ſuch Boat, *&c.* is to make Oath before any Diſpatches be granted for the Salt reſhipt, as to the Quantity taken on board and reſhipt, on Forfeiture of double the Value; and 10 *s. per* Buſhel, Half to the King, Half to the Informer *p.* 554

—Rock or Rock-Salt exported, to be allowed the Drawback after the Rate of 75 lb to the Buſhel, and refined Salt made from Rock-Salt or Salt-Rock, to be allowed a Drawback after the Rate of 56 lb. to the Buſhel *p.* 168

—*Altered as to Rock Salt* *p.* 194

—Rock or Rock-Salt, may be removed from the Pits to Warehouſes, upon an Entry made, and a Warrant granted by the Officer, but the Owner is not to pay or ſecure the Duties, till the ſame ſhall be ſold and delivered *p.* 788, 801

—Rock or Rock-Salt taken out of Pits, to be entered by weight only, at 120 lb. to the Buſhel *p.* 788, 802

—Rock-Salt, which has paid the Duty, refined, to have an Allowance of 12 *d per* Buſhel, on Proof made before a Juſtice of Peace on Oath, as to the Quantity, and the Payment of the Duty *p.* 788

—a further Allowance of 2 *s.* 4 *d per* Buſhel *p.* 80[illegible]

—ſeize[illegible]

An Alphabetical INDEX.

—ſeized and claimed in Ten Days, if it be not proved that the ſame was entered, or had a Warrant, or Ticket to remove the ſame, to be forfeited *Page* 784, 785, 789

—ſeized for not being duly entered, or for being removed by Day or Night, by Land or Water, without Warrant, Ticket, or Licence, from the Commiſſioners or Officers, to be brought to the Salt Office, and if not claimed in 10 Days, to be forfeited and ſold, and the Produce to be divided (after Charges deducted) Half to the King, Half to the Seizor *p.* 784, 798

—Ships Coaſtwiſe delivering part at One Port and part at another, the Quantity delivered to be endorſed on the back of the Cocquet, *Tranſire*, *&c.* but if landed without a Warrant, forfeit double the Value, and 10 *s. per* Buſhel *p.* 153, 799

—ſhipt for Overſea or Coaſtwiſe, loſt at Sea or in Port, on Proof thereof made at the Quarter Seſſions, the like Quantity may be bought without paying any Duty *p.* 237, 375, 787, 788, 801, 819, 820, 821

—ſold at a higher Price, than ſet by the Juſtices of Peace, Offender forfeits 5 *l.* to be levied by Diſtreſs; Half to the King, Half to the Informer *p.* 786, 794

—taken away, imbezled, or miſapplied, before put into Cellars, and ſtored up for the curing of Fiſh for Exportation, the Offender to forfeit, *viz.* for every Buſhel of Foreign Salt at 84 lb. to the Buſhel 20*s.* and for every Buſhel of *Britiſh* Salt at 56 lb. to the Buſhel 10*s.* Half to the King, Half to the Informer *p.* 546

—taken on board by Fiſhermen, may be relanded on Oath made, from what Place it was taken, and that it was not taken out of any Veſſel at Sea *p.* 818

—taken out of the Cellars and not accounted for, ſold, given away, uſed or delivered, otherwiſe than for the curing Fiſh for Exportation, or being conſenting, or privy thereto, the Offender to forfeit 20*s.* for every Buſhel, ½ to the King, the Remainder to the Informer, and in default of Payment within 14 Days, and no Effects to be found to anſwer the ſame, the Offender to be ſent to the Houſe of Correction, and there whipt, and kept to hard Labour, not exceeding Three Months *p.* 545, 546

—the Contents of a Buſhel of Foreign Salt is 84 lb. *p.* 194, 811

—of Rock-Salt 65 lb. *p.* 194, 812

—of *Britiſh* Salt 56 lb. *p.* 802

—the Duties thereof to be within the Receipt, Management and Government of the Commiſſioners of Exciſe, who are to appoint Officers, and all Penalties and Forfeitures ſhall be ſued for, levied and mitigated by the Laws of Exciſe *p.* 784, 797

—the Duties thereon, may be managed by particular Commiſſioners and Officers, diſtinct from thoſe of the Exciſe, but to be veſted with the ſame Powers, *&c.* *p.* 815

—the Duties whereof have been ſecured, if paid within 28 Days, to be allowed a Diſcount after the Rate of 10 *per Cent. per Annum*, for the remainder of the Time, for which ſuch Security was given *p.* 816

—the Rates and Prices to be ſet and altered by the Lord Mayor, and Court of Aldermen, and Juſtices of Peace reſpectively *p.* 794, 803

—to be bought by Weight and not by Meaſure, under the Penalty of 10 *s. per* Buſhel on the Buyer *p.* 816

—to be meaſured by the *Wincheſter* Buſhel, and by ſit Meaſurers, on Forfeiture of double the Value *p.* 787

—the Contents thereof aſcertained *p.* 194, 802, 811, 812

—to *Ireland*, to be allowed a Drawback, if loſt in the Voyage, on Proof made thereof in Six Months *p.* 237, 375

—to be ſold by Weight, after the Rate of 56 lb. to the Buſhel, and not otherwiſe, on Forfeiture of 5 *l.* *Page* 794, 795, 803

—to be weighed before ſhipt, either for Overſea or Coaſtwiſe, in the Preſence of the Salt Officers, and a Permit or Certificate granted *gratis* of the Salt ſo weighed or tendered to be weighed, under Forfeiture of the Salt, and 10 *s. per* Buſhel *p.* 808, 809

—*vocat.* Rock-Salt, is not to be refined or made into white Salt in any Place in *England*, *Wales*, or *Berwick* (except ſuch Places as are within 10 Miles of the reſpective Pits, under the Penalty of 40*s. per* Buſhel *p.* 812

Exception for Lawn-Marſh, *in the County of* Carmarthen, *and the Salt Works near* Holy-head *p.* 821, 826

—*vocat.* Rock-Salt or Salt-Rock, removed from the Pit before weighed, in the Preſence of the Salt Officer, Propietor, to forfeit 20 *l.* and double the Value of the Goods *p.* 806, 807

—or refined Salt made from thence exported, to be allowed the Duties charged or paid for every Buſhel of Rock Salt or Salt-Rock, after the Rate of 75 lb. to the Buſhel, and for every Buſhel of ſuch refined Salt, after the Rate of 56 lb. to the Buſhel, on a Debenture to be prepared by the Collector of the Cuſtoms, and verified by the Searcher, and Oath of the Exporter or his Agent, that the Duties were paid, and the Goods realy exported, or ſhipped to be exported, for which Debenture no Fee is to be taken *p.* 807, 808

—Proprietor thereof, to pay the Duties in Two Days after the Charge, or give Security to pay the ſame in Nine Months, on Forfeiture of double the Value of the Duties; if the ſaid Duties be paid down, an Allowance to be made of 10 *per Cent. per Annum*, for Nine Months *p.* 807

—the Duties thereon, to be paid in 12 Months inſtead of Nine Months, and the Duties on other Salt to be paid in Nine Months inſtead of Six Months, and the Securities, and Diſcounts for prompt Payment, to be regulated accordingly *p.* 824

—upon unlading, found to be more in Weight, than is expreſt in the Permit or Certificate, the Surpluſage forfeited, Half to the King, Half to the Informer; and if the Maſter of the Veſſel ſhall refuſe to ſhew to the Officer the Permit or Certificate upon due requeſt, the Officer to ſeize and detain the Salt, until a Permit be produced, but if not produced in Four Days, the Salt to be forfeited *p.* 809

—uſed for curing Fiſh for Exportation, to pay no Duty, except the Cuſtoms, but the Salt to be lockt up in Warehouſes, and the Quantity wanted be delivered at the beginning of every fiſhing Seaſon to the Proprietor on Oath, to be made uſe of in curing Fiſh for Exportation *p.* 544, 545

—uſed in curing Fiſh for Exportation, an Account thereof to be given by the Proprietor on Oath, as ſoon as poſſible, after every fiſhing Seaſon, together with an Account of the Quantity of Fiſh exported, or entered and ſhipped to be exported *p.* 545

Scotland a Court of Exchequer there *p.* 245

Searcher, ſuffering Gold or Silver to be tranſported without the King's Licence, forfeits his Office and all his Goods, and to be Impriſoned a Year, the Perſon proving it, to have Half *p.* 766

—vide **Cuſtomers**.

Security, to be given on Writs of Delivery, out of the Court of Exchequer *p.* 25

Seed, *vocat.* Linſeed imported, exempted from the ½d Subſidy *p.* 281

Seizures made by any Officer of the Revenue by Colluſion, the Officer to forfeit 500 *l.* and incapable to ſerve

ſerve his Majeſty, and the Importer or Owner of the Goods ſo colluſively ſeized, forfeits treble the Value, Half of the Forfeiture to the King, Half to Informer; but if the Officer or Importer, diſcovers his Offence to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in Two Months, ſo as his Accomplices be convicted, to be clearly acquitted, and if any other Perſon diſcovers the Offence in Three Months, ſuch Perſon ſhall receive One half of his Majeſty's ſhare *Page* 543

—not proſecuted to Effect by an Officer, any other Officer may ſeize, or bring his Action by way of *Devenerunt* for the ſame *p.* 22

—of Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, Strong Waters, as well Foreign as *Britiſh*, forfeited by any Act, as alſo the Casks, Bottles, Veſſels, or other Package containing the ſame, may be made by any Officer of the Cuſtoms or Exciſe, or by ſuch Perſon as ſhall be deputed or authorized by the Lord Treaſurer, or under Treaſurer, or by ſpecial Commiſſion from his Majeſty *p.* 703

—of prohibited and uncuſtomed Goods, to be made by Perſons authorized by writ of aſſiſtants *p.* 17

—of prohibited and uncuſtomed Goods, in purſuance of the Act 11 *Geo. cap.* 30. where to be proſecuted *p.* 940

—of Veſſels or Boats of 15 Tuns or under, for carrying Goods, or conveying uncuſtomed or prohibited Goods from Ships Inward, or for relanding Certificate or Debenture Goods from Ships Outward, and all Seizures of Horſes, or other Cattle, or Carriages, uſed in removing, carriage, or conveyance of ſuch Goods, ſhall and may be examined into, proceeded upon, heard, adjudged, and determined, by and before Two or more Juſtices of the Peace, reſiding near the Place where ſuch ſeizure ſhall be made *p.* 700, 701

—of uncuſtomed and prohibited Goods, the Monies ariſing thereby, how appropriated *p.* 142

—to be made of Ships and Goods, for unlawful Exportation or Importation, by the Managers or Officers of the Cuſtoms, or Perſons deputed or authorized by the Lord Treaſurer or under Treaſurer, or by ſpecial Commiſſion from his Majeſty, and no other *p.* 21, 22

Sellers and Dealers in Coffee, Tea, Cocoa-Nuts, Chocolate Makers, Coffee-houſe-keepers, and Chocolate-houſe-keepers, to keep Accounts in Books of all they daily Sell, and not to remove any Quantity thereof above Six pound weight without a Permit, and refuſing to keep or return ſuch Books, or not ſuffer the Officer to Inſpect them, forfeit 100 *l.* *p.* 756

—and Dealers in Coffee, Tea, Cocoa-Nuts, or Chocolate, fraudulently hiding or concealing their Goods, from the ſight or view of the Officers for the Inland Duties, forfeit the Goods and treble the Value *p* 758

—not aſſiſting the Officers of the Inland Duties, in taking an Account, or not keeping juſt Weights or Scales, or obſtructing the Officers, forfeit 100 *l.* *p.* 747

—of Brandy or Strong Waters in a Publick-houſe, *&c.* having above Six pound of Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, or Cocoa-Nuts, in their Cuſtody, to be deemed Sellers and Dealers therein *p.* 931

—of prohibited or run Goods, may ſeize from the Buyers *p.* 937

—or Dealers in Coffee, may appoint Perſons to attend the roaſting Coffee in the publick roaſting Houſes, paying only 3 *s. per* C. wt. *p.* 755

—or Dealers in Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa-Nuts, not to receive leſs than One C. wt. of each ſort at One time, unleſs the Importation and publick Sale be in leſs Quantities *ibid.*

—or Dealers in Coffee, Tea, Cocoa-Nuts, and Chocolate, to enter their Warehouſes, *&c.* with the Officers for the Inland Duties, under the Penalty of 200 *l.* and Forfeiture of the Goods found therein *p.* 745, 746

Senna, a Drug not uſed in Dying *Page* 473

Sheriff, to aſſiſt in ſeizing Goods landed without Entry, on a proper Warrant *p.* 7

Ships and Veſſels importing Great Cattle, Swine, Sheep, Beef or Pork, forfeited, if any of them ſhall be put on ſhoar, the Ship may be ſeized within a Year, and ſold, Half to the Poor, Half to the Informer, and the Maſter and Seamen, may on a Warrant from a Juſtice of Peace, be apprehended and carried to Goal, there to remain for Three Months *p.* 42, 43

—belonging to the Subjects of *Scotland* at the Union, to be deemed *Britiſh* built Ships, if regiſtered in 12 Months after the 1ſt *May*, 1707. *p.* 239

—bound Overſea, lying between *London* and *Woolwich*, may take in Horſes, Coals, Beer, ordinary Stones for building, Fiſh *Britiſh* taken, Corn, or Grain, Cocquets or Warrants being paſt for the ſame *p.* 832

—*Britiſh* built, with *Iriſh* Linen, may go directly therewith, from *Ireland* to the *Britiſh* Plantations, the Maſter carrying a proper Certificate from *Ireland*, and delivering an Invoice to the Governor before he breaks Bulk, but the Ships liable to be ſearched, as Ships from *Great Britain* *p.* 222, 223

—carrying Sugar, and other enumerated Plantation Goods, to any other Place than One of the *Britiſh* Plantations, or to *Great Britain*, forfeited, as alſo the Goods *p.* 6

—*Engliſh* or *Britiſh* built, are to be underſtood, to be built in *Great Britain*, *Ireland*, Iſlands of *Guernſey* or *Jerſey*, or in any of the Lands, Iſlands, Dominions or Territories to his Majeſty belonging, or in his Poſſeſſion in *Africa*, *Aſia*, or *America*, provided, the Maſter and $\frac{3}{4}$ths of the Mariners at leaſt, be alſo *Britiſh*, who are to be ſuch during the whole Voyage, unleſs in caſe of Sickneſs, Death, or being taken Priſoner in the Voyage, to be proved by the Oath of the Maſter, or other Chief Officer of the Ship *p.* 3

—Foreign built, allowed the Priviledge of *Britiſh* built, Governors and Officers of the Cuſtoms, for the Firſt Offence, forfeit their Government or Offices *p.* 5

—Foreign built, not to be allowed the Priviledge of Ships belonging to *Great Britain*, unleſs owned by the People thereof, and bought for a valuable Conſideration, of which a Certificate is to be granted by the Chief Officer of the Port, and a Regiſter to be kept thereof *p* 4, 17

—Foreign built, a Liſt thereof tranſmitted to the Court of Exchequer, before *December*, 1662. and no Foreign built Ship not mentioned in that Liſt, ſhall enjoy the Priviledge of a Ship belonging to *England* or *Ireland* (except ſuch Ship be taken and condemned as a Prize) but be deemed Aliens Ships *p.* 17

—Inward, the Package altered in the Port of her Diſcharge, the Maſter, *&c.* forfeits 100 *l.* *p.* 16

—importing enumerated Goods from any Place, but that of their Growth, forfeited *p.* 3, 4

—laden with Brandy, or hovering on the Coaſt, a rule to meaſure the Contents of the Tunnage *p.* 617

—laden with Salt exported, drove into Port by ſtreſs of Weather, the Officers for the Salt Duty, may go and remain on board till the Cargo be unladen, or the Ship ſhall return to Sea, under the Penalty of 20 *l.* and if the Salt be unladen before due Entry and Re-payment of the Duties, the whole Cargo forfeited *p.* 195, 812, 813

—laden with Salt, hovering on the Coaſt, not directly proceeding on their Voyage, the Officers of the Cuſtoms or Salt, may compel them to come into Port *p.* 194, 811

—laden with Salt, not proceeding on their Voyage, or not unlading in 20 Days, unleſs permitted to make a longer ſtay, the Salt on board is forfeited, and double the Value *p.* 894, 811

—may

An Alphabetical INDEX.

—may come into Port, and deliver Part of the Goods, paying the Cuſtoms, and go away with the reſt *Page* 766

—Name altered, to be regiſtered *de Novo* *p.* 114

—not to be forfeited for a ſmall Thing not cuſtomed without the Owners knowledge *p.* 766

—not to be laden or unladen in the Plantations, till a Certificate be produced to the Governors, *&c.* that ſhe is a *Britiſh* Ship, and duly navigated, and a true Inventory delivered of the lading, under Forfeiture of the Ship, and the *European* Goods not ſhipt in *Great Britain* *p.* 34

—not to be owned or freighted by any Cuſtomer or Comptroller *p.* 766

—of Fifty Tun or under, hovering on the Coaſt within the limits of a Port, laden with cuſtomable or prohibited Goods, not proceeding on the Voyage, the Maſter to give his own Bond to proceed on his Voyage, otherwiſe the cuſtomable Goods to be entered, and the prohibited Goods to be proſecuted *p.* 536

—extended to Ships hovering Two Leagues from ſhoar *p.* 616

—of War *Britiſh* built or Foreign, liable to the ſame Rules as Merchant-men are ſubject to, except entering and victualling Bills *p.* 16

—or Veſſels arriving from Parts beyond the Seas, not to be above Three Days coming from *Graveſend* to *Cheſters* Key, without touching or ſtaying at any Wharfe, Key, or Place, adjoining to either ſhoar, unleſs apparently hindered, to be allowed by the Commiſſioners or proper Officers; and when they arrive at the Place of diſcharge, or before, the Maſter or Purſer is to make a true Entry upon Oath, of the Burthen, Contents, and lading of the Ship, with the particular Marks, Numbers, Qualities, and Contents, of every Parcel of Goods therein Laden; alſo where, and in what Port ſhe took in her lading, what Country built, how Manned, who was Maſter during the Voyage, who are Owners; and in all Out Ports, to come directly up to the Place of unlading, as the Condition of the Port requires and will admit, and making Entries, as aforeſaid, upon the Penalty of 100 *l.* *p.* 15

—or Veſſels cleared by the Managers of the Cuſtoms, or their Deputies, and the Watchmen or Tideſmen diſcharged from their Attendance thereupon, having any Goods found on board, concealed from the knowledge of the ſaid Perſons, and the Duties due not paid, the Maſter, Purſer, or other Perſon taking charge of the Ship, forfeits 100 *l.* *p.* 16, 17

—or Veſſels owned by Strangers, and whereof the Maſter and $\frac{3}{4}$ths of the Mariners ſhall not be *Britiſh*, carrying Goods from one Port of *Great Britain* to another, forfeited, and alſo the Goods; Half to the King, Half to the Informer *p.* 3

—or Veſſels trading in the *Britiſh* Plantations in *Aſia*, *Africa*, or *America*, not of *Britiſh* built or property, or not duly Manned, forfeited, with the Guns, Apparel, *&c.* as alſo the Goods; $\frac{1}{3}$d to the King, $\frac{1}{3}$d to the Governor, if there ſeized, if not, $\frac{2}{3}$ds to the King, and $\frac{1}{3}$d to the Seizor or Informer *p.* 1

—Outward bound, not to be detained without juſt Cauſe above Three Tides at *Graveſend*, nor above One Tide at other Ports *p.* cxxvii

—Outward bound, not to take in *Engliſh* Goods till entered *p.* 15

—taken Prize, to be ſpecially regiſtered *p.* 114

—though *Britiſh* built, not qualified to trade to, from, or in the *Britiſh* Plantations, till regiſtered in *Great Britain*, *Ireland*, the Iſlands of *Guernſey* and *Jerſey*, or in ſome of the ſaid Plantations *p.* 113, 114

—Trading to, and from the *Mediterranean* under burthen, *&c.* the Goods liable to One *per Cent.* *p.* 26

—Trading to *Greenland*, &c. not to have the Priviledge or Benefit of the Act 25 *Car.* 2. *cap.* 7. unleſs they were victualled here for the Voyage *Page* 55

—Trading to *Greenland* and *Newfoundland*, to catch Whales, may be navigated with One half Harponeers *p.* 55

—Trading to *Greenland*, &c. to be *Britiſh* built, may be navigated with $\frac{1}{3}$d *Britiſh* Mariners *p.* 763

—Veſſel or Boat of 15 Tun or under, importing Brandy, *&c.* forfeited, *vide* Boats *p.* 533

—Veſſel or Boat of 40 Tun, not to import Brandy, *&c.* *p.* 694, 695

—Veſſel or Boat of 30 Tun or under, not to import Brandy, *&c.* *p.* 616

—with Sugars or other enumerated Goods, unlading in any other Place than *Great Britain*, forfeited, and may be proſecuted in any Court of Admiralty in *England*; Half to the King, Half to the Proſecutor *p.* 6, 49

—with Goods of the Growth or Product of the *Britiſh* Plantations, forfeited, if they land the Goods in *Ireland*, unleſs ſtranded, before they are landed in *Great Britain* *p.* 112, 113

Silk, Calicoes, Linens, or Stuffs, printed, painted, ſtained, or dyed, in *Great Britain*, found without a Stamp to denote the Payment of the Duty, forfeited, and 50 *l.* Half to the King, Half to the Informer, and the Goods are not to be delivered out of the Warehouſe, till Markt or Stampt *p.* 539

—raw of *Turky*, not to be imported from the *Streights* *p.* 611

—Stuffs, or Ribbons or mixt with Gold, Silver, Grograin-Yarn, Incle, Cotton, or Worſted, made in *Great Britain*, an Allowance to be made the Exporter, to be paid by the Cuſtomer or Collector of the Cuſtoms, with the privity of the Comptroller, on a Debenture and Security *p.* 683

—after Entry and before or after ſhipping, the Officer may examine and ſee if the Goods are right entered *p.* 684

—Allowances not to be made for ſuch of the ſaid Manufactures mixt with Gold, or Silver, or Silk, when they are only mixed at the Edges or Ends of the Piece *ibid.*

—if any diſpute, as to the Manufacture or Quality of the Goods, the *Onus Probandi* to lie on the Claimer or Owner *p.* 684

—if wrong entered, to be ſeized as forfeited, and the Value thereof; Half to the King, Half to the Informer *ibid.*

—made here, mixt with Grograin, Yarn, Incle, Cotton, or Worſted, not to have any Allowance upon the Exportation, except ſuch, wherein at leaſt $\frac{3}{5}$ds of the Ends or Threads of the Warp, or length of the Piece, be either Silk, or elſe mixt or twiſted with the Silk in the Warp, any of the ſaid Goods entered, or ſhipt, not ſo mixt, forfeited, and double the Value. *p.* 727

—relanded without Permiſſion, to ſave the Goods from periſhing (beſides the Penalty of the Bond) forfeited, and treble the Value; Half to the King, Half to the Informer *p.* 684

—the Throwing thereof not eſteemed a Manufacture, within the Intention of the Act of Navigation *p.* 74

—wrought, mixt with Gold or Silver, or other Materials, ſecretly or clandeſtinely imported, the Importer, and his Aiders, and Abettors, forfeit 200 *l.* and the Perſon in whoſe Cuſtody found, forfeits the Silk, and 100 *l.* Half to the King, Half to the Proſecutor, and the Silk ſo forfeited to be ſold at the Cuſtom-Houſe of *London*, or *Edinburgh* reſpectively *p.* 276

Silver Molten or Bullion, *vide* Bullion.

—not Stamp at *Goldſmiths Hall*, or without a Certificate of Oath having been made before the Wardens, that no Part was the Current Coin, *&c.* may be ſeized by the Officers of the Cuſtoms, on board any Veſſel *p.* 100

An Alphabetical INDEX.

—Watches, Sword hilts, wrought Plate, or other Manufactures of Silver made here, being of the Fineſs of 11 oz. 10 p. wt. to every Pound *Troy*, may be yearly exported, as the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, or any Three of them ſhall think fit *Page* 143

—*Altered as to the Standard* *p.* 607

Skins, vide **Hides**.

Snuff imported, if any diſpute as to the Produce or Manufacture, the Proof to lie on the Owner or Claimer *p.* 322

—mixt with Okers, Umber, or any other colouring (than Water tinged with *Venetian* Red only) or mixt with Fuſtick, Yellow-Ebony, Touchwood, or other Wood, Dirt, Sand, or Tobacco-duſt, any Perſon knowingly ſelling the ſame, forfeits the Snuff, and 3 *l. per* lb. *p.* 476, 542

South-Sea Company, Bonds, under their Common Seal, to be accepted by the Officers of the Cuſtoms, for Duties that are Bondable, or for other Matters *p.* 369

—Ships, not to be reſtrained by any Embargo, unleſs particulary mentioned in the Order *ibid.*

—the Limitation of their Charter and Power *p.* 367, 368, 369

—to be continued for Ever, in caſe their Fund be redeemed *p.* 409, 562, 563

Specialties, or Obligations to the King, *vide* **Bonds**.

Spice, *viz.* Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, and Mace, found on board any Ship in Bags, or ſmall Parcels packt in Hogſheads, Casks, or Bales, forfeited; Half to the King, Half to the Informer *p.* 621, 622

—*viz.* Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, and Mace, may be imported by Licence from the Commiſſioners, in *Britiſh* Ships *p.* 97, 320, 321, 621

—*vocat.* Mace, Cloves, and Nutmegs, imported, the Duties leſſened *p.* 689

—*vocat.* Nutmegs, Cloves, or Mace, imported in any Cask, not containing Neat 300 lb. wt. or Cinnamon in any Bale, not containing Neat 70 lb. wt. forfeited, as alſo the Ship *p.* 702

Spirits, vide **Brandy**.

Stamps or **Marks**, to be provided by the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, for the marking or ſtamping of Hides, Skins, or Leather, imported *p.* 355

—of Linen chequered, ſtriped, printed, painted, ſtained, and dyed, imported *p.* 389, 427, 428

—of Silks, Calicoes, Linens, and Stuffs, printed, painted, ſtained, or dyed, in *Great Britain*, and ſeized for being found without a Stamp *p.* 539

—to be taken off Silks, Calicoes, or Linens, for which a Drawback is allowed by the Officers of the Cuſtoms before ſhipping *p.* 428

—counterfeited or forged, Felony, without benefit of Clergy *p.* 355, 389

Stone, may be ſhipt at any Place *p.* 21

Subjects *Britiſh*, ſworn to Foreign Princes, to pay Strangers Cuſtoms *p.* 769

—of *Great Britain* after the Union, to have a free Intercourſe of Trade *p.* 239

—of *Great Britain*, *Ireland*, and his Majeſty's Plantations, are to be accounted *Engliſh*, and no other, and the Maſter and $\frac{3}{4}$ths of the Mariners where required, are to be underſtood to be ſuch; and the Number of Mariners to be accounted according to what they ſhall have been during the whole Voyage *p.* 17

Sufferance or Warrant, to be granted for ſhipping Goods, to be carried forth to open Sea, from One Port to another; but if the Goods are ſhipt without, they are forfeited *p.* 18

Sugar, and other Commodities belonging to the Proprietors of Sugar Houſes in *Scotland*, liable to the ſame Cuſtoms and Exciſe, as if they belonged to other Subjects *p.* 668, 669

—refined in *England*, the Drawback *p.* 209

Suits, for Debts or Duties, due to the King in the Exchequer, or other Courts, ſhall be ſued in the Court where the Debt became due, or where the Recognizance, Obligation, or Speciality, remains under the Seal of the Court by *Capias*, *Extendi Facias* *Subpœna*, Attachment, or otherwiſe, as the Court ſhall think expedient for the Recovery of the King's Debts *Page* 770

—upon Penal Statutes, how to be proſecuted *p.* 775

T.

Tables of Allowances for Draughts *Page* 863

— Ballaſt Outwards *p.* 855, 856

—Package Outwards *p.* 849

—Scavage Inwards *p.* 841

—Tares uſually allowed *p.* 859

—Waterſide Porters Outwards *p.* 857

Tar imported from the Plantations, no Certificate to be made by the Officers of the Cuſtoms, after the 29 *September*, 1724. unleſs Certificate be produced, that the Tar was made from Green Trees, in the Manner there preſcribed *p.* 679

Tea adulterated, forfeited, and 100 *l.* *p.* 931, 932

—may be imported from any Place by Licence *p.* 97

—*Altered*, and is not to be imported by Licence, nor from any Place, but the Place of its Growth *p.* 650, 651, 761, 932

Tickets, Warrants, or Licences, relating to the Duties on Salt, to be granted without Fee or Reward *p.* 785

Timber, Deal-boards and Maſts, may be unſhipt and landed at any Place of the River of *Thames*, between *Weſtminſter* and *Limehouſe Dock*, on Payment of the Cuſtom, and taking out a Sufferance *p.* 832

Tobacco burnt in Warehouſes, under the King's and Merchants Locks, for which the Proprietors ſhall have given their own Bond, to be allowed the Duties paid, and the Bond diſcharged, for ſo much as ſhall be burnt or deſtroyed *p.* 410

—damaged, not to have any Allowance, but to be burnt or deſtroyed (except 40 lb. on a Hogſhead at the Scale) *p.* 420, 421

—*Altered, and no Allowance is to be made for damaged Tobacco* *p.* 731

—entered Out, and exported for Foreign Parts, and afterwards landed in *Ireland*, forfeited, and double the Drawback, and the Debentures to be void; Half of the Forfeitures to the King, Half to the Proſecutor *p.* 622

—exported in Time, to Drawback all the Duties and no more, care being taken, that the Allowances and Deductions made Inwards, be again deducted on the Debenture *p.* 732

—exported, not to be paid or allowed a Drawback in any Ship or Veſſel, under 20 Tun *p.* 333

—exported, the Exporters to make Oath (except ſuch as ſhall be regularly ſhipt for *Ireland*) that the Tobacco ſhall not be landed in *Ireland* *p.* 623

—exported to *Ireland* by Debenture, to be allowed for Waſte, but not to exceed 2 *l. per Cent.* *p.* 622

—exported to *Ireland*, not to be paid or allowed a Drawback, till a Certificate be produced that the ſame was landed there *p* 332, 333

—imported, may be put into Warehouſes, provided at the Charge of the Merchant, and approved by the Commiſſioners, under the King's and Merchant's Locks, on paying 1 *d. per* lb. and the Merchant giving his own Bond, to pay the bondable Duties at the End of 15 Months *p.* 419

—imported, put into Warehouſes on the Merchant's own Bond, to pay the Duties in 15 Months, if within that Time, good Security be not offered or the Tobacco exported, to be ſold, on giving the Proprieror 10 Days Notice; and the Produce applied towards Payment of the Dutie and Charges, and the Overplus, if any, rendered to the Proprietor *p.* 419, 420

—imported, ſtript from the Stalk or Stem, exceeding 20 lb. in any One Hogſhead, forfeited; Half to the King, Half to the Informer, but the Officers are

are not to ſearch for any ſtript Tobacco, after the ſame ſhall have been weighed by the proper Officers for Payment of the Duties *Page* 734
—imported, the method of collecting the Duties altered *p.* 418, 731, 732, 733
—imported, to be allowed only at the Scale 8 lb. upon every Hogſhead containing 350 lb. Tobacco or more, which Allowance ſhall not be deducted upon Exportation *p.* 734
—Importer not paying down the Duties, to have only an Allowance of 15 *per Cent.* *p.* 731
—Importer or Proprietor of Tobacco, that hath given Security for Payment of the bondable Duties in 18 Months, and deſirous to diſcharge his Bond in ready Money ſooner, ſhall be abated ſo much as the Diſcompt, after the Rate of 7 *per Cent. per Annum* ſhall amount to, in Proportion to the Time elapſed *p.* 733
—in lieu of all former Encouragements, Allowances for Waſte or Damage, or other Allowances and Diſcompt for prompt Payment (which are repealed) an Allowance of 25 *per Cent.* is to be deducted upon the Entry of the Importer, paying down the ſaid Duties *p.* 731
—no Allowance to be made for mean or damaged Tobacco, but in caſe the Merchant ſhall refuſe to Enter ſuch Tobacco, he ſhall have Liberty to refuſe or ſeparate the ſame, by cutting off from the Hogſhead or other Package, ſo much as he ſhall refuſe to pay Cuſtom for, which is to be publickly burnt *ibid.*
—not to be allowed a Drawback, unleſs exported in Casks, q^r. 3 C. w^t. or more, except Tobacco cut or rolled *p.* 734
—not to be imported from the Continent of *America* but in Casks, Cheſts, or Caſes, containing 1 C. w^t. of Net Tobacco, under Forfeiture, and 6 *d. per* lb. $\frac{2}{3}^{ds}$ to the King, $\frac{1}{3}^{d}$ to the Seizor or Proſecutor (except ſuch ſmall Quantities as ſhall be neceſſary for the Ships Company ſmoaking in the Voyage) to be recovered in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter* or *Edinburgh* *p.* 167, 168
—of the Growth of *Europe*, or mixed therewith, not to be ſold on board *Britiſh* Men of War *p.* 281
—Perſons reſiſting the Officers, or others deſtroying Tobacco planted here, forfeits 5 *l.* and not paying ſuch Penalty, to make diſtreſs by Sale of the Offenders Goods, and returning the Overplus to the Owners, and in caſe no diſtreſs to be found, the Party offending againſt the Act to be committed to the Common Gaol of the County where the Fact is done, and to remain Two Months without Bail; except Tobacco planted in the Phyſick Gardens of either of the Univerſities, or in any Private Garden for Phyſick or Chirurgery, ſo as the ſame does not exceed half of One Pole in any One Place or Garden *p.* 13, 37
—receiving damage on board any Ship by diſtreſs of Weather at Sea, or by any Ship being forced on ſhoar in *Great Britain*, or by any unforeſeen Accident, after the arrival of the Ship in Port, by the Ships bulging on an Anchor, or by the Lighters in which the Tobacco is put, in order to be landed, or by any ſuch like Accidents, whereby the Tobacco may be damaged, there ſhall be paid to the Importer after the Rate of one Half peny for every Pound of Tobacco which the Importer ſhall refuſe to Enter, and which ſhall be cut off or ſeparated from the ſound, in order to be burnt, ſo as ſuch Allowance does not exceed 30 *s.* for all the Tobacco damaged in any One ſingle Hogſhead imported *p.* 733
—ſet, ſown or planted in *Great Britain*, or in the Iſles of *Jerſey* or *Guernſey*, ſhall forfeit all ſuch Tobacco ſo ſet, or the Value thereof, and 40 *s.* for every Rod or Pole of Ground ſo planted, and proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity; Half to the King, Half to the Proſecutor, to be recovered in any Court of Record *p.* 12
—Sheriffs, Juſtices of the Peace, Mayors, Bailiffs, Conſtables, or any of them receiving Complaint from the Officers of the Cuſtoms, that Tobacco is planted and growing, as aforeſaid, ſhall within 10 Days after ſuch Complaint, cauſe the ſame to be burnt, plucked up, or otherwiſe deſtroyed *Page* 12, 44
—Stalk is not to be ſeparated from the Leaf on pretence the ſame is damaged or mean *p.* 732
—Stalk or Stems exported by themſelves, not to be allowed a Drawback *p.* 735
—the Importer thereof of the *Britiſh* Plantations, is to pay down the Old Subſidy of 1 *d. per* pound, with an Allowance of 25 *per Cent.* inſtead of the former Allowance of 5 *l. per Cent.* and all other Duties on ſuch Tobacco amounting to 5 *d* $\frac{1}{5}$ *per* pound are to be paid down, or the Importer to be bound with One or more ſufficient Sureties, to be approved of by the Collector, with the Conſent of the Comptroller, for Payment thereof in 18 Months, to commence at the End of 30 Days after the Maſters Report of the Ship, or from the Merchants Entry within 30 Days, which ſhall Firſt happen *p.* 731
—the Impoſt Duty, as to the method of collecting it altered *p.* 102, 103
—uſed or conſumed on board *Britiſh* men of War in *Europe*, to be ſuch as is of the Growth of the *Britiſh* Plantations, that hath paid the full Duties, and been manufactured in *Great Britain*, on Pain that the Commander or Purſer knowing thereof, ſhall forfeit their Imployments, and 3 *s. per* lb. w^t. Half to the King, Half to the Informer *p.* 281
Tobacco Pipe-clay, vide **Mooll.**
Tunnage on *French* Goods, the Duty ceaſed *p* 23
—of Ships, how to be meaſured *p* 617
—payable on Vinegar, Perry, Rape, Cider, and Cider-eager, and the Drawback *p.* 24
Trade is to be under the ſame Prohibitions, Reſtrictions, and Regulations, as in *England*, in all Parts of the United Kingdom, after the Union, and to have the like Allowances, Encouragements, and Drawbacks, and ſubject to the ſame Cuſtoms and Duties on Import and Export, as in *England* *p.* 239, 244
Treaſurer to iſſue his Warrant, to any Perſon to ſeize Goods on Oath made they were landed without Entry *p.* 7
Turkey Raw Silk or Mohair-yarn, not to be imported from the *Streights* *p.* 611
Tin and Pewter exported, the Duties thereon leſſened, and in lieu thereof, a further Duty laid on Drugs imported, except Drugs uſed in Dying *p.* 128

U.

Union of the Two Kingdoms of *England* and *Scotland*, upon the 1ſt. *May*, 1707. and from thence called *Great Britain*, and after that Time the United Kingdom liable to the ſame Cuſtoms and Duties on Import or Export, except as to Private Rights *Page* 238, 239
Victuals may be ſhipt in *Ireland* for the Plantations *p.* 34

W.

Warehouſes and Warehouſe-keepers, for prohibited *Eaſt-India* Goods,

	vide E.
Pepper,	*vide* E.
Tea and Coffee,	*vide* E.
Tobacco,	*vide* T.

Warrants falſified, invalid *Page* 753
—may be granted by Juſtices of Peace, to ſeize Lace, &c. *p.* 28
—of Diſtreſs, may be granted by Commiſſioners of Exciſe, Commiſſioners of Appeals, Juſtices of Peace, or

An Alphabetical INDEX.

or Sub-Commiſſioners of Exciſe, for levying the Forfeitures, Penalties, and Fines, impoſed for any Offence committed againſt the Act laying Duties of Exciſe, and for want of Diſtreſs, the Party offending to be impriſoned, till Satisfaction be made *Page* 781

—on Notice to the Officers of the Cuſtoms, to be given out, and executed, on Forfeiture of double Coſts and Damages *p.* 26

—or Certificate from the Collectors of the Inland Duties to be produced to the Warehouſe-keeper for Coffee and Tea, that the Inland Duties are paid before the Delivery for home Conſumption, and that an Entry hath been made of Cocoa-Nuts, to be made into Chocolate *p.* 752

—to be granted by the Collector, or Officer of the Duty on Salt, imported for the landing Salt, upon Entry thereof *p.* 783

—to be granted for ſeizing uncuſtomed, or prohibited Goods *p.* 7

—to have the Marks and Numbers of Goods *p.* 19, 20

Watermen, vide **Carman.**

Weights. An *Engliſh* Peny Sterling, ſhall weigh 32 Grains of Wheat, well dried; 20 Pence make 1 Ounce, 12 Ounces make 1 Pound, 8 Pounds make a Gallon of Wine, and 8 Gallons of Wine make a Buſhel of *London* *p.* 765

—and Meaſures to be the ſame in the United Kingdom, as in *England* *p.* 244

—Beams, Scales, or Stiliard, to be provided by the Collector or Officer, at every Salt Work, or Pit *p.* 793

Whalebone, Foreign Cut, the Perſon in whoſe Cuſtody found, forfeits 30 *l.* beſides the former Penalties, Proof where cut, to lye on the Importer, Claimer, *&c.* *p.* 236

Whale-fins, Landed without Payment, or Security of the New Duty, forfeited; Half to the King, Half to the Seizor *p.* 159

—not caught and imported in Ships belonging to *Great Britain*, to pay double Aliens Cuſtom *p.* 3

—*Altered by* 25. Car. 2. *Cap.* 7. §. 1. *p.* 54, 55

—Of the *Britiſh* Plantations, to pay the ſame New Duty, as Whalefins of *Greenland* *p.* 168

—Oil and Blubber, caught in the *Greenland* Seas, in *Britiſh* Ships Navigated according to Law, Imported, free for Seven Years, on Oath made they were taken in thoſe Seas, by the Crew of ſuch Ship, the Maſter, and $\frac{1}{2}$ of the Mariners being *Britiſh* *p.* 763

—Oil and Blubber of *Greenland*, *New-found-land*, or any of the *Britiſh* Plantations, Imported in *Britiſh* Shipping, not liable to pay the further Subſidy *p.* 170

Wharfinger, Cranekeeper, Searcher, Lighter-man, Waiter, or other Officer pertaining to the Cuſtoms, knowing of an Offence, and concealing the ſame, forfeit 100 *l.* *p.* 772

—or their Servants taking up, or landing, or Shipping off, or ſuffering to be waterborn knowingly, any Goods, prohibited or uncuſtomed, without the Preſence of ſome of the Officers of the Cuſtoms thereunto appointed, at Hours not required by Law (except in the Port of *Hull*) or Goods paſſing by Certificate, Waſte-Cocquet, or otherwiſe, without the Preſence of, or Notice given to an Officer, forfeit 100 *l.* *p.* 18

Wheat Malt exported, to be allowed a Bounty *p.* 259

Wherries, vide **Boats.**

Winchelſea Hundred, with Reſpect to the Tranſporting Wooll only, to be divided into Two Hundreds *p.* 147, 148

Wine, Damaged or Corrupt, may be ſtaved, and an Allowance made, as a Compenſation for Freight, and other Charges beſides the Duties, *viz.*

For every Ton of *Rheniſh*, or *French* Wine, 4 *l.* and for *Spaniſh*, *Portugal*, or other Wines, 8 *l.* *p.* 610

—enter'd by Retailers, to have no Abatement of the Impoſt, 1 *Jac.* 2. *p.* 62

—Exported the Time enlarged, in order to draw back the Duties, by *Britiſh*, or Aliens *p.* 610

—Exported to draw back $\frac{1}{3}$ of the Impoſt Duty *ibid.*

—Freed from the Duty of Exciſe *Page.* v

—Gallon the Dimenſions *p.* 255

—Imported not to have any Allowance, with Reſpect to the Damage *p.* 609

—Imported, the Importer, or Prizage Maſter, as a Compenſation for the Allowances they would have received for their damaged Wines, to have out of the ſeveral Groſs Duties laid on Wine in Casks (except the Coinage Duty) the following Allowances, *Viz.*

Rheniſh Wine, 2 *l. per Cent.*
French Wine, 6 *l. per Cent.*
Spaniſh, and other Wines, 10 *l per Cent.* *p.* 609 610

—Landed without Payment of the Impoſt Duty, forfeited, and the Perſons Importing and landing the ſame, are notwithſtanding liable to the Payment of the ſaid Duty *p.* 61

—Not to drawback the Impoſt, 1 *Jac.* 2 *p.* 62

—*Altered, and to be allowed* $\frac{2}{3}$*ds* *p.* 610

—Of *Azores* or *Maderas* may be ſhipt there for the Plantations *p.* 34

—of the Growth of *Hungary* may be imported from *Hamburgh*, paying Duty as *Rheniſh* *p.* 188

—*vocat* Prizage of Wines, or Prize Wines, exempted from the Duty of Tonnage *p.* v

—which ſhall be ſtaved, for being damaged or corrupt, not to have any Allowance for Freight or Charges, unleſs ſuch Wine be imported in Casks, on Board ſome Merchant Ships, directly from the Place of its Growth, or uſual Port or Place of its firſt Shipping *p.* 701, 702

Wire *vocat.* Iron Wire, may be imported (except Card-Wire, and all ſorts of Iron Wire, ſmaller than the ſorts called Fine Fine, and Superfine, and all Wooll Cards, or any other Wares made of Iron Wire) *p.* 76

Witneſſes may be examined beyond Sea, on a Commiſſion out of Chancery, at the Deſire of the Defendant, on a Seizure upon the Act of Navigation *p* 25

Wood. Plank Timber or Lumber, of the Growth or Product of his Majeſty's Plantations in *America*, imported directly from thence in Ships duly navigated, except Maſts, Yards, and Bowſprights, free of Cuſtoms *p.* 673

—*vocat.* Fir-Timber, Fir-Plank, Maſts, and Deal-Boards, may be imported from *Germany*, by his Majeſty's Subjects, in *Britiſh* built Ships, duly navigated, paying the ſame Duty as from *Norway* *p.* 612

Wooll, Wooll-Fells, &c. Acquitals or Indictments in *Ireland*, not to bar Proſecutions here *p.* 161

—Actions brought againſt Juſtices of Peace, or any Perſon employed by them, to be levied in the proper County where the Fact was committed, and the Defendant may plead the General Iſſue, and if the Jury ſhall find for the Defendant, or the Plaintiff ſhall be Nonſuit, or diſcontinue his Action, the Defendant to have Treble Coſts *p.* 117, 118

—Actions and Informations, by any Act for Preventing the Exportation of Wool, or Woollen Manufacture from *Ireland*, are to be tried in any of his Majeſty's Courts at *Dublin*, by a Jury out of any other County, than wherein the Fact was committed; and the firſt Perſon who ſhall diſcover the ſame, whereby the Puniſhment and Penalties may be inflicted, and recovered (not being Owners) ſhall not ſuffer the Penalties or Puniſhment inflicted by any Act *p.* 504

—Admiralty are to appoint Cruiſers from off the *Northforeland* to the *Iſle of Wight*, with Orders for taking all Ships, Veſſels, and Boats, which ſhall export Wooll, or carry or bring any prohibited Goods, or any ſuſpected Perſons *p* 118

—Admiralty are to appoint Cruiſers on the Coaſt of *England* and *Ireland*, particularly between the North of *Ireland* and *Scotland*, with Orders to ſeize all ſuch Ships, Veſſels, and Boats, which ſhall export Wooll *p.* 164

—aiders

An Alphabetical INDEX.

—aiders and abettors in exporting Wooll, &c. lawfully convicted to suffer Three Years Imprisonment *Page* 117

—and Woollen Goods, one Moiety of the Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted by the 10 & 11 *W.* 3. after a Deduction of Half of the Charges, are after the 29 *September*, 1717. to be to the Use of his Majesty, and not for the Encouragement of the Linen Manufacture in *Ireland* *p.* 503, 504

—any Merchant or other Person concerned in transporting of any Sheep, Wooll, Wooll-Fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, &c. shall be disabled to sue for or recover any Debt; but the Act is not intended to take away any greater Pains or Penalties formerly inflicted *p.* 9

—any Person may seize Sheep, Wooll, Wooll-Fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, &c. which are transported, or designed to be transported, and have a Moiety of the Forfeiture *ibid.*

—a Register to be kept at the Custom-House at *London*, of all Wooll imported from *Ireland*, and what shall be sent Coastwise *p.* 73

—a Register to be kept at the Custom-House at *London*, of all Wooll, &c. imported from *Ireland* *p.* 162

—Bond to be given before laden in *Ireland*, to bring Wooll and Woollen Goods to *England* or *Wales*, under Forfeiture of the Ship *ibid.*

—carried to any Place within Five Miles of the Sea-Coast, with Intention to carry the same to any other Port Coastwise, forfeited, unless it be First entered at the Port from whence the same is intended to be conveyed, as also the Horses, Beasts, and Carriages *p.* 71

—Certificates of landing Wooll, Wooll-Fells, &c. from *Ireland* or Coastwise, to be written on Paper and not on Parchment, and the Quantities not obliterated or interlined, and the Goods are to be viewed at the shipping and landing by the proper Officers *p.* 71, 116, 163, 538

—Cloth, Serge, Bays, Kerseys, Says, Frizes, Druggers, Cloth-Serges, Shalloons, or other Draperies, Stuffs, or other Woollen Manufactures as shall be for the proper Use of any Mariner or Passenger for Cloths only, for his Apparel or Furniture on board any Ship from *Ireland*, may be exported, not exceeding 40*s.* for any One Mariner or Passenger *p.* 177

—Cocquets and Certificates for Wooll, &c. to be on Paper and not on Parchment, and signed by Three of the Chief Officers at least, at the shipping and landing *p.* 71, 538

—Commissioners, Farmers, or Officers, of the Revenue in *Ireland*, offending against the Act 10 & 11 *W* 3. forfeit their Office and 500*l.* Half to the Prosecutor Half to the Linen Manufacture of *Ireland* *p* 163

—*Altered as to the Distribution of the Penalties* *p.* 503, 504

—Commissioners for putting in Execution the Act 1 *W.* & *M.* *p.* 72

—Commissioners or Farmers of the Customs in *Ireland*, to send every Six Months to the Commissioners of the Customs in *England*, an Account of Wooll, &c. exported from *Ireland* to *England* *p.* 115, 116, 162

—common and publick Nusance, to export Sheep, Wooll, Wooll Fells, &c. *p.* 31

—Execution for the Informer, shall be on the Hundred, as in the Case of Robbery 27 *Eliz. cap.* 13. *p.* 116

—Felony to export Sheep, Wooll, &c. *p.* 29

—*Repealed* *p.* 115

—for every Sheep carried out, forfeit 20*s.* and for every Pound of all Wooll, Wooll Fells, &c. 3*s.* and also the Vessel with all her Tackle and Apparel *p.* 9

—Fullers Earth or Scouring Clay, not to be exported on any Pretence, the Exporters being legally convicted, forfeit 1*s.* for every Pound weight *p.* 146

—Governors or their Deputies of Each respective Island of *Guernsey* or *Jersey*, not to grant a Licence for bringing any more than what is limited by Law, the Customer of *Southampton* to keep Account, and see that no more is exported, on Penalty of forfeiting his Place, and 100*l.* one Moiety to the King, Half to the Person suing for the same, to be recovered in any Court of Record; Governors or their Deputies granting Licence for more than is limited, forfeit for every Tod of Wooll over and above the Allowance, 20*l.* of lawfull Money of *England*; any Governor, Deputy Governor, Clerk, Officer, or Servant, taking more than 12*d.* for each Writing or Licence, forfeit 5*s.* for every Peny over and above 12*d.* to be recovered by the Party aggrieved in any Court of Record *Page* 11

—if the Commander of any Cruiser shall neglect his Duty, or compound for any Wooll, Ship, or connive at the Exportation of Wooll, he shall forfeit his Pay, suffer Six Months Imprisonment, and made incapable of Serving his Majesty in any Office in the Navy *p.* 165

—Jury to be of Freeholders of any other County, than where the Fact was committed. *p.* 117

—Justices of *Oyer* and *Terminer*, Justices of Goal Delivery, and Justices of Peace, to hear and determine the Offences of exporting Rams, Lambs, or Sheep, alive *p.* 773

—Lord Lieuetenant or Lords Justices of *Ireland*, to give Directions in Council, that the Acts 10 & 11 *W.* 3. be given in Charge by the Judges of *Ireland* at all the Assizes, to the End the same be duly put in Execution *p.* 166

—Master and Mariners, aiding or assisting in exporting, Wooll, &c. forfeit all their Goods and Chattels, and suffer Three Months Imprisoment, without Bail or Main-prize *p.* 9

—may be brought from *Dublin* and the other Ports in *Ireland*, to certain Ports of *England*, or *Wales*, so as Notice be given to the Commissioners or Officers, of the Quantity, Quality, &c. of the Goods, and of the Ship and Place, into which they are intended to be imported, and so as Bond be given, in treble the Value of the Goods, and a Licence be taken out for the landing and importing thereof *p.* 164

—may be transported from *Southampton* more than is allowed by the Act 12 *Car.* 2. *Viz.*

	Tods		Tods
For *Guernsey*,	1000	*Alderney*,	200
Jersey,	2000	*Sark*,	100

with a further Penalty of 20*l.* for every Tod of Wooll, and Forfeiture of the Wooll, in case it be transported from the said Islands *p.* 73

—may be tried in the County where the Fact was committed, or where the Offenders are apprehended *p.* 9

—Moiety of all Forfeitures by the 12 *Car.* 3. *cap.* 32. to be to his Majesty, and the other to the Informer or Prosecutor; to be recovered in any Court of Record, or the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace *ibid.*

—Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Wooll Flocks, Fullers Earth, or any Fulling Clay of *Great Britain*, not to be exported or carried out of *England*, *Wales*, or *Berwick upon Tweed*, or from the Islands of *Guernsey*, *Jersey*, *Alderney*, *Sark*, or *Man* *p.* 8

—Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Wooll Flocks, Fullers Earth and Scouring Clay, not to be laden on any Horse or Carriage, to be carried or conveyed by Land from One Place to another, within Five Miles of the Sea Coast, under Forfeiture of the Goods, as also the Horses, Cattle, and Carriages; and no Ship shall export the said Goods, under Forfeiture of the Goods and Ship, and treble the Value, with treble Costs of Suit; the Inhabitants of the Hundred, Port or Place exempt, next adjoining to the Sea Coast, out of which the said Goods shall be exported, shall forfeit 20*l.* if the Wooll be under the Value of 10*l.* but if more, treble the Value, and treble Costs of Suit, to be recovered and received

An Alphabetical INDEX.

by the Perſon that will ſue for the ſame by Action of Debt, &c. againſt the ſaid Inhabitants, in any Court of Record at *Weſtminſter* *Page* 116

—Mortlings, &c. and all Ships or Horſes, &c. to be ſeized by any Perſon; who ſhall be indemnified for ſo doing *p.* 161

—none of the ſaid Goods, *viz.* Wooll, Wooll-Fells, Shorlings, Mortlings, Wooll Flocks, Yarn, Cloth, Serge, &c. being of the Product or Manufacture of any of the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America*, ſhall be laid on board any Ship, Veſſel, Horſe, Cart, or other Carriage, with intent to export or convey the ſame out of the ſaid Plantations to any other of the Plantations, or to any other Place, under the like Penalties and Forfeitures, as for the like Offences committed in *Ireland*; and the Governors, Officers of the Cuſtoms, or other his Majeſty's Revenue, are to take Care the Act be duly put in Execution *p.* 165

—No Perſon ſhall buy Wooll, reſiding within Fifteen Miles of the Sea, in *Kent* and *Suſſex*, till Bond be given, not to ſell it to any Perſon, within Fifteen Miles of the ſea, under Forfeiture and 3 *s. per* pound *p.* 146

—no Perſon ſhall export out of *Ireland*, but only to certain Ports of *England* and *Wales*, Wooll, Wooll Fells, Shorlings, Wooll-flocks, Worſted, Bay, or Woollen Yarn, Cloth, Serge, Bays, Kerſeys, Says, Frizes, Druggets, Cloth-Serges, Shalloons, or other Drapery, Stuffs, or Woollen Manufactures, or load them on any Horſe, Cart, or other Carriage, or lade them in any Ship, or Veſſel, with Intent to export them out of *Ireland*, under Forfeiture of the Goods, and 500 *l.* with the Ship, Veſſel, or Boats, and the Maſter, Mariners, or other Perſons, aiding or aſſiſting therein knowingly, forfeit ½ to the Proſecutor, and ½ to the encouraging the Linen Manufactures in *Ireland* *p.* 160, 161

—*Altered, as to the dividing the Forfeitures* p. 503, 504

—not to be packt up, or loaden on any Horſe, Cart, or other Carriage, with a Deſign to load the ſame on Board any Ship, or Veſſel, to be tranſported, carried, or conveyed from *England*, *Ireland*, &c. to Parts beyond the Seas *p.* 8

—Offences may be proſecuted in any Court of Record at *Weſtminſter*, and thereupon a *Capias* ſhall iſſue in the firſt Proceſs, and the Perſon held to Bail, to anſwer the Penalties *p.* 166

—Offences to be tried in the County where the Goods are ſhipt, or where the Offender, or Goods, or Ship ſhall be ſeized *p.* 163

—Offences, where to be tried *p.* 31

—Officers not obſerving the Directions in the Wooll Acts, deemed and adjudged Aiders and Abettors of the Tranſportation of Wooll *p.* 71

—Officers ſued, may plead the General Iſſue, not guilty *p.* 73

—Owner, Maſter, or Mariner of any Ship, diſcovering the Exportation of Wooll, Wooll-Fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Wooll-Flocks, Fullers Earth, Fulling Clay, or Tobacco-Pipe Clay, in Three Months after his, or their Return to *England*, or *Ireland*, not to be liable to any Penalty, or Forfeiture, but entituled to the Benefit allowed by precedent Acts *p.* 72

—Owners, Aiders, and Abettors of tranſporting Wooll, &c. to anſwer and ſatisfie treble the Value of ſuch Wooll, which the Inhabitants ſhall be charged with, and treble Coſts of Suit, and how to be recovered *p.* 117

—Owners of Wooll in *Kent* and *Suſſex*, ſhorn, lodged, or houſed, within Ten Miles of the Sea, to give an Account thereof to the Officers of the Cuſtoms, Three Days after Shearing, and not to remove the ſame without a Certificate, on Forfeiture of the Wooll, and 3 *s. per* Pound, paying 6 *d.* for the Certificate *p.* 146

—Penalties and Forfeitures, by the Act 9, and 10. *W.* 3. *Cap.* 40. to be divided, ½ to the King, and ½ to the Seizor or Proſecutor, in any Court at *Weſtminſter* *Page* 147

—Perſons compounding with any Hundred, Port, or Place exempt, for any leſſer Sum, than given by the Act 7. *W.* 3. *Cap.* 28. lawful for any other Perſon to ſue for, and recover the ſame, and the Perſon compounding, to ſuffer Five Years Impriſonment *p.* 118

—Perſons guilty of tranſporting, or cauſing to be tranſported, any Wooll, Wooll-Fells, &c. Fullers Earth, or Scouring Clay, may be ſued, and proſecuted, within Three Years after the Offence committed *p.* 147

—Perſons in Priſon, for want of Bail, for unlawful Exportation of Wooll, or Wooll-Fells, and ſhall refuſe to appear, or plead, by the ſpace of One Term, Judgment ſhall be entered by Default, and if the Sum recovered, be not paid in Three Months after Judgment entered up, the Court ſhall order the Offender to be tranſported for Seven Years, and if the Offender ſhall return into *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, before the Expiration of Seven Years, they are to ſuffer as Felons, without Benefit of Clergy *p.* 505, 506

—Perſons ſued, may plead the General Iſſue *p.* 147, 163, 164

—Perſons who make Seizure of Wooll, &c. are not allowed as Evidences againſt the Offender *p.* 10

—Ports in *England* and *Wales*, where the Goods are only to be landed, are, *viz. Biddeford*, *Barnſtaple*, *Minehead*, *Briſtol*, *Bridgewater*, *Milford* Haven, *Cheſter*, and *Leverpool* *p.* 163, 236

—Ports of *Ireland*, where the Goods may be ſhipt, are, viz. *Dublin*, *Waterford*, *Youghall*, *Kinſale*, *Cork*, *Drogheda*, and *New Roſs* *p.* 163, 235

—Proviſo, for Lambskins ready dreſt, fit for Furs, and for Wooll-Fells, or Pelts with Wooll on them, or Beds ſtuffed with Flocks, for the uſe of the Ship, or Paſſengers on board *p.* 10

—Proviſo, for Wooll, ſheard within Five Miles of the Sea *p.* 71

—removed from the Place it was firſt lodged, after Shearing, within Ten Miles to any Place within Fifteen Miles of the Sea, forfeited; and if carried away, the Owner to forfeit 3 *s. per* Pound *p.* 146

—Ships owned by an Alien, or other Perſon not dwelling in *Great Britain*, in which any Wooll, &c. ſhall be laden, forfeited to his Majeſty *p.* 10

—Shorlings or Mortlings may be exported from *Ireland*, for the Uſe of the Gunner, or Boatſwains Stores of the Ship only *p.* 177

—*Spaniſh*, or any other Foreign Woolls, may be ſhipt in *Britiſh* Shipping *p.* cxx

—Sufficient Bond to be given, that all the Wooll to be exported to the Iſland of *Guernſey*, &c. ſhall be there put on ſhore; and that no more than 2000 Tods be imported into *Jerſey*, from *Southampton* in one Year; reckoning from the Firſt of *January*, no more than 1000 into *Guernſey*, no more than 200 into *Alderney*, and no more than 100 into *Sark* *p.* 10, 1

—The Penalty of the Bonds for Wooll, &c. not to be aſſigned *p.* 10

—The Three firſt Perſons, who were aiding or aſſiſting in exporting Wooll, &c. diſcovering where the Puniſhment and Penalties may be inflicted and recovered (not being Owners) are not to ſuffer any of the Penalty, or Puniſhment *p.* 1

—The Wooll, Ships, Veſſels, and Boats, ſeized by Commanders of Men of War, to be condemned and ſold by Inch of Candle; ¼ of the Produce, to be paid to the Commander, ¼ to the Officers of the Cruiſer, ¼ to the Mariners, and the other ¼ to the King; out of which laſt, the Charges of Proſecution are to be deducted *p.*

—un-entred, hid within 15 Miles of the Sea, forfeited and the Owner or Claimer to forfeit treble Coſts beſides the other Penalties *p.*

—W

An Alphabetical INDEX.

—Wooll Flocks, Fullers Earth, Fulling Clay, and Tobacco Pipe-Clay, carried Coaſtwiſe, made ſubject to the ſame Regulations as Wooll carried Coaſtwiſe *Page* 538

Wooll Cards Old and overworn, may be exported *p.* 33

Woollen Cloth, *vocat.* Broad Cloth exported, White, to pay 5*s.* *per* Piece, the Duty to be under the Management of the Commiſſioners, and ſhipt without Entry, forfeited *p.* 263, 347

—Cloth White, may be exported *p.* 263, 264

Wreck of the Sea, not to be adjudged, where a Man, Dog or Cat eſcape quick out of the Ship; but the Goods to be kept, and if Proof be made by the Owner, in a Year and a Day, to be delivered, and if not, to remain to the King, or to whom it belongeth *p.* 765

—of the Sea throughout the Realm, or *Wales* belongeth to the King *ibid.*

Wrecht Goods, *&c.* the right to them ſaved out of the Act, relating to ſtranded Goods *p.* 434

Writs of Aſſiſtants, under the Seal of the Exchequer, Authorizeth any Perſon with a Conſtable, *&c.* to break open Doors, Cheſts, *&c.* in the Day-time, and to make Seizure of uncuſtomed or prohibited Goods *Page* 17

—of *Certiorari*, not to ſupercede Execution, or Order of Juſtices of Peace, made in purſuance of the Acts for laying Duties of Exciſe or Salt *p.* 782, 787, 801

—of Delivery, in what caſe to be granted *p.* 25

Y.

Yarn made of Wooll, vide **Wooll**.

—*vocat.* Cable Yarn, or Cordage Foreign exported, not allowed a Drawback *Page* 275

—*vocat.* Mohair Yarn of *Turkey*, not to be imported from the *Streights* *p.* 611

FINIS.

An Alphabetical INDEX.

FH
MVSEVM
BRITANNICVM